FILED DEC 15, 2014 DOCUMENT NO. 06746-14 **FPSC - COMMISSION CLERK**

AUSLEY MCMULLEN

ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELORS AT LAW

123 SOUTH CALHOUN STREET P.O. BOX 391 (ZIP 32302) TALLAHASSEE, FLORIDA 32301 (850) 224-9115 FAX (850) 222-7560

December 15, 2014

HAND DELIVERED

DEC 15 PM 4:0

Ms. Carlotta Stauffer, Director Office of Commission Clerk Florida Public Service Commission 2540 Shumard Oak Boulevard Tallahassee, Florida 32399-0850

> Fuel and Purchased Power Cost Recovery Clause Re: and Generating Performance Incentive Factor FPSC Docket No. 140001-EI

Dear Ms. Stauffer:

Enclosed for filing in the above docket are the original and ten (10) copies of Tampa Electric Company's Request for Specified Confidential Treatment and Motion for Temporary Protective Order relating to portions of Forms 423-2, 423-2(a) and 423-2(b) for the month of October 2014.

Please acknowledge receipt and filing of the above by stamping the duplicate copy of this letter and returning same to this writer.

Thank you for your assistance in connection with this matter.

Sincerely,

hley M. Daniels



AMD/ne Enclosures

All Parties of Record (w/enc.) cc:

BEFORE THE FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

)

)

)

In re: Fuel and Purchased Power Cost Recovery Clause and Generating Performance Incentive Factor.

DOCKET NO. 140001-EI

FILED: December 15, 2014

TAMPA ELECTRIC COMPANY'S REQUEST FOR SPECIFIED CONFIDENTIAL TREATMENT AND MOTION FOR TEMPORARY PROTECTIVE ORDER

Pursuant to §366.093, Fla. Stat., Tampa Electric Company ("Tampa Electric" or "the company") submits the following Request for Specified Confidential Treatment and Motion for Temporary Protective Order relating to the company's Forms 423-2, 423-2(a) and 423-2(b) for the month of October 2014:

1. Attached hereto as Exhibit "A" is a detailed justification for the requested confidential treatment of the highlighted portions of Tampa Electric's 423 Forms for the month of October 2014.

2. Tampa Electric requests that the information for which Tampa Electric seeks confidential classification not be declassified until the dates specified in Exhibit "B" to this request. The time periods requested are necessary to allow Tampa Electric's affiliated companies to negotiate future contracts without their competitors (and other Customers) having access to information which would adversely affect the ability of these affiliates to negotiate future contracts. The period of time requested will ultimately protect Tampa Electric and its Customers.

 The material for which classification is sought is intended to be and is treated by Tampa Electric and its affiliates as private and has not been disclosed.

WHEREFORE, Tampa Electric submits the foregoing as its request for confidential treatment and motion for temporary protective order relating to the information identified as Exhibit "A".

DATED this 15th day of December 2014.

Respectfully submitted,

JAMES D. BEASLEY J. JEFFRY WAHLEN ASHLEY M. DANIELS Ausley & McMullen Post Office Box 391 Tallahassee, Florida 32302 (850) 224-9115

ATTORNEYS FOR TAMPA ELECTRIC COMPANY

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I HEREBY CERTIFY that a true copy of the foregoing Request for Specified Confidential Treatment and Motion for Temporary Protective Order, filed on behalf of Tampa Electric Company, has been furnished by hand delivery(*) or electronic mail on this 15th day of December 2014 to the following:

Ms. Martha F. Barrera* Senior Attorney Office of the General Counsel Florida Public Service Commission 2540 Shumard Oak Boulevard Tallahassee, FL 32399-0850 mbarrera@psc.state.fl.us

Mr. John T. Burnett Ms. Dianne M. Triplett Duke Energy Florida, Inc. Post Office Box 14042 St. Petersburg, FL 33733 John.burnett@duke-energy.com Dianne.triplett@duke-energy.com

Mr. Matthew R. Bernier Mr. Paul Lewis, Jr. Duke Energy Florida, Inc. 106 East College Avenue Suite 800 Tallahassee, FL 32301-7740 <u>matthew.bernier@duke-energy.com</u> <u>paul.lewisjr@duke-energy.com</u>

Mr. Jon C Moyle, Jr. Moyle Law Firm 118 N. Gadsden Street Tallahassee, FL 32301 jmoyle@moylelaw.com

Ms. Patricia A. Christensen Associate Public Counsel Office of Public Counsel 111 West Madison Street – Room 812 Tallahassee, FL 32399-1400 christensen.patty@leg.state.fl.us Ms. Beth Keating Gunster, Yoakley & Stewart, P.A. 215 S. Monroe St., Suite 601 Tallahassee, FL 32301 bkeating@gunster.com

