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July 16, 2009

VIA FEDEX

Ann Cole, Commission Clerk Office of the Commission Clerk Florida Public Service Commission 2540 Shumard Oak Boulevard Tallahassee, Florida 32399-0850

> Re: Docket No. 080677-EI - Florida Power & Light Company; South Florida Hospital & Healthcare Association's Prefiled Testimony and Exhibits

Dear Ms. Cole:

Please find enclosed an original and fifteen (15) copies of the public version of the Direct Testimony and Exhibits for each of the following witnesses on behalf of South Florida Hospital & Healthcare Association in Docket No. 080677-EI: Stephen J. Baron, Richard A. Baudino, and Lane Kollen. Also enclosed in sealed envelopes marked "CONFIDENTIAL DO NOT RELEASE" is one confidential copy of each of the testimonies of Messrs. Baudino and Kollen. Attached to the confidential copy of their testimonies is Florida Power & Light Company's Notice of Intent to Request Confidential Classification of those testimonies and a transmittal letter from Florida Power & Light Company for its Notice. Two extra copies of the cover pages for each of the public versions of the testimonies are also enclosed. Please date-stamp these copies and send them back to me in the self-addressed, stamped envelope that has been provided.

Please call me if you have any questions.

env trul

Kenneth L. Wiseman Mark F. Sundback Jennifer L. Spina Lisa M. Purdy Andrews Kurth LLP 1350 I Street, NW Suite 1100 Washington, DC 20005

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Attorneys for South Florida Hospital & Healthcare Association

07178 JUL 168

Public Disclosure Version

BEFORE THE FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

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IN RE:

PETITION FOR RATE INCREASE BY FLORIDA POWER & LIGHT COMPANY

DOCKET NO. 080677-EI

ORIGINAL

DIRECT TESTIMONY

AND EXHIBITS

OF

LANE KOLLEN

ON BEHALF OF THE

SOUTH FLORIDA HOSPITAL AND HEALTHCARE ASSOCIATION

J. KENNEDY AND ASSOCIATES, INC_{DOCUMENT NUMBER-DATE} ROSWELL, GEORGIA

07178 JUL 168

JULY 2009

BEFORE THE FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

IN RE:

PETITION FOR RATE INCREASE BY) DOCKET NO. 080677-EI FLORIDA POWER & LIGHT COMPANY)

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BEFORE THE FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

IN RE:

PETITION FOR RATE INCREASE BY) DOCKET NO. 080677-EI FLORIDA POWER & LIGHT COMPANY)

DIRECT TESTIMONY OF LANE KOLLEN

1		I. QUALIFICATIONS AND SUMMARY
2 3 4	<u>Qual</u>	ifications
5	Q.	Please state your name and business address.
6	A.	My name is Lane Kollen. My business address is J. Kennedy and Associates, Inc.
7		("Kennedy and Associates"), 570 Colonial Park Drive, Suite 305, Roswell,
8		Georgia 30075.
9		
10	Q.	What is your occupation and by whom are you employed?
11	A.	I am a utility rate and planning consultant holding the position of Vice President
12		and Principal with Kennedy and Associates.
13		
14	Q.	Please describe your education and professional experience.
15	А.	I earned a Bachelor of Business Administration in Accounting degree and a
16		Master of Business Administration degree, both from the University of Toledo. I
17		also earned a Master of Arts degree from Luther Rice University. I am a Certified DOCUMENT NUMBER-DATE
		07178 JUL 168

- Public Accountant, with a practice license, and a Certified Management 2 Accountant.
- 3

1

4 I have been an active participant in the utility industry for more than thirty years, 5 both as a consultant and as an employee. Since 1986, I have been a consultant 6 with Kennedy and Associates, providing services to consumers of utility services 7 and state and local government agencies in the areas of utility planning, 8 ratemaking, accounting, taxes, financial reporting, financing and management 9 decision-making. From 1983 to 1986, I was a consultant with Energy 10 Management Associates, providing services to investor and consumer owned 11 utility companies in the areas of planning, financial reporting, financing, 12 ratemaking and management decision-making. From 1976 to 1983, I was 13 employed by The Toledo Edison Company in a series of positions providing 14 services in the areas of planning, accounting, financial and statistical reporting 15 and taxes.

16

17 I have appeared as an expert witness on utility planning, ratemaking, accounting, 18 reporting, financing, and tax issues before state and federal regulatory 19 commissions and courts on nearly two hundred occasions. In many of those 20 proceedings, I have represented state and local ratemaking agencies or their 21 Staffs, including the Louisiana Public Service Commission, Georgia Public 22 Service Commission and various groups of Cities with original rate jurisdiction in 23 Texas. I also have appeared before the Florida Public Service Commission

1		("Commission") in numerous proceedings, including the two most recent Florida
2		Power & Light Company ("FPL" or "Company") base rate proceedings in Docket
3		Nos. 050045-EI (2005) and 001148-EI (2002). I have developed and presented
4		papers at various industry conferences on ratemaking, accounting, and tax issues.
5		My qualifications and regulatory appearances are further detailed in my
6		Exhibit(LK-1).
7 8 9	<u>Sumr</u>	nary
10	Q.	On whose behalf are you testifying?
11	A.	I am offering testimony on behalf of the South Florida Hospital and Healthcare
12		Association ("SFHHA") and individual healthcare institutions (collectively, the
13		"Hospitals") taking electric service on the FPL system.
14		
15	Q.	What is the purpose of your testimony?
16	A.	The purpose of my testimony is to address the Company's proposed series of base
17		rate and recovery clause increases and to make recommendations on the
18		appropriate rate increase amounts.
19		
20	Q.	Please summarize your testimony.
21	A.	The Company has requested an unprecedented series of rate increases in this
22		proceeding of more than \$1,550 million, the magnitude of which may not be
23		immediately evident, and which would represent a radical change in the
24		Commission's ratemaking process. These increases consist of a base rate increase

1 of \$1,044 million on January 1, 2010, another series of increases on January 1, 2 2010 summing to \$77 million through various recovery clauses due to transfers in 3 the recovery of such costs between base rates and the clauses, another base rate 4 increase of \$247 million on January 1, 2011, an estimated initial base rate 5 increase of \$182 million through a Generation Base Rate Adjustment ("GBRA") mechanism for West County Energy Center Unit 3 ("WCEC 3") on June 1, 2011 6 7 and another series of unknown future base rate increases through the GBRA for 8 future generation costs. 9 10 I recommend that the Commission reject the Company's proposals in this 11 proceeding for all base rate increases after January 1, 2010. Instead, the Company 12 should file for future base rate increases closer to the effective dates of such 13 increases using then current costs and assumptions. The Commission realistically 14 cannot determine at this time the reasonable level of revenues and costs that 15 should be recovered through base rates some three or more years into the future, 16 particularly given the present economic uncertainty. Further, the Commission 17 should not adopt a GBRA that provides the Company an almost unfettered ability 18 to automatically impose base rate increases to recover selective increases in 19 certain costs without consideration of increases in revenues and reductions in all 20 other costs.

21

In addition, I recommend that the Commission reduce the Company's base rates by at least \$336.338 million (net of transfers of costs between base rates and various recovery clauses) on January 1, 2010 compared to the Company's
requested increase of \$1,044 million. My recommendation reflects the SFHHA
adjustments to remove the excessive and inappropriate costs that affect the rate
base, operating income and rate of return that are included in the Company's
request. I have summarized the effects of the SFHHA recommendations on the
following table.

7

FLORIDA POWER AND LIGHT BASE RATE INCREASE SUMMARY OF SFHHA RECOMMENDATIONS TEST YEAR ENDING DECEMBER 31, 2010 (\$ MILLIONS)

	 Amount
PL Requested Base Rate Increase	\$ 1,043.535
Operating Income Adjustments:	
Reduce O&M Expenses - Other (Maintain Status Quo)	(169.256
Reduce O&M Expenses - DOE Settlement Refunds	(9.030
Reduce O&M Expenses - AMI Deployment Savings	(5.685
Reduce O&M Expenses - Development of New CIS	(7.274
Remove Annual Storm Damage Expense Accruat	(149.162
Reduce O&M Labor, Payroll Taxes, and Fringe Benefits - Productivity Improvements	(36.641
Reduce O&M Labor, Payroll Taxes, and Fringe Benefits - Nuclear Staffing	(21.925
Remove Depreciation Expense - Development of New CIS	(0.506
Reduce Depreciation Expense - Capital Cost Reductions	(26.719
Reduce Depreciation Expense - Five Year Amortization of Depreciation Reserve Surplus	(247.556
Reduce Depreciation Expense - No Acceleration of Capital Recovery Costs	(63.605
Reduce Depreciation Expense - Forty Year Service Life for Combined Cycle Gas Units	(123.73
Reduce Depreciation Expense - Economic Stimulus Grants for AMI Deployment	(1.58
tate Base Adjustments:	
Reflect Capitalization/Deferral of CIS O&M Expenses	0.42
Reduce Plant for Capital Expenditure Reductions	(92.52)
Restate Accum Depr to Reflect Capital Expenditure Reductions	3.66
Restate Accum Depr to Reflect Five Year Amortization of Depreciation Reserve Surplus	14.55
Restate Accum Depr to Adjust Amortization Periods for Capital Recovery Costs	3.74
Restate Accum Depr to Reflect Forty Year Service Lives for Combined Cycle Gas Units	7.27
Restate Gross Plant and Accum Depr to Reflect Economic Stimulus for AMI Deployment	(2.26
Capital Structure and Rate of Return Adjustments:	
Rebalance Common Equity and Debt in Capital Structure	(121.42
Rebalance Long and Short Term Debt in Capital Structure	(11.01
Eliminate FIN 48 Adjustment to Accumulated Deferred Income Tax	(17.64
Reallocate Pro Rata Adjustments to Exclude Cust Deposits, ADIT, ITC	(48.69
Increase ADIT for Depreciation Changes	(8.90
Restate ROE at 10.4%	(232.61)
Restate Short Term Debt Interest Rate	 (11.78
otal SFHHA Adjustments	 (\$1,379.87;
FHHA Recommendation for Base Rate Change on January 1, 2010	 (\$336.33

-		
2		The remainder of my testimony is structured to follow the sequence of my
3		summary. In the next section, I address the Company's proposed base rate
4		increases effective on January 1, 2011 and beyond and why the Commission
5		should reject those increases in this proceeding. In the subsequent sections, I
6		focus on the Company's proposed base rate increase effective on January 1, 2010
7		and the appropriate adjustments to that proposed increase by major ratemaking
8		component (operating income, rate base, and capitalization and rate of return) and
9		by issue affecting each of those major ratemaking components.
10 11 12 13		<u>omic Uncertainty and Requested Base Increase on January 1, 2011 and GBRA</u> ease on June 1, 2011
14	Q.	Should the Commission approve a second base rate increase to be effective
14 15	Q.	Should the Commission approve a second base rate increase to be effective on January 1, 2011 based on a "subsequent" test year of 2011?
	Q. A.	
15	_	on January 1, 2011 based on a "subsequent" test year of 2011?
15 16	_	on January 1, 2011 based on a "subsequent" test year of 2011? No. First, the Commission cannot determine at this time what the reasonable
15 16 17	_	 on January 1, 2011 based on a "subsequent" test year of 2011? No. First, the Commission cannot determine at this time what the reasonable revenues and costs will be in 2011 given the present economic uncertainty. It will
15 16 17 18	_	 on January 1, 2011 based on a "subsequent" test year of 2011? No. First, the Commission cannot determine at this time what the reasonable revenues and costs will be in 2011 given the present economic uncertainty. It will be difficult enough to determine the reasonable level of revenues and costs for the
15 16 17 18 19	_	 on January 1, 2011 based on a "subsequent" test year of 2011? No. First, the Commission cannot determine at this time what the reasonable revenues and costs will be in 2011 given the present economic uncertainty. It will be difficult enough to determine the reasonable level of revenues and costs for the 2010 test year, which itself is two years removed from actual experience and is
15 16 17 18 19 20	_	 on January 1, 2011 based on a "subsequent" test year of 2011? No. First, the Commission cannot determine at this time what the reasonable revenues and costs will be in 2011 given the present economic uncertainty. It will be difficult enough to determine the reasonable level of revenues and costs for the 2010 test year, which itself is two years removed from actual experience and is based on a budgeting process covering 2009 and 2010, but which began in mid-
15 16 17 18 19 20 21	_	on January 1, 2011 based on a "subsequent" test year of 2011? No. First, the Commission cannot determine at this time what the reasonable revenues and costs will be in 2011 given the present economic uncertainty. It will be difficult enough to determine the reasonable level of revenues and costs for the 2010 test year, which itself is two years removed from actual experience and is based on a budgeting process covering 2009 and 2010, but which began in mid- 2008 prior to the meltdown in the financial markets and the recession. Since
15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	_	on January 1, 2011 based on a "subsequent" test year of 2011? No. First, the Commission cannot determine at this time what the reasonable revenues and costs will be in 2011 given the present economic uncertainty. It will be difficult enough to determine the reasonable level of revenues and costs for the 2010 test year, which itself is two years removed from actual experience and is based on a budgeting process covering 2009 and 2010, but which began in mid- 2008 prior to the meltdown in the financial markets and the recession. Since 2008, the Company has engaged in extensive cost reductions compared to its

1

subsequently describe the Company's cost reductions in both capital expenditures
 and operating expenses compared to 2008 actual amounts and compared to the
 Company's 2009 budget.

5 Second, there is no evidence that there will be actual savings to ratepayers 6 resulting from the avoidance of a separate proceeding sometime in 2010 for rates 7 that will be effective in 2011. Company witness Ms. Kim Ousdahl asserts that the Commission should determine the 2011 rate increase in this proceeding to "avoid 8 9 the cost and distraction for all parties of back-to-back rate proceedings." 10 [Ousdahl Direct at 12]. However, if the Company's 2011 test year costs are 11 reduced as the result of the Company's cost cutting efforts compared to the 12 projections in the Company's 2011 subsequent year forecasts in this proceeding, 13 then the cost of a separate proceeding in 2010 or in some future year is likely to 14 pale against the effect of such savings in a subsequent proceeding. It would be far 15 better to incur the cost of another rate proceeding in 2010 or later and to endure 16 the alleged "distraction" of such a proceeding in order to avoid an excessive 17 increase for 2011 that is not merited and that cannot be reasonably determined at 18 this time. The reasonable levels of revenues and costs in 2011 are not known and 19 measurable today.

20

4

Third, the Company is not harmed if the Commission rejects the proposed 2011 subsequent year increase because it can file another case in 2010 using more current assumptions and data. Company witness Ms. Ousdahl recognizes that the

1		Commission may reject the Company's request for the January 1, 2011 base rate
2		increase and concludes that this may result in another rate filing. [Ousdahl Direct
3		at 4]. That may be and the Commission can consider such a request after it is
4		filed, if one is filed. Regardless, Ms. Ousdahl does not claim that the Company
5		will harmed if it must make a subsequent filing, nor could it reasonably make
6		such a claim.
7		
8		Fourth, it may very well be that the Company will not file another case in 2010 if
9		it continues to reduce its costs through additional reductions in capital
10		expenditures and operating expenses as it addresses the lack of growth in sales
11		and revenues due to the economic recession. In any event, it is premature both for
12		the Commission and the Company to make a determination at this time as to the
13		Company's revenue requirement in 2011 given the present uncertainty.
14		
15	Q.	Should the Commission approve the Company's proposed GBRA?
16	A.	No. The Company's proposed GBRA mechanism represents a radical departure
17		from the traditional ratemaking process and should be rejected for several reasons.
18		First, the Company's proposed GBRA will be a permanent mechanism that will
19		operate to automatically implement significant future base rate increases as the
20		Company adds new generation. The Company effectively will self-implement
21		those base rate increases without the normal regulatory scrutiny and resulting
22		cost-control discipline that accompanies the filing, review and adjudication of a
23		comprehensive base rate case. The proposed GBRA will not be limited only to

the West County Energy Center Unit 3 revenue requirement, but also will include
 all future generation and related transmission costs.

3

4 Second, the circumstances and nature of the proposed GBRA differ from those of the expiring GBRA. The expiring GBRA was implemented in conjunction with a 5 6 settlement in Docket Nos. 050045-EI and 050188-EI, which provided for no base 7 rate increases for the next four years except for costs recovered through various 8 adjustment mechanisms, including the GBRA and various clauses, unless the 9 Company's earnings fell below a threshold level. In addition, the GBRA 10 mechanism was temporary and will expire at the end of this year unless it is re-11 established in this proceeding.

12

13 Third, the proposed GBRA mechanism constitutes a single issue and one-way 14 base rate increase mechanism that fails to consider cost reductions that the 15 Company may achieve in other areas. For example, the proposed mechanism will 16 not reflect cost reductions due to the continued depreciation on or retirement of 17 existing production plant investment as acknowledged by the Company in 18 response to SFHHA Interrogatory 112. The proposed GBRA mechanism allows 19 the Company to retain the savings resulting from ongoing recoveries of existing 20 plant investment through depreciation from ratepayers, the cost free capital 21 resulting from ongoing accelerated tax depreciation, increases in revenues due to 22 customer and usage growth and capital expenditure and expense cost reductions. 23 This fundamental flaw will be accentuated the longer the period between 1

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comprehensive base rate proceedings. I have attached a copy of the Company's response to SFHHA Interrogatory 112 as my Exhibit___(LK-2)

3

4 Third, the GBRA recovery will be based on the Company's first year estimate of 5 the revenue requirement of the new generation and related transmission when that 6 revenue requirement is at its peak level. Once the Company self-implements a 7 base rate increase when a new project enters commercial operation, that rate 8 increase will be permanent and remain at the level when implemented, at least 9 until the next comprehensive base rate proceeding. Once the increase is 10 implemented, base revenues will not be revised downward as the underlying rate 11 base amount declines due to increases in accumulated depreciation or as the 12 related cost of capital declines due to increases in cost-free accumulated deferred 13 income taxes and apparently never is trued-up to actual. This approach allows the 14 Company to increase base rates when the revenue requirement is at the maximum 15 level and then to retain any savings due to the declining rate base or actual 16 expenses that are less than initially projected until the next comprehensive base 17 rate proceeding. This approach also will allow the Company to avoid or at least 18 defer a voluntary comprehensive review of its base rates absent growth in its other 19 base rate costs that exceeds such savings.

20

Fourth, the GBRA mechanism is not even a proposed tariff even though it is selfimplementing. There is no proposed tariff to review. There is not even a detailed description of the mechanism and the revenue requirement computations in the

1		testimony of any FPL witness. Company witness Ms. Ousdahl simply refers to
2		the existing GBRA in her testimony. However, the description of the existing
3		GBRA mechanism in paragraph 17 of the settlement agreement in Docket Nos.
4		050045-EI and 050188-EI and approved by the Commission in Order No. PSC-
5		05-0902-S-EI is not sufficiently detailed for a permanent self-implementing base
6		rate increase mechanism. I have attached a copy of the settlement agreement in
7		that proceeding as my Exhibit(LK-3) for ease of reference.
8		
9		Fifth, based on the Company's computation of the proposed West County Energy
10		Center 3 revenue requirement, there are serious computational problems in the
11		Company's proposed GBRA, all of which serve to improperly increase the
12		Company's revenue requirement.
13		
14	Q.	Please describe the computational problems with the Company's proposed
15		GBRA.
16	A.	There are numerous problems that are evident from a review of the Company's
17		separate computation of the WCEC 3 revenue requirement for the first year of its
10		opportion that the Company provided in this proceeding. The Commission should
18		operation that the Company provided in this proceeding. The Commission should
18		not allow the use (or misuse) of a GBRA to provide the Company with excessive
19		not allow the use (or misuse) of a GBRA to provide the Company with excessive

common equity and 46.54% debt for ratemaking purposes, according to SFHHA witness Mr. Richard Baudino's testimony in this proceeding.

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Second, the proposed rate of return is overstated due to the Company's use of the
so-called "incremental" cost of debt rather than the weighted average cost of debt
outstanding. For example, the Company's computations reflect a 6.43% cost of
debt on Schedule D-1a for the WCEC 3 revenue requirement compared to the
5.81% weighted average cost of debt on Schedule D-1a for the 2011 subsequent
test year revenue requirement.

10

11 Third, the proposed rate of return is overstated due to the failure to include low-12 cost short term debt in the capital structure. If the WCEC 3 rate base investment 13 was included in the rate base for the base revenue requirement, then the return 14 applied to the rate base investment would include short-term debt.

15

Fourth, the rate of return is overstated because it does not include any cost-free ADIT in the capital structure. The Company should not be allowed to retain this benefit by computationally assuming that it does not exist.

19

Fifth, the depreciation expense is overstated because it is based on a 25 year life for the WCEC 3 facility. Such a facility has a reasonable service life of 40 years and depreciation expense should be based on the reasonable service life, not an accelerated life established only to accelerate and increase near-term ratemaking

.

1		recovery. I address the appropriate service lives for depreciation expense in the
2		Operating Income section of my testimony.
3		
4	Q.	How should the Company recover its costs associated with the West County
5		Energy Center Unit 3 and future generation facilities?
6	A.	If the Company believes that it has or will have a revenue deficiency for 2011,
7		then it should file a request to increase its base rates some time in 2010.
8		Similarly, if the Company believes that it has or will have a revenue deficiency in
9		years after 2011, then it should file requests to increase its base rates in those
10		years.

1 **II. OPERATING INCOME ISSUES** 2 3 **Operation and Maintenance Expense – Summary** 4 5 **Q**. How does the Company's proposed O&M expense compare to the 6 Company's most recent actual O&M expense? The Company proposes an incredible increase in O&M expense for the test year 7 A. 8 compared to the actual O&M expense for the most recent three historical years as 9 summarized on its MFR Schedules C-1 and C-36. In contrast to its actual success 10 in controlling expenses in 2008 and prior years, the Company projects an increase 11 in non-fuel O&M expense recovered through base rates of \$387.414 million, from 12 \$1,306.953 million in 2008 to \$1,694.367 million in the 2010 test year, as shown 13 on MFR Schedule C-1. However, this increase masks the full magnitude of the 14 proposed increase because the Company proposes that \$20.880 million of the 15 projected 2010 expense be transferred to clause recovery. Thus, the actual 16 proposed increase is \$408.294 million, which is an increase of more than 31%

18

17

This requested growth is excessive when compared to the Company's actual experience in recent years. The Company's MFR Schedule C-36 compares the O&M expense in the years 2007 through the 2010 test year (although MFR Schedule C-36 includes only the "Commission" proforma adjustments and does not include the "Company" proforma adjustments), the annual percentage increase in the O&M expense, and the annual percentage increase in the CPI. The

compared the Company's actual 2008 O&M expense.

results show that the Company effectively managed its total non-fuel O&M expense each year to levels less than the actual CPI growth and even reduced its actual non-fuel O&M expense in 2008 by an absolute \$26.842 million, or 2.0%, compared to the actual O&M expense in 2007. In other words, the Company achieved significant productivity gains in its O&M expenses over the last several years, offsetting and even surpassing the growth in these expenses caused by inflation.

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19

20

9 This requested growth also is excessive when compared to the Company's actual 10 O&M expenses for the first quarter this year compared to the same quarter last 11 year. The Company has further reduced its O&M expense in 2009 compared to 12 2008 and compared to its 2009 budget. The Company's SEC 10-Q for the 1st 13 Quarter 2009 indicates that it has reduced its actual O&M expense in the first quarter by \$38 million compared to 2008, of which \$9 million was due to the 14 15 DOE settlement that I subsequently discuss. In its press release announcing first 16 quarter earnings, FPL Group cited the Company's reduction in O&M expense as 17 the driver of the Company's increased earnings in the first quarter 2009 compared 18 to the first quarter 2008.

21 I have attached a copy of the relevant pages from the Company's 22 10-Q as my Exhibit___(LK-4), a copy of the FPL Group press release as my

.

1		Exhibit(LK-5), and a copy of the
2		as my Exhibit(LK-6) (confidential).
3		
4	Q.	Are expense increases of this magnitude justified?
5	A.	No. This level of increase is wildly excessive and cannot reasonably be justified
6		given the present economic circumstances, particularly in South Florida, the
7		Company's proven ability to implement cost reductions, including the effects of
8		productivity improvements through capital investment and continued efficiency
9		improvements through the adoption of best practices, and given the Company's
10		actual cost reductions compared to 2008 and compared to its budget that it already
11		has implemented to-date in 2009.
12		
13		The Company's test year O&M expenses should be no more than the actual 2008
14		expenses, a "status quo" basis, except for limited known and measurable changes.
15		Only certain of the increases in expenses are known and measurable at this time,
16		and thus potentially justified, such as the expenses due to the commercial
17		operation of new generation, specifically the West County Energy Center Units 1
18		and 2 in 2009. However, the increases in other expenses are not known and
19		measurable, but rather represent significant and largely unjustified expansions of
20		programs, proposed increases in staffing levels, and other general increases
21		resulting from inflation and other forecasting assumptions that tend to increase
22		expenses when used to support a proposed rate increase.

23

```
    Q. How do you propose the Commission proceed on the Company's requested
    level of O&M expense increases?
```

3 I recommend a significant reduction in the Company's proposed non-fuel O&M A. 4 expense, which I address through both a "top-down" approach and a "bottom-up" 5 approach. Under the top-down approach, I recommend that the Commission limit 6 the test year O&M expenses to the actual 2008 O&M expenses, adjusted only for 7 appropriate known and measurable changes, such as transfers between base rates 8 and clause recoveries and increases to incorporate the WCEC 1 and 2 expenses. 9 Under the bottom-up approach, I recommend that the Commission reduce the 10 Company's proposed test year O&M expense to reflect specific adjustments to the 11 Company's requested amount. Given the Company's reductions in O&M 12 expenses in the first quarter of this year to levels below 2008, the Commission 13 may wish to consider these reductions on an annualized basis as a further 14 reduction in the test year O&M expense under either a top-down or bottom-up 15 approach.

16

17 Q. Please describe the top-down approach to determine the reasonable level of 18 test year O&M expense.

19 A. The top-down approach reflects the "status quo" and relies on the use of the 20 historic test year as the best evidence of the Company's expenses, but with 21 adjustments for known and measurable changes to those expenses that the 22 Company likely will incur in the projected test year. The Commission should 23 reject the concept that the Company's projected O&M expenses are known and 1

measurable in the abstract based on its budget and forecasting process and that the Company cannot or will not manage its expenses in its self-interest.

3

2

4 The top-down status quo approach assumes that there should be and will be no 5 general increase in non-fuel O&M expense increase in the 2010 test year 6 compared to the 2008 actual expense. The top-down approach assumes that the 7 2008 level of expense not only was adequate in that year but will remain adequate 8 in the future absent known and measurable changes and that increases in expenses 9 due to inflation, if any, in 2009 and 2010, will be at least offset by reductions in 10 expenses due to productivity improvements and other cost reductions. The top-11 down approach is consistent with the manner in which the Company actually 12 manages its O&M expense and the Company's reductions in non-fuel O&M 13 expenses for the first quarter this year compared to the same quarter last year.

14

15 In addition, the top-down approach recognizes that there are and should be 16 savings in O&M expense resulting from the costs of new "long-term 17 infrastructure investments" to "better manage work, assets, people, and finances" 18 [Barrett at 27] that are included in rate base. The rate base investments have the 19 effect of "reducing costs while enhancing many aspects of service to customers." 20 [Barrett at 27]. The Commission should ensure that ratepayers actually get the 21 benefit of the expense reductions due to the investments made to achieve those 22 reductions.

23

1 Finally, the top-down approach recognizes that utilities manage their O&M 2 expenses in response to the timing and level of ratemaking recoveries. The 3 Company aggressively manages its O&M expense when it cannot 4 contemporaneously recover increases and is able to retain the earnings benefits 5 from its actions. However, if the Company is provided excessive recoveries 6 based on inflated forecasts, such recoveries will allow the Company to increase its 7 expenses without consequence and override the normal self-interest in cost-8 control. 9 10 11 I have attached these as my Exhibit___(LK-12 7 (confidential) and Exhibit (8) (confidential) , respectively. 13 14 In conjunction with the top-down approach, the Commission should adjust the 15 "status quo" O&M expense for known and measurable adjustments to: 1) subtract 16 expenses that no longer will be incurred or no longer recovered through base 17 rates, such as those transferred to various clauses for recovery, and 2) add specific 18 and unavoidable cost increases, such as the increases in non-fuel O&M expense 19 associated with WCEC 1 and 2. 20 21 Q. Please describe the bottom-up approach to determine the reasonable level of 22 test year O&M expense. 23 A. I recommend that the Commission also review the specifics of the Company's

projected 2010 test year expense through a bottom-up approach to determine if the requested amounts are reasonable. Amounts that are not reasonable should be specifically disallowed. In this manner, the Commission can determine the overall reasonable level of O&M expense through the top-down approach, but confirm and refine the result of the top-down approach by starting with the Company's request and reducing it for unreasonable expenses through the bottom-up approach.

8

9 Q. What is your recommendation on the test year O&M expense?

10 Α. I recommend that the Commission reduce the Company's test year O&M expense 11 by \$397.648 million. This reduces the Company's requested test year O&M 12 expense from the \$1,694.367 million requested to the \$1,306.953 million actual 13 2008 adjusted downward on a net basis to \$1,296.719 million for the following 14 known and measurable changes: 1) the reduction in O&M expense due to the 15 transfer of certain expenses to various clauses for recovery (\$20.880 million), 2) 16 the increase in O&M expense for WCEC 1 and 2 (\$18.918 million), and 3) the 17 reduction due to the DOE refunds that I subsequently discuss (\$9.000 million), 18 and 4) the increase due to all other Company adjustments reflected on MFR 19 Schedule C-2, except for the storm damage expense (\$0.728 million).

20

I obtained the Company's proposed known and measurable changes from the Company adjustments shown on MFR Schedule C-2. I obtained the O&M expense amount for WCEC 1 and 2 from the Company's response to SFHHA Interrogatory 119. I attached a copy of this response as my Exhibit___(LK-9). I
 discuss and provide the source of the DOE refund amount in a subsequent section
 of my testimony.

4

Although I recommend this net reduction in O&M expense based on the top-down approach, I also have disaggregated the net reduction into various specific adjustments and disallowances that are based on the bottom-up approach. I have characterized the difference between the net reduction based on the top-down approach and the sum of the specific adjustments based on the bottom-up approach as an "other" adjustment on the table in the Summary section of my testimony.

12

Q. Please describe your bottom-up review of the Company's proposed test year O&M expense.

15 Α. First, I reviewed the forecast assumptions reflected in the Company's projected 16 2010 O&M expense to identify assumption-driven reasons for the proposed 17 increase in O&M expenses. Second, I reviewed the Company's O&M expense 18 benchmark analysis summarized on MFR Schedule C-41 to identify specific 19 functional areas where the Company proposed growth in test year expenses above 20 and beyond the levels indicated by the benchmark computations. Third, I 21 compared the Company's O&M expense in the test year to 2008 actual levels to 22 identify specific functional areas where the Company proposed excessive growth 23 in O&M expenses. Finally, I reviewed the Company's responses to the SFHHA

1		discovery as well as the responses to other parties' discovery to identify
2		inappropriate and excessive expenses. I subsequently address each of the bottom-
3		up specific adjustments that I recommend and reflect the amount of each
4		adjustment on the table in the Summary section of my testimony.
5 6 7	<u>Oper</u>	ation and Maintenance Expense – Productivity Savings
8	Q.	Did the Company include an explicit assumption regarding productivity
9		improvements and the resulting expense reductions given the Company's
10		history of controlling the growth in payroll costs below the rate of inflation?
11	A.	No. The Company reflected significant increases in payroll costs, including
12		inflation and merit increases and staffing increases, but did not explicitly reflect
13		an offset against these proposed expense increases for productivity improvements.
14		
15	Q.	Is the Company's failure to explicitly take into account productivity
16		improvements in its O&M expense consistent with its historic experience?
17	A.	No. In recent years and as I previously described, the Company has successfully
18		managed its O&M expenses so that annual increases are less than the rate of
19		inflation.
20		
21	Q.	What is the source of the Company's productivity improvements?
22	A.	The Company achieves such productivity improvements through capital
23		investment in assets that reduce maintenance requirements and allow fewer
24		employees to do more in less time as well as the adoption of best practices in

1 managing processes. Company witness J. A. Stall described how the Company's 2 nuclear production business unit achieves such efficiencies. Mr. Stall states that: 3 "we continuously pursue standardization of programs and procedures and share best practices among our nuclear fleet, improving safety, efficiencies, and 4 5 reducing costs." [Stall Direct at 15]. Mr. Stall also described the Turkey Point 6 Excellence project, stating: "In the "process category, the project focuses on 7 implementing a procedure upgrade program, reducing the corrective action 8 backlog, upgrading training programs, and implementing process improvements 9 consistent with industry best practices. In the "plant improvement" category, the 10 project is focused on reducing on-line and outage maintenance and corrective 11 action backlogs, proactive management of age-related corrosion and coatings 12 related issues, improving operational margin, and implementing a preventative 13 maintenance optimization program." [Id., 22-23]. In addition to the Turkey Point 14 Excellence program, the Company has replaced major equipment components, 15 including steam generators, reactor pressure vessel heads, and a pressurizer at its 16 nuclear units. [Id., 14]. The Company has invested hundreds of millions of 17 dollars in capital expenditures to replace and upgrade other equipment and is now 18 engaged in numerous long-term equipment reliability projects at the nuclear units. 19 [*Id.*, 28].

20

Q. Are the Company's historic productivity achievements consistent with the
 productivity improvements across the national economy?

A. Yes. The following table summarizes the national non-farm productivity
 improvements in recent years. The indices were obtained from the U.S. Bureau of
 Labor Statistics website. I added the column labeled "% Increase" and computed
 the 5 year simple average, 10 year simple average and the most recent annualized
 level in the first quarter 2009.

6

Duration: Measure: Sector:	index, 1992 Output Pe Nonfarm Bu	r Hour				
Year	Qtr1	Qtr2	Qtr3	Qtr4	Annual	% Increase
1998	108.356	108.675	109.902	110.476	109.358	
1999	111.455	111.704	112.487	114.415	112.521	2.9%
2000	113.914	115.938	115.713	116.824	115.687	2.8%
2001	116.689	118.288	118.826	120.574	118.577	2.5%
2002	122.685	122.88	124.208	124.098	123.468	4.1%
2003	125.197	126.903	130.064	129.963	128.034	3.7%
2004	130.225	131.73	132.242	132.245	131.614	2.89
2005	133.167	133.394	134.687	134.195	133.862	1.79
2006	134.832	135.642	135.086	134.938	135.123	0.9%
2007	134.731	136.326	138.665	138.482	137.049	1.49
2008	139.385	140.98	141.732	141.533	140.897	2.8%
2009	142.079					
5 Year Si	mple Avera	. рока ст. ПА				1.9%
	Simple Avera	*				2.6%
	ent Annuali	•				1.9%

7

- 8
- 9 Q. Should the Commission reflect ongoing productivity improvements since
 2008 in the test year?

A. Yes. The Commission should reduce the Company's proposed test year payroll
 expense to reflect productivity improvements and thus, reductions in payroll and
 related expenses. In addition to the Company's demonstrated ability to restrain

1 growth in O&M expenses below inflation, the Commission also should consider 2 the Company's capital investment incurred to achieve these savings that is 3 included in rate base. The Company's ratepayers should receive the full benefit 4 of their investment in rate base. If the Commission does not restate the 5 Company's proposed test year O&M expense to reflect these savings, then the 6 Company either will retain the savings or otherwise increase its actual O&M 7 expenses to the levels included in the revenue requirement or some combination 8 of the two.

9

10 Q. Have you quantified the effect of your recommendation?

11 A. Yes. The effect is to reduce O&M expense by \$36.519 million and the revenue 12 requirement by \$36.641 million. I assumed that the Company would achieve 13 productivity gains of 2.0% annually, which will offset the Company's general 14 inflation assumption of 2.0% annually. I based this assumption not only on the 15 Company's most recent experience at more than offsetting inflation increases in 16 2008, but also on the most recent national historic trends in productivity 17 improvement, which converge on a 2.0% annual improvement as reflected in the 18 preceding table.

19

The recognition of a 2.0% annual productivity improvements will have the effect of reducing the Company's proposed \$765.261 million in payroll expense amount by \$30.917 million, or 4.04% reflecting the cumulative and compounded effect of the 2009 and 2010 productivity improvements compared to 2008. I obtained the

1		O&M expense portion of the Company's projected 2010 payroll expense from the
2		Company's response to SFHHA Interrogatory 297, a copy of which I have
3		attached as my Exhibit(LK-10).
4		
5		In addition, there will be reductions of \$1.995 million in the related payroll tax
6		expense and \$3.607 million in the related fringe benefits expense. To compute
7		these amounts, I applied the same 4.04% cumulative productivity factor to these
8		expense amounts. I obtained the payroll tax expense from the Company's MFR
9		Schedule C-20 and the base recovery portion of the fringe benefits expense from
10		the Company's response to SFHHA Interrogatory 297.
11		
12		My computations of the reductions in payroll and related expenses are detailed on
13		my Exhibit(LK-11).
14 15 16	<u>Oper</u>	ation and Maintenance Expense - Nuclear Staffing
17	Q.	Does the Company propose an increase in nuclear production O&M expense
18		to reflect staffing increases?
19	A.	Yes. The Company proposes an increase in nuclear staffing of 270 employees,
20		ostensibly to address its employee attrition and training requirements and for its
21		Turkey Point Excellence program. The Company cited employee attrition and
22		training requirements as one reason for the proposed \$37.298 million in excess
23		over the benchmark level proposed for nuclear production on its MFR Schedule
24		C-41.

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2		The increase of 270 employees also was cited by Company witness J. A. Stall in
3		his testimony as one of the reasons for the \$43.4 million increase in nuclear
4		production O&M expense in the test year compared to 2008 actual expenses. The
5		Company proposes an increase to \$424.3 million in the test year from the \$380.9
6		million actually incurred in 2008, according to Exhibit JAS-10 attached to Mr.
7		Stall's Direct Testimony.
8		
9		The Company also provided a list and brief description of the primary reasons and
10		the amounts related to each of those primary reasons for the proposed increases in
11		nuclear production O&M expense in response to SFHHA Interrogatory 240, a
12		copy of which I have attached as my Exhibit (LK-12). In this discovery
13		response, the single largest reason identified by the Company was an increase in
14		payroll costs to reflect a significant increase in staffing levels. In that response,
15		the Company quantified the payroll expense effect of adding these employees at
16		\$18.5 million for the test year compared to 2008.
17		
18	Q.	How have the Company's actual nuclear staffing levels increased since 2006
19		and what are the reasons cited by the Company for these increases?
20	A.	The Company previously increased its nuclear staffing levels by 199 positions in
21		2007 and 2008, or 12%, from 2006 levels, according to the Company's response

1

22

to SFHHA Interrogatory 291. I have attached a copy of the Company's 23 supplemental response as my Exhibit___(LK-13). The primary reason cited by

- the Company for the increased nuclear staffing was to "anticipate and ultimately
 compensate for attrition and retirements."
- 3

Q. Is this the same primary reason cited by the Company for the proposed
increase of another 270 positions reflected in O&M expense for the test year?
A. Yes. The Company cites the "Apprenticeship Program and operations training
pipeline" as the primary reasons for the proposed increases in staffing levels in
the test year compared to year end 2008, according to the Company's response to
SFHHA Interrogatory 291.

- 10
- 11 Q. How has the Company's nuclear staffing actually changed since the end of
 12 2008?

A. The Company has been systematically reducing nuclear staffing since September
2008, contrary to the increase in staffing the Company assumed in both its 2009
and 2010 budgets and thus, in the test year O&M expense. In the Company's
supplemental response to SFHHA Interrogatory 291, the Company's nuclear
staffing peaked in September 2008 and has been steadily declining each month
since then.

- 19
- Q. Should the Commission reflect the additional increases in nuclear production
 staffing in the test year ostensibly necessary for the Apprenticeship Program
 and the operations training pipeline?

23 A. No. The Commission should reject the increase in nuclear production O&M

1 expense for an additional 270 positions. First, the Company already increased 2 nuclear production staffing by 12% from 2006 to 2008, primarily for this same 3 reason. The Company's proposal will result in a cumulative staffing increase of 4 23% from 2006 to 2010. Increases of this magnitude for this reason are not 5 reasonable. In effect, the Company claims that it is necessary to increase staffing 6 by 23% over its normal requirements so that it can perpetually train additional personnel to replace employees who will retire or otherwise terminate 7 8 employment at some future date, but who will not have done so prior to or within 9 the test year. That is not reasonable.

10

Second, the evidence is that the Company has been steadily reducing nuclear staffing now that the recession has bitten deeper, particularly in the South Florida economy and the Company has been forced to engage in cost reductions compared to its budget.

15

16 Third, the Company's proposed increase in staffing levels is inconsistent with the 17 significant capital investments the Company has made and included in rate base to 18 improve the performance and material condition of its nuclear facilities that 19 should reduce staffing levels and O&M expense, not increase it year after year for 20 the same facilities. In addition, the proposed increase in staffing levels is 21 inconsistent with the Company's expense "investments" incurred through such 22 efforts as the Turkey Point Excellence project, reducing maintenance backlogs, 23 reducing attrition rates, and improving employee efficiency consistent with

1 industry best practices. These activities and investments are described 2 extensively by Company witness J. A. Stall in his testimony. At some point, the 3 Company and its ratepayers must reap the expense savings benefit from these 4 large capital and expense investments, the resulting reductions in maintenance 5 activities, and efficiency improvements. Otherwise, there is no justification for 6 the investments or their inclusion in rate base. The point at which ratepayers 7 should reap those benefits is during the test year that serves as the basis for setting 8 the Company's revenue requirement.

9

10 Q. What is your recommendation regarding the proposed increase nuclear 11 production staffing expense?

12 A. I recommend that the Commission reduce the Company's nuclear production 13 O&M expense by \$21.852 million to eliminate the Company's request for 14 increased staffing to meet its alleged and seemingly never ending and growing 15 attrition and training requirements. This amount consists of the \$18.5 million 16 reduction in O&M payroll expense compared to 2008 levels included in the test 17 ostensibly for this purpose, which was quantified by the Company, plus the 18 related expenses of \$1.194 million in payroll taxes and \$2.158 million in 19 employee fringe benefits. The computations of the related payroll taxes and 20 employee fringe benefits expenses are detailed on my Exhibit (LK-14).

21

22 Operation and Maintenance Expense – DOE Settlement 23

Q. Please describe the litigation and settlement between FPL and the U.S. Department of Energy related to the disposal of spent nuclear fuel.

A. FPL and other parties sued the U.S. Department of Energy ("DOE") seeking
damages caused by the DOE's failure to dispose of spent fuel from the
Company's nuclear generating facilities. FPL described the litigation and the
settlement of that litigation in its SEC Form 10-Q for the quarter ending March

7 31, 2009 as follows:

8 9 In March 2009, FPL, certain subsidiaries of NextEra Energy Resources and certain nuclear plant joint owners signed a settlement 10 agreement with the U.S. Government (settlement agreement) agreeing 11 12 to dismiss with prejudice lawsuits filed against the U.S. Government 13 seeking damages caused by the U.S. Department of Energy's failure to 14 dispose of spent nuclear fuel from FPL's and NextEra Energy 15 Resources' nuclear plants. In connection with the settlement 16 agreement, FPL Group established an approximately \$153 million 17 (\$100 million for FPL) receivable from the U.S. Government and a 18 liability to nuclear plant join owners of \$22 million (\$5 million for 19 FPL), which are included with other receivables and other current 20 liabilities, respectively, in the condensed consolidated balance sheets 21 at March 31, 2009. In addition, FPL Group reduced its March 31, 2009 property, plant and equipment balances by \$107 million (\$83 22 23 million for FPL) and, for the three months ended March 31, 2009, 24 reduced operating expenses by \$15 million (\$12 million for FPL) and 25 increased operating revenues by \$9 million. The payments due from 26 the U.S. Government under the settlement agreement increased FPL 27 Group's net income for the three months ended March 31, 2009 by 28 approximately \$16 million (\$9 million for FPL). A substantial portion 29 of the amount due from the U.S. Government is expected during the 30 second quarter of 2009. FPL and NextEra Energy Resources will 31 continue to pay fees to the U.S. Government's nuclear waste fund. 32

33

The Company also described the settlement, providing additional detail, in

34 response to SFHHA Interrogatory 237, a copy of which I have attached as my

35 Exhibit___(LK-15).

1		
2	Q.	How did the Company reflect the results of the DOE settlement in the test
3		year?
4	A.	The Company reflected the reduction in plant in service in the test year rate base,
5		but failed to reflect any reduction in expenses for the ongoing reimbursement
6		from the DOE. In response to SFHHA Interrogatory 237, the Company stated the
7		following:
8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16		Therefore, the 2010 plant balances used to calculate test year results reflect this estimated reduction and customers will receive the benefits associated with the SNF settlement through future rates. Reductions in prospective costs should likewise occur as DOE reimburses FPL for SNF costs incurred in 2009 and beyond. These refunds were not forecasted in the Test Year and Subsequent Year revenue requirements?
17	Q.	Should the ongoing DOE refunds be reflected in the test year as a reduction
18		to the revenue requirement?
19	A.	Yes. The failure to reflect the refunds in the test year clearly was an error in the
20		Company's filing given the ongoing nature of the DOE reimbursements resulting
21		from the litigation settlement.
22		
23	Q.	What amount should the Commission reflect in the test year?
24	A.	I recommend that the Commission use the actual \$9 million amount reimbursed
25		by the DOE and used by the Company to reduce expense in 2009 as a reasonable
26		estimate for the test year. The revenue requirement effect is \$9.030 million.
27		

- 1 Customer Accounts and Sales Expense AMI
- 3 Q. Please describe the costs included in the Company's test year revenue 4 requirement for the deployment of AMI meters and related infrastructure. 5 A. The Company included \$7.4 million in account 902 expense for the deployment 6 of its new advanced metering initiative meters and related infrastructure. The 7 Company provided a summary of its deployment schedule and the projected costs 8 to develop the system separated into expense and capital amounts in response to 9 SFHHA Interrogatories 120, 289 and 290. I have attached a copy of each of these 10 responses as my Exhibit___(LK-16), Exhibit___(LK-17) and Exhibit___(LK-18), 11 respectively. The Company described the types of costs expensed by the 12 Company in response to SFHHA Interrogatory 283, a copy of which I have 13 attached as my Exhibit___(LK-19).
- 14

2

15 Q. How many of the proposed AMI meters will be deployed in the test year?

A. The Company's test year reflects an average of 734,000 meters deployed and a
total of 1,298,000 deployed by the end of the test year, according to its response
to SFHHA Interrogatory 289. The Company plans to deploy a total of 4,346,000
meters by the end of 2013. Thus, the Company will have deployed 16.9% of the
total AMI meters on average during the test year or 30.0% of the total by the end
of the test year.

22

1	Q.	Does the Company expect that the AMI meters will result in expense savings
2		related to the removal of the old non-AMI meters that will offset the
3		increases due to the new AMI meters?
4	A.	Yes. The Company estimates annual expense savings of \$36 million after all
5		AMI meters are deployed, according to SFHHA Interrogatory 243, a copy of
6		which I have attached as my Exhibit(LK-20).
7		
8	Q.	What amount of expense savings has the Company reflected in the test year?
9	А.	The Company has reflected only \$0.418 million in expense savings in the test
10		year, according to its response to SFHHA Interrogatory 289 (replicated as my
11		Exhibit_(LK-17). This is only 1.2% of the annualized savings the Company
12		projects upon full deployment.
13		
14	Q.	Is the Company's estimate of savings in the test year reasonable?
15	A.	No. The Company's estimate of 1.2% of the annualized savings compared to the
16		nearly 16.9% of the total investment in rate base for the test year is unreasonable.
17		Upon deployment of these AMI meters, the Company will reduce expenses
18		compared to the levels necessary for its existing non-AMI meters, which include
19		meter reading payroll and related expenses, vehicle expenses, and connect and
20		disconnect expenses, among others, in approximately the same proportion as it
21		has deployed the AMI meters. The Commission should match the savings with
22		the costs and reflect 16.9% of the annualized O&M expense savings consistent

1		with the inclusion in rate base of 16.9% of the cost of the total AMI meters the
2		Company plans to deploy.
3		
4	Q.	Have you quantified the amount of expense savings that should be reflected
5		in the test year?
6	A.	Yes. The Commission should increase the expense savings by \$5.666 million to
7		\$6.084 million in order to match the savings in expense to the investment
8		included in rate base. I computed this amount by multiplying the 16.9% times the
9		\$36 million annualized savings upon full deployment and subtracted the \$0.418
10		million in savings reflected in the Company's projected test year expenses.
11 12 13	<u>Cust</u>	omer Accounts and Sales Expense - CIS
14		
	Q.	Please describe the expenses included in the Company's test year revenue
15	Q.	Please describe the expenses included in the Company's test year revenue requirement for the development of a new customer information system.
15 16	Q. A.	
	-	requirement for the development of a new customer information system.
16	-	requirement for the development of a new customer information system. The Company included \$7.250 million in account 903 expense and \$0.504 in
16 17	-	requirement for the development of a new customer information system. The Company included \$7.250 million in account 903 expense and \$0.504 in depreciation expense for the development of a new customer information system
16 17 18	-	requirement for the development of a new customer information system. The Company included \$7.250 million in account 903 expense and \$0.504 in depreciation expense for the development of a new customer information system ("CIS"). The Company provided a summary of its development schedule and the
16 17 18 19	-	requirement for the development of a new customer information system. The Company included \$7.250 million in account 903 expense and \$0.504 in depreciation expense for the development of a new customer information system ("CIS"). The Company provided a summary of its development schedule and the projected costs to develop the system separated into expense and capital amounts
16 17 18 19 20	-	requirement for the development of a new customer information system. The Company included \$7.250 million in account 903 expense and \$0.504 in depreciation expense for the development of a new customer information system ("CIS"). The Company provided a summary of its development schedule and the projected costs to develop the system separated into expense and capital amounts in response to SFHHA Interrogatories 287 and 288. I have attached a copy of

1		The costs the Company included as expense are for the preparation of a detailed
2		project plan, review of scope and preliminary project requirements, approval of
3		scoping study documentation and preparation for data conversion, according to
4		the Company's response to SFHHA Interrogatory 284. I have attached a copy of
5		this response as my Exhibit(LK-23).
6		
7	Q.	Should any of the CIS developmental costs be expensed for ratemaking
8		purposes?
9	Α.	No. These costs should be either capitalized to the CIS plant costs or deferred as
10		a regulatory asset for ratemaking purposes rather than expensed in the test year.
11		The Company has determined that the costs should be expensed for accounting
12		purposes, according to its response to SFHHA Interrogatory 284; however, the
13		accounting does not and should not control the ratemaking treatment even
14		assuming that the Company's proposed accounting treatment is correct, which is a
15		matter of judgment. The costs should be capitalized or deferred because they will
16		be incurred for the development of the new CIS, which will be capitalized as
17		intangible plant. The Company will not continue to incur these costs after the
18		new CIS is implemented in June 2012. Thus, the costs are not recurring in nature
19		and should be appended to the CIS capitalized asset or deferred for ratemaking
20		purposes and then depreciated or amortized and recovered over the same expected
21		useful service life as the CIS asset.

1	Q.	Have you quantified the revenue requirement effect of your recommendation
2		to capitalize or defer this expense?
3	Α.	Yes. The Commission should reduce the revenue requirement by \$7.274 million
4		to reflect the reduction in expense. In addition, the Commission should increase
5		the revenue requirement by \$0.428 million to reflect the increase in rate base.
6		The computations are detailed on my Exhibit (LK-24).
7 8 9	<u>Adm</u>	inistrative and General Expense – Storm Damage Accrual
10	Q.	Please describe the Company's proposal to "reestablish" an annual accrual
11		for the Company's storm damage reserve.
12	А.	The Company proposes to recover through base rates an annual storm damage
13		expense accrual amount of \$148.667 million (\$150 million total Company). This
14		request has a revenue requirement effect of \$149.162 million. The Company
15		presently recovers no storm damage expense through base rates. Instead, the
16		Company presently recovers storm damage expense through a surcharge. The
17		Company does not propose a reduction in the surcharge amounts.
18		
19		The Company's rate request is sponsored by Company witness Mr. Armando
20		Pimentel, but it is based on a probabilistic loss analysis performed by Company
21		witness Mr. Stephen P. Harris of ABS Consulting using a proprietary probabilistic
22		simulation model.

Q. Please describe the Commission's historic framework for FPL's recovery of its storm damage costs.

3 A. Prior to its Order approving the settlement of the 2005 rate case, the Commission 4 historically allowed recovery of storm damage costs in base rates through a storm 5 damage expense accrual. This expense amount was recovered from ratepayers 6 and added to the storm damage reserve. When actual storm damage costs were 7 incurred, FPL charged these costs to the reserve, regardless of whether they were 8 costs that normally would be capitalized to plant or expensed and regardless of 9 whether they were "incremental" to costs that already were recovered through 10 base rates.

11

12 At any point in time, the storm damage reserve is in either a surplus or a 13 deficiency. The Company's storm damage reserve historically was in a surplus 14 until a series of severe hurricanes and storms in 2004 depleted the reserve and the 15 storm damage reserve became a deficiency. The Commission authorized a 16 provisional storm restoration surcharge in Docket No. 041291-EI, which it 17 affirmed in Order No. PSC-05-0937-FOF-EI, to provide the Company recovery of 18 the reserve deficit over three years. In addition, the Commission required a 19 change in the types of costs that could be charged to the reserve, thus reducing the 20 amount of annual expense accrual and the target reserve levels, all else equal. 21 The Commission determined that only "incremental" storm damage costs could 22 be charged to the reserve. This change meant that costs normally capitalized to 23 plant in service no longer could be charged against the storm damage reserve and

3

were required to be capitalized to plant in service. This change also meant that other costs recovered in base rates could not be charged against the storm damage reserve to avoid recovering the same costs twice.

4

5 The Commission also changed the form of storm damage recovery in 2005 by 6 removing all such recoveries from base rates and instead providing all recoveries 7 through a storm damage surcharge rider. In the Company's last base rate increase 8 proceeding, Docket No. 050045-EI, the parties reached a settlement whereby the 9 Company no longer would recover a storm damage expense accrual through base 10 Instead, the Company was permitted to recover its reasonable and rates. 11 prudently incurred storm restoration costs and to replenish the storm damage 12 reserve through a surcharge pursuant to a newly approved securitization financing law (Section 366.8260, Florida Statutes) and/or through a surcharge similar to the 13 14 one approved for storm damage recovery in 2004. The Commission approved 15 this settlement agreement by Order No. PSC-05-0902-S-EI on September 14, 16 2005.

17

The Commission affirmed this change in the form of recovery from base rates to a surcharge in yet another proceeding to recover the Company's storm damage costs that it incurred in 2005. These costs were incurred as the result of several more severe hurricanes that resulted in significant storm damage losses and another storm damage reserve deficiency. To recover these storm damage costs, the Company sought surcharge recovery of the costs based on the issuance of

1 low-cost securitization financing sufficient to recover not only the costs incurred 2 but also to replenish the storm damage reserve. The surcharge in conjunction with securitization financing was made possible by a statute newly enacted for the 3 4 express purpose of reducing the costs to ratepayers of storm damage loss 5 recovery. In Order No. PSC-06-0464-FOF-EI, the Commission approved a 6 levelized surcharge to recover the securitization and related costs over a 12 year 7 period, approved the recovery of only "incremental" costs despite the Company's 8 request for costs that otherwise would have been capitalized to plant in service or 9 that otherwise were already recovered in base rates, approved the securitization 10 financing, and approved the replenishment of the reserve fund in excess of the 11 storm damage reserve deficiency by \$200 million while rejecting the Company's 12 request for \$650 million. The Commission summarized its decision in Order No.

- 13 PSC-06-0464-FOF-EI as follows:
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15 In this Financing Order, we find that the issuance of storm-recovery 16 bonds and the imposition of related storm-recovery charges to finance the recovery of FPL's reasonable and prudently incurred storm-17 18 recovery costs, the replenishment of FPL's storm-recovery reserve, 19 and related financing costs are reasonably expected to significantly 20 mitigate rate impacts to customers as compared with alternative methods of recovery of storm-recovery costs and replenishment of the 22 storm-recovery reserve. [Order at 5].

- 24 Regarding its decision to limit recovery to only "incremental" storm damage
- 25 costs, the Commission stated:
- 27 Under FPL's Actual Restoration Cost Approach, all costs – both 28 normal and incremental - that were related to storm damage 29 activities are charged to FPL's Reserve. We find that the inclusion of

1normal costs results in a double recovery, once through base rates and2again through the Reserve. Accordingly, we find that an incremental3cost approach, including an adjustment to remove normal capital4costs, is the appropriate methodology to be used for booking FPL's52005 storm-recovery costs to its Reserve. [Id., 17].

