Legal Department

PM 4:

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LISA S. FOSHEE General Attorney

BellSouth Telecommunications, Inc. 150 South Monroe Street Room 400 Tallahassee, Florida 32301 (404) 335-0754

ÖRIGINAN

March 1, 2000

Mrs. Blanca S. Bayó Director, Division of Records and Reporting Florida Public Service Commission 2540 Shumard Oak Boulevard Tallahassee, FL 32399-0850

Re: Docket No. 991237-TP

Dear Ms. Bayó:

cc: All Parties of Record Marshall M. Criser III

> R. Douglas Lackey Nancy B. White

> > **RECEIVED & FILED**

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OTH

Enclosed please find the original and fifteen copies of BellSouth Telecommunications, Inc.'s Rebuttal Testimony of W. Keith Milner and Jerry Hendrix, Ike Byrd, and David P. Scollard which we ask that you file in the abovereferenced matter.

A copy of this letter is enclosed. Please mark it to indicate that the original was filed and return the copy to me. Copies have been served to the parties shown on the attached Certificate of Service.

Sincerely.

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RECORDS/REPORTING

PSC-RECORDS/

REPORTING

Lisa S. Foshee

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE Docket No. 991237-TP

I HEREBY CERTIFY that a true and correct copy of the foregoing was served via

U.S. Mail this 1st day of March, 2000 to the following:

Diana Caldwell Staff Counsel Florida Public Service Commission Division of Legal Services 2540 Shumard Oak Boulevard Tallahassee, FL 32399-0850

Tracy Hatch, Esq. AT&T Communications of the Southern States, Inc. 101 North Monroe Street Suite 700 Tallahassee, FL 32301 Tel. No. (850) 425-6364 Fax No. (850) 425-6343

X150 5. Josher Lisa S. Foshee (AW)

ORIGINAL

1		BELLSOUTH TELECOMMUNICATIONS, INC.
2		REBUTTAL TESTIMONY OF W. KEITH MILNER
3		BEFORE THE FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION
4		DOCKET NO. 991237-TP
5		MARCH 1, 2000
6		
7	Q.	PLEASE STATE YOUR NAME, ADDRESS, AND POSITION WITH
8		BELLSOUTH TELECOMMUNICATIONS, INC.
9		
10	Α.	My name is W. Keith Milner. My business address is 675 West Peachtree
11		Street, Atlanta, Georgia 30375. I am Senior Director - Interconnection
12		Services for BellSouth Telecommunications, Inc. ("BellSouth").
13		
14	Q.	ARE YOU THE SAME W. KEITH MILNER THAT FILED DIRECT
15		TESTIMONY IN THIS PROCEEDING ON JANUARY 31, 2000?
16		
17	Α.	Yes, I am.
18		
19	Q.	WHAT IS THE PURPOSE OF YOUR TESTIMONY BEING FILED
20		TODAY?
21		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
22	A.	In my testimony, I will provide rebuttal to the testimony of AT&T witness
23		Langin-Hooper regarding the way in which various calls are processed
24		and the equipment components used during such processing.
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DOCUMENT NUMBER-DATE 02776 MAR-18 FPSC-RECORDS/REPORTING

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Q. ON PAGE 5 OF HIS TESTIMONY REGARDING CALL FORWARDING,
 MR. LANGIN-HOOPER STATES "THE COMMON LINE CONNECTING
 BELLSOUTH'S CENTRAL OFFICE TO THE CUSTOMER PREMISES OF
 THE INITIALLY CALLED NUMBER IS NOT USED IN THE COMPLETION
 OF THE CALL." DO YOU AGREE?

6

7 A. Yes. However, the more appropriate question is whether or not a
common line is involved in the completion of a call forwarded call. The
answer to this more relevant question is yes, the majority of calls
forwarded to and from customers subscribing to call forwarding service
does involve the use of an end user customer's common line within the
LATA and CCL charges are appropriate.

13

14 Q. BEGINNING ON PAGE 5 OF HIS TESTIMONY, MR. LANGIN-HOOPER

15 STATES THAT ONE OF THE TWO CALLS IS ALWAYS ON HOLD AT

16 THE BELLSOUTH CENTRAL OFFICE IN THE CALL WAITING

17 SITUATION. DO YOU AGREE?

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18

A. No. Where Mr. Langin-Hooper is not technically correct is that from the
second caller's perspective, the call is not on hold while the caller hears a
ringing tone, awaiting the customer subscribing to the call waiting feature
to answer. Ringing tone is ended when the called party answers the
second call by depressing the switch hook or when the call is forwarded to
another telephone number or when the caller hangs up without the call
having been answered. This distinction is important in understanding the

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parts of the switch used during this phase of the call. The switch does not
"intercept" an in-bound call to the customer subscribing to the call waiting
feature. Instead, it is the customer subscribing to the call waiting feature
that controls when or if a call waiting connection will be initiated. In this
sense, there is nothing for the switch serving the customer subscribing to
the call waiting feature to intercept.

