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BEFORE THE FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

DOCKET NO. 010503-WU

In the Matter of

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APPLICATION FOR INCREASE IN WATER RATES FOR SEVEN SPRINGS SYSTEM IN PASCO COUNTY BY ALOHA UTILITIES, INC.

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VOLUME 7

Pages 863 through 948

HEARING PROCEEDINGS:

BEFORE: CHAIRMAN LILA A. JABER COMMISSIONER BRAULIO L. BAEZ

COMMISSIONER MICHAEL A. PALECKI 15

Thursday, January 10, 2002 DATE:

Commenced at 8:38 a.m. Adjourned at 9:35 p.m. TIME:

PLACE: 19 Clarion Hotel

5316 U. S. Highway 19 North New Port Richey, Florida

REPORTED BY: TRICIA DeMARTE

Official FPSC Reporter (850)413-6736

22

23 **APPEARANCES:** (As heretofore noted.)

FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

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	NAME: STEPHEN A. STEWART Direct Examination by Mr. Burgess Prefiled Direct Testimony Inserted Cross Examination by Ms. Espinoza Cross Examination by Mr. Wharton Redirect Examination by Mr. Burgess RICHARD DURBIN Direct Examination by Mr. Jaeger Prefiled Direct Testimony Inserted Cross Examination by Mr. Wood Cross Examination by Mr. Deterding Redirect Examination by Mr. Jaeger VINCENT C. ALDRIDGE Stipulated Prefiled Direct Testimony Inserted

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1	PROCEEDINGS
2	(Transcript follows in sequence from Volume 6.)
3	MR. BURGESS: Thank you. I would call
4	Stephen Stewart.
5	STEPHEN A. STEWART
6	was called as a witness on behalf of the Citizens of the State
7	of Florida and, having been duly sworn, testified as follows:
8	DIRECT EXAMINATION
9	BY MR. BURGESS:
10	Q Mr. Stewart, are you ready?
11	A Yes, I am.
12	Q Would you state your name and business address for
13	the record, please.
14	A Yeah. My name is Stephen Allen Stewart, and my
15	business address is 2904 Tyron Circle, T-Y-R-O-N, Tallahassee,
16	Florida 32309.
17	Q Mr. Stewart, did you prefile testimony in this
18	docket?
19	A Yes, I did.
20	Q Do you have any changes to the prefiled testimony
21	that you would like to make?
22	A The only changes are the ones that we noted in my
23	deposition where we submitted the revised Exhibits 4, 5, and 6.
24	Q Would you state for the benefit of the Commission the
25	nature of those changes to your prefiled testimony?

Right. At the deposition, I submitted these changes. 1 2 I had made a mistake in a calculation. I just made that change and redid the calculation that flowed through the exhibits and 3 4 distributed them at the deposition. 5 CHAIRMAN JABER: So it affects -- Mr. Burgess, it 6 affects SAS-1 or does it affect --7 THE WITNESS: No, it's 4, 5, and 6. 8 MR. BURGESS: It does affect SAS-1 which is composed 9 of six schedules, and it affects of that Schedules 4, 5, and 6. 10 CHAIRMAN JABER: And do we have new copies of the 11 schedule, or do you want to read the numbers into the record? 12 See. the Commissioners don't have the --13 MR. BURGESS: I am just now aware of that. If I may 14 provide copies, either get access to a copier this morning -- I 15 mean, tomorrow morning --16 CHAIRMAN JABER: We have been here --17 MR. BURGESS: Even a few more hours. Or even, if 18 necessary, with your indulgence after we return to Tallahassee 19 and make enough copies to submit that. I'm trying to think of 20 21 22 to file that. 23 24

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whether -- what we did submit for the record, but I'm afraid the record does reflect the testimony prefiled, so I will need CHAIRMAN JABER: But there are no objections to the changes. It's just that the Commissioners -- and the parties know what the changes are. It's just that the Commissioners FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

don't have them; right? 1 2 MR. BURGESS: That's correct. 3 THE WITNESS: Right. And there's one number that I 4 could give you that you could just scratch out which is 5 basically the end result which would help you in the 6 cross-examination, if you would like. 7 CHAIRMAN JABER: Commissioners, what's your 8 preference? I don't mind allowing Mr. Burgess to give us a 9 copy tomorrow if there is a copy machine. 10 MR. JAEGER: Here's one extra copy that I don't need 11 if you'd like to have it at the table. 12 CHAIRMAN JABER: Give it to Mr. Burgess. 13 MR. BURGESS: I have a copy or probably a couple of 14 copies but not enough to distribute proper recognition. CHAIRMAN JABER: Well, Mr. Burgess, what we'll do is 15 go ahead and identify this as an exhibit, and we'll call it a 16 revised schedule based on changes made today by Mr. Stewart, 17 and then you can submit the requisite copies later on in 18 Tallahassee. And we'll leave this with the court reporter, 19 20 though, for her records. 21 MR. BURGESS: Thank you very much. Chairman Jaber. Would you like for -- may I ask Mr. Stewart to give a very 22 23 brief synopsis of what the change reflects? 24 BY MR. BURGESS:

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Would you do that, please, Mr. Stewart.

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1	A Yes. Referring to Schedule 4, the change is on the
2	projected 2001 average number of ERCs on the original on
3	Schedule 4. The original exhibit, that number was 10,323.
4	That was a miscalculation and should be changed to 10,560.
5	With that change, I just flowed that through on the
6	calculations for the next three exhibits.
7	Q And what effect did that have on your projected
8	gallons to be sold in 2001?
9	A That increased the projected gallons to be sold in
10	2001 from 998 million to 1,021,000,000.
11	Q With the exception of those changes, if the questions
12	posed in the prefiled testimony were asked tonight, would your
13	answers be the same?
14	A Yes, they would.
15	MR. BURGESS: Chairman Jaber, I would ask that
16	Mr. Stewart's prefiled testimony be entered into the record as
17	though read.
18	CHAIRMAN JABER: Yes. The prefiled direct testimony
19	of Stephen A. Stewart shall be inserted into the record as
20	though read.
21	BY MR. BURGESS:
22	Q Mr. Stewart, did you also prefile six schedules,
23	Schedules 1 through 6, inclusive attached to your testimony?
24	A I did.
25	MR. BURGESS: May we get an exhibit number to

1	identity those schedules in composite?
2	CHAIRMAN JABER: Yes. Composite Exhibit 11 shall be
3	made up of SAS-1 which is comprised of Schedules 1 through
4	6 with a revised Schedule 4-R, 5-R, and 6-R.
5	MR. BURGESS: And that would be a schedule that would
6	be part of Composite 11?
7	CHAIRMAN JABER: The revised schedules?
8	MR. BURGESS: Yes.
9	CHAIRMAN JABER: Yes.
LO	MR. BURGESS: Okay. Very good.
l1	CHAIRMAN JABER: That's my intent.
12	MR. BURGESS: Okay. And as I'm thinking about it,
13	I'm not positive I asked to move in or whether you moved in of
L4	your own motion the Composite Exhibit 10 of Mr. Biddy's
15	testimony.
16	CHAIRMAN JABER: I moved Exhibit 10 in.
17	MR. BURGESS: Thank you.
18	CHAIRMAN JABER: Mr. Jaeger, for purposes of your
19	recommendation, are you clear on what Exhibit 11 is? I intend
20	it to be Schedules 1 through 6 which have been identified in
21	the prehearing order as SAS-1.
22	MR. JAEGER: Yes.
23	CHAIRMAN JABER: But I'm making the reference that
24	Schedules 4-R, 5-R, and 6-R are the revised schedules.
25	MR. JAEGER: The only confusion I may have is the

1	original Schedules 4, 5, and 6, are they going to be deleted,
2	or will they be there in the record?
3	CHAIRMAN JABER: Well, you all tell me.
4	MR. BURGESS: I would suggest the deletion of those
5	for the purposes of the record, and then if these are
6	submitted, then these would be the new second half of or a
7	Composite Exhibit 11.
8	MR. JAEGER: So we will delete the original 4, 5, and
9	6?
10	CHAIRMAN JABER: I think that that would be
11	Schedules 4-R, 5-R, 6-R will be the substitute for Schedules
12	4 through 6 initially identified.
13	MR. BURGESS: Thank you, Madam Chairman. And I
14	apologize for the inconvenience.
15	CHAIRMAN JABER: That's Composite Exhibit 11.
16	(Exhibit 11 marked for identification.)
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1 Q. PLEASE STATE YOUR NAME, ADDRESS AND OCCUPATION? 2 A. My name is Stephen A. Stewart. My address is 2904 Tyron Circle. 3 Tallahassee, Florida, 32309. I am appearing as a consultant for the Office of 4 Public Counsel. 5 Q. PLEASE DESCRIBE YOUR EDUCATIONAL BACKGROUND AND 6 **BUSINESS EXPERIENCE?** 7 A. I graduated from Clemson University with a Bachelor of Science degree in 8 Electrical Engineering in December 1984. I received a Master's degree in 9 Political Science from Florida State University in August 1990, and I have 10 completed Doctorate level work in the area of Public Policy. 11 From January 1985 until October 1988, I was employed by Martin Marietta 12 Corporation and Harris Corporation as a Test Engineer. In July 1989, I accepted 13 an internship with the Science and Technology Committee in the Florida House of 14 Representatives. Upon expiration of the internship I accepted employment with 15 the Office of the Auditor General in August 1990, as a program auditor. In this 16 position I was responsible for evaluating and analyzing public programs to 17 determine their impact and cost-effectiveness. 18 In October 1991, I accepted a position with the Office of Public Counsel 19 responsible for analyzing accounting, financial, statistical, economic and 20 engineering data of regulated companies and identifying issues and positions in 21 matters addressed by the Public Service Commission. 22 Since 1994 and I have been the Director of Operations for two privately held 23 companies, USMED and Real Estate Data Services, Inc. My responsibilities with

1	these two companies have included profitability analysis, product development
2	product evaluation, budgeting and forecasting.
3	Q. WHAT IS THE PURPOSE OF YOUR TESTIMONY?
4	A. The purpose of my testimony is to address the methodology used by Aloha to
5	project test year water consumption.
6	Q. HAVE YOU PREPARED AN EXHIBIT TO YOUR TESTIMONY?
7	A. Yes. I have prepared an exhibit entitled, "Exhibit of Stephen A. Stewart,"
8	which consist of 6 schedules and has been identified as Exhibit No
9	Q. PLEASE DESCRIBE THE METHODOLOGY USED BY ALOHA TO
10	PROJECT TEST YEAR WATER CONSUMPTION?
11	A. Aloha projects total water to be sold in 2001 by adding projected new
12	customer water demand in 2001 to water sold in 2000 (Schedule G-9, page 2 of
13	4). New customer water projected to be sold in 2001 is calculated by multiplying
14	the projected number of additional ERC's for 2001 (Schedule F-9, page 1 of 2) by
15	the projected water demand per additional ERC in 2001 of 500 Gallons/Day
16	(Schedule G-9, Page 1 of 4). The formula for this methodology is listed in
17	Schedule 1 of my Exhibit.
18	Q. HOW WAS THE NUMBER OF NEW ERC'S PROJECTED FOR 2001?
19	A. Aloha used a regression analysis for the period of 1995 to 2000 to project 2001
20	ERC's. This procedure is detailed in Schedule F-9, Page 2 of the MFR's.
21	Q. HOW WAS THE 500 GALLON/DAY USAGE FOR EACH NEW
22	CUSTOMER IN 2001 CALCULATED?

