| 1 | <u></u> | BEFORE THE |
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| 2 | EPOKIDA PUB | LIC SERVICE COMMISSION |
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| 4 | In the matter of | ; : DOCKET NO. 981052-TP |
| 5 | Petition by Telephone | <u>.</u> |
| 6 | Company of Central Flo Inc. for resolution o | fitems: |
| 7 | under dispute in resa; agreement with BellSon Telecommunications, In | uth : |
| 3 | zerecommunicaciona, ii | |
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| 10 | | VOLUME 3 |
| 11 | - | The state of the s |
| 12 | Pages | 316 through 412 |
| 13 | | |
| 14 | PROCEEDINGS: | HEARING |
| 15 | 5555 | ###################################### |
| 16 | BEFORE: | COMMISSIONER SUSAN F. CLARK COMMISSIONER E. LEON JACOBS, JR. |
| 17 | u. | |
| 18 | DATE: | Tuesday, February 9, 1999 |
| 19 | TIME: | Reconvened at 9:35 a.m. |
| 20 | | Concluded at 12:45 p.m. |
| 21 | PLACE: | Betty Easley Conference Center |
| 22 | | Room 148 4075 Esplanade Way |
| 23 | | Tallahaввее, Florida |
| 24 | REPORTED BY; | Tallahassee, Florida MARY ALLEN NEEL, RPR MARY ALLEN NEEL, RPR MARY ALLEN NEEL, RPR |
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|----|--|--------------------|
| 1 | APPEARANCES: As heretofore stated, | |
| 2 | i | |
| 3 | | |
| 4 | INDEX | |
| 5 | WITNESSES - VOLUME 3 | |
| 5 | NAME | PAGE |
| 6 | ELDER N. RIPPER, III (Rebuttal) | |
| 7 | | |
| 8 | Direct Examination by Ms. Kaufman Prefiled Rebuttal Testimony Inserted | 320 32 2 |
| | Cross Examination by Ms. Keyer | 335 |
| 9 | Redirect Examination by Ms. Kaufman | 340 |
| 10 | ANDREA K. WELCH (Rebuttal) | |
| 11 | Direct Examination by Ms. Kaufman | 343 |
| 12 | Prefiled Rebuttal Testimony Inserted Cross Examination by Ms. Keyer | 345 363 |
| 12 | Cross Examination by Ms. McKinney | 366 |
| 13 | CHCAN PROTECTION (P-1-1-1-1) | |
| 14 | SUSAN ARRINGTON (Rebuttal) Direct Examination by Ms. Keyer | 369 |
| 15 | Prefiled Rebuttal Testimony Inserted | 374 |
| 16 | Cross Examination by Ms. Kaufman Cross Examination by Ms. McKinney | 389 407 |
| | Redirect Examination by Ms. Keyer | 410 |
| 17 | | |
| 18 | | |
| 19 | | |
| 20 | | |
| 21 | EXHIBITS - VOLUME 3 | |
| 22 | NUMBER I.D. | EVD. |
| 23 | 21 (Arrington) SMA-3 and SMA-4 373 | 4.12 |
| 24 | | |
| 25 | | |

| 1 ! | PROCEEDINGS |
|-----|---|
| 2 | (Hearing reconvened at 9:35 a.m.) |
| 3 | (Transcript continues in sequence from |
| 4 | Volume 2.) |
| 5 | COMMISSIONER CLARK: Let's call the |
| 6 | hearing back to order. |
| 7 | You know what? I'm looking at my notes |
| 8 | here, and I just I don't recall where we were. Did |
| 9 | we hear from Ms. Caldwell? I think that's who we left |
| 10 | off with. |
| 11 | MS. McKINNEY: Yes, Commissioner. |
| 12 | COMMISSIONER CLARK: Okay. Then who is the |
| 13 | next witness after that? Mr. Ripper again? |
| 14 | MS. McKINNEY: Yes, Commissioner. We're |
| 15 | ready for rebuttal at this time. |
| 16 | commissioner CLARK: Great. All right. |
| 17 | Ms. Kaufman? |
| 18 | MS. KAUFMAN: Yes, Commissioner Clark. |
| 19 | commissioner CLARK: Let me just ask. Are |
| 20 | there any preliminary matters that we need to take up |
| 21 | before we resume witness testimony? |
| 22 | MS. KAUFMAN: I have two matters. |
| 23 | COMMISSIONER CLARK: Oh, okay. |
| 24 | MS. KAUFMAN: The first one is, I would |
| 25 | just ask for the Commission to take official |

recognition of the FCC -- we call it the Louisiana II order, Docket No. 98-121, that was entered on October 13, 1998.

В

brief.

COMMISSIONER CLARK: We'll be happy to take official notice of it. Does anyone know what it means?

MS. KAUFMAN: Well, I have some idea about what some of it means, and I'll probably put it in my

commissioner CLARK: Okay. That sounds great. I think we're all kind of trying to figure out now what do we do. So we will take official notice of that court order.

MS. KAUFMAN: Thank you. And the other preliminary matter is that I have the errata sheets that need to be attached to the depositions of the TCCF witnesses that have previously been entered into the record, so I'll distribute those.

COMMISSIONER CLARK: All right. Would you please make sure that they are given to the Clerk and that they become part of those exhibits.

(Documents distributed.)

COMMISSIONER CLARK: I do. Thank you very much.

Just for everyone's information, yes, I do feel better, and I appreciate everyone who has said

| 1 ' | something. You know, saying that if you don't if |
|------------|--|
| 3 ! | you have your health, you have everything. I think |
| 3 | going through a week of having the flu, you begin to |
| 4 | appreciate that kind of statement. My advice is |
| 5 | everybody should get flu shots each winter. |
| 6 | All right. What is the next thing? |
| 7 | MS. KAUFMAN: That was the order for |
| в | official notice and the errata sheets. |
| 9 | COMMISSIONER CLARK: All right. Me. Keyer, |
| LO | do you have anything? |
| L1 | MS. KEYER: No. Commissioner. |
| 12 | COMMISSIONER CLARK: All right. We will go |
| 13 | ahead and resume the testimony. |
| 14 | |
| 15 | BLDER N. RIPPER, III |
| 16 | was called as a rebuttal witness on behalf of |
| 17 | Telephone Company of Central Florida and, having been |
| 18 | previously sworn, testified as follows: |
| 19 | DIRECT EXAMINATION |
| 2 0 | BY MS. KAUFMAN: |
| 21 | Q Mr. Ripper, would you state your name and |
| 22 | business address, please? |
| 23 | A Yes. I am Elder N. Ripper, III. My |
| 24 | nickname is Kip. I'm the president and CEO of the |
| 25 | Telephone Company of Central Florida, and our business |

| 1 | address is 3599 West Lake Mary Boulevard, Suite B, |
|-----|---|
| 2 | Lake Mary, Florida 32746. |
| 3 | Q And you're the same Mr. Ripper that was |
| 4 | sworn in the first day of this proceeding and |
| 5 ; | presented direct testimony? |
| 6 | A Yes. |
| 7 | Q Did you cause to be filed in this case |
| В | seven pages of rebuttal testimony, Mr. Ripper? |
| 9 | A Yes, I did. |
| 10 | Q Do you have any changes or corrections to |
| 11 | that testimony? |
| 12 | A No, I do not. |
| 13 | : Q If I asked you the same questions today, |
| 14 | would your answers be the same? |
| 15 | A Yes, they would be. |
| 16 | MS. KAUFMAN: Commissioner Clark, I would |
| 17 | ask that Mr. Ripper's rebuttal testimony be entered |
| 18 | into the record as though read. |
| 19 | COMMISSIONER CLARK: It will be entered in |
| 20 | the record as though read. |
| 21 | BY MS. KAUFMAN: |
| 22 | Q Mr. Ripper, you do not have any exhibits to |
| 23 | your rebuttal testimony; is that right? |
| 24 | A That's correct. |

Docket No. 981052-TP

BEFORE THE FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION REBUTTAL TESTIMONY

OF.

ELDER N. RIPPER, III

| 1 | Q. | Please state your name, business address and position with the Telephone |
|----|----|--|
| 2 | | Company of Central Florida (TCCF). |
| 3 | A. | Elder (Kip) N. Ripper, III, 3599 West Lake Mary Boulevard, Lake Mary, Florida |
| 4 | | 32746. I am the Chief Executive Officer for TCCF. |
| 5 | Q. | Are you the same Elder N. Ripper who filed direct testimony in this docket? |
| 6 | A. | Yes. |
| 7 | Q. | What is the purpose of your rebuttal testimony? |
| 8 | A. | The purpose of my rebuttal testimony is to address the testimony of BellSouth |
| 9 | | Telecommunications, Inc. (BellSouth) as presented by witnesses Jerry Hendrix and |
| 10 | | Susan Arrington. I will discuss the errors in this testimony relating both to |
| 11 | | TCCP's ESSX complaint and the issue of whether ESSX should be made available |
| 12 | | for resale in the new Agreement between TCCF and BellSouth. |
| 13 | Q. | Can you describe your basic areas of disagreement with the BellSouth |
| 14 | | witnesses? |
| 15 | A. | Yes. In his testimony, Mr. Hendrix attempts to rewrite history. Until his |
| 16 | | testimony was filed in this case, there was never any question raised as to TCCF's |
| 17 | | entitlement to resell ESSX under its current Resale Agreement; this last minute |
| 18 | | change of position is astonishing and should be rejected by the Commission. |

Further, BellSouth clearly did not provide ESSX as required by the current Agreement. As to Ms. Arrington's testimony, I strongly disagree that ESSX should not be made available for resale to new customers; as explained below, this is the only way that BellSouth's failure to perform under the current Agreement can be remedied.

6 Complaint

- Q. In his testimony, Mr. Hendrix describes the signing of the TCCF/BellSouth

 Resale Agreement as "last minute" and infers that somehow this affects the

 Commission's decision in this case. Please respond.
- A. As discussed in my direct testimony, it was always part of TCCF's Business Plan to resell ESSX. The original Resale Agreement was signed at the time that it was to ensure that TCCF would have that ability during the term of the Agreement. This was confirmed to TCCF in correspondence attached to my direct testimony. See Exhibit No. ___ (ENR-2), an April 18, 1997 letter signed by Mr. Hendrix himself! Further, Mr. Hendrix admits in his direct testimony, that by signing the 73-month ESSX tariff offering, TCCF was able "to receive a pricing benefit on the ESSX Service, based on a monthly tariffing arrangement as opposed to the higher monthly rates." There is no secret about what TCCF was trying to accomplish, and which it did accomplish, through execution of the original Resale Agreement on May 26, 1996.

Mr. Hendrix's attempt to imply that there was something "last minute" about my decision to sign the original Resale Agreement is just wrong. But

beyond, that, it is not relevant to the Commission's deliberations in this case. The

original TCCF/BellSouth Resale Agreement specifically provides for the resale of

ESSX and TCCF was so entitled. The fact that ESSX may have been

grandfathered after the Agreement was signed makes no difference.

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Q. Mr. Hendrix claims that TCCF was entitled to resell ESSX only for a two-day period. Do you agree?

Absolutely not. Pursuant to the clear terms of the original Resale Agreement, TCCF was entitled to resell ESSX for the term of the Agreement (and as discussed below is entitled to resell it under the new Agreement because BellSouth never properly provisioned ESSX). Further, up until the time that Mr. Hendrix's testimony was filed in this case, such a position was never taken by BellSouth. I find it quite remarkable that over the past two and a half year period, TCCF has continually tried to work with BellSouth to provision ESSX; at no time during our many, many conversations and the reams of written correspondence did anyone at BellSouth ever question TCCF's right to resell the service. If they had, we would have immediately come to the Commission for relief. While we had many problems with BellSouth and its inability to provision ESSX service, no one ever suggested we were not entitled to resell it. Mr. Hendrix himself admits that this issue was never raised with TCCF. BellSouth's 11th hour attempt to inject such a suggestion into this case is simply another example of how far it is willing to go to block the efforts of resellers to enter the local market. Finally, even if what BellSouth says is correct (which TCCF vigorously disputes), certainly BellSouth's

| 1 | | conduct over the last two years evidences that it has waived any right to assert |
|----|----|---|
| 2 | | such a position in this case. |
| 3 | Q. | Mr. Hendrix asserts that the 73-month ESSX tariff offering did not allow |
| 4 | | TCCF to resell ESSX to new customers after the service was grandfathered. |
| 5 | | Do you agree? |
| 6 | A. | No. The 73-month agreement provides that TCCF will be able to sell its services |
| 7 | | for the entire period. Additionally, not once during the two and one-half years |
| 8 | | since the May 25th contract signing has BellSouth disputed this position. Not one |
| 9 | | letter has been written! |
| 10 | Q. | Mr. Hendrix insists that BellSouth had no problems provisioning ESSX to |
| 11 | | TCCF. Is this correct? |
| 12 | A. | No. As both I and Mr. Koller describe in detail in our direct testimony, there |
| 13 | | have been numerous problems with BellSouth's attempt to provision ESSX and |
| 14 | | those problems are well-documented in the exhibits attached to my direct |
| 15 | | testimony and Mr. Koller's direct testimony. |
| 16 | Q. | How do you respond to Mr. Hendrix's claim that TCCF wanted BellSouth's |
| 17 | | ESSX service "to provide features and functions that the service was not |
| 18 | | intended to provide"? |
| 19 | Α. | This is not the case. Mr. Hendrix's testimony does not point out one element of |
| 20 | | ESSX service that BellSouth was not obligated to provide. He makes a bald |
| 21 | | accusation without supporting facts to back them up. |
| 22 | Q. | Mr. Hendrix says that BellSouth and TCCF reached a settlement on ESSX |

| 1 | | issues. Please comment. |
|----|----|---|
| 2 | Α. | The documents speak for themselves. Again, Mr. Hendrix seems to be very loose |
| 3 | | with the facts. The Commission may ask BellSouth to see the settlement |
| 4 | | agreement if it so desires. The bottom line is that ESSX has never been properly |
| 5 | | provisioned by BellSouth. TCCF has always wanted to deliver to its customers |
| 6 | | the services outlined in Ms. Webb's letter dated May 31, 1996. (Exhibit No. |
| 7 | | (ENR-6)). BellSouth has not let us do so. |
| 8 | Q. | Mr. Hendrix also mentions "other adjustments" made to TCCF regarding |
| 9 | | ESSX service. To what is he referring? |
| 10 | Α. | BellSouth has had to make many adjustments to our billings for its numerous |
| 11 | | billing errors. But after the initial ESSX settlement, no further credits were issued |
| 12 | | related to ESSX. |
| 13 | Q. | Do you agree with Mr. Hendrix that BellSouth provided TCCF with ESSX |
| 14 | | service in compliance with the parties' Agreement? |
| 15 | A. | No. First, as discussed above, I take strong issue with Mr. Hendrix's statement |
| 16 | | that BellSouth was only obligated to provide the service for two days and |
| 17 | | gratuitously took the rest of the actions detailed in my and Mr. Koller's direct |
| 18 | | testimony for the past two and a half years. I take particular offense at the claim |
| 19 | | that TCCF is somehow in violation of the Agreement. Putting aside Mr. |
| 20 | | Hendrix's last minute excuse, it is abundantly clear from TCCF's direct testimony |

for days at a time and numerous other service problems occurred.

that ESSX was not appropriately provisioned--customers were cut off from service

| 1 | Q. | Mr. Hendrix recommends that the Commission take no action on TCCF's |
|----|----|--|
| 2 | | ESSX complaint. What action do you recommend the Commission take? |
| 3 | A. | BellSouth is in serious violation of its Resale Agreement with TCCF. Mr. |
| 4 | | Hendrix's claim that TCCF has received the "pricing benefit associated with a 73- |
| 5 | | month pricing arrangement for BellSouth's ESSX service" does not pass the |
| 6 | | "straight-face" test. The Commission must show new entrants that it is serious in |
| 7 | | enforcing the requirements of the Telecommunications Act. The only remedy |
| 8 | | TCCF has, which will put it in the position it would be in if not for BellSouth's |
| 9 | | failure to perform, is to require the resale of ESSX in the new Agreement. |
| 10 | | ESSX Arbitration |
| 11 | Q. | Both Ms. Arrington and Mr. Hendrix rely on a Commission order which they |
| 12 | | say stands for the proposition that grandfathered services are available for |
| 13 | | resale only to existing customers. But doesn't TCCF want to sell ESSX to |
| 14 | | existing and new customers under its new Agreement? |
| 15 | A. | Yes. First of all, the Commission's order says that "all grandfathered services are |
| 16 | | subject to resale." I do not see the restriction which BellSouth attempts to impose. |
| 17 | | But even if such a restriction exists in that particular order, which relates |
| 18 | | to a particular arbitration between specific parties, TCCF is in a unique situation. |
| 19 | | As previously discussed, BellSouth has failed to perform; the only remedy TCCF |
| 20 | | has is the ability to resell ESSX in its new Agreement. Otherwise, BellSouth will |
| | | |
| 21 | | have succeeded in violating its Agreement causing extreme harm to TCCF, but |

wants to send to ALECs who are attempting to enter the Florida market.

Q. Ms. Arrington asserts that ESSX should not be made available for resale in the new Agreement between TCCF and Bellsouth. How do you respond?

First, Ms. Arrington makes the same argument as Mr. Hendrix that ESSX was only available for resale for two days. For the reasons discussed above, this should be rejected outright. Second, BellSouth has yet to properly provision ESSX. Its failure to do so has resulted in severe financial losses to TCCF and has damaged TCCF's reputation in the marketplace. The only way to address this situation, enforce the Telecommunications Act and ensure that BellSouth does not profit from its behavior is to permit TCCF to resell ESSX to new and existing customers under the new Agreement.

- 12 Q. Does this conclude your rebuttal testimony?
- 13 A. Yes.

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BY MS. KAUFMAN:

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- Q Have you prepared a summary?
- A Yes, I have.
 - Q Okay. If you would, please give it.
 - president of the Telephone Company of Central Florida, better known as TCCF. As you know, TCCF is a small reseller of telecommunication services. The last time we were here, I explained how TCCF contracted with Bellsouth for ESSX Services. To refresh your memory, we brought back our blowups of our first testimony, and in a few minutes, I would like to go over those with you.

Clearly, TCCF's intentions were, have been, and now are to sell ESSX Services to our business customers in the 23 wire centers or COs in which we made individual contract commitments. Every document you have been shown by the parties, either BellSouth or TCCF, confirms that fact.

Equally important is the fact that TCCF entered into its agreements for BSSX Services prior to BellSouth's grandfathering this service offering.

Please note that if BellSouth had entered into these agreements with a commercial customer, they would have honored the commitment and would be responsible to

provide services as contracted for and committed to by
BellSouth prior to the grandfathering event.

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again, before they were grandfathered, with the full knowledge and understanding of BellSouth. We never hid our plans of our intentions to resell these services. We in fact documented them beyond what anyone would normally expect, especially since BellSouth is TCCF's only real competitor in the marketplace today. So we're competing against the folks that provide us our services.

Commissioners, I would like to point out a statement made by the Commission via Order No.

PSC96-1579-FOF-FF issued December the 31st, 1996. On page 41, and I quote, "To do so might give ILECs an incentive to grandfather services in an attempt to retain customers to the detriment of competition."

I now submit to you that, in effect, this has already occurred. BSSX Services were priced far below any other BellSouth business service offering, and they knew it.

MS. KEYER: Excuse me, Commissioner. I hate to interrupt, but I believe this is beyond his rebuttal testimony.

COMMISSIONER CLARK: Ms. Kaufman?

| 1 | MS. KAUFMAN: Commissioner Clark, I think |
|------------|---|
| 2 | Mr. Ripper is responding, and in his testimony he |
| 3 | discusses the order that he just referred to. |
| 4 | COMMISSIONER CLARK: Tell me where it is. |
| 5 | MS. KAUFMAN: On page 6, beginning at line |
| 6 | 15, going over to the next page. |
| 7 | MS. KEYER: There's nothing in here about |
| 8 | below cost or any of the testimony he was getting |
| 9 | ready to get into. |
| 10 | MS. KAUFMAN: He was discussing, I think, |
| 1 1 | the import of the order that BellSouth raised in their |
| 12 | rebuttal to our testimony. |
| 13 | COMMISSIONER CLARK: I'll allow the |
| 14 | question. |
| 15 | WITNESS RIPPER: Let me start again. |
| 16 | COMMISSIONER CLARK: The summary, I |
| 17 | suppose. |
| 19 | WITNESS RIPPER: Okay. Again on page 41, |
| 19 | and I quote, "To do so might give ILECs an incentive |
| 20 | to grandfather services in an attempt to retain |
| 21 | customers to the detriment of competition. |
| 22 | I now submit to you that, in effect, this |
| 2 3 | has already occurred. ESSX Services were priced far |
| 24 | below any other BellSouth business service offering. |
| 25 | $^{ m I}$ and they knew it. It allowed Bellsouth to sell to its |

business services a service so reasonably priced that they could compete with any other service offerings available. By virtue of its nearly 2,000 050Cs, you could clearly bundle together each necessary network element to build a product for a customer that would avoid all other network fees and services not necessary to support each of these end users.

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Again, during the multitude of years it was available since the early 1980s through today, no one at BellSouth thought it was too complicated. In fact, it was the company's flagship product. But as soon as BellSouth's management realized how detrimental this product could be to them as a resale product, they immediately replaced it with MultiServ, moving the price points up 40% and bundling the features and services to keep it from being the resellers' road map to success. This is why we made the commitments to buy ESSX before the grandfathering event.

I also want to point out that we did change the effective date on our resale agreement. That was just good business judgment on our part. If BellSouth did not like the date change, they could have said no.

Lastly and to the point, BellSouth has tried to avoid the factual issues by introducing discussions of unconfirmed agreements. They also want

to call our approach nonstandard. This is absolutely not true. Until we received the testimony filed in this case, we had never heard the term "nonstandard" used by BellSouth. Again, I will respond by saying TCCF's requirements are a standard application, and that was confirmed as such in Charlotte Webb's letter of May the 31st, 1996.

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If it's okay, I would like to approach these blowups just for a moment.

COMMISSIONER CLARK: Mr. Ripper, I would only point out that you have six pages of testimony, and this summary is going on a while.

witness RIPPER: Oh, I'm virtually done, except for the last paragraph.

COMMISSIONER CLARK: All right.

WITNESS RIPPER: Is this on? Can you hear

I just want to point out that this document lists all of the features, call forwarding, call hold, call pickup, conference calling, DBCAS, Assumed Dial 9, automatic route selection, and long distance, very clearly in there, and that it's also very clear as to how these services are going to function and how the services are going to be provided, and there's a very clear document here that shows this. Nowhere in this

document anywhere does it say that these are nonstandard requirements or does it say that BellSouth can't provide them. As a matter of fact, it clearly states that they can. I just want to point that out again.

