Legal Department

NANCY B. WHITE General Attorney

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Southern Bell Telephone and Telegraph Company Suite 400 150 South Monroe Street Tallahassee, Florida 32301 (404) 529-5387

URIGRAL FILE COPY

December 1, 1993

Mr. Steve C. Tribble Director, Division of Records and Reporting Florida Public Service Commission 101 East Gaines Street Tallahassee, Florida 32301

RE: Docket No. 910163-TL

Dear Mr. Tribble:

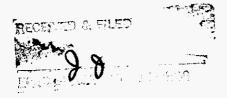
Enclosed are an original and fifteen copies of Southern Bell Telephone and Telegraph Company's Request for Confidential Classification and Motion for a Permanent Protective Order. Please file these documents in the above-captioned docket.

A copy of this letter is enclosed. Please mark it to indicate that the original was filed and return the copy to me. Copies have been served on the parties shown on the attached Certificate of Service.

Sincerely, Mancy B. White (2)

Enclosures

- cc: All Parties of Record
 - A. M. Lombardo
 - H. R. Anthony
 - R. D. Lackey



12869 DEC-IS

FPSC-RECORDS/REPORTING

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE Docket No. 920260-TL Docket No. 900960-TL Docket No. 910163-TL Docket No. 910727-TL

I HEREBY CERTIFY that a copy of the foregoing has been

furnished by United States Mail this 1st day of December, 1993 to:

Robin Norton Division of Communications Florida Public Service Commission 101 East Gaines Street Tallahassee, FL 32399-0866 Tracy Hatch Division of Legal Services Florida Public Svc. Commission 101 East Gaines Street Tallahassee, FL 32399-0863 Joseph A. McGlothlin Vicki Gordon Kaufman McWhirter, Grandoff & Reeves 315 South Calhoun Street Suite 716 Tallahassee, FL 32301-1838 atty for FIXCA Kenneth A. Hoffman Messer, Vickers, Caparello, Madsen, Lewis & Metz, PA Post Office Box 1876 Tallahassee, FL 32302 atty for FPTA Michael W. Tye AT&T Communications of the Southern States, Inc. 106 East College Avenue Suite 1410 Tallahassee, Florida 32301 Dan B. Hendrickson Post Office Box 1201 Tallahassee, FL 32302

atty for FCAN

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Charles J. Beck Deputy Public Counsel Office of the Public Counsel 111 W. Madison Street Room 812 Tallahassee, FL 32399-1400

Michael J. Henry MCI Telecommunications Corp. 780 Johnson Ferry Road Suite 700 Atlanta, Georgia 30342

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Chanthina R. Bryant Sprint Communications Co. Limited Partnership 3065 Cumberland Circle Atlanta, GA 30339 Benjamin H. Dickens, Jr. Blooston, Mordkofsky, Jackson & Dickens 2120 L Street, N.W. Washington, DC 20037 Atty for Fla Ad Hoc

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C. Everett Boyd, Jr. Ervin, Varn, Jacobs, Odom & Ervin 305 South Gadsen Street Post Office Drawer 1170 Tallahassee, Florida 32302 atty for Sprint

Florida Pay Telephone Association, Inc. c/o Mr. Lance C. Norris President Suite 710, Barnett Bank Bldg. 315 South Calhoun Street Tallahassee, FL 32302

Monte Belote Florida Consumer Action Network 4100 W. Kennedy Blvd., #128 Tampa, FL 33609

Donald L. Bell, Esq. 104 East Third Avenue Tallahassee, FL 32303 Atty for AARP

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Stan Greer Division of Communications Florida Public Svc. Commission 101 East Gaines Street Tallahassee, FL 32399-0863

BEFORE THE FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

In re: Petition on Behalf of Citizens of the State of Florida to Initiate Investigation into Integrity of Southern Bell Telephone and Telegraph Company's Repair Service Activities and Reports.

