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## BEFORE THE FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

DOCKET NO. 080001-EI
IN RE: FUEL & PURCHASED POWER COST RECOVERY
AND
CAPACITY COST RECOVERY

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FINAL TRUE-UP
JANUARY 2007 THROUGH DECEMBER 2007

TESTIMONY

OF

JOANN T. WEHLE

DOCUMENT NUMBER-DATE

# TAMPA ELECTRIC COMPANY DOCKET NO. 080001-EI FILED: 04/03/2008

BEFORE THE FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION 1 PREPARED DIRECT TESTIMONY 2 OF 3 REDACTED JOANN T. WEHLE 4 5 Q. Please state your name, address, occupation 6 and employer. 7 8 My name is Joann T. Wehle. My business address is 702 9 N. Franklin Street, Tampa, Florida 33602. I am employed 10 Tampa Electric Company ("Tampa 11 "company") as Director of the Wholesale Marketing and 12 Fuels Department. 13 14 15 Q. Please provide a brief outline of your educational 16 background and business experience. 17 I received a Bachelor's of Business Administration 18 19 Degree in Accounting in 1985 from St. Mary's College, South Bend, Indiana. I am a CPA in the State of Florida 20 and worked in several accounting positions prior to 21 joining Tampa Electric. I began my career with Tampa 22 Electric in 1990 as an auditor in the Audit Services 23 Department. I became Senior Contracts Administrator, 24

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Fuels in 1995. In 1999, I was promoted to Director,

Audit Services and subsequently rejoined the Fuels
Department as Director in April 2001. I became
Director, Wholesale Marketing and Fuels in August 2002.
I am responsible for managing Tampa Electric's wholesale
energy marketing and fuel-related activities.

Q. Please state the purpose of your testimony.

A. The purpose of my testimony is to present, for the Florida Public Service Commission's ("FPSC" or "Commission") review, information regarding the 2007 results of Tampa Electric's risk management activities, as required by the terms of the stipulation entered into by the parties to Docket No. 011605-EI and approved by the Commission in Order No. PSC-02-1484-FOF-EI.

Q. What is the source of the data you present in your testimony in this proceeding?

A. Unless otherwise indicated, the source of the data is the books and records of Tampa Electric. The books and records are kept in the regular course of business in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles and practices, and provisions of the Uniform System of Accounts as prescribed by this Commission.

Q. What were the results of Tampa Electric's risk management activities in 2007?

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As outlined in Tampa Electric's annual Risk Management A. Plan, most recently filed on September 4, 2007 in Docket 070001-EI, the company follows a non-speculative risk management strategy to reduce fuel price volatility while maintaining a reliable supply of fuel. In an effort to limit exposure to market price fluctuations of Electric established a natural gas, Tampa Over time, the program has been enhanced as program. Tampa Electric's gas needs have evolved and grown. All enhancements have been reviewed and approved by the company's Risk Authorization Committee.

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On April 3, 2008, Tampa Electric filed its annual risk management report, which describes the outcomes of its 2007 risk management activities. The report indicates that Tampa Electric's 2007 hedging activities resulted in a net loss of \$60 million. Tampa Electric followed the plan objective of reducing price volatility while maintaining a reliable fuel supply. For 2007, natural gas monthly market prices settled below the forward prices that existed the at time of the hedae transaction. The decrease in value of the hedge was a

reflection of the balance of supply and demand as a result of uninterrupted gas production during the summers of 2006 and 2007 as well as the mild winter of 2006/2007.

Q. Did Tampa Electric enhance its physical hedging activities for natural gas?

A. Yes, Tampa Electric continues to enhance its physical gas supply reliability. During 2007, Tampa Electric contracted for access to natural gas supplies via the Southeast Supply Header and Gulf South. This will move about 65,000 MMBtu per day of gas supply inland, away from the Gulf Coast providing increased supply reliability during Gulf storms. While contracted in 2007, the access becomes effective in the summer of 2008.

Q. Does Tampa Electric use a hedging information system?

A. Yes, Tampa Electric continues to use Sungard's Nucleus Risk Management System ("Nucleus"). Nucleus supports sound hedging practices with its contract management, separation of duties, credit tracking, transaction limits, deal confirmation, and business report

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1		generation functions. The Nucleus system records all
2		financial natural gas hedging transactions, and the
3		system calculates risk management reports. Nucleus is
4		also used for contract, credit management and risk
5		exposure analysis.
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7	Q.	What were the results of the company's incremental
8		hedging activities in 2007?
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10	A.	Tampa Electric's incremental natural gas hedging
11		activities protected customers from price volatility for
12		of the natural gas used in the company's
13		generating stations. The net result of natural gas
14	1	hedging activity in 2007 was a loss of \$60 million, when
15		the instrument prices were compared to market prices on
16		settled positions.
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18	Ω.	Did the company use financial hedges for other
19		commodities in 2007?
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21	A.	No, Tampa Electric did not use financial hedges for
22		other commodities primarily because of its fuel mix.
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24		Tampa Electric's generation is comprised mostly of coal
25		and natural gas. Though the price of coal has
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increased, it is relatively stable compared to the prices of oil and natural gas. In addition, financial hedging instruments for the primary coal Tampa Electric burns, high sulfur Illinois Basin coal, do not exist.

Tampa Electric consumes a small amount of oil. However, its low and erratic usage pattern makes price hedging of oil consumption impractical; therefore, the company did not use financial hedges for oil.

The company did not use financial hedges for wholesale energy transactions because a liquid, published market does not exist in Florida.

Q. Did Tampa Electric use physical hedges for other commodities?

A. Yes, Tampa Electric used physical hedges in managing its coal supply reliability. The company enters into a portfolio of differing term contracts with various suppliers to obtain the types of coal used on its system. In previous years, Tampa Electric has been able to take advantage of contractual volume flexibility to seek out favorable spot market pricing. Those agreements have expired, and volume flexibility was not

available for the replacement contracts.

Tampa Electric fills its oil tanks prior to entering hurricane season to reduce exposure to supply or price issues that may arise during hurricane season.

Q. What is the basis for your request to recover the commodity and transaction costs described above?

A. Commission Order No. PSC-02-1484-FOF-EI, in Docket No. 011605-EI states:

"Each investor-owned electric utility shall be authorized to charge/credit to the fuel and purchased power cost recovery clause its non-speculative, prudently-incurred commodity costs and gains and losses associated with financial and/or physical hedging transactions for natural gas, residual oil, and purchased power contracts tied to the price of natural gas."

Therefore, Tampa Electric's request for recovery is in accordance with the aforementioned order.

Q. Does this conclude your testimony?

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