And this letter confirms the May the 29th commitments that we made to BellSouth the day before the grandfathering process occurred.

If they disagreed with any of this, then they should have documented that, and they could show that in their testimony, and they didn't do that.

We, the small ALEC, depend on you, the Commission, to protect our rights and provide a fair forum for these types of disputes. After all the time, effort, and monies TCCF has expended, we only want to provide the services we promised our customers. All we ask is that we be allowed to resell ESSX Services in the 23 COs, 23 COs originally contracted for, and that you confirm our rights to do so.

We would also ask that if you do not confirm our -- excuse me. My mouth is getting dry. We would also ask that if you do confirm our request, that since we have had such severe provisioning and service problems in the past, that you appoint a Staff

1 oversight person to monitor the ongoing situation with 2 BellSouth's performance. 3 I'm completed, and thank you very much for 4 your patience. 5 MS. KAUFMAN: Mr. Ripper is available for cross examination. 6 7 COMMISSIONER CLARK: Ms. Keyer? 8 CROSS EXAMINATION BY MS. KEYER: 9 10 0 Good morning, Mr. Ripper. 11 Α Good morning. 12 You indicated that you did know that the 13 ESSX Service was going to be grandfathered; isn't that 14 right? 15 Α Yes. 16 And you expected that at some point you 17 would have to convert to MultiServ; isn't that right? 18 Our contracts were for 73 months, and at 19 that end of time, we would have to make some decision 20 about a new product, yes. 21 0 Your resale agreement was for two years; 22 correct? 23 Α That's true, but our ESSX contracts are 24 separate and apart from that agreement, and their term 25 was 73 months.

ı And I believe when we talked last time at 2 the first part of the hearing, there is a provision in your contract that does state that grandfathered 3 services would not be available for resale; isn't that 4 5

right?

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- It says that, yes. But we were told Α because we made the commitment for ESSX before the grandfathering event that we would not have to be considered a grandfathered situation, and that's confirmed in all the documents that have been filed.
- You were one of the first ALECs to enter Q. into a resale agreement with BellSouth; is that true?
- I believe we were the first reseller to sign an agreement, yes.
- And during that time, initially, BellSouth worked very hard, and actually during the whole time that BellSouth had that contract with TCCF worked very hard with TCCF, didn't it?
- I take exception with that. If they worked very hard, we would have all of our services in place, and we don't. So, no, I don't think they worked very ba±d.
- So you're saying that the account team and the folks that you worked with on a daily basis did not work very hard to try to provision and try to work

| 1 | with TCCF? |
|------------|--|
| 2 | A Let me answer that question from an |
| 3 | individual point of view a little bit differently. |
| 4 | Q Can you answer yes or no? |
| 5 | A Certain people did work very hard; others |
| 6 | didn't. |
| 7 | Q You were here for Mr. Koller's testimony, I |
| 8 | believe, at the hearing? |
| 9 | A Yes. |
| 10 | Q And would you agree with him that the |
| L1 | administrative portion of provisioning ESSX is an |
| 12 | administrative nightmare with the 2,000, some 2,000 |
| 13 | USOCs? |
| L 4 | A I don't agree to that at all. |
| 15 | Q Now, there were some you're familiar |
| 16 | with the term "bona fide requests" or are you |
| L 7 | familiar with that? |
| L 8 | A Yes. It has been used in this proceeding. |
| L 9 | Q And it has been used over the time that you |
| 2 0 | were dealing with BellSouth in terms of what BellSouth |
| 21 | refers to as a nonstandard arrangement? |
| 22 | A Yes, I have had some discussions with |
| 23 | BellSouth about those issues. |
| 24 | Q And a bona fide request is in fact |

something that is outside of the usual or outside of a

standard arrangement; isn't that true? 1 2 I can't talk to other people's experience. In our situation, we feel that those requests were 3 based on our needs for standard services. 4 5 I understand what you felt, but isn't a bona fide request typically something outside the 6 7 standard? 8 No. I don't believe so. I think it's a request for services that needs special consideration, 9 10 but that doesn't mean it's nonstandard. 11 Now, the date of Mg. Webb's letter, I 12 think, is May 31, 1996; correct? 13 Ä Yes, it is. 14 That was just three days after you signed 15 the agreement, the resale agreement? Yes, it is. 16 Α 17 And in Ms. Webb's letter she states that 18 she was sending you a drawing depicting her vision of 19 what you were requesting; isn't that right? It was a confirmation of discussions we had 20 had for several weeks and months before, yes. 21 22 0 And that was based on the information that you had provided to Ms. Webb; correct? 23 24 Α That's true. MS. KEYER: I don't have any other 25

1 questions. 2 COMMISSIONER CLARK: Staff? 3 MS. McKINNEY: Commissioner Clark, Staff 4 has no questions. 5 COMMISSIONER CLARK: Commissioner? б Mr. Ripper, I had a question from our last You had indicated that BellSouth promised to 7 meeting. amend the agreement and absorb some costs, and they 8 didn't do it, or something to that effect. Can you 9 refresh my memory on that? 10 11 WITNESS RIPPER: I believe that at some 12 point in this hearing I had been asked about a 13 proposal that BellSouth made on October the 7th, and I 14 had responded to that proposal on October the 10th. 15 And I believe Ms. Keyer asked me if that proposal had been confirmed, and I said we did what we were 16 17 supposed to do, but I never saw a confirming document 18 from BellSouth that would have amended the agreement 19 to add our agreement. And that still hasn't happened 20 to today, COMMISSIONER CLARK: Well, my question to 21

COMMISSIONER CLARK: Well, my question to you is, why didn't you send something back to them saying, "Let's amend our agreement in this way"?

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WITNESS RIPPER: I did send a letter on October the 10th confirming my agreement with their

| 1 | proposal and asking exactly for that. The document, |
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| 2 | I believe, is in the testimony. It was a late-filed |
| 3 | document. |
| 4 | COMMISSIONER CLARK: And when did you send |
| 5 | that? |
| 6 | WITNESS RIPPER: In October. |
| 7 | . COMMISSIONER CLARK: Did you do anything |
| 8 | after October when it was not sent back to you? |
| 9 | WITNESS RIPPER: We tried to implement the |
| 10 | mini-Tl proposal through the course of many, many |
| 11 | months. I did send several documents to Steve |
| 12 | Vinsavich's office, who is their attorney, telling |
| 13 | them they weren't performing. But when we began this |
| 14 | whole process of tenegotiating our contract, that was |
| 15 | part of the contract negotiations. It never came to |
| 16 | fruition. |
| 17 | COMMISSIONER CLARK: Okay, Thank you. |
| 18 | MS. KAUPMAN: Commissioner Clark, that |
| 19 | letter is Exhibit No. 12, I think, that Mr. Ripper was |
| 20 | teferring to. |
| 21 . | COMMISSIONER CLARK: Go ahead. |
| 22 | REDIRECT EXAMINATION |
| E 5 | BY MS. KAUFMAN: |
| 24 | Q I just have two questions for you, |
| 25 | Mr. Ripper. |

First of all, Ms. Keyer asked you your view as to whether the people on the account team worked hard to help TCCF provision the ESSX Service. Do you recall that?

A Yes, she did.

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Q Can you tell us, in your view, what actions were or were not taken that got in the way of ESSX being provisioned?

A Yes, I think I can do that. The people that we met with and dealt with on a day-to-day basis constantly assured us, and it would appear, tried to help us get the services provided. Everybody on Marc Cathey's team seemed to be enthusiastic and wanted things to go forward. Yet our real-life experience showed us that every time we tried to process an order, there were technical problems. People went out of service, and we couldn't make things happen.

Now, is that Marc Cathey's fault or the account team's fault? I can't tell you yes or no. They seemed to want to help us. They always apologized for the problems. But we didn't get good performance on this contract from BellSouth. I mean, there is a difference between people being nice and people performing.

Q And my last question goes to Ms. Keyer's

question to you about the Charlotte Webb letter that's 1 on the blowup. Did Ms. Webb have any input into the 2 3 diagram and the contents of the letter? 4 Oh, absolutely. We had spent many, many A weeks prior to the agreement on the resale agreement 5 6 working with the account team, Charlotte Webb in particular, in coming up with this design. And this was her way of confirming exactly what we were going 8 9 to go forward and install and provide to our customer base. So, you know, I think that this is a 10 combination work effort between herself and myself. 11 12 MS. KAUFMAN: Thank you. That's all I bave, Commissioner Clark. 13 14 COMMISSIONER CLARK: And there are no 15 exhibits to his testimony; is that right? 16 MS. KAUFMAN: There are no exhibits. 17 COMMISSIONER CLARK: All right. Thank you. You are excused. 18 WITNESS RIPPER: Thank you very much. 19 COMMISSIONER CLARK: - Who's next? 20 MS. KAUFMAN: Ms. Welch is next. 21 22 COMMISSIONER CLARK: Okay. 23 24 ANDREA K. WELCH 25 was called as a rebuttal witness on behalf of

Telephone Company of Central Florida and, having been 1 2 previously sworn, testified as follows: 3 DIRECT EXAMINATION BY MS. KAUFMAN: 4 5 Would you state your name and address for 6 the record, please? 7 Yes. My name is Andrea Welch. My business A ė address is 3599 West Lake Mary Boulevard. 9 And you're the same Ms. Welch that appeared 10 and provided direct testimony and was sworn on the 11 first day of this proceeding? 12 Α Yes, I am. 13 Ms. Welch, did you file 14 pages of 14 rebuttal testimony in this case? Yes, I did. 15 Α Do you have any changes or corrections to 16 that testimony? 17 No, I do not. 18 If I asked you the questions contained in 19 your rebuttal testimony today, would your answers be 20 21 the same? 22 Yes, they would. MS. KAUPNAN: Commissioner, I would ask 23 24 that Ma. Welch's rebuttal testimony be inserted in the

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record as though read.

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                   COMMISSIONER CLARK: It will be inserted in
      the record as though read.
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  3
       BY MS. KAUFMAN;
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                 Ms. Welch, you have no exhibits; is that
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      zight?
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               That is correct.
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Docket No. 981052-TP

BEFORE THE FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION REBUTTAL TESTIMONY

OF

ANDREA K. WELCH

| 1 | Q. | Please state your name, business address and position with the Telephone |
|----|----|---|
| 2 | | Company of Central Florida (TCCF). |
| 3 | A. | Andrea K. Weich, 3599 West Lake Mary Boulevard, Lake Mary, Florida 32746. |
| 4 | | I am the Chief Operating Officer for TCCF. |
| 5 | Q. | Are you the same Andrea K. Welch who filed direct testimony in this docket? |
| 6 | A. | Yes. |
| 7 | Q. | What is the purpose of your rebuttal testimony? |
| 8 | A. | The purpose of my rebuttal testimony is to address the testimony of BellSouth |
| 9 | | Telecommunications, Inc. (BellSouth) as presented by witnesses Susan Arrington |
| 10 | | and D. Daonne Caldwell. I will point out the errors in their testimony, including |
| 11 | | the unsubstantiated assertion that BellSouth has in place the nondiscriminatory |
| 12 | | OSS as required by the Act. |
| 13 | Q. | What are the basic differences between your testimony and the testimony |
| 14 | | offered by Ms. Arrington? |
| 15 | A. | My testimony is based on real world experience attempting to use BellSouth's |
| 16 | | OSS in the marketplace, while Ms. Arrington's testimony appears to be based on |
| 17 | | wishful thinking. |

| 1 | Q. | How do you respond to Ms. Arrington's comment that BellSouth has |
|---|----|---|
| 2 | | developed and implemented the required nondiscriminatory electronic |
| 3 | | interfaces required by the Act? |

- A. BellSouth clearly admits its obligation under the Telecommunications Act to provide nondiscriminatory electronic interfaces; however, I totally disagree with Ms. Arrington's unsupported contention that such systems have been provided. In my direct testimony, I provided examples of OSS problems (such as no order flow through) and will provide below further examples of the numerous deficiencies in BellSouth's OSS. In contrast, Ms. Arrington provides one unsubstantiated conclusion on the topic. Her statement ignores reality and the numerous and continual problems experienced by resellers in attempting to use BellSouth's OSS. Further, she makes no mention of the many functions for which BellSouth has no electronic OSS and which must be done on a manual basis.
- O. Please illustrate the fallacy in Ms. Arrington's assertion that access to nondiscriminatory OSS is in place.
- 16 A. Within the state of Florida, all orders processed by BellSouth personnel for
 17 BellSouth end-user customers are processed (new orders as well as adds, moves
 18 and changes) using one of two systems. If the order is for a residential account,
 19 the system used is the Regional Negotiation System (RNS). For business
 20 accounts, all orders are processed using the Direct Order Entry System (BOE).
 21 RNS was implemented in 1991 and DOE was established in 1986. Order flow
 22 through can be achieved by both systems.

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According to BellSouth, order flow through can be achieved using LENS, EDI and TAG. Speak with any reseller and they will tell you that order flow through can only be achieved on "very vanilla" orders, such as residential accounts, with one line. Even then, "flow through" is not always achievable. BellSouth's response is, "order flow through can be achieved if the order is completed properly by the reseller. If not, the order will "fall into clarification" and manual processing will become necessary." This statement is BeilSouth's fall back answer which allows it to continue to explain away OSS deficiencies.

To provide nondiscriminatory access to OSS, BellSouth must provide Florida-based resellers access to RNS and DOE. These systems have been developed over time and allow BellSouth personnel to process orders error free and to deliver well-defined, time-proven service intervals to their end-user customers. To eliminate all of the finger pointing regarding OSS, the Commission must require BellSouth to demonstrate RNS and DOE side-by-side with LENS, EDI and TAG. A side-by-side comparison will prove that nondiscriminatory access to OSS has not been provided.

TCCF does not believe that all resellers are incapable of submitting error free orders to BellSouth for processing. Rather, the OSS offered to the resellers are deficient and BellSouth is using the "clarification" explanation as a defense for system deficiencies. Resoliers are never given an adequate explanation for why orders "error out" and "fall into clarification." The reseller sends the order electronically, BellSouth intercepts the orders and processes it manually. BellSouth's explanation is that the order fell into "clarification." TCCF believes that the true answer lies with OSS deficiencies.

BellSouth has made a conscious effort not to provide resellers with order processing tools that work. All BellSouth end-user orders are processed using one of two fully integrated systems. By comparison, resellers have been provided with bits and pieces of automation and are expected to pull all of the pieces together. This approach does not work and does not provide the reseller with nondiscriminatory access to OSS.

Q. Do you have any specific examples?

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A.

Yes. For the past week, TCCF has dedicated one customer service representative to TAFI and LENS. Pulling an employee off the telephones to "play around" with systems which, according to BellSouth, are fully operational, places a very real strain on an organization the size of TCCF. How productive has this employee's week been?

Up to this point, a total of approximately 10 hours has been spent attempting to get TAFI to work. After several hours of trying to get past the first several screens, a call to the appropriate trouble desk resulted in our finding out that "someone" had canceled TCCF's access to the program. BellSouth could not tell us who had canceled access or when or why, but they did promise to have us up and running within a few hours. Once again, our customer service representative attempted to access TAFI. Now, we learn that our user passwords have been canceled. Another call to the trouble desk results in another apology

and a promise to fix the passwords. Our employee could have opened numerous trouble tickets manually in the amount of time invested simply to get onto the system.

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According to BellSouth, LENS can be utilized to accomplish more than preordering functions. The ability to change a directory listing is one of the functions which you should be able to accomplish using LENS. The same customer service representative which invested ten hours attempting to use TAFI, invested four hours attempting to change a yollow page heading code using LENS. Our customer service representative called the BellSouth trouble desk looking for assistance. He spoke with Jason Weaver at (888) 462-8030 who apologized for the problems and suggested that the order be placed manually because he was unable to help our employee.

After investing fourteen hours, TCCF's employee accomplished nothing. BellSouth's response to this would probably be something like, "... that's the cost of doing business. You have to invest the time required to become proficient with the systems." I would agree if this were the first time that TCCF had attempted to get BellSouth OSS to work, but it is not.

BellSouth's OSS do not work. TCCF has learned that it is more efficient to place orders manually than it is to attempt to utilize existing OSS. We have a business to run and should not be burdened with troubleshooting deficient OSS or being required to use OSS which do not work.

Q. Ms. Arrington says that this Commission found that OSS costs may be

| 1 | recoverable costs. How do you respond? |
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| 2 | A. First of all, in a BellSouth/MCI and AT&T arbitration case regarding UNEs, the |
| 3 | Commission in reference to that case and those parties used the word <u>may</u> . The |
| 4 | Commission did not guarantee any such recovery and, in fact, in the order Ms. |
| 5 | Arrington refers to, the Commission struck the testimony on this topic, excluding |
| 6 | ordering charges from the costs set in that proceeding. |
| 7 | Much more on point is the following determination by the |
| 8 | Commission: |
| 9 | [W]e find that operations support systems are |
| 10 | necessary for competition in the local market to be |
| 11 | successful. We believe that both the new entrants and the |
| 12 | incumbent 1.ECs will benefit from having efficient |
| 13 | operational support systems. Thus, all parties shall be |
| 14 | responsible for the costs to develop and implement such |
| 15 | systems |
| 16 | [E]ach party shall bear its own cost of developing |
| 17 | and implementing electronic interface systems, because |
| 18 | those systems will benefit all carriers. |
| 19 | Order No. PSC-96-1579-FOF-TP at 87, emphasis supplied. Thus, the Commission |
| 20 | has already found that each party should bear its own costs, just as I have |
| 21 | suggested. Finally, in the event any recovery is permitted, I would hope that the |
| 22 | Commission would assure itself that BellSouth has systems in place that are in |

| 1 | | compliance with the Act. As discussed in my direct testimony and above. |
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| 2 | | BellSouth is very far away from that day. |
| 3 | Q. | Ms. Arrington suggests that at the conclusion of the hearing in this case, the |
| 4 | | Commission should direct the parties to negotiate OSS language. Do you |
| 5 | | agree? |
| 6 | A. | No. TCCF and BellSouth have been attempting to negotiate OSS language since |
| 7 | | the beginning of May 1998. After initially agreeing to delete the OSS rate chart |
| 8 | | and language requiring TCCF to pay for OSS development, BellSouth has been |
| 9 | | intransigent and insisted that such language and chart appear in the new |
| 10 | | Agreement. TCCF believes that no purpose is served (other than more delay and |
| 21 | | expense to TCCF which inures to BellSouth's benefit) in sending the parties back |
| 12 | | for more negotiation. |
| 13 | \mathbf{Q}_{t} | Do you agree with the language on this issue which Ms. Arrington proposes? |
| 14 | A. | No; the substance of the language Ms. Arrington advocates is at the heart of this |
| 15 | | dispute. It would require resellers to pay for systems BellSouth must develop to |
| 16 | | comply with the Act and it ignores the development and other costs which |
| 17 | | resellers must bear. Lastly, it makes the unfounded assumption that appropriate |
| 18 | | OSS systems exist. |
| 19 | Q. | What language should be included in the new Agreement on OSS? |
| 20 | A. | The new Agreement should state that BellSouth is required to supply the reseller |
| 21 | | with nondiscriminatory access to OSS. Furthermore, a penalty of \$25 should be |
| 22 | | imposed upon BellSouth for each order submitted manually, due to the lack of |

OSS. BellSouth seems to ignore the fact that TCCF has been forced to submit 1 2 orders manually for two and a half years. 3 At an absolute minimum, if the Commission allows BellSouth to recover development and processing costs associated with OSS (which TCCF opposes), it 4 is imperative that the Agreement clearly state that no recovery will be permitted 5 until such time as BellSouth can prove that nondiscriminatory access to OSS has 6 been provided. Page 8 of my direct testimony provides the following suggested 7 8 language: 9 OSS Order Charge Rates (electronic and/or manual) will not 10 be applicable until such time as BellSouth has made 11 available to the reseller an automated means of processing 12 the applicable order type (i.e. adds, moves, changes, trouble 13 tickets) via an electronic interface, 14 Q. Do you agree with the OSS rates included in Ms. Arrington's testimony? 15 Λ. No; though it appears that the rates BellSouth has now proposed have been reduced in comparison to what BellSouth offered TCCF in negotiation, the rates 16 17 are still excessive. Further, the large difference in the rates offered to TCCF in

Q. Should rates for OSS be included in the new Agreement?

questions about the propriety of the rates.

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A. No. OSS rates should not be included in the Agreement. Each party should bear its own costs as the Commission has previously directed. If the Commission does

negotiation with BellSouth and the rates in Ms. Arrington's testimony raise further

| 1 | | find charges for OSS to be appropriate, certainly no rates should be included until |
|----|----|--|
| 2 | | the Commission has concrete answers to the questions raised on page 20 of my |
| 3 | | direct testimony, as well as the issues raised below, including how such costs will |
| 4 | | be apportioned among ALECs, what future OSS costs will be and assurance that |
| 5 | | such systems function properly and at parity with BellSouth's retail systems. At |
| 6 | | that time, the Commission can address the issue of appropriate OSS rates, if any, |
| 7 | | on an industry-wide basis. |
| 8 | Q, | As to Ms. Caldwell's testimony, was any specific data underlying her cost |
| 9 | | study provided? |
| 10 | Å. | No. Ms. Caldwell has provided some high level spreadsheets and information. |
| 11 | | While in Docket No. 960757-TP, BellSouth provided an electronic filing with |
| 12 | | complete data, no such supporting information was provided to TCCF. For |
| 13 | | example, while various assumptions were provided, there appears to be no |
| 14 | | information as to how or why such assumptions were chosen or whether they are |
| 15 | | appropriate in this instance. |
| 16 | Q. | Does TCCF have the resources to analyze the BellSouth cost study in depth? |
| 17 | A. | Probably not, though without complete information, it is certainly impossible. |
| 18 | | And, as a preliminary matter, let me reiterate that TCCF believes that no charges |
| 19 | | are appropriate for OSS development or for processing fees, especially the inflated |
| 20 | | fees for processing manual orders; thus, the cost information is irrelevant. |
| 21 | | Further, in comparison to BellSouth, TCCF is a very small company. We |
| 22 | | simply have neither the personnel nor the resources to do a detailed analysis of the |

| BellSouth cost model. Additionally, we believe that it would frustrate the inten- |
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| of the Act to place such a tremendous burden on small carriers. For example, it |
| is my understanding that the BellSouth model uses several other complex models |
| and price calculators which would necessitate extensive analysis. If the |
| Commission is interested in evaluating BellSouth's cost studies or using them in |
| any way as a basis for OSS charges, it should open a generic docket and not allow |
| BellSouth to place the burden for analyzing its cost study on TCCF. |

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8 Q. With the above comments in mind, do you have any general observations 9 about the BellSouth cost study?

