#### BEFORE THE FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

In re: Review of the continuing need and costs | DOCKET NO. 090368-EI associated with Tampa Electric Company's 5 Combustion Turbines and Big Bend Rail Facility.

ORDER NO. PSC-09-0842-PCO-EI ISSUED: December 22, 2009

The following Commissioners participated in the disposition of this matter:

MATTHEW M. CARTER II, Chairman LISA POLAK EDGAR NANCY ARGENZIANO NATHAN A. SKOP DAVID E. KLEMENT

# ORDER DENYING PROPOSED TARIFF **AND** ORDER SETTING DOCKET FOR A FORMAL ADMINISTRATIVE HEARING

BY THE COMMISSION:

## **BACKGROUND**

On October 12, 2009, Tampa Electric Company (TECO or Company) filed a Petition for a step increase in rates pursuant to Order No. PSC-09-0283-FOF-EI (Final Order), issued April 30, 2009, and confirmed on reconsideration in Order No. PSC-09-0571-FOF-EI (Order on Reconsideration), issued August 21, 2009.

The Final Order granted TECO an increase in rates and charges with a step increase in rates to generate a maximum of \$33.5 million of additional revenue effective January 1, 2010. This amount was increased to \$34,077,079 by the Order on Reconsideration to reflect an adjustment of the weighted average cost of capital. The step increase is designed to address the additional costs incurred by TECO to construct five combustion turbines (CTs) during 2009 and a new rail unloading facility at Big Bend Station (Rail Facility) to be placed in service toward the end of 2009.

The Final Order contained certain conditions TECO must meet to recover the deferred cost for the five CTs, including that these investments are completed and in commercial operation by December 31, 2009, and that the units must be needed for load generation. The Final Order specifically states:

Order No. PSC-09-0571-FOF-EI, issued August 21, 2009, in Docket No. 080317-EI, In re: Petition for rate increase by Tampa Electric Company.

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The decision to complete any or all of these projects by year end, considering changed circumstances such as, but not limited to, decreased electricity consumption, shall be subject to our staff's review and approval. There is testimony in the record that TECO may not stay on schedule with the CTs because of the downturn in the economy. TECO shall only move forward with the units if the capacity is needed. This condition will help ensure that TECO will only move forward with its plans for the CTs if it is justified in terms of load requirements.

Final Order, p. 6.

With regard to the rail facility, the Final Order conditioned the recovery of the step increase on completion of the project by December 31, 2009.

The Intervenors in the rate case jointly filed a Motion for Reconsideration contesting the Commission's decision to grant the step increase. The Order on Reconsideration confirmed the step increase and provided "that a new docket will be opened to evaluate whether there continues to be a load generation need for the CTs, including whether there has been a change in circumstances to warrant the Company not completing the CTs, and to verify and evaluate the reasonableness of the cost associated with these projects." The Order on Reconsideration also clarified that the Final Order did not grant staff the authority to approve the step increase. The Order on Reconsideration provided that "before TECO recovers the costs for the CTs through base rates, our staff will prepare a recommendation for our consideration. Staff's recommendation will be limited to whether the conditions established in the Final Order have been met."

On September 14, 2009, the Intervenors in Docket No. 080317-EI (TECO's rate case proceeding) filed with the Florida Supreme Court a Joint Notice of Administrative Appeal of the Final Order and the Order on Reconsideration, appealing the decision of the Commission to grant the step increase.

The Office of the Public Counsel (OPC) and Florida Industrial Power Users Group (FIPUG) has intervened in this docket. We have jurisdiction pursuant to Sections 366.05 and 366.06, Florida Statutes (F.S.)

# **DISCUSSION AND DECISION**

As noted in the background, TECO filed a Petition on October 12, 2009, for approval of rate schedules that implement a step increase to recover costs for its five 60 megawatts (MW) CTs scheduled to go in service in 2009 and the rail facilities for unloading coal at Big Bend Station. The total amount of the step increase authorized in the rate case Final Order was \$33,561,370. This amount was adjusted in the Order on Reconsideration to \$34,077,079 for a change in the weighted average cost of capital. The step increase includes a maximum increase of \$26,938,806 for the five CTs and \$7,138,274 for the Rail Facility.