- 7 Regarding its decision to limit the replenishment of the reserve to \$200 million
- 8

9

23

rather than FPL's request for \$650 million, the Commission stated the following:

10 Given that FPL has the opportunity to seek recovery of future storm 11 restoration costs through either a surcharge or securitization 12 pursuant to the 2005 Settlement Agreement and applicable law, and 13 given the preference of FPL's customers to face that risk when such 14 costs actually materialize, we decline to approve funding of FPL's 15 Reserve to a level of \$650 million through the storm-recovery bonds 16 authorized to be issued under the terms of this Order. We find that 17 funding FPL's Reserve to a level of \$200 million is appropriate and will (i) reduce the incidental costs associated with issuance of the 18 19 storm-recovery bonds authorized to be issued under the terms of this 20 Order, (ii) provide more critical review of FPL's charges to its 21 Reserve, and (iii) result in lower overall storm-recovery charges at this time. [Id., 25]. 22

- Finally, the Commission found that the storm damage surcharge in conjunction with securitization resulted in a significant reduction in the rate impacts to ratepayers compared to more traditional methods of financing or recovering storm-recovery costs and replenishing the reserve. The Commission stated the
- 28 following:

2930Thus, we find that the issuance of the storm-recovery bonds and the31imposition of the storm-recovery charges authorized by this Order32are reasonably expected to significantly mitigate rate impacts to33customers as compared with alternative, more traditional methods of34financing or recovering storm-recovery costs and replenishing the35Reserve. Likewise, through implementation of the required standards36and procedures established in this Order, we find that the structuring,

1marketing, pricing, and financing costs of the storm-recovery bonds2are reasonably expected to significantly. mitigate rate impacts to3customers as compared with alternative methods of financing or4recovery storm-recovery costs and replenishing the Reserve. [Id., 32].5

6 Q. Should the Commission revert to the recovery of storm damage expense 7 through base rates?

8 A. No. There is no reason for the Commission to revisit its conclusions in the Orders 9 previously cited resulting in the exclusive use of surcharge recoveries in 10 conjunction with securitization to minimize the costs to ratepavers. The 11 Commission should continue to use the surcharge approach in conjunction with 12 securitization of unusually large storm restoration costs resulting in storm damage 13 The use of a surcharge approach in conjunction with reserve deficiencies. 14 securitization provides the Company full and timely recovery of prudently 15 incurred storm damage costs, avoids the need to engage in speculation regarding 16 future storm damage costs, and results in substantially lower costs to ratepayers.

17

18 The present storm damage surcharge not only provides the Company recovery of 19 its prior storm damage reserve deficiencies, but also provides recovery of \$200 20 million in future storm damage amounts. That is because the Company's 21 securitization financing provided a "replenishment" of the storm damage reserve 22 in the amount of \$200 million. The surcharge is designed to recover the debt service not only to repay FPL for its actual prudently incurred storm restoration 23 24 costs prior to that date, but also to fund the additional \$200 million to the reserve 25 available for future storm damage cost. The Company estimates on MFR Schedule B-21 that the test year storm damage reserve will have a surplus of
 \$192.966 million after adding the earnings on that \$200 million and subtracting
 charges for subsequent storm damage amounts charged to the reserve since the
 securitization financing.

5

To the extent that there are severe storms that deplete this reserve surplus in the future, then the Commission can reset the storm damage surcharge or establish a new surcharge, and authorize the Company to securitize the storm damage reserve deficiency at that time, including amounts necessary to replenish the reserve.

10

11 The surcharge approach also avoids the need to engage in speculation over an 12 appropriate storm damage expense amount to include in base rates. The most 13 sophisticated models, including the ABS probabilistic simulation model employed 14 by Company witness Mr. Harris, cannot possibly accurately predict the magnitude 15 or the timing of actual storm damage costs.

16

Finally, the use of the surcharge approach in conjunction with securitization financing is the least cost and most economically efficient approach. This is true for several reasons. First, the use of the surcharge approach to recover the securitization debt service ensures that there is no tax penalty because the revenues match the expense. In contrast, the recovery of excessive expense accruals through base rates to prefund a surplus in the storm damage reserve results in a tax penalty because such recoveries are included in taxable income,

1 but the expense accrual is not deductible from taxable income (only actual costs 2 incurred are deductible). Under the Company's approach, there is an immediate 3 tax penalty of 38.58% (combined federal and state income tax rate) against the 4 storm damage expense accrual amounts collected through base rates that reduces 5 the amount that can be funded to the reserve. Thus, under the Company's 6 approach, ratepayers are required to make unnecessary payments to the federal 7 and state governments and then are penalized further through a reduction in the 8 actual funds in the storm damage reserve fund that can earn income.

9

10 Second, the surcharge approach in conjunction with securitization allows 11 significant savings to ratepayers by using 100% highly rated and lower cost 12 securitization debt instead of financing reserve deficiencies with conventional 13 financing. The costs of conventional financing include a combination of higher 14 cost debt and an even greater cost of common equity, including the income taxes 15 on the return on common equity.

16

Third, the use of the surcharge approach minimizes the investment the ratepayers must make in the storm damage reserve and the lost return on their investment by comparison to the Company's return on its rate base investment. The earnings on the storm damage reserve funds are extremely low due to the nature of the investments and the need to maintain liquidity. Thus, while ratepayers will be required to pay the Company an 11.80% return before tax on its rate base investments (based on its request in this proceeding), ratepayers will earn only a

Q. If the Commission determines that there should be some amount of storm damage expense recovery through base rates, should it adopt the Company's proposed \$148.667 million amount?

8 A. No. The proposed \$148,667 million expense amount is wildly excessive and 9 should be set at \$0 if the Commission deems it appropriate to reconsider the form 10 of storm damage expense recovery in this proceeding. First, the proposed amount 11 is based on an insurance-type probabilistic model of risk exposure and 12 replacement property damage. This type of analysis may be appropriate for the insurance industry, but it does not reflect the substance or form of the ratemaking 13 14 process, or more specifically, this Commission's ratemaking for storm damage 15 costs.

16

Unlike the insurance companies, it is not necessary for the Company to preemptively recover excessive amounts through rates in order to build up a loss reserve or a "cushion" for potential significant future losses. This is true because the Commission has stated repeatedly in its orders that the Company is entitled to recovery of its reasonable and prudently incurred storm damage costs, regardless of whether there is a sufficient amount in the storm damage reserve. If there is a

- deficiency, then the Commission historically has allowed the Company to recover
 the deficiency through a surcharge.
- 3

4 In addition, the analysis performed and the quantification provided by Company 5 witness Mr. Harris is overstated because it is not based on the "incremental" cost 6 for which the Commission allows recovery. Instead, his analysis provides a gross 7 damages estimate comparable to what the Company in prior storm damage 8 proceedings referred to as an "actual restoration cost approach." The Commission 9 rejected this approach in the two most recent storm damage orders that I 10 previously addressed and instead adopted the "incremental" cost approach. The 11 incremental cost approach excludes all costs that otherwise would be capitalized 12 to plant in service and excludes all costs already recovered through base rates, 13 such as the litany of such costs identified and removed by the Commission in its 14 PSC-06-0464-FOF-EI Order.

15

Finally, the analysis performed by Mr. Harris is overstated because it is based on the Company's proposal for a target reserve surplus of \$650 million. The Commission previously rejected that approach and specifically rejected the \$650 million target amount and found that a \$200 million reserve surplus was reasonable. There is no valid reason for the Commission to revisit its most recent determination on this issue.

- 22
- 23 Depreciation Expense New Customer Information System
- 24

- Q. Please describe the depreciation expense included in the Company's test year
 for the development of a new customer information system.
- 3 A. The Company included \$0.504 million in depreciation expense on capitalized 4 plant in service costs for a new CIS. This has a revenue requirement effect of 5 \$0.506 million. The Company expects to commence development of the new CIS 6 in January 2010 and to complete and implement it in June 2012. The Company 7 provided a summary of its development schedule in response to SFHHA 8 Interrogatory 287 and the depreciation expense included in the test year revenue 9 requirement in response to SFHHA Interrogatory 288. I have attached a copy of 10 each of these responses as my Exhibit (LK-21) and Exhibit (LK-22), 11 respectively.

Q. Should the Company have included depreciation expense for the new CIS in the test year?

A. No. The new CIS is not scheduled to be implemented ("go live") until June 2012,
according to its response to SFHHA Interrogatory 287. No amounts should be
transferred from construction work in progress to plant in service until the date
the new system is placed in service. Consequently, depreciation expense should
not commence until June 2012 in accordance with generally accepted accounting
principles ("GAAP") and the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission ("FERC")
Uniform System of Accounts ("USOA").

- 23 Depreciation Expense Capital Expenditure Reductions
- 24

1	Q.	In the Rate Base section of your testimony, you address capital expenditure
2		reductions and the effects on rate base and the revenue requirement. Is there
3		also a related effect on depreciation expense?
4	A.	Yes. A reduction in the plant in service amounts for the test year will result in
5		less depreciation expense than reflected in the Company's projected test year
6		amounts.
7		
8	Q.	Have you quantified the effect of your recommendation?
9	A.	Yes. The effect is to reduce depreciation expense by \$26.883 million and to
10		reduce the revenue requirement by \$26.719 million. I address the effects on rate
11		base and the resulting reduction in the revenue requirement related to that
12		component in the rate base section of my testimony. The computations are
13		detailed on my Exhibit(LK-25). I used a composite depreciation rate for all
14		plant accounts to compute the reduction in depreciation expense based on the
15		assumption that the reduction in the plant investment due to capital expenditure
16		reductions was proportional to the Company's plant investment reflected in its
17		depreciation study.

19 Depreciation Expense – Depreciation Reserve Surplus

20

21 Q. Does the Company presently have a depreciation reserve surplus?

A. Yes. Despite the reduction of the Company's reserve surplus over the last four
years by \$500 million (\$125 million annually from 2006 through 2009) as the
result of the settlement reached in Docket Nos. 050045-EI and 050188-EI, the

1	Company still has an estimated reserve surplus of \$1,245 million at January 1,
2	2010. The Company's computations of the reserve surplus are summarized on
3	page 53 of the depreciation study attached to Mr. C. Richard Clarke's Direct
4	Testimony as Exhibit CRC-1. I have attached a copy of this page from the
5	Company's depreciation study as my Exhibit_(LK-26) for reference purposes.
6	
7	The Company has a depreciation reserve surplus for every functional plant
8	category, except for transmission plant. The following table summarizes the
9	composition of the reserve surplus computed by the Company at December 31,
10	2009 by functional plant category.
11	

Florida Power & Light Company Excess Reserve as of December 31, 2009 (\$ Millions)

Function	Excess Reserve
Steam Generation	410.110
Nuclear Generation	377.507
Combined Cycle Generation	25.945
Combustion Turbine Generation	28.028
Transmission	(15.637)
Distribution	340.529
General	78.879
Total Excess Depreciation Reserve	1,245.360

12

13

14 Q. How should the Commission address the reserve surplus in this proceeding?

1 A. I recommend that the Commission amortize the reserve surplus over five years in 2 a manner similar to that which it approved in Order No. PSC-05-0902-S-EI 3 approving the settlement in the Company's 2005 rate case. In that proceeding, the 4 Company was allowed to amortize \$125 million of its reserve surplus as a 5 reduction to depreciation expense each year from 2006 through 2009 for a 6 The Company did so and allocated the cumulative total of \$500 million. 7 amortization over the plant accounts on a pro rata basis to reduce the actual 8 depreciation expense and accumulated depreciation recorded on its accounting 9 books each year.

10

11 Q. Why is it appropriate to amortize the reserve surplus over a five year 12 period?

A. The Commission should attempt to refund this surplus over a reasonably short
period to as closely as possible return the amounts to the ratepayers who overpaid
for depreciation expense in prior years based on prior life and salvage estimates.
The reserve surplus means that depreciation expense in prior years was excessive
compared to present expectations for the service lives, retirements and salvage
estimates of plant assets.

19

20 Q. Have you quantified the effect of your recommendation?

A. Yes. The effect is to reduce depreciation expense by \$246.735 million and to
reduce the revenue requirement by \$247.556 million. In addition, there is an
offsetting increase of \$14.559 million in the revenue requirement for the rate of

1		return on the rate base, which will be more than the Company projected due to the
2		reduction in accumulated depreciation. The computations are detailed on my
3		Exhibit(LK-27).
4 5 6	Depre	eciation Expense – Capital Recovery
7	Q.	Please describe the Company's request for "capital recovery" of certain
8		plant investment costs.
9	A.	The Company proposes a four year amortization of the net book value of
10		numerous costs as of December 31, 2009. These costs include the remaining
11		undepreciated costs of the Cape Canaveral Units 1 and 2 and common, the Riviera
12		Units 3 and 4 and common; the remaining undepreciated nuclear uprate costs of
13		St. Lucie Units 1 and 2 and Turkey Point Units 3 and 4 and common; and the
14		undepreciated costs of the Company's existing meter investment that will be
15		replaced with advanced meters under the Company's advanced metering initiative
16		("AMI").
17		
18		The Company plans to remove the Cape Canaveral facilities from service in 2010
19		and commence a "modernization" of the facilities as combined cycle units.
20		Similarly, the Company plans to remove the Riviera facilities from service in
21		2011 and commence a modernization of the Riviera facilities as combined cycle
22		units. The Company simply proposes to amortize the nuclear uprate costs over
23		four years with no rationale provided by any witness. Finally, the Company plans

1 to amortize the remaining investment in its existing meters over four years due to

2 its planned AMI meter deployment.

The following table summarizes the net book value at December 31, 2009 of each
of these capital recovery costs and the Company's proposed depreciation expense
based on a four year capital recovery period.

Florida Power & Light Company Unrecovered Capital Costs as of December 31, 2009 (\$ Millions)

Description	Unrecovered Costs
Cape Canaveral Common	3.539
Cape Canaveral Unit 1	23.148
Cape Canaveral Unit 2	8.616
Riviera Common	0.057
Riviera Unit 1	5.664
Riviera Unit 2	3.883
St. Lucie Unit 1	40.821
St. Lucie Unit 2	37.448
Turkey Point Common	2.149
Turkey Point Unit 3	43.931
Turkey Point Unit 4	43.886
Acct 370 Meters Made Obsolete by AMI	101.082
Total Unrecovered Costs	314.223

8

9 Q. Should the Commission authorize depreciation over a four year period for

10 the undepreciated costs of the Cape Canaveral and Riviera facilities?

A. No. The Commission should direct the Company to cease depreciation on these
 facilities, add the remaining net book value to the costs of the modernization, and
 then depreciate the costs along with the modernization costs over the estimated

service lives of the modernized facilities. The Company's witnesses have offered
 no valid rationale to accelerate the recovery of these capital costs to four years.

3

To the extent the facilities are retired for property accounting purposes, the retirement amounts will be used to reduce gross plant in service and accumulated depreciation by the same amounts in accordance with GAAP and the FERC USOA. In this manner, the remaining net plant associated with these facilities will be reflected as an asset amount of accumulated deprecation. In addition, depreciation expense will cease because there no longer will be any gross plant in service.

11

Once the modernization is completed, then the Commission should allow the Company to recover both the modernization costs and the asset accumulated depreciation related to the retired assets over the expected service lives of the new facilities. This is similar in concept to the cost of reacquiring debt and replacing it with lower cost debt. In that situation, the cost of reacquiring the old debt is deferred and then amortized over the life of the new debt issue.

18

Alternatively, the Commission should direct the Company to defer the net
remaining book value at December 31, 2009 and then amortize the deferred
amounts using the existing depreciation rates.

Q. Should the Commission authorize depreciation over a four year period for the nuclear uprate costs incurred through December 31, 2009?

A. No. The Commission should depreciate these costs over the remaining extended
license life of the nuclear units. These costs are capital costs that were incurred to
substantially improve and increase the output of the nuclear facilities over their
extended lives. There is no valid reason that these capital costs should be
segregated from the other capital costs of these facilities and depreciated over any
period shorter than their estimated useful service lives in the same manner as any
other capitalized plant cost.

10

Q. Should the Commission authorize depreciation over a four year period for the existing meter investment?

No. The Commission should use the same depreciation or amortization rate for 13 A. 14 these costs as it adopts for the remaining existing meter investment that will not 15 be replaced by AMI meters. There is no valid reason to accelerate the recovery of 16 the Company's existing meter investment, particularly when the Company's 17 revenue requirement also includes the costs of the replacement AMI meters. The 18 Company's proposal has the effect not only of "doubling up" the recovery of old 19 non-AMI and new AMI meter investment, but also of accelerating the recovery of 20 the old meter investment from the present recovery using a 3.26% depreciation 21 rate to a 25% depreciation rate.

Q. 1 Have you quantified the effect of your recommendations on the Company's 2 proposed capital recovery amounts?

3 A. Yes. The effect is to reduce depreciation expense by \$63.394 million and to reduce the revenue requirement by \$63.605 million for the three capital recovery 4 5 components. In addition, there is an offsetting increase in the revenue 6 requirement of \$3.741 million to reflect the return on rate base resulting from the 7 reduction in accumulated depreciation compared to the Company's requested rate 8 base amount. The expense and rate base revenue requirement effects are shown 9 separately in the table in the Summary section of my testimony. The 10 computations are detailed on my Exhibit (LK-28).

11

12 **Depreciation Expense – Service Lives**

13

14 Q. Please describe the Company's proposed service lives used to develop the depreciation rates and depreciation expense for its combined cycle 15 generating facilities, including WCEC 1 and 2, reflected in its requested test 16 year revenue requirement and for the WCEC 3 facilities reflected in its 17 18 proposed GBRA.

The Company proposes a service life of 25 years for all such facilities, except for 19 A. 20 those that would be retired prior to June 2020 if it had continued to use that 21 service life assumption for those facilities, or ten years after the test year, 22 according to the depreciation study attached to the Direct Testimony of C. 23 Richard Clarke as his Exhibit CRC-1. The Company offered no support for the 24 proposed 25 year service life.

2 Q. Is the Company's proposed 25 year service life reasonable?

A. No. I recommend a 40 year service life. The service life used for depreciation
purposes should reflect the expected useful life of the facility, not some arbitrary
shorter period. The Company proposes depreciation rates assuming 25 year
service lives based on probable retirement dates 25 years after the commercial inservice dates for its combined cycle units with the exception of the Putnam units.

8

9 The Putnam 1 unit went into commercial operation in 1977 and Putnam 2 in 1978, 10 according to the Company's FERC Form 1. I have attached a copy of page 402 11 from the Company's 2008 Form 1 filing as my Exhibit (LK-29). The 12 Company originally claimed that the units had a service life of 25 years for 13 depreciation purposes and the Commission set depreciation rates based on that 14 assumption. However, Putnam 1 was not retired in 2002 and Putnam 3 was not 15 retired in 2003, their respective 25th anniversary dates and the assumed end of 16 their service lives. Instead, the Company continues to operate both units. The 17 Company now asserts that the Putnam 1 and 2 units both have a probable 18 retirement date of June 2020 for depreciation purposes, which means that the 19 Company has no plans to retire the units before that date and may continue to 20 operate the units beyond that date. The June 2020 retirement date indicates that 21 the Putnam 1 unit has a service life of at least 43 years and Putnam 2 of at least 42 22 years. The Company provided this information on page 132 of Company witness 23 Mr. C. Richard Clarke's Exhibit CRC-1, the Company's depreciation study. I

1 have attached a copy of this page as my Exhibit (LK-30) for reference 2 purposes. These probable retirement dates for the Putnam units demonstrate that 3 in reality the Company's combined cycle units have service lives of at least 40 4 years. 5 6 In addition to the experience of the Company's own units, other utilities use a 40 7 year service life for planning and depreciation purposes. For example, PacifiCorp 8 uses a 40 year life for its combined cycle combustion turbine facilities. I have 9 attached a copy of the cover and the relevant page from PacifiCorp's 2008 IRP, 10 which shows PacifiCorp's service life assumptions for such facilities used in its 11 resource planning process, as my Exhibit (LK-31). 12 13 Finally, as a practical matter, utilities do not retire generating units if they remain 14 economic to generate. Thus, the Commission should assume that the Company 15 will continue to operate these units for at least 40 years unless the Company can 16 demonstrate conclusively that they will be operated only for 25 years. 17 18 Q. Have you quantified the effect of your recommendation?

A. Yes. The effect is to reduce depreciation expense by \$123.319 million and to
reduce the revenue requirement by \$123.730 million. In addition, there is an
offsetting increase in the revenue requirement of \$7.726 million to reflect the
return on rate base resulting from the reduction in accumulated depreciation
compared to the Company's requested rate base amount. The expense and rate

1		base revenue requirement effects are shown separately in the table in the
2		Summary section of my testimony. The computations are detailed on my
3		Exhibit(LK-32).
4 5 6	Incon	<u>ne Tax Expense – Economic Stimulus Bill</u>
7	Q.	Has the Company reflected any of the tax benefits resulting from the federal
8		Economic Stimulus Bill in its filing?
9	A.	No. Company witness Ms. Ousdahl acknowledged that "many provisions of the
10		bill are effective for the 2009 tax year," but stated that "[a] this time, the
11		Company has not quantified or captured the potential benefits." [Ousdahl Direct
12		at 36].
13		
14	Q.	Should the tax benefits resulting from the American Recovery and
15		Reinvestment Act of 2009 ("Stimulus Bill") be reflected in the Company's
16		revenue requirement?
17	A.	Yes. There are numerous provisions that provide grants or other subsidies for
18		utility investment in generation, transmission and distribution infrastructure.
19		Many of the provisions are effective already in 2009 and extend into subsequent
20		years.
21		
22	Q.	Should these tax benefits be reflected in the Company's revenue
23		requirement?

.

A. Yes. At a minimum, the Commission should reflect a \$20 million grant available
to the Company to reduce the costs of advanced (AMI) meters and other smart
grid investment. The Company's filing includes the costs of deploying advanced
meters and the related smart grid infrastructure. It is axiomatic that any grants or
other savings resulting from that deployment should be used to reduce the costs
included in the revenue requirement.

7

8 The Stimulus Bill modified the provisions of the Energy Independence and 9 Security Act ("EISA") of 2007 addressing smart grid technology deployment. 10 Section 405 of the Stimulus Bill modified Section 1304 of the EISA to provide a 11 subsidy of up to 50% (up from 20% under EISA) of the cost of smart grid 12 technology deployment in the form of grants to utilities for qualified costs. The 13 Department of Energy ("DOE") issued a draft notice of its "Funding Opportunity 14 Announcement (FOA) for the Smart Grid Investment Grant Program" providing 15 for grants of up to \$20 million for this purpose, although I was recently informed 16 by an AEP employee in another rate proceeding that the \$20 million cap has been 17 removed and more grant funds are available.

18

19 Q. Has the Company applied to the DOE for the matching grants for smart grid
 20 investment?

A. Yes. The website <u>www.smartmeter.com</u> reported on April 20, 2009 that FPL
planned to install a million fully functioning "smart meters" for all Miami
residents within the next two years. The article reported that "[t]he utility is

applying for a matching grant from the stimulus package that Hay [FPL CEO
 Lewis Hay] says will allow FP&L to complete the project within two years." I
 have attached a copy of the article as my Exhibit___(LK-33).

- 4
- 5

6

Q. Should the Commission incorporate this benefit in the revenue requirement even if the Company has not yet received grant funds?

7 A. Yes. The entire test year is a projection of the Company's revenues and costs 8 based on assumptions. The Commission should assume that the Company will 9 seek these funds and obtain the maximum amount available to individual utilities. 10 The alternative is to assume that the Company will not seek these funds and/or 11 will not obtain any funding. On the spectrum of possibilities, the probability of 12 the former, while not certain because it represents an assumption regarding the 13 future, is far greater than the latter. Alternatively, but with essentially the same 14 result, the Commission could exclude at least \$20 million from the Company's 15 proposed rate base and the related depreciation expense and instead allow the 16 Company to defer \$20 million of its AMI deployment costs to this account rather 17 than capitalizing it to plant in service. The deferred asset amount then would be 18 reduced by the entirety of any grants received from the DOE. Any residual 19 (positive or negative) could be included by the Company in rate base in a future 20 rate proceeding.

21

Q. Have you quantified the effect of your recommendation to include the DOE
smart grid grant of \$20 million?

1 A. Yes. The effect is to reduce the Company's proposed revenue requirement by 2 \$3.846 million. I quantified this effect in two steps. First, I computed the reduction in depreciation expense by applying the Company's proposed 3 4 depreciation rate for the new AMI meters of 7.97% to the \$20 million grant 5 amount. This had the effect of reducing depreciation expense by \$1.579 million 6 on a jurisdictional basis and reducing the revenue requirement by \$1.584 million. 7 Second, I computed the reduction in the return by multiplying the Company's 8 proposed 11.80% grossed-up rate of return times the net reduction in rate base of 9 \$19.210 million (reflecting half year of depreciation expense in accumulated 10 depreciation). This had the effect of reducing the Company's revenue 11 requirement by an additional \$2.267 million. The computations are detailed on 12 my Exhibit (LK-34).

13

14 Q. How should the Commission address other tax benefits resulting from the 15 Stimulus Bill?

16 A. The Commission should direct the Company to capture and defer as a regulatory 17 liability all tax benefits that obtained, but for which the Company failed to reflect 18 the estimated savings in its requested revenue requirement. The Commission then 19 should use these amounts to reduce the Company's revenue requirement in a 20 subsequent rate proceeding. The Commission should require that the Company 21 document these tax benefits along with its efforts to maximize the value of those 22 tax benefits for the Commission's review in a subsequent rate proceeding.

2 3 4	<u>Capi</u>	tal Expenditure Reductions Since Budgets/Forecasts Were Developed
5	Q.	Has the Company cut its actual capital expenditures significantly from
6		budgeted levels to date in 2009?
7	A.	Yes. For the first four months of 2009, the Company cut its capital expenditures
8		by \$170 million from budget levels, from \$897 million to \$727 million. This is a
9		reduction of 19.0% or \$529 million on an annual basis compared to the
10		Company's \$2,790 million 2009 capital expenditure budget. The actual and
11		budget amounts were provided in response to SFHHA Interrogatory 279, a copy
12		of which I have attached as Exhibit(LK-35). These reductions are in addition
13		to \$469 million in capital expenditure reductions already incorporated in the 2009
14		approved budget compared to the 2009 proposed budget, according to FPL
15		witness Barrett's Exhibit REB-16.
16		
17	Q.	Should the Commission reflect these cost reductions in the 2010 test year
18		revenue requirement?
19	A.	Yes. The Company's plant investment included in rate base should be reduced to
20		reflect these capital expenditure reductions on an annualized basis, both for the
21		annualized 2009 reductions carried forward into 2010 and for reductions of
22		similar magnitude in 2010.
23		

III. RATE BASE ISSUES

1

24 Q. Have you quantified the effect of your recommendations?

1	А.	Yes. The effect is to reduce gross plant included in rate base by \$784 million and
2		the revenue requirement by \$92.520 million based on the Company's proposed
3		rate of return. In addition, there is an offsetting reduction to accumulated
4		depreciation that increases rate base by \$31.080 million and increases the revenue
5		requirement by \$3.668 million. The computations are detailed on my
6		Exhibit (LK-25). I discuss the related depreciation expense effect in the
7		Operating Income section of my testimony.
8 9 10	<u>Capi</u>	tal Recovery and Related Accumulated Depreciation
11	Q.	Have you quantified the effect of your depreciation expense
12		recommendations on rate base and the related revenue requirement?
13	A.	Yes. The effect of this issue is to reduce rate base by \$31.697 million and the
14		revenue requirement by \$3.741 million. The quantifications are detailed on my
15		Exhibit (LK-28). I discuss the related depreciation expense effects in the
16		Operating Income section of my testimony.
17 18 19	<u>Depr</u>	reciation Lives and Related Accumulated Depreciation
20	Q.	Have you quantified the effect of your depreciation expense
21		recommendations on rate base and the related revenue requirement?
22	A.	Yes. The effect of this issue is to increase rate base by \$61.660 million and the
23		revenue requirement by \$7.276 million. The quantifications are detailed on my
24		Exhibit (LK-32). I discuss the related depreciation expense effects in the
25		Operating Income section of my testimony.

1 **IV. CAPITAL STRUCTURE AND RATE OF RETURN ISSUES** 2 3 Capital Structure – Common Equity 4 5 0. SFHHA witness Mr. Richard Baudino recommends adjustments to the 6 Company's proposed capital structure that reduce the common equity ratio and increase the debt ratio used to develop the rate of return applied to rate 7 8 base. Have you quantified the effect of Mr. Baudino's recommendation? 9 A. Yes. The effect is to reduce the Company's revenue requirement by \$121.424 10 million. I computed the revenue requirement effect in three steps. First, I 11 computed the Company's requested rate of return grossed-up for income taxes on 12 the equity component. Second, I computed Mr. Baudino's adjusted rate of return 13 grossed-up for income taxes on the equity component. Third, I computed the 14 revenue requirement by multiplying the difference in the two rates of return times 15 the rate base that I recommend. The computations are detailed on my 16 Exhibit___(LK-36) in Sections I and II. 17

18 19

Capital Structure – Short Term Debt

Q. SFHHA witness Mr. Baudino recommends adjustments to the Company's
proposed capital structure that increase the short term debt ratio and reduce
the long term debt ratio used to develop the rate of return applied to rate
base. Have you quantified the effect of Mr. Baudino's recommendation?
A. Yes. The effect is to reduce the Company's revenue requirement by \$11.018
million in addition to the reduction from the first of Mr. Baudino's capital

.

1		structure recommendations. I computed the revenue requirement effect in the
2		same manner as for the first of Mr. Baudino's recommendations. The
3		computations are detailed on my Exhibit (LK-36) in Sections II and III.
4 5 6	<u>Capi</u>	tal Structure – Accumulated Deferred Income Taxes Related to FIN 48
7	Q.	Should the Commission increase the amount of accumulated deferred income
8		taxes reflected in the Company's proposed capital structure?
9	A.	Yes. The Company inappropriately has reduced the ADIT included in its
10		proposed capital structure by \$168.598 million for the effects of FIN 48. The
11		Company provided this amount in response to SFHHA Interrogatory No. 278, a
12		copy of which I have attached as my Exhibit (LK-37). FIN 48 is a new
13		accounting standard that was implemented by the Company in 2007. FIN 48
14		requires the Company to establish a "reserve" for future income tax audit
15		adjustments that may increase the Company's income tax liability and thus reduce
16		the ADIT recorded on its accounting books. The FIN 48 adjustment reduces the
17		net liability ADIT reflected in the Company's proposed capital structure as cost
18		free capital.
19		
20	Q.	Why should the Commission restore the full amount of the net liability ADIT

21 and exclude the FIN 48 adjustment in the capital structure?

A. There are several reasons. First, the FIN 48 adjustment does not actually reduce
the Company's cost free capital. It is nothing more than the Company's educated
guess at the outcome of the Company's future tax audits for deductions that

1	already have been taken and that already are reflected in its tax returns. Second,
2	if the Company's educated guess was pessimistic, then there never will be a
3	ratepayer true-up for the lost return because of the assumption that the Company
4	had less cost-free capital than it actually had. Third, the Commission has not
5	previously reduced the Company's ADIT for potential future audit adjustments.
6	Fourth, to the extent that there are future audit adjustments that actually reduce
7	the tax benefits reflected in the ADIT amounts, then the per books amounts will
8	be properly reduced for those effects in future rate proceedings. Thus, the
9	Company's adjustment is speculative at best, and completely unnecessary as the
10	Company will be fully protected if and when there are actual audit adjustments.

12 **Q**. Have you quantified the revenue requirement effect of your 13 recommendation?

14 Α. Yes. The effect is to reduce the Company's revenue requirement by \$17.643 15 million in addition to the reductions due to Mr. Baudino's capital structure 16 recommendations. To compute this effect, I increased the ADIT included in the 17 capital structure by the FIN 48 amount, computed the difference between the 18 resulting grossed-up rate of return and the grossed-up rate of return reflecting only 19 Mr. Baudino's capital structure adjustments and then multiplied this difference 20 times the rate base that I recommend. The computations are detailed on my 21 Exhibit___(LK-36) in Sections III and IV.

22

23 **<u>Capital Structure – Customer Deposits and Accumulated Deferred Income Taxes</u>**

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1	Q.	Are there other adjustments that should be made to the Company's proposed
2		capital structure?
3	A.	Yes. The Company has improperly diluted the low-cost capital provided by
4		customer deposits and the cost-free capital provided by ADIT by allocating the
5		sum of the prorata adjustments to these capital components.
6		
7	Q.	Why is this improper?
8	A.	These capital amounts should be directly assigned to ratepayers in the same
9		manner as if the amounts had been used to reduce rate base. Customer deposits
10		and ADIT were not used to finance the amounts that comprise the total of the
11		prorata adjustments detailed on MFR Schedule D-1B. The prorata adjustments
12		detailed on MFR Schedule D-1B are primarily to reconcile the total capitalization
13		to rate base, which excludes certain construction work in progress and the capital
14		costs recovered through various riders.
15		
16	Q.	Have you quantified the revenue requirement effect of your
17		recommendation?
18	A.	Yes. The effect is to reduce the Company's revenue requirement by \$48.695
19		million in addition to the reductions due to the SFHHA capital structure
20		recommendations that I previously quantified. To compute this effect, I
21		reallocated the prorata adjustments to all capital components except customer
22		deposits, ADIT and investment tax credits. I then computed the difference
23		between the resulting grossed-up rate of return and the grossed-up rate of return

	reflecting the prior SFHHA capital structure recommendations and multiplied this
	difference times the rate base that I recommend. The computations are detailed
	on my Exhibit(LK-36) in Sections IV and V.
<u>Capita</u>	al Structure – Accumulated Deferred Income Taxes Related to Changes in Depreciation Expense
Q.	Is it necessary to change the ADIT included in the capital structure to reflect
	the changes in depreciation expense and accumulated depreciation that your
	recommend?
A.	Yes. If depreciation expense and accumulated depreciation are reduced from the
	levels proposed by the Company for the adjustments to those amounts that I
	previously discussed, then there also must be an increase to the related ADIT
	compared to the levels proposed by the Company in the capital structure. In other
	words, a reduction in depreciation expense results in an increase in deferred
	income tax expense and thus, an increase in ADIT.
Q.	Have you quantified the revenue requirement effect of your
	recommendation?
A.	Yes. The effect is to reduce the Company's revenue requirement by \$8.909
	million in addition to the reductions due to the SFHHA capital structure
	recommendations that I previously quantified. To compute this effect, I increased
	the ADIT by multiplying the Company's 38.58% combined federal and state
	income tax rate times the net reduction in accumulated depreciation resulting
	Q. A. Q.

1		from my depreciation expense recommendations. I then computed the difference
2		between the resulting grossed-up rate of return and the grossed-up rate of return
3		reflecting the prior SFHHA capital structure recommendations and multiplied this
4		difference times the rate base that I recommend. The computations are detailed
5		on my Exhibit(LK-36) in Sections V and VI.
6 7 8	<u>Retu</u>	rn on Common Equity
9	Q.	Have you quantified the revenue requirement effect of SFHHA witness Mr.
10		Baudino's return on equity recommendation?
11	A.	Yes. The effect is to reduce the Company's revenue requirement by \$232.610
12		million in addition to the reductions due to the SFHHA capital structure
13		recommendations that I previously quantified. To compute this effect, I
14		substituted Mr. Baudino's return on equity for the Company's requested 12.50%
15		return on equity. I then computed the difference between the resulting grossed-up
16		rate of return and the grossed-up rate of return reflecting the prior SFHHA capital
17		structure recommendations and multiplied this difference times the rate base that I
18		recommend. The computations are detailed on my Exhibit (LK-36) in
19		Sections VI and VII.
20 21 22	<u>Cost</u>	of Short-Term Debt
23	Q.	Have you quantified the revenue requirement effect of SFHHA witness Mr.
24		Baudino's cost of short term debt recommendation?

1 A. Yes. The effect is to reduce the Company's revenue requirement by \$11.785 2 million in addition to the reductions due to the SFHHA capital structure and 3 return on equity recommendations that I previously quantified. To compute this 4 effect, I substituted Mr. Baudino's proposed 0.60% cost of short term debt for the 5 Company's 2.96% cost of short term debt. I then computed the difference 6 between the resulting grossed-up rate of return and the grossed-up rate of return 7 reflecting the prior SFHHA capital structure recommendations and multiplied this 8 difference times the rate base that I recommend. Finally, I offset this reduction 9 due only to the interest rate differential to include the \$1.661 million in annual 10 interest expense for the facility and administrative fees for the Company's credit 11 term loan facilities, which increases the Company's interest expense to include 12 these fees and increases the revenue requirement. I obtained these amounts from 13 the Company's response to SFHHA Interrogatory 280, a copy of which I have 14 attached as my Exhibit (LK-38). Mr. Baudino addresses the reasons why the 15 Commission should exclude the facility and administrative fees from the interest 16 rate applied to rate base and instead add the expense separately to the revenue 17 The computations are detailed on my Exhibit (LK-36) in requirement. 18 Sections VII and VIII.

19

20 Q. Does this complete your testimony?

21 A. Yes.

Exhibits

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Public Disclosure Version

BEFORE THE FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

)

IN RE:

PETITION FOR RATE INCREASE BY FLORIDA POWER & LIGHT COMPANY

) **DOCKET NO. 080677-EI**

EXHIBITS

OF

LANE KOLLEN

ON BEHALF OF THE

SOUTH FLORIDA HOSPITAL AND HEALTHCARE ASSOCIATION

J. KENNEDY AND ASSOCIATES, INC. ROSWELL, GEORGIA

JULY 2009

EXHIBIT__(LK-1)

1

RESUME OF LANE KOLLEN, VICE PRESIDENT

EDUCATION

University of Toledo, BBA Accounting

University of Toledo, MBA

Luther Rice University, MA

PROFESSIONAL CERTIFICATIONS

Certified Public Accountant (CPA)

Certified Management Accountant (CMA)

PROFESSIONAL AFFILIATIONS

American Institute of Certified Public Accountants

Georgia Society of Certified Public Accountants

Institute of Management Accountants

More than thirty years of utility industry experience in the financial, rate, tax, and planning areas. Specialization in revenue requirements analyses, taxes, evaluation of rate and financial impacts of traditional and nontraditional ratemaking, utility mergers/acquisition and diversification. Expertise in proprietary and nonproprietary software systems used by utilities for budgeting, rate case support and strategic and financial planning.

RESUME OF LANE KOLLEN, VICE PRESIDENT

EXPERIENCE

1986 to

Present: J. Kennedy and Associates, Inc.: Vice President and Principal. Responsible for utility stranded cost analysis, revenue requirements analysis, cash flow projections and solvency, financial and cash effects of traditional and nontraditional ratemaking, and research, speaking and writing on the effects of tax law changes. Testimony before Connecticut, Florida, Georgia, Indiana, Louisiana, Kentucky, Maine, Maryland, Minnesota, New York, North Carolina, Ohio, Pennsylvania, Tennessee, Texas, West Virginia and Wisconsin state regulatory commissions and the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission.

1983 to 1986:

Energy Management Associates: Lead Consultant.

Consulting in the areas of strategic and financial planning, traditional and nontraditional ratemaking, rate case support and testimony, diversification and generation expansion planning. Directed consulting and software development projects utilizing PROSCREEN II and ACUMEN proprietary software products. Utilized ACUMEN detailed corporate simulation system, PROSCREEN II strategic planning system and other custom developed software to support utility rate case filings including test year revenue requirements, rate base, operating income and pro-forma adjustments. Also utilized these software products for revenue simulation, budget preparation and cost-of-service analyses.

1976 to 1983:

The Toledo Edison Company: Planning Supervisor.

Responsible for financial planning activities including generation expansion planning, capital and expense budgeting, evaluation of tax law changes, rate case strategy and support and computerized financial modeling using proprietary and nonproprietary software products. Directed the modeling and evaluation of planning alternatives including:

Rate phase-ins. Construction project cancellations and write-offs. Construction project delays. Capacity swaps. Financing alternatives. Competitive pricing for off-system sales. Sale/leasebacks.

RESUME OF LANE KOLLEN, VICE PRESIDENT

CLIENTS SERVED

Industrial Companies and Groups

Air Products and Chemicals, Inc. Airco Industrial Gases Alcan Aluminum Armco Advanced Materials Co. Armco Steel **Bethlehem Steel Connecticut Industrial Energy Consumers** ELCON Enron Gas Pipeline Company Florida Industrial Power Users Group Gallatin Steel General Electric Company **GPU** Industrial Intervenors Indiana Industrial Group Industrial Consumers for Fair Utility Rates - Indiana Industrial Energy Consumers - Ohio Kentucky Industrial Utility Customers, Inc. Kimberly-Clark Company

Lehigh Valley Power Committee Maryland Industrial Group Multiple Intervenors (New York) National Southwire North Carolina Industrial **Energy Consumers** Occidental Chemical Corporation Ohio Energy Group **Ohio Industrial Energy Consumers Ohio Manufacturers Association** Philadelphia Area Industrial Energy Users Group **PSI Industrial Group** Smith Cogeneration Taconite Intervenors (Minnesota) West Penn Power Industrial Intervenors West Virginia Energy Users Group Westvaco Corporation

Regulatory Commissions and Government Agencies

Cities in Texas-New Mexico Power Company's Service Territory Cities in AEP Texas Central Company's Service Territory Cities in AEP Texas North Company's Service Territory Georgia Public Service Commission Staff Kentucky Attorney General's Office, Division of Consumer Protection Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff Maine Office of Public Advocate New York State Energy Office Office of Public Utility Counsel (Texas)

Utilities

Allegheny Power System Atlantic City Electric Company Carolina Power & Light Company Cleveland Electric Illuminating Company Delmarva Power & Light Company Duquesne Light Company General Public Utilities Georgia Power Company Middle South Services Nevada Power Company Niagara Mohawk Power Corporation Otter Tail Power Company Pacific Gas & Electric Company Public Service Electric & Gas Public Service of Oklahoma Rochester Gas and Electric Savannah Electric & Power Company Seminole Electric Cooperative Southern California Edison Talquin Electric Cooperative Tampa Electric Texas Utilities Toledo Edison Company

Date	Case	Jurisdict.	Party	Utility	Subject
10/86	U-17282 Interim	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	Gulf States Utilities	Cash revenue requirements financial solvency.
11/86	U-17282 Interim Rebuttal	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	Gulf States Utilities	Cash revenue requirements financial solvency.
12/86	9613	КY	Attorney General Div. of Consumer Protection	Big Rivers Electric Corp.	Revenue requirements accounting adjustments financial workout plan.
1/87	U-17282 Interim	LA 19th Judiciał District Ct.	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	Guif States Utilities	Cash revenue requirements, financial solvency.
3/87	General Order 236	w	West Virginia Energy Users' Group	Monongahela Power Co.	Tax Reform Act of 1986.
4/87	U-17282 Prudence	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	Gulf States Utilities	Prudence of River Bend 1, economic analyses, cancellation studies.
4/87	M-100 Sub 113	NC	North Carolina Industrial Energy Consumers	Duke Power Co.	Tax Reform Act of 1986.
5/87	86-524-E- SC	wv	West Virginia Energy Users' Group	Monongahela Power Co.	Revenue requirements. Tax Reform Act of 1986.
5/87	U-17282 Case In Chief	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	Gulf States Utilities	Revenue requirements, River Bend 1 phase-in plan, financial solvency.
7/87	U-17282 Case In Chief Surrebuttal	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	Gulf States Utilities	Revenue requirements River Bend 1 phase-in plan, financial solvency.
7/87	U-17282 Prudence Surrebuttal	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	Gulf States Utilities	Prudence of River Bend 1, economic analyses, cancellation studies.
7/87	86-524 E-SC Rebuttal	wv	West Virginia Energy Users' Group	Monongahela Power Co.	Revenue requirements, Tax Reform Act of 1986.
8/87	9885	KY	Attorney General	Big Rivers Electric	Financial workout plan.

Date	Case	Jurisdict.	Party	Utility	Subject
			Div. of Consumer Protection	Corp.	
8/87	E-015/GR- 87-223	MN	Taconite Intervenors	Minnesota Power & Light Co.	Revenue requirements, O&M expense, Tax Reform Act of 1986.
0/87	870220-EI	FL	Occidental Chemical Corp.	Florida Power Corp.	Revenue requirements, O&M expense, Tax Reform Act of 1986.
11/87	87-07-01	СТ	Connecticut Industrial Energy Consumers	Connecticut Light & Power Co.	Tax Reform Act of 1986.
1/88	U-17282	LA 19th Judicial District Ct.	Louisiana Public Service Commission	Gulf States Utilities	Revenue requirements, River Bend 1 phase-in plan, rate of return.
2/88	9934	KY	Kentucky Industrial Utility Customers	Louisville Gas & Electric Co.	Economics of Trimble County completion.
2/88	10064	KY	Kentucky Industrial Utility Customers	Louisville Gas & Electric Co.	Revenue requirements, O&M expense, capital structure, excess deferred income taxes.
5/88	10217	KY	Alcan Aluminum National Southwire	Big Rivers Electric	Financial workout plan. Corp.
5/88	M-87017 -1C001	PA	GPU Industrial Intervenors	Metropolitan Edison Co.	Nonutility generator deferred cost recovery.
5/88	M-87017 -2C005	PA	GPU Industrial Intervenors	Pennsylvania Electric Co.	Nonutility generator deferred cost recovery.
5/88	U-17282	LA 19th Judicial District Ct.	Louisiana Public Service Commission	Gulf States Utilities	Prudence of River Bend 1 economic analyses, cancellation studies, financial modeling.
//88	M-87017- -1C001 Rebutta/	PA	GPU Industrial Intervenors	Metropolitan Edison Co.	Nonutility generator deferred cost recovery, SFAS No. 92
//88	M-87017- -2C005	PA	GPU Industrial Intervenors	Pennsylvania Electric Co.	Nonutility generator deferred cost recovery, SFAS No. 92

Date	Case	Jurisdict.	Party	Utility	Subject
277mil(41	Rebuttal				
9/88	88-05-25	СТ	Connecticut Industrial Energy Consumers	Connecticut Light & Power Co.	Excess deferred taxes, O&M expenses.
9/88	10064 Rehearing	КY	Kentucky Industrial Utility Customers	Louisville Gas & Electric Co.	Premature retirements, interest expense.
10/88	88-170- EL-AIR	ОН	Ohio Industrial Energy Consumers	Cleveland Electric Illuminating Co.	Revenue requirements, phase-in, excess deferred taxes, O&M expenses, financial considerations, working capital.
10/88	88-171- EL-AIR	ОН	Ohio Industrial Energy Consumers	Toledo Edison Co.	Revenue requirements, phase-in, excess deferred taxes, O&M expenses, financial considerations, working capital.
10/88	8800 355-EI	FL	Florida Industrial Power Users' Group	Florida Power & Light Co.	Tax Reform Act of 1986, tax expenses, O&M expenses, pension expense (SFAS No. 87).
10/88	3780-U	GA	Georgia Public Service Commission Staff	Atlanta Gas Light Co,	Pension expense (SFAS No. 87).
1/88	U-17282 Remand	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	Gulf States Utilities	Rate base exclusion plan (SFAS No. 71)
2/88	U-17970	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	AT&T Communications of South Central States	Pension expense (SFAS No. 87).
2/88	U-17949 Rebuttal	ŁΑ	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	South Central Bell	Compensated absences (SFAS No. 43), pension expense (SFAS No. 87), Part 32, income tax normalization.
2/89	U-17282 Phase II	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	Gutf States Utilities	Revenue requirements, phase-in of River Bend 1, recovery of canceled plant.
3/89	881602-EU 890326-EU	FL	Talquin Electric Cooperative	Talquin/City of Tallahassee	Economic analyses, incremental cost-of-service, average customer rates.

Date	Case	Jurisdict.	Party	Utility	Subject
7 <i>1</i> 89	U-17970	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	AT&T Communications of South Central States	Pension expense (SFAS No. 87), compensated absences (SFAS No. 43), Part 32.
8/89	8555	ΤХ	Occidental Chemical Corp.	Houston Lighting & Power Co.	Cancellation cost recovery, tax expense, revenue requirements.
8/89	3840-U	GA	Georgia Public Service Commission Staff	Georgia Power Co.	Promotional practices, advertising, economic development.
9/89	U-17282 Phase II Detailed	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	Gulf States Utilities	Revenue requirements, detailed investigation.
10/89	8880	ΤX	Enron Gas Pipeline	Texas-New Mexico Power Co.	Deferred accounting treatment, sale/leaseback.
10/89	8928	ΤX	Enron Gas Pipeline	Texas-New Mexico Power Co.	Revenue requirements, imputed capital structure, cash working capital.
10/89	R-891364	PA	Philadelphia Area Industrial Energy Users Group	Philadelphia Electric Co.	Revenue requirements.
11/89 12/89	R-891364 Surrebuttal (2 Filings)	PA	Philadelphia Area Industrial Energy Users Group	Philadelphia Electric Co.	Revenue requirements, sale/leaseback.
1/90	U-17282 Phase II Detailed Rebuttal	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	Gulf States Uftilities	Revenue requirements , detailed investigation.
1/90	U-17282 Phase III	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	Gulf States Utilities	Phase-in of River Bend 1, deregulated asset plan.
3/90	890319-El	FL	Florida Industrial Power Users Group	Florida Power & Light Co.	O&M expenses, Tax Reform Act of 1986.
4/90	890319-El Rebuttal	FL	Florida Industrial Power Users Group	Florida Power & Light Co.	O&M expenses, Tax Reform Act of 1986.
4/90	U-17282	LA	Louisiana Public	Gulf States	Fuel clause, gain on sale

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Date	Case	Jurisdict.	Party	Utility	Subject
		19th Judicial District Ct.	Service Commission	Utilities	of utility assets.
9/90	90-158	KY	Kentucky Industrial Utility Customers	Louisville Gas & Electric Co.	Revenue requirements, post-test year additions, forecasted test year.
2/90	U-17282 Phase IV	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	Gulf States Utilities	Revenue requirements.
3/91	29327, et. al.	NY	Multiple Intervenors	Niagara Mohawk Power Corp.	Incentive regulation.
5/91	9945	ТΧ	Office of Public Utility Counsel of Texas	El Paso Electric Co.	Financial modeling, economic analyses, prudence of Palo Verde 3.
9/91	P-910511 P-910512		Allegheny Ludlum Corp., Armco Advanced Materials Co., The West Penn Power Industrial Users' Group	West Penn Power Co.	Recovery of CAAA costs, least cost financing.
9/91	91-231 -E-NC	WV	West Virginia Energy Users Group	Monongahela Power Co.	Recovery of CAAA costs, least cost financing.
1/91	U-17282	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	Gulf States Utilities	Asset impairment, deregulated asset plan, revenue require- ments.
12/91	91-410- EL-AIR	ОН	Air Products and Chemicals, Inc., Armco Steel Co., General Electric Co., Industrial Energy Consumers	Cincinnati Gas & Electric Co.	Revenue requirements, phase-in plan.
2/91	10200	тх	Office of Public Utility Counsel of Texas	Texas-New Mexico Power Co.	Financial integrity, strategic planning, declined business affiliations.
5/92	910890-E1	FL	Occidental Chemical Corp.	Florida Power Corp.	Revenue requirements, O&M expense, pension expense, OPEB expense, fossil dismantling, nuclear decommissioning.

Date	Case Ju	ırisdict.	Party	Utility	Subject
8/92	R-00922314	PA	GPU Industrial Intervenors	Metropolitan Edison Co.	Incentive regulation, performance rewards, purchased power risk, OPEB expense.
9/92	92-043	КY	Kentucky Industriał Utility Consumers	Generic Proceeding	OPEB expense.
9/92	920324-EI	FL	Florida Industrial Power Users' Group	Tampa Electric Co.	OPEB expense.
9/92	39348	IN	Indiana Industrial Group	Generic Proceeding	OPEB expense.
9/92	910840-PU	FL	Florida Industrial Power Users' Group	Generic Proceeding	OPEB expense.
9/92	39314	IN	Industrial Consumers for Fair Utility Rates	Indiana Michigan Power Co.	OPEB expense.
11/92	U-19904	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	Gulf States Utilities/Entergy Corp.	Merger.
11/92	8649	MD	Westvaco Corp., Eastako Aluminum Co.	Potomac Edison Co.	OPEB expense.
11/92	92-1715- AU-COI	он	Ohio Manufacturers Association	Generic Proceeding	OPEB expense.
12/92	R-00922378	PA	Armco Advanced Materials Co., The WPP Industrial Intervenors	West Penn Power Co.	Incentive regulation, performance rewards, purchased power risk, OPEB expense.
12/92	U-19949	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	South Central Bell	Affiliate transactions, cost allocations, merger.
12/92	R-00922479	PA	Philadelphia Area Industrial Energy Users' Group	Philadelphia Electric Co.	OPEB expense.
1/93	8487	MD	Maryland Industrial Group	Baltimore Gas & Electric Co.,	OPEB expense, deferred fuel, CWIP in rate base

Date	Case	Jurisdict.	Party	Utility	Subject
		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	,	Bethlehem Steel Corp.	
1/93	39498	IN	PSI Industriat Group	PSI Energy, Inc.	Refunds due to over- collection of taxes on Marble Hill cancellation.
3/93	92-11-11	СТ	Connecticut Industrial Energy Consumers	Connecticut Light & Power Co.	OPEB expense.
3/93	U-19904 (Surrebutt	LA al)	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	Gulf States Utilities/Entergy	Merger. Corp.
3/93	93-01 EL-EFC	ОН	Ohio Industrial Energy Consumers	Ohio Power Co.	Affiliate transactions, fuel.
3/93	EC92- 21000 ER92-806	FERC	Louisiana Public Service Commission	Gulf States Utilities/Entergy Corp.	Merger.
4/93	92-1464- EL-AIR	он	Air Products Armco Steel Industrial Energy Consumers	Cincinnatì Gas & Electric Co.	Revenue requirements, phase-in plan.
4/93	EC92- 21000 ER92-806 (Rebuttal)		Louisiana Public Service Commission	Gulf States Utilities/Entergy Corp.	Merger.
9/93	93-113	KY	Kentucky Industrial Utility Customers	Kentucky Utilities	Fuel clause and coal contract refund.
9/93	92-490, 92-490A, 90-360-C	KY	Kentucky Industriał Utility Customers and Kentucky Attorney Generał	Big Rivers Electric Corp.	Disallowances and restitution for excessive fuel costs, illegal and improper payments, recovery of mine closure costs.
0/93	U-17735	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	Cajun Electric Power Cooperative	Revenue requirements, debt restructuring agreement, River Bend
1/94	U-20647	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	Gulf States Utilities Co.	cost recovery. Audit and investigation into fuel clause costs.
1/94	U-20647 (Surrebuttal	LA I)	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	Gulf States Utilities	Nuclear and fossil unit performance, fuel costs, fuel clause principles and

Date	Case	Jurisdict.	Party	Utility	Subject
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5/94	U-20178	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	Louisiana Power & Light Co.	Planning and quantification issues of least cost integrated resource plan.
9/94	U-19904 Initial Post Merger Ea Review		Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	Gulf States Utilities Co.	River Bend phase-in plan, deregulated asset plan, capital structure, other revenue requirement issues.
9/94	U-17735	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	Cajun Electric Power Cooperative	G&T cooperative ratemaking policies, exclusion of River Bend, other revenue requirement issues.
10/94	3905 - U	GA	Georgia Public Service Commission Staff	Southern Bell Telephone Co.	Incentive rate plan, earnings review.
10/94	52 58- U	GA	Georgia Public Service Commission Staff	Southern Bell Telephone Co.	Alternative regulation, cost allocation.
11/94	U-19904 Initial Post- Merger Eal Review (Rebuttal)		Louisiana Public Servica Commission Staff	Gulf States Utilities Co.	River Bend phase-in plan, deregulated asset plan, capital structure, other revenue requirement issues.
11/94	U-17735 (Rebuttal)	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	Cajun Electric Power Cooperative	G&T cooperative ratemaking policy, exclusion of River Bend, other revenue requirement issues.
4/95	R-0094327	'1 PA	PP&L Industrial Customer Alliance	Pennsylvania Power & Light Co.	Revenue requirements, Fossil dismantling, nuclear decommissioning.
6/95	3905-U Rebuttał	GA	Georgia Public Service Commission	Southern Bell Te le phone Co.	Incentive regulation, affiliate transactions, revenue requirements, rate refund.
6/95	U-19904 (Direct)	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	Gulf States Utilities Co.	Gas, coal, nuclear fuel costs, contract prudence, base/fuel realignment.

Date	Case .	Jurisdict.	Party	Utility	Subject
10/95	95-02614	TN	Tennessee Office of the Attorney General Consumer Advocate	BellSouth Telecommunications, Inc.	Affiliate transactions.
10/95	U-21485 (Direct)	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	Gutf States Utilities Co.	Nuclear O&M, River Bend phase-in plan, base/fuel realignment, NOL and AltMin asset deferred taxes, other revenue requirement issues.
11/95	U-19904 (Surrebuttal)	LA)	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	Gulf States Utilities Co. Division	Gas, coal, nuclear fuel costs, contract prudence, base/fuel realignment.
11/95	U-21485 (Suppiemen 12/95 (Surrebuttal)	U-21485	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	Gulf States Utilities Co.	Nuclear O&M, River Bend phase-in plan, base/fuel realignment, NOL and AltMin asset deferred taxes, other revenue requirement issues.
1/96	95-299- EL-AIR 95-300- EL-AIR	он	Industrial Energy Consumers	The Toledo Edison Co. The Cleveland Electric Illuminating Co.	Competition, asset writeoffs and revaluation, O&M expense, other revenue requirement issues.
2/96	PUC No. 14965	TX	Office of Public Utility Counsel	Central Power & Light	Nuclear decommissioning.
5/96	95-485-LCS	NM	City of Las Cruces	El Paso Electric Co.	Stranded cost recovery, municipalization.
7/96	8725	MD	The Maryland Industrial Group and Redland Genstar, Inc.	Baltimore Gas & Electric Co., Potomac Electric Power Co. and Constellation Energy Corp.	Merger savings, tracking mechanism, earnings sharing plan, revenue requirement issues.
9/96 11/96	U-22092 U-22092 (Surrebuttal)	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	Entergy Gulf States, Inc.	River Bend phase-in plan, base/fuel realignment, NOL and AltMin asset deferred taxes, other revenue requirement issues, allocation of regulated/nonregulated costs.
10/96	96-327	KY	Kentucky Industrial Utility Customers, Inc.	Big Rivers Electric Corp.	Environmental surcharge recoverable costs.