A. Aloha witness Porter averaged the annual average monthly demand per ERC 1 2 for the period 7/1/00 to 6/30/01 for twelve of the newer subdivisions in the Aloha service area. OPC witness Biddy points out in detail the numerous flaws in this 3 4 procedure. 5 O. DO YOU THINK THE METHODOLOGY USED BY ALOHA IN THIS 6 CASE IS APPROPRIATE? A. No. In calculating their projection, Aloha integrates a number of competing 7 8 methodologies. Aloha accepts the single year 2000 as a base for their projection, 9 uses data from the period 1995 to 2000 to project ERC's, and uses 12 month 10 averages of selected neighborhoods to calculate new customer demand. This 11 hodgepodge of methodologies is inappropriate. After reviewing Aloha's filing and conducting my own research and analysis the evidence indicates the hybrid 12 13 methodology used by Aloha in this case failed to take into consideration the abnormally dry weather in 2000 and has resulted in an inflated projection of water 14 15 consumption in 2001. Q. HOW WOULD ABNORMALLY DRY WEATHER AFFECT 16 PROJECTED TEST YEAR CONSUMPTION? 17 18 Abnormally dry weather would result in increased water usage due to 19 irrigation needs. O. WHAT MAKES YOU THINK WEATHER IS RELATED TO WATER 20 21 **CONSUMPTION?** 22 A. Schedule 2 of my Exhibit shows water consumption over the last five years 23 with the associated yearly rainfall in Pasco county. As you can see the

1	relationship between rain and consumption is inversely proportional - as rain
2	increases consumption decreases. Also listed in Schedule 2 is a statistical
3	analysis which supports the inverse relationship between rainfall and water usage
4	during this period.
5	Q. WHAT IS YOUR EVIDENCE THAT THE DATA USED BY ALOHA
6	COMES FROM AN ABNORMALLY DRY PERIOD.
7	A. Schedule 3 of my exhibit shows rainfall data as provide by the Southwest
8	Water Management District for Pasco county. The data reveals that the year 2000
9	was abnormally dry.
10	Q. WHAT IMPLICATIONS DOES THIS HAVE FOR ALOHA'S
11	METHODOLOGY.
12	A. First, using the "dry" year 2000 consumption data as a base for projecting 2001
13	usage creates an inflation factor in the methodology. Second, calculating
14	projected usage for new customers employing consumption data from a "dry".
15	year compounds the effect by introducing another inflating factor. Taken together,
16	these factors result in a methodology which projects consumption that would be
17	less under normal weather conditions.
18	Q. GIVEN THE FLAWS YOU HAVE IDENTIFIED WITH ALOHA'S
19	METHODOLOGY, HOW WOULD YOU CALCULATE PROJECTED
20	2001 WATER USAGE.
21	A. Given the limitations placed on discovery in this case, a valid approach would
22	be to take a reasonable gallon per day usage figure per ERC and multiply that

1	number by the projected average number of ERC's for 2001. Schedule 4 of my
2	exhibit details this approach.
3	Q. HOW DID YOU ARRIVE AT AN AVERAGE GALLON PER DAY
4	USAGE FIGURE PER ERC?
5	A. I took the average gallon per day usage per ERC over the period of 1995 to
6	2000 as provided by the utility in Schedule F-9, Page 1 of the MFR.
7	Q. HOW DID YOU ARRIVE AT THE PROJECTED AVERAGE NUMBER
8	OF ERC'S FOR 2001?
9	A. I accepted the year 2001 ERC's as projected by the Utility and calculated an
10	average number of ERC's for 2001.
1	Q. GIVEN THESE CACULATIONS, WHAT IS YOUR PROPOSED 2001
12	WATER USAGE?
13	A. Referring to Schedule 4 of my exhibit, the methodology I employed proposes a
14	reasonable consumption figure of 998,492,175 gallons for 2001. This number is
15	arrived at by multiplying gallons/day usage by 365 and by the projected average
16	number of ERC's.
17	Q. WHY DO YOU BELIEVE THIS PROJECTION IS REASONABLE.
8	A. One test of reasonableness is to compare actual results with projected results.
19	In this case we have actual results for the first six months of 2001. Schedule 5 of
20	my exhibit shows that the methodology I employed matches 2001 actual numbers
21	rather well, particularly when compared to the projections by Aloha. OPC's
22	projection is off by 2.4 % of actuals, while Aloha's projection is off by 13.4%.

1	In addition, Schedule 6 of my exhibit demonstrates the variation in projections
2	based on extreme values of gallons/day per ERC over the period of 1995 to 2000.
3	The high extreme is 277 gallons/day per ERC and the low extreme is 247
4	gallons/day per ERC. This schedule clearly shows that OPC's projection falls
5	between these extremes. Aloha's projection for 2001 results in 287 gallons/day
6	per ERC. This number clearly falls outside the high range of gallons/day per ERC
7	usage over the period of 1995 to 2000.
8	Q. ARE THERE ANY OTHER FACTORS THE COMMISSION SHOULD
9	CONSIDER IN DETERMINING THE 2001 PROJECTION OF WATER
9 10	CONSIDER IN DETERMINING THE 2001 PROJECTION OF WATER USAGE?
10	USAGE?
10 11	USAGE? A. Yes. The methodology I have employed to determine 2001 projected usage
10 11 12	USAGE? A. Yes. The methodology I have employed to determine 2001 projected usage was based on using a consistent methodology. This methodology does not give
10111213	USAGE? A. Yes. The methodology I have employed to determine 2001 projected usage was based on using a consistent methodology. This methodology does not give any "special consideration" to the drought of the year 2000.

BY MR. BURGESS:

Q With that, I would ask Mr. Stewart if he could provide the Commission with a brief summary of his testimony.

A Thank you, Mr. Burgess. The purpose of my testimony was to address the methodology used by Aloha to project test year water consumption. Upon review of Aloha's methodology, I determined their approach contained significant flaws which lead to an inflated water consumption projection for the test year. These flaws include using a base year for their calculation that was abnormally dry and employing a simplistic and selective methodology to project new customer demand.

In my testimony, I present an alternative approach that results in what I believe to be a more reasonable and statistically sound projection than was presented by Aloha. This conclusion is supported by the first six months of the actual results for the 2001. This concludes the summary of my testimony.

MR. BURGESS: Thank you. We would tender the witness for cross-examination.

CHAIRMAN JABER: Mr. Wood, do you have any questions?

MR. WOOD: I have no questions.

CHAIRMAN JABER: Ms. Lytle.

MS. LYTLE: I have no questions for this witness.

CHAIRMAN JABER: Staff.

MS. ESPINOZA: We have a few questions.

FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

CROSS EXAMINATION

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)	IRY	Mς	ESPINOZA:
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- Q Mr. Stewart, would you agree that the use of a weather variable such as a moisture deficit variable is one way to take into account weather as it pertains to consumption?
 - A Yes, I would agree with that.
- Q And would you also agree that to the extent that there are abnormalities in weather, that a variable such as a deviation of the moisture deficit variable from its mean as one appropriate way to take such weather abnormalities into account?
 - A I would agree.
- Q And, Mr. Stewart, were you present earlier this morning when Mr. Porter testified?
 - A I was.
- Q Do you recall a response to a question earlier when he was testifying that for the purposes of his analysis he'd considered ERCs to be the same as single family residences?
 - A Yes, I do.
- Q And what is your opinion on the appropriateness of that presumption?
- A I think it's a flawed one, and it gets to be very technical. But the way that they projected the ERCs to get to the final projection, they sort of throw the number 500 gallons per consumer or per customer around with 500 gallons per ERC,

1	and there is a difference. And if you look in the MFRs on
2	Schedule F-9, you can see how for each six years of data
3	here how it flows through. And what he's assuming is that the
4	473 ERCs that he projects, not only is he starting them off on
5	January 1st, but what he's projecting is that they're all new
6	customers. Okay. And that does not flow through the way the
7	calculation of ERC works, because what happens is, you have a
8	single family residential gallon sold with an average number of
9	customers from beginning to year end. You divide that to get
10	the gallons per ERC. And then you take that and use the total
11	gallons that were sold out outside, you know, which would
12	include those that were sold outside the residential class to
13	get the total ERCs.
14	So what he has done is he has said, well, there's 473
15	ERCs and that translates to 473 new customers, single family
16	residential customers, well, that's not right.

residential customers, well, that's not right.

MS. ESPINOZA: Thank you. We have no further

MS. ESPINOZA: Thank you. We have no further questions.

CHAIRMAN JABER: Thank you.

Mr. Wharton.

CROSS EXAMINATION

22 BY MR. WHARTON:

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- Q Good evening, Mr. Stewart.
- 24 A Good evening.
 - Q Now, by education, you're an electrical engineer with

1	a Mas	ster':	s degree in political science?
2		Α	Right.
3		Q	And you told me that you utilized a methodology in
4	this	case	that you haven't used anywhere else; correct?
5		Α	That's true.
6		Q	And you've explained that methodology in your
7	pref	iled [·]	testimony and with these six exhibits that you've
8	attad	ched	to your prefiled testimony?
9		Α	Right.
10		Q	And you told me at deposition on November 30 that you
11	had v	vorke	d 50 hours on this case at that time; right?
12		Α	Subject to check, yeah. I don't recall saying that,
13	but ·		
14		Q	And what you did was, your calculations your
15	metho	ofobo	gy resulted in a calculation of 265 gallons per day
16	per E	ERC?	
17		Α	Hold on just a second. Fifty hours, is that what you
18	said	?	
19		Q	Yeah.
20		Α	Okay. All right. Go on to the next question. I was
21	just	tryi	ng to clear that up in my mind. I'm sorry. Next
22	quest	tion.	
23		Q	Okay. And you had your methodology resulted in a
24	calcu	ulati	on of 265 gallons per day per ERC?
25		Α	Correct.

1	Q And you had six years' worth of data that you were
2	relying on in that regard?
3	A Right '95 through 2000.
4	Q Okay. Now, isn't it true that despite all your
5	testimony and all your schedules, what you did was took the
6	last six years gallons per day per ERC and divided it by six?
7	A That's what I did.
8	Q Okay. Did that take 50 hours?
9	A To do the calculation, no.
10	Q So your number of 265 is just an average of those
11	numbers from the information you got from Aloha; right?
12	A That's correct.
13	Q Now, would you agree that during those six years, the
14	gallons per day per ERC used by Aloha's customers showed an
15	upward trend?
16	A I would agree.
17	Q Okay. And would you agree that if you went back
18	seven years and that number was a lower number, then your
19	number, the average would have been a lower number?
20	A This all sounds so familiar, Mr. Wharton.
21	Q That's the way it's supposed to work.
22	A I would agree with that.
23	Q And you would agree that if you went back ten years
24	and the numbers got lower and lower, your number would be
25	lower?

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A Could you repeat that question again?

Q Yes. If you used ten years' worth of data and the four years before the six years you used were lower numbers, lower number as you moved away, your average would have been lower?

A If the actual numbers that were provided in the MFRs were lower and lower, yes, that would be correct.

Q And the same thing would be true if I gave you an example 15, 20 years, et cetera?

A Right. If they kept going lower, that's a mathematical proof, I would say.

Q So for a system that is growing like Aloha, the longer data set you would have used, the lower your number would have come out; correct?

A Well, no, I think -- you just said that for a system that is growing. What you meant to say was that use that is growing -- use per customer that is growing.

Q Okay. We'll go with that then, with your correction.

A Right. Well, the thing is use per customer is affected by a number of things -- a number of variables that makes it very difficult to predict what's going to happen. So what we do in rate cases is, we try to normalize company operations to set rates for a test year. We don't try to predict what the test year would be. We try to look at what would be the best set of data that would represent normal

operations.

