#### BEFORE THE FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

In re: Petition of Competitive Carriers for Commission action to support local competition in BellSouth Telecommunications, Inc.'s service territory.

In re: Consideration of BellSouth Telecommunications, Inc.'s entry into interLATA services pursuant to Section 271 of the Federal Telecommunications Act of 1996. DOCKET NO. 981834-TP

DOCKET NO. 960786-TL
ORDER NO. PSC-00-0260-PAA-TP
ISSUED: February 8, 2000

The following Commissioners participated in the disposition of this matter:

JOE GARCIA, Chairman J. TERRY DEASON SUSAN F. CLARK E. LEON JACOBS, JR.

# NOTICE OF PROPOSED AGENCY ACTION ORDER ORDER APPROVING INTERIM PERFORMANCE METRICS

#### BY THE COMMISSION:

NOTICE is hereby given by the Florida Public Service Commission that the action discussed herein is preliminary in nature and will become final unless a person whose interests are substantially affected files a petition for a formal proceeding, pursuant to Rule 25-22.029, Florida Administrative Code.

#### BACKGROUND

On December 10, 1998, the Florida Competitive Carriers Association (FCCA), the Telecommunications Resellers, Inc. (TRA), AT&T Communications of the Southern States, Inc. (AT&T), MCImetro Services, LLC (MCImetro), Access Transmission WorldCom Technologies, Inc. (WorldCom), the Competitive Telecommunications Association (Comptel), MGC Communications, Inc. (MGC), (collectively, Intermedia Communications Inc. (Intermedia) "Competitive Carriers") filed their Petition of Competitive Carriers for Commission Action to Support Local Competition in BellSouth's Service Territory.

DOCUMENT NUMBER-DATE

01704 FEB-88

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FPSC-RECORDS/REPORTING

On December 30, 1998, BellSouth Telecommunications, Inc. (BellSouth) filed a Motion to Dismiss the Petition of the Competitive Carriers for Commission Action to Support Local Competition in BellSouth's Service Territory. BellSouth requested that we dismiss the Competitive Carriers' Petition with prejudice. On January 11, 1999, the Competitive Carriers filed their Response in Opposition to BellSouth's Motion to Dismiss.

By Order No. PSC-99-0769-FOF-TP, issued April 21, 1999, we denied BellSouth's Motion to Dismiss. In addition, we denied the Competitive Carriers' request to initiate a rulemaking proceeding to establish expedited dispute resolution procedures for resolving interconnection agreement disputes. We also directed our staff to provide more specific information and rationale for its recommendation on the remainder of the Competitive Carriers Petition.

By Order No. PSC-99-1078-FOF-TP, issued May 26, 1999, we granted, in part, and denied, in part, the petition of the Florida Competitive Carriers Association to support local competition in BellSouth's service territory. Specifically, we established a formal administrative hearing process to address unbundled network elements (UNE) pricing, including UNE combinations and deaveraged pricing of unbundled loops. We also ordered that Commissioner and staff workshops on Operations Support Systems (OSS) be conducted concomitantly in an effort to resolve OSS operational issues. We indicated that the request for third-party testing of OSS was to be addressed in these workshops. These workshops were held on May 5-6, 1999. We also ordered a formal administrative hearing to address collocation and access to loop issues, as well as costing and pricing issues.

On May 28, 1999, FCCA and AT&T filed a Motion for Independent Third-Party Testing of BellSouth's OSS. BellSouth filed its Response to this Motion by the FCCA and AT&T on June 16, 1999. That same day, FCCA and AT&T filed a Supplement to the Motion for Third-Party Testing. On June 17, 1999, ACI Corp. (ACI) filed a Motion to Expand the Scope of Independent Third-Party Testing. On June 28, 1999, BellSouth responded to the Supplement filed by FCCA and AT&T. On June 29, 1999, BellSouth responded to ACI's Motion to

Expand the Scope of Independent Third-Party Testing. By Order No. PSC-99-1568-PAA-TP, issued August 8, 1999, we denied the motion. Upon our own motion, we approved our staff's recommendation to proceed with Phase I of third-party testing of BellSouth's OSS. Phase I of third-party testing required a third party, in this case KPMG, to develop a Master Test Plan (MTP) that would identify the specific testing activities necessary to demonstrate non-discriminatory access and parity of BellSouth's systems and processes.

By Order No. PSC-00-0104-PAA-TP, issued January 11, 2000, we approved the KPMG MTP and initiated Phase II third-party testing of BellSouth's Operations Support Systems. In order to initiate testing, we must approve interim performance metrics to be used during the course of testing to assess the level of service BellSouth is providing to ALECs. There are three components to the development of performance metrics. The first component is the performance metrics themselves and the calculations. component is retail analogs and performance target benchmarks, and the third component is the statistical methodology to be used in analysis of test results. This Order addresses the interim performance metrics and their calculations. We note that we are address the retail analogs/benchmarks and scheduled to statistical methodology in February, 2000, following a third Once interim performance metrics and definitions are complete, test preparation can proceed as KPMG establishes the process for capturing the measurement data required.

#### KPMG INTERIM PERFORMANCE METRICS

Performance metrics are the yardstick by which the existence of nondiscrimination or parity will be determined during the OSS third-party testing. During the development of the master test plan, several ALECs filed comments regarding the adequacy and completeness of the performance metrics proposed by BellSouth. In response, our staff initiated a process for obtaining input regarding the metrics to be used for the purposes of testing. An Interim Performance Metrics Work Group comprised of representatives of Commission staff, BellSouth, and the ALEC community was established. This work group participated in two workshops and had

two opportunities for comment regarding interim performance metrics. Workshops were held on December 1 and December 17, 1999. The resulting interim performance metrics are shown in Attachment I which, by reference, is incorporated herein.

The starting point for the metrics work group was the 1999, version of BellSouth Service 15, These are the measures that BellSouth currently Measures (SOM). captures and reports through the BellSouth Performance Measurement Analysis Platform (PMAP). PMAP is a \$50 million platform designed in 1998 and deployed in 1999 to upgrade BellSouth's firstgeneration Service Quality Measurement system. SQM and PMAP results have been available to ALECs via Internet access since June In addition to compiled ALEC and BellSouth region-wide results, PMAP provides each ALEC access to its individual metric results, as well as the raw data for each measure. The raw data enables some degree of cross-verification for ALECs who choose to use this tool.

BellSouth claims PMAP is by far the telecommunication industry's largest and most extensive OSS performance metrics system. Each month it processes over 65 million records comprising 18 gigabytes of data. According to BellSouth, the total size of PMAP is currently 2.5 terabytes or thereabouts, which would translate to approximately 1.25 billion pages of text documents.

PMAP is designed to capture data and produce reports directly from BellSouth's major legacy OSS systems, such as Service Order Control System, Customer Record Information System, Line Maintenance Operation System, and Trunk Identification Record Keeping System. In addition to challenges related to its huge size, PMAP's complexity is magnified by the fact that it works to join together data from these disparate information systems that use differing operating platforms, data structures, and identifier codes.

According to BellSouth, long lead times are required for making any changes to the calculations currently embedded in the system due to the complex nature of PMAP. As a result, few changes

have been made to the metrics BellSouth is required to capture for purposes of OSS testing.

Through the Interim Performance Metrics Work Group, ALECs have requested several additions and changes to the existing BellSouth metrics. According to BellSouth, full implementation of these changes would delay the testing effort by three to six months.

As a compromise to full implementation of the requested changes, KPMG has agreed to investigate the feasibility of capturing these additional metrics results through its role as an ALEC during the testing. KPMG may use these 17 metrics to supplement the results from the BellSouth PMAP metrics. These additional metrics, listed in Appendix B of Attachment I, are:

- (1) Percent Service Loss from Early and Late Cuts
- (2) Percent of Hot Cuts Not Working When Initially Provisioned
- (3) Percent Completions or Attempt without Notice or with Less than 24 Hours Notice
- (4) Percent Order Accuracy
- (5) Percent of Orders Canceled or Supplemented at the Request of BellSouth
- (6) Percent and Timeliness of EDI and TAG LSR Acknowledgments
- (7) Provisioning Troubles Prior to Loop Acceptance
- (8) Percent Orders Canceled After Missed Due Date
- (9) Percent Found OK/Test OK/CPE
- (10) ALEC Center Call Abandonment Rate
- (11) Average Notification of Interface/OSS Outage
- (12) Percent of Change Management Notices and Documentation Sent on Time
- (13) Percent of Software Certification Failures and Software Problem Resolution
- (14) Percent Billing Errors Corrected in X days
- (15) Loop Make-up Information Timeliness
- (16) Provisioning Trouble Reports Prior to Service Order Completion
- (17) Coordinated Customer Conversions as a Percentage On-Time

KPMG will determine the appropriateness of ALEC-proposed disaggregation dimensions by examining raw data from test transactions and making appropriate measurements associated with

its own transactions. In addition, KPMG will conduct a special study of end-to-end timing of transactions to address concerns raised by ALECs. These studies will determine whether changes to existing BellSouth metric calculations and levels of disaggregation are necessary.

We find that the interim performance metrics used during testing can serve as the starting point for developing permanent metrics once testing proves whether the metrics are accurate and adequate. Based on the foregoing, the interim performance metrics developed by KPMG, as set forth in Attachment I, are hereby approved.

Based on the foregoing, it is

ORDERED by the Florida Public Service Commission that the interim performance metrics developed by KPMG, as set forth in Attachment I which, by reference, is incorporated in the body of this Order, are hereby approved. It is further

ORDERED that the provisions of this Order are issued as proposed agency action and shall become final and effective upon the issuance of a Consummating Order unless an appropriate petition, in the form provided by Rule 28-106.201, Florida Administrative Code, is received by the Director, Division of Records and Reporting, 2540 Shumard Oak Boulevard, Tallahassee, Florida 32399-0850, by the close of business on the date set forth in the "Notice of Further Proceedings" attached hereto. It is further

ORDERED that in the event this Order becomes final, these dockets shall remain open.

By ORDER of the Florida Public Service Commission this <u>8th</u> day <u>February</u>, <u>2000</u>.

BLANCA S. BAYÓ, Director

Division of Records and Reporting

#### NOTICE OF FURTHER PROCEEDINGS OR JUDICIAL REVIEW

The Florida Public Service Commission is required by Section 120.569(1), Florida Statutes, to notify parties of any administrative hearing that is available under Section 120.57, Florida Statutes, as well as the procedures and time limits that apply. This notice should not be construed to mean all requests for an administrative hearing will be granted or result in the relief sought.

Mediation may be available on a case-by-case basis. If mediation is conducted, it does not affect a substantially interested person's right to a hearing.

The action proposed herein is preliminary in nature. Any person whose substantial interests are affected by the action proposed by this order may file a petition for a formal proceeding, in the form provided by Rule 28-106.201, Florida Administrative Code. This petition must be received by the Director, Division of Records and Reporting, 2540 Shumard Oak Boulevard, Tallahassee, Florida 32399-0850, by the close of business on February 29, 2000.

In the absence of such a petition, this order shall become final and effective upon the issuance of a Consummating Order.

Any objection or protest filed in this docket before the issuance date of this order is considered abandoned unless it satisfies the foregoing conditions and is renewed within the specified protest period.

Attachment I

# The State of Florida Public Service Commission

# BellSouth Telecommunications, Inc. OSS Evaluation Project Interim Performance Metrics



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January 5, 2000

# BellSouth OSS Testing Florida Interim Performance Metrics

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# BellSouth OSS Testing Florida Interim Performance Metrics

#### **PRE-ORDERING - OSS**

Standard: parity with Retail.

Report/Measurement:	
Average OSS Response Time and Response Interv	/al
Definition:	
within certain intervals for accessing legacy data a	the average times and number of requests responded to ssociated with appointment scheduling, service & or Telephone Numbers (TNs), and Customer Service
Exclusions:	
None	
Business Rules:	
period and dividing by the total number of legacy starts when the client application (LENS or TAG f legacy system and ends when the appropriate response of legacy accesses during the reporting period, who take more than 6 seconds are also captured. Funct address validation, service availability, and TN res	or CLECs and RNS for BST) submits a request to the onse is returned to the client application. The number ich take less than 2.3 seconds and the number, which ions will be divided into: CSR, due date availability,
Level of Disaggregation:	
Average Response Time - Customer Service F	
Average Response Time - Due Date Availabil	
Average Response Time - Address Validation	
Average Response Time - Product & Service .	
<ul> <li>Average Response Time – Telephone Number Calculation:</li> </ul>	Availability and Reservation
	"
Σ[(Date & Time of Legacy Response) – (Date & T Requests During the Reporting Period) X 100	ime of Request to Legacy)] / (Number of Legacy
Report Structure:	
Not CLEC Specific	
Not product/service specific	
Regional Level	
Data Retained Relating to CLEC Experience:	Data Retained Relating to BST Performance:
Report Month	Report Month
•	Legacy Contract (per reporting dimension)
<ul> <li>Legacy Contract (per reporting dimension)</li> </ul>	
and the second control of the second control	
<ul> <li>Legacy Contract (per reporting dimension)</li> <li>Response Interval</li> <li>Regional Scope</li> </ul>	Response Interval     Regional Scope

Note: KPMG during Phase II will conduct a special study of end-to-end timing of pre-ordering transactions (from initial receipt of the transaction by BST to transmission of the response to the CLEC) in order to assess whether the definition of response time used in this metric is appropriate. This study will determine the transit times between the CLEC interface and the BST legacy systems. Loop qualification and loop make-up queries are not automated functions for BST. Therefore, these are not included in this metric. However, KPMG will make a special study of the timing of these queries relative to BST Retail operations.

