		GTE FLORIDA INCORPORATED
1		GTE FLORIDA INCORPORATED
2		REBUTTAL TESTIMONY OF DOUGLAS E. WELLEMEYER
3		DOCKET NO. 960980-TP 960847
4		
5	Q.	PLEASE STATE YOUR NAME AND BUSINESS ADDRESS.
6	Α.	My name is Douglas E. Wellemeyer. My business address is 4100
7		North Roxboro Road, Durham, North Carolina.
8		
9	Q.	HAVE YOU PREVIOUSLY FILED TESTIMONY IN THIS DOCKET?
10	A.	Yes.
11		
12	Q.	WHAT IS THE PURPOSE OF THIS REBUTTAL TESTIMONY?
13	A.	The purpose of this testimony is to clarify GTE's position on, and to
14		offer GTE's response to, certain issues discussed in the testimony of
15		MCI witness Mr. Price regarding (1) resale restrictions, and (2) the
16		setting of wholesale rates based on avoided cost studies.
17		
18	Q.	WHAT IS MCI'S POSITION REGARDING RESALE RESTRICTIONS
19		AS DESCRIBED IN THE TESTIMONY OF MR. PRICE?
20	Α.	Mr. Price states at page 10 of his testimony that "all of the
21		telecommunications services offered to end-users must be made
22		available to resellers at a wholesale discount" and that "absent this
23		requirement, ILECs will be able to discriminate against resellers by
24		making offers to customers that their retail competitors are unable to
25		match." DOCUMENT NUMBER-DATE
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FPSC-RECORDS/REPORTING

1		Mr. Price also states at page 11 and 12 of his testimony that, with
2		only extremely limited exceptions, GTEFL should not be permitted to
3		impose any restrictions on the resale of services.
4		
5	Q.	WHAT IS GTE'S POSITION REGARDING RESALE
6		RESTRICTIONS?
7	Α.	GTE seeks to have several resale restrictions and conditions
8		established in the course of this proceeding in accordance with
9		guidelines and procedures established by the FCC. It is GTE's
10		position that the need for certain resale restrictions is contemplated
11		by the FCC's Part 51 Rules, and authority is reserved to the state
12		commission to permit specific resale restrictions that are reasonable
13		and non-discriminatory. GTE's specific proposals for resale
14		restrictions should, therefore, not be dismissed out of hand based on
15		representations that resale restrictions are prohibited by the FCC's
16		Rules.
17		
18		In my earlier testimony, I stated that GTE will offer for resale at
19		wholesale rates all of the services it currently offers on a retail basis
20		except for: below-cost services, promotional services, services that

are already provided on a wholesale basis, grandfathered services,
discounted calling plans, AIN services, non-recurring charge services,
pay phone lines, semi-public pay phone lines, and COCOT coin and
coinless lines.

The specific resale restrictions proposed by GTE can be classified into two groups: (1) services that GTE will not agree to offer for resale; and (2) services that GTE will not agree to offer for resale at wholesale rates.

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6 Q. CAN YOU OFFER A COMPREHENSIVE SUMMARY OF THE 7 PROVISIONS FOR RESALE RESTRICTIONS THAT ARE 8 INCLUDED IN THE FCC'S PART 51 RULES?

9 A. Yes. The FCC's Part 51 Rules state that an incumbent local 10 exchange carrier (ILEC) shall not impose restrictions on resale except 11 as explicitly allowed. The following types of resale restrictions are 12 expressly provided for by the Rules:

- 13
- 14 (1) Cross-class selling. When purchasing for resale services the
 15 ILEC offers only to residential customers (or to a limited class
 16 of residential customers) a requesting carrier may be
 17 prohibited from offering service to customers not eligible to
 18 subscribe to the service from the ILEC;
- 19
- 20 (2) Withdrawn (grandfathered) services. ILEC services offered 21 only to a limited group of customers who subscribed to such a 22 service in the past must also be offered at wholesale rates to 23 requesting carriers for resale to the same limited group of 24 customers;
- 25

1		(3)	Promotions. An ILEC is not required to discount special
2			promotional rates, provided such rates will not be in effect for
3			more than 90 days; and
4			
5		(4)	Otherwise, an ILEC may impose such a restriction by proving
6			to the state commission that the restriction is reasonable and
7			nondiscriminatory.
8			
9		lt is ir	nportant to acknowledge that this fourth provision of the FCC's
10		Part	51 Rules contemplates that further resale restrictions may be
11		requi	red and reserves to the state commission the authority to permit
12		furthe	er restrictions that are reasonable and nondiscriminatory.
13			
15			
13	Q.	ARE	THERE ANY CHANGES TO THE LIST OF SERVICES
	Q.		THERE ANY CHANGES TO THE LIST OF SERVICES
14	Q. A.	IDEN	
14 15		IDEN	TIFIED IN YOU EARLIER TESTIMONY?
14 15 16		IDEN	TIFIED IN YOU EARLIER TESTIMONY?
14 15 16 17		IDEN Yes.	TIFIED IN YOU EARLIER TESTIMONY? GTE will now agree to offer for resale at wholesale rates:
14 15 16 17 18		IDEN Yes.	TIFIED IN YOU EARLIER TESTIMONY? GTE will now agree to offer for resale at wholesale rates: Grandfathered services, subject to the condition prescribed in
14 15 16 17 18 19		IDEN Yes.	TIFIED IN YOU EARLIER TESTIMONY? GTE will now agree to offer for resale at wholesale rates: Grandfathered services, subject to the condition prescribed in the FCC's Rules that resale is to be limited to those customers
14 15 16 17 18 19 20		IDEN Yes.	TIFIED IN YOU EARLIER TESTIMONY? GTE will now agree to offer for resale at wholesale rates: Grandfathered services, subject to the condition prescribed in the FCC's Rules that resale is to be limited to those customers
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21		IDEN Yes. (1)	TIFIED IN YOU EARLIER TESTIMONY? GTE will now agree to offer for resale at wholesale rates: Grandfathered services, subject to the condition prescribed in the FCC's Rules that resale is to be limited to those customers who are eligible to subscribe to the service from GTE;
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22		IDEN Yes. (1)	TIFIED IN YOU EARLIER TESTIMONY? GTE will now agree to offer for resale at wholesale rates: Grandfathered services, subject to the condition prescribed in the FCC's Rules that resale is to be limited to those customers who are eligible to subscribe to the service from GTE;

