

444 Appleyard Drive · Tallaha 1999 SEP 200 MH: 28. 32304-2895

FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

DIVISION OF ADMINISTRATION

September 17, 1999

Florida Public Service Commission Division of Records and Reporting 2540 Shumard Oak Boulevard Tallahassee, FL 32399

991413-TX

Enclosed please find a completed application form for Authority to provide Alternative Local Exchange Service. Since Tallahassee Community College is considered a political subdivision of the State of Florida, it was difficult to properly address some of the questions contained in the application. I would be most appreciative if you would contact me in the event there are questions about the application.

My telephone number is 922-8129 and email maryansl@mail.tallahassee.cc.fl.us

Thank you for your assistance.

Sincerely,

Hy manproke

Liz Maryanski

Enclosure

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DOCUMENT NUMBER-DATE 11273 SEP 20 8 TPS: RECORDS/REFORTING

** FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION ** DIVISION OF TELECOMMUNICATIONS BUREAU OF CERTIFICATION AND SERVICE EVALUA	DRIGINA
<u>APPLICATION FORM</u> for <u>AUTHORITY TO PROVIDE</u> <u>ALTERNATIVE LOCAL EXCHANGE SERVICE</u> <u>WITHIN THE STATE OF FLORIDA</u>	991413-JX

Instructions

- This form is used as an application for an original certificate and for approval of the assignment or transfer of an existing certificate. In the case of an assignment or transfer, the information provided shall be for the assignee or transferee (See Appendix A).
- Print or type all responses to each item requested in the application and appendices. If an item is not applicable, please explain why.
- Use a separate sheet for each answer which will not fit the allotted space.
- Once completed, submit the original and six (6) copies of this form along with a non-refundable application fee of <u>\$250.00</u> to:

Florida Public Service Commission Division of Records and Reporting 2540 Shumard Oak Blvd. Tallahassee, Florida 32399-0850 (850) 413-6770

If you have questions about completing the form, contact:

Florida Public Service Commission Division of Telecommunications Bureau of Certification and Service Evaluation 2540 Shumard Oak Blvd. Tallahassee, Florida 32399-0850 (850) 413-6600

DOCUMENT NUMBER-DATE

FORM PSC/CMU 8 (11/95) Required by Commission Rule Nos. 25-24.805, 25-24.810, and 25-24.815

APPLICATION

- 1. This is an application for $\sqrt{}$ (check one):
 - (X) Original certificate (new company).
 - Approval of transfer of existing certificate: <u>Example</u>, a non-certificated company purchases an existing company and desires to retain the original certificate of authority.
 - () Approval of assignment of existing certificate: <u>Example</u>, a certificated company purchases an existing company and desires to retain the certificate of authority of that company.
 - () Approval of transfer of control: <u>Example</u>, a company purchases 51% of a certificated company. The Commission must approve the new controlling entity.
- 2. Name of company:

District Board of Trustees, Tallahassee Community College, Florida

3. Name under which the applicant will do business (fictitious name, etc.):

Tallahassee Community College

4. Official mailing address (including street name & number, post office box, city, state, zip code):

444 Appleyard Drive

Tallahassee, FL 32304-2895

5. Florida address (including street name & number, post office box, city, state, zip code):

Tallahassee Community College

444 Appleyard Drive Tallahassee, FL 32304-2895

FORM PSC/CMU 8 (11/95) Required by Commission Rule Nos. 25-24.805, 25-24.810, and 25-24.815 Page 2 of 12

Structure	of organization:
() Fore () Ger	vidual () Corporation eign Corporation () Foreign Partnership neral Partnership () Limited Partnership er <u>Public Education Institution</u>
<u>If individ</u>	ual, provide:
Name:N	/A, Not an individual
Title:	
Address:	·
City/State	e/Zip:
Telephor	ne No.: Fax No.:
Internet E	E-Mail Address:
Internet V	Vebsite Address:
<u>lf incorpo</u>	prated in Florida, provide proof of authority to operate in Florida:
(a)	The Florida Secretary of State corporate registration number:
	N/A, Not incorporated

9. If foreign corporation, provide proof of authority to operate in Florida:

(a) The Florida Secretary of State corporate registration number:

N/A, Not a foreign corporation

- 10. <u>If using fictitious name-d/b/a</u>, provide proof of compliance with fictitious name statute (Chapter 865.09, FS) to operate in Florida:
 - (a) The Florida Secretary of State fictitious name registration number:

FORM PSC/CMU 8 (11/95) Required by Commission Rule Nos. 25-24.805, 25-24.810, and 25-24.815 Page 3 of 12

11. If a limited liability partnership, provide proof of registration to operate in Florida:

(a) The Florida Secretary of State registration number:

N/A, Not a limited partnership

12. If a partnership, provide name, title and address of all partners and a copy of the partnership agreement.

	Name:N/A, Not a partnership
	Title:
	Address:
	City/State/Zip:
	Telephone No.: Fax No.:
	Internet E-Mail Address:
	Internet Website Address:
13.	If a foreign limited partnership, provide proof of compliance with the foreign limited partnership statute (Chapter 620.169, FS), if applicable.
	(a) The Florida registration number: N/A, Not a foreign partnership
14.	Provide <u>F.E.I. Number</u> (if applicable): ⁵⁹⁻¹¹⁴¹²⁷⁰
15.	Indicate if any of the officers, directors, or any of the ten largest stockholders have previously been:

(a) adjudged bankrupt, mentally incompetent, or found guilty of any felony or of any crime, or whether such actions may result from pending proceedings. <u>Provide</u> <u>explanation</u>.

N/A, No stockholders

(b) an officer, director, partner or stockholder in any other Florida certificated telephone company. If yes, give name of company and relationship. If no longer associated with company, give reason why not.

N/A, Not a corporation

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	Mr. Ed Wilson
Title:	Asst. Communications & Services Manager
Addres	s:444 Appleyard Drive
City/Sta	te/Zip:Tallahassee, Florida32304-2895
Telepho	one No.: (850) 922-8230 Fax No.: (850) 414-7750
Internet	E-Mail Address: wilsone@mail.tallahassee.cc.fl.us
nternet	Website Address:
(b) Off	icial point of contact for the ongoing operations of the company:
. ,	icial point of contact for the ongoing operations of the company: Mrs. Liz Maryanski
Name:	Mrs. Liz Maryanski
Name: Title: ^V	Mrs. Liz Maryanski Vice President for Administrative Services
Name: Title: ^V Address	Mrs. Liz Maryanski

FORM PSC/CMU 8 (11/95) Required by Commission Rule Nos. 25-24.805, 25-24.810, and 25-24.815 Page 5 of 12 Internet Website Address: www.tallahassee.cc.fl.us

(c) Complaints/Inquiries from customers:

Name: Ed Wilson

Title: Asst. Communications & Services Manager

Address: 444 Appleyard Drive

City/State/Zip: Tallahassee, Florida 32304-2895

Telephone No.: (850) 922-8230 Fax No.: (850) 414-7750

Internet E-Mail Address: wilsone@mail.tallahassee.cc.fl.us

Internet Website Address: www.tallahassee.cc.fl.us

17. List the states in which the applicant:

(a) has operated as an alternative local exchange company.

N/A, Application for original license

(b) has applications pending to be certificated as an alternative local exchange company.

N/A, No pending applications

(c) is certificated to operate as an alternative local exchange company.

N/A, Application for original license

(d) has been denied authority to operate as an alternative local exchange company and the circumstances involved.

(e) has had regulatory penalties imposed for violations of telecommunications statutes and the circumstances involved.

N/A, No violations

(f) has been involved in civil court proceedings with an interexchange carrier, local exchange company or other telecommunications entity, and the circumstances involved.

N/A, No litigation past or present

18. Submit the following:

1

A. Financial capability.

The application **should contain** the applicant's audited financial statements for the most recent 3 years. If the applicant does not have audited financial statements, it shall so be stated.

The unaudited financial statements should be signed by the applicant's chief executive officer and chief financial officer <u>affirming that the financial statements</u> are true and correct and should include:

- 1. the balance sheet:
- 2. income statement: and
- 3. statement of retained earnings.

NOTE: This documentation may include, but is not limited to, financial statements, a projected profit and loss statement, credit references, credit bureau reports, and descriptions of business relationships with financial institutions.

Further, the following (which includes supporting documentation) should be provided:

- 1. <u>written explanation</u> that the applicant has sufficient financial capability to provide the requested service in the geographic area proposed to be served.
- 2. <u>written explanation</u> that the applicant has sufficient financial capability to maintain the requested service.
- 3. <u>written explanation</u> that the applicant has sufficient financial capability to meet its lease or ownership obligations.
- B. Managerial capability: give resumes of employees/officers of the company that would indicate sufficient managerial experiences of each.
- C. Technical capability: give resumes of employees/officers of the company that would indicate sufficient technical experiences or indicate what company has been contracted to conduct technical maintenance.

1

** APPLICANT ACKNOWLEDGMENT STATEMENT **

- 1. **REGULATORY ASSESSMENT FEE:** I understand that all telephone companies must pay a regulatory assessment fee in the amount of <u>.15 of one percent</u> of gross operating revenue derived from intrastate business. Regardless of the gross operating revenue of a company, a minimum annual assessment fee of \$50 is required.
- 2. GROSS RECEIPTS TAX: I understand that all telephone companies must pay a gross receipts tax of two and one-half percent on all intra and interstate business.
- 3. SALES TAX: I understand that a seven percent sales tax must be paid on intra and interstate revenues.
- 4. **APPLICATION FEE:** I understand that a non-refundable application fee of \$250.00 must be submitted with the application.

UTILITY	OFFICIAL: Lu Margand	9/7/99
Signature	in the server	Date
Vice	President for Administrative Services	(850) 922-8129
Title		Telephone No.
Address:	444 Appleyard Drive	(850) 922-0186
<u> </u>	Tallahassee, Florida 32304-2895	Fax No.

ATTACHMENTS:

1 2

- A CERTIFICATE SALE, TRANSFER, OR ASSIGNMENT STATEMENT
- B INTRASTATE NETWORK
- C AFFIDAVIT

** APPENDIX A **

CERTIFICATE SALE, TRANSFER, OR ASSIGNMENT STATEMENT

1 a 1 a

I, (Name)	,
, (Title)	of (Name of Company)
and current holder of Florida Public Service Commission	
a:	
() sale	
() transfer	
() assignment	
of the above-mentioned certificate.	
UTILITY OFFICIAL:	
Signature	Date
Title	Telephone No.
Address:	Fax No.

** APPENDIX B **

INTRASTATE NETWORK (if available)

Chapter 25-24.825 (5), Florida Administrative Code, requires the company to make available to staff the alternative local exchange service areas only upon request.

1.1

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1. POP: Addresses where located, and indicate if owned or leased.

2)	<u></u>
4)	

2. SWITCHES: Address where located, by type of switch, and indicate if owned or leased.

1) ^{N/A}	2)
3)	4)

3. **TRANSMISSION FACILITIES:** POP-to-POP facilities by type of facilities (microwave, fiber, copper, satellite, etc.) and indicate if owned or leased.

POP-to-POP	OWNERSHIP
1) N/A	
2)	<u></u>
3)	
4)	<u></u>

FORM PSC/CMU 8 (11/95) Required by Commission Rule Nos. 25-24.805, 25-24.810, and 25-24.815 Page 11 of 12

** APPENDIX C **

AFFIDAVIT

By my signature below, I, the undersigned officer, attest to the accuracy of the information contained in this application and attached documents and that the applicant has the technical expertise, managerial ability, and financial capability to provide alternative local exchange company service in the State of Florida. I have read the foregoing and declare that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, the information is true and correct. I attest that I have the authority to sign on behalf of my company and agree to comply, now and in the future, with all applicable Commission rules and orders.

Further, I am aware that, pursuant to Chapter 837.06, Florida Statutes, "Whoever knowingly makes a false statement in writing with the intent to mislead a public servant in the performance of his official duty shall be guilty of a misdemeanor of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 and s. 775.083."

Signature	Date
Vice President for Administrative Services	(850) 922-8129
Title 444 Appleyard Drive	Telephone No . (850) 922~0186
Address:	
Tallahassee, Florida 32304-2895	Fax NO.

991413-TX Report No. 13393

STATE OF FLORIDA AUDITOR GENERAL



REPORT ON AUDIT OF THE

GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

OF THE

STATE OF FLORIDA

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1998

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STATE OF FLORIDA AUDITOR GENERAL

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REPORT ON AUDIT OF THE

GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

OF THE

STATE OF FLORIDA

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1998

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GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF THE STATE OF FLORIDA

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STATE OF FLORIDA

AUDITOR GENERAL

TALLAHASSEE

CHARLES L. LESTER, CPA AUDITOR GENERAL

February 17, 1999

The President of the Senate, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, and the Legislative Auditing Committee

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 11.45, Florida Statutes, I have directed that an audit be made of the

GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

OF THE

STATE OF FLORIDA

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 1998,

and present this report thereon.

INTRODUCTION

Financial and operational audits are made by the Auditor General as part of the Legislature's oversight responsibilities for operations of the State of Florida. Where appropriate, these audits are structured to include the reporting and auditing requirements for Federal awards.

The Single Audit Act Amendments of 1996 (Public Law 104-156) requires states, local governments, and nonprofit organizations to obtain "Single Audits" conducted in accordance with the provisions of the Single Audit Act Amendments of 1996 and the United States Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular No. A-133.

Florida has elected to conduct its Single Audit in two phases: (1) an audit of the State of Florida's general purpose financial statements and a determination of the extent of management compliance with laws, administrative rules, regulations, contracts, and grants noncompliance with which could have a material effect on the State's general purpose financial statements and (2) an audit of the State of Florida's management of its Federal awards. This report presents the results of the first phase of our Single Audit of the State of Florida for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1998, and includes the following reports, applicable to our audit of the general purpose financial statements, required by the Single Audit Act Amendments of 1996 and OMB Circular No. A-133:

- -- Independent Auditor's Report on General Purpose Financial Statements.
- -- Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance and on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting Based on an Audit of General Purpose Financial Statements performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*.

OBJECTIVES

The objectives of our audit included determinations as to: (1) whether the general purpose financial statements of the State of Florida present fairly, in all material respects, its financial position as of June 30, 1998, and the results of its operations, and the cash flows of its proprietary fund types, nonexpendable trust fund, and discretely presented component units for the fiscal year then ended in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles and (2) whether the State of Florida complied with those provisions of laws, administrative rules, regulations, contracts, and grants noncompliance with which could have a material effect on the State's general purpose financial statements.

The scope of our audit extended to an examination of the general purpose financial statements of the State of Florida reporting entity as defined in note 1 to the financial statements; however, we did not examine the accounts and records of the Legislature, the Florida Department of the Lottery, the Florida Housing Finance Agency, or the discretely presented component units (other than the State's community colleges). The financial statements of these entities are examined by other auditors.

-2-

METHODOLOGY

Our audit was made in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; the Single Audit Act Amendments of 1996; and the provisions of OMB Circular No. A-133.

OTHER REQUIRED EXHIBITS AND REPORTS

OMB Circular No. A-133 requires that states, local governments, and nonprofit organizations prepare and present for audit a schedule of expenditures of Federal awards and that the auditor report on the fairness of schedule presentation, as well as on the audited entity's systems of internal control and compliance with laws and regulations governing the administration of major Federal programs. In accordance with our dual-phase Single Audit of the State of Florida, the schedule of expenditures of Federal awards will be published subsequently, as will the additional auditor report required by the provisions of OMB Circular No. A-133.

AVAILABILITY OF COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

Detailed financial information is available in the State of Florida Comprehensive Annual Financial Report published by the State Comptroller.

SUMMARY OF FINDINGS

The following provides a summary of the findings of our audit, including the reports of other auditors, of the general purpose financial statements of the State of Florida:

- We found that the State of Florida's general purpose financial statements presented fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the State of Florida as of June 30, 1998, and the results of its operations, and the cash flows of its proprietary fund types, nonexpendable trust fund, and discretely presented component units for the fiscal year then ended; except for the effects of such adjustments, if any, as might have been determined to be necessary had we been able to examine evidence regarding the year 2000 disclosures and adequate documentation regarding the amount reported for land in the General Fixed Assets Account Group. (Refer herein to our Report on the General Purpose Financial Statements for additional information, pages 7 through 9.)
- The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*. (Refer herein to our Report on Compliance and on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting Based on an Audit of General Purpose Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* for additional information, pages 11 through 13.)
- We noted the following matters involving the State's internal control over financial reporting and its operation: (Refer herein to our Report on Compliance and on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting Based on an Audit of General Purpose Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* for additional information, pages 11 through 13.)
 - -- *Material Weakness* Records of the Board of Trustees of the Internal Improvement Trust Fund were not adequate to document the ownership and valuation of a substantial portion of land reported in the General Fixed Assets Account Group at June 30, 1998.

-- Other *Matters* - Other matters involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operations which do not constitute reportable conditions or material weaknesses in relation to the general purpose financial statements are routinely reported in separate reports. Matters of lesser significance are discussed with the management of the organizational units during the course of the various audits.

Respectfully submitted,

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Charles L. Lester, CPA Auditor General

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STATE OF FLORIDA

AUDITOR GENERAL

TALLAHASSEE

CHARLES L. LESTER, CPA AUDITOR GENERAL

February 17, 1999

The President of the Senate, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, and the Legislative Auditing Committee

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

We have audited the accompanying general purpose financial statements of the State of Florida, as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1998, as listed in the table of contents. These general purpose financial statements are the responsibility of the State's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these general purpose financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the Legislature constituting approximately 1 percent of assets and revenues of the General Fund; the Florida Department of the Lottery constituting approximately 45.4 percent and 82.6 percent of the assets and revenues, respectively, of the Enterprise Funds; and the Florida Housing Finance Agency constituting approximately 1.9 percent of the revenues of the Enterprise Funds; nor did we audit the discretely presented component units (other than the State's community colleges, comprising approximately 92 percent and 95.7 percent of the assets and revenues, respectively, of the discretely presented community colleges component unit columns) as described in note 1 to the general purpose financial statements. Those financial statements were audited by other auditors whose reports thereon have been furnished to us and our opinion on the general purpose financial statements, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for these entities, is based solely upon the reports of the other auditors.

Except as discussed in the following paragraphs, we conducted our audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards

require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the general purpose financial statements are free of material misstatement. The financial statements of a material portion of the discretely presented component units (other than the State's community colleges) were not required to be audited in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the general purpose financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall general purpose financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit and the reports of other auditors provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

Governmental Accounting Standards Board Technical Bulletin 98-1, *Disclosures about Year 2000 Issues*, requires disclosure of certain matters regarding the year 2000 issue. The State of Florida has included such disclosures in Notes 8.B. and 25.m. Because of the unprecedented nature of the year 2000 issue, its effects and the success of related remediation efforts will not be fully determinable until the year 2000 and thereafter. Accordingly, insufficient audit evidence exists to support the State of Florida's disclosures with respect to the year 2000 issue made in Notes 8.B. and 25.m. Further, we do not provide assurance that the State of Florida is or will be year 2000 ready, that the State of Florida's year 2000 remediation efforts will be successful in whole or in part, or that parties with which the State of Florida does business will be year 2000 ready.

Records of the Board of Trustees of the Internal Improvement Trust Fund were not adequate to document the ownership and valuation of a substantial portion of land, which is stated at \$2.317 billion and constitutes 35.4 percent of the total value of general fixed assets reported in the General Fixed Assets Account Group at June 30, 1998. As a result, it was not practicable in the circumstances for us to determine whether the amount reported for land in the General Fixed Assets Account Group is fairly presented.

In our opinion, except for the effects of such adjustments, if any, as might have been determined to be necessary had we been able to examine evidence regarding the year 2000 disclosures and adequate documentation regarding the amount reported for land in the General Fixed Assets Account Group, based on our audit and the reports of other auditors, the general purpose financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the State of Florida as

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of June 30, 1998, and the results of its operations, and the cash flows of its proprietary fund types, nonexpendable trust fund, and discretely presented component units for the fiscal year then ended in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles.

As discussed in note 1 to the general purpose financial statements, in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles, the State of Florida implemented GASB Statement No. 31, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools, and GASB Statement No. 32, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans. As a result of the implementation of GASB Statement No. 31, the most significant changes to the general purpose financial statements include the reporting of a majority of investments at fair value, the reporting of the respective changes in the fair value of those investments as an element of investment income, and the reporting of external investment pool activity in the new Investment Trust Funds (Fiduciary funds). Also, as required by GASB Statement No. 32, the State's Internal Revenue Code Section 457 deferred compensation plan has been reported as an expendable trust fund.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated February 17, 1999, on our consideration of the State of Florida's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, administrative rules, regulations, contracts, and grants.

Respectfully submitted,

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Charles L. Lester, CPA Auditor General

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STATE OF FLORIDA

AUDITOR GENERAL

TALLAHASSEE

CHARLES L. LESTER, CPA AUDITOR GENERAL

February 17, 1999

The President of the Senate, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, and the Legislative Auditing Committee

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING BASED ON AN AUDIT OF GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

We have audited the general purpose financial statements of the State of Florida, as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1998, and have issued our report thereon dated February 17, 1999, which was qualified because insufficient audit evidence exists to support the State of Florida's disclosures with respect to the year 2000 issue and because of the inadequacy of records to document the ownership and valuation of a substantial portion of land reported in the General Fixed Assets Account Group. Our report on the general purpose financial statements also included disclosures regarding our reference to the reports of other auditors.

Except as discussed above, we conducted our audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. The financial statements of a material portion of the discretely presented component units (other than the State's community colleges) were not required to be audited in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and, accordingly, this report does not extend to those component units. Matters relating to the State of Florida's administration of Federal awards are to be reported in a subsequent auditor report.

Compliance. As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the State of Florida's general purpose financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, administrative rules, regulations, contracts, and grants, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of general purpose financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported herein under *Government Auditing Standards*. Matters of lesser significance are routinely reported and/or discussed with the management of the organizational units during the course of various audits.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the State of Florida's internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the general purpose financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control over financial reporting. However, we noted certain matters involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider to be reportable conditions. Reportable conditions involve matters coming to our attention relating to significant deficiencies in the design or operation of the internal control over financial reporting that, in our judgment, could adversely affect the State of Florida's ability to record, process, summarize, and report financial data consistent with the assertions of management in the general purpose financial statements. We noted the following reportable condition:

• Records of the Board of Trustees of the Internal Improvement Trust Fund were not adequate to document the ownership and valuation of a substantial portion of land reported in the General Fixed Assets Account Group at June 30, 1998. This matter is discussed in, and the auditee's responses are included in, audit report No. 12451, titled *Operational Compliance Audit of the Administration of State-Owned Lands by the Florida Department of Environmental Protection and Other State Agencies*.

A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements in amounts that would be material in relation to the general purpose financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their

assigned functions. Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control that might be reportable conditions and, accordingly, would not necessarily disclose all reportable conditions that are also considered to be material weaknesses. However, we believe that the reportable condition described above related to the absence of records supporting the existence and valuation of a substantial portion of land reported in the State's General Fixed Assets Account Group at June 30, 1998, is a material weakness.

We also noted other matters involving the State's internal control over financial reporting and its operation which do not constitute reportable conditions as described above. These, and other matters of lesser significance, are routinely reported in separate reports and/or discussed with the management of the organizational units during the course of the various audits.

This report is intended for the information of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, applicable management, and Federal and other awarding agencies. Copies of this report are available pursuant to Section 11.45(7), Florida Statutes, and its distribution is not limited.