The Final Order and the Order on Reconsideration established conditions that must be met before the step increase could be implemented. Those conditions include:

- (1) The Rail Facility is completed and in commercial operation by December 31, 2009;
- (2) The five CTs are actually in service during 2009; and
- (2) The five CTs continue to be needed for load generation.

The status of each condition is separately discussed, below:

### Condition 1: The Rail Facility is completed and in commercial operation by December 31, 2009:

In its Petition, TECO states that the Rail Facility is substantially complete and is on schedule to begin receiving coal deliveries by December 1, 2009. An engineer from our Tampa District Office conducted an on site inspection of the Rail Facility on October 23, 2009. He found that nearly all of the railroad tracks inside perimeter have been completed and that much of the work remaining involves service road crossings. He also observed the conveyor belt system and found that most of it is completed. Some of the remaining sections are being assembled on the ground and will be lifted into place. Thus, it appears that the Rail Facility will be completed by December 31, 2009.

While there is no reason to believe the Rail Facility will not be completed as scheduled, it was not in service as of the day of our vote in this docket. For this reason, and in order to verify the actual cost of the project, this item shall be included in the topics to be covered in the hearing that shall be set in this docket. In the interim, we approve the step increase of \$7,138,274 for the Rail Facility on a temporary basis, subject to refund, pending the outcome of the hearing. In this way, the Company is allowed to collect its authorized rates during the pendency of the hearing, and the customers are protected in case the step increase is ultimately denied or reduced.

## Condition 2: The five CTs are actually in service during 2009:

Along with its Petition, TECO provided documentation that each of the five CTs has been placed in commercial operation on the dates indicated below:

<u>Unit</u>	In Service Date	
Bayside CT 5	April 27, 2009	
Bayside CT 6	April 20, 2009	
Bayside CT 3	July 13, 2009	
Bayside CT 4	July 13, 2009	

Big Bend CT 4 August 26, 2009

Our staff verified the in-service dates of all five CTs by reviewing the Commercial Operation Memorandum for each CT attached to the Petition, as well as TECO's responses to our data requests in this docket and the May, July, and August A-Schedules filed by TECO with this Commission in the Fuel Docket. In addition, our staff from the Tampa District Office conducted a site visit and verified that all five CTs are fully completed and appear to be functional. Therefore, we find that TECO has met the condition of the Final order that all five CTs are actually in service during 2009.

# Condition 3: The five CTs continue to be needed for load generation:

The Final Order also required that the five CTs continue to be needed for load generation. In the Final Order, we recognized the need for the five CTs but also noted that Company witness Black testified that not all of the five CTs may be needed in 2009. The Final Order provides that the decision to complete any or all of these projects by year end, considering changed circumstances such as, but not limited to, decreased electricity consumption, shall be subject to staff's review and Commission approval.

In the Petition filed in this docket, TECO states that when the decision to approve construction of these five units was made, each unit was required in order to meet the Company's 20 percent reserve margin obligation in 2009. TECO acknowledges that it has experienced lower than expected sales and, as a result, with the addition of the CTs, the Company's reserve margin exceeds the minimum 20 percent criteria. The Company asserts that because of the advanced state of construction when evidence of reduced demand and energy became a reality, the Company had no cost-effective option to cease construction of any of the CT units in 2009. According to TECO's petition, by January 15, 2009, over 70 percent of the funds for all contracts involving the five CT projects were irrevocably committed and would have represented sunk costs providing no benefits if construction had been stopped. TECO claims that because construction of Bayside CTs 5 and 6 was in the final stages during the rate case hearings and complete when the Commission issued the Final Order on April 30, 2009, these units were never candidates for postponement. With regard to the other three CTs, TECO maintains that postponement was not a cost-effective option since the majority of funds for contracts were committed and substantial construction had been completed at the time of the rate case hearings.

