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September 30, 2014

-VIA HAND DELIVERY -

Ms. Carlotta S. Stauffer
Division of the Commission Clerk and
Administrative Services
Florida Public Service Commission
Betty Easley Conference Center, Room 110
2540 Shumard Oak Boulevard
Tallahassee, Florida 32399-0850

REDACTED

14 SEP 30 PM 3: 5:

Re:

Florida Power & Light Company's Request for Confidential Classification of

Certain Material Provided in Connection with its Petition for Prudence Determination

Regarding Acquisition of Gas Reserves

Docket No. 140001-EI

Dear Ms. Stauffer:

Enclosed for filing in the above referenced matter, please find the original and seven (7) copies of Florida Power & Light Company's ("FPL's") Request for Confidential Classification of Certain Information Contained in the Testimony and Exhibits of Daniel J. Lawton on behalf of The Office of Public Counsel. The original includes Exhibits A, B (two copies), C, and D. The seven copies do not include copies of the Exhibits.

Exhibit A consists of the confidential documents, and all the information that FPL asserts is entitled to confidential treatment has been highlighted. Exhibit B is an edited version of Exhibit A, in which the information FPL asserts is confidential has been redacted. Exhibit C is a justification table in support of FPL's Request for Confidential Classification. Exhibit D contains two affidavits in support of FPL's Request for Confidential Classification. Also included in this filing is a compact disc containing FPL's Request for Confidential Classification and Exhibit C, in Microsoft Word format.

In accordance with Rule 25-22.006(3)(d) and 25-22.006(3)(e), FPL requests confidential treatment of the information in Exhibit A pending disposition of FPL's request for Confidential Classification.

Please contact me if you have any questions regarding this filing

Sincerely,

Scott A. Goorland

Enclosure

cc: Parties of Record (without exhibits)

AFD 2+ TACCCLUC AFD 2+ TACCCLUC APA 1 CI ECO 1

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BEFORE THE FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

IN RE: Fuel and Purchase Power Cost Recovery Clause with Generating Performance Incentive Factor

Docket No: 140001-EI Filed: September 30, 2014

FLORIDA POWER AND LIGHT COMPANY'S REQUEST FOR CONFIDENTIAL CLASSIFICATION OF CERTAIN INFORMATION CONTAINED IN THE TESTIMONY AND EXHIBITS OF DANIEL J. LAWTON ON BEHALF OF THE OFFICE OF PUBLIC COUNSEL

Pursuant to Section 366.093, Florida Statutes (2013), and Rule 25-22.006, Florida Administrative Code (2013), Florida Power & Light Company ("FPL") requests confidential classification of certain information (the "Confidential Information") contained in the testimony and exhibits of Daniel J. Lawton ("Lawton") on behalf of The Office of Public Counsel ("OPC"). In support of its Request, FPL states as follows:

- 1. On September 22, 2014, FPL filed a Notice of Intent to Request Confidential Classification to the testimony and exhibits of OPC witness Daniel J. Lawton. Pursuant to Rule 25-22.006(3)(a)1, F.A.C., FPL is required to file a Request for Confidential Classification for the confidential information within 21 days. Accordingly, FPL is filing this Request for Confidential Classification to maintain continued confidential handling of the information contained in Lawton's testimony and exhibits.
 - 2. The following exhibits are included with and made a part of this request:
- a. Exhibit A is a copy of Lawton's Testimony and Exhibits in which all of the Confidential Information has been highlighted.
- b. Exhibit B consists of two copies of Lawton's Testimony and Exhibits in which all the Confidential Information has been redacted (where entire pages are confidential, FPL includes only identifying cover pages in Exhibit B).

- c. Exhibit C is a table that identifies the specific line and page references to the Confidential Information for which FPL seeks confidential treatment. The table also references the specific statutory basis for confidentiality and the affiant who supports the requested classification.
 - d. Exhibit D contains the affidavits of Melissa Linton and Sam Forrest.
- 3. FPL submits that the highlighted information in Exhibit A is proprietary confidential business information within the meaning of Section 366.093(3). This information is intended to be and is treated by FPL as private, and its confidentiality has been maintained. Pursuant to Section 366.093, such information is entitled to confidential treatment and is exempt from the disclosure provisions of the public records law. Thus, once the Commission determines that the information in question is proprietary confidential business information, the Commission is not required to engage in any further analysis or review such as weighing the harm of disclosure against the public interest in access to the information.
- 4. As the affidavits in Exhibit D indicate, certain documents contained in the Testimony and Exhibits contain proprietary confidential business information, including information concerning contractual data. Disclosure of this information would violate nondisclosure provisions of FPL's contracts with certain vendors and impair the efforts of FPL or its affiliates to contract for goods or services on favorable terms. This information is protected by Section 366.093(3)(d), Fla. Stat. In addition, this information relates to competitive interests, the disclosure of which would impair the competitive business of FPL, its affiliates or its vendors. Specifically, the documents contain information regarding gas reserves estimates, projected economics and other terms. The disclosure of this proprietary confidential business information would provide other participants in the fuel and financial markets insight into FPL's