Date	Case	Jurisdict.	Party	Utility	Subject
2/97	R-009738	77 PA	Philadelphia Area Industrial Energy Users Group	PECO Energy Co.	Stranded cost recovery, regulatory assets and liabilities, intangible transition charge, revenue requirements.
3/97	96-489	KY	Kentucky Industrial Utility Customers, Inc.	Kentucky Power Co.	Environmental surcharge recoverable costs, system agreements, allowance inventory, jurisdictional allocation.
6/97	TO-97-39	7 MO	MCI Telecommunications Corp., Inc., MCImetro Access Transmission Services, Inc.	Southwestem Bell Telephone Co.	Price cap regulation, revenue requirements, rate of return.
6/97	R-009739	53 PA	Philadelphia Area Industrial Energy Users Group	PECO Energy Co.	Restructuring, deregulation, stranded costs, regulatory assets, liabilities, nuclear and fossil decommissioning.
7/97	R-009739	54 PA	PP&L Industrial Customer Alliance	Pennsylvania Power & Light Co.	Restructuring, deregulation, stranded costs, regulatory assets, liabilities, nuclear and fossil decommissioning.
7 <i>1</i> 97	U-22092	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	Entergy Gulf States, Inc.	Depreciation rates and methodologies, River Bend phase-in plan.
8/97	97-300	KY	Kentucky Industrial Utility Customers, Inc.	Louisville Gas & Electric Co. and Kentucky Utilities Co.	Merger policy, cost savings, surcredit sharing mechanism, revenue requirements, rate of return.
8/97	R-009739 (Surrebutt		PP&L Industrial Customer Alliance	Pennsylvania Power & Light Co.	Restructuring, deregulation, stranded costs, regulatory assets, liabilities, nuclear and fossil decommissioning.
10/97	97-204	KY	Alcan Aluminum Corp. Southwire Co.	Big Rivers Electric Corp.	Restructuring, revenue requirements, reasonableness
10/97	R-974008	PA	Metropolitan Edison Industrial Users	Metropolitan Edison Co.	Restructuring, deregulation, stranded costs, regulatory

Date	Case Ju	irisdict.	Party	Utility	Subject
			Group		assets, liabilities, nuclear and fossil decommissioning, revenue requirements.
10/97	R-974009	PA .	Penelec Industrial Customer Alliance	Pennsylvania Electric Co.	Restructuring, deregulation, stranded costs, regulatory assets, liabilities, nuclear and fossil decommissioning, revenue requirements.
11/97	97-204 (Rebuttal)	KY	Alcan Aluminum Corp. Southwire Co.	Big Rivers Electric Corp.	Restructuring, revenue requirements, reasonableness of rates, cost allocation.
11/97	U-22491	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	Entergy Gulf States, Inc.	Allocation of regulated and nonregulated costs, other revenue requirement issues.
11/97	R-00973953 (Surrebuttal)	PA	Philadelphia Area Industrial Energy Users Group	PECO Energy Co.	Restructuring, deregulation, stranded costs, regulatory assets, liabilities, nuclear and fossil decommissioning.
11/97	R-973981	PA	West Penn Power Industrial Intervenors	West Penn Power Co.	Restructuring, deregulation, stranded costs, regulatory assets, liabilities, fossil decommissioning, revenue requirements, securitization.
11/97	R-974104	PA	Duquesne Industrial Intervenors	Duquesne Light Co.	Restructuring, deregulation, stranded costs, regulatory assets, liabilities, nuclear and fossil decommissioning, revenue requirements, securitization.
12/97	R-973981 (Surrebuttal)	PA	West Penn Power Industrial Intervenors	West Penn Power Co.	Restructuring, deregulation, stranded costs, regulatory assets, liabilities, fossil decommissioning, revenue requirements.
12/97	R-974104 (Surrebuttal)	PA	Duquesne Industrial Intervenors	Duquesne Light Co.	Restructuring, deregulation, stranded costs, regulatory assets, liabilities, nuclear and fossil decommissioning, revenue requirements,

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Date	Case .	Jurisdict.	Party	Utility	Subject
					securitization.
1/98	U-22491 (Surrebuttal	LA)	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	Entergy Gulf States, Inc.	Allocation of regulated and nonregulated costs, other revenue requirement issues.
2/98	8774	MD	Westvaco	Potomac Edison Co.	Merger of Duquesne, AE, customer safeguards, savings sharing.
3/98	U-22092 (Allocated Stranded Co	LA ostissues)	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	Entergy Gulf States, Inc.	Restructuring, stranded costs, regulatory assets, securitization, regulatory mitigation.
3/98	8390-U	GA	Georgia Natural Gas Group, Georgia Textile Manufacturers Assoc.	Atlanta Gas Light Co.	Restructuring, unbundling, stranded costs, incentive regulation, revenue requirements.
3/98	U-22092 (Allocated Stranded Co (Surrebuttal	,	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	Entergy Gulf States, Inc.	Restructuring, stranded costs, regulatory assets, securitization, regulatory mitigation.
10/98	97-596	ME	Maine Office of the Public Advocate	Bangor Hydro- Electric Co.	Restructuring, unbundling, stranded costs, T&D revenue requirements.
10/98	9355-U	GA	Georgia Public Service Commission Adversary Staff	Georgia Power Co.	Affiliate transactions.
10/98	U-177 35	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	Cajun Electric Power Cooperative	G&T cooperative ratemaking policy, other revenue requirement issues.
11/98	U-23327	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	SWEPCO, CSW and AEP	Merger policy, savings sharing mechanism, affiliate transaction conditions.
12/98	U-23358 (Direct)	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	Entergy Gulf States, Inc.	Allocation of regulated and nonregulated costs, tax issues, and other revenue requirement issues.
12/98	98-577	ME	Maine Office of Public Advocate	Maine Public Service Co.	Restructuring, unbundling, stranded cost, T&D revenue requirements.

Date	Case Ju	risdict.	Party	Utility	Subject
1/99	98 -10-07	СТ	Connecticut Industrial Energy Consumers	United Illuminating Co.	Stranded costs, investment tax credits, accumulated deferred income taxes, excess deferred income taxes.
3/99	U-23358 (Surrebuttal)	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	Entergy Gulf States, Inc.	Allocation of regulated and nonregulated costs, tax issues, and other revenue requirement issues.
3/99	98-474	кү	Kentucky Industrial Utility Customers, Inc.	Louisville Gas and Electric Co.	Revenue requirements, alternative forms of regulation.
3/99	98-426	KY	Kentucky Industriał Utility Customers, Inc.	Kentucky Utilities Co.	Revenue requirements, alternative forms of regulation.
3/99	99-082	KY	Kentucky Industrial Utility Customers, Inc.	Louisville Gas and Electric Co.	Revenue requirements.
3/99	99-083	KY	Kentucky Industrial Utility Customers, Inc.	Kentucky Utililies Co.	Revenue requirements.
4/99	U-23358 (Supplemental Surrebutta l)	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	Entergy Gulf States, Inc.	Allocation of regulated and nonregulated costs, tax issues, and other revenue requirement issues.
4/99	99-03-04	СТ	Connecticut Industrial Energy Consumers	United Illuminating Co.	Regulatory assets and liabilities, stranded costs, recovery mechanisms.
4/99	99- 02-05	СТ	Connecticut Industrial Utility Customers	Connecticut Light and Power Co.	Regulatory assets and liabilities stranded costs, recovery
5/99	98-426 99-082 (Additional Dire	KY ect)	Kentucky Industrial Utility Customers, Inc.	Louisville Gas and Electric Co.	mechanisms. Revenue requirements.
5/99	98-474 99-083 (Additional Direct)	ΚY	Kentucky Industriał Utility Customers, Inc.	Kentucky Utilities Co.	Revenue requirements.
5/99	98-426 98-474 (Response to Amended App	KY lications)	Kentucky Industrial Utility Customers, Inc.	Louisville Gas and Electric Co. and Kentucky Utilities Co.	Alternative regulation.

Date	Case	Jurisdict.	Party	Utility	Subject
6/99	97-596	ME	Maine Office of Public Advocate	Bangor Hydro- Electric Co.	Request for accounting order regarding electric industry restructuring costs.
6/99	U-23358	LA	Louisiana Public Public Service Comm. Staff	Entergy Gulf States, Inc.	Affiliate transactions, cost allocations.
7/99	99-03-35	ст	Connecticut Industrial Energy Consumers	United Illuminating Co.	Stranded costs, regulatory assets, tax effects of asset divestiture.
7/99	U-23327	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	Southwestern Electric Power Co., Central and South West Corp, and American Electric Power Co.	Merger Settlement and Stipulation.
7/99	97-596 Surrebutta	ME	Maine Office of Public Advocate	Bangor Hydro- Electric Co.	Restructuring, unbundling, stranded cost, T&D revenue requirements.
7/99	98-0452- E-GI	WV	West Virginia Energy Users Group	Monongahela Power, Potomac Edison, Appalachian Power, Wheeling Power	Regulatory assets and liabilities.
8/99	98-577 Surrebutta	ME	Maine Office of Public Advocate	Maine Public Service Co.	Restructuring, unbundling, stranded costs, T&D revenue requirements.
8/99	98-426 99-082 Rebuttal	KY	Kentucky Industrial Utility Customers, Inc.	Louisville Gas and Electric Co.	Revenue requirements.
8/99	98-474 98-083 Rebuttal	KY	Kentucky Industrial Utility Customers, Inc.	Kentucky Utilities Co.	Revenue requirements.
8/99	98-0452- E-GI Rebuttal	WV	West Virginia Energy Users Group	Monongahela Power, Potomac Edison, Appalachian Power, Wheeling Power	Regulatory assets and liabilities.
10/99	U-24182 Direct	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	Entergy Gulf States, Inc.	Allocation of regulated and nonregulated costs, affiliate transactions, tax issues, and other revenue requirement issues

issues.

Date	Case	Jurisdict.	Party	Utility	Subject
11/99	21527	тх	Dallas-Ft.Worth Hospital Council and Coalition of Independent Colleges and Universities	TXU Electric	Restructuring, stranded costs, taxes, securitization.
11/99	U-23358 Surrebutt Affiliate Transacti		Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	Entergy Gulf States, Inc.	Service company affiliate transaction costs.
04/00	99-1212- 99-1213- 99-1214-		Greater Cleveland Growth Association	First Energy (Cleveland Electric Illuminating, Toledo Edison)	Historical review, stranded costs, regulatory assets, liabilities.
01/00	U-24182 Surrebutt		Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	Entergy Gulf States, Inc.	Allocation of regulated and nonregulated costs, affiliate transactions, tax issues, and other revenue requirement issues.
05/00	2000-107	, кү	Kentucky Industrial Utility Customers, Inc.	Kentucky Power Co.	ECR surcharge roll-in to base rates.
05/00	U-24182 Suppleme	LA ental Direct	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	Entergy Gulf States, Inc.	Affiliate expense proforma adjustments.
05/00	A-110550	0F0147 PA	Philadelphia Area Industrial Energy Users Group	PECO Energy	Merger between PECO and Unicorn.
07 <i>1</i> 00	22344	тх	The Dallas-Fort Worth Hospital Council and The Coalition of Independent Colleges and Universities	Statewide Generic Proceeding	Escalation of O&M expenses for unbundled T&D revenue requirements in projected test year.
05/00	99-1658- EL-ETP	OH	AK Steel Corp.	Cincinnati Gas & Electric Co.	Regulatory transition costs, including regulatory assets and liabilities, SFAS 109, ADIT, EDIT, ITC.
07/00	U-21453	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission	SWEPCO	Stranded costs, regulatory assets and liabilities.
08/00	U-24064	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission	CLECO	Affiliate transaction pricing ratemaking principles, subsidization of nonregulated

Date	Case Ju	risdict.	Party	Utiliity	Subject
			Staff		affiliates, ratemaking adjustments.
10/00	PUC 22350 SOAH 473-00-	TX 1015	The Dailas-Ft. Worth Hospital Council and The Coalition of Independent Colleges And Universities	TXU Electric Co.	Restructuring, T&D revenue requirements, mitigation, regulatory assets and liabilities.
10/00	R-00974104 Affidavit	PA	Duquesne Industrial Intervenors	Duquesne Light Co.	Final accounting for stranded costs, including treatment of auction proceeds, taxes, capital costs, switchback costs, and excess pension funding.
11 <i>1</i> 00	P-00001837 R-00974008 P-00001838 R-00974009	PA	Metropolitan Edison Industrial Users Group Penelec Industrial Customer Alliance	Metropolitan Edison Co. Pennsylvania Electric Co.	Final accounting for stranded costs, including treatment of auction proceeds, taxes, regulatory assets and liabilities, transaction costs.
12/00	U-21453, U-20925, U-220 (Subdocket C) Surrebuttal	LA 092	Louisiana Pu blic Service Commission Staff	SWEPCO	Stranded costs, regulatory assets.
0 1/0 1	U-24993 Direct	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	Entergy Gulf States, Inc.	Allocation of regulated and nonregulated costs, tax issues, and other revenue requirement issues.
)1 <i>/</i> 01	U-21453, U-20925, U-22((Subdocket B) Surrebuttal	LA 092	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	Entergy Gulf States, Inc.	Industry restructuring, business separation plan, organization structure, hold harmless conditions, financing.
01/01	Case No. 2000-386	KY	Kentucky Industrial Utility Customers, Inc.	Louisville Gas & Electric Co.	Recovery of environmental costs, surcharge mechanism.
1/01	Case No. 2000-439	KY	Kentucky Industrial Utility Customers, Inc.	Kentucky Utilities Co.	Recovery of environmental costs, surcharge mechanism.
02/01	A-110300F009 A-110400F0040		Met-Ed Industrial Users Group Penelec Industrial Customer Alliance	GPU, Inc. FirstEnergy Corp/	Merger, savings, reliability.

Date	Case J	urisdict.	Party	Utility	Subject
03/01	P-00001860 P-00001861	PA	Met-Ed Industrial Users Group Penelec Industrial Customer Alliance	Metropolitan Edison Co. and Pennsylvania Electric Co.	Recovery of costs due to provider of last resort obligation.
04 <i>/</i> 01	U-21453, U-20925, U-22092 (Subdocket B Settlement Te		Louisiana Public Public Service Comm. Staff	Entergy Gulf States, Inc.	Business separation plan: settlement agreement on overall plan structure.
04 <i>1</i> 01	U-21453, U-20925, U-22092 (Subdocket B Contested Iss	•	Louisiana Public Public Service Comm. Staff	Entergy Gulf States, Inc.	Business separation plan: agreements, hold harmless conditions, separations methodology.
05 /01	U-21453, U-20925, U-22092 (Subdocket E Contested Is: Transmissior Rebuttal		Louisiana Public Public Service Comm. Staff	Entergy Gulf States, Inc.	Business separation plan: agreements, hold harmless conditions, Separations methodology.
07 <i>1</i> 01	U-21453, U-20925, U-22092 Subdocket B Transmissior	LA n and Distribution	Louisiana Public Public Service Comm. Staff n Term Sheet	Entergy Gulf States, Inc.	Business separation plan: settlement agreement on T&D issues, agreements necessary to implement T&D separations, hold harmless conditions, separations methodology.
10/01	14000-U	GA	Georgia Public Service Commission Adversary Staff	Georgia Power Company	Revenue requirements, Rate Plan, fuel clause recovery.
11/01	14311-U Direct Panel with Bolin Killings	GA	Georgia Public Service Commission Adversary Staff	Atlanta Gas Light Co.	Revenue requirements, revenue forecast, O&M expense, depreciation, plant additions, cash working capital.
11/01	U-25687	LA	Louisiana Public	Entergy Gulf States, Inc.	Revenue requirements, capital structure,

Date	Case	Jurisdict.	Party	Utility	Subject
	Direct		Service Commission Staff		allocation of regulated and nonregulated costs, River Bend uprate.
02/02	25230	тх	Dailas FtWorth Hospital Council & the Coalition of Independent Colleges & Unive	TXU Electric	Stipulation. Regulatory assets, securitization financing.
02/02	U-25687 Surrebutt	LA al	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	Enlergy Gulf States, Inc.	Revenue requirements, corporate franchise tax, conversion to LLC, River Bend uprate.
03/02	14311-U Rebuttal Panel wit Bolin Killi		Georgia Public Service Commission Adversary Staff	Atlanta Gas Light Co.	Revenue requirements, earnings sharing plan, service quality standards.
03/02	14311-U Rebuttal Panel witi Michelle I	GA Thebert	Georgia Public Service Commission Adversary Staff	Atlanta Gas Light Co.	Revenue requirements, revenue forecast, O&M expense, depreciation, plant additions, cash working capital.
03/02	001148-E	i FL	South Florida Hospital and Healthcare Assoc.	Florida Power & Light Co.	Revenue requirements. Nuclear life extension, storm damage accruals and reserve, capital structure, O&M expense.
04/02 (Suppler	U-25687 nental Surre	LA buttal)	Louisiana Public Service Commission	Entergy Gulf States, Inc.	Revenue requirements, corporate franchise tax, conversion to LLC, River Bend uprate.
04/02	U-21453, and U-22 (Subdock	092	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	SWEPCO	Business separation plan, T&D Term Sheet, separations methodologies, hold harmless conditions.
08/02	EL01- 88-000	FERC	Louisiana Public Service Commission	Entergy Services, Inc. and The Entergy Operating Companies	System Agreement, production cost equalization, tariffs.
08/02	U-25888	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	Entergy Gulf States, Inc. and Entergy Louisiana, Inc.	System Agreement, production cost disparities, prudence.
09/02	2002-002 2002-002		Kentucky Industrial Utilities Customers, Inc.	Kentucky Utilities Co. Louisville Gas & Electric Co.	Line losses and fuel clause recovery associated with off-system sales.
11/02	2002-001 2002-001		Kentucky Industrial Utilities Customers, Inc.	Kentucky Utilities Co. Louisville Gas & Electric Co.	Environmental compliance costs and surcharge recovery.
01/03	2002-001	69 KY	Kentucky Industrial Utilities Customers, Inc.	Kentucky Power Co.	Environmental compliance costs and surcharge recovery.

Date	Case Jur	isdict.	Party	Utility	Subject
04/03	2002-00429 2002-00430	ĸy	Kentucky Industrial Utility Customers, Inc.	Kentucky Utilities Co. Louisville Gas & Electric Co.	Extension of merger surcredit, flaws in Companies' studies.
04/03	U-26527	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	Entergy Gulf States, Inc.	Revenue requirements, corporate franchise tax, conversion to LLC, Capital structure, post test year Adjustments.
06/03	EL01- 88-000 Rebuttal	FERC	Louisiana Public Service Commission	Entergy Services, Inc. and the Entergy Operating Companies	System Agreement, production cost equalization, tariffs.
06/03	2003-00068	KY	Kentucky Industrial Utility Customers	Kentucky Utilities Co.	Environmental cost recovery, correction of base rate error.
11/03	ER03-753-000	FERC	Louisiana Public Service Commission	Entergy Services, Inc. and the Entergy Operating Companies	Unit power purchases and sale cost-based tariff pursuant to System Agreement.

11/03	ER03-583-000, ER03-583-001, ER03-583-002 ER03-681-000, ER03-681-001 ER03-682-000, ER03-682-001, ER03-682-002 ER03-744-000, ER03-744-001 (Consolidated)	and	Louisiana Public Service Commission	Entergy Services, Inc., the Entergy Operating Companies, EWO Market- Ing, L.P, and Entergy Power, Inc.	Unit power purchase and sale agreements, contractual provisions, projected costs, levelized rates, and formula rates.
12/03	U-26527 Sumebuttal	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	Entergy Gulf States, Inc.	Revenue requirements, corporate franchise tax, conversion to LLC, Capital structure, post test year

Date	Case Ju	risdict.	Party	Utility	Subject
					adjustments.
12/03	2003-0334 2003-0335	KY	Kentucky Industrial Utility Customers, Inc.	Kentucky Utilities Co. Louisville Gas & Electric Co.	Earnings Sharing Mechanism,
12/03	U-27136	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	Entergy Louisiana, Inc.	Purchased power contracts between affiliates, terms and conditions.
03/04	U-26527 Supplemental Surrebuttal	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	Entergy Gulf States, Inc.	Revenue requirements, corporate franchise tax, conversion to LLC, capital structure, post test year adjustments.
03/04	2003-00433	KY	Kentucky Industrial Utility Customers, Inc.	Louisville Gas & Electric Co.	Revenue requirements, depreciation rates, O&M expense, deferrals and amortization, earnings sharing mechanism, merger surcredit, VDT surcredit.
03/04	2003-00434	ĸy	Kentucky Industrial Utility Customers, Inc.	Kentucky Utilities Co.	Revenue requirements, depreciation rates, O&M expense, deferrals and amortization, earnings sharing mechanism, merger surcredit, VDT surcredit.
03/04	SOAH Docket 473-04-2459, PUC Docket 29206	тх	Cities Served by Texas- New Mexico Power Co.	Texas-New Mexico Power Co.	Stranded costs true-up, including including valuation issues, ITC, ADIT, excess earnings.
05/04	04-169- EL-UNC	он	Ohio Energy Group, Inc.	Columbus Southern Power Co. & Ohio Power Co.	Rate stabilization plan, deferrals, T&D rate increases, earnings.
06/04	SOAH Docket 473-04-4555 PUC Docket 29526	тх	Houston Council for Health and Education	CenterPoint Energy Houston Electric	Stranded costs true-up, including valuation issues, ITC, EDIT, excess mitigation credits, capacity auction true-up revenues, interest.
08/04	SOAH Docket 473-04-4556 PUC Docket 29526 (Suppi Direct)	тх	Houston Council for Health and Education	CenterPoint Energy Houston Electric	Interest on stranded cost pursuant to Texas Supreme Court remand.
09/04	Docket No. U-23327 Subdocket B	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	SWEPCO	Fuel and purchased power expenses recoverable through fuel adjustment clause, trading activities, compliance with terms of various LPSC Orders.

Date	Case	Jurisdict.	Party	Utility	Subject
10/04	Docket No. U-23327 Subdocket		Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	SWEPCO	Revenue requirements.
12/04	Case No. 2004-00321 Case No. 2004-00372		Galiatin Steel Co.	East Kentucky Power Cooperative, Inc., Big Sandy Recc, etal.	Environmental cost recovery, qualified costs, TIER requirements, cost allocation.
01/05	30485	тх	Houston Council for Health and Education	CenterPoint Energy Houston Electric, LLC	Stranded cost true-up including regulatory Central Co. assets and liabilities, ITC, EDIT, capacity auction, proceeds, excess mitigation credits, retrospective and prospective ADIT.
02/05	18638-U	GA	Georgia Public Service Commission Adversary Staff	Atlanta Gas Light Co.	Revenue requirements.
02/05	18638-U Panel with Tony Wack	GA erly	Georgia Public Service Commission Adversary Staff	Atlanta Gas Light Co.	Comprehensive rate plan, pipeline replacement program surcharge, performance based rate plan.
02/05	18638-U Panel with Michelle Th	GA vebert	Georgia Public Service Commission Adversary Staff	Atlanta Gas Light Co.	Energy conservation, economic development, and tariff issues.
03/05	Case No. 2004-00426 Case No. 2004-00421	-	Kentucky Industrial Utility Customers, Inc.	Kentucky Utilities Co. Louisville Gas & Electric	Environmental cost recovery, Jobs Creation Act of 2004 and § 199 deduction, excess common equity ratio, deferral and amortization of nonrecurring O&M expense.
06/05	2005-00068	3 KY	Kentucky Industrial Utility Customers, Inc.	Kentucky Power Co.	Environmental cost recovery, Jobs Creation Act of 2004 and §199 deduction, margins on allowances used for AEP system sales.
06/05	050045-EI	FL	South Florida Hospital and Healkthcare Assoc.	Florida Power & Light Co.	Storm damage expense and reserve, RTO costs, O&M expense projections, return on equity performance incentive, capital structure, selective second phase
08/05	31056	ΤХ	Alliance for Valley Healthcare	AEP Texas Central Co.	post-test year rate increase. Stranded cost true-up including regulatory assets and liabilities, ITC, EDIT, capacity auction, proceeds, excess mitigation credits, retrospective and prospective ADIT.

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Date	Case .	lurisdict.	Party	Utility	Subject
09/05	20298-U	GA	Georgia Public Service Commission Adversary Staff	Atmos Energy Corp.	Revenue requirements, roll-in of surcharges, cost recovery through surcharge, reporting requirements.
09/05	20298-U Panel with Victoria Tayl	GA	Georgia Public. Service Commission Adversary Staff	Atmos Energy Corp.	Affiliate transactions, cost allocations, capitalization, cost of debt.
10/05	04-42	DE	Delaware Public Service Commission Staff	Artesian Water Co.	Allocation of tax net operating losses between regulated and unregulated.
11/05	2005-00351 2005-00352		Kentucky Industrial Utility Customers, Inc.	Kentucky Utilities Co. Louisville Gas and Electric Co.	Workforce Separation Program cost recovery and shared savings through VDT surcredit.
01/06	2005-00341	KY	Kentucky Industrial Utility Customers, Inc.	Kentucky Power Co.	System Sales Clause Rider, Environmental Cost Recovery Rider. Net Congestion Rider, Storm damage, vegetation management program, depreciation, off-system sales, maintenance normalization, pension and OPEB.
03/06 05/06	31994 31994 Supplementa	TX al	Cities	Texas-New Mexico Power Co.	Stranded cost recovery through competition transition or change. Retrospective ADFIT, prospective ADFIT.
03/06	U-21453, U-20925, U-22092	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	Entergy Gulf States, Inc.	Jurisdictional separation plan.
3/06	NOPR Reg 104385-OR	IRS	Alliance for Valley Health Care and Houston Council for Health Education	AEP Texas Central Company and CenterPioint Energy Houston Electric	Proposed Regulations affecting flow- through to ratepayers of excess deferred income taxes and investment Tax credits on generation plant that Is sold or deregulated.
4/06	U-25116	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	Entergy Louisiana, Inc.	2002-2004 Audit of Fuel Adjustment Clause Filings. Affiliate transactions.
07/06	R-00061366 Et. al	, PA	Met-Ed Ind. Users Group Pennsylvania Ind. Customer Alliance	Metropolitan Edison Co. Pennsylvania Electric Co.	Recovery of NUG-related stranded costs, government mandated programs costs, storm damage costs.
07/06	U-23327	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission	Southwestern Electric Power Co.	Revenue requirements, formula rate plan, banking proposal.

Date	Case .	Jurisdict.	Party	Utility	Subject
08/06	U-21453, U-20925 U-22092 (Subdocket	LA J}	Staff Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	Entergy Gulf States, Inc.	Jurisdictional separation plan.
11/06	05CVH03-3 Franklin Cou Court Affida	unty	Various Taxing Authorities (Non-Utility Proceeding)	State of Ohio Department of Revenue	Accounting for nuclear fuel assemblies as manufactured equipment and capitalized plant.
12/06	U-23327 Subdocket / Reply Testir		Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	Southwestern Electric Power Co.,	Revenue requirements, formula rate plan, banking proposal.
03/07	U-29764	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	Entergy Gulf States, Inc., Entergy Louisiana, LLC	Jurisdictional allocation of Entergy System Agreement equalization remedy receipts.
03/07	33309	тх	Cities	AEP Texas Central Co.	Revenue requirements, including functionalization of transmission and distribution costs.
03/07	33310	тх	Cities	AEP Texas North Co.	Revenue requirements, including functionalization of transmission and distribution costs.
03/07	2006-00472	KY	Kentucky Industrial Utility Customers, Inc.	East Kentucky Power Cooperative	Interim rate increase, RUS loan covenants, credit facility requirements, financial condition.
03/07	U-29157	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	Cleco Power, LLC	Permanent (Phase II) storm damage cost recovery.
04/07	U-29764 Supplement And Rebuttal	LA al	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	Entergy Gulf States, Inc. Entergy Louisiana, LLC	Jurisdictional allocation of Entergy System Agreement equalization remedy receipts.
04/07	ER07-682-0 Affidavit	00 FERC	Louislana Public Service Commission	Entergy Services, Inc. and the Entergy Operating Companies	Allocation of intangible and general plant and A&G expenses to production and state income tax effects on equalization remedy receipts
04/07	ER07-684-0	00 FERC	Louisiana Public	Entergy Services, Inc.	Fuel hedging costs and compliance

Date	Case Ju	risdict.	Party	Utility	Subject
	Affidavit		Service Commission	and the Entergy Operating Companies	with FERC USOA.
05/07	ER07-682-000 Affidavit	FERC	Louisiana Public Service Commission	Entergy Services, Inc. and the Entergy Operating Companies	Allocation of intangible and general plant and A&G expenses to production and account 924 effects on MSS-3 equalization remedy payments and receipts.
06/07	U-29764	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	Entergy Louisiana, LLC Entergy Gulf States, Inc.	Show cause for violating LPSC Order on fuel hedging costs.
07/ 07	2006-00472	KY	Kentucky Industrial Utility Customers, Inc.	East Kentucky Power Cooperative	Revenue requirements, post test year adjustments, TIER, surcharge revenues and costs, financial need.
07/07	ER07-956-000 Affidavit	FERC	Louisiana Public Service Commission	Entergy Services, Inc.	Storm damage costs related to Hurricanes Katrina and Rita and effects of MSS-3 equalization payments and receipts.
10/07	05-UR-103 Direct	WI	Wisconsin Industrial Energy Group	Wisconsin Electric Power Company Wisconsin Gas, LLC	Revenue requirements, carrying charges on CWIP, amortization and retum on regulatory assets, working capital, incentive compensation, use of rate base in lieu of capitalization, quantification and use of Point Beach sale proceeds.
10/07	05-UR-103 Surrebuttal	WI	Wisconsin Industrial Energy Group	Wisconsin Electric Power Company Wisconsin Gas, LLC	Revenue requirements, carrying charges on CWiP, amortization and return on regulatory assets, working capital, incentive compensation, use of rate base in lieu of capitalization, quantification and use of Point Beach sale proceeds.
10/07	25060-U Direct	GA	Georgia Public Service Commission Public Interest Adversary Staff	Georgia Power Company	Affiliate costs, incentive compensation, consolidated income taxes, §199 deduction.
11/07	06-0033-E-CN Direct	wv	West Virginia Energy Users Group	Appalachian Power Company	IGCC surcharge during construction period and post-in-service date.
11/07	ER07-682-000	FERC	Louisiana Public Service	Entergy Services, Inc.	Functionalization and allocation of

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Date	Case Jur	sdict.	Party	Utility	Subject
	Direct	,	Commission	and the Entergy Operating Companies	intangible and general plant and A&G expenses.
01/08	ER07-682-000 Cross Answerin		Louisiana Public Service Commission	Entergy Services, Inc. and the Entergy Operating Companies	Fuctionalization and allocation of intangible and general plant and A&G expenses.
01/08	07-551-EL-AIR Direct	ОН	Ohio Energy Group, Inc.	Ohio Edison Company, Cleveland Electric Illuminating Company, Toledo Edison Company	Revenue Requirements.
02/08	ER07-956-000 Direct	FERC	Louisiana Public Service Commission	Entergy Services, Inc. and the Entergy Operating Companies	Functionalization of expenses in account 923; storm damage expense and accounts 924, 228.1, 182.3, 254 and 407.3; tax NOL carrybacks in account 165 and 236; ADIT; nuclear service lives and effect on depreciation and decommissioning.
03/08	ER07-956-000 Cross-Answerin		Louisiana Public Service Commission	Entergy Services, Inc. and the Entergy Operating Companies	Functionalization of expenses in account 923; storm damage expense and accounts 924, 228.1, 182.3, 254 and 407.3; tax NOL carrybacks in account 165 and 236; ADIT; nuclear service lives and effect on depreciation and decommissioning.
04/08	2007-00562 2007-00563	KY Customers, Ir	Kentucky Industrial Utility nc. Louisville Gas and	Kentucky Utilities Co. Electric Co.	Merger surcredit.
04/08	26837 Direct Panel with Thomas K. Bon Cynthia Johnso Michelle Theber	-, n,	Georgia Public Service Commission Staff	SCANA Energy Marketing, Inc.	Rule Nisi complaint.
05/08	26837 Rebuttal Panel with Thomas K. Bon Cynthia Johnso Michelle Theber	n,	Georgia Public Service Commission Staff	SCANA Energy Marketing, Inc.	Rule Nisi complaint.

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Date	Case .	Jurisdict.	Party	Utility	Subject
05/08	26837 Supplemen Rebuttal Panel with Thomas K. Cynthia Jof Michelle Th	Bond, Inson,	Georgia Public Service Commission Staff	SCANA Energy Marketing, Inc.	Rule Nisi complaint.
06/08	2008-00115	5 KY	Kentucky Industrial Utility Customers, Inc.	East Kentucky Power Cooperative, Inc.	Environmental surcharge recoveries, incl costs recovered in existing rates, TIER
07 <i>1</i> 08	27163 Direct	GA	Georgia Public Service Commission Public Interest Advocacy Staff	Atmos Energy Corp.	Revenue requirements, incl projected test year rate base and expenses.
07 <i>1</i> 08	27163 Panel with Victoria Tay	GA vlor	Georgla Public Service Commission Public Interest Advocacy Staff	Atmos Energy Corp.	Affiliate transactions and division cost allocations, capital structure, cost of debt.
08/08	6680-CE-17 Direct	70 WI	Wisconsin Industrial Energy Group, Inc.	Wisconsin Power and Light Company	Nelson Dewey 3 or Colombia 3 fixed financial parameters.
08/08	6680-UR-1 Direct	16 Wî	Wisconsin Industrial Energy Group, Inc.	Wisconsin Power and Light Company	CWIP in rate base, labor expenses, pension expense, financing, capital structure, decoupling.
08/08	6680-UR-1 ⁻ Rebuttal	16 WI	Wisconsin Industrial Energy Group, Inc.	Wisconsin Power and Light Company	Capital structure.
09 <i>1</i> 08	6690-UR-1 Direct	19 WI	Wisconsin Industrial Energy Group, Inc.	Wisconsin Public Service Corp.	Prudence of Weston 3 outage, incentive compensation, Crane Creek Wind Farm incremental revenue requirement, capital structure.
09/08	6690-UR-1 Surrebuttal	19 WI	Wisconsin Industrial Energy Group, Inc.	Wisconsin Public Service Corp.	Prudence of Weston 3 outage, Section 199 deduction.
09/08	08-935-EL- 08-918-EL-		Ohio Energy Group, Inc.	First Energy	Standard service offer rates pursuant to electric security plan, significantly excessive earnings test.
10/08	08-917-EL-	SSO OH	Ohio Energy Group, Inc.	AEP	Standard service offer rates pursuant to electric security plan, significantly excessive earnings test.
10/08	2007-564 2007-565	KY	Kentucky Industrial Utility Customers, Inc.	Louisville Gas and Electric Co., Kentucky	Revenue forecast, affiliate costs, depreciation expenses, federal and state

Date	Case Jui	risdict.	Party	Utility	Subject
	2008-251 2008-252			Utilities Company	income tax expense, capitalization, cost of debt.
11/08	EL-08-51	FERC	Louisiana Public Service Commission	Entergy Services, Inc.	Spindletop gas storage facilities regulatory asset and bandwidth remedy.
11/08	35717	тх	Cities Served by Oncor Delivery Company	Oncor Delivery Company	Recovery of old meter costs, asset ADFIT, cash working capital, recovery of prior year restructuring costs, levelized recovery of storm damage costs, prospective storm damage accrual, consolidated tax savings adjustment.
12/08	27800	GA	Georgia Public Service Commission	Georgia Power Company	AFUDC versus CWIP in rate base, mirror CWIP, certification cost, use of short term debt and trust preferred financing, CWIP recovery, regulatory incentive.
01/09	ER08-1056	FERC	Louisiana Public Service Commission	Entergy Services, Inc.	Entergy System Agreement bandwidth remedy calculations, including depreciation expense, ADIT, capital structure.
01/09	ER08-1056 Supplemental Direct	FERC	Louisiana Public Service Commission	Entergy Services, Inc.	Blytheville leased turbines; accumulated depreciation.
02/09	EL08-51 Rebuttal	FERC	Louisiana Public Service Commission	Entergy Services, Inc.	Spindletop gas storage facilities regulatory asset and bandwidth remedy.
02/09	2008-00409 Direct	KY	Kentucky Industrial Utility Customers, Inc.	East Kentucky Power Cooperative, Inc.	Revenue requirements.
03/09	ER08-1056 Answering	FERC	Louisiana Public Service Commission	Entergy Services, Inc.	Entergy System Agreement bandwidth remedy calculations, including depreciation expense, ADIT, capital structure.
03/09	U-21453,U-20925 U-22092 (Subdocket J)		Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	Entergy Gulf States Louisiana, LLC	Violation of EGSI separation order, ETI and EGSL separation accounting, Spindletop regulatory asset.
04/09	U-21453, U-20925 U-22092 (Subdocket J) Rebuttał		Louisiana Public Service Commission	Entergy Gulf States Louisiana, LLC	Violation of EGSI separation order, ETI and EGSL separation accounting, Spindletop regulatory asset.
04/09	2009-00040 Direct-Interim	KY	Kentucky Industrial Utility Customers, Inc.	Big Rivers Electric Corp.	Emergency interim rate increase; cash requirements.
04/09	36530	ТХ	State Office of Administrative	Oncor Electric Delivery	Rate case expenses.

Date	Case Ju	risdict.	Party	Utility	Subject
			Hearings	Company, LLC	
05/09	ER08-1056 Rebuttal	FERC	Louisiana Public Service Commission	Entergy Services, Inc.	Entergy System Agreement bandwidth remedy calculations, including depreciation expense, ADIT, capital structure.
06/09	2009-00040 Direct- Permanent	KY	Kentucky Industrial Utility Customers, Inc.	Big Rivers Electric Corp.	Revenue requirements, TIER, cash flow.

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EXHIBIT__(LK-2)

Florida Power & Light Company Docket No. 080677-El SFHHA's Second Set of Interrogatories Interrogatory No. 112 Page 1 of 1

Q. Interrogatories Directed to Ms. Kim Ousdahl:

Regarding Page 12:8-Page 13:13. Please explain why in FPL's view it would be appropriate to increase rates through the GBRA mechanism to recover costs associated with placing a new generating plant in service, but not to take into account at the same time adjustments that would have an opposite effect on rates, such as accumulated depreciation, increases in billing determinants, and/or reductions to other elements in FPL's cost of service.

A.

Generating plant additions represent a significant capital investment that results in large, lump sum increases to rate base and revenue requirements that often, in and of itself, will result in the need to file for a base rate increase. Other types of utility activities such as accumulated depreciation, increases in billing determinants and/or reductions to other elements of cost of service tend to occur gradually over time and are offset by increases in O&M expense, increases in capital expenditures for capital replacement of existing plants, new service accounts, system reliability, storm hardening with corresponding increase in depreciation expense. Attempting to address all changes in costs during the GBRA process would effectively turn that process into a full base rate case proceeding. The GBRA process was initiated, in part, to reduce the frequency of expensive, resource intensive full requirements base rate cases.

EXHIBIT(LK-3)

BEFORE THE PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

In re: Petition for rate increase by Florida DOCKET NO. 050045-EI Power & Light Company.

In re: 2005 comprehensive depreciation study by Florida Power & Light Company. DOCKET NO. 050188-EI ORDER NO. PSC-05-0902-S-EI ISSUED: September 14, 2005

The following Commissioners participated in the disposition of this matter:

BRAULIO L. BAEZ, Chairman J. TERRY DEASON RUDOLPH "RUDY" BRADLEY LISA POLAK EDGAR

ORDER APPROVING STIPULATION AND SETTLEMENT

BY THE COMMISSION:

I. BACKGROUND

On March 22, 2005, Florida Power & Light Company (FPL) filed a petition for approval of a permanent increase in rates and charges sufficient to generate additional total annual revenues of \$430,198,000 beginning January 1, 2006, and for approval of an adjustment to 2007 base rates to produce additional annual revenues of \$122,757,000 beginning 30 days following the commercial in-service date of Turkey Point Unit 5 projected to occur in June 2007. In support of its petition, FPL filed new rate schedules, testimony, Minimum Filing Requirements (MFRs), and other schedules. FPL's petition was assigned Docket No. 050045-EI. By Order No. PSC-05-0619-PCO-EI, issued June 6, 2005, we suspended FPL's proposed new rate schedules to allow our staff and intervenors sufficient time to adequately and thoroughly examine the basis for the proposed new rates.

On March 17, 2005, FPL filed a depreciation study for this Commission's review. The depreciation study was assigned Docket No. 050188-EI. By Order No. PSC-05-0499-PCO-EI, issued May 9, 2005, we consolidated Docket Nos. 050188-EI and 050045-EI for all purposes.

As part of this consolidated proceeding, we conducted service hearings at the following locations in FPL's service territory: Daytona Beach, Viera, West Palm Beach, Ft. Lauderdale, Miami, Sarasota, and Ft. Myers. A formal administrative hearing was scheduled for August 22 - 26 and August 31 - September 2, 2005. The Office of Public Counsel (OPC), Office of the Attorney General (AG), Florida Industrial Power Users Group (FIPUG), Florida Retail Federation (FRF), Commercial Group (CG), AARP, Federal Executive Agencies (FEA), and

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South Florida Hospital and Healthcare Association (SFHHA) were granted intervenor status. Common Cause Florida and seven individual customers filed a petition to intervene on August 15, 2005.

On August 22, 2005, the parties filed a joint motion for approval of a Stipulation and Settlement¹ among all parties to resolve all matters in this consolidated proceeding.² The Stipulation and Settlement was presented at the start of our hearing on August 22. The hearing was recessed to allow our staff to thoroughly review the Stipulation and Settlement and provide its analysis to us on August 24, when the hearing was reconvened for our vote.

By this Order, we approve the Stipulation and Settlement. Jurisdiction over these matters is vested in this Commission by various provisions of Chapter 366, Florida Statutes, including Sections 336.04, 366.05, and 366.06, Florida Statutes.

II. STIPULATION AND SETTLEMENT

The major elements contained in the Stipulation and Settlement are as follows:

- The Stipulation and Settlement is effective for a minimum term of four years January 1, 2006, through December 31, 2009 and thereafter will remain in effect until new base rates and charges become effective by order of the Commission. (Paragraph 1)
- With the exception of certain new and modified rate schedules specified in the Stipulation and Settlement, FPL's retail base rates and charges will remain unchanged on January 1, 2006, when the currently operative stipulation governing FPL's base rates and charges expires. (Paragraph 2)
- No party will petition for a change in FPL's base rates and charges to take effect prior to the minimum term of the Stipulation and Settlement, and, except as provided for in the Stipulation and Settlement, FPL will not petition for any new surcharges to recover costs that traditionally would be, or are presently, recovered through base rates. (Paragraph 3)
- A revenue sharing plan similar to the one contained in FPL's currently operative rate settlement will be implemented through the term of the Stipulation and Settlement. Retail base rate revenues between specified sharing threshold amounts and revenue caps will be shared as follows: FPL's shareholders will receive a 1/3 share, and FPL's retail customers will receive a 2/3 share. Retail base rate revenues above the specified revenue caps will be refunded to retail customers on an annual basis. (Paragraphs 4 and 5)

¹ The Stipulation and Settlement is attached hereto as Attachment A and is incorporated herein by reference.

² Although Common Cause Florida and the individual customers had not been granted intervenor status, they signed the stipulation and settlement along with all parties. Under these circumstances and without objection from any party, we found at the August 22 hearing that it was not necessary to make a ruling on the petition to intervene filed by Common Cause Florida and the individual customers.

- If FPL's retail base rate earnings fall below a 10% ROE as reported on a Commissionadjusted or pro-forma basis on an FPL monthly earnings surveillance report during the term of the Stipulation and Settlement, FPL may petition to amend its base rates, and parties to the Stipulation are not precluded from participating in such a proceeding. This provision does not limit FPL from any recovery of costs otherwise contemplated by the Stipulation. (Paragraph 6)
- FPL has the option to amortize up to \$125,000,000 annually as a credit to depreciation expense and a debit to the bottom line depreciation reserve over the term of the Stipulation and Settlement and as specified therein. Depreciation rates and/or capital recovery schedules will be established pursuant to the comprehensive depreciation studies as filed in March 2005 and will not be changed during the term of the Stipulation and Settlement. (Paragraph 8)
- Subject to review for prudence and reasonableness, FPL is permitted clause recovery of incremental costs associated with establishment of a Regional Transmission Organization or costs arising from an order of this Commission or the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission addressing any alternative configuration or structure to address independent transmission system governance or operation. (Paragraph 9)
- No party will appeal the Commission's final order in Docket No. 041291-EI addressing recovery of 2004 storm recovery costs. FPL will suspend its current accrual to its storm reserve effective January 1, 2006. Through a separate proceeding, a target level for FPL's storm reserve will be set. Replenishment of the storm reserve to that target level shall be accomplished through securitization under Section 366.8260, Florida Statutes, or through a separate surcharge that is independent of and incremental to retail base rates, as approved by the Commission. (Paragraph 10)
- FPL will suspend its current nuclear decommissioning accrual effective September 1, 2005, and at least through the minimum term of the Stipulation and Settlement. (Paragraph 11)
- New capital costs for expenditures recovered through the Environmental Cost Recovery Clause will be allocated, for the purpose of clause recovery, on a demand basis. (Paragraph 13)
- All post-September 11, 2001, incremental security costs will be recovered through the Capacity Cost Recovery Clause. (Paragraph 14)
- FPL will continue to operate without an authorized ROE range for the purpose of addressing earnings levels, but an ROE of 11.75% shall be used for all other regulatory purposes. (Paragraph 16)
- For any power plant that is approved through the Power Plant Siting Act and that achieves commercial operation within the term of the Stipulation and Settlement, the

costs of which are not recovered fully through a clause or clauses, FPL's base rates will increase by the annualized base revenue requirement for the first 12 months of operation, reflecting the costs upon which the cumulative present value revenue requirements were or are predicated and pursuant to which a need determination was granted by the Commission. This base rate adjustment will be reflected on FPL's customer bills by increasing base charges and non-clause recoverable credits by an equal percentage and will apply to meter readings made on and after the commercial in-service date of the plant. (Paragraph 17)

Most of the terms of the Stipulation and Settlement appear to be self-explanatory. Still, we believe that several provisions merit comment or clarification so that as full an understanding of the parties' intent can be reflected in this Order before the Stipulation and Settlement is implemented. Based on the parties' discussions with our staff and discussions during our August 24 vote to approve the Stipulation and Settlement, we understand that the parties agree with the clarifications discussed below.

Paragraph 2

Under Paragraph 2, the parties agree that FPL will implement three new tariff offerings: an optional High Load Factor Time-of-Use rate with an adjustment to reflect a 65% load factor breakeven point by class; a Seasonal Demand Time-of-Use rate; and a General Service Constant Use rate. Further, the parties agree that FPL will eliminate the 10 kW exemption from its current rate schedules. We note that these changes are revenue neutral across FPL's demand-metered rate classes but are not revenue neutral within each such class.

Further, the parties agree that the inversion point on FPL's RS-1 (residential service) rate will be raised from 750 kWh to 1,000 kWh. We note that this change is revenue neutral within FPL's residential rate class.

The parties also agree that all gross receipts taxes will be shown as and collected through a separate gross receipts tax line item on bills. Thus, the portion of gross receipts taxes currently embedded in base rates will be removed and consolidated with the portion of gross receipts taxes currently shown separately.

Paragraph 5

Paragraph 5 describes and defines the revenue sharing plan agreed to by the parties. Part c of this paragraph states that the revenue sharing plan and the corresponding revenue sharing thresholds and revenue caps are intended to relate only to retail base rate revenues based on FPL's current structure and regulatory framework. Further, part c indicates that incremental revenues attributable to a business combination or acquisition involving FPL, its parent, or its affiliates will be excluded in determining retail base rate revenues for purposes of the revenue sharing plan. The parties clarified that in the event that a portion of FPL's system is sold or municipalized, appropriate adjustments would be made to account for the associated revenue

reduction before application of FPL's annual average growth rate upon which the revenue sharing thresholds and revenue cap are calculated.

Paragraph 10

Under Paragraph 10, the parties agree that FPL will suspend its current base rate accrual of S20.3 million to its storm reserve account effective January 1, 2006. Further, the parties agree that a target for FPL's storm reserve account will be established in a separate proceeding and that funding the account to the target level will be achieved by either or both of two means: (1) a separate surcharge independent of and incremental to retail base rates; and (2) through the recently enacted provisions of Section 366.8260, Florida Statutes. FPL has committed to pursue continued funding of its storm reserve account within six months.

Paragraph 11

Pursuant to Paragraph 11, the parties agree that FPL will file a nuclear decommissioning study on or before December 12, 2005, but the study shall have no impact on FPL's base rates or charges or the terms of the Stipulation and Settlement. The parties clarified that the filing of this study is intended only for informational purposes and that no Commission action on the study is contemplated.

Paragraph 13

We note that Paragraph 13 reflects a change in practice with respect to the allocation of capital costs recovered through the Environmental Cost Recovery Clause (ECRC). These costs historically have been allocated to customer classes on an energy basis. Under the Stipulation and Settlement, the parties agree that new capital costs for environmental expenditures recovered through the ECRC will be allocated on a demand basis instead, consistent with the treatment of capital costs in a base rate cost of service study.

Paragraph 14

Currently, post-September 11, 2001, incremental security costs related only to power plant security are recovered through the Capacity Cost Recovery Clause (Capacity Clause). Pursuant to Paragraph 14, all post-September 11, 2001, incremental security costs – both power plant and non-plant security costs – will be recovered through the Capacity Clause.

Paragraph 17

The parties clarified that in the event the actual capital cost of a generation project subject to Paragraph 17 is lower than the projected cost, the difference will be reflected as a one-time credit through the Capacity Clause.

Other Matters

Pursuant to a stipulation approved in Order No. PSC-02-1484-FOF-EI, issued October 30, 2002, in Docket No. 011605-EI, FPL currently recovers incremental hedging costs through the Fuel Cost Recovery Clause (Fuel Clause). In its petition for a rate increase, FPL proposed to recover these costs through base rates instead. The Stipulation and Settlement is silent on how incremental hedging costs will be recovered. The parties clarified that they intended for recovery of these costs to continue through the Fuel Clause during the term of the Stipulation and Settlement. Because the Stipulation is silent in this regard, the parties indicated that they would take action to memorialize their intent in this year's Fuel Clause proceedings.

The parties also clarified their intent that, upon approval of this Stipulation and Settlement, Docket No. 050494-EI should be closed. Docket No. 050494-EI was assigned to a joint petition for a decrease in FPL's base rates and charges filed July 19, 2005, by several of the intervenors in this docket.

III. FINDINGS

Upon review and consideration, we find that the Stipulation and Settlement provides a reasonable resolution of the issues in this proceeding with respect to FPL's rates and charges and its depreciation rates and capital recovery schedules. The Stipulation and Settlement appears to provide FPL's customers with a degree of stability and predictability with respect to their electricity rates while allowing FPL to maintain the financial strength to make investments necessary to provide customers with safe and reliable power. Further, the Stipulation and Settlement extends through 2009 a revenue sharing plan which, since its inception in 1999, has resulted in refunds to customers of over \$225 million to date. In addition, we recognize that the Stipulation and Settlement reflects the agreement of a broad range of interests: FPL, OPC, the Attorney General, and residential, commercial, industrial, and governmental customers of FPL.

In conclusion, we find that the Stipulation and Settlement establishes rates that are fair, just, and reasonable and that approval of the Stipulation and Settlement is in the public interest. Therefore, we approve the Stipulation and Settlement. As with any settlement we approve, nothing in our approval of this Stipulation and Settlement diminishes this Commission's ongoing authority and obligation to ensure fair, just, and reasonable rates. Nonetheless, this Commission has a long history of encouraging settlements, giving great weight and deference to settlements, and enforcing them in the spirit in which they were reached by the parties.

Based on the foregoing, it is

ORDERED by the Florida Public Service Commission that the Stipulation and Settlement filed August 22, 2005, which is attached hereto as Attachment A and incorporated herein by reference, is approved. It is further

ORDERED that FPL shall file, for administrative approval, revised tariff sheets to reflect the terms of the Stipulation and Settlement. It is further

ORDERED that Docket Nos. 050045-EI, 050188-EI, and 050494-EI shall be closed.

By ORDER of the Florida Public Service Commission this 14th day of September, 2005.

BLANCA S. BAYÓ, Director Division of the Commission Clerk and Administrative Services

By:

Bureau of Records

(SEAL)

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NOTICE OF FURTHER PROCEEDINGS OR JUDICIAL REVIEW

The Florida Public Service Commission is required by Section 120.569(1), Florida Statutes, to notify parties of any administrative hearing or judicial review of Commission orders that is available under Sections 120.57 or 120.68, Florida Statutes, as well as the procedures and time limits that apply. This notice should not be construed to mean all requests for an administrative hearing or judicial review will be granted or result in the relief sought.

Any party adversely affected by the Commission's final action in this matter may request: (1) reconsideration of the decision by filing a motion for reconsideration with the Director, Division of the Commission Clerk and Administrative Services, 2540 Shumard Oak Boulevard, Tallahassee, Florida 32399-0850, within fifteen (15) days of the issuance of this order in the form prescribed by Rule 25-22.060, Florida Administrative Code; or (2) judicial review by the Florida Supreme Court in the case of an electric, gas or telephone utility or the First District Court of Appeal in the case of a water and/or wastewater utility by filing a notice of appeal with the Director, Division of the Commission Clerk and Administrative Services and filing a copy of the notice of appeal and the filing fee with the appropriate court. This filing must be completed within thirty (30) days after the issuance of this order, pursuant to Rule 9.110, Florida Rules of Appellate Procedure. The notice of appeal must be in the form specified in Rule 9.900(a), Florida Rules of Appellate Procedure.

ATTACHMENT A

BEFORE THE FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

In re: Petition for rate increase by Florida Power & Light Company. Docket No. 050045-EI

In re: 2005 comprehensive depreciation study by Florida Power & Light Company. Docket No. 050188-E1

STIPULATION AND SETTLEMENT

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WHEREAS, pursuant to its petition filed March 22, 2005, Florida Power & Light Company (FPL) has petitioned the Florida Public Service Commission (FPSC or Commission) for an increase in base rates and other related relief;

WHEREAS, the Office of the Attorney General (AG), the Office of Public Counsel (OPC), The Florida Industrial Power Users Group (FIPUG), AARP, Florida Retail Federation (FRF), the Commercial Group (CG), the Federal Executive Agencies (FEA), and South Florida Hospital and Healthcare Association (SFHHA) have intervened, and have signed this Stipulation and Settlement (unless the context clearly requires otherwise, the term Party or Parties means a signatory to this Stipulation and Settlement);

WHEREAS, FPL and the Parties to this Stipulation and Settlement recognize that this is a period of unprecedented world energy prices and that this Stipulation and Settlement will mitigate the impact of high energy prices;

WHEREAS, FPL has provided the minimum filing requirements (MFRs) as required by the FPSC and such MFRs have been thoroughly reviewed by the FPSC Staff and the Parties to this proceeding;

ATTACHMENT A

WHEREAS, FPL has filed comprehensive testimony in support of and detailing its MFRs;

WHEREAS, on March 16, 2005, FPL filed comprehensive depreciation studies in accordance with FPSC Rule 25-6.0436(8)(a), Florida Administrative Code;

WHEREAS, the parties in this proceeding have conducted extensive discovery on the MFRs, depreciation studies, and FPL's testimony;

WHEREAS, the discovery conducted has included the production and opportunity to inspect more than 315,000 pages of information regarding FPL's costs and operations;

WHEREAS, the Parties to this Stipulation and Settlement have undertaken to resolve the issues raised in these proceedings so as to maintain a degree of stability to FPL's base rates and charges, and to provide incentives to FPL to continue to promote efficiency through the term of this Stipulation and Settlement;

WHEREAS, FPL is currently operating under a stipulation and settlement agreement agreed to by OPC and other parties, and approved by the FPSC by Order PSC-02-0501-AS-EI, issued April 11, 2002, in Docket Nos. 001148-EI and 020001-EI (2002 Agreement);

WHEREAS, previous to the 2002 Agreement, FPL operated under a stipulation and settlement agreement approved by the FPSC in Order No. PSC 99-0519-AS-EI (1999 Agreement);

WHEREAS, the 1999 and 2002 Agreements, combined, provided for a reduction of \$600 million in FPL's base rates, and include revenue sharing plans that have resulted in refunds to customers to date in excess of \$225 million;

ATTACHMENT A

WHEREAS, the 1999 and 2002 Agreements and revenue sharing plans have provided significant benefits to customers, resulting in approximately \$4 billion in total savings to FPL's customers through the end of 2005;

WHEREAS, during 2005 FPL has added two new power plants in Martin and Manatee Counties at installed costs totaling approximately \$887 million without increasing base rates;

WHEREAS, FPL must make substantial investments in the construction of new electric generation and other infrastructure for the foreseeable future in order to continue to provide safe and reliable power to meet the growing needs of retail customers in the state of Florida; and

WHEREAS, an extension of the revenue sharing plan and preservation of the benefits for customers of the \$600 million reduction in base rates provided for in the 1999 and 2002 Agreements during the period in which this Stipulation and Settlement is in effect, and other provisions as set forth herein, including the provision for the incremental base rate recovery of costs associated with the addition of electric generation, will further be beneficial to retail customers;

NOW THEREFORE, in consideration of the foregoing and the covenants contained herein, the Parties hereby stipulate and agree:

1. Upon approval and final order of the FPSC, this Stipulation and Settlement will become effective on January 1, 2006 (the "Implementation Date"), and shall continue through December 31, 2009 (the "Minimum Term"), and thereafter shall remain in effect until terminated on the date that new base rates become effective pursuant to order of the FPSC following a formal administrative hearing held either on the FPSC's own motion or on request made by any of the Parties to this Stipulation and Settlement in accordance with Chapter 366, Florida Statutes.

