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1		BEFORE THE
2	FLC	ORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION
3	In the Matter of	DOCKET NO. 020896-WS
4	PETITION BY CUST	COMERS OF ALOHA
5	UTILITIES, INC. FOR DELETION OF PORTION OF TERRITORY IN SEVEN	
6	SPRINGS AREA IN	PASCO COUNTY.
7		Charles and the second se
8	A	RONIC VERSIONS OF THIS TRANSCRIPT ARE
9		OFFICIAL TRANSCRIPT OF THE HEARING, DF VERSION INCLUDES PREFILED TESTIMONY.
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11	PROCEEDINGS:	AGENDA CONFERENCE ITEM NO. 6
12	BEFORE :	CHAIRMAN BRAULIO L. BAEZ COMMISSIONER J. TERRY DEASON
13		COMMISSIONER RUDOLPH "RUDY" BRADLEY COMMISSIONER CHARLES M. DAVIDSON
14		COMMISSIONER LISA POLAK EDGAR
15	DATE :	Tuesday, January 4, 2005
16	PLACE :	Betty Easley Conference Center
17		Room 148 4075 Esplanade Way
18		Tallahassee, Florida
19	REPORTED BY:	LINDA BOLES, RPR Official FPSC Reporter
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1	PARTICIPATING:
2	JOHN L. WHARTON, ESQUIRE, representing Aloha
3	Utilities, Inc.
4	CHARLES BECK, ESQUIRE, representing the Office of
5	Jublic Counsel.
6	SENATOR MIKE FASANO, representing his constituents.
7	V. ABRAHAM KURIEN, M.D., representing his
8	constituents.
9	RICK MELSON, GENERAL COUNSEL, ROSANNE GERVASI,
10	SQUIRE, and MARY ANNE HELTON, ESQUIRE, representing the
11	Plorida Public Service Commission Staff.
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1	PROCEEDINGS
2	* * * *
3	CHAIRMAN BAEZ: All right, Commissioners, we are now
4	on Item 6. And what I would like to do is have staff tee it up
5	for us briefly, and then we'll hear from the, the senator and,
6	and the rest of the parties.
7	MS. GERVASI: Commissioners, Item 6 is staff's
8	recommendation concerning what action, if any, the Commission
9	should take in the event that the motion for termination of
10	deletion proceedings is granted, which it just was.
11	The recommendation contains a primary and an
12	alternate recommendation, with the primary recommendation being
13	that the Commission should decline to initiate deletion
14	proceedings against Aloha because there is not probable cause
15	to believe that Aloha has violated a statute, rule or order of
16	the Commission that warrants the imposition of a penalty.
17	The alternate recommendation is for the Commission to
18	open a new docket to initiate deletion proceedings against
19	Aloha because there is probable cause for the Commission to
20	find that Aloha has violated its statutory duty under
21	Section 367.111(2), Florida Statutes, to provide water service
22	to the areas which were included in the four customer-initiated
23	deletion petitions, that is not less sufficient than is
24	consistent with the reasonable and proper operation of the
25	utility system in the public interest.

1	Representatives of Aloha are present to address the	
2	Commission on this item, as is Senator Fasano, and Mr. Beck	
3	with OPC, and Dr. Kurien, a customer of Aloha. Staff is	
4	available to answer any questions.	
5	COMMISSIONER DAVIDSON: Chairman	
6	CHAIRMAN BAEZ: Thank you, Ms. Gervasi. And	
7	COMMISSIONER DAVIDSON: could I ask staff a	
8	question for	
9	CHAIRMAN BAEZ: Yes. Please. Go ahead.	
10	COMMISSIONER DAVIDSON: Thank you, Chairman. And if	
11	it's if primary versus alternate staff should address this,	
12	that's fine. Or if you feel comfortable just addressing it,	
13	fine. But we've, in essence, decided in Item 5 that a	
14	certificate is, in fact, a license; that deletion of a license	
15	requires that certain procedures be followed. And there's been	
16	the statement made that the PSC, and staff seems to agree,	
17	would actually be the one that if there ever was a revocation	
18	of a license would be the one prosecuting that.	
19	What, if any, is the difference or the differences in	
20	the burden of proof in a license revocation action than what	
21	staff and the Commission may have assumed it was in the	
22	deletion of territory? What is it that's different in this	
23	type of case that would have to be met? And I know the parties	
24	will address this too, but I'd like to hear from staff its	
25	opinion.	

MS. GERVASI: There's a fundamental difference in the tandard of the burden of proof, as well as which entity would arry that burden.

Under the method that we have been proceeding, the 4 5 ustomers initiated the deletion petitions and we were perating under the assumption that for that reason the 6 7 sustomers being the petitioners carried the typical standard 8 of -- for the burden of proof, which is a preponderance of the evidence, which is typically used in administrative actions. 9 lowever, by terminating the proceeding and determining that the 10 provisions of Chapter 120 concerning licensing applies, the 11 agency needs to initiate the proceeding and operate under a 12 stricter burden of proof, which the agency would need to carry, 13 of clear and convincing evidence. 14 15 COMMISSIONER DAVIDSON: Thank you. CHAIRMAN BAEZ: Thank you, Commissioners. And right 16 17 now what we're going to do is, Mr. Wharton, we're going to hold you in rebuttal. And, Senator Fasano, welcome. Thank you for 18 19 being here.

SENATOR FASANO: Mr. Chairman, thank you very much.
And before I begin, may I congratulate and welcome
Commissioner Edgar. Hopefully you won't hear too much of Aloha
for the next few years, if the decision goes correct today.
Anyway, honored members of the Florida Public Service

25 Commission, thank you for allowing me to speak to you today

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regarding the ongoing saga or should I say rather the tragedy which is known as Aloha Utilities. I come before you today to advocate for the residents of the Aloha Utilities Seven Springs service delivery area and ask that you become their voice. I ask that you become their voice today.

By adopting your staff's alternative recommendation, you will not only allow this deletion proceeding to move forward, you will give the customers a chance to have their day in court.

During the ten plus years of my own involvement in this case I have seen Aloha try to use the legal system to its advantage and to the customers' disadvantage time and time again. While Aloha repeatedly states that it cares about its customers and claims to do all that it can to help them, it continues on a path using this very body to fight any attempts to be held accountable for its actions.

17 We are here today because Aloha Utilities has filed a 18 motion to have a customer-organized led petition drive to seek 19 a divorce from the utility thrown out on a technical legal 20 realm. Just as in every case before this, whether it is a rate 21 case or an interim rate refund, Aloha is attempting to use what 22 in the end amounts to be free legal service to further its own 23 interests at the expense of the very people who keep the 24 company in business. Whether its argument is legally valid or 25 not is a matter for this body to decide. But it is my opinion

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that if you agree that the customers which you have do not have the legal standing to demand their homes be deleted from Aloha's service delivery area, then there's sufficient evidence, sufficient evidence compiled over the years to convince you that the only alternative available to this body is to become the champion of the people and move forward as the petitioner yourselves.

Over the years the residents have presented 8 compelling evidence that the water they receive from Aloha is 9 foul, smelly, discolored and unusable. Throughout the myriad 10 public hearings held over the past decade the members of this 11 assembled body and your predecessors, some who are here today, 12 have seen firsthand the product delivered by the corporation, 13 which can only be described as having no sense of corporate 14 responsibility. Aloha knows that no one single customer has 15 the ability to unhook from Aloha's water pipes and hook up with 16 any other utility company. Its monopoly is complete and its 17 18 business practices reflect that disregard for the well-being of the people it is charged with serving. 19

Because of Aloha's unwillingness to take a stand and do something to serve its customers, State Representative Tom Anderson and I passed legislation last year that gave the Pasco County Board of County Commissioners the ability to create an ad hoc committee to look at the utility complaints. The first utility to be investigated, you guessed it,

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was Aloha. To my knowledge, Aloha is the only utility company
 n Pasco County that has yet generated enough complaints to
 arrant the creation of an ad hoc committee.

While the public hearings, rate -- public hearings, 4 ate cases, legislation and creation of an ad hoc committee 5 vere taking place, the customers did not sit idly back waiting 6 for government to take action. They took it upon themselves to 7 organize and proceed with a plan they created on their own. 8 The customers, with the realization that Aloha has not been 9 prought to task, the citizens came together and requested that 10 they be given a chance to have their water provided by Pasco 11 County, which has successfully a history of dealing with black 12 water and would be the utility of choice for those residents. 13 Given that Aloha has the exclusive franchise to provide water 14 15 service, only the Public Service Commission has the authority to revoke Aloha's license to be the water provider. 16

Your staff has made two recommendations that you, of 17 course, will consider right now. I encourage you, 18 Commissioners, I plead with you to accept the alternative 19 recommendation that allows the deletion proceedings to move 20 forward with the Public Service Commission in the driver's 21 If you accept the primary recommendation, you, in 22 seat. essence, will be forever closing the door on the legal process 23 to the residents. You will also be stating that the mountains 24 25 of evidence provided by the customers over the years do not

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ustify allowing the deletion to proceed. By denying the
 itizens the ability to separate from Aloha, you will be
 ianding them a life sentence of arrogance, incompetence and
 indrinkable water. In the strongest terms I ask that you would
 idopt the alternative recommendation.

6 When creating the statute defining the legislative 7 Intent behind the Public Service Commission, the regulation of 8 vater and wastewater, you all know it, statute, Florida Statute 9 367.011, in (3) it states, "The regulation of utilities is 10 declared to be the public interest, and this law is an exercise 11 of the police power of the state for the protection, the 12 protection of the public health, safety and welfare."

The customers have done their part by providing 13 evidence you need, Commissioners. The Legislature has given 14 you the broad authority to exercise your power to protect the 15 water customers. This body has before it the accumulated 16 testimony and evidence of ten years, ten years, provided 17 through the Herculean efforts of the customers who have brought 18 this case to you for consideration. Your choice is clear 19 20 today. I have complete confidence that you, the Commission, will do what is in the best interest of Aloha's customers and 21 allow this deletion proceeding to move forward. Aloha will 22 23 have the opportunity to defend itself before, of course, this body right now. Their legal rights are not being taken away if 24 you adopt the alternative recommendation. The customers' 25

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1	ights will be denied if you grant Aloha's motion and adopt the	
2	primary recommendation. You will forever throw out any chance	
3	the customers will have to receive that most basic of human	
4	needs, clean, drinkable water.	
5	And just a follow-up, the question to your staff was	
6	what recourse do the customers have? You're their recourse.	
7	Iou should be their advocate to make sure that they provide	
8	clean, drinkable water. And if they can't, then remove them	
9	from servicing that area and put someone in place that can do	
10	that, and we have someone and that's Pasco County. Thank you,	
11	4r. Chairman. Thank you, Commissioners.	
	CHAIRMAN BAEZ: Thank you, Senator. Mr. Beck.	
13	MR. BECK: Mr. Chairman, I think Dr. Kurien would	
14	like to go, if that's okay.	
15	CHAIRMAN BAEZ: All right. Dr. Kurien, welcome.	
16	DR. KURIEN: Good morning, Commissioners. Thank you	
17	for giving me an opportunity once again, and this is the sixth	
18	time that I am coming up here to plead the case of my own and	
19	of the customers of Aloha.	
20	During the ten years between 1993 when this problem	
21	was first brought to the attention of the Public Service	
22	Commission and the year 2002 all that the customers could do	
23	was to come and complain to you and bring bottles of black	
24	water because they didn't know what else to do. The science of	
25	water processing was, proposed by Aloha was the norm that	

determined whether something was wrong in the processing method
 and the distribution system.

Between the year 2002 and 2005 the customers have adopted a new approach. Instead of confronting Aloha, we offered to sit down and negotiate with Aloha and work towards a scientific solution which would be a win-win situation for both the utility and the customers, and yet for three years Aloha has refused to do that and has not cooperated with their customers.

The customers have put an enormous amount of work into this matter for the last three years. They have provided you, and here is just part of it, the evidence which shows that there is a significant problem with the water that Aloha supplies, which even though it appears to be clean and clear to the meter, the domestic meter, seems to turn unpredictably into black water and rotten egg smell in the customers' pipes.

We have provided evidence from public records, not 17 from our own imaginations, from public records which shows that 18 there is significant problems with the way Aloha has been 19 processing this water. In fact, in 1996 suggestions were made 20 to Aloha as to what should be done. But instead of admitting 21 that there was something wrong with the process that was being 22 used, it defended that process and claimed that the water was 23 all right and met all state and federal standards. That itself 24 is not totally accurate. 25

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Working to get evidence to prove our case that the 1 water that we are receiving is unsatisfactory, we have worked 2 for three years. And during that process we have learned of 3 some of the aspects of Aloha's management which is undoubtedly 4 responsible for the fact that remediation has not taken place 5 in this matter. Black water is not uncommon in Florida, yet 6 other utilities have recognized the scientific reasons for it 7 and have taken steps, instead of claiming that chlorination 8 alone was satisfactory for that purpose. 9

In attempting to work with Aloha and coming up here 10 so often, what we have wanted was an opportunity to present to 11 you the accurate science of water processing. The ways in 12 which Aloha when it had the opportunity to work with the 13 customers did not work with the customers and sought legal 14 maneuvering as the way to deal with customers. And today we 15 16 have seen another aspect of it; in this case they were perfectly (phonetic) or perhaps correct. 17

We want an opportunity for you to very seriously 18 consider the mountain of documents that we have provided to 19 you. And I'm sure, as Senator Fasano said, that you have the 20 wisdom to look at this evidence and give us the option that we 21 have looked for, which I think is the only logical option that 22 is now available, and that is for us to find a new provider who 23 can provide water which is processed on an appropriate 24 scientific method, approaches technical difficulties that are 25

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1 bound to arise in a scientific manner, and to treat customers
2 its essential people to carry on a relationship which provides a
3 vin for both the customers and the provider.

