BEFORE THE FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

In re: Petition of Competitive Carriers for Commission action to support local competition in BellSouth Telecommunications, Inc.'s service territory.

In re: Petition of ACI Corp. d/b/a Accelerated Connections, Inc. for generic investigation to ensure that BellSouth Telecommunications, Inc., Sprint-Florida, Incorporated, and GTE Florida Incorporated comply with obligation to provide alternative local exchange carriers with flexible, timely, and cost-efficient physical collocation. DOCKET NO. 981834-TP

DOCKET NO. 990321-TP ORDER NO. PSC-99-1991-PCO-TP ISSUED: October 12, 1999

ORDER ESTABLISHING PROCEDURE

On December 10, 1998, the Florida Competitive Carriers Association (FCCA), the Telecommunications Resellers, Inc. (TRA), AT&T Communications of the Southern States, Inc. (AT&T), MCImetro Services, LLC(MCImetro), WorldCom Transmission Access Technologies, Inc. (WorldCom), the Competitive Telecommunications Association (Comptel), MGC Communications, Inc. (MGC), and (collectively, Inc. (Intermedia) Intermedia Communications "Competitive Carriers") filed their Petition of Competitive Carriers for Commission Action to Support Local Competition in BellSouth's Service Territory, Docket No. 981834-TP. In the Petition, the Competitive Carriers asked the Commission to initiate proceedings regarding a number of issues, including collocation in BellSouth central offices.

> DOCUMENT NUMBER-DATE 12389 OCT 128 FPSC-RECORDS/REPORTING

On December 30, 1998, BellSouth Telecommunications, Inc. (BellSouth) filed a Motion to Dismiss the Competitive Carriers' Petition. On January 11, 1999, the Competitive Carriers filed their Response in Opposition to BellSouth's Motion to Dismiss.

At our March 30, 1999, Agenda Conference, we denied BellSouth's Motion to Dismiss. <u>See</u> Order No. PSC-99-0769-FOF-TP, issued April 21, 1999, in Docket No. 981834-TP. Subsequently, by Order No. PSC-99-1078-PCO-TP, issued May 26, 1999, we indicated, among other things, that we would conduct a Section 120.57(1), Florida Statutes, formal administrative hearing to address collocation and access to loop issues as soon as possible following the UNE pricing and OSS operational proceedings.

On March 12, 1999, ACI Corp. d/b/a Accelerated Connections, Inc., now known as Rhythms Links Inc. (RLI), filed a Petition for Generic Investigation into Terms and Conditions of Physical Collocation, Docket No. 990321-TP. On April 6, 1999, GTEFL and BellSouth filed responses to RLI's Petition. By Proposed Agency Action Order No. PSC-99-1744-PAA-TP, issued September 7, 1999, we in part, the Petition for Generic Investigation, granted, consolidated Dockets Nos. 981834-TP and 990321-TP for purposes of addressing generic collocation issues for all incumbent local exchange companies (ILECs), and established guidelines governing certain aspects of physical collocation. Portions of that Order were protested. In addition, issues beyond those addressed by our Proposed Agency Action Order have been identified. We have, therefore, set this generic investigation for an administrative hearing in order to explore the protested issues and additional collocation issues.

This Order is issued pursuant to the authority granted by Rule 28-106.211, Florida Administrative Code, which provides that the presiding officer before whom a case is pending may issue any orders necessary to effectuate discovery, prevent delay, and promote the just, speedy, and inexpensive determination of all aspects of the case.

The scope of this proceeding shall be based upon the issues raised by the parties and Commission staff (staff) up to and during

the prehearing conference, unless modified by the Commission. The hearing will be conducted according to the provisions of Chapter 120, Florida Statutes, and all administrative rules applicable to this Commission.

<u>Discovery</u>

Due to the expedited time schedule for this proceeding, all discovery responses shall be served within twenty (20) days of receipt of the discovery request. There shall be no extra time for mailing throughout this proceeding.

When discovery requests are served and the respondent intends to object to or ask for clarification of the discovery request, the objection or request for clarification shall be made within ten days of service of the discovery request. This procedure is intended to reduce delay in resolving discovery disputes.