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Q. ON PAGE 7 OF HIS TESTIMONY, MR. LANGIN-HOOPER STATES
"THE 3W SERVICE [THAT IS, THE THREE WAY CALLING SERVICE]
'INTERCEPTS' THE CUSTOMER'S CALLS AT THE CENTRAL OFFICE,
PROVIDING A CONFERENCE FUNCTION." DO YOU AGREE WITH
THIS CHARACTERIZATION OF HOW THE THREE WAY CALLING
FEATURE IS INVOKED?

14

A. No. The switch does not "intercept" an in-bound call to the customer
subscribing to the three way calling feature. Instead, it is the customer
subscribing to the three way calling feature, which is an outbound calling
scenario, that controls when or if a three way connection will be initiated.
In this sense, there is nothing for the switch serving the customer
subscribing to the three way calling feature to intercept.

21

22 Q. BEGINNING ON PAGE 7 OF HIS TESTIMONY, MR. LANGIN-HOOPER
 23 DESCRIBES THE NETWORK CONFIGURATION AND OPERATION OF
 24 FOREIGN EXCHANGE (FX) SERVICE. DO YOU AGREE WITH HIS
 25 DESCRIPTION?

3

A. I agree with Mr. Langin-Hooper's description to a point. On page 9 of his
testimony, Mr. Langin-Hooper refers to Exhibit JLH-3: Chart 4 to
demonstrate an AT&T long distance call connecting to a FX connection in
a BellSouth end office. However, the exhibit depicts a FX configuration
that, while technically correct, represents only a minor portion of the total
use of FX service by end user customers.

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The primary use of FX service is for end user customers to obtain 9 telephone service from a telephone exchange other than their local 10 exchange office, thus the name "foreign exchange". This gives the foreign 11 exchange service customer a "local presence" in that "foreign exchange" 12 area allowing the foreign exchange service customer to make calls to or 13 receive calls from end user customers in that foreign exchange area 14 without having to pay for a toll call. Therefore, the majority of calls placed 15 over interLATA and intraLATA FX services are to or from end user 16 customers in that FX area and do not involve an AT&T long distance call 17 as shown on Exhibit JLH-3: Chart 4. Therefore, the majority of calls 18 placed to and from customers subscribing to interLATA and intraLATA FX 19 service do involve the use of an end user customer's common line and 20 CCL charges are therefore appropriate. 21

22

Additionally, in FCC 98-321 (Memorandum Opinion and Order, ¶81), the FCC ruled that CCL charges are appropriate for interstate calls originated from or terminated to local exchange companies' intraLATA FX service

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1		such as BellSouth's A9 Tariff FX Service.
2		
3	Q.	WHAT IS YOUR UNDERSTANDING OF AT&T'S POSITION ON HOW
4		CCL CHARGES SHOULD BE ASSESSED TO THE CALL
5		ARRANGEMENTS, SUCH AS CALL WAITING AND THREE WAY
6		CALLING, CITED IN THIS DOCKET?
7		
8	Α.	It is my understanding that AT&T believes CCL charges should be
9		assessed based upon a separate analysis of each and every call and
10		each access minute of use involved in that call. Additionally, it is AT&T's
11		position that such charges should be assessed only when a common line
12		facility is being actively utilized for the particular minute of use involved;
13		and that such charges should be assessed one time where two calls
14		simultaneously use the same facility.
15		
16	Q.	DOES BELLSOUTH PRESENTLY HAVE AUTOMATIC MESSAGE
17		ACCOUNTING (AMA) CAPABILITIES TO MEASURE AND RECORD
18		START AND STOP TIMES ASSOCIATED WITH CALL WAITING AND
19		THREE WAY CALLING FEATURES THAT AT&T ADVOCATES?
20		
21	Α.	No, BellSouth's switches at present do not possess such a capability.
22		Further, BellSouth's position on the application of the CCL charge, as
23		stated in Mr. Hendrix's direct testimony, is supported by the Commission's
24		Orders in Docket No. 820537-TP, Order No. 12765, and Order No. 14452,
25		in that CCL charges are to be assessed for each and every intrastate

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1		originating and terminating switched access minute of use, without regard
2		to the identifiable use of a specific common line facility. Thus, there is no
3		need for BellSouth to have (or implement) such a recording feature.
4		
5	Q.	COULD BELLSOUTH DEVELOP SUCH A FEATURE?
6		
7	Α.	Not without switch vendor participation to develop the feature and
8		associated software, all at substantial expense. Because BellSouth
9		utilizes the switches manufactured by several different vendors,
10		participation by several vendors would be required.
11		
12	Q.	HOW LONG WOULD IT TAKE TO DEVELOP SUCH A FEATURE?
13		
14	Α.	I do not know. This would depend on the complexity of the software
15		solution, each vendor's commitment to such a development, and the
16		availability of vendors' resources to develop and implement such a
17		capability. I envision that development and implementation of such a
18		feature could take a minimum of a year or more.
19		
20	Q.	DOES THIS CONCLUDE YOUR TESTIMONY?
21		
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22 A. Yes.

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