1		BEFORE THE	
2	FLOR	IDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION	
3		DOCKET NO. 070126-TL	
4	In the Matter of:		
5		EDOM GARDIED OF	
6	1	OBLIGATIONS PURSUANT 6)(D), F.S., FOR PHASE II, IN HERNANDO TH TELECOMMUNICATIONS,	
7	VILLAGES OF AVALON,		
8	INC. D/B/A AT&T FLO		
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13	THE OFFICIAL TRANSCRIPT OF THE HEARING, THE .PDF VERSION INCLUDES PREFILED TESTIMONY		
14	PROCEEDINGS:	AGENDA CONFERENCE ITEM NO. 6	
15	BEFORE:	CHAIRMAN LISA POLAK EDGAR	
16		COMMISSIONER MATTHEW M. CARTER, II COMMISSIONER KATRINA J. McMURRIAN	
17		COMMISSIONER NANCY ARGENZIANO COMMISSIONER NATHAN A. SKOP	
18	DATE:	Tuesday, July 10, 2007	
19	PLACE:	Betty Easley Conference Center	
20		Room 148 4075 Esplanade Way	
21		Tallahassee, Florida	
22	REPORTED BY:	LINDA BOLES, RPR, CRR Official FPSC Reporter	
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FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMESSE 2N JUL 13 5

1	PARTICIPATING:
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3	MICHAEL COOKE, GENERAL COUNSEL, PATRICK K. WIGGINS,
4	ESQUIRE, H. F. RICK MANN, ESQUIRE, representing the Florida
5	Public Service Commission Staff.
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CHAIRMAN EDGAR: We will move to Item 6, and we'll give a moment for our staff and for the other parties to get into their positions.

MR. BUYS: Good morning, Commissioners. Dale Buys with Commission staff. Item 6 is staff's recommendation in Docket Number 070126-TL regarding AT&T Florida's petition for relief from its carrier-of-last-resort obliqations for the provision of voice service at the Villages of Avalon, Phase II, located in Hernando County.

Staff is recommending that the Commission deny AT&T Florida's petition as AT&T has not made a prima facie case for good cause. Additionally, staff would like to point out that subsequent to filing our recommendation, the developer filed a letter in response to AT&T Florida's request for payment of line extension charges. The information in the filing does not change staff's recommendation. With that said, staff is available for any questions the Commissioners may have, and also representatives for AT&T Florida are here to address the Commission.

CHAIRMAN EDGAR: Mr. Meza.

MR. MEZA: Thank you, Madam Chairman. AT&T Florida requests that you deny staff's recommendation in this matter and find that AT&T should be relieved of its COLR obligation for this development called Avalon, Phase II.

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 we have established a prima facie case such that you should 8 9 10

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that.

First, it is undisputed that the developer in this case is prohibiting AT&T Florida from providing anything other than voice service through an easement. Generally speaking, developers impose these types of restrictions on local exchange companies because they have received some type of economic consideration from an alternative provider in return for giving the alternative provider the exclusive or essentially near exclusive right to provide video and data services to residents of that property.

As this Commission knows, the Legislature amended the

COLR statute in 2006 to expressly give local exchange companies

our second such petition. The first, Nocatee, you denied at a

preliminary agency action which we protested and is subject to

hearing later this month. And we believe that in this instance

deny staff's recommendation, and there are several reasons for

like AT&T Florida the right to seek a waiver of its COLR

obligation from the Commission for good cause shown.

There is no evidence to refute AT&T Florida's claim that an alternative provider named Beyond Communications will be providing voice services to residents at this property. This is no evidence to refute AT&T Florida's claim that Beyond Communications will be providing data and cable service to residents of this development as part of their homeowners

association dues.

There is no dispute that AT&T's --

(Technical difficulty with audio system.)

CHAIRMAN EDGAR: Hold on. We'll get it right.

MR. MEZA: Okay. There's no dispute that the mike is not working.

(Pause.)

CHAIRMAN EDGAR: Let's try again.

MR. MEZA: There is no dispute that AT&T Florida's take rate, which is the anticipated percentage of customers that will take its voice services at this property, will likely be 20 percent or less. AT&T Florida has provided a sworn unrefuted affidavit establishing that it will incur a minimum of \$245,000 to serve this property with voice services only, and staff has determined that it will take AT&T Florida between eight to ten and a half years to recover these costs.

Finally, the developer in this case has provided no evidence, none, to refute these facts. Nevertheless, staff has determined that we still have not established good cause, and, with all due respect to staff, that simply is incorrect for three primary reasons.