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# BellSouth OSS Testing Florida Interim Performance Metrics

#### LEGACY SYSTEM ACCESS TIMES FOR RNS

System	Contract	Data	< 2.3 sec	> 6 sec	Avg. Sec	# of Calls
RSAG	RSAG-TN	Address	х	x	X	x
RSAG	RSAG-ADDR	Address	x	x	X	x
ATLAS	ATLAS-TN	TN	x	x	x	x
DSAP	DSAP-DDI	Schedule	x	x	X	x
CRIS	CRSACCTS	CSR	x	X	X	x
OASIS	OASISBSN	Feature/Service	x	x	X	x
OASIS	OASISCAR	Feature/Service	x	x	Х	x
OASIS	OASISLPC	Feature/Service	x	x	X	x
OASIS	OASISMIN	Feature/Service	x	x	X	x
OASIS	OASISBIG	Feature/Service	x	x	X	x

#### LEGACY SYSTEM ACCESS TIMES FOR LENS

System	Contract	Data	< 2.3 sec	> 6 sec	Avg. Sec	# of Calls
RSAG	RSAG-TN	Address	x	x	X	х
RSAG	RSAG-ADDR	Address	x	x	X	x
ATLAS	ATLAS-TN	TN	x	x	X	x
DSAP	DSAPDDI	Schedule	x	x	X	x
HAL	HAL/CRIS	CSR	x	×	x	x
COFFI	COFFI/USOC	Feature/Service	x	x	X	x
P/SIMS	PSIMS/ORB	Feature/Service	x	x	X	x

#### LEGACY SYSTEM ACCESS TIMES FOR TAG

System	Contract	Data	< 2.3 sec	> 6 sec	Avg. Sec	# of Calls
RSAG	RSAG-TN	Address	x	x	x	x
RSAG	RSAG-ADDR	Address	×	x	x	x
ATLAS	ATLASTN	TN	x	x	X	x
DSAP	DSAPDDI	Schedule	x	x	X	x
HAL	HAL/CRIS	CSR	x	×	X	x
CRIS	CRSEINIT	CSR	x	x	X	x
CRIS	CRSECSR	CSR	x	х	X	x

# BellSouth OSS Testing Florida Interim Performance Metrics

#### PRE-ORDERING - OSS

Report/Measurement:	
OSS Interface Availability	
Definition:	
Percent of time OSS interface is functionally availab percentages for CLEC interface systems and for all I	
Exclusions:	
None	
Business Rules:	
This measurement captures the availability percentage during Pre-Ordering functions. Comparison to BST opportunity exists for the CLEC to deliver a compare	results allow conclusions as to whether an equal
Level of Disaggregation:	
Regional Level	•
Calculation:	
(Functional Availability) / (Scheduled Availability)	K 100
Report Structure:	
Not CLEC Specific	
Not product/service specific	•
Regional Level	
Data Retained Relating to CLEC Experience	Data Retained Relating to BST Experience
Report Month	Report Month
Legacy contract type (per reporting dimension)	Legacy contract type (per reporting dimension)
Regional Scope	Regional Scope
Retail Analog/Benchmark:	
Benchmark: 99.5%	

**OSS Interface Availability** 

OSS Interface	% Availability
LENS	X
LEO Mainframe	X
LEO UNIX	X
LESOG	X
EDI	X
HAL	X
BOCRIS	X
ATLAS/COFFI	
RSAG/DSAP	X
SOCS	X
TAG	×

# BellSouth OSS Testing Florida Interim Performance Metrics

#### **ORDERING**

#### Report/Measurement:

Percent Flow Through Service Requests (Summary)

#### Definition:

The percentage of Local Service Requests (LSR) submitted electronically via the CLEC mechanized ordering process that flow through to SOCS without manual intervention

#### Exclusions

- Fatal Rejects
- Auto Clarification
- Manual Fallout
- CLEC System Fallout
- Supplements (subsequent versions) to cancel LSRs that are not LESOG eligible (Under development)

#### Business Rules:

The CLEC mechanized ordering process includes all LSRs, including supplements (subsequent versions) which are submitted through one of the three gateway interfaces (TAG, EDI, and LENS), and flow through to SOCS without manual intervention. These LSRs can be divided into two classes of service; Business and Residence, and three types of service; Resale, Unbundled Network Elements (UNE), and specials. The CLEC mechanized ordering process does not include LSRs, which are, submitted manually (e.g., fax, and courier), or are not designed to flow through, i.e., Manual Fallout.

#### Definitions:

Fatal Rejects: Errors that prevent an LSR, submitted by the CLEC, from being processed further. When an LSR is submitted by a CLEC, LEO will perform edit checks to ensure the data received is correctly formatted and complete. For example, if the PON field contains an invalid character, LEO will reject the LSR and the CLEC will receive a Fatal Reject.

<u>Auto-Clarification</u>: errors that occur due to invalid data within the LSR. LESOG will perform data validity checks to ensure the data within the LSR is correct and valid. For example, if the address on the LSR is not valid according to RSAG, the CLEC will receive an Auto-Clarification.

Manual Fallout: errors that occur by design. Certain LSRs are designed to fallout of the Mechanized Order Process due to their complexity. These LSRs are manually processed by the LCSC. When a CLEC submits an LSR, LESOG will determine if the LSR should be forwarded to LCSC for manual handling. Following are the categories for Manual Fallout.

- Complex services\*
- 2. Expedites (requested by the CLEC)
- 3. Special pricing plans
- 4. Denials-restore and conversion, or disconnect and conversion orders
- 5. Partial migrations
- 6. Class of service invalid in certain states with some types of service
- 7. New telephone number not yet posted to BOCRIS
- 8. Low volume such as activity type "T" (move)
- 9. Pending order review required
- 10. More than 25 business lines
- 11. Restore or suspend for UNE combos
- 12. Transfer of calls option for the CLEC's end users
- 13. CSR inaccuracies such as invalid or missing CSR data in CRIS
- \* Attached is a list of services, including complex services, and whether LSRs issued for the services are eligible to flow through.

Total System Fallout: Errors that require manual review by the LCSC to determine if the error is caused by the CLEC, or is due to system functionality. If it is determined the error is caused by the CLEC, the LSR will be sent back to the CLEC as clarification. If it is determined the error is BST caused, the LCSC representative will correct the error.

# BellSouth OSS Testing Florida Interim Performance Metrics

#### ORDERING - (Percent Flow Through Service Requests (Summary) - Continued)

#### Calculation:

Percent Flow Through Service Requests =  $\Sigma$ [(Total number of valid service requests that flow-through to SOCS)] / (Total number of valid service requests delivered to SOCS) X 100

#### Description:

Percent Flow Through = (The total number of LSRs that flow through LESOG to SOCS) / (the number of LSRs passed from LEO to LESOG) –  $\Sigma$ [(the number of LSRs that fall out for manual processing) + (the number of LSRs that are returned to the CLEC for clarification) + (the number of LSRs that contain errors made by CLECs)] X 100.

#### Report Structure:

- CLEC Aggregate
  - > Region

#### Level of Disaggregation:

- Geography
  - > Region
- Product (Under Development)
  - Residence
  - Business
  - > UNE
  - ➤ Specia

Data Retained Relating to CLEC Experience	Data Retained Relating to BST Experience
<ul> <li>Report month</li> <li>Total number of LSRs received, by interface, by CLEC:         <ul> <li>TAG</li> <li>EDI</li> <li>LENS</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	Report month     Total number of errors by type:     BST system error
<ul> <li>Total number of errors by type, by CLEC:</li> <li>Fatal rejects</li> <li>Total fallout for manual processing</li> <li>Auto clarification</li> <li>CLEC caused system fallout</li> <li>Total number of errors by error code</li> </ul>	

#### Retail Analog/Benchmark:

Under development by the Interim Performance Measure Work Group. Upon completion, KPMG and Commission Staff will recommend retail analogs and/or benchmarks for approval by the FPSC.

ORDER NO. PSC-00-0260-PAA-TP DOCKET NO. 991402-TI PAGE 15

## BellSouth USS Testing Florida Interim Performance Metrics

#### **ORDERING**

#### Report/Measurement:

Percent Flow Through Service Requests (Detail)

#### Definition

A detailed list by CLEC of the percentage of Local Service Requests (LSR) submitted electronically via the CLEC mechanized ordering process that flow through to SOCS without manual or human intervention.

#### Exclusions:

- Fatal Rejects
- Auto Clarification
- Manual Fallout
- CLEC System Fallout
- Supplements (subsequent versions) to cancel LSRs that are not LESOG eligible(Under development)

#### Business Rules:

The CLEC mechanized ordering process includes all LSRs, including supplements (subsequent versions) which are submitted through one of the three gateway interfaces (TAG, EDI, and LENS), and flow through to SOCS without manual intervention. These LSRs can be divided into two classes of service; Business and Residence, and three types of service; Resale, Unbundled Network Elements (UNE) and specials. The CLEC mechanized ordering process does not include LSRs, which are, submitted manually (e.g., fax, and courier), or are not designed to flow through, i.e., Manual Fallout.

#### **Definitions:**

<u>Fatal Rejects</u>: Errors that prevent an LSR, submitted by the CLEC, from being processed further. When an LSR is submitted by a CLEC, LEO will perform edit checks to ensure the data received is correctly formatted and complete. For example, if the PON field contains an invalid character, LEO will reject the LSR and the CLEC will receive a Fatal Reject.

Auto-Clarification: errors that occur due to invalid data within the LSR. LESOG will perform data validity checks to ensure the data within the LSR is correct and valid. For example, if the address on the LSR is not valid according to RSAG, the CLEC will receive an Auto-Clarification.

Manual Fallout: errors that occur by design. Certain LSRs are designed to fallout of the Mechanized Order Process due to their complexity. These LSRs are manually processed by the LCSC. When a CLEC submits an LSR, LESOG will determine if the LSR should be forwarded to LCSC for manual handling. Following are the categories for Manual Fallout:

- 1. Complex services\*
- 2. Expedites (requested by the CLEC)
- 3. Special pricing plans
- 4. Denials-restore and conversion, or disconnect and conversion orders
- 5. Partial migrations
- 6. Class of service invalid in certain states with some types of service
- 7. New telephone number not yet posted to BOCRIS
- 8. Low volume such as activity type "T" (move)
- 9. Pending order review required
- 10. More than 25 business lines
- 11. Restore or suspend for UNE combos
- 12. Transfer of calls option for the CLEC's end users
- 13. CSR inaccuracies such as invalid or missing CSR data in CRIS
- \*Attached is a list of services, including complex services, and whether LSRs issued for the services are eligible to flow through.

Total System Fallout: Errors that require manual review by the LCSC to determine if the error is caused by the CLEC, or is due to system functionality. If it is determined the error is caused by the CLEC, the LSR will be sent back to the CLEC as clarification. If it is determined the error is BST caused, the LCSC representative will correct the error.

# BellSouth OSS Testing Florida Interim Performance Metrics

#### ORDERING - (Percent Flow Through Service Requests (Detail) - Continued)

#### Calculation:

Percent Flow Through Service Requests = (Total number of valid service requests that flow-through to SOCS) / (Total number of valid service requests delivered to SOCS) X 100

#### Description:

Percent Flow Through = The total number of LSRs that flow through LESOG to SOCS / (the number of LSRs passed from LEO to LESOG) –  $\Sigma$ [(the number of LSRs that fall out for manual processing + the number of LSRs that are returned to the CLEC for clarification + the number of LSRs that contain errors made by CLECs)] X 100.

#### Report Structure:

- Provides the flow through percentage for each CLEC (by alias designation) submitting LSRs through the CLEC mechanized ordering process. The report provides the following:
  - > CLEC (by alias designation)
  - > Number of fatal rejects
  - Mechanized interface used
  - > Total mechanized LSRs
  - > Total manual fallout
  - > Number of auto clarifications returned to CLEC
  - > Number of validated LSRs
  - > Number of BST caused fallout
  - > Number of CLEC caused fallout
  - > Number of Service Orders Issued
  - > Base calculation
  - > CLEC error excluded calculation

#### Level of Disaggregation:

- CLEC Specific (by alias designation to protect CLEC specific proprietary data)
- Geographic:
  - Region
- Product (Under development)
  - > Residence
  - > Business
  - > UNE
  - > Special

Data Retained Relating to CLEC Experience	Data Retained Relating to BST Experience
Report month	Report month
Total number of LSRs received, by interface, by CLEC  TAG  EDI  LENS	Total number of errors by type:     BST system error
Total number of errors by type, by CLEC  Fatal rejects  Total fallout for manual processing  Auto clarification  CLEC errors  Total number of errors by error code	

#### Retail Analog/Benchmark:

Under development by the Interim Performance Measure Work Group. Upon completion, KPMG and Commission Staff will recommend retail analogs and/or benchmarks for approval by the FPSC.

# BellSouth OSS Testing Florida Interim Performance Metrics

#### **ORDERING**

Report/Measurement:	
Flow Through Error Analysis	
Definition:	
An analysis of each error type (by error code) that w to SOCS.	as experienced by the LSRs that did not flow through
Exclusions:	
Each Error Analysis is error code specific; therefore	exclusions are not applicable.
Business Rules:	
	ervice; Resale and Unbundled Network Elements r of errors by type. The CLEC mechanized ordering
Calculation:	
Σ Of errors by type	
Report Structure:	
each error code and provides the following:  Error Type (by error code)  Count of each error type  Percent of each error type  Cumulative percent  Error Description  CLEC Caused Count of each error code  Percent of aggregate by CLEC caused count  BST Caused Count of each error code  Percent of CLEC by CLEC caused count  BST Caused Count of each error code  Percent of aggregate by BST caused count  Percent of BST by BST caused count  Level of Disaggregation:	
Region	
Data Retained Relating to CLEC Experience	Data Retained Relating to BST Experience
<ul> <li>Report month</li> <li>Total number of LSRs received</li> <li>Total number of errors by type (by error code)</li> <li>CLEC caused error</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Report month</li> <li>Total number of errors by type (by error code)</li> <li>BST system error</li> </ul>
Retail Analog/Benchmark:	
Not Applicable	

# BellSouth OSS Testing Florida Interim Performance Metrics

# Attachment BellSouth Flow-through Analysis For CLECs LSRs placed via EDI or TAG

	BellSouth Service Offered to CLEC via resale or UNE	Flow-through if no BST or CLEC Errors	Complex Service (Yes/No)	Complex Order (Yes/No)	Design Service (Yes/No)	Can ordering this service cause fall out for a reason other than errors or complex? If so, what
		(Yes/No)			` ′	reason?
1	Flat Rate/Residence	Yes ·	No	No	no	
2	Flat Rate/Business	Yes	No	No	no	
3	Pay Phone Provider	No	No	No	no	
4	Measured Rate/Res.	Yes	No	No	no	
5	Measured Rate/Bus.	Yes	No	No	no	
6	Area Plus	Yes	No	No	no	
7	Package/Complete Choice and area plus	Yes	No	No	no	
8	Optional Calling Plan	Yes	No	No	no	
9	Ga. Community Calling	Yes	No	No	no	
10	Call Waiting Deluxe	Yes	No	No	no	
11	Call Waiting	Yes	No	No	no	
12	Caller ID	Yes	No	No	no	·
13	Speed Calling	Yes	No	No	no	
14	3 Way Calling	Yes	No	No	no	
15	Call Forwarding- Variable	Yes	No	No	no	
16	Remote Access to CF	Yes	No	No	no	
17	Enhanced Caller ID	Yes	No	No	no	
18	Memory Call	Yes	No	No	no	
19	Memory Call Ans. Svc.	Yes	No	No	no	
20	MTS	Yes ·	No	No	no	
21	RCF	Yes	No	No	no	
22	Ringmaster	Yes	No	No	no	
23	Call Tracing	Yes	No	No	no	
24	Call Block	Yes	No	No	no	
25	Repeat Dialing	Yes	No	No	no	
26	Call Selector	Yes	No	No	no	
27	Call Return	Yes	No	No	no	
28	Preferred Call Forward	Yes	No	No	no	
29	Touch-tone	Yes	No	No	no	
30	Visual Director	Yes	No	No	no:	
31	INP (all types?)	Yes	UNE	No	no	
32	Unbundled Loop- Analog 2W, SL1, SL2	Yes	UNE	No	Yes- designed,	
	•				no-non- designed	
33	2 wire analog port	Yes	UNE	No	no	
34	Local Number Portability (always?)	Yes	UNE	No	no	
35	Accupulse	No	Yes	Yes	yes	See note at bottom of matrix.
36	Basic Rate ISDN	No	Yes	Yes	yes	LSR electronically submitted; no flow through

# BellSouth OSS Testing Florida Interim Performance Metrics

	BellSouth Service	Flow-through	Complex	Complex	Design	Can ordering this service cause
	Offered to CLEC via	if no BST or	Service	Order	Service	fall out for a reason other than
	resale or UNE	CLEC Errors (Yes/No)	(Yes/No)	(Yes/No)	(Yes/No)	errors or complex? If so, what reason?
37	DID	No*	Yes	Yes	Yes	* yes with OSS'99
38	Frame Relay	No	Yes	Yes	yes	
39	Megalink	No	Yes	Yes	yes	
40	Megalink-T1	No	Yes	Yes	yes	-
41	Native Mode LAN Interconnection (NMLI)	No	Yes	Yes	yes	
42	Pathlink Primary Rate ISDN	No	Yes	Yes	yes	
43	Synchronet	No	Yes	Yes	yes	LSR electronically submitted; no flow through
44	PBX Trunks	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	LSR electronically submitted; no flow through
45	LightGate	No	Yes	Yes	yes	
46	Smartpath	No	Yes	Yes	yes	
47	Hunting	No	Yes	no	no	LSR electronically submitted; no flow through
48	CENTREX	No	Yes	Yes	по	
49	FLEXSERV	No	Yes	Yes	yes	·
50	Multiserv	No	Yes	Yes	yes	
51	Off-Prem Stations	No	Yes	Yes	yes	
52	SmartRING	No	Yes	Yes	yes	
53	FX	No	Yes	Yes	yes	
54	Tie Lines	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	
55	WATS	No	Yes	Yes	yes	
56	4 wire analog voice grade loop	No	UNE	Yes	yes- designed, no-non- designed	
57	4 wire DS1 & PRI digital loop	No	UNE	Yes	yes	
58	2 wire ISDN digital	No	UNE	Yes	yes	
59	4 wire DS1 & PRI digital loop	No	UNE	Yes	yes.	
60	ADSL	No*	UNE	Yes	yes	* yes as of OSS'99?
61	HDSL	No	UNE	Yes	yes	·
62	2 wire analog DID trunk port	No	UNE	Yes	Yes	·
63	2 wire ISDN digital line side port	No	UNE	Yes	yes	
64	4 wire ISDN DSI digital trunk ports	No	UNE	Yes	yes	
65	UNE Combinations	y-loop+port	UNE	Yes.	yes	
66	Directory Listings (simple)	No*	UNE	Yes	no .	* yes as of OSS'99

# BellSouth OSS Testing Florida Interim Performance Metrics

	BellSouth Service Offered to CLEC via resale or UNE	Flow-through if no BST or CLEC Errors (Yes/No)	Complex Service (Yes/No)	Complex Order (Yes/No)	Design Service (Yes/No)	Can ordering this service cause fall out for a reason other than errors or complex? If so, what reason?
67	Directory Listings (complex)	No*	UNE	yes	no	* yes as of OSS'99, captions and indention
68	ESSX	No	Yes	Yes	DO	

Note for last column: For all services that indicate 'No' for flow-through, the following reasons, in addition to errors or complex services, also prompt manual handling: Expedites from CLECs, special pricing plans, for denials – restore and conversion or disconnect and conversion both required, partial migrations (although conversions-as-is flow through), class of service invalid in certain states with some TOS – e.g. gov't, or cannot be changed when changing main TN on C activity, low volume – e.g. activity type T=move, pending order review required, more than 25 business lines, restore or suspend for UNE combos, transfer of calls option for CLEC end user – fixed with release 6.0, new TN not yet posted to BOCRIS. All but the last one is unique to the CLEC environment.

