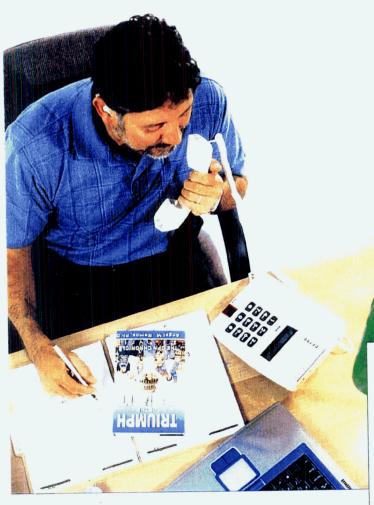
Florida Public Service Commission

REDACTED

Request for Proposa to Provide Telecommunications Relay Service

Confidential Materia
Docket No. 110013-TF



Submitted by Hamilton Telephone Company /a Hamilton Telecommunications

Redacted Copy



110013-TP
REDACTED

DOCUMENT NUMBER-DATE

04831 JUL 14 =

FPSC-COMMISSION CLERK

Attachment H Financial Information



Florida Relay

Relay Your Way®



Hamilton believes that the Financial Information as contained in Attachment H is 'proprietary confidential business information' within the meaning of Section 364.183, Florida Statutes. Hamilton is filing this section with the Clerk's office under a claim of confidentiality pursuant to Section 364.183(1), Florida Statutes, and Rule 25-22.006(5), E.A.C.

Hamilton derives economic value from the information contained on such pages because it is not known to others, including Hamilton's competitors. Hamilton maintains the secrecy of the confidential and proprietary information by retaining sole possession and control of such information, and by not disclosing such information to others. Hamilton respectfully requests that the FPSC designate the confidential and proprietary information in its proposal as confidential trade secrets.

To allow the FPSC to evaluate Hamilton's financial responsibility, Hamilton has filed one highlighted and two redacted copies of its financial information with the Clerk's office. The information submitted includes a copy of its published annual financial statements for the past two years including a statement of income and related earnings, cash flow statement, balance sheet and opinion concerning financial statements from a Certified Public Accountant for Hamilton Telephone Company and for Nedelco, Incorporated, its parent company.

Hamilton has included its primary banking source's letter of reference further in this Attachment.

Hamilton Telecommunications has outstanding financial resources.

Hamilton has more than enough financial resources to operate Florida Relay and has the financial wherewithal to start-up and operate Florida Relay as well as easily manage any associated liabilities. Hamilton's debt ratio and other pertinent numbers show Hamilton to be in excellent financial condition.

- Hamilton has experienced strong and steady revenue growth over the past 20 years.
- Hamilton has shown a profit since approximately 1966.
- Hamilton has no long-term debt, and has not borrowed money since 1976.

This track record demonstrates Hamilton's capability to not only be in a position to financially handle all operation and expansion costs for Florida Relay but also demonstrates its ongoing ability to provide "state-of-the-art" services at reasonable prices. Hamilton's outstanding financial resources also ensure continued excellence in the operation of Florida Relay.

Hamilton encourages the FPSC to contact its banking reference listed below, who can attest to Hamilton's ability to meet any of the financial demands contained within the RFP.



Relay Your Way®



Mr. Tom Darbro, President Pinnacle Bank 1234 L Street P.O. Box 229 Aurora, NE 68818 Ph: (402) 694-2111

> Florida Relay

Western Surety Company

POWER OF ATTORNEY APPOINTING INDIVIDUAL ATTORNEY-IN-FACT

Know All Men By These Presents, That WESTERN SURETY COMPANY, a South Dakota corporation, is a duly organized and existing corporation having its principal office in the City of Sioux Falls, and State of South Dakota, and that it does by virtue of the signature and seal herein affixed hereby make, constitute and appoint

Sharon K Murray, Maury J Spieker, David A Dominiani, Maura P Kelly, Joan Leu, Individually

of Omaha, NE, its true and lawful Attorney(s)-in-Fact with full power and authority hereby conferred to sign, seal and execute for and on its behalf bonds, undertakings and other obligatory instruments of similar nature

- In Unlimited Amounts -

and to bind it thereby as fully and to the same extent as if such instruments were signed by a duly authorized officer of the corporation and all the acts of said Attorney, pursuant to the authority hereby given, are hereby ratified and confirmed

This Power of Attorney is made and executed pursuant to and by authority of the By-Law printed on the reverse hereof, duly adopted, as indicated, by the shareholders of the corporation.

In Witness Whereof, WESTERN SURETY COMPANY has caused these presents to be signed by its Senior Vice President and its corporate seal to be hereto affixed on this 15th day of September, 2010.

> WESTERN SURETY COMPANY

State of South Dakota County of Minnehaha

On this 15th day of September, 2010, before me personally came Paul T. Bruflat, to me known, who, being by me duly swom, did depose and say: that he resides in the City of Sioux Falls, State of South Dakota; that he is the Senior Vice President of WESTERN SURETY COMPANY described in and which executed the above instrument; that he knows the seal of said corporation; that the seal affixed to the said instrument is such corporate seal; that it was so affixed pursuant to authority given by the Board of Directors of said corporation and that he signed his name thereto pursuant to like authority, and acknowledges same to be the act and deed of said corporation.

My commission expires

November 30, 2012



CERTIFICATE

I, L. Nelson, Assistant Secretary of WESTERN SURETY COMPANY do hereby certify that the Power of Attorney hereinabove set forth is still in force, and further certify that the By-Law of the corporation printed on the reverse hereof is still in force. In testimony whereof I have hereunto subscribed AM day of my name and affixed the seal of the said corporation this

WESTERN SURETY COMPANY

. Relson, Assistant Secretary

Authorizing By-Law

ADOPTED BY THE SHAREHOLDERS OF WESTERN SURETY COMPANY

This Power of Attorney is made and executed pursuant to and by authority of the following By-Law duly adopted by the shareholders of the Company.

Section 7. All bonds, policies, undertakings, Powers of Attorney, or other obligations of the corporation shall be executed in the corporate name of the Company by the President, Secretary, and Assistant Secretary, Treasurer, or any Vice President, or by such other officers as the Board of Directors may authorize. The President, any Vice President, Secretary, any Assistant Secretary, or the Treasurer may appoint Attorneys in Fact or agents who shall have authority to issue bonds, policies, or undertakings in the name of the Company. The corporate seal is not necessary for the validity of any bonds, policies, undertakings, Powers of Attorney or other obligations of the corporation. The signature of any such officer and the corporate seal may be printed by facsimile.

BID BOND

Conforms with The American Institute of Architects, A.I.A. Document No. A-310

KNOW ALL BY THESE	E PRESENTS, That we, H	lamilton Telephor	e Company dba Hamilton Telecommunications,	, 1001 12th
St., Aurora, Nebraska	68818-		the reduced by the second seco	
			as Principal, hereinafter called	the Principal,
and the Western Suret	y Company			•
of <u>P.O. Box 5077</u> , Sio	ux Falls, SD 57117-		, a corporation duly or	ganized under
the laws of the State of	South Dakota	, as Su	rety, hereinafter called the Surety, are held and firm	nly bound unto
Florida Telecommunic	ations Relay, Inc.		as Obligee, hereinafter calle	ed the Obligee,
in the sum of Five Hun	dred Thousand and 00/1	00		
			ich sum well and truly to be made, the said Principa and assigns, jointly and severally, firmly by these	
WHEREAS, the Principa	al has submitted a bid for	To Provide a Tele	communications Relay Service System in Florid	a. This bid
bond is valid and effect	tive from the date of bid s	submission throug	h October 28, 2011.	
the prosecution thereof, Principal shall pay to th larger amount for which	or in the event of the fa	faith contract with	act and for the prompt payment of labor and materi- pal to enter such Contract and give such bond or enalty hereof between the amount specified in said another party to perform the Work covered by said effect.	bonds, if the
Signed and sealed this	6th	day of	July	2011 .
Quiua	Shiften		Hamilton Telephone Company dba Hai	milton eations (Seal) Principal
		Witness	U.C. PRESIDENT	Title
Mark Coolbaugh	Phety Local Mann Countersignature	Witness	By Joan Len, At	ttorney-in-Fest
Mark Coordaugh				



June 3, 2011

Mr. Ray Kennedy. c/o Ms. Ann Cole Director, office of Commission Clerk Florida Public Service Commission 2540 Shumard Oak Boulevard Tallahassee, Fl 32399 - 0850

Dear Mr. Kennedy:

I am writing this letter of reference for Hamilton Telephone Co., D/B/A Hamilton Telecommunications.

Hamilton Telephone Co. has been a valued customer of Pinnacle Bank of Aurora for over 40 years. The Bank currently has a number of large deposit accounts with Hamilton Telephone Co. and several of their other entities. These accounts would have average balances in the mid seven to low eight figure range. We would consider Hamilton Telephone our largest and most valuable deposit customer. Possibly the most impressive thing about Hamilton Telecommunications is that they have no current or long term debt. In these times of huge corporate debt it is very unusual and refreshing to see this type of balance sheet.

Hamilton Telecommunications has provided strong telephone, cable TV, Internet, deaf relay and telemarketing to Hamilton County and surrounding counties for over 100 years. Hamilton Telecommunications is now servicing a large number of states plus the District of Columbia with their deaf relay service and are continuing to expand in this area. Hamilton Telephone is now and for the last several decades been owned by the Nelson family. The family is not only known as an excellent corporate citizen they are also very well thought of as individuals in our community and surrounding service areas. I think that you would be very pleased with the deaf relay service that Hamilton Telecommunications would provide.

If you have any questions concerning this letter of reference for Hamilton Telecommunications, please feel free to contact me at the following address or phone number.

Pinnacle Bank P.O. Box 229

Aurora, Nebraska 68818 Phone: 402-694-2111

E-Mail: tom.darbro@pinnbank.com

Tom Darbro

President





CERTIFICATE OF LIABILITY INSURANCE

DATE (MM/DD/YYYY)

5/25/2011 THIS CERTIFICATE IS ISSUED AS A MATTER OF INFORMATION ONLY AND CONFERS NO RIGHTS UPON THE CERTIFICATE HOLDER. THIS CERTIFICATE DOES NOT AFFIRMATIVELY OR NEGATIVELY AMEND, EXTEND OR ALTER THE COVERAGE AFFORDED BY THE POLICIES BELOW. THIS CERTIFICATE OF INSURANCE DOES NOT CONSTITUTE A CONTRACT BETWEEN THE ISSUING INSURER(S), AUTHORIZED RESENTATIVE OR PRODUCER, AND THE CERTIFICATE HOLDER. ORTANT: If the certificate holder is an ADDITIONAL INSURED, the policy(ies) must be endorsed. If SUBROGATION IS WAIVED, subject to the terms and conditions of the policy, certain policies may require an endorsement. A statement on this certificate does not confer rights to the certificate holder in lieu of such endorsement(s). PRODUCER UNITEL CONTACT NAME: 4435 O Street PHONE (A/C, No. Ext): 402-434-7255 FAX (A/C, No): 402-434-7272 Lincoln, NE 68510 E-MAIL ADDRESS: INSURER(S) AFFORDING COVERAGE NAIC# INSURER A: Hartford Insurance Co. Hamilton Relay, Inc. INSURED INSURER B: dba Hamilton Telecommunications INSURER C: 1001 12th Street INSURER D : Aurora NE 68818 INSURER E INSURER F **CERTIFICATE NUMBER: 10260604 REVISION NUMBER: COVERAGES** THIS IS TO CERTIFY THAT THE POLICIES OF INSURANCE LISTED BELOW HAVE BEEN ISSUED TO THE INSURED NAMED ABOVE FOR THE POLICY PERIOD INDICATED. NOTWITHSTANDING ANY REQUIREMENT, TERM OR CONDITION OF ANY CONTRACT OR OTHER DOCUMENT WITH RESPECT TO WHICH THIS CERTIFICATE MAY BE ISSUED OR MAY PERTAIN, THE INSURANCE AFFORDED BY THE POLICIES DESCRIBED HEREIN IS SUBJECT TO ALL THE TERMS, EXCLUSIONS AND CONDITIONS OF SUCH POLICIES. LIMITS SHOWN MAY HAVE BEEN REDUCED BY PAID CLAIMS. ADDL SUBR POLICY EFF POLICY EXP (MM/DD/YYYY) LIMITS TYPE OF INSURANCE POLICY NUMBER GENERAL LIABILITY 91UUNND6927 6/30/2010 6/30/2011 1,000,000 Α **EACH OCCURRENCE** DAMAGE TO RENTED PREMISES (Ea occurrence) 300,000 COMMERCIAL GENERAL LIABILITY 10,000 CLAIMS-MADE ✓ OCCUR MED EXP (Any one person) 1,000,000 PERSONAL & ADV INJURY ls. 3,000,000 GENERAL AGGREGATE 2,000,000 PRODUCTS - COMP/OP AGG |\$ GEN'I AGGREGATE LIMIT APPLIES PER: PRO-JECT POLICY COMBINED SINGLE LIMIT (Ea accident) 91UUNND6927 6/30/2010 6/30/2011 ITOMOBILE LIABILITY 1,000,000 BODILY INJURY (Per person) ANY AUTO ALL OWNED AUTOS SCHEDULED. BODILY INJURY (Per accident) AUTOS NON-OWNED AUTOS PROPERTY DAMAGE (Per accident) HIRED AUTOS s UMBRELLA LIAB EACH OCCURRENCE OCCUR 91RHUNDO918 6/30/2010 6/30/2011 10.000.000 **EXCESS LIAB** CLAIMS-MADE AGGREGATE \$ 10,000,000 \$ WORKERS COMPENSATION 91WEGJI3300 6/30/2010 6/30/2011 WC STATU-TORY LIMITS AND EMPLOYERS' LIABILITY ANY PROPRIETOR/PARTNER/EXECUTIVE OFFICER/MEMBER EXCLUDED? E.L. EACH ACCIDENT 500,000 N/A (Mandatory in NH) E.L. DISEASE - EA EMPLOYEE \$ 500,000 If yes, describe under
DESCRIPTION OF OPERATIONS below E.L. DISEASE - POLICY LIMIT | \$ 500,000 DESCRIPTION OF OPERATIONS / LOCATIONS / VEHICLES (Attach ACORD 101, Additional Remarks Schedule, if more space is required) **CERTIFICATE HOLDER** CANCELLATION SHOULD ANY OF THE ABOVE DESCRIBED POLICIES BE CANCELLED BEFORE THE EXPIRATION DATE THEREOF, NOTICE WILL BE DELIVERED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE POLICY PROVISIONS. Mr. Ray Kennedy, c/o Ms. Ann Cole Director, Office of Commission Clerk da Public Service Commission AUTHORIZED REPRESENTATIVE **J** Shumard Oak Boulevard A. Warned Tallahassee FL 32388-0850

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(TX) Joseph S. Weipert

Financial Statements

Years Ended June 30, 2010 and 2009

(With Independent Auditor's Report Thereon)



Kurt J. Moural, CPA
Thomas L. Stevenson, CPA
Daniel E. Vinkenberg, CPA
Sonja A. Cattau, CPA
Troy E. Knust, CPA
Tim J. Coufal, CPA
Casey J. Moscrip, CPA

Independent Auditor's Report

The Board of Directors
The Hamilton Telephone Company:

We have audited the accompanying balance sheets of The Hamilton Telephone Company as of June 30, 2010 and 2009, and the related statements of earnings, stockholders' equity, and cash flows for the years then ended. These financial statements are the responsibility of The Hamilton Telephone Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audits to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of The Hamilton Telephone Company as of June 30, 2010 and 2009, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the years then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

October 12, 2010

Proprietary
&
Confidential

Dohman, Akerland + Edoly, LLC

Balance Sheets

June 30, 2010 and 2009

<u>Assets</u>

2010

2009

Current assets:

Cash and cash equivalents
Certificates of deposit
Available-for-sale securities
Due from subscribers and agents,
less allowance for doubtful receivables

Inventories, at cost Prepaid expenses Due from parent for income taxes

Total current assets

Other assets:

Miscellaneous physical property Less accumulated depreciation

Net miscellaneous physical property

Other investments

Cash surrender value of life insurance

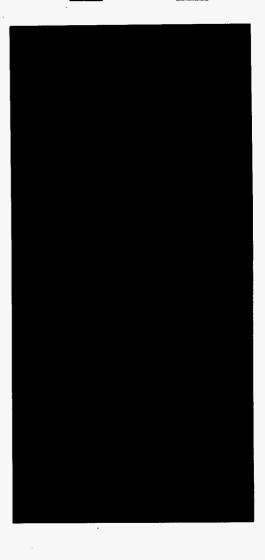
Due from affiliated companies

Total other assets

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

Property and equipment, at cost Less accumulated depreciation

Net property and equipment



Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity

<u>2010</u>

2009

Current liabilities:

Accounts payable
Accrued expenses and taxes
Deferred revenue
Due to affiliated companies
Deferred income taxes

Total current liabilities

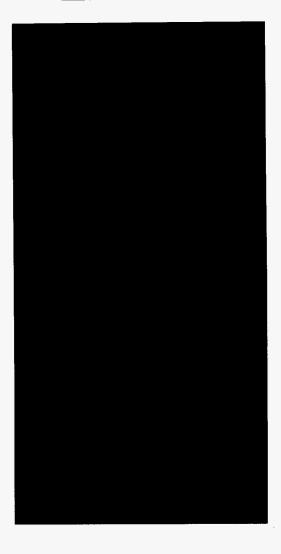
Deferred income taxes

Total liabilities and deferred income taxes

Stockholders' equity:

Accumulated other comprehensive income Retained earnings

Total stockholders' equity



Proprietary & Capfidential

Statements of Earnings

Years Ended June 30, 2010 and 2009

2010

2009

Operating revenues:

Local service
Toll service and access charges
Billing and collection revenue
Directory revenues, net
Other operating revenue

Less provision for doubtful accounts

Total operating revenues

Operating expenses:

Plant specific operations
Plant nonspecific operations
Customer operations
Corporate operations

Total operating expenses

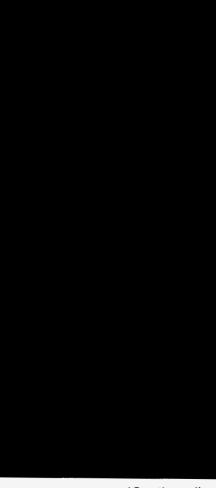
Operating income

Operating taxes:

Income taxes, current Income taxes, deferred Other

Total operating taxes

Net operating income, carried forward



(Continued)

Statements of Earnings (Continued) Years Ended June 30, 2010 and 2009

Net operating income, brought forward

Other income (deductions):

Interest income

Dividend income

Rental income, net of related

expenses including depreciation of

Charitable contributions

Other, net

Nonoperating income taxes

Total other income, net

Interest expense

Net earnings

Earnings per common share

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

2010

2009

Statements of Stockholders' Equity

Years Ended June 30, 2010 and 2009

Accumulated Total Other Stockholders Comprehensive Common Comprehensive Retained Equity Stock <u>Income</u> <u>Earnings</u> <u>Income</u> Balances at June 30, 2008 Comprehensive income - 2009: Net earnings Other comprehensive losses net of taxes, unrealized losses on securities, Comprehensive income Cash dividends Balances at June 30, 2009 Comprehensive income - 2010: Net earnings Other comprehensive gains net of taxes, unrealized gains on securities, net of Comprehensive income Cash dividends, Balances at June 30, 2010

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

Statements of Cash Flows

Years Ended June 30, 2010 and 2009

Increases in Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash flows from operating activities:

Cash received from subscribers and agents Cash paid to suppliers and employees Investment income received Cash contributions Interest paid Income taxes paid

Net cash provided by operating activities

Cash flows from investing activities:

Net advances repaid by (made to) parent and other affiliated companies Net redemption of certificates of deposit Proceeds from sale of property and equipment Expenditures for property and equipment Expenditures for removal of property and equipment

Net cash provided by investing activities

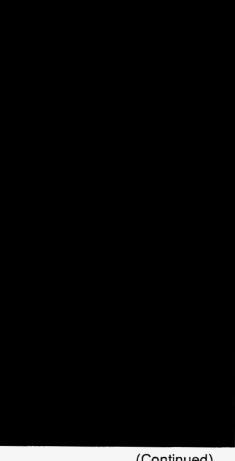
Cash flows from financing activities, dividends paid

Net increase in cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year Cash and cash equivalents at end of year

2010

2009



(Continued)

Statements of Cash Flows (Continued) Years Ended June 30, 2010 and 2009

Reconciliation of Net Earnings to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities

<u> 2010</u>

2009

Net earnings

Adjustments to reconcile net earnings

to net cash provided by operating activities:

Provision for doubtful accounts

Depreciation and amortization expense

Loss on disposition of other investments

Provision for deferred income taxes

Net partnership loss (income)

Decrease (increase) in:

Due from subscribers and agents

Accrued interest receivable

Prepaid expenses

Inventories

Cash surrender value of life insurance

Due from parent for income taxes

Increase (decrease) in:

Accounts payable

Accrued taxes and expenses

Accrued interest payable

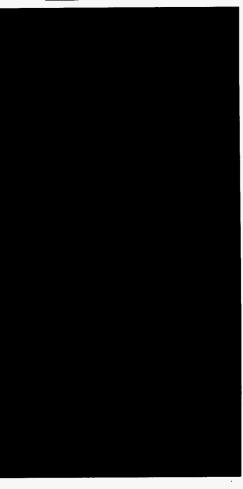
Deferred revenue

Due to affiliated companies

Due to parent for income taxes

Total adjustments

Net cash provided by operating activities



Supplemental Disclosure of Cash Flows Information

Included in accounts payable at June 30, 2010 and 2009 was respectively, associated with the acquisition of property and equipment.

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2010 and 2009

(1) Significant Accounting Policies

General

The Hamilton Telephone Company (the Company), a 97.2% owned subsidiary of Nedelco, Inc., a holding company, is headquartered in Aurora, Nebraska. Company is a corporation and was organized in 1901 and provides service in the area of Hamilton County, Nebraska. The Company operates under the rules and regulations of the Nebraska Public Service Commission. The Company is affiliated through common ownership and management with Aurora Telemarketing, Inc. (ATI), a telemarketing company, Hamilton Long Distance (HLD), a long distance service company, Hamilton Relay, Inc. (HRS), a company providing telephone relay service, Hamilton.net, Inc. (HNT), an internet service company, Hamilton Information Systems, Inc. (HIS), a retail computer store, Hamilton Wireless, Inc. (HWL), a wireless service company, and Nedelco Services Corporation (NSC), an employee services company, all of which are subsidiaries of Nedelco, Inc.; and through common management with Mid-State Community TV, Inc., a company providing cable television service in several central Nebraska communities. The Company provides telephone services to exchanges in central Nebraska and maintains its accounting records in accordance with the rules and regulations of the Nebraska Public Service Commission and utilizes the Uniform System of Accounts prescribed by the Federal Communications Commission. The accounting and reporting policies of the Company conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Cash and cash equivalents and statements of cash flows

For purposes of the statements of cash flows, the Company considers all highly liquid debt instruments purchased with a maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents. Additionally, advances to parent and affiliated companies and investment in certificates of deposit are presented on the net cash flow basis.

Due from subscribers and agents and allowance for doubtful receivables

Expenses include a provision for doubtful accounts to allow for estimated uncollectible accounts. This provision is based on past experience and on analysis of current accounts receivable collectibility. Accounts are considered delinquent based on passage of a specified period of time and consideration of payment history. Accounts deemed uncollectible are charged to the allowance in the year they are deemed uncollectible. As a result, there is at least a reasonable possibility that recorded estimates will change by a material amount in the near term.



Notes to Financial Statements

Investment securities

Investment securities that are held for short-term resale are classified as trading securities and carried at fair value. Debt securities that management has the ability and intent to hold to maturity are classified as held-to-maturity and carried at cost, adjusted for amortization of premium and accretion of discounts using methods approximating the interest method. Other marketable securities are classified as available-for-sale and are carried at fair value. Realized and unrealized gains and losses on trading securities are included in net income. Unrealized gains and losses on securities available-for-sale are recognized net of tax as direct increases or decreases in stockholders' equity as a component of other comprehensive income. Cost of securities sold is recognized using the specific identification method.

Inventories

Inventories are stated at cost (principally on the first-in, first-out basis) not in excess of market value. Market value is determined by comparison with recent purchases or realizable value.

Miscellaneous physical property

Depreciation of miscellaneous physical property is computed using straight-line and accelerated methods over the estimated useful life of the related asset.

Property and equipment

The Company's property and equipment are reported at historical cost less accumulated depreciation. Maintenance and repairs of property and replacements of items determined to be less than units of property are charged to expense. Replacements and renewals of items considered to be units of property are charged to the property and equipment accounts. Property and equipment retired or otherwise disposed of in the ordinary course of business, together with the cost of removal less salvage, is charged to accumulated depreciation. Depreciation of property and equipment is determined for financial statement purposes using the straight-line method based on the estimated service lives ranging from 5 to 30 years prescribed by the Nebraska Public Service Commission.

Long-lived assets

Long-lived assets are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate the related carrying amount may not be recoverable. When required, impairment losses on assets to be held and used are recognized based on the excess of the asset's carrying amount over the fair value of the asset and long-lived assets to be disposed of are reported at the lower of carrying amount or fair value less cost to sell.

Revenues

Telecommunication service revenues are recognized when related services are provided.



Notes to Financial Statements

Income taxes

The Company uses the asset-and-liability method of accounting for income taxes. Under the asset-and-liability method, deferred income taxes are recognized for the tax consequences of "temporary differences" by applying enacted statutory tax rates applicable to future years to differences between the financial statement carrying amounts and the tax bases of existing assets and liabilities. If it is more likely than not that some portion of a deferred tax asset will not be realized, a valuation allowance is recognized. The effect on deferred taxes of a change in tax rates is recognized in income in the period that includes the enactment date.

The results of the Company's operations are included in the consolidated income tax returns of its parent. The Company provides for income taxes in amounts equal to the tax that would have been due on a separate return basis and these amounts are remitted to its parent company.

The Company, via its parent company, has adopted Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) newly issued guidance related to accounting for any uncertainties in income taxes and required disclosures thereon. The Company has not recognized any interest or penalties in relation to income tax filings as of or for the years ended June 30, 2010 or 2009. Additionally, tax years ended June 30, 2007, 2008, 2009, and 2010 all remain open and are subject to potential examination by taxing jurisdictions.

Comprehensive income or loss

Accounting principles generally require that recognized revenue, expenses, gains, and losses be included in the statements of earnings. Although certain changes in assets and liabilities, such as unrealized gains and losses on securities available-for-sale, are reported as a separate component of the equity section of the statements of stockholders' equity, such items, along with net income, are components of comprehensive income. At June 30, 2010 and 2009, other comprehensive gains or losses were comprised entirely of unrealized gains or losses on securities available-for-sale, net of applicable deferred income taxes.

Earnings per common share

Earnings per common share are based on the weighted average number of shares of common stock outstanding during the year divided by net earnings.

Advertising and promotion costs

Advertising and promotion costs are expensed as incurred.

(Continued)

Notes to Financial Statements

Subsequent events

In May 2009, the FASB issued revised guidance on subsequent events testing and required disclosures. The revised guidance requires the disclosure of the date through which subsequent events have been evaluated, as well as whether that date is the date the financial statements were issued or the date the financial statements were available to be issued. Financial statements are considered to be "available to be issued" when they are complete in a form and format that complies with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and all approvals necessary for issuance have been obtained.

As required, the Company has evaluated subsequent events through October 12, 2010, which is the date the financial statements were considered "available to be issued".

Cash and Cash Equivalents and Certificates of Deposit (2)

The Company's cash and cash equivalents and certificates of deposit at June 30, 2010 consisted of checking accounts and certificates of deposit recorded at cost which approximates market. All income associated with cash and cash equivalents and certificates of deposit are reported as other income in the statements of earnings. A summary of the Company's cash accounts as of June 30, 2010 and 2009 is as follows:

Insured by federal depository insurance Outstanding checks and other in-transit items Petty and other miscellaneous cash Uncollateralized deposits

> Total cash and cash equivalents and certificates of deposit

Reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents and certificates of deposit to balance sheets: Cash and cash equivalents Certificates of deposit, including accrued interest receivable

Less accrued interest receivable added to certificates of deposit

> Total cash and cash equivalents and certificates of deposit

2010 2009

(Continued)

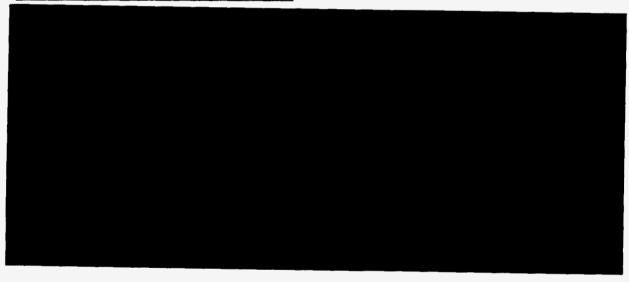
Notes to Financial Statements

The Company maintains cash deposits with local banks which from time to time may exceed federally insured limits. The Company periodically assesses the financial condition of the institutions and believes the risk of any loss is minimal.

In August 2008, the Company entered into the Certificate of Deposit Account Registry Service (CDARS) program with a local bank. The CDARS program allows the Company to make an investment with a single bank who in turn places funds below the FDIC deposit limit with other participating financial institutions to allow the depositor to gain additional FDIC coverage on its deposits. The FDIC coverage is \$250,000 per depositor in 2010 and 2009. The use of the CDARS program together with the increased FDIC coverage has allowed the Company to greatly reduce its exposure to uncollateralized deposit risk in relation to its investments in certificates of deposit.

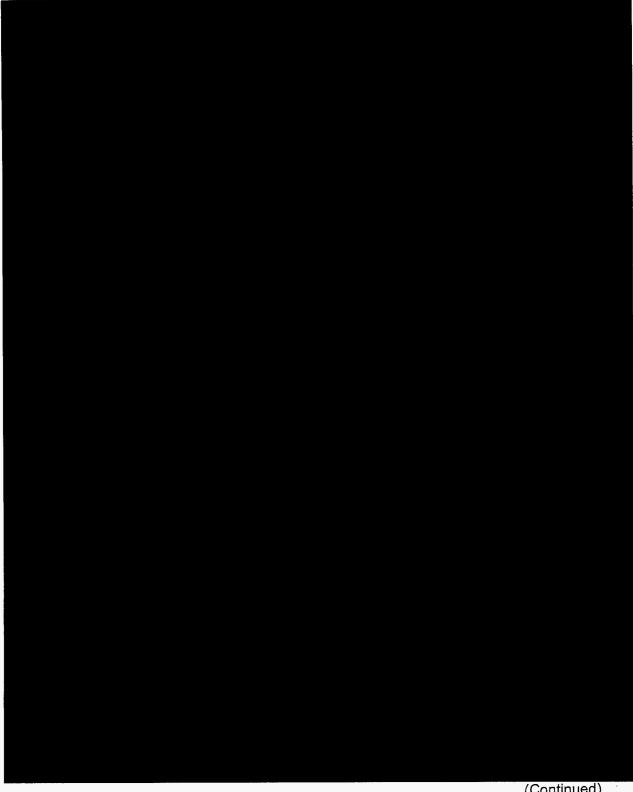
The Company has a certificate of deposit with a value of which is assigned to the State of Montana Department of Administration under the terms of a Relay Services contract HRS has with that state. The State of Montana Department of Administration has the authority under the terms of the contract to withdraw money from the certificate of deposit should HRS fail to perform on the contract in accordance with its terms. The certificate of deposit assignment is in force until 60 days after the contract terminates. In July 2009, the contract was extended until February 27, 2011.

(3) Affiliations and Related Party Transactions



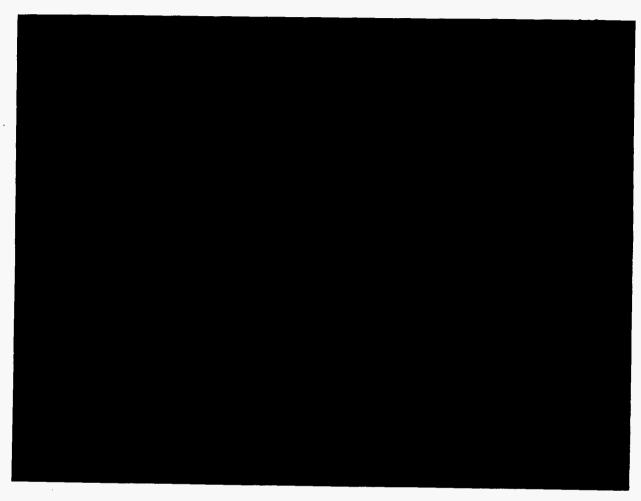
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Notes to Financial Statements



(Continued)

Notes to Financial Statements



(4) Available-for-sale Securities

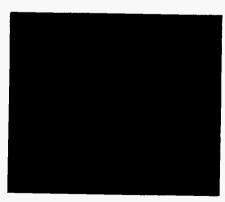
The following is a schedule of unrealized holding gains, net of deferred income taxes, for available-for-sale equity securities as of June 30, 2010 and 2009:

Available-for-sale securities at fair value Financial statement cost basis of available-for-sale securities

Unrealized holding gains

Deferred income tax liability on unrealized holding gains

Net unrealized holding gains on available-for-sale securities



2010

(Continued) Proprietary & Confidential

2009

Notes to Financial Statements

The available-for-sale securities are comprised of

Effective January 1, 2008, the Company adopted the newly issued provisions by the FASB on the fair value measurements for financial assets and financial liabilities. The new provisions define fair value, establish a framework for measuring fair value in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and expand disclosures about fair value measurements.

Fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants. This price measurement assumes the transaction occurs in the principal market for the asset or liability, or in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability in absence of a principal market. Additionally, fair value measurements are not adjusted for transaction costs. A fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value was also established. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 inputs) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 inputs). The three levels of inputs are as follows:

- Level 1 Valuation is based on quoted prices for identical instruments traded in active markets. An active market is one in which transactions occur with sufficient frequency and volume to provide pricing information on an ongoing basis.
- Level 2 Valuation is based on significant other observable inputs other than Level
 1 inputs. This includes quoted active market prices for similar assets and
 liabilities; quoted prices in markets that are not active; or other inputs that are
 observable or can be derived principally from or corroborated by observable
 market data.
- Level 3 Valuation is based on significant unobservable inputs that represent the Company's own assumptions about the assumptions that market participants would use in pricing an asset or liability. These include assets and liabilities whose value is determined using pricing models, discounted cash flow methodologies, or similar techniques, including assets and liabilities for which determination of fair value requires significant management judgment or estimates.

The Company estimates that the fair value of any other financial instruments do not differ materially from their carrying values as displayed in the balance sheets.

(Continued)

Notes to Financial Statements

(5) Miscellaneous Physical Property

A summary of miscellaneous physical property as of June 30, 2010 and 2009 is as follows:

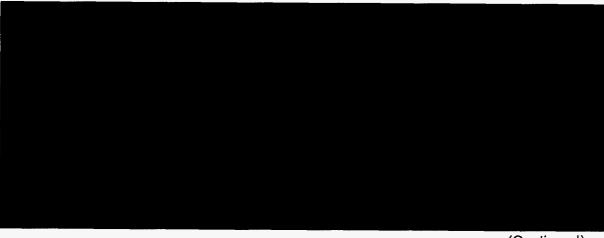
<u>Classification</u>	Life in Years	<u>2010</u>	2009
Land Land improvements Buildings and building improvements			
Less accumulated depreciation			
Depreciation expense for the years ender	d June 30, 2010 a	and 2009 was	

(6) <u>Investments</u>

A schedule of other investments at June 30, 2010 and 2009 follows:

Various limited liability companies
Various development corporations' stock
Various cooperative equity ownership





(Continued)

Notes to Financial Statements

(7) Property and Equipment

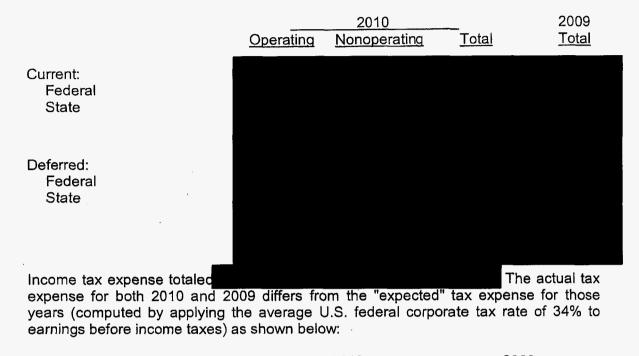
A summary of telephone property and equipment as of June 30, 2010 and 2009 is as follows:

2009 2010 Land Buildings Central office equipment Station apparatus Station connections Other terminal equipment Pole lines Aerial cable Buried cable Furniture and office equipment Motor vehicles and other work equipment Equipment deposits Less accumulated depreciation (Continued)

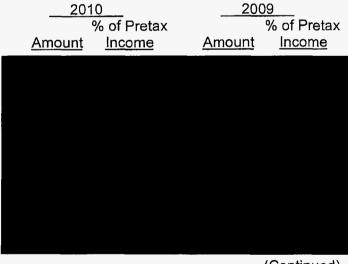
Notes to Financial Statements

(8) Income Taxes

Components of income tax expense are as follows:



Computed "expected" tax expense Increases in taxes resulting from:
State income taxes, net of federal income tax benefits
Dividends received deduction
Lobbying expense
Cash surrender
value of life insurance
Other



(Continued)

Notes to Financial Statements

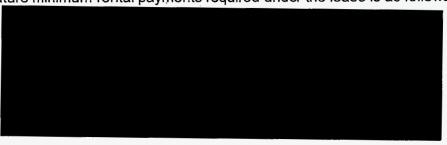
The sources of deferred tax asset and liabilities and the income tax effect of each as of June 30, 2010 and 2009 are as follows:

2009 2010 Long-term Current Long-term Current Deferred tax asset, financial statement allowance for doubtful accounts Deferred tax liabilities: Excess of basis of property and equipment for financial statement purposes over basis for income tax purposes Unrealized gain on exchange of investments in merger Unrealized holding gains on available-for-sale securities Total deferred tax liabilities Net deferred tax liabilities

(9) Operating Leases

The Company leases a copier under terms requiring future payments. Rental expense under the terms of this lease agreement was respectively.

Future minimum rental payments required under the lease is as follows:



(Continued)

Notes to Financial Statements

(10) Commitments

The Company has relay service contracts in place to provide relay services to several states throughout the United States. The Company has subcontracted the performance of services under those relay service contracts to HRS. The relay service contracts are generally for fixed periods ranging from two to five years with subsequent annual or biannual renewal provisions. Additionally, the relay service contracts generally contain provisions for liquidated damages if the Company as the contractor or its subcontractor, HRS, does not meet prescribed quality of service standards. There were no liquidated damages assessed and recorded by HRS as of June 30, 2010 or 2009. Relay service contracts up for bid and renewal during fiscal year 2011 include the states of Maine, Arizona, Montana, New Mexico, Wyoming, Georgia, and Kentucky.

(11) Reclassification

The Company's 2009 financial statements have been reclassified to conform with 2010 presentation.

Financial Statements

Years Ended June 30, 2009 and 2008

(With Independent Auditor's Report Thereon)



Thomas L. Stevenson, CPA
Daniel E. Vinkenberg, CPA
Sonja A. Cattau, CPA
Consulting
Robert M. Eddy, CPA
Richard V. Akerlund,
CPA (Inactive Registrant)

Independent Auditor's Report

The Board of Directors
The Hamilton Telephone Company:

We have audited the accompanying balance sheets of The Hamilton Telephone Company as of June 30, 2009 and 2008, and the related statements of earnings, stockholders' equity, and cash flows for the years then ended. These financial statements are the responsibility of The Hamilton Telephone Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audits to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of The Hamilton Telephone Company as of June 30, 2009 and 2008, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the years then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Dofman, Akerlund + Roldy, LLC
October 1, 2009

Balance Sheets

June 30, 2009 and 2008

Assets

2009

<u>2008</u>

Current assets:

Cash and cash equivalents
Certificates of deposit
Available-for-sale securities
Due from subscribers and agents,

less allowance for doubtful receivables

Inventories, at cost
Prepaid expenses
Due from parent for income taxes

Total current assets

Other assets:

Miscellaneous physical property Less accumulated depreciation

Net miscellaneous physical property

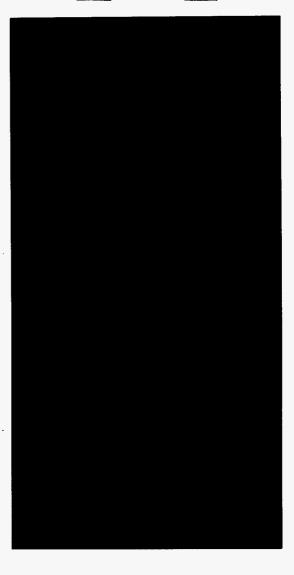
Other investments
Cash surrender value of life insurance
Due from affiliated companies

Total other assets

Property and equipment, at cost Less accumulated depreciation

Net property and equipment

See accompanying notes to financial statements.



Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity

Accounts payable
Accrued expenses and taxes

Accrued interest payable

Deferred revenue

Current liabilities:

Due to affiliated companies

Deferred income taxes

Due to parent for income taxes

Total current liabilities

Deferred income taxes

Total liabilities and deferred income taxes

Stockholders' equity:

Accumulated other comprehensive income Retained earnings

Total stockholders' equity

2009

2008



Statements of Earnings

Years Ended June 30, 2009 and 2008

2009

2008

Operating revenues:

Local service Toll service and access charges Billing and collection revenue Directory revenues, net Other operating revenue

Less provision for doubtful accounts Total operating revenues

Operating expenses:

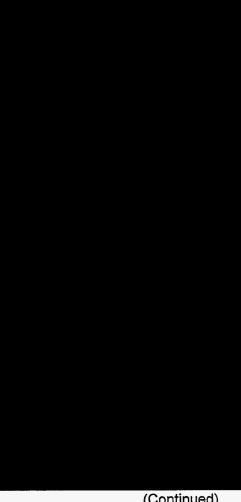
Plant specific operations Plant nonspecific operations Customer operations Corporate operations

> Total operating expenses Operating income

Operating taxes:

Income taxes, current Income taxes, deferred Other

> Total operating taxes Net operating income, carried forward



Statements of Earnings (Continued) Years Ended June 30, 2009 and 2008

Net operating income, brought forward

Other income (deductions):
Interest income
Dividend income
Rental income (expense), net of
__related expenses including depreciation

Charitable contributions
Gain on disposition of available-for-sale securities
Other, net
Nonoperating income taxes

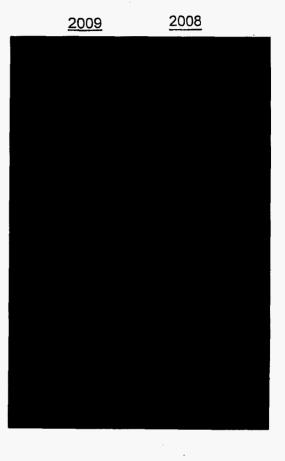
Total other income, net

Interest expense

Net earnings

Earnings per common share

See accompanying notes to financial statements.



Statements of Stockholders' Equity

Years Ended June 30, 2009 and 2008

			Accumulated		
			Other		Total
	Comprehensive	Common	Comprehensive	Retained	Stockholders'
	Income	Stock	Income	<u>Earnings</u>	Equity
Balances at June 30, 2007					
,					
Comprehensive income - 2008:					
Net earnings					
Other comprehensive losses net of taxes:					
Gains on securities included					
<u>in net earnings, net of</u>					
ax expense					
Unrealized losses on securities,					
net of the state o					
Comprehensive income					
·					
Common stock repurchased,					
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
Cash dividends,					
Balances at June 30, 2008					
Comprehensive income - 2009:					
Net earnings					
Other comprehensive losses					
net of taxes, unrealized losses on					
securities,					
Comprehensive income					
Comprehensive income					
Cash dividends					
Cash dividends					
Balances at June 30, 2009					
• •					

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

Statements of Cash Flows

Years Ended June 30, 2009 and 2008

Increases or Decrease in Cash and Cash Equivalents

2009

2008

Cash flows from operating activities:

Cash received from subscribers and agents
Cash paid to suppliers and employees
Investment income received
Cash contributions
Interest paid
Income taxes paid

Net cash provided (used) by operating activities

Cash flows from investing activities:

Net advances repaid by (made to)
parent and other affiliated companies
Net advances repaid to affiliated companies
Proceeds from disposition
of available-for-sale securities
Net redemption of
(investment in) certificates of deposit
Investment in other investments
Expenditures for property and equipment

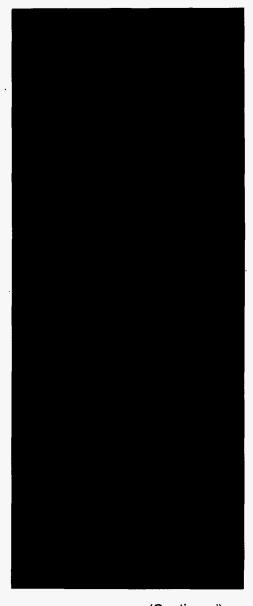
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities

Cash flows from financing activities: Common stock repurchased Dividends paid

Net cash used by financing activities

Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year Cash and cash equivalents at end of year



(Continued)

Statements of Cash Flows (Continued) Years Ended June 30, 2009 and 2008

Reconciliation of Net Earnings to Net Cash Provided or Used by Operating Activities

2009

2008

Net earnings

Adjustments to reconcile net earnings to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:

Provision for doubtful accounts

Depreciation and amortization expense

Gain on disposition

of available-for-sale securities

Provision for deferred income taxes

Net partnership income

Decrease (increase) in:

Due from subscribers and agents

Accrued interest receivable

Prepaid expenses

Inventories

Cash surrender value of life insurance

Due from parent for income taxes

Increase (decrease) in:

Accounts payable

Accrued taxes and expenses

Accrued interest payable

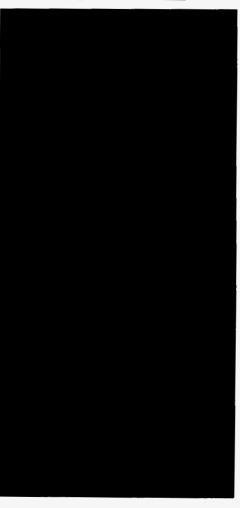
Deferred revenue

Due to affiliated companies

Due to parent for income taxes

Total adjustments

Net cash provided (used) by operating activities



Supplemental Disclosures of Cash Flows Information

Included in accounts payable at June 30, 2009 was associated with the acquisition of property and equipment.

