CERTIFICATION OF 08 JAN 14 PM 3: 26

PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION ADMINISTRAT

FILED WITH THE

DEPARTMENT OF STATE

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- (1) That all statutory rulemaking requirements of Chapter 120, F.S., have been /<u>x/</u> complied with; and
- (2) There is no administrative determination under subsection 120.56(2), F.S., /x/ pending on any rule covered by this certification; and
- (3) All rules covered by this certification are filed within the prescribed time $/\mathbf{x}/$ limitations of paragraph 120.54(3)(e), F.S. They are filed not less than 28 days after the notice required by paragraph 120.54(3)(a), F.S., and;
 - (a) Are filed not more than 90 days after the notice; or /x/
- (b) Are filed not more than 90 days after the notice not including days an // administrative determination was pending; or
- (c) Are filed more than 90 days after the notice, but not less than 21 days nor // more than 45 days from the date of publication of the notice of change; or
- (d) Are filed more than 90 days after the notice, but not less than 14 nor more // than 45 days after the adjournment of the final public hearing on the rule; or
- (e) Are filed more than 90 days after the notice, but within 21 days after the date /_/ of receipt of all material authorized to be submitted at the hearing; or

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FPSC-COMMISSION CLERK

- // (f) Are filed more than 90 days after the notice, but within 21 days after the date the transcript was received by this agency; or
- // (g) Are filed not more than 90 days after the notice, not including days the adoption of the rule was postponed following notification from the Joint Administrative Procedures Committee that an objection to the rule was being considered; or
- // (h) Are filed more than 90 days after the notice, but within 21 days after a good faith written proposal for a lower cost regulatory alternative to a proposed rule is submitted which substantially accomplishes the objectives of the law being implemented; or
- // (i) Are filed more than 90 days after the notice, but within 21 days after a regulatory alternative is offered by the small business ombudsman.

Attached are the original and two copies of each rule covered by this certification. The rules are hereby adopted by the undersigned agency by and upon their filing with the Department of State.

Rule No.

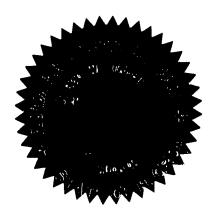
25-6.0423

Under the provision of subparagraph 120.54(3)(e)6., F.S., the rules take effect 20 days from the date filed with the Department of State or a later date as set out below:

Effective:				
	(month)	(day)	(vear)	

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Number of Pages Certified



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25-6.0423 Nuclear or Integrated Gasification Combined Cycle Power Plant Cost Recovery.

- (1) Purpose. The purpose of this rule is to establish alternative cost recovery mechanisms for the recovery of costs incurred in the siting, design, licensing, and construction of nuclear or integrated gasification combined cycle power plants in order to promote electric utility investment in nuclear or integrated gasification combined cycle power plants and allow for the recovery in rates of all such prudently incurred costs.
 - (2) Definitions. As used in this rule, the following definitions shall apply:
- (a) "Nuclear power plant" or "plant" is an electrical power plant that utilizes nuclear materials as fuel, as defined in Sections 403.503(13) and 366.93(1)(c), F.S.
- (b) "Integrated gasification combined cycle power plant" is an electrical power plant that uses synthesis gas produced by integrated gasification technology, as defined in Sections 403.503(13) and 366.93(c), F.S.
- (c) "Power plant" or "plant" means a nuclear power plant or an integrated gasification combined cycle power plant.
- (d)(b) "Cost" includes, but is not limited to, all capital investments including rate of return, any applicable taxes and all expenses, including operation and maintenance expenses, related to or resulting from the siting, licensing, design, construction, or operation of the nuclear or integrated gasification combined cycle power plant as defined in Section 366.93(1)(a), F.S.
- (e)(e) "Site selection." A site will be deemed to be selected upon the filing of a petition for a determination of need for a nuclear <u>or integrated gasification combined cycle</u> power plant pursuant to Section 403.519, F.S.
 - (f)(d) "Site selection costs" are costs that are expended prior to the selection of a site.
 - (g)(e) "Pre-construction costs" are costs that are expended after a site has been selected CODING: Words <u>underlined</u> are additions; words in struck through type are deletions from existing law.