I thank you once again for giving me the opportunity so speak to you. I hope you will go through this evidence, which is collected over a three-year period, very carefully, and come to a conclusion which I hope in your judgment you can lefend as the right one. Thank you.

CHAIRMAN BAEZ: Thank you, Dr. Kurien.

Mr. Beck.

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MR. BECK: Thank you, Mr. Chairman. My name is Charlie Beck with the Office of Public Counsel. Commissioners, the issue that's before you at this point in the proceeding is whether there's probable cause to believe that Aloha operates its system in a way that is less sufficient than is consistent with the reasonable and proper operation of the utility system in the public interest.

Most of you have a, a long familiarity with Aloha. Ι 18 know many of the Commissioners here sat in the hearings in 2004 19 that occurred and the many hearings before that. I believe, 20 21 Commissioners, the evidence that you've heard before as well as 22 the evidence that's been presented or filed in the docket by 23 the customers will show you that there's overwhelming evidence 24 to believe that Aloha violates that standard that's in the 25 statutes.

And November 18th, Commissioners, the customers 1 prefiled 19 pieces of testimony. I brought it here with me. I 2 hope you've had a chance to read this because I think that this 3 4 provides the probable cause that, that, that's needed to 5 proceed. And the staff really doesn't go into the details at all of the testimony that's been filed. So I hope you've read 6 7 it at least and understand the effort that the customers have put forth to present the case of the overwhelming evidence that 8 the -- of how this company operates. 9

One thing I did want to address is the issue of 10 whether this is just about the water, which the staff discusses 11 12 extensively in its recommendation, or is there more to it than just the water? And the evidence the customers presented in 13 the testimony, which they intend to present if you proceed, is 14that there's a management issue every bit as bad as the water 15 that they deliver to the customers. Their response, the 16 company's response to complaints that have been made over, over 17 the last decade has been one of denial. Management has claimed 18 on numerous occasions that there are only a few disgruntled 19 customers and that their water is clean, clear, odor free and 20 safe. Since they believe that there's nothing wrong that 21 they're doing, they do nothing about it to solve the problem, 22 23 but the -- their claim that they're doing nothing wrong is contradicted by the evidence. You know, you've seen hundreds 24 of people attend the hearings and you've seen the water that 25

1 comes from their taps. I know customers have brought it to the 2 hearings; there's been pictures presented to you before. I 3 don't need to go into it other than to say that the water is 4 disgusting and it's something that nobody should have to live 5 with in their homes when they turn on the tap to turn on the 6 water.

The extent of customer dissatisfaction with the way 7 8 the product that the company provides is, is contained in your staff recommendation at several points. On Page 5 of the staff 9 recommendation they, they go over a survey that was conducted 10 in 1999 of customer satisfaction. Of the 3,700 responses that 11 came back, 73 percent of the customers who said they observed 12 discolored water, 71 percent indicated that odor and taste was 13 14 unacceptable. This from a company that says they're providing 15 clean, clear and odor-free water.

The staff has recently conducted another survey 16 17 that's discussed at Page 15 of the testimony. In this survey, again taken five years later than the one before, what are the 18 19 results you see? And it's basically the same thing. 20 64 percent of the customers responding have a black water problem. The majority of those without a black water problem 21 still favor deletion of the, of the -- of their territory from 22 23 Aloha. In fact, 81 percent of the customers responding favored 24 deletion, and only 2 percent, only 2 percent of the customers said they have no problem with the service of the company. 25

1 That means 98 percent do. And I can't think of any other 2 company that you would get that kind of results with. That's 3 not operation in the, in the public interest. It's a shameful 4 record and it's one that can -- only a state-sanctioned 5 monopoly could have and still survive as a business.

The problems have persisted year after year and 6 nothing has been done about it. Dr. Kurien has filed probably 7 8 the biggest in volume piece of testimony in November, and he's made an extensive case for the knowledge that the company had 9 10 of the problems, that their processing procedures were inadequate, and that they simply ignored it, they denied it, 11 and they've done nothing that could have been done to help with 12 the problem. 13

Let me mention briefly two other testimony that's 14 been prefiled in the case. One is by, by Wayne Forehand, and 15 his testimony goes into some detail what it was like to try to 16 17 work with the company. Back in the 2002 rate case the PSC ordered Aloha to form a Consumer Advisory Committee. He 18 19 concludes that the whole effort was a dismal failure. To begin 20 with, the company did not go forward with it for about a year 21 because they appealed. Well, I guess technically speaking 22 since they appealed the rate case order, which they ultimately 23 lost on appeal, they didn't have to form a Consumer Advisory 24 Committee. Well, don't you think a company would do that, facing the complaints and problems they have? 25

Mr. Forehand was elected chairman of the Consumer 1 Advisory Committee in April 2003, and his testimony provides a 2 number of examples where the company thwarted the success of 3 the committee. They wouldn't share any business or training 4 5 plans with the customers, they wouldn't respond to communications unless the PSC got involved or they copied our 6 The members of the committee wanted to visit utilities 7 office. and visit Aloha's facilities to inspect it. They were able to 8 9 do that with a number of the other local utilities but not Aloha's. Aloha refused to let the customers even inspect their 10 plant, even though other utilities in the area did. They would 11 mail agenda notices or meeting notices to persons who asked 12 them to that weren't on the committee. They demanded that all 13 14 questions to the company be in writing, and they refused to discuss technical issues as part of the, as part of the 15 16 process.

Mr. Forehand, who was the chairman of the committee, 17 concluded that, concludes that the committee was a dismal 18 failure because of the lack of cooperation by Aloha and their 19 denial of any need for improvement. Again, compare their 20 denial of needed improvement with the results of the customer 21 22 surveys that the staff has conducted, one five years ago, one very recently. Obviously they need to improve. But the 23 company simply is in denial and does nothing about it. 24 25 Let me also mention briefly the testimony by

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Dr. John Gaul, who is a customer of Aloha, receives service 1 rom them. Dr. Gaul has a Ph.D. in chemistry, and he has been 2 customer of theirs for 18 months. His testimony says that 3 hey are arrogant and they blatantly dismiss customer needs and 4 oncerns. His testimony shows that he believed customers were 5 being stiff-armed by an avalanche of technical misdirection 6 lesigned to silence customers by blaming customers, their pipes 7 and their water softeners, instead of taking any active action 8 on their own to, to improve the service they're providing. He 9 lescribes Aloha's operation as primitive compared to any 10 self-respecting monitoring operation, and particularly points 11 but that there's no automated monitoring on the wells and they 12 get no feedback control regarding their chlorine injection, 13 something that could have easily been done, inexpensively done, 14 out the company simply is in denial and does not go forward. 15 So what I submit to you, Commissioners, there's 16 overwhelming evidence for the Commission to go forward in this 17 case and proceeding. I know in Item 5 you mentioned some 18 concern about the customers' input. Well, let me assure you at 19 least what I see as our role, if you decide to go forward, and 20 that is that we will be very active, that any customer who 21 wants to testify, we will do everything we can to get their 22 testimony in front of you. We would intervene. I would hope 23 you would hold service hearings, which not only would be 24 allowable but appropriate, I believe, once the case goes 25

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forward. The burden of proof shifts and the staff becomes the, the prosecutor, as it were; thus, it has the burden of proof. But that doesn't mean -- you know, the customers are ready, willing and able to assist all they can. I mean, they've shown they're ready to do that. We've basically filed the case, I think, that can be used to go forward.

So in conclusion, Commissioners, we urge you to adopt
the alternative recommendation, go forward. There's not just
probable cause, there's overwhelming evidence for the
Commission to go forward. Thank you.

CHAIRMAN BAEZ: Commissioners, if there's no burning questions, I'd like to get all the statements in and then we can go ahead and engage in our question and answer. Thank you. MR. WHARTON: Thank you, Mr. Chairman. John Wharton, Rose, Sundstrom & Bentley, Tallahassee, on behalf of Aloha.

16 Commissioners, we strongly support the primary staff 17 recommendation as being in the best interest of Aloha, its 18 customers and the Commission.

19 Commissioner Davidson asked a minute ago whether 20 there was precedent for this in Florida history. To the extent 21 that it has been uncovered by our extensive research, there's 22 no precedent for this in American history, this type of a 23 deletion in scope or scale of a regulated entity that was 24 originally granted a license, because there are millions and 25 millions of dollars at stake here. I could not find any case

on point.

2	What the Commission when the Commission makes its
3	lecision this morning, it needs to consider very carefully the
4	following. Aloha has done everything that it has ever been
5	required to do by a Commission order. It has not flaunted your
6	authority, it has not violated your orders and, most of all,
7	Commissioners, it has never refused to either recognize or
8	address these customers' concerns. There are some mantras that
9	the customers tend to repeat at these meetings and at hearing,
10	out Aloha has never denied that this problem exists.
11	The primary recommendation is correct that there is
12	no probable cause that Aloha has violated a statute, a rule or
13	an order that warrants the imposition of any penalty, much less
14	this most drastic of all penalties that are provided for in the
15	Florida Administrative Procedure Act.
16	In reviewing the primary recommendation, it's
17	incumbent upon the Commission to consider that Aloha has done
18	all those things that have been pointed out and, in fact, more
19	to address the concerns of the customers, despite the fact that
20	the water meets all of the state and federal drinking water
21	standards. And I don't say that the way that it is often cast
22	by the customers as that that is our excuse for doing nothing,
23	but rather if we weren't meeting the drinking water standards,
24	I could understand the Commission saying this is the effort you
25	should have put forth. But, in fact, the effort that Aloha has

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put forth over the years, the tremendous amounts of time and
 esources and effort and money spent was all spent in the face
 f continual compliance with those drinking water standards.

For you, Commissioners who have been serving on the 4 commission for a while, you know and you have witnessed that 5 there has been an evolution scientifically, practically and in 6 erms of common sense of the understanding of this issue. When 7 Aloha first began to discuss these proceedings, and these 8 ranscripts are clear and maybe these matters will be brought 9 to your attention in the future, many of the concepts that are 10now accepted were ridiculed. The fact that the water was in 11 compliance, the fact that the water was clear at the point of 12 lelivery, many of these things that are now accepted were, were 13 nooted not just by customers but by expert witnesses. 14

That -- Aloha suggested in these early proceedings 15 that a change was occurring on the other side of the customers' 16 17 neeting. That was something that was not accepted and, in fact, in the transcripts was openly mocked by some. The very 18 treatment methods that are now suggested by some were advanced 1.9 by Aloha many years ago, but when Aloha said this is how much 20 this will cost, it was treated as if that was some sort of an 21 insult for the customers or that Aloha would delight in raising 22 the rate a magnitude of some 100 or 200 or 300 percent. 23

The, the customers have talked about a community standard, and that was something that was advanced in the last

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rate case, and by that they mean the other utilities that are 1 around. And what I want to try to give you a sense of, 2 Commissioners, as quickly as I can, is the information that 3 you're bombarded with if you are an Aloha customer. 4 5 Mr. Hawcroft is a person who has filed some of this testimony. He also testified in the previous case. And he said, in 6 response to questions from Commissioner Jacobs, "I quess I 7 would ask in my final piece for you to really seriously 8 consider denying any rate increase to this utility until their 9 service matches some of the other utilities in the area. I 10 look with pride what Pinellas has done with their systems." 11

12 Well, here is an article from the Tampa Tribune from 13 nine days ago that Pinellas has increased its rates in a 14 double-digit amount for five straight years, and it just 15 announced there are going to be double-digit rate increases for 16 the three years after that five-year period expires. And yet in the 1999 survey that Mr. Beck just referred to, 90 something 17 percent of Aloha customers said they were against any increase 18 19 in rates. This is the dilemma in which Aloha has found itself 20 all these years.

This background put Aloha in a critical dilemma that I think needs to be appreciated by the Commission. We knew that if we spent millions of dollars on a treatment method that no one can guarantee will solve the problem, Dr. Kurien testified to you in your April proceeding in Pasco County there

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were no guarantees as to any particular method, if Aloha spent 1 millions of dollars on that, then they knew that the customers 2 who do not have these water quality concerns were going to 3 challenge the prudency of those expenditures in a rate case. 4 And, in fact, rates may well be raised to customers who do not 5 receive any direct benefit from that. The percentage in the 6 '99 survey was that 84 percent of customers indicated they 7 would oppose any rate increase, and that has put Aloha in a 8 bind. 9

People are going to come and say this was an unfair 10 and unnecessary expenditure as to me because I did not have 11 this problem that these customers complain about. And, 12 frankly, Commissioners, I think now is the time and place to 13 say that there have been instances in the past when we have 14 attempted to request that the Commission take ownership of that 15 kind of a decision in advance, that that is what we're going to 16 do, and the Commission has refused to do so. 17

I've been told by one staff member the Commission 18 isn't in the prudency business, and I understand that, but 19 Aloha was in an extraordinary situation here. Even now there 20 are those in this testimony who suggest, well, this is common 21 sense. You could have known this in 1990 and here's something 2.2 that was said in 1980, and I think there's something in the 23 testimony about the 1950s. Well, anyone who knows how to 24 operate a search engine can get online and see that this is not 25

1 common sense; it is an emerging science, it is still being 2 wrestled with by the nation's largest public utility which 3 serves Washington, DC, and its suburbs, and they have hired 4 scientists, they are looking at it. It is a problem that the 5 solution is probably within the realm of what's being suggested 6 here, but it is still not understood why it affects one house 7 and not another.