# BellSouth OSS Testing Florida Interim Performance Metrics

#### **ORDERING**

#### Report/Measurement:

Percent Rejected Service Requests

#### Definition:

Percent Rejected Service Request is the percent of total Local Service Requests (LSRs) received which are rejected due to error or omission. An LSR is considered valid when it is electronically submitted by the CLEC and passes LEO edit checks to insure the data received is correctly formatted and complete.

#### Exclusions:

Service Requests canceled by the CLEC prior to being rejected/clarified.

#### Business Rules:

<u>Fully Mechanized</u>: An LSR is considered "rejected" when it is submitted electronically but does not pass LEO edit checks in the ordering systems (EDI, TAG, LEO, LESOG) and is returned to the CLEC. There are two types of "Rejects" in the Mechanized category:

- A Fatal Reject occurs when a CLEC attempts to electronically submit an LSR but required fields
  are not populated correctly and the request is returned to the CLEC before it is considered an LSR.
   Fatal Rejects are included in the calculation for regional reports only.
- An Auto Clarification is a valid LSR, which is electronically submitted but rejected from LESOG because it does not pass further edit checks for order accuracy.

<u>Partially Mechanized</u>: A valid LSR, which is electronically submitted (via EDI or TAG), but cannot be processed electronically and "falls out" for manual handling. It is then put into "clarification" and (rejected) sent back to the CLEC.

Total Mechanized: Combination of Fully Mechanized and Partially Mechanized LSRs.

Non Mechanized: An LSR which is faxed or mailed to the LCSC for processing and is "clarified" (rejected) back to the CLEC by the BST service representative.

#### LNP: Under Development

#### Calculation:

Percent Rejected Service Requests = (Total Number of Rejected Service Requests) / (Total Number of Service Requests Received) X 100 during the month.

#### Report Structure:

- Fully Mechanized, Partially Mechanized, Total Mechanized, Non-Mechanized
- State and Region
- CLEC Specific
- CLEC Aggregate

#### Level of Disaggregation:

- Resale Residence
- Resale Business
- Resale Specials
- UNE
- UNE Loop with NP
- Other
- Trunks

Data Retained Relating to CLEC Experience:	Data Retained Relating to BST Performance:
Report Month	Report Month
Total number of LSRs	Total number of LSRs
Total number of Rejects	Total number of Errors
Total Number of Errors	Adjusted Error Volume
State and Region	State and Region
Retail Analog/Benchmark:	
This test is disconnetic and does not require a here	hmark

: 09/13/99 (lg)

# BellSouth OSS Testing Florida Interim Performance Metrics

#### **ORDERING**

#### Report/Measurement:

Reject Interval

#### Definition:

Reject Interval is the average reject time from receipt of an LSR to the distribution of a Reject. An LSR is considered valid when it is electronically submitted by the CLEC and passes LEO edit checks to insure the data received is correctly formatted and complete.

#### Exclusions:

Service Requests canceled by CLEC prior to being rejected/clarified

#### Business Rules:

- <u>Fully Mechanized</u>: The elapsed time from receipt of a valid LSR (date and time stamp in ED or TAG) until the LSR is rejected (date and time stamp of reject in LEO). Fatal Rejects and Auto Clarifications are considered in the Fully Mechanized category.
- Partially Mechanized: The elapsed time from receipt of a valid LSR (date and time stamp in EDI or TAG) until it falls out for manual handling. The stop time on partially mechanized LSRs is when the LCSC Service Representative clarifies the LSR back to the CLEC via LEO.
- Total Mechanized: Combination of Fully Mechanized and Partially Mechanized LSRs.
- <u>Non-Mechanized</u>: The elapsed time from receipt of a valid LSR (date and time stamp from FAX stamp) until notice of the reject is returned to the CLEC via LON.
- LNP: Under development.

#### Calculation:

Reject Interval =  $\Sigma[(Date \text{ and Time of Service Request Rejection}) - (Date \text{ and Time of Service Request Receipt})] / (Number of Service Requests Rejected in Reporting Period)$ 

#### Report Structure:

- CLEC Specific
- CLEC Aggregate
- Fully Mechanized, Partially Mechanized, Total Mechanized, Non-Mechanized, Trunks

#### Level of Disaggregation:

- Product Reporting Levels
  - > Interconnection Trunks
  - > Resale Residence
  - Resale Business
  - Resale Design
  - UNE DesignUNE Non- Design
  - > UNE Loop with and w/o NP
- Geographic Scope
  - > State, Region and further geographic disaggregation as required by State Commission Order
- Mechanized: 0-4 minutes, 4-8 minutes, 8-12 minutes, 12-60 minutes, 0-1 hour 1-8 hours, 8-24 hours, >24 hours.
- Non-mechanized: 0-1 hours, 1-4 hours, 4-8 hours, 8-12 hours, 12-16 hours, 16-20 hours, 20-24 hours >24 hours
- Average Interval in Days
- Trunks:

Data Retained Relating to CLEC Experience:	Data Retained Relating to BST Performance:			
Report Month	Report Month			
Reject Interval	Reject Interval			
Total Number of LSRs	Total number of LSRs			
Total number of Errors	Total number of Errors			
State and Region	State and Region			

Retail Analog/Benchmark:

Under development by the Interim Performance Measure Work Group. Upon completion, KPMG and Commission Staff will recommend retail analogs and/or benchmarks for approval by the FPSC.

# BellSouth OSS Testing Florida Interim Performance Metrics

Note: During Phase II, KPMG will conduct a special study of end-to-end timing of order rejections (from initial receipt of the order by BST to transmission of the rejection to the CLEC) in order to assess whether the definition of interval used in this metric is appropriate. This study will determine the transit times between the CLEC interface and the BST legacy systems. Loop qualification and loop make-up queries are not automated functions for BST. Therefore, these are not included in this metric. However, KPMG will make a special study of the timing of these queries relative to BST Retail operations.

## pensouth USS Testing Florida Interim Performance Metrics

#### **ORDERING**

#### Report/Measurement:

Firm Order Confirmation Timeliness

#### Definition:

Interval for Return of a Firm Order Confirmation (FOC Interval) is the average response time from receipt of valid LSR to distribution of a firm order confirmation.

#### Exclusions:

- Rejected LSRs
- Partially Mechanized or Non-Mechanized LSRs received and/or FOCd outside of normal business hours.

#### **Business Rules:**

- Mechanized: The elapsed time from receipt of a valid electronically submitted LSR (date and time stamp
  in LENS, EDI, TAG) until the LSR is processed and appropriate service orders are generated in SOCS.
- <u>Partially Mechanized:</u> The elapsed time from receipt of a valid electronically submitted LSR which
  falls out for manual handling by the LCSC personnel until appropriate service orders are issued by a BST
  service representative via Direct Order Entry (DOE) or Service Order Negotiation Generation System
  (SONGS) to SOCS.
- Total Mechanized: Combination of Fully Mechanized and Partially Mechanized LSRs
- Non-Mechanized: The elapsed time from receipt of a valid LSR (fax receive date and time stamp) until
  appropriate service orders are issued by BST service representative via Direct Order Entry (DOE) or
  Service Order Negotiation Generation System (SONGS) to SOCS.
- LNP: Under development.

#### Calculation:

Firm Order Confirmation Timeliness =  $\Sigma[(Date and Time of Firm Order Confirmation) - (Date and Time of Service Request Receipt)] / (Number of Service Requests Confirmed in Reporting Period)$ 

#### Report Structure:

- Fully Mechanized, Partially Mechanized, Total Mechanized, Non-Mechanized
- CLEC Specific
- CLEC Aggregate

#### Level of Disaggregation:

- Product Reporting Levels
  - > Interconnection Trunks
  - Resale ResidenceResale Business
  - > Resale Design
  - L Mesane Dest
  - UNE Design
  - UNE Non- Design
  - UNE Loop with and w/o NP
  - > Trunks
- Geographic Scope
  - > State, Region and further geographic disaggregation (MSA) as required by State Commission Order
- Mechanized: 0-15 minutes, 15-30 minutes, 30-45 minutes, 45-60 minutes, 60-90 minutes, 90-120 minutes, 120-240 minutes, 4-8 hours, 8-12 hours, 12-16 hours, 16-20 hours, 20-24 hours, 24-48 hours, > 48 hours.
- Non-mechanized: 0-4 hours, 4-8 hours, 8-12 hours, 12-16 hours, 16-20 hours, 20-24 hours, 24-48 hours, 24-48 hours.
- Trunks: 0-5 days, 6-8 days, 9-11 days, 12-14 days, 15-17 days, 18-20 days, >20 days
- < 10 and > 10 Circuits / Lines
- Average Interval in Days

# BellSouth OSS Testing Florida Interim Performance Metrics

#### ORDERING - (Firm Order Confirmation Timeliness - Continued)

Data Retained Relating to CLEC Experience:	Data Retained Relating to BST Performance:
Report Month	Report Month
Interval for FOC	Interval for FOC
<ul> <li>Total number of LSRs</li> </ul>	Total Number of LSRs
State and Region	State and Region
Retail Analog/Benchmark:	
Under development by the Interim Performance N	Measure Work Group. Upon completion, KPMG and
Commission Staff will recommend retail analogs	and/or benchmarks for approval by the FPSC.

Note: During Phase II, KPMG will conduct a special study of end-to-end timing of order confirmations (from initial receipt of the order by BST to transmission of the confirmation to the CLEC) in order to assess whether the definition of timeliness used in this metric is appropriate. This study will determine the transit times between the CLEC interface and the BST legacy systems. Loop qualification and loop make-up queries are not automated functions for BST. Therefore, these are not included in this metric. However, KPMG will make a special study of the timing of these queries relative to BST Retail operations.

# BellSouth OSS Testing Florida Interim Performance Metrics

#### **ORDERING**

Report/Measurement:			
Speed of Answer in Ordering Center			
Definition:			
Measures the average time a customer is in queue.			
Exclusions:			
None			
Business Rules:			
	nters the queue for that particular group in the LCSC. in the LCSC answers the call. The speed of answer is upsed time from the entry of a CLEC call into the		
Calculation:			
(Total time in seconds to reach the LCSC) / (Total	Number of Calls) in the Reporting Period.		
Report Structure:			
<ul> <li>CLEC Aggregate</li> <li>BST Aggregate (Combination of Residence Service Center and Business Service Center data</li> <li>Under development)</li> </ul>			
Level of Disaggregation:			
<ul> <li>CLEC Aggregate</li> <li>BST Aggregate (Combination of Residence Service Center and Business Service Center data under development)</li> </ul>			
Data Retained Relating to CLEC Experience:	Data Retained Relating to BST Performance:		
Mechanized tracking through LCSC     Automatic Call Distributor	Mechanized tracking through BST Retail center support systems		
Retail Analog/Benchmark:			
Parity with retail aggregate for BST Business Office	tes		

# BellSouth OSS Testing Florida Interim Performance Metrics

#### **PROVISIONING**

#### Report/Measurement:

Mean Held Order Interval & Distribution Intervals

#### Definition:

When delays occur in completing CLEC orders, the average period that CLEC orders are held for BST reasons, pending a delayed completion, should be no worse for the CLEC when compared to BST delayed orders.

#### Exclusions:

- Any order canceled by the CLEC will be excluded from this measurement.
- Order Activities of BST associated with internal or administrative use of local services.

#### Business Rules:

Mean Held Order Interval: This metric is computed at the close of each report period. The held order interval is established by first identifying all orders, at the close of the reporting interval, that both have not been reported as completed in SOCS and have passed the currently committed due date for the order. For each such order, the number of calendar days between the committed due date and the close of the reporting period is established and represents the held order interval for that particular order. The held order interval is accumulated by the standard groupings, unless otherwise noted, and the reason for the order being held. The total number of days accumulated in a category is then divided by the number of held orders within the same category to produce the mean held order interval.

CLEC Specific reporting is by type of held order (facilities, equipment, other), total number of orders held, and the total and average days.

Held Order Distribution Interval: This measure provides data to report total days held and identifies these in categories of >15 days and > 90 days. (orders counted in >90 days are also included in >15 days).

#### Calculation:

#### Mean Held Order Interval:

 $\Sigma$  (Reporting Period Close Date – Committed Order Due Date) / (Number of Orders Pending and Past The Committed Due Date) for all orders pending and past the committed due date.

#### Held Order Distribution Interval:

(# of Orders Held for ≥ 90 days) / (Total # of Orders Pending But Not Completed) X 100 (# of Orders Held for ≥ 15 days) / (Total # of Orders Pending But Not Completed) X 100

#### Report Structure:

- CLEC Specific
- CLEC Aggregate
- BST Aggregate

#### Level of Disaggregation:

- Product Reporting Levels
  - > POTS Residence
  - ➤ POTS Business
  - ➤ DESIGN
  - ➤ PBX
  - > CENTREX
  - > ISDN
  - UNE 2 Wire Loop with NP (Design and Non-Design)
  - ➤ UNE 2 Wire Loop without NP (Design and Non-Design)
  - > UNE Loop Other with NP (Design and Non-Design)
  - > UNE Loop Other without NP (Design and Non-Design)
  - ➤ UNE Other (Design and Non-Design)
  - > Switching (Under development)
  - Local Transport (Under development)
  - > Combos (Under development)
  - > NP (Under development as separate category)
  - Local Interconnection Trunks
- Geographic Scope
  - > State, Region, and further geographic disaggregation (MSA) as required by State Commission Order

# Beusoum OSS Testing Florida Interim Performance Metrics

#### PROVISIONING - (Mean Held Order Interval & Distribution Intervals - Continued)

Data Retained Relating to CLEC Experience	Data Retained Relating to BST Experience
Report Month CLEC Order Number and PON (PON) Order Submission Date (TICKET_ID) Committed Due Date (DD) Service Type(CLASS_SVC_DESC) Hold Reason Total line/circuit count (under development) Geographic Scope  NOTE: Code in parentheses is the corresponding header found in the raw data file.	Report Month BST Order Number Order Submission Date Committed Due Date Service Type Hold Reason Geographic Scope
Retail Analog/Benchmark:	
Resale and UNE-Platform: Parity with Retail UNE: Under development by the Interim Performan and Commission Staff will recommend retail analog	nce Measure Work Group. Upon completion, KPMG gs and/or benchmarks for approval by the FPSC.