ATTACHMENT A

2. FPL's retail base rates and base rate structure shall remain unchanged, except as otherwise permitted in this Stipulation and Settlement. The following tariff changes shall be approved and implemented:

- a. (i) As reflected in FPL's MFR E-14, institution of the optional High Load
 Factor Time-of-Use rate with an adjustment to reflect a 65% load factor
 breakeven point by rate class, the Seasonal Demand Time-of-Use rate, and the
 General Service Constant Use Rate;
 - (ii) Elimination of the 10 kW exemption from rates.

(iii) The combined adjustments to implement (i) and (ii) above shall be made on a revenue neutral basis with reference to the 2006 forecast reflected in MFR E-13(c) at present base rates.

- b. Raising the inversion point on the RS-1 rate from 750 kWh to 1,000 kWh, on
 a revenue neutral basis with reference to the 2006 forecast reflected in MFR
 E-13(c) at present base rates.
- c. Consolidation and collection of all gross receipts taxes, including existing gross receipts taxes embedded in base rates, through the separate gross receipts tax line item on bills, on a revenue neutral basis with reference to the 2006 forecast reflected in MFR E-13(c) at present base rates.
- d. At any time during the term of the Stipulation and Settlement and subject to Commission approval, any new or revised tariff provisions or rate schedules requested by FPL, provided that such tariff request does not increase any existing base rate component of a tariff or rate schedule during the term of the

Stipulation and Settlement unless the application of such new or revised tariff or rate schedule is optional to the utility's customers.

3. Except as provided in Section 1, no Party to this Stipulation and Settlement will request, support, or seek to impose a change in the application of any provision hereof. AG, OPC, FIPUG, AARP, FRF, FEA, CG, and SFHHA will neither seek nor support any reduction in FPL's base rates and charges, including interim rate decreases, to take effect prior to the end of the Minimum Term of this Stipulation and Settlement unless a reduction request is initiated by FPL. FPL will not petition for an increase in its base rates and charges, including interim rate increases, to take effect for meter readings before the end of the Minimum Term except as provided for in Section 6. During the term of this Stipulation and Settlement, except as otherwise provided for in this Stipulation and Settlement, or except for unforeseen extraordinary costs imposed by government agencies relating to safety or matters of national security, FPL will not petition for any new surcharges, on an interim or permanent basis, to recover costs that are of a type that traditionally and historically would be, or are presently, recovered through base rates.

4. During the term of this Stipulation and Settlement, revenues which are above the levels stated herein below in Section 5 will be shared between FPL and its retail electric utility customers -- it being expressly understood and agreed that the mechanism for earnings sharing herein established is not intended to be a vehicle for "rate case" type inquiry concerning expenses, investment, and financial results of operations.

5. Commencing on the Implementation Date and for the calendar years 2006, 2007, 2008 and 2009, and continuing thereafter until terminated, FPL will be under a Revenue Sharing Incentive Plan as set forth below. For purposes of this Revenue Sharing Incentive Plan, the following retail base rate revenue threshold amounts are established:

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a. Sharing Threshold - Retail base rate revenues between the sharing threshold amount and the retail base rate revenue cap as defined in Section 5(b) below will be divided into two shares on a 1/3, 2/3 basis. FPL's shareholders shall receive the 1/3 share. The 2/3 share will be refunded to retail customers. The sharing threshold for 2006 will be established by using the 2005 sharing threshold of \$3,880 million in retail base rate revenues, increased by the average annual growth rate in retail kWh sales for the ten year period ending December 31, 2005. For each succeeding calendar year or portion thereof during which the Stipulation and Settlement is in effect, the succeeding calendar year retail base rate revenue sharing threshold amounts shall be established by increasing the prior year's threshold by the sum of the following two amounts: (i) the average annual growth rate in retail kWh sales for the ten calendar year period ending December 31 of the preceding year multiplied by the prior year's retail base rate revenue sharing threshold and (ii) the amount of any incremental GBRA revenues in that year. The GBRA is described in Section 17.

b. Revenue Cap - Retail base rate revenues above the retail base rate revenue cap will be refunded to retail customers on an annual basis. The retail base rate revenue cap for 2006 will be established by using the 2005 cap of \$4,040 million in retail base rate revenues, increased by the average annual growth rate in retail kWh sales for the ten calendar year period ending December 31, 2005. For each succeeding calendar year or portion thereof during which the Stipulation and Settlement is in effect, the succeeding calendar year retail base rate revenue cap amounts shall be established by increasing the prior year's cap by the sum of the following two amounts: (i) the average annual growth rate in retail kWh sales for the ten calendar year period ending December 31 of the

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preceding year multiplied by the prior year's retail base rate revenue cap amount and (ii) the amount of any incremental GBRA revenues in that year.

c. Revenue exclusions - The Revenue Sharing Incentive Plan and the corresponding revenue sharing thresholds and revenue caps are intended to relate only to retail base rate revenues of FPL based on its current structure and regulatory framework. Thus, for example, incremental revenues attributable to a business combination or acquisition involving FPL, its parent, or its affiliates, whether inside or outside the state of Florida, or revenues from any clause, surcharge or other recovery mechanism other than retail base rates, shall be excluded in determining retail base rate revenues for purposes of revenue sharing under this Stipulation and Settlement.

d. Refund mechanism - Refunds will be paid to customers as described in Section 7.

e. Calculation of sharing threshold and revenue cap for partial calendar years – In the event that this Stipulation and Settlement is terminated other than at the end of a calendar year, the sharing threshold and revenue cap for the partial calendar year shall be determined at the end of that calendar year by (i) dividing the retail kWh sales during the partial calendar year by the retail kWh for the full calendar year, and (ii) applying the resulting fraction to the sharing threshold and revenue cap for the full calendar year that would have been calculated as set forth in Sections 5(a) and 5(b) above.

f. Calculation of annual average growth rate - For purposes of this Section 5, the average annual growth rate shall be calculated by summing the percentage change in retail kWh sales for each year in the relevant ten year period and dividing by 10.

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6. If FPL's retail base rate earnings fall below a 10% ROE as reported on an FPSC adjusted or pro-forma basis on an FPL monthly earnings surveillance report during the term of this Stipulation and Settlement, FPL may petition the FPSC to amend its base rates notwithstanding the provisions of Section 3, either as a general rate proceeding or as a limited proceeding under Section 366.076, Florida Statutes. Parties to this Stipulation and Settlement are not precluded from participating in such a proceeding, and, in the event that FPL petitions to initiate a limited proceeding under this Section 6, any Party may petition to initiate any proceeding otherwise permitted by Florida law. This Stipulation and Settlement shall terminate upon the effective date of any Final Order issued in such proceeding that changes FPL's base rates. This paragraph shall not be construed to bar or limit FPL from any recovery of costs otherwise contemplated by this Stipulation and Settlement.

7. All revenue-sharing refunds will be paid with interest at the 30-day commercial paper rate to retail customers of record during the last three months of each applicable refund period based on their proportionate share of base rate revenues for the refund period. For purposes of calculating interest only, it will be assumed that revenues to be refunded were collected evenly throughout the preceding refund period. All refunds with interest will be in the form of a credit on the customers' bills beginning with the first day of the first billing cycle of the second month after the end of the applicable refund period (or, in the case of a partial calendar year refund, after the end of that calendar year). Refunds to former customers will be completed as expeditiously as reasonably possible.

8. Starting with the effective date of this Stipulation and Settlement, FPL may, at its option, amortize up to \$125,000,000 annually as a credit to depreciation expense and a debit to the bottom line depreciation reserve over the term of this Stipulation and Settlement. Any such

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reserve amount will be applied first to reduce any reserve excesses by account, as determined in FPL's depreciation studies filed after the term of this Stipulation and Settlement, and thereafter will result in reserve deficiencies. Any such reserve deficiencies will be allocated to individual reserve balances based on the ratio of the net book value of each plant account to total net book value of all plant. The amounts allocated to the reserves will be included in the remaining life depreciation rate and recovered over the remaining lives of the various assets. Additionally, depreciation rates and/or capital recovery schedules shall be established pursuant to the comprehensive depreciation studies as filed March 16, 2005 and will not be changed for the term of this Stipulation and Settlement.

9. FPL will be permitted clause recovery of prudently incurred incremental costs associated with the establishment of a Regional Transmission Organization or any other costs arising from an order of the FPSC or the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission addressing any alternative configuration or structure to address independent transmission system governance or operation. Any Party to this Stipulation and Settlement may participate in any proceeding relating to the recovery of costs contemplated in this section for the purpose of challenging the reasonableness and prudence of such costs, but not for the purpose of challenging FPL's right to clause recovery of such costs.

10. No Party to this Stipulation and Settlement shall appeal the FPSC's Final Order in Docket No. 041291-EI. Further, Parties agree to the following provisions relative to the target level and funding of Account No. 228.1 and recovery of any deficits in such Account:

> a. The target level for Account No. 228.1 shall be as established by the Commission, whether on its own motion, upon petition by FPL, or in conjunction with a proceeding held in accordance with Section 366.8260,

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Florida Statutes. FPL will be permitted to recover prudently incurred costs associated with events covered by Account No. 228.1 and replenish Account No. 228.1 to a target level through charges to customers, that are approved by the Commission, that are independent of and incremental to base rates and without the application of any form of earnings test or measure. The fact that insufficient funds have been accumulated in Account No. 228.1 to cover costs associated with events covered by that Account shall not be evidence of imprudence or the basis of a disallowance. Replenishment of Account No. 228.1 to a target level approved by the Commission and/or the recovery of any costs incurred in excess of funds accumulated in Account No. 228.1 and insurance shall be accomplished through Section 366.8260, Florida Statutes, and/or through a separate surcharge that is independent of and incremental to retail base rates, as approved by the Commission. Parties to this Stipulation and Settlement are not precluded from participating in such a proceeding, nor precluded from challenging the amount of such target level or whether recovery should be accomplished either through Section 366.8260, Florida Statutes or through a separate surcharge.

- b. The current base rate accrual to Account No. 228.1 of \$20.3 million is suspended effective January 1, 2006.
- c. No revenues contemplated by this Section 10 shall be included in the computation of retail base rate revenues for purposes of revenue sharing under this Stipulation and Settlement.

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11. The current decommissioning accrual of \$78,516,937 (jurisdictional) approved in Order No. PSC-02-0055-PAA-EI shall be suspended effective September 1, 2005 and shall remain suspended through the Minimum Term and, at the Company's option, for any additional period during which this Stipulation and Settlement remains in effect. FPL's decommissioning study to be filed on or before December 31, 2005 shall have no impact on FPL's base rates, charges, or the terms of this Stipulation and Settlement.

12. The portion of St. Johns River Power Park ("SJRPP") capacity costs and certain capacity revenues that are currently embedded in base rates shall continue to be recovered through base rates in the current manner as contemplated by Order No. PSC-92-1334-FOF-EI.

13. New capital costs for environmental expenditures recovered through the Environmental Cost Recovery Clause will be allocated, for the purpose of clause recovery, consistent with FPL's current cost of service methodology.

14. Post-September 11, 2001 incremental security costs shall remain in and be recovered through the Capacity Clause.

15. For surveillance reporting requirements and all regulatory purposes, FPL's ROE will be calculated based upon an adjusted equity ratio as follows. FPL's adjusted equity ratio will be capped at 55.83% as included in FPL's projected 1998 Rate of Return Report for surveillance purposes. The adjusted equity ratio equals common equity divided by the sum of common equity, preferred equity, debt and off-balance sheet obligations. The amount used for off-balance sheet obligations will be calculated per the Standard & Poor's methodology.

16. Effective on the Implementation Date, FPL will continue to operate without an authorized Return on Equity (ROE) range for the purpose of addressing earnings levels, and the

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revenue sharing mechanism herein described will be the appropriate and exclusive mechanism to address earnings levels, but an ROE of 11.75% shall be used for all other regulatory purposes.

17. For any power plant that is approved pursuant to the Florida Power Plant Siting Act (PPSA) and achieves commercial operation within the term of this Stipulation and Settlement, the costs of which are not recovered fully through a clause or clauses, FPL's base rates will be increased by the annualized base revenue requirement for the first 12 months of operation. reflecting the costs upon which the cumulative present value revenue requirements (CPVRR) were or are predicated, and pursuant to which a need determination was granted by the FPSC, such adjustment to be reflected on FPL's customer bills by increasing base charges, and nonclause recoverable credits, by an equal percentage. FPL will begin applying the incremental base rate charges required by this Stipulation and Settlement to meter readings made on and after the commercial in service date of any such power plant. Such adjustment shall be referred to as a Generation Base Rate Adjustment (GBRA). The GBRA will be calculated using an 11.75% ROE and the capital structure as per Section 15 above. FPL will calculate and submit for Commission confirmation the amount of the GBRA using the Capacity Clause projection filing for the year that the plant is to go into service. In the event that the actual capital costs of generation projects are lower than were or are projected in the need determination proceeding, the difference will be flowed back via a true-up to the Capacity Clause. In the event that actual capital costs for such power plant are higher than were projected in the need determination proceeding, FPL at its option may initiate a limited proceeding per Section 366.076, Florida Statutes, limited to the issue of whether FPL has met the requirements of Rule 25-22.082(15), Florida Administrative Code. If the Commission finds that FPL has met the requirements of Rule 25-22.082(15), FPL shall increase the GBRA by the corresponding incremental revenue

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requirement due to such additional capital costs. However, FPL's election not to seek such an increase in the GBRA shall not preclude FPL from booking any incremental costs for surveillance reporting and all regulatory purposes subject only to a finding of imprudence or disallowance by the Commission. Upon termination of the Stipulation and Settlement, FPL's base rate levels, including the effects of any GBRA, shall continue in effect until next reset by the Commission. Any Party to this Stipulation and Settlement may participate in any such limited proceeding for the purpose of challenging whether FPL has met the requirements of Rule 25-22.082(15). A GBRA shall be implemented upon commercial operation of Turkey Point Unit 5, currently projected to occur in mid-2007, by increasing base rates by the estimated annual revenue requirement exclusive of fuel of the costs upon which the CPVRR for Turkey Point Unit 5 were predicated, and pursuant to which a need determination was granted by the FPSC in Order No. PSC-04-0609-FOF-EI, such adjustment to be reflected on FPL's customer bills by increasing base charges and non-clause recoverable credits, by an equal percentage. FPL will begin applying the incremental base rate charges required by this Stipulation and Settlement to meter readings made on and after the commercial in service date of Turkey Point Unit 5.

18. This Stipulation and Settlement is contingent on approval in its entirety by the FPSC. This Stipulation and Settlement will resolve all matters in these Dockets pursuant to and in accordance with Section 120.57(4), Florida Statutes. This Docket will be closed effective on the date the FPSC Order approving this Stipulation and Settlement is final.

19. All Parties to this Stipulation and Settlement agree to endorse and support the Stipulation and Settlement before the FPSC and any other administrative or judicial tribunal, and in any other forum.

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20. This Stipulation and Settlement dated as of August 22, 2005 may be executed in

counterpart originals, and a facsimile of an original signature shall be deemed an original.

In Witness Whereof, the Parties evidence their acceptance and agreement with the

provisions of this Stipulation and Settlement by their signature.

Florida Power & Light Company 700 Universe Boulevard Juno Beach, FL 33408

By: W. G. Walker, III

Charles J. Crist, Jr., Attorney General Office of the Attorney General The Capitol-PL01 Tallahassee, FL 32399-1050

By: Charles J. Crist, Jr., Esq.

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By: Michael B. Twomey, Esq.

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Federal Executive Agencies

Major Craig Paulson, Esq. 139 Barnes Drive Tyndall Air Force Base, FL 32403

ank By:

Major Craig Paulson, Esq.

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Florida Retail Federation

Landers & Parsons, P.A. 310 West College Avenue Tallahassee, FL 32301

By: ight, Esq. Robert Scheffel Wr

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UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended March 31, 2009

Commission Exact name of registrants as specified in their **IRS Employer** charters, address of principal executive offices and Identification File registrants' telephone number Number Number 1-8841 59-2449419 **FPL GROUP, INC.** 2-27612 59-0247775 FLORIDA POWER & LIGHT COMPANY 700 Universe Boulevard Juno Beach, Florida 33408 (561) 694-4000 State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization: Florida Indicate by check mark whether the registrants (1) have filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months and (2) have been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. FPL Group, Inc. Yes D No D Florida Power & Light Company Yes 20 No D indicate by check mark whether the registrants have submitted electronically and posted on their corporate Web site, if any, every interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrants were required to submit and post such files). FPL Group, Inc. Yes D No D Florida Power & Light Company Yes D No D ndicate by check mark whether the registrants are a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. PL Group, Inc Large Accelerated Filer Ø Non-Accelerated Filer Smaller Reporting Company D Accelerated Filer Florida Power & Light Company Large Accelerated Filer [] Accelerated Filer Non-Accelerated Filer Ø Smaller Reporting Company ndicate by check mark whether the registrants are shell companies (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934). Yes 🗔 No 🗹 The number of shares outstanding of FPL Group, Inc. common stock, as of the latest practicable date: Common Stock, \$0.01 par value, outstanding at March 31, 2009; 410,792,960 **Name** vs of March 31, 2009, there were issued and outstanding 1,000 shares of Florida Power & Light Company common stock, without par value, all of which were held, beneficially and of ucord, by FPL Group, Inc. fiis co ined Form 10-Q represents separate filings by FPL Group, Inc. and Florida Power & Light Company. Information contained herein relating to an individual registrant is filed by registrant on its own behalf. Florida Power & Light Company makes no representations as to the information relating to FPL Group, inc.'s other operations. Topida Power & Light Company meets the conditions set forth under General Instruction H.(1)(a) and (b) of Form 10-Q and is therefore filing this Form with the reduced disclosure format illp://www.sec.gov/Archives/edgar/data/37634/000075330809000043/form10q1q2009.htm 5/18/2009

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FLORIDA POWER & LIGHT COMPANY CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME (millions) (unaudited)

	Three Months Ended March 31,			nded
		2009		2008
OPERATING REVENUES	<u>\$</u>	2,573	<u>\$</u>	2,534
OPERATING EXPENSES Fuel, purchased power and interchange Other operations and maintenance Storm cost amortization Depreciation and amortization Taxes other than income taxes Total operating expenses		1,469 340 19 232 251 2,311		1,457 378 11 196 248 2,290
OPERATING INCOME		262		244
OTHER INCOME (DEDUCTIONS) Interest expense Allowance for equity funds used during construction Interest income Other – net Total other deductions – net		(77) 15 (2) (64)		(86) 5 4 (3) (80)
INCOME BEFORE INCOME TAXES		198		164
INCOME TAXES		71		56
NET INCOME	<u>\$</u>	127	<u>\$</u>	108

is report should be read in conjunction with the Notes herein and the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements appearing in the 2008 Form K for FPL Group and FPL.

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Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

This discussion should be read in conjunction with the Notes contained herein and Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations (Management's Discussion) appearing in the 2008 Form 10-K for FPL Group and FPL. The results of operations for an interim period generally will not give a true indication of results for the year. In the following discussion, all comparisons are with the corresponding items in the prior year period.

Results of Operations

FPL Group and NextEra Energy Resources segregate into two categories unrealized mark-to-market gains and losses on energy derivative transactions which are used to manage commodity price risk. The first category, referred to as trading activities, represents the net unrealized effect of actively traded positions entered into to take advantage of market price movements and to optimize the value of generation assets and related contracts. The second category, referred to as non-qualifying hedges, represents the net unrealized effect of derivative transactions entered into as economic hedges but which do not qualify for hedge accounting and the ineffective portion of transactions accounted for as cash flow hedges. At FPL, substantially all changes in the fair value of energy derivative transactions are deferred as a regulatory asset or liability until the contracts are settled, and, upon settlement, any gains or losses are passed through the fuel clause or the capacity clause.

FPL Group's management uses earnings excluding certain items (adjusted earnings) internally for financial planning, for analysis of performance, for reporting of results to the Board of Directors and as inputs in determining whether performance targets are met for performance-based compensation under FPL Group's employee incentive compensation plans. FPL Group also uses adjusted earnings when communicating its earnings outlook to investors. Adjusted earnings exclude the unrealized mark-to-market effect of non-qualifying hedges and other than temporary impairment (OTTI) losses on securities held in NextEra Energy Resources' nuclear decommissioning funds, net of the reversal of previously recognized OTTI losses on securities sold and losses on securities where price recovery was deemed unlikely (collectively, OTTI reversals). FPL Group's management believes adjusted earnings provide a more meaningful representation of the company's fundamental earnings power. Although the excluded amounts are properly included in the determination of net income in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, management believes that the amount and/or nature of such items make period to period comparisons of operations difficult and potentially confusing. Adjusted earnings does not represent a substitute for net income, as prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

In March 2009, FPL, certain subsidiaries of NextEra Energy Resources and certain nuclear plant joint owners signed a settlement agreement with the U.S. Government (settlement agreement) agreeing to dismiss with prejudice lawsuits filed against the U.S. Government seeking damages caused by the U.S. Department of Energy's failure to dispose of spent nuclear fuel from FPL's and NextEra Energy Resources' nuclear plants. In connection with the settlement agreement, FPL Group established an approximately \$153 million (\$100 million for FPL) receivable from the U.S. Government and a liability to nuclear plant joint owners of \$22 million (\$5 million for FPL), which are included with other receivables and other current liabilities, respectively, in the condensed consolidated balance sheets at March 31, 2009. In addition, FPL Group reduced its March 31, 2009 property, plant and equipment balances by \$107 million (\$83 million for FPL) and, for the three months ended March 31, 2009, reduced operating expenses by \$15 million (\$12 million for FPL) and increased operating revenues by \$9 million. The payments due from the U.S. Government under the settlement agreement increased FPL Group's net income for the three months ended March 31, 2009 by approximately \$16 million (\$9 million for FPL). A substantial portion of the amount due from the U.S. Government's nuclear waste fund.

Summary - Presented below is a summary of net income (loss) by reportable segment (see Note 10):

	Thre	Three Months Ended March 31,		
	2009	2009 2		
		(millions)		
-PL VextEra Energy Resources Corporate and Other	\$	127 \$ 252 (15)	108 164 (23)	
FPL Group Consolidated	\$	<u> 364 \$ </u>	249	

The increase in FPL's results for the three months ended March 31, 2009 reflects the settlement agreement, lower operations and maintenance O&M) expenses and a higher equity component of AFUDC (AFUDC – equity) partly offset by lower retail customer usage.

NextEra Energy Resources' results for the three months ended March 31, 2009 reflect additional earnings from new investments, the foreign, state and convertible ITCs tax benefits (see Note 4), as well as the absence of an unplanned outage in 2008 at the Seabrook nuclear facility and the settlement agreement. These additional earnings were partially offset by lower results in the remainder of the existing portfolio primarily due to Electric Reliability Council of Texas (ERCOT) market conditions, a refueling outage at the Duane Arnold nuclear site and lower wind generation primarily due to a particularly strong wind resource in the prior quarter. In addition, interest expense and administrative and general expenses were higher to support growth of the business. FPL Group's and NextEra Energy Resources' net income for the three months ended March 31, 2009 reflects net unrealized after-tax gains from non-qualifying hedges of \$30 million while in the prior period net income reflects net unrealized after-tax losses from such hedges of \$252 million. The change in unrealized mark-to-market activity is primarily attributable to changes n forward power and natural gas prices, as well as the reversal of previously recognized unrealized mark-to-market gains/losses as the underlying transactions are realized. As a general rule, a gain (loss) in the non-qualifying hedge category is offset by decreases (increases) in the fair value of related physical asset positions in the portfolio or contracts, which are not marked to market under generally accepted accounting principles. For the three months ended March 31, 2009 and 2008, NextEra Energy Resources recorded \$31 million and \$4 million, respectively, of after-tax OTTI losses on securities held in NextEra Energy Resources' nuclear decommissioning funds. For the three months ended March 31, 2009. NextEra Energy Resources' nectored \$31, 2009.

The improvement in results for Corporate and Other in 2009 is primarily due to additional interest income.

FPL – FPL's net income for the three months ended March 31, 2009 and 2008 was \$127 million and \$108 million, respectively, an increase of \$19 million. The increase reflects the settlement agreement, lower O&M expenses and higher AFUDC – equity partly offset by lower retail customer usage.

n March 2009, FPL filed a petition with the FPSC requesting, among other things, a permanent increase in base rates and charges effective January 2010 and an additional permanent base rate increase effective January 2011. To address the addition of FPL's West County Energy Center Unit No. 3 and any subsequent power plant additions, FPL is also requesting FPSC approval to continue the GBRA mechanism previously approved by the FPSC as part of the stipulation and settlement agreement regarding FPL's 2005 base rate case. If approved, the requested permanent base rate increases would increase annual retail base revenues year-over-year by approximately \$1 billion in 2010 and an additional \$250 million in 2011. FPL's requested increases are based on a regulatory return on common equity of 12.5% and exclude amounts associated with the proposed extension of the GBRA mechanism and certain proposed cost recovery clause adjustments. Hearings on this pase rates and other terms that are different from those that FPL has requested. The 2005 rate agreement and its provisions will terminate on the date new retail base rates become effective pursuant to an FPSC order. FPL expects that retail base revenues will increase approximately \$65 million in 2009 when retail base rates are changed pursuant to the GBRA mechanism to reflect the placement in service of *Nest* County Energy Center Unit Nos. 1 and 2, which is expected to occur by the third quarter of 2009 and fourth quarter of 2009, respectively.

²PL's operating revenues consisted of the following:

	Three Months Ended March 31,			
		2009		2008
	(millions)			
Retail base fuel cost recovery Other cost recovery clauses and pass-through costs Other, primarily pole attachment rentals, transmission and wholesale sales and customer-related fees fotal	\$ <u>\$</u>	794 1,325 404 <u>50</u> 2,573	\$ <u>\$</u>	822 1,331 333 48 2,534

or the three months ended March 31, 2009, a decrease in the average number of customers of 0.4% decreased retail base revenues by approximately \$3 million while a 4.4% decrease in usage per retail customer, primarily reflecting factors other than weather conditions, increased retail base revenues by approximately \$25 million. The decline FPL experienced in retail customer growth in the latter half of 2007 and throughout 2008 as well as a decline in non-weather related retail customer usage, which FPL believes is reflective of the economic lowdown and housing crisis that has affected the country and the state of Florida, has continued into 2009. FPL is unable to predict if growth in sustomers and non-weather related customer usage will return to previous trends. The decline in retail customer usage for the three months inded March 31, 2009 also reflects one less day of sales in 2009, as 2008 was a leap year.

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Revenues from fuel and other cost recovery clauses and pass-through costs, such as franchise fees, revenue taxes and storm-related surcharges do not significantly affect net income; however, underrecovery or overrecovery of such costs can significantly affect FPL Group's and FPL's operating cash flows. Fluctuations in fuel cost recovery revenues are primarily driven by changes in fuel and energy charges which are included in fuel, purchased power and interchange expense in the condensed consolidated statements of income, as well as by changes in energy sales. Fluctuations in revenues from other cost recovery clauses and pass-through costs are primarily driven by changes in storm-related surcharges, capacity charges, franchise fee costs, the impact of changes in O&M and depreciation expenses on the underlying cost recovery clause, as well as changes in energy sales. Capacity charges and franchise fee costs are included in fuel, purchased power and interchange and taxes other than income taxes, respectively, in the condensed consolidated statements of income.

FPL uses a risk management fuel procurement program which was approved by the FPSC at the program's inception. The FPSC reviews the program activities and results for prudence on an annual basis as part of its annual review of fuel costs. The program is intended to manage fuel price volatility by locking in fuel prices for a portion of FPL's fuel requirements; any resulting gains or losses are passed through the fuel clause. The current regulatory asset for the change in fair value of derivative instruments used in the fuel procurement program amounted to approximately \$1,309 million and \$1,109 million at March 31, 2009 and December 31, 2008, respectively. The decrease in fuel revenues for the three months ended March 31, 2009 reflects approximately \$58 million attributable to lower energy sales partly offset by approximately \$52 million related to a higher average fuel factor. The increase in revenues from other cost recovery clauses and pass-through costs is primarily due to additional revenues associated with the nuclear cost recovery rule.

The major components of FPL's fuel, purchased power and interchange experise are as follows:

	Three Months	Three Months Ended March 31,			
	2009	2008			
	(m	illions)			
Fuel and energy charges during the period Net collection of previously deferred retail fuel costs	\$ 1,08 25	•			
Other, primarily capacity charges net of any capacity deferral	13				
Total	\$ 1,46	9 \$ 1,457			

The decrease in fuel and energy charges for the three months ended March 31, 2009 reflects lower fuel and energy prices of approximately \$104 million and \$49 million attributable to lower energy sales. At March 31, 2009, approximately \$1 million of retail fuel costs were deferred pending collection from retail customers in a subsequent period. The decrease from December 31, 2008 to March 31, 2009 in deferred clause and franchise expenses and the increase in deferred clause and franchise revenues (current and noncurrent, collectively) on FPL Group's and FPL's condensed consolidated balance sheets totaled approximately \$266 million and positively affected FPL Group's and FPL's cash flows from operating activities for the three months ended March 31, 2009.

FPL's O&M expenses decreased \$38 million for the three months ended March 31, 2009 reflecting lower nuclear, fossil generation and distribution costs of approximately \$20 million, \$12 million and \$12 million, respectively. The decline in nuclear costs reflects a reimbursement of costs expected under the terms of the settlement agreement, as well as lower costs related to plant improvement initiatives and refueling and maintenance outages. The decline in distribution costs reflects lower support costs and the timing of plant overhauls which are expected to occur later this year. The decline in distribution costs reflects lower support costs and the timing of work activities. Other changes in O&M expenses were primarily driven by pass-through costs which did not significantly affect net income. Management expects O&M expenses in 2009 to exceed the 2008 level, primarily due to the absence of an environmental insurance policy termination which occurred in the fourth quarter of 2008, as well as higher expected nuclear, fossil generation, transmission, customer service, information management and other support costs and employee benefit costs.

Depreciation and amortization expense for the three months ended March 31, 2009 increased \$36 million, reflecting the amortization of approximately \$32 million of pre-construction costs associated with FPL's planned nuclear units recovered under the nuclear cost recovery rule and higher depreciation on transmission and distribution facilities (collectively, approximately \$6 million) offset by a reduction in depreciation due o the settlement agreement.

The decline in interest expense for the three months ended March 31, 2009 is primarily due to a decline in average interest rates of approximately 62 basis points, partly offset by higher average debt balances. The decline in interest expense also reflects a higher debt component of AFUDC. The increase in AFUDC – equity for the three months ended March 31, 2009 is primarily attributable to additional AFUDC – equity on three natural gas-fired combined-cycle units of approximately 1,220 mw each at FPL's West County Energy Center in vestern Palm Beach County, Florida.

FPL is currently constructing the three natural gas-fired combined-cycle units at its West County Energy Center, which units are expected to be placed in service by the third quarter of 2009, fourth quarter of 2009 and mid-2011, respectively. In addition, FPL is in the process of adding approximately 400 mw of baseload capacity at its existing nuclear units at St. Lucie and Turkey Point, which additional capacity is projected to be placed in service by the end of 2012. In 2008, the FPSC approved FPL's plan to modernize its Cape Canaveral and Riviera power plants to high-efficiency natural gas-fired units. Each modernized plant is expected to provide approximately 1,200 mw of capacity and be placed in service by 2013 and 2014, respectively. Siting Board approval is pending and a decision is expected in early 2010. In April 2009, FPL filed a need petition with the FPSC for an approximately 300-mile underground natural gas pipeline in Florida, which is projected to be in service in 2014. If approved, the pipeline would supply natural gas to the Cape Canaveral and Riviera power plants once they are modernized. An FPSC decision is expected in July 2009. The pipeline requires additional approvals from, among others, the Siting Board.

In 2008, the FPSC approved FPL's need petition for two additional nuclear units at its Turkey Point site with projected in-service dates between 2018 and 2020, which units are expected in the aggregate to add between 2,200 mw and 3,040 mw of baseload capacity. Additional approvals from other regulatory agencies will be required later in the process. In 2009, FPL began recovering, under the capacity clause in accordance with the FPSC's nuclear cost recovery rule, pre-construction costs associated with FPL's planned nuclear units and carrying charges (equal to the pretax AFUDC rate) on construction costs associated with the addition of approximately 400 mw of baseload capacity. Substantially all of these costs are subject to a prudence review by the FPSC. The same rule provides for the recovery of construction costs, once the new capacity goes into service, through a base rate increase.

NextEra Energy Resources – NextEra Energy Resources' net income for the three months ended March 31, 2009 and 2008 was \$252 million and \$164 million, respectively, an increase of \$88 million. The primary drivers, on an after-tax basis, of this increase were as follows:

	Increase (Decrease) Three Months Ended March 31, 2009 (millions)		
New investments ^(a)	\$	58	
Existing assets ^(a)		(31)	
Full energy and capacity requirements services and trading		(6)	
Asset sale		3	
Interest expense, differential membership costs and other		8	
Change in unrealized mark-to-market non-qualifying hedge activity ^(b)		82	
Change in OTTI losses on securities held in nuclear decommissioning funds, net of OTTI reversals		(26)	
Net income increase	\$	88	

a) Includes PTCs and ITCs on wind projects and ITCs on solar projects as well as tax benefits under the Recovery Act (see Note 4) but does not include allocation of interest expense or corporate general and administrative expenses. Results from new projects are included in new Investments during the first twelve months of operation. A project's results are included in existing assets beginning with the thirteenth month of operation.

b) See Note 2 and discussion above related to derivative instruments.

4

The increase in NextEra Energy Resources' results from new investments reflects the addition of over 1,300 mw of wind generation during or after the first quarter of 2008 and the state and convertible ITCs tax benefits (see Note 4). Results from NextEra Energy Resources' existing asset portfolio decreased primarily due to unfavorable market conditions in the ERCOT region, a refueling outage at the Duane Arnold nuclear facility and lower wind generation primarily due to a particularly strong wind resource in the prior quarter. These decreased results from the existing asset portfolio were partially offset by the absence of an unplanned outage in 2008 at the Seabrook nuclear facility, favorable commodity margins from NextEra Energy Resources' retail energy provider and the settlement agreement.

NextEra Energy Resources' first quarter 2009 financial results reflect lower gains from its full energy and capacity requirements services and rading activities. Full energy and capacity requirements services include load-following services, which require the supplier of energy to vary he quantity delivered based on the load demand needs of the customer, as well as various ancillary services.

The asset sale represents the sale of wind development rights in 2009. The increase in interest expense, differential membership costs and other reflects the foreign tax benefit (see Note 4), partially offset by higher interest expense and corporate general and administrative costs due o growth of the business. EXHIBIT__(LK-5)



FPL Group, Inc. Corporate Communications Dept. Media Line: (305) 552-3888 April 28, 2009

FOR IMMEDIATE RELEASE

NOTE TO EDITORS: This news release reflects the earnings report of FPL Group, Inc. Reference to the corporation and its earnings or financial results should be to "FPL Group" and not abbreviated using the name "FPL" as the latter is the name/acronym of the corporation's electric utility subsidiary.

FPL Group announces solid first quarter earnings for 2009

- NextEra Energy Resources reports strong results
- Difficult economy continues to challenge Florida Power & Light Company
- FPL Group raises adjusted earnings per share expectations to a range of \$4.20 to \$4.40 for 2009 and \$4.65 to \$5.05 for 2010

JUNO BEACH, Fla. – FPL Group, Inc. (NYSE: FPL) today reported 2009 first quarter net income on a GAAP basis of \$364 million, or \$0.90 per share, compared with \$249 million, or \$0.62 per share, in the first quarter of 2008. On an adjusted basis, FPL Group's earnings were \$364 million, or \$0.90 per share, compared with \$305 million, or \$0.76 per share, in the first quarter of 2008. Adjusted earnings exclude the mark-to-market effects of non-qualifying hedges and the net effect of other than temporary impairments (OTTI) on certain investments, both of which relate to NextEra Energy Resources.

FPL Group management uses adjusted earnings, which is a non-GAAP financial measure, internally for financial planning, for analysis of performance, for reporting of results to the Board of Directors and as input in determining whether certain performance targets are met for performance-based compensation under the company's employee incentive compensation plans. FPL Group also uses earnings expressed in this fashion when communicating its earnings outlook to analysts and investors. FPL Group management believes that adjusted earnings provide a more meaningful representation of FPL Group's fundamental earnings power. The attachments to this news release include a reconciliation of historical adjusted earnings to net income, which is the most directly comparable GAAP measure.

"FPL Group had a very good first quarter, with adjusted earnings per share rising 18 percent year over year, largely as a result of strong results from our NextEra Energy Resources subsidiary. At Florida Power & Light, we announced proposed investments that will significantly improve the electrical system for our customers – specifically, a large-scale deployment of 'smart grid' technology in Miami, and a new natural gas pipeline to provide increased energy security. As pleased as we are with FPL Group's current results, we are even more optimistic about the future. The reason is simple: We believe that the policy climate in the nation is trending in a direction highly favorable to power companies with low emissions profiles and significant clean-energy fleets," said FPL Group Chairman and CEO Lew Hay.

Florida Power & Light Company

FPL Group's rate-regulated utility subsidiary, Florida Power & Light Company, reported first quarter net income of \$127 million, or \$0.31 per share, compared with \$108 million, or \$0.27 per share, for the prior-year quarter. The weak economy, however, continued to have a negative impact on FPL. Sales declined for the quarter on a year-over-year basis, as did the average number of customers and usage per customer.

FPL's improved results were driven by a 10 percent reduction in operations and maintenance expenses compared to last year's first quarter, with much of that reduction attributable to timing of expenses in 2009. In addition, in March of this year, FPL, along with certain NextEra Energy Resources subsidiaries, signed a settlement agreement with the U.S. government dismissing lawsuits related to spent nuclear fuel disposal. The total settlement helped FPL Group's net income by about 4 cents per share, half of which was at FPL.

Other key developments:

- In March, FPL filed a rate proposal with the Florida Public Service Commission (PSC) that would support investment in improving fuel efficiency, generating cleaner energy and enhancing system reliability, while keeping customer bills low. Under the company's proposal, the typical 1,000 kilowatt-hour residential customer bill would decrease by an estimated \$4.92 monthly, or 4.5 percent, from \$109.55 to \$104.63 on Jan. 1, 2010. This bill estimate reflects an increase in base rates that would be more than offset by reductions in the cost of fuel based on Feb. 9, 2009 fuel price projections for 2010 as well as improvements in fuel efficiency.
- In April, FPL filed a proposal with the PSC for the construction of a new underground natural gas pipeline in Florida to meet increasing demand for natural gas as a clean fuel for generating electricity while helping to diversify and secure the state's access to natural gas supplies. The pipeline, approximately 300 miles long, is proposed for construction in the eastern portion of the state from Palm Beach County in the south to Bradford County in the north.
- Also in April, FPL announced its "Energy Smart Miami" initiative. The initiative has the
 potential to be the most extensive and holistic smart grid implementation in the country.
 The backbone will be the deployment of more than 1 million advanced wireless "smart
 meters" to every home and most businesses in Miami-Dade County, which will be
 connected by a two-way wireless network, along with expected pilot programs involving
 renewable energy integration, deployment of plug-in hybrid electric vehicles and
 consumer technology trials of in-home energy displays and home energy controllers.

NextEra Energy Resources

NextEra Energy Resources, the competitive energy business of FPL Group with generating facilities in 25 states and Canada, reported first quarter net income on a GAAP basis of \$252 million, or \$0.62 per share, compared with \$164 million, or \$0.41 per share, in the prior-year quarter. On an adjusted basis, NextEra Energy Resources' earnings were \$252 million, or \$0.62 per share, compared with \$220 million, or \$0.55 per share, in the first quarter of 2008.

NextEra Energy Resources' first quarter adjusted earnings per share contribution rose by 13 percent over the prior-year quarter. These results were driven primarily by new investments, specifically new wind generation facilities. Included in this category are the favorable impacts of state investment tax incentives and the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009. Adjusted earnings from the existing portfolio, which includes both the contracted and merchant

segments, declined versus the year ago quarter. The contracted segment was down due primarily to a refueling outage at one of our nuclear plants this year and lower earnings at one of the company's natural gas-fired facilities in the Northeast. Earnings from the merchant assets in the Electric Reliability Council of Texas (ERCOT) were down due to softer market conditions, partially offset by incremental contributions from the company's retail provider, Gexa. The merchant assets in the New England Power Pool (NEPOOL) were up 3 cents owing to the absence of an unplanned outage that occurred during last year's first quarter. The existing wind portfolio was down compared to last year's first quarter primarily reflecting a weaker wind resource. NextEra Energy Resources' results also benefited from an additional equity investment made in its Canadian operations that allowed the company to reduce previously deferred taxes.

In late January, the Public Utility Commission of Texas (PUCT) approved the state's Competitive Renewable Energy Zone initiative, a collaborative effort by the PUCT, ERCOT and interested stakeholders to deliver more renewable wind energy to customers in the state. The PUCT voted to implement an approximately \$5 billion transmission build-out, awarding 11 percent of the total, or approximately \$565 million, to Lone Star Transmission, an FPL Group subsidiary. Lone Star is expected to add approximately 250 miles of 345 kilovolt lines capable of transporting a significant amount of renewable energy from West Texas to the Dallas-Ft. Worth area.

Corporate and Other

The loss in Corporate and Other declined to \$15 million in the first quarter of 2009 from \$23 million in the first quarter of 2008.

Outlook

FPL Group believes it is well positioned for earnings growth and now believes the company will deliver adjusted earnings per share for 2009 and 2010 in a higher range than previously announced. For 2009, the new adjusted earnings per share range is \$4.20 to \$4.40 and for 2010 the new range is \$4.65 to \$5.05. Please see the accompanying cautionary statements for a list of risk factors that may affect future earnings.

As always, FPL Group's adjusted earnings expectations assume, among other things, normal weather and operating conditions, no further decline in the national or Florida economy, a reasonable capital markets atmosphere, and exclude the mark-to-market effect of non-qualifying hedges, OTTI, and the cumulative effect of adopting new accounting standards, if any, none of which can be determined at this time.

As previously announced, FPL Group's first-quarter earnings conference call is scheduled for 9 a.m. EDT on Tuesday, April 28, 2009. The webcast is available on FPL Group's Web site by accessing the following link, <u>http://www.FPLGroup.com/investor/contents/investor_index.shtml</u>. The slides and earnings release accompanying the presentation may be downloaded at <u>www.FPLGroup.com</u> beginning at 7:30 a.m. EDT today. For people unable to listen to the live webcast, a replay will be available for 90 days by accessing the same link as listed above.

EXHIBIT__(LK-6)

CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION REDACTED EXHIBIT__(LK-7)

CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION REDACTED EXHIBIT__(LK-8)

CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION REDACTED . .

EXHIBIT__(LK-9)

Florida Power & Light Company Docket No. 080677-El SFHHA's Second Set of interrogatories Interrogatory No. 119 Page 1 of 1

Q. Interrogatories Directed to Ms. Kim Ousdahl:

Regarding Schedule C-36. For 2009 and 2010, please describe each of the major factors that cause the increases in non-fuel operations and maintenance expenses from each prior year (2009 compared to 2008 and 2010 compared to 2009). Your answer should explain why each factor contributes to the increase.

A.

See Attachment No. 1.

Florida Power Light Company Docket No. 080677-EI SFHHA's Second Set of Interrogatories Question No. 119 Attachment No. 1 Page 1 of 8

Q. Interrogatories Directed to Ms. Kim Ousdahi:

Regarding Schedule C-36. For 2009 and 2010, please describe each of the major factors that cause the increases in non-fuel operations and maintenance expenses from each prior year (2009 compared to 2008 and 2010 compared to 2009). Your answer should explain why each factor contributes to the increase.

A.	Non-fuel O&M Expenses										
	Expense Type		(\$000)	Major Factor Increase / (Decrease)							
	2008 Corporate Total	\$	1,306,728								
	Base O&M	\$	135,912	See Attached							
	Revenue Enhancement	\$	11,454	See Attached							
	Other Total Increase / (Decrease)		(3,770)	Less than 3.0%, not material							
			143,596								
	2009 Corporate Total	\$	1,450,324								
	2009 Corporate Total	\$	1,450,324								
	Base O&M	\$	118,358	See Attached							
	Revenue Enhancement	\$	1,785	See Attached							
	Other	\$	(435)	Less than 0.4%, not material							
	Total Increase / (Decrease)	\$	119,708								
	2010 Corporate Total	\$	1,570,032								

Florida Power Light Company Docket No. 080677-El SFHHA's Second Set of Interrogatories Question No. 119 Attachment No. 1 Page 2 of 8

Non-Fuel O&M Expenses (Base O&M) 2008 - 2009

Unit	(\$000)	Major Factor Increase / (Decrease)
2008 Corporate Total	\$ 1,298,52	6
Distribution	(8,90	0) Forecasted reduction in customer growth
	(1,25	
	5,80 \$ (4,35	
Customer Service	\$ 2,18	4 Increase is attributed to activities associated with field services functions. The increase is driven
	2,05	 primarily by higher staffing, training and vehicle cost. Increase is attributed to activities associated with meter reading, billing and payment processing functions. The increase is primarily driven by customer growth and new meter sets, vehicle,
	1,64	minimize bad debt. Increase is driven primarily by higher staffing, postage, equipment and
	1,52	 material and collection agency expense. Increase is attributed to support services expenses associated with increased activities to support customer service including complaint handling, customer advocacy, business continuity, employee development and quality training.
	1,37	
	1,20	8 Increase in Automated Metering Infrastructure (AMI) expense driven by costs associated with the current operational phase of the project.
	92	
	\$ 10,90	1
Transmission	\$ 1,21	0 Regulatory commitments that include telecommunication/software licenses and increased staffing required by NERC for SCC
	95) 50)	
	43 : 1,70	
	1,38	0 Transfer responsibility for Distribution underbuilt program to Transmission & Substation from Distribution
	\$ 6,17	5
Power Generation	\$ 9.98	4 Structural Maintenance & Reliability Projects
	9,74	
	3,49	
	(9,32 (91	
	\$ 12,98	
Engineering, Construction, Corp S	\$ 28	1 Merit increases impact
	67	5 Increase in salaries due to filling of vacant positions in 2008
	38	
	89	0 Increased Maintenance - increase in Substation/Svc Center/Courier maintenance costs primarily driven by fuel and utilities increases along with 11 new substations.
	52	· · ·
	50 21	••
	20 (20	
	•	6 Other - miscellaneous

Florida Power Light Company Docket No. 080677-EI SFHHA's Second Set of Interrogatories Question No. 119 Attachment No. 1 Page 3 of 8

Non-Fuel O&M Expenses (Base O&M) 2008 - 2009

Unit	(\$000)	Major Factor increase / (Decrease)
Nuclear	\$ 7,700	Inflation at 2%
	11,000	Regular Payroll (headcount increase; operations pipeline and Fatigue Rule impact)
	(5,100)	Overtime Payroll (impact of headcount increase and Fatigue Rule)
:. :.	14,500	Discretionary projects
	(4,400)	Short Notice Outages (not budgeted, but in 2008 actuals)
	(6,500)	Turkey Point Excellence (ramp down of project)
	(4,100)	PSL Spent Fuel Storage Loading Campaigns (not budgeted in 2009 - only occurs as necessary
	3,200	PSL-PTN-ENG Station Projects
	(1,300) \$ 15,370	Other
	\$ 15,370	
Accounting, Financial & Other	\$ 43,818	AEGIS Environmental Insurance Policy commutation payment, only credited in 2008
	2,483	Payroll Accrual - Driven by increase in budgeted payroll dollars
	2,034	St. Lucie Participation Credit - 2009 credit lower due to differences in the outage schedules
	1,516	Centerpoint and Entergy mutual assistance - Billing for assistance provided during hurricane
	(9,000)	
	• • •	•
	(4,440)	Pension & Welfare Credit - increased credit driven by an increase in capitalized payroll expense (\$3,634) and PWTI rate (\$806K) vs. 2008. 2008 PWTI rate was 7.36% and 2009 was 7.62%
	(2,833)	Affiliate Management Fee - Driven by an increase in cost pool expenses and an increase in the Massachusetts Formula allocation rate
	(4,776)	2008 HR Severance Accruat
	• · · •	
	684	Other
	\$ 29,486	
Human Resources	\$ 5,405	Medical: The 2008 to 2009 increase is being driven by a blended medical trend of 9.28% (12%
		bargaining, 8% nonbargaining), which is in line with national medical increases in trends. For
		2009, the resulting forecast was reduced by ~\$1.2M, primarily reflecting increased employee
		contributions.
	2,969	FAS 112: Primary cost drivers include actual disability experience, and to a lesser degree
	2,003	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
		assumptions regarding discount rates and medical trends. FPL's 2009 expense reflects an
		average of historical results.
	10,235	FAS 87: Primary driver of year over year increase is the impact of a significant negative return (
		assets (credit budget) in 2008 as well as the impact of a union arbitration decided in October of
		2008. These factors were offset by an expected increase in the discount rate.
	5,165	Corporate Incentive Program: 2008 to 2009 cost drivers include employee headcount, merit and
	0,100	market pay increases, as well as corporate, business unit, and individual performance against
	(established performance indicators.
	(691)	Other: Mainly driven by a decrease in FAS 106 Retiree Medical (due to fewer eligible emloyees and other miscellaneous items, offset by an increase in Workers' Comp (due to lowered
	\$ 23,082	expectation of settled claims).
information Management	\$ 4,146	Represents the O&M component for the second year of the Future Enterprise Network
		Architecture project (FENA). The increase in O&M from 2008 can be mainly attributed to the ne
		of circuit redundancy with carrier diversity services required during the implementation stages to
		reduce the risk of network outages at critical sites such as data centers, nuclear plants, care
		centers, and dispatch centers while our wide area network is being upgraded. There is also
		professional services and equipment maintenance included in this increase.
	* 4.000	the second the second line second and so the bus information accurity initiations
	\$ 1,090	Increase represents the consulting services associated with two information security initiatives 2009; (a) Information Security Provisioning tool replacement (\$340k) to eliminate the current
		system limitations, manual work and multiple interfaces required to complete system requests;
		and (b) Identity Management Role Based & Process Re-engineering (\$795) to streamline the
		current access control administration process which is highly customized and requires extensiv
		human intervention and also makes it difficult to evaluate security issues such as Segregation of
		Duties violations (SOD).
	\$ 1,390	Mainly attributed to the utility portion new maintenance contracts associated with the Nuclear
		Asset Management (NAMS) software as part of the current implementation.
	2,232	Standard HR compensation programs as well as projected increase in headcount to be able to
		execute our Information Technology enterprise projects
	354	Misc
	\$ 9 213	

Non-Fuel O&M Expenses (Base O&M) 2008 - 2009

- ;			Major Factor				
Unit		(\$000)	Increase / (Decrease)				
Financial Business Unit	\$	1,164	Greater nuclear liability insurance due to higher projected premiums and lower projected nuclear liability and other distributions in 2009.				
		3,171	Greater executive SERP thrift program and Board of Director pension program attributable to anticipated growth in FPL stock price.				
		2,600	Greater executive miscellaneous expense.				
		7,182	Greater nuclear property insurance due to lower distributions, additional storm premium, and site loss penalty included in 2009.				
		221	Greater executive industry dues, \$0.5 mil and greater audit and professional fees, \$0.6 mil, partially offset by discontinuation of the Research and Development program, \$(0.2) mil, transfer of responsibility for printing and fulfillment of annual report to Marketing & Communications, \$(0.3) mil, and net favorable other, \$(0.4) mil.				
		3,345	Greater executive deferred compensation due to anticipated growth in stock market investments				
		-,	and projected increases in executive stock awards, also greater executive admin-assistant salaries, partially offset by lower executive incentives, severance, and relocation, also greater				
	\$	17,682	credits for the executive portion of the affiliate management fee.				
Regulatory Affairs	\$	2,752 1,420	Rate Case expenses incurred Regulatory Affairs Department annualized incremental payroli for 11 new positions				
		(107)	Net other minor items				
	\$	4,065					
General Counsel	\$	737	Payroll. Headcount increases - \$160K. Under in head count in 2008 - \$242. Incentive, merit increases and raises - \$635K.				
		(336)	Office & Employee Related. Response to economic down turn by reducing travel, entertainment, third party training and reduction of office expenses.				
		(491)	Outside Services. Increased staffing levels will enable FPL attorneys to handle matters previously assigned to outside counsel.				
		2,474	Injuries and Damages. Due to an increase in the Self-insured retention from \$ 2 million to \$3 million In 2009, the budget was increased in anticipation of these increased costs. Our claims department calculated an annual impact of \$2 million dollars. The remainder of the increase is to bring the budget up to the normalized level as 2008 was an unusually low year.				
	\$	2,384					
Strategy, Policy, and Bus Proc		5,101	The R74000 is a new business unit. Three sections, Security, Aviation and Environmental Services, were previously under different business units and two new sections, Operational Excellence and Strategic Initiatives, were combined to form the Strategy, Policy and Business Process Improvement business unit.				
			 The salary variance of \$3,377,191 is mainly due to new personnel in Strategic Initiatives and Operational Excellence as well as pay increases in the other sections. 				
			The office supplies and expenses variance of \$1,352,613 is mainly due to aircraft fuel expenses are higher, new software for Security, relocation and software cost for Strategic initiatives and Operational Excellence.				
			 The outside services employed variance of \$912,764 is mainly due to a classification change between 2008 and 2009. 				
			The miscellaneous general expense variance of \$713,755 is mainly due to Environmental Liabilities Reserve (ELR).				
	<u>.</u>		 The maintenance of general plant variance \$143,567 is mainly due to general aircraft maintenance cost increases. 				
	\$	5,101					
Other Base O&M	\$	299	Less than 0.2% of increase, not material				
2009 Corporate Total	\$	1,434,438					
fotal Variance 2008 vs. 2009	\$	135,912					

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Non-Fuel O&M Expenses (Revenue Enhancement) 2008 - 2009

Unit	(\$000)		Major Factor Increase / (Decrease)			
2008 Corporate Total	\$	16,275				
Customer Service		10,895	This increase in O&M is due to the planned growth in the Performance Contracting business. Performance Contracting is planning to increase sales revenue by 60% in 2009 vs. 2008. The projected increase in O&M is to support the planned growth.			
		590	This increase in O&M is due primarily to the administrative expense related to supporting the business growth.			
	\$	11,485				
Other	\$	(31)	Less than 0.3% of increase, not material			
2009 Corporate Total	\$	27,729				
Total Variance 2008 vs. 2009	\$	11,454				

Florida Power Light Company Docket No. 080877-EI SFHHA's Second Set of Interrogatories Question No. 119 Attachment No. 1 Page 6 of 8

