1 BEFORE THE FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION 2 3 In the Matter of : DOCKET NO. 991462-EU 4 5 Petition for determination of: Certificate of need for an : electrical power plant in 6 Okeechobee County by : 7 Okeechobee Generating : Company, L.L.C. 8 9 ELECTRONIC VERSIONS OF THIS TRANSCRIPT 10 \* ARE A CONVENIENCE COPY ONLY AND ARE NOT THE OFFICIAL TRANSCRIPT OF THE HEARING 11 AND DO NOT INCLUDE PREFILED TESTIMONY. 12 \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* 13 PROCEEDINGS: AGENDA CONFERENCE 14 ITEM NO. 54 15 BEFORE: 16 CHAIRMAN JOE GARCIA COMMISSIONER J. TERRY DEASON 17 COMMISSIONER SUSAN F. CLARK COMMISSIONER E. LEON JACOBS, JR. 18 DATE: 19 Tuesday, November 16, 1999 20 TIME: Commenced at 9:30 a.m. 21 DOCUMENT NUMBER-DATE NOV 18 5 22 PLACE: Betty Easley Conference Center Room 148 23 4075 Esplanade Way Tallahassee, Florida 24 REPORTED BY: JOY KELLY, CSR, RPR 25 FPSC Division of Records & Reporting Bureau Chief, Reporting

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**PARTICIPATING:** COCHRAN KEATING and TIFFANY COLLINS, FPSC Division of Legal Services. MIKE HAFF, JIM BREMAN, REESE GOAD, WAYNE MAKIN, FPSC Division of Electric & Gas. CATHERINE BEDELL, FPSC Acting General Counsel DAVID SMITH, FPSC Division of Appeals ROBERT SCHEFFEL WRIGHT, OGC JON MOYLE, OGC GARY SASSO, Florida Power MATTHEW CHILDS, Florida Power & Light 

1	PROCEEDINGS
2	(Hearing convened at 9:30 a.m.)
3	CHAIRMAN GARCIA: 54. We are discussing
4	and an I'll ask Cathy to come up on 54.
5	COMMISSIONER DEASON: We voted to refer to
6	DOAH.
7	CHAIRMAN GARCIA: I'm not walking out
8	anymore. I'm Nikita Khrushchev here.
9	MS. BEDELL: We recommended that you bring
10	Item 54 up out of the panel items for the full
11	Commission to review the petition for this to be
12	assigned to the full Commission. But we're only doing
13	the first part of 54, not the motions to dismiss. And
14	Susan had a question. She asked me a question.
15	COMMISSIONER CLARK: Are we doing 54 now?
16	MS. BEDELL: Issue 1 in Item 54 if the
17	Commission approves Staff to move forward with this
18	assigned to the panel, then we will take up the
19	remaining issues in 54 in its regular order, and Staff
20	will then have time to issue an order which is
21	required by the statute if we are denying the petition
22	to assign it to the full Commission.
23	CHAIRMAN GARCIA: Procedurally there's no
24	requirement that we wait for another agenda so that
25	they are informed of that decision or we're fine doing

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1 || it all in one --

2 MS. BEDELL: I would hope they are here to 3 be informed.

4 CHAIRMAN GARCIA: We may have just given 5 them an idea. They'll run out of the room.

MR. KEATING: The statute simply states that 6 7 the Commission, if they decide to assign this matter 8 to less than a full Commission, that you must render a written decision prior to proceeding on in this 9 particular proceeding. So we prepared an Order in 10 anticipation that you may vote to keep the current 11 12 panel on this item. And we can have that issued in 13 the interim when we return to the remaining issues in the regular Order. 14

 15
 CHAIRMAN GARCIA: Very good. So we are

 16
 discussing -

17COMMISSIONER CLARK:Mr. Chairman, you had18asked me on 43A if I had any questions.

19 CHAIRMAN GARCIA: I think Terry, did you 20 have any on 43?

21 COMMISSIONER DEASON: 43A or 43 -22 CHAIRMAN GARCIA: 43A.
23 COMMISSIONER DEASON: Yeah. I had a

24 question on 43A.

25

CHAIRMAN GARCIA: I'm sorry. I didn't know.

1 Okay. Therefore, we are on Item 54, 2 Issue 1, correct? MR. KEATING: Correct. 3 CHAIRMAN GARCIA: Okay. Who do we take --4 5 it's your motion or it's FPL's motion. 6 MS. BROWN: Mr. Chairman, we both filed a 7 request. MR. MOYLE: Mr. Chairman, I just had a 8 9 procedural question before we get started. 10 On all of these issues today there was a 11 request for oral argument made only with respect to the motions to dismiss, so I guess I would question 12 13 whether this is something that needs argument. 14 CHAIRMAN GARCIA: It's a good question. We will limit the discussion because I think it's a well 15 16 understood topic. So if you could be brief, we're not 17 discussing the full issue to dismiss. We're simply 18 discussing the Issue 1, which is whether we assign to 19 a full panel or a panel of three. 20 Mr. Childs. 21 MR. CHILDS: Commissioners, my name is Matthew Childs --22 23 COMMISSIONER DEASON: Before you begin --24 I'm sorry, I didn't mean to interrupt your 25 introduction, but I do have a question for you.

5

Identify yourself for the record, then I have a 1 2 question for you. 3 MR. CHILDS: Maybe I should remain anonymous. (Laughter) 4 5 My name is Matthew M. Childs. I'm appearing 6 on behalf of Florida Power & Light Company. 7 COMMISSIONER DEASON: Thank you. 8 Mr. Childs, before you begin, I need an answer to a simple question. As much as it would be desirable to 9 have this matter decided by the full Commission, it's 10 obvious that we only have four Commissioners. 11 How do we prevent the possibility of a split vote, which just 12 13 happened in the previous item? MR. CHILDS: Well, I think there are several 14 ways for you to do that, and some Commissioners may 15 remember days in the past when the Commission would 16 engage in alternate motions to address matters with 17 the intent of attempting to achieve consensus from the 18 Commission about how a matter would be addressed by 19 20 the Commission. There was the recognition at times that the 21 matter needed to be addressed, needed to be decided, 22 and the Commission was, I think, somewhat dogged in 23 24 attempting to achieve that objective. And on the 25 other hand, I think that -- and I'm not sure if this

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I	1
1	is responsive but it's something I intended to say
2	anyway in my argument I read the recommendation
3	which brings up the possibility of a tie vote. And I
4	asked the question rhetorically: What's wrong with
5	that? If this truly is a matter of policy and it
6	truly is a matter that the full Commission ought to be
7	looking at, then I would say that's the consequence.
8	I think it's the worst time to say that what we want
9	to do is have a decision when there's a substantial
10	agreement of that magnitude.
11	COMMISSIONER DEASON: What happens in a tie
12	vote based upon this petition? The petition fails
13	because of a tie vote?
14	MR. CHILDS: If this particular request
15	fails, I think this request would fail.
16	COMMISSIONER DEASON: No. I'm talking about
17	if right now you're requesting it be assigned to
18	the full Commission, which right now means four
19	Commissioners.
20	MR. CHILDS: That's right.
21	COMMISSIONER DEASON: If that motion is
22	granted by a majority of the Commissioners today, we
23	go to the hearing. Four Commissioners sit on that
24	hearing, listen to all of the evidence and make a
25	vote, and that vote is two to two. Does the petition

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1 for determination of need fail because there is a
2 split vote?

3 MR. CHILDS: I think it would. I think 4 absolutely it would. And I think that -- and I would 5 urge this Commission not to be afraid of that consequence because I think that's precisely what the 6 7 Commission should be doing. If there is a 8 Commissioner who, given the opportunity to hear the 9 full case, would vote in a particular way, I think 10 they ought to have that opportunity to vote in that 11 way. And that's -- in my view that was the role of 12 The role of the Commission is not, in the Commission. 13 my view, with all due respect, to say, "Well, we want 14 to have the matter cleared so that a decision -- " 15 CHAIRMAN GARCIA: So why didn't the 16 Legislature give us an even number then if that was 17 the point? If this Commission was there to make the 18 fullest decision possible, they could have given us six or four and that way every time we come to a 19

20 difficult question, we stall and wait until some type 21 of enlightenment.

22 MR. CHILDS: Well, I think the Legislature 23 didn't preclude this because that's why we're here. 24 We're here right now with four Commissioners sitting, 25 and under the statute it is perfectly permissible for

this result to occur. I don't think anyone has
 suggested it's not appropriate under the statute for
 there to be a four-member Commissioner panel.

4 CHAIRMAN GARCIA: You would agree with me 5 that the Legislature contemplated a decision being 6 made; that's why they had five Commissioners?

7 MR. CHILDS: Yes, I would agree, that the 8 Legislature contemplated that the Commission's 9 business would be done in the most easy way on a day-to-day basis. By the same token, Commissioner, I 10 don't believe that the Legislature viewed it that you 11 should never have a circumstance where there's a 12 potential for a tie vote. And I have a few 13 14 comments -- and I intend to be brief.

15 I think this case is significant. This case 16 is significant. It's been alleged to be significant. 17 It's alleged by the petitioner to be significant in 18 terms of the number of customers in the state of 19 Florida that are affected. Virtually all of them in Peninsular Florida. It's significant in terms of 20 dollars. They allege that it's in excess of 21 22 \$170 million a year for at least ten years. It's 23 significant because it relates to the question this 24 Commission has been attempting to address as to the extent of competition in the state of Florida. And 25

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once again, I think the petitioners have one view on 1 that issue and we have another. But I don't think 2 that because they have a particular view that that 3 means it's a settled matter. I think it very 4 definitely is an issue of policy. 5 And sort of by way of illustrating what this 6 Commission has done with this sort of matter in the 7 past, I remember just -- I think it was last week when 8 we were at a prehearing conference on fuel adjustment 9 and one of the issues had to do with the 10 interpretation of a contract with a qualifying 11 facility. And the Staff recommendation was that that 12 ought not be addressed by the panel; that ought to go 13 to the full Commission. 14 Well, to me -- I mean, that's a matter of 15 the way this Commission in the past has looked at 16 17 certain matters. They say, well, this is a matter 18 where it's important for us to have the expertise and knowledge of all of the Commissioners. Let's do it 19 20 that way. I urge you to do this. Thank you. CHAIRMAN GARCIA: Mr. Sasso. 21 22 MR. SASSO: I have very little else to add. I certainly concur in all of Mr. Childs' remarks. 23 24 I guess the contention has been made that this case, unlike the Duke case, does not present 25

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serious matters of policy because all of those issues
 were confronted and resolved in the Duke case, and,
 therefore, this is just like any other need case.

We would vehemently disagree with that 4 characterization. I don't think it's a realistic 5 characterization. It's evident that even if Duke 6 7 becomes the law of the state, that it has only begun the discussion about merchants. It hasn't resolved 8 all of the policy issues about merchants. There are .9 very serious issues that remain to be resolved. 10 That 11 was recognized at the agenda conference in the Duke 12 case. A number of issues came up and the Commission 13 recognized they'd have to be confronted down the road. 14 In fact, the Commission commenced and then abated a workshop to address some of these issues. 15

16 And let me just mention that we've given 17 consideration to the issue of a tie, too, and we 18 certainly concur in Mr. Child's remarks, but from a 19 public policy point of view the question is: Is it 20 better to proceed in the face of a tie, in the face of knowing with a full participation of four 21 22 Commissioners there would be a tie? Is it better from 23 a public policy standpoint to proceed with a 24 significant step like this case requires the 25 Commission to proceed or is it better to wait?

Yes, as Mr. Childs mentioned, there are a 1 number of steps that even four Commissioners can take 2 to resolve the matter through alternative motions, 3 through working out the differences, but there are a 4 couple of other things that can occur, too, if it 5 occurs there's a standoff after a full hearing by four 6 Commissioners. Perhaps the pendency of the appeal has 7 something to do with that. Perhaps the four 8 Commissioners would decide that the decision would be 9 better addressed after the Florida Supreme Court shed 10 11 some light on it. CHAIRMAN GARCIA: Mr. Sasso, don't we have, 12 though, a specific statutory time limit that we have 13 to meet with these determination of needs? 14 COMMISSIONER CLARK: Not this one. As I 15 understood Staff's recommendation, not this one. 16 17 MR. SASSO: That's correct. 18 CHAIRMAN GARCIA: Why? MR. SASSO: Well, the Commission has the 19 20 discretion -- the Commission has the discretion to waive the procedural rules setting time limits in this 21 22 case because the only statutory basis for the time 23 limits derives out of the Siting Act, which basically 24 provides that this Commission must provide a final 25 report to the Department of Environmental Protection

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so many days after a complete site certification
 application has been filed. No such application has
 been filed by the petitioner. In fact, they have
 indicated affirmatively that they don't intend to do
 so until the summer of next year. So the Commission
 is under no imperative to decide the case at this
 time.

And so the four Commissioners might well 8 9 decide that public policy would be better served by waiting for the appointment of a fifth Commissioner, 10 waiting for the outcome of the Duke decision -- in 11 12 fact, I don't want to slip over into the stay issue at this point, but the fact is that even the Duke case 13 hasn't gone forward. Even though the site 14 certification application had been filed, the parties 15 to that case have agreed that it's better to wait the 16 17 outcome of the Duke decision.

18 So there are steps that the Commission can 19 take, and we would submit should take, better to serve 20 the public interest in this case with the 21 participation by four Commissioners.

22 CHAIRMAN GARCIA: Thank you, Mr. Sasso.23 Mr. Moyle.

24MR. MOYLE: Thank you, Mr. Chairman.25For the record, I'm Jon Moyle of Moyle

Flanigan, representing the petitioner, OGC. With me
 is Schef Wright and Sean Finnerty, who is the project
 manager.

The request by Florida Power & Light and Florida Power Corp to have this case assigned to a full Commission should be denied for a whole host of reasons. And if I could just take a minute, I'll go through those.

9 Number one, the action of the Chairman to 10 assign this case to a panel is wholly within his 11 discretion and is authorized by law. I would point 12 you to Section 350.015. It gives him his authority, 13 he exercised his authority properly and that decision 14 should not be upset.

15 Number two. There's discussion about well, this case really ought to be considered by the full 16 panel because it involves a host of significant 17 issues. Well, yes, they are significant to the 18 client. But if you read the statute, the statute says 19 that in order for a petition to be granted, the 20 petition has to have an impact on regulatory policies. 21 22 Your Staff has found, and I would say correctly, that this case will not have an impact on 23 24 regulatory policies. That it does not require the Commission to extend its decision reached in Duke. 25

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And it determined that Duke was individually a proper 1 applicant; that there's no new ground being broken in 2 this case. So legally I would argue that the petition 3 is defective because there is no new impact on 4 5 regulatory policy. COMMISSIONER CLARK: Mr. Moyle, let me ask 6 7 you a question. If the Duke decision comes down and says Duke was not a proper applicant, is your client, 8 9 then, a proper applicant? MR. MOYLE: I don't think that's how that 10 case is going to come down, with all due respect, 11 Madam Chairman. 12 COMMISSIONER CLARK: I said "if." I said 13 "if." 14 15 MR. MOYLE: I think the Court is going to 16 affirm it and do that. 17 I think if the Duke case came down, which I don't think it will -- that would be something we'd 18 have to go back and reevaluate and it would cause us 19 20 some difficulty. COMMISSIONER CLARK: Would you please answer 21 22 my question. If Duke is not a proper applicant, is 23 your client a proper applicant? 24 MR. MOYLE: If they rule on the EWG issue 25 and say EWG is not a proper applicant, then that would

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present serious problems for us. So the answer is we 1 would not be a proper applicant, no, ma'am, on that 2 point. 3 COMMISSIONER CLARK: Thank you. 4 MR. MOYLE: But, again, to remind the 5 Commission, they have decided that EWG is a proper 6 applicant. That case is in front of the Supreme 7 Court. And I feel confident that the Commission's 8 decision will be affirmed. 9 COMMISSIONER CLARK: May I ask you another 10 question? Why haven't you filed with DEP? Is it DEP? 11 12 MR. MOYLE: With respect to the site 13 certificate? 14 COMMISSIONER CLARK: Yes. MR. MOYLE: My understanding of the law is 15 that as a condition precedent to going forward with 16 17 the site certification, you have to file a Petition 18 for Need here at the Public Service Commission. 19 That's what we've done; filed a Petition of Need. 20 We are in the process of working on the site certification. There's a lot of stuff, as the 21 utilities know, that go into preparing that, gathering 22 that. We're on a time frame that we need to move 23 24 forward with this case to allow us to meet our commitment that we have made in our petition to bring 25

this plant on line, in the spring of '03. 1 2 COMMISSIONER JACOBS: That was a question I 3 had. The time line is in 2003 but it's my 4 understanding that you're not anticipating filing your -- at DEP until the middle of next year? 5 6 MR. MOYLE: We've indicated that we would 7 like to bring this plant on line in the spring of '03. And our time frame, we're working on the site 8 9 certification information now; in the process of preparing that. We're going to file it subsequently. 10 I would remind you that there's no legal 11 12 requirement that we have to file the site 13 certification before -- and you can't file it before -- and there's no requirement that says you 14 have to file it simultaneously. We are wholly within 15 our rights to do it the way we've done it, and we 16 think it makes sense, prudently, in a deregulated 17 market or a nonratepayer-based market to allow us to 18 go ahead, and with prudent business decisions, come in 19 and file the need determination first and then seek 20 the site certification subsequently. And we're in the 21 process of preparing that now. We're working on it 22 and we will have it filed in the summer, if not 23 24 before. 25 We've gotten into a lot of guestions which I

think probably are more appropriately addressed in 1 FPC's petition for a waiver of the rule and a motion 2 3 for a stay. I'd like to bring the focus back to the 4 petition for a full Commission, if I could. 5 The point I wanted to make, that this is not 6 breaking precedent to assign the case to a panel. Ι 7 would point out that four of the last six need determination cases have been assigned to a panel. 8 9 So, indeed, you have done that previously and you ought to go ahead and do it in this case. 10 11 Commissioner Deason, I believe Commissioner Garcia raised questions about the public 12 13 policy. The relief requested by Florida Power Corp 14 and Florida Power & Light simply is not available. 15 The law says assignment to a full Commission. A full 16 Commission contemplates five, not four. I would argue that legally the relief is not available given the 17 factual circumstances. 18 19 Additionally, I would argue it's against 20 public policy. And you can point to countless boards 21 that the Legislature has created; the Board of 22 Regents, Water Management Districts, County Commissions. All those are composed of odd-numbered 23

24 entities, and it's against the Legislature's policy to 25 have even-number members decide things.

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1 Florida Power & Light and Florida Power says 2 that you could have a series of alternative motions; 3 that that would be a way to resolve it. Mr. Childs' 4 has been here practicing before you a lot longer than I have, but in the matter that was just before you, I 5 only heard one motion, and there were not a series of 6 alternative motions that decided that matter, and it 7 8 failed on a two-to-two vote.

9 So for those reasons I would urge you to follow the Staff recommendation and to deny the 10 petition, to refer it to a full panel, and to support 11 12 the Commission's decision in this respect. Thank you. COMMISSIONER DEASON: It's hard to find the 13 middle ground when the question is do you or do you 14 15 not have jurisdiction? I mean, that was the vote before us and I assume that ultimately, in this case, 16 may determine whether there's a proper applicant, 17 which in my terms kind of equates to the question of 18 do you or do you not have jurisdiction? 19

20 MR. MOYLE: And a similar position will be 21 presented for you, which is have you demonstrated a 22 need or have you not?

23 MR. CHILDS: Commissioner, could I make a 24 brief rely?

25

CHAIRMAN GARCIA: Mr. Wright, you weren't

1 going to add anything?

2

MR. WRIGHT: No.

3 CHAIRMAN GARCIA: All right. Go ahead,
4 Mr. Childs.

5 MR. CHILDS: Several points. One is the 6 suggestion to you was that you couldn't grant the 7 request unless it affected regulatory policies. I'm 8 not aware of that being the posture of the Staff, but 9 I would suggest to you we set out in full the section 10 on -- or Section 350.01(6), which is the basis for 11 this request.

Regulatory policies is one of many of the items that the statute directs be considered. Not the only one.

Secondly, I think rhetorically the reference is four of six of the last were assigned to a panel. I don't have any reason to disagree, but I'm not aware of any of them where there was a request that it be assigned to the full panel and that was denied. This is what we're asking you to do is to assign it.

And, Chairman, we're not suggesting, as the argument might imply by OGC -- we're not suggesting that you did anything improper at all. We recognized you have full authority to assign to a panel as you deem is appropriate. And all we're doing is saying

under the statute, after that assignment has been 1 2 made, it is appropriate to be permitted to make the 3 request pursuant to the statute. It's not an indication of any disrespect at all. 4 5 CHAIRMAN GARCIA: Thank you. Staff, do you have --6 COMMISSIONER DEASON: I have a question for 7 Mr. Childs. 8 Mr. Moyle raised the possibility that the 9 relief you requested cannot be granted because the 10 relief you're requesting is to assign this matter to 11 the full Commission, which I think is the -- perhaps 12 the language used in the statute and there is not a 13 full Commission available. 1.4 MR. CHILDS: I think there is a full 1.5 Commission available. I think the full Commission is 16 available. There is a -- there are five members that 17 can be on the Commission. And at this point I 18 believe -- I believe at this point you have four. I'm 19 not sure whether right today you have four or five 20 21 today. I don't know. 22 CHAIRMAN GARCIA: We have four. MR. CHILDS: Okay. To me, that's the full 23 Commission. That's all there are. 24 COMMISSIONER DEASON: So you think that the 25

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1 statute, when it used the term "full Commission" meant 2 whatever number of seated Commissioners existed at the 3 time, that is the full Commission. It doesn't mean 4 five sitting Commissioners.

MR. CHILDS: No, I don't think so at all. 5 Ι really, with all due respect, I think that's 6 ridiculous to say, "Well, you can ask for a full 7 Commission but if any other time -- if there's -- if 8 it's assigned to a panel and you wanted to implement 9 your request pursuant to the statute, you can't make 10 that request because we're going to interpret "full" 11 as being all five." I just don't think that makes 12 13 sense.

14MR. SASSO: May I add briefly to that?15CHAIRMAN GARCIA: Go ahead.

MR. SASSO: I think the test of that 16 argument is we look at the reason for this provision, 17 which is basically to entrust to all members of the 18 Commission matters of important public policy. The 19 idea being we shouldn't have a subset of the 20 Commission dealing with the most important matters of 21 public policy. All available members should 22 participate. 23

24 CHAIRMAN GARCIA: Do you think the 25 Legislature would contemplate me, then, as Chairman,

assigning into panels of two all the time, and only on 1 2 important issues do we have --3 COMMISSIONER CLARK: Two isn't a problem, 4 because if there's a tie you break it. 5 CHAIRMAN GARCIA: Right. 6 COMMISSIONER CLARK: So it's a problem when 7 it's four. 8 CHAIRMAN GARCIA: Exactly. I worry about 9 the concept that you're saying that a full panel -that Mr. Childs is alluding to that a full panel is 10 four. I think we're put here to make decisions; tough 11 decisions, easy decisions. I would rather have a full 12 13 panel. We don't have five. COMMISSIONER CLARK: Well, we will have 14 five. I don't think that there would be anything 15 wrong to assigning this to a full panel and postponing 16 it. I don't think the time lines that are set out in 17 the rule -- they were designed, as Staff indicated, to 18 meet the time lines in the statute when the applicant 19 has filed with DEP. And we have to meet those time 20 21 lines. COMMISSIONER DEASON: We may ultimately get 22 to that, that, I think, is Issue 6 --23 COMMISSIONER CLARK: Well, but my point --24 COMMISSIONER DEASON: -- is before us today. 25

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1 COMMISSIONER CLARK: -- my point being is I
2 think if we grant the motion to assign it to the full
3 panel, it can be postponed until we have five members.
4 COMMISSIONER DEASON: If that's a motion,
5 I'll second it.
6 COMMISSIONER JACOBS: I have a question.
7 Mr. Sasso, earlier you indicated that you disagreed

8 with the statement that there are no new issues. What 9 do you see as the issues to be addressed in this 10 docket that will require consideration by the full 11 Commission?

MR. SASSO: There are a variety of them, 12 Commissioner Jacobs. In fact, your separate opinion 1.3 raises a new legal issue to be addressed in this case. 14 Your separate opinion in Duke indicated that you were 15 satisfied that the Duke petition facially satisfied 16 the requirements of the Nassau decisions because 17 Nassau required that there be a contract between the 18 IPP and a retail utility. And you indicated that that 19 condition was satisfied in Duke. And now the issue 20 was to test the sufficiency of that contract. That 21 condition is not satisfied in this case. 22

23 So if the Commission adhered to your 24 distinction and your separate opinion in the Duke 25 case, there would be a brand-new legal issue to be

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1 confronted as a threshold matter in this case.

Beyond that, I think it's fair to say that all of the parties before, during and after the hearing in Duke were emphasizing the threshold legal issue: Is Duke an applicant? And our attack was focussed on that issue, both in terms of legal argument and in terms of the record we made.

8 In this case, even if Duke turns out to be the law, we need to move the debate to the next level. 9 We would intend, for example, to test Dr. Nesbitt's 10 assumptions. He's filed prefiled testimony in this 11 proceeding. And in this case, we will move the debate 12 to the next level and the Commission will have the 13 benefit of that. And we would submit, it will be a 14 15 different discussion.

And so as I said, the Duke case basically 16 opened the discussion or the debate on merchants. Ι 17 think we all recognize that. It's a very pressing 18 matter both in Florida and outside the state. It's 19 been -- the public interest in it is demonstrated by 20 the attendance at the workshop, the interest in the 21 Duke case, the interest in this case. And I think it 22 is fair to say, and I suspect there would be agreement 23 on this, that there are many more policy issues to be 24 resolved regarding merchants, and that the Duke case 25

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1 just began and scratched the surface.

2 COMMISSIONER CLARK: Let me --3 MR. WRIGHT: Mr. Chairman --4 COMMISSIONER CLARK: Let me indicate that I 5 think they are beyond just the notion of having five 6 Commissioners, which I think would be of benefit, 7 because by having the five Commissioners on a going-forward basis you will know that there is a 8 9 majority that support the policy or you don't have a majority. If you have three and it's decided on that 10 11 basis, you don't know if you have a majority. 12 But I want to point out that Duke has 13 postponed pursuing it until the Court decision comes out. And I think in the interest of judicial economy, 14 15 we can postpone it, hopefully, and I would suggest that we need to again file a motion with the Supreme 16 Court indicating we have yet another applicant. 17 And 18 we would appreciate -- I know its scheduled for January 4th but we could indicate we would appreciate 19 a speedy decision on this, and it will hopefully 20 clarify where we need to go in the future. And I 21 don't think it will do violence to what the applicant 22 has stated its intention with respect to filing with 23 They can still meet the deadlines they have set 24 DEP. 25 out.

CHAIRMAN GARCIA: Commissioner Deason, you 1 2 had something. 3 COMMISSIONER DEASON: Yeah. Let me --4 before I make my comments, I certainly would be -- if 5 you're willing to let --6 CHAIRMAN GARCIA: No. I had heard you say 7 something. 8 COMMISSIONER DEASON: Yeah. Well, I was 9 just going to indicate the reason I was seconding the 10 motion. Okay. Go ahead. 11 CHAIRMAN GARCIA: 12 COMMISSIONER DEASON: Okay. As I understand the motion, the motion is to grant the petitions by 13 Florida Power & Light and Florida Power Corporation to 14 have the proceeding assigned and heard by the full 15 Commission, which at this time means four 16 Commissioners. 17 First of all, let me say I certainly respect 18 the Chairman's decision to assign it as he did, and 19 given the assumption that we were probably going to 20 have to be operating under a 90-day clock, which is 21 the assumption you normally make when you get a 22 determination of need. And after having understood, 23 as Staff explained in the recommendation, that we're 24 not laboring under that 90-day clock because the site 25

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1 certification has not yet been filed with DEP, that we 2 do have some additional time.

3 I think this is a matter of extreme 4 importance and that it would be preferable to be heard by five Commissioners if there is to be a fifth 5 6 Commissioner appointed in time. And if not, it would 7 still be preferable even to have it heard by four 8 Commissioners as opposed to a panel of three Commissioners. And the reason for that is that 9 10 there's no -- when you select three Commissioners, you have to select three out of the four. And there's 11 always a question as to whether, well, what if this 12 Commissioner were on, how would they have voted? And 13 if this Commissioner were off -- it just presents 14 questions I think that we can avoid. I think to avoid 15 that is more important than to have the risk of a 16 split vote. And that's the reason I would go along 17 with the motion. And who knows, perhaps the Supreme 18 Court will make a rapid decision which would be 19 helpful in the outcome. 20

21 CHAIRMAN GARCIA: Commissioners -- and Schef 22 I know you wanted to speak -- I worry about this 23 decision if we go with this motion. I think we --24 with all due respect, I think we're allowing the 25 system to be gamed here.

1 Clearly, this is an issue of tremendous importance to the state and to the citizens of the 2 3 state of Florida. We are placed in our position to 4 make decisions; sometimes good, sometimes bad. And 5 sometimes we have to make those types of decisions 6 which require that because of the circumstances wholly 7 beyond our control we don't have a sitting 8 Commissioner, so we have to make a decision. By doing 9 what we do today, if the motion succeeds is we're 10 simply saying we're not going to make a decision. 11 We're going to put on this until the Court decides. 12 And with that I think we hurt the system. Likewise, I 13 would assume that then we won't make any determination of need decisions at this Commission until this matter 14 15 is resolved.

I've seen a lot of issues that are tough 16 17 decided by panels. Clearly, this is one of those circumstances which is a little bit tougher but I 18 think it's better to decide something and move forward 19 than to leave us in limbo, and in particular, to allow 20 the system to be gamed. And to some degree I think 21 22 that what this motion does today is game the system. It keeps this Commission from making a decision. 23 COMMISSIONER CLARK: No, it doesn't. 24 I disagree with that. It doesn't keep us from making a 25

1 decision and it doesn't promote gaming the system. We 2 find ourself in this dilemma because we don't have a 3 fifth Commissioner. I mean, I would assume you would 4 have assigned it to the full panel if we had that 5 opportunity.

б CHAIRMAN GARCIA: Absolutely. Absolutely. 7 COMMISSIONER CLARK: So I don't think it's fair to say it allows for gaming the system. And we 8 will make a decision. And, quite frankly, I think the 9 Duke decision will have an impact. Even if it comes 10 11 out that Duke is a proper applicant, that there may be -- there are a lot of issues that have -- that will 12 13 affect, I think, the outcome of this and affect how we might develop our policy. And I really don't think 14 15 we're losing anything by doing it.

16 CHAIRMAN GARCIA: I do. I think a market 17 requires that people are responsive to a market.

18 **COMMISSIONER CLARK:** I agree with that. But 19 the point being, as I understand it, the parties who 20 are -- the merchant plants who want to come in are 21 holding up because they want that affirmative decision 22 from the Court, and it's that which puts it in limbo.

CHAIRMAN GARCIA: Commissioner Clark, having studied this a little bit in Florida, and clearly not being the expert you are on a national basis, what is

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1	holding us up is precisely lack of decision by
2	governmental bodies, whether you're for it or against
3	it. One of the reasons, at least if I understand the
4	documents I've read, that the Duke project has been
5	postponed a year is that they have to wait for the
6	court decision because these are take-or-pay
7	contracts. And clearly they're not going to expose
8	their shareholders to hundred of millions of financial
9	risk because we don't make a decision. But
10	nonetheless, by not deciding that case you were
11	talking about, the Court not expediting this issue.
12	But in our issue we're doing precisely the same thing.
13	We're not deciding something to wait on the Court to
14	decide something.
15	COMMISSIONER CLARK: Because we recognize
16	the Court decision has a substantial impact on this
17	decision.
18	CHAIRMAN GARCIA: Absolutely. Absolutely.
19	Because we recognize that the appeal to the Court has
20	a substantial I'm sorry, Schef.
21	MR. WRIGHT: You don't have to apologize to
22	me, Mr. Chairman. Did you want to say something,
23	Commissioner Jacobs?
24	COMMISSIONER JACOBS: No. Go right ahead.
25	CHAIRMAN GARCIA: Let me keep controlling
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1 this. Schef, why don't you --

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MR. WRIGHT: Yes, sir.

First off, I'd like to address a couple of things Commissioner Clark said and then explain to you why I think postponement is bad and why it's prejudicial to Okeechobee Generating Company.

7 As regards the Duke case, it is true that Duke New Symrna agreed to a stipulated deferral of the 8 decision by the Governor and Cabinet on its site 9 certification application. That was really made to 10 accommodate the wishes of some cabinet members who 11 were concerned about making a decision that could have 12 been construed as a policy decision while the Supreme 13 Court case was pending. It wasn't -- we weren't wild 14 about it but that's how it came out. 15

Secondly, I want to agree strongly with Commissioner Clark's suggestion that you all send something over to the court asking for speedy resolution of the Duke case. We are confident it's going to come out in favor of the -- upholding the Commission's decision. And the sooner that happens the better.

Postponment. First off, procedurally, it
sounds to me like you all have rolled Issue 1 and
Issue 6 together.

1 COMMISSIONER DEASON: No. Let's make that perfectly clear. That was not part of my second 2 3 whatsoever. We're strictly on Issue 11, and we'll deal with Issue 6 but if Issue 1 is successful, the 4 motion will have four Commissioners dealing with Issue 5 6 6. 7 MR. WRIGHT: I heard Commissioner Clark's 8 motion to be full Commission and postpone it. 9 COMMISSIONER DEASON: Well, that was not my second then. I may need to get clarification on the 10 11 motion then after you conclude your remarks. 12 MR. WRIGHT: Okay. I want to say a couple 13 other things. Obviously, I'm prohibited from divulging certain attorney-client privileged 14 information, but I can tell you that not all merchant 15 16 developers are holding up waiting for the Supreme Court to rule. There are others who are actively 17 18 prosecuting their -- preparing their applications for 19 site certification applications. And if given 20 Commissioner Deason's clarifications, I'm not going to 21 talk about postponment now. I just want to agree with Chairman Garcia's comments that this would be a 22 decision that would send a chilling message to the 23 hopeful participants in the robust competitive 24

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wholesale power market that everybody in this room

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1 professes to want.

2 COMMISSIONER JACOBS: If I may, it seems to me we've kind of strayed a bit from what I thought 3 Issue 1 was about. Issue 1 says are there issues 4 5 here, which given the precedence of assignment to full Commissions warrant or merit a full Commission in this 6 docket? And if I understand what the history is, is 7 to what extent there are issues of public policy that 8 are either of first impression or of such substance 9 that a full Commission should make a statement on 10 that. That is my understanding of it. 11 MR. KEATING: I don't think that's 12 inaccurate. I think all the statute says is the 13 Commission shall consider, among other things -- find 14 the exact language -- just says regulatory policies. 15 COMMISSIONER JACOBS: Now, given all things 16 being equal, I think the Chairman's action in 17 assigning ought to be the driving force. However, 18 parties who have rights in this proceeding have asked 19 that we assess -- make that assessment in this docket. 20 And I think we're required to respond to that in a 21 reasonable manner. 22 My personal feeling is -- and I think, you 23

24 know, I don't want to go too far astray here, but I 25 think my position on what the merits are on this

particular issue -- I've stated already -- and for 1 those reasons I believe that there are issues here 2 that require -- that are of merit and of substance 3 that require a statement by a full Commission. 4 And 5 for that reason, and not because of how we can get a full panel to vote on this, is what I'm driven to in 6 my conclusions on this. Now -- and I think we would 7 be in error if we delayed this process in this 8 proceeding in order to achieve some status quo with 9 regard to the people who make the decision. We ought 10 to proceed posthaste in making this decision. 11 I do think, quite frankly, we're looking at 12 Issue 6, but I understand the decision that 13 Commissioner Deason made and I agree with that. We're 14 looking essentially at the merits of that. But the 15 merits ought to be when can we -- can this Commission, 16 as it is now established, or it is -- or as it would 17 be on the date we chose -- and I emphasize that. This 18 docket is still under the control of this Commission. 19 If we chose to say we want to wait for the decision of 20 the Supreme Court, that's the decision we make. If we 21 say that we would move forward, allow that decision to 22 come down and then figure out how it applies to the 23 decision we make, that also is, I believe, an option 24 25 available to us.

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1 Whatever outside parties want to interpret 2 from those actions they are free to do so. I think 3 these parties are very intelligent, very astute, very schooled about what they should do. My fear is that 4 5 there's an attempt here to quide this Commission down 6 a path, which I think we ought to strongly resist; 7 whether or not there's an attempt to get a four-member 8 Commission that would tie; whether or not -- you know, 9 all of the other options that are out there. Those 10 are things that may happen or may not be happen. We 11 can't be forced to look at that. But we ought to make a determination is this, in this docket -- are the 12 13 facts and allegations such that the parties' request 14 for a full Commission ought to be granted. And if 15 they are not, then we don't grant it. 16 Now, in terms of -- in my view I think that 17 the facts and circumstances in this case are such that 18 the parties' petition should be granted. 19 CHAIRMAN GARCIA: All right. 20 COMMISSIONER CLARK: Mr. Chairman, let me be 21 clear on something. 22 My view is that this should go to a full panel and it should only be postponed long enough for 23 24 five members. I don't -- I think an argument can be

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made that you might postpone it until the Duke

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decision, but I think going ahead of that is not a 1 wrong decision. But I would not support assigning it 2 to a full panel if it is a four-member panel because I 3 think you do need to have a decision in the case. 4 CHAIRMAN GARCIA: Commissioners, we have a 5 motion and a second, I think in essence --6 COMMISSIONER DEASON: Well --7 COMMISSIONER CLARK: You want clarification. 8 Т **COMMISSIONER DEASON:** -- on the motion. 9 understood the motion would be simply to grant the 10 petitions in Issue 1, which was not presupposing any 11 particular outcome as to a fifth Commissioner or 12 deferring the matter as contained within Issue 6. It 13 was simply either yes or no, we're going to assign to 14 full Commission or not. And the other issues would 15 just be decided by four Commissioners that are listed 16 out on today's agenda. And that was what I thought I 17 was seconding. 18 So you're saying no, your motion is 19 contingent upon the matter being delayed until the 20 fifth Commissioner is assigned? 21 COMMISSIONER CLARK: From what I understand, 22 the time limits were established by the rule, you've 23 addressed the fact that we need to get it over to the 24 DEP in order to comply with those time limits. That 25

filing has not been made with the DEP. It strikes me
 that it can be assigned to the full panel and it can
 be a five-member panel.

CHAIRMAN GARCIA: What if Mr. Moyle walks
out of here and files with the DEP. That gives us
ninety days.

**COMMISSIONER CLARK:** That's right.

CHAIRMAN GARCIA: From my understanding of 8 the process of sitting someone in one of these chairs, 9 10 it's going to take approximately ninety days since the 11 vacancy began yesterday for someone to sit in this 12 chair. Therefore, we will not have a full panel -and this is just almost as theoretical as the question 13 you asked Mr. Moyle -- the ninety days is concluded, 14 we will not have a full panel, then we don't make a 15 decision? 16 17 COMMISSIONER CLARK: I don't agree -- I think we could at that time decide to reassign it to a 18 19 panel. 20 I'm going to move Staff -- I'm going to move

21 we deny Staff on --

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22 CHAIRMAN GARCIA: But you don't have a 23 second yet. All I want to try to do is understand 24 what your motion is because --

COMMISSIONER JACOBS: I'm just moving we

1 deny Staff on Issue 1.

2	COMMISSIONER DEASON: I second the motion.
3	MS. BEDELL: I just want to point out
4	CHAIRMAN GARCIA: You need to get on the
5	mike. We can't hear you. Get to the mike.
6	MS. BEDELL: I tried.
7	In terms of having four Commissioners sit as
8	the hearing is currently scheduled Commissioner
9	Deason you were thinking of going forward with no
10	postponement of this vote having no postponement
11	involved.
12	COMMISSIONER DEASON: I haven't gotten to to
13	that issue. That's Issue 6.
14	MS. BEDELL: Yes, I understand. But the
1	
15	effect of your vote, the full panel may not be
15 16	effect of your vote, the full panel may not be available for the date the hearing is currently
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16	available for the date the hearing is currently
16 17	available for the date the hearing is currently scheduled and I just wanted to point that out to you.
16 17 18	available for the date the hearing is currently scheduled and I just wanted to point that out to you. <b>COMMISSIONER DEASON:</b> That happens all the
16 17 18 19	available for the date the hearing is currently scheduled and I just wanted to point that out to you. COMMISSIONER DEASON: That happens all the time.
16 17 18 19 20	available for the date the hearing is currently scheduled and I just wanted to point that out to you. COMMISSIONER DEASON: That happens all the time. CHAIRMAN GARCIA: The reason I think we
16 17 18 19 20 21	available for the date the hearing is currently scheduled and I just wanted to point that out to you. COMMISSIONER DEASON: That happens all the time. CHAIRMAN GARCIA: The reason I think we irritially I think I initially ended up on the panel
16 17 18 19 20 21 22	<pre>available for the date the hearing is currently scheduled and I just wanted to point that out to you.         COMMISSIONER DEASON: That happens all the time.         CHAIRMAN GARCIA: The reason I think we initially I think I initially ended up on the panel was a time frame where I ended up on the panel and,</pre>
16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	<pre>available for the date the hearing is currently scheduled and I just wanted to point that out to you. COMMISSIONER DEASON: That happens all the time. CHAIRMAN GARCIA: The reason I think we imitially I think I initially ended up on the panel was a time frame where I ended up on the panel and, therefore, we went forward from there because</pre>

think earlier I stated I was willing to second the 1 motions we were not under a strict 90-day clock, and 2 possible repercussions from having to go to a full 3 Commission would possibly mean that we would have to 4 find another hearing date somewhere. And since we 5 weren't under a 90-day clock, that's something I 6 wasn't considered about, trying to find another 7 hearing date. 8

MR. KEATING: Commissioner Deason, I think 9 to clarify, I think we are under the 90-day clock 10 absent a waiver of the rule that said 90-day clock --11 that requires us to follow that 90-day clock. I think 12 what our recommendation on Issue 6 on the waiver and 13 stay request, what we stated is that granting the 14 waiver wouldn't, in our opinion, frustrate the 15purposes of the underlying statute, and that is the 16 statute that sets the clock once the site 17 certification application is filed with DEP. 18 CHAIRMAN GARCIA: But we are under a 90-day 19 clock. 20 MR. KEATING: Right now we are. 21 COMMISSIONER DEASON: Because there's not 22

23 been a waiver of our rule. And our rule contemplates 24 that normal procedure is that there would be a site 25 certification pending at the time we get the need

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1 determination, and that the 90-day clock would have 2 been initiated.

3 MR. KEATING: Right. I think our rule was designed to help us to meet that statutory clock once 4 5 the site certification application is completed and that's why I think that's -- if the application of the 6 7 rule here, or the waiver of the rule here wouldn't 8 necessarily frustrate the purposes of the statute. 9 COMMISSIONER DEASON: Perhaps Commissioner Clark will be available for the hearing we already 10 11 have, we can go to hearing, but that's an issue that we can decide later on. 12 13 CHAIRMAN GARCIA: As a matter of fact, she's not, at least because I think that's why I ended up --14 COMMISSIONER CLARK: What are the dates? 15 CHAIRMAN GARCIA: Do we have the dates? 16 COMMISSIONER CLARK: What? 17 (Inaudible response from staff.) 18 CHAIRMAN GARCIA: December 6, 7th and 8th. 19 20 COMMISSIONER DEASON: Is there a motion? Maybe she'll make herself available. I'm just 21 kidding. I'm sure there's other matters somewhere that 22 need to be addressed. 23 COMMISSIONER CLARK: I've got to go hunting. 24 25 (Laughter)

COMMISSIONER DEASON: Hey, listen that's a 1 good priority. 2 COMMISSIONER CLARK: I know you wouldn't ask 3 me to change that. (Laughter) 4 CHAIRMAN GARCIA: Well, Commissioners, we 5 have a motion. You seconded that motion. That's only 6 on the specific motion on Issue 1. I guess it's clear 7 for the record that I'm opposed to that motion. 8 Commissioner Jacobs, it's your call. 9 COMMISSIONER JACOBS: I'm going to stick by 10 my original reasoning. I think normally the decision 11 of the Chair in making assignments is the driving 12 force. But, again, parties have made assertions 13 regarding their rights in this docket. And I think we 14 need to address that. And we make decisions, is 15 exactly the deal. We make decisions. Hard decisions. 16 It would be the easiest thing in the world, I think, 17 to fall back on -- and just let the docket go forward 18 with a panel. But I think in good conscience I really 19 believe that there are issues here which would be 20 better settled by a full Commission. 21 MR. MOYLE: Mr. Chairman, just one quick 22 comment. Commissioner Jacobs earlier had indicated 23 about the regulatory policies, I think, as being 24 25 something of significant concern to him. You know, it

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1 might be helpful to hear from your Staff which, I
2 think, has concluded that there are no regulatory
3 policies different from the Duke case.

4 CHAIRMAN GARCIA: I think it's clear from 5 the rec, if you read the entire rec, and I think 6 you're on the panel as well the full -- on this, is 7 that there's no distinction here.

Commissioner, the only thing I point out is 8 that -- I think you stated it earlier in your 9 comments; you arrived at a different decision. But 10 you stated earlier that to some degree here's where we 11 are and we have to make decisions. And I respect 12 Commissioner Clark's position in this as well as 13 Commissioner Deason's. I just think that precisely by 14 15 voting on this motion what we are doing is avoiding making that decision. And the truth is that this will 16 put a pall into a growing wholesale market in this 17 18 state. Whether we like it or not, any more insecurity 19 we feed that system, there will be less investment. 20 And there will be less investment and less if that is 21 the way we're going to go. Now, that said, if the 22 Commission feels that way, then I understand.

23 COMMISSIONER JACOBS: I fail to understand
24 how it disrupts a marketplace by our making a
25 decision. Any future applicant will have to deal with

five Commissioners however they look at it. This 1 docket going forward, under these pretenses -- I mean 2 3 somebody is dreaming somewhere. The issue is are we 4 going to look at this docket and make a determination 5 whether or not it should be before four Commissioners or other circumstances? And my -- step back. 6 That 7 has been the issue that's discussed. But the issue I 8 want to focus on is whether or not a full Commission 9 should look at the issues in this docket, and that 10 will continue to be my focus.

I've read the recommendation of Staff. 11 Ι 12 understand the rationale by which they arrive at the 13 conclusion that there are no distinctions from the 14 Duke decision and in this docket. I obviously 15 disagree with Staff's conclusion on that point. And I 16 would not support -- step back. Let me not make that 17 public statement. Let me say this, that I obviously disagreed with that rationale in the recommendation. 18 19 Irregardless, I still hold firm to the original point 20 I made. In this docket, based on these petitions, I believe that it would be best for the full Commission 21 22 to render a decision.

23MR. MOYLE: And for clarification, is the24motion on a full Commission four or five?25CHAIRMAN GARCIA: The motion on the full

Commission, the one that Commissioner Deason has 1 seconded, is that only we hear this under the present 2 schedule that --3 4 COMMISSIONER CLARK: I think you have a motion for the full Commission at this point. 5 CHAIRMAN GARCIA: But --6 7 COMMISSIONER CLARK: Without specification of what that is. 8 CHAIRMAN GARCIA: Mr. Childs is very 9 specific, and I assume he's reiterating what he's 10 filed with this Commission. A full Commission means 11 the four sitting here, correct, Mr. Childs? 12 MR. CHILDS: Correct. If there are four at 13 14 the time. COMMISSIONER CLARK: Your motion is full 15 Commission however that is numbered at the time the 16 hearing is held. 17 CHAIRMAN GARCIA: Commissioner Clark is 18 19 changing your filing. I just wanted to make sure you 20 agree with her. 21 MR. CHILDS: I don't think I anticipated it being one way or the other. I anticipated simply 22 23 making a motion. If that's the way it works out and 24 that's what is there at the time, then I think that's 25 the consequence.

CHAIRMAN GARCIA: Your motion, Commissioner 1 2 Clark, if you'll restate it. COMMISSIONER CLARK: I move we deny Staff on 3 4 Issue 1. 5 CHAIRMAN GARCIA: Okay. COMMISSIONER DEASON: It would then be 6 7 granting the petition as filed. COMMISSIONER CLARK: Right. 8 COMMISSIONER DEASON: I would second the 9 motion. 10 CHAIRMAN GARCIA: Okay. All those in favor 11 12 signify by saying "aye." 13 COMMISSIONER DEASON: Aye. COMMISSIONER CLARK: Aye. 14 15 COMMISSIONER JACOBS: Aye. CHAIRMAN GARCIA: Opposed, "nay." Nay. 16 All right. We're going to then, since it's a 17 full panel, I guess we should go ahead and take up the 18 rest of the items now. 19 COMMISSIONER JACOBS: Might I suggest we 20 21 take up Issue 6. 22 MR. KEATING: Let me first say the reasons the issues were numbered in this matter, the Staff 23 felt if the motions to dismiss were granted, then it 24 25 would make a decision on Issue 6 unnecessary.

1	COMMISSIONER CLARK: Say that again.
2	MR. KEATING: If the motions to dismiss are
3	granted, a decision on Issue 6 would be unnecessary,
4	and Staff would recommend or suggest that the
5	Commission take up the issues in the order that they
6	are listed in the recommendation.
7	CHAIRMAN GARCIA: Let me state that it is
8	listed as a panel item and I don't know if
9	Commissioner Clark
10	COMMISSIONER CLARK: I've read them.
11	CHAIRMAN GARCIA: Okay. Good.
12	MR. KEATING: Well, there are five issues
13	remaining. The first issue.
14	COMMISSIONER JACOBS: You can go forward.
15	COMMISSIONER DEASON: We're going to take
16	Issue 2. I move Staff on Issue 2.
17	CHAIRMAN GARCIA: I think the parties were
18	allowed to discuss these issues, if I'm not mistaken,
19	or no?
20	MR. KEATING: You can allow them discussion.
21	CHAIRMAN GARCIA: I think we've heard these
22	but the problem is Commissioner Jacobs' disagreed with
23	one of them. Commissioners, it's your choice. Do you
24	want to hear from the parties or not? Address them
25	all at once? Give them five minutes a side?

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1	<b>COMMISSIONER CLARK:</b> Issue 3, move Staff.
2	COMMISSIONER DEASON: I move Staff on Issue
3	2, which I don't think should be the subject of an
4	oral argument. Now, perhaps Issues 3 and 4 should be
5	argued and 5, I don't have a problem with hearing
6	argument. But I was just trying to move this along.
7	But if they are going to argue Issue 2, that's fine
8	too, I will hear argument on Issue 2.
9	MR. KEATING: Issue 2 is Florida Power &
10	Light Company's motion for leave to file a reply to
11	Okeechobee's response.
12	CHAIRMAN GARCIA: We have no disagreement.
13	We're fine. Hang on one second. We're fine. He's
14	making a motion and that's fine.
15	COMMISSIONER CLARK: I'll second the motion.
16	CHAIRMAN GARCIA: All those in favor signify
17	by saying "aye." Aye.
18	COMMISSIONER DEASON: Aye.
19	COMMISSIONER CLARK: Aye.
20	COMMISSIONER JACOBS: Aye.
21	CHAIRMAN GARCIA: Issue 3.
22	COMMISSIONER CLARK: Move Staff.
23	COMMISSIONER JACOBS: Second.
24	CHAIRMAN GARCIA: No discussion. Show Issue
25	3 approved. Issue 4.

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COMMISSIONER DEASON: We need to have oral 1 2 argument. CHAIRMAN GARCIA: Okay. 3 COMMISSIONER CLARK: I think it should be 4 5 limited, oral argument. CHAIRMAN GARCIA: Is five minutes a side 6 sufficient? 7 MR. CHILDS: It's really not. It's not. 8 You know, we went through -- it's an extensive matter, 9 and I'll try to be as rapid as possible but I don't 10 think I can do it in five minutes. 11 Commissioner, I have a handout to try to 12 facilitate focussing in on what I think are issues, 13 and I'd like to proceed with that and I'll try to do 14 it as fast as I can. 15 CHAIRMAN GARCIA: Okay. You'll try to do it 16 under ten minutes and then we'll go with that. 17 MR. CHILDS: Commissioners, we don't waive 18 19 all of the -- or any of the grounds that we've presented in support of our motion to dismiss, but I'm 20 going to focus my arguments on just several of those, 21 or a few of those. 22 23 I have a chart that I will address in the argument, and I also have a handout, which includes 24 various rules and statutes that I think are 25

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1 applicable.

2 Pardon me for a moment, but I believe it's 3 fundamental that we remind ourselves of the purpose of 4 a motion to dismiss.

A motion to dismiss raises a question of 5 law, that is whether the petition alleges sufficient 6 facts to state a cause of action. The standard for 7 disposing of motions to dismiss is whether with all 8 allegations of the petition assumed to be true, does 9 the petition state a cause of action on which relief 10 must be granted? When making this determination the 11 tribunal must consider only the petition. And I 12 emphasize that. You must consider only the petition. 13 14 But all reasonable inferences drawn from the petition must be made in favor of the petitioner. 15

In order to determine whether the petition 16 17 states a cause of action upon which relief may be granted, it is necessary to examine the elements 18 needed to be alleged under the substantive law on that 19 matter. Emphasize, however, that all of the elements 20 of the cause of action must be properly alleged in the 21 22 pleading that seeks the affirmative relief. If they 23 are not alleged, then the pleading must be dismissed. 24 That does not mean, however -- dismissal does not mean that the petitioner cannot come back and attempt to 25

1 allege the necessary elements.

Therefore, it is critical, I think, to keep in mind that an essential fact in a petition, if it is essential, must be alleged. If it is not alleged, the petition is simply deficient as a matter of law and must be dismissed.

7 There are two essential facts that are 8 absent from this petition. The first essential fact 9 is the competitive bidding rule. The second is the 10 filing of a Ten Year Site Plan.

11 I've included the Rule 25-22.082, which is 12 the biding rule, and 25-22.071(1)(b) in the packet of 13 material that I gave you. Let's look at the language of 25-22.082. This rule sets forth an express 14 15 mandatory requirement which is precondition for 16 petitioning for determination of need. It states, 17 quoting (2) the handout, "Prior to filing a petition 18 for determination of need for an electrical power 19 plant pursuant to 340-519, each investor-owned 20 electric utility shall evaluate supply-side 21 alternatives to its next plant generating unit by 22 issuing a request for proposals." That's mandatory. 23 Note particularly the words, "each 24 investor-owned utility." This is clear and plain. 25 It's not given to any ambiguity at all. Moreover, OGC

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1 doesn't allege to the contrary. Note the words, 2 "shall evaluate by issuing a RFP." It's likewise no 3 vagueness as to this clear and expressed mandate. 4 Moreover, OGC does not assert the contrary. Finally, 5 note the words "prior to filing a petition for 6 determination of need."

7 Commissioners, taking the steps called for 8 by this rule, complying with it is an essential fact 9 which must be alleged in the petition. It wasn't 10 alleged. It wasn't mentioned. The rule wasn't 11 mentioned. No excuse for noncompliance was presented. 12 Thus on its face we believe the petition is defective.

Now, what does the OGC say in response? 13 Now, this is not in the petition. And remember I 14 started, I said the essential allegation must be in 15 the pleading. It's not in the pleading. But what 16 does OGC say in response? What they say is you should 17 engage in a interpretation foray. And I'll read what 18 19 they say. "Because the fundamental purpose of 20 Commission Rule 25-22.082 is to protect captive ratepayers of retail serving investor-owned utilities, 21 that rule, the one we're talking about, should not be 22 construed to apply to merchant utilities like OGC. 23 Then, of course, OGC constructs what I 24 consider to be a self-serving argument about the 25

purpose of the rule. I would remind you of an argument as to the purpose of the rule is not even appropriate when you have the plain language of the rule before you, and it's not vague or subject to that interpretation.

One thing, too, is important. This is not 6 the proper time to talk about the purpose of the rule. 7 It's supposed to be in the petition so that 8 intervenors who are affected can challenge that 9 petition and see whether it's legally sufficient. You 10 shouldn't wait until you're found out and then argue, 11 "Well, I have an interpretation for you that would 12 excuse my compliance with the expressed provisions of 13 the rule." 14

CHAIRMAN GARCIA: Mr. Childs, could you give 15 me -- just so I understand -- what purpose you can see 16 in that, in that provision of the rule? 17 MR. CHILDS: First of all, I think that an 18 engagement and discussion of "purpose" is 19 inappropriate at this time. It's totally 20 inappropriate. However, if it is the purpose, then I 21 would go to this chart right now. This is the issue 22 that was framed for the Commission to consider at the 23

25 that the issue was if the Commission adopts the rule

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time that it was considering this rule. You'll see

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that requires bidding, should a process be required 1 for municipal and cooperative utilities as well as 2 investor-owned utilities? And the recommendation from 3 4 your Staff was yes, but it also -- note the wording, 5 "each electric utility subject to the provisions of the Power Plant Siting Act." So if I would draw a 6 7 conclusion as to the purpose, I would say the purpose was to make sure that each entity, subject to the 8 9 Power Plant Siting Act, was subject to this requirement. When the Commission voted on it, and I 10 11 think as to purpose this is also instructive -- when 12 the Commission voted on it -- and you'll see I put down there from the vote sheet "denied," munis and 13 co-ops are excepted from this rule. Commissioner 14 15 Lauredo dissented. Those are the notes. And you look at the rule and it's now worded that investor-owned 16 utilities that are covered or subject to the 17 18 provisions of the Act. And that's our point. And I think that's the purpose, Commissioner. The purpose 19 20 is that an investor-owned utility will make that -will make that evaluation. 21 22 You did discuss it, this Commission did discuss it as well, that it was imperative that this 23 24 be done in order for the Commission to have evidence 25 on the most cost-effective alternative. That you

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could not make that determination of the most 1 cost-effective alternative without this evaluation. 2 Now, this was addressed as early as 1988 by 3 the Commission. And in 1988 the Staff moved to 4 implead Florida Power & Light Company as an 5 indispensable party in a need determination 6 proceeding, pointing out to the Commission that it had 7 8 considered several -- at that time they were qualifying facility petitions where there was not a 9 contract to sell. And Staff pointed out to the 10 Commission that the Commission had not carried out its 11 regulatory responsibility in evaluating the most 12 cost-effective alternative under the Act. And they 13 said you should do that. This rule, I think, goes the 14 15 next step and says in evaluating the most 16 cost-effective alternative you have to have this information. 17

But I want to make the point that in terms of what you have before you, which is a petition which did not comply with the expressed requirements of your rule, each investor-owned utility, subject to the Act, shall do something. They didn't do it and they didn't allege anything about it. They waited until the response.

25

I think this relates as well, Commissioner,

to the discussion of the intent. If we were talking 1 about intent -- and I want to divide the issue -- but 2 if we were talking about intent and purpose of an Act, 3 then I would suggest that the statement of the Florida 4 Supreme Court in 1992 in the case of Forsyth versus 5 Long Boat Key -- and, incidentally, these cases are 6 not unique. They are sighted in the Staff's 7 recommendation on the Seminole matter that came before 8 you -- that docket came before you earlier today. And 9 I'm going to read from that. "The Court is without 10 power to construe an unambiguous statute." Then it 11 says, "As this court has said, where the statute is 12 13 clear, then the Court won't attempt to divine intent." 14 And I suggest you should look to the crystal clear 15 language of the rule. But the Court went on. The 16 Court went on and said "Looking at a decision we made 17 seventy years ago, there it was stated," and they set out this as part of the quote, "even where a Court is 18 19 convinced that the Legislature really meant and 20 intended something not expressed, the Court will not deem itself authorized to depart from the plain 21 meaning of the language which is free from ambiguity." 22 23 Now, let's consider the invitation to this Commission to divine intent for purpose. 24 There's a 25 new statute, it's not all that new, but it's 120.542.

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And I refer to this in connection with the Staff's maxim that is in their recommendation to the effect that "the law should not be interpreted in a matter that creates an absurd result." That's at Page 14 of the Recommendation.

I would suggest that we're not there yet. 6 This should have been pled. This 7 This shouldn't be. should have been covered in the pleading, the 8 petition. And moreover, if they were going to seek 9 this kind of a result, that is that you interpret, 10 then they should have done it by rule waiver. That's 11 12 precisely what 120.542 says.

13 I handed this out to you, Section 120.542, and I look and ask you to look at subsection 1 and the 14 15 first two sentences. It says "Strict application of 16 uniformly applicable rule requirements can lead to 17 unreasonable, unfair and unintended results. The Legislature finds it is appropriate in such cases to 18 19 adopt a procedure for agencies to provide relief to 20 persons subject to its regulation."

So, I submit that what you're being asked to do here is to grant a waiver but they don't have to ask for it. I also submit that this is the procedure that the Legislature says is to be followed even if someone says there's an absurd result.

CHAIRMAN GARCIA: Mr. Childs, I don't know 1 if you're answering me or you're working on -- I just 2 3 asked you a very simple question. MR. CHILDS: I was continuing with my 4 5 argument and I thought I had answered it. CHAIRMAN GARCIA: Maybe you could sort of --6 7 perhaps I'm not as quick as you are. Could you give 8 me the reason behind this. And I understand you're making the argument this isn't what we should make it. 9 10 I just want to understand it. MR. CHILDS: Okay. I'll try. I'll try. 11 12 The predicate for this rule -- the predicate for this rule involved a need determination by 13 14 Seminole Electric Cooperative, which you may recall is a cooperative that does not have retail customers. 15 16 And when they filed their petition for determination of need, they had not gone through an RFP process. 17 18 They had not gone through one. They had one underway but they hadn't completed it. There was no rule. 19 And 20 the Commission and the Court said "You cannot address for us the statutorily required issue of is this the 21 22 most cost-effective alternative until you go through 23 competitive bidding. Because it's not just a question 24 of whether it's the right unit, it's the question --25 and there are all kinds of questions -- should you

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1 have a -- should you build a facility yourself? Should you have a turnkey project? It may be you're 2 3 going to own it but you ask somebody else to build it, which is precisely applicable to OGC in this case, 4 5 even with their theory they don't have a retail Commissioner. The issue is could somebody else build 6 7 it more cheaply? Well, they don't know because they didn't go through a competitive bidding. 8 That's 9 exactly the question that this Commission addressed there and that's the purpose. 10

Because after that ruling in Seminole, after 11 12 that was addressed, then the Commission ultimately came back when it struggled with another case and said 13 what we want is a clear point of entry and a clear 14 15 closure. And we want to be able to address this issue of most cost-effective alternative in doing so. 16 We don't want to have multiple participants in need 17 18 determination proceedings coming forward saying "I can 19 do it more cheaply." We want clear point of entry, 20 clear closure, but we want to be able to address most cost-effective alternative. 21

So, Commissioner, what I'm trying to say is the most cost-effective alternative requirement of the statute is, in my view, the reason for this requirement. It is necessary for the Commission to

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1 have that information in order to carry out that 2 mandate. 3 COMMISSIONER DEASON: Mr. Childs, wasn't this addressed in the Duke proceeding? 4 MR. CHILDS: No. 5 COMMISSIONER DEASON: It was not addressed 6 at all? 7 MR. CHILDS: No. In fact, that's one of the 8 misleading points about the quote in the Staff 9 recommendation and in the OGC response. They quote a 10 11 section of your Order -- it's also in the Staff recommendation in that case. 12 What was being discussed was, given the 13 14 circumstance of a merchant plant having been built, given that occurring, then how must an investor-owned 15 utility that had retail customers deal with that 16 plant? It didn't deal with the question that's now 17 18 before you. In fact, in Duke, there was no allegation 19 by Duke that they were an electric utility. They 20 didn't allege that. You know, that's one of the 21 things that sort of evolved in the case. So there wasn't a motion to dismiss on that point. 22 The language talks about a different issue. 23 And the Staff in the recommendation supports it by 24 25 saying perhaps -- or you can draw an inference from

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1 that. Maybe you can. I don't think so. But if you
2 can, my point is it can only be done in the context of
3 a request for a waiver of a rule. You can't be silent
4 in your petition and then if you're caught come
5 forward and say, "I've got a different
6 interpretation."

7 COMMISSIONER DEASON: Let me ask you this: You say the Order didn't address it, and I guess we'll 8 9 pursue that a little bit later. But assuming for the sake of this question that the Duke Order did not 10 address this rule requirement to issue an RFP -- I've 11 lost my train of thought. Let's assume that the Order 12 did -- that the Order did address the rule requirement 13 to issue an RFP. Would that, the fact that the Duke 14 Order addressed that, and it was found that it was not 15 16 necessary to go forward and grant the determination of need for there to be an RFP issued, would that in and 17 18 of itself be reason enough for the current applicant not to have addressed the need for an RFP because it 19 20 was addressed in the Duke proceeding and not necessary? 21 22 MR. CHILDS: No. No Commissioner. Clearly 23 no. 24 First of all, let me clarify one point. You 25 made -- there is a waiver provision as well in the

1	rule on RFPs. In addressing that earlier this year in
2	connection with Florida Power Corporation, the
3	Commission undertook to both address that waiver
4	provision and the waiver provision under 125.42 and it
5	said the statutory provision prevailed.
6	However, the ruling of the on a waiver
7	request is not doesn't change the rule. In fact,
8	the statute I'm looking for the statute right
9	now but the statute says that in one of the
10	concluding paragraphs it says that the agency that
11	grants waivers is supposed to keep a record of them
12	and report them.
13	Also, you know, we had an argument earlier
14	this year about whether the Commission ought to
14 15	this year about whether the Commission ought to eliminate its rule provisions that independently
15	eliminate its rule provisions that independently
15 16	eliminate its rule provisions that independently permitted waivers. And as your Staff pointed out to
15 16 17	eliminate its rule provisions that independently permitted waivers. And as your Staff pointed out to you, one of the purposes of 120.542 was to avoid just
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15 16 17 18 19 20	eliminate its rule provisions that independently permitted waivers. And as your Staff pointed out to you, one of the purposes of 120.542 was to avoid just that result, of ad hoc kinds of decisions as to the application of a rule. And I would go back, Commissioner, and quote
15 16 17 18 19 20 21	eliminate its rule provisions that independently permitted waivers. And as your Staff pointed out to you, one of the purposes of 120.542 was to avoid just that result, of ad hoc kinds of decisions as to the application of a rule. And I would go back, Commissioner, and quote that language that I referenced out of the statute.
15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	eliminate its rule provisions that independently permitted waivers. And as your Staff pointed out to you, one of the purposes of 120.542 was to avoid just that result, of ad hoc kinds of decisions as to the application of a rule. And I would go back, Commissioner, and quote that language that I referenced out of the statute. It's quit clear. That if it produces unintended

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application of the rule in connection with its consideration of a request for waiver, if it believed that something was inappropriate, it ought to change the rule. And that's what I think the rule -- excuse me, the section of the statute on waivers, Section 120.542.

7 COMMISSIONER DEASON: So we should either 8 change the rule if we don't think it's applicable to 9 merchant plants, or else the applicant had an 10 affirmative burden -- or needed to come forward and 11 seek a waiver at the beginning and have that as a part 12 of the initial filing.

13 MR. CHILDS: Absolutely. And incidentally, 14 that's what Florida Power Corporation did. Item 15 No. 4. Florida Power Corporation was a matter that 16 you considered earlier this year. And Florida Power 17 Corporation sought a waiver. Look at it, the case 18 background, it quotes the statute and it says "Section 19 403.519," the same statute they are relying upon, OGC, 20 "commonly called a need termination statute, requires 21 that the Commission consider," 'whether the proposed 22 plant is the most cost-effective alternative available in the context of a need termination proceeding.'" 23 24 Next sentence, "Pursuant to this rule, 25 25-22.082, prior to filing a petition for need, each

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1	investor-owned utility must evaluate supply-side
2	alternatives." That's precisely the application they
3	gave to the Florida Power Corporation and you denied
4	it. They had a theory and you said, "Well, we deny
5	it." And I think that that's the point. Is that you
6	can't be silent on an essential fact. An essential
7	fact is did you comply with the law? It states that
8	it's a precondition and they didn't say anything about
9	it.
10	I would like to move on briefly on the Rule
11	25-22.071, which calls for the filing of a Ten Year
12	Site Plan.
13	Now, the language has alternatives, it
14	says is the filing, it says that at least three
15	years prior to the application for site certification,
16	or as OGC points out, in the year the decision to
17	construct is made, if a utility that does not
18	otherwise file Ten Year Site Plans must file one if it
19	intends to build a power plant.
20	We pointed out that that's what your rule
21	said. And that also that the petition by OGC is
22	completely silent once again on this. They have no
23	explanation, no excuse, no discussion that the rule
24	does or doesn't apply to them. They are just silent.
25	They wait until the motion to dismiss and they say
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first of all, "First of all, you didn't quote the full 1 rule." We didn't. Because I think it's quite clear 2 that the words "at least three years prior" is the 3 limiting factor as opposed to in the year the decision 4 is made to construct. If that means you have to alter 5 the date by which you file your petition for need 6 determination, then I think that's what the statute 7 calls for. 8

So they want to read out that requirement 9 and say, "Well, couldn't be, shouldn't be any sooner 10 than in the year you make your decision." Then what 11 do they do next? Well, they say, "Well, we haven't 12 really made a decision yet. We haven't made a final 13 decision to build because that would require an 14 affirmative order granting OGC's need determination. 15 Well, so that puts it totally within their discretion 16 to ignore your rule and say, "Well, I haven't made a 17 decision." I think that it's also kind of strained, 18 particularly under the circumstances that they filed a 19 petition that says they are going to own a facility --20 they have sought status from the FERC as an exempt 21 wholesale generator. They filed a tariff as an exempt 22 wholesale generator with the FERC, and now they say 23 they haven't really decided to build a facility. I 24 think that's a constructed way to avoid the clear 25

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1	language. And I think it is clear as to what they are
2	supposed to do.
3	I submit to you that they have to comply
4	with this. This information the reason it is filed
5	is so that there are warnings, so it's known what's
6	being reviewed, so that there's some opportunity for
7	that to be factored in, both in terms of location of a
8	power plant and the review of the site, where it's
9	going to be located, but also as to the impact of that
10	plant.
11	COMMISSIONER CLARK: Mr. Childs, I just want
12	to be clear. You're saying every entity that wants to
13	file for a determination of need three years prior has
14	to have filed a Ten Year Site Plan? There's no
15	alternative? They have to meet that three-year limit?
16	MR. CHILDS: If you are not covered if
17	you are not covered by having filed one under
18	subsection A of that rule. 1A talks about all
19	electric utilities in the state with the capacity of a
20	certain level will file annually. Then it talks about
21	those that do not file annually. And, yes, it is.
22	That's the way I think the statute reads expressly
23	when it says at least three years prior, I think
24	that's the limiting factor.
25	COMMISSIONER CLARK: Now, clarify for me,

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are you talking about the statute or the rule? 1 MR. CHILDS: I'm talking about the rule. 2 COMMISSIONER CLARK: Does the statute say 3 anything about a time limit? 4 MR. CHILDS: I don't recall any limitation 5 there. 6 7 COMMISSIONER CLARK: Okay. MR. CHILDS: But I would submit -- in fact, 8 that brings up another point, is that OGC has argued 9 that because your rule on filing for approval for 10 determination of need does not expressly incorporate 11 this rule, then I guess they don't have to comply with 12 13 it. And my point is, is that independent of 14 whether it's three years, they haven't alleged that 15 they filed at all. And in response, I think they make 16 it clear that they haven't filed because ultimately 17 what they say is -- they say, "You should treat the 18 filing of this petition as substantial compliance with 19 the requirement to file." And that is an alternative 20 contention but I think that illustrates the point. 21 They haven't filed at all. And whether it's three 22 years or the year the decision is made, the filing 23 should precede the filing for a determination of need. 24 25 Moreover, it should be alleged. And they didn't

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1 allege it.

2	I want to come back very briefly. It sounds
3	like at times, you know, that, well, you have an
4	argument but can't we take that up at hearing? Can't
5	we address that as we go forward? And my reaction is
6	no, you shouldn't and you can't. This is a matter, as
7	what I have pointed out to you at the beginning if
8	it's an essential fact, it must be alleged, so
9	everyone is on notice as what is is on notice of
10	what's there. It is required. They didn't do it.
11	They did not file a petition for waiver. They didn't
12	have a petition for waiver pending at the time they
13	filed their petition for determination of need, which
14	potentially they could have done. They just totally
15	ignored your rules.

16 It is, I think, of great importance that the 17 integrity of your rules and the integrity of the 18 application of those rules be maintained. And we urge 19 you to dismiss the petition. Thank you.

20 CHAIRMAN GARCIA: We're going to -- we have 21 a time certain that we're going to take up a group 22 that's at 12, and that is Item 53, Commissioners. And 23 we haven't taken a break and I need one. So what 24 we're going to do is we're going to cut it there. 25 Mr. Sasso, you will continue when we finish Item 53

and we're going to take a break until five after. 1 MR. KEATING: Chairman, as far as Mr. Sasso 2 continuing when we get back, I think we're still just 3 on Issue 4, which is solely Florida Power & Light's 4 motion to dismiss so maybe Okeechobee should continue 5 6 at that point. 7 CHAIRMAN GARCIA: Right. (Brief recess taken.) 8 9 10 CHAIRMAN GARCIA: Okay. COMMISSIONER CLARK: If the Staff said yes. 11 12 The recommendation is yes, there should be an 13 acquisition adjustment and it was a tie vote, then 14 what happens? 15 MR. KEATING: Under the rules, we have 30 16 days in which to grant or to deny an emergency waiver 17 petition. The companies had waived that time clock 18 once before. We are actually on the 32nd day right 19 now due to the timing of their petition and the fact 20 we didn't have an agenda for a month. 21 If you determine that this is not -- they do 22 not meet the standard for an emergency waiver of 23 petition, you can treat this as a nonemergency 24 petition and hear it within the time limits provided 25 by statute for a regular waiver petition.

COMMISSIONER DEASON: It's Staff's position 1 it does not meet the requirements as an emergency; is 2 that correct? 3 MR. KEATING: That's correct. 4 COMMISSIONER JACOBS: If I recall, some of 5 the rationale originally had to do with the fact they 6 had got party status and that discovery was moving 7 8 fast. I think the basis that Florida MR. KEATING: 9 Power Corporation has given for emergency treatment is 10 that under the 90-day time clock for a typical rule 11 waiver, the Commission would not be required to rule 12 on their waiver request prior to the hearing. And 13 that's why, although we feel it's not an emergency as 14 contemplated by the rule, we felt that the Commission 15 needed to go ahead and hear this waiver petition at 16 least prior to the hearing. 17 COMMISSIONER DEASON: When would it heard --18 CHAIRMAN GARCIA: Next agenda. 19 COMMISSIONER DEASON: Which is the 30th of 20 21 November? MR. KEATING: Correct. I think it would 22 have to be -- in fairness, it should be heard by that 23 24 agenda. Mr. Chairman, I guess 25 COMMISSIONER CLARK:

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my question is when do you think you'll be back? 1 CHAIRMAN GARCIA: I don't know. I hope to 2 be back within a hour, hour and a half. I know that's 3 an awful lot to ask of you to stay later. 4 COMMISSIONER DEASON: We have some other 5 business to attend to as well. We have a hearing 6 we've continued, Buccaneer Estates, so we're going to 7 be here. 8 CHAIRMAN GARCIA: All right. Very good 9 then. See you in a little while. 10 COMMISSIONER DEASON: So we will --11 CHAIRMAN GARCIA: Defer, TP this. 12 COMMISSIONER DEASON: Just TP 54 until your 13 return. 14 (Recess taken.) 15 16 CHAIRMAN GARCIA: I think you, Mr. Childs, 17 had finished and I think we were going to allow 18 Mr. Moyle to speak on that motion, or Schef to speak 19 20 on Issue 2, which was yours, right, Mr. Childs? MS. CHILDS: Yes. And Mr. Chairman, before 21 you do that, and particularly in view of the lateness 22 of time, I would ask that -- and I hope we finish 23 everything, every issue on No. 54 this evening, but 24 particularly in view of time, I would ask if it is 25

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1	possible to go to issue No. 6, which is a request for
2	waiver and stay, because I think that has immediate
3	due process significance and it's very important to us
4	to have that addressed. And if you would, we'd like
5	to go to that.
6	CHAIRMAN GARCIA: Right. Well, why don't we
7	just finish yours since we had had an argument on it
8	and I think Mr. Sasso isn't on that issue, that was
9	just your, right, Issue 2? Issue 3 is Sasso's.
10	MR. KEATING: We're on Issue 4.
11	CHAIRMAN GARCIA: All right. Here we go.
12	I'm sorry. We're on Issue 4. I don't have my notes.
13	Issue 4.
14	MR. WRIGHT: Mr. Chairman, we'll do whatever
15	you all say as usual. It, frankly, might make more
16	sense to go ahead and let Mr. Sasso present his
17	argument on Issue 5. Basically, FPC's motion to
18	dismiss incorporates and renews FPL's on the same
19	rule-based grounds that FPL set forth, plus they make
20	an argument on the applicant issue in the Nassau
21	cases. I was sort of hoping Mr. Sasso wouldn't have a
22	whole lot of time that he intended to speak, and we
23	could just do it all at once.
24	CHAIRMAN GARCIA: Mr. Sasso as long as
25	you don't try to double their time, Schef, we're fine.

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We'll give you a discount. 1 MR. WRIGHT: Thank you. 2 I'm happy to go ahead if the 3 MR. SASSO: Commission wishes. I do want to reiterate our concern 4 5 that today the Commission addressed the emergency petition for a rule waiver and a stay. 6 CHAIRMAN GARCIA: That's 6, right? 7 MR. SASSO: Yes, sir. 8 CHAIRMAN GARCIA: Go ahead, Mr. Sasso. 9 MR. SASSO: The threshold issue is the 10 11 timeliness of our motion. The petitioner has 12 challenged our motion to dismiss as untimely. 13 The facts are these. The petition was filed on September 24th. It was not served on Florida Power 14 15 Corporation. The rule concerning the time for filing 16 a motion to dismiss says, "Motions to dismiss the petition shall be filed no later than 20 days after 17 18 service of the petition on the party." The petition was never served on Florida Power Corporation. Also, 19 we were not granted party status until November 4th. 20 21 We were not untimely in filing our motion to dismiss, 22 which was filed 21 days after the petition was initially filed. 23 24 If the petition had been served on Florida 25 Power Corporation in a reasonable manner, say

overnight delivery or by mail, we clearly would have 1 been timely in filing our motion to dismiss when we 2 did. And so if the intervenor is going to be faulted 3 on the basis of a technical rule, we believe we ought 4 to be given the benefit of the letter of that rule 5 which requires service upon us to trigger the time for 6 filing. So we would submit that the Motion to Dismiss 7 8 was timely filed.

In addition, since we challenge, 9 fundamentally, the jurisdiction of the Commission, a 10 lack of statutory authority to rule favorably on the 11 petition, we would submit that that challenge does not 12 go away, it cannot be waived, it can and should be 13 14 raised at any time in the proceeding. And there's ample authority by this Commission and the courts in 15 16 that respect.

Proceeding to the merits of our motion, we have adopted the grounds argued by FPL. And in addition, we have argued that OGC is not a proper applicant under the Florida Supreme Court's decisions in the Nassau cases.

We stand by our view that the Duke decision was not correctly decided, and, of course, that will be addressed on appeal by the Florida Supreme Court. And we would renew our arguments there but we won't

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belabor that, obviously, today with the Commission. 1 But we do point out that in the view of at least one 2 Commissioner, the Prehearing Officer in this case, 3 even if Duke were correctly decided, the decision 4 should not be extended to this Case. I'll quote from 5 Commissioner Jacobs' separate opinion in Duke where he 6 said "I would restrict the determination of standing 7 to the petition as filed, a request by the partnership 8 to certify need of the full plant capacity. To the 9 extent that the issues are addressed by the majority, 10 however, I believe the holding of the Florida Supreme 11 Court in Nassau Power Corporation versus Beard, cited 12 herein as Nassau 2 controls. Thus, to be a proper 13 14 applicant, an EWG must be tied by contract to a 15 co-applicant who is a utility. In the instant docket, 16 Duke New Smyrna is a proper applicant only because of the relationship between the parties to the 17 18 partnership."

19 If this view were to prevail, it is a basis 20 not to extend Duke to the circumstances of this case. 21 Of course, we have a broader construction of Nassau 22 and don't believe that even the Duke decision can be 23 justified under that rationale. But at a minimum, 24 whereas in this case, there is no arguable compliance 25 with Nassau, there's no contract presented to this

Commission whatsoever between this IPP and a retail 1 utility, Nassau cannot be said to have been complied 2 with, and a dismissal would be appropriate. 3 CHAIRMAN GARCIA: All right. Thank you, 4 Mr. Sasso. Schef. 5 MR. WRIGHT: Thank you, Mr. Chairman. 6 Mr. Chairman, the Commission Staff are 7 right again. The motions to dismiss should be denied. 8 I'm going to try to focus on the points discussed in 9 argument by Mr. Childs and Mr. Sasso, but want to make 10 it clear that we don't think that any of their grounds 11 for dismissal are valid. 12 13 As regards the bidding rule, a strict 14 literal interpretation of the bidding rule does appear to bring entities like OGC within its ambit. However, 15 the intent of the bidding rule is clearly to apply it 16 to investor-owned public utilities, entities with the 17 capacity or the capability to bind captive ratepayers. 18 The Public Service Commission exempted 19 municipal and cooperative utilities over which the 20 Commission has similar, except for rate structure, 21 jurisdiction as it has over Okeechobee Generating 22 23 Company. 24 COMMISSIONER DEASON: Mr. Wright, let me ask you a question. Even if that were the intent of the 25

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1 rule, was there an obligation to -- in the original 2 application, to identify that and seek a waiver, or at 3 least put parties on notice what your position on that 4 issue is?

MR. WRIGHT: Well, we don't think so, 5 Commissioner Deason, and that's why we didn't do that. 6 We don't think we're obliged to make some kind of 7 affirmative or negative allegation regarding every 8 rule that might possibly apply to us not applying to 9 us. We, in good faith, believe that the bidding rule 10 does not apply to Okeechobee Generating or any 11 similarly situated entity without the capability to 12 bind ratepayers. And for that, while the specific 13 issue was not addressed and decided in the Duke New 14 Smyrna case, the Commission --15 CHAIRMAN GARCIA: I thought it was. 16 MR. WRIGHT: Well, not in --17 18 CHAIRMAN GARCIA: In the Duke New Smyrna -on a reading of the Duke New Smyrna, I would find that 19 20 if I were an applicant in your position, I would realize I don't need that. Is that not --21 MR. WRIGHT: Well, that's certainly the 22 conclusion that I come from, that I reach reading the 23 Duke New Smyrna Order. 24 The point I was, making Mr. Chairman, is 25

simply that I don't think that very issue, whether 1 Duke New Smyrna was required to seek a waiver, was 2 voted on or whether Duke New Smyrna was required to 3 have gone through an RFP process was voted on. 4 However, the Commission did articulate very clearly a 5 vision of the role that merchant plants would play 6 within the overall regime created by the bidding rule. 7 Where you said the bidding rule -- and I'm going to 8 ally certain short references -- the biding rule 9 requires that an investor-owned utility evaluate 10 supply-side alternatives in order to determine that a 11 proposed unit, subject to the Siting Act, is the most 12 cost-effective alternative available. If Duke New 13 Smyrna were to construct the project, it could propose 14 to meet a utility's need pursuant to the bidding rule. 15 But the IOU, clearly referring to an investor-owned 16 public utility, would have the final decision on how 17 it would meet its needs. An IOU, or any other utility 18 in Florida, should prudently seek out the most 19 cost-effective means of meeting its needs. The Duke 20 New Smyrna project simply presents another generation 21 22 supply alternative for existing retail utilities. Florida ratepayers would not be at risk for the cost 23 to the facility unless it were proven to be the lowest 24 cost alternative at the time a contract is entered. 25

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1	From this discussion, discussing
2	specifically the regime created by the bidding rule
3	with respect to investor-owned public utilities and
4	with respect to a merchant power plant, the Duke
5	Energy New Smyrna Beach Power Company, it's clear to
6	us, anyway, that the vision that the Commission
7	articulated therein was that the wholesale competitive
8	merchant utilities, like OGC, like Duke New Smyrna,
9	fit just fine into the framework of the bidding rule
10	by being available to participate in bids to
11	investor-owned public utilities. And that's well,
12	not voted on, it seems very clear that that's the way
13	you all envisioned this working.
14	COMMISSIONER DEASON: Well, let me ask a
15	question. What you're saying makes a lot of intuitive
16	sense; that the bidding rule would not apply to a
17	entity which is not seeking to place a unit in rate
18	base and put retail customers at risk for the recovery
19	of the cost associated therewith. But the rule says
20	what the rule says. And as I understand the argument,

21 that you should have acknowledged that and sought a 22 waiver of that rule up front in the original 23 determination of need. And you're saying no, that 24 that is not an obligation which you had.

25

MR. WRIGHT: Yes, sir.

1 COMMISSIONER DEASON: And because of the 2 language --3 MR. WRIGHT: To directly articulate the argument -- and it's our belief, and we proceeded on 4 that belief, we think, as reflected in the language I 5 just read to you all from the Duke New Smyrna Order, 6 7 that the rule does not apply to us, was never intended to apply to us and cannot reasonably be construed as 8 applying to us. And with regard to Mr. Childs' 9 eloquent exposition of courts interpreting statutes, 10 that's a very different situation. Where a court 11 interprets a statute, you have one branch of 12 government, in that instance the judiciary, 13 interpreting the act of another branch of government, 14 the legislature. Here we're dealing with a commission 15 promulgated rule which the Commission must apply from 16 time to time. 17 **COMMISSIONER DEASON:** Are you saying the 18 court is going to give us more deference in the 19 interpretation of our own rule? 20 MR. WRIGHT: Absolutely. And we just submit 21 to you that whenever you're faced with something 22 that's not exactly clear, you can interpret your rule. 23 Mr. Childs is arguing for an interpretation of the 24 rule that would bring us under it. We believe, and as 25

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1	I said, in good faith, based on your previous
2	pronouncements, that it just doesn't apply to us.
3	<b>COMMISSIONER JACOBS:</b> If we take that logic
4	just a step further, if you follow the holding in
5	Duke, every company that meets the definition of a
6	utility under FERC, okay, can come establish a site
7	and have no requirement to do bidding or any other
8	process to determine whether or not it's
9	cost-effective. Is that a reasonable
10	MR. WRIGHT: I'd point out that I think that
11	the holding in Duke recognizes that the entities we're
12	talking about are excuse me, I'm just a little
13	dry are not only the public utilities under the
14	Federal Power Act, they are also electric utilities
15	under Chapter 366, Commissioner Jacobs.
16	But having said that, yes, sir. I think
17	that the rule was intended to apply to entities with
18	the capability of binding captive retail customers.
19	It is quite clear that that was the intent of the
20	rule. I could cite to you from the hearing transcript
21	and the agenda conference transcript. It is
22	abundantly clear that that was the intent of the rule.
23	And I'd like to point out that the reason
24	you have the rule in the first place is to try to get
25	the best deal for the ratepayers. It's what

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1	Mr. Ballinger said in the hearing, it is what the
2	Commissioners said in the hearing. I will assure you
3	that nobody has a greater incentive to build this
4	plant as cost-effectively as possible, or any other
5	competitive merchant wholesale power plant, as
6	cost-effective as possible than the developer. We
7	don't have a opportunity to come to the Commission and
8	seek recovery for any of our costs. We have to build
9	the plant cost-effectively, compete in the
10	marketplace, sell it when it's cost-effective and
11	watch it sit idle when it's not cost-effective.
12	Following along the Staff's analysis, we
13	agree that the requirement that wholesale competitive
14	utilities, like Okeechobee Generating Company, would
15	have to have to go through this rule process is an
16	absurd result. It would erect an additional barrier
17	and an obstacle completely unnecessarily, because
18	there's no extra ratepayer protection gained, because
19	nobody ever has to buy from us in the first place. We
20	think it's inconsistent with the Commission's vision
21	of the rule vision of the role of merchant plants
22	in the overall regime created by the bidding rule.
23	And it would not further the rule's fundamental
24	purpose at all. There's no point in applying the rule
25	or requiring somebody to comply with it unless

ratepayers are going to be protected. We've already 1 got more than ample incentive, certainly greater 2 3 incentive than the municipal utility systems and co-ops have to build a plant cost-effectively, and you 4 exempted them because you thought their city 5 commissions would take care of them. 6 With respect to the -- if you have more 7 questions on the bidding rule, I would be delighted to 8 answer. Otherwise, I'll talk about the Ten Year Site 9 10 Plan and then address Mr. Sasso's comments briefly. With respect to the Ten Year Site Plan rule, 11 12 there's no allegation requirement that an entity have filed a Ten Year Site Plan, or even allege that it has 13 filed a Ten Year Site Plan, in the rules governing the 14 contents of power plant need determination petitions. 15 16 Okeechobee Generating Company was not even 17 incorporated on April 1st of this year. It was 18 incorporated in May. I'm not sure whether the date 19 was the 13th or the 24th, but it was in that general 20 time frame. 21 Okeechobee is not, as alleged by my 22 counterparts, trying to avoid the Ten Year Site Plan 23 We have alleged two things: One, that we rule.

25 and furthermore, when you consider -- if you even want

24

intend to comply with it in answering their challenge,

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to look at the underlying substance and say, "Well, 1 what we really want to go is what's going on out there 2 in the world, " look at what we filed. Most of what we 3 filed, most of what would wind up in a Ten Year Site 4 Plan, probably nearly all of it, is information that 5 we have already filed in our petition and exhibits. 6 7 And we suggest to you that that's in substantial 8 compliance with what we would have filed had we filed 9 something with a Ten Year Site Plan label on it and 10 certainly in compliance with the Commission's needs. 11 And I'd further point out that the filing of 12 a site certification application automatically amends

any Ten Year Site Plan, such that overnight a Ten Year 13 14 Site Plan of anyone can be rendered moot merely by 15 filing a complete site certification application. And 16 I will aver to you that there have been more than a 17 couple of instances where power plants have been 18 proposed either by utilities, or by utilities in 19 partnership with nonutility entities, QFs or other, where they haven't been in their Ten Year Site Plans 20 21 three years in advance. The whole site -- the whole 22 Ten Year Site Plan statute allows them to be amended 23 overnight by the filing of a site certification application. This is not a defect in our petition. 24 25 Finally, as regards --

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COMMISSIONER CLARK: Mr. Wright, let me ask 1 you a question. Look at Rule 25-22.071, which is the 2 requirement that the Ten Year Site Plans be filed. 3 MR. WRIGHT: Yes, ma'am. I don't have it in 4 5 front of me. COMMISSIONER CLARK: Mr. Childs probably has 6 7 a copy he could give you. MR. WRIGHT: I know the rule pretty well. 8 9 COMMISSIONER CLARK: All right. Do you fall 10 under A or B? 11 MR. WRIGHT: I think B. But we don't 12 already have generating facilities. COMMISSIONER CLARK: Okay. So under --13 14 MR. WRIGHT: Under B it says either three 15 years in advance or in the year in which the decision to construct is made we have to file one. Have we 16 17 made a final decision to construct at this time? No. How can we make a final decision to construct and 18 19 place final orders for this multimillion dollar 20 hardware until we have an order from you all saying it 21 is needed? But notwithstanding that, we've told you, 22 and we aver to you today, we will file a Ten Year Site 23 Plan next April 1st. 24 COMMISSIONER CLARK: But it's your view that 25 it's an either/or proposition. You can do it three

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years in advance or in the year you make a decision to 1 2 do that. Absolutely. Yes, ma'am. 3 MR. WRIGHT: COMMISSIONER CLARK: Okay. 4 MR. WRIGHT: Kind of like that conversation 5 we had in that wonderful first day of oral argument 6 last December the 2nd in which Commissioner Deason 7 asked me why Duke New Smyrna hadn't filed a Ten Year 8 Site Plan. I told him that I had talked to 9 10 Mr. Jenkins, and Mr. Jenkins told me, "Well, you weren't a utility as of April 1st. File one next 11 12 year." Which we did. As regards the timeliness of Florida Power 13 Corporation's Motion to Dismiss, I just point out to 14 you that the Commission in its -- in decisions, in 15 16 reported decisions, has treated filing the same as service with respect to motions to dismiss. In fact, 17 18 in the petition by Tampa Electric for approval of cost 19 recovery for a new environmental program, 20 98-FPSC-9-323 and 327, the Motion to Dismiss was denied when it was filed more than 20 days after the 21 22 petition was, quote, "initially filed/served." 23 Moreover, I would point out to you, as we pointed out in our memorandum in response to Florida 24 25 Power Corporation, that the day before we filed, on

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September 23rd, my co-counsel advised Florida Power 1 Corporation's chief lobbyist, chief registered 2 lobbyist, that is, that we would be filing it the next 3 day. We didn't technically serve them, but they knew 4 5 it was coming a day ahead. COMMISSIONER CLARK: Mr. Wright, let me ask 6 7 you about the decision you cited. It said, "filed/served." 8 MR. WRIGHT: Filed/served. Yes, ma'am. 9 COMMISSIONER CLARK: Does it indicate that 10 it was served? 11 MR. WRIGHT: My understanding is that it 12 indicates it was filed and not served. That's what --13 14 COMMISSIONER CLARK: That's what the filed/served meant? 15 16 MR. WRIGHT: That's what I'm told by my 17 partner who did the research on this, yes, ma'am. COMMISSIONER CLARK: What year was that? 18 19 MR. WRIGHT: 198. 20 COMMISSIONER CLARK: Have we ever 21 affirmatively discussed the notion of filing and service being the same on a motion to dismiss? 22 23 MS. JAYE: I'm unaware of any time when we 24 have addressed that particular issue, but I do have 25 before me what I believe to be the first order of the

Commission in which we did address that rule. 1 COMMISSIONER CLARK: What did it say? 2 MS. JAYE: It doesn't go to filed/served 3 unfortunately, Commissioner, but we did in this 4 particular order, the Commission's order did, indeed, 5 apply the rule to parties, and we had a comment within 6 7 the section --COMMISSIONER CLARK: But we don't know in 8 that particular case if it was served at the same time 9 it was filed, do we? 10 MS. JAYE: No, ma'am, we don't. 11 COMMISSIONER CLARK: What do the model rules 12 provide? Do they help at all? Or is this the model 13 14 rule? 15 MR. KEATING: Are you referring to the uniform rules? 16 17 MS. JAYE: Chapter 28. 18 COMMISSIONER CLARK: I'm referring to what 19 we have to follow. 20 MR. KEATING: Let me turn to that particular 21 section. The uniform rules state that, "Unless 22 otherwise provided by law, motions to dismiss the 23 petition shall be filed no later than 20 days after 24 service of the petition on the party." And I think 25 part of the problem we're having here is --

COMMISSIONER CLARK: They weren't a party. 1 MR. KEATING: They weren't a party, and I 2 don't even know if service is required at that point. 3 MS. JAYE: I certainly don't mean to 4 interrupt my colleague here, but intervenors do take 5 the case as they find it. 6 COMMISSIONER CLARK: You know what, we need 7 to clarify that. But let me ask another question. 8 What about the argument -- well, Mr. Wright maybe you 9 want to answer it. What about the argument that a 10 Motion to Dismiss, on the basis of jurisdiction, is 11 always timely; can be raised at any time? 12 MR. WRIGHT: Jurisdiction can be raised at 13 any time. I'm not so sure that it can be raised in a 14 Motion to Dismiss at any time. It can be raised on 15 appeal. It can be raised as a legal issue in the 16 case, but I don't know that it can be raised in a 17 Motion to Dismiss. 18 COMMISSIONER CLARK: Well, if you don't have 19 jurisdiction, what would you do? If you don't have 20 21 jurisdiction, what is the only remedy available? If 22 you raise it some other way --23 MR. WRIGHT: Yeah. COMMISSIONER CLARK: -- and you find you 24 25 don't have jurisdiction, what do you do?

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MR. WRIGHT: You dismiss the cause.
 COMMISSIONER CLARK: So then it would appear
 you can raise in a Motion to Dismiss a jurisdictional
 issue at any time?

MR. WRIGHT: I'm not sure -- I don't know, 5 Commissioner Clark. I'm not sure that that's correct. 6 I think you can raise the jurisdictional issue at any 7 time, but whether you can raise it in a Motion to 8 Dismiss under the applicable rules here, more than 20 9 days after, I don't know. I think you could raise it 10 11 as a legal issue, i.e. whether the Commission has 12 jurisdiction. I think you can raise it on appeal, 13 that the Commission does not have jurisdiction. If 14 you don't comply with the procedural rules and make 15 your argument within the time prescribed, I'm not sure 16 that you can raise it in a Motion to Dismiss.

17 COMMISSIONER CLARK: What sense would it 18 make if you agree that you don't have jurisdiction to 19 allow a case to go forward simply because it was filed 20 more than 20 days after the time? What you're 21 suggesting is you go forward with it regardless of the 22 fact you might conclude that you have no jurisdiction. 23 Does that make any sense?

24MR. WRIGHT: Well, in the abstract perhaps25not. In this case where the Commission majority in

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the Duke Smyrna case has concluded that it has 1 jurisdiction, you know, we submit --2 I realize that's a COMMISSIONER CLARK: 3 different argument. I mean, that goes to the merits 4 5 of jurisdiction. Right. 6 MR. WRIGHT: COMMISSIONER CLARK: Not to the timeliness 7 of it. 8 MR. WRIGHT: True. 9 MR. CHILDS: Can I --10 MR. WRIGHT: I'm not quite --11 MR. CHILDS: I thought you were finish. 12 MR. WRIGHT: I will be done momentarily. 13 We fully believe that the Commission 14 majority in the Duke New Smyrna case was correct where 15 16 it held quite unequivocally that Duke New Smyrna was an applicant in its own right, independent of the 17 contract. And we fully expect the Commission to be 18 upheld and, accordingly, we don't think that Florida 19 Power's argument on the applicant or Nassau issues has 20 21 merit and don't think that constitutes grounds for 22 dismissal. 23 CHAIRMAN GARCIA: Okay. Thank you. Staff? MR. CHILDS: Could I respond to that -- it 24 is our motion -- briefly? 25

CHAIRMAN GARCIA: Respond to --1 MR. CHILDS: To the argument by OGC on the 2 3 Motion to Dismiss. CHAIRMAN GARCIA: Well, I think you got a 4 5 chance, unless another Commissioner has a question for I'm sure that Susan will, but let's get through 6 you. this since you wanted to get to 6. And then I'll let 7 you respond. Let Staff go, and then we'll let you go. 8 9 MR. KEATING: Well, I'm just going to cover the same issues that Mr. Wright covered that have been 10 discussed in oral argument so far. 11 First, regarding compliance with Rule 12 25-22.071 regarding filing of Ten Year Site Plans, 13 we're in agreement with Okeechobee that the rule does 14 not require it three years in advance. We feel that 15 at a minimum, Okeechobee is in substantial compliance 16 with the filing requirements in that their petition 17 for determination of need includes most, if not all, 18 of the information that would be included in it's Ten 19 Year Site Plan. 20 As to the issue concerning compliance with 21 22 our bidding rule, again, as stated in the 23 recommendation, we're in agreement with Okeechobee. We believe that the language that Okeechobee cited 24

25 || from the Duke docket, while it does not expressly

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state that merchant utilities are exempt or that the 1 rule does not apply to merchant utilities, we believe 2 that it's clearly implied by that language, 3 specifically two lines: "If Duke New Smyrna were to 4 construct the project, it could propose to meet a 5 utility's need pursuant to the bidding rule." And 6 second, "The Duke New Smyrna project simply presents 7 another generation supply alternative for existing 8 retail utilities." We think that language is clear. 9 That the Commission --10 CHAIRMAN GARCIA: Let me understand that. Ι 11 want to try to understand it. Mr. Childs is telling 12 us in a very strict interpretation of that rule, or 13

14 asking us to make a strict interpretation of our own 15 rule, and that we are required to, and thereby Duke is 16 not -- OGC is not a proper applicant before us.

And Mr. Wright is arguing the other side of that. That he's saying if I read that precedent which was set by the Duke case, that I wouldn't think that I needed to file. That we had settled that. Is that what you're saying? Just so that I --

22 MR. KEATING: That's essentially what I'm 23 saying. The language that was in the Duke order 24 supports Okeechobee's position.

25 COMMISSIONER CLARK: Read those two sections

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1 you rely on for that.

2 MR. KEATING: These two lines are both from 3 the language that Mr. Wright cited earlier. First, "If Duke New Smyrna were to construct 4 5 a project, it could propose to meet a utility's need 6 pursuant to the bidding rule." 7 COMMISSIONER CLARK: That goes to the issue of whether they can be a bidder, not whether they have 8 9 to ask for bids on their project. 10 MR. KEATING: And what I'm saying is that language -- to me it clearly implies that the role of 11 12 a merchant utility in the RFP process is to provide 13 responsive bids to an RFP. 14 COMMISSIONER CLARK: Not be the one issuing the RFP? 15 16 MR. KEATING: That's correct. 17 COMMISSIONER CLARK: All right. 18 MR. KEATING: And we believe to require anything otherwise is going to lead -- is an absurd 19 20 result. I mean, basically, I think FPL is asking 21 Okeechobee, through a waiver proceeding, to prove 22 something that I think is -- and I don't know how many people agree with me -- but is obvious. And that is 23 24 that the rule does not apply to Okeechobee and was 25 never intended to apply to Okeechobee.

CHAIRMAN GARCIA: Let me ask you -- and I 1 don't know, and perhaps you don't. But it almost 2 strikes me if we were to use Mr. Childs' definition in 3 this, we would also be asking them to file a rate 4 case. We would be asking them to disclose all sorts 5 6 of information that we required since they are a utility under it. So we -- I imagine that if I combed 7 the rules of the PSC, I would find using Mr. Childs' 8 argument, that they are a regulated utility, then a 9 10 whole series of things would apply to this company. 11 And I think -- I guess the question is to you, Mr. Childs, why would we want this rule to apply 12 to this utility? I mean what sense can there be for a 13 merchant plant to put out a bid to provide power to 14 itself when no ratepayers are involved? 15 MR. CHILDS: Well, first of all -- and I 16 17 still would ask for an opportunity to respond, but I want do that now. I'll try to answer that question. 18 19 Why I'd want the rule to apply is because, first of all, OGC affirmatively alleged in their 20 21 petition that they were an electric utility. And 22 we've challenged that on another basis and said they 23 didn't allege the basis for that. They simply said 24 they were an electric utility. We don't think that's 25 sufficient. But, nevertheless, they made that

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allegation. They made that allegation because that's
 the status that's associated with their petition for
 determination of need.

And, therefore, I react to the rule that says if you're covered by, and the plant is one that requires a determination of need under Section 403.519, then this is what you must do. And it does because they are an investor-owned electric utility.

So it's not a strict -- I don't think it's a 9 narrow or strict interpretation at all. I think it's 10 the plain language. Why I would want it to in the 11 context of what does it do in the case is this: The 12 petitioner, OGC, is trading on an argument about 13 captive customers. And, therefore, because there are 14 captive customers on the one hand, then investor-owned 15 utilities that are not merchant plants have to comply 16 with the rules. Since they don't have a captive 17 customer then they don't. 18

And I'm trying to make a point, when I was trying to answer your question earlier today, that you have a statutory responsibility to address what is the most cost-effective -- whether this is the most cost-effective alternative. And in addressing whether it's the most cost-effective alternative, I'm suggesting that you should not, you cannot take it on

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1 faith that they say, "We have an incentive to do it 2 cheaply." I'd say, "We do, too." But we don't 3 suppose that you will take it on faith that that's the 4 case. You would require us to take that step of 5 evaluating alternatives so that your statutory 6 obligation could be fulfilled.

7 CHAIRMAN GARCIA: Alternatives to what, 8 Mr. Childs? Alternative to yourself?

9 MR. CHILDS: No. The alternative that they may have as to that facility. They say, "We're going 10 to build a facility. We're going to build it here." 11 That's what they want to do. And yet they have a 12 case, and they've affirmatively alleged that this is 13 the most cost-effective alternative, but they say 14 nothing about bidding. So they want to address the 15 most cost-effective alternative under their rules of 16 the game. 17

18 **COMMISSIONER CLARK:** I think their point is 19 it shouldn't matter to us because it's not -- it is --20 the power from the plant will be purchased when and if 21 it is the cheapest power, and the cost-effectiveness, 22 in a sense, is immaterial because the investors will 23 bear the responsibility of the efficiency of it, not 24 the ratepayers.

25

MR. CHILDS: And I respectfully submit

1 that's dead wrong. That's the philosophy that they
2 have presented to you, and we reject it.

3 COMMISSIONER CLARK: And why is it wrong? MR. CHILDS: Well, first of all, we think 4 5 it's an issue that we want to address in the hearing. But I think what it does, it says once again, first of 6 71 all, we won't tell you anything about the plant other than the direct cost of construction. 8 That's all we're going to tell you because that's proprietary. 9 Okay. You can't know anything else about the plant. 10 And yet they want to tell you that it's a very low 11 cost. They won't tell us the cost, nor do they tell 12 you that the output on that facility -- from that 13 facility is going to be priced at cost. It's not 14 going to be priced at cost. 15

When this Commission looked at the issue, 16 for instance, associated with the qualifying 17 facilities, small power producers either selling 18 as-available energy, which is what I alluded to 19 earlier today in the decision in 1988 -- when your 20 Staff said if you're going to meet your statutory 21 responsibility, you have to look at that. Those were 22 facilities that were selling on an as-available basis. 23 The utility didn't have to buy from them. 24 25 COMMISSIONER CLARK: But you -- as

1 qualifying facilities you had to buy from them at 2 avoided cost.

MR. CHILDS: We had to buy from them at 3 avoided cost. And the Commission said, "We can't take 4 it on faith any longer that that is the appropriate 5 price, so it's appropriate to look at whether that's 6 the least cost alternative when the decision is to 7 whether to authorize the plant to be built." The 8 analogy is that I'm suggesting, the analogy is that 9 when the Commission was looking at this before it said 10 you would not rely upon that sort of proxy pricing. 11 12 And later on you addressed it, and that's the issue 13 from Duke. You addressed it as to the co-applicant issue. 14

15 What I would suggest to you is this: That when the Commission was considering questions of at 16 17 what price energy, not capacity, but at what price 18 energy should be purchased from qualifying facilities, one of the things it said was is that it should be 19 purchased at the lesser of avoided cost for the cost 20 the utility would have incurred had it constructed the 21 facility itself. They are not proposing to sell it 22 the lesser of. They are proposing to sell it an 23 equivalence to avoided cost. 24

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So our point is, for instance, head-to-head,

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they have a plant here that they propose to build it's 1 550 megawatts. They say we will displace generation 2 on the system in Florida economically. And you don't 3 have to buy from us if you don't think it's economic. 4 5 And probably we don't. I think that begs the question of what the Siting Act requires, because I think that 6 addresses whether you need the plant. But I think 7 hypothetically, and in reality, a utility or someone 8 else could say, "Wait a minute. If you're proposing 9 to build a plant at that price, I can sell output from 10 11 a similar plant at a lower price than you're proposing to. I ought to be built first." That's exactly the 12 13 illustration of what I think this Commission is 14 supposed to be doing. It's not -- and if you say it's the most cost-effective alternative, I don't think 15 that it means, well, under the theory it's pretty 16 17 good. I think you're supposed to examine that plant. 18 MR. KEATING: And, Commissioners, I think 19 that gets into a substantive issue on the merits of 20 whether this is the most cost-effective, and we're starting to get away from the sufficiency of the 21 petition, which is what we're looking at on a Motion 22 to Dismiss. 23 24 MR. CHILDS: But I think that that's the

24 **MR. CHILDS:** But I think that that's the 25 argument. The argument is being made on the merits to

1 say to you -- and I was responding to a question, I 2 thought. It may have been be long-winded, but I was 3 trying to respond to the question. The argument on 4 the merits has been made to you that utilities won't 5 buy unless it's in their benefit. That's an argument 6 on the merits as to how it's going to work.

CHAIRMAN GARCIA: Mr. Wright.

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MR. WRIGHT: Very briefly. I do agree with 8 Mr. Childs that you all do have a statutory obligation 9 to consider whether any proposed power plant is the 10 most cost-effective alternative. And Okeechobee has 11 put forth competent substantial evidence that the 12 Okeechobee generating project is the most 13 cost-effective alternative. All we're talking about 14 right now is whether we're required to go through 15 additional proof of that by jumping through the hoop 16 17 much of the bidding rule, which we submit to you we think is clear from the record of when it was adopted 18 19 and clear from the language cited from the Duke New Smyrna Order is not required. 20

CHAIRMAN GARCIA: Thank you.
Mr. Childs, you wanted to respond to it.
MR. CHILDS: I do. Several points.
One, this is not just any rule, as
Mr. Wright suggested. It's not just any rule that

I	
1	might be laying around out there that they've
2	overlooked. They are overlooking a rule that says
3	it's a precondition. That's the bidding rule. And he
4	didn't ask for any exception and they didn't even
5	mention it. So I think the characterization of any
6	rule is a little misleading. Also, I don't think
7	we're suggesting a strict literal reading. I think
8	we're asking you to look at the plain language of it,
9	what it says. Each investor-owned utility.
10	CHAIRMAN GARCIA: That being the case,
11	though, Mr.Childs, aren't there a whole series of
12	rules that this Commission has for your utility which
13	you would then apply to this utility because of their
14	own definition? I mean, I wish I was as conversant as
15	you are on this.
16	MR. CHILDS: Well, you know, that's one of
17	the problems, I think. Because they chose to
18	characterize themselves that way.
19	And, for instance, if you go back to Chapter
20	366, from the time that it was amended to create a
21	definition of "electric utility," Chapter 366 used the
22	term electric utility repeatedly. And I know from
23	working on legislation from time to time that we would
24	put in "electric utility" because we're trying to
25	distinguish ourselves from the gas utilities; not for
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1 any reason other than that.

2	But now it's been argued to you it's been
3	argued to you in the context of the Duke case that it
4	was important that you recognize that electric utility
5	as defined in Chapter 366 would fit in the definition
6	in the Siting Act of electric utility so that even
7	though they didn't have a obligation to serve, they
8	were covered. And they were permitted to file. I
9	would say that the problem is in my opinion, the
10	problem is not that various provisions would apply to
11	them, but that it was never intended for the
12	construction that they urged in the first place.
13	Going back to some comments, though, about
14	the
15	COMMISSIONER CLARK: Yes. I think what
16	you're arguing, I think, is the whole context of the
17	rules and the statutes support the notion that they
18	weren't supposed to be an applicant in the first
19	place. The decision has been made on that.
20	MR. CHILDS: I'm not trying to argue that
21	now. But I think if you find that that creates a
22	difficulty, that that's a problem. That that's a
23	problem.
24	The suggestion is to you about the vision
25	for the rule. I don't think you should go to the

1 vision for the rule. I think you should go to the 2 plain language. And the plain language, I think, 3 establishes conclusively that they are covered. I 4 think that the law --

5 CHAIRMAN GARCIA: Do you think, though, 6 because it's a rule that we promulgate ourselves that 7 part of it is for us to make sure that we make sense 8 of those rules that we promulgate ourselves?

9 MR. CHILDS: I'm going to move to that. I 10 totally disagree with that characterization. To say 11 to you that you all you don't have to look at it the 12 same way that courts do, you can interpret your rules, 13 I say that's absolutely wrong. That's precisely the 14 reason you have 120.542 now. That's precisely the 15 reason. And that wasn't mentioned by Mr. Wright.

There's another thing to suggest here. You 16 know, in the recommendation I mentioned it earlier, 17 it's a Seminole case that was addressed earlier today. 18 You go read the recommendation in that proceeding 19 which came out on October 19, and statutory 20 21 construction was at issue in this case on a motion to dismiss. Statutory construction was at issue because 22 the motion to dismiss was based upon a purported 23 statutory construction that was not consistent with 24 the plain language. And your Staff advises you, much 25

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the same as I have, about the rules of statutory 1 construction. The rules of statutory construction are 2 applicable to you. I mean, there was a time when an 3 agency could say, "Well, you know, as we go along and 4 5 we look at these rules, we don't want to apply it because that's not our intent." But this is exactly 6 what got into the reason for the amendment to the 7 Administrative Procedure Act and the reason for the 8 discussion about the extent to which an agency -- in 9 the Administrative Procedure Act before addressed it 10 11 and said you couldn't waive a rule with these ad hoc 12 kind of decisions unless the rule permitted you to waive them. And the statute changed again and it 13 14 says -- 120.542 -- it addresses this as being the way. And I know I've argued about your independent waiver 15 provisions and I still believe that's correct. But I 16 recognize that the statute was amended again in 1999 17 as to specific authority of agencies. 18

I don't think that you have that power, and I think it's inconsistent with what you're doing. It's the plain language. The plain language of the rule is applicable. 120.542 says that if you believe that your rule would produce unreasonable results, then that's a ground for waiver. It's not a ground for ignoring the rule. It's a ground for waiver.

1	CHAIRMAN GARCIA: Do we need a motion to do
2	that or can we do that ourselves?
3	MS. CHILDS: I think it says I'm not sure
4	you can do it yourself. I think it says "Variances
5	and waivers shall be granted when the person subject
6	to the rule demonstrates that the purpose of the
7	underlying statute will or has been achieved by other
8	means by the person, and when application of a rule
9	would create a substantial hardship or would violate
10	principles of fairness." And I think the first part
11	of that sentence clearly indicates that the argument
12	by OGC is misplaced.
13	It's unintended results is one of the
14	grounds in the first sentence of (1). If it would
15	produce unintended results, then that's a reason for a
16	variance or waiver. And then in (2) in addressing it
17	specifically says that when the purpose of the
18	underlying statute in this case you have to have a
19	statute to authorize you to have that rule in the
20	first place will or has been achieved by other
21	means, then that's the basis for the argument.
22	So I'm saying that what they are arguing to
23	you is to wink at it and not require them to comply
24	either with the rule or with the pleading
25	requirements. This is not a novel principle of law as

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1 to the application of your rules.

2	The Commission, with all due respect, did
3	not exempt municipals and wholesale excuse me,
4	municipals and co-ops because this Commission believes
5	that the city commissions would take care of that
6	problem. That was you know, there's discussion
7	about that but there's discussion about the size of
8	the facilities; what would be involved in it. And
9	it's never been resolved as to whether although
10	they are not subject to the rule that it's
11	permissible to pursue a need determination without
12	competitive bidding even if you are a municipal or a
13	co-op.
14	Briefly on the Ten Year Site Plan.
14 15	Briefly on the Ten Year Site Plan. COMMISSIONER CLARK: Mr. Childs.
15	COMMISSIONER CLARK: Mr. Childs.
15 16	COMMISSIONER CLARK: Mr. Childs. MR. CHILDS: Well, I'm saying you applied
15 16 17	COMMISSIONER CLARK: Mr. Childs. MR. CHILDS: Well, I'm saying you applied the bidding requirement to Seminole Cooperative in
15 16 17 18	COMMISSIONER CLARK: Mr. Childs. MR. CHILDS: Well, I'm saying you applied the bidding requirement to Seminole Cooperative in 1989, and you would not decide their case. And I
15 16 17 18 19	COMMISSIONER CLARK: Mr. Childs. MR. CHILDS: Well, I'm saying you applied the bidding requirement to Seminole Cooperative in 1989, and you would not decide their case. And I think just as someone wants to argue to you about the
15 16 17 18 19 20	COMMISSIONER CLARK: Mr. Childs. MR. CHILDS: Well, I'm saying you applied the bidding requirement to Seminole Cooperative in 1989, and you would not decide their case. And I think just as someone wants to argue to you about the significance
15 16 17 18 19 20 21	COMMISSIONER CLARK: Mr. Childs. MR. CHILDS: Well, I'm saying you applied the bidding requirement to Seminole Cooperative in 1989, and you would not decide their case. And I think just as someone wants to argue to you about the significance COMMISSIONER CLARK: Where is that board you
15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	COMMISSIONER CLARK: Mr. Childs. MR. CHILDS: Well, I'm saying you applied the bidding requirement to Seminole Cooperative in 1989, and you would not decide their case. And I think just as someone wants to argue to you about the significance COMMISSIONER CLARK: Where is that board you had that said we decided not to include them in the
15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	COMMISSIONER CLARK: Mr. Childs. MR. CHILDS: Well, I'm saying you applied the bidding requirement to Seminole Cooperative in 1989, and you would not decide their case. And I think just as someone wants to argue to you about the significance COMMISSIONER CLARK: Where is that board you had that said we decided not to include them in the rule.

restriction to them before you even had a rule. And 1 you said as a practical matter you have to do it. In 2 fact, one of the Commissioners said the reason you 3 have to do it is because these alternatives are now 4 available. It's not because of a rule. They're now 5 available. And since they are now available, in order 6 for us to know whether it's the cheapest or the best 7 alternative you have to explore it. So I'm saying 8 that I think a party in a case could raise a question. 9 You didn't explore all of the alternatives, and that's 10 one of them. 11

Briefly, on the Ten Year Site Plan, I think 12 it's an interesting construction. I mean, if the rule 13 says you're supposed to file the Ten Year Site Plan, 14 they are under (b) of the rule because they don't file 15 routinely. So the other utilities that Mr. Wright 16 suggests might violate the identification 17 18 requirements, they are filing annually anyway. COMMISSIONER CLARK: But, Mr. Childs, what 19 20 about the fact that it says either in the year they decide to construct or three years prior. I seems to 21

22 be an alternative.

23 MR. CHILDS: I don't think it says "or three 24 years prior." I think it says "at least three years 25 prior." My point is to say --

1	COMMISSIONER CLARK: But it still says "or."
2	MR. CHILDS: Well, it does say "or." But
3	even so, they haven't filed at all. They haven't
4	filed anything. And they argue, well, you know, it's
5	interesting maybe he didn't mean it but he said we
6	weren't an electric utility in April. The basis for
7	their allegation that there's an electric utility is
8	not that they own anything or operate anything; it's
9	that they will do so. So I don't know when that's
10	supposed to begin. I guess that's indefinite. But
11	they could have waited and filed. I mean, I think if
12	you're supposed to file in that year, and you apply
13	the rule, you say you don't get to pick the most
14	emergency time that you want to file your petition.
15	If you're supposed to file your Ten Year Site Plan
16	first, that's what you should do. And we think that
17	the rules of pleading require that you comply with the
18	rules as a precondition, that you allege it; it's an
19	essential fact, and if you don't, you should be
20	dismissed.
21	CHAIRMAN GARCIA: Mr. Childs, in this case
22	if you wanted to build a merchant plant in Florida you
23	would have to wait three years, file a site plan for

24 those three years and just wait indefinitely and 25 then --

MR. CHILDS: No, I wouldn't do that at all. 1 If somebody asked me I'd say the first thing I'd do is 2 I'd go tell the Commission you've got a rule, it 3 doesn't achieve the purpose, and what you should do is 4 you'd ask the Commission -- as Florida Power 5 Corporation did -- you ask them to waive the rule. 6 You don't ignore the rule and file a petition. 7 That's my point. Is that this is not something to be decided 8 sort of ultimately as to how it should be --9 COMMISSIONER CLARK: Let me ask you this 10 Mr. Childs. Rather than dismissing it, should we give 11 them leave to amend their pleadings? 12 MR. CHILDS: I think that's the effect of a 13 dismissal. If it's not with prejudice, then they have 14 the ability to comply with the rules and amend their 15 pleadings as appropriate. 16 COMMISSIONER CLARK: But don't courts not 17 18 dismiss it and just require them to file an amended pleading? 19 20 MR. CHILDS: I think that courts normally 21 grant --22 COMMISSIONER CLARK: My view is that it appears to me that these things can be remedied. 23 24 MR. CHILDS: Well, I think they can be remedied if they comply with the rule. If they get --25

COMMISSIONER CLARK: Or they can allege the
 rule doesn't apply to them.
 MR. CHILDS: And if they seek a waiver, get
 a waiver from the rule, then they don't have to comply
 with the rule. That's exactly the situation you apply
 to Florida Power Corporation. They sought a waiver.

7 You said, "We deny it." So -- and they, incidentally, 8 were making the same sort of arguments that they 9 thought they were meeting the underlying purpose -- or 10 the purpose of the underlying statute. And you 11 disagreed.

12 **COMMISSIONER CLARK:** Would you tell me --13 give me more information about that proceeding. Was 14 that the standard offer?

MS. CHILDS: The order is in Item 4 in the handout. It was a February 9, 1999, decision of this Commission. And that's the Order.

18 COMMISSIONER CLARK: But this was a rule -19 was this a rule waiver on the bidding rule?
20 MR. CHILDS: Yes.
21 MR. SASSO: Yes, ma'am.
22 May I respond briefly on the timeliness

23 issue, if this is of any concern to the Commission?
24 CHAIRMAN GARCIA: Go ahead, Mr. Sasso.
25 MR. SASSO: Very well.

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1	We've heard that there are decisions that
2	support the construction that we're untimely with a
3	motion to dismiss if we don't file 20 day after
4	filing. There are no such decisions. The TECO
5	decision on its face indicates that the motion was
6	filed more than 20 days after filing and service.
7	There's no indication on the face of that decision
8	that service was not made at the time of filing. The
9	rules say flat out you have 20 days after service on a
10	party.
11	COMMISSIONER CLARK: But even if we apply
12	that rule your argument is that it's not untimely at
13	any time because it's jurisdictional.
14	MR. SASSO: Yes, ma'am.
15	COMMISSIONER CLARK: It may be untimely for
16	Mr. Childs' motion but it wouldn't be untimely for
17	yours.
18	MR. SASSO: Yes, ma'am. We believe it would
19	be bad press and bad policy to apply this, to hold
20	that it's untimely for any motion. Even if you were
21	to treat filing a service, we ought to be given the
22	benefit of the rule which says we get five days if
23	service was by mail if you were going to deem filing
24	to be some type of service. But we were given the
25	benefit of no service days. We filed 21 days after
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1 filing, even without any service, and that's clearly 2 timely under any reasonable construction of the rule. The Third District Court of Appeals has held 3 4 lack of jurisdiction over the subject matter may be 5 raised at any time. Furthermore, lack of jurisdiction is properly raised by Motion to Dismiss, which answers 6 7 your question, Commissioner Clark, that, yes, you can file a Motion to Dismiss to challenge jurisdiction at 8 9 any time during the proceeding. So on either of those two grounds our motion is timely. 10 11 CHAIRMAN GARCIA: Okay. MR. MOYLE: Can I have one guick word, if I 12 13 could. There's been a lot of back and forth and my colleagues at Florida Power & Light have taken quit a 14 15 bit of time. But I just want to make a couple of 16 quick points. 17 We have tried to do everything that we 18 believe was illustrative coming out of the Duke case. 19 You know, there's language in there that, as your 20 Staff has indicated, they are of the belief that we're 21 not subject to either the Ten Year Site Plan rule or 22 the bidding rule. 23 The Staff recommendation says you should not 24 be reaching an absurd result. I think what's before 25 you is a matter of interpretation. Mr. Childs is

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1	urging you to interpret the rule one way. Mr. Wright
2	is urging you to interpret another.
3	I will not say absurd, I would say ironic.
4	That if the very rule that was put in place, in my
5	opinion, to protect retail ratepayers, that has never
6	been used by Florida Power & Light to date, and it's
7	been on the books for a number of years, is then used
8	to force OGC, who will not bind retail ratepayers to
9	go through this process. That was my only comment.
10	CHAIRMAN GARCIA: Staff have anything or
11	that's it? Commissioners, do you want to vote this or
12	do you want to go to Issue No. 6?
13	COMMISSIONER DEASON: Let me ask a quick
14	question first.
15	CHAIRMAN GARCIA: Absolutely.
16	COMMISSIONER DEASON: I'll address this to
17	Mr. Wright or to Mr. Moyle, whoever wants to answer.
18	Obviously you're firm in your conviction
19	that your Petition for Determination of Need is
20	sufficient and certainly should not be dismissed. And
21	I understand your arguments. My question is it
22	appears to me that whatever result takes place in this
23	case, there's going to be an appeal. Have you thought
24	about whether you would like the opportunity to amend
25	your petition to perhaps alleviate some deficiencies
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1 which this Commission may or may not agree with are 2 deficiencies but the Court may? Are you adamant 3 enough in your position that you're willing to have 4 just that many more issues on appeal that may result 5 from this case?

6 MR. WRIGHT: Can we have a minute, Your 7 Honor? Thank you. (Pause)

8 MR. KEATING: Chairman Garcia, I just 9 realized there was one other point I wanted to make, 10 but that was probably about half an hour ago when I 11 started making comments. It was in regard to I didn't 12 address Florida Power Corporation's Motion to Dismiss.

All I would simply say on that is Florida Power Corporation has asserted that perhaps this case will require an extension of what was decided in Duke. And I would simply say that in the Duke case the Commission, however divided, decided that Duke was a proper applicant by itself.

MR. MOYLE: In response to that question,
Commissioner Deason, I think we're comfortable with
the interpretation you all made in the Duke case and
the interpretation recommended by Staff with respect
to this.

It would be damaging, obviously, to have a motion to dismiss this petition be granted. I think

what I would ask is that you would deny the motion to 1 dismiss. We would go back in and look -- we have 2 looked very closely at it, but look closely at it even 3 more. You know, No. 6 on your agenda is an emergency 4 waiver. If we feel that that is appropriate, we may 5 seek that as a course of relief. But at this point I 6 think we're comfortable with your interpretation that 7 we would urge upon you and ask that you deny the 8 9 motions to dismiss.

10 **COMMISSIONER DEASON:** Let me see if I 11 understand. You're comfortable with your argument 12 that we should deny the motions to dismiss, but you 13 want the ability, if you deem it appropriate at some 14 future time, to amend your petition?

15 MR. MOYLE: I would -- I think, you know, 16 while I don't agree with it, you know, Mr. Childs was 17 asked the question, you know, what would you do if 18 somebody came to you with a merchant plant? And he 19 said, "I'd come in and ask for a rule waiver."

You know, I'm not saying we're going to do that. But what I'm saying is you can deny the motions to dismiss. We can go back and take a closer look at this issue, and if we feel it does put in jeopardy a lot of issues on appeal, we can come in and file a request for a rule waiver.

1	COMMISSIONER DEASON: Mr. Moyle, I think you
2	either have a petition before this Commission or you
3	don't. If you're not comfortable with it and you plan
4	to amend it you probably need to withdraw it, because
5	without this waiver and we haven't addressed the
6	waiver yet right now we're laboring under an
7	extremely tight time frame to try to process this.
8	And I don't think it's fair to this Commission for you
9	to hold us to the 90 days under our rule and then tell
10	us, "Well, we might be amending it later so just hold
11	your hats." That's not fair to us or the other
12	parties. And I need a clear answer as to what your
13	intentions are.
14	MR. MOYLE: Obviously, we spent a lot of
15	time, effort, energy preparing the petition. As a
16	lawyer I'm going to tell you I'm comfortable with the
17	petition. The waiver is another issue to be decided.
18	If you grant the waiver, then obviously we'd like to

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16 lawyer I'm going to tell you I'm comfortable with the 17 petition. The waiver is another issue to be decided. 18 If you grant the waiver, then obviously we'd like to 19 have the chance to say, "Well, if the waiver is 20 granted for a time indefinite, we'd like probably to 21 look at it and have a chance to amend it." Maybe it's 22 an ordering issue that -- depending on how you do the 23 motion --24 COMMISSIONER DEASON: I guess when we get to

24 COMMISSIONER DEASON: I guess when we get to 25 Issue 6 we'll address that.

1	CHAIRMAN GARCIA: Commissioner, the
2	arguments we're sort of engaging in here, while they
3	are very intelligent, they bring the whole issue back
4	to what Staff referred to as making the law an
5	absurdity. The problem is that if we ask them to do
6	this and Mr. Childs hasn't said that that makes it
7	all fine. What he does say is that they'll have
8	complied with that. And I'm certain if you open our
9	rule book you will find all sorts of things that Duke
10	will have to do as a utility. And then we will be
11	back here three months from now because we missed the
12	fact that I don't know, that they have to file with
13	their dispatch but they don't they can't file with
14	their dispatch because they don't have an electric
15	COMMISSIONER CLARK: I don't think that's
16	his argument. His argument is that when you file for
17	a determination of need, you have to indicate that you
18	put it out for bid. It's the specific rule that
19	details what you have to do.
20	CHAIRMAN GARCIA: Correct, Commissioner.
21	But that rule first of all, there are two answers
22	to that. And I think both parties have spoken to it,
23	but I think when you read the Duke decision, that
24	wasn't the issue there. And I think Staff states it.
25	Whether you imply it or not it states it. And here we

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find ourselves because they call themselves a utility. 1 2 then they bring themselves under a whole series of 3 requirements. These requirements have nothing to do 4 with what they are in the business of doing. It's 5 almost the absurdity of asking the utility to file for a determination of need three years before it's here. 6 7 It's a nice argument, it's there, but that isn't what 8 merchant plants do.

9 I think we're asked to participate in the absurdity and sit here and judge over a series of 10 rules that weren't meant to apply to this company 11 under any stretch of the imagination. So then you go 12 to the other argument. Mr. Childs said, "Well, then 13 you erred last time because they are not a utility." 1.4 That was the whole basis of the appeal. So that being 1.5 the case, then where do we stand? They are not a 16 utility. Therefore, they cannot apply. Therefore, we 17 can't have it. So it's a circle that just follows 18 itself. I mean nothing they do will ever be enough --19

20 **COMMISSIONER CLARK:** Let me state what 21 you're saying differently. You're saying once this 22 Commission made the decision that merchant plants were 23 appropriate, then this is sort of a fallout issue 24 because it's not -- we made the decision right or 25 wrong, the majority, that they didn't have to show

need to serve retail ratepayers. The need for this
 rule also went by the board. Therefore, they didn't
 have to plead it in this petition.

CHAIRMAN GARCIA: If I am filing in
Florida -- and I think we have the problem that we
have Mr. Wright doing both cases, so we say, well,
Schef, we know what we meant and we meant what we
knew.

9 When we look at this case -- if I'm sitting outside of Florida -- if we're going to play these 10 11 theoretical games -- and I read the Duke decision, I 12 think it opens the door for merchant plants in Florida because we have a wholesale market, we talked about 13 that. We didn't require them to file a determination. 14 Of course, we didn't require them to file a Ten Year 15 Site Plan because they are not producing in Florida. 16 17 And so if we ignore that, though, and then we played -- the other side of this is Mr. Childs' 18 argument, which is by wherever you define yourself, 19 20 Florida does not allow merchant plants. And either in smaller or in large, if they say they are an electric 21 22 utility, this is why they are not an electric utility. If they are an electric utility, this is what we must 23 24 do to be in Florida. So by either definition merchant 25 plants do not exist in Florida. And I think that

1 following that argument in either direction leads to 2 the same result. No applicant will be proper before 3 this Commission.

4 **COMMISSIONER CLARK:** Unless they have an 5 obligation to serve a retail load.

CHAIRMAN GARCIA: Correct. Only the 6 definition of an electric utility that Mr. Childs 7 holds. In other words, a regulated electric utility 8 the way Mr. Childs sees it. So then we find ourselves 9 in this predicament, that we're encumbered by the very 10 rules that were created to protect ratepayers. We're 11 using it to protect Mr. Childs when Mr. Childs hasn't 12 even had exposure. Mr. Childs' client. And what 13 we're doing is sending mixed signals to the market. 14

We determined in Duke, however close, however wide -- we determined that this was good for Florida. And we stipulated a whole series of cases that where enumerated in a decision that's a hundred or two hundred-plus pages long, which by the way is an excellent read.

And we've decided this issue. And now we're sending out a message. We've got probably seven, eight, nine, ten utilities which are working off the precedence of this Commission issue. Be it now or be it -- and now we're going to redefine that because

we're going to go back and redefine the issue because 1 they call themselves an electric utility. Any way you 2 approach this issue will not be sufficient for the 3 opponents of this. You know, one would ask the 4 question. I would go further. I would say are these 5 proper intervenors in this case? I mean, how are they 6 affected by the outcome of this decision before 7 Florida? They are not obligated to purchase. Their 8 ratepayers are not at risk. Why are they here? is a 9 10 question that we might want to ask.

It's a broader argument than what we do here today. But we're clearly sending a message to those who want to come into Florida: Don't worry about our decisions. Don't worry about what we issue. Worry about the next one because it's all back to zero.

16 Commissioners, I'm truly troubled by what 17 I've seen here today. I've seen a gaming of the 18 system. And I don't think it's been done on the 19 Commissioners' side. I think Commissioners do in good 20 faith, to try to result the broadest opinion possible 21 to do it.

I sat as Prehearing Officer on the Duke case and I think I let in -- most of the intervenors come in hoping to get as much knowledge before this Commission as possible. And if this were possible, if

it were possible to get five Commissioners here, I 1 would like nothing better than to have had 2 Commissioner Clark on this. But the truth is we're 3 going to have a three-person panel to make a decision. 4 We are asked to make a decision in these cases. We 5 are given the time frame to make these decisions. 6 7 Again, we game the system. COMMISSIONER CLARK: We don't have a time 8 9 frame on this one. CHAIRMAN GARCIA: No, we don't have a time 10 frame using the underlying argument. If tomorrow he 11 files, we have 90 days to make that decision. So we 12 again put ourselves in the time clock. 13 The whole purpose of this is to give some 14 stability to the market. And the whole purpose of our 15 making these decisions is to see how we hurt 16 ratepayers, Mr. Childs' or Mr. Sasso's clients. And 17 in this case I find myself aghast, I guess, at how we 18 could play a game with Florida's wholesale market and 19 20 think that there's not going to be an effect to our 21 decision here today. Whether this goes or not doesn't affect us 22 but certainly does affect Floridians. You know, I 23 wonder where we end up if this is how -- the message 24 that we're going to send out there. I think we open 25

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1 the door to say, well, don't trust Florida decisions
2 because they'll bind you up in legalisms.

Mr. Childs' argument is ridiculous on its 3 face. If you use this argument, and no one will ever 4 be a proper applicant because if -- first of all, it's 5 impossible for them to meet the standards of that 6 argument. How do you file three years in advance? Or 7 you ask for a waiver for a rule that clearly wasn't 8 meant to apply to them. And so following that rule --9 10 well, because he called himself a utility, the next thing I'm going to ask is all sorts of filings, which 11 would be required of your clients on a quarterly 12 basis. I'm going to ask you for fuel adjustment. I'm 13 going to ask you for all sorts of things that aren't 14 required because that's not what you're doing. 15

Commissioners, any way you want to go with 16 this is fine. But I think what troubles me is, first 17 of all, I think we've allowed the process today to be 18 We've sent a message out there. When this was 19 gamed. 20 filed today, this isn't a question of being even. Because if you carefully read the statute, we need a 21 22 majority of the sitting Commissioners to vote it out. I'm referring now to Issue 1. So it isn't a question 23 24 of if it would have been a tie vote, if Susan and I would have voted, the motion would have still failed. 25

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We would have needed three. So clearly by looking at the system -- we have four Commissioners sitting. We look at the previous vote. We basically use the rules of the Commission.

5 COMMISSIONER CLARK: You are presuming an 6 outcome that you don't know is going to happen.

7 CHAIRMAN GARCIA: That's not the outcome I'm 8 talking about, Susan. The outcome I'm talking about 9 is putting a full Commission in a position where it 10 cannot make a majority vote. I'm not arguing where we 11 end up. I'm not presuming where OGC argument ends up. 12 I'm presuming where it put us at the beginning. And 13 that's what troubles me.

I think we, in good faith, want us all to be 14 here, and I'd like us all to be here. But when you do 15 this, what you are doing, in essence, knowing you need 16 three votes, is presuming we're not going to be able 17 to make a decision. And I don't argue that we do it 18 with good thinking, but I do believe that in the end 19 what we've done is allowed the system to be played. 20 And to go further, to look at Mr. Childs' argument, 21 just makes a mockery of the entire process. 22 It's impossible, following his rationale, to 23 file before this Commission and expect any 24

25 determination. Because once you define yourself as an

electric utility, the next thing you do is you have to 1 have a series of requirements which are absurd on its 2 face for a merchant plant that does not put at risk 3 Florida ratepayers, and more importantly does not put 4 at risk Mr. Childs' or Mr. Sasso's clients. What it 5 does is, is make the wholesale market of Florida more 6 competitive. And if this is the decision we're going 7 to end up doing, I worry about what we've done here 8 and where that puts us. 9 COMMISSIONER DEASON: Well, we still have 10

11 three issues. We need to decide and we've heard 12 argument on Issue 4, and on Issue 5, and we still have 13 Issue 6. And I'd like to address these issues and get 14 out of here.

15 COMMISSIONER JACOBS: Can I interject 16 something as to Issue 5? I have been really trying to 17 be very clear on this, and to do so I went back to the 18 New Smyrna Order. And amazingly, it became pretty 19 clear to me. Let me speak to, first of all, how we 20 get to Issue 5.

On Page 15 on the Staff analysis, the first section, Standard of Review, it says "A motion to dismiss raises an a question of law whether the petition alleges sufficient facts or states a cause of action." You heard that.

Second paragraph, "In order to determine whether the petition states a cause of action upon which relief may be granted," which is a standard and was stated earlier, "it is necessary to examine the elements needed to be alleged under the substantive law on the matter."

7 That takes me to the defining point: In 8 this decision it indicated that the law as to who is 9 an applicant is 403.519. I would suggest to you that 10 that law was substantially interpreted, amended, 11 enhanced -- however you want to view it -- but it was 12 impacted significantly by this decision.

When we look at this petition in this docket to dismiss, we have to determine what the substantive law is according to this standard where our Staff says.

The critical and defining point in this docket in my mind is the status of EWG to file alone for a Petition of Need.

I won't go through all of the elements in this decision, but I think there's some critical analysis on Page 17 of the decision, where it -- the Order speaks to Duke New Smyrna as alone, in and of itself, is a proper applicant. And what that decision says is that it is a proper applicant, both because it

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1	was individually a regulated electric company and
2	because it was a joint applicant with the city.
3	I have searched and I have not found in this
4	decision where we made a finding and made a vote
5	the majority let me step back for a minute. I
6	think to be honest you've got to go the majority
7	decision here, so I'm stepping aside from my dissent.
8	I think it's only fair that you look at what the
9	majority held in this case.
10	I've not found in the majority decision
11	where there was a ruling as to the efficacy or
12	applicability of the rule that's been cited. That is
13	a point of law that was not raised and not decided in
14	that case.
15	CHAIRMAN GARCIA: You don't feel that Staff,
16	where it points out what we cited to this, that I
17	think it covers this issue. Where we distinguish it.
18	COMMISSIONER DEASON: I think Staff
19	acknowledged, and I think the petitioners acknowledged
20	that wasn't decided in that case. Am I mistaken?
21	MR. KEATING: I believe what I stated is
22	there was an expressed statement by the Commission
23	that the rule did not apply, but that the language in
24	the Commission's Order clearly implies to me, and I
25	think Okeechobee agrees, that the role of a merchant

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plant in the RFP process is to provide responsive 1 2 bids. COMMISSIONER DEASON: Okay. I don't dispute 3 that's what was said. I don't think that's -- I still 4 don't think that that says that we made a finding and 5 voted on the applicant of this rule. 6 7 Now, but even a more interesting point to me. What happens -- and I'll ask this of Staff --8 normally when somebody is going to do a plant, an 9 in-state utility does a plant, they have a host of 10 powers: Eminent domain, et cetera, correct? Where 11 does those arise? How do those powers arise? 12 MR. KEATING: It's by statute. 13 COMMISSIONER JACOBS: By statute. In 366, 14 15 correct? MR. KEATING: I'm not sure it's in 366. 16 17 COMMISSIONER JACOBS: Okay. That's my point. It arises by statute. Now, what we have 18 determined in Duke is that here's a company that comes 19 in by another statute and is authorized to site a 20 plant. Where do they get the eminent domain authority 21 from? 22 MR. WRIGHT: We don't have it. 23 COMMISSIONER JACOBS: Now, exactly my point. 24 There has not been a determination as to what kinds of 25

powers in that regard a plant like this should have. 1 Now, so where am I going? I think if you follow the 2 rationale, the majority opinion in Duke, the petition 3 checks off on those points. But I think what we have 4 is a fundamental evolution, fundamental transition of 5 the substantive law as it relates to a single DWG 6 filing for petition of need in the state, 7 certification of need in this state. Now, I have some 8 feelings about how we proceed. I'll go ahead and 9 state those. 10

I'm torn because, again, I don't think the 11 petition -- I'm sorry, I don't think the Motion to 12 Dismiss is the form or the opportunity to rule upon or 13 overrule the majority opinion in this case. I think 14 that's what our tendency has been today, to decide 15 whether or not we want to overrule the majority 16 decision. I don't think that's what we're here for. 17 We're here to decide whether based on the substantive 18 law as it exists today, a cause of action has been 19 stated. And I think there are two -- those two I can 20 21 cite. I'm sure there are others but on those two 22 points I don't think the majority decision reaches a conclusion. 23

24 **COMMISSIONER CLARK:** You're indicating that 25 with respect to the Motion to Dismiss, particularly

with whether or not they are an applicant, has to be decided in this case not only by the statute but by our decision in Duke, by the majority's decision in Duke.

5 COMMISSIONER DEASON: I want to be very 6 clear. I'm saying that as to the resolution of the 7 Motion to Dismiss, I think our decision in Duke has to 8 have some relevance.

COMMISSIONER CLARK: Has to have precedence. 9 COMMISSIONER JACOBS: I, quite frankly, want 10 to step outside of that and argue what that relevance 11 should be, but I think it's dangerous to do that. If 12 you give it relevance, then I think -- I'm led down 13 the path of saying that the position in this case 14 checks off on all of those. I still say, though, that 15 material issues of fact -- I'm sorry, material issues 16 of law have been raised and are not resolved such that 17 they are left in dispute. 18

19 CHAIRMAN GARCIA: Let me ask, can they 20 resolved in your mind going to hearing or should we, 21 as Mr. Childs says, we found an error here, so what we 22 should do is -- I think he's offered two options. One 23 is that Mr. Moyle files a waiver on these issues that 24 he has a dispute with and refiles the petition. Or in 25 the alternative that we change our rules. Is that the

only process that you feel? Or do you think that the
 decision going forward and going to hearing we can
 address Mr. Childs' concerns. Mr. Childs doesn't
 believe we can.

COMMISSIONER JACOBS: Well, if I'm not 5 mistaken, the standard for granting the Motion to 6 Dismiss is that there's no dispute left in. That if 7 you take everything alleged in their petition as true, 8 then there should be nothing -- there's no undisputed 9 issue out there and you cannot grant that petition. 10 As troubling as it may be, what I guess I'm coming to 11 the conclusion is that if you take to be true 12 everything they allege in their petition, I still come 13 to some fundamental legal issues, one of which has 14 been raised, that are in dispute, and, therefore, 15 argues against granting the Motion to Dismiss. 16 17 CHAIRMAN GARCIA: Commissioners, any other comments? All right. 18 19 **COMMISSIONER DEASON:** I just have a 20 question. Are we going to address Issues 4 and 5

21 before we address Issue 6, or how are we going to 22 proceed?

CHAIRMAN GARCIA: I thought we could address
4 and 5 then we'll get to 6. I think there will be
some discussion there. All right. Do we have an

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1 issue -- motion on 4?

2 COMMISSIONER DEASON: I move Staff on 3 Issue 4.

CHAIRMAN GARCIA: Is there a second? 4 COMMISSIONER CLARK: Let me -- I agree that 5 a motion to dismiss should not be granted. But I 6 think the parties should be given leave to amend their 7 filing with respect to addressing the notion of the 8 bidding rule; that it should not apply. You know, I 9 think -- I don't think they -- with respect to the 10 site plan, I think they still have the opportunity to 11 file a site plan and it is not essential at this point 12 to have filed the site plan. But I do think they need 13 to make an allegation with respect to the 14 15 applicability, or nonapplicability, or ask for a waiver of the bidding rule. And if -- I do agree that 16 it should not be dismissed. 17

18 CHAIRMAN GARCIA: So what you're saying is
19 you grant them the opportunity to file that with -- in
20 this very proceeding, and to ask for that if they wish
21 to?
22 COMMISSIONER CLARK: Yes.

23 **COMMISSIONER DEASON:** And let me ask this: 24 Assuming there's not a waiver granted, what does that 25 do to the 90-day clock, which is already ticking?

COMMISSIONER CLARK: I don't think it 1 necessarily changes that. That you can amend the 2 petition and that doesn't change time frames, I don't 3 think. In a sense, it makes the petition conform to 4 what it needs to. I mean, you have leaves to amend 5 6 the petition even when evidence is adduced. 7 COMMISSIONER DEASON: You can file one piece of paper that says this is a Petition for Need 8 9 Determination, on the 89th day I'll supply all of the backup information. Trust me. 10 **COMMISSIONER CLARK:** I would agree. 11 That is an extreme case. If that's the case, you would 12 13 dismiss it. But I don't think this particular omission rises to the level of a Motion to Dismiss, 14 but I do think the pleadings should be amended to 15 address it because our rules require them to address 16 17 it. MR. KEATING: So Commissioner Clark, would 18 you be saying that they have substantially complied 19 20 with the pleading requirements in a sense? COMMISSIONER CLARK: Yes. But they should 21 amend -- be granted leave to amend their pleading to 22 23 address the bidding rule. And I would view it as an issue to be addressed at the proceeding, whether it 24 25 applies or not. They can take the position that it

doesn't, and other parties can take the position it 1 2 does. MR. MOYLE: I appreciate that. I really do. 3 My client is in a difficult position having, as 4 Commissioner Jacobs said, attempted to rely on what we 5 believe to be the precedent of this Commission in the 6 7 Duke case. You know, that puts them in jeopardy if we 8 don't understand the decision with respect to the bid 9 rule sooner. Because we did everything Duke did. 10 Duke didn't comply with the bid rule, they didn't 11 12 file --CHAIRMAN GARCIA: You want to tell me where 13 that puts us? What Commissioner Clark has asked of 14 you, does that require -- we already have to extend 15 the time because we're going to a full panel and 16 Commissioner Clark, I think, had a conflict in those 17 days and we're going to have to figure it out. We may 18 be sitting here at Christmas, but we'll have to take 19 care of this one way or another to meet our statutory 20 requirement unless you waive it, and that's your 21 22 decision to do. MR. MOYLE: I quess my point is simply if we 23 were to amend the petition and say, as Mr. Childs' 24 suggest, we need to put some statement in there about 25

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1	the bid rule. If the amendment was the bid rule
2	doesn't apply to us, then the way I see it, you all
3	are still in a position of having to reach a decision
4	as to whether the bid rule does or does not apply to
5	us.
6	COMMISSIONER CLARK: I think we would in the
7	proceeding.
8	CHAIRMAN GARCIA: I think we could do that
9	as a preliminary.
10	COMMISSIONER CLARK: That would go to the
11	cost-effective issue, which Mr. Wright says he
12	believes you still have to show; that it is the most
13	cost-effective alternative. He's conceded that you
14	still have to show that.
15	MR. WRIGHT: We have to put on evidence and
16	you have to consider it.
17	CHAIRMAN GARCIA: The problem is the time
18	frames aren't right and that's all Mr. Moyle is
19	arguing. But the time frames aren't right anymore, I
20	mean, the hearing what we have.
21	COMMISSIONER CLARK: Yes. But we may
22	potentially have another hearing date because a motion
23	to continue a hearing, the Pasco County hearing, has
24	been filed as I understand it, the Aloha case that was
25	moved.
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CHAIRMAN GARCIA: I don't have a problem 1 with moving it. I'm just saying we're going to have 2 to regardless already. 3 COMMISSIONER CLARK: But that's like the 4 13th and 14th of December. So if we move it then, 5 nothing needs to change. 6 CHAIRMAN GARCIA: I think I've got a 7 conflict on those days. That's one of the reasons it 8 9 was moved. COMMISSIONER JACOBS: Are we talking about 10 Issue 6? 11 COMMISSIONER CLARK: No. 12 CHAIRMAN GARCIA: We're talking Susan moved 13 Issue 4 --14 COMMISSIONER DEASON: No, no. I moved --15 CHAIRMAN GARCIA: Terry moved Issue 4 and 16 Susan is trying to amend it by saying they have leave 17 to file. 18 COMMISSIONER CLARK: I would deny the Motion 19 20 to Dismiss but grant leave to file an amendment to the 21 petition to address the bidding rule. And if you take the position it doesn't apply, you should allege that. 22 And then it will be part of your proof with respect to 23 the cost-effectiveness. 24 CHAIRMAN GARCIA: So that be would a 25

preliminary issue in the case. 1 COMMISSIONER CLARK: The most cost-effective 2 alternative. 3 CHAIRMAN GARCIA: You know what, just to see 4 where this pans out, because maybe we may end up where 5 you are since now we have four, we have to grow on 6 consensus. I will second Commissioner Deason's motion 7 without your amendment. So that --8 COMMISSIONER JACOBS: Remind me what that 9 10 was. CHAIRMAN GARCIA: The motion is that we do 11 not dismiss it. We deny --12 COMMISSIONER DEASON: We grant -- we just 13 approve Staff's recommendation, which Staff's 14 recommendation doesn't say anything about amending the 15 16 petition one way or the other. COMMISSIONER JACOBS: My concern is -- I 17 quite frankly think that it's in their best interest 18 to do that because I really do think that that issue 19 is going to arise. It arises --. 20 CHAIRMAN GARCIA: I worry about that. 21 Ι don't disagree with you. I think it is in their best 22 23 interest to allege it and ask for a waiver. I would do it automatically. But I forewarn you of what that 24 is going to create. They are going to have to file 68 25

1 different waivers.

2 COMMISSIONER CLARK: That's absurd. I don't 3 think that's true at all.

4 **COMMISSIONER JACOBS:** No. No. On its 5 face -- on its face 403.519 requires that we have to 6 make that determination. We have to determine that 7 this is at least -- that this is -- I'm sorry. I 8 don't have the language in front of me.

9 CHAIRMAN GARCIA: The least cost 10 alternative.

11 **COMMISSIONER JACOBS:** On its face, the 12 Petition of Need Determination requires it, and we 13 will have to make that finding, will we not?

14 **COMMISSIONER DEASON:** We will. But that 15 doesn't mean they have to comply with the bidding rule 16 on make that showing, not necessarily. We'll 17 determine that at hearing, I suppose.

18 **COMMISSIONER DEASON:** Interesting. Because 19 I remember in the testimony in the New Smyrna case I 20 asked a witness about this. The witness sponsored by 21 the petitioner asked them about the bidding rule and 22 the response was he didn't like it.

CHAIRMAN GARCIA: Yes. I remember.
Mr. Nesbitt. And he asked in applying both ways
Mr. Nesbitt -- first of all, he thought it was a waste

of time for the investor-owned utility -- Mr. Nesbitt 1 had that great quality to insult and offend as he was 2 trying to please. And he was saying he didn't agree 3 with our rule. He didn't think that it was good and 4 that it was really a sham, you know, in the sense he 5 thought they could game that system, which was fine. 6 COMMISSIONER JACOBS: That brings me to my 7 fundamental point. I think we have to flesh out in 8 this case --9

10 CHAIRMAN GARCIA: I agree. And I'm not I guess you're hearing officer in this 11arguing that. case. I assume that they haven't they are insane, but 12 I assume that that's one of the issues they are going 13 to directly address, because if they are in their 14 right minds and read your dissent, clearly, you know, 15 one way or the other they are going to have to try to 16 get a majority of the panel or the full Commission 17 that sits there. And one of the issues will be 18 19 whether they are an efficient provider.

You have an issue with that and I would assume that in this hearing that will be one of the issues that will be explored. I don't know. Is that one of the issues in the proceeding? I haven't seen them. Is that in the --

MR.

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MR. KEATING: Is it in the petition? Which

1 specific issue? CHAIRMAN GARCIA: The --2 COMMISSIONER JACOBS: As to whether or not 3 adequate proof had been shown that there was a --4 COMMISSIONER CLARK: The most cost-effective 5 alternative. Mr. Wright has just said he agrees that 6 they have to show that. 7 MR. KEATING: That's something that we're 8 required to consider -- sorry. 9 CHAIRMAN GARCIA: That's all right. 10 11 MR. KEATING: I was just going to say that's something by our statute we're required to consider. 12 CHAIRMAN GARCIA: Exactly. Within this 13 hearing. 14 COMMISSIONER CLARK: We have a motion and a 15 second. All those in favor says "aye." Aye. 16 17 CHAIRMAN GARCIA: Aye. 18 COMMISSIONER DEASON: Aye. 19 COMMISSIONER JACOBS: Aye. CHAIRMAN GARCIA: Opposed, "nay." 20 COMMISSIONER CLARK: I guess I will vote --21 I'm in a quandary. I would vote for the decision, the 22 Motion to Dismiss, and I would grant with leave to 23 amend. If that would not carry the majority, I still 24 would not vote to dismiss it. I concur in the 25

1 decision. But I would reach it for different reasons. 2 CHAIRMAN GARCIA: Terry, I'm sorry. I'm like a blind man. Issue 5. Do we have a motion? 3 COMMISSIONER DEASON: I move Staff on 4 5 Issue 5. CHAIRMAN GARCIA: Is there a second? 6 7 COMMISSIONER JACOBS: Yeah, a second. COMMISSIONER CLARK: Let me just make sure 8 9 that, is this on the basis of timeliness? MR. KEATING: I don't know that you have to 10 make a decision on timeliness if you're not 11 comfortable at this point. 12 COMMISSIONER CLARK: See, I think -- is this 13 Motion to Dismiss the Motion to Dismiss on 14 Jurisdiction? 15 MR. KEATING: Yes. 16 COMMISSIONER CLARK: Okay. I think we need 17 to clarify our rules with regard to motions to 18 dismiss. We need to address -- if we can -- I'm not 19 sure we can -- but what we might have to say if an 20 entity is not a party, say that the time runs when 21 it's filed or five days after, or make it clear so 22 that we don't have to guess at when it is. I would 23 say at least with respect to jurisdiction, I think it 24 can be raised any time. So it is a motion on the 25

1 merits.

2 COMMISSIONER DEASON: Yes. I think Staff 3 attests the merits of the Motion to Dismiss and that's the basis for. My motion is not based because it was 4 untimely. It's based upon the merits of the argument. 5 CHAIRMAN GARCIA: We have a motion and a 6 second. We will, I guess, instruct Mr. Smith to come 7 back, I guess, with a rule. 8 COMMISSIONER CLARK: I think that needs to 9 be clarified in some way. 10 CHAIRMAN GARCIA: Maybe we could get a 11 memo -- maybe if you bring it to Internal Affairs on 12 this rule. I don't think we need you to make a 13 soliloquy on it. I'm asking you to come to Susan --14 COMMISSIONER CLARK: We need to provide some 15 clarity so the issue doesn't always come up. Does 16 filing mean served when the person isn't a party? 17 MR. SMITH: The problem is the rule. 18 COMMISSIONER CLARK: Point it out to whoever 19 we need to point it out to, that it leaves an 20 ambiguity that need to be addressed. 21 CHAIRMAN GARCIA: There's a motion and 22 second. All those in favor signify by saying "aye." 23 24 Aye. 25 COMMISSIONER CLARK: Aye.

1	COMMISSIONER DEASON: Aye.
2	COMMISSIONER JACOBS: Aye.
3	COMMISSIONER CLARK: I'd like to indicate
4	that my vote on Issue 5 is a result of we already
5	have had a decision on the issue. I think the Courts
6	will resolve whether or not we have jurisdiction of
7	this. I still don't believe to be an applicant you
8	needed to have the obligation to serve I stand by
9	my dissent in that case, but that case has been
10	decided. It is precedent for us to follow. And,
11	therefore, I don't think it would be appropriate to
12	vote to dismiss it on that basis.
13	COMMISSIONER DEASON: Mr. Childs, do you
14	want to argue this one?
15	MS. CHILDS: Issue 6?
16	CHAIRMAN GARCIA: Yes. You had said you had
17	something to add on Issue 6 and that was a separate
18	argument.
19	MR. CHILDS: I would suggest we filed the
20	support. It's Florida Power Corporation's motion
21	(mike is not on) but I would suggest they
22	CHAIRMAN GARCIA: I'm sorry? That who?
23	COMMISSIONER DEASON: He's Power Corp's
24	CHAIRMAN GARCIA: Oh, I'm sorry. It's Power
25	Corp's oh, it's Power Corp's, I'm sorry.

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1	MR. SASSO: It's quite all right. Should I
2	proceed on Issue 6?
3	CHAIRMAN GARCIA: Go ahead. Lateness of the
4	time is all I ask. You have been very good today,
5	Mr. Sasso.
6	MR. SASSO: I'll try to be brief on this
7	one, too, because I believe that we've substantially
8	discussed it. And if I'm not mistaken, I believe
9	we're in agreement that the underlying statute,
10	403.519, does not dictate the time constraints that we
11	find ourselves under, the 90-day rush to a hearing.
12	And this makes this a classic case for application of
13	the rule on variances and waivers.
14	As Mr. Childs discussed, that rule was
15	intended to give this Commission the opportunity to
16	avoid strict application of the rule when it would
17	lead to unintended results, and that's exactly what
18	would occur here.
19	The time limits were designed to ensure
20	compliance with the Power Plant Siting Act when a
21	completed site certification application had been
22	filed and that's not the case.
23	Yes, Mr. Moyle might be able to file such an
24	applicant at some point in the future. We could argue
25	over whether that would be gaming the system, but

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1 currently there is none on file.

We did not create the circumstances in which we find ourselves. We're reacting to them. And those circumstances are such that we believe there's no point of going forward with the current schedule. It amounts to hurrying up and wait. We believe that going forward on the current schedule would lead to a substantial hardship for a variety of reasons.

We have argued and requested that the 9 Commission stay this proceeding pending the outcome of 10 the Duke case. I think everybody acknowledges that 11 12 that decision will have a profound impact on this 13 proceeding in that it very well may be the case; that 14 the Commission and the parties will expend 15 considerable time and resources and trouble just to 16 find that that was all for not.

17 We certainly understand the interest and expediency in efficient government and issuing 18 19 rulings, et cetera, but our system happens to be one of checks and balances. It happens to be one that 20 21 provides for judicial review. And expediency needs to 22 be tempered with that in mind. The most efficient 23 government may not always be the best. And in this 24 case we would submit that it would be the best approach, one that would conserve the resources of 25

this Commission and of the parties to wait for the 1 outcome of that appeal since it will have a profound 2 impact on the course of these proceedings. 3 The petitioner has given us a reason for why 4 they've delayed in filing the completed site 5 certification application. They said they don't want 6 to incur the cost associated with that process because 7 8 of the risk associated with this process, the need proceeding. We would submit that their interest 9 coalesces with ours. 10 11 Proceeding with this case at this time 12 merely exacerbates the risk that they and we and this 13 Commission will needlessly incur costs associated with 14 this proceeding. 15 CHAIRMAN GARCIA: Isn't that sort of a 16 chicken-and-an-egg sort of argument? Either way, I 17 mean, they can make it too. But isn't it sort of that 18 way? 19 MR. SASSO: Oh, I don't think so. If we 20 just step back and look at the big picture and what's 21 going on here. The big picture is when Duke is 22 decided, we'll all know where we stand with respect to 23 jurisdiction. We'll all know where we stand. They 24 will know. We will know. The Commission will know. 25 CHAIRMAN GARCIA: Are you saying that if the

1 Duke decision comes out -- let's say it comes out the 2 way the majority voted -- are you saying that then you 3 would not have raised these objections about if they 4 are a proper applicant or some of Mr. Childs' comments 5 about needing to file a Ten Year Site Plan, and then 6 we would know, or wouldn't that still be up in the 7 air --

8 MR. SASSO: There still may well be issues. 9 It depends for what the Court says. The Court may 10 have a rationale that was different from ours, 11 different from yours. There may be some language or 12 some aspects of the decision that we can't even 13 anticipate.

While this Commission decided what it 14 decided in Duke, I don't believe that the Commission 15 could have possibly had the foresight to anticipate 16 all of the ramifications of that decision at that 17 time, including what rules might be implicated, 18 including the bidding rule. And so just because the 19 Commission decided certain basic issues in that case, 20 in a fairly condensed period of time, where we were 21 all focussing on Nassau because that was, in our view, 22 the controlling authority at that time, does not mean 23 that this Commission does not have residual issues to 24 25 decide, even if Duke turns out to be the law. Like

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what are the ramifications for the bidding rule. 1 CHAIRMAN GARCIA: Doesn't that put us in the 2 same place, though, Mr. Sasso? 3 MR. SASSO: Not at all. 4 CHAIRMAN GARCIA: Wait until this gets 5 argued, the Duke case gets argued, in January. The 6 Court comes out with a decision, say, in -- I don't 7 know. You're probably a better student of this --8 two, three months later. Is that possible? 9 MR. SASSO: That's certainly possible. 10 CHAIRMAN GARCIA: Maybe they come out with 11 something in March -- let's say June they come out 12 with a decision. Mr. Wright and Mr. Moyle then file 13 before us? And you are going to have new legal 14 arguments. I expect you to have more reasons why this 15 16 isn't a good idea. MR. SASSO: Well, my answer that they are 17 residual issues depends upon an assumption that this 18 Commission's decision would be affirmed. If the Court 19 reverses, that ends this case. If it affirms, yes, 20 the Court may say something we have to react to. But 21 by definition we can't do that until we have seen the 22 decision. We can all try, collectively, the 23 Commission and the parties, to anticipate various 24 wrinkles, the bid rules, something else, and we can 25

1 have a full-blown hearing about those things just to 2 find we've wasted our time, even if this Commission 3 has affirmed.

CHAIRMAN GARCIA: Right. That's precisely
my point, though. Either way. Whether this
Commission is affirmed or not, we're still going to
have legal issues. I assume that you will still
pursue that, as you are well within your right to
pursue it and probably appeal it again, and we will
then be waiting for the next decision.

MR. SASSO: That's inherent in the process. 11 But the point I make is that if the Commission is 12 reversed, we will have gone through all of that 13 needlessly. It is even possible, given what we have 14 just discussed, that even if the Commission is 15 affirmed we may have wasted time because we can't 16 17 react to the decision until we've seen it. So it would be in everybody's best interest to wait for the 18 19 outcome of that decision. In fact, that's what Duke itself decided. Even though they did file a site 20 certification application at or before the time they 21 22 filed the need proceeding, they decided -- perhaps it was in consultation with the Governor and the Cabinet 23 or their aides, but they all decided it was the 24 25 prudent thing to do to wait. And that's what we're

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1 || suggesting is the case here.

Add to that the fact that we were granted 2 intervenor status only on November 4. Up until that 3 time, the petitioner declined to give us any discovery 4 whatsoever on the ground that we're not a party. We 5 have been playing catch-up ever since. We still have 6 not been given very basic discovery. We very recently 7 filed a Motion to Compel to get stuff that we 8 fundamentally need to prepare for this hearing. We 9 have serious due process concerns about whether if we 10 stay to this track, we will be able to protect our 11 interest and participate meaningfully and to the 12 13 benefit of this Commission in the hearing. So for that reason, too, because we'll incur an economic 14 hardship associated with perhaps wasting our energies, 15 16 if the decision is reversed on appeal, or even if it's 17 affirmed. And because of the prejudice to our 18 interest in proceeding on this lickety-split pace 19 without any necessity dictated by the statute 20 whatsoever, we've asked for relief. And we've asked for it on an emergency basis for the obvious reason 21 22 that if we don't get it now, we effectively don't get it at all. 23 24 CHAIRMAN GARCIA: Mr. Childs.

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MR. CHILDS: Commissioners, we support the

1 request by Florida Power Corporation, but I want to 2 make a few comments that relate to Florida Power & 3 Light in addition.

Our argument and support is principally one 4 of due process. We're on a very fast track but we 5 6 find ourselves, despite being a fast track, trying to participate with substantial disadvantage. One is 7 that the petition was filed without any support of 8 testimony, as is it done from time to time in need 9 determination proceedings where you are pursuing it on 10 11 a fast schedule. Testimony is filed so all parties, 12 recognizing we only have 90 days, have a starting 13 point in the case. That was not done.

14 I contacted counsel for OGC after I got a 15 copy of the petition and asked if they would agree 16 that we could intervene in the proceeding, and they 17 would not do that so we petitioned to intervene. And 18 we petitioned to intervene on October 7 of this year. And although OGC never objected to the intervention --19 20 ultimately they wouldn't agree to it, but they didn't 21 object either, intervention was only granted in 22 November on the 4th. We, too, don't have the information that we think we need under the 23 24 circumstances when there's no compelling need to apply 25 that schedule. We urge you to grant an extension, and

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1	for that reason support the request by Florida Power
2	Corporation.
з	CHAIRMAN GARCIA: Thank you, Mr. Childs.
4	Who is arguing?
5	MR. MOYLE: Mr. Chairman, a couple of
6	points, and I will try to be brief. I'm going to
7	start with sort of a couple of policy arguments that
8	Mr. Sasso and Mr. Childs have made, and then talk
9	specifically about the law as it treats these
10	emergency requests for a waiver.
11	But the two things I hear why this should
12	not go forward is, number one, the Duke case is still
13	out there, and number two, somehow their due process
14	rights have been denied. Let me address Duke first of
15	all.
16	I think it would be very bad for this
17	Commission to make a statement that it is not going to
18	go forward on issues that we believe are important to
19	the state of Florida simply because an appeal has been
20	taken.
21	You know, I'm sure there are countless
22	public policy issues that you all wrestle with every
23	day that are likely to reoccur, that if you said,
24	"Wait a minute. An appeal has been taken. We're not
25	going to hear any of these until the appeal is

resolved," you know, that would grind things to a 1 halt. And where does it end? Is there a request for 2 certiorari jurisdiction asserted to the United States 3 Supreme Court, which is, you know, 18 months, two 4 years? There would be no meaningful, in my opinion, 5 finality that that could be relied on if you made that 6 decision. Obviously, I would urge you to go forward. 7 The due process point. There's a Commission 8 rule that talks about having the proceeding heard 9 within 90 days. It's a Commission rule. It's been on 10 the books. The utilities, I'm sure, are familiar with 11 it having filed a number of applications for need with 12 13 you. 14 I gave every utility a heads up that we were filing this either the day before or the day that it 15 16 was filed. They have known about it. You know, to say that the due process rights are denied is, in my 17 opinion, a stretch. I mean FPL has served over 200 18 19 interrogatories and they are adequately preparing for 20 their case. We've already responded to the first set of discovery. We're on an expedited time frame but, 21 again, it's consistent with your rule and the parties 22 are able to prepare and respond to this case. 23 24 FPC in a pleading yesterday indicated they intend to call no witnesses, yet the testimony filing 25

deadline was pushed back at FPL's request. I think 1 they can adequately be prepared. I think the due 2 process concerns are addressed. It's a rule that they 3 are guite familiar with, and I would deny the petition 4 on the grounds of due process. 5 Those were the policy arguments. I know 6 it's late. We have had a lot of arguments about 7 strict compliance with rules earlier. I would be 8 remiss if I didn't make a couple. 9 What FPC has filed and FPL has joined is an 10 emergency request for a waiver. The law is clear that 11 in order to seek an emergency you must allege, and I 12 13 quote, "an immediate danger to the public health, safety and welfare." This is required by rule. I 14 15 wasn't done. That alone is deficient and grounds to 16 deny. They've alleged that there's a substantial 17 hardship. Disruption in expense is what they've 18 19 alleged. 20 Now, the law on the waivers requires that you support your allegations with facts and that a 21 waiver has to be supported by competent substantial 22 evidence. I don't see any competent substantial 23 24 evidence. There are no affidavits, there's nothing in there except bare allegations and a pleading. I think 25

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1 that's legally deficient.

You know, the law is clear with respect to 2 interveners; that they take the case as they find it. 3 I, in preparing for this, was thinking what the 4 reaction would be from one of the investor-owned 5 utilities if OGC attempted to intervene in one of 6 their need determinations and then filed a petition 7 that the matter be delayed indefinitely. 8 I don't think that it would be met with any 9 less resistance than I'm meeting this petition with. 10 The case ought to be heard as scheduled. It ought to 11 go forward, and the waiver is not in the public 12 interest. I'd be happy to answer any questions that 13 14 you might have. 15 MR. WRIGHT: Can I chime in? 16 CHAIRMAN GARCIA: We're finished there. Do you have something to add, then you'll respond? 17 18 MR. KEATING: I'll try to be brief, and 19 partly because I don't know if I can talk that much 20 longer today. 21 I want to bring it back to the law on rule 22 waivers because I haven't heard anybody discuss it 23 yet. 24 For a waiver to be granted, the petitioner needs to demonstrate two things. One, that the 25

1 purpose of the underlying statute will be achieved if 2 the rule waive is granted. And two, either that they 3 will suffer a -- that application of the rule will --4 to the petitioner will create a substantial hardship, 5 or that application of the rule violates principles of 6 fairness.

7 In Staff's analysis we believe that while Florida Power Corporation has demonstrated that the 8 9 purpose of the underlying statute will be achieved if 10 this rule is waived, we do not believe that they have satisfied the other prong of the test. We don't 11 12 believe that they have demonstrated substantial 13 hardship. The hardship they have demonstrated is 14 unnecessary time and expense of going forward with 15 this case because the Duke case is on appeal. To me 16 that's speculative. The statute says -- let me 17 find -- the statute says that they must allege facts to show that they will suffer -- hold on. Let me make 18 19 sure I've got that right. I don't want to give you 20 the wrong information -- that it would create a substantial hardship. 21

I don't think that you can say for sure that it would create a substantial hardship because we do not know what the Duke opinion, the Duke decision of the Supreme Court will be. There will be a

substantial hardship only if the Duke decision is
overturned.

COMMISSIONER CLARK: What about addressing 3 the due process issue? I would agree with you that 4 whether or not we delay it for the Duke decision is 5 more a matter of discretion and probably doesn't deal 6 with substantial hardship or principles of fairness. 7 But it seems to me, like -- a thing you have to 8 consider even more than just principles of fairness is 9 the fundamental issue of due process. Do you think in 10 this case that due process rights in any way are 11 adversely affected and respond to the fact that they 12 ask for intervenor status the beginning of October and 13 14 it wasn't granted until November? 15 MR. KEATING: I'll start by saying that I 16 don't think --17 **COMMISSIONER CLARK:** I assume that they couldn't propound discovery or prepare during that 18 19 time. 20 MR. McKEE: I think Okeechobee can give you more detail -- I think they did give some detail on 21 how they've treated discovery. 22 23 The Prehearing Officer at the request or pursuant to motions filed by the intervenors has 24 25 approved an expedited discovery schedule, 14 days with

all requests and responses to be served by express 1 mail or fax or hand delivery, and has also adjusted 2 the testimony filing schedule to allow intervenors 3 more time prior to filing testimony. And, you know, I 4 understand that it's a tight -- that we're working in 5 a tight time frame under the rule. 6 Beyond that, I didn't -- to be honest I 7 didn't look much at due process arguments because I 8 didn't think they were necessarily raised in the 9 petition under the allegations or the -- the 10 allegations of substantial hardship or principles of 11 fairness. 12 MR. SASSO: First, let me just clarify 13 something so there will be no misimpression about it. 14 We did indicate that we would not be offering any 15 employees of Florida Power Corporation as witnesses 16 but we do propose to submit testimony to the 17 Commission in this case. 18 Now, we've heard a couple of arguments. One 19 is that the Commission can't slow down every time 20 there's an appeal. This is not just any case. It's 21 22 not just any appeal. I think that everybody on both sides of this case would recognize that the Commission 23 is proposing to embark on a new course for Florida. 24 The Chairman has been a very eloquent spokesperson for 25

why we should do that, and there have been other 1 persons who have indicated perhaps why we should not. 2 But it's certainly a very new development and one 3 that's highly controversial. In fact, the petitioner 4 in the Duke case has called it a case of first 5 There's no mistake that this is a very impression. 6 significant development. This is not just like any 7 other case. And there's a substantial question about 8 the jurisdiction of the Commission. There's a 9 substantial that even if it has jurisdiction, what the 10 Court will say about it, what ramifications that will 11 have on this proceeding. 12

Have we presented evidence in support of our petition? Of course, we don't need affidavits to state what's plainly on the public record that there is an appeal; that the case has been filed. We have the proceedings, we have the docket in this case to know what is involved in the case.

Have we pleaded hardship? Yes, we have.
Hardship doesn't mean that we have to prove an actual
deprivation of due process but we perhaps can. But we
certainly have something very close to it.

23 CHAIRMAN GARCIA: What happens if the Court 24 decide with us, all right, on this case, and -- or, 25 yeah, let's say the Court decides with us but you

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1	appeal it to the Supreme Court. Or maybe Duke doesn't
2	get everything they want, we get half measures from
3	the Court. So Duke appeals it to the Supreme Court,
4	they find some reasoning and rationale and it's a
5	huge case. And then six months from now you come in
6	here with a determination of need. Should we then
7	stop all determination of needs before the Florida
8	Public Service Commission until three years from now
9	when we get a decision?
10	MR. SASSO: All determination of need by
11	merchants?
12	CHAIRMAN GARCIA: By any one.
13	MR. SASSO: I don't understand how that
14	CHAIRMAN GARCIA: By you also, because I'm
15	sure that Mr. Wright will be able to come in here and
16	say, "My interests are being harmed here if you make a
17	decision."
18	MR. SASSO: I don't understand how that
19	follows.
20	CHAIRMAN GARCIA: Well, Mr. Wright will say
21	if, "Well, if I was allowed to build this, I would be
22	able to bid when you come in to bid. I would be able
23	to supply that power on a contract basis. I would be
24	able to make money. But because we're holding
25	decision until the Supreme Court finishes, shouldn't

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1	we hold all of them until we create that new day or
2	dawn in Florida?
3	MR. SASSO: It doesn't follow at all. They
4	can bid now in response to an RFP by a utility in this
5	state.
6	CHAIRMAN GARCIA: Yeah. They just can't
7	build.
8	MR. SASSO: They can build if we go through
9	a need proceeding and the project is approved. So
10	they have an avenue right now, as contemplated by
11	current law.
12	As I was about to say, we have been given
13	leave to intervene only recently. We can make a case
14	that our due process rights are at stake. We don't
15	have to go that far. There has been substantial
16	hardship. There will be substantial hardship.
17	As regards discovery, we've tried it both
18	ways. Florida Power propounded discovery before we
19	were granted party status. The petitioner responded
20	by saying, "We don't have to respond until you're a
21	party and we're not going to." FPL waited until they
22	were given party status and then propounded discovery.
23	But either way, neither of us got a lick of discovery
24	until we were granted party status. So we're playing
25	catch-up and we're very hard pressed to do that in
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1 this case.

So when you're talking about hardship, you 2 have to look at the context. In the context of this 3 rule, it's a procedural rule that specifies the time 4 for getting the job done. We've demonstrated, and I 5 think there's complete agreement, that it makes no 6 sense in this case. It's not dictated by any statute, 7 it's not mandatory in any way, yet we're being forced 8 to abide by it in very adverse circumstances. Have we 9 demonstrated an emergency? Yes, we have. 10

What the rule says is that a petition for 11 emergency must state the facts indicating an emergency 12 and show not that there's going to be danger to the 13 public safety et cetera, as has been reported, the 14 rule says specific facts to show that the petitioner 15 will suffer an immediate adverse effect unless the 16 variance or waiver is issued more expeditiously than 17 the time frames provided. We've demonstrated that. 18 Unless the relief is given within 30 days, we will not 19 get any effective relief. If the Commission takes the 20 full 90 days to act on our petition for waiver, it's 21 effectively denied. So we've met the condition 22 specified in the rule for emergency. 23

24 So we believe we've pleaded and we've 25 satisfied all the requirements to demonstrate that the

application of the rule in this case would achieve 1 unintended results. 2 MR. MOYLE: I feel obligated to make a point 3 of clarification with discovery because that's 4 something --5 CHAIRMAN GARCIA: John, that's it. Unless 6 the Commissioners want to hear any more, 7:20 is late 7 We've heard it all. 8 enough. Is there a motion? 9 COMMISSIONER DEASON: I'm willing to make a 10 11 motion. I would move to deny Staff and to grant the 12 To clarify that, we would not be laboring 13 waiver. under a 90-day clock. And the primary reason for that 14 is that I share in the concerns about the due process 15 rights of the parties. I think it is an extremely 16important issue, and that this matter needs to get the 17 full amount of attention that discovery and things of 1.8 that nature can bring to light. 19 I'm concerned, though, with the idea that we 20 must wait until the Court rules. That is such an 21 22 indefinite period that I think that then starts infringing upon the due process rights of the 23 applicant in this proceeding. 24 So I would grant the waiver, and I would 25

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1	leave it to the discretion of the hearing officer,
2	prehearing officer, to come up with a schedule which
3	gives ample time to the parties to fully litigate this
4	matter, but not set an arbitrary deadline not
5	deadline, but arbitrary time frame which says we're
6	not going to process this case until the Supreme Court
7	rules. I don't know if that's going to be three
8	months or three years from now.
9	CHAIRMAN GARCIA: Okay. We have a motion.
10	Is there a second?
11	COMMISSIONER CLARK: Second.
12	COMMISSIONER JACOBS: If I may, following
13	with that discussion, when we first looked at this
14	motion, I had asked for some dates and we tentatively
15	have some dates we can look to. I can give them to
16	you now but I would want to confirm them.
17	CHAIRMAN GARCIA: I think you've got a
18	motion and a second, and if you're comfortable with
19	it, we've got three votes so you don't have to
20	COMMISSIONER CLARK: I want to concur in the
21	motion that I think it is really the call of the
22	applicant if they want to wait for the Duke decision
23	to come out. If they feel comfortable moving forward
24	and believe that is the appropriate way to go, I think
25	we should look I think the issue is due process,

1 not waiting for the Duke decision.

2	CHAIRMAN GARCIA: I'm going to vote against
3	the motion. While I understand the motion, I clearly
4	think that the time frame given here for the issue
5	that's before us and the concerns that this Commission
6	should take, statutory turns, obligations we must
7	meet, I think we have more than enough time to develop
8	those with the time that we have. And I have to
9	concur, though, with the motion by
10	Commissioner Deason, I think, to wait for the Supreme
11	Court to decide is absurd. But that said, we have a
12	motion and a second. All those in favor signify by
13	saying "aye."
14	COMMISSIONER CLARK: Aye.
15	COMMISSIONER DEASON: Aye.
16	COMMISSIONER JACOBS: Aye.
17	CHAIRMAN GARCIA: Opposed, "nay." Nay.
18	MR. KEATING: Chairman Garcia, I would just
19	like to clarify for the motion for purposes of
20	drafting an order whether in denying Staff in the
21	motion the Commissioners are denying Staff's argument
22	that this is not technically an emergency by your
23	petition, but that it was appropriate to hear this as
24	a nonemergency petition.
25	COMMISSIONER DEASON: That's correct.

Perhaps it's moot. The reason it was filed as an 1 emergency was so it could be heard in a timely manner. 2 It's being heard in a timely manner. So I don't know 3 the significance of whether we determine it as an 4 emergency or not. 5 MR. SASSO: It doesn't matter to us as long 6 as the Commission acts on it. 7 MR. KEATING: My concern is only for 8 precedential purposes if we get an another emergency 9 ruling or petition and if we said this amounts to an 10 emergency. 11 CHAIRMAN GARCIA: No, I don't think we have 12 13 said. COMMISSIONER DEASON: No, I'm not -- that's 14 not part of the motion. I understand the reason it 15 was filed and characterized as an emergency, but I 16 don't think that we need to state that it is an 17 emergency. 18 CHAIRMAN GARCIA: That brings up a question, 19 though. Under what authority are we granting this? 20 MR. KEATING: Under the same authority under 21 the rules. Basically if the Commission finds that 22 it's not an emergency petition, it can treat it as a 23 nonemergency petition. 24 25 CHAIRMAN GARCIA: Even though we have a

1 90-day time frame?

COMMISSIONER CLARK: That deals with the 2 waiver of the rule, not with the emergency part of it. 3 COMMISSIONER DEASON: The emergency part of 4 it just says that we've got to process it within, 5 what, 30 days of receipt of the petition. We're doing 6 that anyway. 7 MR. KEATING: Correct. 8 COMMISSIONER DEASON: So we don't have to 9 classify it one way or the other. 10 11 CHAIRMAN GARCIA: I just want to understand. I thought that it was -- I want to make sure we're 12 13 doing this right. Our rule requires 90 days to process this and we are waiving our own rule. Is that 14 what we're doing? 15 The uniform rules require MR. KEATING: No. 16 17 30 days to process it. I think it's actually the 18 statute. 19 COMMISSIONER DEASON: Thirty days to process 20 the waiver request. MR. SASSO: You have up to 90 days and 21 you've acted within that period of time. 22 COMMISSIONER DEASON: Thirty days if it's an 23 24 emergency. 25 MR. KEATING: Yes.

1 **COMMISSIONER DEASON:** So if we say it's not 2 an emergency, we could have taken longer but we're 3 not, so it's a moot point.

MR. SASSO: I would agree. You don't have
to decide whether it's an emergency or not. You've
addressed it; you've addressed it within 90 days.
You've addressed it within 30 days. It's academic to
characterize it either way. You've addressed it.

9 CHAIRMAN GARCIA: I just want to understand 10 how that affects their 90 days. I want to understand 11 what the decision does.

In essence, Mr. Moyle enters this proceeding thinking he has 90 days for us to make a determination, correct? And what we've done today is say, we, the Commission, need more than 90 days to process this application, so we've waived our rule.

COMMISSIONER CLARK: No. The decision is 17 have they made out a case for waiver of the rule? And 18 the Staff has indicated it does meet the first prong, 19 that it is -- it will still accomplish the underlying 20 purpose of the Act, because there is no time frame 21 now, under the statute -- because they haven't filed 22 at DEP -- and that principles of fairness would 23 require the waiver to meet due process considerations. 24 MR. KEATING: And I had only sought 25

1 clarification on sort of the threshold or the 2 preliminary matter, whether it was an emergency or 3 nonemergency. If we -- and if we say it's a 4 nonemergency, an FAW notice has been issued and the 5 time for comments has run, so we're procedurely okay 6 there.

7 CHAIRMAN GARCIA: Okay. Very good. Yes,
8 Mr. Moyle.

9 MR. MOYLE: One point. At the risk of being 10 beheaded here, but earlier on Commissioner Clark said 11 she thought that the Supreme Court ought to receive 12 notice that this -- I thought I understood her to say 13 that this case is here; that an issue, the EWG issue 14 or the federal public utility issue is also presented, 15 and I presume that would be some type of judicial 16 notice and asked that it be expedited.

17 COMMISSIONER CLARK: I think it would be 18 well to file something with the Court to indicate 19 to -- I know we've asked for expedited processing. I 20 think we should indicate to them that here's further evidence that we need this expedited treatment. 21 We 22 already have another case which we're processing. And that, please, if you could make a decision sooner 23 24 rather than later, we'd appreciate it. 25 MR. MOYLE: Okay. Thank you.

1 MR. SMITH: I think there was a Motion to Expedited filed and the Court denied it. They said 2 they have got it set for oral argument, on the 6th. 3 4 COMMISSIONER CLARK: The 4th. 5 MR. SMITH: So there already has been a motion --6 7 COMMISSIONER CLARK: But this is new 8 evidence to me. 9 CHAIRMAN GARCIA: This is a new reason why to hurry it on. Maybe this is pretty please with 10 11 sugar on top. MR. MOYLE: Maybe I was confused. I thought 12 that the -- there are a number of issues before the 13 Supreme Court, and EWG is one of the issues. Maybe I 14 misheard or misunderstood, but I was under the 15 impression that you wanted to let them know that this 16 issue is likely to be reoccurring and that they ought 17 to decide this issue, the EWG issue. 18 COMMISSIONER CLARK: No. 19 CHAIRMAN GARCIA: No. All right. 20 Thank you very much. That was wonderful 21 22 arguments. Enjoyed it. Thank you. 23 You know, I have to say something. Since I started here Commissioner Deason has always -- every 24 time I predict that we'll be done by 11, like a wise 25

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1	soothsayer he says, "You think so?" I was guaranteed
2	we'd be out of here by 11 this morning.
3	Thank you very much. Appreciate it.
4	(Thereupon, the hearing concluded at
5	7:30 p.m.)
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1 STATE OF FLORIDA) CERTIFICATE OF REPORTER 2 COUNTY OF LEON ) 3 I, JOY KELLY, CSR, RPR, Chief, Bureau of Reporting, Official Commission Reporter, 4 DO HEREBY CERTIFY that the Agenda Item 54 in 5 Docket No. 991462-EU was heard by the Florida Public Service Commission at the time and place herein 6 stated; it is further 7 CERTIFIED that I stenographically reported the said proceedings; that the same has been 8 transcribed by me; and that this transcript, consisting of 172 pages, constitutes a true 9 transcription of my notes of said proceedings. 10 DATED this 19th day of November, 1999. 11 12 JOY 13 Bureau of Reporting Chief Official Commission Reporter 14 (850) 413-6732 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25