Yes. BellSouth's analysis appears to place many of the costs of doing business on the reseller, thus, relieving BellSouth of many costs previously incurred by it. However, BellSouth does not appear to have taken any of these cost reductions into account when calculating OSS costs and fees.

For example, resellers are currently responsible for the costs of sales, marketing, order entry, billing, collections, customer service, and bad debt expense. This represents a significant cost reduction for BellSouth, but BellSouth does not appear to have taken this into account or quantified it in any way. If BellSouth is willing to work effectively with resellers instead of purposely creating inefficiencies in the process, its costs could be even further reduced.

Q. Can you provide examples of some of the inefficiencies to which you refer?

A. Yes. Why must entirely new systems be created for resellers? One would think that existing BellSouth systems could be utilized for reseller orders. There is no

evidence in Ms. Caldwell's testimony that BellSouth has thoroughly researched potential options for OSS. Nor is there any explanation of why resetters cannot use the current BellSouth systems. If a common OSS system is used, the cost of a common OSS will be spread over a much larger user base and result in lower reseller and end-user costs. There is no evidence that BellSouth has explored this reasonable option.

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Q. Are there other issues the Commission should consider in looking at 8 BeliSouth's cost study?

A. Yes. Those issues include: what technologies have been analyzed for the development of OSS; whether total development and support costs, including the costs incurred by resellers, have been taken into account; whether any proposed OSS project has been put out for bid to outside consultants to ensure that resellers have some cost control over the systems for which BellSouth wants them to pay. Of particular importance is the issue of how BellSouth itself will benefit from improved OSS which it wants resellers to fund. Cost and operational efficiencies must be taken into account when looking at any proposed reseller fee. Only BellSouth has, and can provide, information on these issues to the Commission. The Commission should require BellSouth to produce such information.

Q. Has BellSouth addressed issues regarding order volume?

A. No. How projected order volume affects BellSouth's calculations of OSS charges is unclear. As ALEC order volume increases, it is logical to assume that OSS fees will decrease. But, there appears to be no mechanism in place to reduce fees if projected volumes (whatever they are) decline. Nor is it clear who is responsible for monitoring the volume of orders and making the appropriate changes in the resellers' fees BellSouth proposes. All of these important questions remain unanswered. BellSouth should be required to demonstrate to the Commission what volume of orders are needed/projected to pay for the OSS development costs it claims. It should set out the volume projections used (and how those projections were developed) in the current BellSouth calculations.

Q. What about issues related to order rejection?

A.

We have been told by BellSouth that TCCF has an order reject rate of approximately 13% versus an average of 35% for all resellers. Under these facts, is it fair for all ALECs to pay the same OSS charge? Further, is any charge thir if the order rejection is caused by BellSouth? That is, why should TCCF (or any ALEC) be penalized for BetlSouth's mistakes? The Commission should review whether the customer representatives who process ALEC orders are as experienced as those who process BellSouth retail orders and how the reject rates as to the two types of orders compare. BellSouth has provided no information about this.

Q. Do you have any comments regarding the duration of the OSS fees BellSouth seeks?

A. Yes. In my direct testimony, I said that it appears that BellSouth wants to collect OSS fees forever. BellSouth's testimony confirms this. One would certainly expect that once development costs are recovered, the fees would cease; however, this does not appear to be what BellSouth contemplates. And, no information

| i | about total | development | costs | has | been | provided. |
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A.

- Q. Are there other important issues Ms. Caldwell does not address?
- A. Yes. For example, what safeguards will protect resellers from the potential of
 BellSouth booking unrelated costs against the OSS development for resellers?
 How will resellers be compensated if fraudulent cost allocation practices occur?
 Who will audit cost allocation? Will the results of any such audits be available to ALECs for review and verification?
- Q. Do you have any concluding observations about the OSS charges BellSouth
 wants to impose on TCCF?
 - Yes. The only way to provide fair treatment for resellers is to charge a consistent fee to BellSouth end-users and to resellers, but to discount resellers' fees to adjust for the costs which resellers incur for their customers which BellSouth no longer incurs, such as customer service, order entry, collections, billing costs, bad debt expense, sales costs, etc. If the overall cost of doing business with BellSouth is not compared to the cost of providing service to a BellSouth end-user, then the local competition mandated by the Telecommunications Act of 1996 will never become a reality. Resellers have very slim margins; it would not take much for BellSouth to recapture that margin through excessive OSS fees. BellSouth could create a scenario where OSS fees become a significant profit center. Such an outcome would be short-lived, however, because it would cause the financial collapse of the already struggling local resale market.

Additionally, by utilizing a common OSS system, which treats BellSouth

| l | | orders and reseller orders the same, parity of service can become a real possibility. |
|---|----|---|
| 2 | | A common OSS system should hide the order's origin from the operational |
| 3 | | support staff so that the potential for bias against resellers' orders is mitigated. |
| 4 | | Parity of service remains a significant requirement of the Telecommunications Act |
| 5 | | of 1996 which has not been yet realized by resellers. |
| ś | Q. | Does this conclude your rebuttal testimony? |
| 7 | A. | Yes. |

BY MS. KAUFMAN:

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- Q Have you prepared a summary of your rebuttal testimony?
 - A Yes, I have.
 - Q Please give it to us now.

A Good morning, Commissioners and Staff. My name is Andrea Welch. I am the chief operating officer for the Telephone Company of Central Florida. I am here this morning to summarize the rebuttal testimony which I submitted in response to testimony filed by BellSouth witnesses Susan Arrington and Daonne Caldwell.

per Ms. Arrington's testimony, BellSouth clearly admits their obligation under the Act to provide nondiscriminatory electronic interfaces to the resellers. Ms. Arrington states within her testimony that such systems have been provided. She provides no examples or information regarding OSS availability or performance to substantiate her statement.

Furthermore, her statement does not take into account the fact that BellSouth personnel use only two systems when processing retail orders within the State of Florida. The Regional Negotiation System or RNS is used when processing residential account orders. The Direct Order Entry system or DOK is used

when processing business orders. Order flow-through can be achieved by both systems, and both provide preordering and ordering capabilities.

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By comparison, BellSouth has offered LENS, EDI, and TAG to the resellers. According to BellSouth, flow-through can be achieved using each of these, LENS, EDI, and TAG. The truth is, TAG has not been implemented by any reseller. This being the case, how does BellSouth know that order flow-through can be achieved in a real-world situation using TAG? Speak with any reseller that has attempted to use or is currently using LENS and EDI, and they will tell that you only limited flow-through can be achieved.

Bellsouth's response to this issue is that flow-through can be achieved if the order is completed properly by the reseller; if not, the order will fall into clarification and manual processing will become necessary. TCCF does not believe that all resellers are incapable of submitting error-free orders for processing. Rather, the OSS offered to the resellers are deficient, and BellSouth is using the clarification explanation as a defense for system failures.

In my rebuttal testimony, I provide a few examples of TCCF's recent attempts to use TAFI for

opening trouble tickets and LENS for ordering. After investing approximately 14 hours attempting to use these two OSS, TCCF had accomplished nothing. In both cases, the TCCF customer service rep involved contacted the Bellsouth help desk and spoke with Jason weaver, who apologized for the problems and suggested that the order TCCF was attempting to process via LENS be processed manually.

Bellsouth's OSS do not perform, as reported by the witnesses that have testified in this proceeding. Over the past one plus years, TCCF has learned that it is more efficient to place orders manually than it is to attempt to utilize existing oss. We have a business to run and should not be expected to troubleshoot deficient OSS.

To eliminate all of the finger-pointing, the Commission must require BellSouth to demonstrate RNS and DOE side by side with EDI, LENS, and TAG. A side-by-side comparison while processing like orders will prove that nondiscriminatory access to OSS has not been provided.

I do not agree with Ms. Arrington's suggestion that the Commission at the conclusion of this hearing should direct the parties to negotiate OSS language. Based upon the amount of language that

was passed back and forth between the parties during the renegotiation period, I believe that sending the parties back to negotiate will only result in additional delays and expense to TCCF and BellSouth.

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TCCF does not agree with the OSS rates included within Ms. Arrington's testimony. Even though the rates now proposed have been reduced by comparison with those proposed previously to TCCF, no OSS rate should be included within the agreement.

the personnel or the resources required to perform a detailed analysis of the BellSouth cost model which has been submitted by BellSouth's witness.

Ms. Caldwell. I did list a number of general observations regarding the cost study within my rebuttal testimony. The list of observations and concerns is potentially endless.

The only way to provide fair treatment for resellers is to charge a consistent fee for processing all orders, reseller and retail, and to then provide a discount to the resellers to cover the cost of sales, marketing, customer service, order entry, collections, billing, and bad debt. Previously incurred by BellSouth, all of these costs are now the responsibility of the reseller. This is the way the

If the proposed OSS fees are ayetem has been working. 1 permitted, BellSouth will, in effect, be allowed to 2 recapture a portion of the discount established by 3 this Commission. 4 Thank you. 5 Does that conclude your summary? 6 7 It does. Ms. Weich is available for MS. KAUFMAN: 8 cross examination. 9 COMMISSIONER CLARK: Ms. Keyer? 10 CROSS EXAMINATION 11 BY MS. KEYER: 12 Good morning, Ms. Welch. ٥ 13 Good morning. A 14 You have indicated that you do not believe 15 that BellSouth is providing nondiscriminatory access. 16 Is it your position that nondiscriminatory access 17 would be allowing TCCF or the ALECs access to RNS and 18 19 Is that what you're saying? No, that's not what I'm saying. A 20 Okay. You're saying -- so what is your 21 idea or your view of what nondiscriminatory access is? 22 The regellers need to be given access to 23 oss that perform equally to the OSS that your folks 24 25 use.

- Q And it's your position that they're not?
- A Absolutely.

ユユ

Q And you're basing your testimony and your position on TCCF's experience in playing around with these systems; is that correct?

A I know you folks have taken exception or capitalized on my using the "playing around" term, and I guess it was a poor choice of words. We have not played around with anything. We have been very serious in our business. We've been a reseller for close to three years. If we weren't serious, if we weren't competent at what we do, I don't think we would be here today.

Q Okay. My question is, Ms. Welch, your opinion as to whether or not BellScuth is providing nondiscriminatory access is based on TCCF's experience as you described. I believe, in your direct testimony and when you were here in the previous day of this hearing?

A Is it based on our experience? Yes. I mean, I have a vary recent example that I can give you.

Q No, I just wanted to know if your opinion was based on your experience. That's what I wanted to know, and you've answered that.

Absolutely. A 1 Thank you. Q. 2 And conversations with other resellers. A 3 Now, you would agree, would you not, that Q 4 I think you talked about some orders falling into 5 clarification, falling out for clarification? 6 I think you need to ask the question more 7 specifically. 8 Well, I haven't asked the question yet. Q. 9 was just referring you to your testimony about that. 10 A All right. 11 You would agree that orders, if they do Ο. 12 have errors on them, should not be processed, wouldn't 13 You would not want an order to flow through if 14 it had an error in it, would you? 15 Correct. \mathbf{A} 16 As far as the language that was negotiated 17 between TCCF and BellSouth, wasn't the major dispute 18 as to the language the issue as to whether or not OSS 19 rates should be included? 20 Ask your question again, please. \mathbf{A} 21 wasn't the, I guess, major dispute as far 22 0 as the OSS language that was going to be included in 23 the resale agreement, wasn't that dispute over whether 24

or not OSS rates should be included?

25

| 1 | A well, I think the dispute was two-part. |
|----|--|
| 2 | One, we don't believe the rate should be included at |
| 3 | all. And number two, if they are mandated by the |
| 4 | Commission, what should the rates he? I believe the |
| 5 | rates in the agreement are excessive. |
| 6 | MS. KEYER: I don't have any further |
| 7 | questions. |
| ₽ | COMMISSIONER CLARK: Staff? |
| 9 | MS, McKINNEY: Yes, Commissioner. |
| 10 | CROSS EXAMINATION |
| 11 | BY MS. McKINNBY: |
| L2 | Q Good morning, Ms. Welch. |
| 13 | A Good morning. |
| 14 | Q Just now when Ms. Keyer was asking you |
| 15 | questions, you made mention of a recent experience. |
| 16 | Could you tell us what that is, please? |
| 17 | A I'll be glad to. Last week we had a very |
| 18 | large customer that had not paid their bill. This |
| 19 | quatomer owed us in excess of \$120,000. One of the |
| 20 | approaches that you can take when a customer has not |
| 21 | paid their bill is to suspend their service for |
| 22 | nonpay, and once they've paid you, to do a restoral. |
| 23 | In the last day of testimony, I mentioned |
| 24 | that LENS ordering has very limited capabilities. One |
| 25 | of those capabilities is supposed to be to do a demial |

| 1 | for nonpay and then a restoral. In this particular |
|------------|--|
| 2 | case, we found out that we could not do either using |
| 3 | LENS. We had 573 lines that we needed to suspend for |
| 4 | nonpay. |
| 5 | COMMISSIONER JACOBS: Excuse me. Does LENS |
| 6 | interact with DOE and RNS, or is it separate? |
| 7 | WITNESS WELCH: That would have to be a |
| 8 | question for BellSouth. I don't know if it |
| 9 | interfaces. |
| 10 | COMMISSIONER JACOBS: How do you use it? |
| 11 | WITNESS WELCH: We sit in front of a |
| 12 | terminal and enter orders onto a screen. It's a menu |
| 13 | driven kind of product. |
| 14 | COMMISSIONER JACOBS: Are you interfacing |
| 15 | with LENS, or are you interfacing with the other two? |
| 16 | WITNESS WELCH: With LENS. |
| 17 | COMMISSIONER JACOBS: And you never in |
| 18 | your process, you never interact with DOE or RNS? |
| 19 | WITNESS WELCH: Not that I'm aware of, |
| 20 | unless it's at some point in the BellSouth shop. |
| 21 | COMMISSIONER JACOBS: Okay. Do you know if |
| 22 | that's the case or not, whether or not what they enter |
| 23 | ever interacts with RNS or DOE? |
| 24 | MS. KEYER: They are two different systems, |
| 2 5 | and we do have a witness who will be addressing the |

oss and can probably explain that in greater detail.

commissioner JACOBS: Okay.

б

MS. KEYER: But the ALECs would be using the LENS to access our operational support systems, and BellSouth would be using RNS and DOE. And they have certain limitations, but the OSS witness would be better to tell you that.

COMMISSIONER JACOBS: Okay. I'm sorry.

WITNESS WELCH: So again, back to last week. We had 573 lines that we wanted to suspend for nonpay. Looking at the specs on ordering in the LENS area, we should have been able to handle this order. We could not. So we had to disconnect 573 lines.

When the customer paid us and we wanted to turn their service back on, we already knew that we couldn't do the restoral, but we thought that we could do a switch-as-is, another category that we have been told that LENS can handle. Well, guess what? LENS couldn't handle it.

Under this scenario, if we had signed the agreement in May, we would have been charged \$23 times 573 lines for a service order. That's \$13,179. We would have been charged \$20.08 times 573 lines to disconnect this order. We would have been charged \$20.08 times 573 lines to

| 1 | Now, I have a customer that I've suspended |
|----|---|
| 2 | for nonpay, which would lead you to believe that they |
| 3 | don't have the money to pay their bill. I now am |
| 4 | sitting with \$36,190.68 worth of charges. What am I |
| 5 | supposed to do with those? That's excessive. |
| 6 | Now, do the OSS work as the witnesses that |
| 7 | have given testimony in this hearing say they do? No. |
| 6 | they do not. |
| 9 | MS. McKINNBY; Thank you, Mg. Welch. No |
| 10 | further questions. |
| 11 | COMMISSIONER CLARK: Redirect? |
| 12 | MS. KAUFMAN: I have no redirect. |
| 13 | COMMISSIONER CLARK: Thank you, Me. Welch. |
| 14 | Ms. Keyer? |
| 15 | MS. KEYRR: BellSouth will call Sugan |
| 16 | Arrington. |
| 17 | ' |
| 18 | SUSAN ARRINGTON |
| 19 | was called as a rebuttal witness on behalf of |
| 20 | HellSouth Telecommunications, Inc. and, having been |
| 21 | previously sworn, testified as follows: |
| 22 | DIRECT EXAMINATION |
| 23 | BY MS. KEYER: |
| 24 | Q Would you please state your name? |
| 25 | A My name is Susan Arrington. |
| | |

| 1 | Q And by whom are you employed? |
|-----|--|
| 2 | COMMISSIONER CLARK: Ms. Arrington, your |
| 3 | mike is not on. |
| 4 | WITNESS ARRINGTON: Okay. Can you hear me? |
| 5 | COMMISSIONER CLARK: Thank you. |
| 6 | BY MS. KEYER: |
| 7 | Q Much better. By whom are you employed, |
| 8 | Ms. Arrington? |
| 9 | A I'm employed by BellSouth |
| 10 | Telecommunications. |
| 11 | Q And have you previously caused to be |
| 12 | prepared and prefiled in this case rebuttal testimony |
| 13 | consisting of 13 pages? |
| 14 | A Yes, I have. |
| 1.5 | Q Do you have any changes to your testimony? |
| 16 | A No, I do not. |
| 17 | Q If I were to ask you the same questions |
| 18 | that were posed in your prefiled rebuttal testimony |
| 19 | today, would your answers be the same? |
| 20 | A Yes, they would. |
| 21 | MS. KEYER: I would like to have the |
| 22 | testimony of Ms. Arrington inserted into the record as |
| 23 | if read. |
| 24 | COMMISSIONER CLARK: It will be inserted in |
| 25 | the record as though read. |

| ı | MS. KAUFMAN: Commissioner Clark, I believe |
|-----|---|
| 2 | that some of Ms. Arrington's rebuttal testimony was |
| 3 | stricken. |
| 4 | Ms. KBYER: Oh, you're right. |
| 5 j | COMMISSIONER CLARK: Would you refresh our |
| 6 | memory? |
| 7 | MS. KAUFMAN: My notes reflect page 6, |
| 8 | lines 6 through 25; all of page 7; page 8, lines 1 |
| 9 | through 24, and then SMA-5 and 6. |
| 10 | COMMISSIONER CLARK: SMA what? |
| 11 | MS. KAUFMAN: Her exhibits, SMA-5 and 6. |
| 12 | COMMISSIONER CLARK: Ms. Keyer, okay? |
| 13 | MS. KEYER: Yes, Thank you. |
| 14 | COMMISSIONER CLARK: The testimony will be |
| 15 | inserted in the record as though read, with the |
| 16 | exceptions noted by Ms. Kaufman. And at the |
| 17 | appropriate time we'll do the exhibits. |
| 18 | BY MS. KEYER: |
| 19 | Q Now, aside from Exhibits 5 and 6 to your |
| 20 | testimony, did you prepare other exhibits that were |
| 21 | associated with your rebuttal testimony? |
| 22 | A Yes, I did. |
| 23 | Q And were those exhibits prepared by your or |
| 24 | under your direction and supervision? |
| 25 | A Yes, they were. |

| 1 | Q Do you have any changes to those exhibits? |
|----|---|
| 2 | A Mo, I do not. |
| 3 | MS. KEYER: Okay. I would like to have the |
| 4 | exhibits attached to Ms. Arrington's deposition |
| 5 | they were SMA-3 and SMA-4 marked for |
| 6 | identification. |
| 7 | COMMISSIONER CLARK: I'm sorry. You've |
| ą | confused me. Are these what are the exhibits |
| 9 | attached to her testimony? |
| 10 | MS. KEYER: She had four exhibits that were |
| 11 | attached to her rebuttal testimony. |
| 12 | COMMISSIONER CLARK: Okay. |
| 13 | MS. KEYER: Two of which were stricken with |
| 14 | the stricken portions. |
| 15 | COMMISSIONER CLARK: Okay. |
| 16 | MS, KEYER: So she has two remaining, which |
| 17 | are SMA-3 and 4. And she had SMA-1 and 2, I |
| 18 | believe, were part of her direct. |
| 19 | COMMISSIONER CLARK: Okay. You said |
| 20 | deposition. That's what confused me. |
| 21 | MS. REYBR: I'm sorry. |
| 22 | COMMISSIONER CLARK: All right. |
| 23 | MS. KEYER: It's to her rebuttal testimony. |
| 24 | COMMISSIONER CLARK: All right. They will |
| 25 | be identified as Exhibit 21. |

| 1 | (Exhibit 21 was marked for identification.) |
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| 2 | MS, KEYER: So you really do listen. |
| 3 | |
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| 2 | | BELLSOUTH TELECOMMUNICATIONS, INC. |
| 3 | | REBUTTAL TESTIMONY OF SUSAN ARRINGTON |
| 4 | | BEFORE THE FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION |
| 5 | | DOCKET NO. 981052-TP |
| 6 | | DECEMBER 21, 1998 |
| 7 | | |
| а | Q. | PLEASE STATE YOUR NAME AND COMPANY NAME AND ADDRESS. |
| 9 | | \cdot |
| 10 | A. | My name is Susan Arrington. I am employed by BellSouth |
| 11 | | Telecommunications, Inc. as Manager-Interconnection Services Pricing. My |
| 12 | | business address is 675 West Peachtree Street, Atlanta, Georgia 30375. |
| 13 | | |
| 14 | Q. | ARE YOU THE SAME SUSAN ARRINGTON WHO FILED DIRECT |
| 15 | | TESTIMONY IN THIS PROCEEDING? |
| 16 | | |
| 17 | A. | Yes. |
| 18 | | |
| 19 | Q. | WHAT IS THE PURPOSE OF YOUR TESTIMONY? |
| 20 | | |
| 21 | A. | The purpose of my testimony is to rebut the testimony filed in this docket by |
| 22 | | Telephone Company of Central Florida (TCCF) witnesses, Andrea Welch and |
| 23 | | Elder N. Ripper, regarding the arbitration and complaint issues in this |
| 24 | | proceeding; cost recovery of the Operational Support Systems and the |
| 25 | | availability of BellSouth's ESSX® Service for resale to new customers. |