The DEP witness who testified in the last rate case 8 testified that he had black water from St. Petersburg Utility 9 and his suggestion was to switch to plastic piping. When Aloha 10 suggested in proceedings years ago that switching to CPVC would 11 cure the problem, it was ridiculed. And, by the way, Aloha, 12 working with the staff, investigated the alternatives of coming 13 up with rebate programs so that people could put plastic piping 14 in their homes so that they could do a low interest loan 15 program and were never able to work it out with the staff or 16 how that could be done or how that could be recompensed under 17 the Commission's rules. Once again, any suggestion that Aloha 18 has done nothing is incorrect, and the staff recommendation 19 that despite that perception Aloha has done quite a bit is 20 correct. 21

I think that the best example of the fact that this is an emerging issue and an emerging science is that this Commission in 2002, after hearing a rate case in which hundreds of thousands of dollars were spent on the litigation, ordered

1 that 98 percent of the hydrogen sulfide be removed from two of 2 Aloha's wells. And within a year or a year and a half Aloha, 3 the Office of Public Counsel and the customers came to you and 4 said, that's not a realistic standard and it won't work. We've 5 all been learning about this problem as the '90s have been 6 progressing.

7 The primary staff analysis is correct that despite a 8 barrage of letters to the staff and the Commissioners 9 :hemselves, an organized publicity campaign to the contrary, 10 :he consistent criticisms of certain politicians over the years 11 ind inaccurate statements in the press, which picked up on all 12 of that, Aloha has continued to make efforts in this case.

A brief example, Commissioner, of the type of 13 information that I'm talking about is -- maybe I'll come across 14 it. Basically there are -- there is a recent homeowner's 15 association letter, it's about three weeks old, and the same 16 article appears in several of the homeowner's associations' 17 letters of these neighborhoods, and it's filed by one of the 18 customers, who is the 19 here, and it says, "Aloha has refused 19 to give the customers any information about their water." 20

Commissioners, nobody's water has been more studied than Aloha, nobody's plants have been more looked at, nobody's water has been more tested, nobody's treatment methods have been more microscopically analyzed. And yet if you're a customer, that's what you believe when you read that, that

Aloha has said, forget it, we're not going to give you any 1 Nothing could be further from the truth. 2 information. Aloha has through the years considered and proposed 3 treatment alternatives to alleviate the black water, and, 4 again, some of those alternatives, which are now the ones such 5 as aeration which are widely accepted, were ridiculed at the 6 time or were said to only be advanced by Aloha to somehow 7 adversely affect the customers. 8 Aloha has performed pilot studies on solutions to 9 this issue. We are currently implementing a process suggested 10 by Dr. Levine, the USF scientist who was hired by the Office of 11 Public Counsel as an independent auditor. We accepted her 12 recommendations, we are implementing her recommendations. But 13 the fact that we have retained her to do that is now being 14 turned by some in letters to the editor and in statements to 15 this Commission as that she's somehow a turncoat. We're -- we 16 didn't hire Dr. Levine, but we've accepted what she has said, 17 we're going forward with that process now, and it is being 18 permitted, it is being studied, it is being put into place. 19 Despite the fact that this Commission expressly found 20 in a prior order that Aloha's responsibility ends at the meter, 21 Aloha has never rested on that concept. We have put a 22 significant amount of money, resources, time and effort into 23 attempting to solve this problem, and we're going to continue 24 to do so in the future. 25

1 One thing Aloha recently said was Aloha committed to 2 the process of mediation, we initiated the process of 3 mediation, and we are going to go forward with the process of mediation even if the Commission determines not to file a 4 5 complaint today because it's the right thing to do. I think 6 the Commission thought back when they met in Pasco County that it was something that might lead to a resolution, and we still 7 hope that it's something that might lead to a resolution. 8

9 I would note that the staff recommendation has said that in order to find probable cause, you need to find that 10 11 Aloha has violated a statute, rule or order that warrants 12 imposition of a penalty. Here Aloha is in compliance with the 13 very statutes designed to categorically address the issue of 14 water quality, those promulgated by the Department of 15 Environmental Protection and the United States Environmental 16 Protection Agency. It's also in compliance with the Commission's rule, and Aloha has not violated any Commission 17 order. 18

Commissioners, something else you should consider when you determine whether you're going to go forward with the complaint today is the ramifications of going forward. Aloha owns the facilities that any subsequent utility would use to render this service. That ownership will continue even if certification does not. Aloha has made investments and is continuing to expend money under this, the direction of this

1 Commission to address water quality concerns. If this deletion 2 occurs in the middle of those efforts, it may be that those 3 expenditures will be placed into rates but will be paid for by 4 persons who benefit from them the least, people who do not have 5 concerns about water quality.

Adverse effects on Aloha's remaining customers, and 6 7 sometimes these discussions would make you think there are no remaining customers, but I'm going to get into the numbers in 8 9 just a second, are something that is an unknown at this point. And obviously, Commissioners, Aloha will resort to every means 10 necessary in every forum necessary to prevent the deletion of 11 its territory. Given what is at stake, it simply has no 12 choice. 13

Aloha is currently moving forward on this issue, 14 implementing the scientific process that Dr. Levine has 15 suggested under the direction of the Commission. The 16 Commission will assumably remain vigilant that Aloha continues 17 to move forward. I know that Mr. Fasano said that the 18 customers wouldn't have any option if you elected not to reform 19 the hearing today. In fact, you retain all your options as 20 events unfold in the future, but there's a new treatment 21 22 process coming in that's being implemented right now. Aloha will remain in compliance with DEP rules, it will remain in 23 compliance with EPA's rules. 24

25

Commissioners, very quickly, just discussing the

alternative staff analysis. The alternative staff analysis 1 notes that the Commission proposed action in January 1999 after 2 your staff had investigated the matter that it was not 3 appropriate to order Aloha to do anything with regard to water 4 quality. That order was protested by the customers, that 5 proposed action. After a hearing, the Commission essentially 6 made the same finding that they should not take any further 7 action regarding guality of service as to Aloha. 8

It is interesting to me that now the testimony in 9 those proceedings in which the Commission determined it was not 10 appropriate to order action with Aloha with regard to water 11 quality are being put together to say that it supports that 12 action now. And yet at the time, after the only hearing that 13 was expressly a water quality investigation, the Commission 14 determined that such action was not appropriate. We've heard 15 about mountains of evidence, but that was the case where you 16 really heard the evidence and that was the order that you 17 issued even after a hearing. 18

19 The alternative staff recommendation addresses the 20 issue of the survey, and there's been discussion of the survey 21 here, relying upon the percentages and not giving you any of 22 the actual numbers. In fact, Aloha has 15,000 water customers. 23 The survey went to 3,460 customers, 2000 of the customers 24 answered, and one in five of those did not favor deletion. 25 It's our position, Commissioners, that not only is

1	the survey flawed, but that the results are skewed by the fact	
2	hat there has been a very well organized, to some extent	
3	propaganda campaign, and a misinformation campaign. And I	
4	lon't think, Commissioners, that to state that fact is to	
5	ninimize or refuse to recognize the legitimate customers'	
6	concerns, but it is a fact nonetheless. There are there is	
7	the dissemination of misinformation at Aloha. There are, there	
8	are people writing letters to the editor saying that we won't	
9	respond, that we won't do anything, they're continually being	
10	told that we use legal maneuvering, even in a case here where	
11	we are tantamount to the defendant, and yet everything that we	
12	do in order to defend the charge against us is said to be a	
13	legal technicality or that we're resorting to legal	
14	maneuvering.	
15	Even the alternative staff recommendation,	
16	Commissioners, has not found a rule, a clear statute or a	
17	Commission order which Aloha has violated. It has, rather than	
18	taking an order and said we told Aloha to do this and they did	
19	not or an administrative code rule and said it requires Aloha	
20	to do this and they did not, they have taken the most generic	
21	language in 367. They have then put together customer	
22	complaints from several proceedings and said that that is	

24 misplaced.

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Commissioners, very, very quickly, I want to address

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probable cause. And we suggest, Commissioners, that that is

a couple of things that were said. You've heard about the 1 Citizens Advisory Committee. First of all, we suggested the 2 Citizens Advisory Committee. The Citizens Advisory Committee 3 was being formed and then the Commission order came out in the 4 rate case and required us to form it. It wasn't an issue in 5 that case and we didn't know that order was going to say that. 6 When we saw that it was the subject of an order and that it was 7 requiring something that was different than what was being 8 formed, we stopped, and the order was appealed. By the time 9 the Citizens Advisory Committee was formed, the deletion action 10 was already filed. So at the time that we're being said that 11 12 we didn't cooperate with the customers, there was already a proceeding filed to essentially decapitate the company. 13

I've only been to one of these Citizens Advisory 14 Committee meetings, but I can tell you that it was the day that 15 Dr. Levine's report had come out the day before, and her 16 report, everything good about Aloha, about its cooperation and 17 her thanking and et cetera, had been taken apart and there were 18 like three pages of about a 30-page report being passed out as 19 the report. And John Williams was there and he was red-faced 20 at the way he was treated. These committee meetings early on 21 were anti-Aloha pep rallies and they did not have to be that 22 They did not have to be that way, and it broke down 23 way. everything quite early on. 24

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We certainly did not delay formation of the Citizens

Advisory Committee. We have not engaged in legal maneuvering 1 to avoid these problems. We have suggested solutions to these 2 problems, which were very expensive, and we are committed, 3 4 again, to the process that Dr. Levine has suggested that we 5 implement and to mediation. We suggest that rather than going 6 into another litigation, let us use our resources to put the 7 new process into place, to engage in mediation with the 8 customers, and to try to solve these problems in a way in which 9 the labyrinth of legal proceedings and the time and expense 10 involved therein can be avoided. And we support the primary 11 staff recommendation. I have a guestion for Mr. Beck. 12 COMMISSIONER DEASON: 13 CHAIRMAN BAEZ: Go ahead, Commissioner Deason. 14 COMMISSIONER DEASON: Mr. Beck, if we were to proceed 15 with staff alternative recommendation and we would, the 16 Commission would assign part of its staff, as I understand it, 17 as prosecutory staff to make the case before the Commission 18 that there should be a deletion of territory, and I understand 19 it it's your position that Public Counsel would intervene and 20 that customers would have input into that process, if at the 21 end of that process it's the Commission's decision that there 22 indeed should be a deletion of territory, what does that mean 23 in terms of continuation of service to customers, who owns the 24 assets, how are they disposed of, or is, or is -- would they 25 continue to be owned by Aloha and be licensed out to another

provider? Have -- what is the customers' viewpoint as to how 1 under those circumstances service would continue and who would 2 provide and under what circumstances? 3 MR. BECK: Commissioner Deason, I believe deletion 4 would have to be contingent upon another provider taking over 5 the provision of service to the customers, and I think the 6 staff recommendation mentions that there. The prefiled 7 testimony filed by the customers recognizes that. 8 Ultimately at some point there would have to be 9 action by Pasco County to, to either negotiate a, a purchase of 10 those assets from the company or to use legal process to take 11 12 ownership, if that's what it took. I mean, ultimately Pasco 13 County would have to be involved in some way other than what the Commission can do, and the customers understand that. 14 COMMISSIONER DEASON: Do you think that Pasco County 15 should be a party to this proceeding, if we decide to adopt 16 staff's alternative recommendation? 17 MR. BECK: I think you'd have to ask Pasco County on 18 that, whether they -- previously they have, have -- it's been 19 their position they did not wish to be a party. Staff sent a 20 letter to Pasco County and they declined. They were concerned 21 22 that it would look like that they are trying to take over the 23 company and trying to take over their business, and they didn't want to be in a position where that, that, it would look like 24 they're the ones advocating taking over the business of another 25

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1 company.

2 COMMISSIONER DEASON: But you would agree -- do you 3 agree with staff's recommendation that there would have to be 4 assurances that there's going to be a continuation of service?

5 MR. BECK: Right. We would want -- I think the 6 customers would ask that it be contingent upon another provider 7 providing service. You don't want to just turn, you know, give 8 up their certificate without a replacement, you know, by Pasco 9 County.

A decision by the Commission, I believe, would be 10 I mean, it would be -- not only would it be a very important. 11 statement by the Commission that the way this company has 12 operated is inadequate and it's not meeting the type of service 13 that the Florida Statutes are, deem necessary, but it would 14 also send a clear message to Pasco County that their, their 15 citizens have a problem. A decision by this Commission to 16 delete, I think, would be very important and helpful in the 17 process. 18

19 COMMISSIONER DEASON: Is Public Counsel's Office in 20 agreement that the scope of the review, the area actually in 21 question that potentially could be deleted, that that is the 22 proper area to proceed forward with?

23 MR. BECK: Right. This is four -- there's four 24 different areas where customers have filed petitions. It may 25 be that the Commission should look at the entire Seven Springs

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irea as far as deletion goes. I don't think you'd want that to off the table. I mean, there have been petitions by these iour customers, but it's potential that you could see -- if it's a management issue, that the management of this company been't operate prudently and provide an adequate service, it would seem to me that you should look at the entire water peration in the Seven Springs area.