Additionally, TECO maintains in its Petition that these units have produced significant amounts of energy in 2009 which benefited its customers while providing additional reliability. According to TECO's Petition, all of the new CTs provide black start<sup>2</sup> and quick start<sup>3</sup> capability, which significantly enhances the operational flexibility and reliability of the system, and provides a more economical option to meet the Company's operating reserve obligation than

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Black start capability is the ability to start the unit independent of an energized connection to the bulk electric system, such as in a blackout condition. This capability allows for faster restoration of electric service to customers following hurricanes or other major system disturbances.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Quick start capability enables these units to go from off-line to full load within 10 minutes.

through the use of spinning reserves. In addition, TECO asserts that the quick start capability of the five CTs will provide fuel savings over the life of the assets. The 2009 fuel savings resulting from the operation of the five CTs were factored into TECO's most recent fuel adjustment midcourse correction that reduced the fuel adjustment factor effective May 8, 2009. The lower fuel cost resulting from the CTs is also reflected in TECO's 2010 fuel factors. TECO states that the five CTs will produce an estimated 2009 and 2010 fuel savings of \$4 million through the displacement of less efficient units or more expensive power purchases.

Our staff reviewed the Petition and other data submitted by TECO in order to analyze the continuing need for the five CTs. As part of discovery, staff asked for information of monthly reserve margins under TECO's 2007 through 2009 Ten Year Site Plans. In its analysis, staff performed multiple calculations based on TECO's response in which one or more of the CTs were removed from the planned installed capacity. This analysis also looked at the effect on the reserve margins of scheduled maintenance of other plants. The analysis indicates that if one or more of the new CTs were not on line, the reserve margin would fall below 20 percent in several months during 2010 taking into account scheduled maintenance of other plants. However, we note that since scheduled maintenance is not something that occurs regularly, it could be possible that other options may exist to maintain reliability, such as short-term Purchase Power Agreements (PPA) to cover the temporary shortage. We also note that there are several months in which the reserve margin is well over the 20 percent reserve margin criteria. Staff prepared a memorandum describing its analysis, which has been filed in this docket. In this memorandum, staff concluded that there is a need for the five CTs based on the immediate fuel cost savings and the long term system reliability benefits.

We believe questions remain regarding whether all of the five CTs were needed for load generation as required by the Final order in the rate case and confirmed by the Order on Reconsideration. TECO acknowledges that its reserve margin exceeds the minimum 20 percent criteria with the addition of the five CTs. This was confirmed by the analysis conducted by us. However, the addition of the five CTs does offer additional system flexibility and enhanced long-term reliability as well as fuel savings. Therefore, we find that this matter shall be set directly for hearing to examine whether the new CTs are needed to satisfy the load requirements on the TECO system, and if not, if they provide other benefits which justify their inclusion in rates.

## Staff Audit:

On July 15, 2009, our staff initiated an audit to, among other things, verify the capital costs for the five CTs and provide a comparison to amounts used in our rate case order. The audit was completed on August 31, 2009. Audit Finding No. 4 indicates that total cost to date for the five CTs is about \$50 million less than what was projected in the rate case. Even though the CTs are now in commercial operation, there will probably be some additional charges that have yet to be accounted for. The Rail Facility is not complete and TECO expects the final costs to be about \$13 million in excess of what was originally projected and used in the rate case. TECO expects the final costs for the Rail Facility to be \$60 million whereas the original projection was \$46.9 million. We find that this information regarding the updated capital costs for the CTs shall be considered in determining the level of the step increase. Accordingly, our

increase shall be reduced from \$34,077,080 to \$25,742,209, a reduction of \$8,334,871. (See Schedule 1)

It is unlikely that a PAA order would not be protested, regardless of the outcome of our decision. Therefore, in the interest of administrative efficiency, this matter shall be set directly for hearing in order to determine whether TECO has satisfied the three conditions for the step increase set forth in the rate case Final Order and confirmed in the Order on Reconsideration. At the hearing, we can determine whether the Rail Facility was completed and in commercial operation by December 31, 2009, as required by the Final Order. Further, we can explore the benefits of the five new CTs, determine whether there is a continuing need for each of the units, and ascertain the actual costs of the CTs and the Rail Facility. A hearing would also afford the parties to this proceeding an opportunity to conduct their evaluation of the cost of, and need for, the five CTs.