Non-Fuel O&M Expenses (Base O&M) 2009 - 2010

1,434,438 5,100 6,600 (2,451) 9,249 (5,783) 4,765 2,406 2,158 1,637 1,143 632	Forecasted increase in customer growth Higher level of Storm Secure work Staff support reductions Decrease is attributed to lower uncollectible expense. This improvement is driven by the continued application of credit and collections resources to minimize bad debt. Increase is attributed to the first year of full-scale deployment of the Automated Metering Infrastructure program (2010) . Increase is attributed to activities associated with meter reading, billing and payment processing functions. The increase is primarily driven by customer growth and new meter sets, vehicle, equipment, maintenance, postage expense and centralization of key activities. This expense is partially offset by savings associated with Advanced Metering Infrastructure. Increase is attributed to activities associated with field services functions. The increase is driven primarily by staffing, training and vehicle cost. Increase is attributed to ace center expense primarily associated with expected increases is call volume, management and quality support staff, telecommunications and maintenance
6,600 (2,451) 9,249 (5,783) 4,765 2,406 2,158 1,637 1,143	Higher level of Storm Secure work Staff support reductions Decrease is attributed to lower uncollectible expense. This improvement is driven by the continued application of credit and collections resources to minimize bad debt. Increase is attributed to the first year of full-scale deployment of the Automated Metering Infrastructure program (2010). Increase is attributed to activities associated with meter reading, billing and payment processing functions. The increase is primarily driven by customer growth and new meter sets, vehicle, equipment, maintenance, postage expense and centralization of key activities. This expense is partially offset by savings associated with Advanced Metering Infrastructure. Increase is attributed to activities associated with field services functions. The increase is driven primarily by staffing, training and vehicle cost. Increase is attributed to acce center expense primarily associated with expected increases in call volume, management and quality support staff, telecommunications and maintenance
6,600 (2,451) 9,249 (5,783) 4,765 2,406 2,158 1,637 1,143	Higher level of Storm Secure work Staff support reductions Decrease is attributed to lower uncollectible expense. This improvement is driven by the continued application of credit and collections resources to minimize bad debt. Increase is attributed to the first year of full-scale deployment of the Automated Metering Infrastructure program (2010). Increase is attributed to activities associated with meter reading, billing and payment processing functions. The increase is primarily driven by customer growth and new meter sets, vehicle, equipment, maintenance, postage expense and centralization of key activities. This expense is partially offset by savings associated with Advanced Metering Infrastructure. Increase is attributed to activities associated with field services functions. The increase is driven primarily by staffing, training and vehicle cost. Increase is attributed to acce center expense primarily associated with expected increases in call volume, management and quality support staff, telecommunications and maintenance
9,249 (5,783) 4,765 2,406 2,158 1,637 1,143	Decrease is attributed to lower uncollectible expense. This improvement is driven by the continued application of credit and collections resources to minimize bad debt. Increase is attributed to the first year of full-scale deployment of the Automated Metering Infrastructure program (2010) . Increase is attributed to activities associated with meter reading, billing and payment processing functions. The increase is primarily driven by customer growth and new meter sets, vehicle, equipment, maintenance, postage expense and centralization of key activities. This expense is partially offset by savings associated with Advanced Metering Infrastructure. Increase is attributed to activities associated with field services functions. The increase is driven primarily by staffing, training and vehicle cost. Increase is attributed to acce center expense primarily associated with expected increases in call volume, management and quality support staff, telecommunications and maintenance
(5,783) 4,765 2,406 2,158 1,637 1,143	continued application of credit and collections resources to minimize bad debt. Increase is attributed to the first year of full-scale deployment of the Automated Metering Infrastructure program (2010) . Increase is attributed to activities associated with meter reading, billing and payment processing functions. The increase is primarily driven by customer growth and new meter sets, vehicle, equipment, maintenance, postage expense and centralization of key activities. This expense is partially offset by savings associated with Advanced Metering Infrastructure. Increase is attributed to activities associated with field services functions. The increase is driven primarily by staffing, training and vehicle cost. Increase is attributed to care center expense primarily associated with expected increases in call volume, management and quality support staff, telecommunications and maintenance
4,765 2,406 2,158 1,637 1,143	continued application of credit and collections resources to minimize bad debt. Increase is attributed to the first year of full-scale deployment of the Automated Metering Infrastructure program (2010) . Increase is attributed to activities associated with meter reading, billing and payment processing functions. The increase is primarily driven by customer growth and new meter sets, vehicle, equipment, maintenance, postage expense and centralization of key activities. This expense is partially offset by savings associated with Advanced Metering Infrastructure. Increase is attributed to activities associated with field services functions. The increase is driven primarily by staffing, training and vehicle cost. Increase is attributed to care center expense primarily associated with expected increases in call volume, management and quality support staff, telecommunications and maintenance
2,406 2,158 1,637 1,143	Infrastructure program (2010). Increase is attributed to activities associated with meter reading, billing and payment processing functions. The increase is primarily driven by customer growth and new meter sets, vehicle, equipment, maintenance, postage expense and centralization of key activities. This expense is partially offset by savings associated with Advanced Metering Infrastructure. Increase is attributed to activities associated with field services functions. The increase is driven primarily by staffing, training and vehicle cost. Increase is attributed to care center expense primarily associated with expected increases in call volume, management and quality support staff, telecommunications and maintenance
2,158 1,637 1,143	Increase is attributed to activities associated with meter reading, billing and payment processing functions. The increase is primarily driven by customer growth and new meter sets, vehicle, equipment, maintenance, postage expense and centralization of key activities. This expense is partially offset by savings associated with Advanced Metering Infrastructure. Increase is attributed to activities associated with field services functions. The increase is driven primarily by staffing, training and vehicle cost. Increase is attributed to ace center expense primarily associated with expected increases in call volume, management and quality support staff, telecommunications and maintenance
1,637 1,143	This expense is partially offset by savings associated with Advanced Metering Infrastucture. Increase is attributed to activities associated with field services functions. The increase is driven primarily by staffing, training and vehicle cost. Increase is attributed to care center expense primarily associated with expected increases in call volume, management and quality support staff, telecommunications and maintenance
1,637 1,143	driven primarily by staffing, training and vehicle cost. Increase is attributed to care center expense primarily associated with expected increases in call volume, management and quality support staff, telecommunications and maintenance
1,143	call volume, management and quality support staff, telecommunications and maintenance
	capellos.
632	Increase is attributed to support services expenses associated with increased activities to support customer service including customer advocacy, business continuity, employee
	development and billing and payment options development. Increase is attributed to credit and collection activities to minimize bad debt expense. This increase is associated with enhancements to the credit and collections model, and collection
6,958	agency expense.
9,943	The primary cost drivers of the variance are initiatives associated with NERC reliability standards and FPL's reliability enhancement program contributes to the increase in projecte expenditures for 2010. This includes development and implementation of programs, standar modules outpend outlite active accessments training and exiting the programs reliability.
	modules, external audits, self-assessments, training and certification programs, reliability studies, and support for continuing compliance with NERC reliability standards.
1,500	Additional condition assessment and life extension activities for Protection and Control equipment and new and expanded training and re-certification programs also account for projected increases for 2010 for Transmission O&M.
543	Other
11,986	
10,17 9	Scherer Unit 4 Semi Annual Overhaul
9,172	West County Energy Center Operational
•	Payroll & Routine Maintenance (Inflation)
	Scherer maintenance increase based on condition assessment
	SJRPP maintenance based on condition assessment Scherer Performance Fee (reduced) due to overhaul 2010
(6,113)	Structural Maintenance & Reliability Projects reduced to level dictated by condition assessment
82	Other (net)
(1,724)	Non-recurring projects from 2009 partially offset by CPI growth for expenses and merit
(1,724)	increases
8,000 8,700	Inflation at 2% Regular Payroll (headcount increase; additional operations pipeline and Fatigue Rule impac
(14,500) 5,000	Non-recurring discretionary projects (2009 budget only) NRC Fees
6,100	Outage Reserves (future years' scope driven)
6,000	PSL Spent Fuel Storage Loading Campaigns (not budgeted in 2009 - only occurs as necessary)
4,800 3,700	PSL-PTN-ENG Station Projects Other
-	543 11,986 10,179 9,172 3,213 1,857 1,200 (4,490) (6,113) (6,113) (6,113) 14,900 (1,724) (1,724) 8,000 8,700 (14,500) 5,000 6,100 6,000

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		(\$000)	Increase / (Decrease)
Accounting, Financial & Other	\$	(12,200)	Pension & Welfare Credit - increased credit driven by an increase in capitalized payroll expenses (\$1,892) and PWTI rate (\$10,338) vs. 2009, 2009 PWTI rate was 7.62% and 2010 was 10.71%
		(4,093)	
		(2,603)	St. Lucie Participation Credit - 2009 credit lower due to differences in the outage schedules
		1,010	Payroll Accrual - Driven by increase in budgeted payroll dollars
		9,000 (1,317)	DOE Settlement - credit budgeted in 2009
	\$	(10,203)	Other
Human Resources	\$	12,400	The increase is driven by greater medical services costs, as well as projected increases in the
		19,937	enrolled population. FAS 87: The year over year forecasted increase results from the amortization of the significant negative investment returns from 2008 which will continue to impact the FAS 87 evaluation until 2014. The forecast assumes the actual return in 2010 will equal the Plan's
		4,600	long term assumption of 7.75%. 401K: The two primary drivers of the increase include: changes in population (both number participating and level of contributions) and changes to employee base pay. In addition, ther is also a projected \$2 million dollar increase in 2010 for the planned implementation of auto-
		2,400	enroll features. Long Term Incentive Programs: The 2010 budget includes continued amortization of prior year grants over the vesting periods and amortization of grants planned for 2010 for retention and compatible provided and amortization of grants planned for 2010 for retention
		2,685	and competitive pay practice purposes. Other: Main drivers include an increase in Dental (mainly driven by an 8% trend), an increas to the Corporate Incentive Program (based on expected company performance and employ- headcount), and an increase of programs in Other Benefits.
	\$	42,021	
Information Management	\$	6,358	Increase mainly attributed to cost associated with the Customer Information System II replacement project. The current system is old, highly customized/complex and inflexible, to the point that we are spending more on support than new enhancements.
		4,047	Increase represents the costs required during the second year of the project to relocate the Juno Beach Data Center to new out-of-state Data Center Site. The objective is to achieve greater geographic diversity for our secondary data center and drastically reduce the impact to business operation during a storm event.
		(148)	Other.
	\$	10,257	
Financial Business Unit		2,497	Projected increases of \$1.9 for non-executive new positions, merit, relocation, recruiting, and annual bonuses and \$0.6 mil for greater executive payroll, merit, and annual incentive bonus
		1,164 1,230	Greater audit, bank, and professional fees. Greater liability coverage for FPL's liability exposure related to a nuclear energy hazard, thirr party liability, and directors and officers insurance, due to an expected increase in capacity, market conditions, and nature of the company's business and loss history, \$1.0. Greater nor nuclear property insurance, \$0.4 mil, partially offset by lower storm related site loss
		924	experience penalty, \$(0.2). Projected increase in executive stock based compensation awards mainly driven by retentions and inflation, and projected increase in the executive deferred compensation balance driven by stock market growth projections, largely offset by increase in Executive portion of the Affiliate Management fee due to the change in the Massachusetts formula rate from 32,36% to 34.24%, as well as due to additional services needed to support the affiliate
		741	growth at FPLE. Other
	\$	6,556	
Regulatory Affairs	\$	(2,721)	Rate Case expenses no longer incurred
		500 318	FERC Regulatory Commission expenses Employee Compensation: pay rate increase and incentive increase
	\$	65 (1,838)	Net other minor items
Other	* \$	2,272	Less than 2.0% of increase, not material
		*1***	ananan di unu i ili an
10 Corporate Total	\$	1,552,796	

Florida Power Light Company Docket No. 080677-E1 SFHHA's Second Set of Interrogatories Question No. 119 Attachment No. 1 Page 8 of 8

Non-Fuel O&M Expenses (Revenue Enhancement) 2009 - 2010

Unit	(\$000)		Major Factor Increase / (Decrease)			
2009 Corporate Total	\$	27,729				
Customer Service		1,567	This increase in O&M is due to the planned growth in the Performance Contracting business. Performance Contracting is planning to increase sales revenue by 6% in 2010 vs. 2009. The projected increase in O&M is to support the planned growth.			
		218	This increase in O&M is due primarily to the administrative expense related to supporting the business growth.			
	\$	1,785				
2010 Corporate Total	\$	29,514				
Total Variance 2009 vs. 2010	\$	1,785				

EXHIBIT___(LK-10)

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Florida Power & Light Company Docket No. 080677-EI SFHHA's Tenth Set of Interrogatories Interrogatory No. 297 Page 1 of 1

Q.

Regarding Schedule C-35 for the 2010 test year. Of the data that appear in this schedule, please identify which amounts are capital and which are expenses for each year provided and separately identify the amounts that should be included in base rates and the Company's various riders for each year.

A.

MFR C-35 line 3 – Gross Payroll - See Attachment No. 1 for the requested breakdown of amounts that appear on MFR C-35 line 3. The source of the amounts provided on MFR C-35 line 3 for 2006 through 2008 is the FERC Form 1, which provides an accounting view of costs classified as payroll. The source of the amounts provided on MFR C-35 line 3 for 2009 and 2010 is the FPL corporate budget system, which provides a management view of payroll. For comparability across years, the response to this interrogatory is from the FPL corporate budget system for 2006 through 2010.

MFR C-35 Fringe Benefits -- See Attachment No. 2.

Florida Power and Light Company Docket No. 080677-EI SFHHA's Tenth Set of Interrogatories Question No. 297 Attachment No. 1 Page 1 of 1

FPL Utility Gross Payroll

		O&M Expenses				Capital				Other		Total	
		Base		Clause		Base		Clause					
Year	ļ	Recoverable	R	ecoverable		Recoverable	R	ecoverable					
2006	\$	637,917,353	\$	19,269,821	\$	188,940,360	\$	1,178,469	\$	9,496,054	\$	856,802,058	
2007		686,309,937		21,691,062		210,673,988		879,986		12,160,124		931,715,097	
2008		714,860,295		22,416,627		216,755,824		1,250,731		13,685,927		968,969,403	
2009		722,471,814		27,748,103		243,763,197		3,956,611		9,274,829		1,007,214,554	
2010		765,261,494		27,867,388		254,621,125		5,269,533		9,630,794		1,062,650,334	

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SFHHA 10th Int # 297 gross payroll response.xis

Florida Power and Light Company Docket No, 080677-EI SFHHA's Tenth Set of Interrogatories Question No. 297 Attachment No. 2 Page 1 of 1

2010 2009 2008 2007 2006 Capital Capital Benefit Line Items (C-35) M.BO Capital Total O&M Capital Total MBO Capital Total 08M Total O&M Total Life Insurance 1,058 373 1,431 1.012 327 1.339 1.040 285 1,325 781 339 1,120 710 753 1,463 Medical Insurance 69.572 25.965 95,537 61,785 21,158 82,943 59,812 17.773 77.585 54,131 17,174 71,305 52,507 14,343 66,850 Pension Plan (FAS 87) -38,982 -18,737 -55,719 -55,487 -20,169 -75,656 -66,932 -18,932 -85,864 -60,168 -17,026 -77,194 -64,332 -14,408 -78,740 25,729 Employee Savings Plan 23,802 8,900 32,702 20,884 7,218 28,102 22,052 6,108 28,160 20,249 6,414 26,663 20,152 5,577 Federal Insurance Contributions Act (FICA) 68,266 64,503 48,200 13,272 61,472 45,843 11,866 57,709 52,578 18,831 71,409 51,539 18,727 50,883 13,620 2,858 Federal & State Unemployment Taxes 937 340 1,277 916 302 1.220 832 251 1.083 2,143 634 2.776 2.266 592 Workers' Compensation 6,393 2,386 8,779 6,259 2,242 8,501 6,496 2,238 8,734 8,658 2,563 9,221 7,977 2,031 10,008 Educational Assistance 1,193 459 1,652 898 302 1,200 641 183 824 558 225 783 533 232 765 Employee Welfare 2,893 1,682 4,775 2,055 1,424 3,479 2,070 1,627 3,697 7,415 1,323 8,738 5,730 2,192 7,922 19,338 28,227 22,600 5,709 22,222 23,529 5,531 24,669 Post Retirement Benefits (FAS 106) 16,428 6,172 16,513 18,338 5,191 22,310 5,917 Post Employment Disability Benefit (FAS 112) 5.294 7.275 5.215 1,786 7,000 2,484 1,547 8.824 1,213 10.036 1.562 5,726 1,981 4,031 4,164 1,751 5,500 5.315 3,785 3,653 1,151 4,804 Dental Insurance 4,649 6,400 4,092 1,408 4,114 1,201 1,202 4,986 Nuclear Child Development Center 237 0 237 251 0 251 217 0 217 216 0 216 128 0 128 TOTAL Fringe Benefits 198,355 154,367 133,139 144,991 133,449

SFHHA's 10th Set of Interrogatories - Question 297 MFR C-35 2006-2010 Benefits Expenses (\$000) Categorized by Expense vs. Capital

EXHIBIT__(LK-11)

FLORIDA POWER AND LIGHT SFHHA ADJUSTMENTS TO REFLECT PRODUCTIVITY GAINS TEST YEAR ENDING DECEMBER 31, 2010 (\$ MILLIONS)

Source: Response to SFHHA Interrogatory No. 297 and Burea of Labor Statistics website

Assumed 2.0% Annual Productivity Factor Based on Historical Data Presented Below

	O&M Amount	Productivity Factor	Productivity Reduction
O&M Base Recovery Payroll 2010	765.261	0.0404	(30.917)
O&M Payroll Tax 2010 - Sch C-20	49.384	0.0404	(1.995)
O&M Base Recovery Fr. Benefits	89.286	0.0404	(3.607)
Total Productivity Reduction			(36.519)

		BLS I	Productivity S	Statistics		
Series Id:	PRS850060)93				
Duration:	index, 1992					
Measure:	Output Pe					
Sector:	Nonfarm Bu	siness				04
Year	Qtr1	Qtr2	Qtr3	Qtr4	Annual	% Increase
1998	108.356	108.675	109.902	110.476	109.358	
1999	111.455	111.704	112.487	114.415	112.521	2.9%
2000	113.914	115.938	115.713	116.824	115.687	2.8%
2001	116.689	118.288	118.826	120.574	118.577	2.5%
2002	122.685	122.88	124.208	124.098	123.468	4.1%
2003	125.197	126.903	130.064	129.963	128.034	3.7%
2004	130.225	131.73	132.242	132.245	131.614	2.8%
2005	133.167	133.394	134.687	134.195	133.862	1.7%
2006	134.832	135.642	135.086	134.938	135.123	0.9%
2007	134.731	136.326	138.665	138.482	137.049	1.4%
2008	139.385	140.98	141.732	141.533	140.897	2.8%
2009	142.079	una na aganar ini ta na na adagana M Aganan nga na na na na ta	ant des vic an 2 1	indites and an interesting and an	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
5 Year S	imple Avera	je				1.9%
10 Year	Simple Avera	age				2.6%
Most Red	cent Annualia	zed 1st Qtr				1.9%

FLORIDA POWER AND LIGHT SFHHA ADJUSTMENTS TO REFLECT PRODUCTIVITY GAINS . TEST YEAR ENDING DECEMBER 31, 2010 (\$ MILLIONS)

Computation of Fringe Benefits SFHHA Interrogatory No. 297

	2010 Fringe O&M Reflected		2010 Fringe O&M Without
	ON #207		PR
Life Insurance	<u>#297</u> 1.058		
Medical Insurance	69.572		69.572
Pension Plan	-38.982		-38.982
Employee Savings Plan	-38.982 23.802		23.802
FICA - SB P/R Tax	52.578		23.002
Fed & St Unemployment - SB P/R Tax	0.937		
Worker's Comp	6.393		6.393
Educational Assist	1.193		1.193
Employee Welfare	2.893		2,893
OPEB (SFAS 106)	16.428		16.428
Post Emp Disability Benefit	5.294		5.294
Dental Insurance	4.649		4.649
Nuclear Child Development Center	0.237		0.237
Total	146.052		92.537
Base Recovery Amount			89.286
O&M Payroll			
Base Recovery Gross PR per No. 297	765.261494	96.5%	
Clause Recovery Gross PR per No. 297	27.867388	3.5%	
Total O&M Payroll	793.128882	100.0%	

EXHIBIT___(LK-12)

Florida Power & Light Company Docket No. 080677-EI SFHHA's Fifth Set of Interrogatories Interrogatory No. 240 Page 1 of 2

Q. Regarding Testimony of FPL Witness J. A. Stall

Regarding page 39:1-9 and Exhibit JAS-10. Please provide a detailed explanation of the reasons for the increase in annual O&M expenditures for St. Lucy and Turkey Point in the 2010 and 2011 plans as compared to 2008 actual expenditures.

A.

FPL's increase in annual O&M expenditures for 2010 and 2011, compared to 2008 actual expenditures, is approximately \$43.5 million and \$59.0 million, respectively. The major drivers of the variance are categorized as follows:

<u>2010:</u>

<u>Nuclear Division Staffing</u>: The increase is comprised of the following components: Year-to-year merit increases for Nuclear Division employees and an increase in staffing to address Operations staffing needs and Maintenance and Engineering College Program. The increase attributable to merit increases is approximately \$6 million, and staffing increase is approximately \$18.5 million.

<u>NRC Licensing and Inspection Fees:</u> The NRC has significantly increased the fees FPL must pay as a result of the nuclear units being regulated by the NRC. NRC licensing fees are charged at a per unit rate and inspection fees are charged at a per hour rate for services required. The increase is approximately \$4.9 million.

<u>Outages:</u> Included in this variance are changes in actual costs associated with differences in the number and scope of refueling outages for St. Lucie and Turkey Point nuclear units in the two comparison years (2008 and 2010). The increase is approximately \$7.9 million.

<u>Projects:</u> Projects are scope-driven and expenditures will vary from year to year. The net increase attributable to projects is approximately \$3.8 million. See documents provided in FPL's response to SFHHA's Fifth Request for Production of Documents No. 71 for a list of projects.

<u>Materials & Supplies</u>: The increase is associated with costs for material and supplies to support daily maintenance activities and write-off of obsolete inventory due to equipment upgrades not related to the uprate projects. The increase is approximately \$2.1 million.

Florida Power & Light Company Docket No. 080677-EI SFHHA's Fifth Set of Interrogatories Interrogatory No. 240 Page 2 of 2

<u>2011:</u>

<u>Nuclear Division Staffing</u>: The increase is comprised of the following components: Year-to-year merit increases for Nuclear Division employees and an increase in staffing to address Operations staffing needs and Maintenance and Engineering College Program. The increase attributable to merit increases is approximately \$9.1 million, and staffing increase is approximately \$23.3 million.

<u>NRC Licensing and Inspection Fees:</u> The NRC has significantly increased the fees FPL must pay as a result of the nuclear units being regulated by the NRC. NRC licensing fees are charged at a per unit rate and inspection fees are charged at a per hour rate for services required. The increase is approximately \$7.2 million.

<u>Outages:</u> Included in this variance are changes in actual costs associated with differences in the number and scope of refueling outages for St. Lucie and Turkey Point nuclear units in the two comparison years (2008 and 2011). The increase is approximately \$15.1 million.

<u>Materials & Supplies</u>: The increase is associated with costs for material and supplies to support daily maintenance activities and write-off of obsolete inventory due to equipment upgrades not related to the uprate projects. The increase is approximately \$2.6 million.

EXHIBIT___(LK-13)

Florida Power & Light Company Docket No. 080677-EI SFHHA's Tenth Set of Interrogatories Interrogatory No. 291 Page 1 of 1

Q.

Please provide a monthly history of nuclear production full time equivalent employees by department and in total for this function from January 2006 through December 2011 and provide an explanation for any year to year change (December to December) exceeding 2% in total for this function. For 2009, the Company should provide this information on a budgeted basis and on an actual basis for those months with actual data.

A.

See Attachment No. 1.

Florida Power & Light Company Docket No. 080677-El SFHHA's Tenth Set of Interrogatories Question No. 291 Attachment No. 1 Tab 1 of 6

Rate Case Interrogatory #291 Year over Year Increase

	Full Time Regular Employees	% Increase
2006 Actual	1,689.5	
2007 Actual	1,768.5	4.7%
2008 Actual	1,888.5	6.8%
2009 Actual & Budget	2,011.5	6.5%
2010 Budget	2,071.0	3.0%
2011 Budget	2,115.8	2.2%

Changes from 2006-2007:

FPL added staff to anticipate and ultimately compensate for attrition and retirements.

As part of the FPL Professional Training Pipeline, FPL had formed partnerships with both the Indian River State College and the Miami Dade Community College to train the next generation of workers, and has committed to accepting a fixed number into the Apprenticeship Program each year. Employee increases during 2007 resulted from this program, plus dedicated air conditioning maintenance employees (displacing contractors), as well as authorized increases in Nuclear Engineering to align with the standard fleet organization model based on the size of each station.

Changes from 2007-2008:

The majority of employee increases during 2008 were driven by the "pipeline". FPL increased the number of plant workers to allow for a smooth transition as experienced workers retire, while also preparing for anticipated industry growth over the next 10 years. Many of those hired were for licensed operator classes where employees are trained for extensive time frames prior to becoming productive. Other drivers included Capacity Clause security positions and project bound employees for a new major capital project (Extended Power Uprate) (payroll dollars for Capacity Clause and Extended Power Uprate are included in their respective Docket filings).

Changes from 2008-2009:

The main drivers for each of the projected years is the Apprenticeship Program and operations training pipeline. During 2009 only FPL also expects to hire additional project bound positions to support the new major capital project referenced for 2008, which is expected to last into 2013.

Changes from 2009-2010:

The main drivers for each of the projected years is the Apprenticeship Program and operations training pipeline.

Changes from 2010-2011:

The main drivers for each of the projected years is the Apprenticeship Program

Florida Power & Light Company Docket No. 080677-El SFHHA's Tenth Set of Interrogatories Question No. 291 Attachment No. 1 Tab 2 of 6

BRC Description	Ledger Date		Emp.Status	Actual
R01044 - ENGINEERING SUPP SVC	200601	Exempt Regular	Bi-weekly Fixed	53
	200601	Non-Exempt	Bi-weekly Fixed	3
	200602	Exempt Regular	Bi-weekly Fixed	53
	200602	Non-Exempt	Bi-weekly Fixed	3
	200603	Exempt Regular	Bi-weekly Fixed	52
	200603	Non-Exempt	Bi-weekly Fixed	3
	200604	Exempt Regular	Bi-weekly Fixed	48
	200604	Non-Exempt	Bi-weekly Fixed	3
	200605	Exempt Regular	Bi-weekly Fixed	48
	200605	Non-Exempt	Bi-weekly Fixed	3
	200606	Exempt Regular	Bi-weekly Fixed	48
		Non-Exempt	Bi-weekly Fixed	3
	200607	Bargaining	Bi-weekly Fixed	4
		Exempt Regular	Bi-weekly Fixed	49
	200607	Non-Exempt	Bi-weekly Fixed	3
		Exempt Regular	Bi-weekly Fixed	49
		Non-Exempt	Bi-weekly Fixed	3
		Exempt Regular	Bi-weekly Fixed	49
		Non-Exempt	Bi-weekly Fixed	3
		Exempt Regular	Bi-weekly Fixed	49
		Non-Exempt	Bi-weekly Fixed	3
		Exempt Regular	Bi-weekly Fixed	50
		Non-Exempt	Bi-weekly Fixed	3
		Exempt Regular	Bi-weekly Fixed	51
		Non-Exempt	Bi-weekly Fixed	3
R01905 - ST LUCIE PLANT		Bargaining	Bi-weekly Fixed	252
		Exempt Regular	Bi-weekly Fixed	340
		Non-Exempt	Bi-weekly Fixed	46
		Bargaining	Bi-weekly Fixed	254
		Exempt Regular	Bi-weekly Fixed	341
		Non-Exempt	Bi-weekly Fixed	45
		Bargaining	Bi-weekly Fixed	257
		Exempt Regular	Bi-weekly Fixed	340
		Non-Exempt	Bi-weekly Fixed	45
		Bargaining	Bi-weekly Fixed	257
		Exempt Regular	Bi-weekly Fixed	345
		Non-Exempt	Bi-weekly Fixed	45
		Bargaining	Bi-weekly Fixed	264
		Exempt Regular	Bi-weekly Fixed	350
		Non-Exempt	Bi-weekly Fixed	46
		Bargaining	Bi-weekly Fixed	266
		Exempt Regular	Bi-weekly Fixed	350
		Non-Exempt	Bi-weekly Fixed	45
		Bargaining	Bi-weekly Fixed	263
			,	358

Florida Power & Light Company Docket No. 080677-EI SFHHA's Tenth Set of Interrogatories Question No. 291 Attachment No. 1 Tab 2 of 6

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BRC Description	Ledger Date		Emp.Status	Actual
	200607	Non-Exempt	Bi-weekly, Fixed	46
	200608	Bargaining	Bi-weekly Fixed	265
	200608	Exempt Regular	Bi-weekly Fixed	363
	200608	Non-Exempt	Bi-weekly Fixed	45
	200609	Bargaining	Bi-weekly Fixed	264
	200609	Exempt Regular	Bi-weekly Fixed	363
	200609	Non-Exempt	Bi-weekly Fixed	44
	200610	Bargaining	Bi-weekly Fixed	262
	200610	Exempt Regular	Bi-weekly Fixed	372
	200610	Non-Exempt	Bi-weekly Fixed	45.5
	200611	Bargaining	Bi-weekly Fixed	264
		Exempt Regular	Bi-weekly Fixed	374.5
		Non-Exempt	Bi-weekly Fixed	44.5
		Bargaining	Bi-weekly Fixed	264
		Exempt Regular	Bi-weekly Fixed	372.5
		Non-Exempt	Bi-weekly Fixed	45.5
R01908 - PTN STATION		Bargaining	Bi-weekly Fixed	272
		Bargaining	Daily Variable	0
		Exempt Regular	Bi-weekly Fixed	354.5
		Non-Exempt	Bi-weekly Fixed	50
		Bargaining	Bi-weekly Fixed	283
		Bargaining	Daily Variable	203
		Exempt Regular	Bi-weekly Fixed	354.5
		Non-Exempt	Bi-weekly Fixed	49
				49 294
		Bargaining	Bi-weekly Fixed	234
		Bargaining	Daily Variable	-
		Exempt Regular	Bi-weekly Fixed	355.5
		Non-Exempt	Bi-weekly Fixed	49
		Bargaining	Bi-weekly Fixed	303
		Bargaining	Daily Variable	0
		Exempt Regular	Bi-weekly Fixed	356.5
		Non-Exempt	Bi-weekly Fixed	49
		Bargaining	Bi-weekly Fixed	301
		Bargaining	Daily Variable	0
		Exempt Regular	Bi-weekly Fixed	357.5
		Non-Exempt	Bi-weekly Fixed	48
		Bargaining	Bi-weekly Fixed	310
		Bargaining	Daily Variable	0
		Exempt Regular	Bi-weekly Fixed	355.5
		Non-Exempt	Bi-weekly Fixed	48
		Bargaining	Bi-weekly Fixed	312
		Bargaining	Daily Variable	0
		Exempt Regular	Bi-weekly Fixed	357.5
		Non-Exempt	Bi-weekly Fixed	47
	200608	Bargaining	Bi-weekly Fixed	313

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4

200608 Bargaining Daily Variable 0 200608 Exempt Regular Bi-weekly Fixed 348.5 200609 Bargaining Di-weekly Fixed 313 200609 Bargaining Di-weekly Fixed 361.5 200609 Bargaining Di-weekly Fixed 361.5 200609 Bargaining Di-weekly Fixed 361.5 200610 Bargaining Di-weekly Fixed 360.5 200610 Bargaining Di-weekly Fixed 360.5 200610 Exempt Regular Di-weekly Fixed 360.5 200610 Exempt Regular Di-weekly Fixed 366.5 200611 Bargaining Di-weekly Fixed 366.5 200611 Bargaining Di-weekly Fixed 360.5 200611 Bargaining Di-weekly Fixed 360.5 200612 Eargaining Di-weekly Fixed 360.5 200612 Exempt Regular Di-weekly Fixed 360.5 200612 Non-Exempt Bi-weekly Fixed 10 200602 Exempt Regular Di-weekly Fixed 11 200602 Non-Exempt Bi-weekly Fixed 11 200602 Exempt Regular	BRC Description	Ledger Date	Emp.Type	Emp.Status	Actual
200608 Non-Exempt Bi-weekly Fixed 48 200609 Bargaining Dily Variable 0 200609 Bargaining Daily Variable 0 200609 Non-Exempt Regular Bi-weekly Fixed 361.5 200610 Bargaining Bi-weekly Fixed 309 200610 Exempt Regular Bi-weekly Fixed 309 200610 Exempt Regular Bi-weekly Fixed 300.5 200610 Exempt Regular Bi-weekly Fixed 300 200611 Bargaining Bi-weekly Fixed 305 200611 Bargaining Bi-weekly Fixed 300 200611 Bargaining Bi-weekly Fixed 300 200612 Exempt Regular Bi-weekly Fixed 300 200612 Bargaining Daily Variable 00 200612 Non-Exempt Bi-weekly Fixed 300 200612 Non-Exempt Bi-weekly Fixed 300 200612 Non-Exempt Bi-weekly Fixed 300 200601 Non-Exempt Bi-weekly Fixed 300 200602 Exempt Regular Bi-weekly Fixed 300 200603 Exempt Regular Bi-weekly Fixed <td></td> <td>200608</td> <td>Bargaining</td> <td>Daily Variable</td> <td>0</td>		200608	Bargaining	Daily Variable	0
200609 Bargaining Bi-weekly Fixed 313 200609 Exempt Regular Daity Variable 0 200609 Exempt Regular Bi-weekly Fixed 361.5 200609 Desempt Regular Bi-weekly Fixed 369.2 200610 Bargaining Daity Variable 0 200610 Bargaining Daity Variable 0 200610 Non-Exempt Bi-weekly Fixed 360.5 200611 Exempt Regular Bi-weekly Fixed 365.5 200611 Exempt Regular Bi-weekly Fixed 363.5 200611 Exempt Regular Bi-weekly Fixed 363.5 200612 Bargaining Daity Variable 0 200612 Exempt Regular Bi-weekly Fixed 360.5 200612 Exempt Regular Bi-weekly Fixed 360.5 200612 Exempt Regular Bi-weekly Fixed 20 200601 Exempt Regular Bi-weekly Fixed 20 200602 Exempt Regular Bi-weekly Fixed 1 200602 Exempt Regular Bi-weekly Fixed 1 200602 Exempt Regular Bi-weekly Fixed 1 200603 Non-Exempt		200608	Exempt Regular	Bi-weekly Fixed	348.5
200609 Bargaining Daily Variable 0 200609 Exempt Regular Bi-weekly Fixed 361.5 200610 Bargaining Bi-weekly Fixed 47 200610 Bargaining Daily Variable 0 200610 Bargaining Daily Variable 0 200610 Non-Exempt Regular Bi-weekly Fixed 305 200611 Bargaining Daily Variable 0 200611 Bargaining Daily Variable 0 200611 Exempt Regular Bi-weekly Fixed 305 200611 Exempt Regular Bi-weekly Fixed 303 200612 Eargaining Daily Variable 0 200612 Exempt Regular Bi-weekly Fixed 300 200612 Exempt Regular Bi-weekly Fixed 300 200612 Exempt Regular Bi-weekly Fixed 1 200601 Non-Exempt Bi-weekly Fixed 1 200602 Exempt Regular Bi-weekly Fixed 1 200603 Non-Exempt Bi-weekly Fixed 1 200603 Non-Exempt Bi-weekly Fixed 1 200605 Non-Exempt Bi-weekly Fixed 1<		200608	Non-Exempt	Bi-weekly Fixed	48
200609 Exempt Regular Bi-weekly Fixed 361.5 200610 Bargaining Bi-weekly Fixed 47 200610 Bargaining Daily Variable 0 200610 Exempt Regular Bi-weekly Fixed 360.5 200611 Exempt Regular Bi-weekly Fixed 360.5 200611 Exempt Regular Bi-weekly Fixed 305 200611 Bargaining Bi-weekly Fixed 305 200611 Exempt Regular Bi-weekly Fixed 305 200611 Exempt Regular Bi-weekly Fixed 305 200612 Bargaining Daily Variable 0 200612 Exempt Regular Bi-weekly Fixed 300 200612 Exempt Regular Bi-weekly Fixed 300.5 200612 Exempt Regular Bi-weekly Fixed 10 2006012 Non-Exempt Bi-weekly Fixed 10 200602 Non-Exempt Bi-weekly Fixed 11 200603 Non-Exempt Bi-weekly Fixed 11 200604 Exempt Regular Bi-weekly Fixed 11 200605 Non-Exempt Bi-weekly Fixed 11 200606 Non-Exempt Bi-weekl		200609	Bargaining	Bi-weekly Fixed	313
200609 Non-Exempt Bi-weekly Fixed 37 200610 Bargaining Bi-weekly Fixed 399 200610 Exempt Regular Bi-weekly Fixed 360.5 200611 Non-Exempt Bi-weekly Fixed 305 200611 Bargaining Daily Variable 0 200611 Bargaining Di-weekly Fixed 305 200611 Bargaining Di-weekly Fixed 358.5 200612 Bargaining Di-weekly Fixed 300 200612 Bargaining Daily Variable 0 200612 Bargaining Daily Variable 0 200612 Non-Exempt Bi-weekly Fixed 300 200612 Exempt Regular Bi-weekly Fixed 300 2006012 Non-Exempt Bi-weekly Fixed 1 200602 Non-Exempt Bi-weekly Fixed 1 200603 Non-Exempt Bi-weekly Fixed 1 200604 Non-Exempt Bi-weekly Fixed 1 200605 Non-Exempt Bi-weekly Fixed 1 200605 Non-Exempt Bi-weekly Fixed 1 200606 Non-Exempt Bi-weekly Fixed 1		200609	Bargaining	Daily Variable	0
200610 Bargaining Bi-weekly Fixed 309 200610 Bargaining Bi-weekly Fixed 360.5 200610 Non-Exempt Bi-weekly Fixed 360.5 200611 Bargaining Bi-weekly Fixed 365.5 200611 Bargaining Daily Variable 0 200612 Bargaining Daily Variable 0 200613 Bargaining Daily Variable 0 200612 Bargaining Daily Variable 0 200612 Bargaining Daily Variable 0 200612 Exempt Regular Bi-weekly Fixed 300.5 200612 Dargaining Daily Variable 0 200612 Exempt Regular Bi-weekly Fixed 300.5 200612 Done-Exempt Bi-weekly Fixed 1 200602 Non-Exempt Bi-weekly Fixed 1 200602 Non-Exempt Bi-weekly Fixed 1 200603 Non-Exempt Bi-weekly Fixed 1 200604 Non-Ex		200609	Exempt Regular	Bi-weekly Fixed	361.5
200610 Bargaining Daily Variable 0 200610 Exempt Regular Bi-weekly Fixed 360.5 200611 Bargaining Bi-weekly Fixed 305 200611 Bargaining Bi-weekly Fixed 305 200611 Bargaining Bi-weekly Fixed 358 200611 Non-Exempt Bi-weekly Fixed 368 200611 Non-Exempt Bi-weekly Fixed 300 200612 Bargaining Daily Variable 0 200612 Non-Exempt Bi-weekly Fixed 300 200612 Non-Exempt Bi-weekly Fixed 1 200601 Exempt Regular Bi-weekly Fixed 1 200602 Non-Exempt Bi-weekly Fixed 1 200603 Non-Exempt Bi-weekly Fixed 1 200604 Non-Exempt </td <td></td> <td>200609</td> <td>Non-Exempt</td> <td>Bi-weekly Fixed</td> <td>47</td>		200609	Non-Exempt	Bi-weekly Fixed	47
200610 Exempt Regular Bi-weekly Fixed 360.5 200610 Non-Exempt Bi-weekly Fixed 50 200611 Bargaining Daily Variable 0 200611 Exempt Regular Bi-weekly Fixed 353 200611 Exempt Regular Bi-weekly Fixed 360.5 200612 Bargaining Daily Variable 00 200612 Bargaining Bi-weekly Fixed 300 200612 Non-Exempt Bi-weekly Fixed 300 200612 Non-Exempt Bi-weekly Fixed 50 200612 Non-Exempt Bi-weekly Fixed 50 200601 Non-Exempt Bi-weekly Fixed 50 200601 Non-Exempt Bi-weekly Fixed 10 200602 Non-Exempt Bi-weekly Fixed 11 200603 Non-Exempt Bi-weekly Fixed 1 200603 Non-Exempt Bi-weekly Fixed 1 200603 Non-Exempt Bi-weekly Fixed 1 200605		200610	Bargaining	Bi-weekly Fixed	309
200610 Non-Exempt Bi-weekly Fixed 50 200611 Bargaining Daily Variable 0 200612 Exempt Regular Bi-weekly Fixed 360.5 200612 Non-Exempt Bi-weekly Fixed 20 200601 Non-Exempt Bi-weekly Fixed 1 200602 Non-Exempt Bi-weekly Fixed 1 200603 Scempt Regular Bi-weekly Fixed 1 200604 Scempt Regular Bi-weekly Fixed 1 200605 Scempt Regular Bi-weekly Fixed 1 200606 Non-Exempt		200610	Bargaining	Daily Variable	0
200611 Bargaining Bi-weekly Fixed 305 200611 Bargaining Daily Variable 0 200611 Exempt Regular Bi-weekly Fixed 53 200612 Bargaining Bi-weekly Fixed 300 200612 Bargaining Bi-weekly Fixed 300 200612 Bargaining Bi-weekly Fixed 300 200612 Non-Exempt Bi-weekly Fixed 300 200612 Non-Exempt Bi-weekly Fixed 50 200612 Non-Exempt Bi-weekly Fixed 20 200612 Non-Exempt Bi-weekly Fixed 20 200601 Non-Exempt Bi-weekly Fixed 1 200602 Non-Exempt Bi-weekly Fixed 1 200603 Non-Exempt Bi-weekly Fixed 1 200604 Non-Exempt Bi-weekly Fixed 1 200605 Exempt Regular Bi-weekly Fixed 1 200606 Non-Exempt Bi-weekly Fixed 1		200610	Exempt Regular	Bi-weekly Fixed	360.5
200611BargainingDaily Variable0200611Exempt RegularBi-weekly Fixed358.5200612BargainingBi-weekly Fixed300200612BargainingDaily Variable0200612BargainingDaily Variable0200612BargainingDaily Variable0200612Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed360.5200612Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed50200611Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed1200601Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed1200602Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed1200603Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed1200603Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed1200604Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed1200605Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed1200605Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed1200605Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed1200605Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed1200606Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed1200607Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed1200608Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed1200609Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed1200609Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed1200609Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed1200609Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed1200609Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed1200609No		200610	Non-Exempt	Bi-weekly Fixed	50
200611Exempt RegularBi-weekly Fixed358.5200611Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed53200612BargainingDaily Variable0200612BargainingDaily Variable0200612Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed360.5200612Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed50200612Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed20200601Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed1200602Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed1200603Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed1200603Sexempt RegularBi-weekly Fixed1200604Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed1200605Sexempt RegularBi-weekly Fixed1200605Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed1200606Sexempt RegularBi-weekly Fixed1200605Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed1200606Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed1200605Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed1200606Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed1200607Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed1200608Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed1200609Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed1200609Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed1200609Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed1200609Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed1200609Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed1		200611	Bargaining	Bi-weekly Fixed	305
200611 Non-Exempt Bi-weekly Fixed 53 200612 Bargaining Bi-weekly Fixed 300 200612 Bargaining Daily Variable 0 200612 Exempt Regular Bi-weekly Fixed 360.5 200612 Non-Exempt Bi-weekly Fixed 200 200612 Non-Exempt Bi-weekly Fixed 20 200602 Exempt Regular Bi-weekly Fixed 1 200602 Exempt Regular Bi-weekly Fixed 1 200602 Exempt Regular Bi-weekly Fixed 1 200603 Non-Exempt Bi-weekly Fixed 1 200604 Non-Exempt Bi-weekly Fixed 1 200605 Non-Exempt Bi-weekly Fixed 1 200605 Exempt Regular Bi-weekly Fixed 1 200605 Non-Exempt Bi-weekly Fixed 1 200606 Non-Exempt Bi-weekly Fixed 1 200607 Non-Exempt Bi-weekly Fixed 1		200611	Bargaining	Daily Variable	0
200611 Non-Exempt Bi-weekly Fixed 53 200612 Bargaining Bi-weekly Fixed 300 200612 Bargaining Daily Variable 0 200612 Exempt Regular Bi-weekly Fixed 360.5 200612 Non-Exempt Bi-weekly Fixed 200 200612 Non-Exempt Bi-weekly Fixed 20 200602 Exempt Regular Bi-weekly Fixed 1 200602 Exempt Regular Bi-weekly Fixed 1 200602 Exempt Regular Bi-weekly Fixed 1 200603 Non-Exempt Bi-weekly Fixed 1 200604 Non-Exempt Bi-weekly Fixed 1 200605 Non-Exempt Bi-weekly Fixed 1 200605 Exempt Regular Bi-weekly Fixed 1 200605 Non-Exempt Bi-weekly Fixed 1 200606 Non-Exempt Bi-weekly Fixed 1 200607 Non-Exempt Bi-weekly Fixed 1		200611	Exempt Regular	Bi-weekly Fixed	358.5
200612 BargainingDaily Variable0200612 Exempt RegularBi-weekly Fixed360.5200612 Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed50200601 Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed20200601 Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed1200602 Exempt RegularBi-weekly Fixed1200603 Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed1200603 Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed1200604 Exempt RegularBi-weekly Fixed1200605 Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed1200606 Exempt RegularBi-weekly Fixed1200605 Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed1200606 Exempt RegularBi-weekly Fixed1200605 Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed1200606 Exempt RegularBi-weekly Fixed1200606 Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed1200607 Exempt RegularBi-weekly Fixed1200608 Exempt RegularBi-weekly Fixed1200609 Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed1200609 Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed1200609 Exempt RegularBi-weekly Fixed1200609 Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed1200609 Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed1200601 Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed1200602 Exempt RegularBi-weekly Fixed1200603 Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed1200604 Exempt RegularBi-weekly Fixed1200605 Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed1200606 Exempt RegularBi-weekly Fixed <td></td> <td>200611</td> <td>Non-Exempt</td> <td></td> <td>53</td>		200611	Non-Exempt		53
200612Exempt RegularBi-weekly Fixed360.5R31600 - NUCLEAR OPERNS SUPPT200601Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed20200601Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed20200601Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed20200602Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed1200603Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed1200603Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed1200604Exempt RegularBi-weekly Fixed1200605Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed1200604Exempt RegularBi-weekly Fixed1200605Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed1200605Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed1200606Exempt RegularBi-weekly Fixed1200605Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed1200606Exempt RegularBi-weekly Fixed1200605Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed1200606Scempt RegularBi-weekly Fixed1200607Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed1200607Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed1200608Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed1200609Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed1200609Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed1200609Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed1200609Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed12006010Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed1200610Non-ExemptB				Bi-weekly Fixed	300
200612Exempt RegularBi-weekly Fixed360.5R31600 - NUCLEAR OPERNS SUPPT200601Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed20200601Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed20200601Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed20200602Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed1200603Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed1200603Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed1200604Exempt RegularBi-weekly Fixed1200605Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed1200604Exempt RegularBi-weekly Fixed1200605Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed1200605Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed1200606Exempt RegularBi-weekly Fixed1200605Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed1200606Exempt RegularBi-weekly Fixed1200605Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed1200606Scempt RegularBi-weekly Fixed1200607Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed1200607Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed1200608Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed1200609Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed1200609Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed1200609Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed1200609Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed12006010Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed1200610Non-ExemptB		200612	Bargaining	Daily Variable	0
R31600 - NUCLEAR OPERNS SUPPT 200601 Exempt Regular Bi-weekly Fixed 20 200601 Non-Exempt Bi-weekly Fixed 1 200602 Exempt Regular Bi-weekly Fixed 1 200603 Exempt Regular Bi-weekly Fixed 1 200603 Exempt Regular Bi-weekly Fixed 1 200604 Exempt Regular Bi-weekly Fixed 1 200605 Non-Exempt Bi-weekly Fixed 1 200605 Exempt Regular Bi-weekly Fixed 1 200605 Non-Exempt Bi-weekly Fixed 1 200606 Exempt Regular Bi-weekly Fixed 1 200606 Non-Exempt Bi-weekly Fixed 1 200607 Exempt Regular Bi-weekly Fixed 1 200607 Non-Exempt Bi-weekly Fixed 1 200608 Non-Exempt Bi-weekly Fixed 1 200609 Exempt Regular Bi-weekly Fixed 1 200609 Non-Exempt </td <td></td> <td>200612</td> <td>Exempt Regular</td> <td></td> <td>360.5</td>		200612	Exempt Regular		360.5
R31600 - NUCLEAR OPERNS SUPPT200601 Exempt RegularBi-weekly Fixed20200601 Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed1200602 Exempt RegularBi-weekly Fixed20200603 Exempt RegularBi-weekly Fixed1200603 Exempt RegularBi-weekly Fixed1200604 Exempt RegularBi-weekly Fixed1200605 Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed1200605 Exempt RegularBi-weekly Fixed1200605 Exempt RegularBi-weekly Fixed1200606 Exempt RegularBi-weekly Fixed1200606 Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed1200607 Exempt RegularBi-weekly Fixed1200607 Exempt RegularBi-weekly Fixed1200607 Exempt RegularBi-weekly Fixed1200608 Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed1200609 Exempt RegularBi-weekly Fixed1200601 Exempt RegularBi-weekly Fixed1200610 Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed1200611 Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed1200612 Exempt RegularBi-weekly Fixed1200612 Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed1200611 Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed1200612 Exempt RegularBi-weekly Fixed1200612 Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed1		200612	Non-Exempt	Bi-weekly Fixed	50
200602Exempt RegularBi-weekly Fixed20200602Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed1200603Exempt RegularBi-weekly Fixed19200603Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed1200604Exempt RegularBi-weekly Fixed1200605Exempt RegularBi-weekly Fixed1200605Exempt RegularBi-weekly Fixed1200605Exempt RegularBi-weekly Fixed1200605Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed1200606Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed1200607Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed1200607Exempt RegularBi-weekly Fixed1200608Exempt RegularBi-weekly Fixed1200609Exempt RegularBi-weekly Fixed1200609Exempt RegularBi-weekly Fixed1200609Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed1200609Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed1200609Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed1200609Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed1200610Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed1200611Exempt RegularBi-weekly Fixed1200612Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed1200612Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed1200612Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed1200612Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed1200612Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed1	R31600 - NUCLEAR OPERNS SUPPT	200601	Exempt Regular	Bi-weekly Fixed	20
200602Exempt RegularBi-weekly Fixed20200602Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed1200603Exempt RegularBi-weekly Fixed19200603Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed1200604Exempt RegularBi-weekly Fixed1200605Exempt RegularBi-weekly Fixed1200605Exempt RegularBi-weekly Fixed1200605Exempt RegularBi-weekly Fixed1200605Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed1200606Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed1200607Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed1200607Exempt RegularBi-weekly Fixed1200608Exempt RegularBi-weekly Fixed1200609Exempt RegularBi-weekly Fixed1200609Exempt RegularBi-weekly Fixed1200609Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed1200609Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed1200609Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed1200609Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed1200610Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed1200611Exempt RegularBi-weekly Fixed1200612Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed1200612Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed1200612Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed1200612Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed1200612Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed1		200601	Non-Exempt	Bi-weekly Fixed	1
200603 Exempt Regular Bi-weekly Fixed 19 200603 Non-Exempt Bi-weekly Fixed 1 200604 Exempt Regular Bi-weekly Fixed 18 200604 Non-Exempt Bi-weekly Fixed 1 200605 Exempt Regular Bi-weekly Fixed 1 200605 Exempt Regular Bi-weekly Fixed 1 200605 Non-Exempt Bi-weekly Fixed 1 200606 Non-Exempt Bi-weekly Fixed 1 200607 Exempt Regular Bi-weekly Fixed 1 200607 Exempt Regular Bi-weekly Fixed 1 200607 Exempt Regular Bi-weekly Fixed 1 200607 Non-Exempt Bi-weekly Fixed 1 200608 Exempt Regular Bi-weekly Fixed 1 200608 Non-Exempt Bi-weekly Fixed 1 200609 Non-Exempt Bi-weekly Fixed 1 200609 Non-Exempt Bi-weekly Fixed 1 200610 <				-	20
200603 Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed1200604 Exempt RegularBi-weekly Fixed18200604 Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed1200605 Exempt RegularBi-weekly Fixed17200605 Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed1200606 Exempt RegularBi-weekly Fixed16200607 Exempt RegularBi-weekly Fixed1200607 Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed1200608 Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed1200607 Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed1200608 Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed16200608 Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed16200609 Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed16200609 Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed17200609 Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed11200610 Exempt RegularBi-weekly Fixed18200610 Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed18200611 Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed18200612 Exempt RegularBi-weekly Fixed18200612 Exempt RegularBi-weekly Fixed18200612 Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed <td< td=""><td></td><td>200602</td><td>Non-Exempt</td><td>Bi-weekly Fixed</td><td>1</td></td<>		200602	Non-Exempt	Bi-weekly Fixed	1
200604Exempt RegularBi-weekly Fixed18200604Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed1200605Exempt RegularBi-weekly Fixed17200605Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed1200606Exempt RegularBi-weekly Fixed16200606Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed16200607Exempt RegularBi-weekly Fixed17200607Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed17200607Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed16200608Exempt RegularBi-weekly Fixed16200609Exempt RegularBi-weekly Fixed16200609Exempt RegularBi-weekly Fixed16200609Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed17200609Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed17200609Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed18200610Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed18200611Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed18200611Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed18200612Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed18200612Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed18200612Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed18200612Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed18200612Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed18200612Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed18200612Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed18200612Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed		200603	Exempt Regular	Bi-weekly Fixed	19
200604 Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed1200605 Exempt RegularBi-weekly Fixed17200605 Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed1200606 Exempt RegularBi-weekly Fixed16200606 Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed1200607 Exempt RegularBi-weekly Fixed1200607 Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed1200608 Exempt RegularBi-weekly Fixed1200609 Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed1200609 Exempt RegularBi-weekly Fixed1200609 Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed1200609 Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed1200609 Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed1200610 Exempt RegularBi-weekly Fixed1200610 Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed1200611 Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed1200612 Exempt RegularBi-weekly Fixed1200612 Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed <t< td=""><td></td><td>200603</td><td>Non-Exempt</td><td>Bi-weekly Fixed</td><td>1</td></t<>		200603	Non-Exempt	Bi-weekly Fixed	1
200605 Exempt RegularBi-weekly Fixed17200605 Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed1200606 Exempt RegularBi-weekly Fixed16200606 Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed1200607 Exempt RegularBi-weekly Fixed17200607 Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed1200608 Exempt RegularBi-weekly Fixed1200608 Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed16200608 Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed16200609 Exempt RegularBi-weekly Fixed1200609 Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed1200609 Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed1200609 Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed1200610 Exempt RegularBi-weekly Fixed1200611 Exempt RegularBi-weekly Fixed1200612 Exempt RegularBi-weekly Fixed1200612 Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed1200612 Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed1200612 Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed1200612 Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed18200612 Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed1200612 Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed1200612 Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed1200612 Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed2200612 Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed1200612 Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed1200612 Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed100		200604	Exempt Regular	Bi-weekly Fixed	18
200605 Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed1200606 Exempt RegularBi-weekly Fixed16200606 Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed1200607 Exempt RegularBi-weekly Fixed17200607 Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed1200608 Exempt RegularBi-weekly Fixed16200608 Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed16200608 Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed16200609 Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed17200609 Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed17200609 Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed17200609 Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed1200610 Exempt RegularBi-weekly Fixed1200611 Exempt RegularBi-weekly Fixed1200612 Exempt RegularBi-weekly Fixed1200612 Exempt RegularBi-weekly Fixed1200612 Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed1200612 Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed1200612 Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed1200612 Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed18200612 Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed100		200604	Non-Exempt	Bi-weekly Fixed	1
200606 Exempt RegularBi-weekly Fixed16200606 Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed1200607 Exempt RegularBi-weekly Fixed17200607 Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed1200608 Exempt RegularBi-weekly Fixed16200608 Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed16200608 Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed16200609 Exempt RegularBi-weekly Fixed1200609 Exempt RegularBi-weekly Fixed17200609 Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed1200610 Exempt RegularBi-weekly Fixed18200610 Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed1200611 Exempt RegularBi-weekly Fixed1200612 Exempt RegularBi-weekly Fixed1200612 Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed1200612 Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed1200612 Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed18200612 Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed1200612 Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed1200612 Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed18200612 Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed <td< td=""><td></td><td>200605</td><td>Exempt Regular</td><td>Bi-weekly Fixed</td><td>17</td></td<>		200605	Exempt Regular	Bi-weekly Fixed	17
200606 Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed1200607 Exempt RegularBi-weekly Fixed17200607 Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed1200608 Exempt RegularBi-weekly Fixed16200608 Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed1200609 Exempt RegularBi-weekly Fixed1200609 Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed1200609 Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed1200609 Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed1200610 Exempt RegularBi-weekly Fixed1200610 Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed1200611 Exempt RegularBi-weekly Fixed1200612 Exempt RegularBi-weekly Fixed1200612 Exempt RegularBi-weekly Fixed1200612 Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed220613 Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed100		200605	Non-Exempt	Bi-weekly Fixed	1
200607 Exempt RegularBi-weekly Fixed17200607 Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed1200608 Exempt RegularBi-weekly Fixed16200608 Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed1200609 Exempt RegularBi-weekly Fixed1200609 Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed1200609 Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed1200610 Exempt RegularBi-weekly Fixed1200610 Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed18200610 Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed1200611 Exempt RegularBi-weekly Fixed18200611 Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed1200612 Exempt RegularBi-weekly Fixed1200612 Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed18200612 Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed1200612 Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed18200612 Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed100		200606	Exempt Regular	Bi-weekly Fixed	16
200607 Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed1200608 Exempt RegularBi-weekly Fixed16200608 Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed1200609 Exempt RegularBi-weekly Fixed17200609 Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed1200610 Exempt RegularBi-weekly Fixed1200610 Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed18200610 Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed1200611 Exempt RegularBi-weekly Fixed1200611 Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed18200612 Exempt RegularBi-weekly Fixed1200612 Exempt RegularBi-weekly Fixed18200612 Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed18200612 Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed18200612 Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed18200612 Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed18200612 Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed18200612 Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed100		200606	Non-Exempt	Bi-weekly Fixed	1
200608 Exempt RegularBi-weekly Fixed16200608 Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed1200609 Exempt RegularBi-weekly Fixed17200609 Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed1200610 Exempt RegularBi-weekly Fixed1200610 Exempt RegularBi-weekly Fixed18200610 Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed1200611 Exempt RegularBi-weekly Fixed1200611 Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed1200612 Exempt RegularBi-weekly Fixed1200612 Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed1200612 Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed18200612 Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed1200612 Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed2R64525 - VP TECH SERVICES200601 Exempt RegularBi-weekly Fixed100		200607	Exempt Regular	Bi-weekly Fixed	17
200608 Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed1200609 Exempt RegularBi-weekly Fixed17200609 Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed1200610 Exempt RegularBi-weekly Fixed18200610 Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed18200611 Exempt RegularBi-weekly Fixed1200611 Exempt RegularBi-weekly Fixed18200611 Exempt RegularBi-weekly Fixed18200612 Exempt RegularBi-weekly Fixed18200612 Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed18200612 Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed18200612 Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed18200612 Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed18200612 Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed100		200607	Non-Exempt	Bi-weekly Fixed	1
200609 Exempt RegularBi-weekly Fixed17200609 Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed1200610 Exempt RegularBi-weekly Fixed18200610 Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed1200611 Exempt RegularBi-weekly Fixed1200611 Exempt RegularBi-weekly Fixed18200611 Exempt RegularBi-weekly Fixed18200612 Exempt RegularBi-weekly Fixed1200612 Exempt RegularBi-weekly Fixed18200612 Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed18200612 Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed2R64525 - VP TECH SERVICES200601 Exempt RegularBi-weekly Fixed100		200608	Exempt Regular	Bi-weekly Fixed	16
200609 Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed1200610 Exempt RegularBi-weekly Fixed18200610 Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed1200611 Exempt RegularBi-weekly Fixed18200611 Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed18200612 Exempt RegularBi-weekly Fixed1200612 Exempt RegularBi-weekly Fixed18200612 Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed18200612 Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed2R64525 - VP TECH SERVICES200601 Exempt RegularBi-weekly Fixed100		200608	Non-Exempt	Bi-weekly Fixed	
200610 Exempt RegularBi-weekly Fixed18200610 Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed1200611 Exempt RegularBi-weekly Fixed18200611 Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed1200612 Exempt RegularBi-weekly Fixed18200612 Exempt RegularBi-weekly Fixed18200612 Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed18200612 Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed18200612 Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed18200612 Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed20R64525 - VP TECH SERVICES200601 Exempt RegularBi-weekly Fixed100	a. ¹	200609	Exempt Regular	Bi-weekly Fixed	17
200610 Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed1200610 Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed18200611 Exempt RegularBi-weekly Fixed18200612 Exempt RegularBi-weekly Fixed18200612 Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed18200612 Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed18200612 Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed2R64525 - VP TECH SERVICES200601 Exempt RegularBi-weekly Fixed100		200609	Non-Exempt	Bi-weekly Fixed	1
200611 Exempt RegularBi-weekly Fixed18200611 Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed1200612 Exempt RegularBi-weekly Fixed18200612 Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed18200612 Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed2R64525 - VP TECH SERVICES200601 Exempt RegularBi-weekly Fixed100		200610	Exempt Regular	Bi-weekly Fixed	
200611 Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed1200612 Exempt RegularBi-weekly Fixed18200612 Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed2R64525 - VP TECH SERVICES200601 Exempt RegularBi-weekly Fixed100		200610	Non-Exempt	Bi-weekly Fixed	
200612 Exempt RegularBi-weekly Fixed18200612 Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed2R64525 - VP TECH SERVICES200601 Exempt RegularBi-weekly Fixed100		200611	Exempt Regular	Bi-weekly Fixed	
200612 Non-ExemptBi-weekly Fixed2R64525 - VP TECH SERVICES200601 Exempt RegularBi-weekly Fixed100		200611	Non-Exempt	Bi-weekly Fixed	
R64525 - VP TECH SERVICES200601 Exempt RegularBi-weekly Fixed100		200612	Exempt Regular	Bi-weekly Fixed	
200601 Non-Exempt Bi-weekly Fixed 10	R64525 - VP TECH SERVICES			-	
		200601	Non-Exempt	Bi-weekly Fixed	10