hedging practices that would allow them to anticipate FPL's trading decisions and impair FPL's ability to negotiate for these commodities, to the detriment of FPL and its customers. Disclosure of this information would also place FPL at a competitive disadvantage when coupled with other information that is publicly available. This information is protected by Section 366.093(3)(e), Fla. Stat.

5. Upon a finding by the Commission that the Confidential Information highlighted in Exhibit A and referenced in Exhibit C is proprietary confidential business information, the information should not be declassified for at least eighteen (18) months and should be returned to FPL as soon as the information is no longer necessary for the Commission to conduct its business. *See* §366.093(4), Fla. Stat.

WHEREFORE, for the above and foregoing reasons, as more fully set forth in the supporting materials and affidavits included herewith, Florida Power & Light Company respectfully requests that its Request for Confidential Classification be granted.

By:

Respectfully submitted,
R. Wade Litchfield, Esq.
Vice President and General Counsel
John T. Butler, Esq.
Assistant General Counsel – Regulatory
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Scott A. Goorland Fla. Bar No. 0066834

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE Docket No. 140001-EI

I HEREBY CERTIFY that a true and correct copy of the foregoing (*) has been furnished by electronic service this 30th day of September, 2014 to the following:

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By:

Scott A. Goorland Fla. Bar No. 0066834

* The exhibits to this Request are not included with the service copies, but copies of Exhibits B, C and D are available upon request.

EXHIBIT B REDACTED COPIES

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5. While the conclusion of net savings is built on speculative and unsupported assumptions regarding the market price of gas, under its Petition FPL would be assured recovery of all of its costs, plus a handsome profit. FPL would bear zero risk; all risks of FPL's participation in the gas exploration and production business would be shifted to its customers. FPL's customers would effectively be required to become investors in a risky, unregulated industry.

6. If approved, FPL would earn approximately

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nominal after tax profits on the Woodford project while

bearing zero risk.5 However, the severely skewed nature of the

risk/reward aspects of the Petition come into focus only when

FPL's proposed guidelines are taken into account. FPL

proposes to spend as much as \$750 million annually on similar

ventures in future years.6 Importantly, this is an annual

spending limit, not a total cap: each year, under its proposed

guidelines FPL could layer another \$750 million of capital

investments in the gas industry on top of previous years.7 Each

such annual outlay of \$750 million would yield approximately

\$47 million of after-tax profits annually.8 In as little as ten

⁵ See FPL's Response to OPC's 4th Request for POD's No. 12, Attachment 1.

⁶ Direct Testimony of FPL witness Forrest at Exhibit SF-9, Guideline I:D.

^{&#}x27;Id.

⁸ Calculated employing 10.5% equity return, 59.6% equity ratio or (10.5% * 59.6%)=6.258% weighted cost of equity times \$750 million annual investment cap per Guidelines.

i. PetroQuest is a publicly traded independent oil and gas company engaged in the acquisition, exploration, development, and operation of oil and gas properties in Oklahoma, Texas, and offshore Gulf Coast Basin.¹² FPL's affiliate, USG Properties Woodford I, LLC, ("USG"), entered into a joint venture with PetroQuest (the June 18, 2014 PetroQuest Agreement). FPL proposes to acquire USG's interest and to recover all the purchase investment, other capital expenditures, and operating costs through the Fuel Clause.¹³ FPL's initial buy in cost is estimated at \$68.4 million¹⁴;

ii. Under FPL's proposal, FPL would be a working interest partner with PetroQuest. Thus, under the Woodford Project FPL would pay a share of the cost for developing, drilling, and operating natural gas wells in the Oklahoma Woodford Shale Gas region. In return, FPL would receive a portion of the PetroQuest interest in the gas produced by the wells¹⁵;

19 iii. FPL's obligations under the PetroQuest Agreement would be to
20 pay PetroQuest a carry or premium for its working interest.
21 Per the Agreement, FPL would be obligated to pay and
22 PetroQuest would pay the remaining of the capital

15 Petition at 5.

¹² Yahoo Finance at www finance.yahoo.com

¹³ Id. at 5.

¹⁴ See FPL's Response To Staff's Second Set of Interrogatories No. 14.