See accompanying notes to financial statements.



Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2009 and 2008

(1) Significant Accounting Policies

General

The Hamilton Telephone Company (the Company), a 97.2% owned subsidiary of Nedelco, Inc., a holding company, is headquartered in Aurora, Nebraska. Company is a corporation and was organized in 1901 and provides service in the area of Hamilton County, Nebraska. The Company operates under the rules and regulations of the Nebraska Public Service Commission. The Company is affiliated through common ownership and management with Aurora Telemarketing, Inc. (ATI), a telemarketing company. Hamilton Long Distance (HLD), a long distance service company, Hamilton Relay, Inc. (HRS), a company providing telephone relay service, Hamilton.net, Inc. (HNT), an internet service company, Hamilton Information Systems. Inc. (HIS), a retail computer store, Hamilton Wireless, Inc. (HWL), a wireless service company, and Nedelco Services Corporation (NSC), an employee services company, all of which are subsidiaries of Nedelco, Inc.; and through common management with Mid-State Community TV, Inc., a company providing cable television service in several central Nebraska communities. The Company provides telephone services to exchanges in central Nebraska and maintains its accounting records in accordance with the rules and regulations of the Nebraska Public Service Commission and utilizes the Uniform System of Accounts prescribed by the Federal Communications Commission. The accounting and reporting policies of the Company conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Cash and cash equivalents and statements of cash flows

For purposes of the statements of cash flows, the Company considers all highly liquid debt instruments purchased with a maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents. Additionally, advances to parent and affiliated companies and investment in certificates of deposit are presented on a net rather than gross cash flow basis.

Due from subscribers and agents and allowance for doubtful receivables

Expenses include a provision for doubtful accounts to allow for estimated uncollectible accounts. This provision is based on past experience and on analysis of current accounts receivable collectibility. Accounts are considered delinquent based on passage of a specified period of time and consideration of payment history. Accounts deemed uncollectible are charged to the allowance in the year they are deemed uncollectible. As a result, there is at least a reasonable possibility that recorded estimates will change by a material amount in the near term.

Proprietary (Continued) &: Conficential

Notes to Financial Statements

Investment securities

Investment securities that are held for short-term resale are classified as trading securities and carried at fair value. Debt securities that management has the ability and intent to hold to maturity are classified as held-to-maturity and carried at cost, adjusted for amortization of premium and accretion of discounts using methods approximating the interest method. Other marketable securities are classified as available-for-sale and are carried at fair value. Realized and unrealized gains and losses on trading securities are included in net income. Unrealized gains and losses on securities available-for-sale are recognized net of tax as direct increases or decreases in stockholders' equity as a component of other comprehensive income. Cost of securities sold is recognized using the specific identification method.

Inventories

Inventories are stated at cost (principally on the first-in, first-out basis) not in excess of market value. Market value is determined by comparison with recent purchases or realizable value.

Miscellaneous physical property

Depreciation of miscellaneous physical property is computed using straight-line and accelerated methods over the estimated useful life of the related asset.

Property and equipment

The Company's property and equipment are reported at historical cost less accumulated depreciation. Maintenance and repairs of property and replacements of items determined to be less than units of property are charged to expense. Replacements and renewals of items considered to be units of property are charged to the property and equipment accounts. Property and equipment retired or otherwise disposed of in the ordinary course of business, together with the cost of removal less salvage, is charged to accumulated depreciation. Depreciation of property and equipment is determined for financial statement purposes using the straight-line method based on the estimated service lives ranging from 5 to 30 years prescribed by the Nebraska Public Service Commission.

Long-lived assets

Long-lived assets are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate the related carrying amount may not be recoverable. When required, impairment losses on assets to be held and used are recognized based on the excess of the asset's carrying amount over the fair value of the asset and long-lived assets to be disposed of are reported at the lower of carrying amount or fair value less cost to sell.

Revenues

Telecommunication service revenues are recognized when related services are provided.



Notes to Financial Statements

Income taxes

The Company uses the asset-and-liability method of accounting for income taxes. Under the asset-and-liability method, deferred income taxes are recognized for the tax consequences of "temporary differences" by applying enacted statutory tax rates applicable to future years to differences between the financial statement carrying amounts and the tax bases of existing assets and liabilities. If it is more likely than not that some portion of a deferred tax asset will not be realized, a valuation allowance is recognized. The effect on deferred taxes of a change in tax rates is recognized in income in the period that includes the enactment date.

The results of the Company's operations are included in the consolidated income tax returns of its parent. The Company provides for income taxes in amounts equal to the tax that would have been due on a separate return basis and these amounts are remitted to its parent company.

The Company, via its parent company, has elected to defer the provisions of FASB Interpretation No. 48, Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes ("FIN 48"), in accordance with FASB Staff Position No. 48-3.

Comprehensive income or loss

Accounting principles generally require that recognized revenue, expenses, gains, and losses be included in the statements of earnings. Although certain changes in assets and liabilities, such as unrealized gains and losses on securities available-for-sale, are reported as a separate component of the equity section of the statements of stockholders' equity, such items, along with net income, are components of comprehensive income. At June 30, 2009 and 2008, other comprehensive losses were comprised entirely of unrealized losses on securities available-for-sale, net of applicable deferred income taxes.

Earnings per common share

Earnings per common share are based on the weighted average number of shares of common stock outstanding during the year divided by net earnings.

Advertising and promotion costs

Advertising and promotion costs are expensed as incurred

Subsequent events

In May 2009, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standards (SFAS) No. 165, Subsequent Events (as amended). SFAS No. 165 requires the disclosure of the date through which subsequent events have been evaluated, as well as whether that date is the date the financial statements were issued or the date the financial statements were available to be issued. Financial statements are considered to be "available to be issued" when they are complete in form and format that complies with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and all approvals necessary for issuance have been obtained. The Company adopted the provisions of SFAS No. 165 upon its issuance.

Proprietary & Considential

Notes to Financial Statements

As required by SFAS No. 165, the Company has evaluated subsequent events through October 1, 2009 which is the date the financial statements were considered "available to be issued".

(2) Cash and Cash Equivalents and Certificates of Deposit

The Company's cash and cash equivalents and certificates of deposit at June 30, 2009 consisted of checking accounts and certificates of deposit recorded at cost which approximates market. All income associated with cash and cash equivalents and certificates of deposit is reported as other income in the statements of earnings. A summary of the Company's cash accounts as of June 30, 2009 and 2008 is as follows:

Insured by federal depository insurance Outstanding checks and other in-transit items Petty and other miscellaneous cash Uncollateralized deposits

Total cash and cash equivalents and certificates of deposit

Reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents and certificates of deposit to balance sheets:

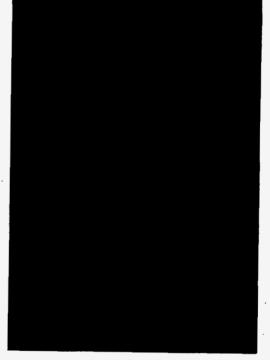
Cash and cash equivalents

Certificates of deposit,

including accrued interest receivable

Less accrued interest receivable added to certificates of deposit

Total cash and cash equivalents and certificates of deposit



The Company maintains cash deposits with local banks which from time to time may exceed federally insured limits. The Company periodically assesses the financial condition of the institutions and believes the risk of any loss is minimal.

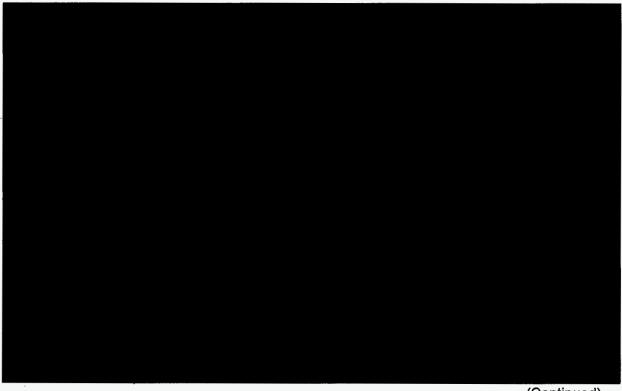


Notes to Financial Statements

In August 2008, the Company entered into the Certificate of Deposit Account Registry Service (CDARS) program with a local bank. The CDARS program allows the Company to make an investment with a single bank who in turn places funds below the FDIC deposit limit with other participating financial institutions to allow the depositor to gain additional FDIC coverage on its deposits. The FDIC coverage also increased from \$100,000 per depositor in 2008 to \$250,000 per depositor in 2009. The use of the CDARS program together with the increased FDIC coverage has allowed the Company to greatly reduce its exposure to uncollateralized deposit risk.

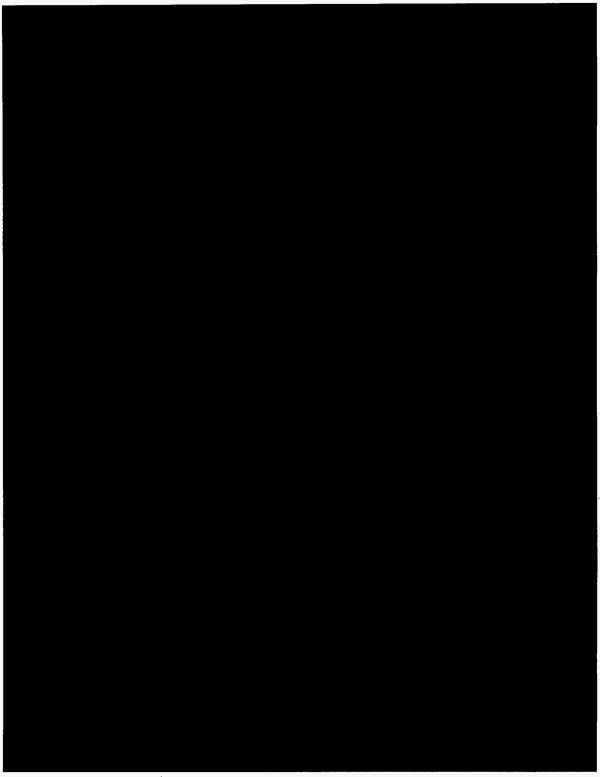
The Company has a certificate of deposit with a value of as of June 30, 2009 which is assigned to the State of Montana Department of Administration under the terms of a Relay Services contract HRS has with that state. The State of Montana Department of Administration has the authority under the terms of the contract to withdraw money from the certificate of deposit should HRS fail to perform on the contract in accordance with its terms. The certificate of deposit assignment is in force until 60 days after the contract terminates. In July 2009, the contract was extended until February 27, 2011.

(3) Affiliations and Related Party Transactions



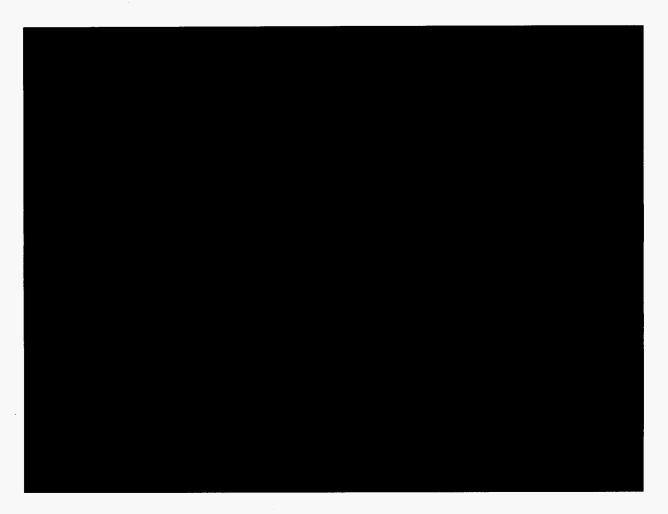


Notes to Financial Statements



Proprietary & `erticastial

Notes to Financial Statements



(4) Available-for-Sale Securities

The following is a schedule of unrealized holding gains, net of deferred income taxes, for available-for-sale equity securities as of June 30, 2009 and 2008:

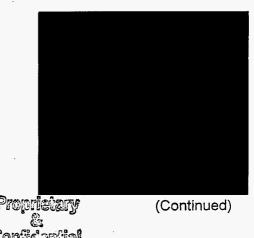
<u>2009</u> <u>2008</u>

Available-for-sale securities at fair value Financial statement cost basis of available-for-sale securities

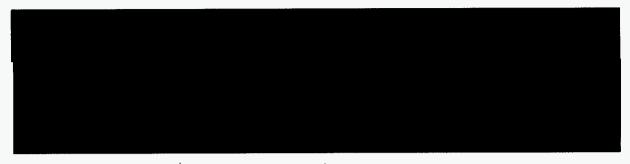
Unrealized holding gains

Deferred income tax liability on unrealized holding gains

Net unrealized holding gains on available-for-sale securities



Notes to Financial Statements



Effective January 1, 2008, the Company adopted the provisions of the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) No. 157, Fair Value Measurements, for financial assets and financial liabilities. In accordance with FASB Staff Position No. 157-2, Effective Date of FASB Statement No. 157, the Company delayed application of FASB No. 157 for non-financial assets and non-financial liabilities. FASB No. 157 defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and expands disclosures about fair value measurements.

FASB No. 157 defines fair value as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants. This price measurement assumes the transaction occurs in the principal market for the asset or liability or in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability in absence of a principal market. Under FASB No. 157, fair market value measurements are not adjusted for transaction costs. FASB No. 157 establishes a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 inputs) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 inputs). The three levels of inputs are as follows:

- Level 1 Valuation is based on quoted prices for identical instruments traded in active markets. An active market is one in which transactions occur with sufficient frequency and volume to provide pricing information on an ongoing basis.
- Level 2 Valuation is based on significant other observable inputs other than Level
 1 inputs. This includes quoted active market prices for similar assets and
 liabilities; quoted prices in markets that are not active; or other inputs that are
 observable or can be derived principally from or corroborated by observable
 market data.
- Level 3 Valuation is based on significant unobservable inputs that represent the Company's own assumptions about the assumptions that market participants would use in pricing an asset or liability. These include assets and liabilities whose value is determined using pricing models, discounted cash flow methodologies, or similar techniques, including assets and liabilities for which determination of fair value requires significant management judgment or estimates.



Notes to Financial Statements

Investment securities available-for-sale consisting of are the only assets or liabilities that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis. The Company's investments were valued using the Level 1 valuation method.

The Company estimates that the fair value of any other financial instruments do not differ materially from their carrying values as displayed in the accompanying statements of financial position.

(5) Miscellaneous Physical Property

A summary of miscellaneous physical property as of June 30, 2009 and 2008 is as follows:

Classification

Life in Years 2009 2008

Land
Land improvements
Buildings and building improvements

Less accumulated depreciation

Depreciation expense for the years ended June 30, 2009 and 2008 was respectively.

(6) Investments

A schedule of other investments at June 30, 2009 and 2008 follows:

Various limited liability companies
Various development corporations' stock
Various cooperative equity ownership

(Continued)

Notes to Financial Statements

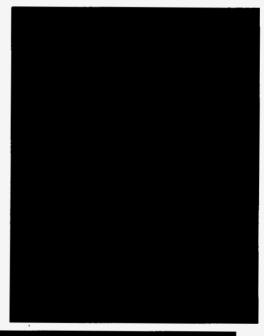


(7) Property and Equipment

A summary of telephone property and equipment as of June 30, 2009 and 2008 is as follows:

Land
Buildings
Central office equipment
Station apparatus
Station connections
Other terminal equipment
Pole lines
Aerial cable
Buried cable
Furniture and office equipment
Motor vehicles and other work equipment
Equipment deposits

Less accumulated depreciation







Notes to Financial Statements

(8) Income Taxes

Components of income tax expense are as follows:

Current:
Federal
State

Deferred:
Federal
State

Income tax expense totaled expense for both 2009 and 2008 differs from the "expected" tax expense for those years (computed by applying the average U.S. federal corporate tax rate of 34% to earnings before income taxes) as shown below:

2009 2008

% of Pretax % of Pretax

Amount Income Amount Income

Computed
"expected" tax expense
Increases in taxes resulting from:
State income taxes, net of
federal income tax benefits
Dividends
received deduction
Lobbying expense
CSV life insurance
Other



Notes to Financial Statements

The sources of deferred tax asset and liabilities and the income tax effect of each as of June 30, 2009 and 2008 are as follows:

<u>2009</u> <u>2008</u> <u>Current Long-term</u> <u>Current Long-term</u>

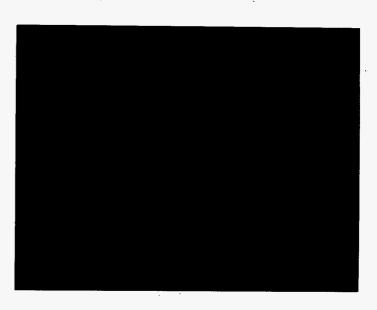
Deferred tax asset, financial statement allowance for doubtful accounts

Deferred tax liabilities:

Excess of basis of property
and equipment for financial
statement purposes over
basis for income tax purposes
Unrealized gain on exchange
of investments in merger
Unrealized holding gains on
available-for-sale securities

Total deferred tax liabilities

Net deferred tax liabilities



(9) Operating Leases

The Company leases a copier under terms requiring future payments.

Rental expense under the terms of this lease agreement was respectively.

Future minimum rental payments required under the lease is as follows:



Notes to Financial Statements

(10) Commitments

The Company has relay service contracts in place to provide relay services to several states throughout the United States. The Company has subcontracted the performance of services under those relay service contracts to HRS. The relay service contracts are generally for fixed periods ranging from two to five years with subsequent annual or biannual renewal provisions. Additionally, the relay service contracts generally contain provisions for liquidated damages if the Company as the contractor or its subcontractor, HRS, does not meet prescribed quality of service standards. There were no liquidated damages assessed and recorded by HRS as of June 30, 2009 or 2008. Relay service contracts up for renewal during fiscal year 2010 include the states of Maine, Wyoming, Idaho, Iowa, and Kentucky.

(11) Reclassification

The Company's 2008 financial statements have been reclassified to conform with 2009 presentation.

NEDELCO, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Consolidated Financial Statements and Schedules

Years Ended June 30, 2010 and 2009

(With Independent Auditor's Report Thereon)



Kurt J. Moural, CPA Thomas L. Stevenson, CPA Daniel E. Vinkenberg, CPA Sonia A. Cattau, CPA Troy E. Knust, CPA Tim J. Coufal, CPA Casey J. Moscrip, CPA

Independent Auditor's Report

The Board of Directors Nedelco, Inc. and Subsidiaries:

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of Nedelco, Inc. and Subsidiaries as of June 30, 2010 and 2009 and the statements of earnings, stockholders' equity and cash flows for the years then ended. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

As discussed in note 6 to the financial statements, Nedelco, Inc. and Subsidiaries has elected to use an accelerated method of depreciation promulgated by the Internal Revenue Service for its non-telephone based property, plant and equipment which is not in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In our opinion, except for using an accelerated method of depreciation promulgated by the Internal Revenue Service for its non-telephone based property, plant and equipment, the consolidated financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Nedelco, Inc. and Subsidiaries at June 30, 2010 and 2009, and the results of their operations and cash flows for the years then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Our audits were made for the purpose of forming an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. The supplementary data included in the accompanying Schedules 1 through 4 is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to auditing procedures applied in the audit of the consolidated financial statements and, in our opinion, except for using an accelerated method of depreciation promulgated by the Internal Revenue Service for its non-telephone based property, plant and equipment, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

October 22, 2010

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Consolidated Balance Sheets

June 30, 2010 and 2009

Assets

2010

2009

Current assets:

Cash and cash equivalents Certificates of deposit Available-for-sale securities Accounts receivable:

Due from subscribers and agents,

Due from officers and stockholders

Net accounts receivable

Accrued interest receivable Inventories, at cost Due from affiliated companies Recoverable income taxes Prepaid expenses

Total current assets

Investments and other assets:

Cash surrender value of life insurance
Other investments, at cost
Security and equipment deposits

Total investments and other assets

Property, plant and equipment, at cost Less accumulated depreciation

Net property, plant and equipment

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity

<u>2010</u>

2009

Current liabilities:

Accounts payable
Accrued expenses
Deferred income taxes

Total current liabilities

Other liabilities, deferred income taxes

Total liabilities and deferred credits

Stockholders' equity:

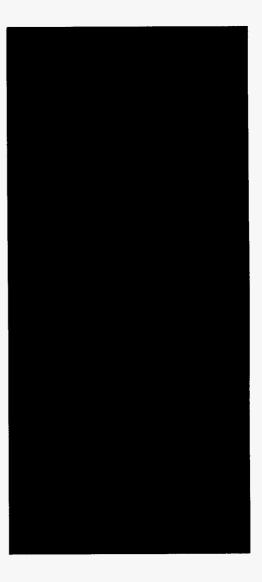
Nedelco, Inc. and Subsidiaries stockholders' equity:

Accumulated other comprehensive income Retained earnings

Total Nedelco, Inc. and Subsidiaries stockholders' equity

Noncontrolling interest in subsidiary

Total stockholders' equity



Consolidated Statements of Earnings

Years Ended June 30, 2010 and 2009

2010

2009

Operating revenue:

Local service

Toll service and access charges

Billing and collection revenue

Directory advertising

Telephone equipment sales,

leases, and maintenance contracts

Employee service contracts

Vehicle and equipment service

Mobile and pager service

Telemarketing fees

Long distance revenue

Dual relay services

Internet services

Other operating revenue

Estimated uncollectible revenue

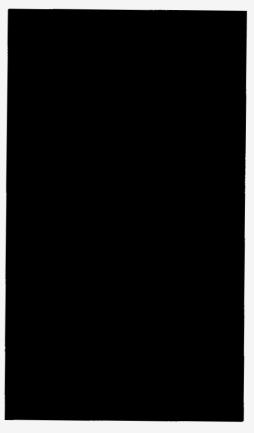
Total operating revenue

Cost of sales

Net operating income

Operating expenses

Operating income, carried forward



(Continued)

Consolidated Statements of Earnings (Continued) Years Ended June 30, 2010 and 2009

Operating income, brought forward

Other income (deductions):

Dividend income

Interest income

Rental income

Rental property expense

Depreciation, miscellaneous physical property

Interest expense

Charitable contributions

Loss on disposition of assets

Other, net

Total other income

Earnings before income taxes and noncontrolling interest in net earnings of subsidiary

Income taxes (benefits):

Current

Deferred

Total income taxes

Earnings before noncontrolling interest in net earnings of subsidiary

Noncontrolling interest in net earnings of subsidiary

Net earnings

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

2009

2010

Consolidated Statements of Stockholders' Equity

Years Ended June 30, 2010 and 2009

Nedelco, Inc. and Subsidiaries Stockholders' Equity

Accumulated Other Comprehensive Noncontrolling Preferred Common Comprehensive Retained Total Earnings Equity <u>Income</u> Interest Stock Stock Income

Balances at June 30, 2008

Comprehensive income - 2009: Net earnings

Other comprehensive losses, net of taxes: Unrealized losses on securities, net of tax benefit

Comprehensive income

Dividends paid on common stock

Comprehensive income - 2010:

Dividends paid on common stock

Balances at June 30, 2009 Net earnings Other comprehensive gains, net of taxes: Unrealized gains on securities, net of tax expense Comprehensive income Balances at June 30, 2010

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows

Years Ended June 30, 2010 and 2009

Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents

2009

2009

Cash flows from operating activities:
Cash received from subscribers and agents
Cash paid to suppliers and employees
Dividends received
Interest received
Interest paid
Income taxes paid

Net cash provided by operating activities

Cash flows from investing activities:

Income taxes refunded

Net payments from
 (advances to) officers and stockholders

Net payments from (advances to) affiliated companies

Proceeds from disposition of assets

Redemption of certificates of deposit

Investment in other investments

Expenditures for additions to
 property, plant and equipment

Expenditures for removal of telephone plant

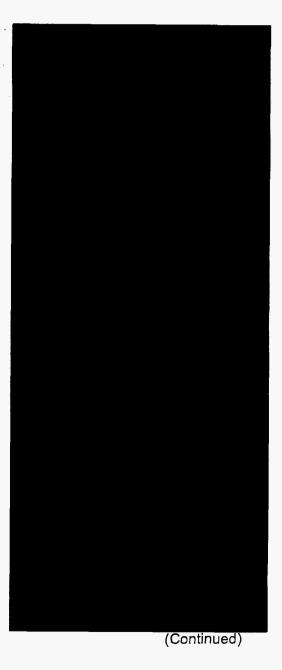
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities

Cash flows from financing activities:
Principal payments on notes payable
Dividends paid
Subsidiary dividends paid to minority interest

Net cash used by financing activities

Net increase in cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year



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Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (Continued)
Years Ended June 30, 2009 and 2008

Reconciliation of Net Earnings to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities

2009

2009

Net earnings

Adjustments to reconcile net earnings to net cash provided by operating activities:

Depreciation and amortization

Intangible amortization

Provision for uncollectible revenues

Provision for deferred income taxes

Loss on disposition of assets

Net partnership loss (income)

Non-cash dividends

Write off of other investment

Noncontrolling interest in net earnings of subsidiary

Decrease (increase) in:

Due from subscribers and agents

Accrued interest receivable

Inventories

Recoverable income taxes

Prepaid expenses

Cash surrender value of life insurance

Security and equipment deposits

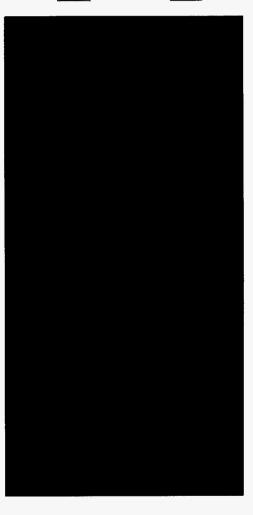
Increase (decrease) in:

Accounts payable

Accrued expenses

Total adjustments

Net cash provided by operating activities



Supplemental Disclosure of Cash Flows Information

Included in accounts payable at June 30, 2010 and 2009 was respectively, related to the purchase of property, plant and equipment.

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

June 30, 2010 and 2009

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Principles of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of Nedelco, Inc. and all majority and wholly-owned subsidiaries (the Company). All material intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated.

Business activities

The Company's primary business activity is to operate as a holding company for its various majority and wholly-owned subsidiaries. The Company's subsidiaries and their related activities are as follows: The Hamilton Telephone Company (HTC), a 97.2% owned subsidiary of the Company, is headquartered in Aurora, Nebraska. HTC is a corporation and was organized in 1901 and provides telephone services to exchanges in central Nebraska. HTC operates under the rules and regulations of the Nebraska Public Service Commission and utilizes the Uniform System of Accounts prescribed by the Federal Communications Commission; wholly-owned subsidiaries, Aurora Telemarketing, Inc. (ATI), a telemarketing company; Hamilton Long Distance (HLD), a long distance service company; Hamilton Relay, Inc. (HRS), a telephone relay service company; Hamilton.net, Inc. (HNT), an internet service company; Hamilton Information Systems, Inc. (HIS), a retail computer store; Hamilton Wireless, Inc. (HWL), a wireless service company; and Nedelco Services Corporation (NSC), an employee services Mid-State Community TV, Inc. (MSTV), a company providing cable television service in several central Nebraska communities, is related to the Company through common ownership and management. The Company is also an investor in a domestic, publicly traded communications company (Windstream Corporation), a privately held communications company (AirWalk Communications, Inc.) and a domestic, privately held limited liability company (NebraskaLink, LLC). The accounting and reporting policies of the Company conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America with the exception of using an accelerated tax depreciation method promulgated by the Internal Revenue Service for the depreciation of property, plant and equipment.

Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the balance sheet and reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the accounting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

(Continued)

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Cash and cash equivalents and statements of cash flows

For purposes of the statements of cash flows, the Company considers all highly liquid debt instruments purchased with a maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents. Additionally, investment in certificates of deposit, advances to affiliated companies and advances to officers and stockholders are presented on a net cash flow basis.

Accounts receivable and allowance for doubtful receivables

Expenses include a provision for doubtful accounts to allow for estimated uncollectible accounts. This provision is based on past experience and on analysis of current accounts receivable collectibility. Accounts are considered delinquent based on passage of a specified period of time and consideration of payment history. Accounts deemed uncollectible are charged to the allowance in the year they are deemed uncollectible. As a result, there is at least a reasonable possibility that recorded estimates will change by a material amount in the near term.

Investment securities

Investment securities that are held for short-term resale are classified as trading securities and carried at fair value. Debt securities that management has the ability and intent to hold to maturity are classified as held-to-maturity and carried at cost, adjusted for amortization of premium and accretion of discounts using methods approximating the interest method. Other marketable securities are classified as available-for-sale and are carried at fair value. Realized and unrealized gains and losses on trading securities are included in net income. Unrealized gains and losses on available-for-sale securities are recognized as direct increases or decreases to stockholders' equity. Cost of securities sold is recognized using the specific identification method.

Inventory valuation

Inventories of materials and supplies are valued at the lower of cost or market. Cost is generally determined using the first-in, first-out method. Inventories of computers and related supplies held for resale (via HIS) are valued at the lower of cost or market, utilizing the weighted average method.

Equity method of accounting

Investments in significant partnerships and limited liability companies in which the Company owns a greater than twenty percent interest are accounted for utilizing the equity method of accounting, whereby the investment is carried at cost of acquisition plus the Company's equity in undistributed earnings or losses since acquisition. Valuation allowances are provided where management determines the investment or equity in earnings is not realizable. Investments held with an ownership interest of less than twenty percent are recorded for using the cost method of accounting.

(Continued)

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Property, plant and equipment

Telephone plant - Maintenance and repair of telephone plant and replacement of items determined to be less than units of property are charged to expense. Replacement and renewal of items considered to be units of property are charged to the telephone plant accounts. Telephone plant retired or otherwise disposed of in the ordinary course of business, together with the cost of removal less salvage, is charged to accumulated depreciation. Depreciation of telephone plant is determined using the straight-line method based on estimated service lives prescribed by the public service commission.

Other property, plant and equipment - Other property, plant and equipment is carried at cost and are being depreciated on varying accelerated methods promulgated by the Internal Revenue Service over their estimated useful lives. Maintenance, repairs, and minor betterments of other property, plant and equipment are charged to expense. Major renewals and betterments are capitalized. At the time of retirement or disposition of other property, plant and equipment items, the accounts are relieved of cost and accumulated depreciation and gains or losses on the transactions are taken into income.

Miscellaneous physical property

Depreciation of miscellaneous physical property is computed using straight-line and accelerated methods over the estimated useful life of the related asset.

Long-lived assets

Long-lived assets are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the related carrying amount may not be recoverable. When required, impairment losses on assets to be held and used are recognized based on the excess of the asset's carrying amount over the fair value of the asset and long-lived assets to be disposed of are reported at the lower of carrying amount or fair value less cost to sell.

Revenues

Telecommunication service related revenues are recognized when related services are provided. Retail computer sales and services revenues are recognized at the point of sale.

Self-funded health insurance

The Company self-funds health insurance for its employees and their dependents. Health insurance expense is recorded on the accrual basis. An accrued liability is recorded at year-end which estimates the incurred but not recorded claims. The Company has stop loss insurance to cover catastrophic claims. As a result, there is at least a reasonable possibility that recorded estimates will change by a material amount in the near term.

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Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Income taxes

The Company uses the asset-and-liability method of accounting for income taxes. Under the asset-and-liability method, deferred income taxes are recognized for the tax consequences of "temporary differences" by applying enacted statutory tax rates applicable to future years to differences between the financial statement carrying amounts and the tax bases of existing assets and liabilities. If it is more likely than not that some portion of a deferred tax asset will not be realized, a valuation allowance is recognized. The effect on deferred taxes of a change in tax rates is recognized in income in the period that includes the enactment date.

The Company has adopted Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) newly issued guidance related to accounting for any uncertainties in income taxes and required disclosures thereon. The Company has not recognized any interest or penalties in relation to income tax filings as of or for the years ended June 30, 2010 or 2009. Additionally, tax years ended June 30, 2007, 2008, 2009, and 2010 all remain open and are subject to potential examination by taxing jurisdictions.

Comprehensive income or loss

Accounting principles generally require that recognized revenue, expenses, gains, and losses be included in the statements of earnings. Although certain changes in assets and liabilities, such as unrealized gains and losses on securities available-for-sale, are reported as a separate component of the equity section of the balance sheets, such items, along with net income, are components of comprehensive income. At June 30, 2010 and 2009, accumulated other comprehensive income or loss was comprised entirely of unrealized gains and losses on securities available-for-sale, net of applicable deferred income taxes.

Advertising and promotion costs

Advertising and promotion costs are expensed as incurred.

Subsequent events

In May 2009, the FASB issued revised guidance on subsequent events testing in disclosures. The revised guidance requires the disclosure of the date through which subsequent events have been evaluated, as well as whether that date is the date the financial statements were issued or the date the financial statements were available to be issued. Financial statements are considered to be "available to be issued" when they are complete in a form and format that complies with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and all approvals necessary for issuance have been obtained.

As required, the Company has evaluated subsequent events through October 22, 2010 which is the date the financial statements were considered "available to be issued".

(Continued)



Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

(2) Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Company's cash and cash equivalents and certificates of deposit at June 30, 2010 consisted of checking accounts and certificates of deposit recorded at cost which approximates market. All income associated with cash and cash equivalents and certificates of deposit are reported as other income in the statements of earnings. A summary of the Company's cash accounts as of June 30, 2010 and 2009 is as follows:

Insured by federal depository insurance Petty and other miscellaneous cash funds Outstanding checks and other in-transit items Uncollateralized deposits

Total cash and cash equivalents and certificates of deposit

Reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents and certificates of deposit to balance sheets:

Cash and cash equivalents

Certificates of deposit,

including accrued interest receivable

Less accrued interest receivable added to certificates of deposit

Total cash and cash equivalents and certificates of deposit

<u>2010</u> <u>2009</u>

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Company's deposits may not be returned to it. The Company maintains cash deposits with local banks which generally exceed federally insured limits. The Company periodically assesses the financial condition of the institutions and believes the risk of any loss in minimal.

In August 2008, the Company entered into the Certificate of Deposit Account Registry Service (CDARS) program with a local bank. The CDARS program allows the Company to make an investment with a single bank who in turn places funds at or below the FDIC deposit limit with other participating financial institutions to allow the depositor to gain additional FDIC coverage on its deposits. FDIC coverage is currently unlimited on non-interest bearing transactional accounts and \$250,000 per depositor on interest bearing accounts in 2010 and 2009. The use of the CDARS program together with the increased FDIC coverage has allowed the Company to greatly reduce its exposure to uncollateralized deposit risk in relation to its investments in certificates of deposit.

(Continued)

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

The Company, via HTC, has a certificate of deposit with a value of June 30, 2010 which is assigned to the State of Montana Department of Administration under the terms of a relay service contract which has been entered into by HTC with the State of Montana. HTC has subcontracted the performance of services under the relay service contract to HRS. The State of Montana Department of Administration has the authority under the terms of the relay service contract to withdraw money from the certificate of deposit should HRS fail to perform on the relay service contract in accordance with its terms. The certificate of deposit assignment is in force until 60 days after the relay service contract terminates. In July 2009, the contract was extended until February 27, 2011.

(3) Available-for-sale Securities

The following is a schedule of unrealized holding gains, net of noncontrolling interest and deferred income taxes for available-for-sale securities held by HTC as of June 30, 2010 and 2009:

<u> 2010</u>

2009

Available-for-sale securities at fair value

Financial statement cost basis of available-for-sale securities

Unrealized holding gains

Noncontrolling interest

Deferred income tax liability on unrealized holding gains

Net unrealized holding gains on available-for-sale securities

Effective January 1, 2008, the Company adopted the newly issued provisions by the FASB on the fair value measurements for financial assets and financial liabilities. The new provisions define fair value, establish a framework for measuring fair value in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and expand disclosures about fair value measurements.

(Continued)

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants. This price measurement assumes the transaction occurs in the principal market for the asset or liability, or in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability in absence of a principal market. Additionally, fair value measurements are not adjusted for transaction costs. A fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value was also established. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 inputs) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 inputs). The three levels of inputs are as follows:

- Level 1 Valuation is based on quoted prices for identical instruments traded in active markets. An active market is one in which transactions occur with sufficient frequency and volume to provide pricing information on an ongoing basis.
- Level 2 Valuation is based on significant other observable inputs other than Level
 1 inputs. This includes quoted active market prices for similar assets and
 liabilities; quoted prices in markets that are not active; or other inputs that are
 observable or can be derived principally from or corroborated by observable
 market data.
- Level 3 Valuation is based on significant unobservable inputs that represent the Company's own assumptions about the assumptions that market participants would use in pricing an asset or liability. These include assets and liabilities whose value is determined using pricing models, discounted cash flow methodologies, or similar techniques, including assets and liabilities for which determination of fair value requires significant management judgment or estimates.

The Company estimates that the fair value of any other financial instruments do not differ materially from their carrying values as displayed in the balance sheets.

(Continued)

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

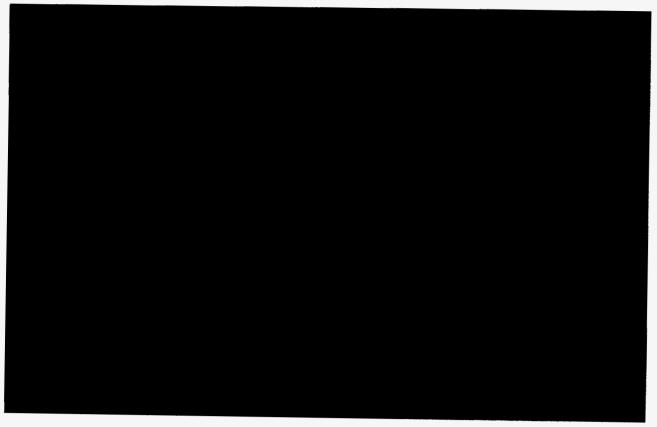
(4) Inventories

Inventories at June 30, 2010 and 2009 are comprised of the following:

Telephone operations inventories Internet service inventories Retail computers and supplies Other



(5) Other Investments



There has been no determination of impaired value by management on any investments for either year ending June 30, 2010 or 2009.

(Continued)

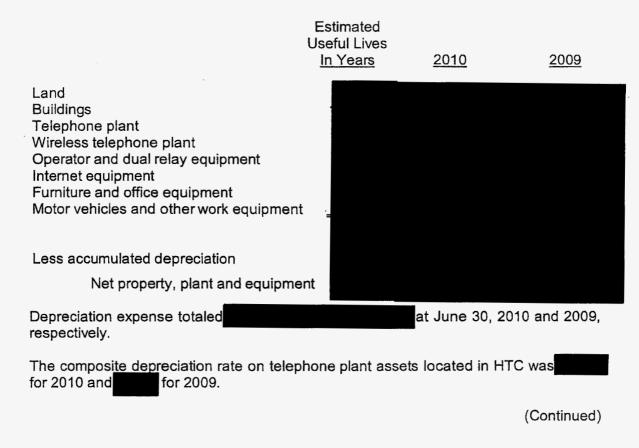
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Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

(6) Property, Plant and Equipment

A summary of property, plant and equipment and their estimated useful lives at June 30, 2010 and 2009 follows:



Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

The Company has elected to use an accelerated method of depreciation promulgated by the Internal Revenue Service for its non-telephone based property, plant and equipment which is contrary to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The following schedule displays the approximate effect the application of the straight-line method of depreciation would have had on the Company's balance sheets and statements of earnings as of and for the years ended June 30, 2010 and 2009.

2010

2009

Balance Sheets

Increase in property, plant and equipment, net
Deferred income tax liability on
property, plant and equipment, basis difference
Net increase to retained earnings

Statements of Earnings

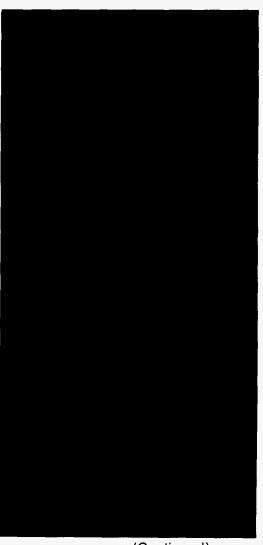
Decrease in depreciation expense Increase in deferred income tax expense Net increase in net earnings

(7) Income Taxes

Components of income tax expense are as follows:

Current: Federal . State

Deferred: Federal State



(Continued)

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Income tax expense totaled in 2010 and in 2010 and in 2009. The actual tax expense for both 2010 and 2009 differs from the "expected" tax expense for those years (computed by applying the average U.S. federal corporate tax rate of 34% to earnings before income taxes) as shown below:

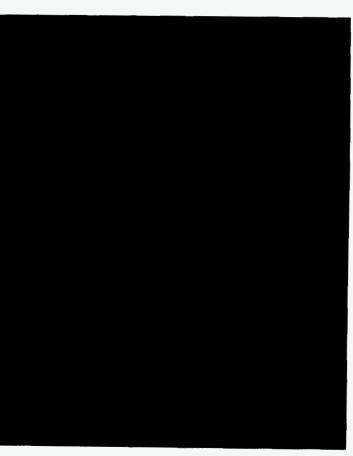
 2010
 2009

 % of
 % of

 Pretax
 Pretax

 Amount Income
 Amount Income

Computed "expected" tax expense Increase (reduction) in taxes resulting from: State income tax expense recognized Federal state tax expense (benefit) Permanent income tax differences, primarily meals and corporate dividends received deduction Tax benefit from reversing of assessed IRS exam adjustments True up of prior year's federal ta True up of prior year's Nebraska tax Corrections of prior year's Louisiana job credit refund estimates Federal taxes associated with Louisiana tax credits and refunds Other



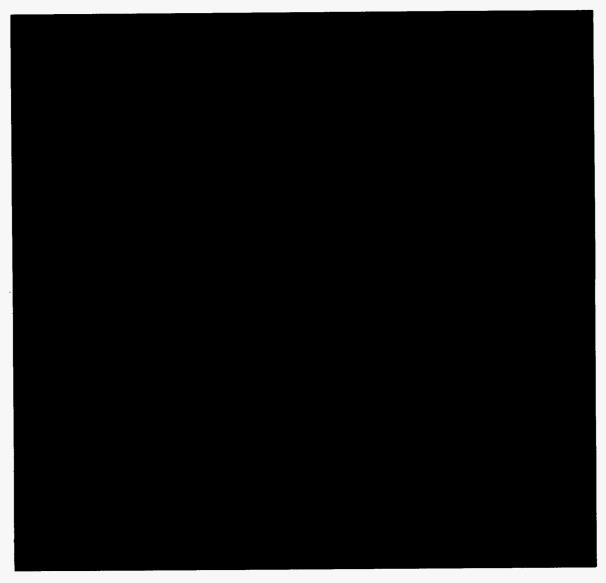
(Continued)

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

The sources of deferred tax asset and liabilities and the income tax effect of each as of June 30, 2010 and 2009 are as follows:

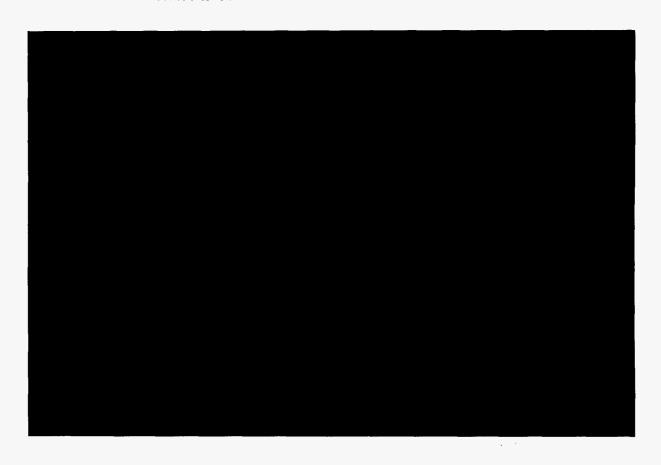
2009 2010 Long-term Long-term Current Current Deferred tax assets: Financial statement allowance for doubtful accounts Accrued paid time off Excess basis of intangibles for tax purposes over basis for financial statement purposes Total deferred tax assets Deferred tax liabilities: Excess of basis of property and equipment for financial statement purposes over basis for income tax purposes Intercompany capitalized profit on equipment sales Unrealized gain on exchange of investments in merger Unrealized holding gains on availablefor-sale securities Total deferred tax liabilities Net deferred tax liabilities (Continued)

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements



(Continued)

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements



(8) Operating Leases

The Company leases various equipment and buildings under various terms which require future payments. Rental expenses under the terms of these type of lease agreements were approximately

Future minimum rental payments required under the leases are as follows:

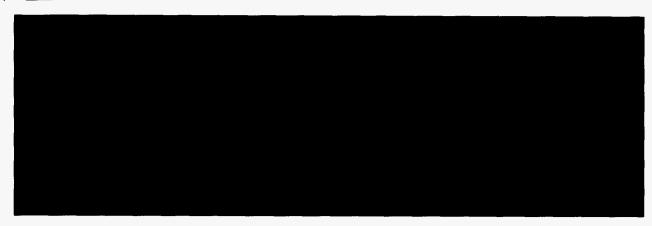
Year Ending June 30,
2011
2012
2013
2014
2015

(Continued)

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Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

(9) Profit Sharing Plan



(10) Related Party Transactions

The Company had miscellaneous receivables from MSTV of outstanding at June 30, 2010 and 2009, respectively. Additionally, miscellaneous advances to a Company shareholder totaled at June 30, 2010 and 2009, respectively.

(11) Employment Contracts

The Company has an employment contract with its Assistant Secretary, who also serves as President of NSC, which provides for incentive-based compensation based upon the Company's Board of Directors' discretion combined with Company performance. No incentive compensation was paid on the contract in either 2010 or 2009.

(12) Commitments

The Company, via HTC as the primary contractor and HRS as the subcontractor, has relay service contracts in place to provide relay services to several states throughout the United States. The relay service contracts are generally for fixed periods ranging from two to five years with subsequent annual or bi-annual renewal provisions. Additionally, the relay service contracts generally contain provisions for liquidated damages if HTC as the contractor or its' subcontractor, HRS, does not meet prescribed quality of service standards. No liquidated damages had been assessed to HRS as of June 30, 2010. Relay service contracts up for bid and renewal during fiscal year 2011 include the states of Maine, Arizona, Montana, New Mexico, Wyoming, Georgia, and Kentucky.

(Continued)

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

(13) Litigation

The Company is at times involved in litigation arising in the normal course of business. Additionally, over the past three years, the Company has received four separate Federal Communications Commission (FCC) inquiries via HRS for which the Company has responded and supplied all information and documentation requested by the FCC to them. After consultation with legal counsel, management estimates these matters will be resolved without a material adverse effect on the Company's financial position or results from operations.