Q But you would agree, Mr. Stewart, that if Aloha's usage per ERC per day has grown steadily over a 20-year period, if you went back 20 years, your figure would have even been lower?

A If I had 20 years of data, there may have been -- you know, the analysis fits the data that's available. If there had been 20 years of data -- which again we asked for more data which we were unable to get for a number of reasons. So what I did is, I took an analysis that fit the data that was available. And, you know, I mean, based on the actual results, I think that it has done a good job of representing what normal operations would be for the company in the test year.

Q But, Mr. Stewart, didn't you acknowledge in deposition that if I gave you similar examples and went backwards, the further back I went, the lower your number would become?

A Mathematically, yes, but that is assuming that if I'd had those 20 years that I would have done the same analysis, and I don't think that I stated that in my deposition.

Q Well, let's take a look at it. Let's look at Page 50 of your deposition. And I've taken you through the examples of if you had a '94 number that was lower and a '93 number that was lower --

A Correct.

	1
1	Q Page 50, Line and then I said, "And it would
2	just go on and on and on, and if I went backwards and gave
3	similar examples, right, your number would get lower and lower
4	and lower?"
5	And you said, "Right, that's how averages work."
6	A Exactly.
7	Q Do you stand by that testimony?
8	A I stand by the fact that the methodology that I had
9	if you did 20 years and the numbers were lower each time, that
10	the number would be lower. I do not or did not say that if
11	there's 20 years of data that I would have stuck by that type
12	of analysis to project test year consumption.
13	Q Now, you would tend to agree that using a simple
14	average eliminates changes such as increasing consumption per
15	ERC due to demographic changes, wouldn't you?
16	A Repeat that.
17	Q You would tend to agree that using a simple average
18	eliminates changes such as increasing consumption per ERC due
19	to demographic changes
20	A What do you mean "eliminates changes"?
21	Q Well, did you understand that word when I took your
22	deposition, but you have a problem with it now?
23	A Understand
24	Q Let's take a took at Page 60 of your deposition.
25	Page 60, Line 6, "Doesn't a simple average eliminate changes

such as increasing consumption per ERC due to demographic 1 2 changes? 3 Answer: You say increasing consumption due to 4 demographic changes? 5 Ouestion: Yes. 6 Answer: I would say that without looking and doing some analysis that I would tend to agree with that." 7 8 Are you going to finish my answer? 9 0 "However, consumption can also be affected by other 10 variables that are included in a simple average." 11 So you would tend to agree with that statement? 12 Yes. I would with the qualification that's there. Α 13 Okay. Now, you agree that for the last -- for the 0 14 data you looked at, you have never seen demand levels drop 12 or more gallons per ERC per day in any year for Aloha's 15 16 customers: right? 17 Twelve or more gallons per day? Α 18 Correct. 0 I'm not sure where you're referring to. 19 Α 20 When you look back and you compare the gallons per 0 21 ERC per day for the data set you had, you never saw it drop 12 22 from one year to the next, did you? Subject to check, I would agree with that. 23 Α 24 However, that's exactly what you're projecting will 0 25 happen in 2001, isn't it, that it will drop 12 gallons per day per ERC compared to the year before that?

A Yes, I would agree with that. And my -- I guess my qualification -- and we can wordsmith through this and get me to agree to all these mathematical calculations, but the bottom line is, is you've got to look at what the results are of the model that we've devised. Okay. And if you look at the actual results for six months compared to what I have predicted, it's very close -- much closer than what the company came up with.

Now, you know, we can keep going and talk about school buses and how schools are growing and all that, but it really gets down to a bottom line number and how those numbers are calculated. Okay. I haven't driven through any neighborhoods. I haven't visited the area. I just sat and looked at the numbers. Okay. And that's sort of where the buck stops, I think.

Q Well, and I recall, Mr. Stewart, that we talked very vividly in your deposition about a lot of highly technical language coming from an electrical engineer, but the fact that I just pointed out is a fact, isn't it? You're predicting a bigger drop from 2000 to 2001 than for any of the years that you had data for?

A And your implication is that is so unreasonable. And do you know what the first six months actual data is?

Q Sir, I don't mean to make any implication. I'm just asking you --

1	A Well, no, I think that's what you're doing, and
2	(Simultaneous conversation.)
3	CHAIRMAN JABER: Mr. Stewart and Mr. Wharton, the
4	court reporter needs to take the transcript accurately, and it
5	is late and I recognize that. Let's try to stick to answering
6	the questions, and then you can elaborate.
7	And you're quite aware that your attorney can do
8	redirect.
9	THE WITNESS: Right, that's true. I'm sorry.
10	BY MR. WHARTON:
11	Q I apologize, sir, if my question sounded like it had
12	an implication in it.
13	You do agree that that's what you're predicting
14	projecting?
15	A Right.
16	Q Okay. Now, isn't it true that in your methodology,
17	you didn't incorporate any rainfall data?
18	A That's not true.
19	Q Okay. Take a look at Page 21, Line 15. You didn't
20	analyze any rainfall "Question: You didn't analyze any
21	rainfall amounts?
22	Answer: I did analyze it as a context" I think is
23	what that sentence is supposed to say and there's a
24	typographical error "but the actual methodology, I didn't
25	analyze any rainfall If you look at my methodology I don't

incorporate any rainfall data into the methodology."

2 A Right.

Q Do you stand by that answer?

A Well, first of all, this deposition is 95 pages.

Okay. And you will remember at this deposition we had a lengthy discussion about you talking about the simple average not including any extraneous variables. And I went into the argument that a simple average actually incorporates almost an infinite number of variables. Okay.

Now, what that answer is there is that I did not use rainfall data as a separate variable in a multiple regression equation. Okay. But we did talk about what variables are taken into consideration in a simple average. And that is why I am answering it the way I am now. I stand by the deposition and by my answer here.

Q Okay. You do stand by what I've read out of the deposition?

A I do.

Q You would agree that rainfall data in your testimony is there as a contextual background and wasn't used per se as part of your model?

A I disagree with that. It was not used as a separate discrete variable. A simple average over a six-year period will capture -- if there's a lot of rain in one year, that average will be -- that rainfall effect will be captured in

that average. If the next year there's not a lot of rainfall, that average will also capture that effect. So it is by definition in each of those averages. It is not outlaid like in Ms. Lingo's testimony as a discrete variable in a multiple linear regression model.

Q Let's take a look at Page 24 of your deposition, Page 24, Line 14. "Question: So, first of all, we're not talking about just Aloha's service area; right?

Answer: That's why my methodology that I employed, I did not use per se -- the rainfall data in my testimony is there as a contextual background, it is not used per se as part of the model. One of the reasons why I did not do a regression model."

Do you stand by that testimony?

A Right. Exactly. It says -- first of all, there's two different contexts here. This question is talking about the exhibits that I presented in my testimony which showed rainfall data and the correlation which was to give a contextual background that as rainfall increases, consumption would go down or reverse. It's negatively correlated. Okay. That's what that is addressing.

The second part of this says what I have just stated, that that's why I didn't use a regression model because I didn't use it as a discrete variable. The implication is that my model does not consider rainfall. I will sit here and argue

that until daylight. It does consider the impact of rain on
consumption. And that's just a simple fact, and that's in this
deposition.

CHAIRMAN JABER: You will not sit here until daylight and argue that, I just want you to know.

Q In all candor, Mr. Stewart, I'm not attempting to make an implication. I'm just attempting to get you to say the same things you said in your deposition. Do you stand by --

MR. BURGESS: But I think what counsel needs to be aware of is, Mr. Stewart is saying, please understand the context of what the questions are in the deposition relative to the questions as are being posed here tonight.

CHAIRMAN JABER: Yeah, I agree, Mr. Wharton. Ask your question again, but that is precisely the way I took his comment too.

BY MR. WHARTON:

Q Do you stand by the statement you made in your deposition that the rainfall data in my testimony is there as a contextual background, it is not used per se as part of the model?

A Commissioners, I will answer yes to that, and then I will refer the Commissioners to my testimony. There's two exhibits there where I look at rainfall to provide a contextual basis. I go on with a model. It's not to imply that rainfall is not taken into account for in the model that I use.

Q And you would agree that the only purpose you used the rainfall data for was to determine there was a negative correlation between rainfall and water consumption?

A Right.

Q And if that correlation is accepted, you could leave the rainfall data out of your testimony?

A That's not true. There's another -- there's another chart in there. It's an exhibit that shows rainfall, a weighted average for Pasco County since 1916. I think I probably would have wanted that to be in there.

Q Let's take a look at Page 24, Line 25 -- Page 24, Line 22. "Question: Is it still important to your conclusions that the rainfall data that you used be accurate?

Answer: The rainfall data, that part of my testimony can be completely left out if one would accept that rainfall has a negative correlation with water consumption."

A Mr. Wharton --

Q Now, that's the exact question --

A No, it is not. If you read the question here, it says, is it important to your conclusions. It does not say that if it's important -- if I would have left it out of my testimony in general. My testimony is more than just a conclusion. I set the foundation for criticizing the Aloha methodology. So, you know, again, it's wordsmithing at best.

Q And I'd love to testify in this case, sir, and I

think I'd do a good job, but it's your answer that I'm asking you about.

Do you stand by this answer, "The rainfall data, that part of my testimony can completely be left out if one would accept that rainfall has a negative correlation with water consumption"?

- A With respect to my final conclusion, yes.
- Q So if one would accept that rainfall has a negative correlation with water consumption, you could throw that rainfall data out?
- A As it pertains to my final conclusion, not to the basis of why I criticized a methodology.
- Q So you didn't mean left all the way out, huh, when you said that in your deposition? You meant thrown out for some particular purpose but left in for some other purpose?
 - A Is that a question?
 - Q Yes.
 - A What's the question?
- Q You didn't mean throw it all the way out. You meant throw it out for some purpose and leave it in for another purpose.
- A I said that -- your question was, is it still important to your conclusion, and there's more to my testimony to just my conclusion. There's a process of getting to the conclusion.

1	Q Okay. I'm ready to move on. You did mean by that
2	answer that if one would accept that rainfall has a negative
3	correlation with water consumption, that that part of your
4	testimony could be completely left out. Is that what you said?
5	A I think I've answered the question.
6	Q That's not what you meant with that answer?
7	CHAIRMAN JABER: Mr. Stewart, I'm not sure you
8	answered the question enough for me to understand. So as
9	Mr. Wharton just stated it, answer it.
10	THE WITNESS: Can you repeat it?
11	BY MR. WHARTON:
12	Q Yes. You did not mean by this answer that if one
13	would accept that rainfall has a negative correlation with
14	water consumption, that that part of your testimony could be
15	completely left out?
16	A No, I did not mean that.
17	Q Okay.
18	COMMISSIONER PALECKI: Mr. Stewart, let me see if I
19	can if I have this clear in my mind.
20	THE WITNESS: Okay.
21	COMMISSIONER PALECKI: Your conclusion is based upon
22	a simple six-year average which you say takes into account an
23	infinite number of variables, including rainfall.
24	THE WITNESS: Right.
25	COMMISSIONER PALECKI: You've also included in your

1 testimony two exhibits that are specific to rainfall. 2 THE WITNESS: Right. 3 COMMISSIONER PALECKI: But those two exhibits are not 4 there and don't contribute to the conclusion that you reach 5 when you do your six-year simple average. 6 THE WITNESS: Right. Commissioner Palecki, the 7 reason that's in there is because one of the criticisms of the 8 methodology by Aloha is that the base year that they use to add 9 the increment of customer growth was an abnormally dry year. 10 COMMISSIONER PALECKI: So the purpose of those 11 exhibits was not to help you reach a six-year average, it was 12 to show that -- or it was your way of trying to demonstrate 13 that Aloha's methodology was faulty. 14 THE WITNESS: That's right. Commissioner Palecki. So that's why I would not want it thrown out with regards to the 15 16 testimony taken as a whole, and the question was with regards 17 to my conclusion in the deposition. 18 COMMISSIONER PALECKI: I think I understand. 19 THE WITNESS: All right. Thank you. 20 BY MR. WHARTON: 21 You would agree that nowhere in your testimony or in 0 22 the model do you plug in the rainfall data? 23 No, it's not plugged in. Α 24 Does you agree with my statement? Q 25 Α Pardon?