Also, we find that TECO shall be allowed to implement a revised step increase effective January 1, 2010, of \$25,742,209, consistent with the findings in our Audit. This step increase shall be approved on a temporary basis, subject to refund, with interest, pending the outcome of the hearing. This protects customers from any discrepancies between any rates implemented in January 2010 and final rates adopted by this Commission in our final decision on the matter.

TECO filed revised tariff sheets to adjust base rates to collect the \$34,077,079 maximum amount contained in the Order on Reconsideration. Based on our decision above, that amount shall be reduced to \$25,742,209. This increase represents approximately a 2.7 percent increase on a Company total basis. Because we approve \$25,742,209, and deny the tariffs as filed, TECO shall file revised tariffs consistent with our decision above. The revised tariffs shall be effective for bills rendered on or after January 1, 2010, consistent with the language in Order No. PSC-09-0283-FOF-EI, the Final Order.

The Final Order clearly specified that such costs associated with any step increase shall be allocated to rate classes consistent with the approved cost of service methodology, so there is no dispute on how the dollars will be allocated to rate classes. In its petition, TECO proposes a fixed percentage increase in the demand and energy charges for all rate classes to accomplish the increase. We agree with TECO that it is appropriate to adjust rates to reflect any approved increase. Thus, we authorize our staff to administratively approve the revised tariffs to be filed on or before December 11, 2009. The proposed administrative review is to make sure TECO has allocated the appropriate dollars in total, used the factors approved in the rate case, and properly applied the increase to rate classes. These are all mathematical calculations and involve no discretionary decisions by our staff.

Based on the foregoing, it is

ORDERED by the Florida Public Service Commission that this matter be set directly for a formal administrative hearing. It is further

ORDERED that Tampa Electric Company is authorized to implement a revised step increase of \$25,742,209 on January 1, 2010, subject to refund with interest pending the outcome of the hearing. It is further

ORDERED that Tampa Electric Company's proposed tariffs filed with its petition in this docket is denied. It is further

ORDERED that Tampa Electric Company shall file tariffs using the revised revenue requirement of \$25,742,209 no latter than December 11, 2009. If is further

ORDERED that the new tariffs shall be approved upon our staff's verification that the tariffs are consistent with our decision herein.

ORDERED in addition, we find that all additional revenues collected under the new tariffs shall be held subject to refund, with interest, pending final disposition of this matter by this Commission. It is further

ORDERED that this docket shall be held open to conduct a hearing.

By ORDER of the Florida Public Service Commission this 22nd day of December, 2009.

ANN COLE Commission Clerk

By:

Dorothy E. Menasco

Chief Deputy Commission Clerk

(SEAL)

KY

DISSENT BY: COMMISSIONER ARGENZIANO

# NOTICE OF FURTHER PROCEEDINGS OR JUDICIAL REVIEW

The Florida Public Service Commission is required by Section 120.569(1), Florida Statutes, to notify parties of any administrative hearing or judicial review of Commission orders that is available under Sections 120.57 or 120.68, Florida Statutes, as well as the procedures and time limits that apply. This notice should not be construed to mean all requests for an administrative hearing or judicial review will be granted or result in the relief sought.

Mediation may be available on a case-by-case basis. If mediation is conducted, it does not affect a substantially interested person's right to a hearing.

Any party adversely affected by this order, which is preliminary, procedural or intermediate in nature, may request: (1) reconsideration within 10 days pursuant to Rule 25-22.0376, Florida Administrative Code; or (2) judicial review by the Florida Supreme Court, in the case of an electric, gas or telephone utility, or the First District Court of Appeal, in the case of a water or wastewater utility. A motion for reconsideration shall be filed with the Office of Commission Clerk, in the form prescribed by Rule 25-22.0376, Florida Administrative Code. Judicial review of a preliminary, procedural or intermediate ruling or order is available if review of the final action will not provide an adequate remedy. Such review may be requested from the appropriate court, as described above, pursuant to Rule 9.100, Florida Rules of Appellate Procedure.