Docket No. 910163-TL Filed: December 1, 1993

SOUTHERN BELL TELEPHONE AND TELEGRAPH COMPANY'S REQUEST FOR CONFIDENTIAL CLASSIFICATION AND MOTION FOR A PERMANENT PROTECTIVE ORDER

COMES NOW, BellSouth Telecommunications, Inc., d/b/a Southern Bell Telephone and Telegraph Company ("Southern Bell" or "Company"), pursuant to Rule 25-22.006, Florida Administrative Code, and Rules 1.280(c), Florida Rules of Civil Procedure, and files its Request for Confidential Classification and Motion for a Permanent Protective Order regarding portions of and exhibits attached to the testimony of R. Earl Poucher, witness for the Office of Public Counsel ("Public Counsel") filed on November 8, 1993 in the above-captioned docket. In support of its Request and Motion, Southern Bell shows the following:

1. During the course of this proceeding, Public Counsel has conducted extensive discovery of Southern Bell. Documents have been delivered to Public Counsel in response to Public Counsel's requests for production of documents and interrogatories. Depositions of Southern Bell employees were also taken by Public Counsel. These documents were the subject of Motions for a Temporary Protective Order filed herein and consequently are currently treated by Public Counsel as confidential materials.

2. Public Counsel has used certain documents and DDCUMENT NUMBER-DATE | 2869 DEC-18

FPSC-RECORDS/REPORTING



information in this proceeding as part of the testimony and exhibits of Public Counsel's witness, R. Earl Poucher. Therefore, Southern Bell herewith files its Request for Confidential Classification and its Motion for Permanent Protective Order for the information contained in the testimony and exhibits of the witness for Public Counsel. Southern Bell has appended to this Request for Confidential Classification as Attachment "A" a listing of the location in the documents of the information designated by Southern Bell as confidential, together with a statement indicating why the material should be treated as confidential proprietary business information.

3. Appended hereto in an envelope designated as Attachment "B" are two copies of the documents with the confidential information deleted. Appended hereto in an envelope designated as Attachment "C" is a copy of the documents with the proprietary information highlighted.

4. The information deemed to be confidential by Southern Bell and identified in Attachment "A" contains several categories of proprietary information, each of which will be discussed herein.

5. The first category of information sought to be protected, concerns certain employee information, such as names, social security numbers, home addresses and telephone numbers, home addresses and telephone numbers, business addresses and telephone numbers. In addition, this information contains an identification of specific employees by name, together with allegations that these employees may have engaged in some improper activity. This information is clearly confidential and proprietary under Florida Statutes, Section 364.183(f), which provides that "proprietary confidential business information" includes "employee personnel information unrelated to compensation, duties, qualifications, or responsibilities."

6. The four areas of employee personnel information that are not, <u>per se</u>, confidential pursuant to Section 364.183(f), Florida Statutes, are compensation, duties, qualifications, and responsibilities of an employee. A common sense reading of this list, as well as a review of the definitions of these items as contained in Webster's Seventh New Collegiate Dictionary demonstrate that the employee information discussed herein does not fit any of these exceptions and are, therefore, entitled to confidential classification under Section 364.183(f), Florida Statutes.

7. A review of these terms, in the context of Section 364.183(f), Florida Statutes, reveals their meaning. "Compensation" is the amount of money or other value that an employee is paid to perform his or her job duties. "Duties" are the particular acts an employee is expected to perform as a part of his or her job. "Qualifications" are the skills, knowledge, and abilities needed to perform a particular job. Finally, "responsibilities" are those things that an employee is obliged to do as part of his or her job. These meanings are confirmed by the dictionary definition of these words. Webster's definitions of these terms are as follows:

A. Compensation - payment, wages.

- B. Duty the action required by one's position or occupation.
- C. Qualification something that qualifies; a condition that must be complied with.
- D. Responsibility the quality or state of being responsible.

Obviously, the allegation that a particular employee 8. engaged in improper acts has nothing to do with the employee's qualifications or compensation. Likewise, these allegations are not related in a strict sense to the employee's responsibilities or with the particular employee's duties. Conceivably, these allegations of wrongdoing could relate to a very broad definition of the employee's responsibilities or duties. This interpretation, however, would require that "duties" or "responsibilities" be taken to describe not only the specific parameters of the employee's job, but also any act, whether authorized or not, that the employee does while on the job. Southern Bell asserts that this broad construction is inconsistent with both the exemption from public disclosure that is contained in Section 364.183(f) and the legislature's intended application of the public disclosure requirements of Chapter 119.