Respectfully submitted,

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Charles L. Lester, CPA Auditor General

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GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

OF THE

STATE OF FLORIDA

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1998

EXHIBIT - A

STATE OF FLORIDA COMBINED BALANCE SHEET -- ALL FUND TYPES, ACCOUNT GROUPS, AND DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNITS JUNE 30, 1998 (in thousands)

ASSETS AND OTHER DEBITS Cash and cash equivalents Pooled investments with State Treasury (Note 3) Investments (Note 3) Receivables, net (Note 4) Due from other funds (Note 14) Due from component units/primary Advances to other funds (Note 14) Advances to Component Units Inventories Loans and notes receivable, net (Note 4) Restricted cash and cash equivalents (Note 10) Restricted investments (Note 10)	General \$ 5,527 2,661,396 1,288,527 246,860 95 16,367 24,827 21,537 4,286	Special <u>Revenue</u> \$ 11,371 6,003,442 126,694 1,616,786 695,105 239,913 114,022 179,744	Capital <u>Projects</u> \$ 21,630 21,630 21,930 	Debt <u>Service</u> \$ 6,627 287,125 3,561 2,647	Enterprise \$ 28,662 335,485 3,295,021 28,897 56,302 340	154,592 44,522 17,047 18,348
Cash and cash equivalents Pooled investments with State Treasury (Note 3) Investments (Note 3) Receivables, net (Note 4) Due from other funds (Note 14) Due from component units/primary Advances to other funds (Note 14) Advances to Component Units Inventories Loans and notes receivable, net (Note 4) Restricted cash and cash equivalents (Note 10) Restricted investments (Note 10)	2,661,396 1,288,527 246,860 95 16,367 24,827 21,537	6,003,442 126,694 1,616,786 695,105 239,913 114,022	21,630 206 153,466 21,930	287,125 3,561 2,647	335,485 3,295,021 28,897 56,302 340	154,592 44,522 17,047 18,348
Pooled investments with State Treasury (Note 3) Investments (Note 3) Receivables, net (Note 4) Due from other funds (Note 14) Due from component units/primary Advances to other funds (Note 14) Advances to Component Units Inventories Loans and notes receivable, net (Note 4) Restricted cash and cash equivalents (Note 10) Restricted investments (Note 10)	2,661,396 1,288,527 246,860 95 16,367 24,827 21,537	6,003,442 126,694 1,616,786 695,105 239,913 114,022	21,630 206 153,466 21,930	287,125 3,561 2,647	335,485 3,295,021 28,897 56,302 340	154,592 44,522 17,047 18,348
Pooled investments with State Treasury (Note 3) Investments (Note 3) Receivables, net (Note 4) Due from other funds (Note 14) Due from component units/primary Advances to other funds (Note 14) Advances to Component Units Inventories Loans and notes receivable, net (Note 4) Restricted cash and cash equivalents (Note 10) Restricted investments (Note 10)	2,661,396 1,288,527 246,860 95 16,367 24,827 21,537	6,003,442 126,694 1,616,786 695,105 239,913 114,022	21,630 206 153,466 21,930	287,125 3,561 2,647 	3,295,021 28,897 56,302 340	44,522 17,047 18,348
Investments (Note 3) Receivables, net (Note 4) Due from other funds (Note 14) Due from component units/primary Advances to other funds (Note 14) Advances to Component Units Inventories Loans and notes receivable, net (Note 4) Restricted cash and cash equivalents (Note 10) Restricted investments (Note 10)	1,288,527 246,860 95 16,367 24,827 21,537	126,694 1,616,786 695,105 239,913 114,022	206 153,466 21,930	287,125 3,561 2,647 	28,897 56,302 340	17,047 18,348
Receivables, net (Note 4) Due from other funds (Note 14) Due from component units/primary Advances to other funds (Note 14) Advances to Component Units Inventories Loans and notes receivable, net (Note 4) Restricted cash and cash equivalents (Note 10) Restricted investments (Note 10)	1,288,527 246,860 95 16,367 24,827 21,537	1,616,786 695,105 239,913 114,022	206 153,466 21,930	2,647	56,302 340	18,348
Due from other funds (Note 14) Due from component units/primary Advances to other funds (Note 14) Advances to Component Units Inventories Loans and notes receivable, net (Note 4) Restricted cash and cash equivalents (Note 10) Restricted investments (Note 10)	246,860 95 16,367 24,827 21,537	695,105 239,913 114,022	153,466 21,930	2,647	56,302 340	18,348
Due from component units/primary Advances to other funds (Note 14) Advances to Component Units Inventories Loans and notes receivable, net (Note 4) Restricted cash and cash equivalents (Note 10) Restricted investments (Note 10)	95 16,367 24,827 21,537	239,913 114,022	21,930		340	
Advances to other funds (Note 14) Advances to Component Units Inventories Loans and notes receivable, net (Note 4) Restricted cash and cash equivalents (Note 10) Restricted investments (Note 10)	16,367 24,827 21,537	114,022	21,930			42
Advances to Component Units Inventories Loans and notes receivable, net (Note 4) Restricted cash and cash equivalents (Note 10) Restricted investments (Note 10)	24,827 21,537				67,962	
Inventories Loans and notes receivable, net (Note 4) Restricted cash and cash equivalents (Note 10) Restricted investments (Note 10)	21,537					
Loans and notes receivable, net (Note 4) Restricted cash and cash equivalents (Note 10) Restricted investments (Note 10)		110,144			3,344	529
Restricted cash and cash equivalents (Note 10) Restricted investments (Note 10)	4,200	719,267			7	
Restricted investments (Note 10)			•••••	•••••	, 395,333	
• •	•••••	•••••		•••••		
					73,489	
Deferred fiscal charges and other assets	261	992			17,255	235
Land			•••••	•••••	512,129	
Buildings and improvements					2,129,085	659,775
Furniture and equipment					48,853	231,743
Construction in progress	•••••				584,561	10,273
Accumulated depreciation					(75,525)	(277,598)
Amount available in debt service fund						
Amount to be provided						
TOTAL ASSETS AND OTHER DEBITS	\$ 4,269,683	\$ 9,707,336	\$ 1 97,232	\$ 299,960	\$ 7,501,200	\$ 876,150
Liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 438,812	\$ 1,679,054	\$ 14,899	\$ 501	\$ 2,091,561	\$ 666.752
Due to other funds (Note 14)	347,078	941,967	923	• ••••	73,151	27,974
Due to component units/primary	15,700	189,137	10		273	
Advances from other funds (Note 14)		30,120			184,398	2.003
Bonds payable (Note 9)		00,120			1,714,247	320,023
Certificates of participation payable	••••••					48,543
		*****				98,717
Notes and leases payable (Note 11) Deferred revenues	•	414.724			4,194	4,173
	******				28,853	
Payable from restricted assets (Note 10)	 6.616	 6 E 4 9			4,186	10,184
Compensated absences	6,616	6,548	4 4 9 5		1,094,844	8,162
Obligations under security lending agreements	146,635 1	315,379 562	1,135 1	1,386	8,878	29
Other liabilities						
Total Liabilities	954,842	3,577,491	16,968	1,887	5,204,585	1,186,560
Fund Equity and Other Credits:						
Contributed capital					160,297	1,713
Investment in fixed assets						
Retained Earnings:						
Reserved					446,562	
Unreserved					1,689,756	(312,123)
Fund Balances:						
Reserved (Note 24)	766,070	2,725,553	56,096	298,073		
Unreserved	2,548,771	3,404,292	124,168			
Total Fund Equity and Other Credits	3,314,841	6,129,845	180,264	298,073	2,296,615	(310,410)
TOTAL LIABILITIES, EQUITY AND OTHER CREDITS	\$ 4,269,683	\$ 9,707,336	\$ 197 232	\$ 299 960	\$ 7,501,200	\$ 876.150

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The accompanying notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

EXHIBIT - A

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Fiduciary Trust and	General	nt Groups General	State University		'otal Government	Compor	ent Units	R	Total eporting Entity
	- Fixed	Long-Term	System	-	ndum Only)	Community		-	morandum Only
Agency	Assets	Debt	Fund Types		<u>6/30/97</u>	Colleges		1	6/30/98
\$ 100,894	\$	\$	\$ 33,277			\$ 50,533	\$ 247,205	\$	500,738
3,683,058			803,455	13,663,058					13,663,058
113,597,630			82,498	117,433,490			1,850,465		119,661,527
1,599,354			141,997	4,696,375			388,830		5,129,730
224,557		,	641,081	2,038,366		12,641	23,665		2,074,672
		<i>.</i>	4,910	245,300		567,386	664,333		1,477,019
				220,281			•••••		220,281
				24,827					24,827
2	·····		12,617	217,773		10,166	20,343		248,282
601,851		•••••	73,735	1,399,146		11,612	31,089		1,441,847
				395,333			5,670		401,003
	•••••	••••••		73,489		,	254,600		328,089
10,187	•••••	•••••	5,771	34,701	61,442	1,897	247,107		283,705
1,882	2,317,263		108,141	2,939,415		136,535	1,347,659		4,423,609
	2,094,956	••••••	2,831,561	7,715,377		1,941,407	1,550,297		11,207,081
3,324	1,749,574	•••••	1,578,822	3,612,316		551,574	1,027,899		5,191,789
	377,436	••••••	241,796	1,214,066		72,434	258,558		1,545,058
(1,651)		••••••		(354,774)	(79,029)		(433,803)
		298,073		298,073			85,391		383,464
		11,667,977		11,667,977	10,543,068	<u> </u>	316,528		11,984,505
\$ 119,821,088	\$ 6,539,229	\$ 11,966,050	\$ 6,559,661	\$ 167,737,589	\$ 144,626,544	\$ 3,778,282	\$ 8,240,610	\$	179,756,481
\$ 3,049,398 417,600	\$	\$ 20,728 	\$ 182,006 229,673	2,038,366	1,826,023	12,641	23,665	\$	8,805,523 2,074,672
982,501		•••••	10,632	1,198,253	973,122	80,999			
2,352	•••••					**,***	300,191		1,579,443
			1,408	220,281	284,514				220,281
		11,253,815	367,870	13,655,955	284,514 14,303,380				220,281 15,586,517
		11,253,815 155	367,870 52	13,655,955 48,750	284,514 14,303,380 56,544	 44,198 	 1,886,364 		220,281 15,586,517 48,750
		11,253,815	367,870 52 3,020	13,655,955 48,750 165,920	284,514 14,303,380 56,544 166,287	 44,198 16,479	 1,886,364 21,822		220,281 15,586,517 48,750 204,221
		11,253,815 155	367,870 52	13,655,955 48,750 165,920 446,557	284,514 14,303,380 56,544 166,287 974,373	 44,198 	 1,886,364 		220,281 15,586,517 48,750 204,221 637,290
······ ······		11,253,815 155 64,183 	367,870 52 3,020 23,466	13,655,955 48,750 165,920 446,557 28,853	284,514 14,303,380 56,544 166,287 974,373 116,654	44,198 16,479 5,942 	1,886,364 21,822 184,791 		220,281 15,586,517 48,750 204,221 637,290 28,853
 1,355	 	11,253,815 155 64,183	367,870 52 3,020 23,466 216,996	13,655,955 48,750 165,920 446,557 28,853 866,320	284,514 14,303,380 56,544 166,287 974,373 116,654 790,701	44,198 16,479 5,942	1,886,364 21,822 184,791		220,281 15,586,517 48,750 204,221 637,290 28,853 1,011,323
 1,355 10,094,853	······ ·····	11,253,815 155 64,183 620,435 	367,870 52 3,020 23,466 216,996 42,225	13,655,955 48,750 165,920 446,557 28,853 866,320 11,703,233	284,514 14,303,380 56,544 166,287 974,373 116,654 790,701 10,475,702	44,198 16,479 5,942 116,812	1,886,364 21,822 184,791 28,191		220,281 15,586,517 48,750 204,221 637,290 28,853 1,011,323 11,703,233
 1,355	·····	11,253,815 155 64,183 620,435	367,870 52 3,020 23,466 216,996	13,655,955 48,750 165,920 446,557 28,853 866,320	284,514 14,303,380 56,544 166,287 974,373 116,654 790,701	44,198 16,479 5,942 116,812	1,886,364 21,822 184,791 28,191		220,281 15,586,517 48,750 204,221 637,290 28,853 1,011,323
 1,355 10,094,853	·····	11,253,815 155 64,183 620,435 	367,870 52 3,020 23,466 216,996 42,225	13,655,955 48,750 165,920 446,557 28,853 866,320 11,703,233	284,514 14,303,380 56,544 166,287 974,373 116,654 790,701 10,475,702	44,198 16,479 5,942 116,812	1,886,364 21,822 184,791 28,191		220,281 15,586,517 48,750 204,221 637,290 28,853 1,011,323 11,703,233
 1,355 10,094,853 8,852,353	····· ····· ·····	11,253,815 155 64,183 620,435 6,734	367,870 52 3,020 23,466 216,996 42,225 26,717	13,655,955 48,750 165,920 446,557 28,853 866,320 11,703,233 8,896,661 47,412,860	284,514 14,303,380 56,544 166,287 974,373 116,654 790,701 10,475,702 8,158,104 53,788,155	44,198 16,479 5,942 116,812 70,605 453,019	1,886,364 21,822 184,791 28,191 238,145 3,239,638		220,281 15,586,517 48,750 204,221 637,290 28,853 1,011,323 11,703,233 9,205,411 51,105,517
 1,355 10,094,853 8,852,353	····· ····· ·····	11,253,815 155 64,183 620,435 6,734	367,870 52 3,020 23,466 42,225 26,717 1,104,065	13,655,955 48,750 165,920 446,557 28,853 866,320 11,703,233 8,896,661 47,412,860 162,010	284,514 14,303,380 56,544 166,287 974,373 116,654 790,701 10,475,702 8,158,104 53,788,155 160,631	44,198 16,479 5,942 116,812 70,605 453,019	1,886,364 21,822 184,791 28,191 238,145 3,239,638 112,524		220,281 15,586,517 48,750 204,221 637,290 28,853 1,011,323 11,703,233 9,205,411 51,105,517 274,534
 1,355 10,094,853 8,852,353 23,400,412	·····	11,253,815 155 64,183 620,435 6,734 11,966,050	367,870 52 3,020 23,466 42,225 26,717 1,104,065	13,655,955 48,750 165,920 446,557 28,853 866,320 11,703,233 8,896,661 47,412,860	284,514 14,303,380 56,544 166,287 974,373 116,654 790,701 10,475,702 8,158,104 53,788,155	44,198 16,479 5,942 116,812 70,605 453,019	1,886,364 21,822 184,791 28,191 238,145 3,239,638		220,281 15,586,517 48,750 204,221 637,290 28,853 1,011,323 11,703,233 9,205,411 51,105,517
 1,355 10,094,853 8,852,353 23,400,412	6,539,229	11,253,815 155 64,183 620,435 6,734 11,966,050 	367,870 52 3,020 23,466 42,225 26,717 1,104,065 4,419,530	13,655,955 48,750 165,920 446,557 28,853 866,320 11,703,233 8,896,661 47,412,860 162,010 10,958,759	284,514 14,303,380 56,544 166,287 974,373 116,654 790,701 10,475,702 8,158,104 53,788,155 160,631 10,448,366	44,198 16,479 5,942 116,812 70,605 453,019 2,583,967	1,886,364 21,822 184,791 28,191 238,145 3,239,638 112,524		220,281 15,586,517 48,750 204,221 637,290 28,853 1,011,323 11,703,233 9,205,411 51,105,517 274,534
 1,355 10,094,853 8,852,353 23,400,412	····· ····· ·····	11,253,815 155 64,183 620,435 6,734 11,966,050	367,870 52 3,020 23,466 42,225 26,717 1,104,065	13,655,955 48,750 165,920 446,557 28,853 866,320 11,703,233 8,896,661 47,412,860 162,010	284,514 14,303,380 56,544 166,287 974,373 116,654 790,701 10,475,702 8,158,104 53,788,155 160,631	44,198 16,479 5,942 116,812 70,605 453,019	1,886,364 21,822 184,791 28,191 238,145 3,239,638 112,524 2,063,728		220,281 15,586,517 48,750 204,221 637,290 28,853 1,011,323 11,703,233 9,205,411 51,105,517 274,534 15,606,454
 1,355 10,094,853 8,852,353 23,400,412 	6,539,229	11,253,815 155 64,183 620,435 6,734 11,966,050 	367,870 52 3,020 23,466 42,225 26,717 1,104,065 4,419,530	13,655,955 48,750 165,920 446,557 28,853 866,320 11,703,233 8,896,661 47,412,860 162,010 10,958,759 446,562 1,377,633	284,514 14,303,380 56,544 166,287 974,373 116,654 790,701 10,475,702 8,158,104 53,788,155 160,631 10,448,366 253,328 1,507,475	44,198 16,479 5,942 116,812 70,605 453,019 2,583,967	1,886,364 21,822 184,791 28,191 238,145 3,239,638 112,524 2,063,728 149,555 117,928		220,281 15,586,517 48,750 204,221 637,290 28,853 1,011,323 11,703,233 9,205,411 51,105,517 274,534 15,606,454 596,117 1,495,561
 1,355 10,094,853 8,852,353 23,400,412 93,688,395	6,539,229	11,253,815 155 64,183 620,435 6,734 11,966,050 	367,870 52 3,020 23,466 42,225 26,717 1,104,065 4,419,530 820,378	13,655,955 48,750 165,920 446,557 28,853 866,320 11,703,233 8,896,661 47,412,860 162,010 10,958,759 446,562 1,377,633 98,354,565	284,514 14,303,380 56,544 166,287 974,373 116,654 790,701 10,475,702 8,158,104 53,788,155 160,631 10,448,366 253,328 1,507,475 71,124,974	44,198 16,479 5,942 116,812 70,605 453,019 2,583,967 499,635	1,886,364 21,822 184,791 28,191 238,145 3,239,638 112,524 2,063,728 149,555 117,928 300,996		220,281 15,586,517 48,750 204,221 637,290 28,853 1,011,323 11,703,233 9,205,411 51,105,517 274,534 15,606,454 596,117 1,495,561 99,155,196
 1,355 10,094,853 8,852,353 23,400,412 	6,539,229	11,253,815 155 64,183 620,435 6,734 11,966,050 	367,870 52 3,020 23,466 42,225 26,717 1,104,065 4,419,530	13,655,955 48,750 165,920 446,557 28,853 866,320 11,703,233 8,896,661 47,412,860 162,010 10,958,759 446,562 1,377,633	284,514 14,303,380 56,544 166,287 974,373 116,654 790,701 10,475,702 8,158,104 53,788,155 160,631 10,448,366 253,328 1,507,475	44,198 16,479 5,942 116,812 70,605 453,019 2,583,967	1,886,364 21,822 184,791 28,191 238,145 3,239,638 112,524 2,063,728 149,555 117,928		220,281 15,586,517 48,750 204,221 637,290 28,853 1,011,323 11,703,233 9,205,411 51,105,517 274,534 15,606,454 596,117 1,495,561
 1,355 10,094,853 8,852,353 23,400,412 93,688,395	6,539,229	11,253,815 155 64,183 620,435 6,734 11,966,050 	367,870 52 3,020 23,466 42,225 26,717 1,104,065 4,419,530 820,378	13,655,955 48,750 165,920 446,557 28,853 866,320 11,703,233 8,896,661 47,412,860 162,010 10,958,759 446,562 1,377,633 98,354,565	284,514 14,303,380 56,544 166,287 974,373 116,654 790,701 10,475,702 8,158,104 53,788,155 160,631 10,448,366 253,328 1,507,475 71,124,974	44,198 16,479 5,942 116,812 70,605 453,019 2,583,967 499,635	1,886,364 21,822 184,791 28,191 238,145 3,239,638 112,524 2,063,728 149,555 117,928 300,996		220,281 15,586,517 48,750 204,221 637,290 28,853 1,011,323 11,703,233 9,205,411 51,105,517 274,534 15,606,454 596,117 1,495,561 99,155,196

EXHIBIT - B

STATE OF FLORIDA COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES, EXPENDABLE TRUST FUNDS AND DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNITS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1998 (in thousands)

	Governmental				
	General	Special <u>Revenue</u>	Capital Projects	Debt <u>Service</u>	
REVENUES					
Taxes (Note 5)	\$ 15,941,869	\$ 5,953,967	\$	\$	
Licenses and permits	68,185	839,843			
Fees and charges	155,444	2,371,662	506	54,881	
Grants and donations	2,129	8,929,370	1,648	05 074	
Investment earnings	260,385	302,256	732	25,974	
Fines, forfeits and judgments	152,412	186,496 56,505			
Flexible benefits contributions	64,497	472,697	200		
Other		7,802		58 -	
TOTAL REVENUES	16,644,921	19,120,598	3,086	80,913	
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
Expenditures					
Economic opportunities, agriculture and employment	61,561	861,431			
Public safety	1,976,740 6,889,146	500,595 2,145,777			
Education Health and social concerns	3,829,198	7,949,123			
Housing and community development	4,394	164,521			
Natural resources and environmental management	164,545	449,784			
Recreational and cultural opportunities	61,857	88,956		•••••	
Transportation		871,040	•••••		
Governmental direction and support services	1,366,039	2,369,433		19,370	
Capital outlay Debt service:	71,121	2,301,884	321,898		
Principal retirement	1,624	4,276	3,940	312,053	
Interest and fiscal charges	95	849	6,410	575,360	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	14,426,320	17,707,669	332,248	906,783	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES					
OVER EXPENDITURES	2,218,601	1,412,929	(329,162)	(825,870)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Proceeds of bond issues		1,488,310		37,122	
Proceeds of refunding bonds	0.044.005	7 000 070	502 200	438,329	
Operating transfers in	2,911,085	7,690,672	593,329 (274,661)	814,339 (2,376)	
Operating transfers out	(2,593,994) (1,568,855)	(8,359,081)	(274,001)	(2,570)	
Transfers to State University System Transfers in from component units/primary	(1,000,000)	3,342			
Transfers out to component units/primary	(638,414)	(531,546)	(24)		
Proceeds of financing agreements	476	1,403			
Payments to refunded bond agent				(438,329)	
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	(1,889,702)	293,100	318,644	849,085	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES AND OTHER					
FINANCING SOURCES OVER EXPENDITURES		4 700 000	(40 540)	02 045	
AND OTHER FINANCING USES	328,899	1,706,029	(10,518)	23,215	
Fund Balances, July 1	2,941,767	4,433,853	230,259	273,388	
Adjustments to increase (decrease) beginning fund balances (Note 16)	(778)	(17,466)	3,627	1,470	
Fund Balances, July 1, as restated	2,940,989	4,416,387	233,886	274,858	
Residual Equity Transfers	43,104	7 420	(43,104)		
Change in Reserve for Inventories	1,849	7,429			
FUND BALANCES, JUNE 30	<u>\$ 3,314,841</u>	\$ 6,129,845	\$ 180,264	\$ 298,073	

The accompanying notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

EXHIBIT - B

	iduciary pendable Trust	Primary G	otal overnment idum Only) <u>6/30/97</u>	Componer Units	Total Reporting Entity nt <u>(Memorandum Only)</u> <u>6/30/98</u>
\$	709,274 820,870 19,145 556,063 140,555 7,126 4,744	\$ 22,605,110 908,028 3,403,363 8,952,292 1,145,410 479,463 56,505 544,520 12,604	\$ 20,978,978 836,415 2,514,824 8,960,472 736,442 303,378 56,708 521,908 39,037		920,482 4,642,937 9,280,864 67 1,400,677 16 479,479 56,505 48 544,568
	2,257,777	38,107,295	34,948,162	2,256,5	22 40,363,817
1	997,561 596 27 911,276 84 	 1,920,553 2,477,335 9,035,519 11,778,348 168,915 614,329 150,813 871,040 4,666,118 2,694,987 321,893 582,714 35,282,564	1,894,610 2,470,513 8,727,761 10,808,057 206,695 633,479 169,357 875,463 4,026,003 2,262,760 270,079 527,439 32,872,216	···· ··· ···	1,920,553 2,477,335 9,035,519 11,778,348 614,329 150,813 871,040 4,666,118 42 2,884,329 95 329,788 77 602,591
	348,233	2,824,731	2,075,946	389,82	3,214,553
	259,754 45,517 (163,170) (4,957) 	1,785,186 438,329 12,054,942 (11,393,282) (1,568,855) 3,342 (1,174,941) 1,879 (438,329)	1,093,123 217,245 10,774,170 (10,075,381) (1,294,962) 1,523 (1,020,139) 1,090 (217,245)	39,13 (39,13 205,72 (165,47 1,33	438,329 39 12,094,081 39) (11,432,421) (1,568,855) 11 209,063 6) (1,340,417) 15 3,214 (42,220) (42,220)
	137,144	 (291,729)	(520,576)	41,58	0 (250,149)
	485,377 ,239,220	 2,533,002 10,118,487	1,555,370 8,552,951	<u>431,40</u> 2,301,47	
2,					
		 (2.577)	(6,860) 8,546,091	2,128,66	
۷,		9,279	35,913 (18,887)	(2,82	
\$ 2.	735,168	\$ 12,658,191	\$ 10,118,487	\$ 2,557,237	

EXHIBIT - C

STATE OF FLORIDA COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES -BUDGET AND ACTUAL (BUDGETARY BASIS) - ALL BUDGETARY FUND TYPES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1998 (in thousands)