Ms. Cheryl Martin Director/Regulatory Affairs Florida Public Utilities Company 1641 Worthington Road, Suite 220 West Palm Beach, FL 33409 <u>Cheryl_Martin@fpuc.com</u>

Mr. John T. Butler Assistant General Counsel - Regulatory Florida Power & Light Company 700 Universe Boulevard Juno Beach, FL 33408-0420 john.butler@fpl.com

Mr. Kenneth Hoffman Vice President, Regulatory Relations Florida Power & Light Company 215 South Monroe Street, Suite 810 Tallahassee, FL 32301-1859 ken.hoffman@fpl.com

Mr. Jeffrey A. Stone Mr. Russell A. Badders Mr. Steven R. Griffin Beggs & Lane Post Office Box 12950 Pensacola, FL 32591-2950 jas@beggslane.com rab@beggslane.com srg@beggslane.com Mr. Robert L. McGee, Jr. Regulatory and Pricing Manager Gulf Power Company One Energy Place Pensacola, FL 32520-0780 rlmcgee@southernco.com

Mr. Robert Scheffel Wright Mr. John T. LaVia, III Gardner, Bist, Wiener, Wadsworth, Bowden, Bush, Dee, LaVia & Wright, P.A. 1300 Thomaswood Drive Tallahassee, FL 32308 <u>Schef@gbwlegal.com</u> <u>Jlavia@gbwlegal.com</u> Mr. James W. Brew Mr. F. Alvin Taylor Brickfield, Burchette, Ritts & Stone, P.C. 1025 Thomas Jefferson Street, NW Eighth Floor, West Tower Washington, D.C. 20007-5201 jbrew@bbrslaw.com ataylor@bbrslaw.com

TTORNEY

Plant Name: Line(s)	Column	Justification
TECO United Bulk Terminal	G	(9) Disclosure of the effective purchase price "would impair
Big Bend Station		the efforts of Tampa Electric to contract for goods or services
Big Bend Station		on favorable terms." Section 366.093(3)(d), Fla Stat.
1-6		Additionally, prohibiting the purchase price would enable one
United Bulk Terminal Transfer Facility		to ascertain the total transportation charges by subtracting the
Polk Station		effective price from the delivered price at the transfer facility,
Polk Station		shown in Column I. Any competitor with knowledge of the
1		total transportation charges would be able to use that
		information in conjunction with the published delivered price
		at the United Bulk Terminal Transfer Facility to determine the
		segmented transportation costs, i.e., the separate breakdown of
		transportation charges for river barge transport and for deep
		water transportation across the Gulf of Mexico from the
		transfer facility to Tampa. It is this segmented transportation
		cost data which is proprietary and confidential. The
		disclosure of the segmented transportation costs would have a
		direct impact on Tampa Electric's future fuel and
		transportation contracts by informing potential bidders of
		current prices paid for services provided. That harm, which

Plant Name: Line(s)	Column	Justification
		would flow to Tampa Electric and its Customers from such
		disclosure, was the subject of Prepared Direct Testimony of
		Mr. John R. Rowe, Jr. on behalf of Tampa Electric in Docket
		No. 860001-EI-D. A copy of Mr. Rowe's Direct Testimony
		from the September 29, 1986 hearing in that docket is
		attached hereto as Exhibit "A" and by reference made a part
		hereof.

In the Commission's Order No. 12645 issued in Docket No. 830001-EU on November 3, 1983 (In re: Investigation of Fuel Adjustment Clauses of Electric Utilities), the Commission prescribed the current 423 Form filings. In so doing, the Commission observed:

> Next, we must determine whether any portion of the monthly reports should be accorded confidential treatment. We agree that certain portions of the confidential information. However, many portions of the monthly reports will not. The proprietary information for all types of fuel is transportation. Any breakout of transportation costs must be treated confidentially. In addition, F.O.B. mine prices for coal is proprietary in nature as is the price of fuel oil. Disclosure of separate transportation or F.O.B. mine prices would have a direct impact on a utility's future fuel and transportation contracts by informing potential bidders of current prices paid for

Plant Name: Line(s)	Column	Justification
		services. Disclosure of fuel oil prices would have an indirect effect upon bidding suppliers. Suppliers would be reluctant to provide significant price concessions to an individual utility if prices were disclosed because other purchasers would seek similar concessions.
		The vigorous competition discussed in Mr. Rowe's earlier
		testimony, as recognized by the Commission, justifies
		proprietary confidential treatment of the information in
		Column G.
		Disclosure of this information "would impair the efforts of
		Tampa Electric to contract for goods and services on favorable
		terms." Section 366.093(3)(d), Fla. Stat. This information
		would inform other potential suppliers as to the price Tampa
		Electric is willing to pay for coal. This would give present and
		potential coal suppliers information which could be harmful to
		Tampa Electric's interests in negotiating coal supply
		agreements. This is much the same as paragraph (1) under
		Form 423-1(a) regarding No. 2 oil suppliers.