1			based services for resale. It is my understanding that issues
2			requiring further discussion involve trigger access to a
3			competing carrier's network platform and services.
4			
5	Q.	WHA	T SERVICES WILL GTE NOT AGREE TO OFFER FOR
6		RES	ALE?
7	Α.	GTE	will not offer for resale the following services:
8			
9		(1)	Any services priced below cost. GTE would be prevented from
10			covering its total costs unless these services are excluded
11			from GTE's services offered for resale, or unless the services
12			are first repriced to cover costs. It is noteworthy that the FCC
13			"declined to limit" resale offerings to exclude below-cost
14			services, but did not prohibit a resale restriction.
15			
16		(2)	Any promotional offerings. GTE would be denied the
17			opportunity to respond to competition unless all such offerings
18			are excluded from GTE's services offered for resale. It is
19			noteworthy that if all avoided costs are properly reflected in the
20			wholesale price for the underlying service, then promotional
21			offerings have no anti-competitive implications, regardless of
22			the duration of the offering.
23			
24		(3)	Public pay telephone lines. These are not retail service
25			offerings.

1		(4)	Semi-public pay telephone lines. There are a number of
2			reasons why GTE will not agree to offer these services for
3			resale. The most prominent reason is that GTE will not agree
4			to offer for resale the coin station apparatus essential to the
5			service offering as it is currently defined. In addition, the
6			service is not currently priced to support maintenance and
7			collection activities desired without substantial support from
8			toll collections.
9			
10	Q.	WHA	T SERVICES WILL GTE NOT AGREE TO OFFER FOR
11		RES	ALE AT WHOLESALE RATES?
12	Α.	GTE	will offer for resale, but not at wholesale rates, the following
13		servi	ces:
14		(1)	Any services already priced at wholesale rates. Such services
15			include special access and private line services tariffed under
16			the special access tariff, and COCOT coin and coinless lines.
17			
18		(2)	Operator services and directory assistance services. Because
19			the provision of these services requires the same activities to
20			be performed whether offered on a retail or a resale basis,
21			there are no avoided costs for these services. Except for the
22			DA call allowance bundled with the basic local service offering,
23			the costs for these services are recovered through separate
24			rates, and are not included in the rates for other services
25			offered for resale.

1 (3) Non-recurring charge services. There are no associated costs 2 that can reasonably be expected to be avoided for these 3 offerings. Therefore, the rates for primary service ordering 4 and installation should not be based on the application of an 5 avoided cost discount to the associated retail rate, but rather 6 on an appropriate study reflecting the costs of the wholesale 7 provisioning process.

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10Q.ARE THERE ANY OTHER RESALE RESTRICTIONS OR11CONDITIONS THAT GTE IS PROPOSING AT THIS TIME?

Yes, there is one final restriction. A requesting carrier should not be 12 Α. permitted to purchase unbundled loop and unbundled port services 13 in combination at unbundled service rates for the purpose of avoiding 14 15 a higher resale rate. The FCC certainly did not intend to enable this 16 sort of tariff arbitrage when they stated that the requesting carrier should be able to combine unbundled elements in any way they wish. 17 It is GTE's position that unbundled loop and port services purchased 18 19 in combination constitutes the purchase of basic local service for 20 resale, and should be priced accordingly.

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Q. WHAT IS GTE'S POSITION WITH RESPECT TO THE OFFERING OF VOICE MAIL AND INSIDE WIRE SERVICES FOR RESALE AS SUGGESTED BY MR. PRICE?

- A. These services are not "telecommunications services" as defined in
 the Telecommunications Act of 1996 (the Act), and GTE is therefore
 not required to offer them for resale.
- 5 Q. WHAT IS GTE'S POSITION WITH RESPECT TO THE OFFERING 6 OF CONTRACT SERVICES FOR RESALE AS SUGGESTED BY 7 MR. PRICE?
- A. Contract services are offerings that are made, by definition, on an
 individual case basis. A rational consideration of this issue requires
 that a distinction be drawn between existing contract services and
 new contract offers.
- 12

Existing contract services are offered under terms and conditions of a standing contract between a retail customer and GTE. Termination liabilities would be defined in the contract as necessary to protect GTE's investment to provide the service, and would apply if GTE's customer should choose to change to a different service provider during the term of the contract. GTE will not agree to offer existing contract services for resale at wholesale rates.