1		expenditures for development and drilling costs for each well."
2		FPL would be entitled to fine PetroQuest output
3		entitlement and PetroQuest would be entitled to of the
4		well output ¹⁷ ;
5		
6	iv.	FPL would be obligated to participate in a minimum of 15
7		wells by the end of 2015 and up to 38 wells under the
8		Agreement ¹⁸ ;
9		
10	v.	FPL estimates its initial capital cost for USG's current interest
11		at net book value would be \$68.4 million, assuming
12		Commission approval and transfer of interest from USG to
13		FPL on January 1, 2015 ¹⁹ ;
14		
15	vi.	The total project capital expenditures for FPL under the Project
16		Agreements are estimated to be approximately \$191 million ²⁰ ;
17		
18	vii.	FPL would have to provide PetroQuest notice of consent or
19		non-consent for each proposed well ²¹ ;
20		

Direct Testimony S. Forrest at Exhibit SF-6, page 3, Confidential.

To Direct Testimony S. Forrest at Exhibit SF-6, page 3, Confidential.

Repl's Response to Staff Request 2-79.

See FPL Petition at 17.

Id.

FPL's Response to Staff Request 2-79.

estimated savings and potentially negative savings.³⁸ The only guarantee under FPL's Woodford Project proposal is that no matter how the cost projections or forecasts of natural gas prices turn out, FPL will collect its investment, operating costs, and profits. In the current Woodford Project proposal FPL will earn approximately "" in additional nominal profits whether this project produces a dime of consumer savings, over the 50-year life of the project.

FPL obviously has an economic incentive to get this proposed project approved, up, and running. Further, FPL stands to gain additional annual earnings or profits of approximately \$47 million per year if the maximum investment level for each year is met under the proposed Guidelines for future projects. The \$47 million is not a total, cumulative figure; each year, through additional joint ventures with gas production companies, this level of profits could be added to prior profit levels. Because of the "true up" feature of the fuel cost recovery clause, these project investment amounts would be guaranteed recovery for FPL. The potential over the next number of years for future guaranteed profits in the many hundreds of millions of dollars is additional incentive for FPL to support this proposal.

⁴⁰ Calculated as weighted equity return of (10.5% ROE * 59.6% Equity level) * \$750,000,000 Guideline maximum annual investment level.

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³⁹ See FPL Confidential Response to OPC 3rd Request, No. 37(c). Also, see Confidential Response to OPC 4th Request for POD's, Request No. 12, Attachment 1.

a guaranteed profit no matter how these estimates turn out. As I discuss above, in the scenario where one assumes all of FPL's assumptions are correct except the low natural gas market price forecast assumption is employed, customers would receive a net present value benefit of \$10.3 million. FPL will receive added nominal profits of about over the project 50-year life. No matter what happens regarding FPL's assumptions, FPL would earn the guaranteed profit through the fuel mechanism.

A.

10 Q. HAVE YOU REVIEWED OTHER FPL SENSITIVITY CASES?

Yes, I have. Another example is the sensitivity case where FPL employs its low market price forecast and its high estimate of Woodford natural gas output. All other FPL assumptions remain as assumed in the Company's projections. FPL concluded that customer net present value benefits from the 50-year project would be \$34.1 million.⁵² This sensitivity case demonstrates that the projected net benefits for customers would be about 68% lower than FPL's \$106.9 million base case projection under these assumptions. What FPL and Mr. Forrest do not say is that consumers must wait until 2020 before net benefits turn positive for customers. I have included Schedule (DJL-3) showing these calculations. Under this sensitivity scenario FPL will earn its guaranteed equity return.

⁵² Direct Testimony S. Forrest at 38:8-12.

1 2 3 4 5	carry was expanded to provide for development in both the Mississippian Lime and Woodford Shale plays whereby we will pay 25% of the cost to drill and complete wells and receive a 50% ownership interest. ⁷⁴ (emphasis added)
6	Thus, risk shifting agreements such as the JDA for the Woodford Shale
7	reduce PetroQuest's risk, reduces PetroQuest's investments, and provide it
8	with liquidity and capital by limiting its capital outlays relative to overall
9	cost, while still providing PetroQuest significant output entitlements.
10	In terms of the impact of the JDA's on its operations, PetroQuest states:
11 12 13 14 15	As a result of the Woodford JDA and the success of our drilling programs, we have grown our estimated proved reserves by 18% and production by 10% since 2010, while maintaining our long-term debt 28% below 2008 levels. ⁷⁵
16	The bottom-line impact for PetroQuest resulting from entering into JDA's
17	with Next Era Energy Resources, LLC subsidiaries such as WSGP Gas
18	Producing LLC ("WSGP") is increased liquidity, lower risks, and lower
19	exposure to market price declines.
20	
21	It is important to note that the Drilling and Development Agreement
22	("DDA") that is the subject of FPL's proposal in this proceeding requires
23	that PetroQuest pay for of drilling cost in return for for the
24	output entitlements.76 This limits the PetroQuest investment risks to
25	and fits perfectly with the PetroQuest claimed strategy of pursuing
26	with increased emphasis oil and natural gas liquids production while