1 in preparation for the construction of a nuclear or integrated gasification combined cycle 2 power plant, incurred up to and including the date the utility completes site clearing work. 3 (h)(f) Site selection costs and pre-construction costs include, but are not limited to: any and all costs associated with preparing, reviewing and defending a Combined Operating 4 5 License (COL) application for a nuclear power plant; costs associated with site and technology 6 selection; costs of engineering, designing, and permitting the nuclear or integrated gasification combined cycle power plant; costs of clearing, grading, and excavation; and costs of on-site construction facilities (i.e., construction offices, warehouses, etc.). 8 9 (i)(g) "Construction costs" are costs that are expended to construct the nuclear or integrated gasification combined cycle power plant including, but not limited to, the costs of 10 11 constructing nuclear power plant buildings and all associated permanent structures, equipment and systems. 12 (3) Deferred Accounting Treatment. Site selection and pre-construction costs shall be 13 afforded deferred accounting treatment and shall, except for projected costs recovered on a 14 projected basis in one annual cycle, accrue a carrying charge equal to the utility's allowance 15 for funds used during construction (AFUDC) rate until recovered in rates. 16 (4) Site Selection Costs. After the Commission has issued a final order granting a 17 determination of need for a nuclear power plant pursuant to Section 403.519, F.S., a utility 18 may file a petition for a separate proceeding, to recover prudently incurred site selection costs. 19 This separate proceeding will be limited to only those issues necessary for the determination 20 of prudence and alternative method for recovery of site selection costs of a nuclear power 21 22 plant. 23 (5) Pre-Construction Costs and Carrying Costs on Construction Cost Balance. After the Commission has issued a final order granting a determination of need for a nuclear power 24 plant pursuant to Section 403.519, F.S., a utility may petition the Commission for recovery of 25

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pre-construction costs and carrying costs of construction cost balance as follows:

- (a) Pre-Construction Costs. A utility is entitled to recover, through the Capacity Cost Recovery Clause, its actual and projected pre-construction costs. The utility may also recover the related carrying charge for those costs not recovered on a projected basis. Such costs will be recovered within 1 year, unless the Commission approves a longer recovery period. Any party may, however, propose a longer period of recovery, not to exceed 2 years.
 - 1. Actual pre-construction costs incurred by a utility prior to the issuance of a final order granting a determination of need pursuant to Section 403.519, F.S., shall be included in the initial filing made by a utility under this subsection for review, approval, and a finding with respect to prudence.
 - 2. The Commission shall include pre-construction costs determined to be reasonable and prudent in setting the factor in the annual Capacity Cost Recovery Clause proceedings, as specified in subparagraph (5)(c)3. of this rule. Such costs shall not be subject to disallowance or further prudence review.
- (b) Carrying Costs on Construction Cost Balance. A utility is entitled to recover, through the utility's Capacity Cost Recovery Clause, the carrying costs on the utility's annual projected construction cost balance associated with the nuclear power plant. The actual carrying costs recovered through the Capacity Cost Recovery Clause shall reduce the allowance for funds used during construction (AFUDC) that would otherwise have been recorded as a cost of construction eligible for future recovery as plant in service.
- 1. For nuclear power plant need petitions submitted on or before December 31, 2010, the associated carrying costs shall be computed based on the pretax AFUDC rate in effect on June 12, 200719, 2006;
- 2. For nuclear power plant need petitions submitted after December 31, 2010, the utility's pretax AFUDC rate in effect at the time the petition for determination of need is filed

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is presumed to be appropriate unless the Commission determines otherwise in its need determination order;

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- 3. The Commission shall include carrying costs on the balance of construction costs determined to be reasonable or prudent in setting the factor in the annual Capacity Cost Recovery Clause proceedings, as specified in paragraph (5)(c) of this rule.
- (c) Capacity Cost Recovery Clause for Nuclear <u>or Integrated Gasification Combined</u>