20

GTE will agree to offer new contract services for resale. Pricing for these services will be established on a nondiscriminatory individual case basis, and will reflect the avoidance of any costs that would only be associated with the retail provision of the same service.

25

1 Q. WOULD YOU NOW PLEASE SUMMARIZE MCI'S POSITION 2 REGARDING THE SETTING OF WHOLESALE RATES AS DISCUSSED IN THE TESTIMONY OF MCI'S WITNESS MR. PRICE? 3 4 Α. Yes. Mr. Price describes MCI's position in terms that are generally consistent with the requirements stated in the FCC's Part 51 Rules, 5 6 including the definition of direct and indirect costs that are to be 7 included in determining avoided costs through study. Mr. Price also advocates for the application of the results of the avoided cost study 8 9 on a "rate-element-by-rate-element" basis.

11 However, Mr. Price claims at page 17 of his testimony that GTE's 12 substitute wholesale costs of offering service for resale, rather than 13 on a retail basis "will be quite small" and "should be minimal". In 14 support of this claim, Mr. Price notes that "(t)he FCC addresses this 15 issue by treating only 90 percent of the costs in certain of the directly 16 avoided categories as avoided . . . ". MCI's avoided cost study is 17 based on the FCC's presumptive avoided cost factors for each of the 18 six direct expense accounts.

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20 In addition, Mr. Price claims at page 18 of his testimony that it is 21 necessary to use separated ARMIS data in the analysis of avoided 22 costs since interstate access services will not be subject to the 23 wholesale discount.

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Based on these claims and on MCI's analysis, Mr. Price suggests the use of an avoided cost discount of 17.26% to set GTEFL's resale 2 rates. I believe, based on my previous work with MCI's models, that 3 this discount is calculated based on the ratio of avoided costs to total 4 operating expenses, although this calculation is not presented in Mr. 5 Price's testimony. 6

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HOW DOES GTE'S POSITION DIFFER FROM THAT OF MCI? Q.

GTE's position differs from that of MCI in two significant respects. 9 Α. First, and most importantly, the continued use of the FCC's 10 11 presumptive factors is inappropriate given that analysis of GTE's avoided costs is available. In fact, GTE has filed two avoided cost 12 studies, both of which are based on actual costs and an appropriate 13 analysis of the work functions that can reasonably be expected to be 14 avoided when services are offered for resale. Second, MCI's analysis 15 improperly calculates the avoided cost discount rate based on total 16 expenses rather than on revenues for retail services that are to be 17 offered on a wholesale basis for resale. This approach is in conflict 18 19 with the Act.

20

21 Q. CAN YOU BRIEFLY DESCRIBE THE TWO STUDIES GTE HAS CONDUCTED? 22

Yes. Both of these studies are discussed in my earlier testimony. 23 Α. 24 The first of these studies, which is referred to as "GTE's Avoided Cost 25 Study" was prepared in response to the Act. The study determines

avoided costs for each of five service groups. Avoided cost discounts
 range from about 5% for the residence category to about 15% for
 advanced services. GTE believes this study best represents the
 intent of the Act, and continues to recommend that this study be used
 to set resale rates for GTEFL in this proceeding.

7 The second of these studies, which is referred to as "GTE's Modified 8 Avoided Cost Study", was prepared in response to the FCC's First 9 Report and Order and conforms precisely with the FCC's avoided cost rules. This study includes an analysis to determine avoided cost 10 11 factors for the six direct expense accounts that are appropriate for 12 use in place of the FCC's presumptive factors. The study uses state-13 specific ARMIS data to calculate a recommended avoided cost discount rate of 11.25% for GTEFL, which should be used to set 14 15 resale rates if the Commission chooses to follow the FCC's 16 methodology.

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18 Q. WOULD YOU PLEASE DESCRIBE YOUR PREVIOUS WORK WITH 19 MCI'S AVOIDED COST STUDY MODELS?

A. Yes. I first worked with MCI's models in June, 1996. MCI filed
testimony, which was later withdrawn, in California (*Rulemaking on the Commission's Own Motion to Govern Open Access to Bottleneck*Services and Establish a Framework for Network Architecture
Development of Dominant Carrier Networks, R. 93-04-003 and I. 9304-002). The model filed in California was the same model filed by