(14) Reclassifications

The Company's 2009 financial statements have been reclassified to conform with 2010 presentation.

NEDELCO, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Consolidated Financial Statements and Schedules

Years Ended June 30, 2009 and 2008

(With Independent Auditor's Report Thereon)



Kurt J. Moural, CPA Thomas L. Stevenson, CPA Daniel E. Vinkenberg, CPA Sonja A. Cattau, CPA

Consulting
Robert M. Eddy, CPA
Richard V. Akerlund,
CPA (Inactive Registrant)

Independent Auditor's Report

The Board of Directors Nedelco, Inc. and Subsidiaries:

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of Nedelco, Inc. and Subsidiaries as of June 30, 2009 and 2008 and statements of earnings, stockholders' equity and cash flows for the years then ended. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

As discussed in note 6 to the financial statements, Nedelco, Inc. and Subsidiaries has elected to use an accelerated method of depreciation promulgated by the Internal Revenue Service for its property, plant and equipment which is not in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In our opinion, except for using an accelerated method of depreciation promulgated by the Internal Revenue Service for its property, plant and equipment, the consolidated financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Nedelco, Inc. and Subsidiaries at June 30, 2009 and 2008, and the results of their operations and cash flows for the years then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Our audits were made for the purpose of forming an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. The supplementary data included in the accompanying Schedules 1 through 4 is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to auditing procedures applied in the audit of the consolidated financial statements and, in our opinion, except for using an accelerated method of depreciation promulgated by the Internal Revenue Service for its property, plant and equipment, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Dohnan, Akulund + Eddy, LLC October 30, 2009

Consolidated Balance Sheets

June 30, 2009 and 2008

<u>Assets</u>

2009

2008

Current assets:

Cash and cash equivalents Certificates of deposit Available-for-sale securities Accounts receivable:

Due from subscribers and agents, less allowance for doubtful accounts

Due from officers and stockholders

Net accounts receivable

Accrued interest receivable
Inventories, at cost
Due from affiliated companies
Recoverable income taxes
Prepaid expenses

Total current assets

Investments and other assets:

Cash surrender value of life insurance
Other investments, at cost
Security and equipment deposits

Total investments and other assets

Property, plant and equipment, at cost Less accumulated depreciation

Net property, plant and equipment

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity

2009

2008

Current liabilities:

Note payable, current portion Accounts payable Accrued expenses Deferred income taxes

Total current liabilities

Other liabilities and deferred credits: Minority interest in subsidiary Deferred income taxes

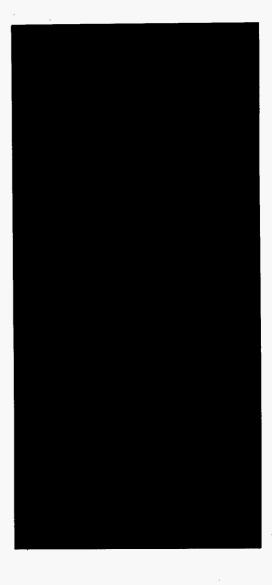
Total other liabilities and deferred credits

Total liabilities and deferred credits

Stockholders' equity:

Accumulated other comprehensive income Retained earnings

Total stockholders' equity



Consolidated Statements of Earnings

Years Ended June 30, 2009 and 2008

2009

2008

Operating revenue:

Local service

Toll service and access charges

Billing and collection revenue

Directory advertising

Telephone equipment sales,

leases, and maintenance contracts

Employee service contracts

Vehicle and equipment service

Mobile and pager service

Telemarketing fees

Long distance revenue

Dual relay services

Internet services

Other operating revenue

Estimated uncollectible revenue

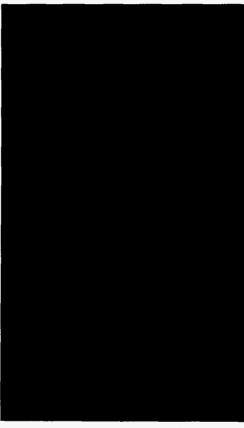
Total operating revenue

Cost of sales

Net operating revenue

Operating expenses

Operating income, carried forward



(Continued)

Consolidated Statements of Earnings (Continued) Years Ended June 30, 2009 and 2008

<u>2009</u>

2008

Operating income, brought forward

Other income (deductions):

Dividend income

Interest income

Rental income

Rental property expense

Depreciation, miscellaneous physical property

Interest expense

Charitable contributions

Gain (loss) on disposition of assets

Other, net

Total other income

Earnings before income taxes and minority interest in net earnings of subsidiary

Income taxes:

Current

Deferred

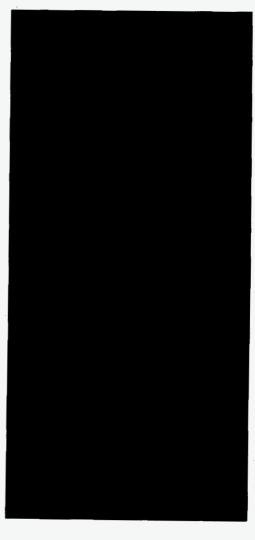
Total income taxes

Earnings before minority interest in net earnings of subsidiary

Minority interest in net earnings of subsidiary

Net earnings

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.



Consolidated Statements of Stockholders' Equity

Years Ended June 30, 2009 and 2008

		Comprehensive Income	Preferred Stock	Common <u>Stock</u>	Other Comprehensive Income	Retained <u>Earnings</u>	Total Stockholders' <u>Equity</u>
	Balances at June 30, 2007						
	Comprehensive income - 2008: Net earnings						
•	Other comprehensive losses, net of taxes: Realized gains on securities included in net earnings, net of tax expense Unrealized losses on securities, net of tax ax benefit						
	Comprehensive income						
	Cash dividends. Balances at June 30, 2008						
	Comprehensive income - 2009: Net earnings						
	Other comprehensive losses, net of taxes: Unrealized losses on securities net of taxes.						
	Comprehensive income						
	Cash dividends,						
	Balances at June 30, 2009						

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows

Years Ended June 30, 2009 and 2008

Increase or Decrease in Cash and Cash Equivalents

2009

2008

Cash flows from operating activities:

Cash received from subscribers and agents
Cash paid to suppliers and employees
Dividends received
Interest received
Interest paid
Income taxes paid
Income taxes refunded

Net cash provided (used) by operating activities

Cash flows from investing activities:

Net payments from

(advances to) officers and stockholders

Net payments from (advances to) affiliated companies

Proceeds from disposition of assets

Redemption of (investment in) certificates of deposit

Investment in other investments

Expenditures for additions to

property, plant and equipment

Net cash used by investing activities

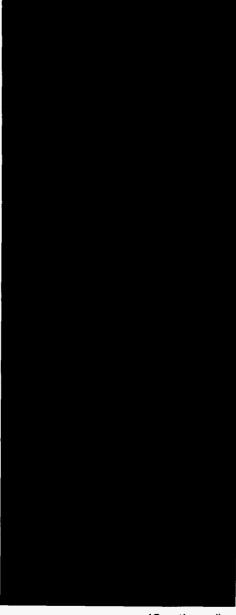
Cash flows from financing activities:

Principal payments on notes payable
Subsidiary common stock repurchased
Dividends paid
Subsidiary dividends paid to minority interest

Net cash used by financing activities

Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year Cash and cash equivalents at end of year



(Continued)

Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (Continued)
Years Ended June 30, 2009 and 2008

Reconciliation of Net Earnings to Net Cash Provided or Used by Operating Activities

2009

2008

Net earnings

Adjustments to reconcile net earnings to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:

Depreciation and amortization

Intangible amortization

Provision for uncollectible revenues

Provision for deferred income taxes

Loss (gain) on disposition of assets

Net partnership income

Non-cash dividends

Minority interest in net earnings of subsidiary

Decrease (increase) in:

Due from subscribers and agents

Accrued interest receivable

Inventories

Recoverable income taxes

Prepaid expenses

Cash surrender value of life insurance

Security and equipment deposits

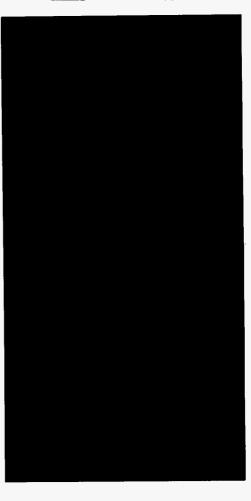
Increase (decrease) in:

Accounts payable

Accrued expenses

Total adjustments

Net cash provided (used) by operating activities



Supplemental Disclosures of Cash Flows Information

Included in accounts payable at June 30, 2009 and 2008 was respectively, related to the purchase of property, plant and equipment.

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

June 30, 2009 and 2008

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Principles of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of Nedelco, Inc. and all majority and wholly-owned subsidiaries (the Company). All material intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated.

Business activities

The Company's primary business activity is to operate as a holding company for its various majority and wholly-owned subsidiaries. The Company's subsidiaries and their related activities are as follows: The Hamilton Telephone Company (HTC), a 97.2% owned subsidiary of the Company, is headquartered in Aurora, Nebraska. HTC is a corporation and was organized in 1901 and provides telephone services to exchanges in central Nebraska. HTC operates under the rules and regulations of the Nebraska Public Service Commission and utilizes the Uniform System of Accounts prescribed by the Federal Communications Commission; wholly-owned subsidiaries, Aurora Telemarketing, Inc. (ATI), a telemarketing company; Hamilton Long Distance (HLD), a long distance service company; Hamilton Relay, Inc. (HRS), a telephone relay service company; Hamilton.net, Inc. (HNT), an internet service company; Hamilton Information Systems, Inc. (HIS), a retail computer store; Hamilton Wireless, Inc. (HWL), a wireless service company; and Nedelco Services Corporation (NSC), an employee services Mid-State Community TV, Inc. (MSTV), a company providing cable television service in several central Nebraska communities, is related to the Company through common ownership and management. The Company is also an investor in a domestic, publicly traded communications company (Windstream Corporation) as well as a privately held communications company (AirWalk Communications, Inc.). The accounting and reporting policies of the Company conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America with the exception of using an accelerated tax depreciation method promulgated by the Internal Revenue Service for the depreciation of property, plant and equipment.

Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the balance sheet and reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the accounting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Cash and cash equivalents and statements of cash flows

For purposes of the statements of cash flows, the Company considers all highly liquid debt instruments purchased with a maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents. Additionally, investment in certificates of deposit, advances to affiliated companies and advances to officers and stockholders are presented on a net rather than a gross cash flow basis.

Proprietary & Confidential

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Accounts receivable and allowance for doubtful receivables

Expenses include a provision for doubtful accounts to allow for estimated uncollectible accounts. This provision is based on past experience and on analysis of current accounts receivable collectibility. Accounts are considered delinquent based on passage of a specified period of time and consideration of payment history. Accounts deemed uncollectible are charged to the allowance in the year they are deemed uncollectible. As a result, there is at least a reasonable possibility that recorded estimates will change by a material amount in the near term.

Investment securities

Investment securities that are held for short-term resale are classified as trading securities and carried at fair value. Debt securities that management has the ability and intent to hold to maturity are classified as held-to-maturity and carried at cost, adjusted for amortization of premium and accretion of discounts using methods approximating the interest method. Other marketable securities are classified as available-for-sale and are carried at fair value. Realized and unrealized gains and losses on trading securities are included in net income. Unrealized gains and losses on available-for-sale securities are recognized as direct increases or decreases to stockholders' equity. Cost of securities sold is recognized using the specific identification method.

Inventory valuation

Inventories of materials and supplies are valued at the lower of cost or market. Cost is generally determined using the first-in, first-out method. Inventories of computers and related supplies held for resale (via HIS) are valued at the lower of cost or market, utilizing the weighted average method.

Equity method of accounting

Investments in significant partnerships and limited liability companies in which the Company owns a greater than twenty percent interest are accounted for utilizing the equity method of accounting, whereby the investment is carried at cost of acquisition plus the Company's equity in undistributed earnings or losses since acquisition. Valuation allowances are provided where management determines the investment or equity in earnings is not realizable. Investments held with an ownership interest of less than twenty percent are recorded for using the cost method of accounting.

Property, plant and equipment

Telephone plant - Maintenance and repair of telephone plant and replacement of items determined to be less than units of property are charged to expense. Replacement and renewal of items considered to be units of property are charged to the telephone plant accounts. Telephone plant retired or otherwise disposed of in the ordinary course of business, together with the cost of removal less salvage, is charged to accumulated depreciation. Depreciation of telephone plant is determined using the straight-line method based on estimated service lives prescribed by the public service commission.

(Continued)

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Other property, plant and equipment (PP&E) - Other PP&E is carried at cost and are being depreciated on varying accelerated methods promulgated by the Internal Revenue Service over their estimated useful lives. Maintenance, repairs, and minor betterments of other property, plant and equipment are charged to expense. Major renewals and betterments are capitalized. At the time of retirement or disposition of other property, plant and equipment items, the accounts are relieved of cost and accumulated depreciation and gains or losses on the transactions are taken into income.

Miscellaneous physical property

Depreciation of miscellaneous physical property is computed using straight-line and accelerated methods over the estimated useful life of the related asset.

Long-lived assets

Long-lived assets are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the related carrying amount may not be recoverable. When required, impairment losses on assets to be held and used are recognized based on the excess of the asset's carrying amount over the fair value of the asset and long-lived assets to be disposed of are reported at the lower of carrying amount or fair value less cost to sell.

Revenues

Telecommunication service related revenues are recognized when related services are provided. Retail computer sales and services revenues are recognized at the point of sale.

Self-funded health insurance

The Company self-funds health insurance for its employees and their dependents. Health insurance expense is recorded on the accrual basis. An accrued liability is recorded at year-end which estimates the incurred but not recorded claims. The Company has stop loss insurance to cover catastrophic claims. As a result, there is at least a reasonable possibility that recorded estimates will change by a material amount in the near term.

Income taxes

The Company uses the asset-and-liability method of accounting for income taxes. Under the asset-and-liability method, deferred income taxes are recognized for the tax consequences of "temporary differences" by applying enacted statutory tax rates applicable to future years to differences between the financial statement carrying amounts and the tax bases of existing assets and liabilities. If it is more likely than not that some portion of a deferred tax asset will not be realized, a valuation allowance is recognized. The effect on deferred taxes of a change in tax rates is recognized in income in the period that includes the enactment date.

(Continued)

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

In June 2006, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued Interpretation No. 48, Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes - an Interpretation of FASB Statement No. 109 (FIN48). FIN48 requires that a determination be made whether a tax position is more likely than not to be sustained upon examination, including resolution of any related appeals or litigation processes, based on the technical merits of the position. Once it is determined that a position meets the recognition threshold, the position is measured to determine the amount of benefit to be recognized in the financial statements. FIN48's effective date of implementation is for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2006. Subsequent to FIN48's issuance, the FASB issued FASB Staff Position (FSP) FIN48-2 and, most recently, FSP FIN48-3, Effective Date of FASB Interpretation No. 48 for Certain Nonpublic Enterprises (FSP FIN48-3). FSP FIN48-3 was issued December 30, 2008 and allows nonpublic companies to defer the effective date of implementing FIN48 to fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2008. The Company has elected to defer the implementation of FIN48 in accordance with FSP FIN48-3 as of and for the year ended June 30, 2009.

Comprehensive income or loss

Accounting principles generally require that recognized revenue, expenses, gains, and losses be included in the statements of earnings. Although certain changes in assets and liabilities, such as unrealized gains and losses on securities available-for-sale, are reported as a separate component of the equity section of the statements of financial condition, such items, along with net income, are components of comprehensive income. At June 30, 2009 and 2008, accumulated other comprehensive income or loss was comprised entirely of unrealized gains and losses on securities available-for-sale, net of applicable deferred income taxes.

Advertising and promotion costs

Advertising and promotion costs are expensed as incurred.

Subsequent events

In May 2009, FASB issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standards (SFAS) No. 165, Subsequent Events (as amended). SFAS No. 165 requires the disclosure of the date through which subsequent events have been evaluated, as well as whether that date is the date the financial statements were issued or the date the financial statements were available to be issued. Financial statements are considered to be "available to be issued" when they are complete in form and format that complies with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and all approvals necessary for issuance have been obtained. The Company adopted the provisions of SFAS No. 165 upon its issuance.

As required by SFAS No. 165, the Company has evaluated subsequent events through October 30, 2009 which is the date the financial statements were considered "available to be issued".

(Continued)

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

(2) Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Company's cash and cash equivalents and certificates of deposit at June 30, 2009 consisted of checking accounts and certificates of deposit recorded at cost which approximates market. All income associated with cash and cash equivalents and certificates of deposit are reported as other income in the statements of earnings. A summary of the Company's cash accounts as of June 30, 2009 and 2008 is as follows:

Insured by federal depository insurance Petty and other miscellaneous cash funds Outstanding checks and other in-transit items Uncollateralized deposits

Total cash and cash equivalents and certificates of deposit

Reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents and certificates of deposit to balance sheets:

Cash and cash equivalents

Certificates of deposit,

including accrued interest receivable

Less accrued interest receivable added to certificates of deposit

Total cash and cash equivalents and certificates of deposit

2008

2009

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Company's deposits may not be returned to it. The Company maintains cash deposits with local banks which generally exceed federally insured limits. The Company periodically assesses the financial condition of the institutions and believes the risk of any loss in minimal.

In August 2008, the Company entered into the Certificate of Deposit Account Registry Service (CDARS) program with a local bank. The CDARS program allows the Company to make an investment with a single bank who in turn places funds below the FDIC deposit limit with other participating financial institutions to allow the depositor to gain additional FDIC coverage on its deposits. The FDIC coverage also increased from \$100,000 per depositor in 2008 to \$250,000 per depositor in 2009. The use of the CDARS program together with the increased FDIC coverage has allowed the Company to greatly reduce its exposure to uncollateralized deposit risk.

(Continued)

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

The Company, via HTC, has a certificate of deposit with a value of June 30, 2009 which is assigned to the State of Montana Department of Administration under the terms of a relay service contract which has been entered into by HTC with the State of Montana. HTC has subcontracted the performance of services under the relay service contract to HRS. The State of Montana Department of Administration has the authority under the terms of the relay service contract to withdraw money from the certificate of deposit should HRS fail to perform on the relay service contract in accordance with its terms. The certificate of deposit assignment is in force until 60 days after the relay service contract terminates. In July 2009, the contract was extended until February 27, 2011.

(3) Available-for-sale Securities

The following is a schedule of unrealized holding gains, net of minority interest and deferred income taxes for available-for-sale securities held by HTC as of June 30, 2009 and 2008:

Available-for-sale securities at fair value

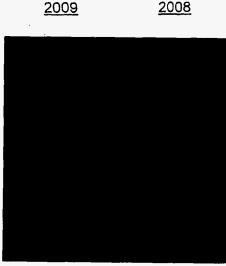
Financial statement cost basis of available-for-sale securities

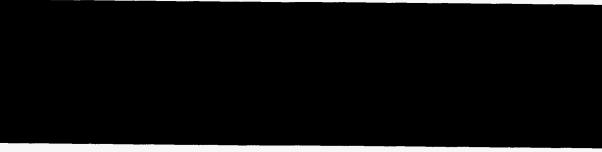
Unrealized holding gains

Minority interest in unrealized gains

Deferred income tax liability on unrealized holding gains

Net unrealized holding gains on available-for-sale securities





(Continued)

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Effective January 1, 2008, the Company adopted the provisions of FASB No. 157, Fair Value Measurements, for financial assets and financial liabilities. In accordance with FASB Staff Position No. 157-2, Effective Date of FASB Statement No. 157, the Company delayed application of FASB No. 157 for non-financial assets and non-financial liabilities. FASB No. 157 defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and expands disclosures about fair value measurements.

FASB No. 157 defines fair value as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants. This price measurement assumes the transaction occurs in the principal market for the asset or liability or in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability in absence of a principal market. Under FASB No. 157, fair market value measurements are not adjusted for transaction costs. FASB 157 establishes a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 inputs) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 inputs). The three levels of inputs are as follows:

- Level 1 Valuation is based on quoted prices for identical instruments traded in active markets. An active market is one in which transactions occur with sufficient frequency and volume to provide pricing information on an ongoing basis.
- Level 2 Valuation is based on significant other observable inputs other than Level
 1 inputs. This includes quoted active market prices for similar assets and
 liabilities; quoted prices in markets that are not active; or other inputs that are
 observable or can be derived principally from or corroborated by observable
 market data.
- Level 3 Valuation is based on significant unobservable inputs that represent the Company's own assumptions about the assumptions that market participants would use in pricing an asset or liability. These include assets and liabilities whose value is determined using pricing models, discounted cash flow methodologies, or similar techniques, including assets and liabilities for which determination of fair value requires significant management judgment or estimates.

The Company estimates that the fair value of any other financial instruments do not differ materially from their carrying values as displayed in the accompanying statements of financial position.



Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

(4) Inventories

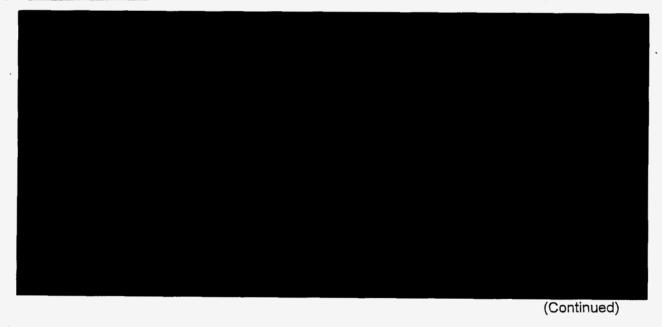
Inventories at June 30, 2009 and 2008 are comprised of the following:

Telephone operations inventories Internet service inventories Retail computers and supplies Other



During 2008, HNT wrote down its inventory due to obsolescence in the amount of This write down is included in the statements of earnings as an operating expense.

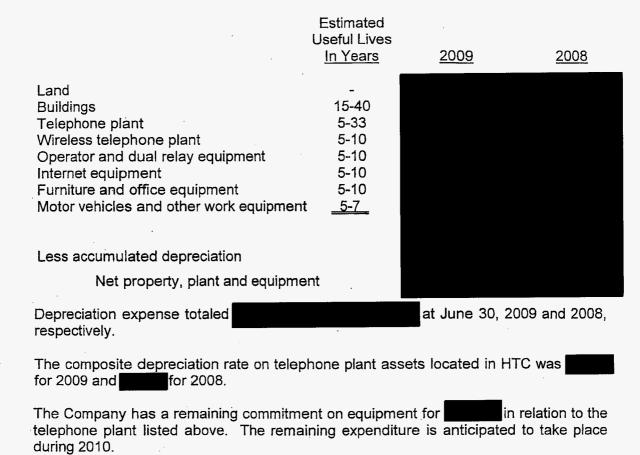
(5) Other Investments



Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

(6) Property, Plant and Equipment

A summary of property, plant and equipment and their estimated useful lives at June 30, 2009 and 2008 follows:



Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

The Company has elected to use an accelerated method of depreciation promulgated by the Internal Revenue Service for its property, plant and equipment which is contrary to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The following schedule displays the approximate effect the application of the straight-line method of depreciation would have had on the Company's balance sheets and statements of earnings as of and for the years ended June 30, 2009 and 2008.

2009

2008

Balance Sheets

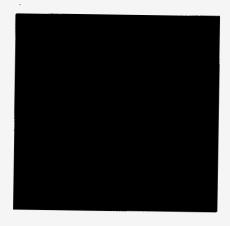
Increase in PP&E, net Deferred income tax liability on PP&E, basis difference

Net increase to retained earnings

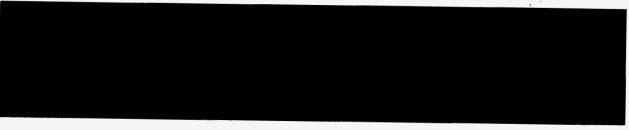
Statements of Earnings

Decrease in depreciation expense Increase in deferred income tax expense

Net increase in net earnings



(7) Note Payable



Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

(8) Income Taxes

Components of income tax expense are as follows:

Current:

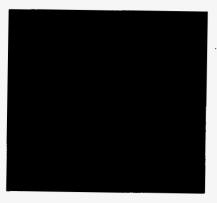
Federal

State

Deferred:

Federal State 2009

2008



Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Income tax expense totaled in 2009 and 550 in 2008. The actual tax expense for both 2009 and 2008 differs from the "expected" tax expense for those years (computed by applying the average U.S. federal corporate tax rate of 34% to earnings before income taxes) as shown below:

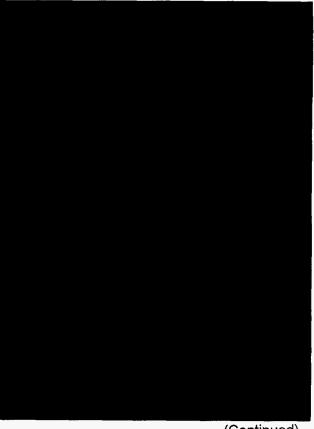
 2009
 2008

 % of
 % of

 Pretax
 Pretax

 Amount
 Income
 Amount
 Income

Computed "expected" tax expense Increase (reduction) in taxes resulting from: State income tax expense recognized Federal state tax expense (benefit) Permanent income tax differences, primarily meals and corporate dividends received deduction Tax benefit from reversing of assessed IRS exam adjustments True up of prior year's federal tax True up of prior year's Nebraska tax Corrections of prior year's Louisiana job credit refund estimat Federal taxes associated with Louisiana tax credits and refunds Net tax expense associated with taxability of Federal excise tax refund Louisiana estimated job credit refund IRS exam notice, tax assessed Other



Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

The sources of deferred tax asset and liabilities and the income tax effect of each as of June 30, 2009 and 2008 are as follows:

2009 2008
Current Long-term Current Long-term

Deferred tax assets:

Financial statement
allowance for
doubtful accounts
Accrued paid time off
Excess basis of intangibles for
tax purposes over basis for
financial statement purposes

Total deferred tax assets

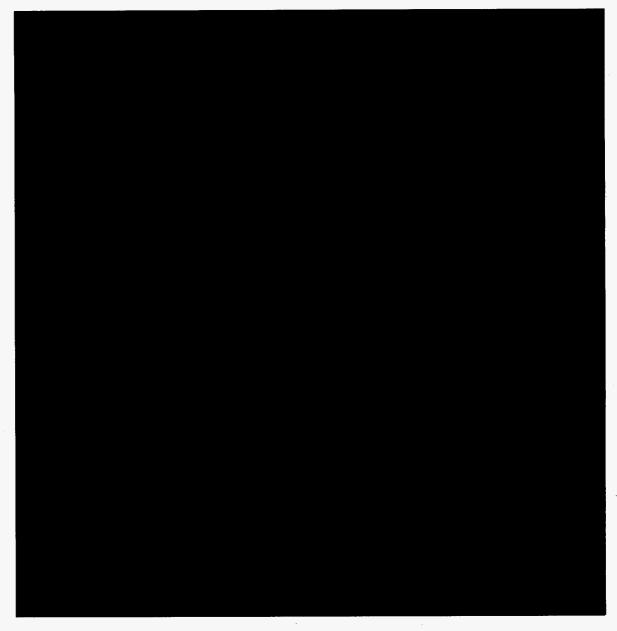
Deferred tax liabilities:

Excess of basis of property
and equipment for financial
statement purposes over
basis for income tax purposes
Intercompany capitalized
profit on equipment sales
Unrealized gain on exchange
of investments in merger
Unrealized holding
gains on availablefor-sale securities

Total deferred tax liabilities

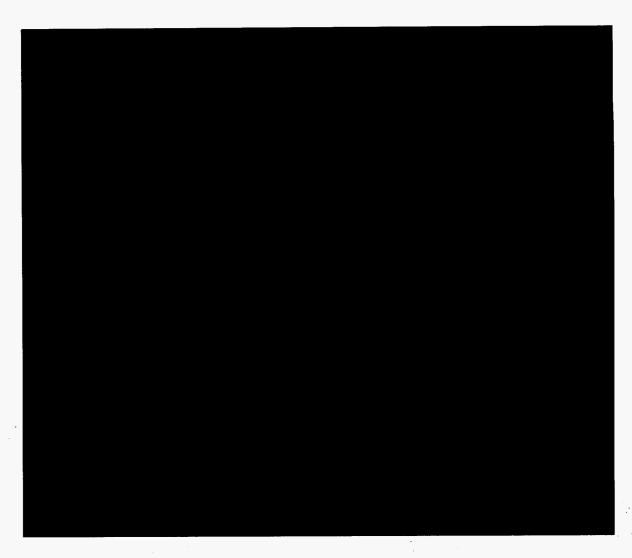
Net deferred tax liabilities

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements





Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements



(9) Operating Leases

The Company leases various equipment and buildings under various terms which require future payments. Rental expenses under the terms of these type of lease agreements were approximately

Future minimum rental payments required under the leases are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,

2010

2011

2012

2013

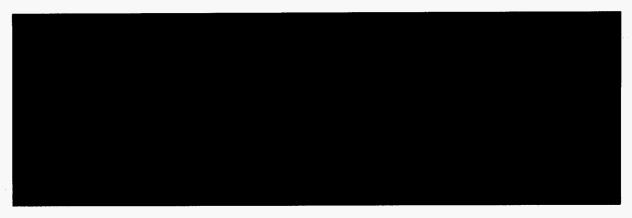
2014



Proprietary &

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

(10) Profit Sharing Plan



(11) Related Party Transactions

The Company had miscellaneous receivables from MSTV of outstanding at June 30, 2009 and 2008, respectively. Additionally, miscellaneous advances to a Company shareholder totaled 2008, respectively.

(12) Employment Contracts

The Company has an employment contract with its Assistant Secretary, who also serves as President of NSC, which provides for incentive-based compensation based upon the Company's Board of Directors' discretion combined with Company performance. No incentive compensation was paid on the contract in either 2009 or 2008.

(13) Commitments

The Company, via HTC as the primary contractor and HRS as the subcontractor, has relay service contracts in place to provide relay services to several states throughout the United States. The relay service contracts are generally for fixed periods ranging from two to five years with subsequent annual or bi-annual renewal provisions. Additionally, the relay service contracts generally contain provisions for liquidated damages if HTC as the contractor or its' subcontractor, HRS, does not meet prescribed quality of service standards. No liquidated damages had been assessed to HRS as of June 30, 2009. Relay service contracts up for renewal during fiscal year 2010 include the states of Idaho, Maine, Wyoming, Nebraska, Iowa and Kentucky.



Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

(14) Litigation

The Company is at times involved in litigation arising in the normal course of business. Additionally, over the past two years, the Company has received four separate Federal Communications Commission (FCC) inquiries via HRS for which the Company has responded and supplied all information and documentation requested by the FCC to them. After consultation with legal counsel, management estimates these matters will be resolved without a material adverse effect on the Company's financial position or results from operations.

(15) Reclassifications

The Company's 2008 financial statements have been reclassified to conform with 2009 presentation

Attachment I Network Maps



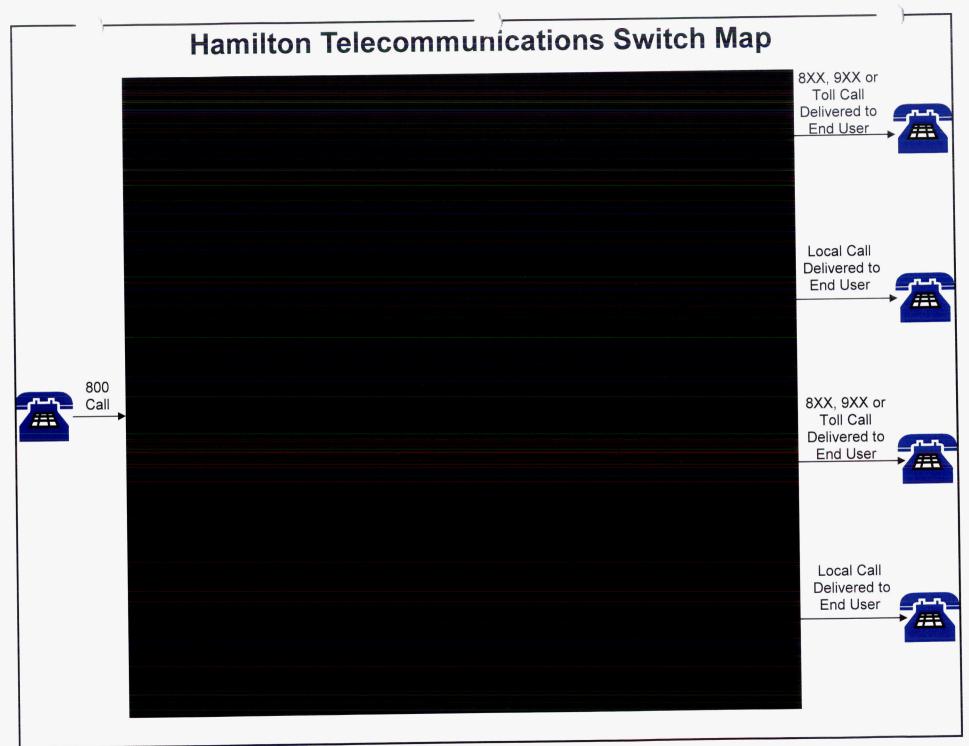
Florida Relay

Relay Your Way®



Hamilton believes that the Network Maps as contained in Attachment I is 'proprietary confidential business information' within the meaning of Section 364.183, Florida Statutes. Hamilton is filing this section with the Clerk's office under a claim of confidentiality pursuant to Section 364.183(1), Florida Statutes, and Rule 25-22.006(5), F.A.C. Accordingly, Hamilton has filed one highlighted and two redacted copies of this information with the Clerk's office.

Hamilton derives economic value from the information contained on such pages because it is not known to others, including Hamilton's competitors. Hamilton maintains the secrecy of the confidential and proprietary information by retaining sole possession and control of such information, and by not disclosing such information to others. Hamilton respectfully requests that the FPSC designate the confidential and proprietary information in its proposal as confidential trade secrets.



Attachment J Quality Information



Florida Relay

Hamilton Telephone Company d/b/a Hamilton Telecommunications Attachment J Quality Information

Relay Your Way®



Hamilton believes that the Quality Information as contained in Attachment J is 'proprietary confidential business information' within the meaning of Section 364.183, Florida Statutes. Hamilton is filing this section with the Clerk's office under a claim of confidentiality pursuant to Section 364.183(1), Florida Statutes, and Rule 25-22.006(5), F.A.C. Accordingly, Hamilton has filed one highlighted and two redacted copies of this information with the Clerk's office.

Hamilton derives economic value from the information contained on such pages because it is not known to others, including Hamilton's competitors. Hamilton maintains the secrecy of the confidential and proprietary information by retaining sole possession and control of such information, and by not disclosing such information to others. Hamilton respectfully requests that the FPSC designate the confidential and proprietary information in its proposal as confidential trade secrets.

Hamilton Relay Quality Report April 2010: Average Answer Seconds Percentage of Calls Answered in 10 seconds May 2010: Average Answer Seconds Percentage of Calls Answered in 10 seconds June 2010: Average Answer Seconds Percentage of Calls Answered in 10 seconds **July 2010: Average Answer Seconds** Percentage of Calls Answered in 10 seconds **August 2010: Average Answer Seconds** Percentage of Calls Answered in 10 seconds September 2010: **Average Answer Seconds** Percentage of Calls Answered in 10 seconds

Hamilton Relay Quality Report October 2010: Average Answer Seconds Percentage of Calls Answered in 10 seconds November 2010: **Average Answer Seconds** Percentage of Calls Answered in 10 seconds December 2010: **Average Answer Seconds** Percentage of Calls Answered in 10 seconds January 2011: Average Answer Seconds Percentage of Calls Answered in 10 seconds February 2011: Average Answer Seconds Percentage of Calls Answered in 10 seconds March 2011: **Average Answer Seconds** Percentage of Calls Answered in 10 seconds

Hamilton Relay Quality Report		
12-month Averages April 2010 through 2011:		
Average Answer Seconds		
Percentage of Calls Answered in 10 seconds		

HA	MI	N

Monito	ring Score	

	CA Number:	Date:
Formal Monitoring Worksheet	Call Type:	to
	State:	Station:

CA Name: _____

Call Set Up

Category	P/F	<u>Feedback</u>	

Call Content

Category	P/F	Feedback	

Recordings

P/F	<u>Feedback</u>	
	P/F	P/F Feedback

0		0			
Ca	ш	C	OS	ın	a

Category	P/F	<u>Feedback</u>
		790

Number Passed	Number Answered	Final Score

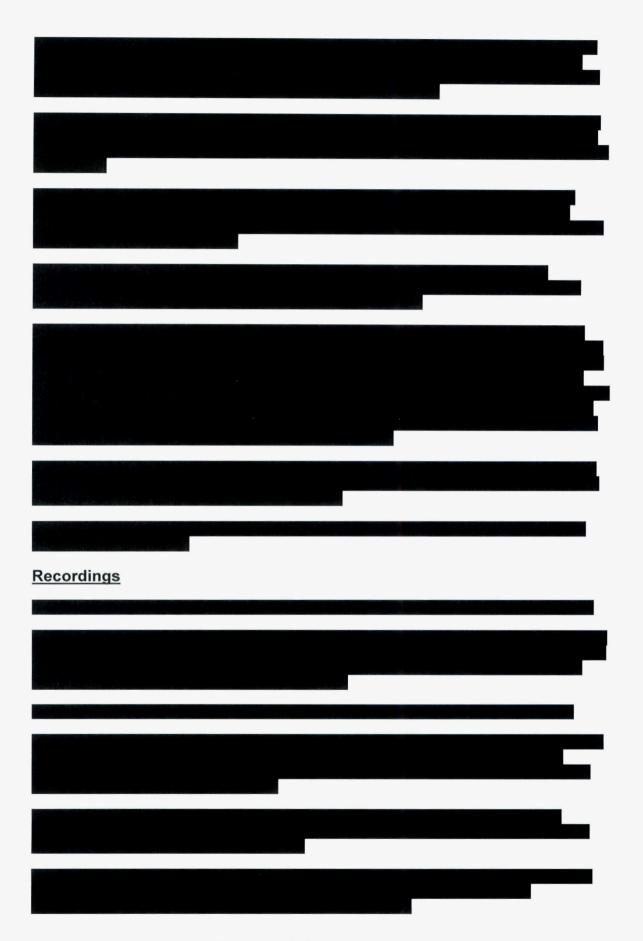
Monitor's		
Feedback:		
CA's		
Feedback		
CA Signature:	Date:	
Monitor's Signature:	Date:	

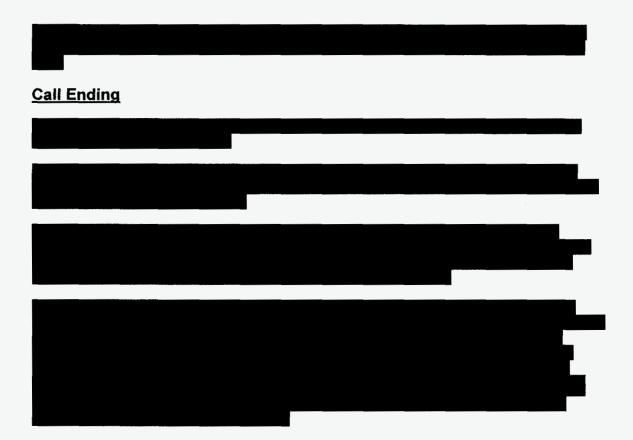
*Please review, SIGN/DATE and RETURN.
If you have any questions, please see the person who monitored you.*

Formal Call Evaluation

Call Set Up **Call Content**

Confidential Proprietary Information of Hamilton Relay, Inc.





Monitoring	Score



CA Name:		
CA Number:	Date:	
Call Type:	to	
State:	Station:	

Informal Monitoring Worksheet

Category	P/F	<u>Observations</u>

Monitor's Feedback:					
CA's Feedback:					
CA Signature:	Date:				
Monitor's Signature:	Date:				

Hamilton Telecommunications

Relay Floor Decorum Report Form

Decorum Score

CA Nar	ne:		CA #:	Date: _	
			Scoring:		
C		D4	C		
Category		Pts	Comments		
	i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i				
Total Points:	# Answered:				Decorum Score:
Supervisor (Comments:				
:					
CA Comme	nts:				
CA Signatur	e:			nte:	
Supervisor S	ignature:		Da	ite:	

Attachment K CA Training



Florida Relay

Relay Your Way®



Hamilton believes that the CA Training Plan as contained in Attachment K is 'proprietary confidential business information' within the meaning of Section 364.183, Florida Statutes. Hamilton is filing this section with the Clerk's office under a claim of confidentiality pursuant to Section 364.183(1), Florida Statutes, and Rule 25-22.006(5), F.A.C. Accordingly, Hamilton has filed one highlighted and two redacted copies of this information with the Clerk's office.

Hamilton derives economic value from the information contained on such pages because it is not known to others, including Hamilton's competitors. Hamilton maintains the secrecy of the confidential and proprietary information by retaining sole possession and control of such information, and by not disclosing such information to others. Hamilton respectfully requests that the FPSC designate the confidential and proprietary information in its proposal as confidential trade secrets.

What is Relay?

"Relay" is a service that provides the vital link for telephone communication between people who are unable to hear or speak and those who can hear. Many people who are unable to use a standard telephone because of hearing or speech impairment can utilize a text telephone (also called a TTY or a TDD). A text telephone is a device that allows a person to type and read their telephone conversations instead of listening and speaking. However, if a text telephone user wishes to "talk" on the phone with a standard telephone user, they must use the relay. Hamilton employs skilled Communication Assistants (CAs) who act as the "invisible link" between TTY and standard phone users. Communication Assistants "connect" relay users by speaking everything typed by the TTY user and typing everything spoken by a standard telephone user. By using the relay, text telephone users can call anyone they want, even if the person does not have special equipment.

(Excerpt from http://www.hamilton.net)

Hamilton Telecommunications provides relay service to the residents of Montana, Wyoming, Island of Saipan and Virgin Islands through a center in Aurora, NE; to the residents of Arizona, Idaho and Louisiana through a center in Baton Rouge, LA; to the residents of Iowa, Kansas, Maine, Rhode Island, Utah and to the residents of Georgia through a center in Albany, GA; and to the residents of Maryland through a center in Frostburg, MD.

- •The Louisiana Relay Center is open 5:00 A.M. to 1:00 A.M., Monday through Friday; 6:00 A.M. to 12:00 A.M. Saturday, Sunday, and Holidays.
- •The Nebraska Relay Center is open 8:00 A.M. to 5:00 P.M., 5 days a week (Monday through Friday).
- •The Georgia Relay Center is open 6:00 A.M. to 11:00 P.M., 7 days a week.
- •The Maryland Relay Center is open 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.
- •The Massachusetts Relay Center is open 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.
- •No time limit on calls
- •No charge for making relay call (long distance charges do apply)



Relay Centers

Mission Statement

Our mission is to provide our customers with the latest in quality telecommunications services at competitive prices, our people with rewarding career opportunities and our investors with a reasonable rate of return.

Georgia Relay Center

2231 - T Dawson Road Albany, GA 31707 Phone: 229-435-5185

Fax: 229-435-5231

Louisiana Relay Center

9107 Bluebonnet Centre Blvd.

Baton Rouge, LA 70809

Phone: 225-291-4500, 888-699-6869

Fax: 225-293-3583

Maryland Relay Center

1 Science Park Frostburg Business Park

Frostburg, MD 21532 Phone: 301-689-5195

Fax: 301-689-5197

Massachusetts Relay Center

703 W Housatonic Street Ste 148

Pittsfield, MA 01201-6634

Phone: 413-395-0830 Fax: 413-395-0835

Nebraska Relay Center

1006 12th St

Aurora, NE 68818

Phone: 402-694-5299, 800-322-5299

Fax: 402-694-5110



Relay Numbers

Arizona Relay Service

TTY: 800-367-8939 Voice: 800-842-4681 VCO: 800-842-9818 ASCII: 888-842-3372

Speech to Speech: 800-842-6520 Spanish: 800-842-2088 Customer Service (TTY): 800-347-1695 Customer Service (Voice): 866-259-1768

Georgia Relay Service

TTY: 800-255-0056 Voice: 800-255-0135 711: 866-273-9819 Spanish: 888-202-3972

Speech to Speech: 888-202-4082 Customer Service (TTY/Voice): 866-694-5824

Idaho Relay Service

TTY/ASCII: 800-377-3529 Voice: 800-377-1363 Spanish: 866-252-0684 Speech to Speech: 888-791-3004 Customer Service (TTY/Voice): 800-368-6185

Relay Iowa Service

TTY/ASCII: 800-735-2942 Voice: 800-735-2943 VCO: 800-735-4313 Spanish: 800-264-7190 Speech to Speech: 877-735-1007 Customer Service: 888-516-4692

Kansas Relay Service
TTY/Voice: 800-766-3777
Spanish: 866-305-1343
Speech to Speech: 866-305-1344
Spanish STS: 866-305-1345
900 Spanish: 800-811-2379
900 TTY/Voice: 877-811-6033

Louisiana Relay Service

Customer Service: 866-735-2957

TTY: 800-846-5277 Voice: 800-947-5277 ASCII: 888-550-5277 Spanish: 800-737-1813

Speech to Speech: 888-272-5530 Customer Service (TTY/Voice): 888-699-6869



Maine Relay Service

TTY: 800-437-1220 Voice: 800-457-1220 ASCII: 888-890-9254 Spanish: 888-890-9255

Speech to Speech: 888-890-9256 Customer Service (TTY/Voice): 800-270-9709

Maryland Relay Service

VOICE: 800-201-7165 TTY/HCO: 800-735-2258 ASCII: 877-735-5151 VCO: 888-826-9673 2LVCO: 877-258-9854 STS: 800-785-5630

Spanish: 800-877-1264 Customer Service: 866-269-9006

Massachusetts Relay Service

VOICE: 800-439-0183 TTY: 800-439-2370 VCO: 866-887-6619 STS: 866-645-9870 Spanish: 866-930-9252 Customer Service: 800-720-3479

Montana Relay Service

TTY: 800-253-4091 Voice: 866-253-4090 VCO: 877-826-7161 Spanish: 866-225-1866 Speech to Speech: 877-253-4613 Customer Service: 866-897-8860

New Mexico Relay Service

TTY: 800-659-8331 Voice: 800-659-1779 VCO: 877-659-4174 Spanish: 800-327-1857 Speech to Speech: 888-659-3952 Customer Service: 877-463-0994

Rhode Island Relay Service

TTY: 800-745-5555
Voice: 800-745-6575
ASCII: 800-745-1570
Spanish: 866-355-9214
Speech to Speech: 866-355-9213
Customer Service (TTY/Voice): 866-703-5485

Saipan Relay Service

TTY/ASCII: 866-339-9385 Voice: 866-339-9384 Spanish: 800-205-3601 Speech to Speech: 800-205-3716 Customer Service: 800-519-8283



Relay Utah

TTY/711: 800-346-4128 Voice: 888-735-5906 ASCII: 888-735-5907 Speech to Speech: 888-346-5822

Spanish: 888-346-3162 VCO: 800-346-7141 Customer Service: 877-831-4782

Virgin Islands Relay Service

TTY: 800-440-8477 Voice: 800-809-8477 Spanish: 800-940-0656 Speech to Speech: 800-940-0712 Customer Service: 866-883-4038

Wyoming Relay Service

TTY/ASCII: 800-877-9965 Voice: 800-877-9975 VCO: 877-877-1474 Spanish: 800-829-2783 Speech to Speech: 877-787-0503

Customer Service (TTY/Voice): 888-694-4450

Hamilton Relay Service

TTY: 800-833-5833 Voice: 800-833-7833 Spanish: 888-797-5281 Speech to Speech: 800-242-6558 Customer Service: 800-618-4781

Hamilton Web Relay Customer Service: 877-283-7687



Hamilton Relay Service

Confidentiality Agreement

I ______ do hereby recognize the serious and confidential nature of the Relay Service. I recognize the responsibility this places upon me and its bearing on my continued employment. By agreeing to employment in a Communications Assistant, supervisor or customer service role, I agree to the following conditions:

- 1. I will not disclose to any individual, including fellow Communication Assistants (CAs)
 Customer Service Representatives and supervisors, the identity of any caller or information I may acquire about a caller while relaying his/her conversation, except if the user is in life threatening circumstances or causes an emergency situation, or in instances of resolving a complaint.
- 2. Under no circumstances will I act upon any information I may acquire while relaying conversations.
- 3. I will not allow any individual to watch or listen while processing actual calls, except for authorized training and quality monitoring purposes.
- 4. Except when performing Speech-to-Speech or Captioned Telephone Service relay, I will not bring any recording devices, including but not limited to, pens, pencils and Personal Digital Assistants (PDAs), into relay workspace.
- 5. I will not keep any written or electronic form of a conversation beyond the duration of the call, except as allowed for Speech-to-Speech Relay service.
- 6. Except for any information necessary for billing purposes or gathering caller profile or 7-1-1 information when requested by the caller, I will not collect nor use a caller's personal information.
- 7. I will not register my company as the caller's CRS relay provider of choice without the expressed permission of the caller. When explaining about a caller's choice of relay providers I will strive to ensure that the caller receives a clear, accurate and forthright understanding of his or her options and of the registration process. I will not engage in deceptive practices that result in obtaining a caller's permission deceitfully.
- 8. Under no circumstances will I reveal my relay operator number in conjunction with my name, or disclose to anyone the names, schedules or personal information of any fellow CA or supervisor working at the relay service.
- 9. I understand that the FCC requires me to relay everything that is said by either party even if portions of the conversation are offensive to me personally.
- 10. In the event of my resignation or termination of my employment, I will continue to hold in strictest confidence all information related to the work I have performed as a relay operator.