PetroQuest Energy, Inc., Annual Report, (2013) Attached 10K at 5.
 PetroQuest Energy, Inc., Annual Report 2012, 10K Attachment at 4.
 Direct Testimony S. Forrest at Exhibit SF-6, page 3.
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	financial condition, liquidity, ability to meet our financial obligations and results of operations. Lower prices have reduced and may further reduce the amount of oil and natural gas that we can produce economically and has required and may require additional ceiling test write-downs and may cause our estimated proved reserves at December 31, 2014 to decline compared to our estimated proved reserves at December 31, 2013.84(emphasis added) PetroQuest makes clear to its investors that PetroQuest is not able to predict future market prices. This inability to predict future market prices is a significant risk factor in the oil and natural gas and exploration
	industry.
Q.	HOW DOES THE JOINT VENTURE WITH FPL AFFECT
	PETROQUEST'S RISK PROFILE?
A.	The deal that PetroQuest struck with FPL would allow PetroQuest to make
	of the investment, but retain of the gas output.85 PetroQuest
	has made clear to its investors that 50% of the entire CAPEX budget will
	be allocated to the Woodford Shale targeting liquids rich gas.86 Further,
	PetroQuest tells its investors it has managed risk exposure in the following
	manner:
	We plan to continue several strategies designed to mitigate our operating risks. We have adjusted the working interest we are willing to hold based on the risk level and cost exposure of each project. For example, we typically reduce our working interests in higher risk exploration projects while retaining greater working interests in lower risk development projects. Our partners often agree to pay a disproportionate
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 ⁸⁴ Id. at 20.
 ⁸⁵ Direct Testimony Sam Forrest at Confidential Exhibit SF-6.
 ⁸⁶ PetroQuest Energy, Inc. 2013 Annual Report, Attached 10K at 8.
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2 3 4 5	allowing us to allocate our capital spending to maximize our return and reduce the inherent risk in exploration and development activities. 87 (emphasis added)						
6	PetroQuest benefits by shifting the investment risk relative to its						
7	entitlements and freeing up capital for other investments, which provides						
8	an opportunity to maximize its return while reducing the inherent risk in						
9	exploration and development activities. The risk PetroQuest avoids is						
10	shifted through FPL down to FPL customers.						
11							
12 Q.	PLEASE SUMMARIZE YOUR APPRAISAL OF PETROQUEST						
13	AND THE RISKS OF THE PROPOSED WOODFORD PROJECT.						
14 A.	PetroQuest is a small firm involved in the risky and competitive natural						
15	gas and oil exploration and drilling business. PetroQuest's bond rating is						
16	below investment grade at single B relative to FPL's current investment						
17	grade bond rating of single A.88 PetroQuest's most recent borrowing cost						
18	was at 10%, while FPL's current debt interest cost would be less than half						
19	of the recent PetroQuest cost.89						
20							
21	PetroQuest's current strategy and business plan for the Woodford shale						
22	area is to shift the risk of drilling to FPL (and ultimately FPL customers)						
23	through the DDA which require PetroQuest to pay of drilling						
24	expenditures but retain the right to good of output entitlements						

⁸⁷ Id. at 6.
88 See AUS Utility Reports (August 2014) also see FPL Response to Staff 2nd Request for POD's, No. 4.