The hearing in this docket is set for January 12 and 13, 2000. Unless authorized by the Prehearing Officer for good cause shown, all discovery shall be completed by January 5, 2000. All interrogatories, requests for admissions, and requests for production of documents shall be numbered sequentially in order to facilitate their identification. The discovery requests will be numbered sequentially within a set and any subsequent discovery requests will continue the sequential numbering system. Pursuant to Rule 28-106.206, Florida Administrative Code, unless subsequently modified by the Prehearing Officer, the following shall apply: interrogatories, including all subparts, shall be limited to 150, and requests for production of documents, including all subparts, shall be limited to 150.

Any information provided pursuant to a discovery request for which proprietary confidential business information status is requested shall be treated by the Commission and the parties as confidential. The information shall be exempt from Section 119.07(1), Florida Statutes, pending a formal ruling on such request by the Commission, or upon the return of the information to the person providing the information. If no determination of confidentiality has been made and the information has not been made

a part of the evidentiary record in the proceeding, it shall be returned expeditiously to the person providing the information. If a determination of confidentiality has been made and the information was not entered into the record of the proceeding, it shall be returned to the person providing the information within the time period set forth in Section 364.183, Florida Statutes.

Diskette Filings

See Rule 25-22.028(1), Florida Administrative Code, for the requirements of filing on diskette for certain utilities.

Prefiled Testimony and Exhibits

Each party shall prefile, in writing, all testimony that it intends to sponsor. Such testimony shall be typed on 8 % inch x 11 inch transcript-quality paper, double spaced, with 25 numbered lines, on consecutively numbered pages, with left margins sufficient to allow for binding (1.25 inches).

Each exhibit intended to support a witness' prefiled testimony shall be attached to that witness' testimony when filed, identified by his or her initials, and consecutively numbered beginning with 1. All other known exhibits shall be marked for identification at the prehearing conference. After an opportunity for opposing parties to object to introduction of the exhibits and to cross-examine the witness sponsoring them, exhibits may be offered into evidence at the hearing. Exhibits accepted into evidence at the hearing shall be numbered sequentially. The pages of each exhibit shall also be numbered sequentially prior to filing with the Commission.

An original and 15 copies of all testimony and exhibits shall be prefiled with the Director, Division of Records and Reporting, by the close of business, which is 5:00 p.m., on the date due. A copy of all prefiled testimony and exhibits shall be served by mail or hand delivery to all other parties and staff no later than the date filed with the Commission. Failure of a party to timely prefile exhibits and testimony from any witness in accordance with

the foregoing requirements may bar admission of such exhibits and testimony.

Prehearing Statement

All parties in this docket shall file a prehearing statement. Staff will also file a prehearing statement. The original and 15 copies of each prehearing statement shall be prefiled with the Director of the Division of Records and Reporting by the close of business, which is 5:00 p.m., on the date due. A copy of the prehearing statement shall be served on all other parties and staff no later than the date it is filed with the Commission. Failure of a party to timely file a prehearing statement shall be a waiver of any issue not raised by other parties or by the Commission. In addition, such failure shall preclude the party from presenting testimony in support of its position. Such prehearing statements shall set forth the following information in the sequence listed below.

- (a) The name of all known witnesses that may be called by the party, and the subject matter of their testimony;
- (b) a description of all known exhibits that may be used by the party, whether they may be identified on a composite basis, and the witness sponsoring each;
- (c) a statement of basic position in the proceeding;
- (d) a statement of each question of fact the party considers at issue, the party's position on each such issue, and which of the party's witnesses will address the issue;
- (e) a statement of each question of law the party considers at issue and the party's position on each such issue;

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- (f) a statement of each policy question the party considers at issue, the party's position on each such issue, and which of the party's witnesses will address the issue;
- (g) a statement of issues that have been stipulated to by the parties;
- (h) a statement of all pending motions or other matters the party seeks action upon; and
- (i) a statement as to any requirement set forth in this order that cannot be complied with, and the reasons therefore.

Prehearing Conference

Pursuant to Rule 28-106.209, Florida Administrative Code, a prehearing conference will be held in this docket at the Betty Easley Conference Center, 4075 Esplanade Way, Tallahassee, Florida. Any party who fails to attend the prehearing conference, unless excused by the Prehearing Officer, will have waived all issues and positions raised in that party's prehearing statement.

Prehearing Procedure: Waiver of Issues

Any issue not raised by a party prior to the issuance of the prehearing order shall be waived by that party, except for good cause shown. A party seeking to raise a new issue after the issuance of the prehearing order shall demonstrate that: it was unable to identify the issue because of the complexity of the matter; discovery or other prehearing procedures were not adequate to fully develop the issue; due diligence was exercised to obtain facts touching on the issue; information obtained subsequent to the issuance of the prehearing order was not previously available to enable the party to identify the issue; and introduction of the issue could not be to the prejudice or surprise of any party. Specific reference shall be made to the information received, and how it enabled the party to identify the issue.