1		MCI with the FCC in response to the NPRM, which the FCC relied
2		upon for its analysis which is discussed in the First Report and Order.
3		GTE's Modified Avoided Cost Study was designed based in part on
4		this analysis. A comparative analysis between MCI's model and
5		GTE's Modified Avoided Cost Study is included as Exhibit No. DEW-1
6		with this testimony. This analysis is based on MCI's previous use of
7		unseparated ARMIS data, as opposed to the separated data referred
8		to in Mr. Price's testimony in this proceeding.
9		
10		Based on my previous work with MCI's model, I believe the analysis
11		offered by Mr. Price is not suitable for use in setting resale rates for
12		GTEFL.
13		
10		
14	Q.	WHY DO YOU BELIEVE MCI'S ANALYSIS CANNOT BE USED?
	Q. A.	WHY DO YOU BELIEVE MCI'S ANALYSIS CANNOT BE USED? There are three reasons for this opinion:
14		
14 15		
14 15 16		There are three reasons for this opinion:
14 15 16 17		There are three reasons for this opinion:(1) MCI does not have sufficient data available to it to conduct a
14 15 16 17 18		 There are three reasons for this opinion: (1) MCI does not have sufficient data available to it to conduct a reliable analysis of costs that can reasonably be avoided.
14 15 16 17 18 19		 There are three reasons for this opinion: (1) MCI does not have sufficient data available to it to conduct a reliable analysis of costs that can reasonably be avoided. Analysis of data more detailed than that available from the
14 15 16 17 18 19 20		 There are three reasons for this opinion: (1) MCI does not have sufficient data available to it to conduct a reliable analysis of costs that can reasonably be avoided. Analysis of data more detailed than that available from the ARMIS reporting system is needed to make reliable judgments
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21		 There are three reasons for this opinion: (1) MCI does not have sufficient data available to it to conduct a reliable analysis of costs that can reasonably be avoided. Analysis of data more detailed than that available from the ARMIS reporting system is needed to make reliable judgments about specific work functions that will or will not be avoided.
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22		 There are three reasons for this opinion: (1) MCI does not have sufficient data available to it to conduct a reliable analysis of costs that can reasonably be avoided. Analysis of data more detailed than that available from the ARMIS reporting system is needed to make reliable judgments about specific work functions that will or will not be avoided. For example, Account 6623, Customer Service Expenses,

Yet, Mr. Price's analysis, as well as that of the FCC, makes no allowance for this reality, because their analyses use data that lacks the necessary detail to support judgments about what costs can reasonably be avoided.

6 In the absence of the necessary data, MCI has relied on the (2)7 FCC's presumptions of avoided costs for the direct expense 8 accounts, which in turn determine the amount of avoided 9 indirect expenses. It is noteworthy that the FCC did not 10 support their presumptions that direct expenses would be 11 avoided, nor their assumptions that the substitute costs for 12 these functions performed on a wholesale basis would amount 13 to ten percent of retail costs. With respect to the latter, the FCC stated at paragraph 928 of the First Report and Order: 14 15 "Given the lack of evidence, and the wide range of estimates that have been made by these states, we find it reasonable to 16 assume, for purposes of determining a default range of 17 wholesale discount rates, that ten percent of the costs in 18 accounts 6611, 6612, 6613, and 6623 are not avoided by 19 selling services at wholesale." 20

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(3) In failing to attempt the necessary analysis, MCI has failed to
identify significant expenses that I believe even MCI would
agree cannot reasonably be avoided, many of which are
recorded to Account 6623 (Customer Services) to which Mr.

1 Price refers at page 17 of his testimony. More detailed 2 information than that available in the ARMIS reports, such as 3 the workcenter data of the type used in both of GTE's studies. 4 is necessary to enable identification of these expenses. 5 6 Q. WHY IS IT INAPPROPRIATE TO USE THE FCC'S PRESUMPTIVE 7 AVOIDED COST FACTORS? 8 Α. The FCC created their presumptions about avoided direct expenses 9 for the purpose of establishing a default avoided cost discount range. and nothing more. The FCC made their intent clear when they stated 10 at paragraph 909 of the First Report and Order that "our rules for 11 identifying avoided costs are cast as rebuttable presumptions", and 12 further clarified their expectations at paragraph 917, stating that 13 "(t)hese presumptions regarding accounts 6611-6613 and 6621-6623 14 may be rebutted if an incumbent LEC proves to the state commission 15 that specific costs in these accounts will be incurred with respect to 16 services sold at wholesale, or that costs in these accounts are not 17 included in the retail prices of the resold services." 18

19

20 Q. WHAT IS YOUR RESPONSE TO MR. PRICE'S SUGGESTION 21 REGARDING THE USE OF SEPARATED ARMIS DATA?

A. Mr. Price's suggested use of separated ARMIS data is without merit.
 The problem Mr. Price seeks to solve with this approach, if there is a
 problem at all, arises from a deficiency in MCI's methodology for
 calculating the avoided cost discount rate: MCI's studies compute the

discount rate as the ratio of avoided costs to total expenses. This
 methodology is in conflict with the Act, which requires that resale
 rates be set based on retail rates, *i.e.*, revenues, minus avoided
 costs.

It is only because the MCI methodology is deficient by design that such a perceived problem arises at all. GTE's studies both properly avoided costs in relation to revenues in conformance with the Act, and each in a manner consistent with their intended application. For example, access expenses and revenues are, by design, not included in the numerator or the denominator, respectively, of the percent avoided cost calculation. This is the correct calculation of avoided costs, and the proper way to achieve the consistency Mr. Price claims to be seeking, as well.

- Q. DOES THIS CONCLUDE YOUR TESTIMONY?
- 17 A. Yes.