| 7 | | Rebuttal to Ms. Weich's Testimony |
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| 2 | | |
| 3 | Q. | MS. WELCH IMPLIES ON PAGE 5, LINE 7 OF HER DIRECT |
| 4 | | TESTIMONY THAT THE MANUAL OSS RATES PROPOSED BY |
| 5 | | BELLSOUTH ARE "PENALTIES" FOR THE MANUAL PROCESSING OF |
| 6 | | ORDERS. DOES BELLSOUTH AGREE? |
| 7 | | |
| 8 | A. | No they are not "penalties" for the manual processing of an order. BellSouth |
| 9 | | incurs a cost for processing an order manually and electronically. As one |
| 10 | | would expect, BellSouth's costs to process a manual order are higher than the |
| 11 | | costs to process an electronic order. The OSS rates proposed by BellSouth are |
| 12 | | based upon the developmental costs incurred by BellSouth, and the actual cost |
| 13 | | to work an order either electronically or manually. |
| 14 | | |
| 15 | \mathbf{Q}_{i} | TCCF CLAIMS BELLSOUTH IS ARBITRARILY IMPOSING THE OSS |
| 16 | | RATES ON RESELLERS TO INFLATE THE RESELLER'S COST OF |
| 17 | | DOING BUSINESS. PLEASE COMMENT ON THESE CLAIMS. |
| 18 | | |
| 19 | A. | BellSouth is not arbitrarily imposing OSS rates on Resellers to increase the |
| 20 | | Reseller's cost of doing business. The OSS rates proposed by BeilSouth are |
| 21 | | based upon cost studies addressed in Ms. Caldwell's Direct Testimony, and arc |
| 22 | | appropriate costs to be recovered by BellSouth from TCCF and other ALECs. |
| 23 | | Under Federal law, BellSouth is allowed to recover its costs. |
| 24 | | |
| 25 | | |

| 1 | \mathbf{Q}_{-} | DID BELLSOUTH CHANGE ITS POSITION ON THE PROPOSED |
|----|------------------|---|
| 2 | | LANGUAGE REGARDING OSS IN ITEM U AFTER TOOF HAD |
| 3 | | AGREED TO THE LANGUAGE? |
| 4 | | |
| 5 | A. | No. BellSouth did not change its position on the language it proposed to |
| 6 | | TCCF for from U after TCCF had agreed to the language. The language |
| 7 | | proposed by BellSouth for Item U was specific to the state of Fiorida as it cited |
| 8 | | Florida Public Service Commission dockets. While the language was |
| 9 | | appropriate for Florida, it was not appropriate for the other eight BellSouth |
| 10 | | states- |
| 11 | | |
| 12 | | BellSouth proposed alternative language for Item U to TCCF on August 11, |
| 13 | | 1998, which was appropriate for all BellSouth states including Florida. Even |
| 14 | | after August 11, 1998, BellSouth continued to offer the original language that |
| 15 | | TCCF had agreed to for the state of Florida, but TCCF was not interested in |
| 16 | | negotiating separate agreements for each state and chose instead to arbitrate |
| 17 | | this issue in Florida. |
| 18 | | |
| 19 | Q. | WHY DID BELLSOUTH REJECT THE OSS COST RECOVERY |
| 20 | | LANGUAGE PROPOSED BY TCCF ON SEPTEMBER 24, 1998? |
| 21 | | |
| 22 | A. | BellSouth did not agree to the broad language proposed by TCCF on |
| 23 | | September 24, 1998, because it prohibited BellSouth from recovering its OSS |
| 24 | | costs until such time as a state commission established rates for electronic |
| 25 | | |

| 1 | | interfaces. Furthermore, TCCF's proposed language did not allow behaved. |
|----|----|---|
| 2 | | to recover its costs for manual order processing. |
| 3 | | |
| 4 | Q. | WHAT LANGUAGE DID BELLSOUTH PROPOSE IN RESPONSE TO |
| 5 | | TCCF'S SEPTEMBER 24, 1998, PROPOSED LANGAUGE? |
| 6 | | |
| 7 | A. | As Ms. Welch stated in her Direct Testimony on page 8, line 9, BellSouth |
| 8 | | provided counter language to TCCF on September 29, 1998. BellSouth's |
| 9 | | proposal is attached as Exhibit SMA-3. BellSouth's counter proposal differed |
| 10 | | from TCCF's in that it included interim OSS rates for those BellSouth states |
| 11 | | that had not yet ordered final OSS rates. As is the case with Florida, the |
| 12 | | interim rates proposed by BellSouth, which included the cost of development, |
| 13 | | processing, and maintenance of OSS systems, would be subject to true-up once |
| 14 | | final rates were established by the Commission. |
| 15 | | |
| 16 | Q. | TCCF ALLEGES THAT BELLSOUTH IS INCLUDING OSS RATES AS A |
| 17 | | WAY TO INCREASE PROCESSING COSTS ASSOCIATED WITH |
| 18 | | RESELLER ORDERS. PLEASE COMMENT ON THIS ALLEGATION. |
| 19 | | |
| 20 | A. | This allegation is not true. TCCF seems to believe that BellSouth has singled |
| 21 | | them out as a Reselter to assess OSS charges. The truth of the matter is that |
| 22 | | BellSouth has negotiated OSS language and rates in a number of ALEC |
| 23 | | agreements. The original OSS language proposed to TCCF was included in |
| 24 | | BellSouth's standard agreements. During negotiations, BellSouth attempted to |
| 25 | | negotiate OSS language that was acceptable to both BellSouth and TCCF, |

| 1 | | while still permitting BellSouth to recover its OSS costs. As is the case in |
|----|------------------|---|
| 2 | | acgotiations, several versions of OSS language were exchanged between the |
| 3 | | parties with the hope of reaching an agreement. BellSouth's only intent for |
| 4 | | including OSS rates is to recover its costs of development, processing and |
| 5 | | maintenance of the OSS interfaces for ALECs. |
| 6 | | |
| 7 | Q. | ON PAGE 11, LINE 20, MS. WELCH STATES THAT "BELLSOUTH HAS |
| 8 | | CONSCIOUSLY CHOSEN NOT TO PROVIDE RESELLERS ACCESS TO |
| 9 | | ITS EXISITING SYSTEMS". HOW DOES BELLSOUTH RESPOND TO |
| 10 | | THIS ALLEGATION? |
| 11 | | |
| 12 | A. | This allegation is simply not true. BellSouth witness Ron Pate explains in his |
| 13 | | Rebuttal Testimony how ALECs have nondiscriminatory access to electrotic |
| 14 | | interfaces for preordering, ordering, provisioning, maintenance and repair. |
| 15 | | |
| 16 | \mathbf{Q}_{t} | ON PAGE 16, LINE 17 OF HER DIRECT TESTIMONY, MS. WELCH |
| 17 | | ASKS THE QUESTION WHY RESELLERS SHOULD "BE CHARGED |
| 18 | | \$22,00 (AS OPPOSED TO \$10.80) FOR THE MANUAL SUBMISSION OF |
| 19 | | AN ORDER WHEN NO ALTERNATIVE MEANS OF SUBMITTING THE |
| 20 | | ORDER EXISTS?" CAN YOU ADDRESS THIS QUESTION? |
| 21 | | |
| 22 | A. | Yes. However, as a result of current Bell South cost studies, the actual manual |
| 23 | | charge proposed by BellSouth is \$20.08, not \$22.00 as originally proposed to |
| 24 | | TCCF. The \$20.08 manual charge is based on BellSouth's cost to process |
| 25 | | manual orders. Regardless of whether an alternative means is available for |

| 1 | | submitting that order, Bensouth meters a cost and that cost is being assessed to |
|----|----|---|
| 2 | | the Reseller in the form of a manual OSS rate. BellSouth witness Ron Pate |
| э | | explains in his Rebuttal Testimony why BellSouth does not offer an electronic |
| 4 | | means for processing all resale orders. |
| 5 | | |
| 6 | Ø, | ON PAGE 3 OF MS, WELCH'S DIRECT TESTIMONY, SHE STATES |
| 7 | | THAT THERE IS A NEED TO INCLUDE LANGUAGE IN THE RESALE |
| 8 | | ASREEMENT TO ENSURE THAT THE SERVICE ORDER INTERVALS |
| 9 | | AVAIDABLE TO TOOF ARE AT PARITY TO BELLSOUTH'S SERVICE |
| 10 | | ORDER INTERVALS. CAN YOU COMMENT ON THIS STATEMENT? |
| 11 | | |
| 12 | A. | First, service order intervals was not an issue identified by the Parties and the |
| 13 | | Staff. Second, Bell-South does not believe that service order intervals was an |
| 14 | | "open issue" at the conclusion of the regotiation period and, therefore, is not |
| 15 | | an appropriate issue in this arbitration proceeding. In a letter to TCCF dated |
| 16 | | July 10, 1998, attached as Exhibit SMA 4, BollSouth stated that there were two |
| 17 | | open issues that the parties had not been able to agree upon. These two issues |
| 18 | | were identified as the provision of CENTREX service and electronic |
| 19 | | interfaces. The service order intervals issue was not listed as an open issue and |
| 20 | | TCCF never attempted to include it as an open issue at the time the letter was |
| 21 | | received by TCCF. That being said, the service order intervals available to |
| 22 | | ALECs, including TCCF, are at parity with BellSouth's service order intervals. |
| 23 | , | |
| 24 | 9. | DID THE PARTIES AGREE ON LANGUAGE REGARDING SERVICE |
| 28 | | ORDER INTERVALS DURING NEGOTIATIONS? |

| ٨ | | |
|------------|----|--|
| 2 | X | Yes. The service order interval language, which was agreed to by the Parties is |
| 3 | | found in both the current Resale Agreement and the Re-Negotiated Agreement |
| 4 | Ţ | as Section VI. Item C and reads: "When notification is received from Reseller |
| 5 | | that a current customer of the Company will subscribe to Reseller's service, |
| 6 | | standard service order intervals for the appropriate class of service will apply." |
| 7 | | Furthermore Ms. Welch even states in her Direct Testimony on page 22, lines |
| 8 | | 19 through 22, TCCF did not request the addition of any language or |
| 9 | | revisions to the existing language because, as written, the language is clear and |
| 10 | | obligates BellSouth to provide service order intervals equal to those provided |
| 11 | | to their end user customers." |
| 12 | | |
| 13 | | If TCCF believes that BellSouth is not adhering the terms and conditions of the |
| 14 | | current Resale Agreement, TCOF has the option to avail itself of the Dispute |
| 15 | | Resolution section of the Resale Agreement, and petition the Commission for a |
| 16 | | resolution of the issue is disputes. However, this arbitration proceeding is not |
| 17 | | the appropriate forum to discuss whether or not RellSouth is meeting its |
| 18 | | contractual obligations with respect to service order intervals since both parties |
| 19 | | agreed to the contractual language on this issue. |
| 20 | | |
| 21 | Q. | DID TOOF RAISE SERVICE ORDER INTERVALS AS AN ISSUE |
| 22 | | DURING NEGOTIATIONS? |
| 23 | | |
| 24 | Æ. | Yes. Service order intervals were listed on TCCF's list of "Items for |
| 2 5 | T | Discussion" during negotiations. TCCF listed this issue as "Section VI, Item & |

| X. | Not happening. Need copy of most current Service Order Intervals." |
|------------|--|
| 2 | During negotiations, the parties discussed this issue and BellSouth advised |
| 3 | TCCF that the current service order intervals were available to TCCF via the |
| 4 | internet. BellSouth sent TCCF instructions on how to access the BellSouth |
| 5 | Interconnection Services web site and listed the types of information available |
| 6 | to TCCF from this web site. (Exhibit SMA-5). No further discussions were |
| 7 | held between the parties on this issue. |
| 8 | |
| 9 | Furthermore, in a letter dated July 10, 1998, BellSouth made reference to the |
| 10 | fact that there were two open issues, electronic interfaces and Centrex type |
| 1 1 | services. TCCF never once are impled to amend this statement to include a |
| 12 | third issue, which would have addressed service order intervals. |
| 13 | |
| 14 | REGARDLESS OF WHETHER OR NORTHIS IS AN ISSUE IN THIS |
| 15 | PROCEEDING, WHAZ IS BELLSOUTH'S POSITION REGARDING |
| 16 | SERVICE ORDER INTERVALS? |
| 17 | |
| 18 | A copy of BellSouth's standard Service Order Intervals are attached hereto as |
| 19 | Exhibit SMA-6. BellSouth provides these intervals to ALECs to use as a guide |
| 20 | for setting an installation interval based on the type of service heing provided. |
| 21 | However, the various control centers adjust the appointment date given to the |
| 22 / | ALECs based upon force and load conditions. The appointment dates are |
| 23 | adjusted in an identical manner for BellSouth's retail customers. |
| 24 | |

REBUTTAL OF MR. RIPPER'S TESTIMONY

25

| 1 | | |
|----|----|--|
| 2 | Q. | MR. RIPPER STATES ON PAGE 3, LINES 12 THROUGH 20 OF HIS |
| 3 | | DIRECT TESTIMONY THAT THE ORIGINAL RESALE AGREEMENT |
| 4 | | BETWEEN BELLSOUTH AND TCCF INCLUDED THE RESALE OF |
| 5 | | ESSX® SERVICE. WHAT IS BELLSOUTH'S RESPONSE TO THIS |
| 6 | | STATEMENT? |
| 7 | | |
| 8 | A. | BellSouth does not dispute that the original Resale Agreement between TCCF |
| 9 | | listed Centrex type services as available for resale by TCCF. However, |
| 0 | | TCCF's Resale Agreement also stated that grandfathered services were not |
| 1 | | available for resale. When TCCF signed the Resale Agreement, BellSouth's |
| 12 | | ESSX® Service was not a grandfathered service and was available for resale |
| 13 | | by TCCF. However, once BellSouth's ESSX® Service was grandfathered on |
| 14 | | May 30, 1996, according to the tariff grandfathering this service as well as |
| 5 | | Section III. A. of TCCF's own Resale Agreement, ESSX® Service was no |
| 16 | | longer available for resale by TCCF to new customers. |
| 17 | | |
| 18 | Q. | IS BELLSOUTH REQUIRED UNDER THE CURRENT TOOF RESALE |
| 9 | | AGREEMENT TO PROVIDE A WORKING ESSX CENTREX NETWORK |
| 0 | | TO TCCF AS SUGGESTED BY MR. RIPPER ON PAGE 4 OF HIS DIRECT |
| 21 | | TESTIMONY? |
| 2 | | |
| 23 | Α. | No. Under the current Resale Agreement with TCCF, BellSouth is required to |
| 4 | | make available to TCCF for resale its tariffed local exchange services, |
| 5 | | including Centrex type services. However, the current agreement also states |

| 1 | | that grandfathered services are not available for resale, meretore, once |
|----|----|--|
| 2 | | BellSouth's ESSX® Service was grandfathered, BellSouth was no longer |
| Э | | obligated to make this service available to TCCF for resale to new customers. |
| 4 | | |
| 5 | Q. | IS BELLSOUTH OBLIGATED UNDER THE ACT TO MAKE ITS ESSX® |
| 6 | | SERVICE AVAILABLE FOR RESALE TO NEW CUSTOMERS BY TCCF |
| 7 | | AS IMPLIED BY MR RIPPER IN HIS DIRECT TESTIMONY ON PAGE 9. |
| 8 | | LINES 14 THROUGH 22? |
| 9 | | |
| 10 | A. | No. BellSouth has no obligation under the Act to make its ESSX® Service |
| 11 | | available for resale by TCCF to new customers. Section 251(c)(4) of the Act |
| 12 | | requires BellSouth to make its telecommunications services that it provides at |
| 13 | | retail, available for resale to subscribers who are not telecommunications |
| 14 | | carriers. The FCC's Order dated August 8, 1996, finds that grandfathered |
| 15 | | services are available for resale by resellers "for the purpose of serving |
| 16 | | grandfathered customers." (FCC First Report and Order, p. 492.) Therefore, |
| 17 | | grandfathered services are not available for resale to new customers. |
| 18 | | |
| 19 | Q. | SHOULD THE COMMISSION REQUIRE BELLSOUTH TO OFFER ITS |
| 20 | | ESSX® SERVICE ON A GOING-FORWARD BASIS TO TCCF AS MR. |
| 21 | | RIPPER SUGGESTS ON PAGE 10, LINES 18 THROUGH 20? |
| 22 | | |
| 23 | A. | No. This Commission should not require BellSouth to make its ESSX® |
| 24 | | Service, a grandfathered service, available for resale to new customers by |
| 75 | | TCCE. This Commission approximates toriff filling that acandisthermal |

| 1 | | BellSouth's ESSX® Service on May 30, 1996. Furthermore, this Commission |
|----|----|--|
| 2 | | recognized in its December 31, 1996, Order in Docket Nos. 960833-TP, |
| 3 | | 960846-TP and 960916-TP, that grandfathered services should not be made |
| 4 | | available for resale to new customers. |
| 5 | | |
| ß | Q. | SHOULD THIS COMMISSION REQUIRE BELLSOUTH TO OFFER ITS |
| 7 | | MULTISERV® SERVICE (REPLACES ESSX®) TO TCCF AT THE SAME |
| 8 | | PRICE POINTS AS ITS ESSX® SERVICE AS MR. RIPPER ALSO |
| 9 | | SUGGESTS AS A POSSIBLE SOLUTION? |
| 10 | | |
| 11 | A. | No. BellSouth should not be required to provide its MultiServ® Service to |
| 12 | | TCCF at anything less than the tariffed rates minus the wholesale discount. |
| 13 | | BellSouth filed, and this Commission has approved, its MultiServ® tariff with |
| 14 | | its appropriate rates. It is not appropriate to require BellSouth to offer |
| 15 | | MultiServ® to TCCF at the same price points as its ESSX® Service. |
| 16 | | |
| 17 | Q. | IS BELLSOUTH WILLING TO OFFER TCCF A SPECIAL PRICING |
| 18 | | ARRANGEMENT ON MULTISERV® IN PLACE OF ESSX® SERVICE? |
| 19 | | |
| 20 | A. | No. As I have stated before, BellSouth's MultiServ® Service tariff rates have |
| 21 | | been filed and approved by this Commission. The Parties have also agreed to a |
| 22 | | wholesale discount rate on telecommunication services resold in the state of |
| 23 | | Florida. TCCF is asking that BellSouth give it an additional discount over and |
| 24 | | above the wholesale discount rate on a BellSouth retail service. BellSouth |
| 26 | | |

| 1 | | should not be ordered to provision Muniscry's service at the Essays service |
|----|----|--|
| 2 | | rates. |
| 3 | | |
| 4 | Q. | DOES BELLSOUTH DISPUTE THE AVAILABILITY OF BELLSOUTH'S |
| 5 | | ESSX® SERVICE TO TCCF'S CURRENT ESSX CUSTOMERS FOR THE |
| 6 | | REMAINDER OF THE 73-MONTH PERIOD? |
| 7 | | |
| 8 | A. | No. TCCF's current ESSX customers may remain on their existing ESSX |
| 9 | | arrangement for the remainder of the 73-month period. However, TCCF may |
| 10 | | not resell BellSouth's ESSX® Service to any new customers during the |
| 71 | | remainder of this period. TCCF should not be allowed to violate the tariff |
| 12 | | grandfathering BellSouth's E5SX® Service. |
| 13 | | |
| 14 | Q. | IN HIS TESTIMONY ON PAGE 11, LINES 3 THROUGH 10, MR. RIPPER |
| 15 | | SUGGESTS THAT THE COMMISSION SHOULD PLACE |
| 16 | | REQUIREMENTS ON BELLSOUTH TO ENSURE THAT ESSX® |
| 17 | | SERVICE IS PROVIDED APPROPRIATELY UNDER THE NEW |
| 1B | | AGREEEMENT. DOES BELLSOUTH AGREE? |
| 19 | | |
| 20 | | No, BellSouth does not agree that this Commission should place requirements |
| 21 | | on BellSouth for the provision of its ESSX® Service to TCCF. First, |
| 22 | | BellSouth's ESSX® Service is a grandfathered service which is not available |
| 23 | | for resale to new customers. Therefore, BellSouth is not required, nor should it |
| 24 | | be required by this Commission, to make ESSX® Service available for resale |
| 25 | | by TCCF to new customers. Furthermore, the provisioning problems |

| 1 | | encountered by TCCF are more appropriate for the Complaint issue in this |
|----|----|--|
| 2 | | proceeding and are not appropriate for discussion in response to the arbitration |
| 3 | | issues. |
| 4 | | |
| 5 | Q. | MR. RIPPER CONTENDS THAT THIS COMMISSION SHOULD |
| в | | REQUIRE BELLSOUTH TO PROVIDE NEW ESSX® SERVICE FOR |
| 7 | | RESALE BY TCCF BECAUSE BELLSOUTH DID "EVERYTHING IN ITS |
| 8 | | POWER TO DELAY THE IMPLEMENTATION OF ESSX BY TCCF." IS |
| 9 | | THIS TRUE? |
| 10 | | |
| 11 | A. | No. In fact, as BellSouth witness Marc Cathey discusses in his Rebuttal |
| 12 | | Testimony, the BellSouth Account Team worked very closely with TCCF to |
| 13 | | provision the ESSX® Service for TCCF in the manner requested by TCCF. In |
| 14 | | addition, BellSouth spent a great deal of resources on upgrades to its central |
| 15 | | offices to provision the ESSX® Service to TCCF even though BellSouth was |
| 16 | | not obligated to provision this service once it had been grandfathered. |
| 17 | | |
| 18 | Q. | DOES THIS CONCLUDE YOUR REBUTTAL TESTIMONY? |
| 19 | | |
| 20 | Α. | Yes. |
| 21 | | |
| 22 | | |
| 23 | | |
| 24 | | |
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BY MS. KEYER:

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- Q Have you prepared a summary, Ms. Arrington, of your testimony?
 - A Yes, I have.
- Q Would you please give that to the Commissioners?

A Good morning, Commissioners. My rebuttal testimony addresses both the arbitration issues and the complaint issues in this proceeding, mainly the OSS rates and the resale of ESSX, a grandfathered service.

right to recover its OSS costs, when actually, under federal law, BellSouth is permitted to recover those costs associated with providing access to unbundled network elements, and operational support systems are considered to be an unbundled network element.

The OSS rates proposed by BellSouth in this proceeding are cost-based rates to recover the costs associated with providing ALECs such as TCCF access to these operational support systems. The rates are appropriate rates to be included in TCCF's resale agreement.