	General Revenue			Trust			
	Budget	Actual (Budget Basis)	Variance - Favorable (Unfavorable)	Budget	Actual (Budget Basis)	Variance - Favorable (Unfavorable	
Fund balances, July 1, 1997 Reversions	\$ 906,947 197,398	\$ 906,947 197,398	\$	\$ 7,060,225 236,976	\$ 7,060,225 236,976	\$	
Fund balances, July 1, 1997, restated	1,104,345	1,104,345		7,297,201	7,297,201		
REVENUES			······································				
Direct:							
Fees and charges	163,900	151,312	(12,588)	3,880,219	3,696,367	(183,852	
Licenses	60,500	63,441	2,941	775,613	838,501	62,888	
Taxes	15,657,804	15,576,091	(81,713)	6,652,847	6,434,262	(218,535	
Miscellaneous Interest	155,700	855 216,397	855 60,697	599,835 386,147	595,780 470,611	(4,055 84,464	
Grants		210,397	10	9,471,690	7,306,521	(2,165,169	
Refunds		176,596	176,596	379,873	492,653	112,780	
Bond proceeds				1,984,902	2,085,034	100,132	
Other		152,322	152,322	417,242	836,053	418,811	
Total Direct Revenues	16,037,904	16,337,024	299,120	24,548,368	22,755,782	(1,792,586)	
Indirect:							
Employee/employer contributions				4,039,353	4,126,191	86,838	
Transfers and distributions	2,171,703	2,355,581	183,878	7,907,112	7,930,910	23,798	
Sale of investments				2,023,778	2,025,183	1,405	
Other .	131,000	1,050	(129,950)	1,993,993	2,026,919	32,926	
Total Indirect Revenues	2,302,703	2,356,631	53,928	15,964,236	16,109,203	144,967	
TOTAL REVENUES	18,340,607	18,693,655	353,048	40,512,604	38,864,985	(1,647,619)	
TOTAL AVAILABLE RESOURCES	19,444,952	19,798,000	353,048	47,809,805	46,162,186	(1,647,619)	
EXPENDITURES							
Operating:							
Salaries and benefits	3,506,786	3,487,337	19,449	2,904,410	2,787,250	117,160	
Other personal services	176,646	173,002	3,644	444,859	383,354	61,505	
Expenses Grants and aids	760,100 7,554,432	746,029 7,551,512	14,071 2,920	1,119,683 3,833,064	976,825 3,649,103	142,858 183,961	
Operating capital outlay	92,722	91,524	1,198	181,466	140,685	40,781	
Food products	59,451	55,034	4,417	4,603	3,493	1,110	
Fixed capital outlay	27,065	27,065	·····	2,265,729	2,265,729		
Lump sum	2,571	523	2,048	68		68	
Special categories	4,171,145	4,151,861	19,284	7,746,331	6,864,713	881,618	
Financial assistance payments	333,831	331,358	2,473	2,523,020	1,411,054	1,111,966	
Debt service				17,008	17,008		
Grants/aids to local govts./NFProfit	67,792	67,792		102,022	102,022		
Payments to U.S. Treasury				11,665	11,665		
Data processing services	77,296	76,731	565	122,358	119,506	2,852	
Pensions and benefits	6,878	6,224	654	1,918,218	1,852,950	65,268	
Claim bills and relief acts Special expenses	1,608	1,608		58 372	58 372		
Total Operating Expenditures	16,838,323	16,767,600	70,723	23,194,934	20.585,787	2,609,147	
Nonoperating:							
Transfers	914,228	914,228		6,730,195	6,730,195		
Purchase of investments				3,489,136	3,489,136		
Refunds	206,960	206,960		184,799	184,799		
Other nonoperating	1,163,584	1,163,584		6,520,573	6,520,573		
Reissues	789	789	·····	904	904		
Total Nonoperating Expenditures	2,285,561	2,285,561		16,925,607	16,925,607		
OTAL EXPENDITURES	19,123,884	19,053,161	70,723	40,120,541	37,511,394	2,609,147	

The accompanying notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

EXHIBIT - C

	dget Stabiliz	ation	١	Working Cap	ital	(Memorandum On	ily)
Budget	Actual (Budget Basis)	Variance - Favorable (Unfavorable)	Budget	Actual (Budget Basis)	Variance - Favorable (Unfavorable)	Budget	Actua) (Budget Basis)	Variance - Favorable (Unfavorable
\$ 409,390	\$ 409,390	\$	\$ 193,548 	\$ 193,548 	\$	\$ 8,570,110 434,374	\$ 8,570,110 434,374	\$
409,390	409,390		193,548	193,548		9,004,484	9.004,484	
			÷			4,044,119	3,847,679	(196,440
•••••	•••••		•••••• •••			836,113 22,310,651	901,942 22,010,353	65,829
						599,835	596,635	(300,298) (3,200
			3,100	17,890	14,790	544,947	704,898	159,951
	•		0,100			9,471,690	7,306,531	(2,165,159
					-	379,873	669,249	289,376
						1,984,902	2,085,034	100,132
						417,242	988,375	571,133
			3,100	17,890	14,790	40,589,372	39,110,696	(1,478,676
			<u></u>					
						4,039,353	4,126,191	86,838
276,600	276,600		150,700	150,700		10,506,115	10,713,791	207,676
						2,023,778	2,025,183	1,405
				450 700		2,124,993	2,027,969	(97,024
276,600	276,600		150,700	150,700		18,694,239	18,893,134	198,895
276,600	276,600		153,800	168,590	14,790	59,283,611	58,003,830	(1,279,781)
685,990	685,990		347,348	362,138	14,790	68,288,095	67,008,314	(1,279,781)
						6,411,196	6,274,587	136,609
						621,505	556,356	65,149
						1,879,783	1,722,854	156,929
						11,387,496	11,200,615	186,881
						274,188	232,209	41,979
			204	204		64,054	58,527	5,527
			384	384		2,293,178 2,639	2,293,178 523	2,116
			•••••			11,917,476	11,016,574	
						11,011,470		
		•••••						900,902
						2,856,851	1,742,412	1, 114 ,439
				. 		2,856,851 17,008	1,742,412 17,008	1,114,439
				 		2,856,851	1,742,412 17,008 169,814	1,114,439
				. 		2,856,851 17,008 169,814	1,742,412 17,008	1,114,439
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	······	······ ·····	······	· ·····	······	2,856,851 17,008 169,814 11,665	1,742,412 17,008 169,814 11,665	1,114,439
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	······	······	······ ·····	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	······	2,856,851 17,008 169,814 11,665 199,654 1,925,096 1,666	1,742,412 17,008 169,814 11,665 196,237 1,859,174 1,666	1,114,439 3,417
······	······ ······	······		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	·····	2,856,851 17,008 169,814 11,665 199,654 1,925,096	1,742,412 17,008 169,814 11,665 196,237 1,859,174	1,114,439 3,417 65,922
······	······	······	······	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	·····	2,856,851 17,008 169,814 11,665 199,654 1,925,096 1,666	1,742,412 17,008 169,814 11,665 196,237 1,859,174 1,666	1,114,439 3,417 65,922
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	······	······	······ ······ ·····	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	······	2,856,851 17,008 169,814 11,665 199,654 1,925,096 1,666 372 40,033,641	1,742,412 17,008 169,814 11,665 196,237 1,859,174 1,666 372 37,353,771	1,114,439 3,417 65,922
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	······	······	384	384	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	2,856,851 17,008 169,814 11,665 199,654 1,925,096 1,666 372 40,033,641 7,644,423	1,742,412 17,008 169,814 11,665 196,237 1,859,174 1,666 372 37,353,771 7,644,423	1,114,439 3,417 65,922
······································		······			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	2,856,851 17,008 169,814 11,665 199,654 1,925,096 1,666 372 40,033,641 7,644,423 3,489,136	1,742,412 17,008 169,814 11,665 196,237 1,859,174 1,666 372 37,353,771 7,644,423 3,489,136	1,114,439 3,417 65,922 2.679,870
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	······	······	384	384	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	2,856,851 17,008 169,814 11,665 199,654 1,925,096 1,666 372 40,033,641 7,644,423 3,489,136 397,569	1,742,412 17,008 169,814 11,665 196,237 1,859,174 1,666 372 37,353,771 7,644,423 3,489,136 397,569	1,114,439 3,417 65,922 2,679,870
		······	384	384	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	2,856,851 17,008 169,814 11,665 199,654 1,925,096 1,666 372 40,033,641 7,644,423 3,489,136 397,569 7,684,157	1,742,412 17,008 169,814 11,665 196,237 1,859,174 1,666 372 37,353,771 7,644,423 3,489,136 397,569 7,684,157	1,114,439 3,417 65,922 2.679,870
			384 5,810	384	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	2,856,851 17,008 169,814 11,665 199,654 1,925,096 1,666 372 40,033,641 7,644,423 3,489,136 397,569 7,684,157 1,693	1,742,412 17,008 169,814 11,665 196,237 1,859,174 1,666 372 37,353,771 7,644,423 3,489,136 397,569 7,684,157 1,693	1,114,439 3,417 65,922 2.679,870
		······	384	384	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	2,856,851 17,008 169,814 11,665 199,654 1,925,096 1,666 372 40,033,641 7,644,423 3,489,136 397,569 7,684,157	1,742,412 17,008 169,814 11,665 196,237 1,859,174 1,666 372 37,353,771 7,644,423 3,489,136 397,569 7,684,157	1,114,439 3,417 65,922 2.679,870

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EXHIBIT - D

STATE OF FLORIDA COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN RETAINED EARNINGS/FUND BALANCES ALL PROPRIETARY FUND TYPES, SIMILAR TRUST FUNDS AND DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNITS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1998 (in thousands)

	Proprietary		Fiduciary			
	Enterprise	Internal <u>Service</u>	Nonexpendable	Pension		
OPERATING REVENUES	:					
Sales state	\$ 445	\$ 886,330	\$	\$		
Sales nonstate	2,440,271	37,401				
Rents state	22 7,414	70,490 289				
Rents and royalties nonstate Investment earnings	·····	200		109		
Program interest	41,779					
Pension fund contributions			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	111,303		
Other	1,686	1				
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES	2,491,617	994,511		111,412		
Personal services	66,880	83,631		55		
Contractual services	272,562	430,286		82,311		
Materials and supplies	25,876	19,698	•••••	11		
Bad debt	3,089					
Depreciation	9,407	27,185		1		
Interest and fiscal charges	247					
Insurance claims		477,611				
Repairs and maintenance	25 24,487	21,895				
Cost of goods sold Payment of lottery winnings	1,021,560			•••••		
, , -	i			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES	1,424,133	1,060,306		82,378		
OPERATING INCOME/(LOSS)	1,067,484	(65,795)		29,034		
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)				•		
Grants and contributions	15,268	229				
Investment earnings	405,465	14,062	132			
Interest and fiscal charges	(178,039)	(18,456)				
Amortization	(143,329)	(5.007)				
Property disposition gain/(loss)	(6,785)	(5,867)				
Escrow distribution	(25,556) (66,665)	•••••				
Grant expense and client benefits Other	(00,003) 45					
TOTAL NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)	404	(10,031)	132			
INCOME/(LOSS) BEFORE OPERATING TRANSFERS	1,067,888	(75,826)	132	29,034		
Operating transfers in	1,272,442	126,544		,		
Operating transfers out	(2,049,532)	(46,800)	(142)	(28,957)		
Transfers in from component units/primary	50,771					
Transfers out to component units/primary	(376,569)			······		
NET INCOME/(LOSS)	(35,000)	3,918	(10)	77		
Retained Earnings/Fund Balances, July 1	2,077,343	(316,540)	1,209	360		
Adjustments to increase (decrease) beginning retained earnings/fund balances (Note 16)	93,975	499	10	9		
Retained Earnings/Fund Balances, July 1, as restated	2,171,318	(316,041)	1,219	369		
Residual Equity Transfers						

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The accompanying notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

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Primary G	otal overnment <u>dum Only)</u> <u>6/30/97</u>	Component Units	Total Reporting Entity (<u>Memorandum Only)</u> <u>6/30/98</u>
\$ 886,775 2,477,672 70,512 7,703 109 41,779 111,303 1,687	\$ 889,454 2,497,048 66,010 7,268 88 81,457 99,040 8,215	\$ 223,449 4,592	\$ 886,775 2,701,121 70,512 7,703 109 41,779 111,303 6,279
 3,597,540	3,648,580	228,041	3,825,581
 150,566 785,159 45,585 3,089 36,593 247 477,611 21,920 24,487 1,021,560	153,954 743,683 48,289 8,818 43,312 327 569,574 33,940 42,547 1,026,985	45,596 2,491 5,786 4,830 17 19,135 10,074 75,096 	196,162 787,650 51,371 3,089 41,423 264 496,746 31,994 99,583 1,021,560
 2,566,817	2,671,429	163,025	2,729,842
 1,030,723	977,151	65,016	1,095,739
15,497 419,659 (196,495) (143,329) (12,652) (25,556) (66,665) 46	31,028 191,941 (291,186) (1,057) (103,537) (17,898) (109,215) 1,260	13.042 28.771 (60,075) (2,452) (857) (2,760)	28,539 448,430 (256,570) (143,329) (15,104) (25,556) (67,522) (2,714)
 (9,495)	(298,664)	(24,331)	(33,826)
1,021,228 1,398,986 (2,125,431) 50,771 (376,569)	678,487 368,513 (1,098,682) (39,478)	40,685 4,759 (41,761)	1,061,913 1,398,986 (2,125,431) 55,530 (418,330)
 (31,015)	(91,160)	3,683	(27,332)
 1,762,372	1,854,554	262,355	2,024,727
 94,493	(1,022)	(1,380)	93,113
1,856,865	1,853,532	260,975	2,117,840
 		2,825	2,825
\$ 1,825,850	\$ 1,762,372	\$ 267,483	\$ 2,093,333

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STATE OF FLORIDA COMBINED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS ALL PROPRIETARY FUND TYPES, NONEXPENDABLE TRUST FUND AND DISCRETELY PRESENTED OTHER COMPONENT UNITS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1998 (in thousands)

	Proprietary			Fiduciary		
		Enterprise		Internal Service	None	expendable
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Cash from customers and users Cash paid to suppliers and vendors Cash paid to employees Cash paid for insurance claims Cash paid for lottery prizes Cash paid for housing loans issued Cash paid for client benefits	\$	2,533,250 (330,671) (65,843) (4,085) (1,030,164) (152,702) (58,315)	\$.	1,049,821 (469,466) (79,142) (484,590) 	Ş	······ ······
NET CASH PROVIDED/(USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES		891,470		16,623		
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Transfers in from other funds Advances from other funds Transfers out to other funds Advances to other funds Payment of bonds and loans Bond proceeds from loan program Donations		132.951 2 (983,331) (236,416) 180,497 1,190		129,235 (79,940) 		
NET CAPITAL PROVIDED/(USED) BY NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES		(905,107)		49,295		•••••
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Proceeds from sale of fixed assets Proceeds from sale of bonds Payment of bonds and loans Principal on installment purchases/leases Payment of interest Purchase or construction of fixed assets		40 628,992 (222,457) (6,675) (91,303) (291,146)		351 11,441 (7,085) (6,972) (17,378) (52,729)		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
NET CASH PROVIDED/(USED) BY CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES		17,451		(72,372)		•••••
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES: Sale or maturity of investments Interest received Purchase of investments		1,241,242 127,729 (1,139,834)		500 20,404		
NET CASH PROVIDED/(USED) BY INVESTING ACTIVITIES		229,137	-	20,904		79
NET INCREASE/DECREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		232,951		14,450		79
Cash and cash equivalents, July 1	. <u></u>	526,529		156,784		2,016
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, JUNE 30	s	759,480	\$	171,234	\$	2,095
RECONCILIATION OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS TO THE COMBINED	BAL	ANCE SHEET	•		<u></u>	
Cash and cash equivalents Pooled investments with State Treasury Restricted cash and cash equivalents	\$	28,662 335,485 395,333	\$	16,642 154,592	\$	2,095
TOTAL CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	\$	759,480	\$	171,234	\$	2,095

The accompanying notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

	To Primary G <u>(Memorar</u> 6/30/98	ernment	C	omponent Unit	Total porting Entity iorandum Only) 6/30/98
\$	3,583,071 (800,137) (144,985) (488,675) (1,030,164) (152,702) (58,315)	3,711,277 (769,537) (164,189) (316,631) (1,053,955) (244,404) (11,946)	\$	211,641 (107,785) (26,072) (13,593)	\$ 3,794,712 (907,922) (171,057) (502,268) (1,030,164) (152,702) (58,315)
	908,093	 1,150,615		64,191	 972,284
	262,186 2 (1,063,271) (236,416) 180,497 1,190	495,988 60,710 (1,572,318) (50,443) (302,041) 527,920 548		14,340 15,006 (1,060) (4,901) 	276,526 15,008 (1,064,331) (4,901) (236,416) 180,497 1,190
	(855,812)	 (839,636)		23,385	 (832,427)
	391 640,433 (229,542) (13,647) (108,681) (343,875)	 456 22,303 (120,072) (7,700) (103,691) (274,745)	<u>_</u>	29,306 259,984 (71,191) (1,645) (55,202) (99,403)	 29,697 900,417 (300,733) (15,292) (163,883) (443,278)
	(54,921)	 (483,449)		61,849	 6,928
	1,241,742 148,212 (1,139,834) 250,120	 967,444 132,821 (1,123,698) (23,433)		378,083 25,979 (537,649) (133,587)	 1,619,825 174,191 (1,677,483) 116,533
	247,480	(195,903)		15,838	 263,318
	685,329	 881,232		15,767	 701,096
<u>\$</u>	932,809	\$ 685,329	\$	31,605	\$ 964,414
\$	45,304 492,172 395,333	\$ 49,808 478,217 157,304	\$	25,935 5,670	\$ 71,239 492,172 401,003
\$	932,809	\$ 685,329	\$	31,605	\$ 964,414

STATE OF FLORIDA COMBINED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS ALL PROPRIETARY FUND TYPES, NONEXPENDABLE TRUST FUND AND DISCRETELY PRESENTED OTHER COMPONENT UNITS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1998 (in thousands)

RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO		Prop	Fiduciary			
NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	Ē	Interprise	•	nternal Service	Nones	pendable
OPERATING INCOME/LOSS	\$	1,067,484	\$	(65,795)	\$	
Adjustment to reconcile operating income to net cash provided/(used) by operating activities:						
Depreciation and amortization expense		9,407		27,185		
(Increase)/decrease in accounts receivable		(165,303)		(7,007)		
(Increase)/decrease in due from other funds		3,063		12,417		••••
Increase/(decrease) in allowance for uncollectibles		(657)		•••••		
(Increase)/decrease in inventories		1,923		91		
Increase/(decrease) in accounts payable		17,169		27,961		
Increase/(decrease) in compensated absences		184		80		
Increase/(decrease) in due to other funds		(19,996)		21,149		
Increase/(decrease) in deferred revenues		2,403		542		•••••
Collection of the loan program						
Loan program interest		54,633		•••••		•••••
Cash used for client benefits		(73,883)				
Decrease in prize liability		(4,957)				•••••
NET CASH PROVIDED/(USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$	891,470	s	16,623	\$	
NONCASH INVESTING, CAPITAL AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES Capital appreciation Borrowing under capital lease or installment purchase	\$ \$	1,486	\$ \$	2,984	\$ \$	
Distributions/transfers in of fixed assets	\$	1,679	\$	151	\$	

	Tota Primary Go (Memorand 6/30/98	ver		C 0	omponent Units	Total orting Entity orandum Only) <u>6/30/98</u>
\$	1,001,689	\$	951,175	\$	65,016	\$ 1,066,705
	36,592		43,310		4,830	41,422
	(172,310)		(261,035)		9,903	(162,407)
	15,480		(13,142)		(25,894)	(10,414)
	(657)		8,719		····	(657)
	2,014		2,680		(597)	1,417
	45,130		447,700		355	45,485
	264		808		13	277
	1,153		(323)		11,325	12,478
	2,945		2,864		(760)	2,185
			(184)			
	54,633		76,331			54,633
	(73,883)		(108,288)			(73,883)
	(4,957)					 (4,957)
s	908,093	s	1,150,615	\$	64,191	\$ 972,284
		<u> </u>				
\$	1,486	\$	130,600	\$		\$ 1,486
\$ \$	2,984	\$	•••••	\$		\$ 2,984
\$	1,830	\$		\$		\$ 1,830

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STATE OF FLORIDA COMBINED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET ASSETS DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN AND INVESTMENT TRUST FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30,1998 (in thousands)

	Defined Benefit Pension Plan	Investment Trust Funds	Total <u>6/30/98</u>
ADDITIONS Contributions:			
Pension fund contributions - State Pension fund contributions - Non-State Purchase of time by employees Transfers in from other state funds	\$ 844,883 2,362,119 30,424 55,059	\$ 134,754	\$ 844,883 2,362,119 30,424 189,813
Deposits required by law	234		234
Total Contributions and Other Deposits	3,292,719	134,754	3,427,473
Investment Income: Interest income Dividends Real estate operating income, net Other investment income Net appreciation in fair value	1,274,060 770,368 183,133 3,263 12,767,925 14,998,749	534,737	1,808,797 770,368 183,133 3,263 12,767,925 15,533,486
Investment activity expense Transfer out - investment activity expense	(128,246)	(2,017)	(128,246) (2,017)
Net Income from investing activity	14,870,503	532,720	15,403,223
From security lending activities: Security lending income Security lending expense Net income from security lending	334,485 (315,315) 19,170	47,972 (45,119) 2,853	382,457 (360,434) 22,023
Total net investment income	14,889,673	535,573	15,425,246
TOTAL ADDITIONS	18,182,392	670,327	18,852,719
DEDUCTIONS			
Transfers out to state funds Benefit payments Property disposition loss Refund of contributions Administrative expense	19.929 1,743,342 16 2,713 11,092	103,082 521	123,011 1,743,342 16 2,713 11,613
TOTAL DEDUCTIONS	1,777,092	103,603	1,880,695
Depositor activity: Deposits Withdrawals		38,757,057 (38,025,041)	38,757,057 (38,025,041)
Excess of deposits over withdrawals		732,016	732,016
Net Increase	16,405,300	1,298,740	17,704,040
FUND BALANCE RESERVED FOR Employees' Pension Benefits and External Investment Pool Participants:			
Fund Balances, July 1	67,374,529		67,374,529
Adjustments to increase (decrease) beginning fund balance (Note 16)	2	8,605,282	8,605,284
Fund Balance, July 1, as restated	67,374,531	8,605,282	75,979,813
FUND BALANCES, JUNE 30	\$ 83,779,831	\$ 9,904,022	\$93,683,853

The accompanying notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

EXHIBIT G

STATE OF FLORIDA COMBINED STATEMENT OF CURRENT FUNDS REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND OTHER CHANGES - STATE UNIVERSITY SYSTEM/COMMUNITY COLLEGES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1998 (in thousands)

(m mousands)		overnment	Component Units Community		
	State Univer Unrestricted	Restricted		leges	
	Unrestricted	Restricted		10900	
REVENUES					
Educational and general:		¢	S	312,938	
Student tuition and fees	\$ 476,517	\$ 88	\$	747,379	
Governmental appropriations - state	1,568,767	7,032			
Governmental appropriations - federal	13,277	650,884		279,980	
Grants, contracts, and gifts - governmental	15,581	165,784		14,329	
Grants, contracts, and gifts - private	41,058	18,830		7,575	
Sales and services of educational activities	19,775	304			
				24	
Endowment income Other sources	9,775	3,013		24,747	
Other sources		0.45.025		1 396 073	
Total educational and general	2,144,750	845,935		1,386,972	
Auxiliary enterprises:					
Sales and services - operations	235,600			60,467	
Student fees	72,938				
Investment income	10,350				
Total auxiliary enterprises	318,888			60,467	
TOTAL REVENUES	2,463,638	845,935		1,447,439	
EXPENDITURES AND MANDATORY TRANSFERS					
Educational and general:					
Instruction	903,014	100,436		537,660	
Research	213,724	305,591		948	
Public service	68,530	70,713		19,680	
Academic support	306,105	27,568		122,811	
Student services	109,776	8,959		139,044	
Institutional support	333,195	14,541		225,376 131,097	
Operations and maintenance of plant	168,592	2,026 316,101		191,165	
Scholarships and fellowships	62,864				
Educational and general expenditures	2,165,800	845,935		1,367,781	
Mandatory transfers:				0.074	
Principal and interest	12,597	•••••		6,074	
Loan fund matching grants	225	(00)			
Other	3,004	(28)			
Total educational and general	2,181,626	845,907		1,373,855	
Auxiliary enterprises:				54 4 40	
Expenditures	276,627			51,142	
Mandatory transfers:	44.500				
Principal and interest	11,503 2,053	•••••			
Renewals and replacements				51,142	
Total auxiliary enterprises	290,183				
TOTAL EXPENDITURES AND MANDATORY TRANSFERS	2,471,809	845,907		1,424,997	
OTHER TRANSFERS AND ADDITIONS (DEDUCTIONS)				(10.005)	
Excess of restricted receipts over transfers to revenue		7,457		(19,665) 1,865	
Nonmandatory transfers	7,148	(26,821)			
Component unit transfers	83,882,	19,258		(435)	
Refunded to grantors	(948)	(558)		(400)	
Reversions		(664)		(18,235)	
TOTAL OTHER TRANSFERS AND ADDITIONS/(DEDUCTIONS)			\$	4,207	
NET INCREASES (DECREASES) IN FUND BALANCES	<u>\$ 81,911</u>	<u>\$ (636)</u>		-7,207	

The accompanying notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

STATE OF FLORIDA COMBINED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES -STATE UNIVERSITY SYSTEM/COMMUNITY COLLEGES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1998 (in thousands)

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	Primary Government					
	Curren	t Funds		Endowment		
	Unrestricted	Restricted	<u>Loan Funds</u>	Funds		
REVENUES AND OTHER ADDITIONS						
Unrestricted current fund revenues	\$ 2,144,750	\$	\$	\$		
Auxiliary enterprises revenues	318,888			• •••••		
State appropriations - restricted		90				
Federal appropriations - restricted		7,032				
Governmental grants and contracts - restricted		654,524	816	*****		
Private gifts, grants and contracts - restricted		166,612	350	1		
Investment income - restricted		4,570	951	66		
Realized gains on investments - restricted						
Federal government advances			539			
Interest on loans receivable			2.080			
Expended for plant facilities						
Retirement of indebtedness			• • • • • •			
Other revenues and additions		21 012	1.582			
Other revenues and additions		21,013	1,002			
TOTAL REVENUES AND OTHER ADDITIONS	2,463,638	853,841	6,318	67		
EXPENDITURES AND OTHER DEDUCTIONS	0 4 0 5 0 0 0	0.45.005				
Educational and general expenditures	2,165,800	845,935		•••••		
Auxiliary enterprises expenditures	276,627					
Indirect costs recovered		449		•••••		
Refunded to grantors		558	23			
Loan cancellations and write-offs			1,628	•·····		
Administrative and collection costs			485			
Expended for plant facilities						
Retirement of indebtedness						
Interest on indebtedness						
Disposal of plant facilities	•••••					
Other expenditures and deductions			205	47		
Reversions	948		·			
TOTAL EXPENDITURES AND OTHER						
DEDUCTIONS	2,443,375	846,942	2,341	47		
DEDOCTIONS	2,440,070	040,342	2,541			
TRANSFERS AMONG FUNDS-						
ADDITIONS (DEDUCTIONS)						
Mandatory						
Principal and interest	(24,100)					
Renewals and replacements	(2,053)					
Loan fund matching grants	(225)		225			
Other mandatory transfers	(3,004)	28				
Nonmandatory		20	•••••			
Interfund	7,148	(26,821)	(1,128)	85		
Component units	83,882	19,258	(1,120)			
TOTAL TRANSFERS AMONG FUNDS	61,643	(7,535)	(903)	85		
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) FOR THE YEAR	81,911	(636)	3,074	105		
	050.000		00.001			
Fund balances. July 1	250,866	160.044	92,934	342		
Adjustments to beginning fund balances (Note 16)				3,184		
Fund balances, July 1, as restated	250.866	160,044	92,934	3,526		
FUND BALANCES, JUNE 30	\$ 332,777	\$ 159,408	\$ 96,008	\$ 3,631		

The accompanying notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

EXHIBIT - H

	Primary Government Plant Fund Group						
	Renewals and		Retirement of Investment in				
Unexpended	Replacements	Indebtedness	Plant	Community Colleges			
\$	\$	\$	\$	\$ 1,153,661			
162,219				172,886			
280	30	49		312,460 13,522			
6,675 11,813	564	1,855	•••••	43,318			
••••••		·		14,004			
·····		•••••	•••••				
•		•••••	387,918	154,765			
544 2,526	97	2,954	14,720	24,931 26,982			
184,057	691	4,858	402,638	1,916,529			
				.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,			
				1,399,015			
				51,142			
•••••				2,275			
		•••••	•••••	1 896			
	•••••	31		1,896 434			
247,493	836		•••••	123,392			
		13,460		24,523			
•••••		20,725		5,256			
			65,115	45,897			
682 9	321	1,438	13,947	1,314			
248,184	1,157	35,654	79,062	1,655,144			
		24,100					
	464	1,589					
2,976							
22,195	993	5,230	(7,702)				
25,171	1,457	30,919	(7,702)				
(38,956)	991	123	315,874	261,385			
439,346 11,342	10,798	19.674 924	4,114,998 (11,342)	2,857,803 . 206,075			
450,688	10,798	20,598	4,103,656	3,063,878			
411,732	\$ 11,789	\$ 20,721	\$ 4,419,530	\$ 3,325,263			

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EXHIBIT - I

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EXHIBIT - I STATE OF FLORIDA NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1998

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The following summary of Florida's significant accounting policies is presented to assist the reader in interpreting the financial statements. These policies should be viewed as an integral part of the accompanying financial statements.