First, staff states that AT&T Florida's burden in this case is extremely high, that we have an extremely high threshold to pass before you can grant us COLR relief for good cause. However, the underlying statute, 364.025, does not

support this what I would call a super burden. The statute is clear. We may seek a waiver of COLR for good cause shown based on the facts and circumstances surrounding serving a particular development. There's nothing in the statute that says that AT&T Florida's burden is high or that the PSC should rarely grant COLR requests, waiver requests or that the instances that support good cause are very limited. The statute doesn't support this high super burden that staff is imposing on us.

Second, staff finds that the sworn uncontroverted testimony regarding AT&T Florida's cost to serve the property is insufficient to meet its good cause burden. Specifically staff does not dispute the testimony; rather, they do not believe it is enough to carry the burden because no supporting cost information was provided. However, the developer has provided no evidence to refute AT&T's cost information and sworn testimony and staff did not ask for any detailed cost information regarding the affidavit and the underlying numbers. The bottom line, the only evidence in the record at this point is unrefuted by the developer and not disputed by staff. AT&T Florida's cost estimate should therefore be sufficient to satisfy its burden in this case.

Third, staff finds that AT&T Florida did not meet its burden because we did not prove that the developer entered into an exclusive arrangement for video and data services; however, based on information known to AT&T Florida at the time, it

asserted in its position that it believed the developer had entered into a bulk arrangement for video and data service with an alternative provider. The developer has provided no information to refute this claim, and, in fact, staff asked the developer to produce its copies or copies of the agreements it has with an alternative provider. And even though the developer made an appearance in this proceeding to oppose our request, they refused to provide any information. The developer has the information, staff asked for it, and they refused to provide it. Nevertheless, staff is rewarding the developer for not providing us information and penalizing AT&T Florida by finding that we cannot meet our burden without the information.

If the Commission adopts staff's recommendation, developers will know all they have to do to defeat a COLR petition is refuse to provide information to staff and there's no way that we can meet our burden.

In sum, staff's recommendation imposes burdens on AT&T Florida that are not supported by the law and which AT&T Florida may not be able to ever meet. In fact, based on this recommendation there may not be any set of facts that would be sufficient to establish good cause, thereby rendering the 2006 amendment to the statute meaningless. For these reasons, AT&T Florida requests that you deny staff's recommendation and find that AT&T Florida is relieved of its COLR obligation for this

property. Thank you. 1 CHAIRMAN EDGAR: Thank you, Mr. Meza. 2 Commissioner Argenziano. 3 COMMISSIONER ARGENZIANO: Thank you. Could you cite 4 for me specifically where in that statute you are relying on 5 your relief of obligation? 6 MR. MEZA: Yes, ma'am. It's Section 364.025(6)(e). 7 COMMISSIONER ARGENZIANO: (6)(e)? 8 9 MR. MEZA: Yes, ma'am. COMMISSIONER ARGENZIANO: Thank you. 10 CHAIRMAN EDGAR: And do we have anybody here that is 11 representing the Villages of Avalon? Mr. Wiggins? 12 MR. WIGGINS: No, ma'am. 13 14 CHAIRMAN EDGAR: We do not. Okay. 15 Commissioners. Commissioner Skop. COMMISSIONER SKOP: Thank you, Madam Chair. 16 17 Staff addressed with respect to the developer's 18 failure to provide staff with any agreements that staff requested. What's the statutory reference that the developer 19 could have provided that to the Commission under 20 confidentiality for in camera review? 21 MR. WIGGINS: I'm sorry, Commissioner. Would you 22 23 repeat the question? Were you asking under what statutory 24 provision we could --COMMISSIONER SKOP: It's my understanding, and I 25

don't have the exact reference in front of me, but it's my understanding there is a statutory provision or --

MR. WIGGINS: I believe it's 364.181, but I would have to -- we can, we can, yes, sir, we can preserve it as confidential.

COMMISSIONER SKOP: That would, that would be good to know because to the extent that staff requested something and the developer could have filed that under cloak of confidentiality and the Commission could have reviewed it in camera as Commissioners that need to make determinations to see if AT&T had, in fact, met its burden of proof, to me that would be relevant to, to know.

MR. WIGGINS: I -- it's routine that in these situations that we can protect information as confidential, sometimes by the method by which we collect them but also in, by nature of the content. It's my understanding that confidentiality had nothing to do with Avalon refusing to, to produce information for us.

COMMISSIONER SKOP: Would -- in staff's opinion, would Avalon have produced the data had they been able to take advantage of the confidentiality or they just simply refused?

MR. WIGGINS: No. For their own reasons, of which I'm not aware, they're not producing the information, sir.

MR. BUYS: Commissioner Skop.