89 PetroQuest Energy, Inc. 2013 Annual Report, Attached 10K at 6.

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1	Q.	EARLIER, YOU INDICATED FPL'S PETITION COULD HAVE
2		NEGATIVE POLICY IMPLICATIONS THAT WOULD PROVIDE
3		INCENTIVES TO FPL TO DISREGARD THE DISCIPLINE OF
4		THE COMPETITIVE MARKET IN A WAY THAT COULD
5		NEGATIVELY AFFECT CUSTOMERS. DOES YOUR
6		DISCUSSION OF THE RISKS FACED BY FPL, PETROQUEST,
7		AND OTHER DRILLERS IN THE WOODFORD AREA
8		ILLUSTRATE YOUR POINT?
9	A.	Ycs. FPL in its Petition asks the Commission to guarantee full cost
10		recovery and fully guarantee profits no matter the market price for which
11		the natural gas products can be sold in the market place, or the amount of
12		gas ultimately produced. By having the Florida Commission authorize
13		FPL to direct all Woodford Project entitlements to its Florida generation
14		and requiring FPL customers to pay all Woodford Project operating cost,
15		investment cost, and profits on investment no matter the amount of gas or
16		the alternative market price, FPL would have a risk free investment
17		opportunity. For example, under FPL's Woodford Project proposal and
18		assumptions (if correct) the Company is guaranteed about
19		additional profit for shareholders.90 Other investors in the competitive gas
20		exploration business that do not have a regulatory guarantee or risk free
21		opportunity to extract natural gas and oil products from the Woodford
22		Shale area would have to factor market data into a decision to produce or
23		not to produce.

⁹⁰ See FPL Confidential Response to OPC 3rd Question 37(c). Also see Confidential Response to OPC 4th Request for POD's, Request No. 12, Attachment 1.
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	(A)	B	©	•	(E)	P+0+0+H	0=F/B	н	1 = B x (H-G)	4	Kelaj:	L Cumulative
Period	Year	Annual Production (Bol)	Operating Expenses (1300)	Depreciation (SMM)	Ratum Rata (\$800)	Revenue Regulroment (\$180)	Effective Cost (RANABLI)	FPL Market Price Forecast (\$ABABU)	Undiscounted Customer Savings (\$400)	FPL Discount Factor	Discounted Contomar Sevings (RMM)	Castomer Szvings (Smm)
1	2015	15,6					\$3,48	27.14	-\$5.A	0.9302	-\$5,0 -	-\$5.1
2	2016	16.8	-				\$3,68	\$3.25	~\$3.5	0.8649	-\$3.0	-\$8,
3	2017	11,3					\$4.00	F3.67	43.7	0,8043	-52.9	-\$11.
4	2018	8.7					\$4,40	54.40	10.B	0.7480	30.8 ;	-\$10.4
5	2019	7.1					\$4,96	\$4,80	-\$21	0,6856	-51.5	-412.2
0	2029	6,1					34.79	34.71	-504	0.6468	-30.3	-\$12.0
7	2021	5,3					\$4.94	\$4.78	-\$0.8	0,6015	-30.5	-\$13.1
ß	2022	4.7					\$5.0B	\$4.95	-\$0,6	0.5594	-\$0.3	-\$13.0
9	2023	4.3					\$5,21	85.18	-90.1	0.5202	-\$0.1	-\$13.4
10	2024	3,8					\$5,24	\$5.50	80,6	D.AB37	\$0.3	-\$13.
11	2025	3.6					\$G.24	\$5.73	\$1.8	0,4498	30.0	-\$12.5
12	2028	3.3					\$5.52	88,87	82.1	0.4183	\$0.9 °	-\$11.
13	20gr	3.1					\$5,26	\$7.20	\$2.5	0.3860	\$1.0	-\$10.4
14	2023	28	100				35.46	\$6,51	53.1	0.2617	81.1	-51.3
15	2029	2.8	100	- 1			\$5.52	\$8.75	\$3.4	0.3354	81.1	-58.1
16	2030	26	100				\$5,58	\$6,81	\$3,4	0,3126	\$1.1	-\$7.5
17	2001	24					15,65	\$7.17	53.7	0,2910	\$1.1	-\$8.0
18	2032	23				100	45,71	\$7.45	\$4.0	0.2705	\$1.1	-\$4,5
19	2033	2.2	1000		The Control	100	\$5.60	\$7.73	\$4.2	0.2518	\$1.0 1	-\$3,0
20	2034	2.0				25.5	\$5.82	\$8.03	24.3	0.2340	\$1.0	-52.5
21	2035	1.9	The same of				\$5.97	\$8.23	84.0	0.2176	\$1.0 :	-51.9
22	2006	1.0					58.05	38.86	84.7	0,2023	£0.9 ;	-80.0
13	2037-65	23.1			1		\$7.85	313.43	\$128.0	0.0875	\$11,2 t	\$10,5
	Totals ⁽¹⁾	137.8	\$323.2	\$190.9	\$195.5	\$708A			\$154.0		\$10.3 :	

Notes:

(1) Thinks are for 2015-2015, on examined 50 year project Re. Totals may not add due to rounding.

(2) Return rote includes return on the assets and return of Enterioring costs.