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Florida Power & Light Company Docket No. 080677-El SFHHA's Tenth Set of Interrogatories Question No. 291 Attachment No. 1 Tab 2 of 6

BRC Description	Ledger Date		Emp.Status	Actual
		Exempt Regular	Bi-weekly Fixed	99
	200602	Non-Exempt	Bi-weekly Fixed	10
	200603	Exempt Regular	Bi-weekly Fixed	104
	200603	Non-Exempt	Bi-weekly Fixed	10
	200604	Exempt Regular	Bi-weekly Fixed	106
	200604	Non-Exempt	Bi-weekly Fixed	10
	200605	Exempt Regular	Bi-weekly Fixed	106
	200605	Non-Exempt	Bi-weekly Fixed	10
	200606	Exempt Regular	Bi-weekly Fixed	105
	200606	Non-Exempt	Bi-weekly Fixed	10
	200607	Exempt Regular	Bi-weekly Fixed	106
	200607	Non-Exempt	Bi-weekly Fixed	9
	200608	Exempt Regular	Bi-weekly Fixed	107
	200608	Non-Exempt	Bi-weekly Fixed	9
	200609	Exempt Regular	Bi-weekly Fixed	106
	200609	Non-Exempt	Bi-weekly Fixed	8
	200610	Exempt Regular	Bi-weekly Fixed	106
	200610	Non-Exempt	Bi-weekly Fixed	8
	200611	Exempt Regular	Bi-weekiy Fixed	106
	200611	Non-Exempt	Bi-weekly Fixed	8
	200612	Exempt Regular	Bi-weekly Fixed	104
	200612	Non-Exempt	Bi-weekly Fixed	8
R64725 - VP PLANT SUPPORT	200601	Exempt Regular	Bi-weekly Fixed	27
	200601	Non-Exempt	Bi-weekly Fixed	3
	200602	Exempt Regular	Bi-weekly Fixed	27
	200602	Non-Exempt	Bi-weekly Fixed	3
	200603	Exempt Regular	Bi-weekly Fixed	27
	200603	Non-Exempt	Bi-weekly Fixed	3
	200604	Exempt Regular	Bi-weekly Fixed	26
	200604	Non-Exempt	Bi-weekly Fixed	3
	200605	Exempt Regular	Bi-weekly Fixed	27
	200605	Non-Exempt	Bi-weekly Fixed	3
	200606	Exempt Regular	Bi-weekly Fixed	30
	200606	Non-Exempt	Bi-weekly Fixed	3
		Exempt Regular	Bi-weekly Fixed	28
		Non-Exempt	Bi-weekly Fixed	3
		Exempt Regular	Bi-weekly Fixed	29
		Non-Exempt	Bi-weekly Fixed	3
		Exempt Regular	Bi-weekly Fixed	28
		Non-Exempt	Bi-weekly Fixed	3
		Exempt Regular	Bi-weekly Fixed	29
		Non-Exempt	Bi-weekly Fixed	3
		Exempt Regular	Bi-weekly Fixed	29
		Non-Exempt	Bi-weekly Fixed	3
	200612	Exempt Regular	Bi-weekly Fixed	28

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BRC Description	Ledger Date	Етр.Туре	Emp.Status	Actual	
	200612	Non-Exempt	Bi-weekly Fixed		3
R65200 - VP SAFETY ASSURANCE	200601	Exempt Regular	Bi-weekly Fixed		69
	200601	Non-Exempt	Bi-weekly Fixed		6
	200602	Exempt Regular	Bi-weekly Fixed		70
	200602	Non-Exempt	Bi-weekly Fixed		6
	200603	Exempt Regular	Bi-weekly Fixed		72
	200603	Non-Exempt	Bi-weekly Fixed		6
	200604	Exempt Regular	Bi-weekly Fixed		72
	200604	Non-Exempt	Bi-weekly Fixed		6
	200605	Exempt Regular	Bi-weekly Fixed		71
	200605	Non-Exempt	Bi-weekly Fixed		6
	200606	Exempt Regular	Bi-weekly Fixed		72
	200606	Non-Exempt	Bi-weekly Fixed		6
	200607	Exempt Executive	Bi-weekly Fixed		1
	200607	Exempt Regular	Bi-weekly Fixed		70
	200607	Non-Exempt	Bi-weekly Fixed		6
	200608	Exempt Executive	Bi-weekly Fixed		1
	200608	Exempt Regular	Bi-weekly Fixed		70
	200608	Non-Exempt	Bi-weekly Fixed		6
	200609	Exempt Executive	Bi-weekly Fixed		1
	200609	Exempt Regular	Bi-weekly Fixed		71
	200609	Non-Exempt	Bi-weekly Fixed		6
	200610	Exempt Executive	Bi-weekly Fixed		1
	200610	Exempt Regular	Bi-weekly Fixed		71
	200610	Non-Exempt	Bi-weekly Fixed		5
	200611	Exempt Executive	Bi-weekly Fixed		1
	200611	Exempt Regular	Bi-weekly Fixed		72
	200611	Non-Exempt	Bi-weekly Fixed		5
	200612	Exempt Executive	Bi-weekly Fixed		1
	200612	Exempt Regular	Bi-weekly Fixed		73
1689	.5 200612	Non-Exempt	Bi-weekly Fixed		6

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Manpower Trend Report

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BRC		Nr.		42	Q 1		 ÷.	2.2 2.5	12	с. Т С.	1		1.í.

Fiscal Year Variant	Calendar year, 4 spec. periods
BRC	NUC DIV BUS UNIT
EAC	FPL EMPLOYEES
Exp	SUSPENSE

Fiscal year/period

BRC		EAC\Fiscal year/period	001/2007	002/2007	
Actual version	△ ▷ R01044 ENGINEERING SUPPORT SERVICES	FEX-FPL Exempt Employees	51.0	53.0	
		FNX-FPL Non-Exempt Employees	3.0	3.0	
		Result	54.0	56.0	
	R01905 ST. LUCIE PLANT	FBF-FPL Bargaining Unit - Fixed Employees	270.0	268.0	
		FBV-FPL Bargaining Unit - Variable Employees			
		FEX-FPL Exempt Employees	373.0	372.0	
		FNX-FPL Non-Exempt Employees	46.5	46.5	
		Result	689.5	686.5	
	R01908 PTN STATION	FBF-FPL Bargaining Unit - Fixed Employees	294.0	292.0	
		FBV-FPL Bargaining Unit - Variable Employees			
		FEX-FPL Exempt Employees	360.5	361.5	
		FNX-FPL Non-Exempt Employees	49.0	<u>5</u> 2.0	
_		Result	703.5	705.5	
		FEX-FPL Exempt Employees	18.0	17.0	
		FNX-FPL Non-Exempt Employees	2.0	2.0	
	R31800 ND MANAGEMENT	FEX-FPL Exempt Employees FNX-FPL Non-Exempt Employees Result	20.0	19.0	
		FEX-FPL Exempt Employees	105.0	104.0	
		FNX-FPL Non-Exempt Employees	9.0	9,0	
		Result	114.0	113.0	
	R64725 VP PLANT SUPPORT	FEX-FPL Exempt Employees	28.0	27.0	
		FNX-FPL Non-Exempt Employees	3.0	3.0	
		Result	31.0	30.0	
	R65200 VP SAFETY ASSURANCE	FEX-FPL Exempt Employees	72.0	73.0	
		FNX-FPL Non-Exempt Employees	6.0	7.0	
		Result	78.0	80,0	
	A R31000 NUCLEAR DIVISION BUSINESS UNIT	Result	1,690.0	1,690.0	

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Manpower Trend Report

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Fiscal Year Variant	Calendar year, 4 spec. periods	
BRC	NUC DIV BUS UNIT	
EAC	FPL EMPLOYEES	
Exp	SUSPENSE	

Fiscal year/period 12 8. 10 11

	BRC	003/2007	004/2007	005/2007	006/2007	007/2007	008/2007
Actual version	△ ▷ R01044 ENGINEERING SUPPORT SERVICES	56.0	56.0	57.0	59.0	57.0	56.0
		2.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0
		58.0	59.0	60.0	62.0	60.0	59.0
	R01905 ST. LUCIE PLANT	271.0	273.0	273.0	278.0	285.0	284.0
		371.0	377.0	377.0	379.0	383.0	380.0
		46.5	45.5	44.0	44.0	44.0	44.(
		688.5	695.5	694.0	701.0	712.0	708,0
	D R01908 PTN STATION	287.0	271.0	277.0	284.0	290.0	289.0
		360.5	359.5	365.5	370.5	371.5	367.5
		53.0	53.0	51.0	51.0	52.0	52.0
		700.6	683,5	693.5	705.5	713.5	708.5
		17.0	15.0	15.0	13.0	14.0	14.0
		2.0	2.0	2.0	2,0	3.0	3.0
	R31800 ND MANAGEMENT	19.0	17.0	17.0	15.0	17.0	17.0
		104.0	105.0	111.0	112.0	112.0	104.0
		9.0	8.0	9.0	9.0	9,0	8.0
		113.0	113.0	120.0	121.0	121.0	112.0
	R64725 VP PLANT SUPPORT	28.0	32.0	32.0	32.0	35,0	45.0
		3.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	5.0	5.0
		31.0	36.0	36.0	36.0	40,0	50,0
	R65200 VP SAFETY ASSURANCE	73.0	72.0	72.0	73.0	74.0	75.0
		7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	8.0
		80.0	79,0	79.0	80.0	81.0	83.(
	△ R31000 NUCLEAR DIVISION BUSINESS UNIT	1,690.0	1,683.0	1,699.5	1,720,5	1,744.5	1,737.5

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Manpower Trend Report

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Key Figures	
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Fiscal Year Variant	Calendar year, 4 spec. periods
BRC	NUC DIV BUS UNIT
EAC	FPL EMPLOYEES
Exp	SUSPENSE

Fiscal year/period

	BRC	009/2007	010/2007	011/2007	012/2007	001/2008	002/2008
Actual version	△ ▷ R01044 ENGINEERING SUPPORT SERVICES	54.0	55,0	59,0	59.0	59,0	59,0
		3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3,0
		57.0	58.0	62.0	62.0	62.0	62.0
	R01905 ST, LUCIE PLANT	289.0	290.0	290.0	289.0	285.0	284.0
		381.0	380.0	378.0	377.0	369.0	368.0
		45.0	45.0	45.0	45.0	44.0	43.0
		715.0	715.0	713.0	711.0	698.0	695.0
	R01908 PTN STATION	294.0	296.0	292.0	291.0	290.0	290.0
		372.5	372.5	378.5	379.5	388.5	387.5
		51.0	51.0	51.0	52.0	51.0	51.0
		717,5	719,5	721.5	722.5	729.5	728.5
		14,0	15.0	15.0	16.0	17.0	17.0
		3,0	2.0	2.0	3.0	4.0	4.0
	R31800 ND MANAGEMENT	17.0	17.0	17,0	19.0	21.0	21.0
		104.0	107.0	107.0	110.0	110.0	112.0
		8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	7.0	7.0
		112.0	115.0	115.0	118.0	117.0	119.0
	R64725 VP PLANT SUPPORT	45.0	48.0	48.0	47.0	47.0	48.0
		6.0	6.0	6.0	8.0	6.0	6.0
		51.0	54,0	54.0	53.0	53.0	54.0
	R65200 VP SAFETY ASSURANCE	73.0	73.0	73.0	74.0	78.0	78.0
		8.0	10.0	9.0	9.0	10.0	10.0
		81.0	83.0	82.0	83.0	88.0	88.0
	△ R31000 NUCLEAR DIVISION BUSINESS UNIT	1,750.5	1,761.5	1,764.5	1,768.5	1,768.5	1,767,5

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Manpower Trend Report

BASA	
EAC	
Key Figures	
BRC	

Fiscal Year Variant	Calendar year, 4 spec. periods
BRC	NUC DIV BUS UNIT
EAC	FPL EMPLOYEES
Exp	SUSPENSE

Fiscal year/period

	BRC	003/2008	004/2008	005/2008	006/2008	007/2008	008/2008
Actual version	△ ▷ R01044 ENGINEERING SUPPORT SERVICES	59.0	59,0	60,0	59,0	51,0	49,0
		3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0
		62.0	62.0	63.0	62.0	54.0	52.0
	R01905 ST. LUCIE PLANT	282.0	297.0	309.0	312.0	316.0	318.0
		367.0	365.0	361.0	362,0	366.0	367.0
		43.0	39,0	40,0	41.0	42.0	43.0
		692.0	701.0	710.0	715.0	724.0	728.0
	▷ R01908 PTN STATION	298.0	302.0	307.0	308.0	305.0	304.0
		383.5	387.5	389.5	385.5	388.5	392.5
		50.0	50.0	51.0	50.0	51.0	49.0
		731.5	739.5	747.5	743.5	744.5	745.5
		18.0	19.0	20.0	21.0	24.0	25.0
		4.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	4.0
	R31800 ND MANAGEMENT	22.0	24,0	25,0	26.0	29.0	29.0
	→ → → → → → → → → → → → → → → → → → →	118.0	122.0	128.5	128.5	136.5	136.5
		7.0	7.0	7,0	7.0	7.0	7.0
		125,0	129,0	135.5	135.5	143.5	143.5
	R64725 VP PLANT SUPPORT	52.0	51.0	57.0	65,0	64.0	64.0
		7.0	8.0	8.0	7,0	7.0	8.0
		59.0	59.0	65.0	72,0	71.0	72.0
	R65200 VP SAFETY ASSURANCE	80.0	80.0	81.0	76.0	76.0	79.0
		11.0	11.0	10.0	10.0	9.0	9.0
		91.0	91.0	91.0	86.0	85.0	88.0
	△ R31000 NUCLEAR DIVISION BUSINESS UNIT	1,782.5	1,805.5	1,837.0	1,840,0	1,851.0	1,858.0

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inculzer:	.493	1662009														
f.xp	4	BUSFE 420														
BRC		EAC	BASA		Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	IN	Aug	Sep	001	Nov	Dec
Total Collection Action	BRC	"Total ,	EAC Total	BASA	1,968.5	1,980,5	1,988,5	1,997.5	2,003,5	2,004.5	2,007.5	2,308.5	2,004.5	2009.5	2,010.5	2,011,5
CSPNENT SUPERVISON	084514 064514	Total	FEX CRAMONT SUPV	BASA	- 10,0	16.0	10.0	10,8 7 0	10,0	. 15,9 - 7,6	16,3	10.0	19,0	** 10. 0 7.0	10,0	
oseagait supervision Oseagait supervision	054514	PEX-FPL Example Employees FNX-FPL Non-Exercise Employees	FEX OSIMONT SUPV FINX OSIMONT SUPV	11850918743 11850918745	7.0 30	7.0 3.0	7,0 3,0	3.0	7.0 2.0	3.0	7.0	7.0 3.0	3.0	7.0 3.0	7,0 3,0	
													<i>a</i>			
Col Chiefs Col Chiefs	064315 054515	Total FEX-FFL Exemple Englewine	EAC Total FEX CHEFS REQULATORY	BASA : 11859921359	21,0 21.0	21.0 21.0	24.0	21.0 21.0	21,0 21,0	21.0 21.0	21,D 21,3	- 21,0 - 21,0	21.0°* 21.0	126 21.0 21.0	- 31 .a 21.9	
209 14 18 18 19 19	00-010	LE Zuck F Creation Creationers	PER CONCESSION	10000021000	21.0	21.0	41.4	210	23,0	#10	21.0	21.4	e 10	21.0	219	21.4
CODES & INSPECTIONS	084517	Total	EAC Total	BASA	9.0	9,0	930	9.0	9,0	9.0	9.0	\$,0	. 9 ,0	9,0	9.0	
CODES & INSPECTIONS	054517	FEAFFL Exempt Employmen	FEX CODES AND INSPECTION	10964602165	9.0	40	9,0	\$,C	9 8	ង្ខែ	\$.Q	9,0	9.0	30	9.0	40
MATERIALS & COMPONEN	064518	Total	EAC TOTH	BASA	7.0	7.9	7,0	7.0	7.0	7,6	7,9	· T.O	383- 74 0		5 7.0	7.0
MATERIALS & COMPONEN	OBASTE	FEX-FPL Exempt Employees	FEX MATERIALS AND COMPON	11898910751	7.5	7.6	7.0	70	7,0	70	7,5	7.0	70	7.0	7.0	7.0
RRAG SUMMARY	064529	Total	EAC Total	BASA	¥.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	S. 850	7.0	7.0	7.0
FRAG GUMMARY	064629	FE GFPL Extends Employees	FE) REAG	121460000000	5,0	5.0	5,0	5.C	50	50	5.0	5.6	6.3	5.0	5.0	
REAS SUMMARY	064529	FE>-FPi Execut Engliseden	FEIC AFFILIATE DIRECT CHA	10146AFFLOC	20	2.0	3. 0	20	20	2,0	2.5	2.0	2.0	2.0	2,P	2,6
PLANT MANAGEMENT	092500	Total	EAC Tatol	BASA	\$74_B	574,0	67 4. 0	\$74.0	574.0	574,0	\$74.0	674.0	\$74.5	574.0	574,0	574,1
PLANT MANAGEMENT	0921630	PBV-FFL Bargasing Unit - Variable Ecoph	FBY PAYROLL EMPLOYEE REL	914280000000	000 G	3.50,0	130 D	33-3-6	330 O	350.0	350.0	330,0	336,0	330,0	329,0	
PLANTMANAGEMENT	0342-360	FEX-FFt. Except Employees	FEX SOUPMENT RELIABLE	000950000000	1 S	16	1.0	1,0	10	1.Ú	10	1,0	1.0	* Ø	1,8	
FLANT MANAGEMENT	(2000)	FEX.FFL Exercise Exercise Frankiskets	FEX FAYROLL EMPLOYEE REL	0142800000U	207 P	20-10	207.0	207 0	207.0	202.0	207.5	.*97.0	207.9	207.0	207.0	
PEALTMANAGEMENT	092360	FNA-FPL NDP-EXEMPT EINPICY-H	EAN FARROLLEMPLOYEE REL	31428-300000	3 6 C	241.0	冠で	36,0	23.0	36 ,0	34.0	3£.0	36.0	38 0	36.0	59 G
PBL ENGINEERING SUMM	064389	Total	EAC Total	BASA	118_0	115.0	116.0	118.0	118.0	118.0	116.0	118.0	116.0	Ser 110.0	118.0	
asl Engricering Summ	(164588)	FEX.FFL Example Imployees	FEX REQUESTS FOR ENd AS	11242000000	113 P	115,0	113.0	1130	113.0	1130	113.0	113.0	113.0	113.0	t13.0	
FOL ENGINEERING SUMM	084389	Fina-FPL Non-Exempt Employees	FUX REQUESTS FOR ENGLAS	11242005066	5,2	50	5.9	\$.0	50	50	5.0	5,0	5.0	5.0	5.0	50
PTN ENGINEERING SUMM	064568	fotal	EAC Total	BASA	148,0	144.0	140.0	148.0	146,0	146.0	146.0	145.0	145,0	140.0	* 146.0	146.0
PTR PNGNEERING SUMM	064.569	FEY-FE Exempt Employees	FEX PINENGRO PARELL	12058305860	136.0	135.0	tike	126.0	135.0	126.0	139.0	136.0	136,0	136,0	136,0	
FTN ENGINEERING SUMM	254580	FINX-FPL Non-Exempt Employeed	FNX PTN ENGRG FAYROLL	12356805890	10.0	10 0	10,0	10,0	10,0	វេត្ត	10.0	10,0	10,0	10.0	10,0	10.0
MANAGEMENT	001400	Total	EAC Total	BALA	577_0	590.0	583.0	697.0	613,0	614.0	6150	817,0	\$17.0	¥==a18.0%	« ¹ 619.0	620.0
MANAGEMENT	3H1400	FBV-PP4. Narganning Unit - Vacable Emplo	FBY PAYROLL	01428328029	317.0	327.6	336.0	344.0	350 0	351,0	353.0	354.0	354,0	355,6	35E.(+	357 ป
MANAGENEN	591405	FEX.FFL FAMMA Employees	PEX PAYROLL	01426928029	221.0	223.0	223.0	223 0	2,83,0	223.0	223,0	223,0	223,5	223.0	2230	
MANAGEMENT	991 460	FNKTPL Non-Exercise Employees	ENY PAYROLL	01420928029	59.0	40 0	49.0	40,0	490	40,0	40.0	40,6	40,0	49.0	40.0	40.0
PIN RIE PEOPLE	091457	Total -	EAC Total	RASA	9,6	× 9.5	. A.S.	×¥3.	9,5	9,5	9.5°	9.5	9,5		9.5	9.5
PTN RTE PEOPLE	591457	FEX-FPL Exempt Employees	PEX ADOITIONAL PERSONNEL	91753ADDPER	9,5	9.5	9.5	95	8.5	9.5	35	9.5	9.5	9.5	43	9,6
PTN RTE PLANT	091459	Total	EAC Total	BASA	1:0	0,0	0.Q.	0,0 ()	Ø.0	. 5,0	0;0	0.0	6.0	\$,0	0.0	ø.o
PTN RTE PLANT	091459	FEX-FPL Exernpt Employees	FEX RTE STAFF	0175GRTESTF	1.9	00	5,0	0,0	0.0	0,0	a.o	Q. 0	0.0	00	9.0	90
BUSINESS OPERATIONS	095100	Total 4	EAC Total	BASA	15.6	15,0	15.0	15,0	15.0	15.0	15.0	15,0	15.0 .	15,0	15.0	15.0
BUSINESS OPERATIONS	595100	FEX-FPL Exempt Employees	FEX. ST PAYROLL AND OTHER	91423923497	13.0	13,0	13.0	13.0	13,0	130	13.0	120	13.9	13,6	13.0	10.0
BUSINESS OPSPATIONS	095100	FNX-FPL Non-Exempt Engloyees	FNX ST PAYROLL AND OTHER	01426923407	2.6	20	2.0	20	2.0	2.0	2.0	20	2.0	20	25	2.0
NUCLEAR OPERATIONS	061700	Total	EAC Total	BASA	1,5	1,5	1,5	1,5	1,5	1,5	1,5	1.5	1,5	t:5	1,3	1,5
NUCLEAR OPERATIONS	031262	FNAJFFE Non-Exercise Secologies	ENX. BT PAYROLL AND UTHER	01429903407	15	18	١,5	1.5	15	1,5	15	1.5	1.5	15	31	15
PTN FUELS	086941	Total	EAC Total	ваза	13,0	13.0	13.0	13.0	13,0	13.0	13.0	13.0	13.0	. 13.0	(3.0	13.0
PTN FUELS	066641	FEX.FFL Exercit Employees	PEX NUCLEAR FUEL FLAMT S	1213(200666)	8, 1	\$,1	9.1	8.1	\$.÷	61	5,1	8,1	8 1	8 *	81	5,1
AIN FUELS	266941	REA-PPL EXERGE Employees	FEX ATFLIATE DIRECT CHA	12192AFFLOC	4.5	49	4,9	4,5	4 %	4.9	4,8	4.8	4 8	4.9	4.9	13
FUELPROJECTS	065944	Total	EAC TOTAL	BASA	9.0	9,0	9.0	9,0	9.0	9.0	9.0	3.0	0.9	9,0	9.0	9,0
FUEL PROJECTS	089944	FEX-FPL Exempt Employees	FEX NUCLEAR FUEL FLANT S	13132500000	4,5	45	4,5	45	4.5	4.5	4,5	4.5	4.5	4,5	4.6	4,5

Flands Power & Light Company Dacket No. 080677-E1 SFHHA's Tenth Set of Interrogatories Question No. 291 Attachment No. 1 Tab 4 of 6

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着れた	4.,	SUBPENSE														
BRC		EAC	BASA		l Jan I	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun 1	Jul	Aug [Sep	Oct	Nov I	Dec
FUEL PROJECTS	(16:5)-16	FEX-FPL Exercit Employees	FEX AFFILIATE DIPECT CHA	12132AFFLDC	4.5	4.5	4.5	45	4.5	4.5	45	4.5	4.5	4.5		4.5
FUEL PROJECTS	19302-44	LETV-LIC CONNECT CLUBRANCE	PEA APPELATE CAPECT CHA	213290-000	4.5	4,5	4,3	4 û	4,0	4,5		4,7	4,5	4,3	4,3	4,2
IE PROJECTS BASE	\$64550	Total	EAC Total	BASA	. XO. O	30.0	30.0	30,0	30.0	30.0	30.0	30.0	30.0	30,0	30,9	10.0
JE PROJECTS BASE	064150	FEAFPL Exempt Employees	F5X JUNG NON PROJECT EXP	01425JUNONP	26,0	29 0	25.0	25.6	29.4	26,0	28.0	26.0	36.0	26.0	26,6	詞項
JB PROJECTS MASE	0646-50	FNX-FPL Non-Exempt Employees	FNA JUNO NON PROJECT EXP	S1478JUNONP	4,9	4,0	4.0	4 0	4,0	4,0	4.9	40	40	4,0	45	4.0
PSL PROJECTS BASE	984531	Totat	EAC Tobal	BASA	16.0	16.0	18.0	13.0	18.0	18,0	15.3	16.0	18.0	18.0	16,0	16.0
PSL PROJECTS BASE	084851	FEX-FF: Exercit Employees	FEX PSL PROJECT NON PROJ	01476PELNPE	:6.0	16.0	15.7	16.6	16.0	15.0	16,0	10.0	16.0	18,0	16.0	18.0
PTN PROJECTS BASE	364852	Total	EAC Total	BASA	16,0	16,0	16.0	18.0	16.0	18,0	16.0	18.0	5. 18.0	16.0	18.0	16.0
PTN PROJECTS BASE	064652	FEX-FPL Exertist Employees	FEX PINNON PROJECT EXPE	G1478PTNNPE	16,5	15 G	16.0	16.0	16,0	10.0	15.0	15,0	15 0	16.0	16.0	15.0
PROJECTS ENGINE BASE	088602	Totaj	EAC Total	BASA	40.6	40.0	49.0	40.0	40.0	49.0	46.0	40.0	40.0	ž. 40.0	40.8	40.0
PROJECTS ENGINE BASE	060500	FEX-PL Exempt Employees	FEX MAJOR PROJENG ORP -	12345MPEGRP	40.0	40.0	40.3	40.0	40.0	40.0	45.0	40,0	40.0	40,0	49.0	40.0
EPU PROJECT	366730	Total	EAC Total	BASA	\$0.5	50.5	50.5	50.5	50,5	50.5	\$1.5	51.5	51.5	51.5	11 ST. 51.5	. 51,5
EPU PROJECT	926230	FEX-PPL Excerned Employment	FEX PATROLL ENFLOYEE REL	01428090090	50.5	50 5	3.ftc	50.5	50 s	54.5	51.5	51,5	£1.5	51 5	51,5	\$1.5
VP PLANT SUPPORT	064728	Totai	EAC Total	BASA	79,0	72.0	79.0	79.0	79.0	79.0	79.0	79,0	79.0	20 T9.0	79.0	79.0
VP PLANT SUPPORT	964/20	FEX-FL Sample Employees	FEX ST PAYROLLAND OTHER	01424923407	48.6	46.0	48.0	440	45.0	45 0	46.9	43.0	48.9	48.0	48.0	48,0
VP PLANT JUPPOR'	054725	FEA-FPL ENVIRON EMPLOYOPS	FEX CAPACITY SECURITY PA	01514926909	21.0	21 C	210	21.0	25.0	21.0	21.0	21.9	21.0	210	21,0	21.0
VE PLANT SUPPOPT	064729	FILLEFL Non-Exempt Employees	FNA ST FAYROLL AND OTHER	61426923467	3.0	8,0	80	8.0	6.0	80	5.0	8.0	8.0	5,0	6.0	8.0
VP FLANT SUPPORT	054725	FNX-FPL Non-Exempt Employees	FNY CAPACITY SECURITY PA	01514925999	2.0	2.0	2.9	26	2.0	2.9	2.3	2.9	2.0	2.0	2.0	3.9
JOAJB MANAGEMENT	064345	Tratal	EAC Total	BASA	26.0	20,0	20.0	20.0	20.0	20.6	.20.0	20.0	20.0	29.0	×23.0	20.0
GALIS MANAGE VENT	954 145	FEX-FPL Exercise Employees	FEX OFFICE FURNITURE, FI	00691000000	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4 0	4.0	4.0	4,0	4.0	4,0	4,0	4.0
FLAUS MANAGEMENT	084345	FE GFFL EXPres Eraktreet	FEX 5/STEMS AND ANDITS -	10136000000	5,9	6.0	6.0	60	6.0	5.0	60	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	6,0
JOANS MANAGEMENT	054345	FEX-FPI Exercise Engelogisted	FEX JOALIB MANAGEMENT AN	10140020020	20	20	2.0	2.5	20	20	20	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.5	2.0
HEALIG MANAGEMENT	064345	PERFECT Exercise Englishers	FEX VENDOR ACTIVITIES -	10622000000	70	7.0	7,0	2.0	7.0	7.0	20	7.0	7.5	7.0	70	1.0
JUAUS MANAGEMENT	064345	FNA-FPL Non-Econe Panakyt-ti	FNY SYSTEMS AND AUENTS -	10130000000	10	10	1,6	1,0	10	1,0	1.0	1,0	1,0	10		14
FIADE MANAGEMENT	664343	PixtePi Non-Except Employees	FNK VENDOR ACTIVITES -	952200000	0	1,0	5.0	10	1.0	10	1.0	10	10	1.0	10	1.0
NUCL ASSURANCE-CNRB	069554	Total	EAC Total	BASA	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.9	2.0	2.0	2.0	2,0	2.0	1.0	. 2.9	2.0
NEOL ASSURANCE-UNRE	00955.4	FEA-FPL Exempt Engloyees	FEX COMPANY NUCLEAR REVI	10137090090	2.0	2.0	2.9	2.0	20	2.5	20	2.9	2.0	20	2.0	20
PEL-NUC ASSURANCE	367600	Total	EAC Total	BASA	18.0	19.0	19.0	19,0	19,0	19.0	18.0	19.0	19.0	19.0	19.0	19.0
PSUALIC ASSURANCE	067600	FEX-FPL Exernal Employees	FEX JOAPSL HANAGEMENT A	10524000000	18.0	15,0	:8,0	180	14,0	18.0	16.9	18,0	18.0	18.0	18,0	16.0
PBL-4UC ASSLIGANCE	097600	FNX-FPL Non-Exempt Employees	FNK JOAFSL MANAGEMENT A	10524000000	1.0	1.0	1.0	1,0	10	1,0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1,0	1.9	10
PTN-NUC ASSURANCE		Total States	EAC TOTO TANK	BASA	-) ⁽¹ *18.0	18,0	18.0	18.0	16.0	18.0	18.0	18,0	18.0	18,0	15.0	18.0
PTN-NUC ASSLICANCE	059400	TEXHI FEX-FPL Exercist Employment	FEX QUALITY SUPPORT-INAV	11507000000	17.0	17.0	17.0	17.0	17.0	17.0	17,0	17.0	17.0	17,0	17,0	17.0
PTN-NUC ABBURANCE	066450	FNY-FPL Non-Exempt Employees	FNX GUALITY SUPPORT-JNA	11607000000	1,5	1.0	1.9	10	1,0	10	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.9	5.0
NUCLE ASSURANCE CHRB	269555	Tatal	EAC Total	BASA	4.0	4.0	4.0	4,0	4.0	4,0	4.0	4,0	4.0	4,0	4.0	4.0
NUCLE ASSUBANCE CIRE	059555	FEX-FPL Eserat Employeen	FEX EMPLOYEE CONCERNS PR	01672000000	1.0	10	10	1,0	10	10	10	1.0	1.0	10	1,0	10
NUCLE ASSURANCE CHER	089555	ARXAPPL Exercus Employment	FEX EMPLOYEE CONCERNS PR	01673030035	2.5	2.0	2.0	20	2.0	20	20	20	2.5	2.0	20	2.0
NUCLE ASSURANCE CHEB	009055 009355	FEX-FFL Exernal Employees	FEX EMPLOYEE CONCERNS PP	01674000600	1.0	13	1,5	1.9	10	2.9 1,0	10	10	1.0	10	1.0	19
SAFETY ASSURE NGT	065225	Total	EAC Total	HABA	156.0	156.0	156.0	156.0	156.0	156.0	155,0	156.0	156.0	1\$6,0	156.0	156.0
SAFETY ASSURE NOT	085443	FEX-FPL Exempt Employees	FEX ST PAYROLL AND OTHER	01428923407	146,0	145.9	:45.0	146 0	145,0	145.0	145 0	145.0	136,0	1963) 145.2	146,0	145.0
		FNX-FPL Non-Exempt Employees	FIN ST PAYROLLAND OTHER	0-428923407	:1.0	110	11.0	11.6	11.0	11.0	11.0	11.0	11,0	110		110
SAFETY ASSURE MOT	005225	FUNCTION EXAMPLE TUDIORESE	DIAL DI PATRIALIANU DI MER	0-420922401	÷1.0	110	11.0	11,9	11.0	11,0	11,6	18.0	11,0	110	11,0	

Florida Power & Light Company Docket No. 080677-El SFHHA'a Tenth Set of Interrogatorias Question No. 231 Attachment No. 1 Teb 5 of 6

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Ferral year	1618	5.42014															
2.732	4	SUSPERIE															
SRC		EAC		BASA		Jan I	Feb i	Mar	Apr	May 1	Jun 1	j jul	Aug	Sep	Oct 1	Nov I	Dec
Total	BRC	Tatal	EAC	Tolai	BASA	2.032.5	2 8410	1061.5	2.584.3	2.058.0	1.048.0	2.042.5	2,065.0	2.066.0	2.643.0	2071.0	2.972.5
100.00	SHC		EAC		proved to the second	*******	6.0 CA. 0	Signature.		8,438.V	"Products	TAATA	2,004.0	1.00.00	6,075.4	8,41 64	24/60
CRANNER SUPERVISON	064514	Total	EAC	Total	BAAA	13.0	19,0	18.9	12.0	19.0	10,9	10,0	18,8	10.0	10.0	10.0	10;0
CSIMONT SUPERVISION	064514	FEX-FPI, Exempt Employees	AE.K	COMMONT SUPLY	11556916746	70	7.0	7,0	70	7.0	7.0	79	7,0	7.0	70	7.0	₹.9
CSIMIGMT SUFERVISON	054514	FN#-FPI, Nor-E want functores	FN.	CSMMGMT SUPP	1165091-5745	30	3.6	3.0	10	3.6	30	40	3.0	3,3	30	3,0	3.5
CSI CHIEFS	Q 64918	Eutai The Control of C	6AC	Total Con	ваза	21.0	- N AQ-	\$1.0	21.9	21,0	21.3	21.4	21.0	25.R	21.A	新 泉	25.0
CRI CreEFS	084515	FEX-RPL Example Employees	FEX	CHEFS PLOULATORY	1335092;398	21,0	21.0	21.0	21,0	21 0	25.6	21.0	21.0	2* 0	21.0	21 Q	21.Q
all an anna a' an a bhfan delta anna at à an					BASA		- 4		1. 0								
CODES & INSPECTIONS CODES & INSPECTIONS	964917 064517	Total FEX-PPL Exemple Employees	FEX	Total CODES AND INSPECTION	10964902165	9.0 3.0	9.2 9.0	9.0	6,0 5,0	9,6 9,0	9,6 6,0	3.4 9.0	9.0 9.0	9.0 9.0	9,6 5,0	4.9 9.0	9.0 9.0
A-DES & MS-EC (1040	104511	LEVALL'S CREATER E-above cas	F2.1	CODED AND DECEMBER 1014	(12004002.) 0.2		2.9	3.9	3,0	7.4	a.v	7.₽	7.0	3,0		11.U	9,0
MATERIALS & COMPONEN	064518	Total	EAC	Total	BASA	7.0	7.0	7.8	7.0	T.0	7.8	7.9	1 C & T.O	7.4	C 7.0	⊴Z0	1477 T.D
UNTERIALS & COMPONEN	9:545 18	PEX-FPL Evenics Employees	FEX	MATERIALS AND COMPON	11892918755	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.9	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.5	7.0	7.0
	-											_					
RAG BUMMARY	964529	Tatal	EAC	Total *	BASA	7.5	7.0	T.9	7.0	7.0	7.8	7.3	7.8	7.8	7.0	S 2.0	· · · · 7,0
ang sulanaary	064525	FEA-FFL Example Employees	FFX	RIAG	12:45000030	E ,G	5.0	50	6,0	5.0	50	\$.0	4,0	50	5.0	5.0	5.0
ly, submary	(64)29	FEAFPL Example Employees	FE A	AFFILIATE DIRECT CHA	12:45AFFLOC	20	2.0	20	2.9	2.0	2.5	2.0	20	2.0	20	2.9	2.0
ANT HANAGEMENT	092800	Totel	EAC	Total	BASA	587.0	. 697.0	507.0	887.0 337-0	547.0	597.0	987.3	\$57.0	567.9	547.0	(S) 587.5	5 847.j
ANT MANAGENERS	0.779/30	Fish-FPI, Bargarang Unit - Vasiable Erista	FBV	PAYNOLS EMPLOYEE REL	01424001000	337 0	337.0	337.0		357.6	737.0	337 D	3.57.6	537 C	337.5	137.0	337.5
unt management But management	892560 892568	FEX.FPH, Spanist Employees FNX-FPH, Scin-Example Employees	FEX FNX	PAYROLL EMPLOYEE HEL PAYROLL EMPLOYEE HEL	01426050050 614280500789	214.0 \$6.1	214.0 36.0	214.0 36.0	214.0 58.0	214.0 36.0	214.0	214.D 94.0	214,0 36,0	214.0 30.0	214.0	214.0 36.0	214.0
NER NUMBER	49,344	T IN AND THE STORY CARDING TO TO DRIVE THE	1919 A	THE CONTRACTOR MELL	SPECCERATER'	20.1	350	30.4	20.4	-356.43	ara 0	77.9		.96,3	52.0	æ.0	36.0
L ENGINEERING SUMM	064189	Tratat	EAC	Teta	BADA	116.0	111.4	116.0	115.0	118,0	318.0	118,0	110.0	116.B	118.0	118.0	118.0
L ENGINEEPING SUMM	064539	FEAST Exempt Emologene	PEX	REQUESTS FOR ENG. AS	112/2000000	113.0	113.0	1130	113,0	513.0	1135	113.0	1720	1130	113.0	113.0	119.0
ENGINEERING SUMM	064359	FRE-FR. Nov-Exempt Employees	FNA	REGRISSTO FOR ENG. AS	1124 (1000EX)	5,0	5.0	5.0	5,0	50	5.0	5.0	1.50	5.9	5.0	5.0	50
ENGINEERING SUMM	064569	Total	EAC	Total	BASa.	144.0	148.0	146.8	148.0	146,6	148.6	144.0	146.0	148,0	144.5	· 744.0	145.0
ENGINEERING 5 MM	0545/20	FEX-FPL Even at Employmen	íех,	PTN ENGRG FAYROLL	1236/995-800	1260	1186,0	135.0	1345.0	1 16,0	135.0	138 0	136.0	136,0	1341.0	136.0	1.86,0
ENGINEERING SUBM	064569	FN & FFR. Desix Flammar Eingelogen a	£13¥	PIN EGORG PA/BOLL	1.222-366条约	18 0	10,0	10,0	20 Q	10.0	15,0	10.9	10.0	19,0	10,0	10.0	10,01
NAGEMENT	081400	Totai	EAC	Totul	BAGA	\$23.9	63420	666.0	447.0	\$49,0	651.D	453,3	A. 600 (10)	657.8	\$59.0	692.9	\$82.0
AGENENT	091400	FBUFFL Bargaining Lout - Vansible Lingdo	FSV	MAYROL.	01428928029	360.0	368.0 239.0	374.0	375,6	377 C	379 0	360,0	382.0	363.0	365.0	387.5	387.0
ngement Ngement	(91400 297400	FLANFIT, Carmer Employees FNANFP: Norne werest Compleyees	FE 4 Fax	PAYPOLL PAYPOLL	01426926025 01426926039	225,0 40,0	40.0	230.0 40.0	231.0	232.0 40.0	202.0 40.0	235,0	294.0 40.0	234.0	234,0	299,0 49,0	235,0 47,0
290,784/141	13124049	Property and a second second strategy reading	E MA	F 40 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	0.4992.00.03	4.4.4.	40.11	40.0			A.10	49.4. V		10,0	40.0	44S	~ 7.35
RTE PROPLE	091437	Todal	EAC	Total	BASA	9.5	6.3	8.8	1.1	0.8	3.6	11.5		9.4	1.5	13	9,5
PTE PEOPLE	091457	FEX.OPL Evenuel Employment	FEX	ADDITIONAL PERSONNEL	G1759ADDPEP	85	8.5	3.5	25	5 .*	45	3.5	9,5	35	6.5	35	9.5
ese operations	095100	Total	EAG	Total	DABA	15,0	16.0	. 15.8	15,1	15.0	15.0	15,8	13.0	15.5	: 15.9	10.3	15,0
ESS OPERATIONS	005100	FEA-FML Exempt Employees	FEX	ST PAYROLL AND OTHER	01428923407	13,3	130	13.0	13.0	13.0	1312	13,0	13.0	13.0	•3.0	13.0	13.0
ESS OPERATIONS	095100	FNA-FPL Non-Exempt Employees	FNA	ST PAYROLL AND OTHER	01426923437	2.0	2.0	20	20	2,0	2.0	20	2.0	20	2.0	26	2.0
				ware set. A.					4.4.			¥				<i></i>	
EAR OPERATIONS	061702	Total	EAG	1000	BREA	1.0	1.4	5.6	14	1. A. B.	.1.0	1.0	- 1,0	AT 19 -	1.0	te	1.0
LEAR OPERATIONS	061700	FNX.FF2 HomEdempt Entployees	FAX	AT PAYROLL AND OTHER	01428923407	1.0	1.0	1,0	10	4,0	¢.1	4,0	1,0	£,0	10	1,0	1.0
FUELS	094341	Total	EAG	Total	BASA	13.0	13.0	11.6 -	13.0	12.0	11.0	12,3	13.0	13.0	13.0	11.0	13.5
n Fuela N Fuela	066.941	FEA-FPL E Gerst Employees	FEX	NUCLEAR FUEL PLANT S	171 200000	3.1	8,1	6 1	9.1	A I	81	3,1	3.1	34.0 51	31	8 I	8.1
FUELS	06694	FEA-FFL Earnet Encloses	FEX	AFFILIATE DIRECT CHA	1212AFE.00	4.9	4.9	4.3	4.5	4,8	4.5	4,9	4,9	43	4.9	49	4,9
a. PROJECTS	358 844	Total	EAC	Tesmi	8A3A	5,0	9.8	8.8	3,0	8,0	8.0	3,3	9,6	8,0	2.5	8.6	9,0
PROJECTS	06/6344	FEX-FPL Example Encloyees	5E 4	MUCLEAR FUEL PLANT 3	12132006000	48	4,6	4.5	4.8	4.5.	4.5	43	4.5	4,5	48	4.5	4.5
PROJECTS	036344	FET-FPL Genut Employmen	磨火	APPRIATE DIRECT CHA	12102AFFLOC	45	4.5	4.5	45	4.5	4,5	45	4,5	4.5	4.5	45	4.5
							-										
ROJECTE BASE	954839	Tata	EAC		BASA	30,0	30,9	31.0	28.5	30.5	38.0	30.8	1e.e	39.8	30.0	30,0	20,0
ROJECTS BASE	064050	TEAFFL Earnpt Employees	FEX	JUNG NON PROJECT EXP	61473JUGONP	25.0	26.0	290	28.0	32.0	260	25,0	26.0	26.0	20.0	250	26.0
NO ECTS BASE	064650	FREX-FFE Non-Exemnel Engliques	FNA	JUNO NON PROJECT EXP	U1479JUHONE	4.C	4.0	4.0	4.6	4.0	4.5	4.1)	4.¢	40	4.0	4.9	4.0
PROJECTS BASE	064851	Total	EAC	Total	BASA	16.0	16.0	18.9	16.0	16.0	36.0	16.0	10.0	10.0	14.9	16.9	16.0
PROJECTS BASE	054551	FEX-FPL Exempt Etusioyees	PEK	PSL PROJECT NON FROJ	IN ATRESLINES.	10.0	16.0	16.0	150	16,0	15.0	150	16.0	15,0	16,9	16.0	19.0
and the prove	1000000000	Contract Contraction Proteins Second												1.00.00		100	
N PROJECTS BASE	254652	Total	EAC	Total	BASA	18.0	16.0	16.0	10.0	16.0	15,6	34.0	18.0	16,8 .	16.0	18.0	18.0
IN PROJECTS BASE	364652	FEX.FPL Example Employees	FEX	PTN HOH PROJECTEXPS	\$147 8 F3 MAPE	18 0	16.C	16.0	7:5.0	16 Q	163	14.0	16.0	19,0	10.4	150	16,0

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12X04	Ŷ	\$13896.555																
BRC		EAC			BASA	1	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
PROJECTS ENGINE BASE	065-502	Tobai			Total	BASA	40.0	40.0	44.0	49.0	48.9	46,9	43.5	40.0	40.8	40.0	48.0	40.0
PROJECTS ENFANE HASE	065422	FEAR PL Exempt Employees	5	EX	Major Proj Eng Grp -	12345MPE GRP	46.0	40,0	40.0	49.0	40.3	40.9	46.0	40.0	40.0	400	40.9	49.0
EPUPROJECT	866730	Title Star			Total .	HASA	41.5		41.5	1. 49.6	48.5	. 168.5	49.6	49.5	48.1	48.6	49.5	43.8
EPU PROJECT	066750	FEX-FPM, Exempt Employment	F	EX	PAYROLI EMPLOYEE PEL	01427000000	49.5	49.5	43.5	49.5	49.5	49,5	49 5	49.5	49.5	59 B	43.5	49.5
VP REAGT SUPPORT	944725	Yatif			Total	BASA	82.0	第之 〇	43.0	\$2.3	42.9	AZO	42.0	42.0	87.0	42.0	AZ.0	82.0
VP FLANT SUPPORT	394725	FEX-FPL Exernet Employees			ST PAYROLL AND OTHER	01420973407	51.C	51.0	6t D	51.0	51,0	51 G	51.0	61.0	61 Ú	51,0	510	\$1,0
VF PLANT SUPLICIT	064725	FEA-PPL Faimpl Employees			CAPACITY SECURITY PA	01514926909	21,0	Z1.0	21.0	21.0	21.0	21.6	21.0	\$*.0	21.0	21.0	្តា ម	21.0
VP PLANT SUPPORT	064/29	frankly then lixed in Englower			ST PAYROLLAND OTHER	01428923407	50	5.C	8 .0	5.0	8.0	8.9	50	5.C	8.5	8.0	6.5	P.0
VF PLANE SUPPORT	064725	FREEP, Nov-Exempt Employees	F	NX	CAPACITY DECORITY PA	01514926909	2.0	2.0	20	2.4	2.0	2.9	20	2.0	29	20	20	2.0
IGAUS MANAGEMENT	864343	Total	E		Total	8484	21.0	21.0	21.6	21.S	21.0	21.6	21.0	21.6	31.6	21.8	21.0	27.0
JOA/JB MANAGEMENT	0643435	FEX-FPL Event Employmen			OFFICE FURNITURE, FI	00601000000	4.0	4.0	40	4.5	4,0	4.0	4 0	4.0	43	4.0	4.0	4,0
JOAJIB MANAGEMERT	034045	FEX-EPIL Example Employees			BISTEMS AND AUDITS -	1013800022	6.0	6.0	¢ 3	5.0	6.0	66	6.0	5.0	¢a	G .D	50	6,9
JON IB MANAGEMENT	064.345	FES-FPL E autopt Booplayeed	F	E.).	104/JS MANAGEMENT AN	10140050000	2.6	2.0	20	2.4	2.0	20	2.9	30	20	2.0	24	2,0
JOAT/6 MANAGEMENT	064345	FEA-FFL Example Employment			VENDOR ACTIVITIES -	10522900000	7.0	7.0	70	7.0	7.0	70	÷.4	7 0	76	7,0	70	7.0
JOANB MANAGEMENT	064 345	FRX-FPL Non-Esemar Employees	ŕ		SYSTEMS AND AUDITS-	10138000XX0	1.0	i.0	1.0	1,0	÷ 0	10	1.0	: 0	10	7_0	*.D	1,0
JOAJB MANAGEMENT	(8,4):45	FRA-FPL Non-Exempt Employees	4	NÅ.	VENDOR ACTIVITIES -	:0522000046	1.8	1,0	1.0	1.0	0.1	1,0	12	1.0	1,5	1,0	f.D	1.0
NUCL ASSURANCE-CNRB	041054	Total	E	AC	Total	BASA	2.3	2.0	26	2.0	2.9	2.0	2.9	2.0	2.0	29	* 20 .	2,6
NUCL ADSURANCE-CINRE	0:45%4	FEX-FPL Evenint Employees	F	EX	COMPANY INJULEAR REVI	1013700-000	20	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.9	50	20	2.0	20	50
PSL-NUC ASSURANCE	967600	ाँ ठां आ	ŧ	AC	Total	BASA	12,0	15.0	19.0	19.0	14.0	t¥.0	18.0	15,0	19.6	18.0	18.0	18. 0
PSUMUE ASSURANCE	067050	FEAFER EARING CONSIGNATION	F	E.F.	JOAPS, WANAGENERTA	102/34000000	18.0	0.81	160	10.0	12,0	16.0	13.0	18.0	16.0	13.0	18.0	15.0
POL-NUC ASSUPENCE	367630	FER, J.F. Non-Evenin Environes	F	NA	landar vanagement a	105346400900	л û К	1.0	1.5	10	10	19	1,0	ΞĊ	1.5	1.0	1.0	1.0
PTN-NUC ASSURANCE	069400	Total	£	AC	Total	BASA	18,0	18,0	98,0	16.5	18,4	18.8	14.0	18.4	18.0	14.0	18,4	18.0
PTHALLC ASSURANCE	969400	FEX-FPL Examplemeteries	ភ	ΞA	GUA ITY SUPPORT INA	11507000000	17.0	17.0	17.0	\$77.0	17,0	17,0	17.0	17.6	17.0	170	37.0	17.0
PTNINUC ASSURANCE	049400	PRAFPE North Exempt Employees	F	цK	GUALITY SUPPORTUNA	1150705000	10	1.0	1,0	10	10	1,0	10	10	1.0	10	1,0	1.0
NUCLE ASSURANCE CHRB	463 565	Total	ŧ	AC	Total	BASA	4,8	4.0	6.9	4,3	4.0	4.6	4,9	4.0	4.6	4.0 ¹	40	4.0
HUDLE ASSURANCE CHED	269555	FEA-FPL Exempt Employees	Ŧ	ΕX	EMPLOYEE CONCERNS PP.	G1672000000	1,6	1,0	10	1,0	1.0	10	1.0	5.C	10	D,1	19	1.0
HUDLR ASSURANCE CNRB	369-369	FEAFFL Fremal Employees	۶	EX	EMPLOYEE CONCEPINS PR	01073000000	20	20	29	2.0	2,0	24	2.3	::0	25	2.6	2.0	2.0
NUCLE ASSURANCE LINKE	363555	FEA-PPI, Exempt Employees	F	ΞX	EMPLOYEE CONCERNS PR	(11074000000	1.0	1.0	10	1,1	10	1.9	10	÷ 0	•.0	1.0	1.0	10
SAFETY ASSURE MGT	645225	Total		AC	Tolat	BASA	199.0	159.0	138,0	159.0	119.9	143,0	159.0	189,0	158.0	159.0	159(3)	159.0
SAFETY ACCURE MGT	995225	FEX.FPL Exernet Employees	ŧ	ΕX	ST PAYHOLL AND OTHER	01426923407	146.0	· 48,0	145.0	148.0	148,0	45,0	149.0	148.0	145.0	144.0	145.0	143.0
SAFETY ADRURE MOT	095225	FNA-FPA (iten-Exernal Eventyers			ST PAYROLL AND OTHER	0: 428923407	110	11.0	11.0	-10	15.0	11.0	610	11.0	110	110	11.0	11.0