Plant Name: Line(s)	Column	Justification
TECO United	Н	(10) The disclosure of this information "would impair the
Bulk Terminal Big Bend Station 1-7		efforts of Tampa Electric to contract for goods or services on
		favorable terms." Section 366.093(3)(d), Fla. Stat. As was
Big Bend Station 1-6		stated in (1), Columns G and H both need confidential
United Bulk		protection because disclosure of either column will enable
Terminal Transfer Facility		competitors to determine the segmented transportation charges.
Polk Station		Accordingly, the same reasons discussed in (1) likewise apply
* 11		with regard to Column H.
Polk Station		

Polk Station 1

Plant Name: Line(s)	Column	Justification
TECO United Bulk Terminal	G	This column discloses the value of shorthaul and loading
Big Bend Station		charges on a \$/Ton basis, which is a negotiated price the
Big Bend Station		disclosure of which would adversely impact Tampa Electric
1-6		in future negotiations for this component of the overall
United Bulk Terminal Transfer		price, which, in turn, would adversely impact Tampa
Facility Polk Station		Electric's customers.
1		
Polk Station 1		
TECO United Bulk Terminal	Н	(11) If the original invoice price is made public, one can
Big Bend Station		subtract the original invoice price from the publicly disclosed
Big Bend Station		delivered price at the United Bulk Terminal Transfer Facility
1-6		and thereby determine the segmented river transportation cost.
United Bulk Terminal Transfer		Disclosure of the river transportation cost "would impair the
Facility		efforts of Tampa Electric to contract for goods or services on
Polk Station 1		favorable terms." Section 366.093(3)(d), Fla. Stat. Additional
Polk Station		justification appears in Exhibit "A" and in paragraph (1) of the
1		rationale for confidentiality of Column G of Form 423-2
		(United Bulk Terminal Transfer Facility - Big Bend Station).

Plant Name: Line(s)	Column	Justification
TECO United	J	(12) This information, like that contained in Column H,
Bulk Terminal Big Bend Station 1-7		would enable a competitor to "back into" the segmented
Dig Dand Station		transportation cost using the publicly disclosed delivered price
Big Bend Station 1-6		at the United Bulk Terminal Transfer Facility. This would be
United Bulk Terminal Transfer		done by subtracting the base price per ton from the delivered
Facility		price at United Bulk Terminal, thereby revealing the river
Polk Station 1		barge rate. Such disclosure "would impair the efforts of
Polk Station		Tampa Electric to contract for goods or services on favorable
1		terms." Section 366.093(3)(d), Fla. Stat. Additional
		justification appears in Exhibit "A" and in paragraph (1) of the
		rationale for confidentiality of Column G of Form 423-2
		(United Bulk Terminal Transfer Facility - Big Bend Station).

Plant Name: Line(s)	Column	Justification
TECO United Bulk Terminal	L	(13) This information, if publicly disclosed, would enable a
Big Bend Station 1-7		competitor to back into the segmented waterborne
Big Bend Station		transportation costs using the already publicly disclosed
1-6		delivered price of coal at the United Bulk Terminal Transfer
United Bulk Terminal Transfer		Facility. Such disclosure "would impair the efforts of Tampa
Facility Polk Station		Electric to contract for goods or services on favorable terms."
1		Section 366.093(3)(d), Fla. Stat. Additional justification
Polk Station 1		appears in Exhibit "A" and in paragraph (1) of the rationale
		for confidentiality of Column G of Form 423-2 (United Bulk
		Terminal Transfer Facility - Big Bend Station).

Plant Name: Line(s)	Column	Justification
TECO United Bulk Terminal	G	(14) Disclosure of the effective purchase price in Column G
Big Bend Station 1-7		"would impair the efforts of Tampa Electric to contract for goods or services on favorable terms." Section
Big Bend Station 1-6		366.093(3)(d), Fla. Stat. Such disclosure would enable a
United Bulk Terminal Transfer		competitor to "back into" the segmented transportation cost
Facility Polk Station		using the publicly disclosed delivered price for coal at the
1		United Bulk Terminal Transfer Facility. This would be
Polk Station 1		done by subtracting the effective purchase price per ton
		from the price per ton delivered at United Bulk Terminal,
		thereby revealing the river barge rate. Additional
		justification appears in Exhibit "A" and in paragraph (1) of
		the rationale for confidentiality of Column G of Form 423-2
		(United Bulk Terminal Transfer Facility - Big Bend
		Station). Such disclosure would also adversely affect
		Tampa Electric's ability to negotiate future coal supply
		contracts.