(3) Bread on divisions into of 7.5%, which indicate FPL's weighted average cost of control file index Powers & & Light Company

Do doct No. 348004-50

OPC's 5th Assignant for PODS

Attachment !/ Request No. 34

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Bartes Mos. FCR-14-03400 through FCR-24-040

Results of FPL's Economic Evaluation With High Production Low Forecast Assumption

	(A)	B	(6)	(b)	(E)	F=C+D+E	G=FIB	H	1= 8 x (H-G)	1	K=IxJ	L Cumulativa
Period	: Year	Annual Production (Bcf)	Operating Expenses (SMM)	Depreciation (\$NN)	Return Rete ^a	Revolus Requirement (SACA)	Effactive Cost (\$/M/Btu)	FPL Market Price Forecast (\$94NBtu)	Undiscounted Customer Savings (SMR)	FPL Discount.	Discounted Customer Savings (\$MN)	Customer Savings (State)
1	2015	17.2					\$3.25	\$3.14	-\$2.1	0.9302	-\$1.0	-31,
2	2016	18,5					\$3,33	\$1.35	\$0,5	0.8649	\$0.4	-\$1,2
3	2017	12.4					\$3.74	\$3.67	-\$0.8	0.8043	-60.7	-\$2.2
4	2013	2.5					\$4,12	\$4.48	\$3.5	0,7490	\$2.6	50,4
5	2019	7.8					\$4,67	\$4.80	-50.6	0.6853	-60,4	\$0,0
6	2023	8.7					54.45	\$4.71	81.7	0.0468	\$1.1	81.1
7	2021	5,8					34.80	\$4.78	\$1.1	0,6015	80,7	\$1.2
В	2072	5,2					\$4,72	\$4.95	\$1.2	0,5594	30,7	2
9	2423	4.7					\$4.84	\$5,18	318	0.5202	\$0.8	33.3
10	2024	4.3					\$4.98	\$5.50	523	0.4837	\$1.1	54.4
11	2025	4.0					\$4.94	35,73	\$3.1	0,4498	\$1.4	35.5
12	2025	3,7					\$5.02	\$5.87	\$3,5	0,4183	31.5	87.2
13	29.27	3.4					\$5.03	\$5,20	\$3,6	0.5890	\$1,5	\$8.7
14	30 38	3.2					\$3.16	₩8,61	\$4.4	0,3817	\$1.5	\$10,5
16	202,9	3.0					\$5.23	69.75	\$4,8	0,8364	51.6	511.9
16	2030	2.8	200				\$5.20	\$8.81 .	84.6	0,3128	\$1.4	513.3
17	2031	2.7					35,35	\$7.17	54.9	0.2810	\$1.4	514,7
18	2032	2.5	5.00	100		7,000	\$5.42	57.A5	\$5,1	0.2705	51.4	516,1
19	2033	2.4					35,51	\$7.73	\$3,3	0.2518	\$1.3	517.4
20	2034	2,2					\$5,59	\$8,03	\$5,4	0.2340	31.3	\$18.7
21	2035	2.1		32.5			\$5,08	88.33	35,5	4,2178	\$1,2	\$18.9
22	2035	2.0					\$5.77	\$8.55	85.7	0,2023	112	\$211
23	2037-65	25.4				100	\$7.86	\$13,43	\$148.8	0,0965	E13,0	834.1
_	Totals	151.5	\$3\$23	\$190,8	\$106.6	\$738.5			\$271,1		\$34.1	

Mains:

[1] Totals are for 2015-2005, an amounted Stayour project life. Totals may not add due to manying.

[2] Romanifesta Includes rotum on the Mainte and rotum of finiteeing costs.

[3] Beand you discount rate of 7.5%, which reducts FPL's weighted average cost of capital

Hocks Power & & Light Company Docker No. 140001-81 DPC's 5th Request for PODs ADactmont I / Request No. 26