A. <u>Reporting Entity</u>

The State of Florida reporting entity consists of the State's legislative agencies, the Governor and Cabinet, the State departments, commissions, and boards of the executive branch, and the various offices relating to the judicial branch of State government. Component units, legally separate organizations for which the State is financially accountable, are also included in the State's reporting entity.

Criteria for defining the reporting entity are identified and described in the Governmental Accounting Standards Board's (GASB) *Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards*, Sections 2100 and 2600. These criteria were used to evaluate potential component units for which the State is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the State are such that exclusion would cause the State's financial accountability. These criteria include appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body and (1) the ability of the State to impose its will on that organization or (2) the potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on, the State. Additional information pertaining to the individual component units can be obtained from:

The Bureau of Accounting 101 East Gaines Street Room 414, The Fletcher Building Tallahassee, Florida 32399 (850) 410-9951 Suncom 210-9951

B. Basis of Presentation

The State's financial statements have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board and present the financial data of the State of Florida (the primary government) and its component units. The component units are included in the State's reporting entity because of the significance of their operational or financial relationships with the State.

The financial position of the State University System is presented in a separate column on the Combined Balance Sheet - All Fund Types, Account Groups and Discretely Presented Component Units in recognition that the accounting principles applied to the State University System fund types differ materially from those applied to the State's other fund types and account groups. The Combined Statement of Changes in Fund Balances and the Combined Statement of Current Funds Revenues, Expenditures and Other Changes follow a form recommended by the National Association of College and University Business Officers and the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants (AICPA). The Combined Statement of Current Funds Revenues, Expenditures and Other Changes is a statement of financial activities of current funds related to the current reporting period. This statement does not purport to present the results of operations or the net income or loss for the period as would a statement of income or a statement of revenues and expenses.

Total columns on the accompanying combined financial statements are captioned "Memorandum Only" because they are presented only to facilitate financial analyses. Inasmuch as the total columns include fund types, account groups and discretely presented component units that use different bases of accounting, include both restricted and unrestricted amounts, and include interfund transactions that have not been eliminated, data in the total columns are not intended to present financial position, results of operations, or changes in financial

position in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Such data is not comparable to a consolidation.

BLENDED COMPONENT UNITS

Pursuant to Section 240.213, Florida Statutes (F.S.), the State University System's Board of Regents provides medical professional liability insurance through self-insurance programs at the University of Florida and the University of South Florida. As part of these self-insurance programs the Board of Regents has created Captive Insurance Companies. Although legally separate from the State University System, which is a part of the primary government, the Captive Insurance Companies are also reported as if they are part of the primary government because they are wholly owned by the Board of Regents and their sole purpose is to assist in providing liability protection for the universities, the Board of Regents, and affiliated individuals and entities. Additionally, pursuant to Section 376.3075, F.S., the Inland Protection Financing Corporation, which provides financing for the rehabilitation of petroleum contamination sites as further described in Note 9A, is included as a blended component unit.

DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNITS

The following is a description of the State's discretely presented component units:

Community Colleges

Chapter 240, F.S., provides for twenty-eight community colleges located throughout the State and the associated direct-support organizations. Section 240.305, F.S., establishes the State Board of Community Colleges of the Department of Education. The Board is comprised of the Commissioner of Education, one student, and eleven lay citizens appointed by the Governor, approved by four members of the State Board of Education, and confirmed by the Senate. The community colleges follow the same accounting principles as the State University System. Due to the significance of the community colleges and their component units, they are displayed in a separate column from the remaining component units on the combined balance sheet.

Other Component Units

Financial data of discretely presented component units, other than community colleges and their component units, are included in the "other" column of the combined balance sheet. Additional condensed financial statement disclosures for "other" component units are included in Note 26 under the following categories:

Environmental

Water Management Districts - Chapter 373, F.S., created five water management districts in the State. The special districts have a fiscal year-end of September 30. The purpose of these districts is to protect property and the inhabitants in the districts against the effects of water, either from its surplus or deficiency. The Governor, subject to confirmation by the Senate, appoints members of the governing boards. Section 373.503(1), F.S., states that "the general regulatory and administrative functions of the districts...should fully or in part be financed by general appropriations."

<u>Educational</u>

University Direct-Support Organizations - Section 240.299, F.S., defines a direct-support organization (DSO) as an organization which is a Florida corporation, not-for-profit, incorporated under the provisions of Chapter 617, F.S., and approved by the Department of State. Fiscal years are not dictated by State statute. DSOs are organized and operated exclusively to receive, hold, invest and administer property and to make expenditures to, or for, the benefit of the State University System in the State of Florida. The Board of Regents must certify that these organizations are operating in a manner consistent with goals of the university and in the best interest of the State. Any organization which is denied certification cannot use the name of the university which it seeks to serve.

Transportation

Transportation/Expressway Authorities - Any county, or two or more contiguous counties located within a single district of the Department of Transportation, may, by resolution adopted by the board of county commissioners,

form an expressway authority which shall be an agency of the State, pursuant to the Florida Expressway Authority Act.

<u>Other</u>

Additional Discretely Presented Component Units - Component units of the State also include various foundations, not-for-profit corporations and direct-support organizations. The fiscal years of these component units may vary.

JOINT VENTURES

A joint venture is a legal entity or other organization that results from a contractual arrangement and that is owned, operated, or governed by two or more participants as a separate and specific activity subject to joint control, in which the participants retain (1) an ongoing financial interest or (2) an ongoing financial responsibility. The purpose of a joint venture is to pool resources and share the costs, risks, and rewards of providing goods or services to venture participants directly, or for the benefit of the general public or specific service recipients. Financial data for the joint ventures in which the State participates is not included in these statements. To obtain additional information pertaining to these joint ventures, please refer to Note 1A. The following are descriptions of the State's joint ventures:

Regional Planning Councils - Sections 186.501-.513, F.S., the "Florida Regional Planning Council Act", create regional planning agencies to assist local governments in resolving their common problems. The regional planning councils are designated as the primary organization to address problems and plan solutions that are of greater-than-local concern or scope. The State has eleven (11) regional planning councils. Participants in these councils have no equity interest but are required by statutes to contribute to the support of these programs.

Board of Control for Southern Regional Education - Sections 244.01-.03, F.S., promote the development and maintenance of regional education services and facilities in the southern states to provide greater educational advantages and facilities for the citizens in the region. The states established a joint agency called the Board of Control for Southern Regional Education to submit plans and recommendations to the states from time to time for their approval and adoption by appropriate legislative action for the development, establishment, acquisition, operation and maintenance of educational facilities in the region. There is no equity interest in this joint venture. Support for the Board is appropriated each year.

Southern Growth Policies Agreement - This agreement is intended to assist southern states in meeting their own problems by enhancing their abilities to recognize and analyze regional opportunities and take account of regional influences in planning and implementing their public policies. Appropriation requests under any budget are apportioned among the party states to support operations of the agreement, indicating an ongoing financial responsibility by the party states.

Southern States Energy Compact - Section 377.711, F.S., enacted this compact into law joining the State of Florida and other states to recognize that proper employment and conservation of energy, and employment of energy-related facilities, materials and products can assist substantially in the industrialization of the South and the development of a balanced economy in the region. Funds are appropriated by the Legislature to support Florida's participation in the compact.

Dade County Expressway Authority – Chapter 348, Part 1, F.S. - The Dade County Expressway Authority was created and established pursuant to the Florida Expressway Authority Act. It has the powers to acquire, hold, construct, improve, maintain, operate, own, and lease an expressway system. Its governing body consists of appointments by the State and county and the State has an indirect ongoing financial interest in the Authority.

Apalachicola-Chattahoochee-Flint River Basin (ACFRB) Commission – Section 373.71, F.S. - The Commission was created as an interstate administrative agency to promote interstate comity, remove causes of present and future controversies, equitably apportion the surface waters of the ACFRB, and engage in water planning. Operational funding required by the Commission is equally shared among the party states. There is no equity interest in this joint venture.

RELATED ORGANIZATIONS

Organizations for which a primary government is accountable because that government appoints a voting majority of the board, but is not financially accountable, are related organizations. Examples of such

organizations include selected hospital districts, port authorities and aviation authorities. Since the State is not financially accountable for any of these organizations, applicable financial data is not shown. To obtain additional information pertaining to these related organizations, please refer to Note 1A.

C. Fund Accounting

The State of Florida's accounting systems are organized on the basis of funds and account groups. A fund is a fiscal and accounting entity having a self-balancing set of accounts for recording assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, either expenditures or expenses depending on the fund type, and other financing sources and uses.

Governmental fund types, proprietary fund types, fiduciary fund types and account groups are used to record transactions relating to all State activities, except those pertaining to the State University System. State University System transactions are recorded in fund types as described in the AICPA College Guide model which is an acceptable alternative provided by GASB Statement No. 15, *Governmental College and University Accounting and Financial Reporting Models*. The aforementioned funds and account groups are described below.

GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES

General Fund - The general fund is the principal fund used to account for general governmental activities of the State. All financial transactions not required to be accounted for in other funds are accounted for in the general fund.

Special Revenue Funds - Special revenue funds are used to account for revenues which are legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes. Principal sources of legally restricted revenues are motor fuel taxes and Federal grants.

Capital Projects Funds - Capital project funds are used to account for resources used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities other than those financed by enterprise funds, internal service funds or trust funds.

Debt Service Fund - The debt service fund is used to account for resources earmarked to pay principal, interest and service charges on general long-term debt.

PROPRIETARY FUND TYPES

Enterprise Funds - Enterprise funds are used to account for activities: (1) that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises where the costs of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis are to be financed or recovered primarily through user charges or (2) where the periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred and/or net income is appropriate. Certain segment information relative to enterprise funds is presented in Note 18.

Internal Service Funds - Internal service funds are used to account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department to other departments or other governmental units on a cost-reimbursement basis.

FIDUCIARY FUND TYPES

Fiduciary funds consist of expendable, nonexpendable, pension, and investment trust funds and agency funds which are used to account for financial resources held or administered by the State in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units or other funds. Each trust fund is classified for accounting measurement purposes as either a governmental-type fund or a proprietary-type fund. Accordingly, expendable trust funds are accounted for in the same manner as governmental funds, whereas the nonexpendable, pension, and investment trust funds are accounted for in the same manner as proprietary funds. Agency funds are purely custodial in nature; that is, all assets are held for others. Therefore, assets equal liabilities. Accounting for an agency fund does not involve measuring results of operations.

ACCOUNT GROUPS

The general fixed assets account group is used to establish accounting control for general fixed assets. General fixed assets are usually acquired with resources of governmental fund types and used in association with governmental fund activities. Fixed assets of the proprietary type funds are reported within those funds.

The general long-term debt account group is used to establish accounting control for unmatured long-term debt and other obligations of governmental fund types not paid with current resources. Obligations of funds using proprietary fund accounting are reported as liabilities in those funds rather than in the general long-term debt account group.

The account groups are not funds. They consist of self-balancing sets of accounts and are used only to establish accounting control over general fixed assets and general long-term obligations. Account groups are not used to account for available resources, the acquisition of fixed assets or payment of liabilities.

STATE UNIVERSITY SYSTEM FUND TYPES

Current Funds - Current funds are used to account for those economic resources which are expendable for operational purposes in performing the primary objectives of the State University System. Resources restricted by donors or other outside agencies for specific current operating purposes are reported as restricted current funds; resources not so restricted are reported as unrestricted current funds.

Loan Funds - Loan funds are used to account for loans to students and the resources available for such loans. The terms of the loan agreements with donors usually specify that the money be used on a revolving basis; that is, repayments of principal and interest by a student borrower are restored to the fund and loaned to other students.

Endowment Funds - Endowment funds are used to account for gifts which the donors or outside agencies have stipulated, as a condition of the gift, that the principal is to be maintained inviolate in perpetuity and invested for the purpose of producing income. The income from these investments is reported in the fund in which it is to be used.

Unexpended Plant Funds - Unexpended plant funds are used to account for unexpended resources received from various sources to finance the acquisition of long-lasting plant assets and liabilities associated with those resources.

Renewals and Replacements Plant Funds - Renewals and replacements plant funds are used to account for resources to be used to provide for the renewal and replacement of plant fund assets as distinguished from resources used for additions and improvements to plant.

Retirement of Indebtedness Funds - Retirement of indebtedness funds are used to account for the accumulation of resources to be used for payment of principal and interest and other debt service charges, including contributions for sinking funds, relating to plant fund indebtedness.

Investment in Plant Fund - The investment in plant fund is used to account for all long-lasting assets and their associated liabilities used in activities of the State University System, except for the assets accounted for as investments in endowment funds. This fund includes all construction in progress at June 30.

Agency Funds - The agency funds are used to account for and report funds held by the institutions of the State University System as custodian or fiscal agent for others.

D. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues, expenditures or expenses, transfers and the related assets and liabilities are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the nature of the measurement. The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus.

All governmental fund types, expendable trust funds and agency funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues, except for certain grant revenues, are recognized when they become measurable and available to finance expenditures of the current period. When grant terms provide that the expenditure of funds is the primary factor for determining eligibility for grant funds, revenue is recognized at the time the expenditure is made.

Expenditures are recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting when the related fund liability is incurred. Exceptions to this general rule include: (1) expenditures for insurance and similar services extending over more than one accounting period generally are not allocated between or among accounting periods but

usually are accounted for as expenditures of the period of acquisition and (2) principal and interest on general long-term debt are recognized when due.

The measurement focus of the governmental fund types and expendable trust funds is the current financial resources method which emphasizes the determination of financial position and changes in financial position, rather than net income determination. Only current assets and current liabilities are generally accounted for in these funds.

All proprietary fund types, State University System fund types, and the nonexpendable, pension, and investment trust funds are accounted for using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses or expenditures, as applicable, are recognized when incurred. An exception to this general rule for revenue recognition may occur in State University System restricted current funds when expenditures are made for current operating purposes. The measurement focus of the State University System fund types is on the status of funds and on the flow of resources through the fund entities. The primary obligation of accounting and reporting in the State University System fund types is accounting for resources received and used rather than a determination of net income.

The measurement focus of the proprietary fund types and the nonexpendable, pension, and investment trust funds is on a flow of economic resources method which emphasizes the determination of net income, financial position and cash flows. All fund assets and liabilities, current and noncurrent, are accounted for on the balance sheet. Each proprietary fund has the option under Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), Statement No. 20, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Proprietary Funds and Other Governmental Entities That Use Proprietary Fund Accounting to elect to apply all Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) pronouncements issued after November 30, 1989, unless FASB conflicts with GASB. The State of Florida has elected to not apply FASB pronouncements issued after the applicable date.

To the extent that State University System current funds are used to finance plant fixed asset acquisitions, the amount so provided is accounted for as: (1) expenditures, in the case of normal replacement of movable equipment and library books; (2) mandatory transfers, in the case of required provisions for debt amortization, interest and equipment renewal and replacement; and (3) transfers of a nonmandatory nature for all other cases. Transfers are recognized by all funds affected in the accounting period in which the interfund receivable and payable arise.

E. Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of money are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is employed as an extension of formal budgetary integration in the general, special revenue, capital projects, expendable trust and State University System funds. Encumbrances outstanding at fiscal year-end are reported as reservations of fund balances.

F. Reserves of Fund Balance

Reserves are established to indicate that a portion of fund balance is not appropriable or is legally segregated for specific future use. The types of reserves of the State's fund balances are described as follows:

Reserve for encumbrances - represents outstanding purchase orders, contracts and other commitments.

Reserves for inventory, advances and long-term receivables - represents fund assets that are not expendable financial resources.

Reserve for debt service - represents fund assets restricted for payment of debt service.

Reserve for endowment principal - represents trust fund assets that must be held in perpetuity by the donee.

Reserve for employees pension benefits - represents cumulative assets available and restricted for the payment of obligations of the pension plans. The reserve captures the difference between total pension assets and liabilities at the reporting date.

Other reserves - represents fund assets restricted for various reasons including donor-imposed restrictions and statutory guidelines.

G. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash includes cash on hand and on deposit in banks, including demand deposits, time deposits, and certificates of deposit. Most deposits are held by financial institutions qualified as public depositories under Florida law. Cash equivalents are short-term, highly liquid investments. For the purposes of GASB *Codification Section 2450, Cash Flow Statements,* pooled investments with the State Treasury include cash equivalents.

H. Investments

Investments, other than investments of the Local Government Surplus Funds Trust Fund and the Debt Service Escrowed Fund, are reported at fair value at the reporting date. The investments of the Local Government Surplus Funds Trust Fund, a Securities and Exchange Commission Rule 2a7-like external investment pool, are reported at amortized cost. The investments of the Debt Service Escrowed Fund, which meet the requirements of a legal or in-substance defeasance, are reported at cost. The State invests moneys in various authorized investment vehicles including derivatives. Details of these investments are included in Note 3.

I. Inventories

With the exception of the State University System and food stamp inventories as discussed below, most inventories consist of expendable supplies, although the inventories in some funds include small quantities of goods purchased for resale.

Methods of recording expenditures for inventories include both the consumption method and the purchases method, depending on the type of inventory and individual department accounting policy. Under the consumption method, inventories are recorded as expenditures when used or consumed. Under the purchases method, inventories are recorded as expenditures when purchased rather than when subsequently used. Inventories accounted for using the purchases method are included on the combined balance sheet by recording an offsetting reservation of fund balance for the value of such inventories reported.

Accounting methods, including valuation, vary for different inventories. The most common are described below:

General Fund and Special Revenue Funds - Inventories of the general fund and special revenue funds utilize either the purchases or consumption method and are valued using various methods of determining cost. Food stamps are recorded at face value in the Special Revenue Fund.

Proprietary Fund Types - Inventories of proprietary fund types are accounted for using either the consumption or purchases method and are valued using various methods of determining cost.

State University System Funds - Inventories reported by the State University System consist of expendable supplies and goods for resale. Both categories of inventories are expended when consumed or sold. Most of the inventories are valued at cost using the last-invoice-price method of determining cost.

J. Fixed Assets and Depreciation

Expenditures for fixed assets acquired or constructed for general governmental purposes are reported in the governmental fund types and expendable trust funds that financed the acquisition or construction. The fixed assets so acquired are capitalized (recorded) at cost in the general fixed assets account group, except for public domain (infrastructure) general fixed assets which are not capitalized. General fixed assets are not depreciated and interest expenditures during construction are not capitalized.

Fixed assets acquired or constructed by proprietary fund types, the nonexpendable trust fund and the pension trust fund are capitalized in the fund financing the acquisition or construction. The fixed assets are recorded at cost and depreciated principally on a straight-line basis over useful lives ranging from 15 to 50 years for buildings and improvements and 3 to 20 years for machinery, equipment and library resources. Net interest costs are capitalized during the construction period. Revenue-producing toll facilities (roads and bridges) are recorded as "improvements other than buildings." State University System fixed assets are generally stated at cost and are not depreciated.

Not included in reported fixed assets are the collections at various historic sites and museums throughout the State. For example, the Florida Museum of Natural History at the University of Florida contains collections of biological, archaeological, geologic and ethnographic items. The Museum of Florida History, located in Tallahassee, currently has artifacts illustrating the history of Florida since the arrival of human beings on the peninsula. It also has access to collections that include: Florida upland and underwater archaeology, Florida archives and Florida and Spanish colonial numismatics. Although these collections are considered irreplaceable and guite valuable, no attempt has been made to place a dollar value on them.

K. Long-Term Debt

Long-term obligations that will be financed from resources to be received in the future by governmental fund types and most expendable trust funds are reported in the general long-term debt account group, not in individual funds. Long-term obligations to be financed from proprietary fund types, the nonexpendable trust fund, the pension trust fund, the State University System funds and the Prepaid Postsecondary Education Expense Trust Fund and the Special Disability Trust Fund (expendable trust funds) are recorded in the applicable funds rather than in the general long-term debt account group.

L. Compensated Absences

Employees earn the right to be compensated during absences for vacation and illness as well as for unused special compensatory leave earned for hours worked on legal holidays and other specially authorized overtime. Compensated absences for annual leave are recorded as a liability when the benefits are earned. Compensated absences for sick leave are calculated based on the vesting method. Within the limits established by law or rule, the value of unused leave benefits will be paid to employees upon separation from State service.

In governmental fund types and expendable trust funds, the expenditure for leave benefits is recognized when payments are made to employees; however, a long-term liability for unused vacation and calculated sick leave benefits is recorded in the general long-term debt account group.

In proprietary fund types, the nonexpendable trust fund and the pension trust fund, the cost of vacation and calculated sick leave benefits is recognized (accrued) in the period they are earned and the corresponding liability for payment of such obligations is recorded in the applicable fund rather than in the general long-term debt account group.

The compensated absences liability of the State University System is recorded in the unrestricted funds. Although the State University System liability is expected to be funded primarily from future appropriations, generally accepted accounting principles for universities following the AICPA College Guide model do not permit the recording of a receivable in the unrestricted current funds in anticipation of future appropriations.

In all funds and the general long-term debt account group, the compensated absences amounts are based on June 30, 1998, salary rates and include employer social security and pension contributions at current rates.

M. Nonmonetary Transactions

Florida participates in various activities which are, in part, represented by nonmonetary transactions. The majority of these nonmonetary transactions are reported within the receiving governmental funds of the State's reporting entity. Examples include nonmonetary assistance in the form of Federal grants, such as food stamps and donated food commodities. The State also acts as an agent for the United States Department of Agriculture in the distribution of donated food commodities to qualifying organizations outside the State reporting entity. Transactions relating to this activity are not reported in the accompanying financial statements.

State Attorneys and Public Defenders of the State of Florida are furnished certain office space and other services by counties under the provisions of Chapter 27, Florida Statutes. Some counties also provide certain facilities and services to other officers and staff of the judicial branch. The value of these services provided by the counties is not reported as a revenue.

N. Reporting Changes

GASB Statement No. 31, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools, has been implemented for fiscal year 1997-98. This Statement establishes fair value standards

for certain investments and accounting and financial reporting standards for all investments held by governmental external investment pools.

GASB Statement No. 32, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans, has been implemented for fiscal year 1997-98. This Statement rescinds GASB Statement No. 2, Financial Reporting of Deferred Compensation Plans Adopted under the Provisions of Internal Revenue Code Section 457, and establishes accounting and financial reporting standards for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 deferred compensation plans of state and local governmental employers. In addition, this Statement amends the investment guidance for Section 457 plans in GASB Statement No. 31 and requires reporting this activity in an expendable trust fund.