COMMISSIONER DEASON: But wouldn't you agree though 8 that if, if we're going to -- if the Commission were inclined 9 to expand the scope of the review, that that would have to be 10 part of the up-front notice to the company as to what actually 11 is being contemplated? That if we were to proceed with a 12 limited review and then at the hearing try to expand that, 13 don't you think we would run afoul of the very APA, which you 14 indicated we need to follow? 15

MR. BECK: Right. I think if you expanded it to the end, it would be too late. You might have to institute separate proceedings as far as taking over the entire company. I would be in favor of looking at the entire Seven Springs area from the point of view of our office. You have petitions by customers in four distinct areas asking the Commission to go forward. I think that's the minimum.

But from our office's perspective, I think it would be good to look and we would support looking at the entire Seven Springs area water service.

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COMMISSIONER DEASON: Has Public Counsel made any 1 consideration of the impact on remaining customers if a portion 2 of the service territory is deleted? 3 MR. BECK: Yes, we have considered that. There's no 4 way to definitely know. There's pluses and minuses. 5 Dr. Kurien's testimony specifically addresses that in what was 6 filed. I mean, there's a number of pluses and minuses you can 7 identify. And where it finally comes down is unknowable, I 8 believe. But, you know, at the end of the day you've got to 9 ask your question, is the service that the customers are 10 providing, is this okay? You know, is it -- would it be better 11 12 to do nothing and let this continue, this type of service they've been getting for a decade? And the answer is no. 13 14 providing to these customers and saying that's okay, because 15 that's your other alternative is to do nothing, and that's not 16 acceptable. 17 COMMISSIONER DEASON: Commissioner Edgar, you had a 18 19 question. Thank you. I'm not sure COMMISSIONER EDGAR: Yes. 20 to whom to address this question, so I'll go through the Chair 21 22 and maybe you can help me with that. CHAIRMAN BAEZ: Just toss it out there and somebody 23 24 will --25 COMMISSIONER EDGAR: Thank you. There's been FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

cestimony presented about similar water quality issues or 1 problems occurring in other service areas by other providers 2 and there's been testimony about some of the suggested 3 4 technologies to address the customers' concerns being emerging or unproven and costing multimillions of dollars, I believe is 5 what I heard. And so I'm wondering if some of the technologies 6 7 that are out there and the cost estimates have been peer reviewed of scientifically engineering financially as to how 8 they would, could and how much it would cost to address the 9 problems that the customers have raised. 10

MR. WHARTON: Well, the study which Dr. Levine 11 undertook for the Office of Public Counsel is a scientific 12 review of the most cost-effective method of removing this 13 particular problem. You know, it's interesting, the problem 14 hasn't always been solved through process. There are, I 15 believe, two counties in Florida that have ordinances now 16 banning copper piping in homes. But there are -- there is a 17 bit of information on the issue: There was some when it 18 started several years ago, there's more now than it was, but 19 that was part of Dr. Levine's task, which she actually 20 performed under the auspices of the Office of Public Counsel, 21 was to try to look at the different alternatives in something 22 23 that wouldn't be tremendously expensive. For instance, aeration would be much more expensive now than it would have 24 been in 1997 or eight when Aloha first proposed it. There are 25

1	also land issues there. And so she attempted to do that and
2	when she made her recommendations, I believe.
3	CHAIRMAN BAEZ: Senator, you had a comment.
4	SENATOR FASANO: I do. Thank you.
5	With all due respect to counsel, Aloha early on when
6	I first got elected in 1994 denied there was ever a problem.
7	Denied there was ever a problem. It took years before they
8	finally said, well, there is a problem, but it's going to cost
9	you \$10 million to fix the problem.
10	To suggest that copper piping is the problem, my
11	response has always been, well, let us, let us reach out to the
12	other utility companies in Pasco County and to Pasco County
13	themselves and to the City of New Port Richey whose customers
14	have copper piping to find out if they're having a dirty water
15	problem. Zero complaints. No complaints, Commissioners. And
16	this is where you focus in on Aloha that has well, I could
17	bring you boxes of complaints that I have received, and I'm
18	sure the same here at the, at the PSC, of providing a dirty
19	water to a person's home when nowhere else in the county is
20	that happening. So their argument that it's happening in other
21	parts or other utility companies, if it has, it's been solved,
22	as Dr. Kurien pointed out in his testimony, it's been solved by
23	that, by that utility company.
24	Again, Aloha, with all due respect to counsel, and I
25	don't know when you started on this, maybe it was ten years

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ago, I don't remember, but certainly early on Aloha, and you 1 can look at their testimony when we, we had public hearings for 2 the rate increase, you know, eight years ago or seven years 3 ago, Aloha came in with their, with their engineers and their 4 experts and said there wasn't a problem. Look at that 5 testimony. I challenge you to do that. And now they're 6 recognizing there's a problem; they want the customer to give 7 them a chance to fix it? Those chances are far, far gone now. 8

I mean, it's just, it's just -- it baffles the mind 9 for them to suggest that this is not their problem and that, 10 and that, and that it's the customers' problem, that they 11 12 deliver a quality water. They do not. And I challenge you again, and you being with the DEP, when you worked for the DEP, 13 I challenge you to find out where these, where these black 14 water problems are coming from. You will never find the amount 15 of complaints of black water in any other utility company, if 16 not in this state -- I mean, in the state and possibly in the 17 nation, the amount of complaints we get for black dirty water 18 on a daily basis. 19

20 MR. WHARTON: Chairman Baez, we are not denying --21 once again it's been said we're denying responsibility for the 22 problem. We share -- we want to work with the customers on the 23 concerns and we want to address the concerns. We're in the 24 middle of an implementation process. What Representative 25 Fasano is -- what Senator Fasano is referring to is that early

on we were being accused that the black water was coming in 1 through the meter from our pipes. That is what we denied. We 2 still deny it. And I think now it's come to the point where 3 everyone recognizes that we're right about that. 4 CHAIRMAN BAEZ: Commissioner Edgar. Oh, Dr. Kurien, 5 you had something to add? 6 DR. KURIEN: Commissioners, I'd like to point out why 7 there is this difference between the two points of view. Aloha 8 9 is arguing from a legal point of view, the customers are arguing from a scientific point of view, and it's very 10 difficult sometimes to get the two to meet. Let me explain. 11 12 Aloha has always maintained that its process, the sole use of chlorination, is adequate to provide good, clean 13 water which will remain so in the customers' pipes. 14 And let me read you one sentence from FDEP Florida 15 Drinking Water Program Administrator to whom I wrote in July, 16 or I wrote in June of 2002. And I suggested that chlorine was 17 not able to completely convert hydrogen sulfide to sulfate and 18 left behind elemental sulfur. And he says, "I received a 19 letter on June 20, 2002. Your observation that Aloha might be 20 21 using inadequate methodology is correct." That is FDEP saying And that observation was made in Pinellas County in 22 that. It was published as an article in the American 23 1991. Waterworks Association meeting in 1993. And that was the first 24 year in which complaints started, even though the levels of 25

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copper sulfide in water was found to be higher by FDEP in 1992,
 and Aloha was taken to task for that. And I have provided all
 of that evidence in here.

When we brought this fact to the attention of Aloha, 4 5 which had itself admitted in 1996 that in the process of using chlorination both elemental sulfur and sulfate is formed. In 6 1997 they completely denied it, and that is also documented 7 8 here. They said, "There is no elemental sulfur. All hydrogen sulfide is converted to sulfate." Unfortunately, the Public 9 Service Commission picked it up and repeated it. So it found 10 itself in the situation of saying on the one hand that the 11 science was correct, but people were having problems. 12 It is not possible for the science to be correct and for people to 13 have problems. The science was incorrect. 14

15 In fact, Dr. Levine said Aloha needs to upgrade its Yes, it did meet state standards and federal 16 process. standards, but it did not meet the scientific standard of being 17 able to provide water that remains stable in the customers' 18 19 pipes. That's where the problem is. It was brought to the 20 attention of Aloha. If Aloha had admitted that their process was inadequate, they needed to move to aeration and they needed 21 help from the PSC, from the customers, nobody in their right 22 23 mind would have agreed to it. Instead of that, Aloha said this 24 is a political move by customers trying to put Aloha out of 25 business. They were wanting good clear water, but they didn't

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1 understand why they were getting bad water. They said, we are 2 getting bad water and we don't know why. We want Aloha to look 3 into it. Aloha did not look into it. That is the problem. 4 Okay?

5 And it has now been brought to their attention that 6 their processing needs upgrades. Even now they will not admit 7 that sole chlorination, sole use of chlorination was 8 inadequate, and I will provide evidence to show that they knew about it. Okay? That's the point. They knew that something 9 was inadequate but did not take the steps necessary to make the 10 customers and the Public Service aware of the fact that their 11 12 process was inadequate. It may be that they did not know. Ι have serious doubts about it because their engineer is a very 13 sophisticated engineer, and I will provide his own words to 14 15 show that elemental sulfur is bad for water and that it'll corrode pipes, it'll cause bacterial emission of the pipes. 16 17 So -- and that is why I have not put one word of my conclusions I have provided you 64 references from public 18 into this. records to show that this was all well-known. 19

20 When I offered to work with them in 2002, they could 21 have simply said, here are our customers coming to work with us 22 to provide a win-win situation for both parties. If they had 23 24

Advisory Committee two days before the hearing. But when it

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came to forming it, they delayed it and said, the PSC is asking 1 us to do more than we are prepared to do; therefore, we are not 2 3 qoing to do it. CHAIRMAN BAEZ: Commissioner Edgar, did you have any 4 follow-up? And this is not your only chance, just so you, you 5 know, it's not use it or lose it. We can come back to you at 6 any time. So if you have to -- I just see you concerned over 7 8 COMMISSIONER EDGAR: Just for further clarification, 9 part of what I'm grappling with in my mind is this issue of the 10technologies that are available to address the problem as it's 11 been described to us, the ability or inability of technologies 12 13 and whether they are proven or emerging or what state the technology is. And so, again, I'm going to kind of come back 14 to the posture of my question, which is has there been 15 scientific peer review to help address that issue? And then, 16 if so, the cost of those possible technologies to address the 17 18 problem. DR. KURIEN: Commissioner, the question of hydrogen 19

peroxide, which is the new method that they're offering, we suggested a second person to look at that option whether it will reduce the incidence of black water and rotten egg smell in the consumers' pipes. Aloha refused to do that. We asked for a second opinion. And we have asked for information about the pilot study because we are capable of understanding water

chemistry, and Aloha has refused to provide that. And then 1 they want us to sit down and mediate when they don't give us 2 the information to understand what it is that they're doing. 3 4 And I talked to Dr. Levine and I said, "Are you sure that this is the best method for the customers, not for Aloha? Is it the 5 best method for customers?" And the answer was, they have 6 7 I never realized that. But that doesn't mean limitations. that the customers should suffer because of the limitations 8 that Aloha has in terms of the fact that it has no space to 9 install aeration equipment. A mile down the stream we can get 10 11 water which has been aerated.

The question then, therefore, becomes should the 12 13 customers suffer poor water quality so that Aloha can continue in business or in the area where there is the maximum problem? 14 And this details why there are problems in some areas and why 15 there are not problems in other areas and, therefore, why only 16 17 a certain set of customers want deletion, because others may not have a problem. And I'll grant that, because the wells 18 have different levels of hydrogen sulfide. Some wells are not 19 20 adequately engineered to provide complete elimination of 21 hydrogen sulfide or production of large quantities of elemental 22 sulfur. And that is the problem. It is a scientific issue, 23 can be solved by science, could have been dealt with by science, but there was no willingness to address it as a 24 scientific issue. Whether it can be addressed today with the 25

onstraints that Aloha has for space and capital -- because ustomers in the Seven Springs area cannot pay large amounts of ost for water. I have people calling me and saying, we can't even take our medications because we don't have the money. If water rates go up significantly, then we'll have trouble.

And we have done comparative cost analysis, and I 6 7 have submitted that to the Public Service Commission. We have done an enormous amount of work on this. Okay? And I wish 8 before we come to a conclusion we would look at this, this set 9 of documents. And we have offered to sit down with Aloha and 10 .ook at the issues when Aloha wanted us to sit down with 11 I wrote a letter and said we would do that, and 12)r. Levine. 13 Aloha never answered that letter. Took three months to reply and said, we would like to have the meeting now, after they had 14calked to Dr. Levine for a long time and got her to agree that 15 this was the best method. We wanted a peer review of that 16 17 method before they even pilot studied it and they refused it. And let Mr. Wharton answer whether they agreed to our request 18 19 or not.

20 MR. WHARTON: Commissioner Edgar, the answer to your 21 question is no. There has not been a peer review breakdown of 22 cost alternatives. The only proceeding the Commission had that 23 was directly -- this has often come up in the context of a rate 24 case or of a complaint, but the water quality investigation 25 determined at the end that the Commission was not going to

1 lirect Aloha to take any further action in that regard.

2 Once again we're being accused of withholding this 3 .nformation about Dr. Levine. Dr. Levine was working for the 4 sustomers when she came up with these theories and with her 5 seport. So certainly all of that information was available to 6 shem.

And, Commissioner, if I may add, by MS. GERVASI: 7 prior Commission order issued back in July of 2004, there's a 8 preakdown of what Aloha provided as very estimated costs, both 9 capital and O&M costs of the various treatment options that are 10 addressed in Dr. Levine's report, but those were very 11 preliminary numbers. And they also provided an estimated rate 12 impact of each of the treatment alternatives, with the hydrogen 13 peroxide treatment alternative being the least expensive. 14

15 MR. WHARTON: And, Commissioner Edgar, I'm sorry. I 16 misspoke. There has not been a comprehensive peer reviewed 17 report of different alternatives, but Dr. Levine's report was 18 peer reviewed by the University of South Florida.