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Fxp & SUSPLASS

BRC	EAC		BASA		Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
Tatel BRC	Total	EAG	Teta	BASA.	2,076.8	A083.8	2,392.8	2,095,8	2,098.0	2,097 8	2,097.8	2,099.8	2.104.8	2,108.#	2.112.5	2,115.8
CSUMONT SUPI 064514	Total c	EAC	Total at	BASA	19.0	10.0	· + +11.Q	10.0	10.0	10,0	10.0	10.0	18.0	10,0	10.0	10:0
USIMONT SUPEREASIA	FEX-FPL Exempt Employees	FEX	COLMONT SUPP	11850916748	7.0	7.9	7.0	7.0	7.0	70	7.0	7.0	7.0	7,0	70	7.0
CSPMONT SUPE 084514	FNX.FPL Net-Evenant Employees	FNX	C'SUMONT SUFV	11850916747	50	3.0	3,9	3.0	30	نارى	30	3,0	3.0	30	3,9	30
CSI CHIEFS 084515	Total	EAC	Total	BASA	21.0	21.0	21.0	21.0	21.0	21.0	21.0	21.0	21.0	25.0	21.0	21.0
CSI CHIEFS 064515	FEK-FPL Exempt Employees	FEX	CHIEFS REGULATORY	11650921399	21.0	21.0	21.0	21.0	21.0	21.0	21.6	21.0	21.0	21.0	21.6	21.0
CODES & INSPE 064517	Total	EAC	Toisi	BASA	9.0	9.0	0.9	9.0	9.0	9.0	9,0	9,0	9,0	÷9,0	<> 9,0°	8.0
CODES & \$45PE 054517	FEX-PPL Evenint Engloyees	FEA	CODER AND INSPECTION	10944902165	90	9.0	90	64 0	9.0	80	2.G	30	8.0	8.0	ងថ	B.0
MATERIALS & CO84518	Total	EAC	Total	BASA	7.0	7.0	7,6	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.8	7.0	7.0	· 7.0	7.0	7.9
MATERIALA & C (014518	FEX.FPL Exempt Ecoptoyees	FEX	MATERIALS AND COMPON	11486018751	7.0	7.0	7.9	70	76	7,0	20	7.9	7,0	70	7.0	2.0
RRAG SUMMAR 064629	Tatel	EAC	Total	BASA	7.0	7,6	7.6	7,9	7.0	7,0	0.ť	7.0	7,0	~ 70美	7,0	2 7.0
RPAG SUMMAR (2-1529	FEX-PPL Exempt Employees	FEA	RRAG	12146000000	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	50	E,O	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0
RRAG SUMMAR 004523	FEA-FPL Exempt Employees	FEX	AFFILIATE DIRECT CHA	12146AFFLCC	2.0	2 3	2,0	2,0	20	2.0	20	2.0	2.0	20	2.0	20
PLANT MANAGI 092000	Totel	EAC	Total	BASA	596.0	598.0	596.6	596.0	598.0	596.0	594.0	595.0	596.0	696.5	596.0	595.0
FLANT MANAGE 052900	PBV-FPI, Berganing strid - Yenuble Envilu	68v	PAYROLL EMPLOYEE PEL	91425000000	341.0	245.0	341 0 213 0	541.0	341.0	3410	341.0	341,0 010,0	341.0	341.0	341.0	341.0
PLANT MANAGE 082000	SEX. FPL Exempt Englishes	FEX	PAYROLI EMPLOYEE REL DAVIDALE EMPLOYEE REL	01423000000 01423000000	219.0	219.0		216,0	219.0 36.0	219,9 35 3	218.0 36.0	219,0 58 D	216,0 36,0	219.0	219.0	219,0
flant warang ofing	EN GEPL Nord Complete projections	FNX	PAYROLL EMPLOYEE PE:	61425090006	55.0	36,0	36.0	28. G	an n	36.9		2013)	35.9	36,9	36.0	16 č
PSI, ENGINEERI 064589	Total	EAC FEA	Total	BASA 11240000000	118.0 1130	116.0 113,9	118,0 113 G	116.0 113.0	11 8.8 113.0	118,0	115,0 113,0	118,0 1/3 0	\$18,0 113.9	113.0	113.6	113.0
POLENERALEN DE 1583	FEX-FIL Econd Englishes		REQUESTS FOR ENG. AS REQUESTS FOR ENG. AS	11242000000	5.0	:13,9 50	1:50	6.0	50	5.C	112.0	5.0	5.0	113,0	5.0	5.5
FSL ENGINEERI 004589	FREAFEL NUI-C LEMAS EVENING FOR	FN A	REQUESTS FOR USE AS	1 FTMA CONTRACTOR	5.6	30	9.V	0.0	20	5.0	10	5.5	7.0			90
PTH ENGINEER: 084569	Total	EAC	Total	BASA	148.0	146,0	148.0	146,0	146.0	146,0	148,年	148.0	146.0	140.0	146.0	146,0
PTN ENGINEERICE4569	FEX.FPL Everyt Employees	rea.	PIN ENORG PAYROLL	10350905800	13-6 0	1 36 70	136 0	(36.5	136,0	136.0	1 15 0	1341 0	130.6	136.0	136.0	136.0
PINENGINEERIDIASOR	File-FPL linn-Enempt Employmen	PNX	PTN ENGRG PAYROLL	12 305003500	10 0	10.0	10.0	10.0	10 អ	10.0	*0 Q	10.9	10_0	10.0	10.0	100
MANAGEMENT 091400	Tatel	EAC	Total	ваза	863,0	870.0	679,0	882.0	683.0	564.0	684.0	636,0	891.0	645.0	809.0	702.0
MANAGEMENT 091400	FBV-FPL Berganing Und - Venable Emplo	FØV	PAYNOLL	01428925029	368.3	391.0	398.0	491.0	401.0	403.0	404.0	406 3	410.0	412.0	414.C	415.0
MANAGEMENT 301406	FEX-PPL Exempt Engloyees	ES.	PAYROLI	0142832802*	235 0	239.0	241.0	241.0	243 0	261.0	240.0	245 5	241.0	243,0	245.0	247 0
MANAGEMENT 031400	FN,CFPL Non-Example Employees	F(+)	PAYRCLL	01428925029	40 0	40,0	40,0	40.0	40,0	40,0	49.0	40,0	40,0	40.0	40.0	40.0
PTN RTE PEOPLOS1457	· Totai	EAC FEX	Total ADDITIONAL PERSONNEL	BASA 01753ADDPER	4.0 4 0	4.0	4.0	4.0 4.0	4.0 4.0	4.0 4 0	4.0 4.0	4,0. 4,0	4,0 4.0	4,6	4;0 4:0	4.D 4.0
PTN RTE PEOPLOP1487	FEX-FPL Exempt Employment	FCA	ADDITIONERCHEMOUTHEL	CTT JACOUFER	• •	7.4	40	4.0		~0	4.0		1.0		+0	•.2
BUSINESS OPE DOSION	Total 🔅 👘 🖓 🖓	EAC	Total	BASA	15,0	15 D	15.0	15,0	15.0	15,0	15.0	15.0	15,0	15.0	15,0	15,0
BUSINEBS OPEI 035100	FEA-FPL Exempt Costayours	FEX	ST PAYROLL AND OTHER	01426923407	13.0	13.0	13.5	13.0	130	13,0	13 0	13.0	13,0	130	13.0	13.3
RUSINESS OPEI 065100	FNX-FPL Non-Exempt Employaes	ENX	ST PAYROLL AND OTHER	01425923-107	20	2,9	2.0	2.0	2.0	20	20	20	20	2.0	20	20
PTN FUELS 066941	Total	EAG	Tatel :	HASA	13.8	13.D	13.0	13.0	13.0	13.0	13.0	13.0	13,0	13.0	13.0	13.0
PTN FUELS 045941	FEX-FFI, Exempl Employees	FEY	NUCLEAR FUEL FLANT S	1,2132190000	5.1	81	81	ð.1	81	8.1	81	5.1	8.1	41	5,1	81
PTN FUELS 066941	FEX-FPi, Exempl Einplaynes	FEX	AFFILIATE OFFECT CHA	12132AFFLOC	4,9	4,9	4.9	4.9	4,9	49	4.6	49	4.9	4,9	49	4.9
FUEL PROJECT 056944	Total .	EAC	Total	BASA	6.0	9.0	8.0	9.0	0,0	9.0	9,0	9.0	9.0	9,0	9.9	9.0
FUEL PROJECT 556044	FEX FIT Exampl Englished	FEX	NUCLEAR FUEL PLANT &	12132000000	45	4 5	4,5	4.5	4.5	4,5	4.5	4,5	4.5	45	4,5	45
FUEL PROJECT. 065944	FEK-FPL Exempl Einployees	FEX	AFFILIATE DIRECT CHA	121324FFLOC	4.3	4,5	1.5	4,5	4,5	4,5	4.5	4,5	6.5	4.5	45	4.5
JB PROJECTS E084850	Total	EAC	Total	HASA	30,0	30,0	30.0	30,0	30.0	30.0	0.00	30.0	30,0	30,0	30,0	30,0
.8 PROJECTS 8 364850	TEX-EPI, Ecompt Englisvees	°E,×	JUNG NON PROJECT EXP	01478.BUNDNF	26.0	26, 9	26.0	26.0	26.0	28.0	26.0	26.0	29,0	26.0	28.0	26.0
用PROIECTS 8084650	ENX.FPL Non-Exempl Employees	FNA	JUNO NON PROJECT EXP	01476JUNONP	4.0	4,0	4,9	4.0	40	4,0	4.6	4,0	4.0	40	4.0	4,0
PSE PROJECTS 054651	Total	EAC	Tolat	BASA	16.0	16.9	· 15.0	16.0	16,0	16.0	16.0	16.D	18,0	16,0	15.0	18.8

Florida Power & Light Company Docket No. 060677-El SFHHA's Tenth Set of Interrogatories Question No. 251 Attachment No. 1 Yab 6 of 6

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BRC	EAC		BASA		Jan	Felo	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	ોપો	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
PSL PROJECTS 08462	FEX.Fit Eximpl Employees	FEX	PSL PROJECT NON PROJ	01476PSLNPE	15,0	19.0	18 0	15.0	14,0	16,0	18 Q	16.0	16.0	18,0	16,0	16.1
TN PROJECTS DI4652	Yotal Sec.	à. EAC	Total	BASA	- 16.0	18.0	12.0	16.0	16.0	16.0	18,0	16.0	16.0	16.0 -	16.0	16.0
TH PROJECTS 054852	FEX-FPL Event Employees	FEX	PTN NON PROJECT EXPE	01478PTNNPE	18 0	16.0	16.0	100	16.0	16 0	15,0	16.0	19.0	16.0	19.0	16,0
ROJECTS ENGUSSED2	Total	EAC	Yotal	BASA	40.0	40.0	40.0	40.0	40.0	46.0	40.9	40,0	40.JT2	40.0	. 40.0	40.0
PROJECTS ENGIDIS602	PEA-PPL Exempli Employees	FEX	MAJOR FROJ ENG GRP	12345MPEORP	40.0	40.0	40.0	40,0	45 0	40.0	40.0	45,9	40.0	40.0	49.0	407
EPU PROJECT 069730	Total	EAC	Total	BASA	47.8	47,8	47.8	47.8	47.8	47.8	47.8	47.8	47.8	A7.8	47.3	47.6
EPU PROJECT 066730	FEX-FPL Exempt Employees	FEX	PAYROLL EMPLOYEE REL	014250/0000	47.2	47.5	47.8	47,8	47.8	47.8	47,8	47.8	47.8	47.6	47.8	47_6
VP PLANT SUPF064725	Total	EAC	Totel	BASA	62.0	42.0	82.0	82.0	82.0	82.0	82.0	* #2.0	82.0	42.0	82.0	\$2,0
VP FLANT SUPF 964725	FEX-FPL Exempt Employees	FEX	ST PAYROLL AND OTHER	01428923407	51 0	510	£1 0	51.0	\$1.0	51 D	51.0	61 Q	51,0	51.D	51 8	51.0
VP PLANT SUPF 984725	FEX-FPL Exempt Employees	FEX	CAPACITY SECURITY PA	01514926909	21.0	2t 0	21.0	21.0	21.0	21.0	21.0	21.0	21.0	21.9	21.0	21 0
VP PLANT SUPF \$64725	FNX-FFL Non-Exertist Employees	ŕnx	ST PAYROLL AND OTHER	01425925-107	ថថ	5,6	9.0	80	80	8,0	9, 0	专业	8,0	3.0	8,0	6,0
VP PLANT SUPF 004726	FNK-FPL Non-Exempt Employees	FNX	CAPACITY SECURITY PA	01514929909	20	20	2.0	2.0	3.9	2.0	20	2.0	2.0	20	2.0	20
JCA/JEI MANACI 064346	Fotui	EAC	Total	8454	21.0	21.0	21.0	21.0	21.0	21.0	21.0	21,0	21.0	21.0	21:0	21.0
ICANG MANAGERE 1345	FEX-FPL Exempt Employees	f CA	OFFICE FURNITURE FI	00691093000	40	4,0	4,0	40	4,0	6 G	4.6	4 ()	4,5	4.6	\$0	4,0
PLACE MANAGE 064046	FEA-FPL Exempl Employees	÷£.⊀	SYSTEMS AND AUDITS	10138000000	6,0	60	80	6,0	90	6.0	可行	5 5	63	60	6,0	6 1
IOAND MANAGE DE4345	FEX-FAL Stenin Employees	fe a	JOAUB MANAGEMEINT AN	10140000000	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	21	2.0	28	2.9	2.0	20	2.0
JOAN & MANACE 584345	FEX-FIPL Example Employees	FE.	VENDOR ACTIVITIES -	105220900000	76	7.0	75	7,0	7 P	2.6	70	7.6	7.C	70	7.9	70
JOANS MANAGE064345	FNA FPL Non-Exempt Employaes	FNY	SYSTEMS AND AUDITS -	10136000000	10	េស	10	1,0	1.0	ъ¢	3.0	1.0	10	1,0	1.0	1.0
Juanse Skanach (1943ee	FINY FFL Non-Example Emerany and	FNL	VENDOR ACTIVITIES -	0922000000	1.0	1,0	10	1.0	1.0	10	1.0	5,0	1.0	1.0	10	10
NUCL ASSURAT 089554	Total	EAC	Total	BASA	2.9	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	20	2,0	2.0	20	18	2.0
NUCLASSURAL 009554	FEX-FPL Example Cristoyeus	FLY	COMPANY NUCLEAP REVI	10137009300	5.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	29	2.0	2 0	2,0	2.0	26	2.0	2.0
PSINUC ASSU:087600	Total	EAC	Toi al	BASA	19.0	19,0	19.8	19,0	13,5	19.0	15,0	్ 19,0	19,0	19.0	19,9	18,0
PELINGIC ASSUM 067800	FEX-FPL Exempt Employment	FEA	JUA/POL MANAGEMENT A	105240900950	18 0	18,0	10 0	18.0	13,0	18.登	15.0	:40	16 0	16,0	18.0	18 0
PEL-ILUC ASSUL 017900	PNX.FFL Nor-Crowds Employees	Fta	IGAPSI, MALAGEMENT A	10524009988	1,0	10	1.0	1.0	19	1.0	16	1.0	1.0	10	1.0	10
THINUC ASSU 049400	Total	EAC	Total	BASA	18,0	18,0	18.0	18,0	18.0	18,0	18,0	18.0	18,0	18,0	18.0	£ 18.0
PTN-NEC ASSURDED400	FEX-FPL Exempt Employees	FLA	GUALITY SUPPORTUNA/	11507000000	17.8	17.0	17.0	17.0	17.0	17 8	17.0	17 0	17.0	17.0	17 0	17,0
PEN-NUC ASSU: 089400	FreX-FPL, Rec-Evernpt Ecophyres	Frix	QUALITY SUPPORT-INAU	11557900600	7,9	1,0	15	1,0	1 /1	1,0	10	1.0	1,0	10	1,0	15
UCLR ASSURA DE1555	Total	EAC	Total 🔗	BASA	4.0	-4.0	` 4,0	1.3 4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.6	4,0	4.0
UCLR ASSURA 069565	PEX-FPL Exempt Employees	FEX	EMPLOYEE CONCERNS PR	01672006000	1,0	٦.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	16	1.0	4,5
AUCLE ASSURA 000555	FEX FPL Exmist Employees	FEY	EMPLOYEE CONCERNS PR	01073066809	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	20	2.0	2.0	2.0	20	2.0	25
NUCLE ASSURA 069555	FEX-FPL Exempt Employees	FEX	EMPLOYEE CONCERNS PR	G1674000000	1.0	1,0	1.0	i.0	1.6	10	1.0	1.0	1.0	10	1,0	1 (
SAFETY ASSURO	Total	EAC	Total	BASA	163.0	153.0	[63.0		163.0	153,0	183,0	163.0	163.0	163.0	163.0	163.0
SAFETY ASSUR 065225	FEX.FPL Econgs Engloyees	FEX	ST PAYROLL AND OTHER	61428923407	152 0	152.9	152 0	152.9	152.0	152 0	152.6	152,0	152.0	152.0	152.0	152 0
SAFETY ASSUR DEE225	FNGFPL Non-Exercit Employees	FRX	5T PAYROLL AND OTHER	0142892340?	11,0	11.0	11.0	11.0	110	11.0	11 6	11.0	11.0	11.0	17.0	11.0

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Fiscal Year Variant	Calendar year, 4 spec. periods
BRC	NUC DIV BUS UNIT
EAC	FPL EMPLOYEES
Exp	SUSPENSE

Fiscal year/period

	BRC	EAC\Fiscal year/period	001/2007	002/2007
Actual version	△ ▷ R01044 ENGINEERING SUPPORT SERVICE	S FEX-FPL Exempt Employees	51.0	53.0
		FNX-FPL Non-Exempt Employees	3.0	3.0
		Result	54.0	56.0
	R01905 ST. LUCIE PLANT	FBF-FPL Bargaining Unit - Fixed Employees	270.0	268.0
		FBV-FPL Bargaining Unit - Variable Employees		
		FEX-FPL Exempt Employees	373.0	372.0
		FNX-FPL Non-Exempt Employees	46.5	46.5
		Result	689.5	686.5
	R01908 PTN STATION	FBF-FPL Bargaining Unit - Fixed Employees	294.0	292.0
		FBV-FPL Bargaining Unit - Variable Employees		
		FEX-FPL Exempt Employees	360.5	361.5
		FNX-FPL Non-Exempt Employees	49.0	52.0
		Result	703.5	705.5
		FEX-FPL Exempt Employees	18.0	17.0
		FNX-FPL Non-Exempt Employees	2.0	2.0
	R31800 ND MANAGEMENT	Result	20.0	19.0
······	\triangleright	FEX-FPL Exempt Employees	105.0	104.0
		FNX-FPL Non-Exempt Employees	9.0	9.0
		Result	114.0	113.0
	R64725 VP PLANT SUPPORT	FEX-FPL Exempt Employees	28.0	27.0
		FNX-FPL Non-Exempt Employees	3.0	3.0
		Result	31.0	30.0
	R65200 VP SAFETY ASSURANCE	FEX-FPL Exempt Employees	72.0	73.0
	· ·	FNX-FPL Non-Exempt Employees	6.0	7.0
		Result	78.0	80.0
	A R31000 NUCLEAR DIVISION BUSINESS UNIT	Result	1.690.0	1,690.0

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Fiscal Year Variant	Calendar year, 4 spec. periods
BRC	NUC DIV BUS UNIT
EAC	FPL EMPLOYEES
Éxp	SUSPENSE

Fiscal year/period

	BRC		004/2007	005/2007	006/2007	007/2007	
Actual version	△ ▷ R01044 ENGINEERING SUPPORT SERVICES	56.0	56.0	57.0	59.0	57.0	
		2.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	
		58.0	59.0	60.0	62.0	60.0	
	D R01905 ST. LUCIE PLANT	271.0	273.0	273.0	278.0	285.0	
		371.0	377.0	377.0	379.0	383.0	
		46.5	45.5	44.0	44.0	44.0	
		688.5	695.5	694.0	701.0	712.0	
_	D R01908 PTN STATION	287.0	271.0	277.0	284.0	290.0	
		360.5	359.5	365.5	370.5	371.5	
		53.0	53.0	51.0	51.0	52.0	
		700.5	683.5	693.5	705.5	713.5	
		17.0	15.0	15.0	13.0	14.0	
		2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	3.0	
	D R31800 ND MANAGEMENT	19.0	17.0	17.0	15.0	17.0	
		104.0	105.0	111.0	112.0	112.0	
		9.0	8.0	9.0	9.0	9.0	
		113.0	113.0	120.0	121.0	121.0	
	R64725 VP PLANT SUPPORT	28.0	32.0	32.0	32.0	35.0	
		3.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	5.0	
		31.0	36.0	36.0	36.0	40.0	
	R65200 VP SAFETY ASSURANCE	73.0	72.0	72.0	73.0	74.0	
		7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	
		80.0	79.0	79.0	80.0	81.0	
	△ R31000 NUCLEAR DIVISION BUSINESS UNIT	1,690.0	1,683.0	1,699.5	1,720.5	1,744.5	

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Fiscal Year Variant	Calendar year, 4 spec. periods
BRC	NUC DIV BUS UNIT
EAC	FPL EMPLOYEES
Exp	SUSPENSE

Fiscal year/period

	BRC	008/2007	009/2007	010/2007	011/2007	012/2007
Actual version	△ ▷ R01044 ENGINEERING SUPPORT SERVICES	56.0	54.0	55.0	59.0	59.0
		3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0
		59.0	57.0	58.0	62.0	62.0
	R01905 ST. LUCIE PLANT	284.0	289.0	290.0	290.0	289.0
		380.0	381.0	380.0	378.0	377.0
		44.0	45.0	45.0	45.0	45.0
		708.0	715.0	715.0	713.0	711.0
	R01908 PTN STATION	289.0	294.0	296.0	292.0	291.0
			372.5	372.5	378.5	379.5
		52.0	51.0	51.0	51.0	52.0
		708.5	717.5	719.5	721.5	722.5
		14.0	14.0	15.0	15.0	16.0
		3.0	3.0	2.0	2.0	3.0
	R31800 ND MANAGEMENT	17.0	17.0	17.0	17.0	19.0
		104.0	104.0	107.0	107.0	110.0
		8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0
		112.0	112.0	115.0	115.0	118.0
	R64725 VP PLANT SUPPORT	45.0	45.0	48.0	48.0	47.0
		5.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0
		50.0	51.0	54.0	54.0	53.0
l	R65200 VP SAFETY ASSURANCE	75.0	73.0	73.0	73.0	74.0
		8.0	8.0	10.0	9.0	9.0
	_	83.0	81.0	83.0	82.0	83.0
	△ R31000 NUCLEAR DIVISION BUSINESS UNIT	1,737.5	1,750.5	<u>1,761.5</u>	1,764.5	1,768.5

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Fiscal Year Variant	Calendar year, 4 spec. periods
BRC	NUC DIV BUS UNIT
EAC	FPL EMPLOYEES
Exp	SUSPENSE

Fiscal year/period

	BRC	001/2008	002/2008	003/2008	004/2008	005/2008
Actual version	△ ▷ R01044 ENGINEERING SUPPORT SERVICES	59.0	59.0	59.0	59.0	60.0
		3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0
		62.0	62.0	62.0	62.0	63.0
	R01905 ST. LUCIE PLANT	285.0	284.0	282.0	297.0	309.0
		369.0	368.0	367.0	365.0	361.0
		44.0	43.0	43.0	39.0	40.0
		698.0	695.0	692.0	701.0	710.0
	R01908 PTN STATION	290.0	290.0	298.0	302.0	307.0
		388.5	387.5	383.5	387.5	389.5
		51.0	51.0	50.0	50.0	51.0
		729.5	728.5	731.5	739.5	747.5
		17.0	17.0	18.0	19.0	20.0
		4.0	4.0	4.0	5.0	5.0
	R31800 ND MANAGEMENT	21.0	21.0	22.0	24.0	25.0
		110.0	112.0	118.0	122.0	128.5
		7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0
		117.0	119.0	125.0	129.0	135.5
	R64725 VP PLANT SUPPORT	47.0	48.0	52.0	51.0	57.0
		6.0	6.0	7.0	8.0	8.0
		53.0	54.0	59.0	59.0	65.0
	R65200 VP SAFETY ASSURANCE	78.0	78.0	0.08	80.0	81.0
		10.0	10.0	11.0	11.0	10.0
		88.0	88.0	91.0	91.0	91.0
L	△ R31000 NUCLEAR DIVISION BUSINESS UNIT	1,768.5	1,767.5	1,782.5	1,805.5	1.837.0

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Fiscal Year Variant	Calendar year, 4 spec. periods
BRC	NUC DIV BUS UNIT
EAC	FPL EMPLOYEES
Exp	SUSPENSE

Fiscal year/period

	BRC	006/2008	007/2008	008/2008	009/2008	010/2008
Actual version	△ ▷ R01044 ENGINEERING SUPPORT SERVICES	59.0	51.0	49.0	48.0	47.0
		3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0
		62.0	54.0	52.0	51.0	50.0
	R01905 ST. LUCIE PLANT	312.0	316.0	318.0	334.0	333.0
		362.0	366.0	367.0	369.0	368.0
		41.0	42.0	43.0	43.0	43.0
		715.0	724.0	728.0	746.0	744.0
	D R01908 PTN STATION	308.0	305.0	304.0	307.0	311.0
		385.5	388.5	392.5	402.0	402.0
		50.0	51.0	49.0	51.0	51.0
		743.5	744.5	745.5	760.0	764.0
		21.0	24.0	25.0	25.0	25.0
		5.0	5.0	4.0	4.0	4.0
	R31800 ND MANAGEMENT	26.0	29.0	29.0	29.0	29.0
		128.5	136.5	136.5	140.5	140.5
		7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0
		135.5	143.5	143.5	147.5	147.5
	R64725 VP PLANT SUPPORT	65.0	64.0	64.0	67.0	67.0
		7.0	7.0	8.0	8.0	8.0
		72.0	71.0	72.0	75.0	75.0
	R65200 VP SAFETY ASSURANCE	76.0	76.0	79.0	81.0	79.0
		10.0	9.0	9.0	9.0	9.0
		86,0	85.0	88.0	90.0	88.0
	A R31000 NUCLEAR DIVISION BUSINESS UNIT	1,840.0	1,851.0	1,858.0	1,898.5	1,897.5

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Fiscal Year Variant	Calendar year, 4 spec. periods
BRC	NUC DIV BUS UNIT
EAC	FPL EMPLOYEES
Exp	SUSPENSE

Fiscal year/period

	BRC	011/2008	012/2008	001/2009	002/2009	003/2009
Actual version	△ ▷ R01044 ENGINEERING SUPPORT SERVICES	47.0	46.0	47.0	47.0	47.0
		3.0	3.0	3.0	2.0	2.0
		50.0	51.0	50.0	49.0	49.0
	R01905 ST. LUCIE PLANT	333.0	333.0	333.0	332.0	330.0
		368.0	364.0	364.0	366.0	364.0
		43.0	42.0	42.0	42.0	41.0
		744.0	739.0	739.0	740.0	735.0
	R01908 PTN STATION	311.0	314.0	315.0	318.0	316.0
		399.0	396.0	395.0	391.0	389.0
		51.0	51.0	51.0	49.0	49.0
		761.0	761.0	761.0	758.0	754.0
		24.0	24.0	23.0	23.0	23.0
		4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0
	R31800 ND MANAGEMENT	28.0	28.0	27.0	27.0	27.0
	\diamond	142.5	140.5	138.5	137.5	137.5
		7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0
		149.5	147.5	145.5	144.5	144.5
	R64725 VP PLANT SUPPORT	66.0	66.0	66.0	66.0	65.0
		8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0
		74.0	74.0	74.0	74.0	73.0
	R65200 VP SAFETY ASSURANCE	79.0	79.0	79.0	78.0	77.0
		9.0	9.0	9.0	9.0	9.0
		88.0	88.0	88.0	87.0	86.0
	A R31000 NUCLEAR DIVISION BUSINESS UNIT	1,894.5	1,888.5	1,884.5	1,879.5	1,868.5

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Fiscal Year Variant	Calendar year, 4 spec. periods
BRC	NUC DIV BUS UNIT
EAC	FPL EMPLOYEES
Exp	SUSPENSE

Fiscal year/period

	BRC		004/2009
Actual version		1044 ENGINEERING SUPPORT SERVICES	44.0
			2.0
			46.0
	D R0	1905 ST. LUCIE PLANT	329.0
			361.0
			41.0
			731.0
	₽ R0	1908 PTN STATION	315.0
			386.0
			49.0
			750.0
			25.0
			4.0
	D R3	1800 ND MANAGEMENT	29.0
			140.5
			7.0
			147.5
	D R6	4725 VP PLANT SUPPORT	65.0
			8.0
			73.0
	D R6	5200 VP SAFETY ASSURANCE	77.0
			9.0
			86.0
	△ R3100	NUCLEAR DIVISION BUSINESS UNIT	1,862.5

EXHIBIT__(LK-14)

FLORIDA POWER AND LIGHT SFHHA ADJUSTMENTS TO ELIMINATE NUCLEAR STAFF INCREASES TEST YEAR ENDING DECEMBER 31, 2010 (\$ MILLIONS)

Source: Response to SFHHA Interrogatory No. 240

Per the response, FPL included \$18.5 million in the test year for additional nuclear staffing related to O&M. The adjustment below includes a separate computation of payroll taxes and fringe benefits based on the analysis performed to compute the productivity reduction.

	O&M Amount
O&M Nuclear Staffing Increases by 2010	18.500
O&M Nuclear Staffing Increase Payroll Tax 2010	1.194
O&M Nuclear Staffing Incease Fr. Benefits	2.158
Total Nuclear Staffing Increase	21.852

EXHIBIT__(LK-15)

Florida Power & Light Company Docket No. 080677-EI SFHHA's Fifth Set of Interrogatories Interrogatory No. 237 Page 1 of 1

Q. Regarding Testimony of FPL Witness J. A. Stall

Regarding page 31:5-11. Please specifically identify and describe FPL's efforts through litigation to seek recovery of past and future damages related to the US Government's failure to dispose of FPL's spent fuel, the current status of such litigation, and FPL's plan for accounting for any recoveries FPL makes in such litigation in terms of flowing recoveries back to ratepayers.

A.

In 1998, FPL filed a lawsuit against the U.S. Government seeking damages caused by the U.S. Department of Energy's (DOE) failure to dispose of spent nuclear fuel (SNF) from FPL's nuclear power plants. On March 31, 2009, FPL entered into a settlement agreement with the U.S. Government that resolves FPL's SNF damages claims against the Government. Under the settlement, FPL will receive from the Government a cash payment of \$77.1 million, representing damages incurred related to DOE's SNF default through December 31, 2007. The settlement also formalizes an annual claim process that will enable FPL to submit and receive payment from the Government for annual SNF expenditures related to DOE's default. This process will enable FPL to recover its expenses relating to the long-term storage of SNF at FPL's nuclear power plants without the need for additional litigation.

The SNF settlement represents reimbursement for incremental costs incurred by FPL because DOE failed to meet its obligations in a timely manner. As these incremental costs were incurred by FPL they were charged either to base O&M or capitalized, resulting in an increase in capital structure and lowering the base ROE realized. The SNF settlement was subsequently recorded as a reduction to plant, CWIP, and O&M and reversal of previously incurred depreciation expense. Customers will receive the benefits associated with the SNF settlement through future rates. These reductions were forecasted in 2009 as achieved so current plant and depreciation expense reflects FPL's estimate of those settlement dollars received. Therefore, the 2010 plant balances used to calculate test year results reflect this estimated reduction and customers will receive the benefits associated with the SNF settlement through future rates. Reductions in prospective costs should likewise occur as DOE reimburses FPL for SNF costs incurred in 2009 and beyond. These refunds were not forecasted in the Test Year and Subsequent Year revenue requirements.

EXHIBIT__(LK-16)

Florida Power & Light Company Docket No. 080677-El SFHHA's Second Set of Interrogatories Interrogatory No. 120 Page 1 of 1

Q. Interrogatories Directed to Ms. Kim Ousdahl:

Regarding Schedule C-41. Please state the capital costs and O&M expenses associated with smart meters up through and including meters that will be installed in 2010.

A.

.

The O&M and Capital expenditures related to Advanced Metering Infrastructure (AMI) are:

(\$Millions)

	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010
O&M	\$0.98	\$0.85	\$1.39	\$2.61	\$7.40
Capital	\$2.64	\$1.15	\$7.07	\$43.68	\$168.54

Please note that Capital expenditures are not included in Schedule C-41.

EXHIBIT__(LK-17)

Florida Power & Light Company Docket No. 080677-El SFHHA's Tenth Set of Interrogatories Interrogatory No. 289 Page 1 of 1

Q.

Please provide a deployment timeline for the AMI program along with annual projections of costs and savings separated into capital and expense, including all supporting assumptions, data, computations, workpapers and electronic spreadsheets with formulas intact.

Deployment	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	Total
Meters (thousands)	170	1,128	1,099	1,076	873	4,346
	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	Total
Capital (millions)	\$43.7	\$168.5	\$158.7	\$151.5	\$122.5	\$645.0
	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	
O&M (Thousands)	\$2,274	\$6,883	\$8,910	\$11,882	\$10,458	
Savings (Thousands)	\$(167)	\$(418)	\$(4,700)	\$(18,203)	\$(30,401)	
Net O&M (Thousands)	\$2,106	\$6,465	\$4,210	\$(6,321)	\$(19,943)	

Based on this deployment schedule, net O&M savings beyond 2013 will be greater than \$30 million annually. See supporting documents provided in response to SFHHA's Tenth Request for Production of Documents No. 102.

А.

EXHIBIT__(LK-18)

Florida Power & Light Company Docket No. 080677-El SFHHA's Tenth Set of Interrogatories Interrogatory No. 290 Page 1 of 1

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Q.

Please provide a schedule showing the amounts included in each rate base component and each operating expense for the AMI program in each month for the prior year, the test year and in the subsequent year.

А.

See Attachment No. 1.

Florida Power & Light Company Docket No. 080677-EI SFHHA's Tenth Set of Interrogatories Question No. 290 Attachment No. 1

	Advanced	Μ	letering	ln	frastruct	ure (("/	1MI")	
--	----------	---	----------	----	-----------	-------	-----	-------	--

		Jan-09		Feb-09	N	far-09		Apr-09		May-09		Jun-09		Jul-09	Aug-09		Sep-09		Oct-09		Nov-09		Dec-09
CWIP							_		_	·····								_					
Intangible Plant	\$	426,129	\$	852,258	\$	1,437,951	s	2,014,442	\$	2,590,933	\$	4,189,824	\$	7,429,648	\$ 8,101,924 S	5	8,711,748	\$	9,321,572	\$	9,931,396	\$	11,126,974
Distribution 370	\$	6,326	\$	8,223	\$	19,438	\$	20,075	\$	22,007	\$	39,824	\$	92,076	\$ 795,577 \$	5	1,618,521	\$	2,815,312	\$	3,423,594	\$	3,584,114
Total CWIP	5	432,455	\$	860,481	\$	1,457,389	\$	2,034,517	\$	2,612,940	\$	4,229,648	\$	7,521,724	\$ 8,897,501 \$	5	10,330,269	\$	12,136,884	\$	13,354,990	\$	14,711,088
Plant in Service																							
Intangible Plant	\$		\$		s	•	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	s		\$ - S	5	-	\$	•	\$	-	\$	-
Distribution 370	\$	14,760	\$	33,947	\$	79,302	\$	126,145	\$	177,495	s	270,416	\$	485,259	\$ 2,341,607 \$	5	6,118,156	\$	12,687,218	\$	20,675,605	\$	29,038,537
Total Plant in Service	\$	14,760	\$	33,947	\$	79,302	\$	126,145	\$	177,495	\$	270,416	\$	485,259	\$ 2,341,607 \$	5	6,118,156	\$	12,687,218	\$	20,675,605	\$	29,038,537
Accumulated Depreciation																							
Intangible Plant	s	-	\$	-	S	-	S	•	\$	-	\$	-	\$	•	\$ - \$	5	-	\$	-	\$	•	\$	-
Distribution 370	\$	(25) \$	(106)	\$	(295)	\$	(637)	\$	(1,143)	\$	(1,890)	\$	(3,149)	\$ (7,860) \$	5	(21,960)	\$	(53,302)	\$	(108,907)	\$	(191,764
Total Accumulated Depreciation	\$	(25) \$	(106)	\$	(295)	\$	(637)	\$	(1,143)	S	(1,890)	\$	(3,149)	\$ (7,860) \$	5	(21,960)	S	(53,302)	\$	(108,907)	s	(191,764
Operating Expense																				-			
O&M Expenses	5	339,962	\$	90,512	\$	122,876	\$	83,147	\$	120,740	\$	121,227	\$	121,697	\$ 187,669 \$	5	291,978	\$	154,157	\$	209,964	\$	262, 549
Depreciation Expense																							
Intangible Plant	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	•	\$	-	\$ - \$	5	-	s		\$		\$	-
Distribution 370	\$	25	\$	81	\$	189	\$	342	\$	506	\$	747	\$	1,259	\$ 4,711 \$	5	14,100	s	31,342	\$	55,605	\$	82,857
Total Depreciation Expense	5	25	S	81	S	189	\$	342	s	506	s	747	s	1,259	\$ 4,711 \$	5	14,100	s	31,342	s	55,605	\$	82,857

Florida Power & Light Company Docket No. 080677-EI SFHHA's Tenth Set of Interrogatories Question No. 290 Attachment No. 1

							Ad	vanced Mete	ria	g Infrastructu	ire	("AMI")									
																			,		
Rate Base Components																					
	-	Jan-10		Feb-10	_	Mar-10		Apr-10		May-10		Jun-10		Jul-10	Aug-10	Sep-10	Oct-10		Nov-10		Dec-10
CWIP																					
Intangible Plant	\$	11,751,892	3 \$	12,376,812	\$	13,810,468	\$	14,435,716	\$	15,795,814	\$	18,121,062	\$	18,799,560	\$ 19,433,216	\$ 20,566,872	\$ 21,192,120	\$	21,817,368	\$	22,942,616
Distribution 370	\$	4,999,393	3_ \$	5,412,588	\$	5,550,830	\$	5,579,421	\$	5,588,223	\$	5,628,700	\$	5,604,926	\$ 5,612,421	\$ 5,614,799	\$ 5,609,525	\$	5,608,767	\$	5,526,761
Total CWIP	5	16,751,286	5 \$	17,789,400	\$	19,361,298	\$	20,015,137	\$	21,384,037	\$	23,749,762	\$	24,404,486	\$ 25,045,637	\$ 26,181,671	\$ 26,801,645	\$	27,426,135	\$	28,469,377
Plant in Service																					
Intangible Plant	\$	•	\$	· -	\$	•	\$	•	\$		\$	•	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	5	-
Distribution 370	\$	40,703,789) s	53,333,159	S	66,285,096	\$	79,303,746	\$	92,342,934	\$	105,476,566	\$	118,554,726	\$ 131,650,374	\$ 144,751,572	\$ 157,840,463	\$	170,927,587	s	183,823,364
Total Plant in Service	\$	40,703,789) \$	53,333,159	\$	66,285,096	\$	79,303,746	\$	92,342,934	\$	105,476,566	\$	118,554,726	\$ 131,650,374	\$ 144,751,572	\$ 157,840,463	s	170,927,587	\$	183,823,364
Accumulated Depreciation																					
Intangible Plant	\$	-	\$	i •	\$	-	\$		\$	-	\$	-	s		\$	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-
Distribution 370	\$	(308,001	i) \$	(464,729)	\$	(664,093)	\$	(906,741)	\$	(1,192,819)	\$	(1,522,518)	\$	(1,895,904)	\$ (2,312,912)	\$ (2,773,582)	\$ (3,277,902)	\$	(3,825,849)	\$	(4,417,100)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	\$	(308,00)\$	(464,729)	\$	(664,093)	\$	(906,741)	\$	(1,192,819)	\$	(1,522,518)	\$	(1,895,904)	\$ (2,312,912)	\$ (2,773,582)	\$ (3,277,902)	\$	(3,825,849)	\$	(4,417,100)
Operating Expense																					
O&M Expenses	\$	602,191	3 \$	339,572	\$	411,646	\$	347,987	\$	380,971	\$	416,056	\$	559,246	\$ 424,561	\$ 922,628	\$ 305,155	\$	278,226	\$	1,477,134
Depreciation Expense																					
Intangible Plant	\$	-	\$	•	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$		\$ -	\$ -	\$	\$	-	\$	-
Distribution 370	\$	116,237	, s	156,728	\$	199,364	\$	242,648	\$	286,078	\$	329,699	\$	373,385	\$ 417,009	\$ 460,670	\$ 504,320	\$	547,947	\$	591,252
Total Depreciation Expense	\$	116,23	7 \$	156,728	\$	199,364	s	242,648	\$	286,078	\$	329,699	\$	373,385	\$ 417,009	\$ 460,670	\$ 504,320	\$	547,947	\$	591,252

Florida Power & Light Company Docket No. 080677-EI SFHHA's Tenth Set of Interrogatories Question No. 290 Attachment No. 1

Advanced Metering Infrastructure ("AMI")

Rate Base Components												
	Jan-11	Feb-11	Mar-11 A	.pr-11	May-11	Jun-11	Jul-11	Aug-11	Sep-11	Oct-11	Nov-11	Dec-11
CWIP												
Intangible Plant	\$ 23,339,004	\$ 23,726,024 \$	24,613,418 \$ 2	5,000,812 \$	25,388,206 \$	27,606,850	5 27,994,244 \$	28,391,194 S	29,278,588 \$	29,665,982 \$	30,053,376 \$	31,194,020
Distribution 370	\$ 5,456,143	\$ 5,400,370 \$	5,385,146 \$	5,382,484 S	5,381,942 \$	5,318,557	5,359,752 \$	5,389,121 \$	5,381,434 \$	5,405,300 \$	5,423,812 \$	5,269,815
Total CWIP	\$ 28,795,147	\$ 29,126,394 \$	29,998,564 \$ 3	0,383,296 \$	30,770,148 \$	32,925,407	\$ 33,353,996 \$	33,780,315 \$	34,660,022 S	35,071,282 \$	35,477,188 \$	36,463,835
Plant in Service												
Intangible Plant	S -	s . s	- S	- \$	- \$	- 1	5 - S	- 5	- S	- 5	- S	-
Distribution 370	\$ 196,554,365	\$ 209,155,228 \$	221,720,567 \$ 23	4,279,698 \$	246,837,563 \$	259,247,528	\$ 271,753,618 \$	284,328,234 \$	296,884,914 \$	309,497,282 \$	322,152,843 \$	334,449,079
Total Plant in Service	\$ 196,554,365	\$ 209,155,228 \$	221,720,567 \$ 23	4,279,698 \$	246,837,563 \$	259,247,528	5 271,753,618 \$	284,328,234 \$	296,884,914 \$	309,497,282 \$	322,152,843 S	334,449,079
Accumulated Depreciation												
Intangible Plant	s -	s - s	- S	- \$	- \$	- 1	s - s	- 5	- 5	- \$	- \$	•
Distribution 370	\$ (5,051,063)	\$ (5,727,246) \$	(6,445,372) \$ ((7,205,373) \$	(8,007,235) \$	(8,850,710) \$	\$ (9,735,712) \$	(10,662,515) \$	(11,631,204) \$	(12,641,841) \$	(13,694,591) \$	(14,788,927)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	\$ (5,051,063)	\$ (5,727,246) \$	(6,445,372) \$ (7,205,373) \$	(8,007,235) \$	(8,850,710)	5 (9,735,712) \$	(10,662,515) \$	(11,631,204) \$	(12,641,841) S	(13,694,591) \$	(14,788,927)
Operating Expense												
O&M Expenses	\$ 485,869	\$ 134,259 \$	153,521 \$	(10,030) \$	22,935 \$	55,898 \$	5 398,422 S	77,603 \$	557,960 \$	(39,128) \$	(60,873) \$	2,434,098
Depreciation Expense												
Intangible Plant	s -	s - s	- S	- S	- S	- 1	s - s	- \$	- Š	- S	- \$	-
Distribution 370	\$ 633,963	\$ 676,183 \$	718,126 \$	760,000 \$	801,862 \$	843,475	\$ 885,002 \$	926,803 \$	968,689 \$	1,010,637 \$	1,052,750 \$	1,094,337
Total Depreciation Expense	\$ 633,963	\$ 676,183 \$	718.126 \$	760,000 \$	801.862 \$	843,475	885.002 \$	926,803 \$	968,689 \$	1,010,637 \$	1.052,750 \$	1,094,337

EXHIBIT__(LK-19)

Florida Power & Light Company Docket No. 080677-El SFHHA's Tenth Set of Interrogatories Interrogatory No. 283 Page 1 of 1

Q.

Regarding Schedule C-8 for the 2010 test year, page 1:26 and page 3:21-24. Please provide a more detailed explanation for the variance in account 902 for 2010 compared to 2009 than provided in Reason I. The explanation should include a description of why there is an expense increase of \$4.8 million for the "full-scale deployment" of the AMI rather than a reduction in meter reading expenses.

A.

The \$4.8 million increase in 2010 is driven by cost associated with the first full year of AMI deployment and includes expenses related to repair and replace unsafe meter conditions encountered during deployment and installation, customer marketing and mail-outs to educate the customers on the benefits of AMI, and severance. In addition, it includes expense associated with the operations of the project such as software maintenance and hosting fees for AMI communication vendor, network and field support, communication lines, and materials & supplies. The \$0.5 million increase in 2010 associated with meter reading expense is net of \$0.4 million in savings related to the AMI project.

EXHIBIT__(LK-20)

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Florida Power & Light Company Docket No. 080677-El SFHHA's Fifth Set of Interrogatories Interrogatory No. 243 Page 1 of 1

Q. Regarding Testimony of FPL Witness Marlene M. Santos

Regarding pages 29:1-41:18. Please provide a date for when FPL anticipates it will have completed implementation of all smart meters, the ultimate number of customers FPL anticipates to provide with smart meters, describe the projected total cost of installing all smart meters, and the total costs savings upon implementation of all smart meters.

A.

Large scale AMI deployment is planned to begin later in 2009 and run through 2013. This deployment will replace approximately 4.3 million meters. The AMI meter will also be deployed to all new residential and small/medium service accounts as the customer population grows. The total cost of the project includes the integrated meter and installation, network field infrastructure and installation, software integration, software license fees and maintenance, servers, emergency repairs on electric service during installation, customer communication mail outs and operations. Total capital costs and cumulative O&M through 2013 is approximately \$645M and \$34M, respectively. The total savings associated with AMI are Customer Service operational savings, primarily driven by meter reading costs. The savings are approximately \$36M annually once fully implemented.

EXHIBIT__(LK-21)

Florida Power & Light Company Docket No. 080677-El SFHHA's Tenth Set of Interrogatories Interrogatory No. 287 Page 1 of 1

Q.

Please provide a deployment timeline for the new CIS along with annual projections of costs and savings separated into capital and expense, including all supporting assumptions, data, computations, workpapers and electronic spreadsheets with formulas intact.

A.

The preliminary project assessment phase for CIS III will begin at the start of 2010. As a result, only a high-level timeline can be provided herein. Current plans are as follows:

- Project Assessment (including Business Case generation): planned completion - Feb 2010;

- Project Preparation: planned completion June 2010;
- Business BluePrint: planned completion Feb 2011;
- Realization: planned completion Jan 2012;
- Final Preparation: completion April 2012;
- Cutover / Go-Live: completion June 2012.

Annual projected CIS III project costs:

- 2010 O&M: \$7,250,000;
- 2011 O&M: \$5,000,000;
- 2012 O&M: \$19,000,000;
- 2010 Capital: \$12,000,000;
- 2011 Capital: \$76,000,000;
- 2012 Capital: \$41,000,000.

EXHIBIT__(LK-22)

Florida Power & Light Company Docket No. 080677-El SFHHA's Tenth Set of Interrogatories Interrogatory No. 288 Page 1 of 1

Q.

Please provide a schedule showing the amounts included in each rate base component and each operating expense for the new CIS in each month for the prior year, the test year and in the subsequent year.

Ą.

See Attachment No. 1.

Florida Power & Light Company Docket No. 080677-EI SFHHA's Tenth Set of Interrogatories Question No. 288 Attachment No. 1

	Jan	-09	Fe	b-09	М	ar-09	A	pr-09	Ma	iy-09	Ju	n-09	J	J-09	AL	ıg-09	S	ep-09	0	ct-09	No	90-vc	De	ю~09
CWIP																								
Intangible Plant	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	•	\$	•	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	•	\$	
General Plant Other	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	•	\$	-	\$	-	\$	•	\$	•	\$	•	\$	-	\$	•	\$	
otal CWP	\$	•	\$		\$		\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	•	\$		\$	-	\$	
lant in Service																								
Intangible Plant	\$	-	\$	•	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$		\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
General Plant Other	\$	-	\$	-	\$	•	\$	-	\$	•	\$	-	\$	-	- \$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	•	\$	
otal Plant in Service	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$		\$	•	\$	•	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	•	\$	
ccumulated Depreciation																								
Intangible Plant	\$	•	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$		\$	•	\$	•	\$	-	\$	-	\$	
General Plant Other	\$	-	\$	-	\$	•	\$	-	\$	-	\$	•	\$	-	\$	-	\$	•	\$	•	\$	-	\$	
otal Accumulated Depreciation	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	•	\$	•	\$	•	\$		\$		\$	•	\$		\$	
Operating Expenses																								
&M Expense	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$		\$	•	\$	-	\$	-	\$	
epreciation Expense																								
Intengible Plant	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	
General Plant Other	\$	•	\$	-	\$		\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	· _	\$	
otal Depreciation Expense	5		\$	-	\$		s	-	\$		s	_	S	-	S		S	_	\$		\$	•	s	

Customer Information System ("CIS")

Florida Power & Light Company Docket No. 080677-El SFHHA's Tenth Set of Interrogator Question No. 288 Attachment No. 1

Customer Information System ("CIS")

.

Rate Base Components													
	_	Jan-10	 Feb-10	Mar-10	Apr-10	May-10	Jun-10	Jul-10	Aug-10	Sep-10	Oct-10	 Nov-10	 Dec-10
CMP													
1 Intangible Plant	\$	224,000	\$ 380,800	\$ 490,560	\$ 567,392	\$ 621,174	\$ 658,822	\$ 797,175	\$ 894,023	\$ 961,816	\$ 1,009,271	\$ 1,042,490	\$ 1,065,743
General Plant Other	\$	384,000	\$ 691,200	\$ 936,960	\$ 1,133,568	\$ 1,290,854	\$ 1,418,684	\$ 1,709,347	\$ 1,943,477	\$ 2,130,782	\$ 2,280,626	\$ 2,400,500	\$ 2,496,400
Total CMP	\$	608,000	\$ 1,072,000	\$ 1,427,520	\$ 1,700,960	\$ 1,912,029	\$ 2,075,506	\$ 2,506,522	\$ 2,837,500	\$ 3,092,598	\$ 3,289,897	\$ 3,442,990	\$ 3,562,143
Plant in Service													
Intangible Plant	\$	96,000	\$ 259,200	\$ 469,440	\$ 712,608	\$ 978,826	\$ 1,261,178	\$ 1,602,825	\$ 1,985,977	\$ 2,398,184	\$ 2,830,729	\$ 3,277,510	\$ 3,734,257
General Plant Other	\$	96,000	\$ 268,800	\$ 503,040	\$ 786,432	\$ 1,109,146	\$ 1,463,316	\$ 1,890,653	\$ 2,376,523	\$ 2,909,218	\$ 3,479,374	\$ 4,079,500	\$ 4,703,600
Total Plant in Service	\$	192,000	\$ 528,000	\$ 972,480	\$ 1,499,040	\$ 2,087,971	\$ 2,724,494	\$ 3,493,478	\$ 4,362,500	\$ 5,307,402	\$ 6,310,103	\$ 7,357,010	\$ 8,437,857
Accumulated Depreciation													
Intangible Plant	\$	(620)	\$ (2,914)	\$ (7,620)	\$ (15,254)	\$ (26,178)	\$ (40,644)	\$ (59,141)	\$ (82,319)	\$ (110,633)	\$ (144,403)	\$ (183,852)	\$ (229,137)
General Plant Other	\$	(620)	\$ (2,976)	\$ (7,961)	\$ (16,289)	\$ (28,531)	\$ (45,145)	\$ (66,806)	\$ (94,365)	\$ (128,502)	\$ (169,761)	\$ (218,579)	\$ (275,303)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	\$	(1,240)	\$ (5,890)	\$ (15,581)	\$ (31,543)	\$ (54,709)	\$ (85,789)	\$ (125,947)	\$ (176,683)	\$ (239,135)	\$ (314,165)	\$ (402,431)	\$ (504,440)
Operating Expenses													
O&M Expense	\$	595,283	\$ 595,283	\$ 648,581	\$ 595,283	\$ 595,283	\$ 595,283	\$ 595,283	\$ 648,581	\$ 595,283	\$ 595,283	\$ 595,283	\$ 595,291
Depreciation Expense													
Intangible Plant	\$	620	\$ 2,294	\$ 4,706	\$ 7,634	\$ 10,924	\$ 14,467	\$ 18,497	\$ 23,178	\$ 28,314	\$ 33,770	\$ 39,449	\$ 45,284
General Plant Other	\$	620	\$ 2,356	\$ 4,985	\$ 8,328	\$ 12,242	\$ 16,614	\$ 21,661	\$ 27,559	\$ 34,137	\$ 41,260	\$ 48,818	\$ 56,724

23,166 \$

31,081 \$

40,158 \$

50,737 \$

62,451 \$

75,030 \$

88,267 \$

102,009

Total Depreciation Expense

1,240 \$

\$

4,650 \$

9,691 \$

15,962 \$

Florida Power & Light Company Docket No. 080677-El SFHHA's Tenth Set of Interrogator Question No. 288 Attachment No. 1

Customer Information System ("CIS")

Rate Base Components																						
		Jan-11		Feb-11		Mar-11		Apr-11		May-11	 Jun-11		Jul-11		Aug-11	 Sep-11		Oct-11		Nov-11		Dec-11
CWIP																						•
Intangible Plant	\$	2,164,687	\$	2,933,948	\$	3,472,430	\$	3,849,368	\$	4,113,224	\$ 4,297,924	\$	5,136,547	\$:	5,723,583	\$ 6,134,508	\$	6,422,155	\$	6,623,509	\$	6,764,456
General Plant Other	\$	4,429,120	\$	5,975,297	\$	7,212,237	\$	8,201,790	\$	8,993,432	\$ 9,626,746	\$ 1	1,349,397	\$1	2,727,517	\$ 13,830,014	\$ 1	4,712,011	\$	15,417,609	\$ '	15,982,086
Total CWIP	\$	6,593,807	\$	8,909,244	\$ 1	0,684,667	\$ 1	12,051,158	\$ 1	13,106,656	\$ 13,924,670	\$ 1	6,485,943	\$1	8,451,100	\$ 19,964,522	\$ 2	21,134,167	\$:	22,041,118	\$:	22,746,542
Plant in Service																						
Intangible Plant	\$	4,661,980	\$	5,919,386	\$	7,407,570	\$	9,057,299	\$ 1	10,820,110	\$ 12,662,077	\$ 1	4,863,454	\$ 1	7,316,418	\$ 19,945,493	\$ 2	2,697,845	\$	25,536,492	\$1	28,435,544
General Plant Other	\$	5,810,880	\$	7,304,704	\$	9,107,763	\$ 1	11,158,211	\$ 1	13,406,569	\$ 15,813,255	\$ 1	8,650,604	\$2	1,832,484	\$ 25,289,987	\$ 3	28,967,990	\$	32,822,392	\$ (36,817,914
Total Plant in Service	\$ 1	0,472,860	\$ 1	3,224,090	\$ 1	6,515,334	\$ 2	20,215,510	\$ 2	24,226,679	\$ 28,475,332	\$ 3	3,514,059	\$3	9,148,902	\$ 45,235,480	\$!	51,665,835	\$	58,358,884	\$ (65,253,458
Accumulated Depreciation																						
Intangible Plant	\$	(283,362)	\$	(351,700)	\$	(437,770)	\$	(544,106)	\$	(672,481)	\$ (824,137)	\$ ((1,001,906)	\$ (1,209,734)	\$ (1,450,384)	\$	(1,725,789)	\$	(2,037,302)	\$	(2,385,871
General Plant Other	\$	(343,209)	\$	(427,914)	\$	(533,911)	\$	(664,796)	\$	(823,443)	\$ (1,012,155)	\$ ((1,234,734)	\$ (1,496,187)	\$ (1,800,520)	\$	(2,150,936)	\$	(2,549,999)	\$	(2,999,759
Total Accumulated Depreciation	\$	(626,572)	\$	(779,614)	\$	(971,681)	\$	(1,208,901)	\$	(1,495,924)	\$ (1,836,291)	\$	(2,236,639)	\$ (2,705,921)	\$ (3,250,903)	\$	(3,876,724)	\$	(4,587,301)	\$	(5,385,630
Operating Expenses																						
O&M Expense	\$	416,667	\$	416,687	\$	416,667	\$	416,667	\$	416,667	\$ 416,667	\$	416,667	\$	416,667	\$ 418,667	\$	416,667	\$	416,667	\$	416,663
Depreciation Expense																						
Intangible Plant	\$	54,226	\$	68,338	\$	86,070	\$	106,336	\$	128,375	\$ 151,656	\$	177,769	\$	207,828	\$ 240,650	\$	275,405	\$	311,513	\$	348,569
General Plant Other	\$	67,906	\$	84,705	\$	105,997	\$	130,884	\$	158,648	\$ 188,711	\$	222,579	\$	261,453	\$ 304,333	\$	350,416	\$	399,063	\$	449,760
Total Depreciation Expense	\$	122,132	\$	153,043	\$	192,067	\$	237,220	\$	287,022	\$ 340,367	\$	400,348	\$	469,282	\$ 544,982	\$	625,821	\$	710,576	\$	798,330

EXHIBIT__(LK-23)

Florida Power & Light Company Docket No. 080677-El SFHHA's Tenth Set of Interrogatories Interrogatory No. 284 Page 1 of 1

Q.

Regarding Schedule C-8 for the 2010 test year, page 1:28 and page 3:26-32. Please provide a more detailed explanation for the variance in account 903 for 2010 compared to 2009 than provided in Reason J. The explanation should include a description of why there is an increase in expense for a new Customer Information System ("CIS") rather than capitalization of the amounts to a plant account.