9. If this Commission were to interpret Section 364.183, Florida Statutes, to require public disclosure of any employee information that bears a relationship, even of an indirect or tangential nature, to an employee's job responsibilities, or duties, then there would be literally nothing protected from disclosure. Put another way, a broad reading of the exceptions to 364.183(f), Florida Statutes, would reduce the public disclosure exemption for employee information to the point of nonexistence. Obviously, if the legislature had intended for this statute to be read in a way that would make the employee information exemption uniformly unavailable and essentially pointless, then it would simply not have bothered to create the exemption in the first place. therefore, the exceptions to Section 364.183(f) must be narrowly construed and applied. Consistent with this narrow application, these unproven allegations of wrongdoing must be viewed as outside of the scope of these employee's responsibilities and duties.

10. This narrow application of the exceptions to Section 364.183 is not only consistent with the normal rules of statutory construction, it is supported by the express provisions of Chapter 119. Within the context of Section 119.14, (which is entitled "Periodic Legislative Review of Exemptions from Public Meetings and Public Records Requirements") there are listed particular factors that are to be considered by the legislature in determining whether the creation or maintenance of an exemption from public disclosure is appropriate. Subsection (4) (d) 2 states specifically that an identifiable public purpose that will justify the creation of an exemption exists when, among other things, the exemption in question, "protects information of a sensitive personal nature concerning individuals, the release of which information would be defamatory to such individuals or cause unwarranted damage to the good name or reputation to such individuals.... Section 119.14(4)(b)2, Florida Statutes.¹

¹ Although this subsection does not create an exemption from public disclosure, <u>per se</u>, it certainly provides insight into the legislative intent as to the proper application of existing

11. Inasmuch as this docket has already resulted in widespread publicity as to Southern Bell, it is probable that the public disclosure of the identities of these employees would also be widely published. This disclosure is unnecessary where, as here, the public will have access to all information relating to these allegedly improper acts, except for the names of the employees allegedly involved.

At the same time, the unnecessary public disclosure of 12. the names of employees who allegedly engaged in misconduct would have the potential effect of subjecting them to public opprobrium and scorn at a point in this docket at which there has been no finding that any wrongful conduct actually occurred. In other words, on the basis of nothing more than unproven allegations, these particular employees would be publicly identified and subjected to public ridicule even though it may be subsequently determined that they did nothing wrong. Clearly, the public disclosure of the identities of these employees at this juncture and under these circumstances is antithetical to the legislative intent to apply Chapter 119 in a way that will avoid the unwarranted disclosure of defamatory and damaging information of a personal nature.

13. This Commission should rule that the names of specific employees who allegedly engaged in some improper conduct, as well as the remaining employee specific information, shall not be publicly disclosed because this disclosure would require an inappropriately broad construction of the four exceptions to the

exemptions, including Section 364.183(f).

grant of confidentiality for personnel information that is set forth in Section 364.183(f), and because the disclosure of this information would have the probable effect of subjecting possibly innocent employees to public ridicule on the basis of nothing more than unproven allegations.

14. The second category of information deemed to be confidential by Southern Bell and identified in Attachment "A" consists of a Company commissioned study and related information analyzing and assessing key aspects of the Company's internal business practices and relationships and internal training materials purchased from an outside vendor. This information is included as proprietary confidential business information under Section 364.183(3), (3)(a), (3)(d) and (3)(e), Florida Statutes and Rule 25-22.006, Florida Administrative Code.

15. A Commission order compelling disclosure of the information communicated in this study would invade the principle of confidentiality that was its cornerstone and which was absolutely necessary for its effectiveness. Wholesale compelled disclosure of this information would result in a chilling effect on internal communications vital to the goals of continuous corporate improvement and the internal policing of the Company's affairs. Such a result would be contrary to the public interest. This Commission has the obligation and responsibility to balance the need for disclosure against the overriding public policy supporting corporate improvement.

16. There was a justifiable expectation of strict confidentiality of communications between the employees

questioned and the interviewers hired by the Company. Any public disclosure of the statements or other communications received by the interviewers would send the extremely destructive signal to Company employees that "confidential" does not really mean confidential. This would likely render any future studies far less effective.

17. If a program promises confidentiality, and later it is found that such confidentiality does not exist, or that information discussed purportedly in confidence may be disclosed in legal proceedings, such employees are unlikely to trust the system and will abandon it. If this were to occur, the ironic result would be that information or communications that could be conveyed and used as a catalyst for positive improvement within the Company will not be communicated, and this vehicle for information and timely responses to a broad array of workplace problems and issues will be disabled.