CONFIDENTIAL FPL ANALYSIS OF WOODFORD PROJECT ASSUMING A 3.7% ANNUAL GROWTH IN MARKET PRICES

		FPE BASE BOONDMIC ANALYSIS					ALTERNATIVE MARKET PRICE FORECAST @ 9.7% ANNUAU				
		A	A B C D		D				1		
								1.017	К		
			WOODFORD		PLMARIET	ACD-CALL	RETAKEDAT	AUTOMATIVE			
		ANIMAL	ROVENCE	MOODINGED	PRICE	MARGRUE	VALUE		ALTERNATIVE NOAMEAL	ALTEULATIVE NET	
LINCE		PRODUCTION	THEROSOFT	CHOT COST	PORECAST	SAMINGS!	CENTEVAZ	AVSTRABANCIAL		PRESERTYALUE	
NOL	YEAR	E D.	[\$MMQ	MMMMM	# t\$MANBA	(CDSTS)	(CDSTS)	RATE	(£77200)	ENVINES/ (COSTS)	
1	2015							\$4.02	\$8.41	\$7.82	
2	2015							\$4.17	\$10.53	\$8,80	
3	2017							\$4.33	\$8,90	\$9.14	
4	2016							\$4,68	\$0.87	\$0.78	
3	SOTE					سو		\$4.85	43.21	-61.54	
6	2018							\$4.83	\$0.55	\$0.23	
7	2021							\$5,00	\$0.93	\$0.20	
9	3012							\$5.19	\$0.41	\$0.23	
10	2025					-		\$5.58	\$1.85	\$0.45	
								\$5.50	\$1.00	\$0.43	
11	2025	- 1						\$5.79	\$1.97	\$0.69	
12	2026 2023							\$5.00	\$7.01	\$0.64	
34	2013							\$6,22	\$2.44	\$0.95	
15							DOM:	\$6,45	\$2.60	\$0.87	
16	2015							\$6.59	22.22	\$1.19	
17	2014							56.94	\$3.59	\$1.15	
18	2051	1201						\$7.20	\$8,572	\$1.03	
19	2032							\$7.A6	\$4.05	\$1,10	
30	2033	-						\$7.74	\$4.55	\$1,15	
21	2015							\$8.03	\$418	\$0.98	
22	2036							\$8.92	\$447	\$0.58	
22	2036							\$8.63	\$4,69	\$0.96	
24	2019							\$8,93	34.5F	\$0.52	
25	2038							\$9.28	\$4.97	\$0.88	
25	2040							\$9.52	\$4,90	\$0.82	
27	2041							\$5.53	\$4.91	\$0.75	
28	2042							\$10.23	\$4,79	\$0,63	
29	2043							\$10,71	\$157	\$0.60	
30	2044	_						\$11.15	\$2.33	\$0.68	
11	2045	-						\$11.54	\$5.04	\$3.68	
332	2046						COLUMN TO A STATE OF THE PARTY	\$21.97	SLO	\$0.49	
23	2047							\$12.41	\$4.85	\$0.48	
34	2048					114		\$12.87	\$4.91	\$0.45	
83	2049							\$19,35	\$4,79	\$0.41	
35	2030							\$13.84	\$4.75	\$0.58	
87	2051							\$14.55	\$4.67	\$0.53	
88	2052						The same of	\$14.88 \$15.43	\$4.54 \$4.65	\$0.51	
23	2053	B					CHI COLOR	\$16,01	\$4.42	\$0.30	
40	2054						0 0 0	Caate	\$4.45	\$0.25 \$0.25	
41	2055						90 Sh (1)	\$17.21	\$435		
42	2056						-	\$17.85	\$436	\$0.22	
43	2057	-						\$1851	\$420	\$0.20 \$0.19	
44	2058							\$19.19	SLDS		
45	2059					1884		\$19.90	\$3.55	\$0.17 \$0.15	
45	2060						19 DE 18	\$20,64	\$3.57	\$0.14	
47	2061			0.00		Mary .	1100	\$21.40	53.73	\$0.14	
48	2062	17.5				ON THE	C. State	\$22.70	53.71	\$0,12	
49	2065							\$28,02	\$3.ES	\$0.11	
50	2.004		التحوار إ				All Charles	\$23.87	\$3.54	50.10	
51	TOTAL						J. E.		\$191.43	\$43,76	
		9				1	dis Silver			4-21/0	

COLUMNIST AF FIRST PAPER & REST RESPONSE PROPERTY PROJECTION (1990) AND COLUMNIST PAPER PARENTS PAPER PARENTS PAPER PARENTS PAPER PARENTS PAPER PARENTS PAPER PARENTS PAPER PAPER PARENTS PAPER PAPER

EXHIBIT C JUSTIFICATION TABLE

EXHIBIT C

COMPANY: Florida Power & Light Company DOCKET NO.: 140001

DOCKET NO.: 140001 DATE: September 30, 2014

Description	Page No.	Conf. Y/N	Column/Line	366.093(3) F.S.	Affiant
OPC / Lawton Testimony	7 13 14 25 34 50 55 56 59	Y	Line 11 Line 21,22 Line 2,3 Line 5 Line 5, 21 Line 23,25 Line 18 Line 23,24 Line 18	(d)	Sam Forrest
OPC / Lawton Exhibit DJL-2 Exhibit DJL-3 Exhibit DJL-4	1 of 1 1 of 1 1 of 1	Y Y Y	Col. C-F, Line 1-23 Col. C-F, Line 1-23 Col. A,B,E,F, Line 1-51; Col. C,D, Line 1-50	(e)	Melissa Linton