19 CHAIRMAN BAEZ: Commissioner Bradley, you had a20 question.

21 DR. KURIEN: Commissioner, if I can make one more 22 point. Dr. Levine herself said at the meeting organized by 23 Aloha that it will not improve black water problems 24 significantly.

CHAIRMAN BAEZ: Commissioner Bradley.

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COMMISSIONER BRADLEY: Yes, I have -- I think my 1 question is more specific, a little bit more specific. And I 2 heard the gentleman from Aloha allude to Pinellas County, and 3 4 I'm from Pinellas County. And Pinellas County does not have a 5 local source of fresh drinking water, so it gets its water from 6 surrounding areas, and that's another political issue. But it's my opinion that all of Pinellas County probably has water 7 that's of a high sulfur nature; therefore, it's not usable. 8 And, and I don't know what scientific method was done years ago 9 10 by those who preceded me as a resident in Pinellas, but I think it was determined then that they probably could not clean up 11 sulfur water to the extent that it would be acceptable. And I 12 13 don't know if, if, if Aloha is capable of cleaning this particular well up to the extent that it will ever get rid of 14 the black water. But, you know, I'm a very patient person and 15 16 I'm willing to see what the end result might be as it relates 17 to a scientific application, if, in fact, that's what's deemed as being necessary. 18

But my question is this, and this is to staff. Have we as a Commission ever been confronted with black water as an issue that existed between customers and another regulated water company?

23 MS. GERVASI: Yes, sir. And my research has revealed 24 at least one other order that reflects a black water problem 25 that was occurring in a regulated company, and it occurred in

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St. Johns County back in 1988. And in that case during a 1 ustomer meeting customers complained about the odor and the 2 aste of the water and pinhole leaks in the copper piping. The 3)ER at the time concluded that the potable water was 4 satisfactory, and the Commission found that the source of the 5 6 problem appeared to be within the individual distribution 7 system, with each customer's problem originating beyond the neter within that system. And the Commission cited to both 8 Rules 25-30.225 and 25-30.210, which discuss the utility's 9 responsibility being up to the delivery to the customer's 10 neter, but found that that was not to suggest that the 11 corrosive nature of the water should be ignored. 12 That utility hired a consultant from the University 13 of Florida. This was North Beach Utilities, Inc. 14 They 15 proposed a plan of action to improve the quality of the water service, which involved the oxidation of most, if not all, of 16 the hydrogen sulfide. But in that case the customers supported 17 the proposal and in that case the company was willing to 18 initiate corrective action. 19 There was another case back in 1989 --20 COMMISSIONER BRADLEY: Okay. You said that the 21 22 company was willing to implement corrective action? 23 MS. GERVASI: Yes, sir. COMMISSIONER BRADLEY: Did corrective action occur 24 25 and, if so, what was the corrective action? And is -- have we

1	had any feedback here recently from the customers that would	
2	indicate to us as to their satisfaction with or their	
3	dissatisfaction with the water that they're receiving?	
4	MS. GERVASI: I don't know the answer to your	
5	question because there is not documentation that I was able to	
6	find beyond the issuance of that order that required the	
7	company to go out and initiate the corrective action. So	
8	COMMISSIONER BRADLEY: Is that water company still in	
9	existence today?	
10	MS. GERVASI: That's the St. Johns County	
11	MR. MELSON: Commissioner Bradley, if I might.	
12	St. Johns County took back jurisdiction from the Commission a	
13	number of years ago. So whether they're still in existence or	
14	not, that would be something that the St. Johns County	
15	Commission would be hearing; we would not be hearing.	
16	COMMISSIONER BRADLEY: So basically we have no	
17	information to well, there's no information that we can use	
18	right now to make a determination as to what really happened in	
19	that particular instance. We don't know if the customers are	
20	still being served by that particular well or if the county has	
21	taken over and switched them to a subsequent well. Is that an	
22	adequate assumption?	
23	MS. GERVASI: No, sir. I don't believe we do have	
24	that information. I wasn't able to find it.	
25	COMMISSIONER BRADLEY: We attempted to, as a	
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50 commission, to do a survey, and for some reason I never did get 1 the end results of that survey. Was that survey completed as 2 it relates to -- we surveyed Aloha's customers. 3 MS. HELTON: Yes, sir, we did. And the survey 4 cesults are -- I think we gave a deadline of the middle of 5 December, beginning of December, and Mr. Stallcup is the staff 6 nember who compiled that and he has that data. 7 COMMISSIONER BRADLEY: Okay. Well, let me ask this 8 question. 9 What percentage of Aloha's customer base has a 10 problem with black water? Is it the entire customer base or is 11 it 20 percent, 30 percent, 50 percent, 10 percent? Do we have, 12 13 do we have that data? MR. STALLCUP: The survey did not go out to all of 14 Aloha's customers, Commissioners. They only went out to the 15 customers in the four petitioning areas. And of the customers 16 who responded to our survey, 64 percent indicated they had a 17 black water problem. 18 COMMISSIONER BRADLEY: Okay. Would you -- can you 19 give me a hard number -- what percentage of your customers, 20 customer base --21 MR. WHARTON: I can, Commissioner. This is the --22 23 well, I don't think anyone knows. COMMISSIONER BRADLEY: How many customers do you 24 have? 25

MR. WHARTON: We have 15,000 water customers. 1 COMMISSIONER BRADLEY: And how many of your customers 2 ave complained about black water? 3 That have actually complained to Aloha? MR. WHARTON: 4 see, it's hard to quantify, Commissioner. But I think the 5 percentage, for instance, would be much lower than the survey 6 .n terms of the complaints that we've received from different 7 8 .ndividual customers. I don't have an exact number for you. But we have 15,000 customers, and there were six -- there were 9 2,092 responses to the survey. 10 COMMISSIONER BRADLEY: How many? 11 2,092, and 1,670 said that they 12 MR. WHARTON: supported deletion, which is about 13.9 percent. 13 COMMISSIONER BRADLEY: Okay. Senator Fasano. 14 SENATOR FASANO: And maybe staff can help me. How 15 nany surveys were mailed out? They were not mailed to all 16 17 15,000 customers; is that correct? MR. STALLCUP: That's correct, Senator. We sent out 18 approximately 3,500. 19 SENATOR FASANO: 3,500. And how many were returned? 20 MR. STALLCUP: Approximately 2,000. 21 SENATOR FASANO: And of that percentage -- may I --22 and, Commissioner, I apologize for --23 CHAIRMAN BAEZ: No, that's okay. 24 SENATOR FASANO: May I ask what percentage wanted 25 FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

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leletion?

MR. STALLCUP: 80 percent. 2 SENATOR FASANO: 80 percent of the people that 3 responded. And it was an overwhelming response. I wish we'd 4 yet that kind of a turnout in an election. But as you can see, 5 Commissioner Bradley, an overwhelming amount. And, and I would 6 suggest that if you went out to all 15,000 customers, that you 7 would get a very similar response as well. 8 COMMISSIONER BRADLEY: And one other question. I'm 9 trying to get the spirit or the tenor of Aloha's approach to 10 this. You made your statement earlier that through every means 11 and in every forum necessary, and I took that to mean that 12 Aloha will use every means and every forum that's necessary in 13 order to maintain this customer base. 14 MR. WHARTON: That's correct. 15 COMMISSIONER BRADLEY: And I was hoping that what you 16 meant by that statement is that Aloha will use every means and 17 every forum that's necessary in order to satisfy its customer 18 19 base. MR. WHARTON: Well, we're doing that now, 20 Commissioner. We're trying. And this is a serious drain, 21 these efforts, these litigation; for instance, the attempt that 22 we're supposed to negotiate with customers who are attempting 23 to destroy the possible financial viability of the utility 24 simultaneously. 25

In 1998, after studying these problems and all 1 2 the alternatives, not peer reviewed but studying internally all 3 the alternatives extensively, we wrote a letter to the Commission and said, here's what we propose, aeration. If we 4 can come up with some kind of a proceeding where we don't get 5 those costs disallowed on the back end, if we can somehow come 6 in, say here's the study -- and the Commission declined, issued 7 an order saying we're not going to do that. 8 So Aloha has offered to step up to the plate on this 9 1.0 in a major way, and it's what we're doing right now by 11 implementing Dr. Levine's study. COMMISSIONER BRADLEY: You know, someone --12 MR. WHARTON: We don't want to get into those 13 14 litigations, Commissioner. Someone once -- a wise old 15 COMMISSIONER BRADLEY: 16 person once made a statement to me that goes like this: "If you find yourself in a hole, stop digging." And I'm just 17 trying to figure out how the digging stops and the solution 18 kicks in, because the hole is getting deeper and deeper. 19 In, in all seriousness, Commissioner, 20 MR. WHARTON: 21 to address the essence of what you're saying, we're not going 22 to stop digging while there's a deletion proceeding against us. It's a legal proceeding. And if we do nothing, the territory 23 will be deleted. We've been vilified for using legal 24 technicalities in a case in which we're the defendant. 25 We're

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not the plaintiff here.

2	COMMISSIONER BRADLEY: In my opinion as it relates to
3	ne you have not been vilified, but the customers have a
4	legitimate complaint as it relates to the nature and the
5	quality of their water. And I
6	MR. WHARTON: I don't disagree with that.
7	COMMISSIONER BRADLEY: Well
8	MR. WHARTON: Well, I do about the vilification part.
9	COMMISSIONER BRADLEY: And I hold DEP in high esteem.
10	By all means, I respect all the statutes and the rules that
11	COMMISSIONER DAVIDSON: You drafted.
12	COMMISSIONER BRADLEY: are in place as a result of
13	the dealings that have occurred, that have occurred in this
14	state as it relates to the nature and the quality of water.
15	But it still is unacceptable if it to say that water is
16	clean and it does not smell clean and it does not taste like
17	clean water. You know, it may not be chemically impure, but it
18	still is offensive. And what I would like to see is for these
19	customers to be provided with water that's not offensive as it
20	relates to smell or taste and not just not offensive as it
21	relates to the chemical interaction that it may have with their
22	bodies. And I'm trying to figure out how we get there.
23	MR. WHARTON: And we're in the middle of a \$4.5
24	million proposed solution. When I say we're in the middle,
25	we're, we're implementing that now, Commissioner Bradley. And,

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again, that's to address the issue of water quality between the 1 meter and the tap, which the Commission has issued an order 2 saying it's not our responsibility, but we're doing it anyway. 3 And certainly we're going to come to you at some point with 4 5 those costs. 6 COMMISSIONER BRADLEY: And I cut staff off and maybe staff was getting ready to give me the results of some other 7 studies that have been done that might give us some indication 8 9 as to how this has been resolved in the past, and I'm sorry. MS. GERVASI: Commissioner, my research did not 10 11 reveal what the solutions actually were in the specific cases. 12 There was one other case that involved a utility in Pasco 13 County where some customers complained of a rotten egg odor. This was back in 1989. And the Commission found back then that 14 hydrogen sulfide gas is commonly found in Florida's 15 16 groundwater. But in that case, the Commission found that the 17 utility controlled the problem principally through chlorination and that further control measures in that case were not viewed 18 as cost-effective for that utility system. 19 In the Aloha case, the Commission has found by prior 20

21 order that chlorination in and of itself has not proven
22 effective.

23 MR. WHARTON: And, Commissioner Bradley, I just want 24 to make one thing perfectly clear, and that is we started 25 saying this years ago and I'll say it right now as clearly as

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1	possible, that there are those who don't like our proposed	
2	solution even though we hired their expert. We can all go sit	
3	in a big room, and when we come out of that room, if the Public	
4	Service Commission and the customers agree this is the solution	
5	and these expenditures on that solution are prudent, we will do	
6	it. We will do it. We've been saying that for years.	
7	MS. HELTON: Mr. Chairman and Commissioner Bradley,	
8	it's my understanding that Mr. Walden, one of our staff	
9	engineers, may have some information with respect to	
10	Commissioner Bradley's question that the legal staff didn't	
11	have.	
12	SENATOR FASANO: Commissioner Bradley, if I may.	
13	CHAIRMAN BAEZ: Mr. Walden, hold off a second. Go	
14	ahead, Senator.	
15	SENATOR FASANO: I'm sorry. I apologize.	
16	CHAIRMAN BAEZ: No. No. Go ahead.	
17	SENATOR FASANO: Just to touch on that point of what	
18	counsel said, to reiterate what I, what I told Commissioner	
19	Edgar earlier, Aloha denied there was ever a problem for years.	
20	Also for what the counsel said earlier about going along and	
21	doing everything that you as the Commissioners and prior	
22	Commissioners ordered them to do, I will tell you that's not	
23	true. There's a refund out there that they have refused to	
24	return to the customers, there are impact fees that they were	
25	told to raise impact fees and charge, charge, and they didn't	

1	lo that, and there's still money that's never been accounted
2	For for a few years ago. They continually denied there was a
3	problem. From day one when I met with Mr. Watford after I got
4	elected he told me there was no problem. And it wasn't
5	until you talk about digging a hole. It wasn't until that
6	hole got so deep they finally said we have a problem here,
7	because they saw their business being taken away from them.
8	Isn't it sad we've had to come to that extreme? Isn't it sad
9	the tax dollars that have been spent and the time that has been
10	wasted before this Commission and the staff because it took
11	them more than almost ten years to finally say there was a
12	problem, but in order to fix the problem, it's going to cost
13	the customers a 400 percent increase in rates, to use scare
14	tactics so the customers wouldn't pursue it any longer?
15	The alternative is to turn it over to Pasco County.
16	That's the easy solution. We talk about common sense today.
17	Common sense is to turn it over to a utility company that has a
18	record of delivering clean water and good service, and that's
19	Pasco County, which I believe will be willing to take this over
20	if you go with deletion.
21	MR. WHARTON: See, there you have it. Seven years
22	ago we made a proposal, but the rate increase that was
23	attendant to that proposal is being described as a scare
24	tactic. Seven years ago.
25	SENATOR FASANO: That rate increase seven years ago