Plant Name: Line(s)	Column	Justification
TECO United Bulk Terminal	Н	This column discloses the value of additional shorthaul and
Big Bend Station 1-7		loading charges on a \$/Ton basis, which is a negotiated
Big Bend Station		price the disclosure of which would adversely impact
1-6		Tampa Electric in future negotiations for this component of
United Bulk Terminal Transfer		the overall price, which, in turn, would adversely impact
Facility Polk Station 1		Tampa Electric's customers.
Polk Station		
TECO United Bulk Terminal	Ι	(15) Disclosure of the rail rate per ton would adversely
Big Bend Station		affect the ability of Tampa Electric affiliate, Gatliff Coal, to
Big Bend Station		negotiate favorable rail rates. Disclosure of the rail rates
1-6		paid would effectively eliminate any negotiating leverage
United Bulk Terminal Transfer		and could lead to higher rail rates. This would work to the
Facility Polk Station		ultimate detriment of Tampa Electric and its customers.
1		Accordingly, disclosure of this information "would impair
Polk Station 1		the efforts of Tampa Electric to contract for goods or
		services on favorable terms." Section 366.093(3)(d), Fla.
		Stat.

Plant Name: Line(s)	Column	Justification
TECO United Bulk Terminal	J	This column discloses the value of other rail charges on a
Big Bend Station 1-7		\$/Ton basis, which is a negotiated price the disclosure of
Big Bend Station 1-6		which would adversely impact Tampa Electric in future negotiations for this component of the overall price, which,
United Bulk Terminal Transfer Facility Polk Station 1		in turn, would adversely impact Tampa Electric's customers.
Polk Station 1		
TECO United Bulk Terminal Big Bend Station 1-7	К	(16) These columns contained information the disclosure of which "would impair the efforts of Tampa Electric to contract
Big Bend Station 1-6		for goods or services on favorable terms." Section 366.093(3)(d), Fla. Stat. Each of these columns provides
United Bulk Terminal Transfer Facility Polk Station 1		specific information on segmented transportation costs which are the primary objects of this request. Additional justification appears in Exhibit "A" and in paragraph (1) of the
Polk Station 1		rationale for confidentiality for Column G on 423-2 (United Bulk Terminal Transfer Facility - Big Bend Station).

Plant Name: Line(s)	Column	Justification
TECO United Bulk Terminal Big Bend Station 1-7	L	(17) See item (16) above.
Big Bend Station 1-6		
United Bulk Terminal Transfer Facility Polk Station 1		
Polk Station 1		
TECO United Bulk Terminal Big Bend Station 1-7	М	(18) See item (16) above.
Big Bend Station 1-6		
United Bulk Terminal Transfer Facility Polk Station 1		
Polk Station 1		

Plant Name: Line(s)	Column	Justification
TECO United Bulk Terminal Big Bend Station 1-7	N	(19) See item (16) above.
Big Bend Station 1-6		
United Bulk Terminal Transfer Facility Polk Station 1		
Polk Station 1 TECO United Bulk Terminal Big Bend Station 1-7	Ο	(20) See item (16) above.
Big Bend Station 1-6		
United Bulk Terminal Transfer Facility Polk Station 1		
Polk Station 1		

Plant Name: Line(s)	Column	Justification
TECO United Bulk Terminal Big Bend Station 1-7	Р	(21) See item (16) above.
Big Bend Station 1-6		
United Bulk Terminal Transfer Facility Polk Station 1		
Polk Station 1		

h:\jdb\tec\form 423 filings\423 setup1.doc

/		8			
÷,	,	2.	BEFORE THE		
		2	FLORIDA PUELIC SERVICE COMMISSION		
		3			
		4	In the Matter of DOCKET NO. 660001-EI-D		
		5	Confidentiality of Fuel Cost		
		6	Recovery Data. : AFTERNOON SESSION VOLUME II		
		7	Pages 113 through 278		
	*	~	RECIEVED DIVISION OF PEGARDS & REPORTING FPSC Hearing Room		
		8	Diverse of PEL and FPSC Hearing Room Fletcher Building		
	38	9	OCT 8 1985 101 East Gaines Street		
	,		. Tallahassee, Florida 32301		
		10	Florida Fubile Service Commission		
	9 F - 1	11	Monday, September 29, 1986		
12 Met pursuant to adjournment at 1:00					
		13			
		0020	BEFORE: CHAIRMAN JOHN R. MARKS, III, Chairman		
	, 1 ke	.4	COMMISSIONER GERALD L. GUNTER COMMISSIONER RATIE NICHOLS		
	COMMISSIONER MICHAEL MCR. WILSON				
	. 2	.6	COMMISSIONER JOEN T. HERNDON		
	T	7	APPEARANCES:		
	·				
	1	8	(As heretofore noted.)		
	1	9	• •		
	2	D			
	. 2	1			
	. 2				
	. 2	-	a.		
	2	3	REPORTED BY: CAROL C. CAUSSEAUX, CSR, RPR JANE FAUROT		
	2	4	DOCUMENT NO. JOY KELLY, CSR, RPR		
	2	1	10020-86 OFFICIAL COMMISSION REPORTERS		
			10-5-26		
			Exhibit "A"		
ž			FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION		