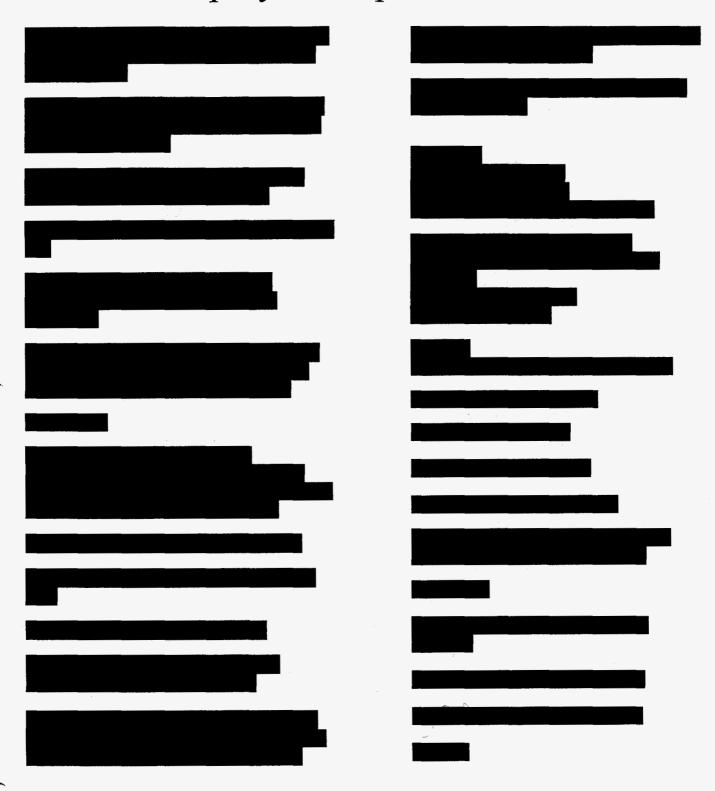
I understand further that any of the above breaches in confidentiality will lead to disciplinary action up to and including immediate dismissal.

Signature:

Signature:	-
Print Name:	
Position:	Date:



Employee Responsibilities





Scheduling Information

Schedule Change Requests



Full-time and Part-time Requests

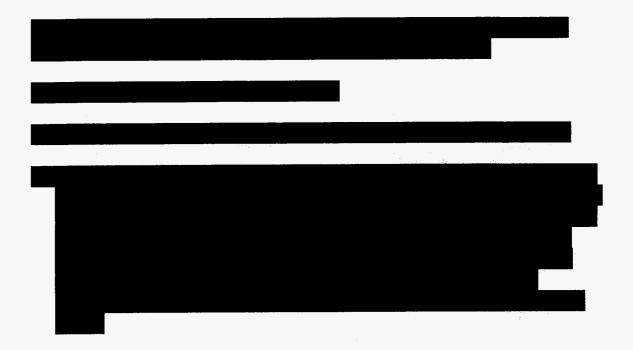


Vacation and Days Off





Lockers

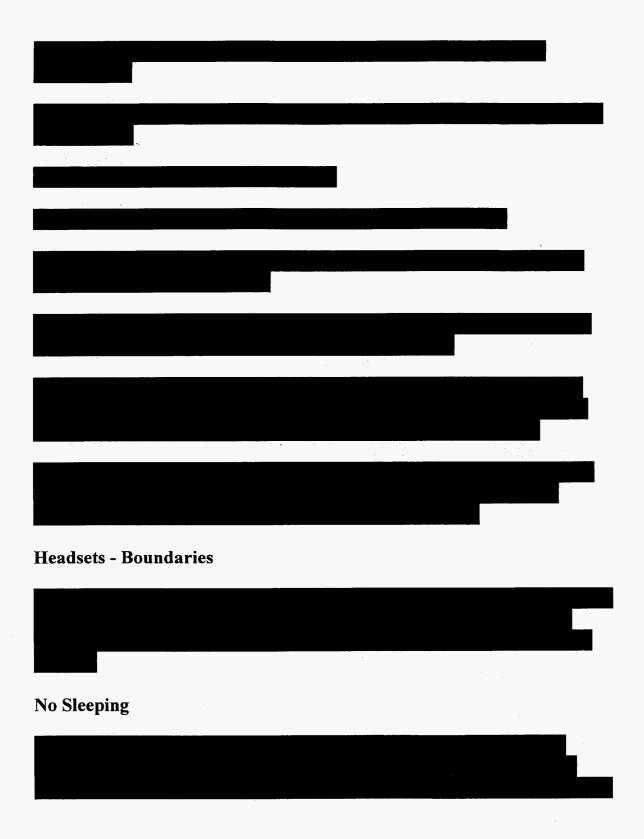




CA Responsibilities

Code of Ethics: Confidentiality Voice Level **Dress Code**

HAMILEN





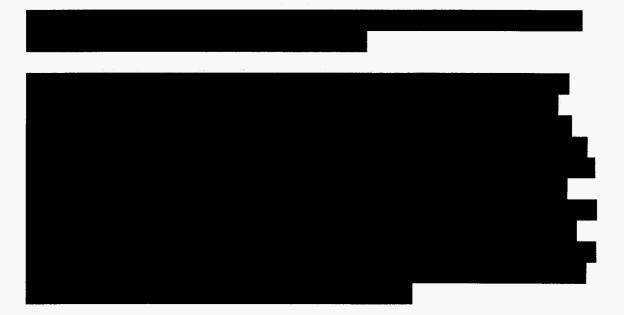
Lead CA



Relay 800 Numbers



Punctuality





Supervisor on Call Weekdays / Weekends

Answering the Business Phone Phone Calls Cellular Phones Emergency Calls Attendance Board

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Introduction to Relay

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Leaving On Time / Calls at the End of Your Shift



Volunteer Hours



Standby



Keyboard Cleaning



Station Responsibility



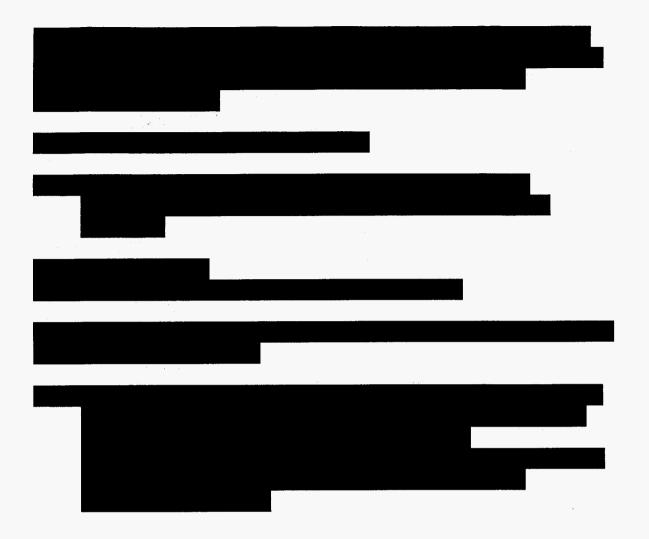
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Introduction to Relay

CONFIDENTIAL AND PROPRIETARY

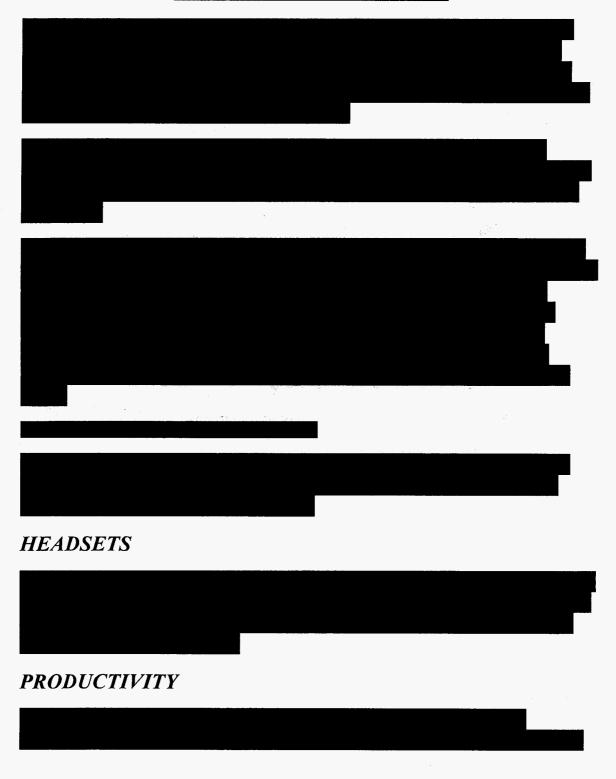
Food and Beverage at Workstations Water is allowed in approved cups only. Seating **CA Meetings Drug Free Workplace Policy**







RELAY FLOOR DECORUM





PUNCTUALITY

STATION RESPONSIBILITY

CALL FOCUS

ACTS IN A PROFESSIONAL MANNER

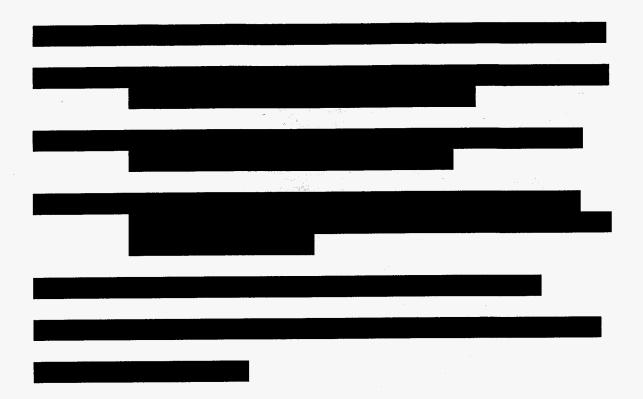
DRESS CODE

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Training Script TTY to Voice









20-Hour Deaf Culture Training Curriculum Outline





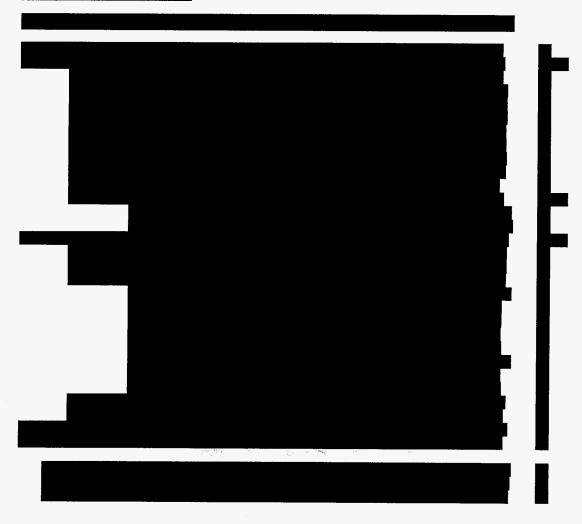
Introduction to Deaf Culture

&

Translating ASL Gloss to English



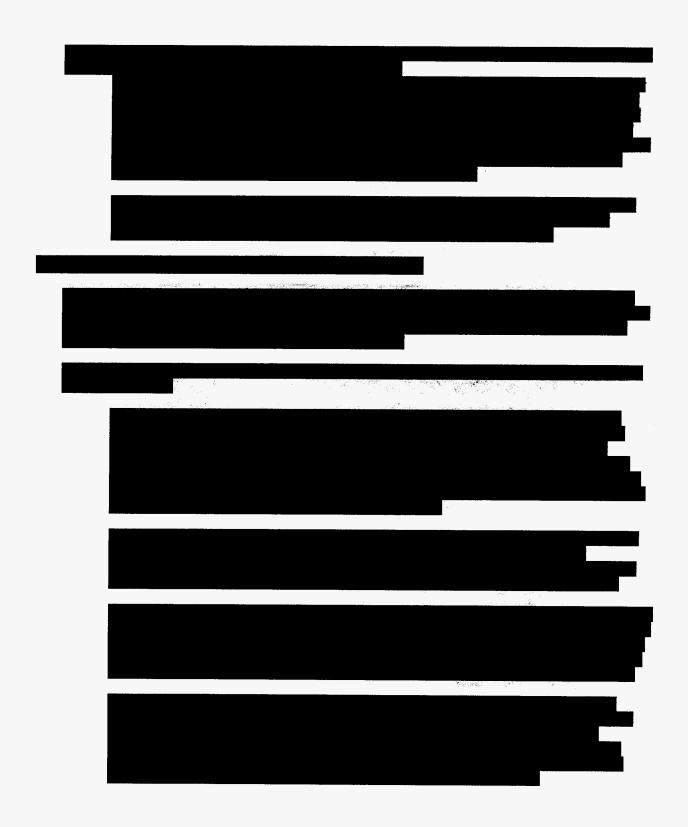
Scope of Curriculum



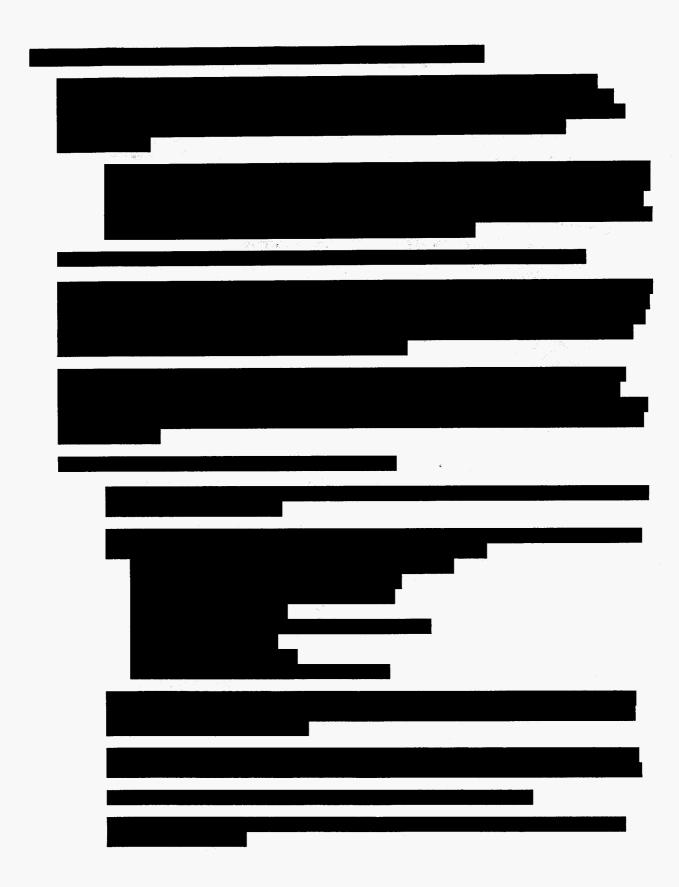


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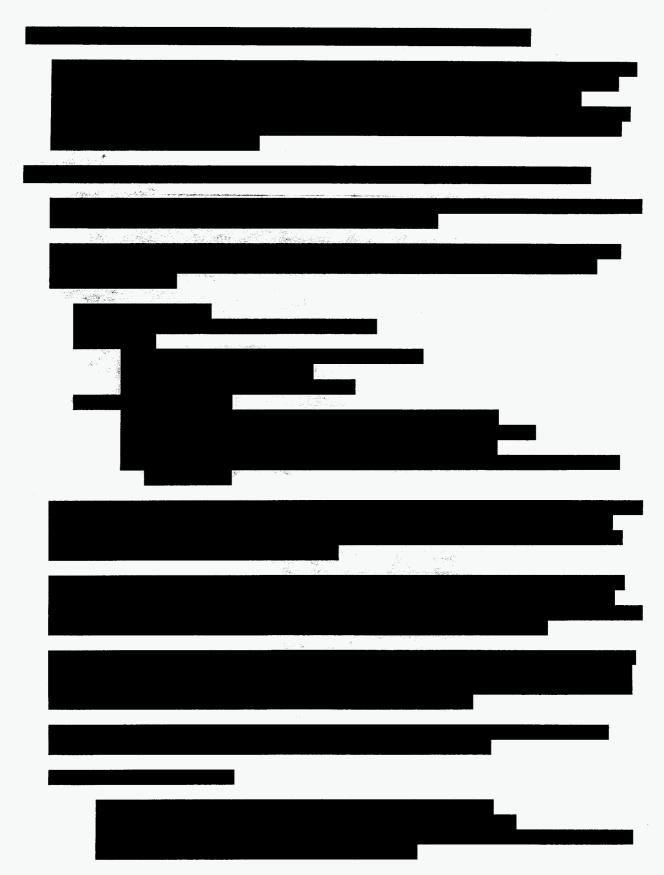




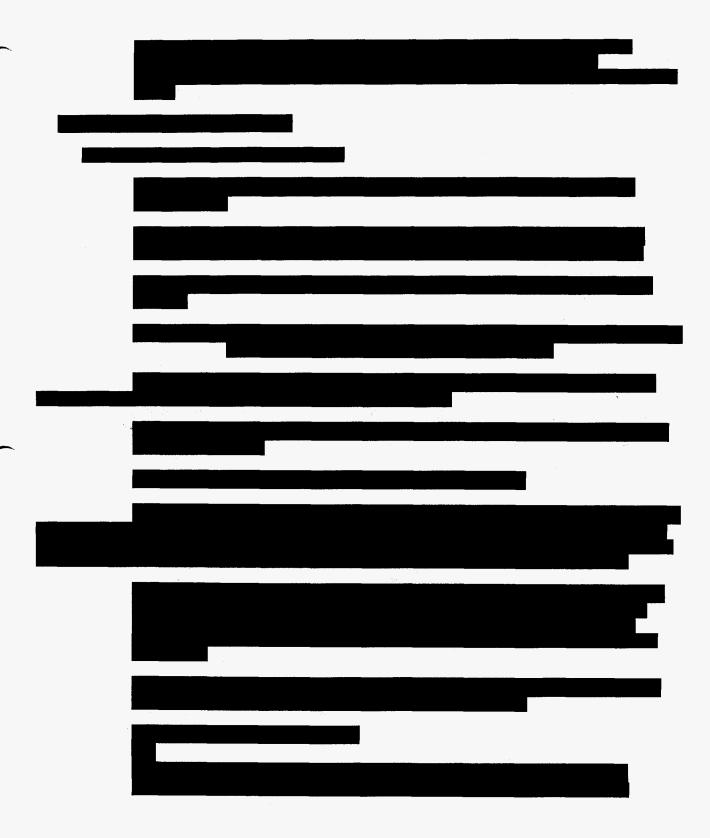






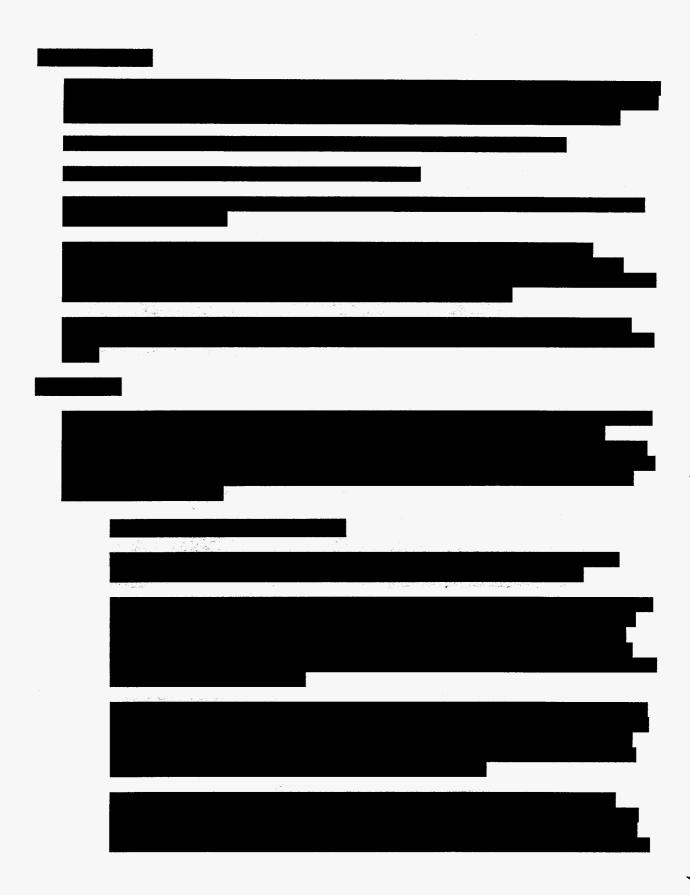


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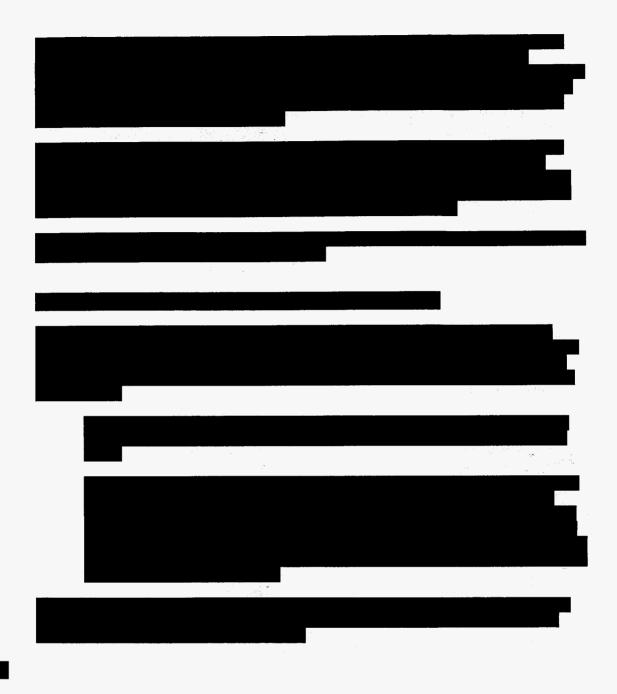




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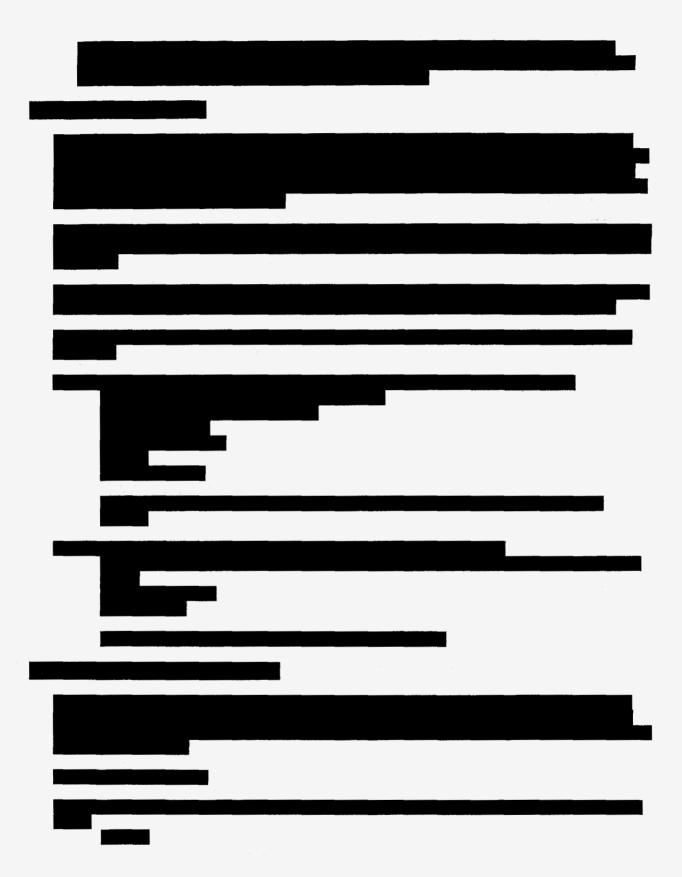




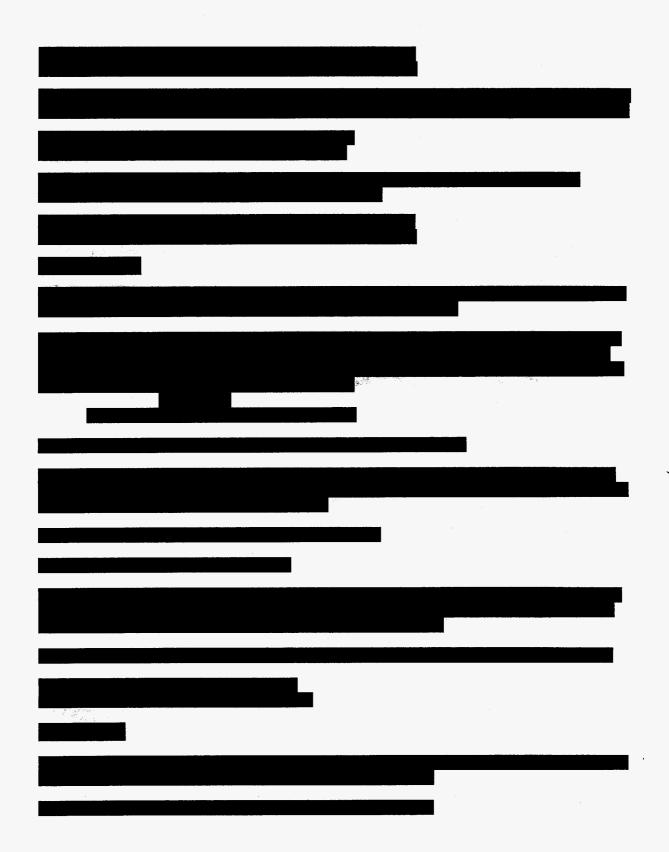
III. Introduction to American Sign Language



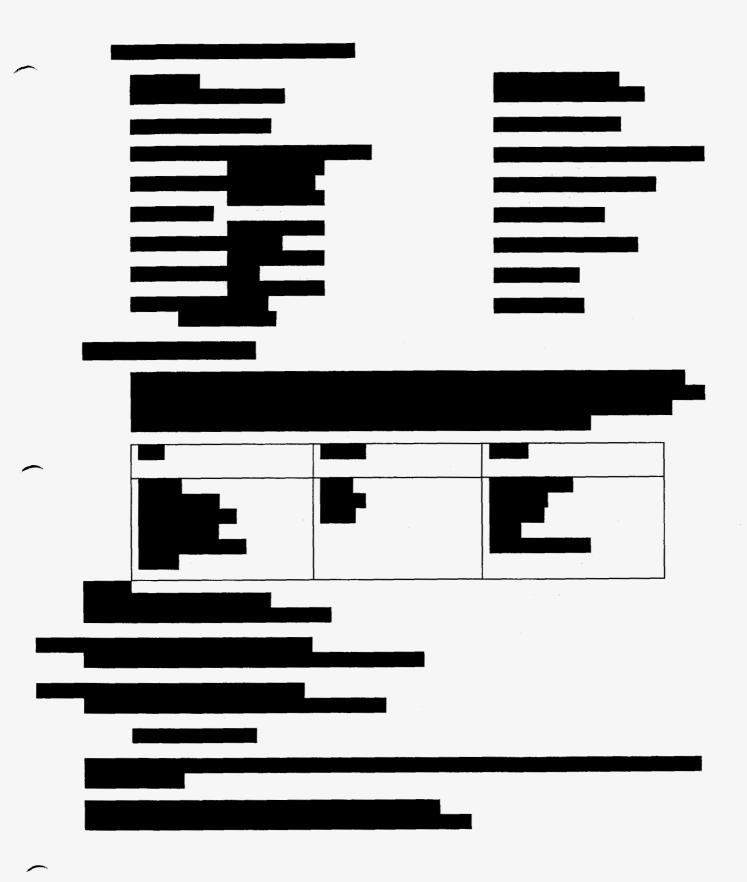




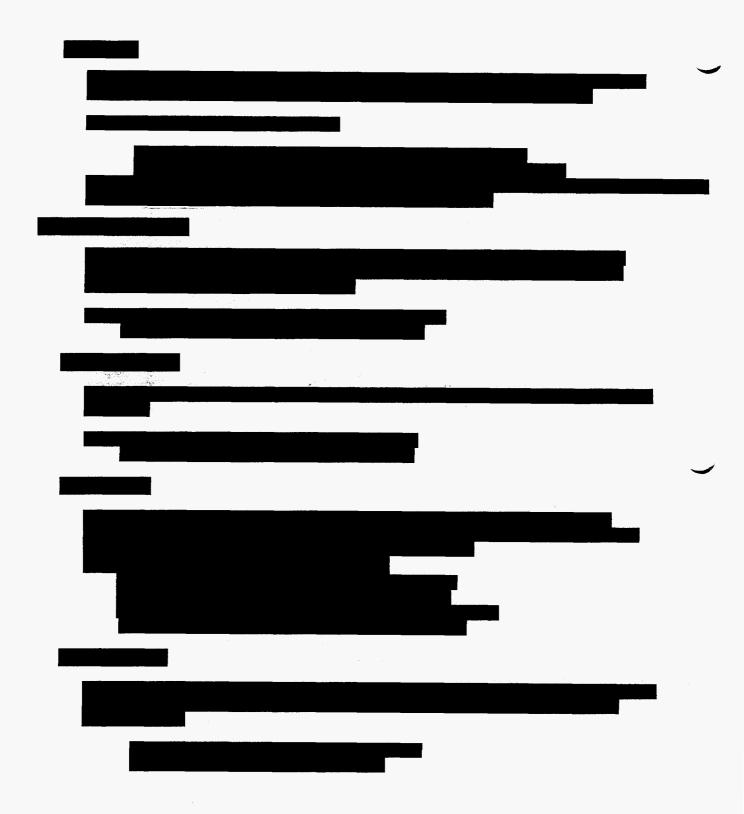




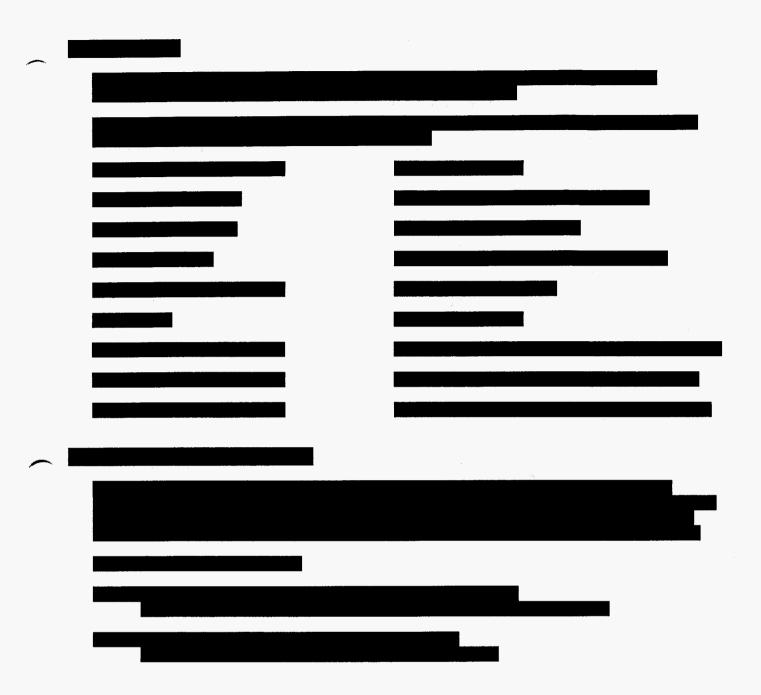




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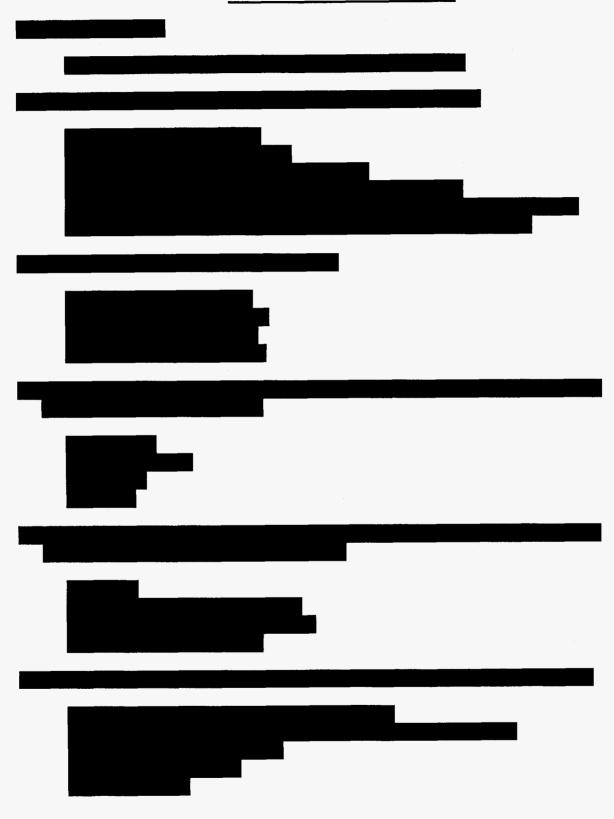




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DEAF CULTURE TEST

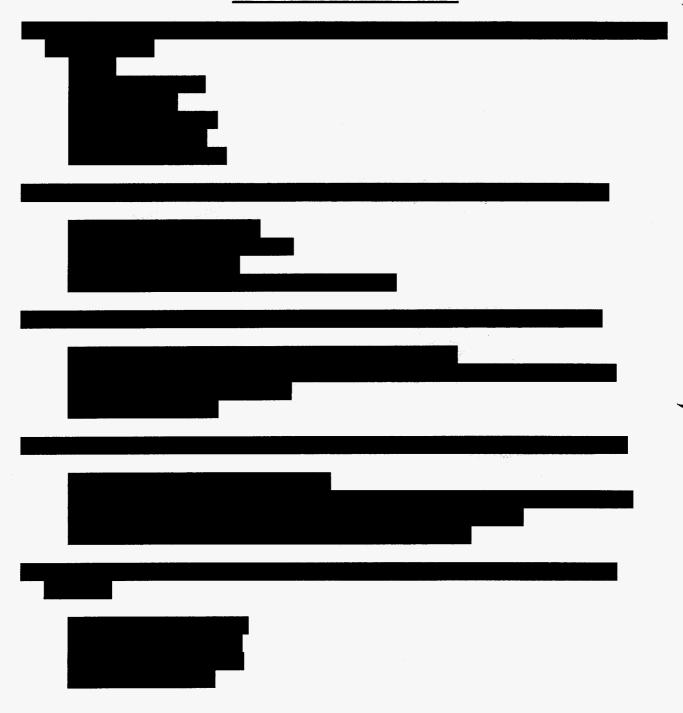


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Introduction to Relay

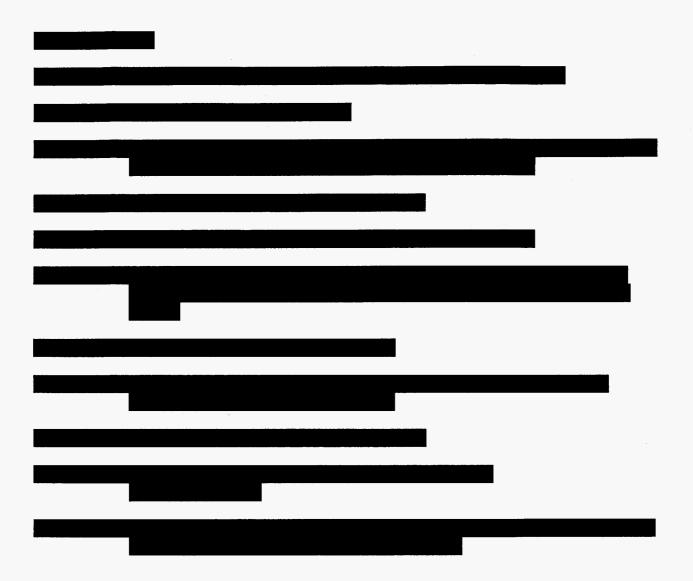
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DEAF CULTURE TEST



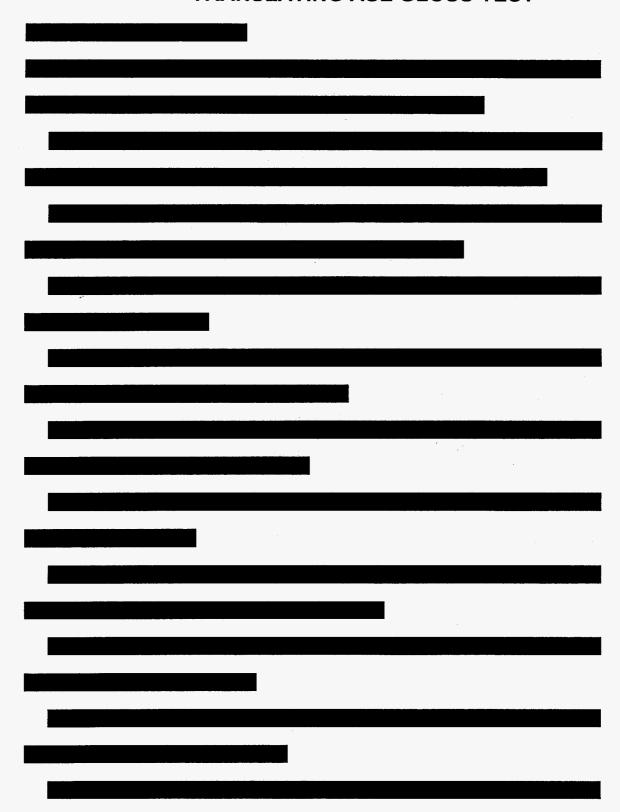


DEAF CULTURE TEST





TRANSLATING ASL GLOSS TEST



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TRANSLATING ASL GLOSS TEST





Introduction to Relay

CONFIDENTIAL AND PROPRIETARY

Facts and Myths About Deafness



Table of Contents





Introduction to the History of Deaf America

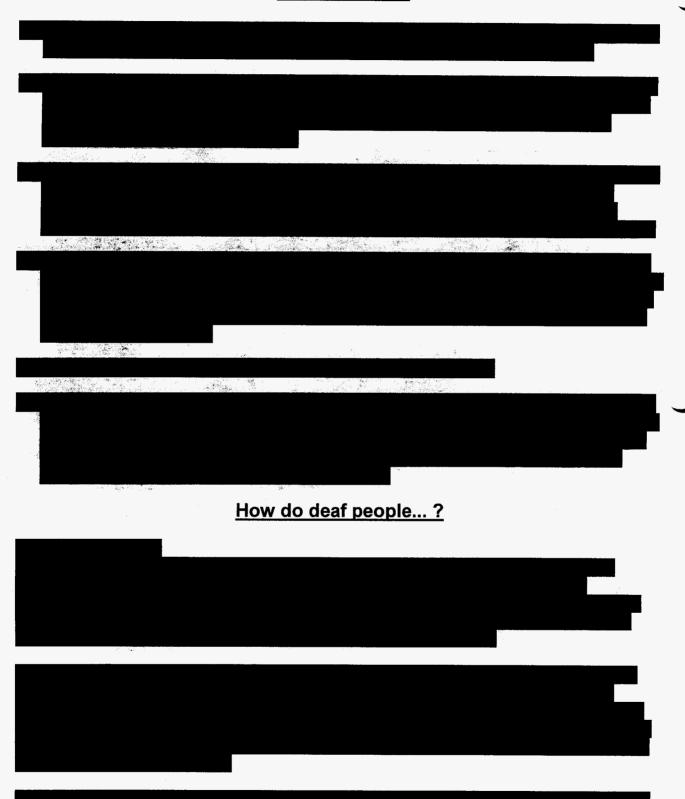








Did you know?