Version 1/5/00

## BellSouth OSS Testing Florida Interim Performance Metrics

#### **PROVISIONING**

#### Report/Measurement:

Average Jeopardy Notice Interval & Percentage of Orders Given Jeopardy Notice

#### Definition:

When BST can determine in advance that a committed due date is in jeopardy, it will provide advance notice to the CLEC.

#### Exclusions:

- Any order canceled by the CLEC will be excluded from this measurement
- Orders held for CLEC end user reasons
- Orders submitted to BST through non-mechanized methods

#### Business Rules:

When BST can determine in advance that a committed due date is in jeopardy it will provide advance notice to the CLEC. The number of committed orders in a report period is the number of orders that have a due date in the reporting period.

#### Calculation:

Average Jeopardy Interval =  $\Sigma$  [(Date and Time of Scheduled Due Date on Service Order) - (Date and Time of Jeopardy Notice)]/[Number of Orders Notified of Jeopardy in Reporting Period).

Percent of Orders Given Jeopardy Notice = Σ [(Number of Orders Given Jeopardy Notices in Reporting Period) / (Number of Orders Confirmed (due) in Reporting Period)

#### Report Structure:

- CLEC Specific and CLEC Aggregate
- BST Aggregate (under development with estimated release date of 8/15/99 for June reporting)

#### Level of Disaggregation:

- Product Reporting Levels
  - > POTS Residence
  - ➤ POTS Business
  - > DESIGN
  - > PBX
  - > CENTREX
  - > ISDN
  - > UNE 2 Wire Loop with NP (Design and Non-Design)
  - ➤ UNE 2 Wire Loop without NP (Design and Non-Design)
  - > UNE Loop Other with NP (Design and Non-Design)
  - ➤ UNE Loop Other without NP (Design and Non-Design)
  - ➤ UNE Other (Design and Non-Design)
  - > Switching (Under development)
  - > Local Transport (Under development)
  - > Combos (Under development)
  - > NP (Under development as separate category)
  - > Local Interconnection Trunks
  - ➤ Geographic Scope
  - State, Region, and further geographic disaggregation (MSA) as required by State Commission Order

# BeilSouth OSS Testing Florida Interim Performance Metrics

#### PROVISIONING -

#### (Average Jeopardy Notice Interval & Percentage of Orders Given Jeopardy Notice - Continued)

Data Retained Relating to CLEC Experience	Data Retained Relating to BST Experience
Report Month	Report Month
CLEC Order Number and PON	CLEC Order Number and PON
Date and Time Jeopardy Notice sent	Date and Time Jeopardy Notice sent
Committed Due Date	Committed Due Date
Service Type	Service Type
NOTE: Code in parentheses is the corresponding header found in the raw data file.	NOTE: Code in parentheses is the corresponding header found in the raw data file.
Retail Analog/Benchmark:	
Under development by the Interim Performance M	feasure Work Group. Upon completion, KPMG and
Commission Staff will recommend retail analogs:	and/or benchmarks for approval by the FPSC.

## BellSouth OSS Testing Florida Interim Performance Metrics

#### **PROVISIONING**

#### Report/Measurement:

Percent Missed Installation Appointments

#### Definition:

"Percent missed installation appointments" monitors the reliability of BST commitments with respect to committed due dates to assure that CLECs can reliably quote expected due dates to their retail customer as compared to BST.

#### Exclusions:

- Canceled Service Orders
- Order Activities of BST or the CLEC associated with internal or administrative use of local services (Record Orders, Test Orders, etc.)
- Disconnect (D) & From (F) orders

#### Business Rules:

Percent Missed Installation Appointments is the percentage of total orders processed for which BST is unable to complete the service orders on the committed due dates. Missed Appointments caused by enduser reasons will be included and reported separately. A business day is any time period within the same date frame, which means there cannot be a cutoff time for commitments as certain types of orders are requested to be worked after standard business hours. Also, during Daylight Savings Time, field technicians are scheduled until 9PM in some areas and the customer is offered a greater range of intervals from which to select.

#### Calculation:

Percent Missed Installation Appointments =  $\Sigma$  (Number of Orders Not Complete by Committed Due Date in Reporting Period) / (Number of Orders Completed in Reporting Period) X 100

#### Report Structure:

- CLEC Specific
- CLEC Aggregate
- BST Aggregate

Report explanation: The difference between End User MA and Total MA is the result of BST caused misses. Here, Total MA is the total % of orders missed either by BST or CLEC end user and End User MA represents the percentage of orders missed by the end user

# BellSouth OSS Testing Florida Interim Performance Metrics

#### PROVISIONING - (Percent Missed Installation Appointments - Continued)

#### Level of Disaggregation:

- Reported in categories of <10 line/circuits; > 10 line/circuits
- Dispatch / No Dispatch
- Product Reporting Levels
  - ➤ POTS Residence
  - ➤ POTS Business
  - > DESIGN
  - ➤ PBX
  - > CENTREX
  - > ISDN
  - > UNE 2 Wire Loop with NP (Design and Non-Design)
  - ➤ UNE 2 Wire Loop without NP (Design and Non-Design)
  - ➤ UNE Loop Other with NP (Design and Non-Design)
  - > UNE Loop Other without NP (Design and Non-Design)
  - ➤ UNE Other (Design and Non-Design)
  - > Switching (Under development)
  - > Local Transport (Under development)
  - > Combos (Under development)
  - > NP (Under development as separate category)
  - > Local Interconnection Trunks
  - ➢ Geographic Scope
  - State, Region, and further geographic disaggregation (MSA) as required by State Commission Order

Data Retained Relating to CLEC Experience	Data Retained Relating to BST Experience
Report Month	Report Month
<ul> <li>CLEC Order Number and PON (PON)</li> </ul>	BST Order Number
Committed Due Date (DD)	Committed Due Date
Completion Date (CMPLTN DD)	Completion Date
Status Type	Status Type
Status Notice Date	Status Notice Date
Standard Order Activity	Standard Order Activity
Geographic Scope	Geographic Scope
NOTE: Code in parentheses is the corresponding header found in the raw data file.	

Retail Analog/Benchmark:

Under development by the Interim Performance Measure Work Group. Upon completion, KPMG and Commission Staff will recommend retail analogs and/or benchmarks for approval by the FPSC.

# BellSouth OSS Testing Florida Interim Performance Metrics

#### **PROVISIONING**

Report/Measurement:

Average Completion Interval (OCI) & Order Completion Interval Distribution

#### Definition:

The "average completion interval" measure monitors the interval of time it takes BST to provide service for the CLEC or its' own customers. The "Order Completion Interval Distribution" provides the percentage of orders completed within certain time periods.

#### Exclusions:

- Canceled Service Orders
- Order Activities of BST or the CLEC associated with internal or administrative use of local services
- (Record Orders, Test Orders, etc.)
- D (Disconnect) and F (From) orders. (From is disconnect side of a move order when the customer moves to a new address).
- "L" Appointment coded orders (where the customer has requested a later than offered interval)

#### Business Rules:

The actual completion interval is determined for each order processed during the reporting period. The completion interval is the elapsed time from when the order is electronically entered into SOCS after the FOC on a CLEC order, or the date time stamp receipt into SOCS by BST on retail orders to the order completion date. The clock starts when a valid order number is assigned by SOCS and stops when the technician or system completes the order in SOCS. Elapsed time for each order is accumulated for each reporting dimension. The accumulated time for each reporting dimension is then divided by the associated total number of orders completed

#### Calculation:

#### Average Completion Interval:

 $\Sigma$  [ (Completion Date & Time) - (Order Issue Date & Time) ] /  $\Sigma$  (Count of Orders Completed in Reporting Period)

#### Order Completion Interval Distribution:

Σ (Service Orders Completed in "X" days) / (Total Service Orders Completed in Reporting Period) X 100

#### Report Structure:

- CLEC Specific
- CLEC Aggregate
- BST Aggregate

## BellSouth OSS Testing Florida Interim Performance Metrics

#### PROVISIONING -

#### (Average Completion Interval (OCI) & Order Completion Interval Distribution - Continued)

#### Level of Disaggregation:

- Dispatch/No Dispatch categories applicable to all levels except trunks.
- Residence & Business reported in day intervals = 0,1,2,3,4,5,5+
- UNE and Design reported in day intervals = 0-5, 5-10, 10-15, 15-20, 20-25, 25-30, 30+
- All Levels are reported <10 line/circuits; >10 line/circuits
- Product Reporting Levels
  - ➤ POTS Residence
  - ➤ POTS Business
  - DESIGN
  - ➤ PBX
  - > CENTREX
  - > ISDN
  - ➤ UNE 2 Wire Loop with NP (Design and Non-Design)
  - ➤ UNE 2 Wire Loop without NP (Design and Non-Design)
  - ➤ UNE Loop Other with NP (Design and Non-Design)
  - > UNE Loop Other without NP (Design and Non-Design)
  - > UNE Other (Design and Non-Design)
  - > Switching (Under development)
  - > Local Transport (Under development)
  - > Combos (Under development)
  - > NP (Under development as separate category)
  - > Local Interconnection Trunks
  - ➤ Geographic Scope
  - State, Region, and further geographic disaggregation (MSA) as required by State Commission Order

#### Data Retained Relating to CLEC Experience Data Retained Relating to BST Experience Report Month Report Month **CLEC Order Number CLEC Company Name** Order Number (PON) Order Submission Date & Time Order Completion Date & Time Submission Date & Time (TICKET\_ID) Completion Date (CMPLTN DT) Service Type Service Type (CLASS\_SVC\_DESC) Geographic Scope Geographic Scope NOTE: Code in parentheses is the corresponding header found in the raw data file.

Retail Analog/Benchmark

Under development by the Interim Performance Measure Work Group. Upon completion, KPMG and Commission Staff will recommend retail analogs and/or benchmarks for approval by the FPSC.

# BellSouth OSS Testing Florida Interim Performance Metrics

#### **PROVISIONING**

#### Report/Measurement:

Average Completion Notice Interval

#### Definition:

The Completion Notice Interval is the elapsed time between the BST reported completion of work and the issuance of a valid completion notice to the CLEC.

#### Exclusions:

- Non-mechanized Orders
- Cancelled Service Orders
- Order Activities of BST associated with internal or administrative use of local services
- D & F orders

#### Business Rules:

Measurement of interval of completion date and time by a field technician on dispatched orders, and 5PM on the due date for non-dispatched orders; to the release of a notice to the CLEC/BST of the completion status. On all orders (mechanized and non-mechanized) the field technician notifies the CLEC by telephone the work was complete and then he enters the work order completion information and completion time in his computer. This information switches through to the SOCS systems either completing the order or rejecting the order to the Work Management Center (WMC). If the completion is rejected, it is manually corrected and then completed by the WMC. The notice is returned on each individual order submitted and as the notice is sent electronically, it can only be switched to those orders that were submitted by the CLEC electronically.

#### Calculation:

 $\Sigma$  (Date and Time of Notice of Completion) – (Date and Time of Work Completion) / (Number of Orders Completed in Reporting Period)

#### Report Structure:

- CLEC Specific
- CLEC Aggregate
- BST Aggregate (in development-expected release date 08/15/99 reporting)

#### Level of Disaggregation:

- Reporting intervals in Hours: 0-1, 1-2, 2-4, 4-8, 8-12, 12-24, > 24, plus Overall Average Hour Interval
- Reported in categories of <10 line/circuits; > 10 line/circuits
- Product Reporting Levels
  - ➤ POTS Residence
  - ➤ POTS Business
  - > DESIGN
  - ➤ PBX
  - > CENTREX
  - > ISDN
  - ➤ UNE 2 Wire Loop with NP (Design and Non-Design)
  - ➤ UNE 2 Wire Loop without NP (Design and Non-Design)
  - ➤ UNE Loop Other with NP (Design and Non-Design)
  - > UNE Loop Other without NP (Design and Non-Design)
  - UNE Other (Design and Non-Design)
  - Switching (Under development)
  - Local Transport (Under development)
  - > Combos (Under development)
  - > NP (Under development as separate category)
  - > Local Interconnection Trunks
  - ➢ Geographic Scope
  - State, Region, and further geographic disaggregation (MSA) as required by State Commission Order

# BellSouth OSS Testing Florida Interim Performance Metrics

#### PROVISIONING - (Average Completion Notice Interval - Continued)

Data Retained Relating to CLEC Experience	Data Retained Relating to BST Experience
Report Month	Report Month
CLEC Order Number	Service Order Number
Work Completion Date	Work Completion Date
Work Completion Time	Work Completion Time
Completion Notice Availability Date	Completion Notice Availability Date
Completion Notice Availability Time	Completion Notice Availability Time
Service Type	Service Type
Activity Type	Activity Type
Geographic Scope	Geographic Scope
NOTE: Code in parentheses is the corresponding	NOTE: Code in parentheses is the corresponding
header found in the raw data file.	header found in the raw data file.
Retail Analog/Benchmark:	
Under development by the Interim Performance N	leasure Work Group. Upon completion, KPMG and

Commission Staff will recommend retail analogs and/or benchmarks for approval by the FPSC.

# BellSouth OSS Testing Florida Interim Performance Metrics

#### **PROVISIONING**

#### Report/Measurement:

Coordinated Customer Conversions

#### Definition:

This category measures the average time it takes BST to disconnect an unbundled loop from the BST switch and cross connect it to a CLEC's equipment. This measurement applies to service orders with and without NP, and where the CLEC has requested BST to provide a coordinated cutover.

#### Exclusions

- Any order canceled by the CLEC will be excluded from this measurement.
- Delays due to CLEC following disconnection of the unbundled loop
- Unbundled Loops where there is no existing subscriber loop

#### Business Rules:

Where the service order includes NP, the interval includes the total time for the cutover including the translation time to place the line back in service on the ported line. The interval is calculated for the entire cutover time for the service order and then divided by items worked in that time to give the average per item interval for each service order.

# Calculation:

Σ [(Completion Date and Time for Cross Connection of an Unbundled Loop)- (Disconnection Date and Time of an Unbundled Loop)] / Total Number of Unbundled Loop Items for the reporting period.

# Report Structure:

- CLEC Specific
- CLEC Aggregate

# Level of Disaggregation:

- Reported in intervals <=5 minutes; >5,<15 minutes; >15 minutes, plus Overall Average interval
- Product Reporting Levels
  - UNE Loops without NP
  - ➤ UNE Loops with NP
  - ➢ Geographic Scope
  - > State, Region, and further geographic disaggregation as required by State Commission Order

Data Retained Relating to CLEC Experience	Data Retained Relating to BST Experience
Report Month	No BST Analog Exists
CLEC Order Number	
<ul> <li>Committed Due Date (DD)</li> </ul>	
Service Type (CLASS_SVC_DESC)	
Cutover Start Time	
Cutover Completion time	
Portability start and completion times	
(NP orders)	
Total Items	
NOTE: Code in parentheses is the corresponding	
header found in the raw data file.	
Retail Analog/Benchmark:	
95% within 15 minutes.	