Unless a matter is not at issue for that party, each party shall diligently endeavor in good faith to take a position on each issue prior to issuance of the prehearing order. When a party is unable to take a position on an issue, it shall bring that fact to the attention of the Prehearing Officer. If the Prehearing Officer finds that the party has acted diligently and in good faith to take a position, and further finds that the party's failure to take a position will not prejudice other parties or confuse the proceeding, the party may maintain "no position at this time" prior to hearing and thereafter identify its position in a post-hearing statement of issues. In the absence of such a finding by the Prehearing Officer, the party shall have waived the entire issue. When an issue and position have been properly identified, any party may adopt that issue and position in its post-hearing statement.

Document Identification 🐇

Each exhibit submitted shall have the following in the upper right-hand corner: the docket number, the witness's name, the word "Exhibit" followed by a blank line for the exhibit number and the title of the exhibit.

An example of the typical exhibit identification format is as follows:

Docket No. 12345-TL J. Doe Exhibit No. Cost Studies for Minutes of Use by Time of Day

Tentative Issues

Attached to this order as Appendix "A" is a tentative list of the issues which have been identified in this proceeding. Prefiled testimony and prehearing statements shall address the issues set forth in Appendix "A".

Controlling Dates

The following dates have been established to govern the key activities of this case.

- 1) Direct testimony October 28, 1999 and exhibits (ALL)
- 4) Rebuttal testimony November 19, 1999 and exhibits (ALL)

December 9, 1999

January 12-13, 2000

February 10, 2000

- 5) Prehearing Statements November 19, 1999
- 6) Prehearing Conference
- 7) Hearing
- 8) Briefs

Use of Confidential Information At Hearing

It is the policy of this Commission that all Commission hearings be open to the public at all times. The Commission also recognizes its obligation pursuant to Section 364.183, Florida Statutes, to protect proprietary confidential business information from disclosure outside the proceeding. Any party wishing to use any proprietary confidential business information, as that term is defined in Section 364.183(4), Florida Statutes, shall notify the Prehearing Officer and all parties of record by the time of the Prehearing Conference, or if not known at that time, no later than seven (7) days prior to the beginning of the hearing. The notice shall include a procedure to assure that the confidential nature of the information is preserved as required by statute. Failure of any party to comply with the seven-day requirement described above shall be grounds to deny the party the opportunity to present evidence which is proprietary confidential business information.

When confidential information is used in the hearing, parties must have copies for the Commissioners, necessary staff, and the Court Reporter, in envelopes clearly marked with the nature of the contents. Any party wishing to examine the confidential material that is not subject to an order granting confidentiality shall be provided a copy in the same fashion as provided to the Commissioners, subject to execution of any appropriate protective agreement with the owner of the material. Counsel and witnesses

are cautioned to avoid verbalizing confidential information in such a way that would compromise the confidential information. Therefore, confidential information should be presented by written exhibit when reasonably possible to do so. At the conclusion of that portion of the hearing that involves confidential information, all copies of confidential exhibits shall be returned to the proffering party. If a confidential exhibit has been admitted into evidence, the copy provided to the Court Reporter shall be retained in the Division of Records and Reporting's confidential files.

Post-Hearing Procedure

Each party shall file a post-hearing statement of issues and positions. A summary of each position of no more than 50 words, set off with asterisks, shall be included in that statement. If a party's position has not changed since the issuance of the prehearing order, the post-hearing statement may simply restate the prehearing position; however, if the prehearing position is longer than 50 words, it must be reduced to no more than 50 words. If a party fails to file a post-hearing statement in conformance with the rule, that party shall have waived all issues and may be dismissed from the proceeding.

Pursuant to Rule 28-106.215, Florida Administrative Code, a party's proposed findings of fact and conclusions of law, if any, statement of issues and positions, and brief, shall together total no more than 40 pages, and shall be filed at the same time.

Based upon the foregoing, it is

ORDERED by Commissioner J. Terry Deason, as Prehearing Officer, that the provisions of this Order shall govern this proceeding unless modified by the Commission.

By ORDER of Commissioner J. Terry Deason as Prehearing Officer, this <u>12th</u> day of <u>October</u>, <u>1999</u>.

