BEFORE THE FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

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| In re: Energy conservation cost recovery clause. | DOCKET NO. 160002-EG  ORDER NO. PSC-16-0306-CFO-EG  ISSUED: July 28, 2016 |

ORDER GRANTING FLORIDA POWER & LIGHT COMPANY’S

SECOND REQUEST FOR EXTENSION OF CONFIDENTIAL CLASSIFICATION

(DOCUMENT NOS. 04617-12, 05085-12, AND 05738-12)

On March 22, 2016, pursuant to Section 366.093, Florida Statutes (F.S.), and Rule 25-22.006, Florida Administrative Code (F.A.C.), Florida Power & Light Company (FPL) filed its second request for extension of confidential classification (Request) of certain materials provided pursuant to Audit No. 12-010-4-3 (Audit) (Document Nos. 04617-12, 05085-12, and 05738-12).

Request for Confidential Classification

FPL’s original request for confidential treatment of information provided during the Audit was granted by Order No. PSC-12-0570-CFO-EG, issued October 24, 2012, and included Exhibits A, B, C, and D. FPL contends that all of the information designated in Exhibits A, B, and C to its original request remains confidential. FPL has submitted this Request and included its Second Revised Exhibit D, which contains the affidavit of Anita Sharma in support of its request. The First Request was granted by Order No. PSC-14-0492-CFO-EG, issued on September 16, 2014.

FPL asserts that the information for which it seeks confidential status consists of competitively sensitive information and contains information related to customer-specific account information, which includes customer names, addresses, telephone numbers and account numbers, rates, billing determinants (kW and kWh usage), conservation savings in kW, kWh and bills. FPL further states that it is FPL's policy not to disclose customer-specific information, except as required by law, to entities or persons other than the customer absent the customer's consent. FPL asserts that this information is intended to be and has been treated as p[rivate, its condientiality has been maintained and its disclosure would cause harm to FPL and its customers. FPL states that its policy is premised upon customers' right to privacy and the potential that disclosure of customer-specific information may harm some customers' competitive interests. FPL argues that this information is protected pursuant to Section 366.093(3)(e), F.S.

Ruling

Section 366.093(1), F.S. provides that records that the Florida Public Service Commission (Commission) has found to contain proprietary confidential business information shall be kept confidential and shall be exempt from Chapter 119, F.S. Section 366.093(3), F.S., defines proprietary confidential business information as information that is intended to be and is treated by the company as private, in that disclosure of the information would cause harm to the company’s ratepayers or business operations, and has not been voluntarily disclosed to the public. Section 366.093(3), F.S., provides that proprietary confidential business information includes, but is not limited to:

1. Information relating to competitive interests, the disclosure of which would impair the competitive business of the provider of the information.

Upon review, it appears that the information described above satisfies the criteria set forth in Section 366.093(3), F.S., for classification as proprietary confidential business information. The information described above appears to be information relating to competitive interests, the disclosure of which would impair the competitive business of the provider of the information. Thus, the information identified in Document Nos. 04617-12, 05085-12, and 05738-12, shall be granted a continuation of confidential classification.

Pursuant to Section 366.093(4), F.S., the information for which confidential classification is granted herein shall remain protected from disclosure for a period of up to 18 months from the date of issuance of this Order. At the conclusion of the 18-month period, the confidential information will no longer be exempt from Section 119.07(1), F.S., unless FPL or another affected person shows, and the Commission finds, that the records continue to contain proprietary confidential business information.

Based on the foregoing, it is hereby

ORDERED by Commissioner Art Graham, as Prehearing Officer, that Florida Power & Light Company’s First Request for Extension of Confidential Classification of portions of Document Nos. 04617-12, 05085-12, and 05738-12, is granted. It is further

ORDERED that the information contained in Document Nos. 04617-12, 05085-12, and 05738-12, for which confidential classification has been granted, shall remain protected from disclosure for a period of up to 18 months from the date of the issuance of this Order. It is further

ORDERED that this Order shall be the only notification by the Commission to the parties concerning the expiration of the confidentiality time period.

By ORDER of Commissioner Art Graham, as Prehearing Officer, this 28th day of July, 2016.

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|  | /s/ Art Graham |
|  | ART GRAHAM  Commissioner and Prehearing Officer |

Florida Public Service Commission

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Copies furnished: A copy of this document is provided to the parties of record at the time of issuance and, if applicable, interested persons.

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NOTICE OF FURTHER PROCEEDINGS OR JUDICIAL REVIEW

The Florida Public Service Commission is required by Section 120.569(1), Florida Statutes, to notify parties of any administrative hearing or judicial review of Commission orders that is available under Sections 120.57 or 120.68, Florida Statutes, as well as the procedures and time limits that apply. This notice should not be construed to mean all requests for an administrative hearing or judicial review will be granted or result in the relief sought.

Mediation may be available on a case-by-case basis. If mediation is conducted, it does not affect a substantially interested person's right to a hearing.

Any party adversely affected by this order, which is preliminary, procedural or intermediate in nature, may request: (1) reconsideration within 10 days pursuant to Rule 25-22.0376, Florida Administrative Code; or (2) judicial review by the Florida Supreme Court, in the case of an electric, gas or telephone utility, or the First District Court of Appeal, in the case of a water or wastewater utility. A motion for reconsideration shall be filed with the Office of Commission Clerk, in the form prescribed by Rule 25-22.0376, Florida Administrative Code. Judicial review of a preliminary, procedural or intermediate ruling or order is available if review of the final action will not provide an adequate remedy. Such review may be requested from the appropriate court, as described above, pursuant to Rule 9.100, Florida Rules of Appellate Procedure.