	GTË Florida			Ana	elysis of MCI	s ARMIS Mo	del						12.51 AM
Source:	ARMIS - FCC Report 4303 (Jan 95 - Dec 95; \$000's omitted)		as filed		85 M	i's ARMIS mo odified by the	FCC	using QTE	C's ARMIS mo 's direct expen	se factors		GTE's modifie olded cost sti	
Acct	Description	Total Operating Expenses	Avoided Retail Percent	Avoided Retailing Expenses	Total Operating Expenses	Avoided Retail Percent	Avoided Retailing Expenses	Total Operating Expenses	Avoided Retail Percent	Avoided Retailing Expenses	Total Operating Expenses	Avoided Retail Percent	Avoided Retailing Expenses
		(2)	(b)	(c)=(a)x(b)	(ď)	(0)	(f)=(d)x(¢)	(g)	(h)	(i)=(g)x(h)		(k)	(f)=(j)z(k)
	SUMMARY:												
1	Total Operating Revenues											\$1,269,937	
2	plus Uncollectibles											\$26,126	
3	Total Revanues plus Uncollectibles less Network Access Revenues											\$1,296,063	
-	less Operator Services Revenues											\$456,051	
6	less Public Telephone Revenues											\$56,540	
7	less MTC/International Revenues											\$14,468	
8.1	Revenue Base for Resale Discount											\$0 \$769.004	
												\$769,004	
8.2	Total Operating Expenses		\$908,638	[ARMIS]		\$908,638	[ARMIS]		\$908,638	(ARMIS)			
	Avoided Retailing Costs:												
9 10	Marketing Expenses		\$35,325	[in 21c]		\$31,793	jin 211		\$22,260	(in 21i)		\$22,260	[in 21(]
10	Customer Service Expenses		\$97,866	(in 25c)		\$90,714	(in 25f)		\$33,292	[in 25i]		\$33,292	(in 25i)
12	Support Expenses Maintenance Expenses		\$28,354 \$5,793	[in 29c]		\$12,644	(in 291)		\$5,732	(in 29i)		\$8,518	jin 290
13	Access Expenses		30,793 \$0	[in 41c]		\$0 \$0	(in 411)		\$0	(in 41i)		S O	(in 411)
14	Depreciation Expenses		\$0 \$0	(in 60c) (in 61c)		\$0 \$0	(in 60f)		\$0 \$0	(in 60i)		\$0	(in 80i)
15	Corporate Operations Expenses		\$71,930	(in 67c)		\$21,773	[in 611] (in 671)		\$9,873	[in 81]		\$2,824	(in 61)
16	Other Expenses		411,000	(in 81c)		921,713	[in 811]		43,073	(in 67i) (in 61i)		\$14,669	[in 671]
17	Uncollectibles			[in 84c]			(in 84f)			(in 64i)		\$0 \$1,721	(in 811)
18	Return and Taxes			[in 87c]			[in 671]			(in 87))		\$1,721 \$3,252	(in 84)
19	Total Avoided Retailing Costs	-	\$239,268	(in 9 in 18)		\$156,924	(in 9 in 18)	-	\$71,157	(in 9 in 18)	-	\$86,536	(in #21) (in # in 18)
20.1	Percent Avoided Costs (Calculated to represent the discount rate applicable to retail prices in conformance with the Telecommunications Act of 1996.)										[11.25%	(in 19 + in 8.1)
20.2	Percent Avoided Costs (Calculated to represent the ratio of total avoided relailing costs to total expenses.)	Į	26.33%	(în 10 + în 8.2)	(17.27%	[in 19 + in 8.2]	[7.83%	(in 19 + in 6.2)			

Docket No. 960980-TP Rebuttal Testimony of Doug E. Weilemey Exhibit No. DEW-1 - Page 1 of 4 FPSC Exhibit No. yer

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Tariff Entity: GTFL GTE Elorida

GTE Avoided Cost Study Analysis of MCI's ARMIS Model

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Tariff Entity: GTFL GTE Florida