COMMISSIONER SKOP: Yes

MR. BUYS: I personally spoke with the representative from Avalon Development and I informed her that they could provide that information under a claim of confidentiality under the statute, and they never really responded as to whether or not they would do that or not.

COMMISSIONER SKOP: Thank you. And, like I say, fellow Commissioners, I find that to be very problematic in this particular instant case.

CHAIRMAN EDGAR: Commissioner Carter.

COMMISSIONER CARTER: Thank you, Madam Chair. I just want to kind of get a perspective on here. I mean, I know that when seeking a remedy it says, "Let he who seeks equity do so with clean hands." And this, this case here gives me some concern.

I think this is about the second or the third case that we've had on this COLR, release of this COLR obligation. So it would seem to me is that we need to have some clear standards so that all parties will know exactly what those standards are so that they will have notice about what it would mean before we will allow relief under the COLR requirement. And as such, I'm thinking out loud with staff about whatever we do, we need to be consistent. Because I think there are two other cases, if my memory serves me correctly, we're dealing with the same issue. And I want to, for my own mind and my own clarification as well as for the Commission, is to make sure

that our recommendations from staff are consistent with all of 1 these cases. That way people will be on notice. We don't want 2 3 to change one for one party and do something different and then we'll be all over the parking lot. But can you kind of 4 5 fundamentally just, just kind of give just a few quick bullets 6 so we'll let people know that these are consistent with our 7 recommendations? And I think there was one other case before and we've got one now and one coming up later on on this. 8 9 you understand the nature of my question? 10 MR. WIGGINS: May I? 11 CHAIRMAN EDGAR: Yes, Mr. Wiggins. In each of the cases that we've been 12 MR. WIGGINS: 13

MR. WIGGINS: In each of the cases that we've been dealing with, and this is, I believe, our third on a PAA that's actually gotten to this point, the company's case has essentially been the same; that if you show that the provision of service is uneconomic and that there is an available provider, then the intent of the good cause exception for the COLR waiver is met. I believe that's their case.

Am I fairly stating that, Mr. Meza?

MR. MEZA: Yes, sir.

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MR. WIGGINS: Okay. And --

CHAIRMAN EDGAR: Mr. Wiggins, could I stop you just for a second?

MR. WIGGINS: Yes, ma'am.

CHAIRMAN EDGAR: And how is uneconomic defined or

determined?

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MR. WIGGINS: It is not defined in the statute, it's not mentioned in the statute, and that's the very reason we find ourselves at the uncertainty, the uncertainties of staff to say yes because they've not been defined yet, nor has the two-prong test I've just suggested been endorsed by the Commission. And, and I agree with Commissioner Carter; and exactly is that as we move forward with these cases, these standards will be articulated in the Commission's orders and it will be known as to what the ground rules are.

But, Madam Chair, the, there's not a definition yet, although we have been using -- help me with this, a, for -- we got to a place where we were looking at a five-year payout as a, as a rough measure as to whether it would be economic or not based on a creative use of a CIAC rule, but I don't want to get confused on that. But it's essentially the company's burden to come forward and show that they've met that, that standard and that those are the legitimate tests.

In response to Mr. Meza, I hope he saves that argument because it sounds like a pretty good argument for, for a case once you actually have testimony in the record and you do have evidence of record and you do have cross-examination.

But at this point I think staff found itself, as you read the recommendation, uncertain about the very things that AT&T is certain about, which is to say that if, if we move forward with

a PAA and you grant staff's recommendations and AT&T protests it, we do discovery, Avalon doesn't show up, they may very well have the case that they want.

But at this point -- and I would also like to speak to Avalon not showing up. I don't know if staff -- staff is not happy about this. But this isn't about the developer, this is about the end-users and the customers who will be living there. And we're wanting to be very careful that until we get clear guidance from Commission orders as to what the criteria are that we take our time and do this right and make sure we're serving our customers downstream.

CHAIRMAN EDGAR: Commissioner Carter, did you have a follow-up?

COMMISSIONER CARTER: Not at this time.

CHAIRMAN EDGAR: Hold that. Okay. Hold that.

Commissioner Argenziano.

COMMISSIONER ARGENZIANO: Thank you.

What I'm finding when I read the statute, (6)(e), is that it does not specify as you just said. It basically says that if the developer does not -- has not arranged and does not intend to arrange with another communication service provider to make communication service available to customers. It doesn't say what type of service, so it's not specified.

But now what I'm hearing, and please correct me if I'm wrong, is that we're not sure, we're taking AT&T's word

right now that, that the developer has basically stated that he has contacted another provider for communication services. And in saying that, I understand the concern that it's not, using the Internet is not the same as the voice. But it's not clear in the statute when I read it that, that they -- to me it looks like if the developer has contacted or has another provider for communication services, then AT&T does have a right -- does have cause to withdraw.