DEASON

Commissioner and Prehearing Officer

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NOTICE OF FURTHER PROCEEDINGS OR JUDICIAL REVIEW

The Florida Public Service Commission is required by Section 120.569(1), Florida Statutes, to notify parties of any administrative hearing or judicial review of Commission orders that is available under Sections 120.57 or 120.68, Florida Statutes, as well as the procedures and time limits that apply. This notice should not be construed to mean all requests for an administrative hearing or judicial review will be granted or result in the relief sought.

Mediation may be available on a case-by-case basis. If mediation is conducted, it does not affect a substantially interested person's right to a hearing.

Any party adversely affected by this order, which is preliminary, procedural or intermediate in nature, may request: (1) reconsideration within 10 days pursuant to Rule 25-22.0376, Florida Administrative Code, if issued by a Prehearing Officer; (2) reconsideration within 15 days pursuant to Rule 25-22.060, Florida Administrative Code, if issued by the Commission; or (3) judicial review by the Florida Supreme Court, in the case of an electric, gas or telephone utility, or the First District Court of Appeal, in

the case of a water or wastewater utility. A motion for reconsideration shall be filed with the Director, Division of Records and Reporting, in the form prescribed by Rule 25-22.060, Florida Administrative Code. Judicial review of a preliminary, procedural or intermediate ruling or order is available if review of the final action will not provide an adequate remedy. Such review may be requested from the appropriate court, as described above, pursuant to Rule 9.100, Florida Rules of Appellate Procedure.

APPENDIX A

TENTATIVE LIST OF ISSUES

- 1. When should an ILEC be required to respond to a complete and correct application for collocation and what information should be included in that response?
- 2. If the information included in the ILEC's initial response is not sufficient to complete a firm order, when should the ILEC provide such information or should an alternative procedure be implemented?
- 3. To what areas does the term "premises" apply, as it pertains to physical collocation and as it is used in the Act, the FCC's Orders, and FCC Rules?
- 4. What obligations, if any, does an ILEC have to interconnect with ALEC physical collocation equipment located "offpremises"?
- 5. What terms and conditions should apply to converting virtual collocation to physical collocation?
- 6. What are the appropriate response and implementation intervals for ALEC requests for changes to existing collocation space?
- 7. What are the responsibilities of the ILEC and collocators when:
 - A. a collocator shares space with, or subleases space to, another collocator;
 - B. a collocator cross-connects with another collocator.
- 8. What is the appropriate provisioning interval for cageless physical collocation?
- 9. What is the appropriate demarcation point between ILEC and ALEC facilities when the ALEC's equipment is connected

directly to the ILEC's network without an intermediate point of interconnection?

- 10. What are reasonable parameters for reserving space for future LEC and ALEC use?
- 11. Can generic parameters be established for the use of administrative space by an ILEC, when the ILEC maintains that there is insufficient space for physical collocation? If so, what are they?
- 12. What types of equipment are the ILECs obligated to allow in a physical collocation arrangement?
- 13. If space is available, should the ILEC be required to provide price quotes to an ALEC prior to receiving a firm order for space in a central office (CO)?

A. If an ILEC should provide price quotes to an ALEC prior to receiving a firm order from that ALEC, when should the quote be provided?

B. If an ILEC should provide price quotes to an ALEC prior to receiving a firm order from that ALEC, should the quote provide detailed costs?

- 14. Should an ALEC have the option to participate in the development of the ILEC's price quote, and if so, what time frames should apply?
- 15. Should an ALEC be permitted to hire an ILEC certified contractor to perform space preparation, racking and cabling, and power work?
- 16. For what reasons, if any, should the provisioning intervals be extended without the need for an agreement by the applicant ALEC or filing by the ILEC of a request for an extension of time?

- 17. How should the costs of security arrangements, site preparation, collocation space reports, and other costs necessary to the provisioning of collocation space, be allocated between multiple carriers?
- 18. If insufficient space is available to satisfy the collocation request, should the ILEC be required to advise the ALEC as to what space is available?
- 19. If an ILEC has been granted a waiver from the physical collocation requirements for a particular CO, and the ILEC later makes modifications that create space that would be appropriate for collocation, when should the ILEC be required to inform the Commission and any requesting ALECs of the availability of space in that office?
- 20. What process, if any, should be established for forecasting collocation demand for CO additions or expansions?
- 21. Applying the FCC's "first-come, first-served" rule, if space becomes available in a central office because a waiver is denied or a modification is made, who should be given priority?