GTE Avoided Cost Study Analysis of MCI's ARMIS Model

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Source:	ARMIS - FCC Report 4303 (Jan 95 - Dec 95; \$000's omitted)		i's ARMIS mo as filed	del		's ARMIS mod			"s ARMIS mo		1	TE's modified	
Acct	Description	Total Operating Expenses	Avoided Retail Percent	Avoided Retailing Expenses	Total Operating Expenses	Avoided Retail Percent	Avoided Retailing Expenses	Total Operating Expenses	Avoided Retail Percent	Avoided Retailing Expenses	Total Operating Expenses	Avoided Retail Percent	Avoided Retailing
		(#)	(b)	(c)=(a)#(b)	(d)	(6)	(f)=(d)x(e)	(g)	(h)	(i)=(g)x(h)	<u>Expenses (</u> Ø	(k)	Expenses (I)=(i)x(k)
21	Marketing Expenses	\$35,325		\$35,325	\$35,325		\$31,793]	\$35,325		\$22,260	\$35,325		\$22,260
22 6611	Product Management	\$6,370	100.0000%	\$6,370	\$6,370	90,0000%	\$5,733	\$6,370	1.7600%	\$112	\$6,370	1.7600%	\$112
23 6612	Sales	\$17,454	100.0000%	\$17,454	\$17,454	90.0000%	\$15,709	\$17,454	64.2300%	\$11 211	\$17,454	64,2300%	\$11,211
24 6613	Product Advertising	\$11,501	100.0000%	\$11,501	\$11,501	90.0000%	\$10,351	\$11,501	95.1000%	\$10,937	\$11,501	95 1000%	\$10,937
25	Customer Service Expenses	\$97 866		\$97,866	\$97,866		\$90,714	\$97,866		\$33,292	\$97,866		\$33,292
26 6621	Call Completion Services	\$11,343	100.0000%	\$11,343	\$11,343	100.0000%	\$11,343	\$11,343	0.0000%	\$0]	\$11,343	0.0000%	S O
27 6622	Number Services	\$14,998	100.0000%	\$14,998	\$14,998	100.0000%	\$14,998	\$14,998	24.3000%	\$3,645	\$14,998	24.3000%	\$3,645
28 6623	Customer Service	\$71,525	100.0000%	\$71,525	\$71,525	90.0000%	\$64,373	\$71,525	41.4500%	\$29,647	\$71,525	41.4500%	\$29,647
29	Support Expenses	\$93,313		\$28,354	\$93,313		\$12,644	\$93,313		\$5,732	\$93,313		\$8,518
30 6110 31 6112	Network Support Expenses Motor Vehicles	(\$466)	0.0000%		(\$466)	0.0000		(\$466)			(\$466)		
32 6113	Aircraft	\$1,486 \$817	100.0000%	\$0 \$817	\$1,486 \$817	0.0000% 0.0000%	\$0	\$1,486	0.0000%	S O	\$1,486	0.0000%	\$0
33 6114	Special Purpose Vehicles	\$3	0.0000%	\$017 \$0	\$3	0.0000%	\$0	\$817	0.0000%	\$0	\$817	0.0000%	SO
34 6115	Garage & Work Equipment	\$55	0.0000%	\$0	s55	0.0000%	\$0 \$0	\$3 \$55	0.0000%	SO	\$3	0.0000%	\$0
35 6116	Other Work Equipment	(\$2,827)	0.0000%	\$0	(\$2,827)	0.0000%	\$0 \$0	(\$2,827)	0.0000%	\$0 \$0	\$55	0.0000%	\$ 0
36 6120	General Support Expenses	\$93,779	0.0000.0		\$93,779	0.000076	30	\$93,779	0.0000%	30	(\$2,827)	0.0000%	\$ 0
37 6121	Land & Buildings	\$29,495	29.3631%	\$8.661	\$29,495	13,4825%	\$3,977	\$29,495	6.1138%	\$1,803	\$93,779 \$29,495	9.0834%	6
38 6122	Furniture & Artworks	\$2.248	29.3631%	\$660	\$2,248	13.4825%	\$303	\$2,248	6.1138%	\$137	\$2,248	9.0834%	\$2,679
39 6123	Office Equipment	\$4,734	29.3631%	\$1,390	\$4,734	13.4825%	\$638	\$4,734	6.1138%	\$289	\$4,734	9.0834%	\$204 \$430
40 6124	General Purpose Computers	\$57,302	29.3631%	\$16,826	\$57,302	13.4825%	\$7,726	\$57,302	6.1138%	\$3,503	\$57,302	9.0834%	\$430
41	Maintenance Expenses	\$214,164		\$5,793	\$214,164		\$0	\$214,164		\$0]	\$214,164		\$0
42 6210	Central Office Switching	\$54,873	0.0000%	\$0	\$54,873	0.0000%	\$0	\$54,873	0.0000%	\$0	\$54,873	0.0000%	sõ
43 6220	Operator Systems	\$4,462	0.0000%	\$0	\$4,462	0.0000%	\$0	\$4,462	0.0000%	\$0	\$4,462	0.0000%	ŝõ
44 6230	Central Office Transmission	\$5,445	0.0000%	\$0	\$5,445	0.0000%	\$0	\$5,445	0.0000%	\$0	\$5,445	0.0000%	sõ
45 6310	Information Orig/Term Expenses	\$10,385			\$10,385			\$10,385			\$10,385		•••
46 6311	Station Apparatus	\$0	0.0000%	\$0	\$0	0.0000%	\$0	\$0	0.0000%	\$0	\$0	0.0000%	\$ 0
47 6341	Large PABX	\$0	100.0000%	\$0	\$0	0.0000%	\$0	\$0	0.0000%	\$0	\$0	0.0000%	\$0
48 6351	Public Telephone Equipment	\$3,428	100.0000%	\$3,428	\$3,428	0.0000%	\$0	\$3,428	0.0000%	\$0	\$3,428	0.0000%	\$0
49 6362	Other Terminal Equipment	\$6,957	0.0000%	\$0	\$6,957	0.0000%	\$0	\$6,957	0.0000%	\$0	\$6,957	0.0000%	\$0
50 6410	Cable & Wire Facilities	\$60,539	0.0000%	\$0	\$60,539	0.0000%	\$0	\$60,539	0.0000%	\$0	\$60,539	0.0000%	\$0
51 6510 52 6511	Other PP&E Expenses	\$2,365	400 00000	-	\$2,365	0.000000		\$2,365		. []	\$2,365		}
52 6511 53 6512	Property Held for Future Use Provisioning	\$ 0	100.0000%	\$0	\$0 \$0	0.0000%	\$0	\$0	0.0000%	\$0	S O	0.0000%	\$ 0`
54 6530	Network Operations Expenses	\$2,365 \$76,095	100.0000%	\$2,365	\$2,365	0.0000%	\$ 0	\$2,365	0.0000%	\$0	\$2,365	0.0000%	\$0
55 6531	Power	\$76,095	0.0000%	e 0	\$76,095	0.0000%	60	\$76,095	0.000000		\$76,095		
56 6532	Network Administration	\$18,814	0.0000%	\$0 \$0	\$6,486	0.0000%	\$0	\$6,486	0.0000%	SO	\$6,486	0.0000%	\$0
57 6533	Testino	\$22,283	0.0000%	\$0 \$0	\$18,814 \$22,283	0.0000%	\$0 \$0	\$18,814	0.0000%	SO	\$18,814	0.0000%	\$0
58 6534	Plant Operations Administration	\$19,602	0.0000%	\$0 \$0	\$19,602	0.0000%	\$0 \$0	\$22,283 \$19.602	0.0000%	\$0	\$22,283	0.0000%	\$0
59 6535	Engineering	\$8,910	0.0000%	\$0	\$8,910	0.0000%	\$0 \$0	\$8,910	0.0000%	\$0	\$19,602	0.0000%	\$0
			0.000078			0.0000%		30,910	0.0000%	\$0	\$8,910	0.0000%	\$0