Section 420.504, F.S., originally created the Florida Housing Finance Agency (Agency) as a semiindependent state agency administratively attached to the Department of Community Affairs and was included as part of the State's primary government. Effective January 1, 1998, the Agency was reconstituted as the Florida Housing Finance Corporation (Corporation) and all assets and liabilities were transferred to the Corporation. Pursuant to GASB Statement No. 14, the Corporation has been determined to be a discretely presented component unit of the State. However, due to the fact that the Corporation has selected a December year end, its complete financial data will not be included as part of the State's reporting entity until the fiscal year ended June 30, 1999.

NOTE 2 - BUDGETARY PROCESS, REPORTING AND GAAP RECONCILIATION

A. Budget Process

Chapter 216, Florida Statutes, promulgates the process used to develop the budget for the State of Florida. By September 1 of each year, the head of each State agency and the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court for the Judicial Branch submit a final annual legislative budget request to the Governor and Legislature. Then, at least 45 days before the scheduled annual legislative session in each year, the Governor, as Chief Budget Officer, submits his recommended budget to each legislator.

The Governor also provides estimates of revenues sufficient to fund the recommended appropriations. Estimates for the General Revenue Fund, Budget Stabilization Fund and Working Capital Fund are made by the Revenue Estimating Conference (see the description of the budgetary basis fund types in the next section). This group includes members of the executive and legislative branches with forecasting experience who develop official information regarding anticipated State and local government revenues as needed for the State budgeting process. In addition to the Revenue Estimating Conference, other consensus estimating conferences cover national and state economics, national and state demographics, the state public education system, criminal justice system, social services system, transportation planning and budgeting, the child welfare system, the juvenile justice system and the career education planning process.

Trust fund revenue estimates are generally made by the agency that administers the fund. These estimates are reviewed by the Governor and then incorporated into his recommended budget.

The Governor's recommended budget forms the basis of the appropriations bill. As amended and approved by the Legislature (subject to the line-item veto power of the Governor and override authority of the Legislature), this bill becomes the General Appropriations Act.

The Governor and the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court may, under certain conditions, establish releases for amounts not appropriated by the Legislature to agencies and the judicial branch, respectively. These releases, called additional appropriations, are made primarily for nonoperating disbursements such as the purchase of investments and the transfer of money between State funds.

The Comptroller, as Chief Fiscal Officer, approves disbursements in accordance with legislative authorizations, which are set forth in the Statement of Intent. The budget is controlled at the account code level, which is defined as an appropriation category (e.g., salaries) within a budget entity. The Governor and the Comptroller are responsible for detecting conditions which could lead to a deficit in any agency's funds and reporting that fact to the Administration Commission and the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court. The Constitution of the State, Article VII, Section 1(d), states, "Provision shall be made by law for raising sufficient revenue to defray the expenses of the State for each fiscal period."

The Legislature is responsible for annually providing direction in the General Appropriations Act regarding the use of the Working Capital Fund to offset General Revenue Fund deficits. Absent any specific direction to the contrary, the Governor and the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court shall comply with guidelines provided in Section 216.221(5), F.S., for reductions in the approved operating budgets of the executive branch and the judicial branch.

If circumstances warrant, the head of a department or the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court may transfer appropriations (other than fixed capital outlay appropriations) but only to the extent of five percent of the original appropriation or \$25,000, whichever is greater. Transfers of general revenue appropriations in excess of five percent or \$25,000, whichever is greater, or for fixed capital outlay, must be approved by the Administration Commission or the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court. The Governor and the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court may approve transfers of expenditure authority within any trust fund for agencies and the judicial branch, respectively.

At the end of the fiscal year, any balance of an operating appropriation which has not been disbursed but is expended (recorded as a payable) or contracted to be expended (recorded as a reserve for encumbrances in governmental fund types), may be certified forward into the next fiscal year. Certifications forward for agencies and the judicial branch are subject to the approval of the Governor and the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court, respectively. Any undisbursed operating appropriation not certified forward reverts to the fund from which it was appropriated as of June 30. Any certified forward operating appropriation remaining after December 31 reverts and is available for reappropriation. Any unexpended appropriation balance for fixed capital outlay subject to, but not under the terms of a binding contract or a general construction contract prior to February 1 of the second fiscal year, or the third fiscal year if it is for educational facilities as defined in Chapter 235, F.S., or a construction project of the Board of Regents, shall revert on February 1 of such year to the fund from which appropriated and shall be available for reappropriation. Universities may carry forward certain unexpended appropriations up to five percent of their total operating budget, which are not subject to reversion.

The State of Florida is progressing toward full implementation of a performance-based budgeting system. Chapter 216, F.S., designates when each department will be phased into this new budgeting method. Some agencies are already subject to the performance-based budgeting standards and all agencies will be under this new system by the fiscal year ended June 30, 2002. With performance-based budgeting, a department receives a lump-sum appropriation from the Legislature for each designated program at the beginning of the year. The Governor for State agencies or the Chief Justice for the judicial branch is responsible for allocating the amounts among the traditional appropriation categories so that specified performance standards can be met. At any time during the year, the agency head or Chief Justice may transfer appropriations between categories within the performance-based program with no limit on the amount of the transfer in order for the designated program to accomplish its objectives.

B. Budgetary Basis of Accounting

The budgetary basis of accounting required by State law differs materially from the basis used to report revenues and expenditures in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). Appropriations are made from funds that are prescribed by law. These legal basis fund types (known as State funds) are the General Revenue Fund, numerous trust funds, the Budget Stabilization Fund, and the Working Capital Fund.

Certain moneys, known as local funds, available to agencies for their operations are maintained outside the State Treasury. Because the funds are located in banks outside of the State Treasury, budgetary authority and the disbursement of these funds are not controlled by the State Comptroller. For example, the State Board of Administration operates from such funds.

Budgetary basis revenues are essentially reported on the cash basis and include amounts classified by GAAP as other financing sources. Budgetary basis expenditures include disbursements, except those for prior year certified forwards, plus current year payables and encumbrances which are certified forward into the next fiscal year. They also include amounts classified by GAAP as other financing uses. State law requires prior year payables and encumbrances not certified forward to be paid from the current year budget. The presentation of the budgetary data excludes most fixed capital outlay projects. Many fixed capital outlay projects are funded on a multi-year basis since major construction projects require several years to complete. These are accounted for as capital projects funds. Appropriations are made in total the first year even though they are released and expended over a period of years as required by the projects. Although the State Transportation Trust Fund within the Department of Transportation is reported as a special revenue fund, the projects within the fund are primarily of a multi-year nature, generally requiring several years to complete and are accounted and appropriated for

accordingly. Because of the multi-year nature of such projects, these multi-year fixed capital outlay projects and the State Transportation Trust Fund are not presented on the Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual (Budgetary Basis) - All Budgetary Fund Types. The total expenditures for these fixed capital outlay projects for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1998, were \$106 million for general revenue and \$5.4 billion for trust funds.

State agencies maintain the accounting records used in financial statement preparation in accordance with GAAP. However, the State's accounting system has the capability of also accumulating financial data on the budgetary basis. Therefore, the Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual (Budgetary Basis) - All Budgetary Fund Types is presented using the following statutorily prescribed fund types: General Revenue, Trust; Budget Stabilization and Working Capital Funds. Expenditures are presented by appropriation category and are divided between operating and nonoperating categories. This presentation reflects the actual appropriation process as adopted by the State.

Additional disclosures of budgetary basis financial information may be obtained from the State Comptroller's Office. Refer to Note 1A for correspondence information.

C. GAAP Reporting Reconciliation

The Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual (Budgetary Basis) - All Budgetary Fund Types presents comparisons of the legally adopted budget with actual data on a budgetary basis. Since accounting principles applied for the purposes of developing data on a budgetary basis differ significantly from those used to present financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles, a reconciliation of fund balances for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1998 is presented in the following schedule (in thousands):

	GAAP BASIS FUND TYPES					
			Special			
	G	eneral	<u></u>	Revenue		
Budgetary basis fund balances:						
General Revenue	\$	744,839	\$			
Trust				8,650,792		
Budget Stabilization		685,990		•••••		
Working Capital		355,944	<u>+</u>	0.650 700		
		1,786,773		8,650,792		
Trust funds budgetary fund balances other than						
special revenue funds:						
Included in the general fund		2,696		(2,696)		
Included in the proprietary fund types		•••••		(776,592)		
Included in the trust and agency fund types				(2,883,765)		
Included in the State University System funds		•••••		(628,762)		
Security lending investments within the Treasury		191,429		357,497		
Special investments within the Treasury			····	140,711		
Budgetary basis fund balances within the GAAP		1 000 000				
basis fund types*		1,980,898		4,857,185		
Non-treasury cash and investments		896		108,788		
Receivables not certified forward (only certain						
expenditure refunds are certified forward)		1,569,608		2,640,430		
Inventories and prepaid items		21,798		160,158		
Liabilities not certified forward (accrual items not						
recognized in the certified forward process)		(330,284)		(3,604,446)		
Encumbrances		71,925		1,165,354		
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GAAP basis fund balances of budgetary funds		3,314,841		5,327,469		
within the GAAP basis fund types		3,314,041		5,527,409		
GAAP basis fund balances not included in the				771,044		
trust funds budgetary fund balances GAAP basis fund balances of local (nonbudgetary)		•••••		771,044		
funds **				31,332		
GAAP basis fund balances	\$	3,314,841	\$	6,129,845		
Treasury cash and investments	\$	2,661,396	\$	5,615,897		
Certified forward receivables		11,239		3,699		
Certified forward operations and fixed capital outlay		(691,737)		(762,411)		
*Budgetary basis fund balances within GAAP basis						
fund types	\$	1,980,898	\$	4,857,185		
Ceek and investments	\$	4,631	\$	28,281		
Cash and investments	φ	4,031	φ	28,201 17,874		
Receivables				2		
Inventories and prepaids		 (4,746)		(14,825)		
Liabilities						
**GAAP basis fund balances of local (nonbudgetary) funds	\$		\$	31,332		

NOTE 3 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

A. Deposits

At June 30, 1998, the carrying amount of deposits totaled \$2,243,751,446 which consisted of the following: \$190,997,998 cash and cash equivalents in financial institutions; \$395,333,472 restricted cash and cash equivalents in financial institutions; and \$1,657,419,976 pooled investments with the State Treasury. The reported carrying amount of component unit deposits totaled \$300,222,580 which consisted of cash and cash equivalents in financial institutions.

Chapter 280, F.S., generally requires public funds to be deposited in a bank or savings association that is designated by the State Treasurer as authorized to receive deposits in the State and that meets the collateral requirements. Collateral in the amount of the greater of the average daily balance of public deposits multiplied by the depository's minimum collateral pledging level, established by the State Treasurer, or 25 percent of the average monthly balance of public deposits or 125 percent of the average daily balance of public deposits greater than capital, is required to be deposited with the State Treasurer as security for public deposits. Collateral may be held by another custodian with approval of the Treasurer if conditions are met which protect the State's interests. The amount of collateral may be increased to 125 percent of the average daily balance of public deposits. Eligible collateral includes federal, federally-guaranteed, state and local government obligations and corporate bonds.

Statutes provide that if a loss to public depositors is not covered by deposit insurance and the proceeds from the sale of securities pledged by the defaulting depository, the difference will be provided by an assessment levied against other qualified public depositories of the same type as the depository in default.

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Deposits held in trust that are fully secured under trust business laws, deposits that are fully secured under Federal regulations, and/or deposits that are outside the country are exempted from being placed with a qualified public depository. Also exempt are deposits of the System Trust Fund, which is used to administer the Florida Retirement System. A number of these deposits, however, are insured or collateralized.

The deposit balances reported by the State's banks totaled \$1,547,612,318. Of this amount, \$1,546,843,102 was covered by Federal and other depository insurance or the collateral pool described above and \$769,216 was uncollateralized. The deposit balances reported by component unit banks totaled \$315,227,981. Of this amount, \$245,903,905 was covered by Federal and other depository insurance or the collateral pool described above, \$36,313,853 was collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department in the Component Unit's name, and \$33,010,223 was uncollateralized.

B. Investments

The schedules below disclose the carrying value and fair value of each type of investment classified in categories of credit risk. These categories are as follows:

- a. Insured or registered, or securities held by the State or its agent in the State's name.
- b. Uninsured and unregistered, with securities held by the counterparty's trust department or agent in the State's name.
- c. Uninsured and unregistered, with securities held by the counterparty, or by its trust department or agent but not in the State's name.

Certain investments, such as mutual funds, cannot be categorized because they are not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form. Securities held by the other parties underlying security lending agreements also are not categorized.

1. Pooled Investments with the State Treasury

Unless specifically exempted by statute, all cash of the State must be deposited in the State Treasury. Certain component units are allowed by statute to deposit cash with the State Treasury. The State Treasury, in turn, keeps the funds fully invested to maximize interest earnings. Authorized investment types are set forth in Section 18.10, F.S., and include certificates of deposit, direct obligations of the United States Treasury, obligations of Federal agencies, asset-backed or mortgage-backed securities, commercial paper, bankers' acceptances, medium term corporate obligations, repurchase agreements, commingled and mutual funds, derivatives, negotiable certificates of deposit; and, subject to certain rating conditions, foreign bonds denominated

in U.S. dollars and registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) for sale in the United States and convertible debt obligations of any corporation domiciled within the United States. The State Treasury is also responsible for safekeeping and servicing funds and securities required to be deposited by insurers and agents as a prerequisite to doing business in the State. Securities held solely in custodial capacity for non-State entities are not reported on the State's combined balance sheet.

State Treasury holdings at June 30 include \$115,631,507 held for component units. Deposits held by the State Treasury for component units are reported by the component units as "Due from primary" and may differ in amount due to different component unit reporting periods.

The State Treasury records as an investment funds credited to the State's account in the Federal Unemployment Compensation Trust Fund pursuant to Section 903 of the Social Security Act. The fund is drawn upon primarily to pay unemployment compensation benefits. This money is pooled with deposits from other states and is managed by the Federal government. No disclosures can be made of specific securities owned.

State statutes authorize the State Treasury to participate in a security lending program. Agents of the State Treasury loan securities, including U.S. Government and federally-guaranteed obligations and bonds and notes to broker/dealers for collateral with a simultaneous agreement to return the collateral for the same securities in the future. Collateral requirements for all lending transactions are 102 percent of the fair value of the underlying security plus accrued interest. Such collateral may consist of cash, government securities, or unconditional, irrevocable standby letters of credit. Cash collateral is invested by the agent in short-term investments authorized by Section 18.10, F.S. Maturities of investments made with cash collateral generally are not matched to maturities of the securities loaned because security loan agreements are generally open-ended with no fixed expiration date. Since the collateral under security lending agreements (including accrued interest) exceeded the fair value of the securities underlying those agreements (including accrued interest), the Treasury had no credit risk exposure at June 30, 1998. If a situation occurs where an agent does not receive collateral sufficient to offset the fair value of any securities lent, or the borrowers fail to return the securities or fail to pay the State Treasury for income distributions by the securities' issuers while the securities are on loan, the agent is required to indemnify the State Treasury for any losses which might occur. Total security lending collateral held at June 30 was \$1,188,997,277. The reported value of investments purchased with the cash portion of the collateral (\$756,110,553) is included in the balance sheet as "Pooled Investments with State Treasury" and "Obligations under Security Lending Agreements." The State Treasury does not have the ability to pledge or sell the non-cash collateral securities so the non-cash portion of the collateral held (U.S. Government and federally-guaranteed obligations valued at \$435,078,056) is not reported in the balance sheet. During the fiscal year, the securities lending program generated \$49,868,988 in revenues for the State Treasury while incurring \$46,644,536 in expenses and \$985,859 in agent fees. Securities on loan at June 30, 1998 are presented as nonclassifiable investments in the following Schedule of Pooled Investments.

The State invests in derivatives of asset-backed and mortgage-backed securities to improve yield. Investments in derivatives of mortgage-backed securities include various classes such as "Interest Only" and "Principal Only". These derivatives are based on cash flows from interest and principal payments on underlying mortgages. Therefore, prices of mortgage derivatives are highly sensitive to pre-payments by mortgagees caused by changing market conditions. In the following Schedule of Pooled Investments, the fair value of derivatives is included in the pooled investments categorized as U.S. Government and federally-guaranteed obligations and bond and notes.

Effective for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1998, GASB Statement No. 31, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools, requires that governmental entities report investments at fair value in the balance sheet, except for money market investments and participating interestearning investment contracts that have a maturity at the time of purchase of less than one year, which may be reported at amortized cost. The State Treasury valued all investments determined internally to be long-term using quoted fair value prices, while investments determined to be short-term with one year or less to maturity from trade date were valued at amortized cost. Accordingly, securities identified in the Carrying Value column in the following Schedule of Pooled Investments include securities reported at amortized cost and fair value. Investment earnings, including the change in the fair value of applicable securities and the realized gains and losses from investments in short-term securities are reported as revenue on the Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances, All Governmental Fund Types, Expendable Trust Funds and Discretely Presented Component Units. Detail of the holdings and a reconciliation to the memorandum total of the combined balance sheet, as well as the credit risk of investments held, is as follows (in thousands):

Schedule of Pooled Investments

	Risk Category					Carrying	Fair	
		<u>A</u>		B	•	Value	Value	
Certificates of deposit	\$	92,188	\$		\$	92,188	\$ 92,188	
U. S. Government and		4,525,591				4,525,591	4,521,816	
federally-guaranteed obligations Bankers' acceptances	:	862,110		•••••		862,110	4,521,816 853,995	
Commercial paper	•	2,279,245		493,518		2,772,763	2,764,809	
Repurchase agreements		5,881		73,837		79,718	79,718	
Bonds and notes		1,848,967		188,756		2.037,723	2.037,705	
	·	110 101001		1001100			2100/11/00	
Classifiable Investments	\$	9,613,982	\$	756,111		10,370,093	10,350,231	
Unemployment compensation funds								
pooled with U. S. Treasury						2,187,750	2,187,750	
Mutual funds						412,921	412,921	
U.S. Government and federally-guaranteed obligatio held by others under security lending agreements	ns					808,797	808,797	
Nonclassifiable Investments						3,409,468	3,409,468	
Total Investments					_	13,779,561	13,759,699	
Cash on hand						300	300	
Cash on deposit						1,657,420	1,657,420	
						.,007,120	1001,120	
Total State Treasury holdings Adjustments:						15,437,281	15,417,419	
Outstanding warrants						(779,052)	(779,052)	
Unsettled securities liability						(599,844)	(599,844)	
Reconciled balance, June 30, 1998					\$	14,058,385	\$ 14,038,523	
Combined balance sheet presentation:								
Pooled investments with State Treasury (all fund typ	es)				\$	13,663,058		
Restricted assets (see Note 10)	•					395,327		
•								
Total						14,058,385		

2. Other Investments

Florida Statutes allow investment of funds in a range of instruments including federally-guaranteed obligations, other Federal agency obligations, certain State bonds, commercial paper, obligations of a Florida political subdivision as permitted by law, common stock, repurchase and reverse repurchase agreements and real estate. Securities identified above may be loaned to security dealers, provided the loan is collateralized by cash or United States government securities having a fair value of at least 100 percent of the fair value of the securities loaned. If bond proceeds are invested, investments must be made in accordance with the bond covenants. These covenants usually require investment in federally-guaranteed obligations.

The State actively invests its funds primarily through the State Board of Administration (pension funds, debt service funds, lottery grand prize funds, local government funds, Florida Hurricane Catastrophe Fund and the Florida Prepaid Postsecondary Education Expense Trust Fund).

The State also invests funds on behalf of component units primarily through the State Board of Administration's Local Government Surplus Funds Trust Fund. Component unit investments administered by the State Board of Administration totaled \$666,140,775 at June 30, 1998. Investments held by the State for component units are reported by component units as "Due from primary" and may differ in amount due to different component unit reporting periods. The State Board of Administration (SBA) issued a separate report (financial statements and notes) pertaining to the State's Investment Trust Funds, administered through the Local Government Surplus Funds Trust Fund Investment Pool (the Pool), for the period ended June 30, 1998, as required by GASB Statement No. 31. Additional information pertaining to the Investment Trust Funds or a copy of the report may be obtained from the:

Chief Financial Officer State Board of Administration of Florida 1801 Hermitage Boulevard Tallahassee, Florida 32308 (850) 488-4406

The Department of Insurance administers for all State employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Section 457, Internal Revenue Code. The Plan permits employees to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The Plan is structured such that participants decide how their contributions are to be invested. To become eligible to receive benefits from the Plan, the employee must terminate employment, retire, die, or suffer an unforeseen emergency. All moneys, pensions, annuities, or other benefits accrued under and pursuant to Section 457, and the deferred compensation plan provided for therein and adopted by this State; and all amounts of compensation deferred thereunder; all property and rights purchased with such amounts, and all income attributable to such amounts, property or rights, are accounted for in the Deferred Compensation Trust Fund in the State Treasury and are held in trust by the State for the exclusive benefit of participants and their beneficiaries. The assets of the Plancremain the property of the State until paid or made available to the participants. The State has no liability for losses under the plan but does have the duty of due care that would be required of an ordinary and prudent investor. Pursuant to GASB Statement No. 32, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans, the fund for the Deferred Compensation Plan was reclassified from an agency fund to an expendable trust fund. The Department is also responsible for the safekeeping and accountability of assets (including investments) of financially troubled insurance companies.

Through the SBA, various funds (primarily the Pension Trust Fund, the Local Government Surplus Funds Trust Fund [an external investment pool], the Florida Lottery Trust Fund, the Florida Hurricane Catastrophe Fund, and the Florida Prepaid Postsecondary Education Expense Trust Fund) participate in a securities lending program. SBA received \$10,947,271,250 of cash collateral and \$1,848,027,533 of U.S. Government securities for the lending programs. In general, the collateral held for the security lending transactions exceeded the market value of the securities underlying the agreements (including accrued interest). SBA is contractually limited from pledging or selling collateral except in the event of borrower default. Maturities of investments made with cash collateral generally are not matched to maturities of the securities loans, due to securities loan agreements generally being open-ended with no fixed expiration date. As such, investments made with cash collateral are primarily in short-term investments. However, investments purchased with cash collateral for the Local Government Surplus Funds Trust Fund, Florida Lottery Trust Fund, and Florida Hurricane Catastrophe Fund included those with maturities of six months or more of approximately 22 percent, 9 percent, and 14 percent, respectively, of total collateral invested. There are no restrictions on the amount of securities that can be loaned at one time to one borrower for the Pension Trust Fund. For the Local Government Surplus Funds Trust Fund, the SBA has adopted industry practice for SEC Rule 2a 7-like pools, which generally restricts lending activity to no more than one-third of the portfolio. At June 30, 1998, there was a credit risk of \$23,367 in one of the security lending programs. SBA has indemnity clauses in all of its lending programs that require the lender to consume any losses resulting from the holding of insufficient collateral. If a loss had occurred on this loan, SBA could recoup the losses from the lender. Total security lending program revenue earned during the 1997-98 fiscal year was \$457,522,428 while total costs incurred were \$432,251,452.

The State's Defined Benefit Pension Plan investments are valued as of June 30, 1998, at \$90,893,153,580. The SBA has established investment policy guidelines for each portfolio within the Defined Benefit Pension Plan. Pursuant to these guidelines, investment derivative instruments are not to be used to speculate in the expectation of earning extremely high returns. Various investment derivative instruments are used as part of the investment strategy to hedge against interest rate risk, currency risk in foreign markets and mortgage-backed security prepayment risk, as well as for yield-curve strategy purposes, diversification, and management of equity market exposure. Investment derivative instruments include futures, options, forward exchange contracts and mortgage-backed security derivative instruments such as collateralized mortgage obligations.

In compliance with GASB Statement Nos. 25 and 31 all investments in the Defined Benefit Pension Plan, including futures contracts, have been reported at fair value. The net gain on futures contracts during the fiscal year was \$40,976,998. The Defined Benefit Pension Plan had 2,988 long and 1,071 short futures contracts open at June 30, 1998. The margins receivable and payable on these open contracts as of June 30, 1998 were \$641,811 and \$255,562, respectively, and are included in the "Receivables" and "Accounts payable and accrued liabilities" totals on the balance sheet. Gains and losses on futures contracts are not deferred until the contracts are closed; they are recognized on a daily basis as fair value changes. As of June 30, 1998, United States Treasury notes with a fair value of \$26,908,540 were pledged as collateral for futures positions.

The fair value of option contracts is reported as an investment on the balance sheet. The notional (principal) balance of the option contracts are not reported on the balance sheet nor in the disclosure of custodial risk. The Defined Benefit Pension Plan's investment in options included 25 short put option contracts and a long position in 40,277 ten-year call options. The notional amounts, if the call options were exercised, would represent a long position in 25,000,000 par value corporate bonds with the contracts expiring October 1, 1998, and a long position in 40,277 shares of stock.

Since the options typically are expected to expire without being exercised or are traded prior to expiration date, the potential gain (loss) is generally the premium amount or some small multiple thereof, not the notional value. The premium amount received for the short put options on corporate bonds totaled \$142,500.

Forward exchange contracts are reported as accounts payable and accounts receivable on the balance sheet. The State recognizes the gains and losses on the forward exchange contracts on the settlement date. The Defined Benefit Pension Plan's forward exchange contracts for the purchase and sale of foreign currencies, based on the exchange rate in effect as of the date of the forward exchange contracts, had a receivable balance of \$186,357,042 with a discount of \$1,004,621 and a payable balance of \$186,423,149 with a premium of \$1,253,259. Upon settlement of the contracts, the receivable and payable balances are reversed and any changes in the foreign currency exchange rates will affect the amount to be paid or received and gains and losses are realized for such difference.