1	Q	Do you agree with my statement?
2		CHAIRMAN JABER: He couldn't hear it over the
3	karaoke, s	so perhaps you could repeat the question.
4	Α	I mean, the model is not designed to plug in
5	anything,	so, yeah, I mean, by definition, it's not plugged in
6	Q	And you have no opinion as to whether or not the
7	amount of	rain that falls in 2002 will be more like 2001 or
8	2000?	
9	A	That was not part of my mission, no.
10	Q	And in fact, you didn't use rainfall data in the
11	developme	nt of your model or your methodology, did you?
12	A	No.
13	Q	Now, you don't have any firsthand knowledge about
14	things li	ke differences in income, age, how those things affect
15	water con	sumption levels, do you?
16	А	No, I do not.
17	Q	And you've previously never rendered an opinion on
18	water use	projections that took into account differing
19	demograph	ics of the groups that were likely to use the water?
20	Α	No.
21	Q	Now, you wanted the data on whether the homes likely
22	to be bui	It in 2002, 2003, 2004 and beyond were like the homes
23	that were	in Aloha's service area in the years that you looked
24	at, didn'	t you, but you were not able to obtain that data?
25	Α	I don't recall I was looking into the future, 2002,

2003, but I'm sure you can find it in my deposition if I did. 1 2 Right. Let's see what we've got here. Well, you did attempt to garner such data? 3 4 For 2002 and 2003. I'm --And 2004. I'm looking at Page 40. Line 10. And then 5 0 6 we go on and I asked you why you wanted the data, and you tell 7 me. So do you agree you tried to obtain that data and couldn't get it? 8 9 The question -- again, I think it could be Α 10 wordsmithing a little bit. We had asked -- I had asked for 11 data for homes between 1995 to 2000, which is the part of the question I was answering. I didn't -- I don't know how I would 12 13 have used the data for 2002, 2003, and 2004. So my answer 14 there is referring to interrogatories that were filed to get data from 1990 to 2000 -- or '95 to 2000. 15 16 Mr. Stewart, were you particularly concerned when you 17 went back and reviewed your deposition? After the deposition, I was a little concerned 18 of how long it was and how many -- as tonight how you would 19 20 just ask questions over and over again, so --21 Look at Page 41, Line 15. "Question: Is it a fair 22 characterization of your testimony that you wanted that data, 23 and you would have utilized the data, but you didn't get that

Answer: I wanted that data."

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data?

1	A What data is that, Mr. Wharton?
2	Q The data for 2002, 2003, and 2004. You want me to
3	read that entire exchange into the record? I'll do it.
4	A The question was, "And you have not attempted you
5	have made no attempt, have you, to garner any such data? That
6	is, to determine whether the homes that are likely to be built
7	in 2002, 2003, and 2004 are not like the homes that were in
8	Aloha's service area in the years 1995 to 2000?
9	That's not true. Interrogatories were filed to
10	gather usage data for individual neighborhoods."
11	Okay. Now, first of all, that sentence says, "Usage
12	data." So how would I gather usage data for 2002, 2003, 2004
13	if they weren't built yet? So obviously I wasn't responding to
14	that part of the question. It says
15	Q What were you responding to? Not the question that I
16	asked, huh?
17	A Well, you ask a lot of questions, you know. I tried
18	to picked the parts that
19	Q Did you not try to
20	CHAIRMAN JABER: All right. Okay. Look, here's the
21	deal. You are not going to argue with him. You are going to
22	ask one question at a time. You will not talk over each other.
23	THE WITNESS: Sorry, Commissioner. It's just a
24	little frustrating.
25	CHAIRMAN JABER: I know. But it's late and we have a

court reporter that's trying to do her job. And we have done 1 2 so well so far. Go ahead, Mr. Wharton. 3 BY MR. WHARTON: 4 Sir, did you try to gather data to determine whether 5 the homes that are likely to be built in 2002, 2003, and 2004 6 are not like the homes that were in Aloha's service area in the 7 years 1995 to 2000? 8 No. I did not. 9 Okay. I'd like you to look at Page 40, Line 10 of 0 10 your deposition. 11 "Question: And you have not attempted -- you have 12 made no attempt, have you, to garner any such data? That is, 13 to determine whether the homes that are likely to be built in 14 2002, 2003, 2004 are not like the homes that were in Aloha's 15 service area in the years 1995 to 2000? 16

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Answer: That's not true. Interrogatories were filed to gather usage data for individual neighborhoods. It was not provided for whatever reason, either we ran out of a number of questions.

Question: You hung me with the word 'attempt.' Did you garner such data?

Answer: We attempted to, and that was going to be an area of inquiry. However, we were -- that avenue of analysis or investigation was cut off. I'm not saying that is because of you. I'm saying for whatever reasons."

Then down to -- and my next question, Page 41, Line 2, "That's an interesting point. Why did you want that data?" You then give a lengthy answer there.

And then Page 41, Line 15, "Is it a fair characterization of your testimony that you wanted that data, and you would have utilized that data, but you didn't get the data?"

And your answer begins, "I wanted that data."

Do you stand by that testimony?

A I do.

Q Okay.

MR. BURGESS: Commissioner, this may be useful to find out what the interrogatory was that is being referred to as seeking to get the data. Maybe that will help explain this situation.

CHAIRMAN JABER: Mr. Burgess, you raise a good point.
That can be explored on redirect.

But, Mr. Stewart, let me tell you also that if you don't understand a question, you can ask for additional clarification. If you want to qualify your answer, you can elaborate. I just don't want the two of you arguing.

THE WITNESS: I understand, but I mean, I have already elaborated. I think that, you know, the answer to the question says that I was going to gather usage data. So for that to mean that I was looking for data for homes in 2002 and

'03 and '04 just doesn't make any sense. So what I was 1 2 referring to when I said I wanted the data, it was the usage 3 data. And that's what I filed as an interrogatory. It had nothing to do with 2002, 2003, 2004. So I mean, I don't --4 5 it's nothing sinister here. 6

BY MR. WHARTON:

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Mr. Stewart. if that's the case, then why when I 0 said. have you tried to determine whether the homes that are likely to be built in 2002 -- have you tried to determine whether the homes that are likely to be built in 2002, 2003, 2004 are not like the homes that were in Aloha's service area in the years 1995 to 2000, you said, that's not true. I didn't ask you about usage data, did I?

Well, obviously, that is what I was thinking about because it's in my answer, Mr. Wharton. I mean, you've got to give me that.

You know, Mr. Stewart, if you don't stand by your answer or if you feel you were confused, as the Chairman has indicated, you are free to say that.

I wasn't confused. I think that reading these questions makes it perfect to what my intent was in answering the questions.

MR. WHARTON: I'd like to move Mr. Stewart's deposition into the record, and I think that under the civil rules I have --

1	CHAIRMAN JABER: We need to identify it.
2	MR. WHARTON: Okay. I will provide the court
3	reporter with a copy, but I guess if you'll give me a number, I
4	would like to have it identified.
5	CHAIRMAN JABER: That would be Number 12. And can
6	you give me the date on the deposition?
7	MR. WHARTON: I do. It is the deposition of Stephen
8	A. Stewart taken on November 30, 2001.
9	CHAIRMAN JABER: Okay. Mr. Burgess, we are
10	identifying the November 30, 2001 deposition for Stephen
11	Stewart, Exhibit 12.
12	MR. WHARTON: Thank you.
13	(Exhibit 12 marked for identification.)
14	BY MR. WHARTON:
15	Q Mr. Stewart, now, you have only performed in the past
16	a similar analysis of rainfall data or historical rainfall
17	amounts once and that was in a 1993 Marco Island case?
18	A That's correct.
19	Q And the Commission did not accept your recommendation
20	in the case?
21	A Right.
22	Q And I'm sorry, I want to make sure the court
23	reporter
24	A That's correct.
25	Q Okay. Now, your model is not trying to predict

1	what's go	ping to happen in 2001; correct?
2	Α	No, it's not.
3	Q	And it makes no attempt to project what gallons per
4	ERC will	be used in Aloha's service area in 2002 or beyond?
5	Α	That's correct.
6	Q	Okay. You've been cooling your heels around here for
7	a couple	of days. Have you had a chance to look at this little
8	blue shee	et that
9	Α	No, I have not.
10	Q	I want to read you a sentence here. "The PSC Staff
11	adjusts 1	test year data to properly reflect conditions in the
12	future pe	eriod for which the rates are being fixed." But that's
13	not what	you tried to do; right?
14	Α	No, it's not.
15	Q	Okay.
16	A	Could I see that document?
17	Q	Sure.
18		MR. WHARTON: May I approach?
19		CHAIRMAN JABER: Yes.
20	BY MR. W	HARTON:
21	Q	Do you agree that I have accurately read to you the
22	sentence	that I have underlined in red?
23	А	Yes.
24	Q	Do you want to hang on to that?
25	A	I just want to finish reading the whole paragraph.

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Q Is it fair to say that it was not part of your task to adjust test year data to properly reflect conditions in the future period for which rates were being fixed?

A Wait. I'm not sure about the context of that. A test year can be a future period; is that true?

Q Do you understand the test year in this case to be the future period for which the rates are being fixed?

A Well, when you filed the rate case, it was a future -- I mean, the test year was not -- part of it was a projected test year is my point. So I'm not sure, you know, a line in a bulletin --

Q Okay. So is it your testimony then that it was your task to adjust test year data to properly reflect conditions in the future period for which the rates were being fixed?

A I'll state what I view my task as. I'm not sure how it would, you know, correlate with that, was to project water consumption in the environment of normal operations that would face the utility in a test year. During that task, we did the middle of 2001. So part of that was a projected test year, I would assume.

Q But if the -- if you consider the period for which the rates are being fixed to be from January 1, 2002 onwards, then you did not make any attempt to adjust the test year data; right?

A In my understanding of rate base regulation from a

1	test year perspective is, you look at normal operations and set
2	rates on a going-forward basis. I've been in cases where there
3	have been multiple test years to take into consideration,
4	changes that would happen in future years. That's one reason
5	if you look at my projection is probably I think it's a bit
6	higher than what the actual results would show. And I'm fine
7	with that. I'm not trying to predict what's happening in 2001.
8	I'm trying to give the best estimate of what normal operations
9	would be. So again, I was not looking beyond the test year to
10	2002 or 2003.
11	Q Well, I regret straying from the deposition. Your
12	model is not trying to predict what's going to happen in 2001;
13	right?
14	A No, it's yeah, it's trying to look at normal

A No, it's -- yeah, it's trying to look at norma operations for 2001, and I'm not looking beyond that.

- Q And your model makes no attempt to project what gallons per ERC will be used in Aloha's service area in 2002?
 - A That's correct.