Docket No. 960980-TP Rebuttal Testimony of Doug E. Wellemeyer Exhibit No. DEW-1 - Page 2 of 4 FPSC Exhibit No.

Tariff Entity: GTFL GTE Florida

GTE Avoided Cost Study Analysis of MCI's ARMIS Model

09/30/96 12:51 AM

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Source;	ARMIS - FCC Report 4303 (Jan 95 - Dec 95; \$000's omitted)	(Jan 95 - Dec 95; \$000's omitted) as filed				's ARMIS mo odified by the	FCC	using GTE	's ARMIS mo s direct expen		GTE's modified avoided cost study		
Acct	Description	Total Operating Expenses	Avoided Retail Percent	Avoided Retailing Expenses	Total Operating Expenses	Avoided Retail Percent	Avoided Retailing Expenses	Total Operating Expenses	Avoided Retail Percent	Avoided Retailing Expenses	Total Operating Expenses	Avoided Retail Percent	Avoided Retailing Expenses
		(a)	(b)	(c)=(a)4(b)	(d)	(0)	(f)=(d)x(e)	(g)	(h)	(i)=(g)x(h)	0	(%)	(i)=(j)s(k)
60 6540	Access Expenses	(\$1)	0.0000%	\$0	(\$1)	0.0000%	\$0	(\$1)	0.0000%	\$ 0	(\$1)	0.0000%	
61 6560	Depreciation Expenses	\$306,484		\$0	\$306,484		\$0	\$306,484	·	\$0	\$306,484		\$2.6
52 6561	Telecommunications Plant in Service	\$305,589	0.0000%	\$0)	\$305,589	0.0000%	\$0	\$305,589	0.0000%	\$0	\$305,589	0.9241%	\$2
63 6562	Property Heid for Future Use	\$0	0.0000%	\$0	\$0	0.0000%	\$0	\$0	0.0000%	\$0	\$0	0.0000%	,
64 6563	Amortization - Tangibles	\$895	0.0000%	\$0	\$895	0.0000%	\$0	\$895	0.0000%	\$0	\$895	0.0000%	
65 6564	Amortization - Intangibles	\$ 0	100.0000%	\$0	\$0	0.0000%	S O	\$0	0.0000%	S O	\$0	0.0000%	
66 6565	Amortization - Other	<u>\$0</u>	0.0000%	\$0	\$0	0.0000%	\$0	\$0	0.0000%	\$0]	\$0	0.0000%	
67	Corporate Operations Expenses	\$161,487		\$71,930	\$161,487		\$21,773	\$161,487		\$9,873	\$161,487		\$14,
68 6710	Executive & Planning	\$7 914			\$7,914			\$7,914			\$7,914		. ,
69 6711	Executive	\$4,869	39.7354%	\$1,935	\$4,869	13.4825%	\$656	\$4,869	6.1138%	\$298	\$4,869	9.0834%	5
70 6712	Planning	\$3,045	39.7354%	\$1,210	\$3,045	13.4825%	\$411	\$3,045	6.1138%	\$186	\$3,045	9.0834%	Ś
71 6720	General & Administrative	\$153,573			\$153,573			\$153,573			\$153,573		
72 6721	Accounting & Finance	\$14,152	39.7354%	\$5,623	\$14,152	13.4825%	\$1,908	\$14,152	6.1138%	\$865	\$14,152	9.0834%	\$1,
73 6722	External Relations	\$8,367	100.0000%	\$8,367	\$8,367	13.4825%	\$1,128	\$8,367	6.1138%	\$512	\$8,367	9.0834%	5
74 6723	Human Resources	\$11,009	39.7354%	\$4,374	\$11,009	13.4825%	\$1,484	\$11,009	6.1138%	\$673	\$11,009	9.0834%	\$1,
75 6724	Information Management	\$64,222	39.7354%	\$25,519	\$64,222	13.4825%	\$8,659	\$64,222	6.1138%	\$3,926	\$64,222	9.0834%	\$5,
76 6725	Legal	\$2,125	39.7354%	\$844	\$2,125	13.4825%	\$287	\$2,125	6.1138%	\$130	\$2,125	9.0834%	\$
77 6726	Procurement	\$1,536	39.7354% 100.0000%	\$610 \$4,515	\$1,536	13.4825% 13.4825%	\$207	\$1,536	6.1138%	\$94	\$1,536	9.0834%	\$
78 6727 79 6728	Research & Development Other General & Administrative	\$4,515	39,7354%	\$18,933	\$4,515	13.4625%	\$609 \$6,424	\$4,515	6.1138% 6.1138%	\$276	\$4,515	9.0834%	5
79 6728 80 6790	Provision for Uncoll Notes Rec	\$47,647 \$0	0.0000%	\$10,933	\$47,647 \$0	0.0000%	\$0,424	\$47,647 \$0	0.0000%	\$2,913 \$0	\$47,647 \$0	9.0834%	\$4,
00 0/90	Plovision for oncontroles Rec		0.0000%			0.000074		30	0.0000%		\$U	0.0000%	<u> </u>
81	Other Expenses	ļ									\$9,423		
82 7370	Special Charges										\$3,519	0.0000%	
83 7540	Other Interest Deductions	1									\$5,904	0.0000%	
84 5300	Uncollectibles	7			\$26,126		\$2,554	\$26,126		\$1,158	\$26,126		\$1,
85 5301	Uncollectibles - Telecommunications				\$18,946	13.4825%	\$2,554	\$18,946	6,1138%	\$1,158	\$18,946	9.0834%	\$1,
86 5301	Uncollectibles - Other				\$7,180	0.0000%	\$0	\$7,180	0.0000%	\$0	\$7,180	0.0000%	9 1,
47		ב- ר			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·								
37	Return and Taxes										\$351,876	0.9241%	\$3