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1	was not to fix the problem. It was to fix your pocketbooks.	
2	CHAIRMAN BAEZ: And kindly, gentlemen, that's not	
3	what we're talking about today.	
4	Commissioner Davidson, you had	
5	COMMISSIONER DAVIDSON: A few questions for, for	
6	General Counsel. And I'll start with I just think everyone,	
7	Commission, public, customers and, yes, the company, want these	
8	issues resolved and want the problems fixed. The company has	
9	no objective interest in not wanting to provide good service.	
10	I mean, that's what companies do. And the customers want good	
11	service, and there are clearly sort of issues out there that	
12	have to be addressed.	
13	But I wanted to ask our General Counsel about some of	
14	the assumptions I'm making in considering how to vote on these	
15	recommendations.	
16	One assumption is, is that this proceeding, if	
17	primary staff rec is voted out, we know what the outcome will	
18	be. If the alternate staff is voted out, there would be some	
19	type of, of new proceeding. Assuming for the minute that	
20	alternate staff was voted out, the nature of that proceeding,	
21	this probable this show cause proceeding is not a	
22	forward-looking proceeding as to what should be done, what	
23	additional corrective measures are needed, how, you know, which	
24	of these procedures are best. It would be solely focused on	
25	looking backwards; is there some violation of a law, rule or	

1 order for which the show cause issue would be, the show cause 2 order would be issued? Is that correct? 3 MR. MELSON: Yes, sir. The show cause order would be 4 backward looking. Whether the company, you know, in defense 5 might choose to argue that there have not been past violations, and in any event to the extent we've got customer concerns, 6 7 those could be solved on a going-forward basis. I could see that coming into the proceeding. 8 9 But the, the main focus would be license revocation. 10 Is there something in the past that occurred that violated a 11 statute that warrants revocation or some other lesser penalty? COMMISSIONER DAVIDSON: My one, one -- one concern I 12 13 had is that the -- if this, the alternate was voted out, that whatever that proceeding is does not morph into some type of 14 sort of additional expedition and then sort of have loose 15 16 boundaries as to scope and sort of focus on things that are 17 meant for other proceedings. I mean, the way I'm looking at is 1.8 from the point in time we're looking back, is there something 19 that -- is there some violation we're trying to address? 20 Another assumption is that we should not just sort of 21 simply import the closed docket into a new docket like we were 22 bringing some, you know, favorite into a new Internet browser. 23 I mean, there are different rules that govern and a different 24 burden of proof. 25 MR. MELSON: Yes, sir. And that was the reason,

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1 Frankly, the prior recommendation that you voted on was to 2 close the old docket so that this would be a fresh start. To 3 the extent there is information that's been developed in the 4 past that's relevant, we would have to find a way to get it 5 into this record that complies with the evidence code and 6 complies with the standard of proof. But I view it as a new, a 7 new venture.

COMMISSIONER DAVIDSON: The recommendation 8 articulates a primary analysis and an alternate analysis, and 9 just as one Commissioner, I always appreciate having those 10 options and it's good. If you have three options, that's good; 11 four, that's good; if only one. But I want to put you on the 12 13 spot here and say not so much of those two options, you know, which would be your druther, but as General Counsel of the 14 agency you see two options there. Are both of those options 15 that were crafted by your legal staff, I guess, working with 16 the policy shop viable, legally sound options that could be 17 pursued by the Commission? 18

MR. MELSON: Yes, sir. I believe they're both legally sound. There is no -- we could not find controlling precedent, let's just say, you know, with 100 percent certainty if you go down one path versus the other, there's not going to be a challenge to it. But I think we've got a substantial good-faith basis for proceeding on either path.

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CHAIRMAN BAEZ: Commissioner Deason, did you have

1 questions? Because I have some follow-ups on, on the theme 2 that Commissioner Davidson was touching on. I don't know if --3 you can go ahead and --

COMMISSIONER DEASON: Well, I earlier had asked the 4 question and -- concerning if we were to proceed with the 5 alternate recommendation, the scope of that, because it seems 6 to me that we've got to set out, if we go that path, we've got 7 to set out very specifically what is the subject of a potential 8 deletion and that we can't, once we get in that, add to or take 9 10 away from. It's either -- you know, you either delete it or vou don't. 11

12 And I guess my question to staff is your 13 recommendation is to define the four specific areas as the 14 subject of the deletion proceeding; is that correct? And what 15 was the basis for that being included? Because it was the 16 subject -- it was the amount -- the area that was the area in 17 the previous proceeding that the customer, that we opened at 18 the customers' behest?

MS. HELTON: Yes, sir, in part. It's also staff's understanding that those particular discrete areas are the areas in which there have been the highest instances or maybe the only instances of black water concerns.

COMMISSIONER DEASON: Okay. And maybe, if I could ask Mr. Beck, do you agree that that's what we should focus on going forward is those four specific areas?

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1	MR. BECK: Yes. Commissioner, we gave thought to	
2	:hat ahead of time, and we're satisfied with going forth on	
3	chose four discrete areas. I think logically if you see this	
4	as a management problem, it should include the entire	
5	3even Springs area. But by focusing on these four discrete	
6	areas, you address the concerns of the customers who filed	
7	petitions. There's already been a significant amount of work	
8	ione. For example, the survey was done of these four discrete	
9	areas, so it made sense to go forward, I think, with that. And	
10	that's satisfactory to us. If the Commission wished to go	
11	forward on the whole Seven Springs area, this would be the time	
12	to do it, and we would certainly support that as well.	
13	CHAIRMAN BAEZ: Commissioner Davidson, I know you	
14	signaled that you had a question, but we if you'll indulge	
15	me for a moment. We did have Mr. Walden on hold unfortunately,	
16	and	
17	COMMISSIONER DAVIDSON: Oh, okay. Sorry.	
18	CHAIRMAN BAEZ: he does have some information that	
19	may help us in the consideration. Mr. Walden?	
20	MR. WAHLEN: To my knowledge, there's very little	
21	information available on the hydrogen sulfide issue in terms of	
22	what works best to fix the problem.	
23	As Mr. Wharton spoke earlier today, there's been a	
24	fairly recent problem in the Washington, DC, area with	
25	discolored water and pinhole leaks in pipes, and that problem	

1 is being investigated from what I've seen in some of the 2 journals. The conclusion as to exactly what's the problem, 3 what's going to be done to fix it, I haven't seen anything 4 along that line.

5 I think we all know that hydrogen sulfide is a 6 problem that exists in drinking water in various regions, not 7 only in the state of Florida, but in the country. There are 8 various methods that are used by water companies to combat the 9 problem. Aeration is very common and it works with varying 10 degrees.

But rather than, excuse me, getting into a discussion 11 of that, I think the question that came up today was in terms 12 of peer review and the hydrogen peroxide treatment that's being 13 proposed by Dr. Levine. In reviewing the material that, that 14 I've seen from Dr. Levine, she did a pretty thorough 15 investigation. And there are some circumstances concerning 16 Aloha and its provision of water supply, and what I'm talking 17 about is Aloha, Aloha's wells are on fairly small pieces of 18 19 property. They're not isolated where a retrofit to provide 20 aeration would work because the land area is just not 21 available.

Dr. Levine looked at a variety of options, and she determined that hydrogen peroxide would be the best approach. The problem with that, as Dr. Kurien pointed out and others, other customers have pointed this out too, there's very little

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data on hydrogen peroxide treatment of drinking water in terms
 of controlling or taking care of the hydrogen sulfide issue.
 And I think that's the -- that's what Dr. Kurien was talking
 about in terms of the scientific review.

5 CHAIRMAN BAEZ: Thank you, Mr. Walden. Commissioner 6 Davidson, you had a question.

7 COMMISSIONER DAVIDSON: Just one short follow-up or a 8 1.5 follow-up to Commissioner Deason's question and then to 9 Mr. Walden's comments, and this is for General Counsel. If the alternate was voted out, in delineating the scope, wouldn't the 10 scope be a function of two things? One, the scope of the 11 certificate at issue, and I don't know if there's one 12 certificate to Aloha or different certificates or different 13 territories, but wouldn't, wouldn't the scope be limited to the 14 scope of the certificate, and then the scope of whatever 15 16 alleged violations would be sort of the basis put forth for the 17 revocation? And I ask this question in response to Mr. Beck's concern with, well, if we have concerns with overall 18 19 management, to me those types of broad concerns are not 20 relevant to this particular revocation proceeding.

21 MR. MELSON: Let me answer two ways. I think you're 22 right, you would be limited. I think in issuing a show cause 23 order saying you've got probable cause to believe a violation 24 exists, that you need to focus on the areas where your 25 investigation shows that there has been a problem. And, and

taff has really --1 COMMISSIONER DAVIDSON: A problem or a violation of a 2 aw, rule or --3 MR. MELSON: A violation of the statute. 4 COMMISSIONER DAVIDSON: Okay. 5 MR. MELSON: In the draft show cause order the 6 statute is, is fairly broad and requires that service be not 7 ess sufficient than is consistent with the reasonable 8 peration of the utility in the public interest. Both in the 9 Ilternative recommendation and the proposed show cause order we 10 ist failure to improve on customer relations as one element 11 along with, you know, failure -- the unacceptable color, taste 12 and odor, failing for over eight years to take corrective steps 13 and failing to improve customer relations. The reason we're 14 recommending you include that in a show cause order is to the 15 extent that you ultimately believe that's relevant to the 16 overall public interest, we want to be sure that we've alleged 17 that that can constitute a violation of the public interest 18 19 standard. But when you take a step back -- that alone not 20 coupled with sort of the, the severe complaints about black 21 water led us to conclude that we should not at this point 22 23 recommend to you that you look at other areas of the

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COMMISSIONER DAVIDSON: The -- this -- and one final.

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certificate.

1 This discussion of hydrogen peroxide and corrective treatments 2 and questions regarding Aloha's wells, I mean, as I hear that, 3 those are important issues we have to think about in the 4 context of this entire case. But, again, those corrective 5 measures, those -- are those relevant or not to this 6 proceeding?

7 MR. MELSON: I think they might be relevant in 8 mitigation. If you found after a hearing that the utility had 9 violated the statute but that they were now taking proactive 10 steps to address the problem, you might conclude that despite 11 the violation, revocation is not an appropriate remedy.

CHAIRMAN BAEZ: Commissioner Bradley.

12

13 COMMISSIONER BRADLEY: Yes. I, I want to go back to a little bit more discussion about the science and, and tie 14 that into some of the regulatory outcomes. And first of all, 15 I'd like to preface my statement with this statement. Just 16 17 based on -- based upon what I've heard staff say today, it would appear to me that what we're dealing with is uncharted 18 territory which is going to require a lot of thought and some 19 courage in order to get into, get into some areas that we're 20 not sure about how to, to deal with. 21

And this sole issue of hydrogen peroxide, my question -- well, my statement is a what-if question or statement. If hydrogen peroxide cleans up the problem, then we have, in my opinion, an excellent outcome. But what if it

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doesn't? If it cleans it up, I can imagine that the customers 1 would give some consideration to participating in, in the 2 process of reimbursement. But if it doesn't work, I can 3 imagine that the customers are not going to be very receptive 4 to participating in, in the cost of, of a scientific method 5 that did not bring about a desirable result. б What is Aloha's position; what if it does and what if 7 it doesn't? I mean, I can imagine what you will, what your 8 position would be if it works, but what if it doesn't work? 9 Well, first of all, Commissioner MR. WHARTON: 10 Bradley, your question raises several interesting points 11 because what if it does work, but meanwhile the Commission has 12 deleted those territories? Then, you bet, people who don't 13 have a problem are going to come in and say, why the heck did 14 you do that? 15 But let's go back to the assumption that those 16 territories are still in the service area. If it doesn't work 17 and people still have a concern, then we're all going to need 18 to continue to work on the problem. We're optimistic that it 19 will work. Obviously Dr. Levine's the expert, not me. But, 20 again, this challenge, this charge that we do nothing unless we 21 are ordered to do it, there's an example of where we're taking 22 that risk in the face of criticism, we're trying to move 23 forward at the exact time that we're in a fight for our 24 collective life. Obviously these things aren't easily done 25