Mortgage-backed security derivative instruments are reported at fair value on the balance sheet and are primarily classified as Federal agencies in the disclosure of custodial risk. The Defined Benefit Pension Plan's investment in mortgage-backed security derivative instruments at fair value totaled \$569,349,402, which was greater than the cost of \$538,496,574 for an unrealized gain of \$30,852,828 at June 30, 1998. During the fiscal year the Defined Benefit Pension Plan participated in a mortgage index swap contract. The swap was based on a notional amount of \$150,000,000 and the net gain was \$4,061,545 during the term of the agreement. As of June 30, 1998, the Defined Benefit Pension Plan had no direct participation in mortgage index swap contracts.

The Defined Benefit Pension Plan for the 1997-98 fiscal year had investment income, including net gains and losses on the sale of investments, totaling \$14,889,673,000. Net gains and losses (realized and unrealized) on the Defined Benefit Pension Plan's investments are reported as "Net appreciation in fair value" in the investment income portion of the Combined Statement of Changes in Net Assets – Defined Benefit Pension Plan and Investment Trust Funds.

The investments of the Prepaid Postsecondary Education Expense Program (an expendable trust fund) were held by the custodian which is also the counterparty. Additionally, the carrying value (securities reported at cost, amortized cost, and fair value) reported in the Other Investments Schedules for the primary government and component units are categorized as follows (in thousands):

Other Investments Schedule Primary Government

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			Risk Category					Carrying		Fair	
		<u>A</u>		8	<u></u>	C		Value		Value	
Certificates of deposit U. S. Government and	\$	794,132	\$		\$	•••••	\$	794,132	\$	794,115	
federally-guaranteed obligations		8,116,786		23,286	1,2	66,364		9,406,436		9,402,788	
Federal agencies obligations		6,517,631		4,666		18,646		6,740,943		6,735,276	
Commercial paper		5,548,659						5,548,659		5,548,010	
Canadian bills		69,681						69,681		69,665	
Repurchase agreements		4,384,465			3	97,749		4,782,214		4,782,214	
Bonds and notes	1	1,725,632		17,139	1	35,736		11,878,507		11,878,426	
Stocks	4	0,394,970		16,225				40,411,195		40,411,195	
Total classifiable investments	\$7	7,551,956	\$	61,316	\$2,0	18,495	<u></u>	79,631,767	······	79,621,689	
Investments held by others under securi U. S. obligations Federal agencies Bonds and notes Stocks Investment agreements Real estate agreements Deferred compensation investments Money market and mutual funds	ty len	ding agreem	ients ,	:				6,923,939 1,059,780 342,885 2,402,022 417,973 2,474,654 1,029,536 23,224,423	•	6,924,512 1,059,736 342,885 2,402,022 417,973` 2,474,654 1,029,536 23,224,423	e Statione e
Total nonclassifiable investments								37,875,212		37,875,741	
Total investments							\$1	17,506,979	\$	117,497,430	
Combined balance sheet presentations: Investments Restricted assets - investments							\$1	17,433,490 73,489			
Total investments							\$1	17,506,979			

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Other Investments Schedule Component Units

		Risk Category						Carrying	Fair		
		A		В		С		Value		Value	
Certificates of deposit	\$	2,723	\$		\$		\$	2,723	\$	2,723	
U. S. Government and											
federally-guaranteed obligations		379,196		67,851		346,646		793,693		793,693	
Federal agencies obligations		24,423		13,461		10,475		48,359		48,359	
Repurchase agreements		23,997		3,878		5,460		33,335		33,335	
Bonds and notes		267,155		12,517		25,202		304,874		304,874	
Stocks		522,219		122,181		8,505		652,905		652,905	
Total classifiable investments	\$	1,219,713	\$	219,888	\$	396,288		1,835,889		1,835,889	
Investment agreements								232,077		232,077	
Real estate agreements								32,873		32,873	
Deferred compensation investments								45,900		45,900	
Money market and mutual funds								335,898		335,898	
Total nonclassifiable investments								646,748	. -	646,748	
Total investments							\$	2,482,637	\$	2,482,637	
Combined balance sheet presentations: Investments Restricted assets - investments							\$	2,228,037 254,600			
Total investments								2,482,637			

NOTE 4 - RECEIVABLES

Receivables are presented on the combined balance sheet net of allowances for uncollectibles. Information regarding gross receivables and related allowances is presented below (in thousands):

							Fur	nd Ty	rpes								
				Governme				Fiduciary Proprietary Trust					,	State			
		<u>General</u>		Special Revenue	apital ojects		Debt ervice	<u>E</u> 1	nterprise		nternal ervice		and <u>Agency</u>		niversity <u>System</u>		Total
Accounts receivable Less allowances	\$	125,612	\$	533,419	\$ 130	\$	•••••	\$	25,924	\$	15,392	\$	3,316,511	\$	105,173	\$	4,122,161
for uncollectibles		88,463		143,034	 				1,455		9		2,500,606		12,254		2,745,821
Net accounts receivable		37,149		390,385	130		•••••		24,469		15,383		815,905		92,919		1,376,340
Taxes receivable		1,226,444	2.5	252,877			••••••				•••••		41,523				1,520,844
Pension contributions rec.				•••••	•••••		•••••						252,030				252,030
Due from Federal gov't		1		916,986			•••••						•••••		•••••		916,987
Interest receivable		24,885		32,614	76	;	3,561		4,379		1,244		487,646		6,802		561,207
Other receivables		48		23,924	 •••••				49		420		2,250		42,276		68,967
Net receivables	\$	1,288,527	\$	1,616,786	\$ 206	\$3	3,561	\$	28,897	\$	17,047	\$	1,599,354	\$	141,997	\$	4,696,375
Loans/notes receivable Less allowances	\$	4,286	\$	719,267	\$ •••••	\$		\$	7	\$		\$	604,327	\$	84,312	\$	1,412,199
for uncollectibles	-				 								2,476		10,577		13,053
Net loans and notes receivable	\$	4,286	\$	719,267	\$ 	\$		\$	7	\$		\$	601,851	\$	73,735	\$	1,399,146

NOTE 5 - TAX REVENUE

Florida levies neither a personal income tax nor an ad valorem tax on real or tangible personal property. Taxes are, however, the principal means of financing State operations. A schedule of tax revenues by tax type is presented below (in thousands):

		Fund T	ypes	6	
				Special	Expendable
	 Total	General		Revenue	Trust
Sales and use tax	\$ 13,349,272	\$ 13,349,272	\$	\$	· · · · · ·
Motor fuel tax	1,518,286			1,518,286	•••••
Corporate income tax	1,395,566	1,395,566			
Intangible personal property tax	1,164,297	••••••		1,164,297	
Documentary stamp tax	1,005,378			1,005,378	
Unemployment compensation tax	573,381	•••••		•••••	573,381
Alcoholic beverage tax	566,277	546,371		19,906	•••••
Gross receipts utilities tax	638,077			638,077	
Cigarette tax	444,838	•••••		444,838	
Estate tax	563,665	563,665			• • • • • •
Insurance premium tax	426,511	19,177		407,334	•••••
Hospital public assistance tax	272,722	••••••		272,722	
Workers' compensation special					
disability tax	207,609	•••••		71,716	135,893
Pollutant tax	215,992	•••••		215,992	•••••
Pari-mutuel wagering tax	63,526	46,817		16,709	•••••
Citrus excise tax	65,026			65,026	
Solid minerals severance tax	61,269	•••••		61,269	•••••
Aviation fuel tax	16,623	•••••		16,623	
Utility regulatory tax	27,890	•••••		27,890	•••••
Smokeless tobacco tax	21,001	21,001		•••••	
Oil and gas production tax	6,539	•••••		6,539	
Other taxes	 1,365	 •••••		1,365	
Total	\$ 22,605,110	\$ 15,941,869	\$	5,953,967 \$	5 709,274

NOTE 6 - CHANGES IN GENERAL FIXED ASSETS

	Balances 7/1/97	Adj	ustments	Additions	Dele	etions	Balances 6/30/98
Land	\$ 2,242,882	\$	(428)	\$ 74,946	\$	137	\$ 2,317,263
Buildings	1,781,504		86,396	48,441	3	2,936	1,883,405
Improvements other than buildings	196,058		13,428	2,484		419	211,551
Furniture and equipment	1,492,729		(82,290)	239,057	19	5,461	1,454,035
Construction in progress	323,003		(37,375)	137,177	4	5,369	377,436
Library resources	19,408		35	1,378		314	20,507
Other fixed assets	277,784		145	995		3,892	275,032
Total	\$ 6,333,368	\$	(20,089)	\$ 504,478	\$ 27	8,528	\$ 6,539,229

Changes during the fiscal year in general fixed assets are summarized below (in thousands):

NOTE 7 - PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

The Florida Retirement System (FRS) was created December 1, 1970, with consolidation of the Teachers' Retirement System (Chapter 238, F.S.), the State and County Officers and Employees' Retirement System (Chapter 122, F.S.) and the Highway Patrol Pension Fund (Chapter 321, F.S.). In 1972, the Judicial Retirement System (Chapter 123, F.S.) was also consolidated with the FRS. The FRS was created by Chapter 121, F.S., to provide a defined benefit pension plan for participating public employees. Provisions relating to the FRS are also contained in Chapter 112, F.S.

Except for elected State and county officers and members of the optional retirement programs, FRS membership is compulsory for all employees filling a regularly established position in a State agency, county agency, or district school board. Membership by elected State and county officers is optional. Participation by cities, municipalities and special districts, although optional, is generally irrevocable after election to participate is made.

There are five general classes of membership as follows:

Regular Class - This class consists of members of the FRS who do not qualify for membership in the other classes.

Senior Management Service Class (SMSC) - This class consists of members in senior management level positions in State and local governments.

Special Risk Class - This class consists of members who are employed as law enforcement officers, firefighters, or correctional officers and meet the criteria to qualify for this class.

Special Risk Administrative Support Class - This class consists of Special Risk Class members who are transferred or reassigned to nonspecial risk law enforcement, firefighting, or correctional administrative support positions within an FRS special risk employing agency.

Elected State and County Officers' Class (ESCOC) - This class consists of elected State, county and some city and special district officers.

The FRS provides vesting of benefits after ten years (eight years for ESCOC members, seven years for SMSC members) of creditable service. Members are eligible for normal retirement when they have met the requirements listed below. Early retirement may be taken any time after vesting; however, there is a 5% benefit reduction for each year prior to normal retirement age.

Regular Members - Ten or more years of creditable service and age 62. Thirty years of creditable service regardless of age.

Senior Management - Seven years of SMSC service and age 62. Ten or more years of any creditable service and age 62. Thirty years of any creditable service regardless of age.

Special Risk (Including Administrative Support Class) - Ten or more years of Special Risk Class service and age 55. Twenty-five total years special risk service regardless of age. Thirty years of any creditable service regardless of age.

Elected Officers - Eight years of ESCOC service and age 62. Ten years of any creditable service and age 62. Thirty years of any creditable service regardless of age.

Benefits are computed on the basis of age, average final compensation and service credit. Members are also eligible for in-line-of-duty or regular disability and survivors' benefits. Pension benefits are increased each July 1 by a 3% cost-of-living adjustment.

The FRS is a cost-sharing multiple-employer public-employee defined benefit pension plan administered by the Division of Retirement. Costs of administering the FRS are funded through interest earned on investments made for the pension trust fund. Reporting of the FRS is on the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when the obligation is incurred.

Investments are reported at fair value. Short-term investments are reported at amortized cost, which approximates fair value. Securities traded on a national or international exchange are valued at the last reported sales price at current exchange rates. Mortgages are valued on the basis of expected future principal and interest payments and are discounted at prevailing interest rates for similar instruments. The fair value of real estate investments is based on independent appraisals. Investments that do not have an established market are reported at estimated fair value. No investment in any one organization represents 5% or more of the net assets available for pension benefits.

All participating employers must comply with statutory contribution requirements. Except in those instances where employees have elected to remain in pre-existing plans, employees make no contributions. Statutes require that the unfunded actuarial liability (UAL) be amortized within a 30-fiscal year period. The balance of legally required reserves for all defined benefit pension plans at June 30, 1998 is \$83,779,830,843. Of this amount, \$83,768,145,564 was attributable to the FRS and was reserved to provide for total current and future benefits, refunds, and administration of the FRS. Section 121.031(3), F.S., requires a biennial actuarial review of the FRS which is provided to the State Legislature as guidance in funding decisions. The conclusions of the review are included in the annual report of the FRS.

Membership Class	Recommended for Fiscal Year 1997-98	7/1/97 Statutory Rates (Ch. 121, F.S.)
Regular	16.77%	16.77%
Senior Management	21.58%	21.58%
Special Risk	26.44%	26.44%
Special Risk Administration	17.20%	17.20%
Judges	29.55%	29.55%
Legislators/Attorneys/Cabinet Elected County, City and Special	23.07%	23.07%
District Officers	27.33%	27.33%

FRS Retirement Contribution Rates:

FRS Participating Employers:

Employer Types	6/30/98
State Agencies	52
County Agencies	397
District School Boards	67
Community Colleges	28
Cities	110*
Special Districts	128*
Hospitals	4*
Other	13
Total Participating Employers	799

*These totals include the 60 cities, 3 independent hospitals and 26 independent special districts that are closed to new FRS members as of January 1, 1996.

FRS Membership:		Senior	Special	Special Risk	Elected State and County	Total
Member Types	Regular	Management	Risk	Administrative	Officers	6/30/98
Active			1			
Non-Vested	294,560	241	29,979	28	962	325,770
Vested	246,690	1,047	25,581	189	1,091	274,598
Current Retirees						
and Beneficiaries	153,423	324	9,014	78	1,190	164,029
Vested Terminated	37,063	103	2,155	11	487	39,819
Total Members	731,736	1,715	66,729	306	3,730	804,216

Schedules of Funding Progress and Employer Contributions are contained in the State of Florida Comprehensive Annual Financial Report published by the State Comptroller. Additional information about the FRS is contained in the various publications available from the Division of Retirement within the Department of Management Services.

A. Other Postemployment Benefits

Section 112.0801, F.S., provides that retirees may participate in their former employers' group health insurance programs. In general, premiums are paid by the retiree.

The Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy (HIS) established by Section 112.363, F.S., is to assist retirees of most State-administered retirement systems in paying health insurance costs. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 1998, eligible retirees and beneficiaries received a monthly retiree health insurance subsidy payment equal to the number of years of creditable service completed at the time of retirement multiplied by \$3. The payments were at least \$30 but not more than \$90 per month. To be eligible to receive the HIS, a retiree under a State-administered retirement system must provide proof of health insurance coverage, which can include Medicare.

The HIS program is funded by required contributions from FRS participating employers. Employer contributions are a percentage of payroll for all active FRS employees and are added to the amount submitted for retirement contributions. HIS contributions are deposited in a separate trust fund from which HIS payments are authorized. Section 112.363, F.S., provides for increases in contribution rate and subsidy payments in the 1998-99 fiscal year. In the event contributions fail to provide subsidy benefits to all participants, the subsidy payments may be reduced or canceled. Additional information pertaining to the HIS is as follows:

	1996	1997	1998
HIS recipients as of 6/30	127,335	134,871	142,548
HIS contributions for FY ending 6/30	\$107,292,909	\$111,966,826	\$117,297,218
HIS payments for FY ending 6/30	\$94,267,313	\$100,511,133	\$106,688,003
HIS trust fund net assets at 6/30	\$35,913,093	\$49,065,272	\$62,144,173
HIS contribution rate as of 1/1	0.66%	0.66%	0.66%

B. State of Florida Participation

The State of Florida contributed as required to the FRS as part of a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 1998, the State's total covered payroll for its 152,049 State employee members amounted to \$4,298,249,938 with actual and required employer contributions totaling \$844,396,647 or 19.65%. The State's contributions to the FRS for the years ending June 30, 1996 and June 30, 1997 were \$756,966,561 and \$779,139,574, respectively. These amounts were also equal to the required contributions for each year. Covered payroll refers to all compensation paid by the State to active employees covered by the FRS on which contributions to the defined benefit pension plan are based. The State's contributions required of all participating employers.

Employees' eligibility and benefits are as previously described. Contributions are by class based on Chapter 121, F.S., as previously described. Employees not filling regular established positions but working under other personal services (OPS) status are not covered by the FRS.

C. Optional Retirement Program (ORP)

Section 121.35, F.S., created the ORP for eligible State University System faculty and administrators. This program was designed to aid universities in recruiting employees who may not remain in the FRS long enough to vest. The ORP is a defined contribution plan which provides full and immediate vesting of all contributions paid on behalf of the participants to the participating provider companies to purchase contracts for retirement and death benefits. Employees in eligible positions are compulsory participants in the ORP unless they elect membership in the FRS.

The employing university contributes the same percentage of the participant's salary as would have been contributed to the FRS for Regular Class membérship plus the HIS contribution, totaling 17.43% of covered payroll for July 1997 through June 1998. A portion (5.78%) of the total contribution is transferred to the FRS Trust Fund to help amortize the unfunded actuarial liability, .01% is for the administration of the program, and the remainder (11.64%) is paid to the provider companies designated by the participant. A participant may contribute by salary reduction an amount not to exceed the percentage contributed by the university for purchase of his or her annuity. Additional information pertaining to the ORP is as follows:

Members	9,427	
Payroll	\$491,831,763	
Contributions:		
Employee	\$ 24,130,246	4.91% of payroll
Employer	\$ 85,678,630	17.42% of payroll

D. Senior Management Service Optional Annuity Program (SMSOAP)

An optional retirement program for members of the Senior Management Service Class was created by Section 121.055, F.S. The SMSOAP is a defined contribution plan which provides full and immediate vesting of all contributions paid on behalf of the participants to the participating provider companies to purchase contracts for retirement and death benefits. Employees in eligible positions may make an irrevocable election to participate in the SMSOAP in lieu of the Senior Management Service Class. Employers contribute the same percentage of the participant's salary as would have been contributed to the FRS for Senior Management Service Class membership plus the HIS contribution, totaling 22.24% of covered payroll for July 1997 through June 1998. A portion (8.73%) of the total contribution is transferred to the FRS Trust Fund to help amortize the unfunded actuarial liability and the remainder (13.51%) is paid to the provider companies designated by the participant. A participant may contribute by salary reduction an amount not to exceed the percentage contributed by the employer for purchase of his or her annuity. Additional information pertaining to the SMSOAP is as follows:

Members	78	
Payroll	\$ 6,493,470	
Contributions:		
Employee	\$ 38,351	.59% of payroll
Employer	\$ 1,455,639	22.42% of payroll

NOTE 8 - OTHER COMMITMENTS

A. Construction

Road and bridge construction projects supervised by the Department of Transportation are administered by the Department of Transportation work program, which is updated during each budget cycle. As of June 30, 1998, the Department has available approximately \$3.3 billion in budget authority arising from both current and prior year projects which represents amounts committed on executed contracts. Other major construction commitments of the State of Florida at June 30, 1998, are as follows (in thousands):

	Total Estimated Cost at 6/30/98	Amount Expended Through 6/30/98	Estimated Amount Committed at 6/30/98
Agency			
Game and Fresh Water Fish Commission	\$ 1,456	\$ 336	\$ 1,120
Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles	1,704	1,299	405
Department of Military Affairs	1,734	379	1,355
Office of the State Courts Administrator	464	84	380
Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services	4,402	2,042	2,360
Department of Veterans' Affairs	11,181	3,236	7,945
Florida School for the Deaf and the Blind	11,276	6,992	4,284
Department of Children and Families	5,116	535	4,581
John and Mable Ringling Museum of Art	23,842	20,126	3,716
Department of Environmental Protection	30,834	29,296	1,538
Department of Management Services	40,569	21,475	19,094
Department of Health	44,733	14,549	30,184
Department of Juvenile Justice	173,866	37,426	136,440
Department of Corrections	297,144	189,670	107,474
State University System	956,048	570,092	385,956
Total	\$ 1,604,369	\$ 897,537	\$ 706,832

B. Year 2000 (Unaudited)

The year 2000 issue is the result of the first two digits being eliminated from the year when computer programs were written. On January 1, 2000, the internal clock in computers and other equipment will roll over from "12/31/99" to "01/01/00." Unfortunately, many programs (if not corrected) will not be able to distinguish between the year 2000 and the year 1900. This may cause the programs to process data inaccurately or to stop processing data altogether. Another factor that may cause problems in programs is the leap-year calculation. Some programs are unable to detect the year 2000 as a leap year.

The State of Florida has been aggressively working on the year 2000 issue within State agency computer systems for several years. This effort has been led by the State's Year 2000 Task Force, a group comprised of both executive and legislative members. These actions are intended to ensure that critical State services remain available as Florida moves into the next century.

Because of the unprecedented nature of the year 2000 issue, its effects and the success of related remediation efforts will not be fully determinable until the year 2000 and thereafter. Management cannot assure that the State of Florida is or will be year 2000 ready, that the State's remediation efforts will be successful in whole or in part, or that parties with whom the State does business will be year 2000 ready.

The State of Florida has identified four hundred and ninety-two (492) computer systems that are missioncritical (that is, critical to conducting operations) and is subjecting those systems and equipment to the following stages of work to address year 2000 issues:

- Awareness stage Establishing a budget and project plan for dealing with the year 2000 issue.
- Assessment stage Identifying the systems and components for which year 2000 compliance work is needed.
- Remediation stage Making changes to systems and equipment.
- □ Validation/testing stage Validating and testing the changes that were made during the remediation stage.

In 1998 the Florida Legislature enacted Chapter 98-331, Laws of Florida, which addressed the following concerns related to the year 2000 issue:

- Applies Florida's existing sovereign immunity provisions to State and local government entities in the event of year 2000 date calculation failures, and
- Grants the Governor the power to transfer resources to address a year 2000 date failure in an agency.

Florida has dedicated \$81 million in existing agency budgets and in specific appropriations since 1996 for the remediation of the 492 agency developed mission-critical computer systems. Legislative appropriations have been made to address unanticipated remediation and testing issues in applications and systems, and for systems in which embedded chip technology could introduce errors.

Florida has completed the awareness stage for all of its mission-critical systems and electronic equipment. The Year 2000 Task Force has completed the assessment stage by conducting an agency by agency-wide inventory (primary government) and identifying 492 agency developed mission-critical computer systems that needed year 2000 remediation. All of the mission-critical systems were prioritized, based on the number of citizens affected, failure date, and cost to renovate. Sixteen systems that are most critical to operations of the State were identified as top priority systems. The Year 2000 Task Force established a progress reporting process to monitor remediation in all affected agencies, with special emphasis on the 16 top priority systems. A Year 2000 Progress Report is issued on a monthly basis on both a Statewide Aggregate Progress Plan and a Top Priority Systems Progress Plan. As of June 30, 1998, the 492 agency developed mission-critical systems were 100% completed with the awareness stage, 93% with the assessment stage, 69% with the remediation stage, and 41% with the validation/testing stage. The 16 top priority mission-critical systems were 100% completed with the assessment stage, 60% with the remediation stage, and 33.5% with the validation/testing stage.

A significant commitment of resources are required to make year 2000 compliance changes or updates to the State's computer systems and other equipment. As of June 30, 1998, Florida had \$19.8 million dollars of resources committed (contracted amounts at the end of the government's reporting period) to make their systems and other equipment year 2000-compliant.

In addition to the 492 mission-critical systems discussed above, significant State agency computer systems exist which are vendor supplied and maintained. These systems are proprietary in nature, and the program code is not available to the State for year 2000 remediation purposes. State agencies' legal staff are seeking vendor supplied Year 2000 compliance and certification statements for these products. Since these remediation efforts are external to the State, their year 2000 compliance efforts are not fully determinable until the year 2000 and thereafter.

NOTE 9 - BONDS PAYABLE

A. Bonds Payable

Bonds payable at June 30, 1998, are as follows (in thousands):

Bond Type	Amount Outstanding	Interest Rates	Annual Maturity To	
GENERAL LONG-TERM DEBT ACCOUNT GROUP:				
Road and Bridge Bonds	\$ 1,167,910	4,000-6,875	2027	
SBE Capital Outlay Bonds	903,335	4.000-6.625	2018	
Inland Protection Bonds	233,035	4.250-5.000	2004	
Lottery Education Bonds	115,390	4.000-5.125	2018	
Public Education Bonds	6,405,920	4.400-9.125	2027	
Conservation and Recreation Lands Bonds	28,835	4.500-5.375	2012	
Save Our Coast Bonds	219,335	4.300-6.750	2012	
Preservation 2000 Bonds	2,122,840	4.000-6.400	2013	
Pollution Control Bonds	57,215	4.500-7.500	2014	
	11,253,815	•		
ENTERPRISE FUNDS:				
Toll Facilities Bonds	1,741,437	4.250-10.000	2027	
Less Payable from Restricted Assets	27,190			
	1,714,247			
INTERNAL SERVICE FUND: Florida Facilities Pool Bonds	320,023	4.000-7.100	2027	
STATE UNIVERSITY SYSTEM:				
State University System Bonds	367,870	3.000-7.000	2027	
TOTAL BONDS PAYABLE	\$ 13,655,955			

Road and Bridge (serial and term) *Bonds* are secured by a pledge of a portion of the State-assessed motor fuel tax revenues, discretionary sales tax levied by the City of Jacksonville, and by a pledge of the full faith and credit of the State.