Do we know if there are other communication providers for the Avalon community?

MR. WIGGINS: Yes. Yes, ma'am, there is.

COMMISSIONER ARGENZIANO: Well, then can I ask staff, Madam Chair?

CHAIRMAN EDGAR: Yes.

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COMMISSIONER ARGENZIANO: Well, then why is it -- and forgive me if I don't get it, because I'm trying to read it here and I was hoping that it would say something more specific. And it looks like to me, and this is where I'm going to rely on you to tell me if I'm just not seeing it right, is that it's just any communication that services are provided would allow them to opt out of the carrier-of-last-resort. Is that correct?

MR. BUYS: If I understand your question, it's if there's any other provider that's serving a community, then AT&T Florida could opt out of providing service.

COMMISSIONER ARGENZIANO: That's what it says in the statute.

MR. MOSES: Commissioner Argenziano, this is Rick
Moses with staff. I believe the statute, I'm sorry, I don't
have it in front of me, but if they have an exclusive contract
for the provision of voice services regardless of the
technology. In this case they do not have an exclusive
contract. They've got an exclusive contract for video, they've
got an exclusive contract for data but not for voice.

And I believe a previous statement by Mr. Meza is saying the voice services were included in the homeowners fees, and staff does not have any evidence to that fact.

COMMISSIONER ARGENZIANO: Okay.

CHAIRMAN EDGAR: Commissioner McMurrian, thank you for your patience.

COMMISSIONER McMURRIAN: Thank you.

I guess -- sorry about that. I guess to start off, I thought that Mr. Meza made a couple of good points and we've probably talked about some of this before. But one of the points that I'm concerned about, and I think we've already talked about that, is that Avalon is not here. And I guess the way I see it is they want something out of this process too, and I guess I expect a certain level of cooperation if they want to say we want to make sure that AT&T Florida provides voice service in our territory, that they have sort of skin in

the game and that they ought to be here and sharing information with us that we've asked for. I just, I frankly think that's only fair.

And the point that Mr. Meza made that I hadn't given a lot of thought to before is that that may send a signal that all the developer has to do is sit back and not provide any information to us and that that will convince us that AT&T has not met its burden or any other company. And I'm afraid that that signal might be sent, but I'll move on.

The other point I wanted to talk about was that

Mr. Meza said that staff didn't ask for cost data to

substantiate the sworn uncontroverted testimony, as Mr. Meza

put it, about the cost information. Is that correct? Have we

asked for the cost data to support that?

MR. BUYS: No, we have not asked for the specific cost data supporting their affidavit.

COMMISSIONER McMURRIAN: I guess my follow-up to that is I've really been struggling with how much information and documentation is needed to support a PAA finding. I realize that it's an on-its-face kind of thing. And I guess two people could look at the same information and say on its face to me they've met, they've met the standard for good cause, and someone else could probably look at the same information and say because there's documentation that's lacking, we don't feel like there's enough to hang our hat on yet.

So, Mr. Wiggins, I guess my question to you is how much evidence -- we're not in the sworn testimony stage. How much evidence do we need to make an on-its-face finding, especially given the fact that the other party primarily involved doesn't feel compelled to share any information with us?

MR. WIGGINS: That's the \$64 question, I suppose. I think -- first of all, I want to say I'm troubled by any suggestion that staff has not been diligent and proactive, I hate to use that word, but active in seeking out information. In fact, to some extent I feel like our staff has carried AT&T's water on developing the, the underlying facts, which brings me to my point is that it's for good cause shown. It's their responsibility to show good cause.

COMMISSIONER McMURRIAN: Let me just jump in there.

I wasn't -- I really just wanted the answer to the question,

"Had we asked?" But I wasn't suggesting -- and I do -- let me

just say this before we go down this road too far. I do

believe that BellSouth clearly has the burden -- AT&T Florida

clearly has the burden. And perhaps in some of the earlier

proceedings we've had there might have been a suggestion that

perhaps that cost data would have been good to have upfront and
that would have helped make a stronger case so we wouldn't be

as unsure on that.

MR. WIGGINS: I'm not capable of giving you a clear

benchmark at this point. This is the second or third case, so we're evolving an understanding. But what I will say is I don't believe I've heard staff put on AT&T or any ILEC the responsibility of producing information they do not have access to. So, in other words, we're not saying get us Avalon's or Nocatee's or anybody else's data. I believe that's -- we can do that or we can't.