SCHEDULE 1

3.12%

# TAMPA ELECTRIC COMPANY DOCKET NO. 090368-EI CALCULATION OF JANUARY 1, 2010 STEP INCREASE

#### ADJUSTED FOR REVISED ESTIMATES FOR TOTAL PROJECTED COSTS OF CTs

	Step Increase Base Rate Increase					
		APPROVED®	ADJUSTMENT	REVISED		
	Big Bend Rail Facility	7,138,274	01	7,138,274		
	May 2009 CTs	8,030,533	(496,796)	7,533,737		
	September 2009 CTs	18,908,273	(7,838,075)	11,070,198		
	Total Step Increase	34,077,080	(8,334,871)	25,742,209		
		MAY 2009 CTs (2 Units)				
		Jurisdictional	Jurisdictional			
11		Approved Total	Revised Total	to act and the state of the state of		
Line		Revenue	Revenue	Jurisdictional		
<u>No.</u> 1	Net Plant in Service	Requirement <sup>2</sup> 94,758,291	Requirement <sup>3</sup>	<u>Difference</u> (2,690,019)		
2	Rate Of Return*	8.29%	92,068,272 8,29%			
3	Required Return (2x3)	7,855,462	7,632,460	8.29% (223,003)		
4	O&M Expenses	636,000	636,000	(223,003)		
5	Depreciation	4,173,000	4,055,020	(117,980)		
6	Taxes Other Than Income	2,226,000	2,159,621	(66,379)		
7	Income Taxes (4+5+6)x38575	(2,713,751)	(2,642,635)	71,116		
8	Income Tax Effect of Interest*	(1,140,469)	(1,108,093)	32,376		
O	[(1) x 3.12% x38575]	(1,140,409)	(1,100,050)			
9	Total NOI Requirement (3+4+5+6+7+8)	11,036,242	10,732,373	(303,869)		
10	NOI Multiplier*	1.6349	1.6349	1.6349		
11	Revenue Requirement (9x10)	18,043,153	17,546,357	(496,796)		
	, , ,					
		SEPTEMBER 2009 CTs (3 Units)				
		Jurisdictional	Jurisdictional			
		Approved Total	Revised Total			
Line		Revenue	Revenue	Jurisdictional		
<u>No.</u>		Requirement <sup>2</sup>	Requirement <sup>3</sup>	<u>Difference</u>		
1	Net Plant in Service	137,373,373	96,110,153	(41,263,220)		
2	Rate Of Return*	8.29%	8,29%	8.29%		
3	Required Return (2x3)	11,388,253	7,967,532	(3,420,721)		
4	O&M Expenses	987,000	987,000	0		
5	Depreciation	6,051,000	4,142,195	(1,908,805)		
6	Taxes Other Than Income	3,348,000	2,212,234	(1,135,766)		
7	Income Taxes (4+5+6)x38575	(4,006,400)	(2,831,956)	1,174,443		
8	Income Tax Effect of Interest*	(1,653,365)	(1,156,739)	496,626		
	[(1) x 3.12% x38575]	****	*****	****		
9	Total NOI Requirement (3+4+5+6+7+8)	16,114,488	11,320,265	(4,794,223)		
10	NOI Multiplier*	1.6349	1.6349	1.6349		
11	Revenue Requirement (9x10)	26,345,5 <b>7</b> 7	18,50 <b>7</b> ,502	( <b>7</b> ,838,075)		
		Amount	Ratio	Cost Rate	Weighted Cost	
	Common Equity	1,632,611,907	53.96%	N/A	N/A	
	Long Term Debt	1,384,998,776	45.78%	6.80%	3.11%	
	Short Term Debt	7,904,810	0.26%	2.75%	0.01%	
		.,001,010	V.= 5 / 0	2., 5 %	0.0170	

#### NOTES:

Total

- Per Reconsideration Order Order No. PSC-09-0571-FOF-EI in Docket No. 080317-EI
- <sup>1</sup> The actual and projected total costs exceed the cap. Therefore, no adjustment is required.
- <sup>2</sup> Approved Total Revenue Requirement is based on the combined total annualized costs included in both base rates and the step increase for the CTs. (Order No. PSC-09-0283-FOF-EI and Order No. PSC-09-0571-FOF-EI in Docket No. 080317-EI)

3,025,515,493

100.00%

<sup>3</sup> Revised Total Revenue Requirement is based on the revised "Total Projected Costs per Company" included in Audit Finding No. 4 in staff's audit (Audit Control No. 09-197-2-1)