# BellSoum Obd Testing Florida Interim Performance Metrics

# **PROVISIONING**

#### Report/Measurement:

% Provisioning Troubles within 30 days of Service Order Activity

#### Definition

Percent Provisioning Troubles within 30 days of Installation measures the quality and accuracy of installation activities.

#### Exclusions:

- Canceled Service Orders
- Order Activities of BST or the CLEC associated with internal or administrative use of local services (R Orders, Test Orders, etc.)
- D & F orders

#### Business Rules:

Measures the quality and accuracy of completed orders. The first trouble report from a service order after completion is counted in this measure. Subsequent trouble reports are measured in Repeat Report Rate. Reports are calculated searching in the prior report period for completed service orders and following 30 days after completion for a trouble report.

D & F orders are excluded as there is no subsequent activity following a disconnect.

#### Calculation:

% Provisioning Troubles within 30 days of Service Order Activity =  $\Sigma$  (Trouble reports on all completed orders  $\leq$  30 days following service order(s) completion) / (All Service Orders completed in the calendar month) X 100

#### Report Structure:

- CLEC Specific
- CLEC Aggregate
- BST Aggregate

# Level of Disaggregation:

- Reported in categories of <10 line/circuits; > 10 line/circuits
- Dispatch / No Dispatch
- Product Reporting Levels
  - ➤ POTS Residence
  - ➤ POTS Business
  - ➤ DESIGN
  - > PBX
  - > CENTREX
  - > ISDN
  - > UNE 2 Wire Loop with NP (Design and Non-Design)
  - ➤ UNE 2 Wire Loop without NP (Design and Non-Design)
  - > UNE Loop Other with NP (Design and Non-Design)
  - > UNE Loop Other without NP (Design and Non-Design)
  - UNE Other (Design and Non-Design)
  - > Switching (Under development)
  - > Local Transport (Under development)
  - > Combos (Under development)
  - > NP (Under development as separate category)
  - > Local Interconnection Trunks
  - ➤ Geographic Scope
  - State, Region, and further geographic disaggregation (MSA) as required by State Commission Order

# BellSouth OSS Testing Florida Interim Performance Metrics

# PROVISIONING - (% Provisioning Troubles within 30 days of Service Order Activity - Continued)

Data Retained Relating to CLEC Experience	Data Retained Relating to BST Experience
Report Month	Report Month
CLEC Order Number and PON	BST Order Number
Order Submission Date(TICKET ID)	Order Submission Date
Order Submission Time (TICKET_ID)	Order Submission Time
Status Type	Status Type
Status Notice Date	Status Notice Date
Standard Order Activity	Standard Order Activity
Geographic Scope	Geographic Scope
NOTE: Code in parentheses is the corresponding	
header found in the raw data file.	
Retail Analog/Benchmark:	
	feasure Work Group. Upon completion, KPMG and
Commission Staff will recommend retail analogs	and/or benchmarks for approval by the FPSC.

# BellSouth OSS Testing Florida Interim Performance Metrics

#### **PROVISIONING**

#### Report/Measurement:

Total Service Order Cycle Time (TSOCT)

#### Definition:

This is a new measurement under development to measure the total service order cycle time from receipt of a valid service order request to the completion of the service order.

#### Exclusions:

- Canceled Service Orders
- Order Activities of BST or the CLEC associated with internal or administrative use of local services
- (Record Orders, Test Orders, etc.)
- D (Disconnect) and F (From) orders. (From is disconnect side of a move order when the
  customer moves to a new address).
- "L" Appointment coded orders (where the customer has requested a later than offered interval)
- Orders with CLEC/Subscriber caused delays or CLEC/Subscriber requested due date changes.

#### Business Rules:

The interval is determined for each order processed during the reporting period. This measurement combines two reports: FOC (Firm Order Confirmation) with Average Order Completion Interval. This interval starts with the receipt of a valid service order request and stops when the technician or system completes the order in SOCS. Elapsed time for each order is accumulated for each reporting dimension. The accumulated time for each reporting dimension is then divided by the associated total number of orders completed

#### Calculation:

Total Service Order Cycle Time (under development)

# Report Structure:

- CLEC Specific
- CLEC Aggregate
- BST Aggregate

#### Level of Disaggregation:

- ISDN Orders included in Non Design GA Only
- Dispatch/No Dispatch categories applicable to all levels except trunks.
- Intervals under development
- Product Reporting Levels
  - > Interconnection Trunks
  - > POTS Residence
  - > POTS Business
  - > DESIGN
  - ➤ PBX
  - > CENTREX
  - > ISDN
  - > UNE 2 Wire Loop with NP (Design and Non-Design)
  - ➤ UNE 2 Wire Loop without NP (Design and Non-Design)
  - > UNE Loop Other with NP (Design and Non-Design)
  - > UNE Loop Other without NP (Design and Non-Design)
  - > UNE Other (Design and Non-Design)
  - > Switching (Under development)
  - > Local Transport (Under development)
  - > Combos (Under development)
  - > NP (Under development as separate category)
  - > Local Interconnection Trunks
- Geographic Scope
  - > State, Region and further geographic disaggregation as required by State Commission Order

# BellSouth OSS Testing Florida Interim Performance Metrics

### PROVISIONING - (Total Service Order Cycle Time (TSOCT) - Continued)

Data Retained Relating to CLEC Experience	Data Retained Relating to BST Experience
Report Month Interval for FOC CLEC Company Name Order Number (PON) Submission Date & Time (TICKET_ID) Completion Date (CMPLTN_DT) Service Type (CLASS_SVC_DESC) Geographic Scope  NOTE: Code in parentheses is the carresponding header found in the raw data file.	Report Month CLEC Order Number Order Submission Date & Time Order Completion Date & Time Service Type Geographic Scope

# Retail Analog/Benchmark

Under development by the Interim Performance Measure Work Group. Upon completion, KPMG and Commission Staff will recommend retail analogs and/or benchmarks for approval by the FPSC.

# BellSouth USS Testing Florida Interim Performance Metrics

#### MAINTENANCE & REPAIR

### Report/Measurement:

Missed Repair Appointments

#### Definition:

The percent of trouble reports not cleared by the committed date and time.

#### Exclusions:

- Trouble tickets canceled at the CLEC request.
- BST trouble reports associated with internal or administrative service.
- Customer Provided Equipment (CPE) troubles or CLEC Equipment Trouble.

#### Business Rules:

The negotiated commitment date and time is established when the repair report is received. The cleared time is the date and time that BST personnel clear the trouble and closes the trouble report in his Computer Access Terminal (CAT) or workstation. If this is after the Commitment time, the report is flagged as a "Missed Commitment" or a missed repair appointment. When the data for this measure is collected for BST and a CLEC, it can be used to compare the percentage of the time repair appointments are missed due to BST reasons. Note: Appointment intervals vary with force availability in the POTS environment. Specials and Trunk intervals are standard interval appointments of no greater than 24 hours.

#### Calculation:

Percentage of Missed Repair Appointments = $\Sigma$  (Count of Customer Troubles Not Cleared by the Quoted Commitment Date and Time) /  $\Sigma$  (Total Trouble reports closed in Reporting Period) X 100

### Report Structure:

- CLEC Specific
- CLEC Aggregate
- BST Aggregate

# Level of Disaggregation:

# ISDN Troubles included in Non-Design - GA ONLY

- Product Reporting Levels
  - > POTS Residence, Business
  - > Design
  - > PBX, CENTREX and ISDN
  - ➤ UNE 2 Wire Loop (Design and Non Design)
  - ➤ UNE Loop Other (Design and Non Design)
  - ➤ UNE Other (Design and Non Design)
  - > Switching, Local Transport and Combos (under development)
  - Local Interconnection Trunks
- Dispatch/No Dispatch categories applicable to all product levels
- Geographic Scope
  - State, Region and further geographic disaggregation as required by State Commission Order (e.g. Metropolitan Service Area - MSA)

Data Retained Relating to CLEC Experience	Data Retained Relating to BST Experience
Report Month	Report Month
CLEC Company Name	BST Company Code
Submission Date & Time (TICKET_ID)	Submission Date & Time
Completion Date (CMPLTN_DT)	Completion Date
Service Type (CLASS_SVC_DESC)	Service Type
<ul> <li>Disposition and Cause (CAUSE_CD &amp; CAUSE_DESC)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Disposition and Cause (Non-Design / Non-Special Only)</li> </ul>
Geographic Scope	<ul> <li>Trouble Code (Design and Trunking Services)</li> <li>Geographic Scope</li> </ul>
NOTE: Code in parentheses is the corresponding header found in the raw data file.	

# BellSouth OSS Testing Florida Interim Performance Metrics

# MAINTENANCE & REPAIR - (Missed Repair Appointments - Continued)

# Retail Analog/Benchmark

Under development by the Interim Performance Measure Work Group. Upon completion, KPMG and Commission Staff will recommend retail analogs and/or benchmarks for approval by the FPSC.

# BellSouth OSS Testing Florida Interim Performance Metrics

# MAINTENANCE & REPAIR

Report	7	Access -	-ment	
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Customer Trouble Report Rate

#### Definition:

Initial and repeated customer direct or referred troubles reported within a calendar month per 100 lines/ circuits in service.

#### Exclusions:

- Trouble tickets canceled at the CLEC request.
- BST trouble reports associated with administrative service.
- Customer provided Equipment (CPE) troubles or CLEC equipment troubles.

# Business Rules:

Customer Trouble Report Rate is computed by accumulating the number of maintenance initial and repeated trouble reports during the reporting period. The resulting number of trouble reports are divided by the total "number of service" lines, ports or combination of existing for the CLEC's and BST respectively at the end of the report month.

#### Calculation:

Customer Trouble Report Rate = (Count of Initial and Repeated Trouble Reports in the Current Period) / (Number of Service Access Lines in service at End of the Report Period) X 100

#### Report Structure:

- CLEC Specific
- CLEC Aggregate
- BST Aggregate

# Level of Disaggregation:

#### ISDN Troubles included in Non Design - GA Only

- Product Reporting Levels
  - POTS Residence and Business
    - > Design
    - > PBX, CENTREX, and ISDN
    - > UNE 2 Wire Loop (Design and Non Design)
    - > UNE Loop Other (Design and Non Design)
    - ➤ UNE Other (Design and Non Design)
    - > Switching, Local Transport, and Combos (under development)
    - > Local Interconnection Trunks
- Dispatch/No Dispatch categories applicable to all product levels
- Geographic Scope
  - > State, Region and further geographic disaggregation as required by State Commission Order (e.g. Metropolitan Service Area MSA)

Data Retained Relating to CLEC Experience	Data Retained Relating to BST Experience
Report Month	Report Month
CLEC Company Name	BST Company Code
Ticket Submission Date & Time (TICKET_ID)	<ul> <li>Ticket Submission Date &amp; Time</li> </ul>
Ticket Completion Date (CMPLTN_DT)	Ticket Completion Date
Service Type (CLASS_SVC_DESC)	Service Type
Disposition and Cause (CAUSE_CD & CAUSE_DESC)	<ul> <li>Disposition and Cause (Non-Design / Non-Special Only)</li> </ul>
<ul> <li># Service Access Lines in Service at the end of period</li> <li>Geographic Scope</li> </ul>	Trouble Code (Design and Trunking Services)
NOTE: Code in parentheses is the corresponding header found in the raw data file.	<ul> <li># Service Access Lines in Service at the end of period</li> <li>Geographic Scope</li> </ul>

### BellSouth OSS Testing Florida Interim Performance Metrics

# MAINTENANCE & REPAIR - (Customer Trouble Report Rate - Continued)

Retail Analog/Benchmark:

Under development by the Interim Performance Measure Work Group. Upon completion, KPMG and Commission Staff will recommend retail analogs and/or benchmarks for approval by the FPSC.

# BeilSouth OSS Testing Florida Interim Performance Metrics

#### **MAINTENANCE & REPAIR**

#### Report/Measurement:

Maintenance Average Duration

#### Definition:

The Average duration of Customer Trouble Reports from the receipt of the Customer Trouble Report to the time the trouble report is cleared.

#### Exclusions:

- Trouble reports canceled at the CLEC request
- BST trouble reports associated with administrative service
- Customer Provided Equipment (CPE) troubles or CLEC Equipment Troubles.
- Trouble reports greater than 10 days

#### Business Rules:

For Average Duration the clock starts on the date and time of the receipt of a correct repair request. The clock stops on the date and time the service is restored (when the technician completes the trouble ticket on his/her CAT or work system).

#### Calculation:

Maintenance Average Duration =  $\Sigma$ (Date and Time of Service Restoration) – (Date and Time Trouble Ticket was Opened) /  $\Sigma$ ( Total Closed Troubles in the reporting period)

### Report Structure:

- CLEC Specific
- . BST Aggregate
- CLEC Aggregate

#### Level of Disaggregation:

#### ISDN Troubles included in Non Design - GA Only

- Product Reporting Levels
  - > POTS- Residence and Business
  - > Design
  - > PBX, CENTREX, and ISDN
  - ➤ UNE 2 Wire Loop (Design Non Design)
  - ➤ UNE Loop Other (Design Non Design)
  - ➤ UNE Other (Design Non Design)
  - > Switching, Local Transport and Combos (under development)
  - Local Interconnection Trunks
- Dispatch/No Dispatch categories applicable to all product levels
- Geographic Scope
  - > State, Region and further geographic disaggregation as required by State Commission Order (e.g. Metropolitan Service Area MSA)

# BellSouth OSS Testing Florida Interim Performance Metrics

# MAINTENANCE & REPAIR - (Maintenance Average Duration - Continued)

Data Retained Relating to CLEC Experience	Data Retained Relating to BST Experience
Report Month	Report Month
Total Tickets (LINE_NBR)	Total Tickets
CLEC Company Name	BST Company Code
Ticket Submission Date & Time (TIME_ID)	Ticket Submission Date
Ticket Completion Date (CMPLTN_DT)	Ticket submission Time
Service Type (CLASS_SVC_DESC)	Ticket completion Date
Disposition and Cause (CAUSE_CD &	Ticket Completion Time
CAUSE_DESC)	Total Duration Time
Geographic Scope	Service Type
NOTE: Code in parentheses is the corresponding header found in the raw data file.	<ul> <li>Disposition and Cause (Non – Design / Non-Special Only)</li> <li>Trouble Code (Design and Trunking Services)</li> </ul>
	Geographic Scope

Retail Analog/Benchmark:

Under development by the Interim Performance Measure Work Group. Upon completion, KPMG and Commission Staff will recommend retail analogs and/or benchmarks for approval by the FPSC.

# BellSouth OSS Testing Florida Interim Performance Metrics

#### MAINTENANCE & REPAIR

#### Report/Measurement:

Percent Repeat Troubles within 30 Days

#### Definition:

Trouble reports on the same line/circuit as a previous trouble report received within 30 calendar days as a percent of total troubles reported.

#### Exclusions:

- Trouble Reports canceled at the CLEC request
- BST Trouble Reports associated with administrative service
- Customer Provided Equipment (CPE) Troubles or CLEC Equipment Troubles.

#### Business Rules:

Includes Customer trouble reports received within 30 days of an original Customer trouble report.