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- Q Or any year beyond that?
- A That's correct.
- Q And that was not its purpose in any way, shape, or form?
 - A That's correct.
- Q Okay. Now, if you were attempting to predict what consumption would have been in 2002 and beyond, you may have

used a different methodology, and you would had to have had 1 2 more data: correct? 3 Well. I think the company would've had to file some Α more data on 2002. I believe that the MFRs -- if I'm not 4 5 mistaken, I think everything was based on looking at 2001. 6 Now, if the company was trying to integrate changes they 7 thought were going to happen to 2002 and to 2001, that would 8 explain why their number is so inflated, but I don't think in the MFRs there's anything that addresses 2002. I may be wrong, 9 10 but I don't remember seeing anything. 11 0 If you were attempting to predict what consumption 12 would have been in 2002 and beyond, you may have used a different methodology, and you would've had to have had more 13 14 data: correct? 15 I would've had more data provided by the company. Α 16 right. 17 And you may have used a different methodology? 0 18 Α It's a possibility. 19 0 Now, the data that you have reviewed reveals that 20 sometimes from year to year when the amount of rainfall goes 21 down, water usage goes down; correct? 22 Α Could you show me that, please. 23 I can tell you where you said it in the deposition. 0 24 Is that what you'd like me to do, Mr. Stewart --

25

Α

Yes.

1	Q or would you like to look at your exhibits?
2	A Restate the question. Maybe I can save some time.
3	Q Yeah. The data that you had revealed that sometimes
4	from year to year when the amount of rainfall goes down, water
5	usage goes down.
6	A Okay. You're referring to Schedule 2 in my exhibit?
7	Q Well, is there data on that exhibit which reveals
8	that fact?
9	A Well, that's what I'm looking at. Yeah, I would
10	agree with that.
11	Q Okay. And would you agree that those same numbers
12	reveal that sometimes when the amount of rainfall falls as much
13	as five inches from year to year, the amount of usage remains
14	the same?
15	A Yes, I would agree with that. And the point being
16	that there are a lot of other things other than rain that
17	affect water usage, and that is one of the things that led to
18	my use of my methodology. An average would incorporate all
19	those things, where a multiple regression model I would have to
20	identify each and every thing that would affect usage. And it
21	gets extremely complicated.
22	Q Do you agree, Mr. Stewart, that they are you
23	familiar with the minimum filing requirements?
24	A You mean the ones filed in this case?
25	Q Well, the minimum filing requirements as required by

1 the Commission's rules.

A Not with regards to rules. I mean, I've looked over numbers of companies' MFRs and can cite schedules, but I don't know about rules.

Q Would you agree that the minimum filing requirements actually take residential consumption and then use it in a calculation by which you arrive at residential and general service ERCs?

A Right. Yes, I would agree with that.

Q And yet you testified earlier, you thought it was a problem to use residential consumption only in Mr. Porter's methodology, didn't you?

A I don't believe that's what I said. My point was that he was using an end ERC number to back into a residential number.

Q Let me ask you this. Do you accept Mr. Porter's projected growth as Staff and I think even Mr. Biddy have indicated they do in deposition?

A Do I accept the number 473?

0 Uh-huh.

A I accept that in the terms of total ERCs. My argument -- or my contention was, which I did not figure out until today listening to Mr. Porter's testimony was that he translates those ERCs into actual single family resident consumers.

1	Q	You just figured that out today, huh?
2	Α	Yeah, a big mistake.
3	Q	And the Staff just happened to ask you about that?
4	Α	Well, it was in his direct testimony.
5		MR. WHARTON: Give me just one moment.
6	Q	Would you agree that the number 473 is a combination
7	of single	family and commercial ERCs?
8	Α	It's total ERCs, yes.
9		MR. WHARTON: That's all we have.
10		CHAIRMAN JABER: Thank you.
11		MR. WHARTON: Thank you.
12		CHAIRMAN JABER: Commissioners.
13		COMMISSIONER PALECKI: No questions.
14		CHAIRMAN JABER: Mr. Burgess.
15		MR. BURGESS: Very short redirect, if I might,
16	Chairman.	
17		REDIRECT EXAMINATION
18	BY MR. BU	RGESS:
19	Q	Do you recall being asked whether you had ever seen a
20	drop in u	sage of 12 gallons per day per ERC from one year to
21	the next?	
22	Α	Yes, I do recall being asked that.
23	Q	In your answer where you do you recall answering
24	that you	had not?
25	A	I don't recall my answer on that.
	18	

1	Q Okay. In your answer, did you include the change
2	from the years 2000 to the year 2001?
3	A I'm a little confused on that question. Could you
4	repeat it, please.
5	Q Yes. Do you recall the question being asked to you
6	whether you had ever seen a drop in consumption of 12 gallons
7	per day per ERC from one year to the next?
8	A Right.
9	Q Do you recall what you answered?
10	A No, I do not.
11	MR. BURGESS: Okay. Then I have no further
12	questions. Thank you.
13	CHAIRMAN JABER: All right. Mr. Burgess, we have
14	Exhibit 11.
15	MR. BURGESS: And I would move Exhibit 11.
16	CHAIRMAN JABER: Without objection, Exhibit 11 is
17	admitted into the record.
18	(Exhibit 11 admitted into the record.)
19	CHAIRMAN JABER: Mr. Wharton, you asked that
20	Exhibit 12 be admitted into the record?
21	MR. WHARTON: I do ask that Exhibit 12 be admitted
22	into the record.
23	CHAIRMAN JABER: Without objection?
24	MR. BURGESS: No objection.
25	CHAIRMAN JABER: Exhibit 12 is admitted into the

1	record.
2	(Exhibit 12 admitted into the record.)
3	CHAIRMAN JABER: Mr. Stewart, thank you for your
4	testimony and bearing with us. I know that you had to testify
5	late.
6	THE WITNESS: Thank you.
7	(Witness excused.)
8	CHAIRMAN JABER: Now, the next witness is Staff's
9	witness, and it's Richard Durbin.
10	MR. JAEGER: That's correct.
11	CHAIRMAN JABER: Can you guys gauge how many
12	questions, how much time, Mr. Deterding? Mr. Wharton?
13	MR. DETERDING: Well, I'm sure that since
14	Mr. Durbin's testimony is about the level of complaints with
15	Aloha, I'll be doing most of the questioning. I would guess 49
16	minutes, something like that.
17	CHAIRMAN JABER: All right. And Aldridge, that's a
18	stipulated testimony. What about Mr. Fletcher?
19	MR. DETERDING: Fletcher will be a while.
20	CHAIRMAN JABER: So out of all the Staff testimony,
21	would you think Mr. Durbin's testimony would be the fastest?
22	MR. DETERDING: Of the ones that are going to take
23	any time at all, yes.
24	CHAIRMAN JABER: Let's go ahead and get started, see
25	how far we get.

1		RICHARD DURBIN
2	was called	d as a witness on behalf of the Staff of the Florida
3	Public Ser	rvice Commission and, having been duly sworn,
4	testified	as follows:
5		DIRECT EXAMINATION
6	BY MR. JAE	EGER:
7	Q	Mr. Durbin, you have been sworn in, have you not?
8	Α	Yes, sir, I have.
9	Q	Please state your name and business address for the
10	record.	
11	Α	My name is Richard Durbin, D-U-R-B-I-N. My address
12	is 2540 SI	numard Oak Boulevard, Tallahassee.
13	Q	And in what capacity are you employed by the
14	Commission	n?
15	A	I'm a regulatory consultant in the Division of
16	Consumer /	Affairs.
17	Q	Have you prefiled direct testimony in this docket
18	consisting	g of three pages?
19	Α	Yes, I have.
20	Q	Do you have any changes or corrections to your
21	testimony	?
22	A	No, sir.
23		MR. JAEGER: Chairman, may we have Mr. Durbin's
24	testimony	inserted into the record as though read?
25		CHAIRMAN JABER: Yes. The prefiled direct testimony

1	of Richard Durbin shall be inserted into the record as though
2	read.
3	BY MR. JAEGER:
4	Q And, Mr. Durbin, did you also file Exhibit Numbers
5	JRD-1 through JRD-3 to your testimony?
6	A Yes, I did.
7	Q Do you have any changes or corrections to any of
8	those exhibits?
9	A No, sir.
10	MR. JAEGER: Chairman, may we have those exhibits
11	identified as Composite Exhibit
12	CHAIRMAN JABER: Yes. JRD-1 through JRD-3 are
13	identified as Composite Exhibit 13.
14	(Exhibit 13 marked for identification.)
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DIRECT TESTIMONY OF RICHARD DURBIN

- 2 | Q. Would you please state your name and address.
- 3 A. My name is Richard Durbin; 2540 Shumard Oak Boulevard, Tallahassee,
- 4 Florida, 32399-0850.

1 |

- 5 | Q. By whom are you employed and in what capacity?
- 6 A. I am employed by the Florida Public Service Commission as a Regulatory
- 7 | Consultant in the Division of Consumer Affairs.
- 8 Q. Please give a brief description of your educational background and 9 professional experience.
- 10 A. I graduated from the University of Louisville in 1975 with a Bachelor of Science in Commerce degree.
- I have worked at the Florida Public Service Commission since 1992 and have held various positions within the Division of Consumer Affairs since that time.
- 15 Q. What are your present responsibilities with the Commission?
- 16 A. I work in the Bureau of Complaint Resolution where I am primarily
- 17 responsible for both initial and continuing education of the analysts. I
- 18 | identify, develop, and maintain training resources including the Division's
- 19 Intranet. I also serve as the first point of contact when a customer
- 20 requires a higher level of staff member intervention.
- 21 | Q. What is the purpose of your testimony?
- 22 A. The purpose of my testimony is to advise the Commission of the number
- 23 of consumer contacts received by the Commission concerning Aloha Utilities,
- 24 the nature of the complaints received by the Commission, and the adequacy
- 25 of the company's response to those complaints.

- 1 | Q. How many consumer contacts concerning Aloha Utilities has the Commission 2 | received?
- A. Attachment JRD-1 is a chart indicating that the Commission received 294 consumer contacts between January 1, 1999, and October 31, 2001.
- Q. How many complaints has the PSC had logged against Aloha Utilities since January 1, 1999?
- 7 A. Exhibit JRD-2 is a chart indicating that, between January 1, 1999, and 8 October 31, 2001, the PSC logged 193 complaints against Aloha Utilities.
- 9 Q. In how many of those complaints was it the determination of Staff that
- 10 | Aloha was in apparent violation of the Florida Administrative Code or the
- 11 | company tariff?
- 12 A. Two. One was a complaint in which it appeared that the company had sent
- 13 the customer an improper bill. The other apparent violation concerned a delay
- 14 in connection of service in a timely manner.
- 15 | Q. Has the company responded in a timely manner to the complaints?
- 16 A. Aloha has provided a response in a timely manner in 92% of the cases that
- 17 | were filed in 1999, 2000, and year-to-date 2001.
- 18 | Q. What were the most common types of complaints the PSC received?
- 19 A. High bills and water quality concerns, including "black water" complaints,
- 20 were the two most common complaints.
- 21 Q. How does the number of complaints filed against Aloha Utilities compare
- 22 with other, similarly situated, water and wastewater companies?
- 23 \mid A. Exhibit JRD-3 is a comparison of the number of complaints per 1,000 water
- 24 customers for similarly situated Water and Wastewater companies. It includes
- 25 | other Class A and B Water and Wastewater companies in Pasco County plus other

selected Class A companies outside of Pasco County.

The chart indicates that Aloha Utilities had 15.16 complaints per 1,000 customers for the period January 1, 1999 through November 13, 2001. Other companies ranged from a low of .024 complaints per 1,00 customers by Florida Cities Water Company - Lee County Division to a high of 13.45 complaints per 1,000 customers by Jasmine Lakes Utility Corporation.

- Q. Does this conclude your testimony?
- A. Yes it does.

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1 1	BY MR. JAEGER:
2	Q Mr. Durbin, could you briefly summarize your
3	testimony?
4	A Yes, sir. My testimony indicates that from
5	January 1999 through October 2001 consumers filed
6	193 complaints with the Public Service Commission against Aloha
7	Utilities. This was the highest number of complaints per 1,000
8	customers of any of the similarly-sized water and wastewater
9	utility companies reviewed. The most commonly filed complaints
10	concerned high bills and water quality.
11	Of the 171 complaints filed with the Public Service
12	Commission's Division of Consumer Affairs only two complaints
13	were found in which it appeared that the company violated
14	either Commission rules or the company's tariff.
15	My testimony also indicates that as a whole the
16	company's responses to customer complaints were submitted to
17	the Public Service Commission in a timely manner. This
18	concludes my summary.
19	MR. JAEGER: I tender the witness for
20	cross-examination.
21	CHAIRMAN JABER: Thank you, Mr. Jaeger. Public
22	actually, Mr. Wood, do you have any questions?
23	MR. WOOD: Yes.
24	CROSS EXAMINATION
25	BY MR. WOOD:

1	Q Mr. Durbin, during that period of time you just
2	testified, was there a period of time when the PSC was not
3	taking complaints about Aloha black water?
4	A No, sir, there was no such time.
5	Q Why were customers then denied complaints when they
6	called the Public Service Commission?
7	A I'm not aware of anybody being denied the opportunity
8	to file a complaint.
9	Q Would you look into that?
10	A I would have to have some direction as to any
11	specific individual that would
12	Q You're looking at one.
13	A Mr. Wood, I believe that our records show that we
14	have filed numerous complaints on your behalf concerning black
15	water.
16	MR. WOOD: And I'm not trying to testify.
17	CHAIRMAN JABER: No, but I need you to speak into the
18	mike and make sure that you're asking him a question so that he
19	can answer.
20	BY MR. WOOD:
21	Q Is there any time I go back to my question. Is
22	there any time or any reason that anyone was ever denied to
23	file a complaint on Aloha black water?
24	A I am not aware of that, of any such time.
25	Q That's what I asked. Will you go back and look at

what the process was at one time -- in that period of time? 1 2 At all times if a customer called us and asked us to 3 file a complaint concerning black water, we would file a complaint. 4 5 I take -- you know, there should be a record there of 6 people who called and were denied, is there? 7 There is no record of anybody being denied the Α 8 opportunity to file a complaint concerning the black water. 9 MR. WOOD: I have no other questions. 10 CHAIRMAN JABER: Thank you, Mr. Wood. 11 Mr. Burgess. 12 MR. BURGESS: We have no questions. 13 CHAIRMAN JABER: Okay. Ms. Lytle. 14 MS. LYTLE: I have no questions. 15 CHAIRMAN JABER: Mr. Deterding. 16 CROSS EXAMINATION 17 BY MR. DETERDING: 18 Mr. Durbin, you're testifying concerning both Q 19 customer contacts and complaints filed at the Commission, are 20 you not? 21 Α That is correct. 22 0 And you would agree that the difference between a 23 contact and a complaint is that a contact is when a customer 24 calls and requests information but does not file a complaint 25 per se, or it would -- those that are -- let me back up. Let

me start the question over.

Would you agree that a customer contact is anytime a customer calls you about a utility?

A That's correct. Anytime a customer calls us, writes us a letter, sends us an e-mail concerning Aloha Utilities, that would be considered a customer contact.

- Q And a complaint or the complaints you've discussed here are actually subsumed within the contacts; correct?
 - A That is correct, yes.
- Q And the difference being that a customer complaint requires some action by you to look into their issue?

A Correct. If we determine that it's necessary to file a complaint, it not only requires that we file the complaint, we would forward that complaint to the utility; ask that the utility respond to the customer's complaint.

- Q Now, you looked at customer complaints for approximately a -- is it a two-and-three-quarter-year period; is that accurate?
 - A That's correct, yes.
- Q And in that two-and-three-quarter-year period there were only two cases where you found that this utility had either done something incorrectly contrary to a rule or contrary to its tariff?
- A It's -- in only two complaints did we find that it appeared that the company violated a rule or a tariff.

- 1 Q Out of 194 complaints or 1--
- 2 | A 193.

- Q -- somewhere close to 200 complaints?
 - A Correct. That is correct.
- Q And you would agree that that represents approximately 1 percent of the time that this utility has been found to be incorrect or in the wrong in some way in that history?
 - A That is correct.
- Q Now, if a customer calls you and states both a concern with a rate increase -- well, let's start with that alone.

A customer calls you and says, I'm very concerned about this rate increase. I don't like it. If that's all they ask about or talk about. how is that treated?

A We would enter that into our complaints tracking system but only as a contact. If it is a docketed matter, there is -- we would have the opportunity to make a note in there that the customer called, expressed concern about the rate case or an impending request for a rate increase. And we would have the opportunity to plug into that complaint -- or into that information request form the docket number, and that information would then be part -- become part of the correspondence side of the docket file.

Q Okay. Now, if they did the same thing but they said,

I don't like this rate increase, they provide horrible quality of water, is that treated in the same manner?

A It depends upon the way that the customer presents it to us. If the customer just calls to express an opinion, dissatisfaction with -- where the customer says, hey, they have requested a rate increase, we don't think they ought to have a rate increase because they provide nasty water, we would not file a complaint.

Now, if the customer calls us and says, we want to protest this company's request for a rate increase, and by the way, what can you do about this nasty water? I have this awful water, and I want to file a complaint. Then we would go ahead and file a complaint on the water quality problem.

Q Okay. If a customer calls and says, I have horrible, nasty water, and I'm against this rate increase, do you ask that customer if they want to file a complaint about the quality of the water?

A We would not solicit a complaint -- you know, that the customer file a complaint. We let the customer take the lead there. And if it is, for instance, a customer calling complaining about -- or expressing concern about the rate case and in that same telephone call mentions, say, the black water, we would explain to the customer what the situation is with the black water, what is being done to address it. But if the customer then says, hey, I want to file a complaint about it,

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we will then file a complaint. But we would not -- in our conversation with the customer, we would not solicit a complaint. That's got to be the customer's volition.

0 So do they have to use the word "complaint." or can they just say, the water is terrible and nasty?

If they just said that the water is terrible and nasty, we would -- we might ask some specific questions about the -- well, are you talking about the smell? Could you expand on that a little bit? And that would give us a little more direction as to what the customer is talking about.

And if we found, say, that the customer was complaining of, say, just simply a bad odor or a customer was complaining there's too much -- you know, it's got this awful chlorine smell, there's too much chlorine, in a situation like that, we might ask the customer, well, we can if you believe that -- you know, if you are getting an excess chlorine smell. we can request from the company a copy of their most recent water quality report, and that would go in as a complaint.

Okay. So it basically depends on how much 0 information they give you about the water quality side of the issue?

Correct, correct. Α

0 Okay. As to whether it's treated as a complaint or just a contact about the rate case?

Α Correct.

Now, once it goes into a complaint, isn't it true 1 0 2 that it is simply noted as a complaint and a quality complaint 3 and doesn't say anything about the rate case? 4 That's correct. If we file -- if we're filing a Α 5 complaint, there would not typically be any comment there about 6 the rate case. The complaint should only address the 7 customer's allegation or contention that the company may have 8 violated a rule or a tariff. 9 Okay. And you segregate, I believe, your complaints 10 in your exhibit into quality and billing, I believe; is that --11 Service and billing. Α 12 Service and billing. And service includes water Q 13 quality, does it not? 14 That's correct, that is correct. 15 Q And over that approximately 30-month period you 16 analyze, isn't it true that there were zero water quality 17 complaints that the Commission found the utility to be in 18 violation of any rule, statute, or tariff? 19 Α That is correct, yes. 20 Q Okay. Now, your testimony suggests that 21 approximately 8 percent of the responses from the utility to 22 the complaints lodged at the Commission were untimely; is that 23 right? 24

Yes. sir. that is correct.

Α

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0 And these -- that's 16 that you-all contend are late

1	in 30 mont	chs; correct?
2	Α	I believe that was the number, yes, sir.
3	Q	Okay. Isn't it true that only one or two of those
4	were late	more than one day?
5	A	I honestly don't know. If they are one day late, we
6	would cons	sider them to be a late response. And the ones that I
7	reviewed 1	this afternoon while we were sitting here, yes, the
8	ones that	I noticed were one day.
9	Q	And it is true that you generally faxed the
10	complaints	s to the utility for a response; correct?
11	А	That is correct.
12	Q	And you request a response within ten days?
13	А	Fifteen working days.
14	Q	I'm sorry, 15 working days.
15		CHAIRMAN JABER: Mr. Durbin, is Aloha on the warm
16	transfer	program hot transfer, whatever?
17		THE WITNESS: No, they're you're not on the warm
18	transfer?	No, they're not on the warm transfer.
19		CHAIRMAN JABER: He can't testify.
20		THE WITNESS: Excuse me, I'm sorry.
21		CHAIRMAN JABER: As far as you know
22		THE WITNESS: But, no, they're not. No, they're not
23	on the wa	rm transfer program.
24	BY MR. DE	TERDING:
25	Q	And generally, the responses are filed by fax, too,

1	are they n	not?
2	А	I believe so, yes.
3	Q	Okay. And that's always been acceptable to the
4	Commission	n, has it not?
5	A	Absolutely.
6	Q	Have you looked to see whether or not Aloha's the
7	number of	complaints Aloha is above or below or exactly on
8	average fo	or the industry?
9	A	The number of complaints or the number of late
10	Q	Of complaints, total complaints for the industry as a
11	whole.	
12	A	For the industry as a whole, no, I haven't reviewed
13	that.	
14	Q	Your exhibit suggests several that you compare them
15	to, but no	ot the industry as a whole?
16	Α	That's correct.
17	Q	Okay. Now, the ones you have referenced in your
18	JRD-3 makes a comparison to between Aloha and several other	
19	customers	based on a complaints per thousand customers, does it
20	not?	
21	Α	That is correct.
22	Q	And you've made no attempt to break out the
23	complaint:	s between those that relate to water and those that
24	relate to	sewer in your analysis; is that right?
25	Α	That is correct. Now, all of the companies that we

1	are looki	ng at here, the number of customers was just we
2	just look	ed at used the number of water customers for the
3	number of	customers.
4	Q	Okay. But the complaints may have been all about
5	sewer for	all you know?
6	A	They could have been, yes.
7	Q	Okay. And would you agree that of the utilities used
8	in your a	analysis, only the Florida Water Services system has
9	two disti	nct separate water and wastewater systems as Aloha
10	does?	
11	А	Florida Water Services has way more than two.
12	Q	At least two then, huh?
13	А	Oh, a hundred and something.
14	Q	But I'm saying, isn't it the only one that has two
15	distinct	systems?
16	Α	I believe so, yes.
17	Q	Have you made an attempt to segregate out the
18	complaint	s for Aloha between the Seven Springs and Aloha
19	Gardens systems?	
20	Α	No, I have no way of doing that.
21	Q	Have you made an attempt to determine what portion of
22	those complaints relate to Aloha water versus sewer?	
23	Α	No, I haven't.
24		(Pause.)
25		CHAIRMAN JABER: Mr. Deterding, hurry up and ask a

1 question. 2 MR. DETERDING: Why? Are people falling asleep? 3 THE WITNESS: No, I'm going to start singing if you 4 don't. 5 (Laughter.) 6 MR. DETERDING: Commissioner, the reason I'm 7 hesitating, I'm trying to see if I've hit this point and can go 8 I apologize. I'm trying to shorten it as much as I can. 9 BY MR. DETERDING: 10 Are you aware of the fact that Aloha had a water 11 quality investigation opened and dealing with service provided 12 to its Seven Springs water customers that lasted longer than 13 any prior subsequent examination of the utility's quality of 14 service in the Commission's history? 15 I believe I have heard that, yes. Α 16 And that docket was opened through a significant 0 17 portion of this period of time you've analyzed, was it not? 18 Α That's correct, yes. 19 And isn't it true that Aloha also had during the 0 20 substantial portion of time that you have chosen to analyse and 21 open a sewer rate case? 22 Α That is correct. 23 And that case did not conclude until April of 2001? Q

Q And this rate case was filed in August, but the test

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Α

Correct.

year approval process began in April, did it not? 1 2 I honestly don't know. 3 So for the majority of time, the utility has had a 0 4 rate proceeding ongoing with this Commission throughout the 5 30-month period of time -- well, not throughout but for the 6 majority of the period of time you've chosen to analyze; 7 correct? 8 Α That is correct. 9 0 Have you made any attempt to determine whether any of 10 the other companies on your list had ongoing rate proceedings 11 at the time you analyzed? 12 No. sir. I haven't. And even during the period of time that was not 13 14 covered by a pending rate proceeding, the utility had a water quality investigation ongoing; correct? 15 16 Α I believe so, yes, sir. The Commission requires a utility in a rate 17 0 18 proceeding to send out an initial customer notice that includes 19 certain information about the case, does it not? 20 Α That is correct. 21 And isn't it true that the notice specifically asks 0 22 the customers to write to the Commission if they have any 23 concerns or complaints? 24 Α That is correct. In the notice of hearing that the Commission issues 25 Q

1	in any rate proceeding or quality investigation, it reque	sts
2	customer input in that notice as well, does it not?	
3	A That is correct.	
4	Q So on at least four different occasions through	out
5	this 30-month period you investigated, the Commission has	
6	specifically solicited customer input concerning their qu	ality
7	of service; correct?	
8	A That is correct, yes.	
9	Q And none of the other utilities, to your knowle	dge,
10	that you have compared to Aloha have solicited complaints	at
11	all during that period of time?	
12	A I could not I honestly could not swear to th	at.
13	Q You don't know?	
14	A No, I honestly don't know.	
15	Q Okay. Now, you would agree that it's logical t	0
16	expect more complaints when such formal proceedings are o	ngoing
17	or pending at the Commission, would you not?	
18	A That has typically been our experience.	
19	Q How did you determine the period of time that y	ou
20	utilized in analyzing these customer complaints?	
21	A I was asked to use this period of time by Staff	
22	attorney Mr. Jaeger and Marshall Willis.	
23	Q Isn't it true that if you went back four, five,	six
24	or more years that the number of complaints drops off	
25	dramatically from the numbers that you saw as an average	for

these 30 months? 1 I don't know because I didn't go back beyond this 2 3 period. Would you agree there has been an escalation in the 4 0 5 number of complaints in the last two years from the beginning 6 of the period you analyzed? Yes. I believe that my charts demonstrate that. Yes. 7 8 And that coincides with the month in which the 0 utility filed its MFRs in the sewer case, the beginning of that 9 10 upward trend, does it not? I'm not aware of the date that those MFRs were filed. 11 Α 12 Okay. If I told you that the customer notice was 0 sent out in April and May of 2000, would that indicate to you 13 14 that that upward spike in customer complaints that began in that month was probably related to that? 15 16 That wouldn't surprise me at all. Α And there are a couple other high points in this 17 0 18 Exhibit JRD-2. The December 2000 and January 2001 peaks are primarily related to complaints from -- several complaints from 19 20 Ashley Park Apartments; correct? 21 Α That is correct, yes. Have you read Mr. Watford's testimony in that regard? 22 Q 23 Yes. I have. Α

FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

And do you disagree with anything in that

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Q

testimony --

1	Α	If I could take a moment.
2	Q	concerning that issue?
3		I apologize. I don't want you to go through the
4	entire th	ing right now.
5	Α	No, nothing of any substance. No.
6	Q	Okay. And was the utility found to be in violation
7	of a rule	or a tariff as regards to those complaints that
8	occurred	at that point in time?
9	A	No, sir.
LO	Q	And just to make sure I'm clear, you agree that the
l1	majority	of those complaints are related to that issue?
L2	A	That's correct. My analysis showed that that was the
L3	cause of	that spike.
L4	Q	And do you agree that the high point in July of 2001
15	relates t	o customers calling in concerning the implementation
16	of the wa	stewater rate increase, the final wastewater rate
17	increase?	
18	Α	That's correct, that's my understanding.
19	Q	Would you agree there are numerous newspaper articles
20	about the	utility throughout this 30-month period of time
21	covered b	y your analysis?
22	Α	Yes.
23	Q	And would you agree that would increase the number of
24	complaint	s you would receive?
25	A	That has been our experience, yes.

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Q And you, I believe, agreed with me at your deposition that 111 of the 193 complaints were related primarily to high bills; correct?

- A I do believe that's correct, yes, sir.
- Q So the majority of complaints you noted relate to high bills?
 - A Correct.
- Q Okay. And in none of the billing complaints or in any of the water quality complaints has the utility determined to be in violation of rules, statutes, or tariffs?
 - A I'm sorry, could you repeat that, please.
- Q Isn't it true that in none of the billing complaints or in the water quality complaints has the utility ever been determined to be in violation of statutes, rules, or tariffs during the period you've analyzed?
- A I know that there were no water quality complaints that we determined that the company was in violation. Bear with me just one moment here. There was -- one of the two complaints, the Helen Geisler (phonetic) complaint, that was a billing question.
 - Q And what was that related to? An improper bill?
- A Yes, this was an error or an improper bill that was sent to the customer, and the company issued a credit for \$12.80.
 - Q Okay. But that's the only one you know of; correct?

1	Α	That is correct.
2		MR. DETERDING: Okay. That's all I have.
3		CHAIRMAN JABER: Thank you, Mr. Deterding.
4		Mr. Jaeger.
5		MR. JAEGER: Just two redirect.
6		REDIRECT EXAMINATION
7	BY MR. JAI	EGER:
8	Q	If a consumer wants to protest a rate case such as
9	Aloha, yo	u can enter a protest code in the system, can you not
10	designati	ng a protest?
11	A	That's correct, yes.
12	Q	And I think you said that they can file their
13	responses	by fax, and they can also do them by e-mail now, can
14	they not?	
15	A	That is correct, that is correct.
16		MR. JAEGER: That's all I have.
17		CHAIRMAN JABER: Thank you, Mr. Jaeger. Exhibit
18	Number 13	shall be admitted without objection.
19		(Exhibit 13 admitted into the record.)
20		CHAIRMAN JABER: Thank you.
21		THE WITNESS: Thank you, ma'am.
22		(Witness excused.)
23		CHAIRMAN JABER: Let me Mr. Jaeger, we can go
24	ahead and	insert the prefiled direct testimony of Vincent C.
25	Aldridge	into the record.

1	MR. JAEGER: Okay. That's pursuant to Stipulation
2	14.
3	CHAIRMAN JABER: Yes. So the prefiled direct
4	testimony of Vincent C. Aldridge shall be inserted into the
5	record as though read. And he has one exhibit, Mr. Jaeger.
6	MR. JAEGER: That's correct. It's a Staff audit
7	report, VCA-1.
8	CHAIRMAN JABER: Okay. VCA-1 shall be identified as
9	Exhibit 14 and admitted into the record without objection.
10	(Exhibit 14 marked for identification and admitted
11	into the record.)
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1 | DIRECT TESTIMONY OF VINCENT C. ALDRIDGE

- 2 | Q. Please state your name and business address.
- 3 A. My name is Vincent C. Aldridge and my business address is 4950 West
- 4 Kennedy Blvd., Suite 310, Tampa, Florida, 33609.
- 5 | Q. By whom are you presently employed and in what capacity?
- 6 A. I am employed by the Florida Public Service Commission as a Regulatory
- 7 | Analyst II in the Division of Regulatory Oversight.
- 8 Q. How long have you been employed by the Commission?
- 9 A. I have been employed by the Florida Public Service Commission since
- 10 | August, 1998.
- 11 | Q. Briefly review your educational and professional background.
- 12 A. In 1993, I received a Degree in Accounting from Michigan State
- 13 University. I received a Juris Doctor degree from the University of Florida
- 14 | in 1997. I also received a Masters in Accounting from the University of South
- 15 | Florida in 2000. I am also a member of the Florida Bar.
- 16 Q. Please describe your current responsibilities.
- 17 A. Currently, I am a Regulatory Analyst II with the responsibilities of
- 18 managing a financial audit using a standard audit program.
- 19 Q. What is the purpose of your testimony today?
- 20 A. The purpose of my testimony is to sponsor the staff audit report of
- 21 Aloha Utilities, Inc., the Seven Springs water system, Docket No. 010503-WU.
- 22 The audit report is filed with my testimony and is identified as VCA-1.
- 23 Q. Was this audit report prepared by you?
- 24 A. Yes, I was the audit manager in charge of this audit.
- 25 | Q. Please review the work you and the audit staff performed in this audit.

- A. We audited Rate Base, reviewed invoices for plant additions, and tested accumulated depreciation using the currently approved rates. We also tested Contributions in Aid of Construction (CIAC) and Amortization of CIAC and calculated a working capital allowance using the balance sheet method. For the Net Operating Income schedule, we compiled revenue and expenses, tested specific customer bills to verify that the approved rates were in use, recomputed revenues using approved tariffs and company-provided gallonage sales and verified Operating and Maintenance (O&M) expenses. We also performed audit test work of payments to vendors to verify booked expenses, recalculated depreciation expense and analyzed taxes other than income. We also audited the capital structure of Aloha Utilities.
- 12 Q. Please review the audit disclosures in the audit report.

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A. Audit Disclosure No. 1 discusses the accumulated depreciation related to computers. The utility made adjustments to account 340.5- Office Furniture and Equipment to separate computer equipment (which has a depreciable life of 5 years) from the other office furniture and equipment (which has a depreciable life of 15 years). This separation is in accordance with Rule 25-30.140, Florida Administrative Code, and is required by Commission Order No. PSC-01-1374-PAA-WS, issued June 27, 2001, in Docket No. 000737-WS. The utility also made corresponding adjustments to its accumulated depreciation account. Although the utility made an adjustment to its accumulated depreciation account, it did so incorrectly. I recommend that the utility reduce the December 31, 1999 balance for Accumulated Depreciation - Office Furniture, by \$586 and increase the balance for Accumulated Depreciation - Computer Equipment, by \$2,848.

Audit Disclosure No. 2 discusses items that were expensed during the test year ended December 31, 2000, that should have been capitalized in the Seven Springs water division. These items total \$11,552 and consist of a well head check valve for \$1,200 (Pumping Equipment, Account 311), a pump for \$4,124 (Pumping Equipment, Account 311), a pump motor for \$4,116 (Pumping Equipment, Account 311), and office file cabinets for \$2,112 (Office Furniture, Account 340). Because these assets provide benefit to future periods, I recommend that they be recorded in the appropriate plant accounts at historical cost and then depreciated over the service life as provided in Rule 25-30.140, Florida Administrative Code. The utility should also record additional depreciation expense of \$306 for the reclassification.

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Audit Disclosure No. 3 discusses the allocation of the working capital allowance. The utility allocated working capital using the O&M expenses for the four water and wastewater systems. The company calculation resulted in 34.1086% of the working capital allowance being allocated to the Seven Springs water system. The company calculation allocated working capital using O&M amounts from Commission Order No. PSC-01-1245-PAA-WS, issued June 4, 2001, in Docket No. 000737-WS, for the Aloha Gardens water and wastewater systems and the utility's 2000 annual report for the Seven Springs wastewater system. I could not determine where the utility derived its Seven Springs water system O&M expense amount.

I believe that the <u>methodology</u> used by the utility to allocate working capital among its four systems is appropriate. However, I believe that the O&M expense figure for the Seven Springs water system should be changed to reflect the audited balance of O&M expense. That change would result in

working capital being allocated to the Seven Springs water system based on \$1,428,758 of O&M expenses. This results in 31.8829% of the working capital, or \$259,412 being allocated to the Seven Springs water system. \$50.364 decrease to the MFR amount.

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Audit Disclosure No. 4 discusses the amortization of loan costs. During the year 1999, the utility acquired a construction loan from Bank Of America in the amount of \$5,200,000 at 9.00% interest for 15 years. The loan settlement date was July 30, 1999. The closing expenses on the loan were \$39,829, paid to the bank at closing, and \$23,541 for legal fees paid. total loan cost is \$63,370 (39,829 + 23,541). The monthly amortization amount is \$352 (63.370 / 180 months).

In its MFR Schedule D-5(B), the utility indicated a test year 2000 expense of \$5,984 for amortization of Issuing Expense. This amount represents amortization from August 1, 1999 through December 31, 2000. I recommend that the five months of amortization for 1999, in the amount of \$1,760, be removed from the cost of capital computation for ratemaking purposes.

Audit Disclosure No. 5 discusses the Long Term Debt included in the Capital Structure. Schedule D-2 of the MFRs indicates two debt items to LL Speer. The audit found four additional debt items totaling \$3,179,132 on a thirteen-month average basis. I recommend that the utility include all of its long term debt issues in its capital structure for the calculation of its cost of capital.

Audit Disclosure No. 6 discusses Interest Income. Schedule B-4(B) of the utility's MFRs indicates \$10,139 of interest income for the year 2000. 25 | A review of the utility's general ledger revealed that the utility's interest

income had not been properly allocated to its four systems. An allocation of interest income based upon ECRs results in \$17,293 of interest income for the Seven Springs water system. I recommend that the interest income be increased by \$7,154.

Audit Disclosure No. 7 discusses Taxes Other Than Income. The utility allocates its real estate taxes based on the land's original cost per books. The utility allocates its tangible personal property taxes based on taxable plant balances. Taxable plant, as used by the utility, is total plant less land and vehicles. The utility did not net accumulated depreciation against its plant balances for this allocation.

Because the tax paid on each particular piece of property is known, and we know to which system each piece of property applies, I recommend that the Commission allocate real estate taxes to the system where the particular piece of property is located. This results in an increase of \$253 to the Seven Springs water system.

Pursuant to Commission Order No. PSC-99-1917-PAA-WS, issued September 28, 1999, in Dockets Nos. 980245-WS and 970536-WS, I recommend that the tangible personal property taxes be allocated based on plant balances less land and transportation equipment, net of accumulated depreciation. This results in an increase of \$627 to the Seven Springs water system.

Previously, I recommended revenues be increased for the correct interest income. I also recommend that a corresponding change to Regulatory Assessment Fees be made. This results in an increase of \$322 to the Seven Springs water system.

These adjustments result in a total increase to Taxes Other Than Income

of \$1,202.

Audit Disclosure No. 8 discusses the deferred rate case expense included in the working capital adjustment. During the test year ended December 31, 2000, the utility recorded amounts for deferred rate case expense under Docket No. 991643-SU in its general ledger in two separate accounts: 186.04 and 187.03. This docket was for the Seven Springs Wastewater rate case. In December of 2000, the amount recorded in account 187.03 was reclassified and transferred to account 186.04.

The thirteen-month average for these accounts was computed as \$103,459 for account 186.04 and \$61,702 for account 187.03. Even though account 187.03 had a zero balance at December 31, 2000, it still had a thirteen-month average balance because dollars were recorded in that account throughout the year. Because these costs were incurred in a wastewater rate case, they should not be included in the computation of working capital in the current water rate case. In its MFR filing the utility removed the \$103,459 from the average working capital computation, but did not remove the \$61,702. The \$61,702 should also be removed as it was also related to the wastewater case.

Audit Disclosure No. 9 discusses the Pilot Project for water quality. By Order No. PSC-00-1285-FOF-WS, issued July 14, 2000, in Docket No. 960545-WS, the Commission ordered the utility to implement a pilot project using the best available treatment alternative to enhance the water quality and to diminish the tendency of the water to produce copper sulfide in customers' homes. By Order No. PSC-01-1374-PAA-WS, issued June 27, 2001, in Docket No. 000737-WS, the Commission found that a \$380,000 estimate of the cost of the pilot project was reasonable and that it was appropriate to recognize these

costs in working capital. It also noted that the appropriate final treatment for these costs can be addressed in the upcoming rate case (which is the subject of this audit). Finally, the Commission instructed the working capital for Seven Springs water system to be increased by \$190,000 (\$380,000 divided by two) the average balance of the estimated cost of the pilot project. The utility included an adjustment of \$190,000 to its working capital on Schedule A-4(B) of its MFRs. The utility is currently accounting for costs related to the pilot project in CWIP account 105-02-0. The balance in this account at December 31, 2000 was \$3,826 and at June 30, 2001 it was \$57,579. This information is provided to assist in determining the appropriate final treatment for these costs.

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Audit Disclosure No. 10 discusses the purchase of the new building. During the test year ended December 31, 2000 the utility purchased a building to use as its main office. At present the utility is not using the whole building. The purchase price was \$774,115 for the building and land (\$765,000 sales price and \$9,115 for closing costs).

By Order No. PSC-01-1245-PAA-WS, issued June 4, 2001, in Docket No. 000737-WS, the Commission recognized the \$765,000 sales price and found the following adjustments appropriate for the Aloha Gardens systems: 1) the value of land associated with the new building was \$64,409, 2) the non-utility percentage was 29.4%, and 3) the appropriate allocation to the Seven Springs water system was 36% for the building related costs.

The utility allocated the building and associated land based on 12.5% each to Aloha Gardens water and wastewater and 37.5% each to Seven Springs water and wastewater. Aloha also recorded a \$82,830 value for the associated

land related to the building. In addition, the utility recorded a 28.19% non-utility adjustment to the total cost of the building and associated land. By Order No. PSC-01-1374-PAA-WS, the Commission directed plant to be increased by \$1,019 and land reduced by \$970 for the Seven Springs water system to reflect the difference between the valuation and allocation percentages used by the utility and those approved in the order. These adjustments were made by the utility in its MFR filing.

During the current audit, the adjustment amounts contained in Commission Order No. PSC-01-1374-PAA-WS were found to be in error. We calculated the appropriate balances for the building and land as of December 31, 2000, using the valuation (\$765,000 + \$9,115 of closing costs), non-utility percentage (29.4%) and system allocation percentage (36%) directed by Order No. PSC-01-1245-PAA-WS.

Based on our calculation, the allocation of the new office building and land for the Seven Springs water division should be reduced by \$5,776 for the building and \$5,935 for the land.

Audit Disclosure No. 11 discusses regulatory commission expense. By Order No. PSC-01-1374-WS, the Commission found that \$328,672 of regulatory commission expense associated with Docket No. 960545-WS was a reasonable amount. It also found that it was appropriate to begin amortizing these costs in 2000. The company recorded the \$328,672 as a deferred asset in account 186.01 and included this in its working capital computation.

The utility adjusted its 0&M expense by \$65,735 to recognize one year's amortization of this regulatory commission expense on Schedule B-3(A) of its MFRs. However, a corresponding adjustment was not made to reduce the \$328,672

deferred asset for one year of amortization. I recommend that the utility's working capital be reduced by \$65,735 at December 31, 2000. The thirteen-month average effect of this adjustment is \$32,868. Does this conclude your testimony? Q. Yes, it does. Α.

CHAIRMAN JABER: That brings us to Stephen Fletcher. He will be the first witness we take up tomorrow morning at 9:00 a.m. So we will adjourn for the evening. You have some matters --

MR. WHARTON: There is one matter, Chairman Jaber, and that is, we had discussed earlier about the Hoofnagle late-filed exhibit.

CHAIRMAN JABER: Right.

MR. WHARTON: Mr. Burgess expressed that he did not really want to enter into a stipulation, but he did not object. I believe what we have here in having shown this to all the parties and having secured agreement is a substitute for that late-filed exhibit. It is the e-mail that Mr. Hoofnagle testified about where he had gotten the compliance history of Aloha referring back to '99. And then on Page 2 is a letter on DEP letterhead that I have shown to everyone that I believe reveals on its face that in the one instance it says this facility -- the facility had one violation, that that's referring to someone else. And we understand we will not be allowed to file any late-filed response to this. This will be the end of it.

CHAIRMAN JABER: All right. So you and Staff have reached agreement that that could be an exhibit used to substitute for Late-Filed Exhibit Number 2?

MR. WHARTON: Correct. And I believe Mr. Burgess

1	would not object.
2	MR. BURGESS: That's correct.
3	CHAIRMAN JABER: And, Mr. Burgess, you do not have ar
4	objection to that?
5	MR. BURGESS: That's correct.
6	CHAIRMAN JABER: Let's go ahead and identify that.
7	Mr. Wharton, can you give me a short title for an Exhibit
8	Number 15?
9	MR. WHARTON: It is the DEP e-mail and attached
10	correspondence.
11	CHAIRMAN JABER: Okay. That will be Exhibit Number
12	14, and it shall be admitted into the record
13	MR. JAEGER: That was 15.
14	CHAIRMAN JABER: Fifteen. Thank you. And it shall
15	be admitted into the record without objection. And Late-Filed
16	Exhibit 2 is no longer necessary.
17	(Exhibit 15 marked for identification and admitted
18	into the record.)
19	CHAIRMAN JABER: If there is anything of substance we
20	have to take up, we're going to take up tomorrow morning at
21	nine o'clock, so we are adjourned.
22	MR. JAEGER: Chairman, we have two SWFWMD witnesses,
23	and I don't if we want to jump right into Staff or them. I
24	think we can work that out in the morning.
25	CHAIRMAN JABER: I think we can work it out in the

morning, nine o'clock. Thank you. (Hearing adjourned at 9:35 p.m.) (Transcript continues in sequence with Volume 8.)

1	STATE OF FLORIDA)
2	: CERTIFICATE OF REPORTER
3	COUNTY OF LEON)
4	I TRICIA DOMARTE Official Commission Reportor do beroby
5	I, TRICIA DeMARTE, Official Commission Reporter, do hereby certify that the foregoing proceeding was heard at the time and place herein stated.
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7	IT IS FURTHER CERTIFIED that I stenographically reported the said proceedings; that the same has been transcribed under my direct supervision; and that this
8	transcript constitutes a true transcription of my notes of said
9	proceedings. I FURTHER CERTIEV that I am not a rolative employee
10	I FURTHER CERTIFY that I am not a relative, employee, attorney or counsel of any of the parties, nor am I a relative or employee of any of the parties'_attorneys_or counsel
11	connected with the action, nor am I financially interested in the action.
12	DATED THIS 24th DAY OF JANUARY, 2002.
13	DATED THIS EACH DATE OF GARGART, EGGE.
14	Ficia DeMarti
15	TRICIA DEMARTE FPSC Official Commission Reporter
16	(850) 413-6736
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