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Common myths about deaf people



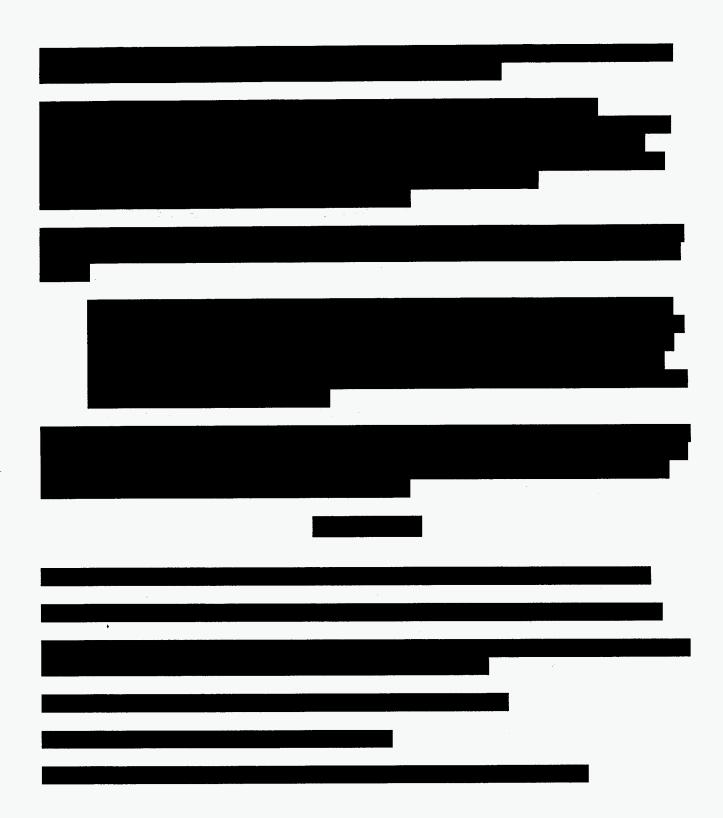




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Quiz

Answer each ques	tion by circling yo	our answer to	the question.		
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Quiz – ANSWER KEY

Answer each question	n by circling yo	ur answer to	the questic	on.	
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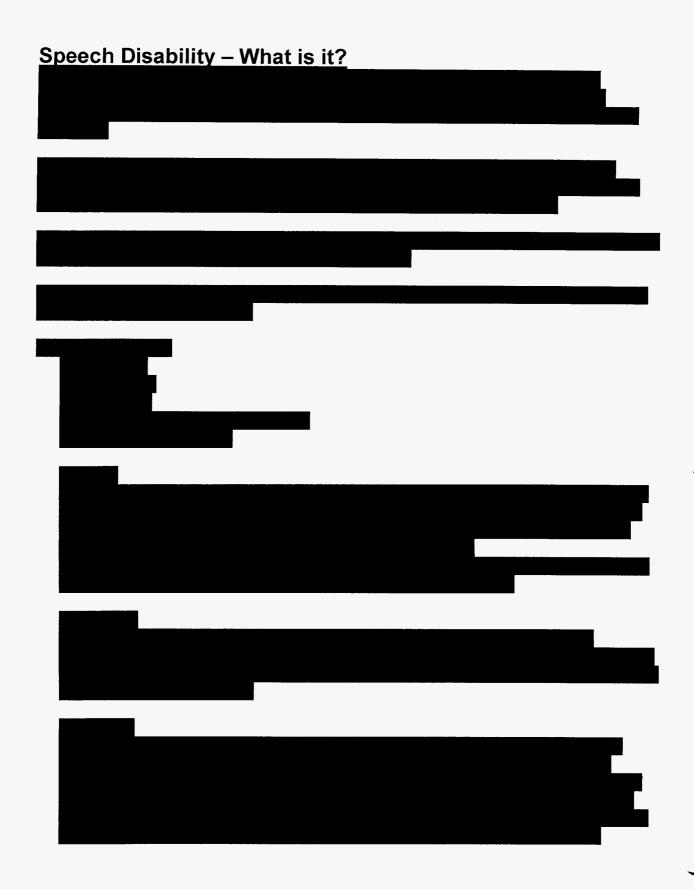
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Speech Disabilities



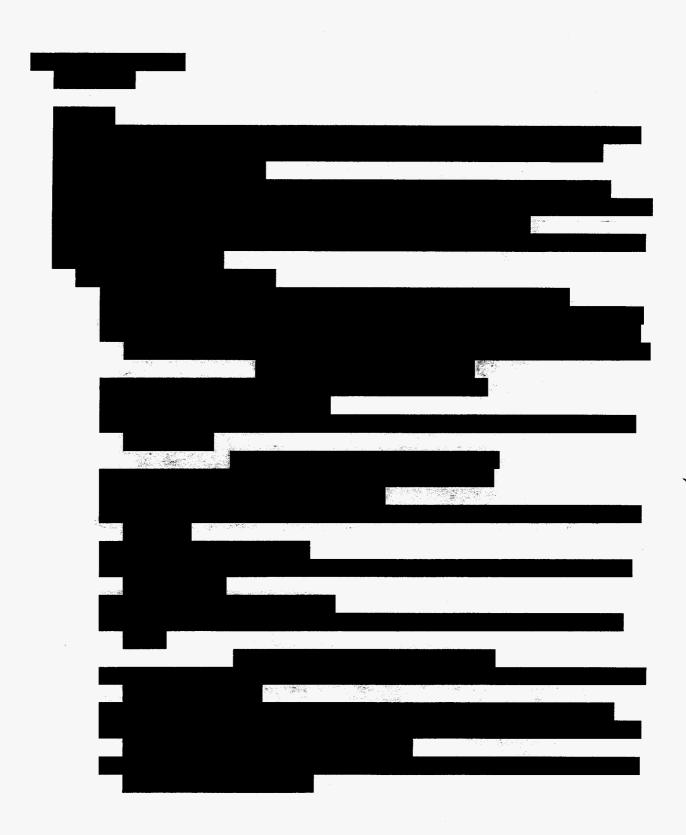




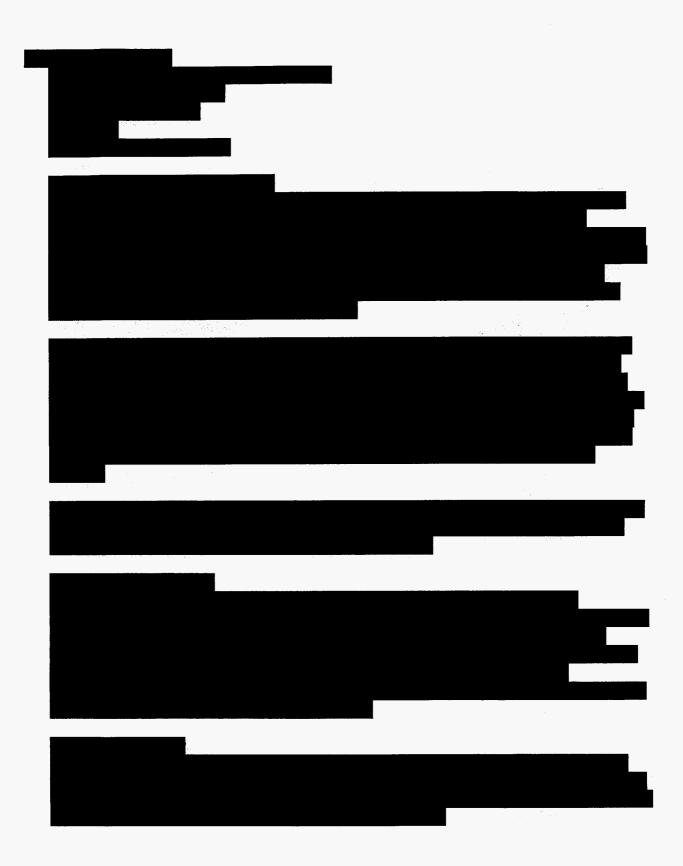




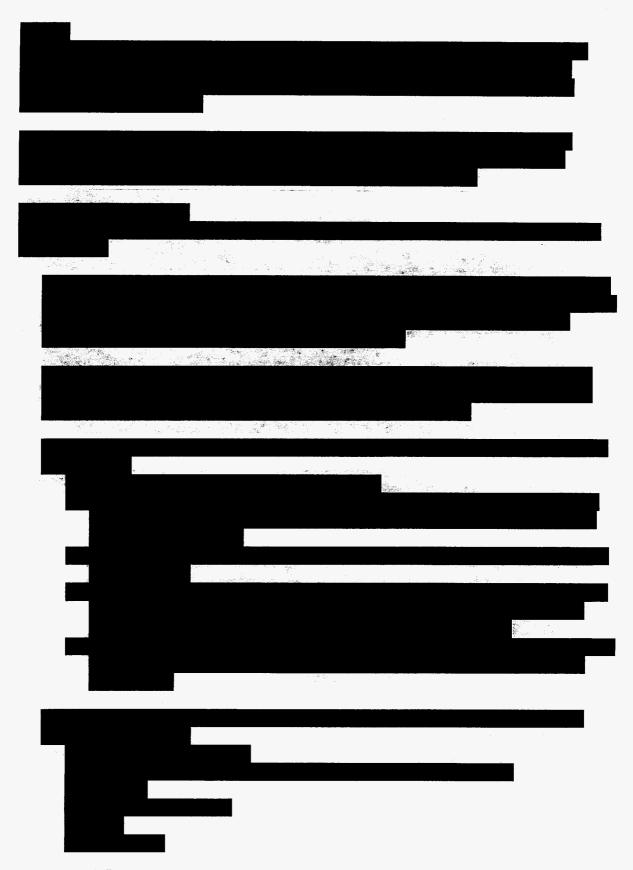
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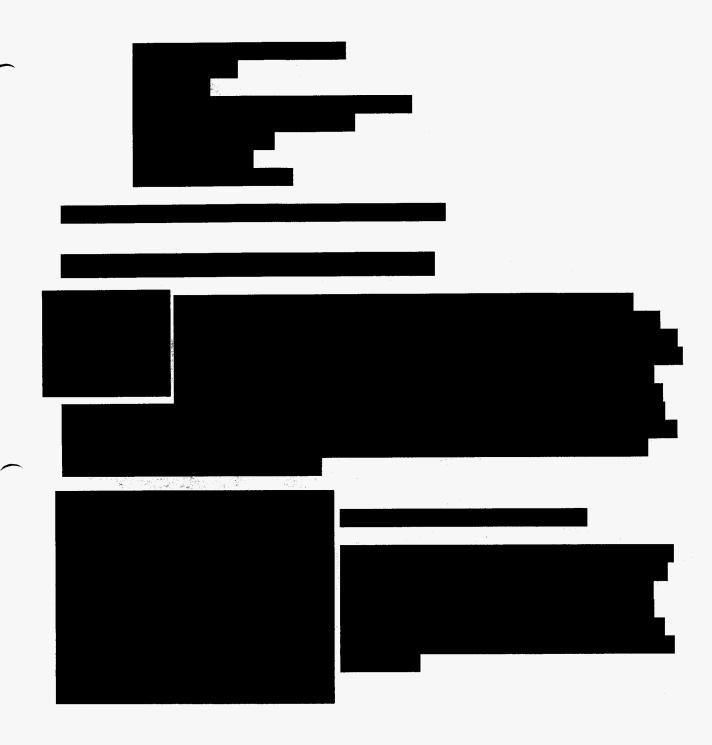








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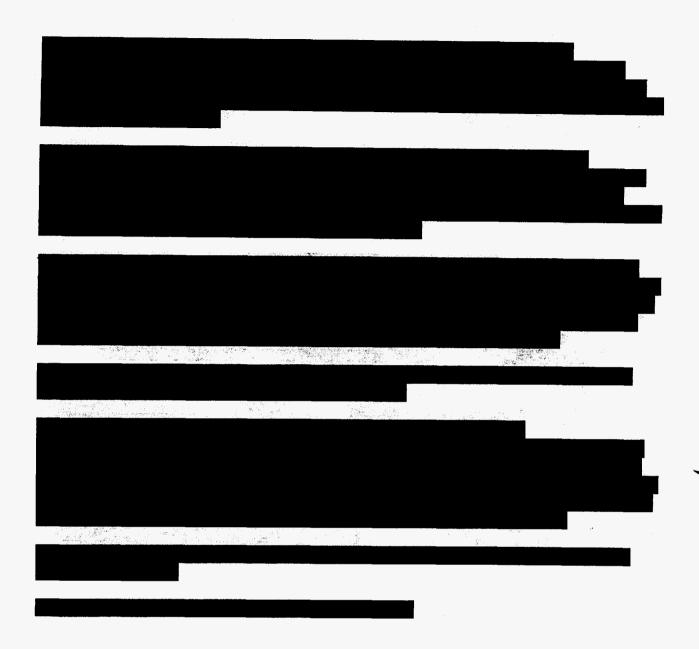
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Trainee Name:	Trainee #:
Call Type: TTY to Voice	Score:
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Trainee Name:	Trainee #:			
Call Type: Voice to TTY		Score:		

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Introduction to Relay

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Total Points: /100

Comments:		
		and proceedings of the stage of
Trainee Comments:		
Trainee Signature:	Date:	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Monitor's Signature:	Date:	



Trainee Name:	Trainee #:			
Call Type: Answering Machine (TTY	orig)	Score:		
Call Procedures				
			,	

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Introduction to Relay

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Revised 02/09/11

Trainee Name:	Trainee #:
Call Type: Answering Machine (Voice Orig)	Score:
	•
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Trainee Name:	Trainee #:
Call Type: Answering Machine (Voice Orig to Voice ans mach but leaving a TTY message)	Score:

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Trainee Name:	Trainee #:		
Call Type: VCO to Voice	Score:		
Call Procedures:			
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	:		

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Trainee Name:	 Trainee #:
Call Type: Voice to VCO	 Score:
	The state of the s

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Total Points: /100

Comments:		····
Trainee		
Comments:		
Trainee Signature:	Date:	
Monitor's Signature:	Date:	



Final Exam

Name:	Operator#:
Date:	Score:

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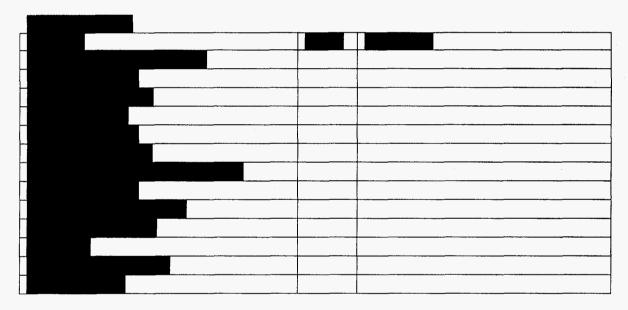
Introduction to Relay

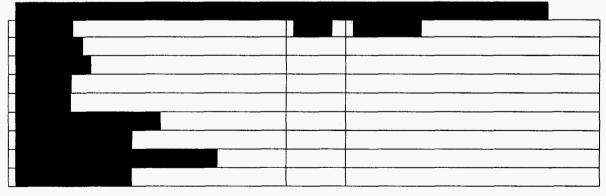
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Final Exam - cont.

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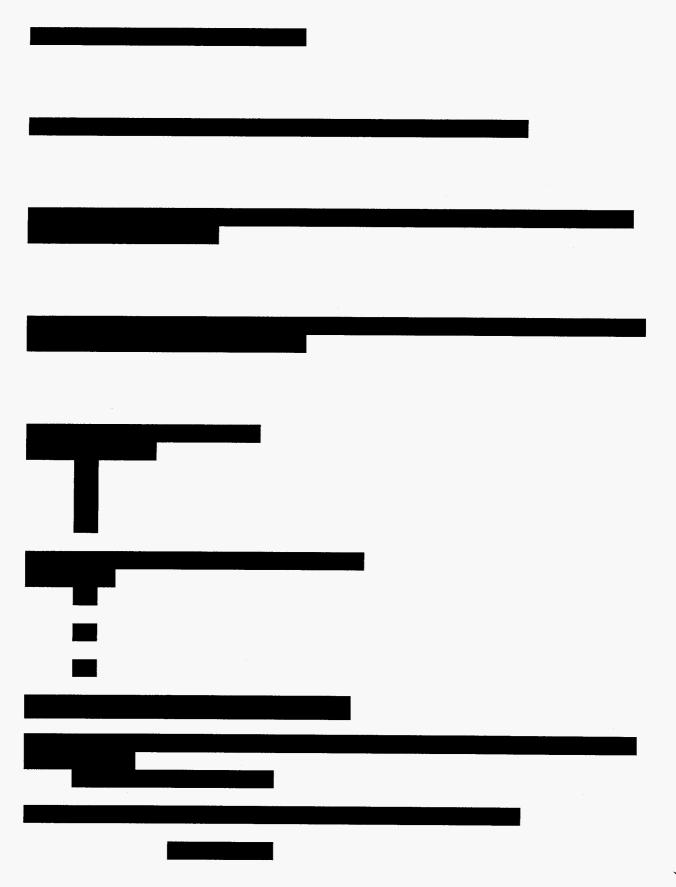
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HIRE DATE	TEST SCORE 4 Points I	/100 Each

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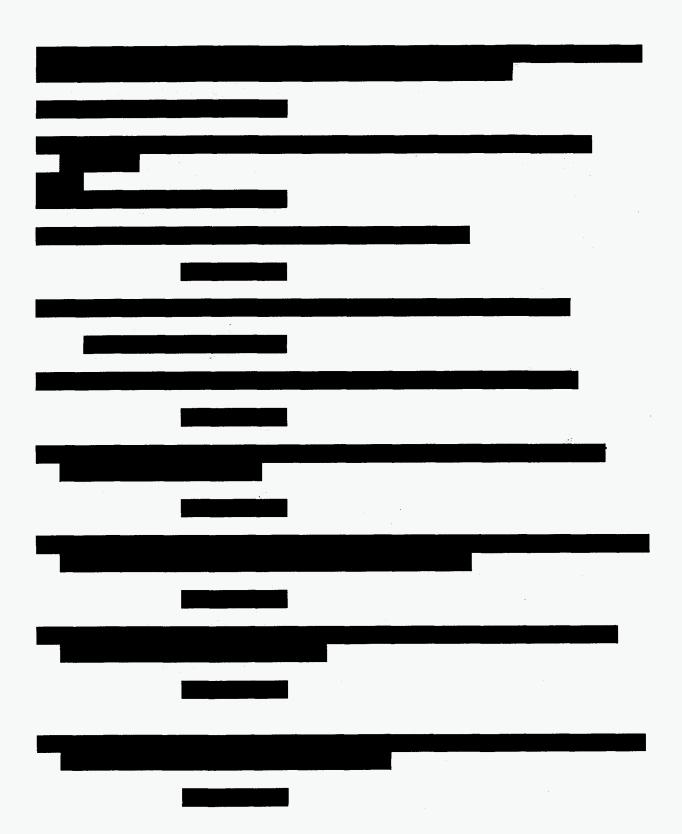
Introduction to Relay

CONFIDENTIAL AND PROPRIETARY

Revised 02/09/11

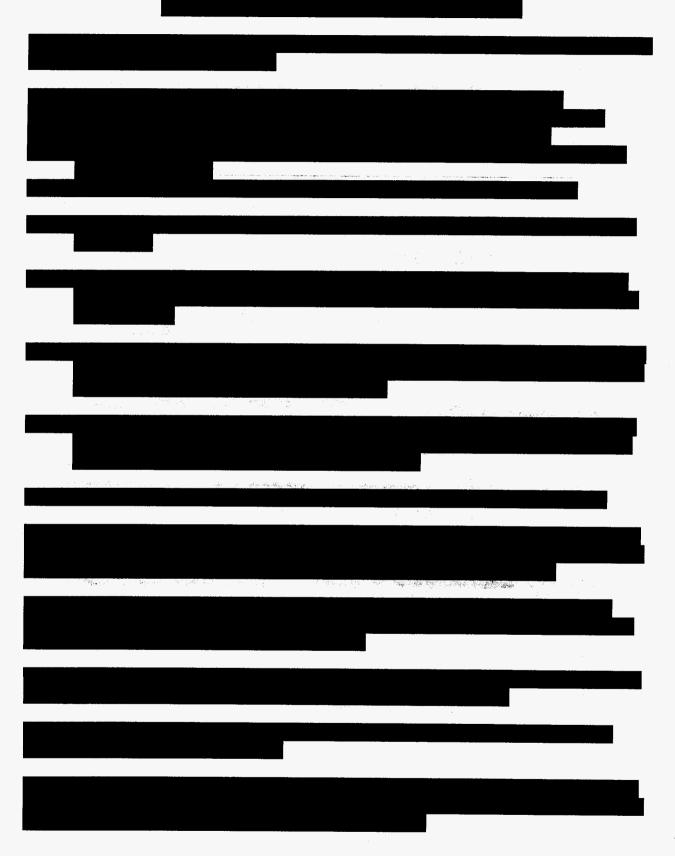








BONUS!!!



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Attachment L Policies and Procedures





Hamilton Telephone Company d/b/a Hamilton Telecommunications
Attachment L Policy and Procedures Manual

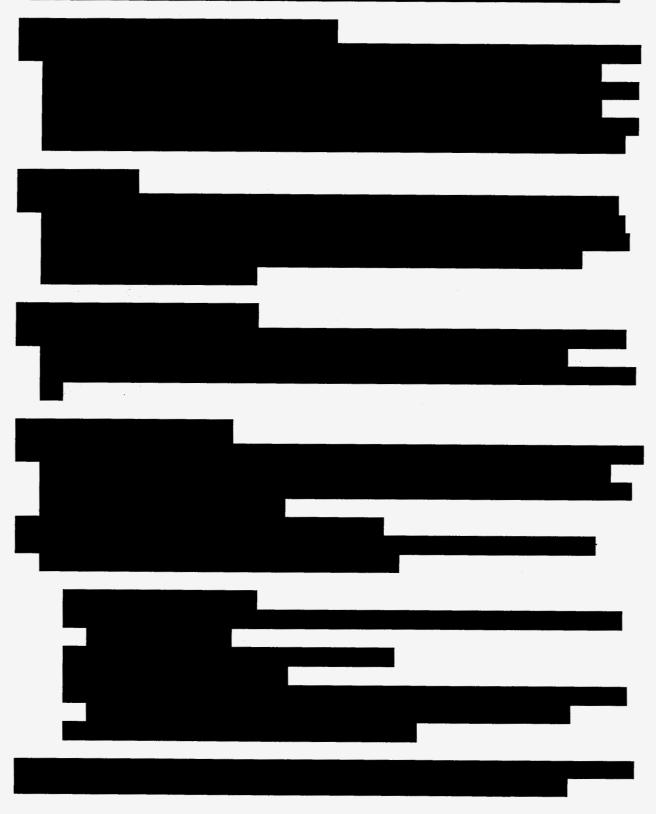
Relay Your Way®



Hamilton believes that the Policy and Procedures Manual as contained in Attachment L is 'proprietary confidential business information' within the meaning of Section 364.183, Florida Statutes. Hamilton is filing this section with the Clerk's office under a claim of confidentiality pursuant to Section 364.183(1), Florida Statutes, and Rule 25-22.006(5), F.A.C. Accordingly, Hamilton has filed one highlighted and two redacted copies of this information with the Clerk's office.

Hamilton derives economic value from the information contained on such pages because it is not known to others, including Hamilton's competitors. Hamilton maintains the secrecy of the confidential and proprietary information by retaining sole possession and control of such information, and by not disclosing such information to others. Hamilton respectfully requests that the FPSC designate the confidential and proprietary information in its proposal as confidential trade secrets.

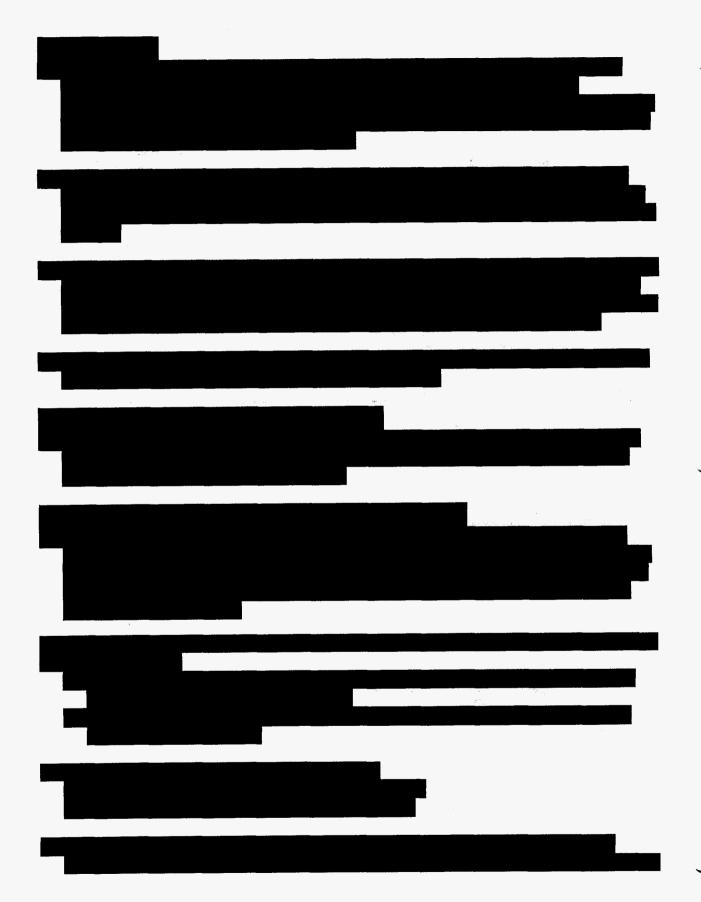
Communicating Effectively with TTY Users

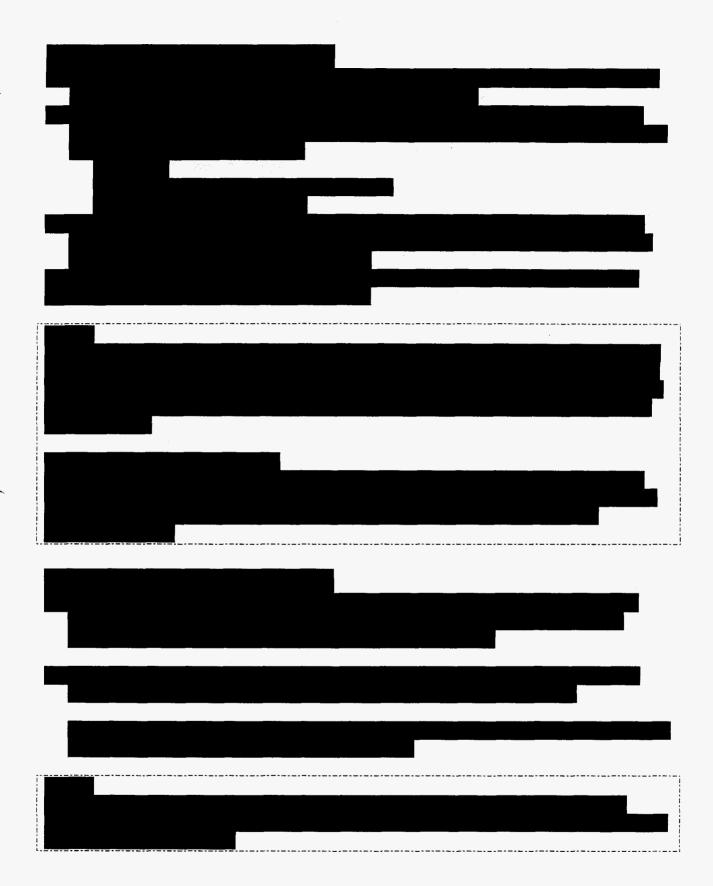




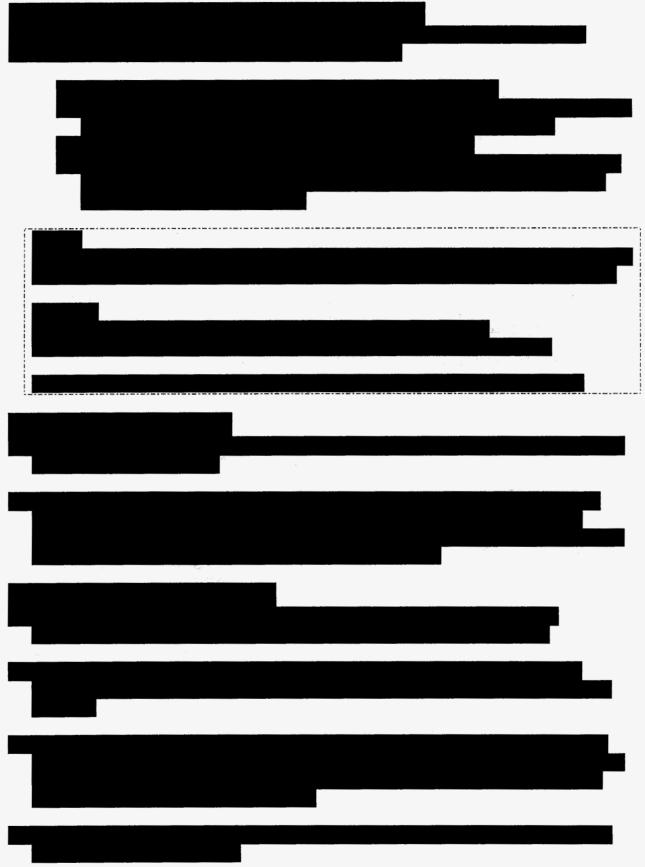
System Procedures

2

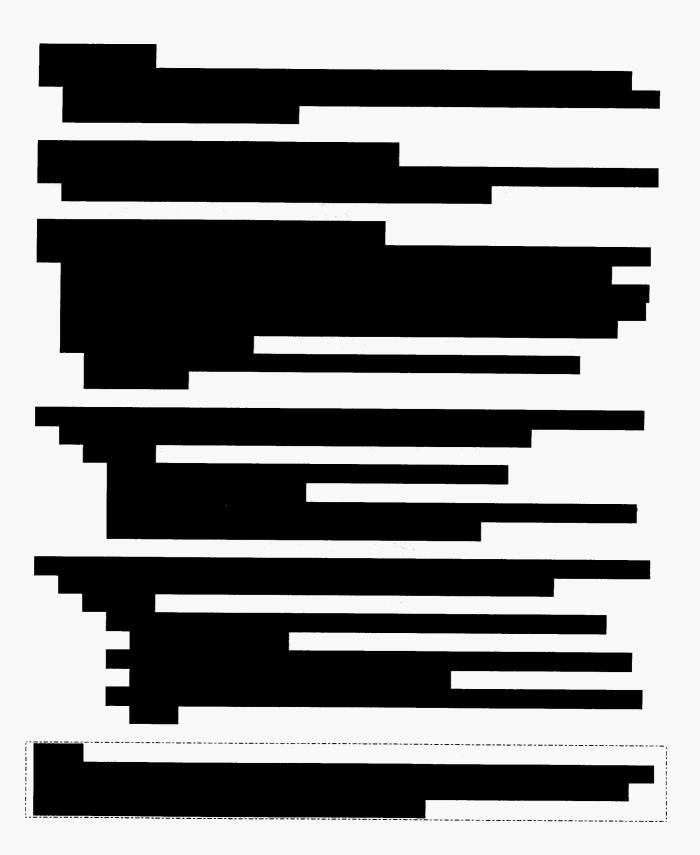




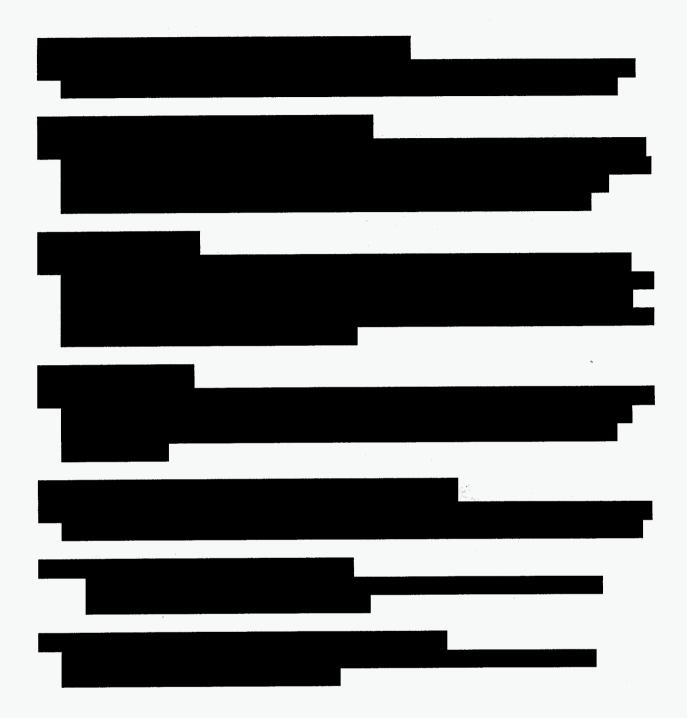


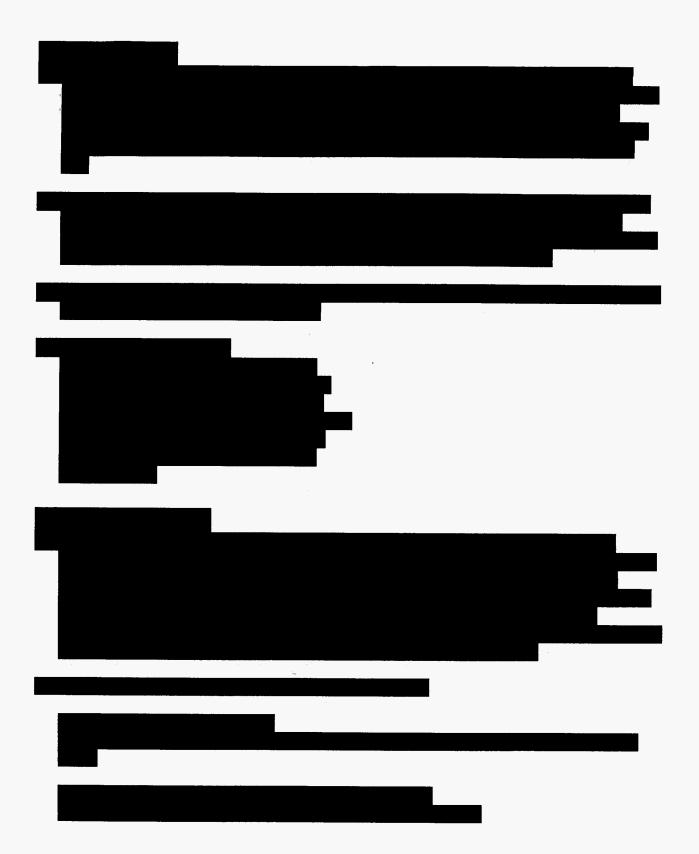


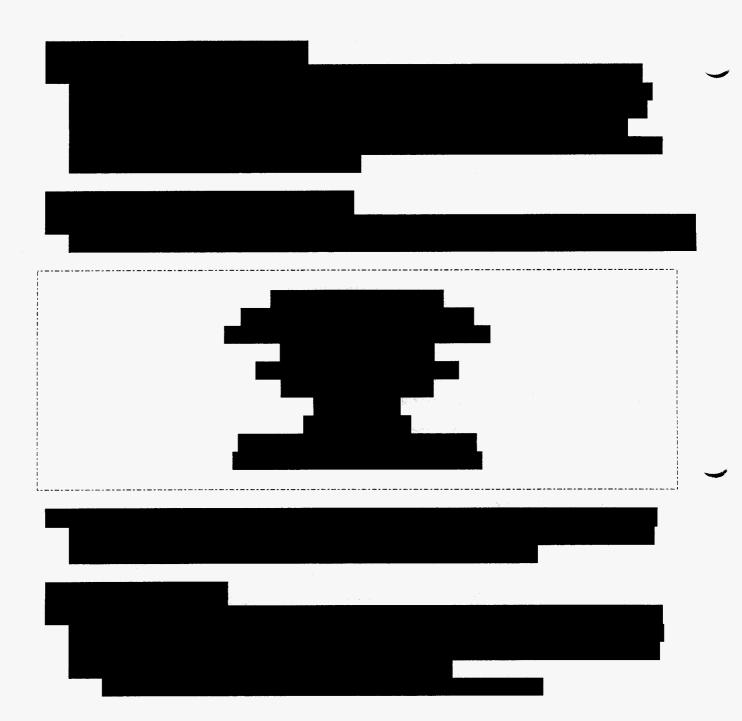
HAMILE:N

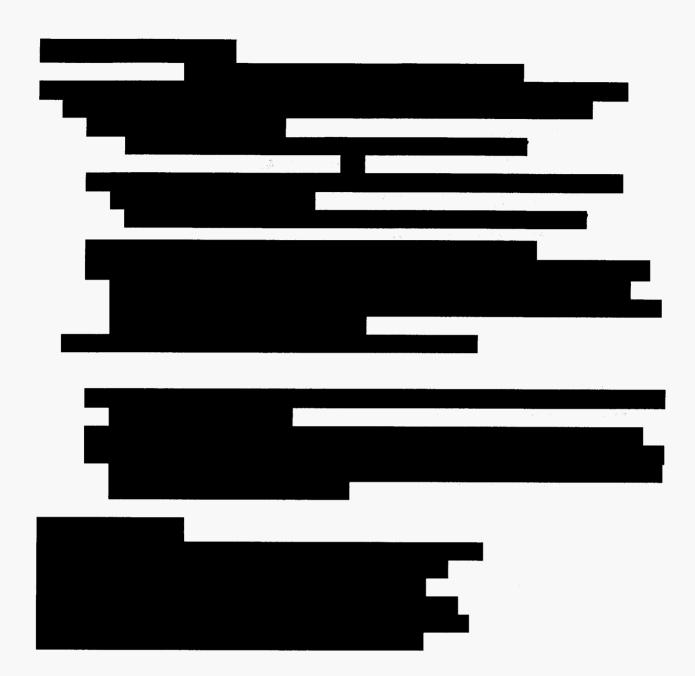








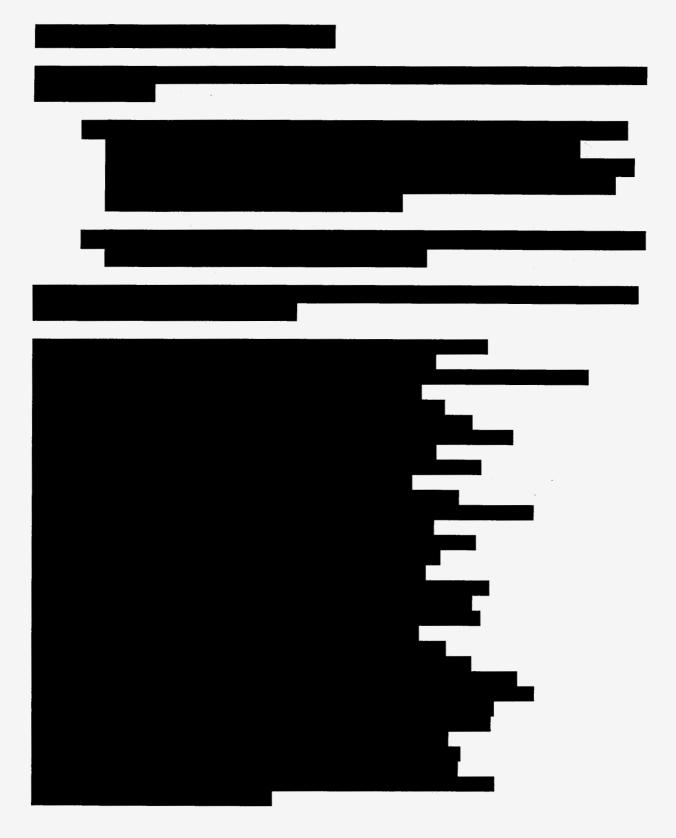




Hot Keys





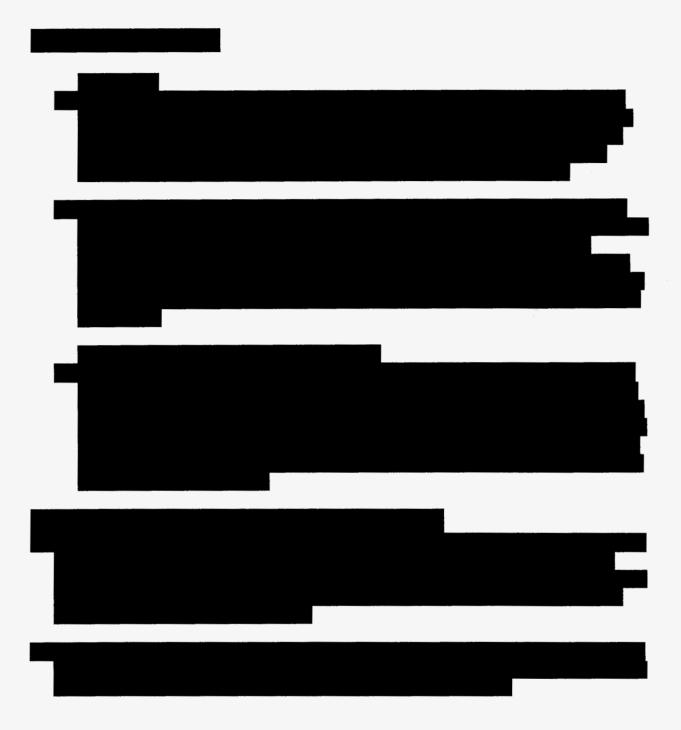




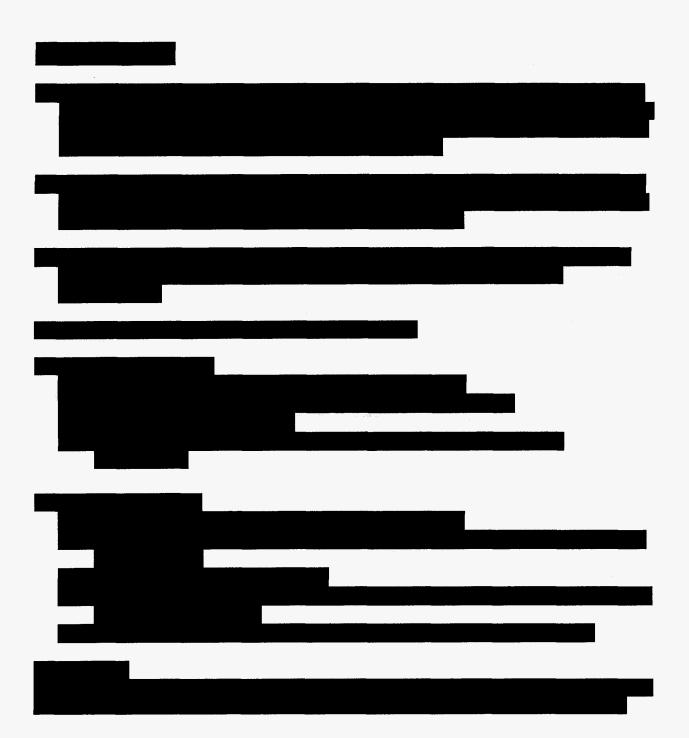


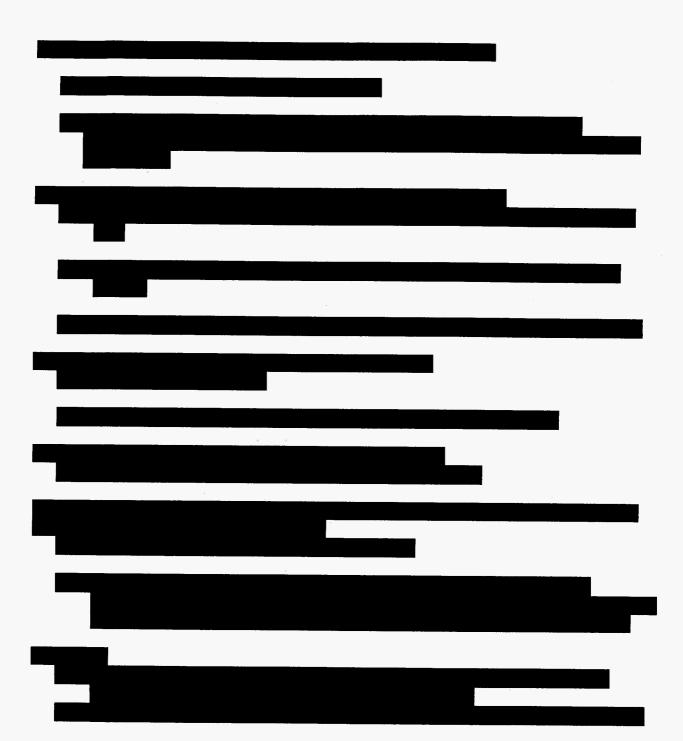




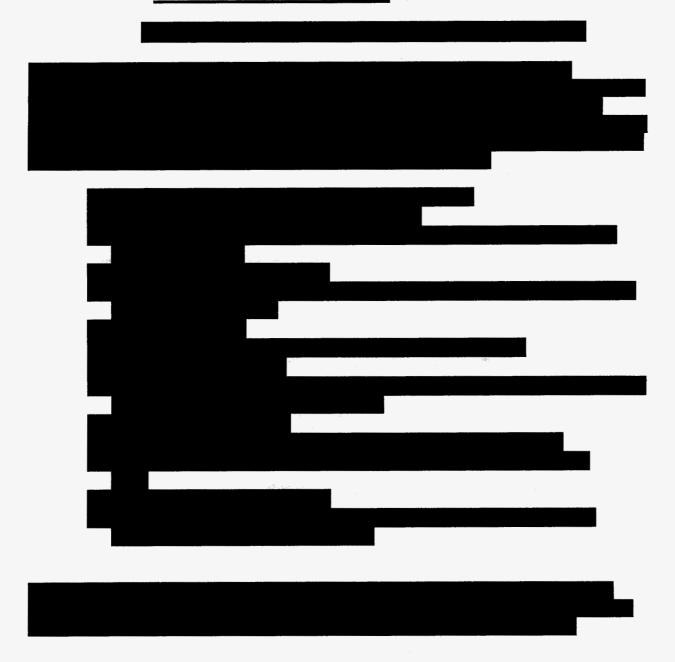








TTY to TTY Calls (Revised 8-1-09)



Answering Machines-TTY Orig

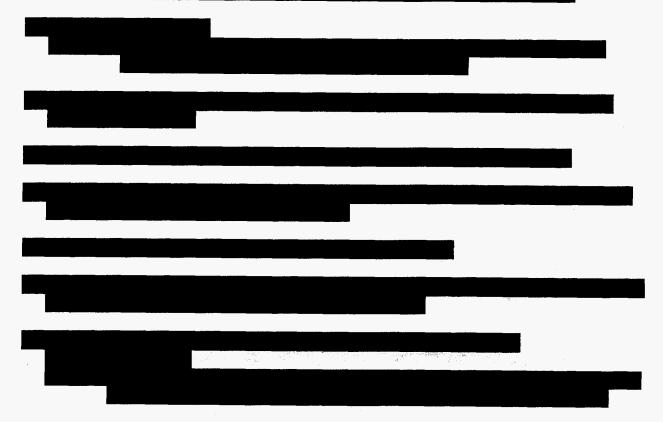


HAMILEN

System Procedures

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Answering Machines-VOICE ORIG