А.

Projected increase in spending in 2010 can be mainly attributed to cost associated with the CISII system replacement project. Some of the project costs in 2010 which will be expensed (as opposed to capitalized) in accordance with SOP-98 (Statement of Position (SOP) 98-1: Accounting for the Costs of Computer Software) include: 1) Preparation of detailed project plan; 2) Review of scope and preliminary project requirements; 3) Approval of Scoping Study documentation; and 4) Start preparing for data conversion.

EXHIBIT__(LK-24)

FLORIDA POWER AND LIGHT SFHHA ADJUSTMENTS TO REFLECT DEFERRAL OF CIS O&M EXPENSE TEST YEAR ENDING DECEMBER 31, 2010 (\$ MILLIONS)

Source: SFHHA Interrogatories 287 and 288

CIS Reflected as O&M in Test Year	7.250
Grossed Up for Bad Debt Expense and Regulatory Assessment Fee	100.33%
CIS Reflected as O&M in Test Year Grossed Up	7.274
Increase to Rate Base to Capitalize or Defer O&M Costs	7.250
Average Increase to Rate Base in Test Year	3.625
FPL Filed Grossed Up Rate of Return	11.80%
Revenue Requirement Effect of Capitalization/Deferral	0.428

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EXHIBIT__(LK-25)

FLORIDA POWER AND LIGHT SFHHA CAPITAL EXPENDITURE REDUCTIONS TEST YEAR ENDING DECEMBER 31, 2010 (\$ MILLIONS)

Source: Response to SFHHA Inter 279 and Depreciation Study Exhibit CRC-1 Page 49 of 720

	2009	2009	
	Budget	Actual	Reduction
January-09	235	167	(68)
February-09	200	127	(73)
March-09	237	242	5
April-09	225	191	(34)
Total First Four Months	897	727	(170)
Percentage Reduction First Four Months			-19.0%
Total Annual Budget for 2009			2,790
	2009	2010	Total
Total Annual Capital Reduction for 2009	(529)		(529)
Average Capital Reduction for 2010	(523)	(264)	(264)
Total Test Year Capital Reduction	(529)	(264)	(793)
	(020)	(204)	(133)
Jurisdictional Allocation for Gross Plant - Schedule B-1	0.988940	0.988940	
Jurisdictional Test Year Capital Reduction	(523)	(261)	(784)
FPL Filed Grossed Up Rate of Return	11.80%	11.80%	
Revenue Requirement Effect of Capital Expenditure Reduction-Gross Plant	(61.719)	(30.801)	(92.520)
Composite Depreciation Rate - Based on FPL Remaining Life Method	3.39%	3.39%	
Reduction in Depreciation Expense - Total Company	(17.933)	(8.950)	(26.883)
Jurisdictional Allocation for Gross Plant - Schedule C-1	0.990615	0.990615	0.990615
Jurisdictional Reduction in Depreciation Expense	(17.765)	(8.866)	(26.630)
· •			
Annual Accumulated Depreciation Reduction	17.765	8.866	
Time Period To Apply Reduction	1.5 Years	.5 Years	
Accumulated Depreciation Reduction - Increase to Rate Base	26.647	4.433	31.080
FPL Filed Grossed Up Rate of Return	11.80%	11.80%	
Revenue Requirement Effect of Accumulated Depreciation Reduction	3.145	0.523	3.668
Total Revenue Requirement Effect of Capital Cost Reductions	(76.340)	(39.143)	(115.483)

EXHIBIT___(LK-26)

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Florida Power & Light Company

Table 5. Comparison of Theoretical Reserve and Book Reserve based on Plant in Service as of December 31, 2009

	Originał Cost	Theoretical Reserve	8ook Reserve	Reserve Variance
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4) = (3) - (2)
Steam				
311 Structures & Improvements	607.363,884	371.032.445	450,480,572	79,448,127
312 Boiler Plant Equipment	1.520.058.000	827,286,045	1,022,923,266	195.637.221
314 Turbogenerator Units	656,903,762	324,858,642	420,826,473	95,967,831
315 Accessory Electric Equipment	215,129,268	118,935,460	150,422,294	31,485,834
318 Miscellaneous Equipment	37,208,440	20,480.939	28,051,100	7,570,161
Total Steam	3,036,863,354	1,662,593,531	2,072,703,705	410,110,174
Nuclear				
321 Structures & Improvements	1,174,690,191	563,046,279	681,926,379	98,880,100
322 Reactor Plant Equipment	1,862,733,318	694,663,703	855,060,862	160,397,179
323 Turbogenerator Units	282,505,086	126,028,876	186,406,688	60,377,812
324 Accessory Electric Equipment	561,096,429	322,433,151	362,757,426	40,324,275
325 Miscellaneous Equipment	89,467,913	37,498,895	55,026,788	17,527,893
Total Nuclear	3,970,492,937	1,743,670,904	2,121,178,163	377,507,259
Combined Cycle				
341 Structures & Improvements	368,040,843	179,939,429	159,404,481	(20,534,948)
342 Fuel Holders, Producers & Accessories	82,917,606	37,534,832	41,033,160	3,498,328
343 Prime Movers	2,893,397,511	753,421,499	801,742,016	48,320,517
344 Generators	322,410,125	136,588,910	105,796,420	(30,792,490)
345 Accessory Electric Equipment	399,746,476	153,152,145	172,286,784	19,134,639
346 Misc. Power Plant Equipment	49,873,002	16,965,625	23,284,289	6,318,664
Total Combined Cycle	4,116,385,564	1,277,602,440	1,303,547,150	25,944,710
Combustion Turbine				
341 Structures & Improvements	13,869,690	12,454,080	12,046,516	(417,564)
342 Fuel Holders, Produçers & Accessories	15,203,834	10,513,390	15,585,942	5,072,552
343 Prime Movers	112,800,508	62,987,847	91,301,391	28,313,544
344 Generators	51,167,664	46,554,280	42,187,783	(4,366,497)
345 Accessory Electric Equipment	22,215,820	12,853,378	12,286,408	(566,972)
346 Misc. Power Plant Equipment	421,309	378,083	370,806	(7,277)
Total Combustion Turbine	215,678,824	145,751,058	173,778,844	28,027,786
T, D and G				
Transmission	3,122,538,022	1,048,319,348	1,032,681,912	(15,637,436)
Distribution	10,050,556,895	3,559,394,856	3,899,924,205	340,529,349
General	672,093,362	232,057,078	310,935,651	78,876,573
Total T, D and G	13,845,186,279	4,839,771,282	5,243,541,768	403,770,486
TOTAL PLANT IN SERVICE	25,184,406,958	9,669,389,215	10,914,749,630	1,245,360,415

Note: The book reserve shown includes the allocation of the \$500 M Depreciation Expense Credit

EXHIBIT__(LK-27)

FLORIDA POWER AND LIGHT SFHHA AMORTIZATION OF DEPRECIATION RESERVE SURPLUS TEST YEAR ENDING DECEMBER 31, 2010 (\$ MILLIONS)

Source: Depreciation Study Exhibit CRC-1 Page 53 of 720

Depreciation Reserve Surplus at January 1, 2010	1,245.360
Amortization Period Recommended by SFHHA	5 Years
Annual Depreciation Expense Reduction	(249.072)
Jurisdictional Allocation for Depreciation - Schedule C-1	0.990615
Jurisdictional Depreciation Reduction	(246.735)

Annual Accumulated Depreciation Reduction Time Period To Apply Reduction Accumulated Depreciation Reduction - Increase to Rate Base	246.735 .5 Years 123.367
FPL Filed Grossed Up Rate of Return	11.80%
Revenue Requirement Effect of Accumulated Depreciation Reduction	14.559
Total Revenue Requirement Effect of Amortization of Depr Reserve Surplus	(232.176)

EXHIBIT__(LK-28)

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FLORIDA POWER AND LIGHT SFHHA ADJUSTMENTS TO COMPANY PROPOSED CAPITAL COSTS RECOVERY OVER FOUR YEARS TEST YEAR ENDING DECEMBER 31, 2010 (\$ MILLIONS)

Source: Depreciation Study Exhibit CRC-1 Pages 55 through 57 of 720 and page 39 of 720

	Unrecovered Costs	FPL's Amortization Period	FPL Annual Depr	SFHHA Amortization Period or Rate	SFHHA Annual Depr	SFHHA Depr Reduction
Unrecovered Costs of Cape Canaveral at January 1, 2010						
Cape Canaveral Common	3.539	4	0.885	0	-	(0.885)
Cape Canaveral Unit 1	23.148	4	5.787	0	-	(5.787)
Cape Canaveral Unit 2	8.616	4	2.154	0	-	(2.154)
Unrecovered Costs of Cape Canaveral at January 1, 2010						
Riviera Common	0.057	4	0.014	0	-	(0.014)
Riviera Unit 1	5.664	4	1.416	0	-	(1.416)
Riviera Unit 2	3.883	4	0.971	0	-	(0.971)
Unrecovered Costs of Nuclear Uprates at January 1, 2010						
St. Lucie Unit 1	40.821	4	10.205	27	1.512	(8.69 3)
St: Lucie Unit 2	37.448	4	9.362	34	1.101	(8.261)
Turkey Point Common	2.149	4	0.537	24	0.090	(0.448)
Turkey Point Unit 3	43.931	4	10.983	23	1.910	(9.073)
Turkey Point Unit 4	43.886	4	10.972	24	1.829	(9.143)
Unrecovered Costs of Acct 370 Meters Made Obsolete by AMI	101.082	4	25.270	3.26%	8.120	(17.151)
Total Unrecovered Costs at January 1, 2010	314.223		78.556		14.561	(63.994)
Jurisdictional Allocation for Depreciation - Schedule C-1						0.990615
Jurisdictional Depreciation Reduction						(63.394)
Gross Cost of Meters Used in AMI Change Computation Above	249.077					

EXHIBIT__(LK-29)

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20090428-8052	FERC PDF	(Unofficial)	04/17/2009

Item 1: X An Initial (Original) Submission

OR

OR 🔲 Resubmission No.

Form 1 Approved OMB No. 1902-0021 (Expires 2/29/2009) Form 1-F Approved OMB No. 1902-0029 (Expires 2/28/2009) Form 3-Q Approved OMB No. 1902-0205 (Expires 2/28/2009)



FERC FINANCIAL REPORT FERC FORM No. 1: Annual Report of Major Electric Utilities, Licensees and Others and Supplemental Form 3-Q: Quarterly Financial Report

These reports are mandatory under the Federal Power Act, Sections 3, 4(a), 304 and 309, and 18 CFR 141.1 and 141.400. Failure to report may result in criminal fines, civil penalties and other sanctions as provided by law. The Federal Energy Regulatory Commission does not consider these reports to be of confidential nature

Exact Legal Name of Respondent (Company)

Florida Power & Light Company

Year/Period of Report End of <u>2008/Q4</u>

FERC FORM No.1/3-Q (REV. 02-04)

Name of Respondent 20090428-8052 FERC PDF	(Unofficial) (XTAN Origina 9	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr)	Year/Period of Report
Florida Power & Light Company	(2) A Resubmission	///	End of 2008/Q4

STEAM-ELECTRIC GENERATING PLANT STATISTICS (Large Plants) (Continued)

1. Report data for plant in Service only. 2. Large plants are steam plants with installed capacity (name plate rating) of 25,000 Kw or more. Report in this page gas-turbine and internal combustion plants of 10,000 Kw or more, and nuclear plants. 3. Indicate by a footnote any plant leased or operated as a joint facility. 4. If net peak demand for 60 minutes is not available, give data which is available, specifying period. 5. If any employees attend more than one plant, report on line 11 the approximate average number of employees assignable to each plant. 6. If gas is used and purchased on a therm basis report the Btu content or the gas and the quantity of fuel burned converted to Mct. 7. Quantities of fuel burned (Line 38) and average cost per unit of fuel burned (Line 41) must be consistent with charges to expense accounts 501 and 547 (Line 42) as show on Line 20. 8. If more than one fuel is burned in a plant furnish only the composite heat rate for all fuels burned.

Line	ltem	Plant	4		Plant			
No.		Name: Pu			Name: Sa			
	(a)		(b)			(c)		
1	Kind of Plant (Internal Comb, Gas Turb, Nuclear			Combined Cycle	•		Combined Cycle	
2	Type of Constr (Conventional, Outdoor, Boiler, etc)			Full Outdoo	r	**************************************	Conventional	
3	Year Originally Constructed			1977			2002	
4	Year Last Unit was Installed			1978	3		2003	
5	Total Installed Cap (Max Gen Name Plate Ratings-MW)			580.00			2378.00	
6	Net Peak Demand on Plant - MW (60 minutes)			506			2105	
7	Plant Hours Connected to Load			4268	5	•••••	8773	
8	Net Continuous Plant Capability (Megawatts)			C			0	
9	When Not Limited by Condenser Water			496	1		1907	
10	When Limited by Condenser Water			478		·	1788	
11	Average Number of Employees			36			55	
12	Net Generation, Exclusive of Plant Use - KWh			1168216000			10673778000	
13	Cost of Plant: Land and Land Rights			37983			2612675	
14	Structures and Improvements	-		11535532			73673781	
15	Equipment Costs			176618382			650920220	
16	Asset Retirement Costs	·		0			0	
17	· Total Cost			188191897		·/ 1933(1994)	727206676	
18	Cost per KW of Installed Capacity (line 17/5) Including			324,4688			305.8060	
19	Production Expenses: Oper, Supv, & Engr			1149870		·	1195533	
20	Fuel			122839246			808475919	
21	Coolants and Water (Nuclear Plants Only)			0				
22	Steam Expenses			0			0	
23	Steam From Other Sources			0			0	
24	Sleam Transferred (Cr)			0		····	0	
	Electric Expenses			839435			1113514	
	Misc Steam (or Nuclear) Power Expenses			844136		·	1939060	
	Rents			0			0	
	Allowances			0			0	
29	Maintenance Supervision and Engineering			500366			776444	
30	Maintenance of Structures			592560			319115	
31	Maintenance of Boiler (or reactor) Plant			0			0	
	Maintenance of Electric Plant			1336920		4	5253737	
33	Maintenance of Misc Steam (or Nuclear) Plant			57450			362630	
34	Total Production Expenses			128159983			819435952	
35	Expenses per Net KWh			0.1097			0.0768	
36	Fuel: Kind (Coal, Gas, Oil, or Nuclear)	Oil	Gas		Gas	T		
37	Unit (Coal-tons/Oil-barrel/Gas-mcf/Nuclear-indicate)	Barrels	Mcf		Mcf	T		
38	Quantity (Units) of Fuel Burned	690	11371948	0	76417286	0	0	
39	Avg Heat Cont - Fuel Burned (btu/indicate if nuclear)	138310	1031325	0	1031885	0	0	
40	Avg Cost of Fuel/unit, as Delvd f.o.b. during year	66.296	10.798	0.000	10.580	0.000	0.000	
41	Average Cost of Fuel per Unit Burned	66.296	10.798	0.000	10.580	0.000	0.000	
42	Average Cost of Fuel Burned per Million BTU	11.413	10.798	0.000	10.580	0.000	0.000	
43	Average Cost of Fuel Burned per KWh Net Gen	0.000	0.105	0.000	0.076	0.000	0.000	
44	Average BTU per KWh Net Generation	0.000	10043.000	0.000	7388.000	0.000	0.000	

EXHIBIT__(LK-30)

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Florida Power & Light Company

Table 13. Comparison of Existing and Proposed Remaining Lifs Depreciation Rates based on Electric Generation Plant in Service as of December 31, 2009

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					sting			Propose	đ		
	Original	Book	Net		ual Depreciation	Life Span	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	Net		ual Depreciation	Increasel
	Cost	Raserve	Salvage	Rate	Amount	Date	Survivor Curve	Salvage	Rate	Amount	Decrease
	(n)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11) = (10) - (5)
COMBINED CYCLE PRODUCTION PLANT											
Putnam Combined Cycle Plant											
Putnem Common											
341 Structures & Improvements	12,728,938	9,449,327	(2)	4.10	521,886	6-2020	25 - R5	(12)	18.97	2.414.572	1.692.686
342 Fuel Holders, Producers & Accessories	11,435,670	8,470,029	0	3,70	423,120	6-2020	22 - R3	(3)	2.97	339,209	(63,911)
343 Prime Movers	20,146,555	11,834,606	0	6.30	1,269,233	6-2020	50 - R1 (a)	(2)	4,17	840.832	(428,401)
344 Generators	170,569	47,851	(1)	3.80	5,482	6-2020	30 - R5	(11)	8.04	13,712	7,230
345 Accessory Electric Equipment	1,523,346	1,111,862	(t)	4.20	63,981	6-2020	28 - R4	(3)	6.24	95,007	31.026
346 Misc. Power Plant Equipment	1,440,520	981,618	6	3.70	53,299	6-2020	22 - R4	ö	7.09	102.062	45,763
Total Putnam Common	47,445,598	31,895,293			2,338,001					3,805,394	1,467,393
Putnem Unit 1											
341 Structures & Improvements	38,545	31.993	(2)	4.50	1,735	6-2020	25 - R5	(12)	17.72	6.832	5,097
342 Fuel Holders, Producers & Accessories	68,735	56.084	, o	4.10	2,616	6-2020	22 - F3	(3)	3.64	2.499	(319)
343 Prime Movers	61,302,516	42.334.824	ō	5.20	3,187,731	6-2020	50 - R1 (a)	(2)	3.03	1.659.369	(1,328,342)
344 Generators	7,706,123	5,576,593	(1)	5.40	416.239	8-2020	30 - R5	(11)	8.34	488.792	72.553
345 Accessory Electric Equipment	7,158,774	5,892,353	(1)	4.30	307,870	6-2020	28 - R4	(3)	3.32	237,861	(70,009)
346 Misc. Power Plant Equipment	407,803	332,744	0	4.10	16,720	6-2020	22 - R4	ò	7.81	31,838	15,116
Total Putnam Unit 1	76,685,497	54,224,691			3,933,113					2,627,209	(1,305,904)
Pulnam Unit 2											
341 Structures & Improvements	38.545	27,826	(2)	4,40	1,696	8-2020	25 - RS	(12)	28.44	10,964	9,268
342 Fuel Holders, Producers & Accessories	58.872	48,851	0	4,10	2,918	5-2020	22 - R3	(3)	7,19	4,935	2,119
343 Prime Movers	59,896,462	39,499,582	0	5,40	3,234,409	6-2020	50 - R1 (a)	(Z)	3.47	2,078,665	(1,155,744)
344 Generators	7,979,237	6,074,669	(1)	6.60	\$26,630	8-2020	30 - R5	(11)	4.61	366,010	(158,620)
345 Accessory Electric Equipment	7,332,410	5,164,098	(1)	4.20	307,961	6-2020	26 - R4	(3)	7.92	581,086	273,107
346 Misc. Power Plant Equipment	392,093	278,918	D	4.10	16,076	6-2020	22 - R4	`o´	17.51	68,666	52,592
Total Putnem Unit 2	75,707,420	51,113,944			4.089,506					3,112,310	(977,278)
Total Putnam Combined Cycle Plant	199,838,515	137,233,928			10,360,702					9,544,913	(815,789)

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)

Docket No. 080677-E1 Depreciation Study Exhibit CRC-1, Page 132 of 720

.

EXHIBIT__(LK-31)

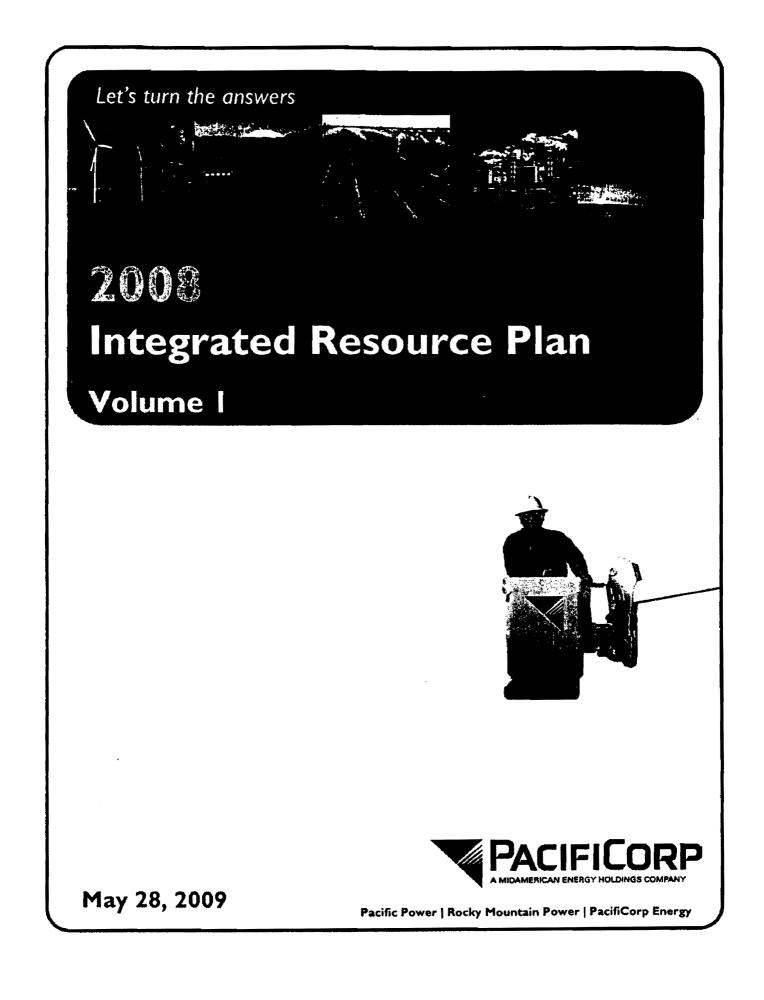


Table 6.2 - East Side Supply-Side Resource Options

C	Location / Timing Plant Details Outage Information		1	Costs			Emiliations								
	ingelieuen	Eatliest In-	Average Capacity	Design Plant Life	Anouel Heat Kate	Maint Outage	Equivalent Forced Ostage	Low Estimate Capital Cost	High Estumate Capital Cost	Var OakM	Fixed OakM	502	No	ily .	CO1
		SHEET HERE LANNER	Cabacity.	/1806 1.10C	Free Kale	comp	Parcele Collage	Capital Cost	Capital Cost	VAL ORN	PERSONALIN	54.72	- MA.	168	102
								1							
Bescriptius	Location	Mid-Year	(MW)	нь Усага	BTUAWA	R ave	Rate (EFOR)	(\$A:W)	(SAW)	(S/MWh)	(\$4kw-41)	IN MARKE	BA MINES [1]	He for	B+34MBTH
East Side Options (4500')															
Coal															
that PC without Carbon Capture & Sequestration	Clush	2020	600	40	9,106	5%	4%	2,788	1,521	\$ 0.96	5 11.10	41 (00)	0.070	6.40	305 35
Utale PC with Carbon Capitare & Sequentration	i tuh	3025	526	40	13,047	5%	5%	5,040	6,367	\$ 671	\$ 66.07	0,050	0420	64 (0	20 54
Utals IGCC with Carbon Capture & Sequestration	Uluda	2025	466	40	10,823	1%	8%	4,880	6,164	\$ 11.28	\$ \$3.24	0.050	0.0011	0.114	20 54
Wyoming PC without Carbon Capture & Sequestration	Wyonting	2020	750	40	9,214	5%	4%	3.156	3,987	\$ 127	\$ 36 (0)	0 (00	U-070	0 60	215 35
Wronning PC with Carbon Capture & Sequestration	Wyomang	2025	692	40	13.242	5%	5%	5,707	7.209	\$ 726	\$ 61.37	4450	0.020	61.0	211 54
Wyaming KICC with Carbon Capture & Sequestration	Wynamag	2025	456	40	11,047	7%	#16	5,525	6,979	\$ 13.52	\$ 54.00	0.050	0.011	446	20 54
Exating PC with Carbon Capture & Sequestration (SNI MW)	UT/WY	2/125	(139)	20	14,372	5%	5%	1,253	1,583	\$ 671	\$ 66.07	0450	0011	0 10	20 54
Natural Ges															
Utility Cognitization	Usah	2011	10	25	4,974	10%	8%	4,832	6,091	\$ 23.29	\$ 1 16	•	•	0 26	118 00
Fuel Cell + Large	Utah	2013	5	25	7.262	2%	3%	1,704	2,153	\$ 0.03	\$ 840	0 001	•	u 26	118.00
SCCT Aero	iltah	2012	118	30	9.773	456	3%	1,070	1.351	\$ 5.63	\$ 995	0 001	0.011	ti 26	118.00
Intercouled Aero SCCT	Utak	2012	174	30	9.402	4%	3%	999	1.262	\$ 271	\$ 404	11.003	0011	0 26	118.00
Internabled Acro SCCT	Utah	2012	261	30	9,402	4%	3%	999	1,262	\$ 271	\$ 404	0.001	0011	0 26	118 00
Intercooled Acro SCCT	Wyoming	2013	241	30	9,402	4%	3%	1,063	1,368	\$ 2.94	\$ 4.39	0.001	0011	مر نه	118.00
Internal Combustion Engines	that	2009	153	30	8,500	5%	1%	1,258	1,549	\$ 520	\$ 12.80	6 60)	0.017	4 26	112 (4)
SCCT Frame (2 Frame "F")	i kah	2012	302	35	11,659	4%	3%	710	#97	\$ 447	\$ 374	0.001	0 050	6 26	115.00
SCCT Frame (2 Frame "F")	Wyoming	2012	275	35	11,659	4%	3%	770	\$72	\$ 415	\$ 405	0.001	0 050	4 26	118 00
CCCT (Wet "F" ixi)	Uturk	2013	222	40	7,302	1%	3%	1,298	1,640	\$ 294	\$ 12.79	0.001	0.011	0 26	118.00
OCCT Duct Firing (Wet "F" [x1)	Utub	2013	50	40	1.169	4%	3%	\$30	669	\$ 0.39	\$ 1.60	0 001	0.011	0 26	118 00
CCCT (Wa "F" 2sl)	Uturk	2013	506	40	7.998	4%	316	1,182	1,493	\$ 294	\$ 777	0.001	0011	0 26	118.00
CCCT Duct Firing (Wet "F" 2x1)	Utah	2013	64	40	8.557	4%	3%	\$96	753	\$ 0.39	\$ 1.60	0.001	0.011	0 26	118.00
CCCT (Day 'F' 2x1)	Utah	2017	438	40	7.368	4%	3%	1.212	1,530	\$ 3.35	\$ 969	0 001	0011	9 26	118.00
CCCT Dust Firing (Dry *F* 2x1)	Utab	2017	98	40	8.950	4%	3%	611	772	\$ 011	\$ 160	0.001	0011	0.26	118.00
CCCT (Wet "G" 1st)	Utab	2013	333	40	6.884	***	3%	1,227	1,550	\$ 456	\$ 675	0.001	0011	0 26	118 00
CCCT Duct Firing (Wet *G* 1x1)	Utak	2013	72	40	9,021	4%	3%	520	656	\$ 036	\$ 163	0-001	0011	0 26	118.00
CCCT Advanced (Wei)	Utah	2018	408	40	6,760	4%	3%	1,355	1,712		\$ 675	0 001	0011	<u>6 0</u>	[]# 00
CCCT Advanced Duct Firing (Wet)	Utak	2018	75	40	9,021	4%	3%	665	840	\$ 0.36	\$ 163	0401	0011	0 26	118.00
Other - Resewables							_								
East (Wyoming) Wiell (35% CF)	Wyoming	3010	100	25	n/a	t/a	n/a	2,215	2,954		\$ 1143	•			
Eest Side Geothermal (Blundell)	ihah	2013	35	40	B/8	5%	5%	5,782	7,304	\$ 5.94	\$ 110.85		•	•	
East Side Goothermal (Oreca Field)	Utak	2013	35	40	D/A	5%	5%	5,782	7,304	\$ 5.94	\$ 110.85		· ·	•	•
Bettery Storage	Umb	2014	5	30	12,000	2%	5%	1,960	2.501	\$ 10.00	\$ 100	0 100	4 400	1 00	205 35
Pumped Storage	Nevada	2018	350	50	13,000	5%	5%	1,684	2,127	\$ 430	\$ 430	0 100	0.840	3 60	205 35
Compround Air Earryy Storage (CAES)	Wyomana	2015	350	30	11.980	4%	3%	(,483	1,873	\$ 5.50	\$ 380	0.001	0011	0 26	118.00
Recovered Easy generation (CHP)	UT/WY	2011	12	30	·	8%	8%	5,500	5,500	· · ·	\$ 91.92	•		· · ·	•
Nuclear	Utsh	2025	1,600	40	10,710	7%	8%	5,125	6.553	\$ 163	\$ 146.70		· ·	· · ·	-
Salar Concentrating (PV) - 30% CF	Utunh	2015	10	20	n/a	<u>b/a</u>	a/a	6,194	7.824	· · ·	\$ 180.00		<u> </u>	· · ·	÷
Solar Concentrating (antaral gas backup) - 25% solar	Utah	2015	250	20	B/A	B/B	<u>n/a</u>	3,943	4,980	i	\$ 195.60		. · .		
Solar Concentrating (thermal storage) - 30% solar	Utah	2012	250	30	c/a	D/6	s/a	4,418	5,580	·	\$ 139.50	<u> </u>	•	-	•

.

	Locating	/ Timbre		Plant Details		Outage Information Costs					Emissions				
	1	Earlies in-	Average	Design	Annual	Mauri,	Equin alcest	Low Forensee	High Estamate			1			
	pojalation	Service Date	Capacity	Plan Life	Heat Rate	Outain	Funced Outage	Capital Cost	Capital Cost	V# 04M	Fixed O&M	502	NOS	Bg	CU2
							· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·							•••	
												1			
Description	1.ocation	Mid-Year	(MW)	in Years	BTUAWA	Rote	Rate (EFOR)	(\$&\))	(\$/kW)	(SMWh)	(SAWAL)	нь ммн п	Ib. MMBTH	He Thu	IN MINE TH
West Side Options (1500")															
Natural Gas															
Fuel Cell + Large	Northwest	2013	5	25	7,262	2%	3%	1,704	2,153	5 001	S # 44)	0.001		6).2m	118.08
SCCT Arte	Northwest	2012	130	30	9,773	1%	3%	\$72	1,228	\$ 512	\$ 904	0.001	(iu a	0.36	118.00
Intercooled Acro SCCT	Nothwest	2012	387	30 .	9.402	4%	3%	908	1,147	\$ 2.40	\$ 368	64 600)	0.011	0.26	118 40
Internal Combustion Engines	Nurthwest	3012	168	30	1,500	5%	1%	1,143	1,444	\$ 5.30	\$ 12.80	(00 Q	0.017	9.26	118 CA
SCCT Fratae (2 Frame "F")	Northwest	2012	336	35	11.659	4%	3%	645	#15	\$ 407	\$ 1.40	u 001	0 450	4 20	j t k og
CCCT (Wet 'F' 1x1)	Northwest	2913	244	40	7,302	4%	3%	1.180	1.491	\$ 267	\$ 1162	1(4) 0	0411	to 26)) if eng
CCCT Duct Firing (Wet "F" 1x1)	Northwest	2013	55	4G	8,869	4%	3%	496.2	604	\$ 036	\$ 1.45	0 001	0011	19 26	118.00
CCCT (Wet 'F' 2x1)	Northwest	2013	557	40	7,0%	4%	3%	1,074	1,357	\$ 2.67	\$ 707	0 001	0011	6Ç 0	118.00
CCCT Duct Fuing (Wes "F" 2x1)	Northwest	2013	70	40	8,557	4%	3%	543	645	\$ 036	\$ 1.45	0 001	0 011	0.36	118 00
CCCT (Wet 'G' 1x1)	Northwest	2013	367	40	6,884	4%	3%	1,116	1,409	5 4.14	\$ \$13	6 001	0.011	0 36	111.00
CCCT Duct Firing (Wet "0" 1x1)	Nuthwest	2013	160	40	9,021	4%	3%	472	\$97	\$ 0.33	5 48	0.001	0.011	0 36	112 00
CCCT Advanced (Wet)	Nurthwest	2018	440	40	6,760	4%	3%	1,332	1,556	\$ 414	\$ 613	0.001	0.011	0 26	118-00
CCCT Advanced Duct Firing (Wet)	Northwest	2016	83	40	9,021	4%	3%	605	764	\$ 033	\$ 144	0.001	0411	0.26	118.00
Other - Renewables															
West Wind	Noninwest	2010	58	25	n/a	a√a	e/a	2,350	3,134		\$ 31.43	•	•		•
Biomass	Northwest	2015	543	30	10,979	5%	4%	3,179	4,016	\$ 0.96	S 34 mi	4 100	0 350	6.40	205 39
West Side Goothermal (Green Field)	Northwest	2013	35	40	#/a	514	5%	5,782	7,304	\$ 594	\$ 110.85	•	•		-
Compressed Air Energy Storage (CAES)	Northwest	2015	385	30	11,900	4%	3%	1,483	1,873	\$ 510	\$ 345	0.001	0011	11 26	111.00
Hydrokinetie (Wave) - 21% CF	Numbwest	2015	100	20	n/a	#Ve	s/a	5,700	7.200		\$ 180.00	•			-
West Side Options (Sea Level)															
Natural Gas															
Fuel Cell - Large	Northwest	2013	5	25	7,262	2%	3%	1,704	2.153	\$ 0.03	\$ 8.40	0.001		W 26	116.00
SCCT Aero	Northwest	2012	136	30	9.773	216	354	924	1,167	\$ 487	\$ 8.59	0 001	0.011	to 26	118.40
Intercooled Aero SCCT	Northwest	2012	302	30	9,402	4%	396	863	1,090	\$ 235	\$ 3.49	8 001	0011	0 26	118.00
Internal Combustion Engines	Northwest	2012	177	30	3,500	4%	1%	1,066	1,372	\$ 5 20	\$ 12.80	0.001	0417	0.26	11109
SCCT France (2 Frame "F")	Northwest	3012	356	35	11,659	5%	3%	613	774	\$ 3.87	\$ 3 23	0.001	0.050	0 26	118 00
CCCT (Wei 'F' 1x1)	Northwest	2013	257	40	7,302	4%	354	1,121	1.416	\$ 2.55	\$ 1107	4.091	04)}	U 26	111.00
CCCT Dust Firing (Wet "F" [s])	Northwest	2013	58	40	1,869	4%	3%	458	578	\$ 0.34	\$ 138	6401	0011	026	118 00
CCCT (Wet "F" 2x1)	Northwest	2013	586	40	7,098	6%	335	1,020	1,289	\$ 255	\$ 673	6 194	0011	0.26	114.00
CCCT Duct Firing (Wet "F" 2x1)	Northwest	2013	74	40	8,557	4%	3%	515	650	\$ 034	\$ 1.38	0 901	0011	0 26	118 DU
CCCT (Wet "G" 1x1)	Northwest	2013	346	40	6,884	6%	3%	1.060	1,339	\$ 3.94	5 584	0.001	0.011	0 26	118.00
CCCT Duct Firing (Wet "O" 1x1)	Northwest	2010	84	40	9.021	4%	3%	449	567	\$ 031	\$ 141	0 001	0011	0 26	118 00
CCCT Advanced (Wet)	Northweat	2018	463	40	6.760	456	3%	1,170	1,479	\$ 394	\$ 584	0 001	0411	0.25	118.00
CCCT Advanced Duct Firing (Wet)	Northwest	2018	87	40	9,021	4%	3%	574	725	\$ 0.31	\$ 141	0.001	0.011	9 25	11900

Table 6.3 – West Side Supply-Side Resource Options

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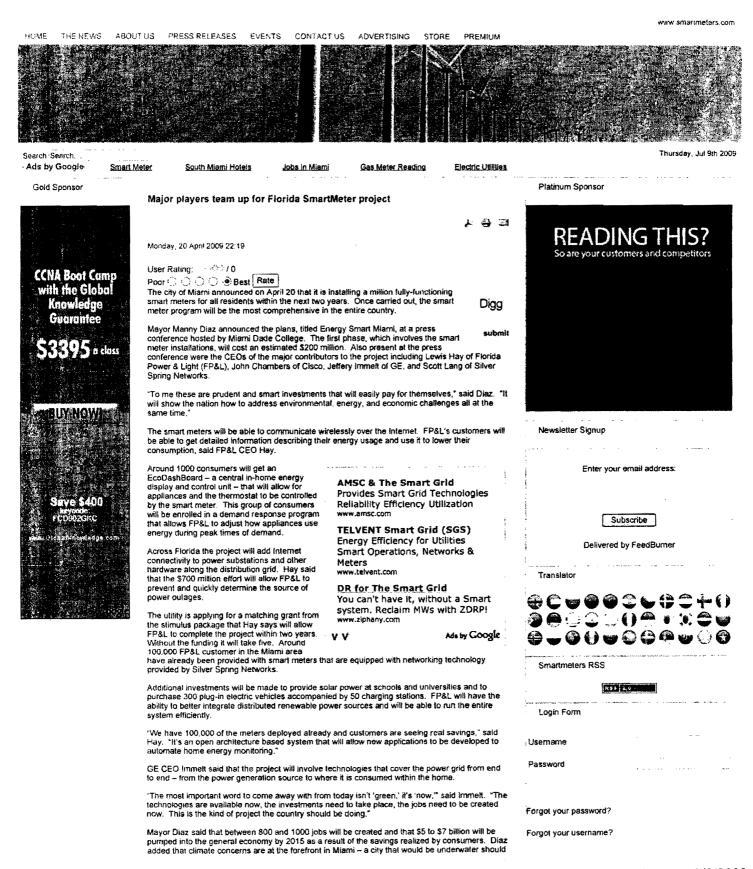
EXHIBIT__(LK-32)

FLORIDA POWER AND LIGHT SFHHA ADJUSTMENTS TO COMPANY PROPOSED SERVICE LIVES FOR COMBINED CYCLE GAS TURBINE UNITS TEST YEAR ENDING DECEMBER 31, 2010 (\$ MILLIONS)

Source: Depreciation Study Exhibit CRC-1 Page 60 of 720 for WCEC Units 1 and 2 Depreciation Study Exhibit CRC-1 Pages 129-133 of 720 for All Other Units

Comined Cycle Units	FPL's Remaining Service Life	FPL Annual Depr	SFHHA Remaining Service Life	SFHHA Annual Depr	SFHHA Depr Reduction
West County Unit 1	25	36.032	40	22.520	(13.512)
West County Unit 2	25	30.625	40	19.140	(11.484)
Lauderdale Units 4, 5 and Common	10	25.657	25	10.263	(15.394)
Ft. Meyers Units 2, 3 and Common	18	35.040	33	19.113	(15.927)
Manatee Unit 3	20	22.551	35	12.886	(9.665)
Martin Units 3, 4, Common and Pipeline	10	25.650	25	10.260	(15.390)
Martin Unit 8	20	21.028	35	12.016	(9.012)
Putnam Units 1, 2 and Common	10	9.545	25	3.818	(5.727)
Samford Unit 4 and Common	18	22.110	33	12.060	(10.050)
Samford Unit 5 and Common	17	17.318	32	9.200	(8.118)
Turkey Point Unit 5	22	25.180	37	14.972	(10.208)
Total		270.736		146.249	(124.488)
Jurisdictional Allocation for Depreciation - Schedule C-1					0.990615
Jurisdictional Depreciation Reduction					(123.319)
Annual Accumulated Depreciation Reduction		123.319			
Time Period To Apply Reduction		.5 Years			
Accumulated Depreciation Reduction - Increase to Rate Base		61.660			
FPL Filed Grossed Up Rate of Return		11.80%			
Revenue Requirement Effect of Accumulated Depreciation Reduction		7.276			
Total Revenue Requirement Effect of Capital Cost Recovery Adjustment		(116.043)			

EXHIBIT__(LK-33)



http://www.smartmeters.com/the-news/511-major-players-team-up-for-florida-smartmeter-project.html

7/9/2009

Major players team	up for Florida SmartMeter project	Page 2 of 2
	the seas rise a few feet.	No Account Yel? Create an account
	Cisco will be providing the network infrastructure for the project. CEO Chambers said that countries around the world are recognising the importance of investing in a smart grid.	
	"This is an instant replay of the Internet," said Chambers. "Instead of moving zeros and ones, we're moving electricity."	
	Florida Power & Light P.O. Box 025576 Miami, FL 33102 http://www.fpl.com	
	Cisco Systems, Inc. 170 West Tasman Dr. San Jose, CA 95134 http://www.cisco.com	
	General Electric 3135 Easton Turnpike Fairfield, CT 06828 http://www.ge.com	
	Silver Spring Networks 575 Broadway Street Redwood City, CA 94063 http://www.silverspringnet.com	
	Add this page to your favorite Social Bookmarking websites	
	Spansors: Intus 210 kinetix TEAMWORK	VOOVE

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EXHIBIT__(LK-34)

FLORIDA POWER AND LIGHT SFHHA ADJUSTMENT TO REFLECT EFFECTS OF ECONOMIC STIMULUS BILL TEST YEAR ENDING DECEMBER 31, 2010 (\$ MILLIONS)

Source: Depreciation Study Exhibit CRC-1 Page 54 of 720

Economic Stimilus Expected for AMI Deployment	(20.000)
Remaining Life Depr Rate Proposed by FPL Acct 370.1 (Meters-AMI)	7.97%
Annual Depreciation Expense Reduction	(1.594)
Jurisdictional Allocation for Depreciation - Schedule C-1	0.990615
Jurisdictional Depreciation Reduction	(1.579)
Reduction to Gross Plant in Rate Base	(20.000)
Annual Accumulated Depreciation Reduction Time Period To Apply Reduction Accumulated Depreciation Reduction - Increase to Rate Base	1.579 5 Years 0.790
Net Reduction to Rate Base	(19.210)
FPL Filed Grossed Up Rate of Return	11.80%
Revenue Requirement Effect of Reduction in Rate Base	(2.267)
Total Revenue Requirement Effect	(3.846)

EXHIBIT___(LK-35)

Florida Power & Light Company Docket No. 080677-EI SFHHA's Ninth Set of Interrogatories Interrogatory No. 279 Page 1 of 1

Q.

Regarding Testimony of FPL Witness Barrett:

Regarding Exhibit REB-16. Please provide the 2009 budget capital expenditure information by month and provide the 2009 actual information by month for all months for which actual information is available.

А.

See Attachment No. 1.

Florida Power and Light Company Docket No. 080677-EI SFHHA's Ninth Set of Interrogatories Interrogatory No. 279 Attachment No. 1, Page 1 of 2

Regarding Testimony of FPL Witness Barrett:

Regarding Exhibit REB-16. Please provide the 2009 budget capital expenditure information by month and provide the 2009 actual information by month for all months for which actual information is available.

2009 Approved Capital Budget Excludes New England Division

(\$millions)

Business Unit	<u>Jan</u>	<u>Feb</u>	<u>Mar</u>	Apr	May	<u>Jun</u>	<u>Jul</u>	Aug	Sep	<u>Oct</u>	Nov	Dec	Total
Power Generation	\$ 22	\$ 24	\$ 38	\$ 33	\$ 35	\$ 34	\$ 35	\$ 31	\$41	\$ 40	\$ 37	\$47	\$ 417
Nuclear	53	34	64	35	63	34	34	46	30	33	63	42	533
Transmission	33	19	22	24	18	14	20	14	14	18	22	7	225
Distribution	30	31	39	32	32	31	25	31	26	24	22	22	345
Customer Service	1	0	1	1	1	2	4	3	5	8	9	10	45
Engineering & Construction and													
Project Development	81	74	53	82	105	96	91	91	95	102	80	85	1,034
Other	16	17	20	19	15	16	16	17	17	15	11	13	192
Total	\$ 235	\$ 200	\$ 237	\$ 225	\$ 269	\$ 226	\$ 224	\$ 234	\$ 229	\$241	\$ 244	\$ 226	\$2,790

Actuals for 2009 Approved Capital Budget

Excludes New England Division (\$millions)

Business Unit	<u>1</u>	<u>an</u>	F	eb	Mar		Apr	
Power Generation	\$	14	\$	24	\$	23	\$	32
Nuclear		24		23		38		43
Transmission		16		13		35		20
Distribution		32		28		35		30
Customer Service		0		0		0		0
Engineering & Construction and								
Project Development		67		26		95		50
Other *		14		13		17		16
Total	\$	167	\$	127	\$	242	\$	191

* Other for month of April excludes \$83 million credit for DOE settlement relative to spent nuclear fuel storage not included in budget

Florida Power and Light Company Docket No. 080677-E1 SFHHA's Ninth Set of Interrogatories Interrogatory No. 279 Attachment No. 1, Page 2 of 2

2009 Approved Capital Bud Excludes New England Division Reference Exhibit REB-16 (\$millions) 2009 Approved **Business Unit Difference** Comment **Budget Power Generation** 417 \$ \$ (0) Nuclear 533 (0) Transmission 225 (0) Distribution 345 (0) **Customer Service** 54 (9) During year budget transfer Engineering & Construction and 0 1,025 During year budget transfer **Project Development** 9 Net rounding differences Other 191 1 \$ 2,790 \$ (0) Total

Actuals for 2009 Approved Excludes New England Division (\$millions)

Business Unit

Power Generation Nuclear Transmission Distribution Customer Service Engineering & Construction and Project Development Other * Total

* Other for month of April excludes

EXHIBIT__(LK-36)

. FPL Cost of Capital Per Filing

	Jurisdictional Adjusted <u>Capital</u>	Capital Ratio	Cost Rate	Weighted Avg Cost	(1) Grossed Up Cost
Long Term Debt	5,377.787	31.52%	5.55%	1.75%	1.75%
Customer Deposits	564.652	3.31%	5.98%	0.20%	0.20%
Short Term Debt	161.857	0.95%	2.96%	0.03%	0.03%
Deferred Income Tax	2,723.327	15.96%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Investment Tax Credits	56.983	0.33%	9.74%	0.03%	0.03%
Common Equity	8,178.980	47.93%	12.50%	5.99%	9.79%
Total Capital	17,063.587	100.00%		8.00%	11.80%

II. FPL Cost of Capital Adjusted to Restate Common Equity and Debt Capital Structure as Recommended by Mr. Baudino

· -	Jurisdictional Capital Before Adjustment	Jurisdictional Adjustment	Jurisdictional Adjusted Capital	Capital Ratio	Cost Rate	Weighted Avg Cost	(1) Grossed Up Cost
Long Term Debt	5,377.787	845.038	6,222.825	36.47%	5.55%	2.02%	2.03%
Customer Deposits	564.652		564.652	3.31%	5.98%	0.20%	0.20%
Short Term Debt	161.857		161.857	0.95%	2.96%	0.03%	0.03%
Deferred Income Tax	2,723.327		2,723.327	15.96%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Investment Tax Credits	56.983		56.983	0.33%	9.74%	0.03%	0.03%
Common Equity	8,178.980	(845.038)	7,333.942	42.98%	12.50%	5.37%	8.78%
Total Capital	17,063.587		17,063.587	100.00%	*****	7.65%	11.07%
Incremental Grossed Up	ROR						-0.74%
SFHHA Rate Base						_	16,511.804
SFHHA Revenue Require	ment Effect						(121.424)

FLORIDA POWER AND LIGHT COST OF CAPITAL TEST YEAR ENDING DECEMBER 31, 2010 (\$ MILLIONS)

II. FPL Cost of Capital Adjusted to Restate Long and Short Term Debt as Recommended by Mr. Baudino

_	Jurisdictional Capital Before Adjustment	Jurisdictional Adjustment	Jurisdictional Adjusted Capital	Capital Ratio	Cost Rate	Weighted Avg Cost	(1) Grossed Up Cost
Long Term Debt	6,222.825	(438.143)	5,784.682	33.90%	5.55%	1.88%	1.89%
Customer Deposits	564.652	* F	564.652	3.31%	5.98%	0.20%	0.20%
Short Term Debt	161.857	438.143	600.000	3.52%	2.96%	0.10%	0.10%
Deferred Income Tax	2,723.327		2,723.327	15.96%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Investment Tax Credits	56.983		56.983	0.33%	9.74%	0.03%	0.03%
Common Equity	7,333.942		7,333.942	42.98%	12.50%	5.37%	8.78%
Total Capital	17,063.587	-	17,063.587	100.00%		7.59%	11.00%
Incremental Grossed Up I	ROR						-0.07%
SFHHA Rate Base						. –	16,511.804
SFHHA Revenue Require	ment Effect						(11.018)

IV. FPL Cost of Capital Adjusted to Add Back Company's FIN 48 Adjustment to Deferred Income Tax

	Jurisdictional Capital Before Adjustment	Jurisdictional Adjustment	Jurisdictional Adjusted Capital	Capital Ratio	Cost Rate	Weighted Avg Cost	(1) Grossed Up Cost
Long Term Debt	5,784.682		5,784.682	33.57%	5.55%	1.86%	1.87%
Customer Deposits	564.652		564.652	3.28%	5.98%	0.20%	0.20%
Short Term Debt	600.000		600.000	3.48%	2.96%	0.10%	0.10%
Deferred Income Tax	2,723.327	167.394	2,890.721	16.78%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Investment Tax Credits	56.983		56.983	0.33%	9.74%	0.03%	0.03%
Common Equity	7,333.942		7,333.942	42.56%	12.50%	5.32%	8.69%
Total Capital	17,063.587	167.394	17,230.981	100.00%		7.51%	10.89%
Incremental Grossed Up	ROR					,	-0.11%
SFHHA Rate Base							16,511.804

(17.643)

V. FPL Cost of Capital Adjusted to Reallocate Pro Rata Adjustments

_	Jurisdictional Capital Before Adjustment	Jurisdictional Adjustment	Jurisdictional Adjusted Capital	Capital Ratio	Cost Rate	Weighted Avg Cost	(1) Grossed Up Cost
Long Term Debt	5,784.682	(176.958)	5,607.724	32.54%	5.55%	1.81%	1.81%
Customer Deposits	564.652	61.731	626.383	3.64%	5.98%	0.22%	0.22%
Short Term Debt	600.000	(4.369)	595.631	3.46%	2.96%	0.10%	0.10%
Deferred Income Tax	2,890.721	334.472	3,225.193	18.72%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Investment Tax Credits	56.983	6.229	63.212	0.37%	9.74%	0.04%	0.04%
Common Equity	7,333.942	(221.105)	7,112.837	41.28%	12.50%	5.16%	8.43%
Total Capital	17,230.981	-	17,230.981	100.00%		7.32%	10.60%
Incremental Grossed Up I	ROR						-0.29%
SFHHA Rate Base							16,511.804
SFHHA Revenue Require	ement Effect						(48.695)

VI. FPL Cost of Capital Adjusted to Increase ADIT for Depreciation Changes

_	Jurisdictional Capital Before Adjustment	Jurisdictional Adjustment	Jurisdictional Adjusted Capital	Capital Ratio	Cost Rate	Weighted Avg Cost	(1) Grossed Up Cost
Long Term Debt	5,607.724		5,607.724	32.38%	5.55%	1.80%	1.80%
Customer Deposits	626.383		626.383	3.62%	5.98%	0.22%	0.22%
Short Term Debt	595.631		595.631	3.44%	2.96%	0.10%	0.10%
Deferred Income Tax	3,225.193	88.180	3,313.373	19.13%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Investment Tax Credits	63.212		63.212	0.36%	9.74%	0.04%	0.04%
Common Equity	7,112.837		7,112.837	<u>41.07%</u>	12.50%	5.13%	8.39%
Total Capital	17,230.981	88.180	17,319.161	100.00%	Demonstration	7.28%	10.54%
Incremental Grossed Up I	ROR						-0.05%
SFHHA Rate Base							16,511.804

SFHHA Revenue Requirement Effect

(8.909)

/II. FPL Cost of Capital Adjusted to Restate ROE at 10.4% as Recommended by Mr. Baudino

	Jurisdictional		Jurisdictional				(1)
	Capital Before	Jurisdictional	Adjusted	Capital	Cost	Weighted	Grossed Up
	Adjustment	Adjustment	Capital	Ratio	Rate	Avg Cost	Cost
Long Term Debt	5,607.724		5,607.724	32.38%	5.55%	1.80%	1.80%
Customer Deposits	626.383		626.383	3.62%	5.98%	0.22%	0.22%
Short Term Debt	595.631		595.631	3.44%	2.96%	0.10%	0.10%
Deferred Income Tax	3,313.373		3,313.373	19.13%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Investment Tax Credits	63.212		63.212	0.36%	9.74%	0.04%	0.04%
Common Equity	7,112.837		7,112.837	41.07%	10.40%	4.27%	6.98%
Total Capital	17,319.161	-	17,319.161	100.00%		6.42%	9.13%
Incremental Grossed Up F	ROR						-1.41%
SFHHA Rate Base							16,511.804
SFHHA Revenue Requirement Effect						(232.610)	

/III. FPL Cost of Capital Adjusted to Restate Short Term Debt Rate as Recommended by Mr. Baudino

	 Jurisdictional Capital Before 	Jurisdictional	Jurisdictional Adjusted	Capital	Cost	Weighted	(1) Grossed Up
	Adjustment	Adjustment	Capital	Ratio	Rate	Avg Cost	Cost
Long Term Debt	5,607.724		5,607.724	32.38%	5.55%	1.80%	1.80%
Customer Deposits	626.383		626.383	3.62%	5.98%	0.22%	0.22%
Short Term Debt	595.631		595.631	3.44%	0.60%	0.02%	0.02%
Deferred Income Tax	3,313.373		3,313.373	19.13%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Investment Tax Credits	63.212		63.212	0.36%	9.74%	0.04%	0.04%
Common Equity	7,112.837		7,112.837	41.07%	10.40%	4.27%	6.98%
Total Capital 🔤	17,319.161	-	17,319.161	100.00%		6.34%	9.05%
Incremental Grossed Up ROR SFHHA Rate Base							-0.08% 16,511.804
							(13.446)
Facility and Administrative Fees Added to Revenue Requirement as Interest Expense							1.661
Net SFHHA Revenue Requirement Effect							(11.785)

(1) Grossed up costs include effects of federal and state income taxes, bad debt expense and regulatory assessment fee found on Schedule C-44.

regeral income rax Rate	33.0000076
State Income Tax Rate	5.50000%
Bad Debt	0.00260%
Regulatory Assessment Fee	0.00072%

EXHIBIT__(LK-37)

Florida Power & Light Company Docket No. 080677-El SFHHA's Ninth Set of Interrogatories Interrogatory No. 278 Page 1 of 1

Q.

Regarding Schedule D-1A for the 2010 test year. Please provide the FIN 48 net ADIT amount, by temporary difference, included in each of the ADIT amounts for the Company total per books, specific adjustments, system adjusted and jurisdictional adjusted. If these amounts cannot be provided by temporary difference due to privilege concerns, then provide the net aggregate amount. Positive signs should indicate asset ADIT amounts and negative signs should indicate liability ADIT amounts.

A.

For the 2010 test year, there was no forecast made applicable to changes in the temporary differences for which a FIN 48 uncertain tax positions had been recognized in prior periods. As of the end of December 2008, the total Accumulated Deferred Tax Liabilities for which FIN 48 liability was recognized was \$168,598,172. Since uncertain tax positions relate to future potential liabilities, the deferred taxes associated with the temporary differences related to the FIN 48 liabilities were included in the accumulated deferred income taxes in the capital structure, rather than including them with long-term liabilities in rate base. This presentation is consistent with the treatment of the deferred taxes and FIN 48 liabilities established for FERC reporting. There were no FIN 48 uncertain tax positions related to any Accumulated Deferred Tax Assets.

EXHIBIT__(LK-38)

Florida Power & Light Company Docket No. 080677-El SFHHA's Ninth Set of Interrogatories Interrogatory No. 280 Page 1 of 1

Q.

Regarding Testimony of FPL Witness Pimentel:

Regarding page 13:14-20. Regarding the Company's credit facility and available loan term, please provide a more detailed description of each source, including, but not limited to, the pricing terms, duration, and other terms.

A.

On April 3, 2007, FPL renewed the credit facility of \$2.5B with participation from 38 banks, expiring in April, 2012. It was subsequently extended an additional year to expire in 2013, with the exception of \$17M expiring in 2012. On May 28, 2009, the credit facility was revised to exclude the participation of Lehman Brothers. Currently the credit facility size is \$2.473B. In addition, FPL has a \$250M term loan facility expiring in May, 2011. There are currently no borrowings outstanding under either facility

The annual costs for the credit facility are \$1,535,938. This includes an annual facility fee of 4.5 basis points (\$1,125,000) and annual amortization of upfront commitment, arrangement and administrative fees paid in the amount of \$410,938. The annual costs for the term loan facility are \$125,000 for facility fees.

In the event that FPL would borrow against the credit facility the interest charged is dependent on FPL's credit ratings and priced as a spread over LIBOR.

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE DOCKET NO. 080677-EI

I HEREBY CERTIFY that a copy of the **PREFILED TESTIMONY AND EXHIBITS**

OF THE SOUTH FLORIDA HOSPITAL AND HEALTHCARE ASSOCIATION has been

furnished by electronic mail and U.S. mail to the following parties on this 16th day of July, 2009

to the following:

Robert A. Sugarman I.B.E.W. System Council U-4 c/o Sugarman Law Firm 100 Miracle Mile, Suite 300 Coral Gables, FL 33134

à

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<u>/s/ Kenneth L. Wiseman</u> Kenneth L. Wiseman, Esq.

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