Exhibit "A" FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

			-	SURMITTED POR FILING 4/14/86
į				
	*	1		BEFORE THE FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION
		2		PREPARED TESTIMONY
	•	3		OP
		4		JOEN R. ROWE, JR.
		. 5	۵.	. Will you please state your name, address and occupation.
		6		5. 27 ann (5)
	20	7	A.	My name is John R. Rowe, Jr. My business address is 702
		8		North Franklin Street, Tampa, Florida 33602. I am
		9 10	-	Assistant Vice President of Tampa Electric Company.
÷		11	Q.	Plezse describe your educational background and business
	÷1	12		experience.
5	8	13	ē.	experience.
		14	A.	I was educated in the public schools of Birmingham,
	•	15		Alabama; Evansville, Indiana; and Mt. Lebanon,
		16		Pennsylvania. I was graduated in June, 1962 from the
		17		Georgia Institute of Technology with a Bachelor of Science
		18		degree in Industrial Management, and from the University
		19		of South Florida in March, 1971 with a Master of Business
a.		20		Administration degree. I am a Certified Public Accountant
		21		licensed to practice in Florida and a member of the
		22		American Institute of CPAs, the Florida Institute of CPAs,
		23	· · ••	and the National Association of Accountants. I joined
		24		Tampa Electric Company in July, 1962 and I have served in
ķ		25		various capacities in the Personnel, Customer Accounting,

э. ж

Credit, General Accounting and Budget Departments over the past 23 years. I became Assistant Controller in 1974, Controller in 1981, and I was elected to my present position as Assistant Vice President in April, 1984. My present responsibilities include coordination of accounting and regulatory matters before this Commission (FPSC) and the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC). I have presented testimony before this Commission in other proceedings.

11 Q. What is the purpose of your testimony?

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

12

22

The purpose of my testimony is to respond to various areas 13 A. Commission and company concern regarding the 14 of confidentiality of certain fuel cost information supplied 15 I intend to demonstrate why some of to the Commission. 16 the data which is supplied in regular monthly reports on 17 fuel costs to this Commission should be excluded from 18 public disclosure as being "proprietary confidential 19 business information" as defined by Section 366.093, 20 Florida Statutes. 21

Q. Does Tampa Electric object to providing the Commission with a report detailing all purchases of fuel, transportation and fuel handling services?

Tampa Electric does not object to continuing to NO. 1 A. furnish to the Commission the information it needs to 2 review company expenditures for fuel, transportation and 3 fuel handling services. I will describe However, 25 4 it is clearly in the best interests of the later, 5 ratepayers and the company for this Commission to continue 6 information submitted treat certain of this to 25 7 "Specified Confidential." 8

3

Q. What portion of the report should be confidential?

The cost of water transportation of coal which is billed A .. 12 to the regulated company by an affiliated company should 13 be treated as confidential. Tampa Electric formed a water 14 stransportation system for the transport of coal in the 15 1950's which not only provides the necessary services for 16 Tampa Electric but also enjoys additional economies as it 17 provides competitive services to outside customers. This 18 system has saved our electric customers many millions of 19 oollars in transportation costs over the years and these 20 savings are likely to continue in the future so long as 21 the affiliated companies are able to maintain their 22 ... competitive edge. Through this transportation system Tampa 23 Electric's affiliated companies are able to move coal by 24 zivez barges from sources in Rentucky, Oklahoma 25 anā

1.1

9

10

11

.

Illinois to a terminal on the east bank of the Mississippi River south of New Orleans for the purpose of off-loading, storing and transferring coal to ocean-going barges for transport to Tampa. These services are performed by TECD Transport and Trade companies: Mid-South Towing Company, which handles the coal by river barge; Electro Coal Transfer Corporation, which operates the storage and transfer facility and Gulf Coast Transit Company which provides ocean-going tugs and barges to move coal across the Gulf of Mexico.

12 Q. Are Tampa Electric affiliates faced with competition?

Yes, the market for bulk commodity transportation is very competitive. Aside from the coal transportation services performed for Tampa Electric, the TECO Transport and Trade other affiliates currently transport CC21 anā bulk commodities for other customers as well. The affiliates anticipate that additional markets for coal will soon develop in Florida for both industrial and electric power generation purposes, and hope to capture a portion of the transportation demand created by those markets. This market is very competitive.

Tampa Electric's transportation affiliates are not engaged solely in the one-way transportation of coal, however.

1

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

3

A.