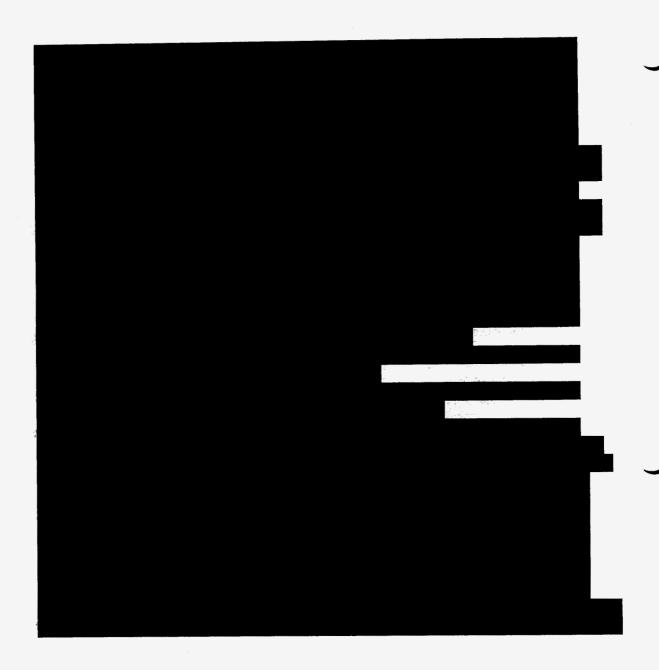


Hamilton System Procedures

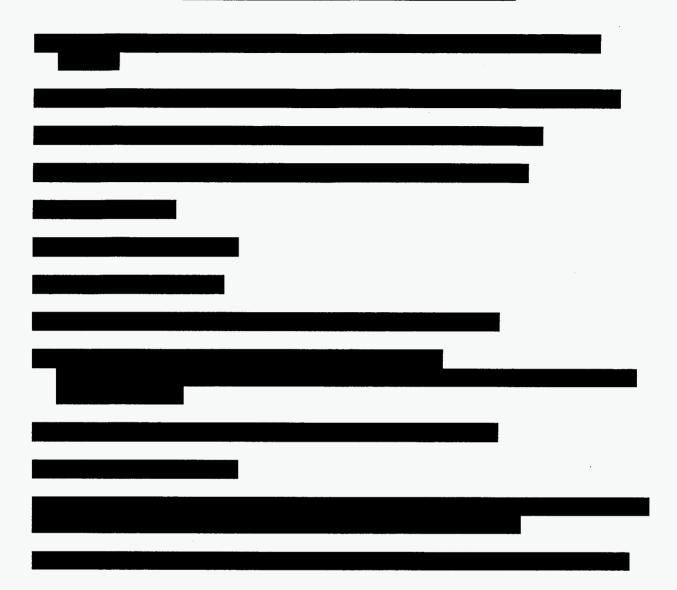
Table of Contents



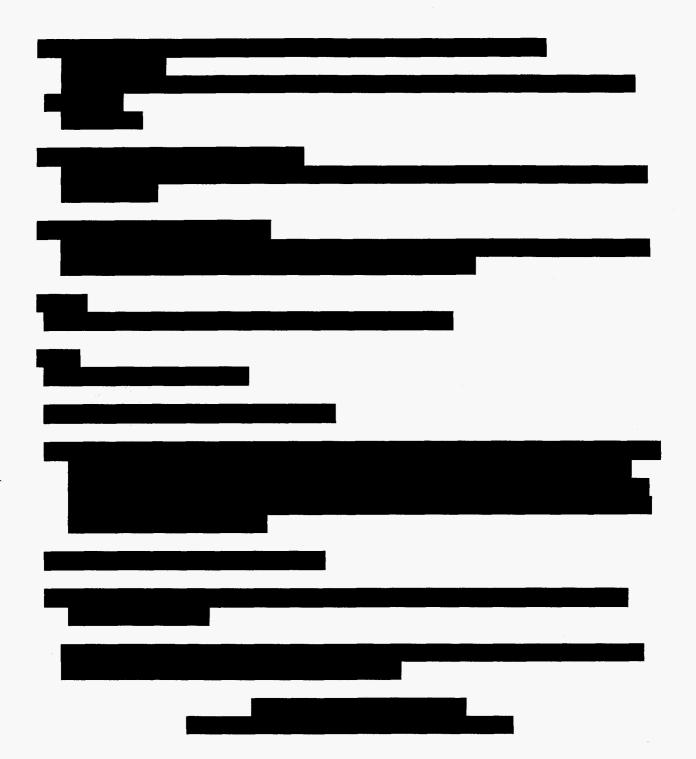




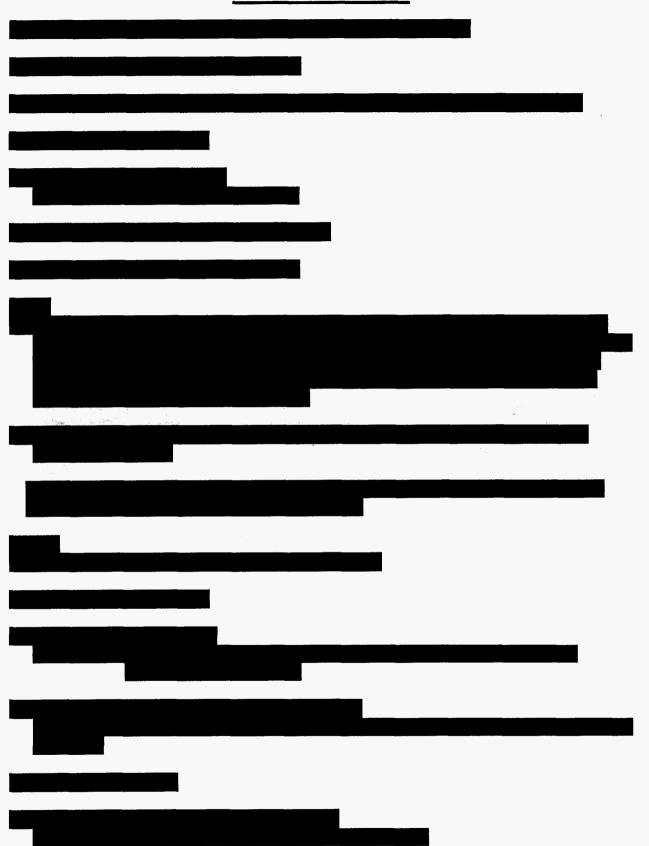
VCO-VOICE ANS MACH



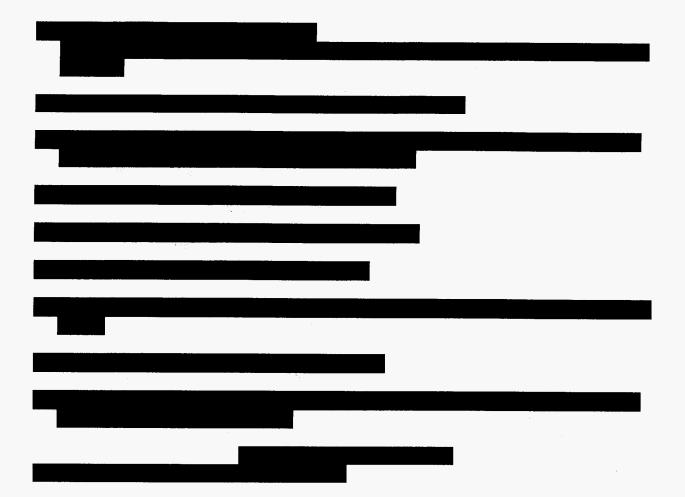
TTY to Voice



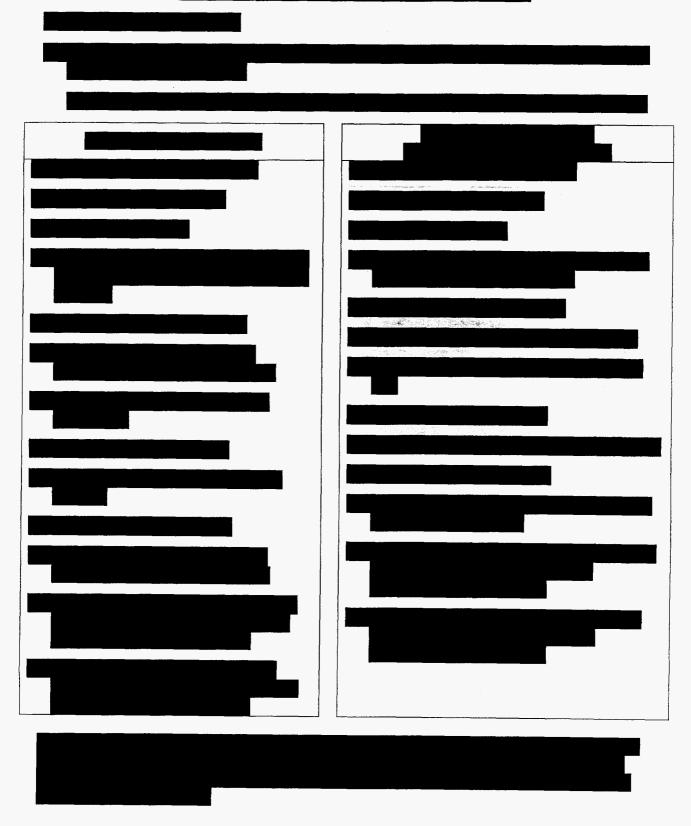
Voice to TTY

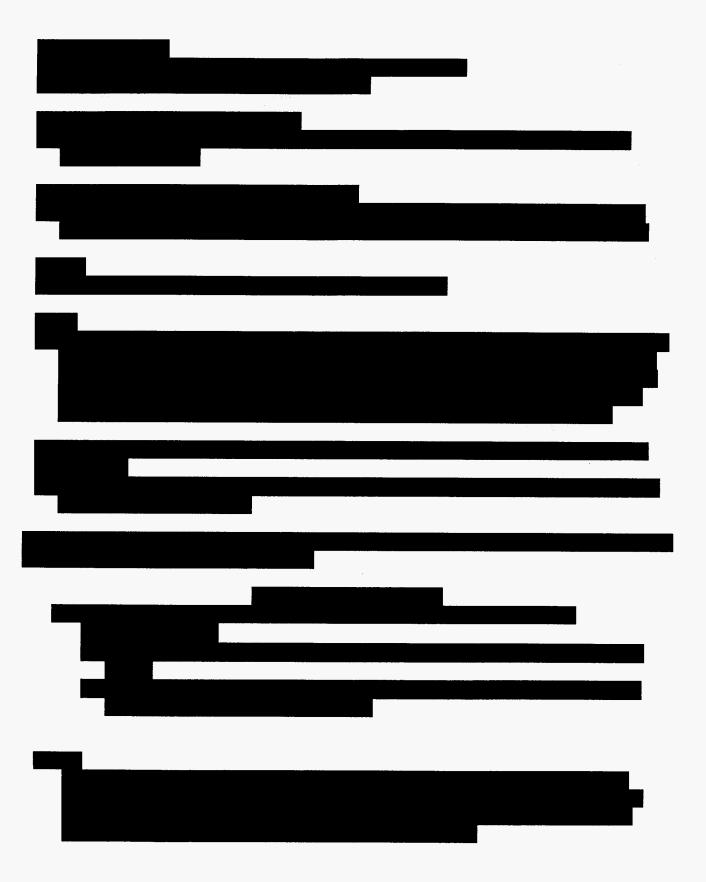






VCO (No Profile) to Voice

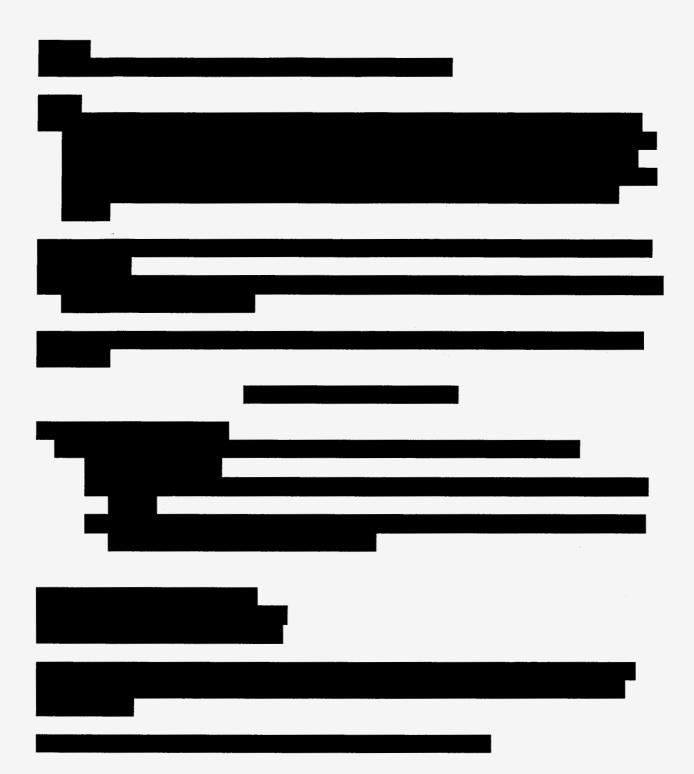


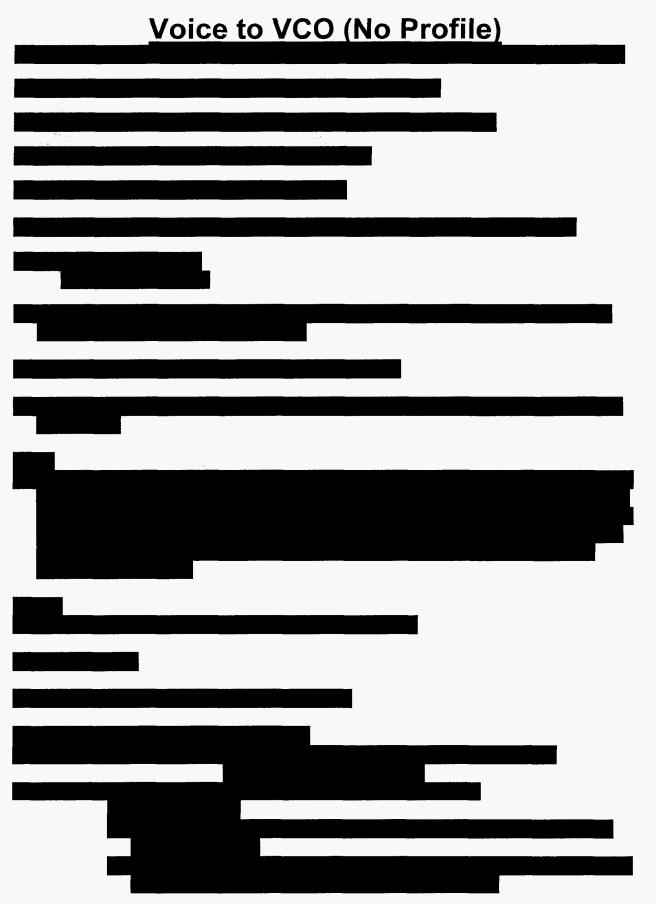




VCO (Profile) to Voice









Voice to VCO(Profile)





System Procedures



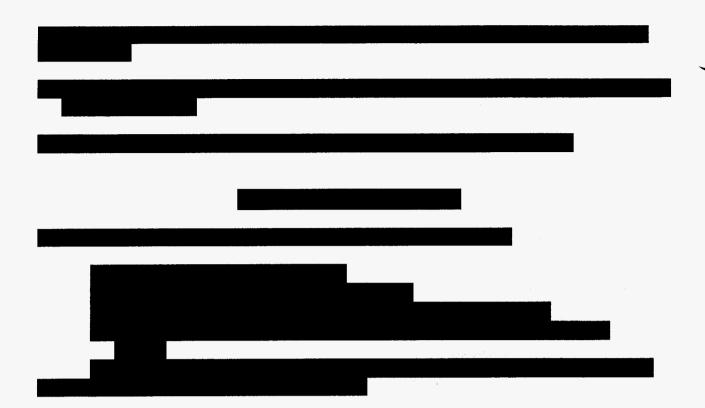
HCO (No Profile) to Voice



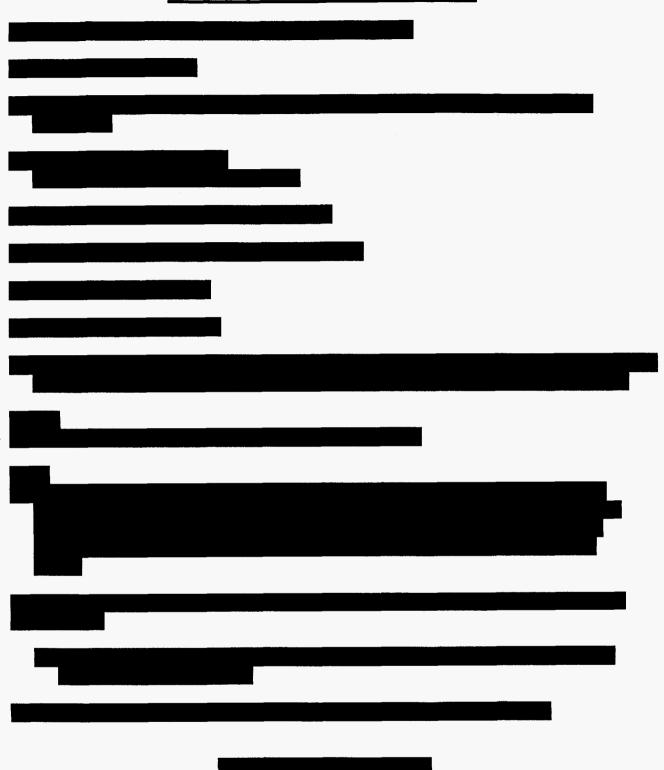
HAMILEN

Quarterly Manual Update 8-21-09

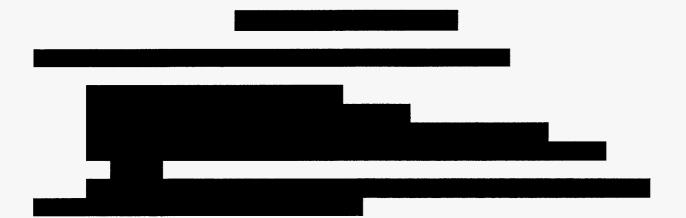
(Confidential Proprietary Information of Hamilton Relay, Inc.)



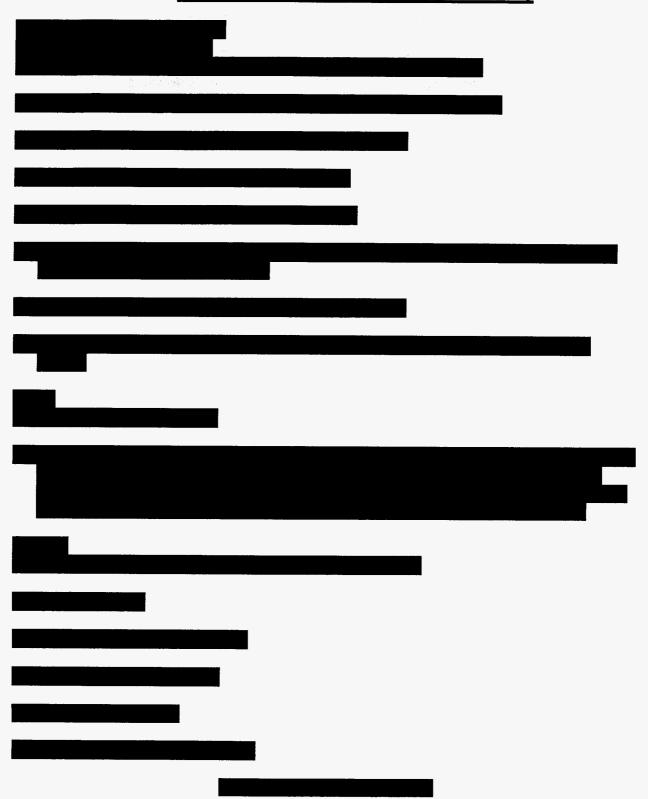
HCO (Profile) to Voice



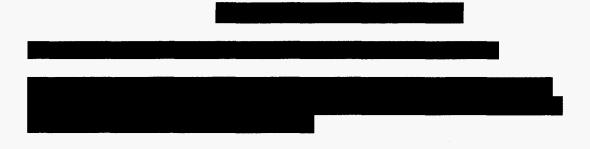




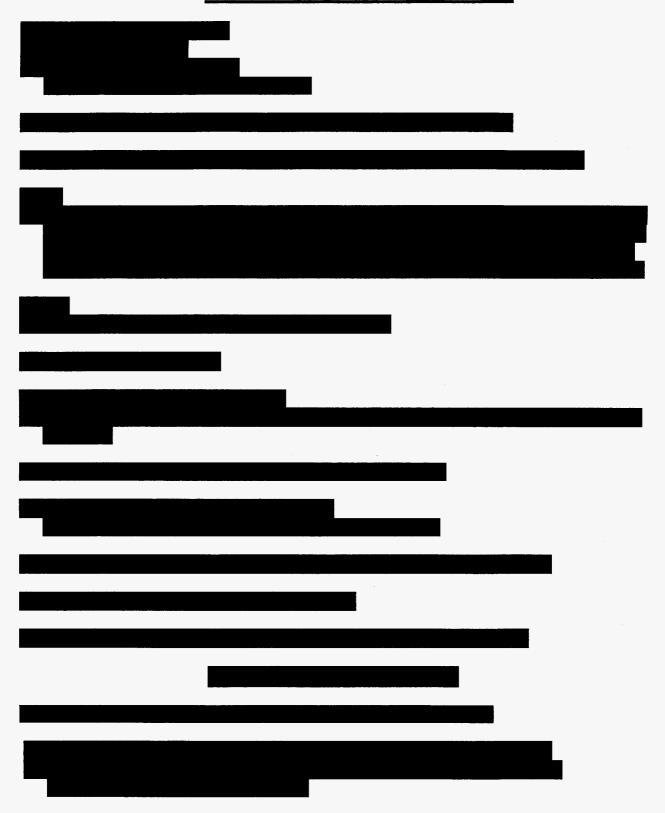
Voice to HCO (No Profile)







Voice to HCO (Profile)



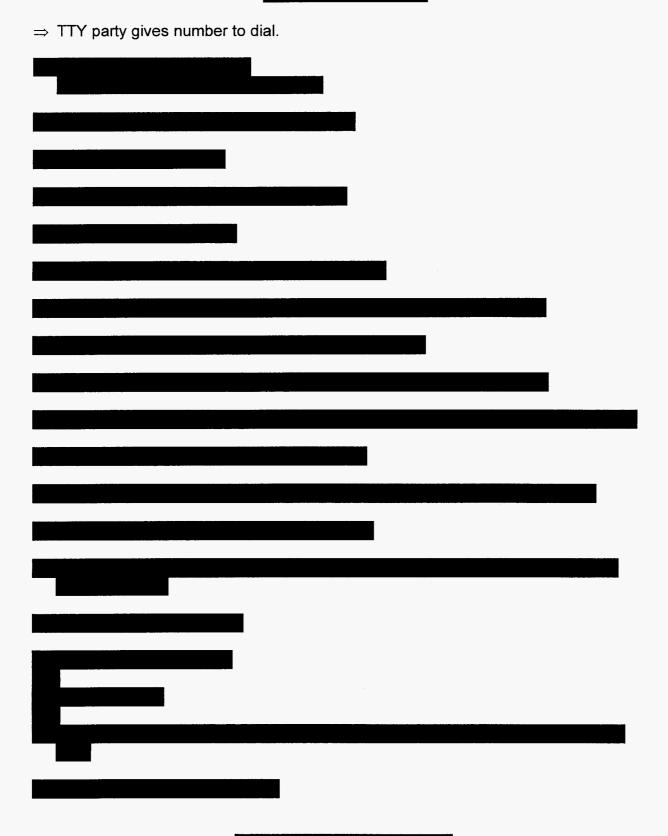


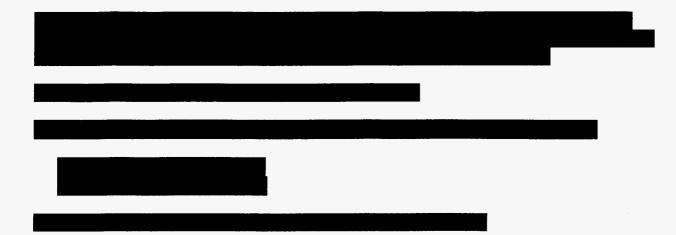
HCO to TTY



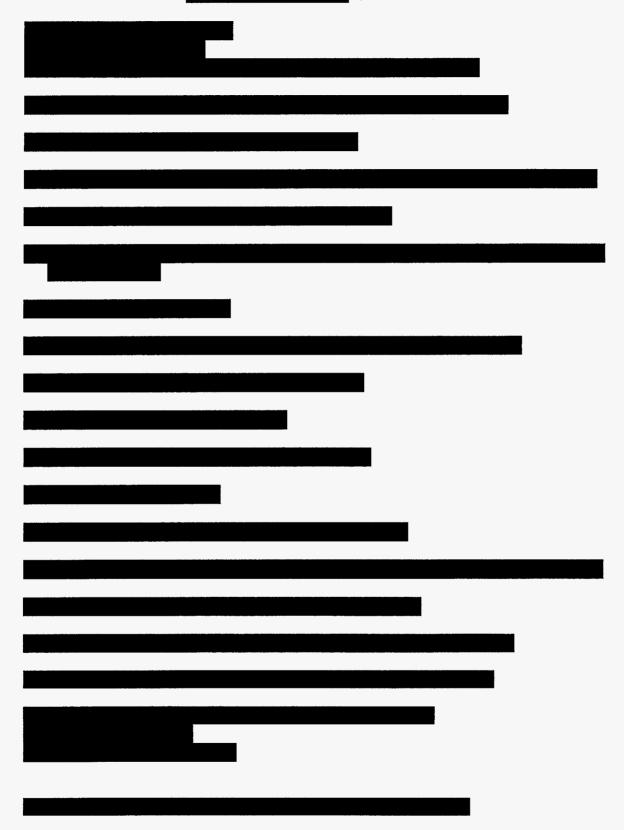


TTY to HCO

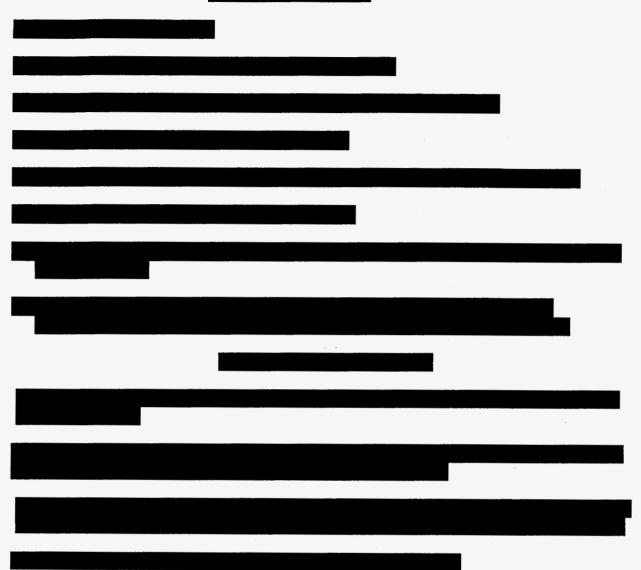




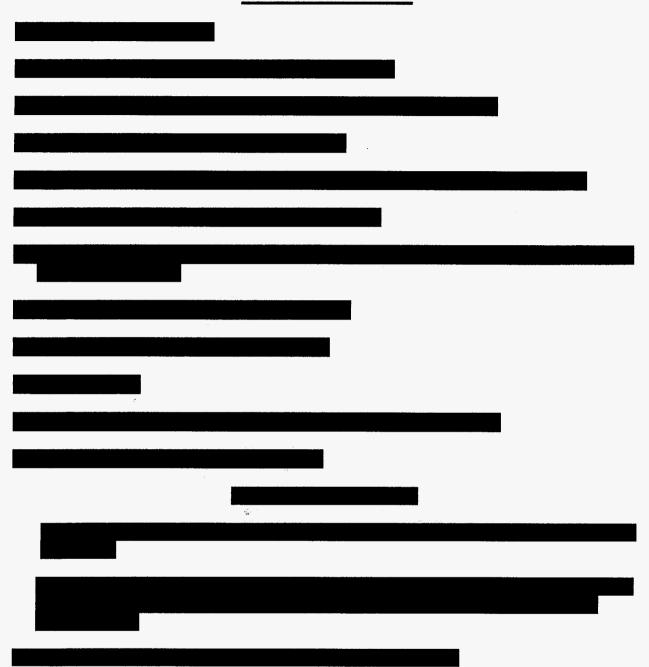
TTY to VCO (Revised 8/18/09)



VCO to TTY



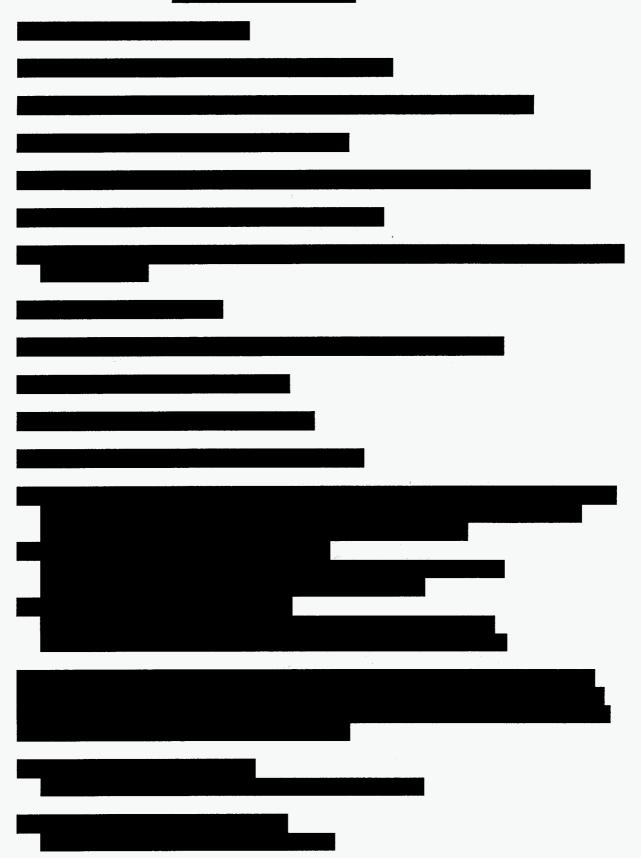
VCO to HCO



HCO to VCO (Revised 8/18/09)



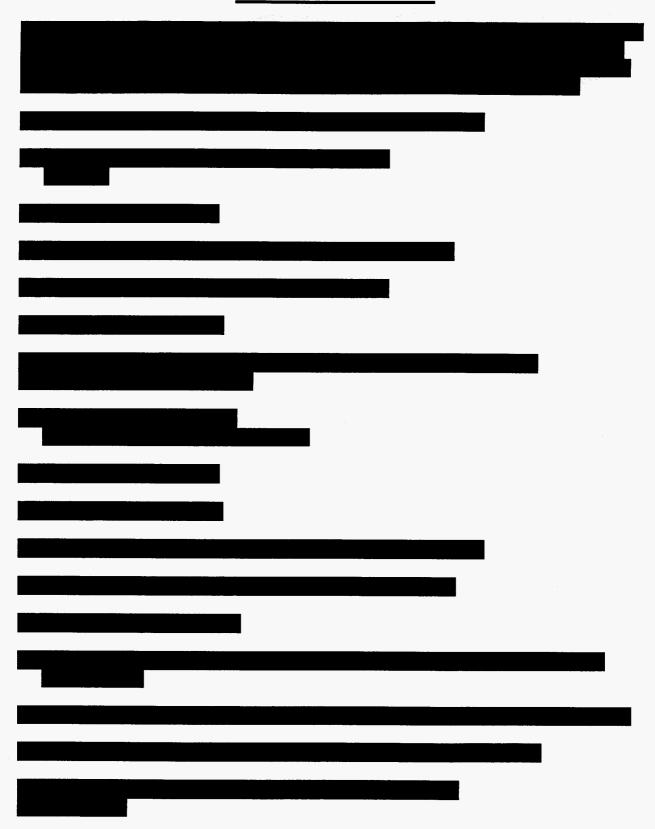
VCO to VCO (Revised 8/18/09)



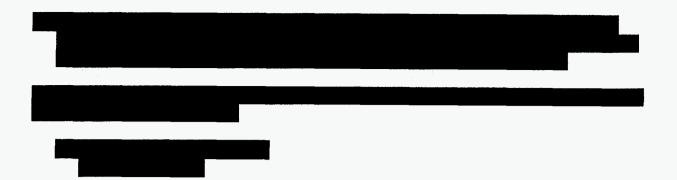
HAMILE:N

System Procedures

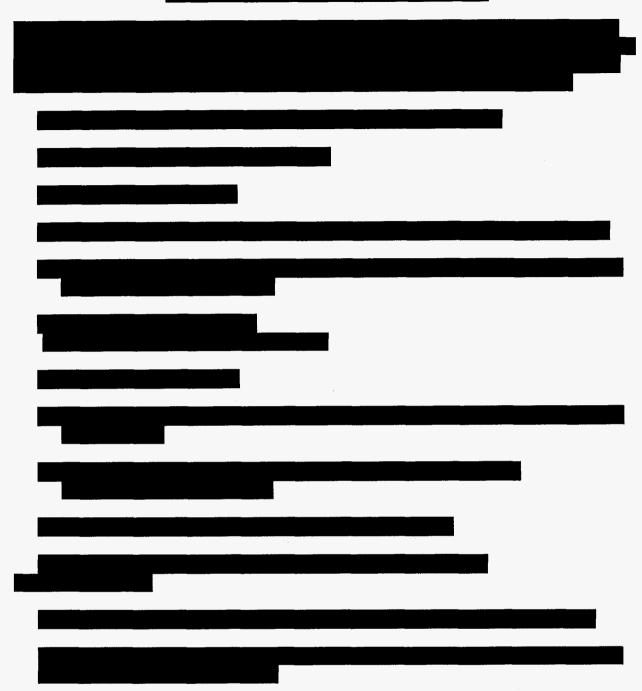
Two Line VCO



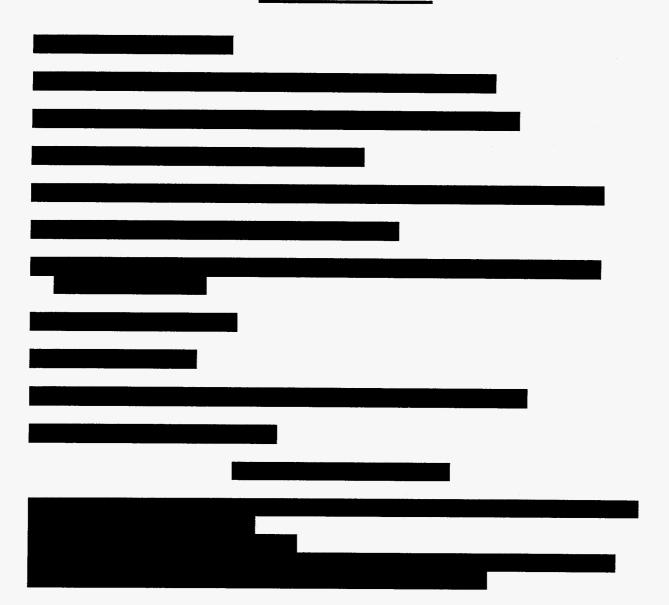




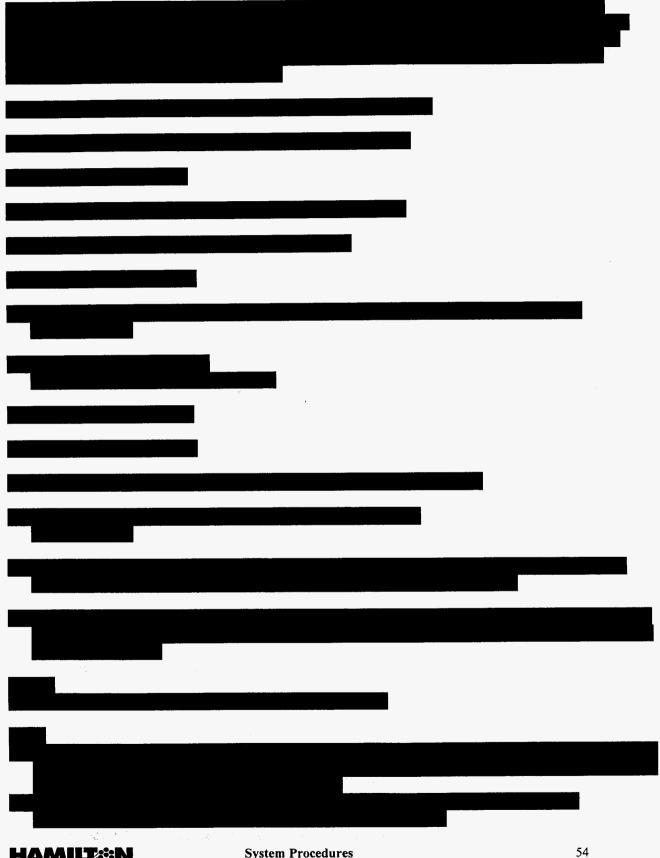
Reverse Two Line VCO



HCO to HCO



Two Line HCO



HAMILE:N

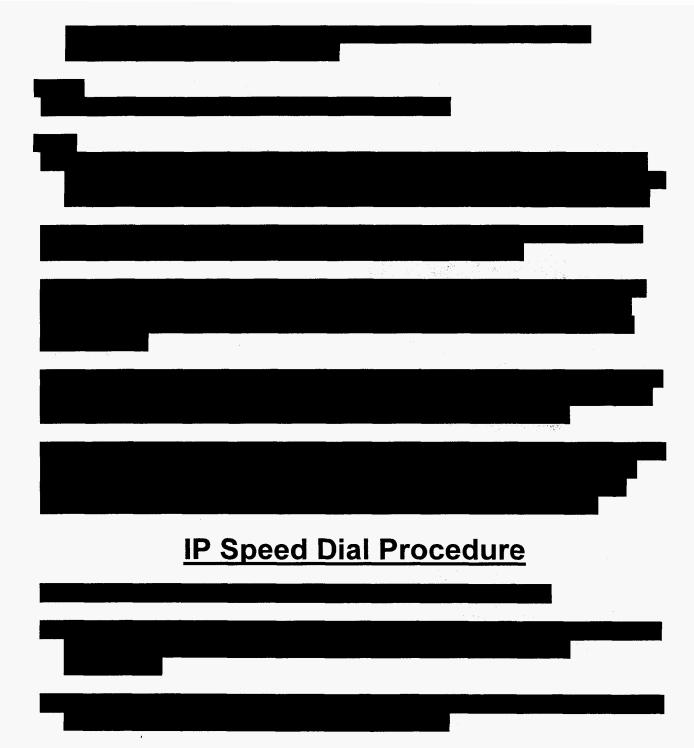
System Procedures

Quarterly Manual Update 8-21-09

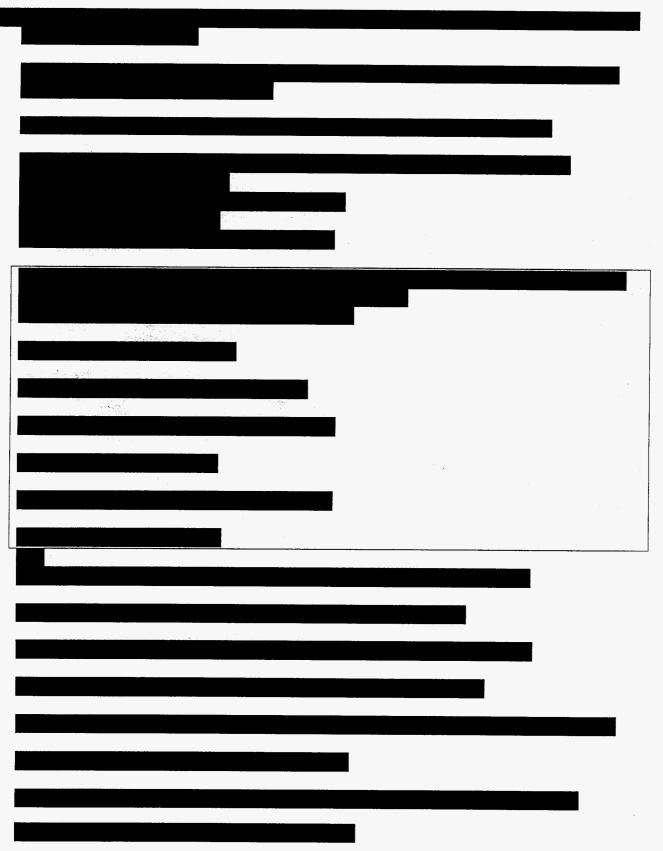
(Confidential Proprietary Information of Hamilton Relay, Inc.)

IP to Voice (Web Relay)

 \Rightarrow Listen for **BEEP-BEEP** in headset to indicate an incoming call



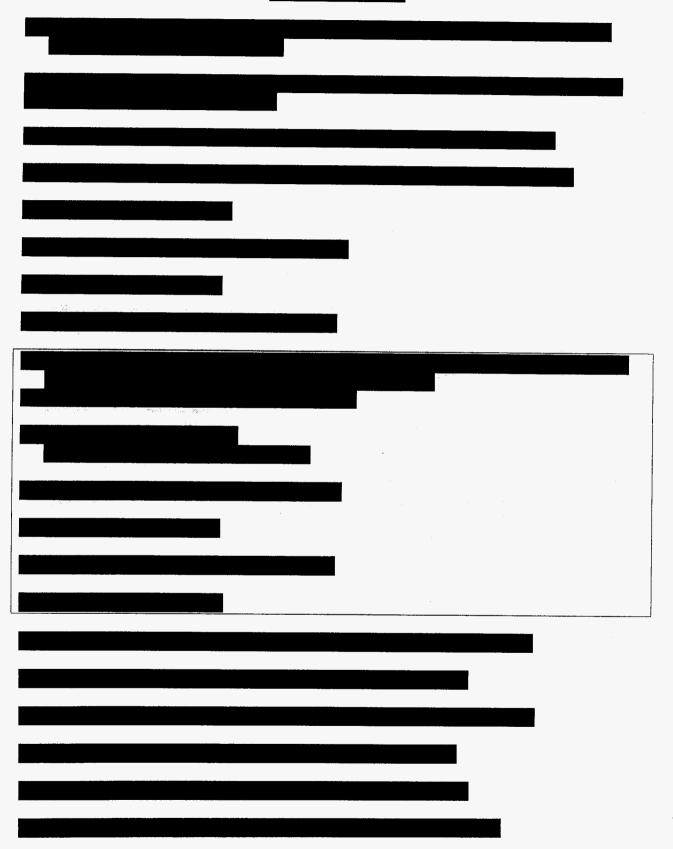
IP to VCO

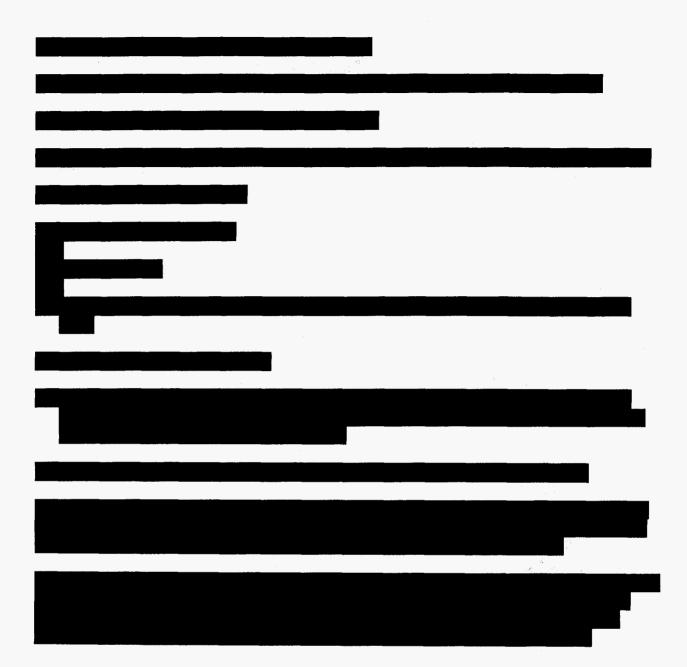






IP to HCO





Toll Free Numbers-IP Relay

Emergency Calls (911)

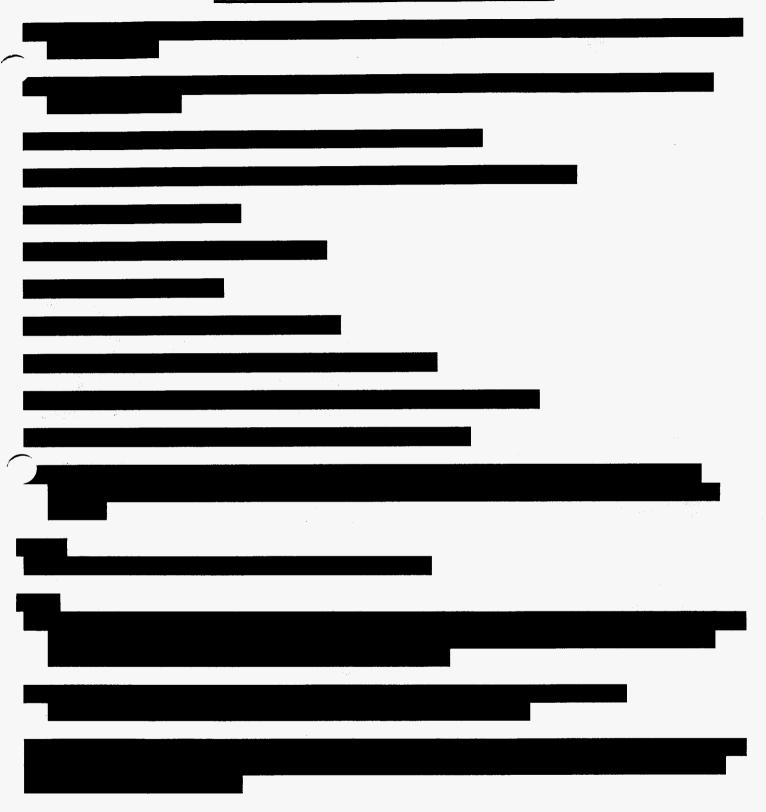
HIR-International Calls

HIR – Calls we cannot complete

HIR Directory Assistance

HIR to Hometown (New 8-1-09)

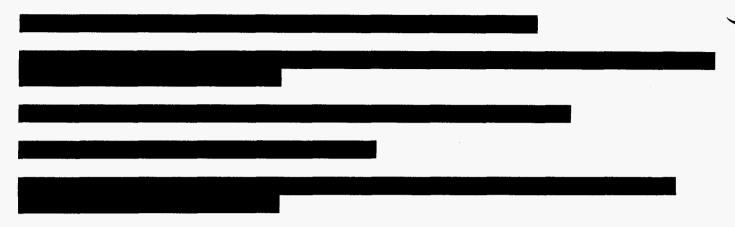
AOL/GTalk TTY to Voice

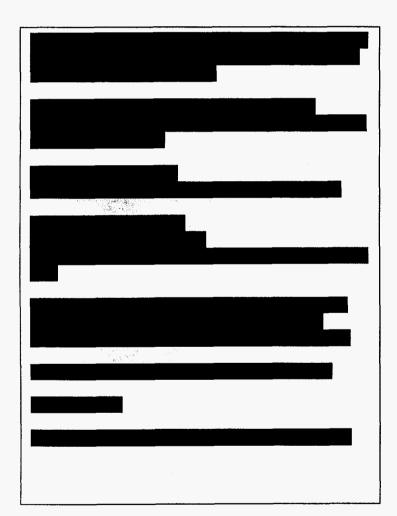


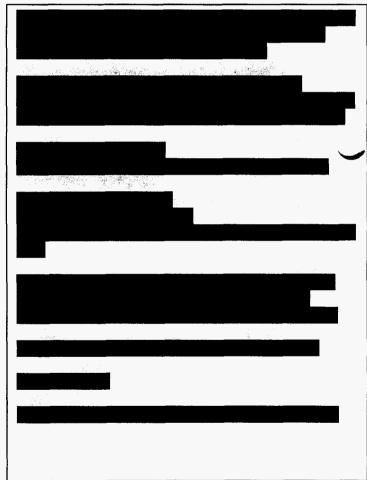


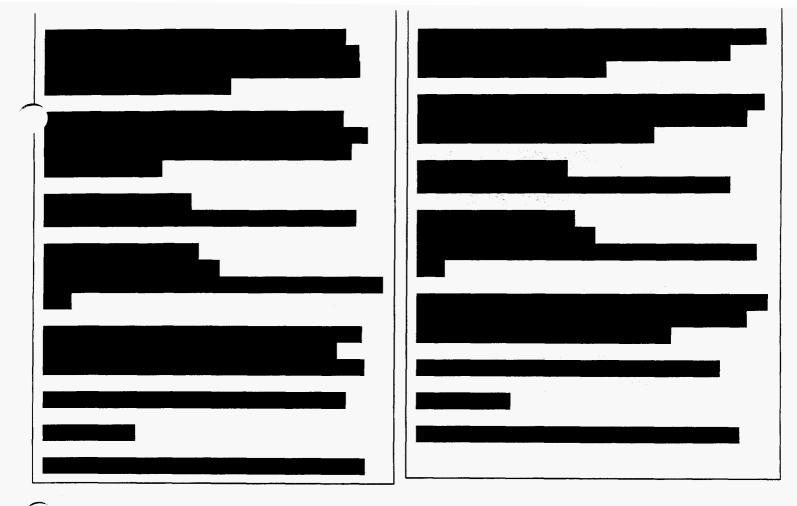
System Procedures

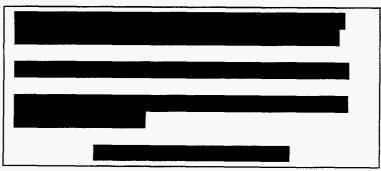
Voice to IP(formerly VOTA) (Revised 8-1-09)

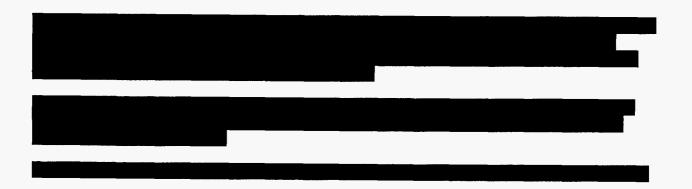












HAMILEN

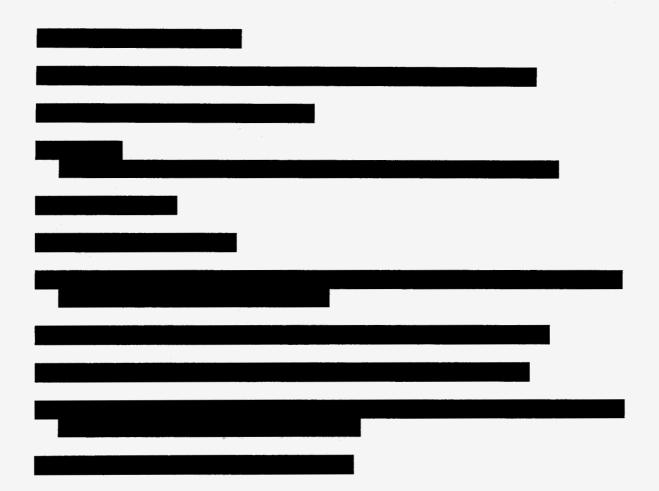
System Procedures

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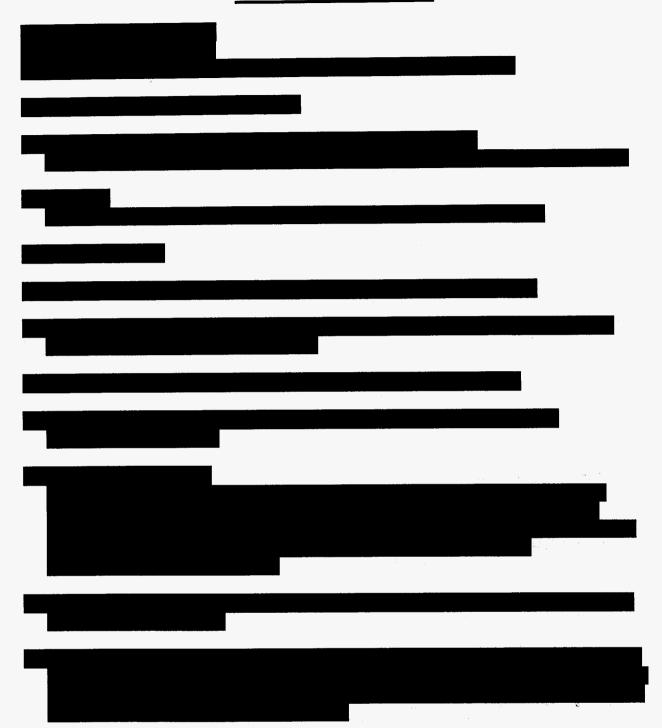
Quarterly Manual Update 8-21-09

(Confidential Proprietary Information of Hamilton Relay, Inc.)