The other arbitration issue is the resale of ESSK, a grandfathered service. TCCF would like to

be able to resell this grandfathered service to new 1 customers under its new resale agreement. And as we z all know, ESSX was grandfathered in May of 1996 in a 3 tariff that was approved by this Commission. 4 tariff clearly states that the RSSX Service is no 5 longer available for new customers. Both the FCC and 6 this Commission have also stated in orders that grandfathered services should only be made available for resale to existing customers, and these services 9 are not available for resale to new customers. 10 BellSouth is not required, nor should it be required. 11 to resell ESSX, a grandfathered service, or make this 12 grandfathered service available to TCCF to resell to 1.3 new customers in the new resale agreement. 14 Furthermore, BellSouth should not be 15 required to provide MultiServ Service, which is the 16 service that replaced ESSX when it was grandfathered, 17 available to TCCF at anything less than the Commission 18 approved tariffed rates for MultiServ Service. 19 Thank you. 20 Does that conclude your testimony -- I mean 21 your summary? 22

Yes, it does.

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cross.

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MS. KEYER: Ms. Arrington is available for

| ı | commissioner Clark: Ms. Kaufman? |
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| 2 | Ms. RAUFMAN: Thank you. |
| 3 | CROSS EXAMINATION |
| 4 | BY MS. KAUFMAN: |
| 5 | Q Good morning, Ms. Arrington. |
| 6 | A Good morning. |
| 7 | Q I want to look first at page 2 of your |
| 6 | rebuttal testimony, the first question and answer |
| و ا | there. If I understand what you're saying, you take |
| 10 | isaue with Ms. Welch's description of the manual |
| 11 | charge you propose of \$20.03. You take issue with her |
| 12 | description of that as a penalty; is that correct? |
| 13 | A Yes, I do. It's not a penalty. This is a |
| 14 | cost that BellSouth incurs to process the order |
| 15 | manually. |
| 16 | Q Is it true, however, that if BellSouth does |
| 17 | not have an electronic system capable of processing |
| 18 | the order, that the reseller will be charged the |
| 19 | manual charge? |
| 20 | A They would have to process that order |
| 21 | manually, so, yes. |
| 22 | Q And I think we might have established this |
| 23 | last time, but the manual charge is about three times |
| 24 | more than the electronic ordering charge; right? |
| 25 | A It is a higher charge, and I think that's |

- pretty obvious. It costs more to process an order manually than it does electronically.
 - Q You heard Ms. Welch's description of the situation that occurred last week with her attempts to use LENS. Do you hear her discussion?
 - A Yes, I did. Yes, I did.

- Q And in that situation, you would want to assess the manual charge; correct?
- A If they processed the order manually, then yes, the manual charge would apply.
- Q On the next page of your testimony, beginning at page 3, you say that during the negotiations with TCCF, BellSouth did not change its position on the language that relates to the OSS charges; is that right?
- A That's correct. And the language that we're talking about here was language which referenced Plorida proceeding dockets, and therefore, that language was not appropriate for the other eight states.
- Q Okay. Well, we're going to go through the language. Do you have Ms. Welch's direct testimony with you?
- MS. KAUFMAN: Commissioners, unfortunately, this is going to require some flipping back and forth,

because Ms. Welch's testimony is where the actual 1 language appears. 2 BY MS. KAUFMAN: 3 Do you have that, Ms. Arrington? 0 4 Yes, I do. A 5 If you'll turn to page 6 of Okay. 6 Ms. Welch's testimony, the top of the page, lines 1 7 through 14, that is Item U that you reference in your 8 rebuttal testimony, page 3, that we just discussed; 9 1.0 correct? That's correct, and it references the \mathbf{A} 11 docket numbers for the AT&T and the MCI arbitration 12 cases. 13 I just want to be I understand. Okay. 14 sure we're talking about the same language here. 1.5 And the language that you propose here on 16 page -- or that Ms. Welch has represented on page 6 is 17 acceptable to BellSouth today; is that correct? 18 It's acceptable for the State of Florida. 19 A It does not -- it's not applicable for the other eight 20 21 states. And this language on page 6 I understand. 22 of Ms. Welch's testimony doesn't have an OSS chart, 23 and it doesn't have any OSS rates pending the outcome 24 of the AT&T/MCI proceeding; right?

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|------------|--|
| 1 | A There are no rates and there's no rate |
| 2 | table associated with this language, because what this |
| 3 | language says is that once BellSouth agrees to |
| 4 | well, let me back up. The order that was issued in |
| 5 | these dockets required the parties to go and negotiate |
| 6 | oss rates. Therefore, when we offered this language |
| 7 | to TCCF, what we were basically saying was, BellSouth |
| 8 | is going to negotiate OSS rates, both manual and |
| و | electronic, with the parties in these dockets. |
| LÓ | Whatever rates we agree to with these parties will |
| Li | apply to TCCF as well. |
| L2 | Q I understand. And I guess that was a long |
| 13 | yes to my question. |
| L 4 | A Yes. |
| | |

Q Which was, the language that's on page 6 of Ms. Welch's testimony is acceptable in Florida to BellSouth today?

A Yes.

Q Then Ms. Welch sent you some language in response, I guess, and that appears in her testimony on page 7, lines 1 through 14; is that right? That's her September 24th language?

A I think it's lines 14 through 22.

Q I'm sorry. You're right. And it goes over to the next page. That's the language that she sent

you in response to your Item U that we just looked at?

A Yes.

Ms. Welch sent you, the only difference I see is that the language she sent you makes the charges applicable to all the states. In other words, to the extent that Alabama comes up with some sort of charge, that would be the charge you would apply to TCCF in Alabama. Do you agree with that?

A Yes, I agree that that was the intent of the language. However, the problem is, we don't know when this issue is going to come before the Commissions in some of the other states.

Now, it's true that some of the other states within the BellSouth region have already ordered OSS rates, but there are some states that have yet to rule on this issue and actually establish a rate for OSS.

Q Okay. So one reason that you were unwilling to accept Ms. Welch's language that appears on page 7 is that you were worried that in some states rates might not be established; is that right?

A Yes, that's correct. They might not be established in a relatively short time frame. Also, TCCF's language did not allow for a manual charge.

| 1 | Q Okay. We're going to you're | | | |
|----|--|--|--|--|
| 2 | anticipating my next question. And you do say that | | | |
| 3 | you can't accept their language because it doesn't say | | | |
| 4 | anything about manual processing? | | | |
| 5 | A Yes. | | | |
| 6 | Q Okay. Now, if you turn back to the | | | |
| 7 | language that you suggested on page 6, lines 1 through | | | |
| 8 | 14, that language in there doesn't say anything about | | | |
| ġ | manual charges, does it? | | | |
| 10 | A I'm sorry. Where are you referring? | | | |
| 11 | Q This is Item U, Ms. Welch's direct, page 6, | | | |
| 12 | lines 1 through 14, the language that you said was | | | |
| 13 | acceptable. | | | |
| 14 | A I'm sorry. I went back to mine. | | | |
| 15 | Q I know. It's confusing going back and | | | |
| 16 | forth. | | | |
| 17 | A I'm sorry. Could you repeat the question? | | | |
| 18 | Q Sure. One of the reasons that you said you | | | |
| 19 | could not accept the language Ms. Welch proposed is | | | |
| 20 | because it did not allow you to collect a fee for | | | |
| 21 | manual processing; correct? | | | |
| 22 | A That's correct. | | | |
| 23 | Q Okay, Now, the language that's on page 6 | | | |
| 24 | of Ms. Welch's testimony, Item U, that does not | | | |
| 25 | propose any manual charge, does it? It talks in terms | | | |

of electronic interfaces, electronic systems,

et cetera?

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A It does not specifically state that there's a manual charge. However, it references these dockets. And if you go back to the order that was issued by this Commission, the Commission recognized that there were both -- that there may be both electronic and manual costs that are incurred by Bellsouth for these OSS systems, and they encouraged the parties to go and negotiate those OSS rates. And we would negotiate both an electronic and a manual rate with the parties in these dockets.

Q So it's your testimony today that by proffering Item U that is still acceptable to BellSouth, you believe that that language represented there has something to do with manual processing, even though the word "manual" doesn't appear anywhere in that language?

A Yes, I do. And as I said, we would negotiate both an electronic and a manual charge with the parties in this proceeding.

Q Why is it that you didn't say that that item was supposed to cover manual processing charges when you proffered the language?

A I think it was just implied that that's how

BellSouth would handle it during negotiations.

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Q Okay. I don't want to beat a dead horse, but by my count, I see the word "electronic" in there three times, and I don't see the word "manual" in there at all. Would you agree with that?

A I would agree that it's not in there. But as I said, we would negotiate both an electronic and a manual rate with the parties in this proceeding, and that was based on this Commission's order that recognized that there were both an electronic and manual cost that could be recovered by BellSouth.

Q After you rejected Ms. Welch's September 24th language that we've already looked at, then you came back with some language that dealt with an interim fee; correct?

A That's correct.

Q And that was the first time in the negotiation that you had suggested there be some interim fee; is that right?

A That's correct. And I would like to point out, BellSouth is not currently charging OSS rates today. We have been negotiating OSS rates with ALECs within the nine-state region for the past year now and including OSS rates in agreements. Now, most of the language that we've negotiated does include interim

1 rates subject to true-up.

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Q I guess my point was, we started from the premise that BellSouth had not changed their position during the negotiations, and I think you just told us that in response to Ms. Welch's September 24th language was the first time that you proposed any sort of interim language for the agreement; correct? I mean interim fee language.

A we just agreed in that language -- or I was proposing to Ms. Welch that we would make these rates interim subject to true-up. Ms. Welch's previous language that she proposed was basically that we would not charge OSS rates until Commissions ordered those rates. In an attempt to take that into consideration, we made the rates interim subject to true-up. Therefore, if the Commission offered a lower rate or ordered a lower rate, we would true up that rate for TCCF.

Q I understand. And again, my point is just that in your response to her September 24th language was the first time that you raised the issue of charging an interim rate prior to any Commission ordering a rate; correct?

A Yes.

Q I want to switch gears to the ESSX issue

for a minute. And I'm right -- tell me if I'm right,

Ms. Arrington, that you haven't had any involvement

whatsoever with TCCF and Bell actually trying to

provision ESSX.

A No, I have not. That's not my area.

That's handled by the account team.

g So you don't have any personal knowledge as to whether or not BellSouth appropriately tried to provision that service or not?

A I'm aware of what the account team has done to provision the service.

Q Right. But you don't have any personal knowledge?

A No, I do not.

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Q If this Commission were to decide after they've heard the evidence in this case that TCCF wasn't able to resell ESSX under its current agreement due to the failure of BellSouth to appropriately provision it, wouldn't the only way that the commission could remedy that situation be to allow TCCF to resell ESSX under the new agreement to attempt to make them whole for BellSouth's failure? What else could they do? is what I'm asking you.

A I don't think that that's an appropriate remedy. As I've stated before, the ESSX Service Was

grandfathered, and it is no longer available for resale to new customers. BellSouth does not sell it to new customers. It's grandfathered to existing customers only. I think that would be a violation of the tariff to allow TCCF to resell this grandfathered service to new customers.

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Q I clearly understand what your position is. My question to you is, if the Commission agrees with TCCF in regard to what has gone on with ESSX in the past two and a half years, what would you recommend the Commission do to remedy the situation?

A Well, first of all, I don't believe that allowing TCCF to recell this grandfathered service is an appropriate remedy. Second of all, I don't agree that BellSouth was not able to provision ESSX per the tariff for TCCF during the two years of their resale agreement.

Q Okay. I'm going to ask it one more time.

Here's the hypothetical. Just assume that the

Commission agrees with TCCF's testimony in this case

and that Bellsouth did not do what it should have done

during the term of the current agreement to provision

ESSX. Okay? We understand your position that you

don't think TCCF should be allowed to resell it in the

new agreement because it's a grandfathered service.

What other remedy is there? What can the Commission do, in your view, to make TCCF whole under that scenario?

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Service when it was grandfathered was replaced with MultiServ, and TCCF has the ability to resell multiServ to its customers. And as Mr. Ripper has testified this morning, he was aware that ESSX was going to be a grandfathered service and that at some point in time he would have to make a decision about his current ESSX arrangements and an alternative service.

Q Okay. So your testimony is that if the Commission agrees that TCCF -- excuse me, that BellSouth has not appropriately provisioned ESSX. there's nothing the Commission can do, and TCCF doesn't have any remedy here? Is that what you're saying?

A I'm saying that TCCF has the ability to resell MultiServ, which is the service that replaced ESSX.

Q Right. And you would agree with me that multiserv is a much more expensive product than TCC -- excuse me, than RSSX?

A I wouldn't necessarily agree. I think it

depends on the arrangement.

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- Q Well, did you hear Mr. Ripper testify? I believe he testified the first day of the hearing and today as well that MultiServ is approximately 40% higher than the ESSX Service.
- A Again, I think it depends on what you're using the service for and how you're setting up your arrangement.
- Q Well, in his arrangement he testified that it would be 40% higher; correct?
 - A That's his testimony.
- Q Okay. So is your testimony that the only remedy TCCF has is to purchase a service that's 40% higher than the BSSX Service?
 - A That's the service that's available.
- Q And in your view, that would be their remedy?
 - A Ves.
- 19 MS. KAUFMAN: That's all I have.
- COMMISSIONER CLARK: I think you said ESSX
 Service is not available, or is available. What was
 your answer?
- 23 WITNESS ARRINGTON: I'm sorry. I said
 24 MultiServ was available to TCCF.
- 25 COMMISSIONER CLARK: I'm sorry. I thought

you said ESSX. Okay. ı COMMISSIONER JACOBS: Does MultiServ -- I 2 have a chart here. I'm not sure what exhibit it is. 3 It's a late-filed exhibit to, I believe, Mr. Pate's 4 late-filed rebuttal, and it is a chart that appears to 5 be of MultiServ, a functional chart, if you will. É seems to indicate that MultiServ allows direct access ヺ into DOE. 8 ġ WITNESS ARRINGTON: MultiServ wouldn't. MultiServ is a product offering. Are you talking 10 about an operational support system? 11 COMMISSIONER JACOBS: I'm looking at a 12 chart here, and it seems to be a flow chart of how 13 MultiServ ordering works for retail, and -- this is 14 what I'm looking at. 15 MS. KEYER: I believe, Commissioner, that 16 is the order flow for ordering MultiServ Service, but 17 it really doesn't explain what MultiServ is or how 18 MultiServ works. 19 COMMISSIONER JACOBS: Okay. Let me ask you 20 In the provisioning of MultiServ, would a CLEC 21 this. have direct access to RNS or DOE? 22 No, eir. 23 WITNESS ARRINGTON: Those

COMMISSIONER JACOBS: They're still going

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systems --

| ュ | to have to go through your account people? | | | |
|------|--|--|--|--|
| 3 | WITNESS ARRINGTON: They would go through | | | |
| 3 | the operational support systems that have been | | | |
| 4 | developed and implemented for ALECs, for use by ALECs. | | | |
| 5 | COMMISSIONER JACOBS: Now, does that mean | | | |
| 6 | then that they still your people will have to do | | | |
| 7 | the ordering and provisioning, or could the CLEC I | | | |
| a | should say they're acting as an ALEC, is what you're | | | |
| ġ | telling me, when they go through MultiServ? Is that | | | |
| 10 | what you're telling me? | | | |
| 11 | That really doesn't matter. My question | | | |
| 12 | is, does that entity have the opportunity to directly | | | |
| 13 | access DOB or RMS in that process? | | | |
| 14 | WITNESS ARRINGTON: No. And I would refer | | | |
| 15 | you to our OSS witness, Mr. Pate. | | | |
| 16 | COMMISSIONER JACOBS: That's the other | | | |
| 17 ; | person? | | | |
| 18 | WITNESS ARRINGTON: Yes. | | | |
| 19 | COMMISSIONER JACOBS: Okay. | | | |
| 20 | MS. KAUFMAN: Commissioner Clark, could F | | | |
| 21 | ask one more question before we go to cross? I think | | | |
| 22 . | I had already tendered the witness, but I want to | | | |
| 23 | COMMISSIONER CLARK: Go ahead. | | | |
| 24 | BY MS. KAUFMAN: | | | |
| 25 | Q Ms. Arrington, you recently filed some | | | |

ı testimony in Alabama; correct? Yea, I did. Α 2 And as I recall your direct testimony, and 3 I quess Ms. Caldwell's testimony, the rates that you 4 all have proposed are based on the nine-state region; 5 correct? 6 7 I'm sorry. 8 The OSS rates that you have proposed are based on a study of all nine BellSouth states; 9 10 correct? 11 Yes, the systems are for all nine states. Now, in the testimony that you filed in 12 Q. Alabama, you have proposed some OSS rates; correct? 13 Yes, I have, 14 15 And those are different than the rates that you have proposed here in Florida; correct? 16 17 Yes, they are. It's a little different, A but -- and this is really a cost issue. There are 18 some different factors that are state-specific that go 19 into developing those costs, and that's why you will 20 get a -- you might get a slightly different rate in 21

Q Well, Ms. Arrington, the rates are substantially different, aren't they? For example -- and I'm not advocating this for Florida, but isn't it

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each of the states.

| 1 | true that you are |
|------------|---|
| 2 | ms. KEYRR: Commissioner, I hate excuse |
| 3 | me. I hate to interrupt, but that is a cost issue, |
| 4 | and Ms. Caldwell has already testified. Ms. Arrington |
| 5 | I mean, that |
| 6 | COMMISSIONER CLARK: Is this the witness to |
| 7 | ask this question of? Is this covered in her prefiled |
| 8 | rebuttal testimony? |
| 9 | MS. KAUFMAN: Well, this is the witness |
| 10 | that's sponsoring the rates. |
| 11 | commissioner CLARK: I didn't ask you |
| 12 | that. Tell me if it's in the rebuttal testimony. |
| 13 | MS. KAUFMAN: Let me look. |
| 14 | |
| 15 | OSS rates proposed by BellSouth are based upon the |
| 16 | developmental costs incurred by BellSouth, and the |
| 17 | actual costs to work an order, " so she does have |
| 18 | COMMISSIONER CLARK: Okay. |
| 19 | MS. KAUFMAN: Thank you. |
| 20 | COMMISSIONER CLARK: Ask your question |
| 21 | again. |
| 2 2 | BY MS. KAUFMAN: |
| 23 | Q I think I was asking you, isn't it true |
| 24 | that the rates that you've suggested in Alabama are |

substantially different? And by that I mean in

Florida, as I understand it, you suggested a manual rate of \$20.08, and in this testimony that you filed in Alabama on February 2nd, in your testimony you've asked for a rate of \$25.15; is that right?

1 A

A I believe those numbers are correct for what we've asked for in Alabama. And as I stated before, there are certain cost factors that are state-specific, and Ms. Caldwell would have to give you the details on those factors that went into the Alabama versus the Florida rates.

Q And on the electronic charge, I guess there's not as big a difference, but in Florida you've asked for \$6.78, while in Alabama your testimony asks for \$7.36; correct?

A Yes, that's correct.

Q You also made some reference, I believe, to the fact that this Commission has found that OSS is a UNE and directed parties to negotiate?

A The FCC its First Report and Order found that operational support systems were an unbundled network element.

Q Now, resellers are not involved in the business of purchasing UNEs, are they? In other words, they resell BellSouth service, but they don't purchase UNEs?

| 1 | A That's correct. Under a resale agreement, | | | |
|----|--|--|--|--|
| 2 | you would resell BellSouth services. | | | |
| 3 | MS. KAUFMAN: That's all I have. Thank you | | | |
| 4 | for letting me go back. | | | |
| 5 | COMMISSIONER CLARK: Staff? | | | |
| ៩ | CROSS EXAMINATION | | | |
| 7 | BY MS. McKINNEY: | | | |
| B | Q Good morning, Ms. Arrington. | | | |
| 9 | A Good morning. | | | |
| 10 | Q In your summary and rebuttal testimony, you | | | |
| 11 | discuss the grandfather tariff for BellSouth's ESSX | | | |
| 12 | Service. Is it common practice for a grandfathered | | | |
| 13 | service to run indefinitely? | | | |
| 14 | A I'm sorry. I don't understand what you | | | |
| 15 | mean by a grandfathered service running indefinitely. | | | |
| 16 | Q You were talking about the grandfather | | | |
| 17 | tariff for BellSouth's ESSX. | | | |
| 18 | A Yea. | | | |
| 19 | Q Your testimony was that existing customers | | | |
| 20 | could keep it; however, new customers couldn't use | | | |
| 21 | ESSX. They would need to get another service. For | | | |
| 22 | example, MultiServ is what you were talking about. My | | | |
| 23 | question is, is it common practice for a grandfathered | | | |
| 24 | service to run indefinitely? | | | |
| 25 | A I think it's realistic to allow existing | | | |

408 customers to continue on that arrangement for a period 1 of time. The service is no longer available for new 2 customers, but for those customers who had purchased 3 the service prior to it being grandfathered, yes, they 4 could continue on that arrangement. 5 Indefinitely, maram? 6 I believe the tariff initially had a date 7 by when -- by which existing customers had to be off Ŕ of their ESSX arrangement. And there was a waiver 9 that was filed, and it was extended. 10 And it was extended indefinitely? I'm O. 11 trying to see can --12 A Yes. 13 14

-- existing customers keep it forever if that's what they choose to do.

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Yes. Yes, they can for right now, for the tariff, yes.

And is that common practice with BellSouth?

I don't know if that's a common practice. <u>r</u> That was a business solution or a business decision that was made for this service.

Why would BellSouth want to extend Ů. grandfathered ESSX indefinitely?

> I'm not sure of the rationale for that. A

You were speaking with Ms. Kaufman a few Q

minutes ago, and you were asked questions about an appropriate remedy for TCCF's problems with ESSX, and you indicated the only solution was that TCCF could resell MultiServ. Would it be reasonable for the Commission to order BellSouth to provide MultiServ to TCCF at a reduced price?

A BellSouth would certainly enter into negotiations with FCCF for a type of volume and term arrangement for their -- for a MultiServ arrangement under a volume and term plan. We would not agree to give them MultiServ service at the BSSX prices, no.

Q Excuse me, Ms. Arrington. I'm not talking about your negotiations now. I'm going back to the conversation that you had with Ms. Kaufman, and she was specifically asking what the Commission should order. So let's take it to the stage that a decision has been made, hypothetically.

A Okay.

Q And the Commission orders that you give TCCF MultiServ at a reduced price. Would that be reasonable? is my question.

A Well, if the Commission ordered it, yes.

MS. McKINNEY: Thank you, Ms. Arrington.

No further questions.