Mid-South Towing Company has provided, and continues to provide, both upstream and downstream transportation services for other bulk commodities, including grain and phosphate products. Electro-Coal Transfer Corporation is involved in the direct vessel-to-vessel transfer of grain and other bulk commodities in addition to the transfer of coal and coke on diverse routes, including phosphates from Florida to New Orleans, and grain from New Orleans to international markets.

5

As commercial enterprises, the affiliates face significant competition for each of the other transportation, transfer and storage services that they perform. Operators on the inland waterways include approximately 2,000 individual carriers. In size these carriers range from operators of single towboats to those operating large fleets of vessels and barges. Only a very small percentage of inland waterway traffic is subject to regulation. Exempt carriers are not required to publish revenues, operating data rates or financial information.

With reference to the river transportation of coal and other bulk commodities, Mid-South Towing Company's principal competitors include, among others: the Ohio River Company; American Commercial Barge Line Company;

- #1.--

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

14.

Dravo Mechling Corporation; and The Valley Line Company. Mid-South Towing also faces intermodal competition from the railroads.

Electro-Coal Transfer Corporation competes with others for transfer and storage .services. DÍ the performance Electro-Coal's principal competitors with both shoreside capabilities cround storage are: transfer and International Marine Terminal; Burnside Terminals, Inc.; and New Orleans Bulk Terminal. A portion of the transfer market is also served by companies whose operations are mid-stream in the Mississippi River. Principal among these is Cooper-Smith Company.

Finally, Gulfcoast Transit Company competes with many other companies to provide ocean-going tug and barge transportation service. Principal among those competitors are: Dixie Carriers, Inc.; St. Phillips Towing Company; Sheridan Towing Company; Red Circle Transport Company; and Beker Industries, Inc.

22 Q. Would the disclosure of cost information expose the 23 affiliates to substantial competitive harm?

25 A. Yes. The cost of rendering bulk commodity transportation

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

.18

19

20

21

24

-

service over a given distance varies little from one commodity to another. On a per-ton unit basis, it costs a barge company the same amount to transport a ton of grain, for example, as to transport a ton of coal. Rates for bulk commodity transportation service also tend to show little variation from one commodity to the next.

highly competitive environment, 2 given such 2 In company's market share is constantly at risk and must be carefully safeguarded. Competitors who are able to discern, either directly or indirectly, a given company's costs or profit margin are in a position to capture a portion of that company's market share by anticipating its and selectively undercutting its prices. future bids Similarly, such knowledge permits the company's customers, who may be paying different prices for similar services, to bargain for more favorable terms from the company and among its competitors.

The primary determinants of a company's profit margin, of course, are its costs and prices. Not surprisingly, given the relative ease with which both costs and prices may be translated from one type of bulk commodity shipment to another, competitors take great pains to conceal their costs and prices from each other. This fact accounts for

7

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

apil.

the scarcity of published information concerning the financial workings of the unregulated segment of the industry.

8

Tampa Electric's competitors and customers are aware that Tampa Electric's water transportation expense represents the affiliates' costs including a return on equity. A company's cost represents the limit of its vulnerability in the sense that it cannot long survive in circumstances where costs exceed revenues. Sustained "underpricing" that perceived margin would have a devastating below effect upon the affiliates' business, and would make retention of market shares impossible. Competitors would be given access to very valuable information which will to price their service to their enable those firms zovantage.

18 Q. How does the operation of the competitive business affect 19 the cost of Tampa Electric's affiliated company transportation expense?

22 A. The increased volumes allow for economies of scale that
23 cannot be realized if Tampa Electric were the only
24 customer of the affiliate. Moreover, since fixed costs
25 are allocated between services provided to Tampa Electric

.....

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

21

HILL

and others on a per ton basis, the backhaul and transfer of grain and other bulk commodities reduces the amount of allocated to Tampa Electric. IÍ the costs fixed affiliates' backhaul and other outside customer activity is lost or diminished, or if transfer activity is lost due to the disclosure of its competitive position, the cost of transportation to Tampa Electric vould increase CO21 affiliates' the hurt proportionately. Actions which competitive position will, therefore, increase the cost of electricity supplied to Tampa Electric's customers. This Commission therefore should carefully avoid the disclosure of the affiliates' costs and prices.

9

14 Q. Is Tampa Electric satisfied with the Commission's current reporting requirements?

The company believes that the Commission's current NO. A. 17 requirements for public disclosure run an unnecessary risk 18 of placing Tampa Electric at a disadvantage in its ability 19 to contract for fuel transportation services on the most 20 This disclosure can also affect prices favorable terms. 21 Tampa Electric under existing contracts which bzid by 22 "depend on or could benefit further from outside business 23 Further, I believe to reduce costs to Tampa Electric. 24 public disclosure of coal prices paid (without that 25

1.01

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

16

Antha .

transportation costs) does not increase competition among suppliers of coal but rather it serves to decrease the advantage of the purchaser in negotiating lower prices. If potential vendors of coal knew from public disclosure the prices being paid or paid in the past, I believe their tendency in bidding or reporting coal prices tenā tD center around known prices. In this way, the vendors know they can offer a price lower than the price that has been paid and exactly how much lower their price will be. If the present and past prices paid publicly were not available, the vendors would have to bid as low as they could in hopes that they would bid the best price to win the contract since they have no published guide to tell them how low to guote.