#### Calculation:

Percent repeat troubles within 30 days = (Count of Customer Troubles where more than one trouble report was logged for the same service line within a continuous 30 days) / (Total Trouble Reports Closed in Reporting Period) X 100

# Report Structure:

- CLEC Specific
- CLEC Aggregate
- BST Aggregate

#### Level of Disaggregation:

# ISDN Troubles included in Non Design - GA Only

- Product Reporting Levels
  - POTS Residence and Business
    - ➤ Design
    - PBX, CENTREX and ISDN
    - ➤ UNE 2 Wire Loop (Design and Non Design)
    - ➤ UNE Loop Other (Design and Non Design)
    - UNE Other (Design Non Design)
    - > Switching, Local Transport and Combos (under development)
    - > Local Invercentation Trunks
- Dispatch/No Dispatch categories applicable to all product levels
- Geographic Scope
  - State, Region and further geographic disaggregation as required by State Commission Order (e.g. Metropolitan Service Area - MSA)

#### Data Retained Relating to CLEC Experience

- Report Month
- Total Tickets (LINE\_NBR)
- CLEC Company Name
- Ticket Submission Date & Time (TICKET ID)
- Ticket Completion Date (CMPLTN DT)
- Total and Percent Repeat Trouble Reports within 30 Days (TOT\_REPEAT)
- Service Type
- Disposition and Cause (CAUSE\_CD & CAUSE\_DESC)
- Geographic Scope

# NOTE: Code parentheses is the corresponding header format found in the raw data file.

# Data Retained Relating to BST Experience

- Report Month
- Total Tickets
- BST Company Code
- Ticket Submission Date
- Ticket Submission Time
- Ticket Completion Date
- Ticket Completion Time
- Total and Percent Repeat Trouble Reports within 30 Days
- Service Type
- Disposition and Cause (Non Design/ Non-Special only)
- Trouble Code (Design and Trunking Services)
- Geographic Scope

#### BellSouth OSS Testing Florida Interim Performance Metrics

# MAINTENANCE & REPAIR - (Percent Repeat Troubles within 30 Days - Continued)

Retail Analog/Benchmark:
Under development by the Interim Performance Measure Work Group. Upon completion, KPMG and Commission Staff will recommend retail analogs and/or benchmarks for approval by the FPSC.

# BellSouth OSS Testing Florida Interim Performance Metrics

### MANTENANCE & REPAIR

#### Report/Measurement:

Out of Service (OOS) > 24 Hours

#### Definition:

For Out of Service Troubles (no dial tone, cannot be called or cannot call out) the percentage of troubles cleared in excess of 24 hours. (All design services are considered to be out of service).

#### Exclusions:

- Trouble Reports canceled at the CLEC request
- BST Trouble Reports associated with administrative service
- Customer Provided Equipment (CPE) Troubles or CLEC Equipment Troubles.

#### Business Rules:

Customer Trouble reports that are out of service and cleared in excess of 24 hours. The clock begins when the trouble report is created in LMOS and the trouble is counted if the time exceeds 24 hours.

#### Calculation:

Out of Service (OOS) > 24 hours = (Total Troubles OOS > 24 Hours) / Total OOS Troubles in Reporting Period) X 100

# Report Structure:

- CLEC Specific
- BST Aggregate
- CLEC Aggregate

#### Level of Disaggregation:

#### ISDN Troubles included in Non Design - GA Only

- Product Reporting Levels
  - > POTS Residence and Business
  - Design
  - PBX and CENTREX and ISDN
  - > UNE 2 Wire Loop (Design and Non Design)
  - ➤ UNE Loop Other (Design and Non Design)
  - ➤ UNE Other (Design and Non Design)
  - Switching, Local Transport and Combos (under development)
  - > Local Interconnection Trunks
- Dispatch No Dispatch categories applicable to all product levels
- Geographic Scope
  - State, Region and further geographic disaggregation as required by State Commission Order (e.g. Metropolitan Service Area- MSA)

(e.g. Metropolitan Service Area- MSA)		
Data Retained Relating to CLEC Experience	Data Retained Relating to BST Experience	
Report Month	Report Month	
Total Tickets	Total Tickets	
CLEC Company Name	BST Company Code	
<ul> <li>Ticket Submission Date &amp; Time</li> </ul>	Ticket Submission Date	
(TICKET_ID)	Ticket Submission time	
<ul> <li>Ticket Completion Date (CMPLTN_DT</li> </ul>	Ticket Completion Date	
<ul> <li>Percentage of Customer Troubles out of</li> </ul>	Ticket Completion Time	
Service > 24 Hours (OOS>24_FLAG)	Percent of Customer Troubles out of	
<ul> <li>Service type (CLASS_SVC_DESC)</li> </ul>	Service > 24 Hours	
<ul> <li>Disposition and Cause (CAUSE_CD &amp;</li> </ul>	Service type	
CAUSE-DESC)	<ul> <li>Disposition and Cause (Non – Design/</li> </ul>	
Geographic Scope	Non-Special only)	
	Trouble Code (Design and	
NOTE: Code in parentheses is the corresponding	Trunking Services)	
header found in the raw data file.	Geographic Scope	

#### BellSouth OSS Testing Florida Interim Performance Metrics

# MANTENANCE & REPAIR - (Out of Service (OOS) > 24 Hours - Continued)

Retail Analog/Benchmark:

Under development by the Interim Performance Measure Work Group. Upon completion, KPMG and Commission Staff will recommend retail analogs and/or benchmarks for approval by the FPSC.

# BellSouth OSS Testing Florida Interim Performance Metrics

# MAINTENANCE & REPAIR

Report/Measurement:	
OSS Interface Availability	
Definition:	
	tionally available compared to scheduled availability.  Interface systems and for the legacy systems accessed by
Exclusions:	
None	
Business Rules:	
This measure is designed to compare the OSS av systems.	ailability versus scheduled availability of BST's legacy
Calculation:	
OSS Interface Availability = (Actual System Fur Availability) X 100	ctional Availability) / (Actual planned System
Report Structure:	
CLEC Aggregate	
BST Aggregate	
BST/CLEC	·
Level of Disaggregation:	
Region	
Data Retained Relating to CLEC Experience	Data Retained Relating to BST Experience
Availability of CLEC TAFI	Availability of BST TAFI
Availability of LMOS HOST, MARCH	Availability of LMOS HOST, MARCH
and SOCS	and SOCS
<ul> <li>CRIS, PREDICTOR, LNP, and OSPCM (under development at this time)</li> </ul>	
Retail Analog/Benchmark:	
For all interfaces besides ECTA, parity with reta	uil. For ECTA, 99.5%.

# BellSouth OSS Testing Florida Interim Performance Metrics

#### MAINTENANCE & REPAIR

Report/Measurement:	_

OSS Response Interval and Percentages

#### Definition

The response intervals are determined by subtracting the time a request is received on the BST side of the interface until the response is received from the legacy system. Percentages of requests falling into each interval category are reported, along with the actual number of requests falling into those categories.

#### Exclusions:

Queries received during scheduled system maintenance time.

#### Business Rules:

This measure is designed to monitor the time required for the CLEC and BST interface system to obtain from BST's legacy systems the information required to handle maintenance and repair functions. The clock starts on the date and time when the request is received and the clock stops when the response has been transmitted through that same point to the requester.

#### Calculation:

OSS Response Interval = (Query Response Date and Time for Category "X") - (Query Request Date and Time for Category "X") - (Number of Queries Submitted in the Reporting Period) where, "X" is 0-4,  $\geq$  4 to 10,  $\geq$  10,  $\geq$  30 seconds.

#### Report Structure:

- CLEC
- BST Residence
- BST Business (BST Total is under development at this time) by interface for each legacy
- system and function as appropriate.

### Level of Disaggregation:

Region

Data Retained Relating to CLEC Experience	Data Retained Relating to BST Experience
CLEC Transaction Intervals	BST Business and Residence transaction Intervals
Retail Analog/Benchmark:	

Parity with retail.

# BellSouth OSS Testing Florida Interim Performance Metrics

# MAINTENANCE & REPAIR

Report/Measurement:	
Average Answer Time - Repair Centers	
Definition:	
	time for the CLEC representative to contact a BST in queue waiting for the LCSC or UNE Center Rep to
Exclusions:	
None	
Business Rules:	
	uired for CLEC & BST from the time of the ACD starts when the CLEC Rep makes a choice to be put in stops when the repair attendant answers the call.
Level of Disaggregation:	
<ul> <li>Region. CLEC/BST Service Centers and BS</li> </ul>	T Repair Centers are regional.
Calculation:	
Average Answer Time for BST's Repair Centers of entry into queue until ACD Selection) / (Total	= (Time BST Repair Attendant Answers Call) – (Time al number of calls by reporting period)
Report Structure:	
CLEC Aggregate     BST Aggregate     CLEC Aggregate	
Data Retained Relating to CLEC Experience	Data Retained Relating to BST Experience
CLEC Average Answer Time	BST Average Answer Time
Retail Analog/Benchmark:	
Under development by the Interim Performance	Measure Work Group. Upon completion, KPMG and

Commission Staff will recommend retail analogs and/or benchmarks for approval by the FPSC.

# BellSouth OSS Testing Florida Interim Performance Metrics

# BILLING

Report/Measurement:		
Invoice Accuracy		
Definition:		
This measure provides the percentage of accuracy	of the billing invoices rendered to CLECs during the	
current month.		
Exclusions:		
<ul> <li>Adjustments not related to billing errors (e.g., adjustments to satisfy the customer)</li> </ul>	credits for service outage, special promotion credits,	
Business Rules:		
	to the CLEC must enable them to provide a degree of	
	to retail customers BST. CLECs request adjustments	
on bills determined to be incorrect. The BellSouth		
	iod. The bill verification process draws from a mix of	
	rice. An end-to-end auditing process is performed for	
	and controls are maintained on all billing processes.	
Calculation:		
Invoice Accuracy = (Total Billed Revenues during		
during current month) / Total Billed Revenues duri	ng current month X 100	
Report Structure:		
CLEC Specific		
CLEC Aggregate		
BST Aggregate		
Level of Disaggregation :		
Product / Invoice Type		
Resale		
> UNE		
> Interconnection		
Geographic Scope		
> Region		
Data Retained Relating to CLEC Experience:	Data Retained Relating to BST Performance:	
Report Month	Report Month	
Invoice Type	Retail Type	
Total Billed Revenue     CRIS		
Billing Related Adjustments	> CABS	
Total Billed Revenue		
Billing Related Adjustments		
Retail Analog/Benchmark		
Parity with BST retail aggregate		
,		

# Bell:South OSS Testing Florida Inwrim Performance Metrics

# **BILLING**

Report/Measurement:

Mean Time to Deliver Invoices				
Definition:				
This measure provides the mean interval for billing invoices				
Exclusions:				
Any invoices rejected due to formatting or content	ettors,			
Business Rules:				
Measures the mean interval for timeliness of billing				
format. CRIS-based invoices are measured in busing	ness days, and CABS-based invoices in calendar days.			
Calculation:				
Mean Time To Deliver Invoice = Σ [(Invoice T	ransmission Date)- (Close Date of Scheduled Bill			
Cycle)] / (Count of Invoices Transmired in Report	ing Period)			
Report Structure:				
CLEC Specific				
CLEC Aggregate				
BST Aggregate				
Level of Disaggregation:				
Product / Invoice Type				
> Resale				
> UNE	•			
> Interconnection				
Geographic Scope				
➤ Region				
Data Retained Relating to CLEC Experience:	Data Retained Relating to BST Performance:			
Report Month	Report Month			
Invoice Type	Retail Type			
Invoice Transmission Count	> CRIS			
Date of Scheduled Bill Close	> CABS			
Invoice Transmission Count				
Date of Scheduled Bill Close				
Retail Analog/Benchmark:				
Parity with BST retail aggregate	•			

# BellSouth OSS Testing Florida Interim Performance Metrics

# **BILLING**

Retail Analog/Benchmark:

Report/Measurement:		
Usage Data Delivery Accuracy		
Definition:		
This measurement captures the percentage of recorded usage that is delivered error free and in an acceptable format to the appropriate Competitive Local Exchange Carrier (CLEC). These percentages will provide the necessary data for use as a comparative measurement for BellSouth performance. This measurement captures Data Delivery Accuracy rather than the accuracy of the individual usage recording.		
Exclusions:		
None		
Business Rules:		
The accuracy of the data delivery of usage records delivered by BST to the CLEC must enable them to provide a degree of accuracy comparative to BST bills rendered to their retail customers. If errors are detected in the delivery process, they are investigated, evaluated and documented. Errors are corrected and the data retransmitted to the CLEC.		
Calculations:		
	er of usage data packs sent during current month) – smission during current month)] / (Total number of	
Report Structure:		
CLEC Specific     CLEC Appropriate		
CLEC Aggregate     PST Aggregate		
BST Aggregate  Level of Disaggregation:		
Geographic Scope		
➤ Region		
Data Retained Relating to CLEC Experience:	Data Retained Relating to BST Performance:	
Report Month	Report Month	
Record Type	Record Type	
➤ BellSouth Recorded	- moore type	
> Non BellSouth Recorded		
	!	

Under development by the Interim Performance Measure Work Group. Upon completion, KPMG and Commission Staff will recommend retail analogs and/or benchmarks for approval by the FPSC.

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# BellSouth OSS Testing Florida Interim Performance Metrics

# **BILLING**

Report/Measurement:	
Usage Data Delivery Completeness	
Definition:	
by BellSouth and usage reworded by other companitransmitted to the CLEC within thirty (30) days of provided showing completeness of BST messages delivers its own retail usage from recording location billing data to other companies. Timeliness, Companies.	te and accurately recorded usage data (usage recorded ties and sent to BST for billing) that is processed and the message recording date. A parity measure is also processed and transmitted via CMDS. BellSouth on to billing location via CMDS as well as delivering pleteness and Mean Time to Deliver Usage measures
are reported on the same report.	
Exclusions:	
None	
Business Rules:	
appropriate CLEC. Method of delivery is at the o	rate the level of quality of usage data delivered to the ption of the CLEC.
Calculation:	
Usage Data Delivery Completeness = \( \Subseteq \text{Total num} \) current month that are within thirty (30) days of the Recorded usage records delivered during the current	
Report Structure	,
CLEC Specific     CLEC Aggregate     BST Aggregate	·
Level of Disaggregation:	
Geographic Scope     ➤ Region	
Data Retained Relating to CLEC Experience:	Data Retained Relating to BST Performance:
Report Month	Report Monthly
Record Type     BellSouth Recorded     Non BellSouth Recorded	Record Type
Retail Analog/Benchmark:	

Under development by the Interim Performance Measure Work Group. Upon completion, KPMG and Commission Staff will recommend retail analogs and/or benchmarks for approval by the FPSC.

# BellSouth OSS Testing Florida Interim Performance Metrics

# **BILLING**

Report/Measurement:		
Usage Data Delivery Timeliness		
Definition:		
This measurement provides a percentage of recorded usage data (usage recorded by BST and usage recorded by other companies and sent to BST for billing) that is delivered to the appropriate CLEC within six (6) calendar days from the receipt of the initial recording. A parity measure is also provided showing timeliness of BST messages processed and transmitted via CMDS. Timeliness, Completeness and Mean Time to Deliver Usage measures are reported on the same report.		
Exclusions:		
None		
Business Rules:		
The purpose of this measurement is to demonstrate the level of timeliness for processing and transmission of usage data delivered to the appropriate CLEC. The usage data will be mechanically transmitted or mailed to the CLEC data processing center once daily. The Timeliness interval of usage recorded by other companies is measured from the date BST receives the records to the date BST distributes to the CLEC. Method of delivery is at the option of the CLEC.		
Calculation:		
Usage Data Delivery Timeliness = $\Sigma$ (Total number of usage records sent within six (6) calendar days from initial recording/receipt) / $\Sigma$ (Total number of usage records sent) X 100		
Report Structure:	•	
CLEC Aggregate     CLEC Specific		
BST Aggregate		
Level of Disaggregation:		
Geographic Scope		
> Region Data Retained Relating to CLEC Experience: Data Retained Relating to BST Performance:		
Report Month     Report Monthly		
Record Type     Record Type		
➤ BellSouth Recorded		
> Non-BellSouth Recorded		
Retail Analog/Benchmark:		
Under development by the Interim Performance Measure Work Group. Upon completion, KPMG and		
Commission Staff will recommend retail analogs and/or benchmarks for approval by the FPSC.		