COMMISSIONER CLARK: Commissioner? Thank

| 1 | you. | | |
|----|--|--|--|
| 2 | Redirect? | | |
| 3 | MS. KEYER: Yes, I do. | | |
| 4 | REDIRECT EXAMINATION | | |
| 5 | BY MS. KBYER: | | |
| 6 | Q Ms. Arrington, I believe Ms. Kaufman asked | | |
| 7 | you early on in her cross examination of you about | | |
| 8 | manual charges and when they would apply, and I | | |
| 9 | believe her question related to when there's no | | |
| 10 | electronic system available. What about when an ALEC | | |
| 11 | chooses to process orders manually? Is that another | | |
| 12 | situation where the manual charge would apply where | | |
| 13 | there may be a system, an electronic system available? | | |
| 14 | A Yes. They would be charged the manual | | |
| 15 | charge. | | |
| 16 | Q So there are other situations where an ALEC | | |
| 17 | may choose to manually process orders other than a | | |
| 18 | system not being available? | | |
| 19 | A Yes. We do have some ALECs who prefer to | | |
| 20 | submit orders manually. | | |
| 21 | Q Now, just generally, in the Ms. Kaufman | | |
| 22 | spent some time about the testimony as far as changing | | |
| 23 | HellSouth's position on Item U. Was it your | | |
| 24 | understanding that Ms. Welch was claiming that | | |

BellSouth changed its position during the negotiations

- process, or what was your understanding as to what

 Ms. Welch was claiming in terms of changing

 BellSouth's position? And I guess my question is

 coming from -- Ms. Kaufman seemed to indicate that

 when you submitted the interim rates that that was a

 change in position. Did you understand Ms. Welch's

 testimony to be saying that that was a change in
 - A During negotiations, Ms. Welch never expressed to me that she felt I had changed my position. I had merely explained to her that that language was not available for all nine states; it was specific to Florida.
 - Q And when you're talking about that language, you're talking about Item U?
 - A Yes, Item U.

position?

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- Q Ms. McKinney asked you the last question in terms of if that would be a reasonable solution. If BellSouth were to have to make MultiServ available at a reduced price to ALECs, would they also have to make that available to all customers?
- A Yes, we would. Anything that we enter -any type of an agreement that we enter into with any
 ALBC is made available to all ALBCs.
 - Q And is that reasonable, to have MultiServ

| 1 | eat a reduced price or at the ESSX price points? |
|----|--|
| 2 | . A No, it is not. |
| 3 | MS. KEYER: I don't have any other |
| 4 | questions. |
| 5 | COMMISSIONER CLARK: Exhibits? |
| 6 | MS. KRYER: Yes, I would like to move the |
| 7 | exhibits in. |
| 8 | COMMISSIONER CLARK: Exhibit 21 will be |
| 9 | admitted in the record without objection. |
| 10 | {Exhibit 21 was received in evidence,} |
| 11 | COMMISSIONER CLARK: Thank You, |
| 12 | Mr. Arrington. |
| 13 | (Transcript continues in sequence in |
| 14 | Volume 4.) |
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| 20 | |
| 21 | ! |
| 22 | |
| 23 | |
| 24 | |
| 25 | i - |

| | 318:5,11,12,14,15,18,19,23 319: | | recall (*1316:8 |
|-----------------------------------|--|----------------------------------|---|
| | 4,9,18,22,320:8,11,12,321:16,19 | | recognition 319:1 |
| 13 :1 319:3 | Company 2/320:17,25 | Kaufman (12/317:9,11/318:17, | Reconvened < 316:19 318:2 |
| 1996 M319:3 | Conference (1316:21 | 18,22,24 \$18:6,13 320:7,20 321: | record [3] 319:17 321:16.20 |
| | continues 01318:3 | 16,21 | Redirect UI317:9 |
| | correct [1321:24 | Keyer (4) 317:12 320:9,11 | REPORTED #: 316:24 |
| 2 11/3 18:4 | | kind ⊠ 319:10 320:4 | resolution (1316;6 |
| 21 (0.317:23 | corrections P. 321:10 | Kip 10 320:24 | |
| 3 | court #1319:12 | | resume # 318:21 320:13 |
| | Cross FI 317:12,16 | L | Ripper // 318:13 320:15,21,23 |
| 3 (1) 3 17:21 | | Lake 12/321:1,2 | 321:3,8,22 |
| 322 (0317)8 | l | left (1318:9 | Ripper's #321:47 |
| 32746 .1321:2 | day 01321:4 | LEON 11316:16 | RPR # 316:24 |
| 340 IT 317:9 | depositions #1319:18 | looking #: 318:7 | 3 |
| 343 (9317:11 | Direct # 317:11 320:19 321:5 | Louisiana :1319;1 | |
| 3599 H 321:1 | distribute (9319:17 | I | same :4 321:3,13,14 |
| 363 M317:12 | distributed :1319:21 | | saying #1320:1 |
| 173 tu 317:23 | Docket ::1319:2 | MARY 9/316:24/321:1,2 | sequence (*1318:3 |
| 374 P1317:15 | Documents : 1319;21 | , matter (< 316:4 319:14 | şeven :11321:8 |
| | E | matters #1318:20,22 | sheats [2] 319:14 320:8 |
| 4 | | McKinney E/317:18 318:11,14 | ; shats (4320:6 |
| 407 (1317:16 | each (1320:5 | means [2] 319:5,7 | SMA-3 If 317:23 |
| 4075 PJ 316:22 | Eașley II: 316:21 | | SMA-4 II. 317:23 |
| 412 11317:23 | ELDER 四320:15,23 | Ms .19/317:9,11,12,16/318:9,11, | sounds 10 319:9 |
| | entered HI319:2,16321:17,19 | 14,17,18,22,24 319:5,13 320:7,9, | |
| 9 | errate IZ 319:14 320:8 | 11,20 321:16,21 | state #1320:21 |
| 9:35 (2) 316:19 318:2 | Espianade M318:22 | much #1319:23 | stated (1317:1 |
| 98-121 (4.319:2 | EVD :1317:22 | N | statement (*) 320:4 |
| | everybody @320;5 | <u></u> | Suite I1/321:1 |
| A | | name iii 320:21 | sworn (2) 320:18 321:4 |
| a.m 5/13/18:19 3/18:2 | everyone ii 319:25 | need 14 318:20 319:15 | |
| address (2) 320:22 321:1 | everyone's 11318:24 | NEEL (1316:24 | MARKET WALLS |
| advice II. 320:4 | everything #1320:2 | next ⊠318:13 320:8 | TCCF :11319:18 |
| agreement (*1316:7 | Examination /:1317:9,11,12,16 | nickname 🗷 320:24 | Telephone @1318:5 320:47,2! |
| ahead 1/, 320:13 | 320:19 | notes (4318:7 | testified PJ320:18 |
| aneau n. 320.13 ALLEN :1316:24 | EXHIBITS ¥1317;21 319;20 | notice 21319;5,11 320:8 | Testimony 31317:8,45 318:21 |
| MLLEN 1310:24 ANDRES 11043-14 | 321:22 | NUMBER 1/317:22 | 320:13 321:5,8,11,17,23 |
| ANDREA (1317:10 | | · | though << 321:18,20 |
| answers (1321:14 | | , | today (1) 321:13 |
| APPEARANCES II: 317:1 | FCC11318:1 | October #1319:2 | Transcript :11318:3 |
| appreciate (2)318:25 320:4 | fee1 ii: 319:25 | official P: 318:25 319:5,11 320: | trying :1319:10 |
| Anington 1/317:23 | i figure # 319:10 | 4 | two [1318:22 |
| ettached (+) 319:15 | . filed ::1321:7 | Okay @ 318:12,23 319:9 | |
| В | first 12 318:24 321:4 | pne #:318:24 | U |
| | Florida × 320:17,25 321:2 | order #: 318:6 319:2,12 320:7 | up (1318:20 |
| back 10318:6 | flu i3 320:3,5 | | |
| become #1319:20 | follows (1320:18 | other (1319:13 | v |
| begin (*1320:3 | | eut 11 319:10 | VOLUME 2/317:21 318:4 |
| beĥalf 11320;16 | | P | W |
| BellSouth : 1316:7 | given :1319:59 | <u> </u> | |
| better :1 319:25 | Great #1318:16 319:10 | pages #321;8 | Way #1316:22 |
| Betty #316:21 | | part 01318:20 | week (*1320:3 |
| Boulevard (1321:1 | H | Petition #316:5 | WELCH 1/1317;10 |
| brief (1319:8 | happy #1319:4 | PLACE #1318:21 | West IV 321:1 |
| | health (1320:2 | please (7) 319:19 320:22 | WIN 13 319:11 320:12 321:19 |
| business (2) 320:22,25 | hear :4318:9 | l Prefiled (2)317:8,15 | winter if 320:s |
| C | HEARING IS 316:14 316:2,6 | , preliminary 🖾 318:20 319:14 | witness 21318:13,21 320:16 |
| Caldwell (1316:s | heretofore (1317:1 | presented P. 321:5 | witnessa /1316:13,21 320.16 |
| call 21318:5 319:1 | italefalak (1914) | president ##320:24 | Primitaga a a 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 |
| called 1/320:16 | <u> </u> | previously (7)319:16 320:18 | • |
| | .D (9) 317:22 | probably #1319:7 | I . |
| case (4321:7 | idea # 319:6 | proceeding (1321:4 | |
| cause # 321:7 | H 10 319:1 | PROCEEDINGS:1316:14 | |
| Center (1316:21 | | | 1 |
| Central (2) 320:17,25 | 1 2 320:15,23 | put (1) 319:7 | 1 |
| CEO II: 320:24 | inc #1318:6 | <u> </u> | 1 |
| changes #1321:10 | Information #1319:24 | questions P. 321:13 | 1 |
| CLARK (*1318:5,12,16,18,19, | Inserted #: 317:8,15 | I | |
| 23 318:4,9,18,22 320:9,12 321: | ftams :4316:6 | | |
| | | read #1321:18,20 | |
| 16.10 | I I | remain Properties | |
| 15,19 Clark 11319:10 | <u></u> | | |
| Clerk #319:18 | JACOBS i1. 316:16 | ready :1318:15 | |
| | JACOBS (1, 316:16 JR (0, 316:16 | | |

| 1 |
|------------------------------|
| 10th [2] 339:14,26 |
| 12 (1340:19 |
| 14 11 343:13 |
| 15 19 331:6 |
| 19805 (1332:8 |
| 1996 (1) 330:14 333:7 336:12 |
| <u>2</u> |
| 2,000 > 332:3 337:12,12 |
| 23 Pl 329: 16 334: 10,18 |
| 29th (1334:8 |
| 3 |
| 31 111 338:12 |
| 31st // 330:14 333:7 |
| 3599 III 343:8 |
| <u> </u> |
| 40% #: 332:18 |
| 41 (2.330:45 331:1 <u>8</u> |
| 6 |
| 6 (1331:5 |
| ··· · |
| 73 2 335:18,25 |
| 7th # 339:13 |
| 9 |
| 9 (1333:21 |
| |
| ebsolutely ≍ 333:1 342:4 |
| absorb #: 339:8 |

account (4:338:23:341:2,19) 342:6 actions #1341:6 actually .1336:16 add 11339:19 eddress 12.343;5,9 administrative (2) 337:11.12 agree (*) 337:10,14 agreement (*# 332:20 335:21, 24 338:12,14 338:15,15 339:8. 18,19,23,25 342:6,6 agreements 4/329:24,24,330: 3 332:25 ghead (1340:21 ALEC (#334:12) ALECs 31336:11 allow Pt 331:13 allowed I2I 331:25 334:17 aiready © 330:19 331:23 emend 🖾 339:8,23. emend**ad** (1339:18) ANDREA (2) 342:24 343:7 answer 2/337:2,4 answers /1343:20 apart :1335:24 apologized #1341:21 appear (1341:11 appeared P: 343:9 application P. 333:5 appoint 14 334:28 approach # 333:4,8 arrangement (2) 397:21 338:1 Assumed #1333:20 assured #1341:11

attempt @1330:16 331:20

attomey :1340:12 automatic !1:333:21 available :4:332:3,8:335:5:338: 4 avoid :4332:6,24

В back (* 329:11 339:22 340:8 base #1342:10 based # 338:4,22 basis (2.338:24.341:10) began :11340:13 beginning #:331:5 beñalf 🖰 342:25 believe ?1330:23 338:1.13 337: B 338:6 339:11,15 340:2 BallSouth PS 329:10,18.23 330:2,5,9,20 331:11,24,25 332: 10,21,23 333:4 334:2,7 336:12, 15,47 337:20,20,23 339:7,13,18 BallSouth's 대 329:22 332:12 335:2 below 191330:20 331:8,24 better P 329:7 between 17 341:23 342:11 bayond 🖾 330:7,23 bit #1337:3 blowup #1342:2 blowups i≅ 329:11 333:8 bona i4 337:18,24 338:6 Boulevard #:343:8 brought .4329:11 build #1332:5 bundle : 1332:4 bundiing #1332:15 business is 329:45 330:20 331:24 332:1.21 343:7

buy :1332:19

Call HI 333: 1,19,19,20 called #1342:25 calling # 333:20 cama (1340:15) case (2.333:3.343:14) Cathey's 12/341:13,18 centers #1329:16 Central @ 329:6 343:1 Certain (1337:5 change (2) 332:19,22 changes P1343:18 Charlotte 🖾 333:8 342:1,8 CLARK [20] 330:25 331:1,4,13, 16 333:10,15 335:7 339:2,3,5,21 340:4,7,17,18,21 342:13,14,17. 20.22 344:1 clear IZ 333:22,25 Clearly 31 329:14 332:4 333:22 334:3 combination (*1342:11) coming :4342:7 commercial (1329:24 Commission (2) 330:13 334: 13 Commissioner (25 330:22,25 331:1,4,13,16 333:10,16 335:7

339: 2,3,5,5,21 340:4,7,17,18,21

342:13,14,17,20,22,343:23,344: Commissioners PI329:5 330: commitment #1329:25 338:7 commitments @ 328:17 332: 17 334:7 committed (1330:1 Company #1329:6 343:1 company's #: 332:11 compete If 332:2 competing (9330:10) competition © 330:17 331:21 competitor:1330:9 completed if 335:3 complicated PI 332:10 conference 1/333:20 confiπn ₽1334:19,22,23 confirmation (1338:20) confirmed 🗵 333:6 336:10 339:16 confirming 2/339:17,25 342:8 confirms (2.329:19.334:6) consideration (1336:4) considered #1336:9 constantly :1341:11 contained #: 343:19 contents (4342:3 contract in 329:17 336:3.17 340:14,15 341:22 contracted (#1329:9 330:1 334:19 contracts @1335:18,23 convert #1335:17 correct M. 335:22 338:12,23 344:6 corrections #1343:46 COs 31 329:46 334:18,18 cost PI 331:8 costs (4339:8) couldn't #:341:17 caurse P 340:10 cross 21335:8,8 customer № 329:24 332:5 342: customers (4)329:16 330:17. 331:21 334:17

daily .1336:24 date 3/332:20,22 338:11 day 1/1334:7 343:11 day-to-day #1341:10 days (1) 338:14 dealing (9337:20) dealt (1)341:10 DECAS (*1333:20) December (1330:14) decision 01335:19 depend 1/334:12 depicting (#338:18) design (1342:7 detriment 21330:17 331:21 detrimental (1382:12) diagram № 342:3 Dia (1333:20) difference (1341:23 differently #1337:3

DIRECT 2: 343:3.10 disagreed #1334:9: discusses #1331:3 discussing I/1331:10 discussions (4332:25 337:22 338:20 disputes #: 334:14 distance (1333:21) document (*1329:17 333:18,25 334:1 339:17 340:1,3 documented IZ 330:7 334:10 documents #1336:10 340:11 done 🖭 333:13 drawing #1338:16 dry #1334:22 during 3332:6 336:15,16

each (7) 332:4,7 early III 332:9 effect 34 330:18 331:22 339:9 offective [1332:20] offort #334:15 342:11 aither "1329:18 elament P 332:5 end K 332:7 335:19 enter (1) 338:11 entered (#1329:21,23 \$30:3) enthusiastic (4341:13 Equally (11329:20) aspecially PI330:8 ESSX (14) 329:10,15,21 330:3,19 331:23 332:18 334:18 335:13, 23 336:7 337:11 341:3.7 event (3/330:2 332:19 336:8) Everybody :11341:12 exactly 21340:1342:8 examination /1335:6,8 340: 22 343:3 except #: 333:14 exception #:336:19 Exeuse (/1330:22 334:22 excused #: 342:18 Exhibit #1340:19 exhibits 1% 342:15.16 344:4 expect :11330:8 expected #1335:18 expended P. 334:15 experience % 338:2 341:14 explained 1329:9

fact IV 329:19,26 330:7 332:10 334:3 337:24 factual (1332:24 fair #:334:43 familiar @ 337:15,17 far (2) 330;19 331:23 fault #1341:18.19 features (/1332;15 333:19) feel :11338:3 fees (#332:6 felt .4 338:5 few 11329:12 fide 12 337:18,24 338:6 file "1343:13 filed (2) 333:2 336:10 First %(329:11 336:2,11,13 341:

1.343/11 flagship #: 332:11 Florida 4 329:8 343:1 folks #1330:11 336:24 follows # 343:2: forum .4334:14 forward © 341:14 342:9 forwarding #1333:19 fruition (4340:16) full #: 330:4 function (4333:23)

G

getting @331:8 334:22 give PI 329:4 330:15 331:19 pot II: 341:7 grandfather 2/330:18 331:20 grandfathered # 330:4 335: 13 336:3.9

grandfathering 31 329:22 330: 2 332:18 334:8 336:0

happen (0.341:17 happened (*1339:19 hard FI 336: 16,19,20,22,25 337: 5 341:3 hate 19 330:23 hear PJ 333:16 heard #1333:3 hearing #9336:2 337:8 339:12 help IX 341;3,12,20 herself |1| 342:11 hid (1330:6 hold III 333; 19 honored .:1329:25

ILECs @ 330:16 331:19 immediately #1332:14 implement (1340:9) Import :1331:11 Important :: 1329:20 incentive 31330:16331:19 indicated ⊠ 335:12 339:7 individual @329:17 337:3 information PJ338:22 initially >1336:15 input (1342:2 inserted @ 343:24 344:1 Install #:342:9 intentions 12:329:14 330:6 interrupt #: 330:23 introducing 🖰 332:24 ien't in 335;13,17 236:4 338:1,6, issued (1330:14 issues F: 332:24 337:23

judgment h: 332:21

KAUFMAN (14) 329:4 330:25 331:4,8,10 335:5 340:18,23 342: 12,15,21 343:4,23 344:3 keep Pl332:18

KEYER #: 330:22 331:7 335:7. B 336;25 339;15 341:1

Kever's #:341:29 knowledge ™330:5 known II. 329:7 Koller's ≥1337:7

Lake (4343:8 fast N 329:8 333:14 338:1 339: 6 341:25 Lastly #1332:23 late-filed #)340:2 letter % 333:6 334:6 338:11.17 339:24 340:19 342:1.3 line #J331:5 lists (1) 333:19 little #: 337:3 long 1/1333:21

made I# 329:17 330:13 332:17 334:7 336:7 339:13 management (1) 3-32:12 many [4:340:10,10:342:4,4] map (*1332:16 Marc [4]341:12.18 marketpiace PI330:10

matter (0.334:3) McKINNEY II: 339:8 mean 21338:10 341:22

Mary P1343:8

meeting (1338:7) memory # 329:10 339:10 met (*) 341:10.

might ២330:15 331: f9 mini-T1 ™ 340:10 mjnutes # 329:12

moment (*1333:9) monies 🖽 334:15 monitor # 335:1

months #1335;18,25 336;21 240 ∘44 morning IX 329:5 335:10,11

mouth (*1334:22) mpving (1332:14

MS [32] 329:1 330:22,28 331:1.5. 7,10 335:5,7,8 338:11,17,23,25 339:3,15 340:18,23 341:1,25 342:2,12,16,21,21,343:4,9,13,23,

24 344:3.4 much 21335:3 342:19 MultiServ 21332:14 335:17

multitude P. 332:8 myself #:342:41

name 🖾 343:5,7 nearly #. 332:3 necessary (2) 332:4,7 needs 🗵 338:4,9 negotiations 🗓 340:15 network 21332:4.6 never (4) 330:5 333:3 339:17 3AD:15 new #1335:20 mext (9) 331:6 342:20,21 nice (#341:23) nightmare . 1337:12 nonstandard ©1333:4,3 334:2 337:21 338:10

normally 🖰 330:8 note #:329:23 nothing (1881:7) Nowhere #1333:25

occurred PI 330: 19 331:23

334:8 October © 339:13.14.25.340:8.

offering (9.329:22.330:20.331:

offerings 19332:2 office (*1340:12)

Okay 19 329:4 331:18 333:8 340:17 342:22

one (2) 332:9 338:11 ongoing #1335:1.

only 191330;9 333:44 334:46. Order (41330:13 331:3,11 341:1

originaliy (1334:18) other M 330:20 331:24 332:2,8 338:2,25 others #1337:5 out 34 330:12 332:19 333:11,18 334:4 341:16

putside 3/337:25,25/338:6 over 3 329:12 331:6 337:19

oversight 1/335:1

page (4330:15 331:5 8.18 pages # 333:11 343:13 paragraph #: 333:14 part 34332:21 336:2 340:15

particular 11342:7 parties (1329:18 past :1 334:25

patience 1335:4 people is 337:5 341:2,9,15,23,

oecole's (1338:2 performance FI 335:2 341:22 parforming 🖾 340:13 341:24 person (1335:1

pickup (*1333:20 place 1336:20

plans W330:6 piease 🖾 329:4,23 343:6

point M 330: 12 332: 19,23 333: 11,18 334:4 335:16 337:3 339:

12 points: 1332:15

portion (1337:11 prepared #1329:2 president : 1329:6 previously PI 343:2

price :1| 332:15 priced #330:19 331:23 332:1

prior 71329:21 330:2 342:5 problems IX 334:28 341:18,21 proceeding @337:19 343:11 process 13, 334:8 340:14 341:

product (9 332:5,11,13,13 395:

promised @ \$34:16 339:7.

proposal († 339: 13,14,15 340: 1,10 protect P. 334:13 provide @330:1.11 334:3.13. 16 342:9 provided # 333:24 338:23 341:12 343:10 provision 3436:2,25 341:3 provisioned # 341:9 provisioning @1334:24 337: PSC96-1579-FOF-TP #: 330:

cuestion 🗵 331:14 337:2 338: 6,21 341:25 342:1 questions #1339:1,4 340:24 343-10 quote # 330:15 331:19