During all of this discussion you should keep in mind that Tampa Electric has no objection to continuing its full disclosure of fuel transportation cost information to the Commission on a specified confidential basis. The company is proud of its innovative transportation system and desires to continue to share all relevant transportation cost information with the Commission on a confidential basis.

Commission's

this

00es

fuel

cost

reporting

24 25

Q.

EDW

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

1 III

requirements affect the confidentiality of the proprietary transportation cost information?

The Commission must be very careful in its requirements A. for public disclosure of various segments of fuel cost proprietary the protect to order in information requirement to information. A transportation cost publicly report any one segment of costs could enable competitors and transportation customers to calculate the information sought to be protected.

12 Q. Please illustrate how confidential information could be 13 derived if the Commission's reporting requirements are 14 changed?

This was fully discussed in Docket No. 830001-PD. On 16 A. April 24, 1984, the Commission considered Tampa Electric's 17 request for reconsideration of Order No. 12645, entered in 18 the same docket (Generic Fuels Issues). Tampa Electric 19 sought reconsideration of that portion of Order No. 12645 20 pertaining to which cost information should be considered 21 Tampa Electric's specific concern was that confidential. 22 disclosure of F.O.B mine mouth and F.O.B plant price for 23 coal, in conjunction with available delivered prices at 24 terminal facilities, would result in the disclosure of 25

22

. 1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

15

17 dia -

information. business The proprietary confidential Commission agreed and determined that the F.O.B. mine mouth and plant prices should be reported on a "specified The same circumstances exist today confidential" basis. just 25 is need for confidential treatment and the critical now as it was in 1983.

Eow would you recommend the Commission approach its duty 8 0. of implementing Section 366.093, Florida Statutes? 9

In the case of Tampa Electric's transportation affiliates, 11 A. is there a reasonable probability the test should be: 12 the information in question will that disclosure of 13 adversely affect the affiliated company and, ultimately, 14 then the . Tampa Electric and its Customers? IÍ SO, 15 information should be treated as specified confidential 16 disclosure. from public exempt information which is 17 Section 366.093, Florida Statutes, does not appear to 18 require a 100% probability of harm. In the case of bids 19 other contractual data, the test is only whether it 0: 20 efforts of the public utility to would "impair" the 21 If certain contract for services on favorable terms. 22 information is disclosed and the disclosure only aids but 23 does not guarantee a competitor's ability to compete with 24 Tampa Electric's transportation affiliates, then this 25

12

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

10

to be protected, even though its information ought disclosure would not <u>cuarantee</u> that the competitor will take business away from the Tampa Electric affiliate. Anv more stringent or absolute a standard for confidentiality would demand more than is required under the statute. Stated differently, if the statute is administered in such a way as to prohibit only the disclosure of a specific cost, but not a myriad of related information bits or "hints" which enable a resourceful competitor to pinpoint come very close to the specific cost, then the OI protection afforded by the statute will indeed be hollow. In short, we advocate fully disclosing to the Commission the information it needs to perform its utility oversight .function but because of the extreme sensitivity of the information, we advocate disclosing as little as possible to publicly accessible sources. Utility customers are the ultimate beneficiaries of this protection, and we hope the Commission will continue to administer the statute in a manner which maximizes such protection.

21 Q. Does this conclude your testimony?

23 A. Yes, it does.

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

.17

18

19

20

22

74

25

Jule'

(End of Prefiled Direct Testimony)

1. And	1	TLORIDA)	LATE OF REPORTERS
		COUNTY OF LEON)	ALL OF ALFONIEND
) ;	2	WE, CAROL C. CAUSSEAUX, CSR, RPR,	JAKE FAUROT and JOY
		KELLY, CSR, RPR, Official Commission Reporte	
		DO HEREBY CERTIFY that the hearing	in the matter of
	5	the Confidentiality of Fuel Cost Recovery Da	
a	6	B60001-EI-D, was heard by the Florida Public	Service Commission
	7	commencing at 9:35 a.m., Monday, September 2	9, 1986, in
	В	Tallabassee, Florida.	a:
	9	WE FURTHER CERTIFY that we were as	thorized to and did
	70	report in shorthand and by stenotype the pro	
20	11	such time and place; that the same has been	reduced to type-
and the second sec	12	such time and place; that the state and	hat the foregoing
	13	writing under our direct supervision, and the	TT inclusive.
	14	pages numbered 1 through 277, volumes I and	
	15	constitute a true and accurate transcriptio	n 61 ber shorthand
	16	and stenotype notes of said proceedings.	
	. 17	IN WITNESS WHEREOF, we have hereu	nto set our nancs at
	18	Tallahassee, Leon County, Florida, this 8th	, day of October,
	19	1986.	. :
	20	a a la manda i di	hi danit
	21	CAROL C. CAUSSEAUX, CSR, RFR	JANE FAUROT
	22		
	23		
0 KK	. 24		
vitru.	•	OFFICIAL COMMISSION REPORT Bureau of Reporting	285
	. 25	101 East Gaines Street	
1	26	Tallahassee, Florida 32:	301
		Telephone (904) 488-598	
		FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COM	IISSION .
	8	8 	