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1	side by side. But Dr. Levine believes it will help the	
2	problem, we've decided to implement it, and we hope the results	
3	are good. And obviously we will come in at some point with the	
4	costs. But if it doesn't work, then we're just going to have	
5	to continue to work on the problem. If it does work and the	
6	very neighborhoods that it was intended to benefit the most are	
7	still part of Aloha's territory, then you're right, we've	
8	reached a good solution.	
9	Commissioner Davidson asked a question earlier which	
10	sort of it wasn't really in his question but sort of jogged	
11	in my mind that filing the complaint today is sort of like	
12	giving up on the solution because it's so difficult to be	
13	implementing a multimillion dollar solution while at the exact	
14	same time an administrative proceeding is occurring to delete	
15	those very neighborhoods out of the service area.	
16	COMMISSIONER BRADLEY: Well, I don't think that the	
17	complaint would be one that could not be it wouldn't be one	
18	that would be irrevocable, would it?	
19	MR. MELSON: No, sir. At some future point in the	
20	proceeding if you decided continuing forward was not	
21	appropriate, you could essentially dismiss your own complaint	
22	at that point.	
23	COMMISSIONER BRADLEY: And it's my, it's my	
24	impression that the complaint just allows us to keep everything	
25	alive.	
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Although, Commissioner Bradley, if you MR. WHARTON: 1 2 issue the order, say, in May, that's the order. I mean, yes, I would turn that paradigm on its head and say if you choose not 3 4 to go forward today and you choose to tell Aloha "do this, this 5 and this" and part of it is to implement Dr. Levine's process, you won't foreclose any of your options of filing the complaint 6 7 this summer. But the order is going to come out -- it takes time to determine how quickly these processes, and obviously 8 you have to get out and talk to people and gather information 9 10 and data and --COMMISSIONER BRADLEY: You know, I would, I would 11 rather not have the Commission put itself in the position of 12 telling you what to do in order to solve your business problem. 13 MR. WHARTON: Well, we're already doing that. 14 COMMISSIONER BRADLEY: I think that's something that 15 you as a member of the private sector should do on your own. 16 Because if we tell you to, to implement a certain scientific 17 process and it does not work, then I think that we probably are 18 micromanaging you to the extent that you probably might feel as 19 20 if we've given you bad business advice. 21 MR. WHARTON: I understand what you're saying, 22 Commissioner Bradley. Although, again, as I argued earlier, I 23 think we've got a unique case here where it was reasonable for 24 us to try to get the Commission to come on board before we expended those monies, and the Commission has declined to do 25

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1	chat.
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So, again, we've chosen to go forward with Dr. 2 Levine's process, which is more than just a process designed to 3 treat black water, but which we hope will have a good result. 4 And that's something that the Commission hasn't dictated to us. 5 We've determined to go forward, even while at the same time the 6 customers are moving to delete some of the nicest, newest 7 neighborhoods out of the service area. 8 CHAIRMAN BAEZ: Let me, let me ask a question here 9 real quick while it's fresh in my mind. This goes to, to 10 Mr. Beck. You heard Mr. Melson comment on the propriety of 11 remediation as, as mitigation in terms of a deletion proceeding 12 or revocation proceeding. Do you agree with what Mr. Melson 13 14 said? Commissioner, that would be up to Aloha to MR. BECK: 15 raise that in defense to the complaint. 16 CHAIRMAN BAEZ: Yeah, I know. That's not what I 17 18 asked. I didn't ask whether they were going to raise it or I'm not a betting man, but I'm fairly certain it might 19 not. sound something like that. 20 I'm asking you do you, do you agree or disagree that 21 mitigation as a concept is appropriate in the context of a show 22 cause proceeding? Could you see it, could you see it getting 23 discussed? 24 MR. BECK: Let me give you an analogy to a criminal 25 FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

proceeding where you have a guilt or innocence phase and then you have a sentencing where you look at items in extenuation or mitigation. I think Aloha could raise -- if it were to fix the problem, it could raise that in a mitigation phase.

CHAIRMAN BAEZ: Let's speak plainly, Mr. Beck. Ι 5 mean, I think, I think Mr. Melson created a scenario. And I'm 6 7 not -- again, I'm not trying to nail you down before you've got, before you have your say, assuming certain decisions and 8 9 so on. But, but is there, is there a discussion, is there a 10 discussion to be had, again, assuming that Aloha does the prudent thing, continues with their, with their remediation to, 11 to the -- I mean, all of these things, at the end of the day is 12 there a place for discussion of mitigation, and it may not be 13 enough, but --14

MR. BECK: Certainly, Commissioners. What the customers want is the problem fixed. You know, they're not interested in legal proceedings. They want clear, good water. CHAIRMAN BAEZ: Is, is that, is that a fact?

19 MR. BECK: Yes.

20 CHAIRMAN BAEZ: You speak for the customers. See --21 MR. BECK: They want good water. That's what they 22 want.

23 CHAIRMAN BAEZ: And here are the things, and I 24 apologize because I'm trying, I'm trying to reconcile the fact 25 that there are two dockets going on, that there is an

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expenditure, I'm sure we can all agree. Let's not even --1 let's not get into arguments over adequacy or not, but I think 2 ve can all agree that there are expenditures being made at 3 4 cemediation. And I have a question on that that I will put out. 5 Is there -- is the appropriateness of the hydrogen 6 7 peroxide treatment at issue in any docket? MR. WHARTON: It's a compliance point issue really, 8 where to measure compliance. 9 CHAIRMAN BAEZ: It's not the science of it that's at 10 issue; is that everybody's understanding? 11 MR. WHARTON: It's not the, it's not the process 12 itself. 13 MR. BECK: Let me -- Commissioner, there's a --14 CHAIRMAN BAEZ: No, not in this docket. Not in this 15 16 docket. MR. BECK: Right. There's a protest of the order in 17 the, in the rate case order about how do you test, you know, 18 for hydrogen sulfide, where you do it and how often and so 19 forth. 20 Let me mention that the chlorination process, as I 21 22 understand it, is largely driven by Aloha's interconnection 23 with Tampa Bay Water, and they have to do this. It's not driven by bad water. They have to so they can interconnect 24 with Tampa Bay Water. There's a whole other -- there's a lot 25

1 of facts that haven't been brought out here.

2	CHAIRMAN BAEZ: There's a lot of reasons why this
3	and perhaps I'm using the wrong term and I can stand
4	corrected but that, that whatever this \$4.5 million project
5	that Mr. Wharton alluded to, that there may be a lot of other
6	reasons, but is one of the reasons or one of the outcomes of
7	that is that the black water issue or the hydrogen sulfide
8	issue is going to get potentially solved, I guess? Is that
9	recognized as some potential solution?
10	MR. BECK: Let me ask the person with the credentials
11	to address that.
12	DR. KURIEN: Yes. There is a serious scientific
13	concern that this process may not work. Dr. Duranceau, who is
14	on the ad hoc committee of Pasco County, came out at the last
15	meeting and said he did not think FDEP would approve this
16	because it has not been used anywhere else before, and unless
17	there is some very, very good data, FDEP is not going to
18	approve it.
19	CHAIRMAN BAEZ: Okay. Let me stop you. You've given
20	me, you've given me enough of an answer. Now I have a
21	question.
22	Assuming, assuming mitigation becomes part of,
23	potentially part of a hypothetical show cause proceeding, does
24	that is the appropriate would the appropriateness of the,
25	of the remediation be at issue? Would we be arguing I mean,

to the extent that we have to consider whether there's 1 mitigation to go forward, to go as far as revocation, the 2 minute we start discussing that or considering that, do we, do 3 we put at issue the project itself, the mitigation itself? 4 Commissioner, that probably depends on 5 MR. MELSON: how, if and how Aloha brings the issue into the case. I quess 6 I don't see this -- at this point sitting here I don't think 7 this ought to develop into a case about what the right solution 8 is. It would -- it might develop into a case as has the 9 problem been solved, is a solution being worked on? 10 CHAIRMAN BAEZ: And I would agree with you. I would 11 12 agree with you on that. MR. MELSON: And that's sort of the best answer I can 13 qive. 14 Okay. And then one last, one last 15 CHAIRMAN BAEZ: question, Mr. Beck, maybe one last question of Mr. Beck. You 16 have mentioned -- I think you've used the term "prefiled 17 testimony" several times. We know, we know now after 18 Item 5 that technically that's not, that's no longer, that's no 19 longer true. But it does raise the question in my mind, what 20 is your contemplation for the use of that stack of papers that 21 you have there? 22 The proposed, proposed show cause order 23 MR. BECK: that would be issued if you adopt the recommendation refers to 24 25 that testimony.

CHAIRMAN BAEZ: Again, based on assumptions -- I'm 1 2 sorry? MR. BECK: The findings of fact section of your show 3 cause order refers to that testimony. Now whether we would 4 have to refile it or simply file a motion to ask you to accept 5 it -- I believe it's our intention that that would be used in 6 the new proceeding, you know, all of it. 7 CHAIRMAN BAEZ: And -- but -- and I, I want to 8 understand because there was some discussion of, of the 9 treatment or rather Commissioner Deason had, had questions on 10 the role of the customers, if, if, albeit through Public 11 Counsel, if that's, if that's the way it goes. Is it, is it 12 13 your understanding ultimately that, and I think there's a case that speaks to it, that the third parties, presumably the 14 customers would offer whatever in support of whatever result 15 16 they wanted absolutely, but is it your understanding or your 17 acceptance of the reality that since it's the Commission staff's, the prosecutorial staff's burden to carry --18 19 MR. BECK: Right. Yes. CHAIRMAN BAEZ: -- that they ultimately bear the 20 responsibility for picking and choosing what the best case 21 and/or testimony --22 23 MR. BECK: Right. CHAIRMAN BAEZ: -- and/or information? Is that the 24 way that you see that information that you hold being 25

incorporated into the --

MR. BECK: Yes. I -- again, it would be up to staff io file its case. How they would do that would be up to staff. I would -- it would be my understanding you would have a time for intervenors to file testimony just like in any other case. Fo the extent that we thought there should be other information other than what staff chose to present, we would do so.

8 So the staff might use its own witnesses, it might 9 call the customers itself, it might prefile the testimony that 10 we've already prefiled. That would be fine. But that's up to 11 staff.

12

CHAIRMAN BAEZ: Right.

13 MR. BECK: But we would augment it to the extent we 14 thought necessary or proper as an intervenor and as the 15 customers wish to. So, see, different phases.

16 CHAIRMAN BAEZ: Fair enough. Okay. Commissioner17 Bradley, you had a question.

18 COMMISSIONER BRADLEY: Yes, just to get something19 clear in my mind.

20 Well, I would be in favor of only including that 21 portion of Aloha's service territory that's problematic. 22 Because I think that if we bring in, if we deal with the entire 23 territory, we're going to get a distorted, have a distorted 24 discussion because there's some customers who were not affected 25 by black water, so they would have one opinion as compared to

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hose who are adversely impacted by black water. So I would --1 :hat's why I asked earlier, what percentage of -- I asked for a 2 hard number as it relates to the number of customers who 3 actually have this black water problem. And I kind of was 4 surprised that Aloha couldn't tell me. I would think that, you 5 now, your recordkeeping would allow you to break out in hard 6 numbers, in a hard number how many customers actually have this 7 8 plack water problem. But -- and that's something that maybe you might want to provide to staff, if, in fact, my fellow 9 Commissioners agree with me. 10 But -- and this is a question of legal. Is it -- is 11 that something that's permissible legally? Can we just deal 12 with the affected portion or do we have to take into 13 consideration Aloha's entire service territory? 14 MS. HELTON: Yes, sir. We believe that you can deal 15 with just the affected portions as have been laid out in 16 staff's alternate recommendation and that have been laid out in 17 the show cause order, the draft show cause order, I guess I 18 19 should say, that was attached to staff's recommendation. COMMISSIONER BRADLEY: So that's something we don't 20 need to deal with; that is already included in the alternative 21 22 Just the territory that's -rec. 23 MS. HELTON: Yes. As staff's alternate 24 recommendation does not recommend that revocation proceedings 25 be initiated with respect to Aloha's entire service area.

1	nstead, what staff has done is delineated those four service
2	reas where in staff's opinion the greatest problems exist and
3	where also the customers have filed petitions.
4	COMMISSIONER BRADLEY: Okay. Now let me ask this
5	question. What does staff need to have in order to know
6	exactly how many customers we're dealing with? Is that
7	omething that Aloha has provided to you or is that something
8	hat they would provide to you in the future?
9	MS. HELTON: Maybe let me try, and then maybe
10	Ir. Stallcup, if I'm saying anything incorrectly, he can
11	answer. But it's my understanding that we know the precise
12	number of customers that are in those delineated service areas,
13	and those are the customers to whom we sent surveys. That
14	information was provided to us from the Pasco County Property
15	Appraiser's Office. I do not believe that we have yet been
16	provided by Aloha any type of backup information to verify
17	that.
18	COMMISSIONER BRADLEY: Okay. Let me ask this
19	question of Aloha. Is that a number that you're going to
20	provide to staff so that we clearly understand how many
21	customers you are working very rigorous, very diligently to
22	provide, provide remediation to?
23	MR. WHARTON: Commissioner Bradley, what Aloha can
24	give the staff and can give the Commission is what we got, and
25	that is the numbers who have complained. We have seen or

experienced black water in less than 100 homes and have 1 received about two or 300 complaints. 2 COMMISSIONER BRADLEY: Okay. Well, let me ask this 3 guestion. The source of the black water, is it from a specific 4 5 well or is it from all of your wells? MR. WHARTON: I don't think anybody knows the answer 6 7 to that question. Right. It's a question that's been looked 8 at a lot and it's defied a ready answer. COMMISSIONER BRADLEY: Well, if you don't know the 9 answer to that question, then that, that gives merit to 10 Mr. Beck's statement that we need to look at the entire 11 territory. 12 MR. WHARTON: Well, but you can't look -- you're not 13 looking at something in this proceeding, Commissioner. Earlier 14 15 Mr. Beck said, I wouldn't take that off the table as far as the other 12,000 customers. You've got to know what's on the table 16 when you file this complaint under the Administrative Procedure 17 Act. Staff hasn't given you any information on the nonareas of 18 the four areas. I mean, if you feel like more investigation 19 needs to be done, then you could order that in some form or 20 fashion. 21 COMMISSIONER BRADLEY: Let me explain --22 CHAIRMAN BAEZ: Mr. Wharton, just to try and short 23 circuit, we don't want to go down a rabbit hole on this. 24 MR. WHARTON: I understand. 25

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CHAIRMAN BAEZ: I think you've heard, I think you've 1 heard a fair amount of understanding here that -- and I don't 2 want to be presumptuous, but there's, there's, at least I know 3 what I've heard, some acknowledgement that it is the affected 4 areas that would ever be the subject of --5 I can't answer these questions with 6 MR. WHARTON: specificity in terms of what precise well is the source of the 7 water which turns black in some customers' homes, despite the 8 fact that it's been studied by many parties, not just us.