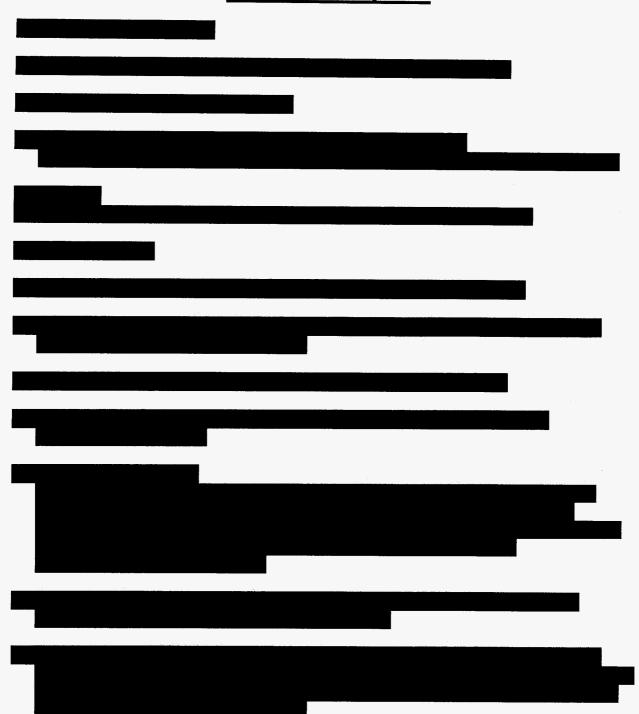
Voice to CapTel



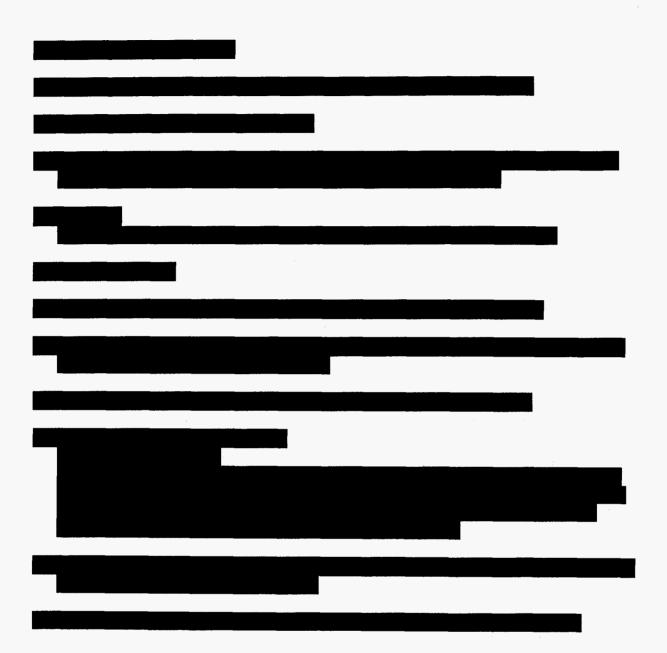
TTY to CapTel



VCO to CapTel



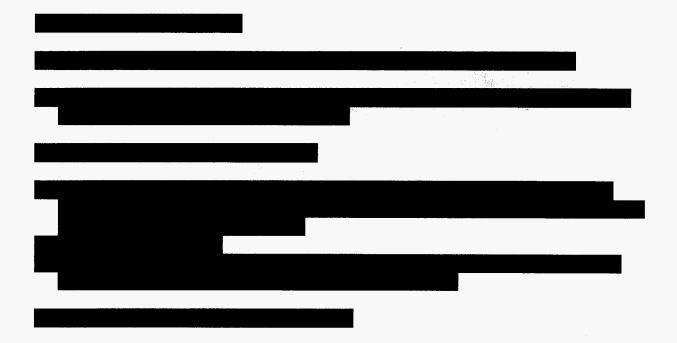
HCO to CapTel



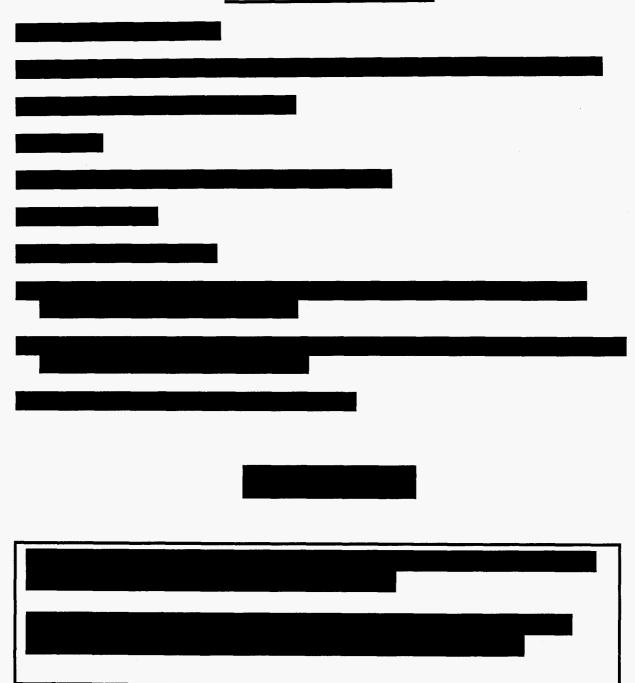
VOIP (New 8-1-09)

Voice to Hometown or Other 10 Digit

Number (revised 8-1-09)
(Calling in on regular relay)



VOICE TO VRS





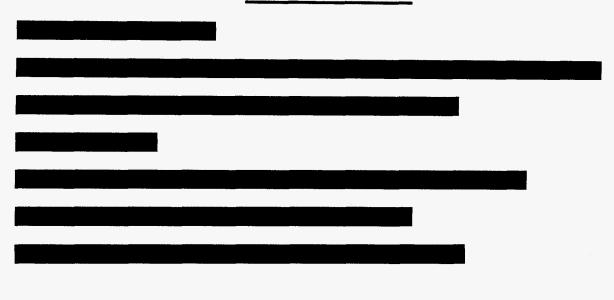
System Procedures

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Quarterly Manual Update 8-21-09

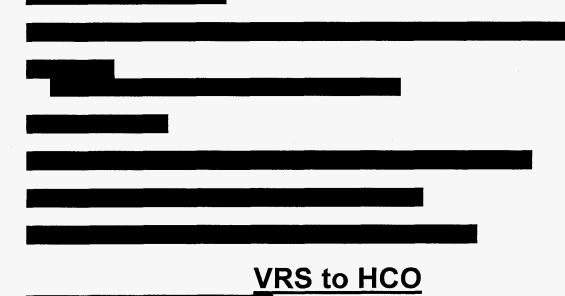
(Confidential Proprietary Information of Hamilton Relay, Inc.)

VCO to VRS



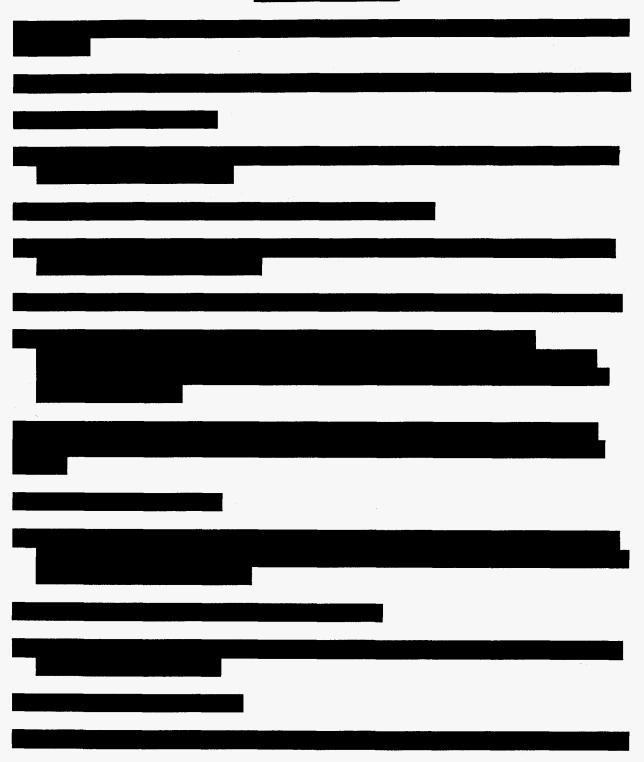
VRS to VCO

HCO to VRS



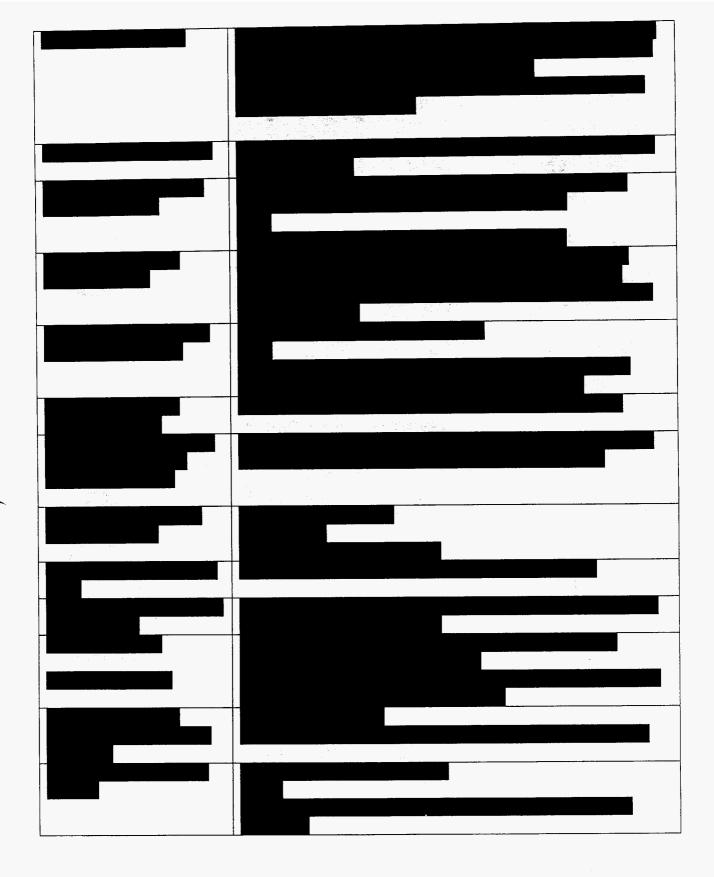


VERIZON VOICE MAIL RETRIEVAL Mass Only



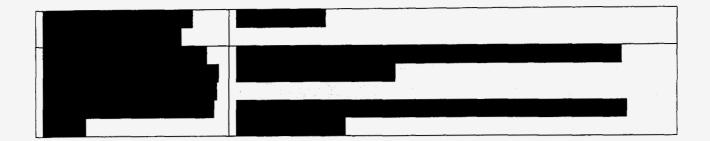
Language











Long Distance Calls

Long Distance Carriers

Dialing 101XXXX Numbers





No Bill

International Calls

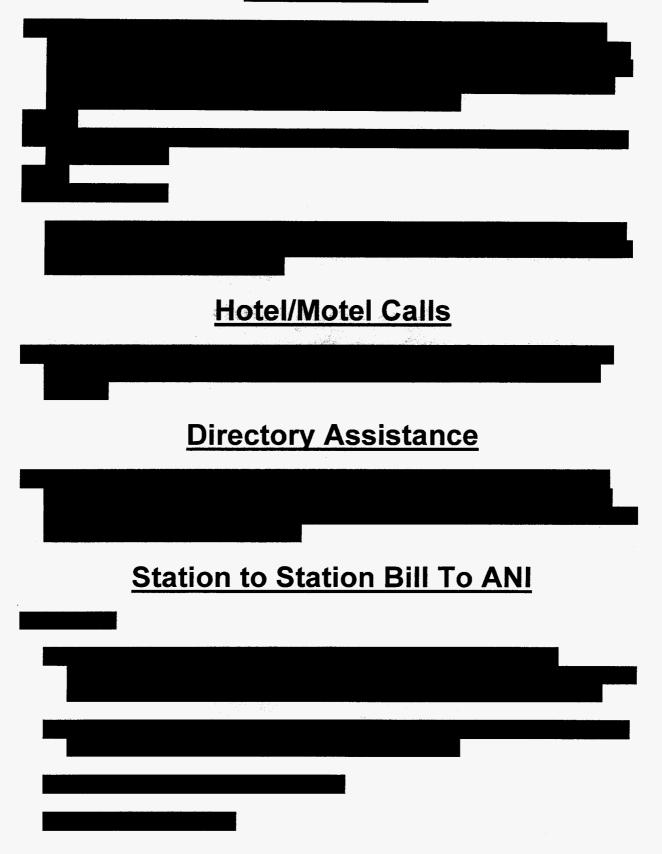
Inbound International Calls



Restricted Calls



900 Numbers





Long Distance Calls





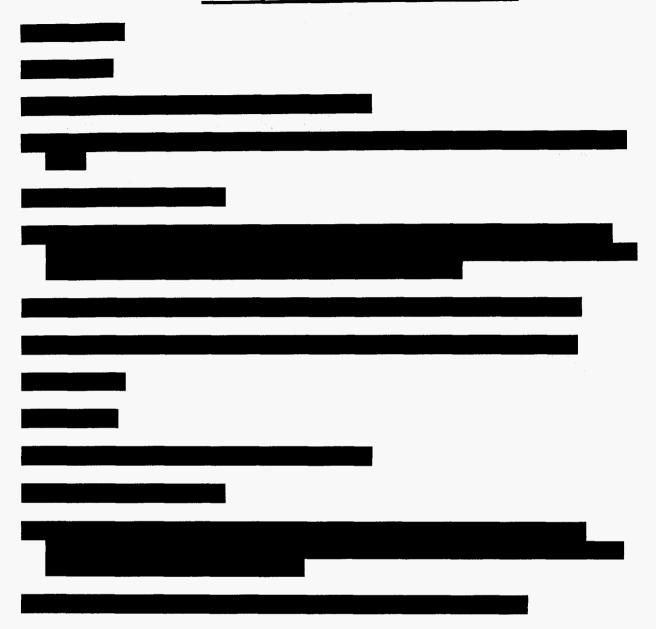
Re-Orig Procedure for Toll Free Numbers



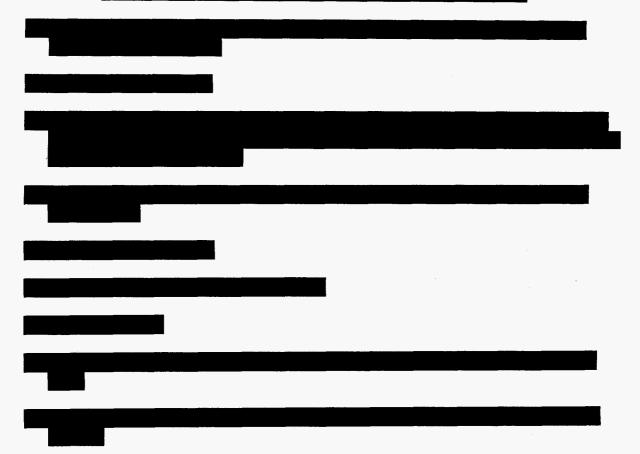
Alpha-numeric Toll-Free Numbers



Pre-paid Calling Cards



Station to Station Calling Card



Translation Calls NE & NI **NE (No Explanation)** NI (No Identification)



System Procedures

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Quarterly Manual Update 8-21-09

(Confidential Proprietary Information of Hamilton Relay, Inc.)

Customer Profile





Examples of Greetings (All states except Maryland)



HAMILEN

System Procedures

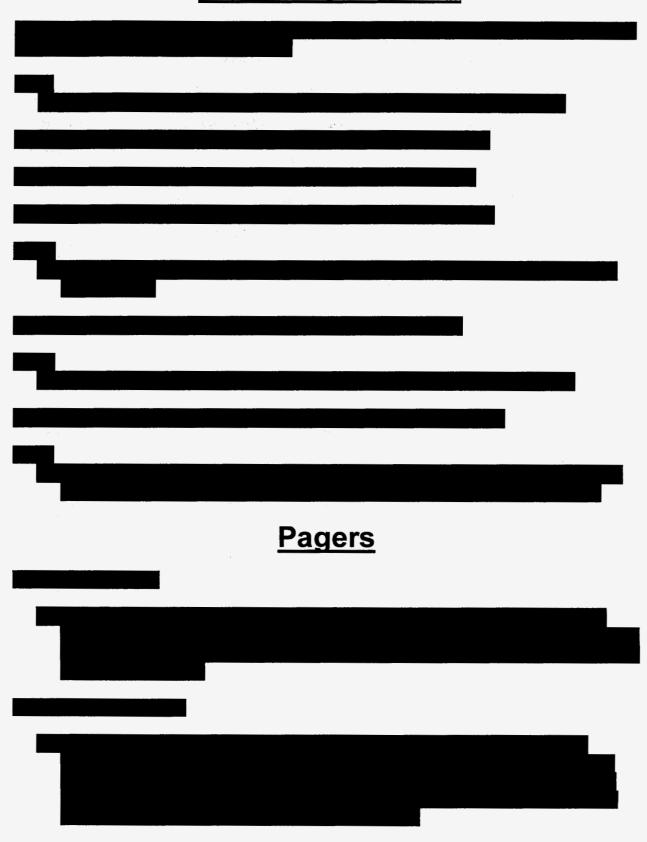
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Garbling Procedure



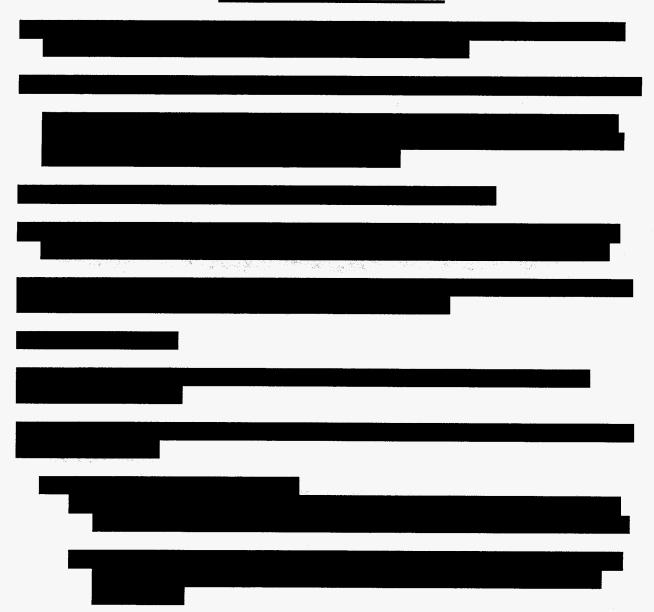
Fast Busy/Reorder



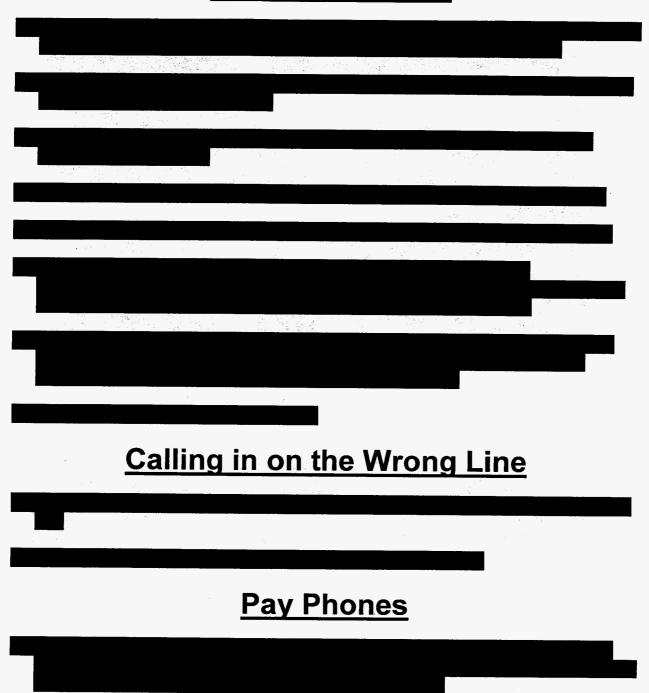


System Procedures

Three Way Calls

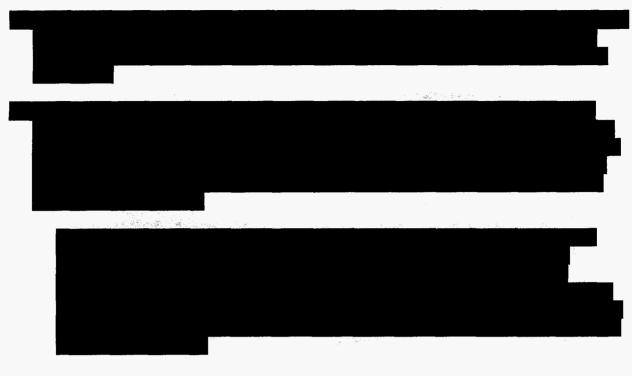


Conference Calls





Operator Recordings



Request for a Different CA/OPR



Abusive Callers/ Not Giving Number to Dial



Written Information from Calls

Questions about the Relay

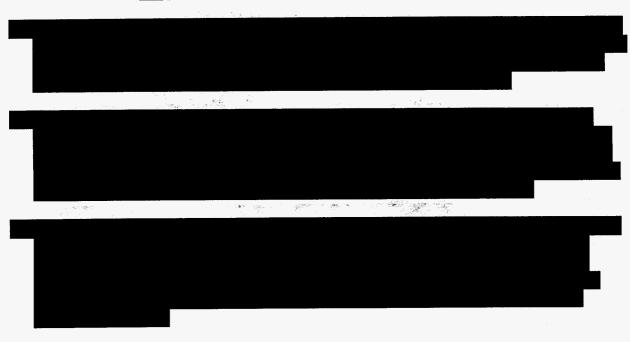
Request to Dial Operator



Request to Dial 00 —(Double 0 Info)

Transferring Speech to Speech & Spanish Calls

Changing Connect Modes

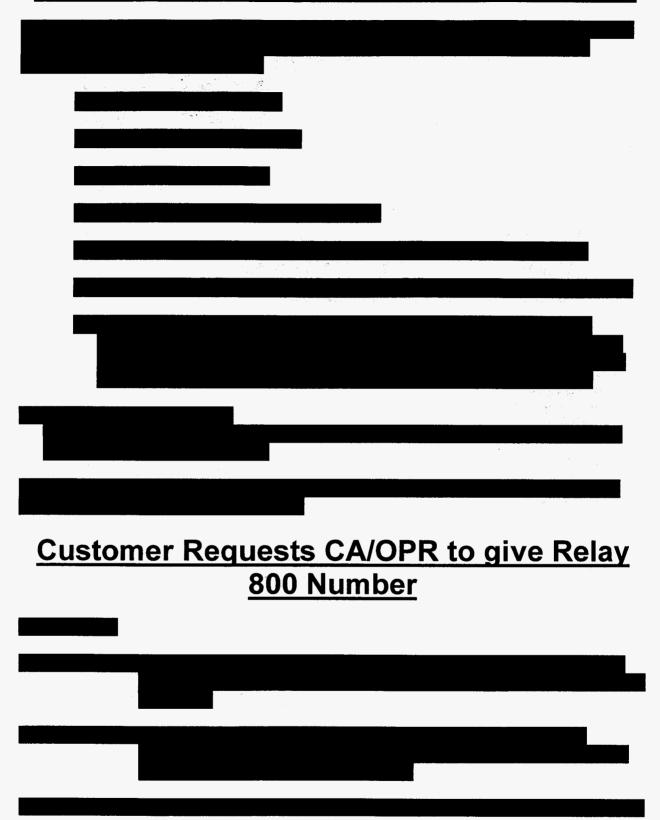


HAMILEN

System Procedures

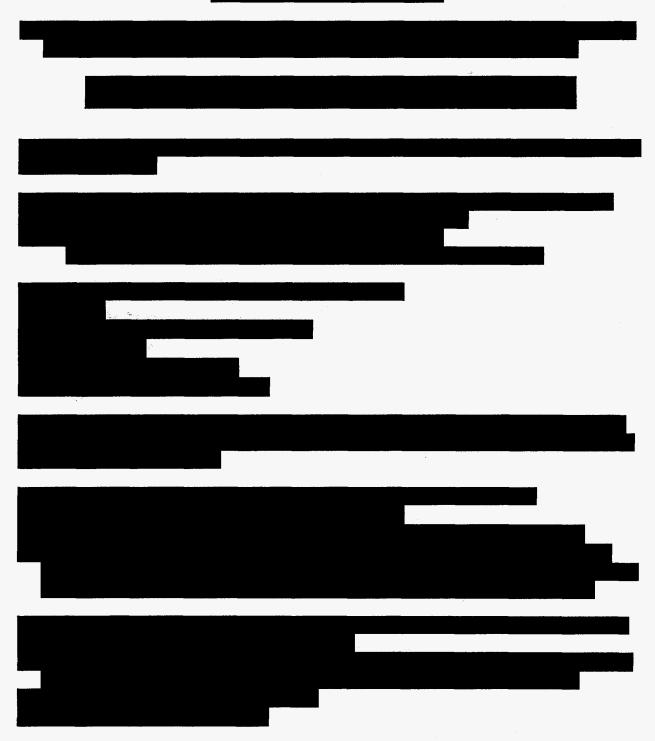
95

Terminator Disconnected by CA/OPR Error

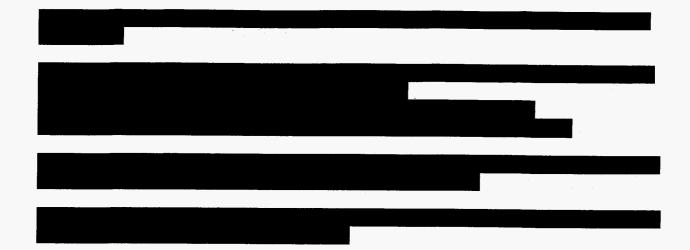




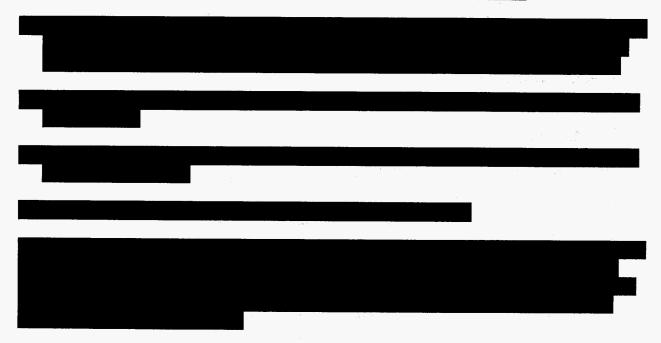
Customer Asks CA/OPR for Another States Relay Nbr





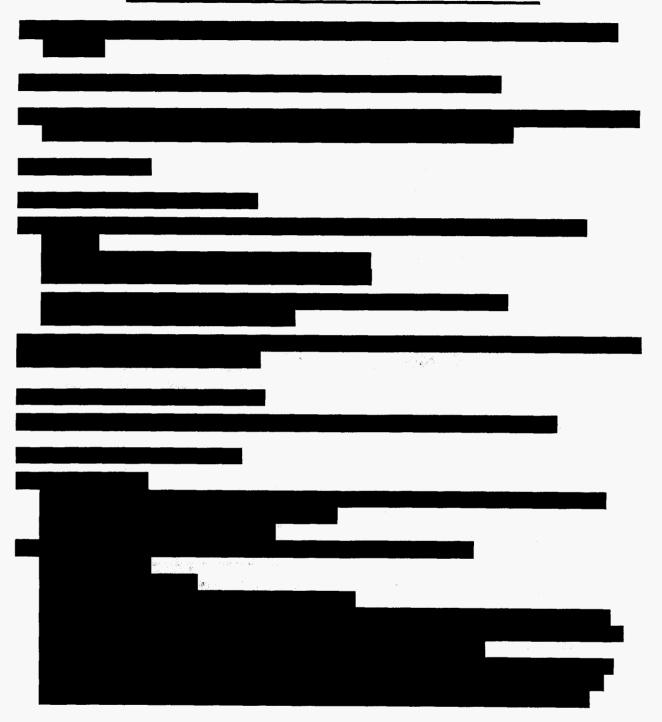


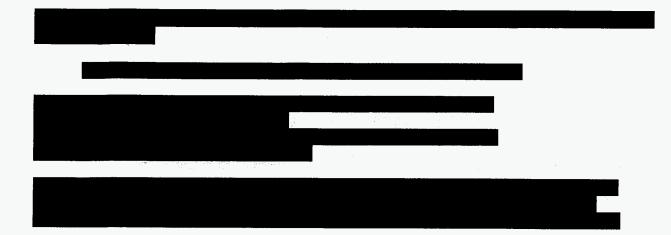
Turbo Interrupt Procedures



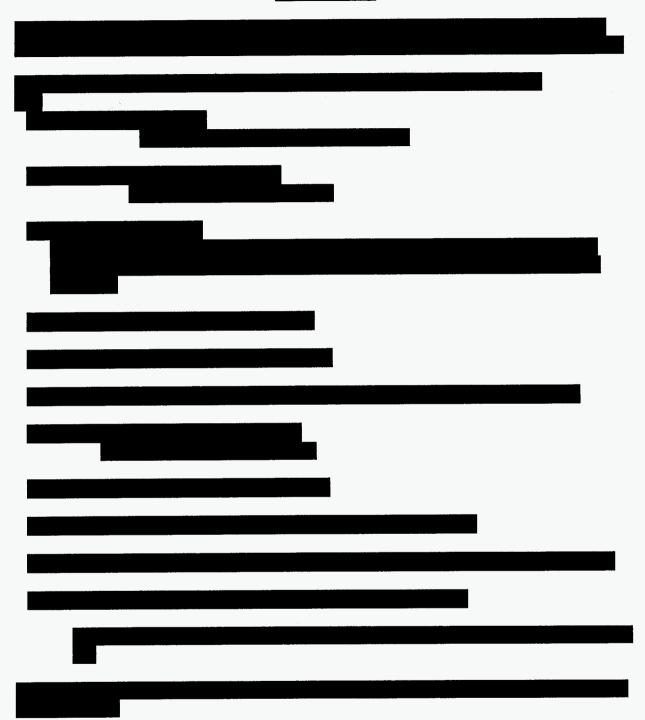


Recording Feature Procedure



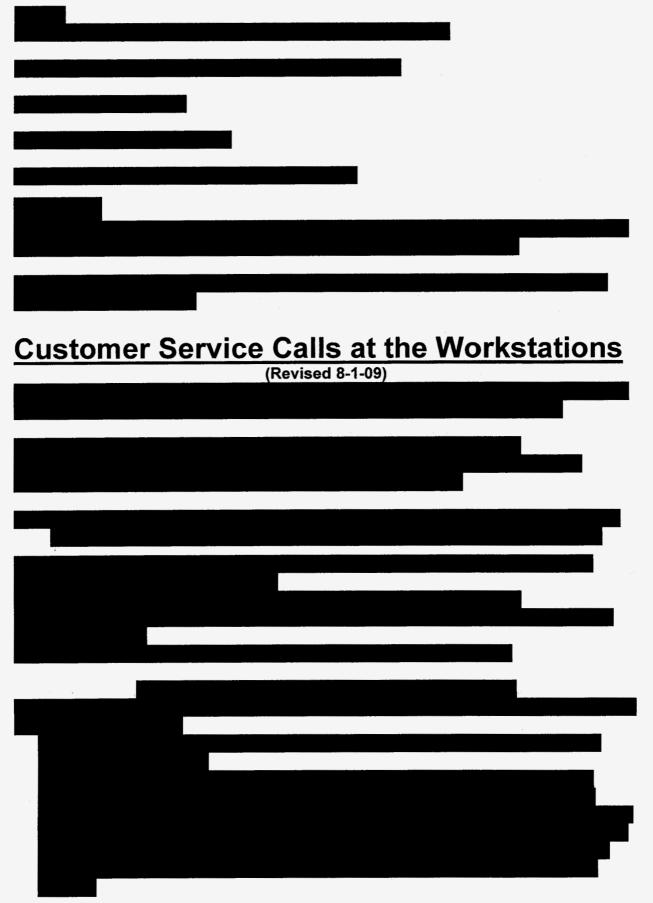


Single Line Ans. Machine Procedures (SLAM)



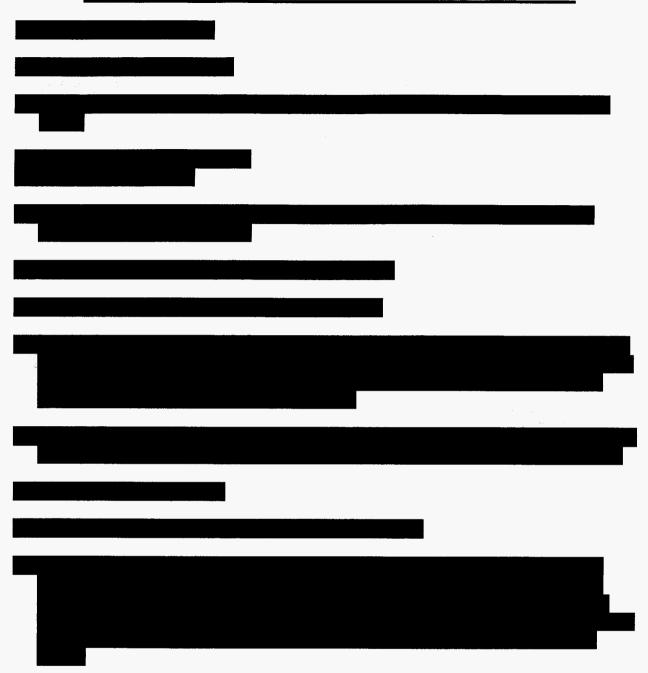
<u>Customer Requesting to Interrupt the Line</u> **Customer Requests to Check the Line for Conversation**







AOL Customer Service Procedures



ONI Box

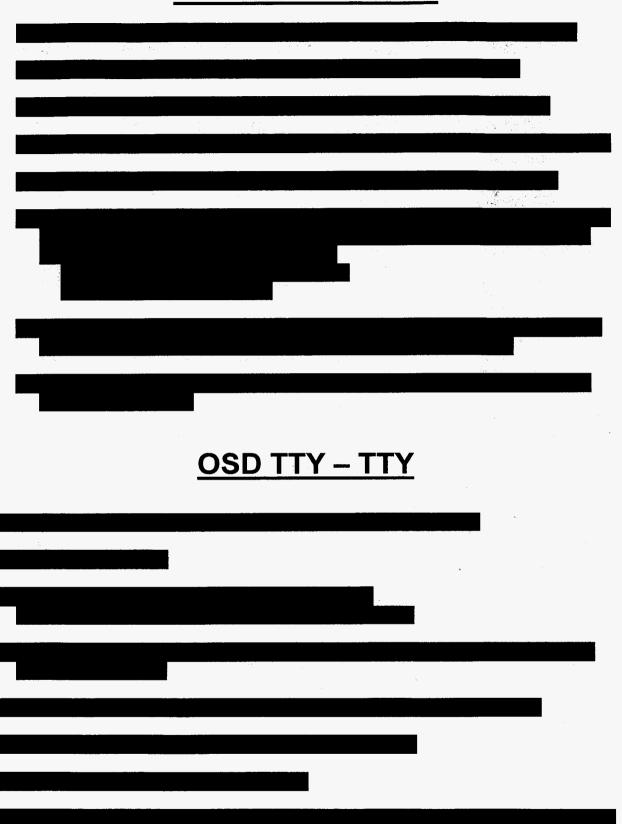


HAMILE:N

System Procedures

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IEC - Not available





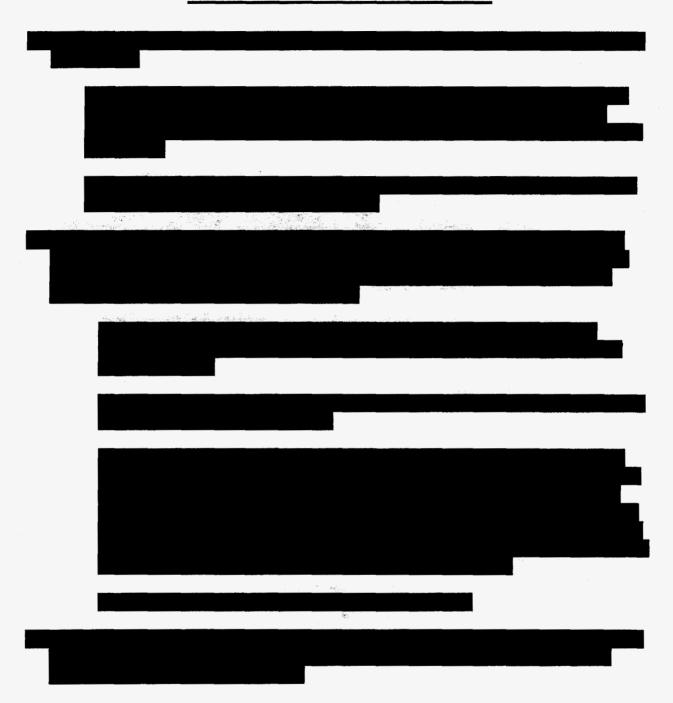
System Procedures

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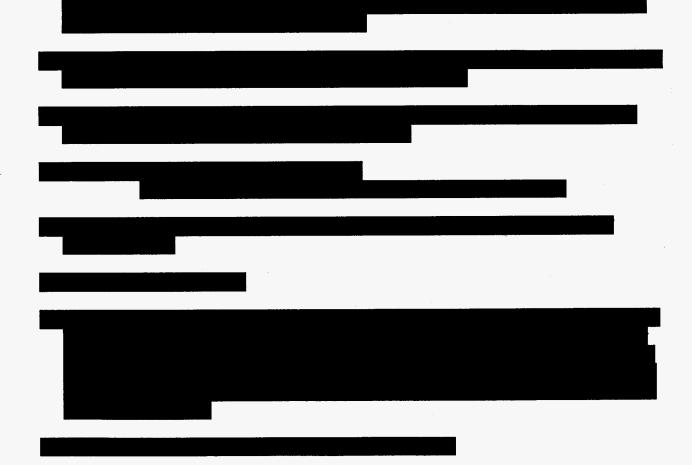
Quarterly Manual Update 8-21-09

(Confidential Proprietary Information of Hamilton Relay, Inc.)

Cell Phone Procedure



Emergency 911 Calls (All states except RI)



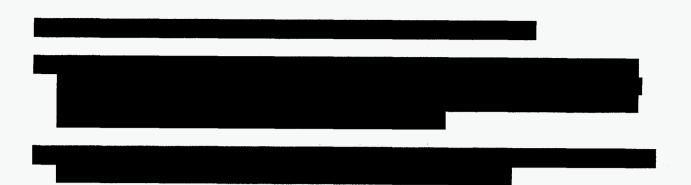


System Procedures

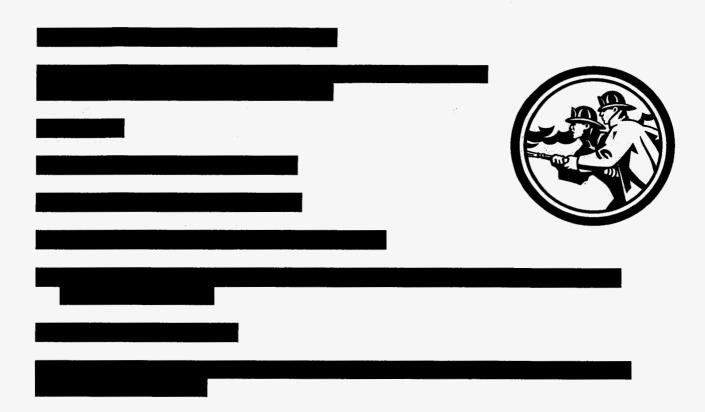
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Quarterly Manual Update 8-21-09

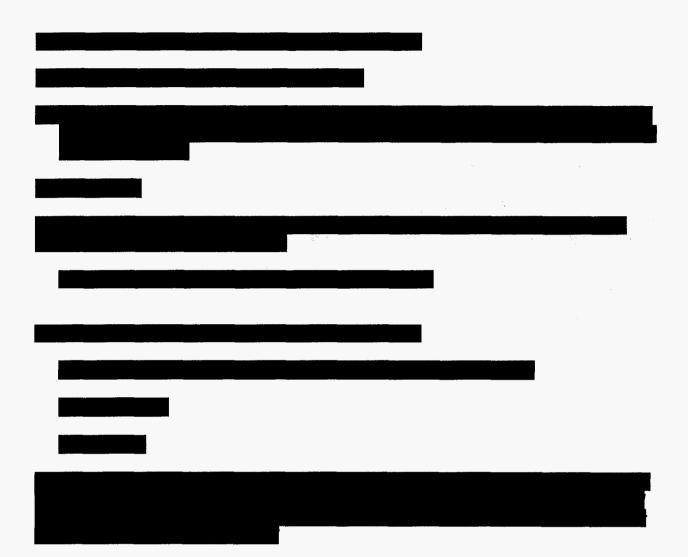
(Confidential Proprietary Information of Hamilton Relay, Inc.)