 Cycle Power Plant Costs.
- 1. Each year, a utility shall submit, for Commission review and approval, as part of its Capacity Cost Recovery Clause filings:0
- a. True-Up for Previous Years. By March 1, a utility shall submit its final true-up of pre-construction expenditures, based on actual preconstruction expenditures for the prior year and previously filed expenditures for such prior year and a description of the pre-construction work actually performed during such year; or, once construction begins, its final true-up of carrying costs on its construction expenditures, based on actual carrying costs on construction expenditures for the prior year and previously filed carrying costs on construction expenditures for such prior year and a description of the construction work actually performed during such year.
- b. True-Up and Projections for Current Year. By May 1, a utility shall submit for Commission review and approval its actual/estimated true-up of projected pre-construction expenditures based on a comparison of current year actual/estimated expenditures and the previously-filed estimated expenditures for such current year and a description of the pre-construction work projected to be performed during such year; or, once construction begins, its actual/estimated true-up of projected carrying costs on construction expenditures based on a comparison of current year actual/estimated carrying costs on construction expenditures and the previously filed estimated carrying costs on construction expenditures for such current

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year and a description of the construction work projected to be performed during such year.

- c. Projected Costs for Subsequent Years. By May 1, a utility shall submit, for Commission review and approval, its projected pre-construction expenditures for the subsequent year and a description of the pre-construction work projected to be performed during such year; or, once construction begins, its projected construction expenditures for the subsequent year and a description of the construction work projected to be performed during such year.
- 2. The Commission shall, prior to October 1 of each year, conduct a hearing and determine the reasonableness of projected pre-construction expenditures and the prudence of actual pre-construction expenditures expended by the utility; or, once construction begins, to determine the reasonableness of projected construction expenditures and the prudence of actual construction expenditures expended by the utility, and the associated carrying costs. Within 15 days of the Commission's vote, the Commission shall enter its order. Annually, the Commission shall make a prudence determination of the prior year's actual construction costs and associated carrying costs. To facilitate this determination, the Commission shall conduct an on-going auditing and monitoring program of construction costs and related contracts pursuant to Section 366.08, F.S. In making its determination of reasonableness and prudence the Commission shall apply the standard provided pursuant to Section 403.519(4)(e), F.S.
- 3. The Commission shall include those costs it determines, pursuant to this subsection, to be reasonable or prudent in setting the Capacity Cost Recovery Clause factor in the annual Fuel and Purchased Power Cost Recovery proceedings. Such prior year actual costs associated with nuclear power plant construction subject to the annual proceeding shall not be subject to disallowance or further prudence review.
- 4. The final true-up for the previous year, actual/estimated true-up for the current year, and subsequent year's projected nuclear power plant costs as approved by the Commission CODING: Words underlined are additions; words in struck through type are deletions

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pursuant to subparagraph (5)(c)2. will be included for cost recovery purposes as a component 2 of the following year's capacity cost recovery factor in the Fuel and Purchased Power Cost 3 Recovery. The utility must file all necessary revisions to the fuel and purchased power cost 4 recovery filings no later than October 15 of the current year. 5 5. By May 1 of each year, along with the filings required by this paragraph, a utility 6 shall submit for Commission review and approval a detailed analysis of the long-term 7 feasibility of completing the power nuclear plant. 8 (6) Failure to Enter Commercial Service. Following the Commission's issuance of a 9 final order granting a determination of need for the nuclear power plant, in the event the utility 10 elects not to complete or is precluded from completing construction of the nuclear power 11 plant, the utility shall be allowed to recover all prudent site selection costs, pre-construction 12 costs, and construction costs. 13 (a) The utility shall recover such costs through the Capacity Cost Recovery Clause 14 over a period equal to the period during which the costs were incurred or 5 years, whichever is 15 greater. (b) The amount recovered under this subsection will be the remaining unrecovered 16 17 Construction Work in Progress (CWIP) balance at the time of abandonment and future 18 payment of all outstanding costs and any other prudent and reasonable exit costs. The 19 unrecovered balance during the recovery period will accrue interest at the utility's overall 20 pretax weighted average midpoint cost of capital on a Commission adjusted basis as reported 21 by the utility in its Earnings Surveillance Report filed in December of the prior year, utilizing 22 the midpoint of return on equity (ROE) range or ROE approved for other regulatory purposes. 23 as applicable. (7) Commercial Service. As operating units or systems associated with the nuclear 24 power plant and the nuclear power plant itself are placed in commercial service: CODING: Words underlined are additions; words in struck through type are deletions