18. The information sought to be protected herein is analogous to that protected in Order No. PSC-93-1689-CFO-TL, issued on November 22, 1993.

19. In accordance with Rule 25-22.006, Florida Administrative Code, the information for which confidential treatment is sought is intended to be and is treated by the Company as private and has not been disclosed on a nonconfidential basis.

WHEREFORE, Southern Bell Telephone and Telegraph Company moves the Prehearing Officer to enter an Order declaring the information described above, and contained in the indicated portions of the attached exhibits, to be confidential, proprietary business information and thus not subject to public disclosure.

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Respectfully submitted this 1st day of December, 1993.

SOUTHERN BELL TELEPHONE AND TELEGRAPH COMPANY

HARRIS R. ANTHONY

J. PHILLIP CARVER C/O Marshall M. Criser, III 400 - 150 South Monroe Street Tallahassee, Florida 32302 (305) 530-5555

R. DOUGLAS /LACKEY

NANCY B. WHITE (2) 4300 - 675 W. Peachtree Street Atlanta, Georgia 30375 (404) 529-5387

ATTACHMENT "A" FPSC DOCKET 910163-TL R. EARL POUCHER TESTIMONY

JUSTIFICATION FOR CONFIDENTIALITY REQUEST

- 1. This information contains employee-personnel information that is not related to qualifications, duties, responsibilities or compensation. Accordingly, these documents are exempted from the Public Records Act by the express provisions of Section 364.183, Florida Statutes.
- This information relates to a Company commissioned study and related information which analyzes and assesses key aspects of Southern Bell's internal business practices and relationships. As such, this information is proprietary confidential business information pursuant to Section 364.183, Florida Statutes.

The following information identified by page and line numbers is confidential and proprietary for the reasons described above:

	PAGE		REASONS
	<u>NO.</u>	LINE NOS.	PROPRIETARY
TESTIMONY	15	20	1
	16	10,15,16,19	1
	17	1,2,3,5,7,8	1
	20	20	1
	25	9,14	1 1
	28	25	1
	29	2,3,17,20,22	1 1
	30	3,10,14,17	1
	31	7,9,12-14,19,21,24,25	1
	32	4	1
	33	16	1 1 1
	34	17,22	1
	35	11	1
	36	16	1
	37	4,6,8	1
REP-3	11-12		1
	13	COLUMNS A,E	1
	14-18		1
		COLUMNS A,E	1 1 1
	21,22		1
	23,24	•	1
	25,26		1 1 1
	27	COLUMNS A,E	1
	28	COLUMN A	1
	29	COLUMNE A,E	1 1
	30,31	COLUMN A	1
	32	COLUMNS A,E	1

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	PAGE NO.	LINE NOS.	REASONS <u>PROPRIETARY</u>
	33-35	COLUMN A	1
	36	COLUMNS A,E	1
	37,38	COLUMN A	1
	-		-
REP-10	31	22-24	1
	33	22	1
	34	2,7,	1
	37	4,19	1
	39	17,19	1
	43	9,14	1
	44	20	1.
	47	25	1
	57	9,13	1
			-
REP-11	22	23	1
	23	18,20,22,23	1
	27	19	1
	28	2,3,15,17,20	1
	30	2,15	1
	31	8,11,20,21	1
	32	23	1
	33	7	1
	39	19	1
REP-13	1	10,12,25,27,28	1
	2	10	1
	3	11,19,21-23	1
	-		-
REP-27	1	21,24	1
	6	2,7,11,12,22,26,27	1
	7	5,11,12,16,20,21	1
	8	9,17,18,22,26,27	1
	9	8,17,18,22,26,27	1
	13	39	1
	14	1,6,10,11	1
	15	26,28,29,33,37,39	1
	16	19,21,22,26,30,31	1
	17	19,25,26,30,34,35	1
	19	5,14,15,19,23,24	1
	20	5,11,12,16,20,21	ī
	21	30	ī
	22	1,2,6,10,11	ī
	23	5,31,33,34	ī
	24	3	1
REP-32	ALL	ALL	2

ATTACHMENT "B"

Two copies of the document with the confidential information deleted.

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ATTACHMENT "C"

One copy of the document with the material which is confidential and proprietary highlighted.