R raised (1) 331:11 read [2] 343:25 344:21 ready (4331:9) real 🗓 330:9: real-life (1: 341:14) realized :11332:12 rezsonably 🖽 332:1. rebuttal (9330:24 331:12 342) 25 343:14,20,24 recall #341:4 received [1333:2] record % 343:6,25 344:2 REDIRECT I1 340:22 referred #9331:3 referring (1340:20) refers (*1337:21 refresh (* 329:10 339:10 renagotlating (+)340:14 replaced :# 332:14 request (4) 334;23 337;24 338; 6,9 requesting (1338:18) redussts (il 337:16 338:3)

requirements (4333:5334:2 resale (7.332:13,20.335:21.336: 4,12 338:15 342:5 resel) PJ330:6 334:17 reseller [2]329:8 336:13 ∓esellers¹ (1.332:16 respond :11 333:4 responded #1339:14

responding PI 331:2 responsible 11329:25 retain (2.330:17.331:20) rights I% 334:13,19

Ripper #6 331:2,15,18 333:10, 13,18 335:5,10 339:6,11,24 340: 6,9,19,25 342:19

road #1332:18 route (1333:21

8ame (2)343;9,21 68W I'J 338:17 saying 14 333:4 336:23 339:23 says II: 338:6 seemed P 341:13,20

selection (0.333:21 50H 21329:15 331:25 send /1338:22,24 340:4,11 sending #1338:46 sant 🗉 340:8 separate (1) 335:24 service 19 329:22 330:20 331: 24 332:1,2 334:25 335:13 341:3, services |≅| 329:8,10,15,21 330:1.7.11,16,19 331:20,23 332: 1,6,16 333:23,24 334:16,18 336: 4.20 338:4.9 341:12 several @ 336:21 340:11 яеуеге (4334:24 show 11334: to showed PI341:15 shown #: 329:48 shows (1333;25) sign (1336:44) signed ≥ 338:14 alnce (9 330:8 332:8 334:24 situation /1335:1336:9338:3 BIX 11333:11 small PI 329; 7 334:12 900H PJ 332:11 special 1336.9 Spent (1)342:4 Staff 31 334:25 339:2.3 standard (4) 333:5 338:1,4.7 start #: 331:45 state IZ 336:3 343:5 statement # 330:13 states 13 334:4 338:17 Steve (1340:11) still (4.339:18 submit <a>2.330:18.331:22 Success #1332:17 summary PI 329:2 331:16 333; 12 support 19332:7. SUDDOSE #1331:17 supposed 11339:17 SWOM #343:2,10 tziked :# 336:1

TGGF (*** 329:7,7,9,19,20 330:3) 334:15 336:17,18 337:1 341:3 TCCF's © 329:14 330:9 333:6 team (4) 336:23 341:2,13 342:6 team's :1341:19 technical III 341:16 telecommunication (1329:a Telephone 🗵 329:6 343:1 term /\ 333:3 335:24 337:16 terme (1337:20) testified [1343:2] testimony [18] 329:11 330:24 331:2,8,12 333:2,11 334:11 337; 7 340:2 342:18 343:10,14,17,20, There's [2] 331:7 333:24 though (*1343:25 344:2) three (4335:14)

today #1330:10 332:9 339:20

343:20

tagether P 332:4

tried 41332:24340:9341:11,15 true i333:2335:23335:12 335:1,24 try i21336:25,25 two i21335:21340:24 types (1334:14 typically i2.338:8

unconfirmed .4332:25 understand #1338:5 understanding #.330:5 Until #1333:2 up #1332:16 342:7 users #1332:7 USOCs #1332:3337:13 usus! #1337:25

vis m330:13 view @1337:3 341:1,6 Vincavich's m340:12 virtually @333:13 virtue @1332:3 vision m338:18

wanted #1341:13
Way IX 339:23 341:7 342:8
Webb #1338:23 342:1,2,6
Webb \$1X 338:23 342:1,17
weeks #1338:21 342:5
Welch #1342:21,24 343:7,9,18
944:4
Welch's #1343:24
West #1343:8
whether #1341:2

will FI 333.4 344:1 wire II: 329:16 WITNESS III: 331:45,16 333:13, 16 339:11,24 340:6,9 342:19,25 work III: 336:25,25 337:6 342:11 worked III: 336:16,17,19,21,24 341:2 working 11342:6

years 2/332:8 335:21

Who's H342:20

whole 21336:16340:14

| <u> </u> | aside 1371:19 | Commissioners (13 |
|--|---|---|
| 120,000 :1356:19 | associated N 371:21 | Company III 369:8 |
| 13,179 II: 368:22 | attached © 372:4,9,11 | comperison % 350;4 362;8 |
| 0.08 1/1368:23,25 | attempt 11. 361:43 | |
| 23 11: 368;21 | attempted 01360:41 | competent (1364:12 |
| 8,190,68 :11369;4 | ettempting K 361:2,7 | completed #:360:18 concerns #:362:17 |
| 4 | attempts (0.360:25 availability (0.359:18 | Conclude P363:8 |
| <u> </u> | evailable 1 363;8 | , conclusion (1) 361:23 |
| 371;8 | aware #1367:19 | confused 2 372:8,20 |
| 11 \$70:13 | | consistent : 1362:19 |
| l 361;2 | B | consisting :1/370:13 |
| | back #: 362:1,3 368:9,15 | contacted #: 361:5 |
| 01372:17 | bad I1 362:23 | conversations (138 |
| 121 372:25 373: 1 | Based .1 361;25 364:15,20,24 | correct < 364:5 365: |
| M371:9 | basing #1364:3 | cost (3.362:12,15,21 |
| U1371:8 | become If 360:17 | costs #1362:24 |
| 4 | behgif (1368:19 | ¦ couldn't ™ 368:16,19 |
| 10. 372:17 | belleve (9) 360; 18 362; 2 363; 15 | COVER II: 362:21 |
| | 364:17 366:2,4 369:2 371:1 | cross ⊠ 363;9,11 366 |
| 5 | i 372:18 BellSouth ⊠1358:11,13,21 | currently # 360:12 |
| U371:19 | 380:4,8,9,21 381:5,17 362:4,12, | customer 1/1 361:4 38 |
| 73 🗵 387:3 368:10,13,22,23,25 | 24 363:2,16 364:16 365:18 367: | 18,19,20 368:14,24 36: |
| 6 | B,20 368:5 369:15,20 370:9 | D |
| 91 371:7,8,8,11, 19 | BellSouth's 31360:14 361:9 | Daonne (1359:12 |
| | 362:13 | day 2 364:18 366:23 |
| | better 17. 368:7 370:7 | debt #1362;23 |
| P. 371:8 | between ⊠ 382:1 365:18 | defense (1) 360:22 |
| 8 | bill #9388:18,21389:3 | deficient (2) 360:21 3 |
| 1371:8 | billing #. 362:23 | delays If 362:4 |
| | both [9 360:2,2 361:3 | demonstrate [1361; |
| A | business #1360:1381:14364: | denizi # 366:25 |
| ble :1368:12 | 10 | deposition № 372:4,; |
| osolutely 🖾 384:2 385:1 | <u>c</u> | described #1364:17 |
| севв лі361:20 383:16,17,18, | Caldwell [2] 359:12 362:14 | deskii: 361.5 |
| 2,23 364:16 388:4 | call 01368:15 | detail :1368:1 |
| complished #361:3 | called #1369:19 | detailed #1362:12 |
| ccording 19 360:5 | capabilities (9360:3366:24, | different (*1367:24 |
| ocount 2/359:21,24 | 25 | Direct I9 359:25 361: |
| chieved (*1380:2,6,10,13,16 | capitalized #136417 | 369:22 372:18 |
| ict 11359;14 Hattianal (1282) | Case II: 360:8 367:2,22 370:12 | I direction P. 371:24 |
| idditional P1362;4 | cases #1381;4 | disconnect 12 368:1 discount Fl 362:21 3 |
| ddressing (4 367:25 dmlts (4 359:14 | category (1388:17 | dispute (4) 365: 18,22, |
| omies .4 309;14 gre 6 14 361;22 362;5 365;4,12 | | DOE /7 359:25 381:44 |
| greement (*) 362:9 365:24 | Central m359:s | 367:8,18,23 368:5 |
| greensur 1302,5309,24 368:5 368:21 | certain (1388:6 | driven #: 367:13 |
| LECs 71363:16 388:3 | changes © 370:15 372:1 | during (1382:1 |
| lowed #: 363:2 | charge 11 362:19 | E |
| llowing :11 363:18 | charged (3) 368:21,23,24 | l |
| Iready (1366:15 | charges 11: 369:4 | each if 380:6 |
| mount #: 361:25 | chiaf (1359:7 | EDI M 360:5,7,12 361 |
| nalysis (1362:12 | choice 364:8 | effect (1)363:2 |
| ndrez P1359:7 | clarification 3 380:17,22 365: | efficient (1381:12 |
| nother iii 368:17 | 6.6 PLADK HRI 202-10 368-9 360- | either 1 367:2 electronic 1 359:18 |
| nswered 11364:25 | CLARK (19) 363:10 366:8 369: | eliminate #361:48 |
| nswers (1370:19 | 11,13 370:2,8,24 371:1,5,10,12, | ր employed (4 370: 1,7 |
| pologized : 1361:5 | 14 372:7,12,15,19,22,24 clearly 11 359:14 | andless #. 362:17 |
| ppreaches: 1366:20 | , close 14 364:11 | enter (4 387:12,22 |
| ppropriate (1) 37 1:17 | collections (1362:22 | Entry (2) 359;25 362; |
| pproximately #1361:2 | Commission #: 361:17,23 | equally 11353:24 |
| reg (1) 368: 12 | 363:4 368:4 | error #: 365:15 |
| round IX 364:4,7,9 | CONTRACTOR OF THE PROPERTY OF | error-free :11 360:19 |
| irrington 🖾 359;11,16 369:16. | | |
| | | . CHOP. 1. 300-13 |
| 18,25 370:2,4,8,22 Arrington's IV 350-13 361-72 | 366:8,9 367:5,10,14,17,21 386:2 8 369:11,13 370:2,5,24 371:1,5, | , errors it accers established (4363;) |

Arrington's IX 359:13 361:22

362:6 371:2 372:4

ommissioners (*1359:6 отрапу № 369:8 omparison (91350;4 381; 19 162: B ompetent (1364:12 ompleted #: 360:18 oncerns 🖽 362:17. oncjude PI363:8 onelusion (1) 361:23 onfused 2|372:8.20| onsistent : 1362: 19 onaisting :4370:13 ontacted II: 361:5 cinversations (1385:3 orrect IX 364:5 365:18 pst (3/362:12,15,21 osts #1362:24 ouldn't 🖾 368:16.19. over #: 362:21 മായെ 🗵 363:9,11 366:10 umently # 360:12 :ustomer 🖭 361:4 382:22 386: 18,19,20 368:14,25 369:1 aonne (1359:12 av i≤ 364:18 366:23 lebt M 382:23 lefense 🖂 360:22 leficient (2)360:21 361:15 ielays If 362:4 lemonstrate (*1361:17 ieniai ii 366:25 legosition 🖾 372:4.20 lescribed #1364:17. iesk 🖰 361:5. letail :"| 368:4 letalied #: 362:12. lifferent (*1367:24 Direct iの358:25 361:24 364:17 369:22 372:18 Ilrection P. 371:24 lisconnect (2) 368:13,24 liscount #1 362;21 383:3 **(lispute** (4) 365: 18,22,24 386: 1 JOE /7 359:25 361:48 363:49 367:8,18,23 **368:**5 iriyen 🖰 367:13 during (1362:1 each If 360:6 EDI (4.360:5,7,12.381:48 effect (*1363:2 vfficient :\\381:\2 alther # 367:2 alectronic III 359:18 sliminate #381:48 employed (4 370: 1,7,9) indless #.362:17 enter 🖾 387:12,22 Entry 12 359;25 362:22 equally 11383:24 error II. 365:15

examination : 1363:9,11368: 10 389:22 example (1364:21 examples 71 359: 18 360:25 exception 11 364:6 exceptions II: 371:16 axcess #: 366:19 excessive @1366;5369:5 Excuse :11 367:5 Exhibit 121372;25 373:11 exhibits #.371:11,17,19,20,23 372:1,4,8,10 existing (11361:13) expected #1361:15 expense III 362:4 experience i3 384:4,18,20,24 366:46 explain PJ368:1 explanation #: 360:22 fact (// 359:21 failures II. 360:23 fair # 382:18 fell #: 360:16 falling #365:5,8 far (71365; 17,22 fee (*1362:19) fees P1383:1 few II, 360:24 filed #1350:41 finger-pointing (9361:15) Florida 12,359:8,23 flow #1366:14 flow-through 12 360:1,8,9,13,. folks 1/1363:24 364:6 foliows 11. 369:21. forth #1362:1 found #1357:2 four (*1372:10) front #387:44 further (2) 366:6 369:10 Furthermore #: 359:20 general II 362:14 give 21359:5364:21 given 121363:23 369:7 Ğlad (1366:17 greater::1368:1 guess 71364:8 365:22 368:16 handle (*) 368: 12,19,19 hear #1370:4 hearing 12 361:24 364:49 388: help #1361:5 hours *1381;2: idea : 1383:22 identification @1372:8 373:1 identified 11 372:25 Implemented #360:9

Inc 1/1369:20

Incapable #360:19

included in 362:5,9 365:20,23,

Even 10362:6

10,12,14 372;7,12,15,19,22,24

25 366:2 Incurred #: 362:23 Indicated #: 363:15 Information #: 359:18 Inserted #: 370:22,24 371:15 Interact #: 367:23 Interfaces #: 369:18 367:9 Interfacing #: 369:18 367:9 Investing #: 361:2 Involved #: 361:4 Involved #: 361:4

JACOBS 7/367:5,10,14,17,21 368:2,8 Jason 1/361:5

KAUFMAN (#359;1 363;8 369; 12 371;1,7,11,16 Keyer 24 363;10,12 366;6,14 367;24 368;3 369;14,15,23 370; 6,21 37 1;4,12,13,18 372;3,10,13, 16,21,23 373;2 kind (#367;13

language N 361:25,25 385:17, 19,23 large P 366:18 Last N 366:17,23 368:8 lead (*1369:2 legrand .*1361:12 LENS I'S 360:4,7,12 361:1,7,18 366:24 367:3,5,15,16 388:4,11, 18,18 limitations P 368:6 limited N 360:13 366:24 lines M 367:3 368:10,13,22,23, 25 371:2,9 list N 362:14,16

М

listen :≒373:2:

Looking (4368:11

made #1388:15 major (// 365:18,22 mandated (*1386:3) manual :1360:17 manua'iv 21361:8.13 marked [2]372;5 373:1 marketing (1362:22) McKINNEY 0/366:9,11 369:9 maan if 364;21. memory P1371:6 mention (1386:15 mentioned Pi 366:23 manu # 367:12 mike PI 370:3 model II: 362:12 money #: 369:31 morning #1359:6,9 363:13,14 366:12,13 MS 141 359:1,13,16 361:22 362: 6,14,363;8,8,10,12,13,364:14 368:6,9,11,12,14 367:24 366:3 369:9,9,12,13,14,15,23 370:2,6,8, 21,22,371;1,2,4,7,11,12,13,18,18

372:3,4,10,13,16,21,23 373;2 Much 19370:7 must 19361:47

N

name (#359:7 369:24,25 necessary 10 360:18 need #1363:23 365:7 needed |* 367:3 negotiate i7.361:24.362:3 nagotisted (*1385:17) Negotiation (*) 359:23 never 21 387:17.18 nondiscriminatory #1359:15 361:20 363:16,17,22 364:16 nonpay I5 368:22 367:1,4 368: 11 369:2 noted #1371:16 notes (0371:7) nothing #1361:3 numbar 14 362:14 366:3

obligation .1359:14 observations 21362:16,18 offered (2)360:4,20 officer ##359:8 Okay 11:363:21 384:14 367:21 368:2,8 370:4 371:12 372:3,12, 15.19 onca .º1366:22 one IC 361:11 386:2,19,24 only # 359:22 380:13 362:3,18 opening #1381:1 operating #1359:7 operational III 368:4 opinion #1364:15,23 Order #11 359:25 360:1,9,15,16 361:7 362:22 365:14 366:12,22, ordering (4) 360:3 384:4 **36**8: 24 385:11 onders (19/359:22,25/380:1,19) 381:12,19 362:20 365:5,12 367: QSS (19) 359:18 360:20 361:3,9, 14,15,20,25 382:5,9 363:1,24,24 365:19,23,25 368:1,6 369:6 other 19:365:3 367:16:371:20

page 18: 371:17,8,8
pages 19: 370:15
pald 14:366:18:21,22:368:14
part 13:72:18
particular 19:367:1
partles 19:361:24:382:1,3
past 19: 361:11
pay 19:369:3
Per 19:359:13
perform 18: 361:9:362:11:363:
24
performance 19:359:19
period 19:362:2
permitted 19:363:2

out (2) 365:8 367:2

owed #: 366:19

Over iz 361:11 355:24

personne 12 359:21 362:11 place #: 361:12 played P1364:9 playing iz 364:4,7. Please (4359:5365:21366:16 369:24 plus #:361:41 point #1387:20 poer 11. 364:8 portion III 363:3 portions : 11 372: 14 nased :4370:18 position PI 383:17 364:1.4 potentially (1362:17 prefiled < 370:12,18 preordering #960:3 prepare :1371:20 prepared © 359;2 370:12 371; pravious #384:18 previously P. 362:8,23 369:21 370:11 probably #1368:1 problems P. 361:8. proceeding (9361:44) process (#361:7 367:16) processed #1361:8 365:13 processing #.359:22,24 350: 1,17,20 361:19 362:18 product #1387:13 property #1360:16 proposed #1362:7,8363:1 prove #1384:20 provide (=1359:15 360:2,24 362:18.20 provided IZ 359:17 361:21 provides 1359:17 providing N 363:16 384:15

question (> 364:14 365:7;9;21 367:6 questions (4 366:7;16 369:10 370:17

R

rate (2) 362:9 366:2

rates (4 3**62:5,7 365:20,25 366:** Rather #1360:20 read @1370:23.25 371:15 resi-world#1360:40 really in 373:2 nebuittal (* 1359:3,9 360:24 362:16 369:19 370:12,18 371:2, 21 372:11,23 recapture (1363:3 recent 🖾 380:25 364:21 366:15 reconnact 🗉 168:25 record 31 370:22,25 371:15 Redirect # 369:11.12 reduced P. 362:7. referring (4365:40) reflect (f. 371:7) refresh 🖰 371:5 regarding IZ 359:18 362:15 Regional II: 359:23 remaining #: 372:16

renegotiation (4362:2 rep (1384:4 reported #1361:9 require #2361:17 required 1/1382:11 resale II. 365:24 reseller if: 360:8,11,16 362:10. 20,25 364:10 rasellers (4.359:16.360:5,18,20) 362:19,21 363:23 365:3 residentiai (*1359:24) resquices (1) 362:11. rasponse 🖾 359:10 360:14 responsibility (1362:25) restoral M 366:22 367:1 366: result (1) 362:3 retall 21359:22 382:20 RNS #: 359:24 361:18 363:18 367:6,18,23 368:5 nun 31 361:14

sales (1)362:21 same Ø 370:17.19 saying #1363:19,20,21 scenario 🖽 368:20 screen #1387:12 sending :1362:2 separate ≥ 367:6 serious 🖾 364:10.11. service /4 361:4 362:22 386:21 368:15,22 shop 15367:20 side (4.361:18,18 alda-by-side (1361:19) signed II) 366:20. sit (1367:11 sitting #369:4 situation (1380:10) SMA (1) 371:10 SMA-1 N1372:17 SMA-3 [2] 372:5.17 SMA-4 (1372:5) SMA-5 21371:9,11 smail I* 362:10 sorry เจเรียล:8 372:7,21 specifically 🖽 365:8 specs #: 358:11 spoke 3/361:5 Staff #1359:6366:8 State (4) 359:23 369:24 statement [7] 358;19,20 states (0.359:46 stricken 🖭 371:3 372:13.14 study IU362:15 gubmitted (7) 359:10 362:13 submitting #1360:19 substantiate (1359:19 suggested #1361:6 suggestion #1361:23

summarize 🗈 359:9

support #1368:4

summary © 359:2 363:6

5:695 25:686 7: beaugue

Susan 31359:11 369:15,18,25

guspend 21386:21 367:3 366: |

supervision #:371:24

10 suspended (4369:1 switch-es-is (4368:17 sworn (4369:21 System (4359:23,25360:22 363:1 systems (4359:17,22360:2 364:5367:24368:4

TAFI 🖽 360:25 TAG # 360:5,7,7,10 361:18 talked :4365:5 TCCF 11 360:18 361:3,4,7,11 362:4,6,8,10 363:18 365:18 TCCF's IX 360:25 364:4,16 Telecommunications № 369: 20 370:10 Telephone #1350:6 term 1364:7 terminal 01367:12 testified < 361:10 369:21 testimony [24] 359:3,10,10,13, 16 360:24 362:6,16 364:3,17 365:10 366:23 369:7 370:12,15, 18,22,371:2,14,20,21,372:9,11, 23 they've 11386:22 though #1362:7 370:25 371:15 three :4384:11 tickets (0.361:1 today (2)364:13 370:19 treatment 🖰 362:18 brouble PI 361:1 troubleshoot F1381:15 truth (4360:7 turn #: 368:45 two 🗵 359:22 381:3 386:3 387:

wanted P1364:23,24 368:10,14 way P. 362:18,25 Weaver IU361:6 week P1366:17 368:10 Welch P21359:7 363:8,13 364: 14 368:12 367:7,11,16,19 368:9 369:9,13 whether P1364:15 365:19,24 367:22 whom P370:1,7 will P1 360:12,16,17 361:20

362:3 363:2 367:25 369:15 370: 24 371:14 372:24 within IZ 359:18,22 362:6,9,15 witness III 382:13 387:7,11,16, 19,25 366:6,9 369:19 370:4

witnesses 17, 359:11 361:10 389:6 words 11, 364:8 work 11389:6 working 11383:1 worth 11369:4

years > 381:11 364:11

two-part II: 368:1 U under II: 359:14 388:20 371:24 unless II: 367:20 using II: 360:5,10,12,21 364:7 367:2 368:3,5 utilize :1361:ta V via *1361:7 view .1 363:22