Tariff Entity: GTFL

GTE Florida

GTE Avoided Cost Study Analysis of MCI's ARMIS Model

09/30/96

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12:51 AM

Source: ARMIS - FCC Report 4303 (Jan 95 - Dec 95; \$000's omitted)		Ci's ARMIS m			a's ARMIS mo willied by the			C's ARMIS mi 's direct expe			GTE's modified olded cost stu	
Acct Description	Total Operating Expenses	Avoided Retail Percent	Avoided Retailing Expenses	Total Operating Expenses	Avoided Retail	Avoided Retailing	Total Operating	Avoided Retail	Avoided Retailing	Total Operating	Avoided Retail	Avoided Retailing
	(6)	(b)	(c)≈(a)x(b)	(d)	Percent (e)	Expenses (f)=(d)x(e)	Expenses (9)	Percent (h)	Expenses (i)~(g)x(h)	Expenses 0	Percent (k)	Expenses (I)=(j)x(k)
 88 A = Known Avoidable Expenses, i.e., 100% avoidable 89 B = Total Expenses - General Support Expenses 90 C = Total Expenses - Depreciation Expenses 91 GS = General Support Expenses 92 GA = General & Administrative Expenses to be allocated, i.e., less External Relations and R&D 93 GA Avoid % = (BxA)/(CAB-CxGS-BxGA) 94 CS Avoid % = (BxA)/(CAB-CxGS-BxGA) 		39.7354%	[in 8.2 - in 61a] (in 38a] [in67a-in73a-in78e] [Complex Formula]					.,	(7- (g)/4(y)	ŭ	(4)	(/)~~()A(K)
94 GS Avoid % = (CxA)/(BxC-BxGA-CxGS) 95 External Relations and R&D Avoid %			[Complex Formula] (Manual Entry)									
96 Total Operating Expenses 97 Total Depreciation Expenses 98 Total Operating Expenses less Depreciation					\$908,638 \$0 \$908,638	[ARMIS] [in 96 - in 97]		\$908,638 \$0 \$908,638			\$918,061 \$306,484 \$611,577	(ARMIS) [In 81#] [In 96 - In 97]
99 Avoidable Marketing Expenses 00 Avoidable Customer Service Expenses				-	\$31,793 \$90,714	(in 12c) (in 16c)		\$22,260 \$33,292	(in 12c)	ł	\$22,260	(in 12c)
01 Avoidable Direct Expenses					\$122,507		' -	\$55,552			\$33,292 \$55,552	(in 16c) (in 99 + in 100)
02 Retail Share of General Expenses					13.4825%	[in 101 + in 98]		6.1138%	[in 101 + in 98]		9.0834%	(în 101 + in 96
03 2001 Telecommunications Plant in Service											\$3,807,067	[ARMIS]
04 2111 Land 05 2121 Buildings 06 2122 Furniture & Artworks 07 2123 Office Equipment 08 2124 General Purpose Computers 09 Subtotal Land & Support Plant											\$21,135 \$208,668 \$9,954 \$71,564 \$75,999 \$387,320	(ARMIS) (ARMIS) (ARMIS) (ARMIS) (ARMIS) (h 104 in 108
10 Land & Support Share of Plant in Service											10.1737%	(in 109 + in 103
11 Retail Share of General Expenses											9.0834%	(in 102)
12 Retail Share of Plant-Related Expenses							,				0.9241%	<u>(in 110 x in 111</u>
13 Net Operating Revenues 14 Total Operating Expenses											\$1,269,937 \$918,061	[ARMIS] [ARMIS]
15 Return and Taxes (incl Other Operating Taxes)											\$351,876	<u>[in</u> 113 - in 114]