# BellSouth OSS Testing Florida Interim Performance Metrics

# **BILLING**

Report/Measurement:  Mean Time to Deliver Usage	
Definition:	
This measurement provides the average time it ta measure is also provided showing timeliness of B	kes to deliver Usage Records to a CLEC. A parity ST messages processed and transmitted via CMDS. liver Usage measures are reported on the same report.
Exclusions:	
None	
Business Rules:	
	te the average number of days it takes BST to deliver is mechanically transmitted or mailed to the CLEC data is at the option of the CLEC.
Calculation:	
Mean Time to Deliver Usage = Σ (Record volume Record) / total record volume	e X estimated number of days to deliver the Usage
Report Structure:	
CLEC Aggregate	
CLEC Specific	
BST Aggregate	
Level of Disnggregation:	
<ul> <li>Geographic Scope</li> <li>➤ Region</li> </ul>	
Data Retained Relating to CLEC Experience:	Data Retained Relating to BST Performance:
Report Month	Report Monthly
Record Type	Record Type
➤ BellSouth Recorded	
➤ Non-BellSouth Recorded	
Retail Analog/Benchmark:	
Under development by the Interim Performance In Commission Staff will recommend retail analogs	Measure Work Group. Upon completion, KPMG and

#### BellSouth OSS Testing Florida Interim Performance Metrics

#### **OPERATOR SERVICES AND DIRECTORY ASSISTANCE**

			men	

Speed to Answer Performance/Average Speed to Answer - Toll

#### Definition:

Measurement of the average time in seconds calls wait before answered by a toll operator.

#### Exclusions:

Calls abandoned by customers are not reflected in the average speed to answer but are reflected in the conversion tables where the percent answered within "X" seconds is determined.

#### Business Rules:

The call waiting measurement scan starts when the customer enters the queue and ends when a BST representative answers the call. The average speed to answer is determined by measuring and accumulating the seconds of wait time from the entry of a customer into the BST call management system queue until the customer is transferred to a BST representative. No distinction is made between CLEC customers and BST customers.

#### Calculation:

The Average Speed to Answer for toll is calculated by using data from monthly system measurement reports taken from the centralized call routing switches. The "total call waiting seconds" is a subcomponent of this measure which BST systems calculate by monitoring the number of calls in queue throughout the day multiplied by the time (in seconds) between monitoring events. The "total calls served" is the other sub-component of this measure, which BST systems record as the total number of calls handled by Operator Services toll centers. Since calls abandoned are not reflected in the calculation, the percent answered within the required timeframe is determined by using conversion tables with input for the abandonment rate.

### Report Structure:

Reported for the aggregate of BST and CLECs

State

# Level of Disaggregation:

None

Data Retained (on Aggregate Basis)

For the items below, BST's Performance Measurement Analysis Platform (PMAP) receives a final computation; therefore, no raw data file is available in PMAP.

- Month
- Call Type (Toll)
- Average Speed of Answer

### Retail Analog/Benchmark

# BeilSouth OSS Testing Florida Interim Performance Metrics

#### **OPERATOR SERVICES AND DIRECTORY ASSISTANCE**

#### Report/Measurement:

Speed to Answer Performance/Percent Answered within "X" Seconds - Toll

#### Definition:

Measurement of the percent of toll calls that are answered in less than "X" seconds. The number of seconds represented by "X" is thirty, except where a different regulatory benchmark has been set against the Average Speed to Answer by a State Commission.

#### Exclusions:

Calls abandoned by customers are not reflected in the average speed to answer but are reflected in the conversion tables where the percent answered within "X" seconds is determined.

#### Business Rules:

The call waiting measurement scan starts when the customer enters the queue and ends when a BST representative answers the call. The average speed to answer is determined by measuring and accumulating the seconds of wait time from the entry of a customer into the BST call management system queue until the customer is transferred to a BST representative. No distinction is made between CLEC customers and BST customers.

#### Calculation:

The Percent Answered within "X" Seconds measurement for toll is derived by using the BellCore Statistical Answer Conversion Tables, to convert the Average Speed to Answer measure into a percent of calls answered within "X" seconds. The BellCore Conversion Tables are specific to the defined parameters of work time, number of operators, max queue size and call abandonment rates.

### Report Structure:

Reported for the aggregate of BST and CLECs

State

# Level of Disaggregation:

None

### Data Retained (on Aggregate Basis)

For the items below, BST's Performance Measurement Analysis Platform (PMAP) receives a final computation; therefore, no raw data file is available in PMAP.

- Month
- Call Type (Toll)
- Average Speed of Answer

#### Retail Analog/Benchmark

# BellSouth OSS Testing Florida Interim Performance Metrics

#### **OPERATOR SERVICES AND DIRECTORY ASSISTANCE**

#### Report/Measurement:

Speed to Answer Performance/Average Speed to Answer - Directory Assistance (DA)

#### Definition:

Measurement of the average time in seconds calls wait before answer by a DA operator.

#### Exclusions:

Calls abandoned by customers are not reflected in the average speed to answer but are reflected in the conversion tables where the percent answered within "X" seconds is determined.

#### Business Rules:

The call waiting measurement scan starts when the customer enters the queue and ends when a BST representative answers the call. The average speed to answer is determined by measuring and accumulating the seconds of wait time from the entry of a customer into the BST call management system queue until the customer is transferred to a BST representative. No distinction is made between CLEC customers and BST customers.

#### Calculation:

The Average Speed to Answer for DA is calculated by using data from monthly system measurement reports taken from the centralized call routing switches. The "total call waiting seconds" is a sub-component of this measure which BST systems calculate by monitoring the number of calls in queue throughout the day multiplied by the time (in seconds) between monitoring events. The "total calls served" is the other sub-component of this measure, which BST systems record as the total number of calls handled by Operator Services DA centers. Since calls abandoned are not reflected in the calculation, the percent answered within the required timeframe is determined by using conversion tables with input for the abandonment rate.

### Report Structure:

Reported for the aggregate of BST and CLECs

• State

# Level of Disaggregation:

None

### Data Retained (on Aggregate Basis)

For the items below, BST's Performance Measurement Analysis Platform (PMAP) receives a final computation; therefore, no raw data file is available in PMAP.

- Month
- Call Type (DA)
- Average Speed of Answer

#### Retail Analog/Benchmark

#### **BellSouth OSS Testing** Florida Interim Performance Metrics

#### **OPERATOR SERVICES AND DIRECTORY ASSISTANCE**

#### Report/Measurement:

Speed to Answer Performance/Percent Answered within "X" Seconds - Directory Assistance (DA)

#### Definition:

Measurement of the percent of DA calls that are answered in less than "X" seconds. The number of seconds represented by "X" is twenty, except where a different regulatory benchmark has been set against the Average Speed to Answer by a State Commission.

#### Exclusions:

Calls abandoned by customers are not reflected in the average speed to answer but are reflected in the conversion tables where the percent answered within "X" seconds is determined.

#### Business Rules:

The call waiting measurement scan starts when the customer enters the queue and ends when a BST representative answers the call. The average speed to answer is determined by measuring and accumulating the seconds of wait time from the entry of a customer into the BST call management system queue until the customer is transferred to a BST representative. No distinction is made between CLEC customers and BST customers.

#### Calculation:

The Percent Answered within "X" Seconds measurement for DA is derived by using the BellCore Statistical Answer Conversion Tables, to convert the Average Speed to Answer measure into a percent of calls answered within "X" seconds. The BellCore Conversion Tables are specific to the defined parameters of work time, number of operators, max queue size and call abandonment rates.

#### Report Structure:

Reported for the aggregate of BST and CLECs

# Level of Disaggregation:

None

Data Retained (on Aggregate Basis)

For the items below, BST's Performance Measurement Analysis Platform (PMAP) receives a final computation; therefore, no raw data file is available in PMAP.

- Month
- Call Type (DA)
- Average Speed of Answer

#### Retail Analog/Benchmark

Parity by Design

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# BellSouth OSS Testing Florida Interim Performance Metrics

# E911

	Measurement:
	imeliness
Definitio	
	res the percentage of batch orders for E911 database updates (to CLEC resale and BST retail b) processed successfully within a 24-hour period.
Exclusion	15:
• A	ny resale order canceled by a CLEC
• F	acilities-based CLEC orders
Business	Rules:
orders SCC (E Order (	hour processing period is calculated based on the date and time processing starts on the batch and the date and time processing stops on the batch orders. Mechanical processing starts when BST's E911 vendor) receives E911 files containing batch orders extracted from BST's Service Communication System (SOCS). Processing stops when SCC loads the individual records to the atabase. No distinctions are made between CLEC resale records and BST retail records.
Calculat	ion:
	imeliness = $\Sigma$ (Number of batch orders processed within 24 hours + Total number of batch orders and $\Sigma$ 100
Report S	tructure:
Report	ed for the aggregate of CLEC resale updates and BST retail updates
• Sta	ite
• Re	gion
Levels of	Disaggregation:
None	
Data Ret	ained
• R	eport month
	ggregate data
Retail A	nalog/Benchmark

# BellSouth OSS Testing Florida Interim Performance Metrics

#### E911

Report	- MA	***	 

E911/Accuracy

#### Definition:

Measures the individual E911 telephone number (TN) record updates (to CLEC resale and BST retail records) processed successfully for E911 with no errors.

#### Exclusions:

- Any resale order canceled by a CLEC
- Facilities-based CLEC orders

#### Business Rules:

Accuracy is based on the number of records processed without error at the conclusion of the processing cycle. Mechanical processing starts when SCC (BST's E911 vendor) receives E911 files containing telephone number (TN) records extracted from BST's Service Order Communication System (SOCS). No distinctions are made between CLEC resale records and BST retail records.

#### Calculation:

E911 Accuracy = Σ(Number of record individual updates processed with no errors + Total number of individual record updates) X 100

### Report Structure:

Reported for the aggregate of CLEC resale updates and BST retail updates

- State
- Region

# Level of Disaggregation:

None

#### Data Retained

- Report month
- Aggregate data

# Retail Analog/Benchmark

# BellSouth OSS Testing Florida Interim Performance Metrics

# E911

Denort/Maggurament
Report/Measurement: E911/Mean Interval
Definition:
- VIII
Measures the mean interval processing of E911 batch orders (to update CLEC resale and BST retail records).
Exclusions:
Any resale order canceled by a CLEC
Facilities-based CLEC orders
Business Rules:
The processing period is calculated based on the date and time processing starts on the batch orders and the date and time processing stops on the batch orders. Data is posted in 4-hour increments up to and beyond 24 hours. No distinctions are made between CLEC resale records and BST retail records.
Calculation:
E911 Mean Interval = Σ (Date and time of batch order completion – Date and time of batch order submission) + (Number of batch orders completed)
Report Structure:
Reported for the aggregate of CLEC resale updates and BST retail updates
State
Region
Level of Disaggregation:
None
Data Retained (on Aggregate Basis)
Report month
Aggregate data
Retail Analog/Benchmark
Parity by Design

# BellSouth OSS Testing Florida Interim Performance Metrics

#### TRUNK GROUP PERFORMANCE

Ren	net/M	easuremeut:

Trunk Group Service Report

#### Definition

A report of the percent blocking above the Measured Blocking Threshold (MBT) on all final trunk groups between CLEC Points of Termination and BST end offices or tandems.

#### Exclusions

- Trunk groups for which valid traffic data is not available
- High use trunk groups

#### Business Rules:

Traffic trunking data measurements are validated and processed by the Total Network Data System/Trunking (TNDS/TK), a Telcordia (BellCore) supported application, on an hourly basis for Average Business Days (Monday through Friday). The traffic load sets, including offered load and observed blocking ratio (calls blocked divided by calls attempted), are averaged for a 20 day period, and the busy hour is selected. The busy hour average data for each trunk group is captured for reporting purposes. Although all trunk groups are available for reporting, the report highlight those trunk groups with blocking greater than the Measured Blocking Threshold (MBT) and the number of consecutive monthly reports that the trunk group blocking has exceeded the MBT. The MBT for CTTG is 2% and the MBT for all other trunk groups is 3%.

#### Calculation:

Measured blocking = (Total number of blocked calls) / (Total number of attempted calls) X 100

#### Report Structure:

- BST Aggregate
  - > CTTG
  - > Local
- CLEC Aggregate
  - ▶ BST Administered CLEC Trunk
  - > CLEC Administered CLEC Trunk
- CLEC Specific
  - ▶ BST Administered CLEC Trunk
  - > CLEC Administered CLEC Trunk

### Level of Disaggregation:

State

# Data Retained Relating to CLEC Experience Report month Total trunk groups Total trunk groups for which data is available Data Retained Relating to BST Experience Report month Total trunk groups Total trunk groups Total trunk groups for which data is available

- Trunk groups with blocking greater than the MBT
- Percent of trunk groups with blocking greater than the MBT
- Percent of trunk groups with blocking greater than the MBT

Trunk groups with blocking greater than the

### Retail Analog/Benchmark:

CLEC Trunk Blockage/BST Trunk Blockage

# BellSouth OSS Testing Florida Interim Performance Metrics

# TRUNK GROUP PERFORMANCE

number reports

Retail Analog/Benchmark:

CLEC Trunk Blockage/BST Trunk Blockage

TRUNK GROUP PERFORMANCE			
Report/Measurement:			
Trunk Group Service Detail			
Definition:			
A detailed list of all final trunk groups between CL			
tandems, and the actual blocking performance when	n the blocking exceeds the Measured Blocking		
Threshold (MBT) for the trunk groups.			
Exclusions:			
<ul> <li>Trunk groups for which valid traffic data is n</li> </ul>	ot available		
High use trunk groups			
Business Rules:			
Traffic trunking data measurements are validated a	nd processed by the Total Network Data		
System/Trunking (TNDS/TK), a Telcordia (Bellcon	re) supported application, on an hourly basis for		
Average Business Days (Monday through Friday).			
observed blocking ratio (calls blocked divided by c	calls attempted), are averaged for a 20 day period, and		
the busy hour is selected. The busy hour average da			
	or reporting, the report highlight those trunk groups		
with blocking greater than the Measured Blocking			
	exceeded the MBT. The MBT for CTTG is 2% and the		
MBT for all other trunk groups is 3%.	· <u>-</u>		
Calculation:			
Measured Blocking = (Total number of blocked cal	lls) / (Total number of attempted calls) X 100		
Report Structure:			
BST Specific	CLEC Specific		
Traffic Identity	Traffic Identity		
> TGSN	> TGSN		
> Tandem	> Tandem		
> End Office	> CLEC POT		
> Description	Description		
Observed Blocking     Description	Observed Blocking     Durant Management		
<ul><li>Busy Hour</li><li>Number Trunks</li></ul>	> Busy Hour		
> Valid study days	<ul><li>Number Trunks</li><li>Valid study days</li></ul>		
<ul><li>Valid study days</li><li>Number reports</li></ul>	> Number reports		
> Remarks	> Remarks		
Level of Disaggregation:			
State State			
Data Retained Relating to CLEC Experience	Data Retained Relating to BST Experience		
Report month	Report month		
Total trunk groups	Total trunk groups		
<ul> <li>Total trunk groups</li> <li>Total trunk groups for which data is available</li> </ul>	Total trunk groups     Total trunk groups for which data is available		
Trunk groups with blocking greater than the	Trunk groups with blocking greater than the MBT		
MBT	5.52.5		
<ul> <li>Percent of trunk groups with blocking greater than the MBT</li> </ul>	Percent of trunk groups with blocking greater than the MBT		
Traffic identity, TGSN, end points,	Traffic identity, TGSN, end points,		
description, busy hour, valid study days,	description, busy hour, valid study days,		

number reports

# BellSouth OSS Testing Florida Interim Performance Metrics

# COLLOCATION

Report/Measurement:
Collocation/Average Response Time
Definition:
Measures the average time (counted in business days) from the receipt of a complete and accurate collocation application (including receipt of application fees) to the date BellSouth responds in writing.
Exclusions:
<ul> <li>Requests to augment previously completed arrangements</li> </ul>
Any application cancelled by the CLEC
Business Rules:
The clock starts on the date that BST receives a complete and accurate collocation application
accompanied by the appropriate application fee. The clock stops on the date that BST returns a response.
The clock will restart upon receipt of changes to the original application request.
Calculation:
Average Response Time = E(Request Response Date) - (Request Submission Date) / Count of
Responses Returned within Reporting Period.
Report Structure:
Individual CLEC (alias) aggregate
Aggregate of all CLECs
Level of Disaggregation:
State, Region and further geographic disaggregation as required by State Commission Order
• Virtual
Physical
Data Retained:
Report period
Aggregate data
Retail Analog/Benchmark:
Under development

# BellSouth OSS Testing Florida Interim Performance Metrics

#### COLLOCATION

### Report/Measurement:

Collocation/Average Arrangement Time

#### Definition:

Measures the average time (counted in business days) from the receipt of a complete and accurate Bona Fide firm order (including receipt of appropriate fee) to the date BST completes the collocation arrangement.