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rate charges over a period not to exceed 5 years. At the end of the recovery period, base rates 2 shall be reduced by an amount equal to the increase associated with the recovery of the retired 3 generating plant. 4 (8) A utility shall, contemporaneously with the filings required by paragraph (5)(c) 5 above, file a detailed statement of project costs sufficient to support a Commission 6 determination of prudence, including, but not limited to, the information required in paragraphs (8)(b) - (8)(e), below. 8 (a) Subject to suitable confidentiality agreements or, to the extent necessary, protective orders issued by the Commission, a utility will ensure reasonably contemporaneous access. 10 which may include access by electronic means, for review by parties of all documents relied 11 on by utility management to approve expenditures for which cost recovery is sought. Access to any information that is "Safeguards Information" as defined in 42 U.S.C. 2167 and 10 12 13 C.F.R. 73.21, incorporated by reference into this Rule, shall only be in accordance with 14 applicable Nuclear Regulatory Commission requirements. 15 (b) Regarding technology selected, a utility shall provide a description of the technology selected that includes, but is not limited to, a review of the technology and the 16 17 factors leading to its selection. 18 (c) The annual true-up and projection cost filings shall include a list of contracts 19 executed in excess of \$1 million to include the nature and scope of the work, the dollar value 20 and term of the contract, the method of vendor selection, the identity and affiliation of the 21 vendor, and current status of the contract. 22 (d) Final true-up filings and actual/estimated true-up filings will include monthly expenditures incurred during those periods for major tasks performed within Site Selection, 23 24 Preconstruction and Construction categories. A utility shall provide annual variance 25 explanations comparing the current and prior period to the most recent projections for those

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1	periods filed with the Commission.
2	(e) Projection filings will include monthly expenditures for major tasks performed
3	within Site Selection, Preconstruction and Construction categories.
4	(f) Annual Reports Required by Rule 25-6.135, F.A.C. On an annual basis following
5	issuance of the final order granting a determination of need and until commercial operation of
6	the nuclear power plant, a utility shall include the budgeted and actual costs as compared to
7	the estimated in-service costs of the nuclear power plant as provided in the petition for need
8	determination in its annual report filed pursuant to Rule 25-6.135, F.A.C. The estimates
9	provided in the petition for need determination are non-binding estimates. Some costs may be
10	higher than estimated and other costs may be lower. A utility shall provide such revised
11	estimated in-service costs as may be necessary in its annual report.
12	Specific Authority 350.127(2), 366.05(1) FS.
13	Law Implemented 366.93 FS.
14	History–New 4-8-07.
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Rule Nos. 25-6.0423 Docket No. 070672-EI

SUMMARY OF RULE

The rule is amended to include IGCC power plants, and to specify that a petition for determination of need must include information to allow the Commission to consider the electric utility's use of conservation measures and renewable energy sources and technologies in the determining need for new generation capacity.

SUMMARY OF HEARINGS ON THE RULE

No hearing was requested and none was held.

FACTS AND CIRCUMSTANCES JUSTIFYING THE RULE

In 2007, the Florida legislature amended Section 366.93, FS, to make IGCC power plants eligible for cost recovery under the same conditions as nuclear power plants. The Statute directs the PSC to establish, by rule, alternative cost recovery mechanisms for the recovery of costs incurred in the siting, design, licensing, and construction of an IGCC power plant.

The Florida legislature amended Section 403.519, Florida Statutes, to require the PSC to consider whether renewable energy sources and technologies, as well as conservation measures, are utilized to the extent reasonably available when making its determination of need for a proposed power plant. The PSC's existing Rule 25-22.081, F.A.C., contains a description of what the PSC shall take into account when it reviews applications for determination of need. Therefore, the existing rule must be amended to include the new requirements the legislature has dictated. The PSC's existing Rule 25-22.081, F.A.C., also contains a description of what applications for fossil and nuclear power plants must contain. Therefore, the rule must be amended to include applications for IGCC power plants so that applicants for such plants will be aware of what their petition should contain.