But obviously staff believes that there is a way for AT&T to bring a case on the front end that we would be here recommending a grant. I think to some extent that will be easier in a couple of months rather than it is today because we're moving through a case even as we speak which will help us clarify some issues.

But I'd also like to say staff is, is, is dealing with unknowns in terms of some legal standards. For example, Mr. Meza referenced the burden of proof. He's right. There's no standard for burden of proof in the statute. But there's also inferentially a standard for rule waivers which tends to be a little high. So in an abundance of caution, my legal opinion is that this remains an extraordinary event to relieve the COLR obligation. It should be a high burden. If it's the Commission's wisdom after developing a record that it should be a typical, normal burden because that facilitates the purpose of the chapter, we're perfectly comfortable with that.

CHAIRMAN EDGAR: Commissioner McMurrian.

COMMISSIONER McMURRIAN: Thank you, Chairman.

I do have several questions, but if there is a good breaking point, if someone else wants to ask questions on this point. But I had one follow-up to that.

How was it decided that this case be processed with PAA instead of going straight to hearing? Because I guess the question with my, with respect to my last question is if we're going to require a lot of documentation and all to prove the things that the company and any other party puts forward, should we just perhaps go straight to hearing to begin with? I'm not sure we've gained anything.

MR. WIGGINS: The statute provides for a 90-day window for the Commission to take action. It's been my legal opinion, I believe the General Counsel agrees, that a PAA action satisfies that, satisfies that requirement.

In the Treviso Bay case, which is on the agenda for reconsideration, we went straight to hearing. I believe it's a resource allocation issue and we're doing the best we can with it.

CHAIRMAN EDGAR: Commissioner McMurrian, I'm going to ask you to hold your questions for just a moment and I will come back to you.

Commissioner Carter, I know you had a question in case we're on the same stream of thought, and then we'll come back. Commissioner Carter.

COMMISSIONER CARTER: Thank you, Madam Chairman.

My concern -- I started out about this maxim about

"Let he who seeks equity do so with clean hands." My concern,

Madam Chairman, is that -- Commissioner Argenziano is right. I

read the statute exactly the way you do. It's not clear.

Commissioner Skop raised issues that will be best decided in a

proceeding. Commissioner McMurrian, you're going through the

same kind of process that we -- Madam Chairman, in your wisdom

and how you're looking at it, we're all on the same page.

It seems to me that if we're going to have these cases come up, we're going to need to do so with some kind of standards.

And the other thing just parenthetically is that if I were Avalon and I had an interest in this case, I wouldn't be hanging behind the tree.

So it seems to me, you know, it seems to me, Madam Chairman, that the best thing that we can do in this case here is go, go to a formal hearing, get testimony, put people under oath, take the evidence and rule on it, but that we'll have some kind of standards. Like I say, this is the second or the third case that we've got on this issue here. The Legislature made this law last year. They're asking us to implement it. So we need to have some standards to put the industry on notice. So I don't know how we get there, but I'm asking maybe the General Counsel can help us get there, but that's what we

need to do. Because this case here is -- this issue is too important to just kind of pass off, just my opinion.

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CHAIRMAN EDGAR: Thank you, Commissioner Carter.

And just a few comments. I think maybe we are, some of us anyway, thinking along the same lines. I recognize the company and our staff are struggling to interpret the statute under different, sometimes similar, sometimes not similar factual situations. We are struggling to interpret the statute as we all have recognized we have a statutory direction that has been implemented very few times, if, if any, and so we are all kind of struggling along those lines. I tend to think of the PAA process as being kind of along that 80 percent rule. You know, we put notice out there of a proposed agency action often in that roughly/approximately shorthand 80 percent of information and data. And then if, if there is a concern, there is the opportunity to protest and move to a different step in the process. And, if not, then that issue is in a situation where all parties can move on.

With this statute and these criterion, I'm not sure where they are. And, Mr. Meza, I will give you the opportunity to speak to this after we've had the opportunity here on the bench to pose some questions.

One question that I was going to ask, and I'll throw it out there and then wait for an answer, but is, to Mr. Meza is, you know, how, how would you distinguish this factual

situation from -- hold, Mr. Meza. How would, in the position of your client, how would you distinguish the factual scenario that we have before us from that that we had in Nocatee, even realizing that we are going to hearing in that and will be getting additional data? And that's something that I'm grappling with. I'm not sure that we have the information.

And I am interested in Commissioner thoughts and then our General Counsel on the possibility that maybe we should, rather than making an affirmative action one way or the other on the item before us, go, go to hearing. But I'll pose that.

And, Commissioner McMurrian, I had asked you to hold some of your questions, so I'm going to ask you to pose them.