#### Exclusions:

- Any Bona Fide firm order cancelled by the CLEC
- Bona Fide firm orders to augment previously completed arrangements
- Time for BST to obtain permits
- Time during which the collocation contract is being negotiated

### **Business Rules:**

The clock starts on the date that BST receives a complete and accurate Bona Fide firm order accompanied by the appropriate fee. The clock stops upon submission of the permit request and Restarts upon receipt of the approved permit. Changes (affecting the provisioning interval or capital expenditures) that are submitted while provisioning is in progress may after the completion date. The clock stops on the date that BST completes the collocation arrangement.

#### Calculation:

Average Arrangement Time =  $\Sigma$ (Date Collocation Arrangement is Complete) – (Date Order for Collocation Arrangement Submitted) / Total Number of Collocation Arrangements Completed during Reporting Period.

### Report Structure:

- Individual CLEC (alias) aggregate
- Aggregate of all CLECs

### Level of Disaggregation:

- State, Region and further geographic disaggregation as required by State Commission Order
- Virtual
- Physical

# Data Retained:

- Report period
- Aggregate data

# Retail Analog/Benchmark:

Under development

# BellSouth OSS Testing Florida Interim Performance Metrics

# **COLLOCATION**

Collocation/Percent of Due Dates Missed  Definition:  Measures the percent of missed due dates for collocation arrangements.  Exclusions:  Any Bona Fide firm order cancelled by the CLEC  Bona Fide firm orders to augment previously completed arrangements  Time for BST to obtain permits  Time during which the collocation contract is being negotiated  Business Rules:  The clock starts on the date that BST receives a complete and accurate Bona Fide firm order accompanied by the appropriate fee. The clock stops on the date that BST completes the collocation arrangement.  Calculation:  % of Due Dates Missed = Σ (Number of Orders not completed w/i ILEC Committed Due Date during Reporting Period) / Number of Orders Completed in Reporting Period) X 100  Report Structure:  Individual CLEC (alias) aggregate  Aggregate of all CLECs  Level of Disaggregation:  State, Region and further geographic disaggregation as required by State Commission Order  Virtual  Physical  Data Retained:  Report period  Aggregate data  Retail Analog/Benchmark:  Under development	Report/Measurement:
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Aggregate data  Retail Analog/Benchmark:	Data Retained:
Aggregate data  Retail Analog/Benchmark:	Report period
Under development	Retail Analog/Benchmark:
	Under development

# BellSouth OSS Testing Florida Interim Performance Metrics

# Appendix A: Reporting Scope\*

Standard Service Groupings	Pre-Order, Ordering
	Resale Residence
	Resale Business
	Resale Special
	Local Interconnection Trunks
	• UNE
	UNE - Loops w/LNP
	Provisioning
	UNE Non-Design
	UNE Design
	UNE Loops w/LNP
	Local Interconnection Trunks
	Resale Residence
	Resale Business
•	Resale Design
	BST Trunks
	BST Residence Retail
	BST Business Retail
	Maintenance and Repair
	Local Interconnection Trunks
	UNE Non-Design
	UNE Design
	Resale Residence
	Resale Business
	BST Interconnection Trunks
	BST Residence Retail
	BST Business Retail
	Local Interconnection Trunk Group Blockage
	BST CTTG Trunk Groups
	CLEC Trunk Groups

# BeilSouth OSS Testing Florida Interim Performance Metrics

# Appendix A: Reporting Scope

Standard Service Order Activities  These are the generic BST/CLEC service order activities which are included in the Pre-Ordering, Ordering, and Provisioning sections of this document. It is not meant to indicate specific reporting categories.	New Service Installations     Service Migrations Without Changes     Service Migrations With Changes     Move and Change Activities     Service Disconnects (Unless noted otherwise)
Pre-Ordering Query Types:  Maintenance Query Types:	Address     Telephone Number     Appointment Scheduling     Customer Service Record     Feature Availability
Report Levels	CLEC RESH CLEC MSA CLEC State CLEC Region Aggregate CLEC State Aggregate CLEC Region BST State BST Region

<sup>\*</sup> Scope is report, data source and system dependent, and, therefore, will differ with each report

# BellSouth OSS Testing Florida Interim Performance Metrics

#### Appendix B: Recommended Additional Metrics

KPMG has agreed to investigate the feasibility of capturing these additional metrics results through its role as an ALEC during the testing. These additional metrics include:

- Percent Service Loss from Early and Late Cuts
- Percent of Hot Cuts Not Working When Initially Provisioned
- Percent Completions or Attempt without Notice or with Less than 24 Hours Notice
- Percent Order Accuracy
- Percent of Orders Canceled or Supplemented at the Request of BellSouth
- Percent and Timeliness of EDI and TAG LSR Acknowledgments
- Provisioning Troubles Prior to Loop Acceptance
- Percent Orders Canceled After Missed Due Date
- Percent Found OK/Test OK/CPE
- ALEC Center Call Abandonment Rate
- Average Notification of Interface/OSS Outage
- Percent of Change Management Notices and Documentation Sent on Time
- Percent of Software Certification Failures and Software Problem Resolution
- Percent Billing Errors Corrected in X days
- Loop Make-up Information Timeliness
- Provisioning Trouble Reports Prior to Service Order Completion
- Coordinated Customer Conversions as a Percentage On-Time

# BellSouth OSS Testing Florida Interim Performance Metrics

# Appendix C: Glossary of Acronyms and Terms

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A	ACD	Automatic Call Distributor - A service that provides status monitoring of agents in a call center and routes high volume incoming telephone calls to available agents while collecting management information on both callers and attendants.
	AGGREGATE	Sum total of all items in like category, e.g. CLEC aggregate equals the sum total of all CLECs' data for a given reporting level.
	ASR	Access Service Request - A request for access service terminating delivery of carrier traffic into a Local Exchange Carrier's network.
	ATLAS	Application for Telephone Number Load Administration System - The BellSouth Operations System used to administer the pool of available telephone numbers and to reserve selected numbers from the pool for use on pending service requests/service orders.
	ATLASTN	ATLAS software contract for Telephone Number
	AUTO CLARIFICATION	The number of LSRs that were electronically rejected from LESOG and electronically returned to the CLEC for correction.
В	BILLING	The process and functions by which billing data is collected and by which account information is processed in order to render accurate and timely billing.
	BOCRIS	Business Office Customer Record Information System - A front-end presentation manager used by BellSouth organizations to access the CRIS database.
	BRC	Business Repair Center - The BellSouth Business Systems trouble receipt center which serves large business and CLEC customers.
	BST	BellSouth Telecommunications, Inc.
С	CKTID	A unique identifier for elements combined in a service configuration
	CLEC	Competitive Local Exchange Carrier
	CMDS	Centralized Message Distribution System - BellCore administered national system used to transfer specially formatted messages among companies.
	COFFI	Central Office Feature File Interface - A BellSouth Operations System database which maintains Universal Service Order Code (USOC) information based on current tariffs.

# BeilSouth OSS Testing Florida Interim Performance Metrics

C	COFIUSOC	COFFI software contract for feature/service information
	CRIS	Customer Record Information System - The BellSouth proprietary corporate database and billing system for non-access customers and services.
	CRSACCTS	CRIS software contract for CSR information
	CSR	Customer Service Record
	CTTG	Common Transport Trunk Group - Final trunk groups between BST & Independent end offices and the BST access tandems.
D	DESIGN	Design Service is defined as any Special or Plain Old Telephone Service Order which requires BellSouth Design Engineering Activities
	DISPOSITION & CAUSE	Types of trouble conditions, e.g. No Trouble Found, Central Office Equipment, Customer Premises Equipment, etc.
	DLETH	Display Lengthy Trouble History - A history report that gives all activity on a line record for trouble reports in LMOS
	DLR	Detail Line Record - All the basic information maintained on a line record in LMOS, e.g. name, address, facilities, features etc.
	DOE	Direct Order Entry System - An internal BellSouth service order entry system used by BellSouth Service Representatives to input business service orders in BellSouth format.
	DSAP	DOE (Direct Order Entry) Support Application - The BellSouth Operations System which assists a Service Representative or similar carrier agent in negotiating service provisioning commitments for non- designed services and UNEs.
	DSAPDDI	DSAP software contract for schedule information
E	E911	Provides callers access to the applicable emergency services bureau by dialing a 3-digit universal telephone number.
	EDI	Electronic Data Interchange - The computer-to-computer exchange of inter and/or intra company business documents in a public standard format.
F	FATAL REJECT	The number of LSRs that were electronically rejected from LEO, which checks to see of the LSR has all the required fields correctly populated
	FLOW- THROUGH	In the context of this document, LSRs submitted electronically via the CLEC mechanized ordering process that flow through to the BST OSS without manual or human intervention.
	FOC	Firm Order Confirmation - A notification returned to the CLEC confirming that the LSR has been received and accepted, including the specified commitment date.

# BellSouth OSS Testing Florida Interim Performance Metrics

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H	HAL	"Hands Off" Assignment Logic - Front end access and error resolution logic used in interfacing BellSouth Operations Systems such as ATLAS, BOCRIS, LMOS, PSIMS, RSAG and SOCS.
	HALCRIS	HAL software contract for CSR information
I K	ISDN	Integrated Services Digital Network
L	LCSC	Local Carrier Service Center - The BellSouth center which is dedicated to handling CLEC LSRs, ASRs, and Preordering transactions along with associated expedite requests and escalations.
	LEGACY SYSTEM	Term used to refer to BellSouth Operations Support Systems (see OSS)
	LENS	Local Exchange Negotiation System - The BellSouth LAN/web server/OS application developed to provide both preordering and ordering electronic interface functions for CLECs.
	LEO	Local Exchange Ordering - A BellSouth system which accepts the output of EDI, applies edit and formatting checks, and reformats the Local Service Requests in BellSouth Service Order format.
	LESOG	Local Exchange Service Order Generator - A BellSouth system which accepts the service order output of LEO and enters the Service Order into the Service Order Control System using terminal emulation technology.
	LMOS	Loop Maintenance Operations System - A BellSouth Operations System that stores the assignment and selected account information for use by downstream OSS and BellSouth personnel during provisioning and maintenance activities.
	LMOS HOST	LMOS host computer
	LMOSupd	LMOS updates
	LNP	Local Number Portability - In the context of this document, the capability for a subscriber to retain his current telephone number as he transfers to a different local service provider.
	LOOPS	Transmission paths from the central office to the customer premises.
	LSR	Local Service Request - A request for local resale service or unbundled network elements from a CLEC.
M	MAINTENANCE & REPAIR	The process and function by which trouble reports are passed to BellSouth and by which the related service problems are resolved.
	MARCH	A BellSouth Operations System which ascepts service orders, interprets the coding contained in the service order image, and constructs the specific switching system Recent Change command messages for input into end office switches.

# BellSouth OSS Testing Florida Interim Performance Metrics

	T	Las di avanti i
N	NC	"No Circuits" - All circuits busy announcement
0	OASIS	Obtain Availability Services Information System - A BellSouth front- end processor, which acts as an interface between COFFI and RNS. This system takes the USOCs in COFFI and translates them to English for display in RNS.
ł	OASISBSN	OASIS software contract for feature/service
	OASISCAR	OASIS software contract for feature/service
1	OASISLPC	OASIS software contract for feature/service
1	OASISMIN	OASIS software contract for feature/service
	OASISNET	OASIS software contract for feature/service
	OASISOCP	OASIS software contract for feature/service
	ORDERING	The process and functions by which resale services or unbundled network elements are ordered from BellSouth as well as the process by which an LSR or ASR is placed with BellSouth.
	OSPCM	Outside Plant Contract Management System - Provides Scheduling Information.
	OSS	Operations Support System - A support system or database which is used to mechanize the flow or performance of work. The term is used to refer to the overall system consisting of hardware complex, computer operating system(s), and application which is used to provide the support functions.
	OUT OF SERVICE	Customer has no dial tone and cannot call out.
P	POTS	Plain Old Telephone Service
	PREDICTOR	The BellSouth Operations system which is used to administer proactive maintenance and rehabilitation activities on outside plant facilities, provide access to selected work groups (e.g. RRC & BRC) to Mechanized Loop Testing and switching system I/O ports, and provide certain information regarding the attributes and capabilities of outside plant facilities.
	PREORDERING	The process and functions by which vital information is obtained, verified, or validated prior to placing a service request.
	PROVISIONING	The process and functions by which necessary work is performed to activate a service requested via an LSR or ASR and to initiate the proper billing and accounting functions.
	PSIMS	Product/Service Inventory Management System - A BellSouth database Operations System which contains availability information on switching system features and capabilities and on BellSouth service availability. This database is used to verify the availability of a feature or service in an NXX prior to making a commitment to the customer.
	PSIMSORB	PSIMS software contract for feature/service
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# BellSouth OSS Testing Florida Interim Performance Metrics

Q R	RNS	Regional Negotiation System - An internal BellSouth service order entry system used by BellSouth Consumer Services to input service orders in
		BeilSouth format
	RRC	Residence Repair Center - The BellSouth Consumer Services trouble receipt center which serves residential customers.
	RSAG	Regional Street Address Guide - The BellSouth database, which contains street addresses validated to be accurate with state and local governments.
	RSAGADDR	RSAG software contract for address search
	RSAGTN	RSAG software contract for telephone number search
S	SOCS	Service Order Control System - The BellSouth Operations System
		which routes service order images among BellSouth drop points and BellSouth Operations Systems during the service provisioning process.
	SOIR	Service Order Interface Record - any change effecting activity to a customer account by service order that impacts 911/E911.
T	TAFI	Trouble Analysis Facilitation Interface - The BellSouth Operations System that supports trouble receipt center personnel in taking and handling customer trouble reports.
	TAG	Telecommunications Access Gateway – TAG was designed to provide an electronic interface, or machine-to-machine interface for the bi-directional flow of information between BellSouth's OSSs and participating CLECs.
	TN	Telephone Number
	TOTAL MANUAL FALLOUT	The number of LSRs which are entered electronically but require manual entering into a service order generator.
U	UNE	Unbundled Network Element
V		
W	WIN	A unique identifier for elements combined in a service configuration
Y		
<u>x</u>		
$\frac{\overline{\Sigma}}{\Sigma}$		Sum of: