

BEFORE THE FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

In re: Initiation of rulemaking to amend and repeal rules in Chapters 25-4 and 25-9, F.A.C., pertaining to telecommunications. | DOCKET NO. 080641-TP  
ORDER NO. PSC-09-0660-FOF-TP  
ISSUED: October 2, 2009

The following Commissioners participated in the disposition of this matter:

MATTHEW M. CARTER II, Chairman  
LISA POLAK EDGAR  
KATRINA J. McMURRIAN  
NANCY ARGENZIANO  
NATHAN A. SKOP

NOTICE OF ADOPTION OF RULES

BY THE COMMISSION:

NOTICE is hereby given that the Florida Public Service Commission, pursuant to Section 120.54, Florida Statutes, has adopted with changes the amendments to Rules 25-4.0185, 25-4.066, 25-4.070, 25-4.073, and 25-4.110, Florida Administrative Code, relating to telecommunications regulation.

The rules were filed with the Department of State on October 1, 2009 and will be effective on October 21, 2009. A copy of the rules as filed with the Department is attached to this notice.

This docket is closed upon issuance of this notice.

By ORDER of the Florida Public Service Commission this 2nd day of October, 2009.



ANN COLE  
Commission Clerk

(SEAL)

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DOCUMENT NUMBER DATE

10199 OCT-28

FPCO-COMMISSION CLERK

**25-4.0185 Periodic Reports.**

(1) Each local exchange telecommunications company shall file with the Commission's Division of Service, Safety and Consumer Assistance~~Competitive Markets and Enforcement~~ the information required by Commission Form PSC/SSCCMP 28 (~~xx/xx~~4/05), which is incorporated into this rule by reference. Form PSC/SSCCMP 28, entitled "Engineering Data Requirements," may be obtained from the Commission's Division of Service, Safety and Consumer Assistance~~Competitive Markets and Enforcement~~.

(2) The information required by schedules 2, 3, 8, 11, and 15 ~~and 16~~ of Form PSC/SSCCMP 28 shall be filed ~~reported~~ on a quarterly basis by the large LECs and semiannually by the small LECs ~~and shall be filed~~ on or before the end of the month following the reporting period.

(3) Schedules 2, 3, 11, and 15 of Form PSC/SSC 28 shall apply to basic local telecommunications service only. ~~The information required by Schedule 19 of Form PSC/CMP 28 shall be reported on a semiannual basis and shall be filed on or before the end of the month following the second and fourth quarters.~~

(4) Each local exchange telecommunications company shall begin recording basic local telecommunications service data for reporting on schedules 2, 3, 11 and 15 no later than January 1, 2010.

Rulemaking Specific Authority 350.127(2) FS.

Law Implemented 364.01(4), ~~364.03, 364.17,~~ 364.183(1) FS.

History—New 12-14-86, Amended 7-20-89, 12-27-94, 3-10-96, 4-3-05, \_\_\_\_\_.

**25-4.066 Availability of Basic Local Telecommunications Service.**

(1) Each telecommunications company shall provide central office equipment and outside

plant facilities designed and engineered in accordance with realistic anticipated customer demands for basic local telecommunications service within its certificated area in accordance with its schedules. ~~filed tariffs or orders of the Commission, subject to its ability to secure and provide, for reasonable expense, suitable facilities and rights for construction and maintenance of such facilities.~~

(2) Where central office and outside plant facilities are readily available, at least 90 percent of all requests for basic local telecommunications primary service ~~in any calendar month~~ shall normally be satisfied installed ~~in each exchange of at least 50,00 lines and quarterly in exchanges of less than 50,000 lines~~ within an interval of three working days after receipt of application when all schedule tariff requirements relating thereto have been complied with, except those instances where a later installation date is requested by the applicant, ~~or where special equipment or services are involved.~~

(3) If the applicant requests an installation date beyond three working days, the requested date shall be counted as day three for measurement purposes.

(4) ~~When an appointment is made in order for the company to gain access to the customer's premises, the mutually agreed upon date will be day three for measurement purposes.~~ Failure of the customer to be present to afford the company representative entry to the premises during the appointment period shall exempt the order for measurement purposes. ~~Whenever a company representative is unable to gain admittance to a customer's premises during the scheduled appointment period, the company representative shall leave a notice, stating the name of the company representative and the date and time the company representative was at the premises.~~

(5) ~~Each telecommunications company shall establish as its objective the satisfaction of~~

~~at least 95 percent of all applications for new service in each exchange within a 30 day maximum interval and, further, shall have as its objective the capability of furnishing service within each of its exchanges to applicants within 60 days after date of application; except those instances where a later installation date is requested by the applicant or where special equipment or services are involved.~~

~~(6) Whenever, for any reason, the service installation cannot be made at the time requested by the applicant or within the prescribed interval, the applicant shall be notified promptly of the delay and the reason therefor.~~

~~(7) Where facility additions are required to make service available, the applicant shall be further advised as to the circumstances and conditions under which service will be provided and as soon as practicable an estimated date when service will be furnished. With respect to applications aged over six months all service dates that result in a further delay due to the company's inability to meet the original estimated date of service shall be identified in the appropriate section of the report of held applications filed with the Commission and shall include an explanation of the reasons therefor.~~

~~(58) Each company shall report basic local telecommunications installation performance pursuant to Rule 25-4.0185, F.A.C., Periodic Reports, the performance of the company with respect to the availability of service requirements, as outlined in Form PSC/CMP 28 (4/05), incorporated into Rule 25-4.0185, F.A.C., by reference and available from the Division of Competitive Markets and Enforcement. Each company shall explain the reasons for all service orders that are not completed within 30 calendar days.~~

Rulemaking Specific Authority 350.127(2) FS. Law Implemented 364.025, 364.03, 364.14, 364.15, 364.183, 364.185 FS. History—Revised 12-1-68, Amended 3-31-76, Formerly 25-4.66,

Amended 3-10-96, 4-3-05, 4-3-05, \_\_\_\_\_.

**25-4.070 Customer Trouble Reports for Basic Local Telecommunications Service.**

(1) Each telecommunications company shall make all reasonable efforts to minimize the extent and duration of trouble conditions that disrupt or affect basic local telecommunications customer telephone service. Trouble reports will be classified as to their severity on a service interruption (synonymous with out-of-service or OOS) or service affecting (synonymous with non-out-of-service or non-OOS) basis. Service interruption reports shall not be downgraded to a service affecting report; however, a service affecting report shall be upgraded to a service interruption if changing trouble conditions so indicate.

(a) Companies shall make every reasonable attempt to restore service on the same day that the interruption is reported to the serving repair center.

(b) In the event a subscriber's service is interrupted other than by a negligent or willful act of the subscriber and it remains out of service in excess of 24 hours after being reported to the company, an appropriate adjustment or refund shall be made to the subscriber automatically, pursuant to Rule 25-4.110, F.A.C. (Customer Billing). Service interruption time will be computed on a continuous basis, Sundays and holidays included. Also, if the company finds that it is the customer's responsibility to correct the trouble, it must notify or attempt to notify the customer within 24 hours after the trouble was reported.

~~(c) If service is discontinued in error by the telephone company, the service shall be restored without undue delay, and clarification made with the subscriber to verify that service is restored and in satisfactory working condition.~~

(2) Sundays and Holidays:

(a) Except for emergency service providers, such as the military, medical, police, and

fire, companies are not required to provide normal repair service on Sundays. Where any repair action involves a Sunday or holiday, that period shall be excepted when computing service ~~standard~~objectives, but not refunds for service interruptions~~OOS conditions~~.

(b) Service interruptions occurring on a holiday not contiguous to Sunday will be treated as in paragraph (2)(a) of this rule. For holidays contiguous to a Sunday or another holiday, sufficient repair forces shall be scheduled so that repairs can be made if requested by a subscriber.

(3) Service ~~Standards~~Objectives:

(a) Service Interruption: Restoration of interrupted service shall be scheduled to ensure ~~insure~~ at least 90~~95~~ percent shall be cleared within 24 hours of the report, ~~in each exchange that contains at least 50,000 lines and will be measured on a monthly basis. For exchanges that contain less than 50,000 lines, the results can be aggregated on a quarterly basis. For any exchange failing to meet this objective, the company shall provide an explanation with its periodic report to the Commission.~~

(b) Service Affecting: Clearing of service affecting trouble reports shall be scheduled to ensure ~~insure~~ at least 90~~95~~ percent of such reports are cleared within 72 hours of the report, ~~in each exchange which contains at least 50,000 lines and will be measured on a monthly basis. For exchanges which contain less than 50,000 lines, the results can be aggregated on a quarterly basis.~~

(4e) If the customer requests that the service be restored on a particular day beyond the service standards ~~objectives outlined in subsection (3) paragraphs (a) and (b) above~~, the trouble report shall be counted as having met the service standards ~~objective~~ if the requested date is met.

(45) Priority shall be given to service interruptions that affect public health and safety

that are reported to and verified by the company and such service interruptions shall be corrected as promptly as possible on an emergency basis.

~~(5) Repeat Trouble: Each telephone company shall establish procedures to insure the prompt investigation and correction of repeat trouble reports such that the percentage of repeat troubles will not exceed 20 percent of the total initial customer reports in each exchange when measured on a monthly basis. A repeat trouble report is another report involving the same item of plant within 30 days of the initial report.~~

(6) The service standards objectives of this rule shall not apply to subsequent customer reports; or (not to be confused with repeat trouble reports); emergency situations, such as unavoidable casualties where at least 10 percent of an exchange is out of service.

~~(7) Reporting Criteria: Each company shall report pursuant to periodically report the data specified in Rule 25-4.0185, F.A.C., Periodic Reports, the performance of the company with respect to customer trouble reports on Form PSC/CMP 28 (4/05), incorporated into Rule 25-4.0185, F.A.C., by reference and available from the Division of Competitive Markets and Enforcement.~~

(8) This rule shall apply to basic local telecommunications service only.  
Rulemaking Specific Authority 350.127(2) FS. Law Implemented 364.01(4), 364.03, 364.15, 364.17, 364.18, 364.183, 364.386 FS. History—Revised 12-1-68, Amended 3-31-76, Formerly 25-4.70, Amended 6-24-90, 3-10-96, 4-3-05,\_\_\_\_\_.

**25-4.073 Answering Time for Basic Local Telecommunications Service.**

(1) Each telephone company utility shall provide equipment designed and engineered on the basis of realistic forecasts of growth, and shall make all reasonable efforts to provide adequate personnel so as to meet the following service standards criteria under normal operating

conditions:

(a) At least 90 percent of all calls directed to ~~repair services and 80 percent of all calls to~~ business and repair offices for basic local telecommunications service shall be answered within ~~90~~30 seconds after the last digit is dialed when no menu driven system is utilized.

(b) When a company utilizes a menu driven, automated, interactive answering system (referred to as the system or as an Integrated Voice Response Unit (IVRU)), at least 95 percent of the calls offered shall be answered within ~~30~~45 seconds after the last digit is dialed. The initial recorded message presented by the system to the customer shall include the option of transferring to a live attendant within the first ~~6~~30 seconds of the message.

(c) For subscribers who ~~either~~ select the option of transferring to a live assistant, ~~or do not interact with the system for twenty seconds,~~ the call shall be transferred by the system to a live attendant. At least 90 percent of the calls shall be answered by the live attendant prepared to give immediate assistance within ~~90~~55 seconds of being transferred to the attendant.

(d) The terms “answered” as used in paragraphs (a) and (c) above, shall be construed to mean more than an acknowledgment that the customer is waiting on the line. It shall mean that the service representative is ready to render assistance.

~~(2) Answering time studies using actual data or any statistically valid substitute for actual data shall be made to the extent and frequency necessary to determine compliance with this rule.~~

~~(23)~~ All telecommunications companies are expected to answer their main published telephone number on a 24 hour a day basis. Such answering may be handled by a special operator at the toll center or directory assistance facility when the company offices are closed. Where after hours calls are not handled as described above, at least the first published business office number will be equipped with a telephone answering device which will notify callers after

the normal working hours of the hours of operation for that business office. Where recording devices are used, the message shall include the telephone number assigned to handle urgent or emergency calls when the business office is closed.

~~(34) Each company shall report, pursuant to Rule 25-4.0185, F.A.C., Periodic Reports, the performance of the company with respect to answer time, as outlined in Form PSC/CMP-28 (4/05), incorporated into Rule 25-4.0185, F.A.C., by reference and available from the Division of Competitive Markets and Enforcement.~~

(4) This rule shall apply to basic local telecommunications service only.  
Rulemaking Specific Authority 350.127(2) FS. Law Implemented 364.01(4), 364.03, 364.386, 365.171 FS. History—New 12-1-68, Amended 3-31-76, Formerly 25-4.73, Amended 11-24-92, 4-3-05,\_\_\_\_\_.

**25-4.110 Customer Billing for Local Exchange Telecommunications Companies.**

(1) Each company shall issue bills monthly or may offer customers a choice of billing intervals that includes a monthly billing interval.

~~(2) Each billing party shall set forth on the bill all charges, fees, and taxes which are due and payable.~~

~~(a) There shall be a heading for each originating party which is billing to that customer account for that billing period. The heading shall clearly and conspicuously indicate the originating party's name. If the originating party is a certificated telecommunications company, the certificated name must be shown. If the originating party has more than one certificated name, the name appearing in the heading must be the name used to market the service.~~

~~(b) The toll free customer service number for the service provider or its customer service agent must be conspicuously displayed in the heading, immediately below the heading, or~~

~~immediately following the list of charges for the service provider. For purposes of this subparagraph, the service provider is defined as the company which provided the service to the end user. If the service provider has a customer service agent, the toll free number must be that of the customer service agent and must be displayed with the service provider's heading or with the customer service agent's heading, if any. For purposes of this subparagraph, a customer service agent is a person or entity that acts for any originating party pursuant to the terms of a written agreement. The scope of such agency shall be limited to the terms of such written agreement.~~

~~(e) Each charge shall be described under the applicable originating party heading.~~

~~(d)1. Taxes, fees, and surcharges related to an originating party heading shall be shown immediately below the charges described under that heading. The terminology for Federal Regulated Service Taxes, Fees, and Surcharges must be consistent with all FCC required terminology.~~

~~2. The billing party shall either:~~

~~a. Identify Florida taxes and fees applicable to charges on the customer's bill and identify the assessment base and rate for each percentage-based tax, fee, and surcharge, or~~

~~b.(i) Provide a plain language explanation of any line item and applicable tax, fee, and surcharge to any customer who contacts the billing party or customer service agent with a billing question and expresses difficulty in understanding the bill after discussion with a service representative.~~

~~(ii) If the customer requests or continues to express difficulty in understanding the explanation of the authority, assessment base or rate of any tax, fee or surcharge, the billing party shall provide an explanation of the state, federal, or local authority for each tax, fee, and~~

~~surcharge; the line items which comprise the assessment base for each percentage-based tax, fee, and surcharge; or the rate of each state, federal, or local tax, fee, and surcharge consistent with the customer's concern. The billing party or customer service agent shall provide this information to the customer in writing upon the customer's request.~~

(2e) If each recurring charge due and payable is not itemized, each bill shall contain the following statement: "Further written itemization of local billing available upon request." In addition, the billing party will provide a plain language explanation to any customer who contacts the billing party.

(3) Each LEC shall provide an itemized bill for local service:

(a) With the first bill rendered after local exchange service to a customer is initiated or changed; and

(b) To every customer at least once each twelve months.

(4) The annual itemized bill shall be accompanied by a bill insert or bill message stuffer which explains the itemization and advises the customer to verify the items and charges on the itemized bill. ~~This bill stuffer shall be submitted to the Commission's Division of Competitive Markets and Enforcement for prior approval. The itemized bill provided to residential customers and to business customers with less than ten access lines per service location shall be in easily understood language. The itemized bill provided to business customers with ten or more access lines per service location may be stated in service order code, provided that it contains a statement that, upon request, an easily understood translation is available in written form without charge.~~ An itemized bill shall include, but not be limited to the following information, separately stated:

(a) Number and types of access lines;

(b) Charges for access to the system, by type of line;

~~(c) Touch tone service charges;~~

~~(cd) Charges for each custom calling features, ~~separated by feature or package;~~~~

~~(de) Unlisted number charges;~~

~~(ef) Local directory assistance charges;~~

~~(fg) Other tariff charges; and~~

~~(gh) Other nontariffed, regulated charges contained in the bill.~~

(5) All bills rendered by a local exchange company shall clearly state the following items:

(a) Any discount or penalty. The originating party is responsible for informing the billing party of all such penalties or discounts to appear on the bill, in a form usable by the billing party;

(b) Past due balance;

(c) Amounts or items for which nonpayment will result in disconnection of the customer's basic local service, including a statement of the consequences of nonpayment;

(d) Long-distance monthly or minimum charges, if included in the bill;

(e) Long-distance usage charges, if included in the bill;

(f) Usage-based local charges, if included in the bill;

(g) Telecommunications Access System Surcharge, per subsection 25-4.160(3), F.A.C.;

(h) "911" fee per Section 365.171(13), F.S.; and

(i) Delinquent date.

(6) Each company shall make appropriate adjustments or refunds where the subscriber's service is interrupted by other than the subscriber's negligent or willful act, and remains out of order in excess of 24 hours after the subscriber notifies the company of the interruption. The

refund to the subscriber shall be the pro rata part of the month's charge for the period of days and that portion of the service and facilities rendered useless or inoperative; except that the refund shall not be applicable for the time that the company stands ready to repair the service and the subscriber does not provide access to the company for such restoration work. The refund may be accomplished by a credit on a subsequent bill for telephone service.

(7)(a) Bills shall not be considered delinquent prior to the expiration of 15 days from the date of mailing or delivery by the company. ~~However, the company may demand immediate payment under the following circumstances:~~

- ~~1. Where service is terminated or abandoned;~~
- ~~2. Where toll service is two times greater than the subscriber's average usage as reflected on the monthly bills for the three months prior to the current bill, or, in the case of a new customer who has been receiving service for less than four months, where the toll service is twice the estimated monthly toll service; or~~
- ~~3. Where the company has reason to believe that a business subscriber is about to go out of business or that bankruptcy is imminent for that subscriber.~~

~~(b) The demand for immediate payment shall be accompanied by a bill which itemizes the charges for which payment is demanded, or, if the demand is made orally, an itemized bill shall be mailed or delivered to the customer within three days after the demand is made.~~

~~(c) If the company cannot present an itemized bill, it may present a summarized bill which includes the customer's name and address and the total amount due. However, a customer may refuse to make payment until an itemized bill is presented. The company shall inform the customer that he may refuse payment until an itemized bill is presented.~~

(8) Each telephone company shall include a bill insert or bill message advising each

subscriber of the directory closing date and the subscriber's opportunity to correct any error or make changes as the subscriber deems necessary in advance of the closing date. It shall also state that at no additional charge and upon the request of any residential subscriber, the exchange company shall list an additional first name or initial under the same address, telephone number, and surname of the subscriber. The notice shall be included in the billing cycle closest to 60 days preceding the directory closing date.

(9) Annually, each telephone company shall include a bill insert or bill message advising each residential subscriber of the option to have the subscriber's name placed on the "No Sales Solicitation" list maintained by the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services, Division of Consumer Services, and the 800 number to contact to receive more information.

(10) Where any undercharge in billing of a customer is the result of a company mistake, the company may not backbill in excess of 12 months. ~~Nor may the company recover in a ratemaking proceeding any lost revenue which inures to the company's detriment on account of this provision.~~

~~(11) Local Communications Services Tax.~~

~~(a) The Local Communications Services Tax is comprised of the discretionary communications services tax levied by the governing authority of each municipality and county authorized by Chapter 202, F.S.~~

~~(b) When a municipality or county levies the Local Communications Services Tax authorized by Chapter 202, F.S., the local exchange company may collect that tax only from its subscribers receiving service within that municipality or county.~~

~~(c) A local exchange company may not incorporate any portion of the Local Communications Services Tax into its other rates for service.~~

~~(12) State Communications Services Tax.~~

~~(a) The State Communications Services Tax is comprised of the Gross Receipts Tax imposed by Chapter 203, F.S., the communications services sales tax imposed by Chapter 202, F.S., and any local option sales tax.~~

~~(b) A local exchange company may not incorporate any portion of the State Communications Services Tax into its other rates for service.~~

(13) Each LEC shall apply partial payment of an end user/customer bill first towards satisfying any unpaid regulated charges. The remaining portion of the payment, if any, shall be applied to nonregulated charges.

(14) All bills produced shall clearly and conspicuously display the following information for each service billed in regard to each company claiming to be the customer's presubscribed provider for local, local toll, or toll service:

- ~~(a) The name of the certificated company;~~
- ~~(b) Type of service provided, i.e., local, local toll, or toll; and~~
- ~~(c) A toll free customer service number.~~

~~(15) This section applies to LECs that provide transmission services or bill and collect on behalf of Pay Per Call providers. Pay Per Call services are defined as switched telecommunications services between locations within the State of Florida which permit communications between an end use customer and an information provider's program at a per call charge to the end user/customer. Pay Per Call services include 976 services provided by the LECs and 900 services provided by interexchange carriers.~~

~~(a) Charges for Pay Per Call service (900 or 976) shall be segregated from charges for regular long distance or local charges by appearing separately under a heading that reads as~~

~~follows: "Pay Per Call (900 or 976) nonregulated charges." The following information shall be clearly and conspicuously disclosed on each section of the bill containing Pay Per Call service (900 or 976) charges:~~

- ~~1. Nonpayment of Pay Per Call service (900 or 976) charges will not result in disconnection of local service;~~
- ~~2. End users/customers can obtain free blocking of Pay Per Call service (900 or 976) from the LEC;~~
- ~~3. The local or toll free number the end user/customer can call to dispute charges;~~
- ~~4. The name of the IXC providing 900 service; and~~
- ~~5. The Pay Per Call service (900 or 976) program name.~~

~~(b) Pay Per Call Service (900 and 976) Billing. LECs and IXCs who have a tariff or contractual relationship with a Pay Per Call (900 or 976) provider shall not provide Pay Per Call transmission service or billing services, unless the provider does each of the following:~~

- ~~1. Provides a preamble to the program which states the per minute and total minimum charges for the Pay Per Call service (900 and 976); child's parental notification requirement is announced on preambles for all programs where there is a potential for minors to be attracted to the program; child's parental notification requirement in any preamble to a program targeted to children must be in language easily understandable to children; and programs that do not exceed \$3.00 in total charges may omit the preamble, except as provided in subparagraph (11)(b)3.;~~
- ~~2. Provides an 18 second billing grace period in which the end user/customer can disconnect the call without incurring a charge; from the time the call is answered at the Pay Per Call provider's premises, the preamble message must be no longer than 15 seconds. The program may allow an end user/customer to affirmatively bypass a preamble;~~

~~3. Provides on each program promotion targeted at children (defined as younger than 18 years of age) clear and conspicuous notification, in language understandable to children, of the requirement to obtain parental permission before placing or continuing with the call. The parental consent notification shall appear prominently in all advertising and promotional materials, and in the program preamble. Children's programs shall not have rates in excess of \$5.00 per call, and shall not include the enticement of a gift or premium;~~

~~4. Promotes its services without the use of an autodialer or broadcasting of tones that dial a Pay Per Call (900 or 976) number;~~

~~5. Prominently discloses the additional cost per minute or per call for any other telephone number that an end user/customer is referred to either directly or indirectly;~~

~~6. In all advertising and promotional materials, displays charges immediately above, below, or next to the Pay Per Call number, in type size that can be seen as clearly and conspicuously at a glance as the Pay Per Call number. Broadcast television advertising charges, in Arabic numerals, must be shown on the screen for the same duration as the Pay Per Call number is shown, each time the Pay Per Call number is shown. Oral representations shall be equally as clear;~~

~~7. Provides on Pay Per Call services that involve sales of products or merchandise clear preamble notification of the price that will be incurred if the end user/customer stays on the line, and a local or toll free number for consumer complaints; and~~

~~8. Meets internal standards established by the LEC or IXC as defined in the applicable tariffs or contractual agreement between the LEC and the IXC; or between the LEC/IXC and the Pay Per Call (900 or 976) provider which when violated, would result in the termination of a transmission or billing arrangement.~~

~~(12)(c) Pay Per Call (900 and 976) Blocking. Each LEC shall provide blocking where technically feasible of Pay Per Call service (900 and 976), at the request of the end user/customer at no charge. Each LEC or IXC must implement a bill adjustment tracking system to aid its efforts in adjusting and sustaining Pay Per Call charges. The LEC or IXC will adjust the first bill containing Pay Per Call charges upon the end user's/customer's stated lack of knowledge that Pay Per Call service (900 and 976) has a charge. A second adjustment will be made if necessary to reflect calls billed in the following month which were placed prior to the Pay Per Call service inquiry. At the time the charge is removed, the end user/customer shall be notified of the availability of ~~may agree to~~ free blocking of Pay Per Call service (900 and 976).~~

~~(d) Dispute resolution for Pay Per Call service (900 and 976). Charges for Pay Per Call service (900 and 976) shall be automatically adjusted upon complaint that:~~

~~1. The end user/customer did not receive a price advertisement, the price of the call was misrepresented to the consumer, or the price advertisement received by the consumer was false, misleading, or deceptive;~~

~~2. The end user/customer was misled, deceived, or confused by the Pay Per Call (900 or 976) advertisement;~~

~~3. The Pay Per Call (900 or 976) program was incomplete, garbled, or of such quality as to render it inaudible or unintelligible, or the end user/customer was disconnected or cut off from the service;~~

~~4. The Pay Per Call (900 and/or 976) service provided out of date information; or~~

~~5. The end user/customer terminated the call during the preamble described in subparagraph 25 4.110(11)(b)2., F.A.C., but was charged for the Pay Per Call service (900 or 976).~~

~~(e) If the end user/customer refuses to pay a disputed Pay Per Call service (900 or 976) charge which is subsequently determined by the LEC to be valid, the LEC or IXC may implement Pay Per Call (900 and 976) blocking on that line.~~

~~(f) Credit and Collection. LECs and IXCs billing Pay Per Call (900 and 976) charges to an end user/customer in Florida shall not:~~

~~1. Collect or attempt to collect Pay Per Call service (900 or 976) charges which are being disputed or which have been removed from an end user's/customer's bill; or~~

~~2. Report the end user/customer to a credit bureau or collection agency solely for non-payment of Pay Per Call (900 or 976) charges.~~

~~(g) LECs and IXCs billing Pay Per Call service (900 and 976) charges to end users/customers in Florida shall implement safeguards to prevent the disconnection of phone service for non-payment of Pay Per Call (900 or 976) charges.~~

(136) Companies that bill for local service must provide notification with the customer's first bill or via letter, and annually thereafter that a PC-Freeze is available at no charge. Existing customers must be notified annually that a PC-Freeze is available at no charge. Notification shall conform to the requirements of Rule 25-4.083.

~~(17) The customer must be given notice on the first or second page of the customer's next bill in conspicuous bold face type when the customer's presubscribed provider of local, local toll, or toll service has changed.~~

(148) If a customer notifies a billing party that they did not order an item appearing on their bill or that they were not provided a service appearing on their bill, the billing party shall promptly provide the customer a credit for the item and remove the item from the customer's bill, with the exception of the following:

(a) Charges that originate from:

1. Billing party or its affiliates;
2. A governmental agency;
3. A customer's presubscribed intraLATA or interLATA interexchange carrier; and

(b) Charges associated with the following types of calls:

1. Collect calls;
2. Third party calls;
3. Customer dialed calls for; and
4. Calls using a 10-10-xxx calling pattern.

(159)(a) Upon request from any customer, a billing party must restrict charges in its bills

to only:

1. Those charges that originate from the following:

- a. Billing party or its affiliates;
- b. A governmental agency;
- c. A customer's presubscribed intraLATA or interLATA interexchange carrier; and

2. Those charges associated with the following types of calls:

- a. Collect calls;
- b. Third party calls;
- c. Customer dialed calls; and
- d. Calls using a 10-10-xxx calling pattern.

(b) Customers must be notified of this right by billing parties annually and at each time a customer notifies a billing party that the customer's bill contained charges for products or services that the customer did not order or that were not provided to the customer.

(c) Small local exchange telecommunications companies as defined in Section 364.052(1), F.S., are exempted from this subsection.

~~(20) Nothing prohibits originating parties from billing customers directly, even if a charge has been blocked from a billing party's bill at the request of a customer.~~

(16) In addition to the requirements listed in subsections (1) through (15) above, a local provider shall meet the requirements as prescribed by the Federal Communications Commission in Title 47, Code of Federal Regulations, Part 64, Sections 64.2400 and 64.2401, Truth-in-Billing Requirements for Common Carriers, revised as of October 1, 2007, which are incorporated into this rule by reference.

Rulmaking Specific Authority 350.127, 364.604(5) FS. Law Implemented 350.113, 364.03, 364.04, 364.05, 364.052, 364.17, 364.19, 364.3382, 364.602, 364.603, 364.604 FS. History—  
New 12-1-68, Amended 3-31-76, 12-31-78, 1-17-79, 7-28-81, 9-8-81, 5-3-82, 11-21-82, 4-13-86, 10-30-86, 11-28-89, 3-31-91, 11-11-91, 3-10-96, 12-28-98, 7-5-00, 11-16-03, \_\_\_\_\_.