Date of Declassification:

FORM	LINE(S)	COLUMN	DATE
423-2	1-7	G,H	12/15/2016
423-2(a)	1-7	G,H,J,L	12/15/2016
423-2(b)	1 – 7	G-P	12/15/2016

Rationale:

Coal and Coal Transportation Data

1. Tampa Electric also seeks protection of the coal and coal transportation contract information specified as confidential for a minimum period of two years.

2. The need for two or more years of confidentiality is vital not only to Tampa Electric and its ratepayers, but to the vendors of coal and coal transportation services as well.

3. Bidders for the sale of coal will always seek to optimize their profit margin. Full knowledge of the prices paid by the utility for coal enables the bidder to increase the price bid and thereby optimize the bid from the viewpoint of the seller and to the detriment of the ratepayer. Tampa Electric firmly believes that the disclosure of information on prices paid within the last two years will increase the price Tampa Electric will be required to pay for coal and will be detrimental to ratepayers.

4. Recent bids received by Tampa Electric contained a \$4.17 per ton spread between the bids. The low bid undoubtedly would have been higher with full knowledge of prices paid by Tampa Electric. Bidders will always seek to optimize their profits by submitting bids that are as high as the market will bear. If market data is disclosed which discourages suppliers from bidding competitively, they will increase their bids to the level of past payments to other suppliers by the buyer.

5. The disclosure of rail transportation rates will result in demands by <u>other</u> shippers to lower any rates which are above the disclosed rates. The effect of disclosure will be to increase the lower rate as the transportation provided will seek to protect the rates charged on other routes. The delay of this disclosure for two years will be of direct benefit to ratepayers by delaying any increases that might occur as a result of such disclosure.

6. Gatliff Coal and TECO Transport & Trade sell coal and bulk commodity transportation services in the open non-regulated marketplace. The prices at which their goods and services are sold are not publicly disclosed anywhere by publication or voluntary dissemination because it would materially lessen their competitive posture with customers other than Tampa Electric. Outside customers who negotiate for coal or coal transportation services are placed at a competitive advantage for these goods or services if they know the cost of the goods or services.

7. An analyst for an outside customer of Gatliff or TECO Transport who reads the written transcripts of public fuel hearings or reads the written orders of the FPSC can easily discover that until November 1, 1988, Tampa Electric paid cost for coal from Gatliff and for coal transportation from TECO Transport. Further, the publication of the stipulation agreement between the parties in 1988 indicated that the initial benchmark price was close to cost and subsequent testimony indicates the revised contract escalates from cost.

8. As long as an outside customer does not know how such an escalation clause changes price, the cost cannot be calculated. However, publicizing the price of coal or coal transportation services will tell an outside customer how much the escalation has been and make it easy for him to calculate cost. Because of seasonality of costs in both businesses, a full year's cost data is necessary for an accurate cost measurement.

9. A second year must pass before one full year can be compared with a second year to measure the escalation accurately. So a perceptive vendor seeks two years of data to make his cost estimates. The competitive industries recognize that data beyond two years is not helpful to them, as enough factors may change in that time frame for costs to be much different from what was incurred. Any date less than two full years old is extremely valuable to outside customers in contracting for services with Gatliff or TECO Transport. The difference of small amounts per ton can mean millions of dollars' difference in cost.

10. A loss of outside business by Gatliff or TECO Transport will affect not only Gatliff or TECO Transport, but if large enough it could affect the credibility of the companies. The prices negotiated with Tampa Electric by these vendors took into consideration their costs and revenues at the time of negotiation, including the revenues from outside customers. A significant loss of outside business could cause Gatliff or TECO Transport to fail, since under market pricing regulation Tampa Electric will not make up the difference to them in cost. In turn, a failure of these vendors would leave Tampa Electric and its customers with only higher cost alternatives for Blue Gem coal and for coal transportation to Tampa, a higher cost that would be paid by Tampa Electric's ratepayers. So the continued credibility of Gatliff and TECO Transport is important to protect Tampa Electric's ratepayers from higher cost alternatives.

h:\jdb\tec\form 423 filings\423declassification.exb#2.doc