Commissioner Skop, I know you had a question. Let's go ahead and get those out, and then we'll look to our staff and to Mr. Meza and see where we are.

Commissioner McMurrian.

COMMISSIONER McMURRIAN: Thank you. To a point
Commissioner Carter raised about there being some standards,
we've, of course, talked about that a lot before. And I asked
this the other day but I wanted to ask it again here, under the
COLR statute do we have explicit rulemaking authority? And
I'll go ahead and say I think what -- the way I understand it
is that staff's intention is to try to get some of these cases
under our belt and then try to go to rulemaking to perhaps
solidify those. But, of course, we continue to struggle with

what those standards are and I just wanted to ask that for the record, so to speak.

MR. WIGGINS: Yes, ma'am.

COMMISSIONER McMURRIAN: Okay. Chairman, I have several questions, you know, with regard to certain sentences and all in the recommendation. Would you prefer I go through those now or would you prefer to keep it at a higher level at this point? It somewhat depends on, I guess, the Commission's --

CHAIRMAN EDGAR: On the direction that we're going to go. Okay. I appreciate the question, Commissioner McMurrian. I mean, let's go ahead and, Commissioner Skop, have your question. Then we'll hear from Mr. Meza and from staff and see where we, where we are. If there is consensus, then we can address that. And if we need to have more discussion, Commissioner McMurrian, you know, certainly we'll look to you for more specificity.

Commissioner Skop.

COMMISSIONER SKOP: Thank you, Madam Chairman.

Again, I tend to agree with Commissioner Carter to the extent that there are potentially some issues of fact which would support moving towards a hearing. So I'm struggling with my -- with what is the best procedural posture to take for resolution of this issue, whether it is to move into hearing or whether it's to set a clearer message or policy via proposed agency

action that's essentially a nonfinal order to the extent that it could be appealed, but to send a clear message, as Commissioner Carter stated, that if you have a vested interest in requesting something and you fail to show up and you're uncooperative with staff and you refuse to provide documents that could be filed with this Commission under the cloak of confidentiality and you refuse to do so, that, you know, the message should be sent to affirmatively nip that in the bud, if you will, to prevent this sort of gamesmanship from occurring in the future.

Because, again, we need a consistent policy, but it needs to be fair such that providers that are petitioning for COLR relief can make their case for why they should be relieved of that obligation and they shouldn't have their hands tied in doing so. And staff has their hands tied in terms of advising us. Looking on Page 7 of the recommendation, they clearly concur with the fact that AT&T Florida has mentioned or it appears that Beyond Communication will provide some sort of voice services there. So to me that establishes there is a dial tone available somewhere. So is a carrier-of-last-resort actually necessary for AT&T to fill that need based upon all the other things that are going on in this?

So I guess I'm just struggling, and I'd look to my fellow Commissioners that have more procedural knowledge to kind of vet this out and figure out what is the best

methodology. I mean, I'm certain someone will probably appear it but -- I mean, excuse me -- appeal it if we ruled on a PAA, whichever way that went. But if Avalon is not even here, you know, that sends a message that maybe they're not too interested or too vested in the outcome of this one way or another. Thank you.

CHAIRMAN EDGAR: Thank you, Commissioner Skop. You know, and I'd just note the comments of Mr. Wiggins earlier that although it is always frustrating to have an entity not before us, that it is about the statute and about the COLR responsibilities and the service to be provided to the end-users.

And, Mr. Meza, as the petitioner and as the entity that has requested relief from this Commission, I will ask you please to respond to some of the questions and discussions that you have heard.

MR. MEZA: Thank you, ma'am.

First, I'd like to start with your question regarding how this differs from some of the other cases. And without getting into the specifics or the merits of those cases, I think at a very high level there are, there's at least one fact that separates this case from those, and that is you have a very unique property and that there's two phases that are adjacent to, to one another.

There's adjacent -- there's Phase I which we served

voice only pursuant to an easement because we began to deploy facilities prior to the new law going into effect. So we had already expended the capital. And although we didn't agree with the restrictions imposed by the developer, we agreed to the easement and are providing voice services only to Phase I.

Phase II is now being constructed, it's probably near completion, and the developer, consistent with Phase I, has asked us to sign a voice-only easement for Phase II. And based upon the occupancy of Phase I and the take rate for our voice-only services for Phase I, we know that we can expect about a 15 percent take rate for our voice-only services for Phase II. Staff doesn't dispute that. In fact, staff, through its discovery request to Avalon, which are the developer which did provide some information, established that take rate. And I think that's a very important fact because when you boil this case down, and there's a lot of policy questions surrounding this issue, but there really aren't a lot of questions of fact.