State Board of Education (SBE) Capital Outlay Bonds are issued to finance capital outlay projects of school districts and community colleges. The bonds mature serially and are secured by a pledge of a portion of the State-assessed motor vehicle license tax and by a pledge of the full faith and credit of the State.

Inland Protection Bonds are issued by the Inland Protection Financing Corporation (a blended component unit) to finance the payment and settlement of existing reimbursement obligations of the Department of Environmental Protection for the cleanup of contamination from leaking petroleum storage tanks. The bonds mature serially and are secured by a pledge of revenues under a service contract with the Department of Environmental Protection.

Lottery Education Bonds are issued to finance all or a portion of the costs of various local school district educational facilities. The bonds mature serially and are secured by a pledge of a portion of the lottery revenues transferred to the Educational Enhancement Trust Fund.

Public Education Bonds are issued to finance capital outlay projects of local school districts, community colleges, vocational technical schools and the State University System. The bonds, serial and term, are secured by a pledge of the State's gross receipts tax revenues and by a pledge of the full faith and credit of the State.

Conservation and Recreation Lands Bonds are issued to acquire lands, water areas, and related resources. The bonds mature serially and are primarily secured by a pledge of the documentary stamp tax.

Save Our Coast Bonds are used to finance the purchase of environmentally significant coastal property. The bonds mature serially and are secured by a pledge of State Land Acquisition Trust Fund collections (primarily documentary stamp taxes).

Preservation 2000 Bonds are issued to pay the cost of acquiring lands and related resources in furtherance of outdoor recreation and natural resources conservation. The bonds mature serially and are secured by a pledge of a portion of the documentary stamp tax.

Pollution Control Bonds are issued to make funds available for local government acquisition and construction of pollution control facilities. The bonds are to be serviced by revenues pledged by the local governments and the full faith and credit of the State is pledged as additional security. The bonds mature serially. This amount includes \$50,745,000 that has been escrowed by local governments.

Toll Facilities Bonds are issued to provide construction funds for roads and bridges. The bonds are secured by a pledge of toll facility revenues and a portion of the State-assessed gasoline taxes. In addition, the full faith and credit of the State is pledged to service \$168,775,000 of the bonds outstanding. The bonds outstanding at June 30, 1998 consist of \$1,093,565,000 of serial bonds and \$697,880,000 of term bonds. The amount reported is net of \$32,379,362 unamortized discount and \$17,628,820 unamortized amount deferred on refunding.

Florida Facilities Pool Bonds are issued to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of facilities to be leased to State agencies. The bonds, serial and term, are secured by a pledge of the revenues derived from the leasing and operations of these facilities. The amount reported is net of \$3,558,174 unamortized discount and \$3,909,270 of unamortized amount deferred on refunding.

State University System Bonds and revenues certificates are issued to construct university facilities, including parking garages and student housing. Bonds and revenue certificates outstanding, which include both term and serial bonds, are secured by a pledge of rental revenues, traffic and parking revenues and student fee assessments. The amount reported is net of \$3,722,247 unamortized discount.

B. Advanced Refundings and Defeased

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 1998, the State of Florida took advantage of favorable conditions and issued bonds for the purpose of advance refunding previously issued bonds. The advance refunding of these bond series was made in order to obtain lower interest rates and the resulting savings in debt service payments over the life of the bond. The economic gains obtained by these advance refundings are the differences between the present value of old debt service requirements and the new debt service.

The proceeds of the refundings, and in some cases additional funds, were deposited into irrevocable trusts and invested in direct obligations of the Federal government and/or obligations guaranteed by the Federal government. The funds deposited along with the interest to be earned will be sufficient to meet the future principal and interest payments on the refunded bonds as they come due.

Bonds defeased through the consummation of refunding transactions are not included in Florida's outstanding debt. Irrevocable escrow accounts held by the State Board of Administration (SBA) to service the refunded bonds are reported as agency funds. The following advance refundings occurred during the fiscal year:

General Long-Term Debt Account Group:

The State of Florida, Department of Environmental Protection, Preservation 2000 Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 1998A, in the amount of \$200,020,000, along with other available funds, were used to advance refund \$201,600,000 of the outstanding bonds of the originally issued \$300,000,000 State of Florida, Department of Natural Resources, Preservation 2000 Revenue Bonds, Series 1992A. This refunding resulted in debt service savings of \$20,075,827 and an economic gain of \$14,277,379.

The State of Florida, Department of Environmental Protection, Preservation 2000 Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 1997B, in the amount of \$202,595,000, along with other available funds, were used to advance refund \$199,700,000 of the outstanding bonds of the originally issued \$300,000,000 State of Florida, Department of Natural Resources, Preservation 2000 Revenue Bonds, Series 1991A. This refunding resulted in debt service savings of \$22,365,639 and an economic gain of \$15,216,229.

Enterprise Fund:

The State of Florida, Department of Transportation, Turnpike Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 1997A, in the amount of \$199,690,000, along with other available funds, were used to advance refund \$4,655,000 of the outstanding bonds of the originally issued \$219,997,419 State of Florida, Department of Transportation, Turnpike Revenue Bonds, Series 1989A; \$99,410,000 of the outstanding bonds of the originally issued

\$336,895,000, State of Florida, Department of Transportation, Turnpike Revenue Bonds, Series 1991A; and \$84,300,000 of the outstanding bonds of the \$193,300,000 State of Florida, Department of Transportation, Turnpike Revenue Bonds, Series 1992A. This refunding resulted in debt service savings of \$25,490,677, an economic gain of \$15,015,200, and a deferred amount upon refunding of \$18,481,665.

State University System:

The State of Florida, Board of Regents, University System Improvement Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 1997A, in the amount of \$45,685,000, were used to advance refund \$41,235,000 of the outstanding bonds of the originally issued \$55,000,000 State of Florida, Board of Regents, University System Improvement Revenue Certificates, Series 1991. This refunding resulted in debt service savings of \$5,789,302 and an economic gain of \$3,847,290.

The following bond issues were considered to have been defeased during the year:

Enterprise Fund:

State of Florida, Full Faith and Credit, Hillsborough County Expressway Bonds (Series 1971 and 1978) \$107,070,000

General Long-Term Debt Account Group:

State of Florida, Full Faith and Credit, Pollution Control Bonds (Series W and Y)	\$ 81,950,000
State of Florida, Full Faith and Credit, Hernando County Road Bonds (December 1, 1979)	\$ 2,815,000

C. Prior-year Defeased Bonds

In prior years, the State has deposited with escrow agents in irrevocable trusts amounts sufficient to meet the debt service requirements of certain bonds. These defeased bonds are not reported as outstanding debt. Irrevocable trusts established with the State Board of Administration are reported in an agency fund. Debt considered defeased consists of the following (in thousands):

	Ρ	rincipal a 6/30/98	t
General Long-Term Debt: SBE Higher Education Bonds Pollution Control Bonds Public Education Capital Outlay Bonds Road and Bridge Bonds	\$	114,465 144,420 1,608,825 154,785	-
<i>Enterprise Funds:</i> Toll Facilities Bonds	\$	676,810	
Internal Service Funds: Florida Facilities Pool Bonds	\$	97,700	
State University System Bonds	\$	4,435	

D. Annual Requirements for Debt Service

The annual requirements to amortize bonds and certificates of participation payable at June 30, 1998 are as follows (in thousands):

Fiscal Year Ending 6/30	General Long-Term Debt	Enterprise Funds	Internal Service Funds	State University System	Component Units	Certificates of Participation
1999	\$ 965,814	\$ 126,896	\$ 24,461	\$ 31,791	\$ 137,514	\$ 4,164
2000	964,903	133,210	24,982	32,000	130,849	3,853
2001	962,882	135,322	: 24,914	31,977	127,365	3,830
2002	961,386	140,997	24,906	31,653	128,256	3,833
2003	958,429	140,717	24,846	31,387	133,349	3,835
Later years	14,901,311	2,619,000	441,951	459,404	2,838,495	57,051
Less restricted		27,190				•••••
Total Debt	19,714,725	3,268,952	566,060	618,212	3,495,828	76,566
Less unamortized		50,008	7,467	3,722	102,500	· · · · ·
Less interest	8,460,910	1,504,697	238,570	246,620	1,462,766	27,816
Principal	\$ 11,253,815	\$ 1,714,247	\$ 320,023	\$ 367,870	\$ 1,930,562	\$ 48,750

NOTE 10 - RESTRICTED ASSETS AND LIABILITIES PAYABLE FROM RESTRICTED ASSETS

Mandatory asset segregation required by bond indentures is presented in various enterprise funds as restricted assets. Restricted assets are composed of cash and investments in those funds with outstanding bonds. Current bonds payable and accrued interest payable in these funds are classified as payable from restricted assets. The amounts are as follows (in thousands):

RESTRICTED ASSETS: Cash Pooled investments with the State Treasury Investments	\$ 6 395,327 73,489
Total	\$ 468,822
LIABILITIES PAYABLE FROM RESTRICTED ASSETS: Current bonds payable Accrued interest payable	\$ 27,190 1,663
Total	\$ 28,853

NOTE 11 - INSTALLMENT PURCHASE CONTRACTS AND CAPITAL LEASES PAYABLE

Florida has a number of installment purchase contracts and capital leases providing for the acquisition of machinery, equipment, and buildings. The following is a schedule of future minimum payments remaining under the contracts at June 30, 1998 (in thousands):

Fiscal Year Ended 6/30	Gen Long- De	Term		oprietary Fund Types	Un	State iversity ystem	Cc	mponent Units		Total
1999	\$	6,846	\$	7,910	\$	747	\$	7,073	\$	22,576
2000		7,125		9,543		747		6,062		23,477
2001		6,646		8,884		461		4,334		20,325
2002		6,213		8,581		369		3,510		18,673
2003		6,020		8,143		120		2,581		16,864
Later Years	6	9,505		106,190		2,100		35,868		213,663
Total minimum payments	102	2,355		149,251		4,544		59,428		315,578
Less interest	38	8,172		50,534		1,524		21,127		111,357
Present value of payments	\$ 64	4,183	\$	98,717	\$	3,020	\$	38,301	\$	204,221
Installment	s :	3,058	s	3,667	\$	1,775	s	4,552	s	13,052
purchases Capital leases	-	1,125	ې 	95,050	Ţ	1,245	Ψ	33,749	Ψ Ψ	191,169
Total	\$ 64	4,183	\$	98,717	S	3,020	\$	38,301	\$	204,221

NOTE 12 - CHANGES IN GENERAL LONG-TERM DEBT AND COMPONENT UNIT LONG-TERM DEBT

Changes during the fiscal year in general long-term debt and component unit long-term debt are summarized below (in thousands):

PRIMARY GOVERNMENT		Balance 7/1/97	Ad	justments		Additions	C	eletions		Balance 6/30/98
Bonds payable: Road and Bridge State School Public Education Conservation Act Preservation 2000 Save Our Coast Pollution Control Inland Protection Lottery Education Compensated absences Certificates of participation Installment-purchase contracts and capital leases payable Due to other governments: Florida Canal Authority Federal arbitrage liability Other long-term liabilities: Petroleum Clean-Up liability	Ş	749,850 626,095 6,081,655 31,590 1,905,610 232,260 144,885 577,587 1,850 68,169 9,088 5,051 380,479 2,287	S	897	\$	445,690 301,705 450,000 253,335 115,390 75,153 1,537 11,900	\$ 	27,630 24,465 125,735 2,755 485,385 12,925 87,670 20,300 32,305 1,695 6,420 5,000 311 374,720 1,312	S	1,167,910 903,335 6,405,920 28,835 2,122,840 219,335 57,215 233,035 115,390 620,435 155 64,183 4,088 16,640 5,759 975
Total Primary Government	\$	10,816,456	\$	897	\$	2,357,325	\$	1,208,628	\$	11,966,050
COMPONENT UNITS Bonds payable Compensated absences Other	\$	1,562,327 140,357 282,418	\$	6,827 (843) (9,330)	Ş	455,300 6,060 41,431	s	93,892 571 112,132	\$	1,930,562 145,003 202,387
Total Component Units	\$	1,985,102	\$	(3,346)	\$	502,791	\$	206,595	\$	2,277,952

NOTE 13 - OPERATING LEASES

Florida has long-term commitments for assets leased under operating leases. These assets are not recorded on the combined balance sheet and operating lease payments are recorded as expenditures or expenses of the related funds when paid or incurred. Future minimum lease commitments for noncancelable operating leases as of June 30, 1998 are as follows (in thousands):

Fiscal Year Ending 6/30	Ope	Primary Government Operating Lease Commitments		ponent Units rating Lease mmitments	Entity Total		
1999	\$	154,978	\$	12,788	\$	167,766	
2000		138,264		11,205		149,469	
2001		115,498		9,610		125,108	
2002		94,431		8,150		102,581	
2003		72,447		4,973		77,420	
Later Years		249,259		28,605		277,864	
Total	\$	824,877	\$	75,331	\$	900,208	

Total primary government operating lease commitments consisted of \$7,861,718 for machinery and equipment and \$817,015,610 for land and buildings. Total operating lease commitments for component units consisted of \$23,608,862 for machinery and equipment and \$51,722,542 for land and buildings.

NOTE 14 - INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

During the course of operations, there are numerous transactions between funds. At June 30, 1998, amounts to be received or paid with current available resources are reported as due from or due to other funds, whereas the noncurrent portion is reported as advances to or advances from other funds. Receivable and payable balances of various state agencies at June 30, 1998 are as follows (in thousands):

	Interfund Receivables		Interfund Payables		
	Due From Other Funds	Advances To Other Funds	Due To Other Funds	Advances From Other Funds	
General Fund	\$246,860	\$16,367	\$347,078	\$	
Special Revenue Funds Department of Revenue Department of Transportation Department of Education Other	90,825 315,668 50,256 238,356	 107,906 6,116	424,647 28,993 274,778 213,549	7 10,000 20,113	
Total Special Revenue Funds	695,105	114,022	941,967	30,120	
Capital Projects Funds Department of Corrections Department of Juvenile Justice Department of Transportation Other	74,713 36,313 3,847 38,593	 21,930 	 116 70 737		
Total Capital Projects Funds	153,466	21,930	923		
Debt Service Fund	2,647			•••••	
Enterprise Funds Department of Transportation Other	54,145 2,157	67,962 	21,058 52,093	184,398	
Total Enterprise Funds	56,302	67,962	73,151	184,398	
Internal Service Funds Department of Management Services Other	8,595 9,753		26,161 1,813	2,003	
Total Internal Service Funds	18,348	••••••	27,974	2,003	
Trust and Agency Funds Expendable Trust Funds Department of Labor and Employment Security Other Nonexpendable Trust Fund	42,836 2,733		48,966 2,199		
Department of State	•••••		787	•••••	
Pension Trust Fund	97,888		3,996		
Investment Trust Funds	2,482	••••••	188	•••••	
Agency Funds Department of Insurance Department of Banking and Finance Department of Revenue Other	 6 53,070 25,542	······ ·····	230,104 90,109 26,531 14,720	 2,352	
Total Trust and Agency Funds	224,557		417,600	2,352	
State University System Funds	641,081	••••••	229,673	1,408	
Total Interfund Receivables and Payables	\$ 2,038,366	\$ 220,281	\$ 2,038,366	\$ 220,281	
Total for Component Units	\$ 36,306	\$	\$ 36,306	\$	

NOTE 15 - RISK MANAGEMENT

A. Property Self-Insurance Fund

The State Property Insurance Trust Fund, an internal service fund, insures State buildings and contents against loss from fire, lightning, sinkholes, flood, and other hazards customarily insured by extended coverage and loss from the removal of personal property from such properties when endangered by covered perils. The Fund provides coverage up to \$2 million per loss occurrence subject to an annual aggregate of \$5 million, except for losses due to flood. Commercial insurance for losses due to flood. The Fund self-insures up to \$250,000 coverage per State-owned single family residence and \$500,000 coverage per State-owned building for loss or damage due to flood and up to \$100,000 and \$500,000, respectively, for contents thereof.

The Fund's estimated liability for unpaid claims at fiscal year-end is determined by management analyses. Changes in the Fund's claims liability amount in fiscal years ended June 30, 1997 and June 30, 1998, were as follows (in thousands):

Fiscal Year- Ended	Fis	nning-of- cal-Year ability	Clai Cha	ent-Year ms and nges in timate	-	laim /ments	Other	ance at cal Year- End
June 30, 1997	\$	4,479	\$	261	\$	(980)	\$	\$ 3,760
June 30, 1998	\$	3,760	\$	(691)	\$	(898)	\$	\$ 2,171

B. Casualty Self-Insurance Fund

The Florida Casualty Insurance Risk Management Trust Fund, an internal service fund, provides insurance for the risks of loss related to Federal civil rights actions, workers' compensation, court awarded attorney fees, automobile liability, and general liability. It is the policy of the State to retain these risks of losses rather than purchasing commercial insurance.

The estimated liability for unpaid claims at June 30, 1998, was \$585 million. This amount was determined through an actuarial method based on historical paid and incurred losses and includes an amount for losses incurred but not yet reported. In addition, this amount includes the present value of workers' compensation indemnity reserves discounted using a four percent annual percentage rate.

Changes in the Fund's claims liability amount for fiscal years ended June 30, 1997 and June 30, 1998, were as follows (in thousands):

Fiscal Year- Ended	Fi	ginning-of- scal-Year Liability	CI CI	rrent-Year aims and nanges in Estimate	Claim Payments	C	ther	alance at scal Year- End
June 30, 1997	\$	451,033	\$	182,058	\$ (83,101)	\$	•••••	\$ 549,990
June 30, 1998	\$	549,990	\$	114,287	\$ (78,792)	\$		\$ 585,485

C. Medical Professional Liability Self-Insurance Program

The Medical Professional Liability Self-Insurance Program provides dental, medical, and veterinary medical professional liability, comprehensive general liability, hospital professional liability, and patient's property liability covering faculty, staff, and students engaged in dental, medical, and veterinary medical programs at the University of Florida, J. Hillis Miller Health Center (JHMHC), the JHMHC at Jacksonville, and the University of South Florida. The funds are reported with the State University System current funds.

The Program's retained risks range from payments on tort claims limited to \$100,000 per claim and \$200,000 per occurrence to \$2 million per occurrence for professional liability up to an aggregate of \$6.5 million for all payments made on claims arising during the fiscal year for the University of Florida JHMHC, up to \$3 million for the University of South Florida and up to \$6.5 million for the JHMHC at Jacksonville. Losses in excess of these individual and aggregate amounts, up to \$50 million, are insured commercially. Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The Medical Professional Liability Self-Insurance Program's estimated liability for unpaid claims at fiscal yearend is the result of both management and actuarial analyses and includes an amount for claims that have been incurred but not reported. The Program purchases annuity contracts from commercial insurers to satisfy certain liabilities; accordingly, no liability is reported for those claims. At June 30, 1998, none of those covered liabilities were still outstanding. Changes in the Program's claim liability amount in fiscal years ended June 30, 1997 and June 30, 1998, were as follows (in thousands):

Fiscal Year- Ended	Fis	inning-of- scal-Year iability	Cla Ch	rrent-Year ims and anges in stimate	Claim yments	Other		Balance at Fiscal Year- End
June 30, 1997	\$	34,401	s	6,239	\$ (6,386)	\$	S	\$ 34,254
June 30, 1998	\$	34,254	Ş	10,465	\$ (6,010)	\$	5	\$ 38,709

D. Employees Health Insurance Fund

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Employees may obtain health care services through participation in the State's group health insurance plan or through membership in a health maintenance organization plan under contract with the State. The State's risk financing activities associated with State group health insurance, such as the risks of loss related to medical and prescription drug claims, are administered through the State Employees Group Health Insurance Trust Fund, an internal service fund. It is the practice of the State not to purchase commercial coverage for the risks of losses covered by this Fund.

The Fund's estimated fiscal year-end liability includes an amount for claims that have been incurred but not reported, which is based on analyses of historical data performed by both the State and its contractors. Changes in claim liability amounts for fiscal years ended June 30, 1997 and June 30, 1998, were as follows (in thousands):

Fiscal Year- Ended	Fis	inning-of- scal-Year iability	CI Cł	rrent-Year aims and nanges in Estimate	Claim Payments	Other	 llance at cal Year- End
June 30, 1997	\$	65,000	\$	387,255	\$ (383,755)	\$	\$ 68,500
June 30, 1998	\$	68,500	\$	363,324	\$ (383,023)	\$	\$ 48,801

NOTE 16 - PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENTS

Fund balances and retained earnings at July 1, 1997 have been increased/(decreased) as follows (in thousands):

GENERAL FUND

To record the cumulative effect of an overstatement of tax revenues for the prior two years. Department of Revenue	\$	(2 5,049)
To correct the overstatement of accounts payable for impact fee refunds. Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles	\$	1,490
To record the cumulative effect of the implementation of GASB Statement No. 31. Various agencies	\$	22,781
SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS		
To record the cumulative effect of the implementation of GASB Statement No. 31. <i>Various agencies</i>	\$	16,736
To adjust a prior year accrual. Department of Children and Families	\$	(2,095)
To record an advance received in the prior year but not recorded; to record the cumulative effect of incorrectly recording revenue from long-term receivables. Department of Environmental Protection	s	(32,107)
CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS		
To record the cumulative effect of the implementation of GASB Statement No. 31. <i>Various agencies</i>	\$	38
To record advances made in prior years to the Florida Turnpike System (Enterprise Fund). Department of Transportation	\$	3,589
DEBT SERVICE FUND		
To record the cumulative effect of the implementation of GASB Statement No. 31. State Board of Administration	\$	1,470
ENTERPRISE FUNDS		
To record the cumulative effect of the implementation of GASB Statement No. 31. Various agencies	\$	99,302
To record the adjustments for Inventory and equipment of the Business Enterprises Vending Facilities. Department of Labor and Employment Security	\$	(5,327)
INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS		
To record the cumulative effect of the implementation of GASB Statement No. 31. Various agencies	\$	499
FIDUCIARY FUNDS		
To record the cumulative effect of the implementation of GASB Statement No. 31 in the Expendable Trust Funds (\$10,570); Non-Expendable Trust Fund (\$10); Pension Fund (\$9); Defined Benefit Pension Fund (\$2); and Investment Trust Funds (\$8,605,282). Various agencies	s	8,615,873
STATE UNIVERSITY SYSTEM		
Endowment Fund: To record the cumulative effect of the implementation of GASB Statement No. 31. Board of Regents	s	3,184
Retirement of Indebtedness Fund: To record the cumulative effect of the implementation of GASB Statement No. 31. Florida International University	\$	924
Unexpended Plant Fund: To correct prior period errors related to reporting liabilities associated with bonded debt. University of South Florida	s	11,342

To correct prior period errors related to reporting liabilities associated with bonded debt. University of South Florida	\$	(11,342)
COMPONENT UNITS		
Governmental Fund Types		
To record the cumulative effect of the implementation of SFAS Nos. 116, 117, and 124; the implementation of GASB Statement No. 31; the correction of recording errors, and the effect of the transfer of the DSOs equity to the Community Colleges. In prior years the DSOs were presented as component units of the State rather than component units of the Community Colleges. <i>Community Colleges</i>	s	206,075
To record the effect of the transfer of the Community College's DSOs equity to the Community Colleges. Colleges. <i>Other Component Units</i>	\$	(173,042
To record the cumulative effect of the implementation of SFAS Nos. 116 and 124 and GASB Statement No. 31, inclusion of certain investments previously excluded, change in recognition of revenue to match expenses, writeoff of accounts payable, and inclusion of a new component unit.		
State University System Direct Support Organizations	、\$	1,311
To record the cumulative effect of the implementation of GASB Statement No. 31. Department of Transportation	\$	(1,088
Proprietary Fund Types		
To record the cumulative effect of the implementation of GASB Statement No. 31.		

NOTE 17 - GUARANTEES OF INDEBTEDNESS OF OTHERS

The Federal Family Education Loans Program administered by the Florida Department of Education (FDOE) guarantees loans made to eligible students and their parents by financial institutions. At June 30, 1998, \$4,952,218,107 of loans were guaranteed under this Program. The United States Department of Education (USDOE) participates in the Program as a reinsurer and reimburses the FDOE for defaulted loans at various rates based on the incidence of default. For loans made prior to October 1, 1993, the reimbursement rate for defaulted loans can be 80, 90, or 100 percent. For loans made on or after October 1, 1993, the reimbursement rate for defaulted loans can be 78, 88, or 98 percent. During the 1997-98 fiscal year, the actual rates were 98 and 100 percent. A potential liability exists for loans defaulted in excess of the Federal reimbursement. The specific amount of this potential liability is indeterminable.

Title 20, Section 1072(h)(1), United States Code (Code), requires the USDOE Secretary to recall \$1 billion from the reserve funds held by guaranty agencies on September 1, 2002. For purposes of funding this recall, the Code establishes a method for determining each guaranty agency's "required share" of recalled reserve funds. In addition, the Code states that within 90 days after the beginning of each of the fiscal years 1998 through 2002, each guaranty agency shall transfer a portion of the agency's required share to a restricted account established by the agency that is of a type selected by the agency with the approval of the Secretary. The FDOE is required to and has for fiscal year 1997-98 transferred \$9,809,184 (first of five equal installments) to a designated account. This amount is included in Other Reserves of Fund Balance in the Special Revenue Funds.