EXHIBIT D

AFFIDAVITS

EXHIBIT D BEFORE THE FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

Fuel and purchased power cost re with generating performance incer		Docket No: 140001-EI
STATE OF FLORIDA)	
)	AFFIDAVIT OF SAM FORREST
COUNTY OF PALM BEACH)	

BEFORE ME, the undersigned authority, personally appeared Sam Forrest who, being first duly sworn, deposes and says:

- 1. My name is Sam Forrest. I am currently employed by Florida Power & Light Company ("FPL") as Vice President of the Energy Marketing and Trading ("EMT") Business Unit. My business address is 700 Universe Boulevard, Juno Beach, Florida 33408. I have personal knowledge of the matters stated in this affidavit.
- I have reviewed Exhibit C and the documents that are included in the testimony of Daniel J. Lawton filed on behalf of the Office of Public Counsel ("OPC") in regards to Florida Power & Light Company's ("FPL") Petition for Prudence Determination Regarding Acquisition of Gas Reserves for which I am identified on Exhibit C as the affiant. The documents and materials that I have reviewed contain proprietary confidential business information, including information concerning contractual data. Disclosure of this information would violate nondisclosure provisions of FPL's contracts with certain vendors and impair the efforts of FPL or its affiliates to contract for goods or services on favorable terms. In addition, this information relates to competitive interests, the disclosure of which would impair the competitive business of FPL, its affiliates or its vendors. Specifically, the documents contain information regarding gas reserves estimates, projected economics and other terms. The disclosure of this proprietary confidential business information would provide other participants in the fuel and financial markets insight into FPL's hedging practices that would allow them to anticipate FPL's trading decisions and impair FPL's ability to negotiate for these commodities, to the detriment of FPL and its customers. Disclosure of this information would also place FPL at a competitive disadvantage when coupled with other information that is publicly available. To the best of my knowledge, FPL has maintained the confidentiality of these documents and materials.
- 3. Consistent with the provisions of the Florida Administrative Code, such materials should remain confidential for a period of eighteen (18) months. In addition, they should be returned to FPL as soon as the information is no longer necessary for the Commission to conduct its business so that FPL can continue to maintain the confidentiality of these documents.
 - 4. Affiant says nothing further.

Sam Forrest

SWORN TO AND SUBSCRIBED before me this day of September, 2014, by Sam Forrest, who is personally known to me or who has produced identification and who did take an oath.

My Commission Expires



Notary Public, State of Florida

EXHIBIT D BEFORE THE FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

Fuel and purchased power cost recovery clause	Docket No: 140001-EI					
with generating performance incentive factor						
STATE OF FLORIDA)	AFFIDAVIT OF MELISSA LINTON					
COUNTY OF PALM BEACH)	TIDAVII OF MEMOSPILLIVION					
BEFORE ME, the undersigned authorit	y, personally appeared Melissa Linton who, being					
first duly sworn, deposes and says:	9					
Company as Director of Finance, Forecast, Str	am currently employed by Florida Power & Light rategy and Analysis. My business address is 700 ave personal knowledge of the matters stated in this					
2. I have reviewed Exhibit C and the documents that are included in the testimony of Daniel J. Lawton filed on behalf of the Office of Public Counsel ("OPC") in regards to Florida Power & Light Company's ("FPL") Petition for Prudence Determination Regarding Acquisition of Gas Reserves for which I am identified on Exhibit C as the affiant. The documents and materials that I have reviewed contain proprietary confidential business information, including information relating to competitive interests, the disclosure of which would impair the competitive business of FPL, its affiliates or its vendors. Specifically, the documents contain information regarding gas reserves estimates, projected economics and other terms. The disclosure of this proprietary confidential business information would provide other participants in the fuel and financial markets insight into FPL's hedging practices that would allow them to anticipate FPL's trading decisions and impair FPL's ability to negotiate for these commodities, to the detriment of FPL and its customers. Disclosure of this information would also place FPL at a competitive disadvantage when coupled with other information that is publicly available. To the best of my knowledge, FPL has maintained the confidentiality of these documents and materials.						
should remain confidential for a period of not	f the Florida Administrative Code, such materials less than eighteen (18) months. In addition, they ation is no longer necessary for the Commission to maintain the confidentiality of these documents.					
4. Affiant says nothing further.	Metissa Linton					
SWORN TO AND SUBSCRIBED be Melissa Linton who is personally known to me identification) as identification and who did take						
My Commission Expires: $u/24/17$	Notary Public, State of Florida					

NOTARY PUBLIC STATE OF FLORIDA Comm# FF072656 Expires 11/24/2017