There is no dispute that the developer only wants us to provide voice. AT&T believes and staff believes through its own investigation that there will be an alternative voice provider. AT&T will incur costs to serve this property, and staff doesn't dispute the allegations in the affidavit. It's just not enough in their view. And that AT&T, it will take AT&T, depending upon the cost amount, between eight and a half or eight to ten and a half years to recover these costs.

Those, those facts are not being challenged by staff. And that's the problem with this approach is that I don't know if there are any other facts out there that we could allege or prove or put in sworn testimony or documents more to establish those four basic points which we believe establish good cause.

One of the other problems that we're experiencing is that this is a fast-moving train. You know, while this petition is pending we still have a COLR obligation, and if we have to -- if we get a request for service from one individual at Avalon, we have to provide service. And so the concept of a PAA versus an evidentiary hearing, we really don't take a position. We just want an answer.

And the problems that we've experienced so far is that while you have addressed these cases on a case-specific basis, you've told us what is not good cause but you haven't told us what is. And so every time there's another one up we find, well, here's something else you have to prove, here's something else you have to allege, and it's okay if, if you don't win or if you don't get the relief this time because you can protest it. But that doesn't really help us because at the end of that evidentiary hearing the developer has won. They've refused to provide information -- and in this particular case it's problematic, at least in my view, because they've entered an appearance to oppose our request. They've told you don't grant their request for relief, and then when staff asked them

to provide information they said no. And I don't think you can play it both ways.

And one last comment, I just want to make sure Mr. Wiggins is clear that I was not suggesting that staff has not been diligent in this case. It's just that it's another instance of we don't know what the rules are. If we knew we had to provide cost data, we would have provided it, or detailed cost data.

CHAIRMAN EDGAR: Commissioner Carter.

COMMISSIONER CARTER: Madam Chairman, my concern in this case goes back to the original in terms of having standards because these issues will come up again. The Legislature has said they want us to take care of this. My really major concern in this case here is the developer wants to cherry pick, wants to make money selling the voice, excuse me, selling the data and the video services to an exclusive provider that has some voice in it but they don't want to say voice and, by the same token, have a company like the present company before us to put in all the infrastructure. And that just kind of doesn't sit right with me.

I think what we have to do is that -- in releasing the COLR requirement, we want to be fair to the customers so that they have access to telecommunications services, but we also want to be fair to the companies as well, is that no one should be gaming the system, and that's what I see here. So

like I said earlier, Madam Chairman, and I'm going to say again, I'm looking to our General Counsel on how we -- I mean, because if the only way we can get to a formal hearing is to deny staff on this, then maybe we should do that. I just don't know. I'm -- but wherever we are is that this issue is already three cases, there's going to be more, and you're going to have developers doing the same thing. And not saying that I support the company, but I do support fairness. And this is where I see where we are now, and we need to bring this in for a landing basically.

CHAIRMAN EDGAR: Thank you, Commissioner Carter.

I think that I am hearing from a number of us an interest perhaps in going straight to hearing. I also recognize that part of fairness is timeliness and that there -- you know, as, as we deliberate, the world does keep turning. And the end-users, the developer and the company have an interest in having some clear answers, and I recognize that and that's a fair request as well.

So, Mr. Cooke, if you could speak to us procedurally for a minute. I know that often we prefer to have a vote up or down for clarity, but there have been some instances where we have not done that and have elected as a Commission to go to hearing in order to gain additional information in a forum more appropriate for that. And so if you would speak to us about those points, please.

The Commission can decide to set this for MR. COOKE: 1 hearing if it chooses to do that. I think the only potential 2 glitch is there is a 90-day limit on the Commission acting from the date of the petition. I understand that there might have been some willingness to waive that 90 days. 5

> They've waived it. MR. WIGGINS:

MR. COOKE: They've waived it, so that's not an I think you can set this for hearing, if that's, if that's your choice.

CHAIRMAN EDGAR: Commissioner McMurrian.

I have one question for COMMISSIONER McMURRIAN: AT&T, and that's with respect to several places throughout the rec, staff, and I think you alluded to this earlier, Mr. Meza, staff has said there's not supporting documentation or cost data to support the claims that you've made in your petition. And you pointed out that staff didn't ask you for those and we had a discussion about that.

But can you at this point provide -- I mean, not necessarily today, but are you -- is your company in a position to provide that meat on the bones, so to speak, so that we have that information I guess as soon as possible?

MR. MEZA: Yes, ma'am. And we would have -- if we had known it was an issue in the front, we would have provided it with the petition.

COMMISSIONER McMURRIAN: I guess I would suggest that

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no matter what procedural posture we go forward in, if we do set it straight for hearing, that perhaps sharing that information as soon as possible rather than waiting for staff to ask for it --

MR. MEZA: Sure.