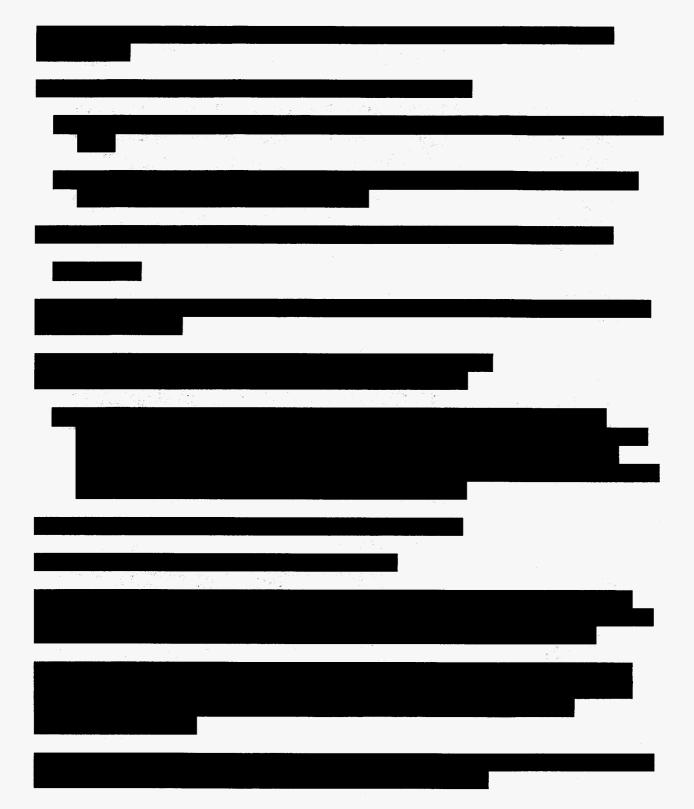


Emergency 911 Calls – Rhode Island

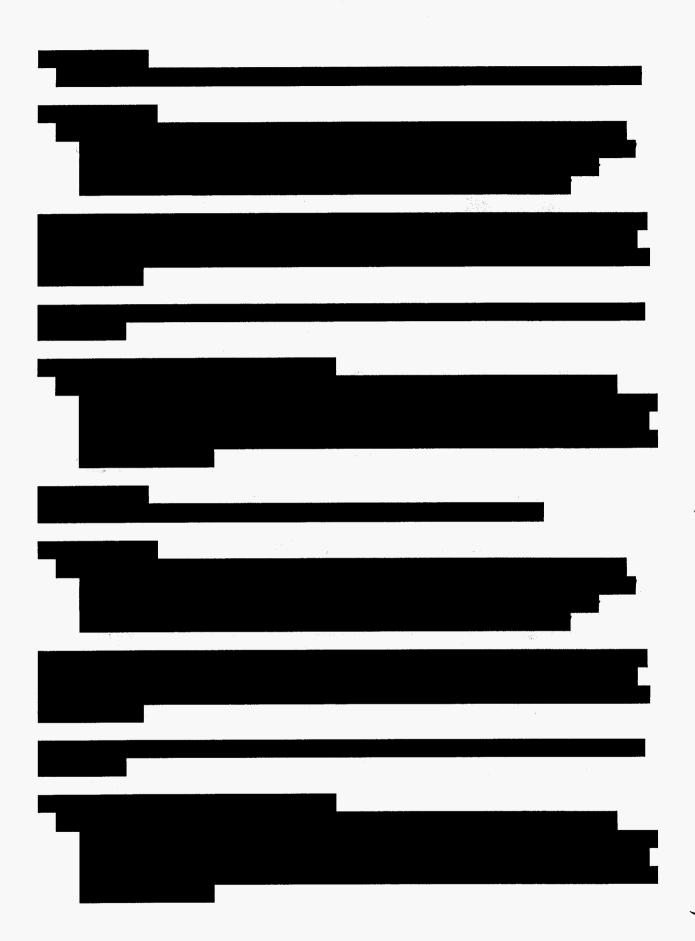


IP Emergency 9-1-1 Calls











TELECOMMUNICATIONS RELAY SERVICES DIRECTORY

ALABAMA Customer Service #'s: 800-676-3777 **Access #'s:** 800-548-2547(V) 800-548-2546(T)

Area Codes: 205, 251, 256, 334

ALASKA Customer Service #'s: 800-676-3777 **Access #'s:** 800-770-8973(T) 800-770-8255(V)

Area Codes: 907

ARIZONA Customer Service #'s: 800-347-1695(T) 866-259-1768(V)

Access #'s: 800-842-4681 (V) 800-367-8939 (T)

Area Codes: 480, 520, 602, 623, 928

ARKANSAS Customer Service #'s: 800-285-7192 **Access #'s:** 800-285-1131(T) 800-285-1121(V)

Area Codes: 479, 501, 870

CALIFORNIA Customer Service #'s: 800-735-0193(T) 800-735-0373(V)

866-734-2833(T/V) 800-676-3777(T/V)

Access #'s: 800-735-2922(V) 800-735-2929(T)

Area Codes: 209, 213, 310, 323, 408, 415, 424, 510, 530, 559, 562, 619, 626, 650, 661, 707, 714, 760, 805, 831, 858, 909,

916, 925, 949

COLORADO Customer Service #'s: 800-676-3777(V/T)

Access #'s: 800-659-3656(V) 800-659-2656(T)

Area Codes: 303, 719, 720, 970

CONNECTICUT Customer Service #'s: 800-676-3777 **Access #'s:** 800-842-9710 (T) 800-833-8134(V)

Area Codes: 203, 475, 860, 959

DELAWARE Customer Service #'s: 800-682-8706(V) 800-682-8786(T) **Access #'s:** 800.676.3777(T/V) 800.232.5460(T) 800.232.5470(V)

Area Codes: 302

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA Customer Service #'s: 866-560-1452

Access #'s: 800-643-3769(V) 800-643-3768(TTY)

Area Codes: 202

FLORIDA Customer Service #'s: 800-676-3777 Access #'s: 800-955-8770(V) 800-955-8771(T)

Area Codes: 239, 305, 321, 352, 386, 407, 561,727, 754, 772, 786, 813, 850, 863, 904, 941, 954

GEORGIA Customer Service #'s: 866-694-5824 **Access #'s**: 800-255-0135(V) 800-255-0056(T) **Area Codes**: 229, 404, 470, 478, 678, 706, 770, 912

HAWAII Customer Service #'s: 800-676-3777 **Access #'s**: 877-447-5991(V)

Area Codes: 808

IDAHO Customer Service #'s: 800-368-6185 **Access #'s**: 800-377-3529 (T) 800-377-1363 (V)

Area Codes: 208

ILLINOIS Customer Service #'s: 800-682-8706(V) 800-682-8786(T)

Access #'s: 800-526-0857(V) 800-526-0844(T)

Area Codes: 217, 224, 309, 312, 331, 464, 618, 630, 708, 773, 815, 847, 872

INDIANA Customer Service #'s: 800-676-3777

Access #'s: 800-743-3333(V/T)

Area Codes: 219, 260, 317, 574, 765, 812



IOWA Customer Service #'s: 888-516-4692 **Access #'s**: 800-735-2943(V) 800-735-2942(T)

Area Codes: 319, 515, 563, 641, 712

KANSAS Customer Service #'s: 866-735-2957

Access #'s: 800-766-3777(V/T) Area Codes: 316, 620, 785, 913

KENTUCKY Customer Service #'s: 888-662-2406 **Access #'s**: 800-648-6056(T) 800-648-6057(V)

Area Codes: 270, 502, 606, 859

LOUISIANA Customer Service #'s: 888-699-6869 **Access #'s**: 800-846-5277(T) 800-947-5277(V)

Area Codes: 225, 318, 337, 504, 985

MAINE Customer Service #'s: 800-270-9709 **Access #'s:** 800-457-1220(V) 800-437-1220(T)

Area Codes: 207

MARYLAND Customer Service #'s:) 800-552-7724 (V) 800-201-7165

Access #'s: 800-201-7165(V/T) 800-735-2258(TTY)

Area Codes: 227, 240, 301, 410, 443, 667

MASSACHUSETTS Customer Service #'s: 800-720-3480(T) 800-729-3479(V)

Access #'s: 800-439-2370(T) 800-439-0183(V) Area Codes: 339, 351, 413, 508, 617, 774, 781, 857, 978

MICHIGAN Customer Service #'s: 800-432-0762(V/T) 800-432-5413(V/T)

Access #'s: 800-649-3777(V/T)

Area Codes: 231, 248, 269, 313, 517, 586, 616, 734, 810, 906, 947, 989

MINNESOTA Customer Service #'s: 800-657-3775 651-602-9005

Access #'s: 800-627-3529(V/T)

Area Codes: 218, 320, 507, 612, 651, 763, 952

MISSISSIPPI Customer Service #'s: 800-557-7755 601-371-8020

Access #'s: 800-582-2233(V/T) Area Codes: 228, 601, 662

MISSOURI Customer Service #'s: 800-676-3777 Access #'s: 800-735-2966(T) 866-735-2460(V) Area Codes: 314, 417, 557, 573, 636, 660, 816, 975

MONTANA Customer Service #'s: 866-735-2968 **Access #'s**: 866-253-4090(V) 800-253-4091(T)

Area Codes: 406

NEBRASKA Customer Service #'s: 800-322-5299 **Access #'s**: 800-833-7352(T) 800-833-0920(V)

Area Codes: 308, 402

NEVADA Customer Service #'s: 800-676-3777 **Access #'s:** 800-326-6888(V) 800-326-6868(T)

Area Codes: 702, 775

NEW HAMPSHIRE Customer Service #'s: 800-676-3777

Access #'s: 800-735-2964 (T/V)

Area Codes: 603

NEW JERSEY Customer Service #'s: 800-682-8706(V) 800-682-8786(T)

Access #'s: 800-852-7897(V) 800-852-7899(T)

Area Codes: 201, 551, 609, 732, 848, 856, 862, 908, 973



NEW MEXICO Customer Service #: 877-463-0994

Access #'s: 800-659-1779(V) 800-659-8331(T)

Area Codes: 505

NEW YORK Customer Service #: 1-800-676-3777 Access #'s: 800-421-1220(V) 800-662-1220(T)

Area Codes: 212, 315, 347, 516, 518, 585, 607, 631, 646, 716, 718, 845, 914, 917

NORTH CAROLINA Customer Service #'s: 800-676-3777

Access #'s: 800-735-8262(V) 800-735-2962(T) Area Codes: 252, 336, 704, 828, 910, 919, 980, 984

NORTH DAKOTA Customer Service #'s: 800-676-3777

Access #'s: 800-366-6889(V) 800-366-6888(T)

Area Codes: 701

OHIO Customer Service #'s: 800-325-2223

Access #'s: 800-750-0750(V/T)

Area Codes: 216, 234, 283, 330, 380, 419, 440, 513, 567, 614, 740, 937

OKLAHOMA Customer Service #'s: 800-676-3777 Access #'s: 800-522-8506(T/V) 800-722-0353(T/V)

Area Codes: 405, 580, 918

OREGON Customer Service #'s: 800-676-3777 Access #'s: 1-800-735-2900(T) 1-800-735-1232(V)

Area Codes: 503, 541, 971

PENNSYLVANIA Customer Service #'s: 800-682-8706(V) 800-682-8786(T)

Access #'s: 800-654-5988(V) 800-654-5984(T)

Area Codes: 215, 267, 412, 445, 484, 570, 610, 717, 724, 814, 835, 878

RHODE ISLAND Customer Service #'s: 866-703-5485

Access #'s: 800-745-5555(T) 800-745-6575(V)

Area Codes: 401

SOUTH CAROLINA Customer Service #'s: 800-676-3777

Access #'s: 1-800-735-2905(V) 1-800-735-8583(T)

Area Codes: 803, 843, 864

SOUTH DAKOTA Customer Service #'s: 800-676-3777

Access #'s: 800-877-1113(V/T)

Area Codes: 605

TENNESSEE Customer Service #'s: 866-503-0262 Access #'s: 800-848-0299(V) 800-848-0298(T) Area Codes: 423, 615. 731, 865, 901, 931

TEXAS Customer Service #'s: 800-676-3777

Access #'s: 800-735-2988(V) 800-735-2989(T)

Area Codes: 210, 214, 254, 281, 325, 361, 409, 430, 432, 469, 512, 682, 713, 737, 806, 817, 830, 832, 903,

915, 936, 940, 956, 972, 979

UTAH Customer Service #'s: 800-676-3777

Access #'s: 888-735-5906(V) 800-346-4128(V/T) 800-346-4128(T)

Area Codes: 435, 801

VERMONT Customer Service #'s: 800-676-3777 Access #'s: 800-253-0195(V) 800-253-0191(T)

Area Codes: 802

VIRGIN ISLAND Customer Service #'s: 866-883-4038

Access #'s: 800-440-8477 (T) 800-809-8477 (V)

Area Codes: 340



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VIRGINIA Customer Service #'s: 800-682-8706(V) 800-682-8786(T)

Access #'s: 800-828-1140(V) 800-828-1120(T) **Area Codes:** 276, 434, 540, 571, 703, 757, 804

WASHINGTON Customer Service #'s: 800-682-8706(V) 800-682-8786(T)

Access #'s: 800-833-6384(V) 800-833-6388(T) **Area Codes:** 206, 253, 360, 425, 509, 564

WEST VIRGINIA Customer Service #: 866-430-1274 **Access #'s:** 800-982-8772 (V) 800-982-8771 (T)

Area Codes: 304

WISCONSIN Customer Service #'s: 800-283-9877(T) 800-395-9877(V)

Access #'s: 800-947-3529(T) 800-947-6644(V)

Area Codes: 262, 414, 608, 715, 920

WYOMING Customer Service #'s: 888-694-4450 **Access #'s**: 800-877-9975(V) 800-877-9965(T)

Area Codes: 307

Glossary











HAMILEN

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Attachment M Disaster Recovery



Florida Relay

Hamilton Telephone Company d/b/a Hamilton Telecommunications Attachment M Disaster Recovery Plan



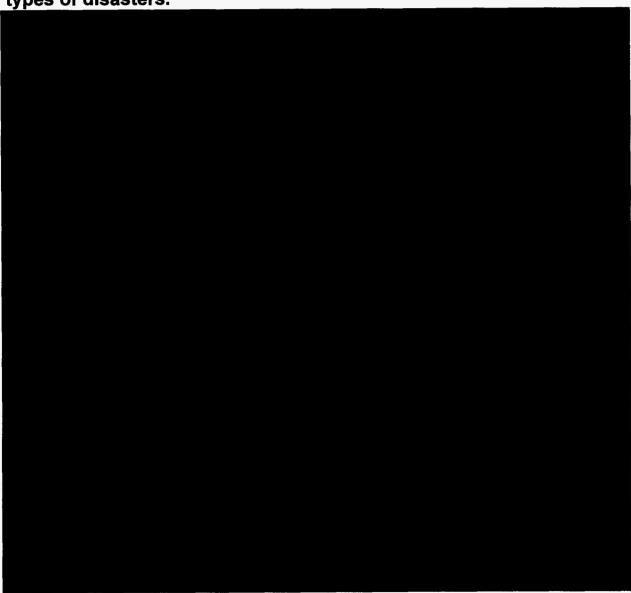
Hamilton believes that the Disaster Recovery Plan as contained in Attachment M is 'proprietary confidential business information' within the meaning of Section 364.183, Florida Statutes. Hamilton is filing this section with the Clerk's office under a claim of confidentiality pursuant to Section 364.183(1), Florida Statutes, and Rule 25-22.006(5), F.A.C. Accordingly, Hamilton has filed one highlighted and two redacted copies of this information with the Clerk's office.

Hamilton derives economic value from the information contained on such pages because it is not known to others, including Hamilton's competitors. Hamilton maintains the secrecy of the confidential and proprietary information by retaining sole possession and control of such information, and by not disclosing such information to others. Hamilton respectfully requests that the FPSC designate the confidential and proprietary information in its proposal as confidential trade secrets.

HAMILTON RELAY, INC. DISASTER RECOVERY PLAN

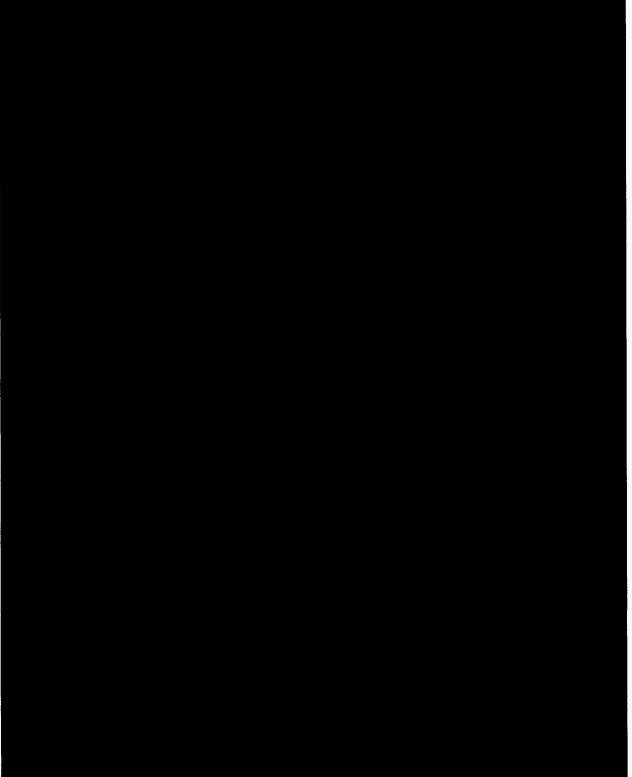


Hamilton Relay Service's Disaster Recovery Plan follows. This plan allows Hamilton to deal with all types of natural and man-made problems including but not limited to terrorism and phone line cut accidents. This plan shows in detail the level of escalation which will be employed to deal with the problem and restore service. This plan is also designed to ensure that no aspect of relay service is impaired. Hamilton Relay Service's Disaster Recovery Plan establishes three levels of disaster recovery. As a result, Hamilton is prepared for all types of disasters.



Disaster Recovery Timeline Level One Disaster

The following steps should be implemented immediately.



Disaster Recovery Timeline Level Two Disaster

The following steps should be implemented immediately.				
This information has been re-				

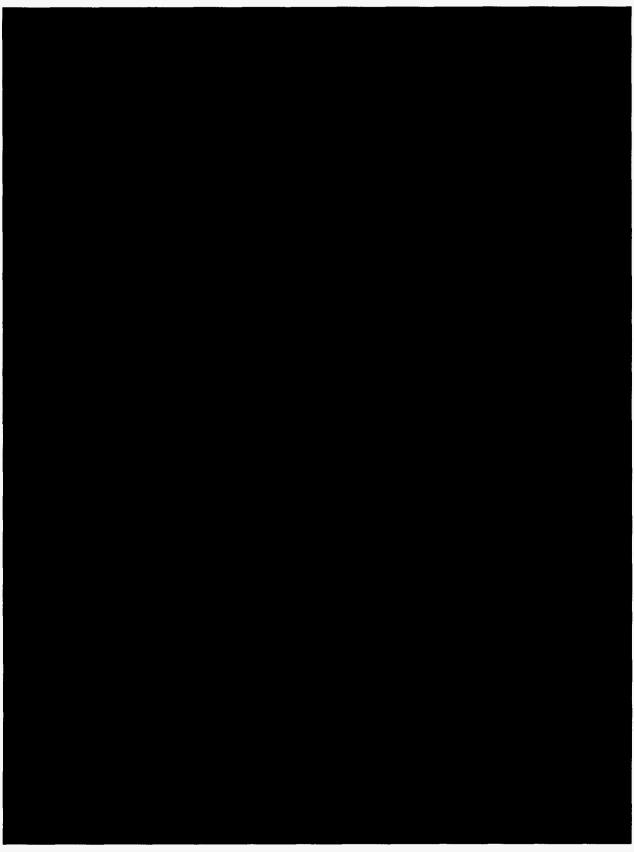
CONFIFDENTIAL Proprietary Information of Hamilton Relay, Inc.



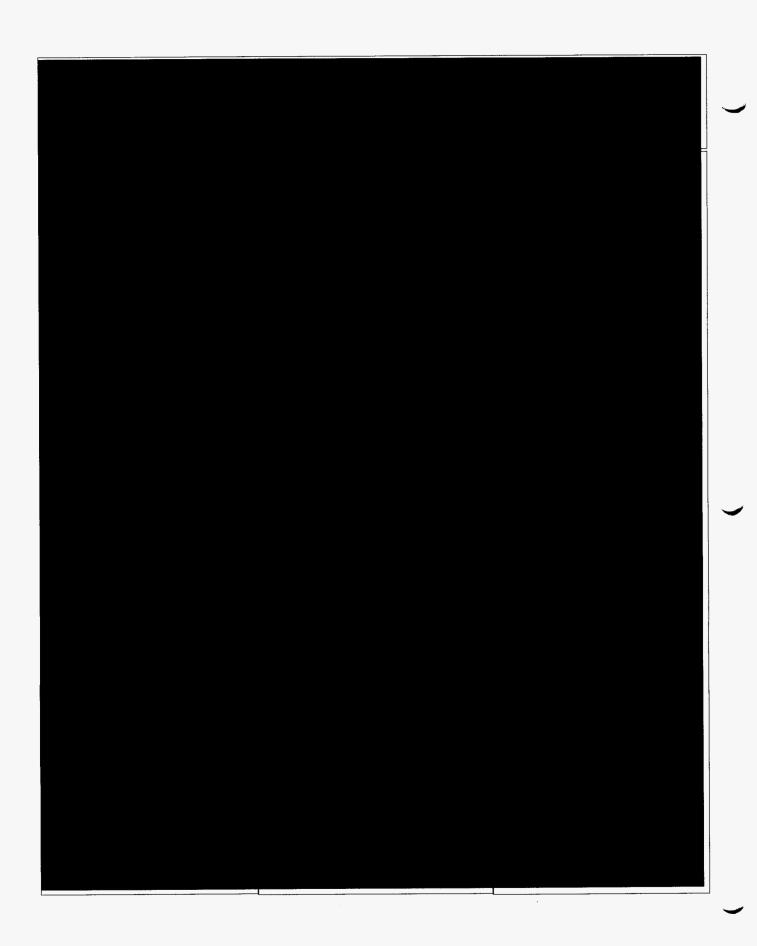
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Disaster Recovery Timeline Level Three Disaster

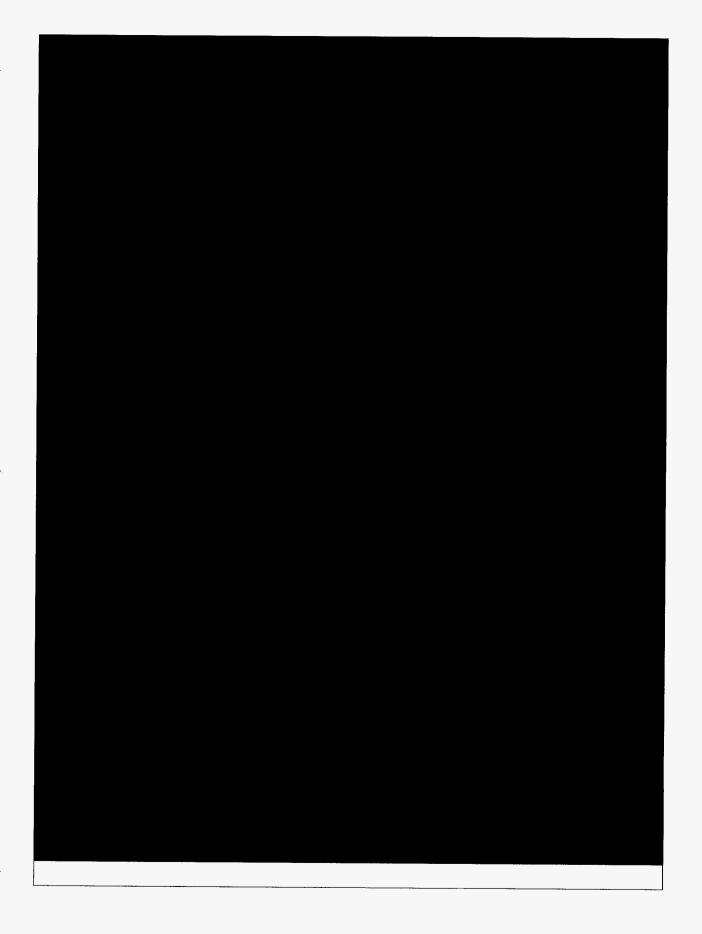
The following steps should be implemented immediately.



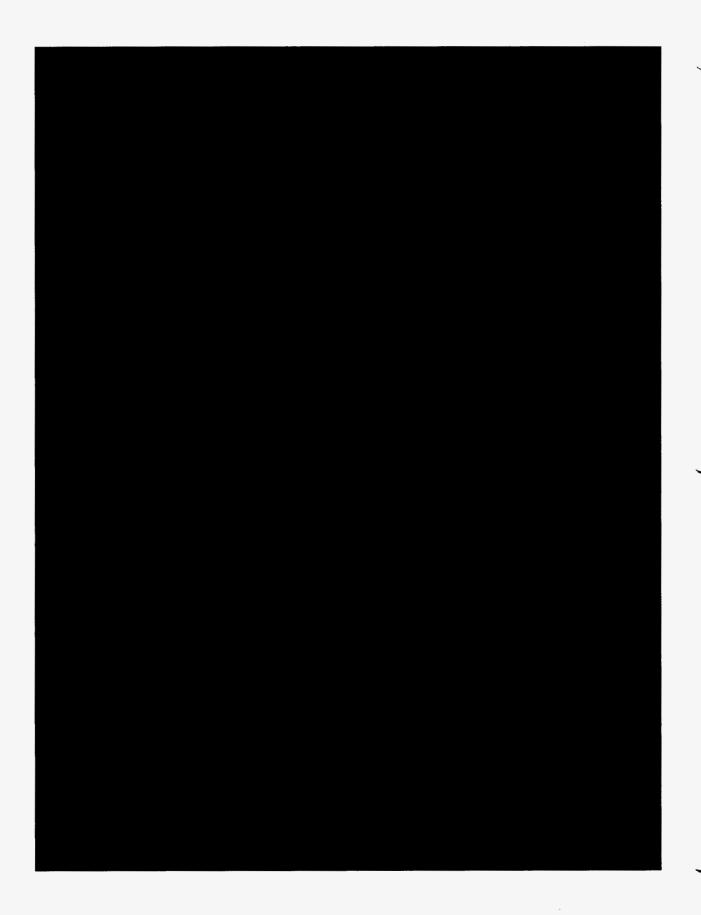
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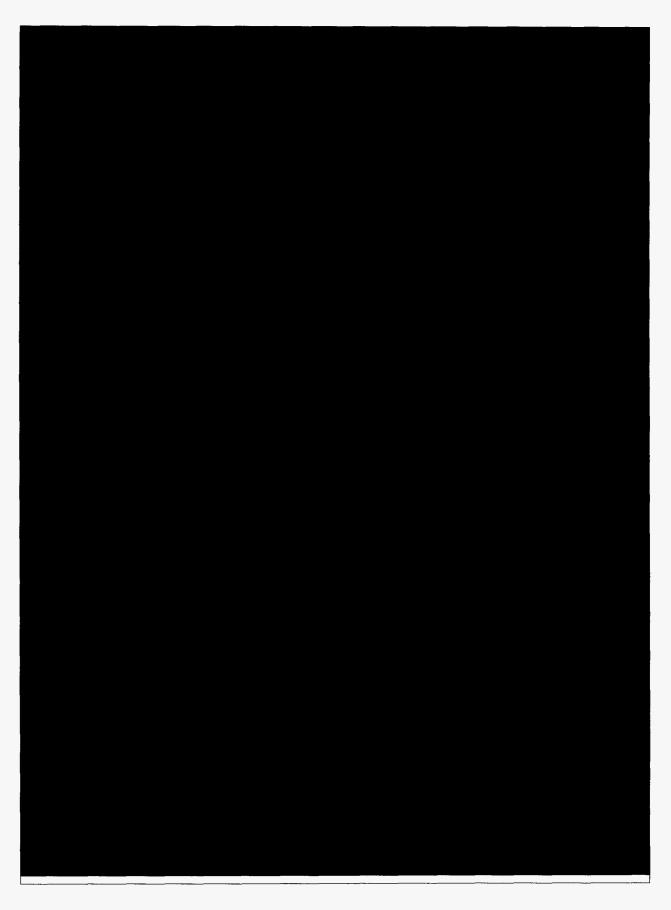
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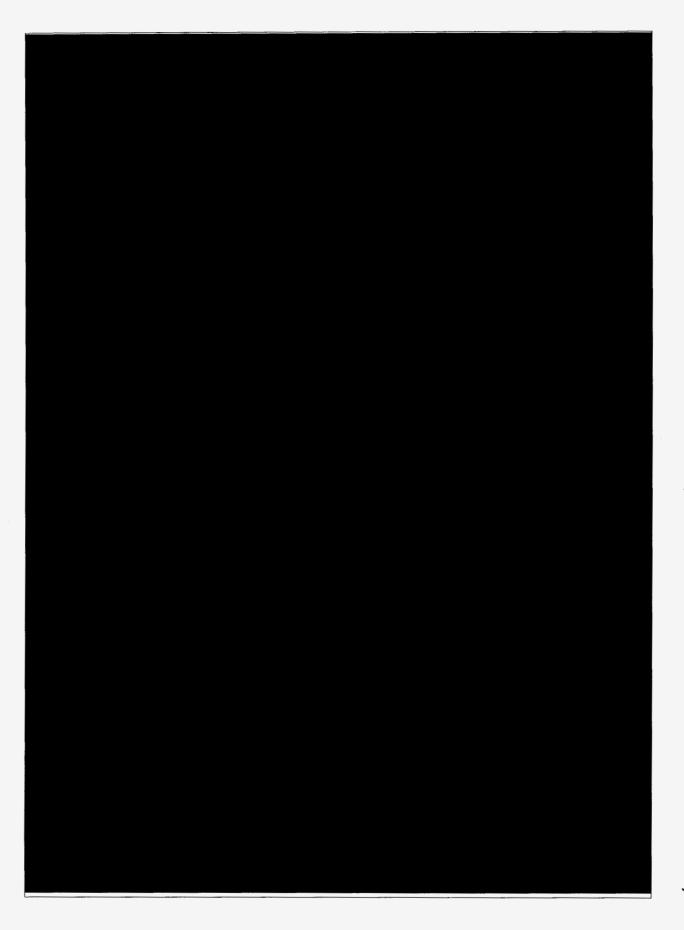
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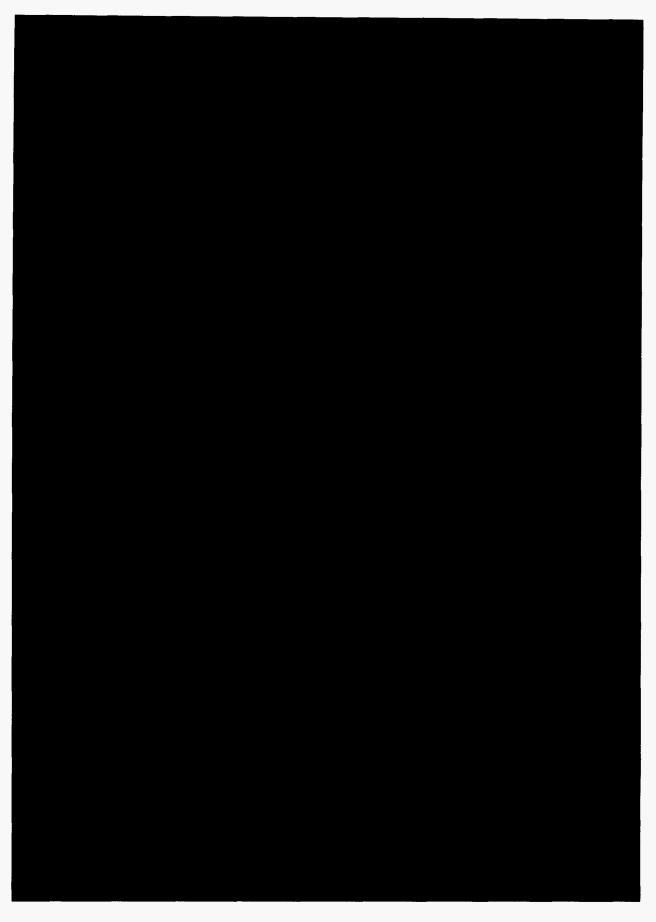
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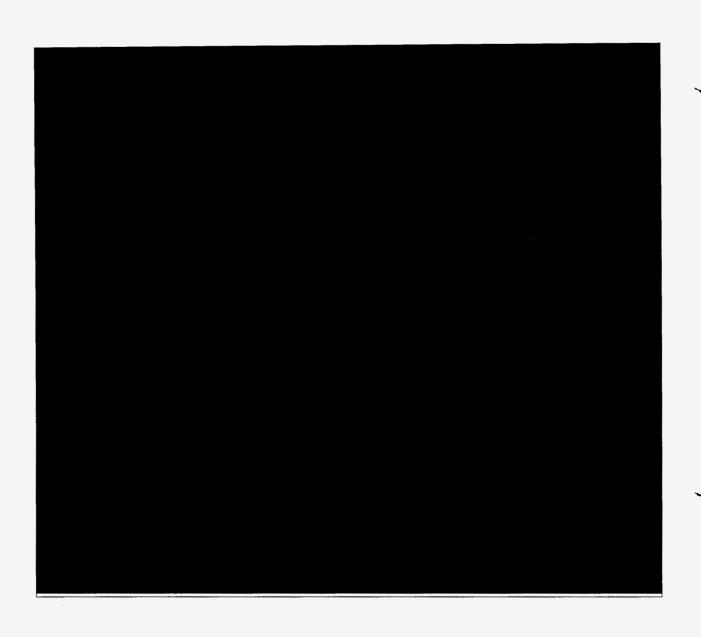
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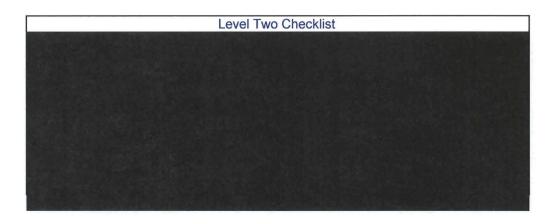
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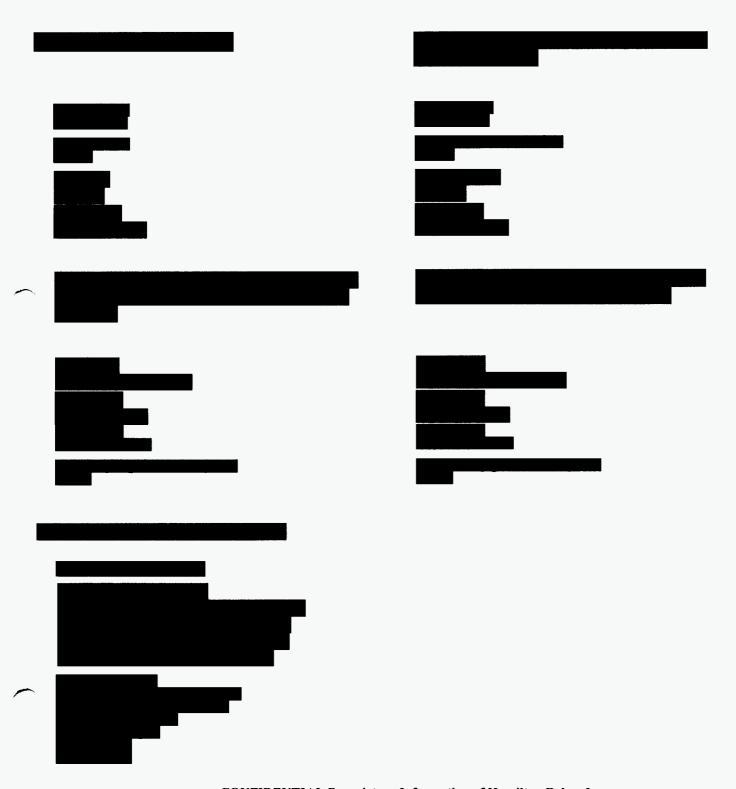




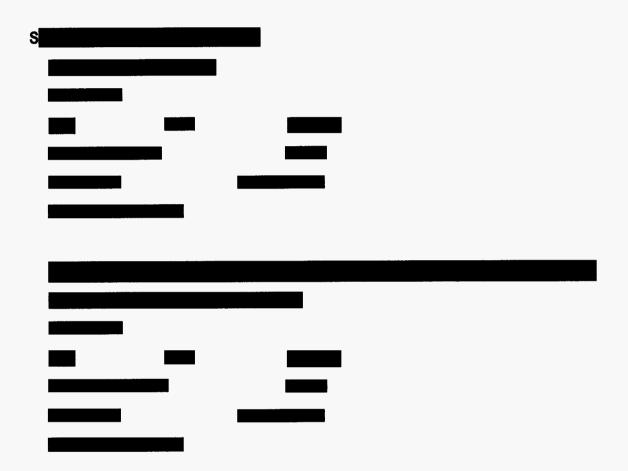




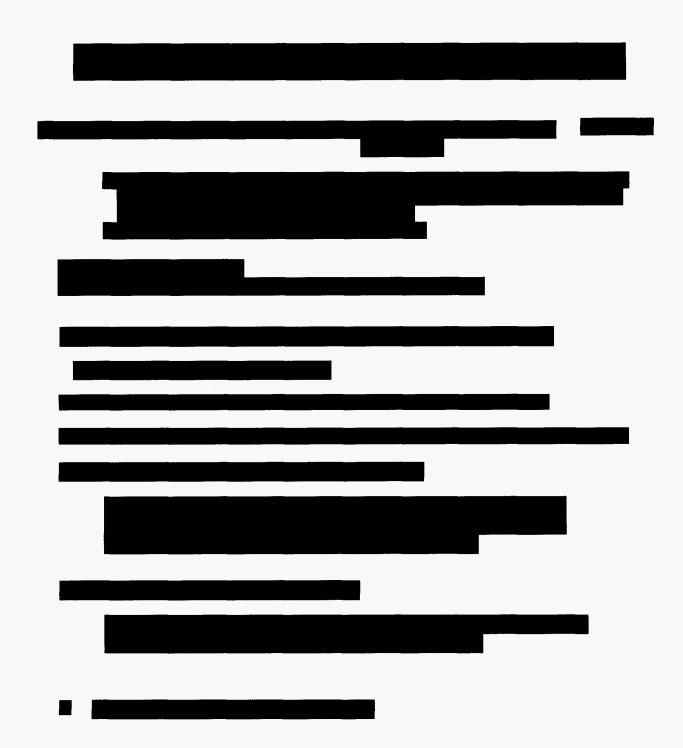
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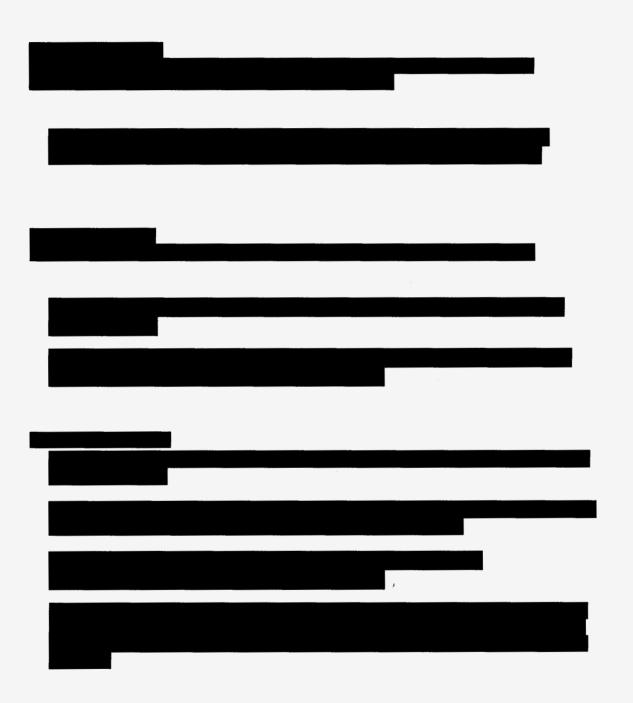








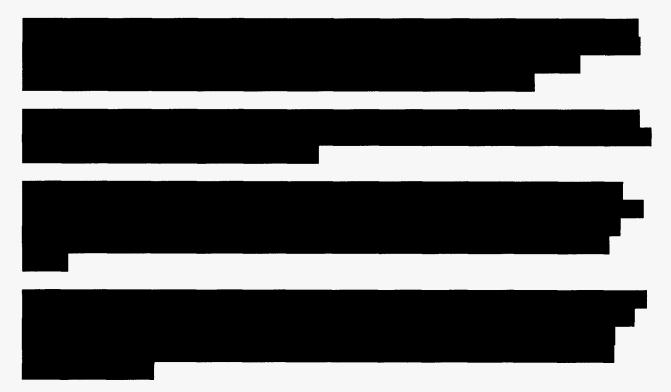




CAPTIONED TELEPHONE, INC. DISASTER RECOVERY PLAN

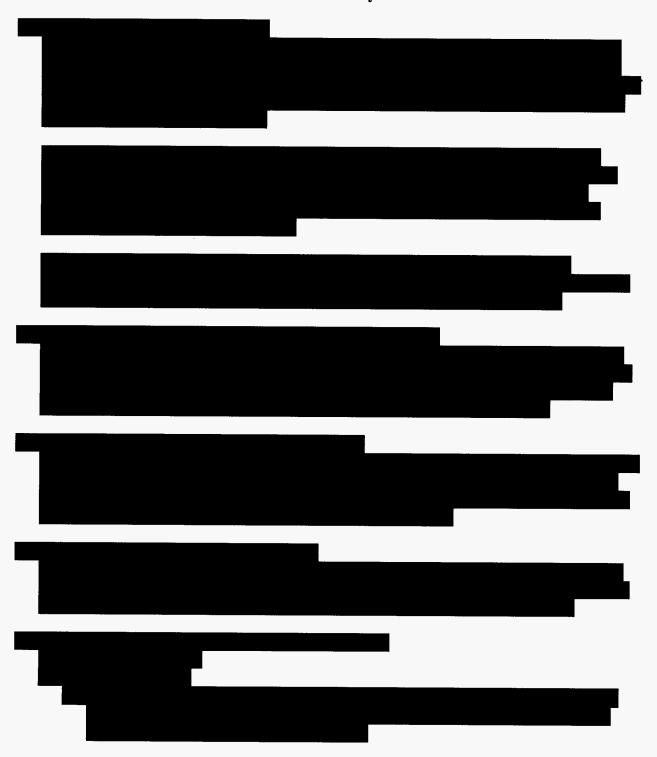
Captioned Telephone Disaster Recovery/Continuity of Operations/Pandemic Plan

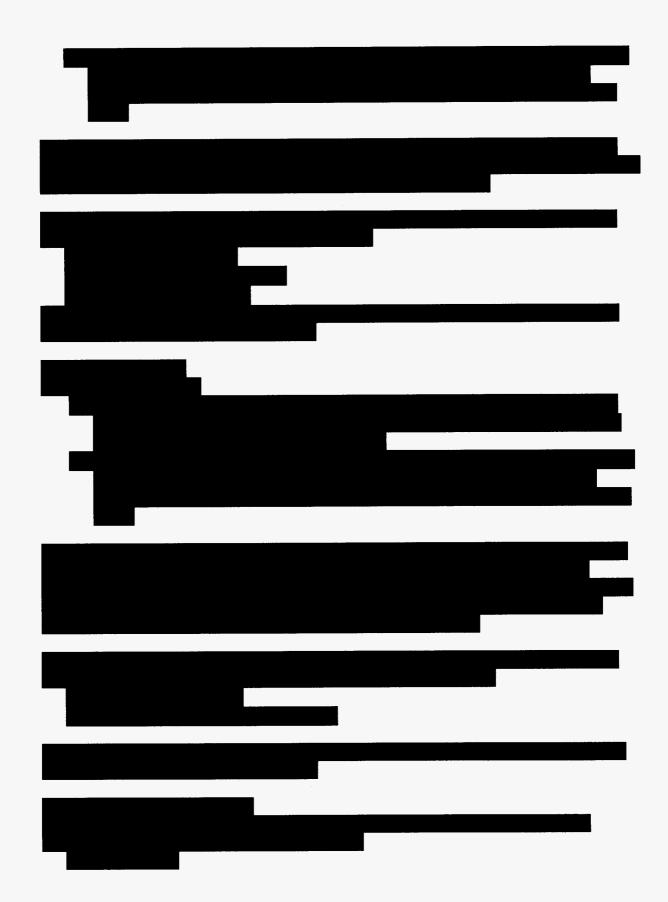
Hamilton and its Subcontractor, CTI, have developed contingency plans for maintaining 24/7/365 operational status.



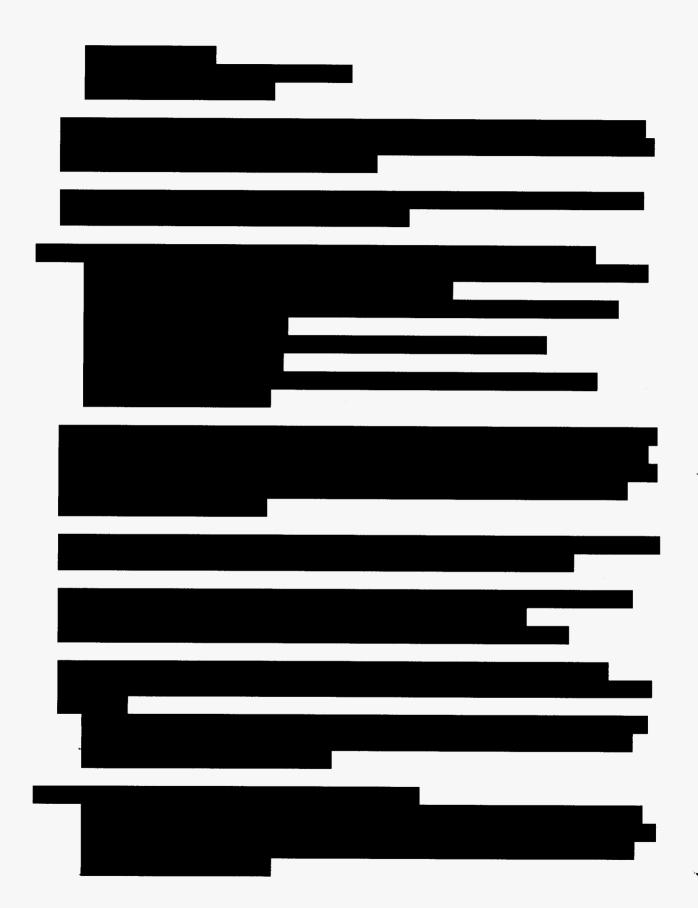
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Captel Inc. Captel Service Relay Center Disaster Recovery Plan

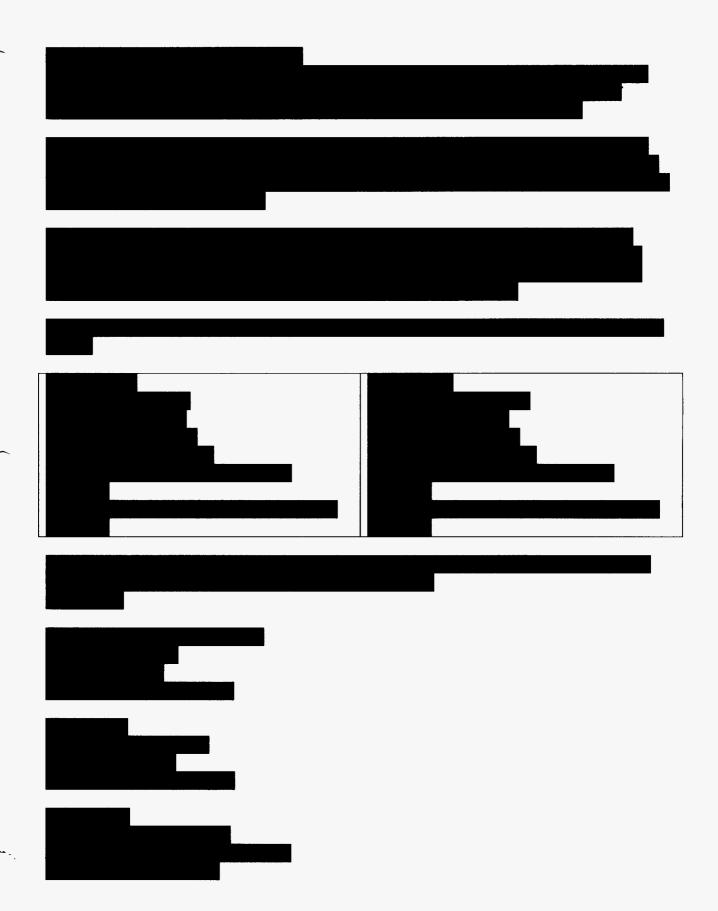




Proprietary and Confidential



Proprietary and Confidential



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