NOTE 18 - SEGMENT INFORMATION FOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS

Segment information for the enterprise funds for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1998 is as follows (in thousands):

	Department	Department of		
	of Lottery	Transportation	Other	Total
Operating revenue	\$ 2,057,372:	\$ 334,520	\$ 99,725	\$ 2,491,617
Depreciation	3,003	5,331	1,073	9,407
Operating income (loss)	792,180	219,667	55,637	1,067,484
Transfers in	86	1,231,901	91,226	1,323,213
Transfers out	802,346	1,215,845	407,910	2,426,101
Net income (loss)	116,329	175,577	(326,906)	(35,000)
Current Capital Contributions	•••••	1,370	•••••	1,370
Property plant and equipment:				
Additions	2,031	305,616	1,655	309,302
Deletions	6,671	191,670	11,269	209,610
Net working capital	4,784	229,231	24,770	258,785
Total assets	3,403,001	4,062,362	35,837	7,501,200
Long-term debt	2,021,170	1,929,925	23	3,951,118
Total equity	227,241	2,038,563	30,811	2,296,615

1. The Department of Lottery accounts for the operation of Florida's lottery.

2. The Department of Transportation accounts for the construction, operations, and maintenance of toll and turnpike facilities. Transfers include \$12,396,757 of gas tax collected by the Department of Revenue.

3. Other includes the Departments of Children and Families, Corrections, Juvenile Justice, Labor and Employment Security, Health, Military Affairs, State, and Florida Housing Finance Agency.

4. The Florida Housing Finance Agency, accounted for within the Department of Community Affairs, was discretely disclosed in the prior fiscal year. Chapter 97-167, Section 7, Laws of Florida, changed the agency into a public corporation (Florida Housing Finance Corporation) which is a component unit and no longer reported as an agency of the State. The transfer of assets and liabilities from the agency to the corporation was effective January 1, 1998. The operating activities of the agency from July 1, 1997, through December 31, 1997, are included within the "Other" column.

NOTE 19 - PREPAID POSTSECONDARY EDUCATION EXPENSE PROGRAM

The Prepaid Postsecondary Education Expense Program was created in 1987 by Section 240.551, F.S., to provide a medium through which the cost of registration and dormitory residence may be paid in advance of enrollment in a State postsecondary institution at a rate lower than the projected corresponding cost at the time of actual enrollment. The Program is administered by the Florida Prepaid Postsecondary Education Expense Board and the State of Florida guarantees to meet the obligations of the Program to qualified beneficiaries if moneys in the Program are insufficient. The Program is accounted for in an expendable trust fund. An actuarial study is performed to determine the Program's funding status. Additional information as of June 30, 1998 is as follows:

Actuarial present value of future benefits payable Net assets available (Fair Value)	\$2,212,485,422 \$2,463,019,677
Net assets as a percentage of tuition and housing benefits obligation	111 percent

NOTE 20 - FLORIDA HURRICANE CATASTROPHE FUND

The Florida Hurricane Catastrophe Fund (FHCF) was created in 1993, by Section 215.555, F.S., as a State trust fund to provide reimbursement to qualified insurers for a portion of their catastrophic hurricane losses; thereby creating additional insurance capacity to ensure that covered structures (and their contents) damaged or destroyed in a hurricane may be repaired or reconstructed as soon as possible. The Fund is administered by the State Board of Administration which contracts with each insurer writing covered policies in the State to reimburse the insurer for a percentage of losses incurred from covered events from reimbursement premiums collected. However, payments made to insurers shall not exceed the moneys in the Fund, together with the maximum amount of revenue bonds that may be issued by a county or municipality. The Fund is accounted for as an expendable trust fund. An actuarially determined formula is used to calculate the reimbursement premium collected. Additional information as of June 30, 1998, follows:

Net assets available to meet future catastrophic losses	\$ 2,181,606,523	
Catastrophic losses incurred during the fiscal year (related to prior years' hurricane seasons)	\$ 2,219,245	
Catastrophic losses paid during the fiscal year	\$ 2,642,714	

Subsequent to fiscal year-end, there were some reported residential property losses by qualified insurers within the State of Florida for the 1998 hurricane season. The FHCF will determine its liability to reimburse insurers after the end of the hurricane season on November 30, 1998.

NOTE 21 - OTHER LOSS CONTINGENCIES

Florida participates in a number of federally-assisted grant programs. These programs are subject to audits by the grantors or their representatives. Any disallowance as a result of these audits may become a liability of the State. Any foreseeable disallowances will not have a material adverse effect on the State of Florida's financial position.

NOTE 22 - LITIGATION

Due to its size and broad range of activities, the State is involved in numerous routine legal actions. The departments involved believe that the results of such litigation pending or anticipated will not materially affect the State of Florida's financial position.

A. Coastal Petroleum v. State of Florida

Case No. 90-3195, 2nd Judicial Circuit. This is an inverse condemnation case claiming that the action of the Trustees and Legislature constitute a taking of Coastal's leases for which compensation is due. The Circuit Judge granted the State's motion for summary judgment finding that, as a matter of law, the State had not deprived Coastal of any royalty rights. Coastal appealed to the First District Court of Appeals, but the case was remanded to Circuit Court for trial. On August 6, 1996, final judgment was made in favor of the State. Although Coastal filed for review by the Supreme Court, the Supreme Court denied review and the petition for certiorari.

B. <u>Florida Department of Transportation v. 745 Property Investments, CSX Transportation, Inc., and</u> <u>Continental Equities</u>

Case No. 94-17739 CA 27, Dade County Circuit Court. This case involves the Florida Department of Transportation (FDOT) and CSX Transportation, Inc. FDOT filed an action against the adjoining property owners seeking a declaratory judgment from the Dade County Circuit Court that the Department is not the owner of the property that is subject to a claim by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA). Although the Court dismissed the case, the EPA could file a claim against the FDOT for clean-up costs. These costs could exceed \$25 million.

C. Jenkins v. Florida Department of Health and Rehabilitative Services

Case No. 79-102-CIV-J-16, United States District Court. This was a class action suit on behalf of clients of residential placement for the developmentally disabled seeking refunds for services where children were entitled to free education under the Education for Handicapped Act. The Department had been collecting maintenance fees from parents of the placed children and various third parties such as SSI and Social Security. The District Court ruled in favor of the Plaintiffs and ordered repayment of the maintenance fees. The Department repaid the \$217,694 in maintenance fees paid by the parents; however, amounts estimated at \$21.6 million due to various third parties have not been paid since the affected parties have not been identified.

D. Nathan M. Hameroff, M. D. et. al. v. Agency for Health Care Administration, et. al.

Case No. 95-5936, Leon County Circuit Court. The plaintiffs challenge the constitutionality of the Public Medical Assistance Trust Fund (PMATF) annual assessment on net operating revenue of free-standing outpatient facilities offering sophisticated radiology services. A trial has not been scheduled. If the State is unsuccessful in its actions, the potential refund liability could amount to approximately \$70 million.

E. Barnett Bank v. Florida Department of Revenue

Case No. 97-02375, 4th Judicial Circuit. This case involves the issue of whether Florida's refund statute for dealer repossessions authorizes the Department to grant a refund to a financial institution as the assignee of numerous security agreements governing the sale of automobiles and other property sold by dealers. The question turns on whether the Legislature intended the statute only to provide a refund or credit to the dealer who actually sold the tangible personal property and collected and remitted the tax or intended that right to be assignable. Final judgment has been issued against the Department; however, the Department plans to appeal the decision. Several banks have applied for refunds; the potential refunds to financial institutions exceed \$30 million annually.

F. Tower Environmental v. Florida Department of Environmental Protection

Case No. 98-01312, Hillsborough County Circuit Court. Tower Environmental has sued the State of Florida and the Department of Environmental Protection (DEP) for \$60 million alleging that both the State and DEP "breached" contracts with them by first "freezing" the processing of reimbursement applications and then the termination of the petroleum reimbursement process. Alternatively, Tower claims that these actions constitute torts or impairment of contractual obligations. Tower also alleges that the termination of reimbursement claims pursuant to Section 376.3071, F.S., is a breach of contract. In addition to damages, Tower seeks recovery of attorneys fees and costs. If attorneys fees and costs are awarded, the potential liability could be as high as \$60 million.

G. Peter and Roy Geraci v. Florida Department of Transportation

Case No. 98-3904, Hillsborough County, 13th Judicial Circuit. The Plaintiffs claim that the Florida Department of Transportation has been responsible for construction of roads and attendant drainage facilities in Hillsborough County and, as a result of its construction, has caused the Plaintiffs' property to become subjected to flooding, thereby amounting to an uncompensated taking. On December 15, 1998, the Court granted the State's Motion for More Definite Statement as to certain portions of the Plaintiffs' complaint. If the State is unsuccessful in its actions, potential losses could exceed \$40 million.

H. Barnett Banks, Inc. v. Florida Department of Revenue

Case No. 98-4104, 1st District Court of Appeals. In this case, the taxpayer has challenged the imposition of interest on additional amounts of corporate income tax due as a result of Federal audit adjustments reported to Florida. The Department's historical position is that interest is due from the due date of the return until payment of the additional amount of tax is made. The taxpayer contends that interest should be accrued from the date the Federal audit adjustments were due to be reported to Florida. A Final Order was issued adopting the position asserted by the Department; however, the taxpayer has filed an appeal of the Final Order. Based on the best available information, the potential exposure for refunds or lost revenue is in the range of \$12 to \$20 million per year.

NOTE 23 - DEFICIT FUND EQUITY

Internal Service Fund - Department of Insurance

The Florida Casualty Insurance Risk Management Trust Fund has deficit retained earnings of approximately \$567 million. The liabilities reported in the Fund represent long-term liabilities of the State of Florida as a whole rather than Department of Insurance only. These liabilities include claims pertaining to State Employee Workers' Compensation, Federal civil rights, and general and automotive liability.

Internal Service Fund – Department of Management Services

The State Employees' Group Health Self-Insurance Trust Fund has deficit retained earnings of approximately \$27 million. This results from increased claims expense, including an actuarially estimated liability of approximately \$49 million for claims incurred but not reported for payment by the third-party claims administrator.

Expendable Trust Fund - Department of Labor and Employment Security

The Special Disability Trust Fund has a deficit fund balance of approximately \$1.9 billion. This deficit is the cumulative result of claims expense over net assessment revenue.

Component Units - Department of Transportation

The Tampa-Hillsborough County Expressway Authority has deficit retained earnings of approximately \$35 million. This deficit is the result of the change in reporting entity pursuant to Section 348.52, F.S. The Authority assumed infrastructure assets and long-term debt liabilities previously recorded in governmental funds, an agency fund, a general fixed assets account group, and a general long-term debt account group.

NOTE 24 - RESERVES OF FUND BALANCE

The amounts reported in the combined balance sheet identified as reserved fund balance as of June 30, 1998, are comprised of the following (in thousands):

General Fund:	
Reserved for encumbrances	\$ 71,925
Reserved for inventories	8,155 685,990
Other reserved Reserved - General Fund	\$ 766,070
	\$ 700,070
Special Revenue Funds:	0 1 500 705
Reserved for encumbrances	\$ 1,566,765
Reserved for inventories Reserved for advances	35,028 111,699
Reserved for long-term receivables	929,271
Other reserved	82,790
Reserved - Special Revenue Funds	\$ 2,725,553
Capital Projects Funds:	
Reserved for encumbrances	\$ 36,596
Reserved for advances	19,500
Reserved - Capital Projects Funds	\$ 56,096
Debt Service Fund:	
Reserved for debt service	\$ 298,073
Trust and Agency Funds: Reserved for encumbrances	\$ 63
Reserved for inventories	¢ 00 2
Reserved for endowment principal	1,209
Reserved for employees pension benefits	83,780,277
Reserved for trust fund participants	9,904,022
Other reserved	2,822
Reserved - Trust and Agency Funds	\$ 93,688,395
State University System Fund Types:	
Reserved for encumbrances	\$ 285,880 524,400
Other reserved	<u>534,498</u> \$ 820,378
Reserved - State University System Fund Types	\$ 820,378
Component Units - Community Colleges:	C 145 007
Reserved for encumbrances	\$ 145,237 131,589
Reserve for pension and endowment Other reserved	222,809
Reserved - Component Units - Community Colleges	\$ 499,635
	÷ 100,000
Component Units - Other: Reserved for encumbrances	\$ 156,659
Reserved for debt service	85,267
Other reserved	59,070
Reserved - Component Units - Other	\$ 300,996

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NOTE 25 - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

A. State Board of Education, Public Education Capital Outlay Bonds:

Series	Amount	Matures	Interest Rate
1997B	\$240,200,000	June 1, 1999 - June 1, 2028	4.000%-6.000%
1998A	\$250,000,000	June 1, 1999 - June 1, 2028	4.750%-6.000%

B. State Board of Education, Public Education Capital Outlay Refunding Bonds:

Series	Amount	Matures	Interest Rate
1998B	\$224,595,000	June 1, 1999 - June 1, 2013	4.200%-5.250%
1998C	\$220,370,000	June 1, 1999 - June 1, 2022	4.000%-5.250%
1998D	\$226,375,000	June 1, 1999 - June 1, 2024	3.500%-5.250%
1999A	\$220,485,000	June 1, 1999 - June 1, 2023	4.000%-6.000%
1999B	\$139,525,000	June 1, 1999 - June 1, 2024	3.750%-5.250%

C. Board of Regents, University of Florida Housing Revenue Bonds:

Series	Amount	Matures	Interest Rate
1998	\$26,155,000	July 1, 1999 - July 1, 2028	4.000% to 6.000%

D. Board of Regents, University of Florida Parking Facility Revenue Bonds:

Series	Amount	Matures	Interest Rate
1998	\$10,000,000	Aug. 1, 2000 – Aug. 1, 2018	3.650% to 4.750%

E. Board of Regents, Florida International University Housing Facility Revenue Bonds:

Series	Amount	Matures	Interest Rate
1998	\$26,525,000	July 1, 2001 - July 1, 2028	4.300% to 6.300%

F. Board of Regents, University System Improvement Revenue Bonds:

Series	Amount	Matures	Interest Rate
1998	\$50,865,000	July 1, 1999 – July 1, 2023	4.000% to 5.000%

G. Department of Management Services, Florida Facilities Pool Revenue Bonds:

Series	Amount	. Matures	Interest Rate
1998B	\$45,680,000	Sept. 1, 2000 – Sept. 1, 2028	4.000% to 5.750%

H. State Board of Education, Lottery Revenue Bonds:

Series	Amount	Matures	Interest Rate
1998B	\$200,000,000	July 1, 1999 – July 1, 2018	4.000% to 5.750%

I. Department of Environmental Protection, Save Our Coast Refunding Revenue Bonds:

Series	Amount	Matures	Interest Rate
1998A	\$75,385,000	July 1, 1999 – July 1, 2010	3.800% to 5.250%

- J. In late April and early May, significant wildland fires erupted in South Florida. On May 25, 1998, numerous wildfires broke out Statewide causing a significant economic impact on the State. Numerous homes (337) and businesses (33) were damaged or destroyed, and 500,000 acres of timber were destroyed. Tourism output was decreased for a two-month period. Total estimates of damages were in excess of \$645 million.
- K. The 1997 Legislature passed legislation which established a new benefit program for eligible Florida Retirement System members to be effective July 1, 1998. The Deferred Retirement Option Program (DROP) is a program under which an eligible member of the Florida Retirement System may elect to participate for a period not to exceed a maximum of 60 calendar months, deferring receipt of retirement benefits while continuing employment with a Florida Retirement System employer. The deferred monthly benefits shall accrue in the System Trust Fund on behalf of the participant, plus interest at an effective annual rate of 6.5 percent compounded monthly, for the specified period of the DROP participation.
- L. The parties in <u>State of Florida v. American Tobacco Company, et al.</u>, entered into a stipulated settlement agreement on September 11, 1998, which provided additional benefits to the State, including the payment of additional moneys of \$1.7 billion. The agreement also specified that the private attorneys representing the State would be paid approximately \$3.4 billion from funds provided by the defendants.

M. The State's remediation efforts relating to the year 2000 issue (described in Note 8B) included the following stages of work, as of December 31, 1998. The 492 agency developed mission-critical systems were 100% completed with the awareness stage, 100% completed with the assessment stage, 99% with the remediation stage and 91.5% with the validation/testing stage. The 16 top priority mission-critical systems were 100% completed with the awareness stage, 100% with the assessment stage, 98% with the remediation stage and 91.5% with the validation/testing stage. The 16 top priority mission-critical systems were 100% completed with the awareness stage, 100% with the assessment stage, 98% with the remediation stage and 87% with the validation/testing stage.

NOTE 26 - COMPONENT UNITS

Component units, as described in Note 1, are legally separate organizations for which the State is financially accountable, and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the State are such that exclusion would cause the State's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. These legally separate organizations are managed independently, outside the State's budgeting process, and their powers generally are vested in a governing board pursuant to various State statutes.

The State's component units are generally supported by revenues derived from their activities, although the State has provided financial assistance, in some cases of a recurring nature, to certain organizations for operating and other expenses. For example, financial assistance, in the form of State appropriations, was provided to the State's community colleges and assistance is expected to continue in future years. Also, the State has issued full faith and credit bonds on behalf of its community colleges.

The State of Florida has over 130 component units. Major component units for the State consist of over 97 organizations classified in the following four categories: educational, transportation, environmental and community colleges. These four categories contain 97 and 94 percent of the total component unit assets and revenues, respectively. The community colleges and community college direct-support organizations are excluded from the condensed presentation because they are presented in a separate column on the combined statements. Substantially all financial data was derived from the latest audited annual financial statements and summarized into the accompanying format. Refer to Note 1 for additional discussion pertaining to discretely presented component unit categories and how to obtain further information on individual component units.

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CONDENSED BALANCE SHEET OTHER COMPONENT UNITS (in thousands)										
	<u>En</u>	vironmental	Tra	ansportation	E	ducational		<u>Other</u>		<u>Total</u>
ASSETS										
Current assets	\$	339,513	\$	244,651	\$	2,079,159	\$	142,406	\$	2,805,729
Due from component units/primary		334,976		56,657		67,665		205,035		664,333
Property, plant and equipment		2,047,502		1,322,433		668,384		67,065		4,105,384
Amount available in debt service fund		13,672		71,719						85,391
Amount to be provided		214,526		101,983		•••••		19		316,528
Other assets				259,952				3,293		263,245
TOTAL ASSETS	<u></u> S	2,950,189	\$	2,057,395	\$	2,815,208	\$	417,818	\$	8,240,610
LIABILITIES AND FUND EQUITY										
Liabilities:										
Current liabilities	s	117,588	\$	121,619	\$	219,168	s	239,633	s	698,008
Due to component units/primary	•	1,844	•	149,967	•	146,754	•	1,626	Ť	300,191
Bonds payable		194,925		1,251,735		439,704				1,886,364
Other long-term liabilities		33,405		127,784		160,709		33,177		355,075
Total Liabilities		347,762		1,651,105		966,335		274,436		3,239,638
Fund Equity:										
Contributed capital				106,298				6,226		112,524
Investments in general fixed assets	•	2,047,503		15,026				1,199		2,063,728
Retained earnings		1,006		202,164				64,313		267,483
Fund balance		553,918		82,802		1,848,873		71,644		2,557,237
Total Fund Equity		2,602,427		406,290		1,848,873		143,382		5,000,972
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND EQUITY	\$	2,950,189	\$	2,057,395	\$	2,815,208	\$	417,818	\$	8,240,610

CONDENSED STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS OTHER COMPONENT UNITS

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(in thousands)

Capital outlay Debt service TOTAL EXPENDITURES EXCESS(DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES Transfers in/(out) component units/primary NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	471,507 360,251 185,038 17,088 562,377	\$ 19,437 7,679 4,269 9,801	\$	1,693,740 1,209,892	\$	112,312 110,902 35	\$ 2,296,996 1,688,724 189,342
Current and other Capital outlay Debt service TOTAL EXPENDITURES EXCESS(DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES Transfers in/(out) component units/primary NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	185,038 17,088	 4,269 9,801		•••••		35	
Capital outlay Debt service TOTAL EXPENDITURES EXCESS(DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES Transfers in/(out) component units/primary NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	185,038 17,088	 4,269 9,801		•••••		35	
Debt service TOTAL EXPENDITURES EXCESS(DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES Transfers in/(out) component units/primary NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	17,088	 9,801					189.342
TOTAL EXPENDITURES EXCESS(DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES Transfers in/(out) component units/primary NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		 <u>`</u>					,
EXCESS(DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES Transfers in/(out) component units/primary NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	562,377					884	27,773
OVER EXPENDITURES Transfers in/(out) component units/primary NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		21,749		1,209,892		111,821	 1,905,839
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(90,870)	(2,312)		483,848		491	391,157
	153,615	 2,166		(159,756)		44,220	 40,245
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING	62,745	 (146)		324,092		44,711	 431,402
	491,173	 86,861	·	1,696,512		26,933	 2,301,479
Adjustments to beginning fund balances		 (1,088)		(171,731)			(172,819)
Fund Balances, July 1, as restated	491, 1 73	85,773		1,524,781		26,933	2,128,660
Residual equity transfers	<u> </u>	 (2,825)			-=		 (2,825)
FUND BALANCES - ENDING	553,918	\$ 82,802	\$	1,848,873	\$	71,644	\$ 2,557,237

CONDENSED STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN RETAINED EARNINGS ALL PROPRIETARY FUNDS OTHER COMPONENT UNITS (in thousands)

	Envi	ronmental	Tra	nsportation	 Other		Total
OPERATING REVENUES	\$	3,132	\$	118,583	\$ 106,326	\$	228,041
OPERATING EXPENSES Operating expenses - depreciation				4,774	56		4,830
Other operating	<u> </u>	3,003		54,752	 100,440		158,195
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES		3,003		59,526	 100,496		163,025
OPERATING INCOME/(LOSS)		129		59,057	 5,830		65,016
Grants and contributions		•••••		10,584	2,458		13,042
Nonoperating revenues/(expenses)	•	340		(45,087)	 7,374		(37,373)
INCOME/(LOSS) BEFORE TRANSFERS	·	469		24,554	 15,662		40,685
Transfers in/(out) component units/primary	<u> </u>			(37,002)	 		(37,002)
NET INCOME/(LOSS)	<u> </u>	469		• (12,448)	 15,662	<u></u>	3,683
RETAINED EARNINGS - BEGINNING	<u></u>	537		213,167	 48,651		262,355
Adjustments to beginning retained earnings		<u></u>		(1,380)	 		(1,380)
Retained Earnings, July 1, as restated		537		211,787	48,651		260,975
Residual equity transfers				2,825	 		2,825
RETAINED EARNINGS - ENDING	\$	1,006	\$	202,164	\$ 64,313	\$	267,483

OTHER DISCLOSURES

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STATE OF FLORIDA STATEMENT OF PLAN NET ASSETS DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (1) JUNE 30, 1998 (in thousands)

		6/30/98	Total	6/30/97
ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents Pooled investments with State Treasury	\$	35,508 695	5	1,125
Investments:		36,203	3	49,408
Certificates of deposit		239,981		225,975
U.S. government & federally-guaranteed obligations Federal agencies		3,670,228 4,757,013		6,490,159 3,941,421
Commercial paper		1,398,458		24,934
Repurchase agreements		490,610)	1,923,804
Bonds and notes		9,458,589		896,090
Real estate contracts		2,474,654 1,364,966		6,422,087 1,792,592
Money market and mutual fund/investment agreements				686,336
Domestic equity/domestic equity commingled	50	0,905,543		39,158,424
Limited partnerships Equity group trust		401,366 3,940		95,178 1,774
International equity/international equity commingled	6	5,156,304		5 620 525
Canadian bills/foreign currency				74,849
Total Investments	84	1,321,652		67,354,148
Receivables:				
Accounts receivable Non-State contributions receivable		504 251,024		63,337 236,864
Installment Contributions receivable		201,024	•	250,004
Interest receivable		289,782		229,328
Dividends receivable		48,463		43,270
Pending investment sales Forward contracts/receivable/discount		371,339 187,362		225,266 118,853
Futures trade equity		642		
Proceeds from the sale of investments		24,416		26,229
Due from state funds Total Receivables		97,888		1,063
Security lending collateral		,583,159		6,515,275
	C	,000,109		
Fixed assets		3,268		2,608
Accumulated depreciation Total Fixed Assets		<u>(1,650</u> 1,618		(1,297)
Other assets		1,279		1,675
Total Assets	\$92	,215,331	\$	4,866,284
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE				
Liabilities:			_	
Accounts payable Pending investment purchases	\$ 1	24,085 631,678,		22,474 806,705
Forward contracts payable	1	187,676		118,853
Broker rebate fees		23,157		24,854
Due to other funds		2,927		2,454
Due to other governments Obligations under security lending agreements	6	564,623		2 6,515,275
Compensated absences liability		1,355		1,138
Total Liabilities	8	435,501		7,491,755
Fund Balance: Reserved for employees' pension benefits	83.	779,831	e	57,374,529
Total Fund Balance		779,831		7,374,529
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE	\$92,	215,332	\$7	4,866,284

(1) Presented as additional information with separately issued general purpose financial statements as suggested by the "Guide to

Implementation of GASB Statements 25, 26 and 27 on Pension Reporting and Disclosure by State and Local Government Plans and Employers."

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