15,24 372:13,18

| 3 |
|---|
| \$20.03 (1389)11 |
| \$20,08 11406:2 |
| ¹ \$25,15 11406;4 } \$6,78 i1:406;13 |
| \$7.36 11406:14 |
| 1 |
| 1 (4) 391 (7 392 (21 394 (7.12 |
| 11 (1405:14 |
| 14 % 391:8 392:21,23 394:8.12 |
| 1996 01388:3 |
| |
| 2 (4389:7 405:14 |
| 21 @1412:8,10 22 @1392:23 |
| j 24th (4392:22 396:13 397:5,20 |
| 2nd #406:3 |
| 3 |
| 3 21390:12 391:9 |
| 4 |
| 4 (1) 412:14 |
| 40% P. 401:4,10,13 |
| 6 |
| 6 71381:6,17,22 392:15 384:7,1 . 23 |
| 7 |
| 7 (7) 392:21 393:21 |
| A |
| ability #1400:6,19 |
| able 21368:1 388:17 399:15 |
| accept 12 393:20 394:3,19 |
| acceptable 15 391:18,19 382: |
| 16 394:13 395:14 access (9) 387:15,20 402:7,22 |
| 403:13 |
| account © 398:6,10 403:1 |
| acting (1403:8 Leature 12:204:4 405:47 |
| Botual P1391:1 495:17 actually № 387:13 393:17 398 |
| 3 |
| addresses II 387:8 |
| |
| admitted #1412:9 advocating #1404:25 |

ago ::1408:1 agree № 392:10 393:9,10 396:8, 8 389:14 400:22,25 409:10 agreed 11387:9 agreement (1) 387:23 368:2. 14 397;7 398:17,21 399;17,22, 25 407; 1 41 1:23 agreements (4386:24) egrees 41392;3 369;8,20 400; ahead : 1403:25 Alabama 19.393:7,8 404:1,13 405:24 406:3,6,10,13 ALEC (4) 403:8 410:10,16 411: ALECs (4387;20 398:22 403:4, 4 410:19 411:20.24

allow #1393;25 394:20 396:20

399:5 407:25

allowed #1398:24

allowing # 399:13 allows (1) 402:7 piready # 393;15 396:13 403; 22 405:4 alternative #: 400:11 another 12/407;21/410:11 answer (2.389:6.401:22) anticipating #:394:2 appear : 1395:17 appears :4391;2392;20393; 20 402:5 applicable 14 391:20 393:5 apply 01390:10 392:11 393:8 410.8,12 appropriate IS 387:22 390:19 398:24 399:14 409:2 appropriately # 398:6,18 400: approved IZ 388:4,18 approximately #:401:4 arbitration P. 387:8.24 391:12 area (1.398:5) aren't #1404:24 arrangement in 401:1,8,9 408: 1,5,9 409:8.8 arrangements (1400:1) Arrington 🖭 387:2 388:24 389:5 391:4 398:2 401:23 402: 9,23 403:2,14,16,25 404:23 405: 4 407:8 408:12,23 410:6 412:12 asks #1406:13 BEEBSS IT 390:8 associated (4) 387:15.20 382:2 assume (1399:19 AT&T :9 381:12 AT&T/MCI ill 381:25 attempt # 397:14 398:21 attempts #1380:4

410:10,10,18 411:12,19,21,24

aware 🖾 398:10 400:8

available (** 388:4,8,10,13,16,

back 19 390;25 392;4 394;6.14. 15 395:5 398:14 407:4 408:13 based :11386:8 404:5,9 405:15 basically > 392:7 397:12 beat (1396:2) beginning #: 390:12 belleve (° € 387;12 395:15 399; 12 401:3 402:4,15 406:5,16 406: 7 410:6,9 Bell #396:3 BellSouth № 387:12,14,18 388:11,15 389:14,16 390:13 **391**:18 **392**:3,7,17 383:15 **395**:9, 15 398:1,11,21 397:3 398:6,18 399:2,15,21 400:15 404:9 405: 18,18 408:24 407:2 408:18,22 409:5,7 410:25 411:19 BellSouth's # 398:22 407:11. 17 410:23 411:3 big #1406:12 both 19 387:8 388:6 392:8 395: 7.7.11.20 395:7,10 business N 406:23 408:20,20

Caldwell's (1404;4) came : 1398:14 capable #: 389:17 Case (2) 398:15 399:20 Cases (1) 391:13 certain #406:7 certainly :1409:7 cetera : 1385:2 change 의 390:13 411:6.7. changed #1397:3 410:25 411: changing #410:22 411:2 charge (**1389:11,19,23,24,25) 390;8,10 393;7,8,25 394;25 395; 4,26 397:13 406:11 410:12,15 charged #: 389:18 410:14 charges @ 390:15 393:5 394:9 396:23 410:8 charging # 396:21 397:22 chart //1391;23 402:3,8,8,13,13 choose 21408:15 410:17. chooses 1/410:11 claiming № 410:24 411:2 CLARK 1141 389; 1 401; 20,25 403;20,23 405;6,11,15,20 407;5 409:25 412:5,9,11 clearly #5388:5399:7 CLEC 21402:21 403:7 callect :1394:20 come #1393:12 comes #! 393:7 coming (*) 411:4 Commīssion [20]388:4,7,18 395:6,6 397:16,22 398:15,20 399:6,11,20 400:2,14,16 406:17 409:8,15,19,22 Commission's #1396:9 24 399:1 401:15,21,21,24 408:2 COMMISSIONER #41389:1 401:20,25 402:2,12,16,20,25 403:5,16,19,20,23 405:2,6,11,18, 20 407:5 408:25,25 412:5,8,11 Commissioners # 357:5,7 390:24 Commissions #1393:13 397: common 3/407:12:23 408:18. complaint #1387:9 conclude: 1388:21 confusing :11394:15 consideration #1397:14 considered 3/387:17 continua 21408:1,5 continues 11412:13 conversation (1409:14) correct [24] 389:12 390:8.15 391:10,11,18 393;23 394:21,22 398:15,18,20 397:7,23 401:10 404:1,6,10,13,16,406:5,14,15 cost 12 389:14 396:11 404:18

Caldwell iz 405:4 406:8

couldn't l: 407:20 count #1396:3 cover #1395:23 covered #1405:7 cross 10/388:25/389:3/403:21 407:6 410:7 current #1398:17 399:22 400: currently (1386:21 customérs (19 388:2,8,9,10,14 399:2,3,4,6 400:7 407:19,20 408:1,3,3,9,14 411:21

date in 408:7 day III 401:3 dead (*1386:2) dealt (1/396:14) decide // 398:15 decision #4400:10 408:20 408: depends #3401:1,6 description 389:10.12 390: details: 1/406:9 developed :1403:4 developing #1404:20 developmental (1405:18) difference @393:4 408:12 different #1404:15,17,18,21,24 405:25 direct (9/390:22/394:11/402:7.) 22 404:3 directed #1406:48 directly (1403:12) discuss (1407:11 discussed I* 391:9 discussion :1390:5 docket 11391:12 dockets 3: 390:18 392:5,9 395: 6,12 DOE (% 402:6,22 403:13 done © 398:10 399:21 due (1) 398:18 during (7390;12 396:1 397:4 399:18,22 410:25 411:9

each II 404:22 early 11410:7 eight #1390:19 391:20 electronic (14) 359: 17,24 392:9 395:1,1,8,11,20 396:3,7,10 406: 11 410:10.13 electronically #1398:2 element 1% 387:17 406:21 elements P. 387:16 encouraged #395:9 enter @409:7 411:22,23 entity #3403:12 ESSX (3/13/87:10,25/38/6:3,5,12, 17 397:25 398:4,17.21,25 399:9, 15,23 400:4,8,11,15,21,24 401:5, 14.20 402:1 407:11,17,21 408:8. 23 409:2,11 412:1 establish (1393:17 estabilished in 389:22 393:22.

405:3 406:7

cost-based #1387:19

395:8 404:20 405:18,17

Costs #1387:13.15.19 390:1

at P. 395:2 even :1395:16 evidence ©1398:16 412:10 EXAMINATION (4)389:3 407: example 12.404:24.407:22 axcuse 31400:1424 405:2 409: exhibit #1402:3.4 412:8.10 Exhibits (2) 412:3.7 existing © 388:9 399:3 407:19, 25 408:8,14 expensive (1400:23) explain #1402:18 explained (1411:11) expressed #.411:10 extend [1] 408:22. extended 21408:10.11 extent :4 393:6

fact # 408:17 factors #1404:18 406:7,9 failure 14 398:18.22 far i' 410:22 FCC P1388:6 408:19 February 1406:3 federal (†1387:14) fen (4 394:20 396:15.19 397:8 felt #: 411:10 few # 408;25 filed #. 403:25 404:12 406:2 408:10 firet 21 389;7.8 386:17 397:8,21 399:12 401:3 408:19 flipping #:390:25 Florida 14.390;16.391;19.392; 16 404:16,25 408:1,10,12 411: flow #1402:13.17 forever (1) 408:14 forth iz 390:25 394:16 found @1406:17.19 frame III 393:24 functional :1402:6 further (*1408:24) Furthermore #1386:18

деягь III 397:25 ğənəraliy II: 410:21 give (†1387:5 405:8 408:11,18 grandfather 21407:11,16 grandfathered № 387:10.25 388:1,3,6,12,13,17 399:1,3,5,13, 25 400:5,9 407:12,15,23 406:4,

G

guess (*1392:12,20 397:2 464: 4 406:11 411:3

half #1399:10 hendle (1396:1 handled #: 396:6 hate 2|405:2,3 hear (// 390:5 401:2 heard 21380:3 388:16 hearing #0401:3 higher ⁷4 389:25 401:8,10,14 horse P. 396:2 however #: 389:16 393:11 396: 4 407:20 hypothetical #1399:19 hypothetically #: 409:17

implemented 1403:4 Implied #:395:28 include #.398:25 included 14 387:22 including 1/1398:24 Incurred 2:395:8:405:16 incurs (11389:14) Indefinitaly @ 407:13,15,24 408:8,11,23 indicate 1/, 402:7 41 1:4 indicated #1408:3 initially :408;7 Intent (1393:10 Interfaces #1395:1 jpterim (* 398: 15,19,25 397:7,6, 11,15,22 41 1:5 interrupt (1405:3 involved # 406:22 Involvement 1/398:2 isn't i3 404:25 405:23. isaua 🖂 387;24 369:10,11 393; 12,17 397:21,25 404:18 405:3 Issued (#1392:4 395:6) iseues |< 387; 8.9 Hem [10] 391:8 393:1.3 394:11. 24 395; 14.23 410:23 411; 15.16

JACOBS 71402:2,12,20,25 403: 5,16,19

Kaufman (14 389:1,2,4 390:24 391:3 401:19 403:20,24 405:9, 13,19,22 407:3 408:25 409:14 410:6,21 411:4 ķөвр № **407:2**0 409:14. KEŸER I0:387:1 388:24 402:15 405:2410:3,5412:3,8 knowledge #1398:7,13

language Mij 390:14,16,17,19, 22 391:2,15,16,22 392:2,3,8,15, 19,22,25 383:5,11,20,25 394:3,7, 8,12,19,23 395;15,18,24 396;13, 14,25 397:6,7,8,9,12,20 411:12, last 3/389:23 390:4 411:17 late-filed 12:402:4,5 law II: 387:14 LENS #: 390:5 less (1386:19 letting #407:4 line :'1405:14 ilnes (6) 391:7 392:21,23 394:7, ong #1392:12

ionger 19 388:5 399:1 408:2

look IX 389;7 393;3 405:13.

looked @393:1 396:13

looking # 402:12.65 lower № 397:16.17

ma'am (408:8 made № 388:8 397: t5 406:16 408:21 409:17 411:24 mainly ::|387:9 manual 125 389: 10,19,23 390:8, 10 392:8 393:25 394:4.9.21.25 395:4,8,11,16,17,20,23 396:4,6, 11 408:1 410:8,12,14 manually PI\$88:15,21 390:2,9 410:11,17,20 matter @403:41 MCI.:1391:12 McKINNEY (9) 407:7 409:23 411:17 mean (#1388:21 397:8 403:5) 405:525 407:15 merely #1411:11 might it. 389:22 393:22,23 404: mine 19384:14 minute #398:1 minutes #3409:1 morning IS 387:7 389:s,6 400: B 407:8.9 most (*1386:24) mova #! 412:6 MS (M 387: 1,2 388: 24,24 389:1. 2.4.5.10 390:3.22.24 391:1.3.4.7. 17,23 392:16,19 393:4,20 394: 11,19,24 396:12 397:5,10,11 398:2 401:19 402:18 403:20,24, 25 404:4.23 405:2,4,4,9,13,19,22 406:6 407:3,7,8 408:25 409:12, 14,23,23 410:3,5,6,6,21,24 411:2, 4,6,9,17 412:3.8 much #:400:23 MultiServ (27) 388:16,19 400:8, 7,20,23 401:4,24 402:2,6,7,9,10, 14,17,18,19,21 403:9 407:22 409;4,5,9,11,20 411:19,25

necessarily :1400:25 need (1407:21) negotjeta ./1392:5,8 395:10,11, 20 396:7 408:18 negotiated (4398:25 negotiating #: 396:22 negotiation IN398:18 negotletions (/)390:13 396:1 397:4 408:8.13 410:25 411:9 network (3.387:18,17.406;21. never #: 411:9 new 131388;1,2,6,10,14,14,398; 21 389:2,3,6,25 407:20 408:2 next (7) 390:11 392:25 384:2 mine ខា 404:9.11 411:12 nine-state 四396:23 404:5 nor 1: 388:11 nothing .11400:16 numbers @1391:12 406:5

objection #1412:8 obvious #: 390:1

occurred 11390:4 offered 21392:8 397:16 offering (*1402:10) Okay 1101380; 21 391; 6,14 393; 3, 18 394: 1,6,23 386: 2 389: 18,23 400:13 401:12 402:1,20 403:19 405:18 409:18 ance #4392:3 one (4) 393:19 394:18 399:18 403:21 opjy %(388:8 393:4 398:19 389: 4 4D1: 12 40B:3 operational IS 387:18,21 402: 11 403:3 406:20 apportunity #1403:12 order (10.389:14,18,20.390:1,9) 392:4 395:5 396:9 402:17 405: 17 406:19 409:5.16 ordered (*1393; 16 397:12,17) 409:22 orderina ia 389:24 397:23 402: 14.17 403:7 orders (\$1388;7.409:19.410:11, 17.20 OSS 124 387:40,13,18 390:44 391:23,24 392:6,8 393:16,18 385:9,10 396:21,22,24 397:13 403:45 404:833 405:45 406:17 other (12) 387;24 390;18 391;20 393:5,13,14 400:1 403:18 406: 23 440:18.17 412:3 out (1396:21 outcome II) 391:24 over (*1392:24

page Fr. 389:7 390:11.12 391:6, 7,9,17,17,22 392:15,21,25 393: 21 394:7.11.23 405:14 parties //382:5,6,10 395:10,12, 21 398:8 406:18 past i2.395:23.399:10 Pate :1403:15 Pate & III 402:4 penalty 3/369:12,13 pending #: 391:24 people i² 403:1,6 per (*1399:15 period (*1408: 1 permitted (1387:14 person :1403:17 personal (21396:7.12) pian (*1409:40 please 1/1387:5 point # 398:20 397:2:19 400: points #412:1 position .19390:14 397:3 399: 7,23 410:23,25 411:3,6,8,11 practice (4) 407:12,23 408:19, prefer P. 410;19. prefiled #1405;7 premise #397:3 prepared "1387:2" pretty #. 390:1 previous :11397:11 price in 409;6,20 411:20 412:1,

prices (*) 409:11 prior @1397:22 408:4 problem #:393:11 problems # 409:2 proceeding (#1387:9,19 390: 18 391;25 395;21 396;8 process (*1389:14,20 390:1 403:13 410:11,17 411:1 processed #5390:9 processing IX 389:17 394:4, 21 395:16.23 product (2) 400:23 402:10 proffered : 1395:24 proffering #1395:14 propose (#1389:11 391:16 394: proposed № 387:18 394:19 397:6,12 404:5,8,13,16 405:15 oroposing P: 397:10 provide 21368:18 409:5 providing >1387:15.20 provision @398:4,9,11.19 399: provisioned #: 400:18 provisioning 21402:21 403:7 purchase 12401:13 406:25 purchased if 408:3 purchasing :11406:23

question (*4 389:0 392:13 394: 2,17 399:8 403:11,21 405:7,20 407:23 409:21 410:9 411:3,17 guestions (4409:1,24 412:4)

rate (12) 392: 1 393:18 395:12

raised !:1397:21

396:8 397:16,17,17,22,23 404: 21 408:2,4 Vates 192 387:10,18,19,21,22 388:19 391:24 392:1,8,8,10 393: 16,22,395:10,396:21,22,24,397: 1,10,13,14,15 404:4,8,13,15,23 405:10.15,24 408:10 411:5 rationale #1408:24 repliatio P 407:25 really 34402:18 403:11 404:18 reason #1393:19 reasonabie № 409:4,21 411:18, reasons (1) 394:15 rebuttal 7/387:7 389:8 391:9 402:5 405:8,12 407:10 recal! III 404:3 received #1412:10 recently #5403:25 recognized (2) 385:6 396:10 recommend :1 389:11 record P. 412:9 recover (9)387:13:14:19 recovered :11 396:11 Radirect #410;2.4 reduced #1409;5,20 411:20 412:1 refer :1403:14

reference 21391:8406:16

referenced (1390:17 raferences 18 391:11 395:4 referring #1394:10 regard 🗈 199:9 region 14 393: 15 396:23 404:5 rejected # 396:12 related (1410:8 relates #1390:14 relatively 11393:24 remedy [m] 395:20,25 399:11, 14 400:1,4,17 401:13,17 409:2 repeat (1394:17 replaced (9.388:17.400:8,20) Report #1408:19 represented 12391:17 395:15 require #1390:25 required HI 388; 11,11,16 392;5 resale to 387; 10,22,24 388;2,9, 10,14 399;2,16 407:1 reself (12) 386:1,12,13 396:17,21 399:5,13,24 400:6,20 406:24 407:2 409:4 resaller # 389:18 rasellers #. 406:22 response 19 392:20 393:1 397: 5,20 ratali #1402:14 Ripper #3400:7 401:2 RNS 🖾 402:22 403:13. rula ::1393:17 rum (2) 407:13,24 running #1407:15

same II. 391:15 saying 191389:8 392:7 400:18, 19 411;7 says III 392:3 sconario III400:3 Second #1399:14 see (4) 393:4 396:3,4 408:12 seemed 01411:4 seems 1/, 402:7,13 sell #/399:2 sent (4392:19,25 383:4,5 September # 392:22 396:12 397:5.20 sequence *1412:13 service PN 387:11,25 388:1,5, 12.13.16.17.19 396:9.11.25 399: 6,13,25 400:5,9,12,20 401:5,7,13, testified [4 400:6 401:3,8 405: 14,15,21 402:17 406:24 407:12, 13,15,21,24 408:2,4,21 409:11 561VIC44 12 388:9,9 407:2 setting #:401:7 6hort #:393;24 sir ::1402;23 situation #390:4,7 388:20 398:11 410:12 situations ill 410:16 sjjghtly 19 404:21 solution @408:20 409:3 411: 60/fy |#/392:24 394:10,14,17 401:23,25 404:7 407:14 sort @393:7 397:6

speaking #1408:25

60411:13 apacific 1411:13

specifically (XI 395:3 409:15 Spant (1410:22 sponsoring .1405:10 Staff (1) 407:5 **stage** (1) 409:16 started #: 397:2 State 区 391:19 385:3 state-specific © 404:19 406:8 stated 21398:7 398:25 406:6 states I/2 368;5 380;20 391;21 393;6,13,15,16,21,404;8,11,22 411:12 Still P1395;14 402:25 403:5 study (11404:9) subject *! 397:1,11,15 aubmit (1410:20 submitted (1411:5 substantially @1404:24 405: suggested (4) 394:7 398:18 405:24 408:1 summary #1387;2 388;22 407; support #1387:16,21 402:11 403:3 408:20 supposed [1395:23] switch ::: 397:25 system (4389:17 402:11 410: 10,13,18,18 systems @387:46,21 396:1.9 402:24 403:3 404:11 406:20

table # 382:2 talks (#394:25 tariff in 388:4,5 399:5,18 407: 11,17 408:7,17 tariffed (1388:19 TÇÇ :400:23. TCCF [29] 387:12,20,25 388:13, 18 380:13 392;7,11 393:8 397; 18 398; 3,16,21 399; 5,9,12,18,24 400:2,6,14,16,19 401:13,24 409: 3,6,8,20 TCCF's [4] 387;22 393:25 399: 20 408:2 team K 398:6.10 tendered #1403;22 term ©I399:22 409:8.10

terms 🕅 394:25 411:2,18 testify P1401:2 testimony 134 387:3,8 368:21 389:8 390:11,22 391:1,7,9,23 392:16,20 394:24 395:13 399: 20 400:13 401:11,12 404:1,3,4, 12 405:8,12 408:2,3,12 407:10, 19 410:22 411:7 there's ≅I392:1 395:3 400:16 408:12 410:8

therefore PJ 390:18 392:5 397: they've if 398;18 though 11, 395:17

three 🖾 388:23 396:4 today IS 381:18 392:17 395:13 396:22 401:4

top://391:7 Transcript II. 412:13 tried [1398:8 true 19 389:16 393:14 397:17 405:1.23 **1746-**44p Rt 3**97:**1,11.15 trvina 🗵 398:3 408:12 turn (7) 391:6 394:6 two 121399:10,15 type 21409:8411:23

unbundled (387:15,17 406: under 17:387:13:388:2:398:17, 21 400:2 407:1 409:10 understand > 0389:9391:14, 22 392:12 387:19 399:7,23 406: 1 407:14 411:5 understanding 12 410:24 411;

u

UNE (11406: 18 UNEs @ 406:23,25 unfortunately #: 390:24 until #397:43 unwilling 🗇 383:20 **пр № 392% 393:7 397:17 401:**7. using [1401:7

ver6US (1406:10) View #400:2 401:16 violation :: 1399:4 Volume 🗷 409:8,10 412:14

walver::1408:8 way it. 398:19 week II: 390:4 Weich #8391:17 392:19 393:4 394:19 397:10 410:24 411:2,9 Weich's 1141365:10 390:3,22 391:1,7,23 392:16 393:20 394; 11,24 396:12 397:5,11 411:6 Whatever P1392:10 whatsoever (1) 398:3 whather III 398:8 whole (4) 396;22 400:2 will ≈ 389:18 392:10 402:6 403: 6 404:20 412:6 within (4) 393; 15 \$96:23. without #412:9 WITNESS 1101401:23 402:9,23 403:2,14,15,18,22 405:6,9 word 🗵 395:17 396:2,4 words |2 393:5 408:24 work 21405:17 works #1402:14,19 Worrled N 383:21

Vear (1 396:23 years (2) 399; 10,16