COMMISSIONER McMURRIAN: -- might be a good course of action. But I guess that was my only question for them.

I agree with Commissioner Carter. I've struggled, and I know we had long discussions under Nocatee and the Embarq case as well about what was good cause. And, of course, several people remember I said several times I thought we were pretty close, if we weren't there. And I do think that the points that Mr. Meza makes in this case with respect to there being a Phase I that you can look at and you see that there's something less than a 20 percent take rate there, and staff has even suggested that that's a reasonable take rate, I think we are getting closer.

And I guess in my mind, I'll just go ahead and share with you all, no matter what, how we go forward, and I realize there are other cases, I think that good cause can be reached with some sort of exclusive agreement for at least data and video or some kind of substantially equivalent nonoptional inclusion of that in homeowners fees. Because I think that's ultimately the same thing as having an exclusive agreement.

Because I just don't think that many people are going to sign

up for another data and video provider if it's already included 1 in something that they don't have the option not to pay for. 2 3 think a demonstration of the uneconomic for the ILEC to provide the voice service, I think that's where we're having the 4 I don't think we have a good standard for what 5 hardest time. meets the uneconomic definition, so to speak. But, of course, 6 it would involve some kind of look at the take rate and the 7 cost to construct the facilities and the revenue per household, 8 and then I think some showing of an alternative provider that 9 has the ability to offer voice or voice replacement. I know 1.0 there's been some discussion about basic local exchange service 11 in the statute under universal service, but I believe that the 12 COLR statute sort of suggests that it's voice or voice 13 replacement service. And I think that's a much broader term 14 and should include facilities-based cable VoIP providers, and 15 perhaps we even should look at what cellular providers are in 16 17 the area. So for me, I think that those things, a demonstration of those things and with the proper documentation 18 by whoever is involved would get us to good cause. That's my, 19 my belief there. 20 But I do understand the need to have the 21

But I do understand the need to have the documentation to sort of support the uneconomic part in particular, and I'm struggling, I think, on how we best get there. So with that said --

CHAIRMAN EDGAR: Thank you.

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1 COMMISSIONER McMURRIAN: -- thank you.

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CHAIRMAN EDGAR: Commissioners. Commissioner Carter.

COMMISSIONER CARTER: Madam Chairman, I would suggest that at the appropriate time that we, we set this for hearing and maybe expedite it. Because, as Mr. Meza says, is that once there's a request, they have no obligation -- no recourse but to go out and start spending money. And I think the Legislature gave us this requirement and we need to implement it, but we need to implement it in as fair a manner as possible. And with these cases pending we need to have some standard out there. So I would suggest that we do that because what's going to happen is that we keep nitpicking and messing around. What we really need to do is just grab the bull by the horns and deal with the issue and we need to do it now. And so I would hope at the appropriate time, Madam Chairman, that I get some support on moving this to a formal hearing in an expedited manner.

CHAIRMAN EDGAR: Mr. Cooke, did you have a comment?

MR. COOKE: If that's the direction the Commission wants to go, I would just suggest a motion to keep the docket open and direct staff to set this for a hearing.

CHAIRMAN EDGAR: Commissioner Carter, that was for you.

COMMISSIONER CARTER: I so move.

CHAIRMAN EDGAR: Okay. Is there a second?

FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

1		COMMISSIONER SKOP: Second.
2		CHAIRMAN EDGAR: Okay. I hear a motion and a second
3	We've had	full discussion. All in favor, say aye.
4		(Unanimous affirmative vote.)
5		All opposed? Show it adopted. Thank you very much.
6		(Agenda Item 6 concluded.)
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1	STATE OF FLORIDA) : CERTIFICATE OF REPORTER			
2	COUNTY OF LEON)			
3				
4	I, LINDA BOLES, RPR, CRR, Official Commission			
5	Reporter, do hereby certify that the foregoing proceeding was heard at the time and place herein stated.			
6	IT IS FURTHER CERTIFIED that I stenographically reported the said proceedings; that the same has been			
7	transcribed under my direct supervision; and that this transcript constitutes a true transcription of my notes of said			
8	proceedings.			
9	I FURTHER CERTIFY that I am not a relative, employee, attorney or counsel of any of the parties, nor am I a relative			
10	or employee of any of the parties' attorneys or counsel connected with the action, nor am I financially interested in			
11	the action.			
12	DATED THIS <u>25</u> day of July, 2007.			
13	L - 1 1			
14	LINDA BOLES, RPR, CRR			
15	FPSC Official Commission Reporter (850) 413-6734			
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