And on the guestion of how many customers are 10 experiencing black water, we can make the information 11 available, and I believe we have in the past, about how many 12 have brought that to our attention. On those two categorical 13 issues that's all we can do. 14

9

COMMISSIONER BRADLEY: Okay. Let me ask one other 15 question too and I'll be finished, maybe we can terminate this. 16

17 Earlier you mentioned mediation. What did you mean by mediation? What are you willing to mediate? 18

We have retained Mr. Patrick Wiggins, MR. WHARTON: 19 who is an experienced attorney in Commission matters and is a 20 mediator who was recommended for the item. We want to sit down 21 with the customers again. If there was some way to come up 22 with some solution -- see, the answer to everything is no. 23 Well, you can't aerate, hydrogen peroxide won't work. And then 24 the charge against us is that we do nothing. 25

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1	If there is something that we can reach agreement on
2	that the customers would be willing for us to try that thing
3	and then to understand that it would have an impact on rates,
4	reach some kind of a global understanding, we're willing to
5	engage in those discussions. But, again, what we we don't
6	hear "do this" and that's a prudent thing and, if it doesn't
7	work, we won't say after the fact that it was improper for you
8	to do that, it was, you made a good try. But all we hear is
9	no. And we're willing to talk to any, again, to talk about
10	implementing processes or coming up with solutions. I mean,
11	I'm sure that the parties are pessimistic about mediation under
12	these circumstances, they often are. But we're willing to
13	engage in it in good faith, and maybe Mr. Wiggins can bring all
14	the parties together.
15	SENATOR FASANO: If I may.
16	CHAIRMAN BAEZ: Senator. Uh-huh.
17	SENATOR FASANO: I don't think I need to go into
18	detail why the customers would be pessimistic in dealing with
19	Aloha. I think that's already been made very clear as to why
20	they would be pessimistic.
21	To suggest that mediation will solve this problem, I
22	talked about, talked earlier in my public, my first statements
23	about a monopoly. That's what we have, a monopoly here, a
24	company that is not delivering a product that people are paying
25	for. They're paying for this product and they're getting dirty

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Now Aloha wants to have a mediation with the customer 1 water. so they can go ahead and deliver them clean water. It's 2 baffling. Don't -- I mean, forgive me, and maybe, you know, 3 I'm not an attorney here or anything, but shouldn't they be 4 delivering clean water to begin with? They're not in this area 5 delivering clean water. It's fact. And now they want to sit 6 down with the, after all of these years, they want to sit down 7 and have mediation to solve the problem. Well, it's not the 8 customers' responsibility in solving the problem. It's the 9 company's responsibility in delivering clean water to the 10 11 customer.

Through testimony that many of you have heard both 12 13 back in Pasco County and up here, they're not delivering a product that, that can be used. I don't know where mediation 14 The purpose of mediation is so Aloha can determine how 15 qoes. much they're going to charge the customer for fixing the 16 17 problem they should have fixed years ago and delivering a product that they should have been delivering to them years ago 18 and up until now, clean water. And now they want mediation to 19 determine not how they're going to fix it but how they're going 20 to get reimbursed to fix this problem that's theirs. 21

22 MR. WHARTON: We're willing to engage in the process 23 nonetheless. It might not be successful.

CHAIRMAN BAEZ: Thank you parties. Commissioners,
 are there questions or we can --

1	COMMISSIONER DAVIDSON: One more question for General
2	Counsel. It's your lucky day.
3	At Page 47 of Item 6, which would be
4	MR. MELSON: Yes, sir, I've got it.
5	COMMISSIONER DAVIDSON: the fifth page of
6	Attachment C, in the second full paragraph, about the fifth
7	line down, sixth line, the draft order states, "In failing to
8	provide service that is not less sufficient than is consistent
9	with the reasonable and proper operation of the utility in the
10	public interest Aloha was willful within the meaning." Has
11	this Commission previously in its orders, and I guess that
12	would be it, in its orders made that finding?
13	MR. MELSON: No, sir. We don't have a previous order
14	that we are aware of where a violation of 367.161 has been
15	alleged. I'm sorry, by
16	COMMISSIONER DAVIDSON: Of Chapter 360. Well, what
16 17	COMMISSIONER DAVIDSON: Of Chapter 360. Well, what I'm getting at is that it's that statement, I didn't mean to
17	I'm getting at is that it's that statement, I didn't mean to
17 18	I'm getting at is that it's that statement, I didn't mean to interrupt, seems to be the condition precedent for the issuance
17 18 19	I'm getting at is that it's that statement, I didn't mean to interrupt, seems to be the condition precedent for the issuance of the show cause order.
17 18 19 20	I'm getting at is that it's that statement, I didn't mean to interrupt, seems to be the condition precedent for the issuance of the show cause order. MR. MELSON: Yes, sir. The, the penalty statute
17 18 19 20 21	<pre>I'm getting at is that it's that statement, I didn't mean to interrupt, seems to be the condition precedent for the issuance of the show cause order. MR. MELSON: Yes, sir. The, the penalty statute allows us to impose penalties for willful violations. The</pre>
17 18 19 20 21 22	<pre>I'm getting at is that it's that statement, I didn't mean to interrupt, seems to be the condition precedent for the issuance of the show cause order.</pre>
17 18 19 20 21 22 23	<pre>I'm getting at is that it's that statement, I didn't mean to interrupt, seems to be the condition precedent for the issuance of the show cause order.</pre>

1 That language has been in a lot of Commission orders.

2 COMMISSIONER DAVIDSON: Well, no, I understand that, 3 the use of "willful" there, and I was probably unclear with 4 respect to the question.

5 The question is the statement that begins with, "In 6 failing to provide," has this Commission made a prior 7 determination that Aloha, a specific determination that Aloha 8 has failed to provide service that is not less sufficient than 9 is consistent with the reasonable and proper operation of the 10 utility?

11

MR. MELSON: No, sir.

12 COMMISSIONER DAVIDSON: So would we be making that 13 factual determination today if we approved this, would that --

MR. MELSON: You, you would be making a factual determination that there's probable cause to believe that they have provided service that is less sufficient than the statute requires.

COMMISSIONER DAVIDSON: And would that probable cause 18 determination in essence, if it was made, reflect by us a vote 19 that notwithstanding apparent compliance with DEP quality 20 standards, the sort of pattern of this, the issues with color, 21 taste, odor, allegations of not taking proactive steps and 22 customer service, that is -- would we be making here today a 23 determination that those facts or conditions constitute within 24 the meaning of the statute failing to provide service that is 25

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2 expectation? MR. MELSON: Yes, sir. That would be at least a 3 preliminary determination that the statute would categorize 4 those actions or failures as not providing sufficient service 5 .n the public interest. 6 COMMISSIONER DAVIDSON: And I'll tell you my, my --7 one concern I have is that sort of in this it would be useful 8 9 to have our sort of record evidence. And I understand we've yot sort of this prefiled testimony in orders, but it's, 10 there's a bit of a discomfort sort of from the bench today sort 11 of making this factual determination. And maybe what you're 12 saying is you're not actually making it. You're saying you've 13 jot probable cause to think these facts exist and in 21 days 14 come forward with a proceeding as to why they --15 MR. MELSON: Yes, sir. The probable -- at the 16 probable cause stage you're not, staff's not proving up a case 17 to the Commission. We're saying based on staff's 18 investigation, based on the information we've seen that is 19 summarized in fairly broad terms in this show cause order that 20 we're recommending to you and asking you to find that there is 21 probable cause to believe that this set of facts exists and 22 that that set of facts would constitute a violation of the 23 statute. The question of whether those facts really do exist 24 and whether they ultimately do show a violation of the statute 25

ot less sufficient than is consistent with the reasonable

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is the outcome of the final hearing. 1 COMMISSIONER DAVIDSON: All right. 2 Commissioners, questions or a motion? CHAIRMAN BAEZ: 3 COMMISSIONER DEASON: I have one final question for 4 5 Mr. Beck. CHAIRMAN BAEZ: Go ahead. 6 COMMISSIONER DEASON: Mr. Beck, in answer to a 7 previous question you indicated that it's the customers' sole 8 desire to get clean water and it has been for some time. And I 9 take it by your position that you're taking here that the 10 customers believe that the best way to achieve that is to 11 proceed with the deletion proceeding; is that correct? 12 MR. BECK: Yes. 13 CHAIRMAN BAEZ: Commissioners, a motion? You have a 14 question, Commissioner or -- you have a motion? 15 COMMISSIONER BRADLEY: I have a motion. My motion 16 would be to move staff's alternative recommendation. 17 COMMISSIONER EDGAR: Second. 18 There's a motion and a second. CHAIRMAN BAEZ: 19 Commissioners, all those in favor, say aye. 20 (Unanimous affirmative vote.) 21 CHAIRMAN BAEZ: Show it passed unanimously. 22 I quess my next question would be can you enlighten 23 me at least as to what the next steps are? The show cause 24 order gets issued. 25

The next step, to make sure that we're MR. MELSON: 1 couching all the bases, is to send a certified letter to Aloha 2 jiving them notice that we're going to issue a show cause 3 4 order. CHAIRMAN BAEZ: Correct. 5 Issuing the show cause order, giving MR. MELSON: б them an opportunity to respond. 7 COMMISSIONER DAVIDSON: They might be aware. 8 MR. MELSON: They might be, but I want to make sure 9 we've touched the legal bases. And then getting with a 10 prehearing officer to lay out a schedule for the case for the 11 staff's testimony, for intervenor testimony, if any, for 12 company testimony and getting it scheduled for hearing process. 13 CHAIRMAN BAEZ: There was, there was a, there was 14 some, Mr. Melson, and this would be my request anyway, although 15 I support the decision for so many reasons, one part of the 16 discussion that we had today had to do with remediation or 17 remedial measures. And, and I think that in light of the 18 responses from all the parties involved, certainly in light of 19 some of the comments or the questions that the Commissioners, 20 some of the Commissioners asked, and I include myself in that 21 group, if, if, if there is some acknowledgment that that may be 22 an appropriate -- there may be some room for that kind of 23 discussion, also in light of the fact that what the ultimate 24 goal here is is clean water, we need to consider time lines 25

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1 that are consistent with those goals.

2 MR. MELSON: Yes, sir. There -- as General Counsel, 3 there's nothing I would like to see better than a joint motion 4 from the parties asking to hold the show cause in abeyance 5 while they proceed with their mediation.

6 CHAIRMAN BAEZ: But, but despite those wishes, we 7 would -- did I mention Christmas was over?

But, and I would join you in that, all kidding aside. 8 But, again, if that kind of petition wouldn't be forthcoming, 9 despite all hope, we do have the capacity to try and remain 10 11 fair and balanced about all of it because I think -- and I want to, now after the vote, Senator, for your benefit and the rest 12 of us, the reason I asked some of the questions that I did is 13 that I, I firmly believe that the, that the customers have to 14 play a central role in this. I firmly believe that our 15 process, that the show cause process, such as it is, has to 16 17 provide an avenue for, although we are starting a new docket, 18 there is, there is some value in the docket, the prior existing docket up until the point it was terminated. I really believe 19 that. You know, some may disagree. So I think there needs to 20 21 be an opportunity for, for the work that the customers did and 22 the information that they have provided and the viewpoints and 23 quidance that they've tried to provide. The testimony, in fact, has to find its way into the proceeding and be of some 24 value to us. Likewise, likewise, I think everybody has to 25

1	acknowledge that there is a, and I keep using the word a
2	remediation docket" out there or something that's going to
3	provide. Now we can split hairs as to what the motivations for
4	that are, what the causes of that are, but nonetheless I think
5	ve need to be fair on both sides. And I don't, I don't want to
6	rample, neither do I want to trample the rights of the
7	sustomers to be heard, because I really do believe they deserve
8	their day in court. I agree with you, Senator, on that point.
9	I don't want to trample the company's right to be able to say,
10	ney, we have gone through, we are producing results perhaps or
11	we have spent so much money, you know, whatever the magic words
12	are, but that avenue cannot be foreclosed as well, it's my
13	honest, it's my honest feeling. Thus, my reasons for asking
14	Mr. Melson what our opportunities are to be able to allow those
15	things to happen, that really is my interest. And with that,
16	thank you, thank you all. Your input was very much
17	appreciated. Thank you, Commissioners.
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STATE OF FLORIDA 1) CERTIFICATE OF REPORTER COUNTY OF LEON) 2 3 I, LINDA BOLES, RPR, Official Commission 4 Reporter, do hereby certify that the foregoing proceeding was heard at the time and place herein stated. 5 IT IS FURTHER CERTIFIED that I stenographically 6 reported the said proceedings; that the same has been cranscribed under my direct supervision; and that this 7 transcript constitutes a true transcription of my notes of said proceedings. 8 I FURTHER CERTIFY that I am not a relative, employee, 9 attorney or counsel of any of the parties, nor am I a relative or employee of any of the parties! attorneys or counsel 10 connected with the action, nor am I financially interested in the action. 11 DATED THIS 11th of Ganuary 2005. 12 13 14 LINDA BOLES, RPR FPSC Official Commission Reporter 15 (850) 413-6734 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION