1		BEFORE THE
2	FLORIDA	A PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION
	In the Matter of:	
3		DOCKET NO. 150071-SU
4	APPLICATION FOR I	NCREASE IN
5	WASTEWATER RATES : BY K W RESORT UTI	
6		/
7		
8		VOLUME 3
9	PROCEEDINGS:	HEARING
10	COMMISSIONERS	
11	PARTICIPATING:	CHAIRMAN JULIE I. BROWN COMMISSIONER ART GRAHAM COMMISSIONER JIMMY PATRONIS
12	DAME •	
13	DATE:	Monday, November 7, 2016
14	TIME:	Commenced at 1:14 p.m. Concluded at 5:37 p.m.
15	PLACE:	Harvey Government Center
16		Board of County Commissioner Meeting Room
17		1200 Truman Avenue Key West, Florida 33040
18	REPORTED BY:	DEBRA KRICK
19		Court Reporter
20		
21		
		PREMIER REPORTING
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1	APPEARANCES:	(As heretofore noted.)
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1	PROCEEDINGS
2	(Transcript follows in sequence from Volume
3	2.)
4	CHAIRMAN BROWN: Mr. Sayler, did you say you
5	were done with this witness?
6	MR. SAYLER: Yes, ma'am.
7	CHAIRMAN BROWN: Okay. Thank you.
8	We are on to Monroe County.
9	MR. WRIGHT: Thank you, Madam Chairman.
10	Before I ask my very few cross-examination
11	questions of Ms. Swain on her direct examination, I
12	have a question about the exhibits. Over at this
13	end of the table, we have got two Exhibit 93s, and
14	I am confused.
15	CHAIRMAN BROWN: Okay.
16	MR. WRIGHT: I had Exhibit 93 as KWRU's
17	response to staff's 37 interrogatory number 69.
18	CHAIRMAN BROWN: Yes. That's correct.
19	MR. WRIGHT: Thank you. Okay. Then I have
20	for 94, the pro forma expenses response to staff's
21	interrogatory 16.
22	CHAIRMAN BROWN: That's correct. Ms. Swain.
23	MR. WRIGHT: Thank you. And I have got of a
24	document excerpts from general ledger January
25	CHAIRMAN BROWN: We did not mark that.

- 1 MR. WRIGHT: Thank you. That resolves my
- 2 confusion. Thank you very much.
- 3 CHAIRMAN BROWN: Okay. And 93 is entered into
- 4 the record already.
- 5 MR. WRIGHT: That's what I had, too.
- 6 CHAIRMAN BROWN: Yes. Squared away?
- 7 MR. WRIGHT: Yes, ma'am. Thank you very much.
- 8 CHAIRMAN BROWN: You're welcome.
- 9 MR. WRIGHT: And as I -- true to my word, I
- 10 have very few questions for Ms. Swain on her direct
- 11 examination.
- 12 EXAMINATION
- 13 BY MR. WRIGHT:
- 14 Q Good afternoon.
- 15 A Good afternoon.
- 16 Q Are you aware that in -- this is a yes or no
- 17 question. Are you aware that in 2013, Monroe County
- 18 made a payment of \$500,000 to KWRU to settle certain
- 19 issues?
- 20 A Yes, I am aware, but not necessarily of the
- 21 exact date or exact amount.
- Q Okay. My real question simply goes to this:
- 23 I will represent to you -- well, I will say it this way:
- 24 Do you know that part of that payment was earmarked as
- 25 payment for additional capacity reservation fees or the

- 1 equivalent for the county's facilities on North Stock
- 2 Island?
- 3 A That I am not aware. I am aware that some of
- 4 that was recorded to CIAC.
- 5 Q Thank you. That answers that question.
- 6 The only other question I have for you relates
- 7 to a follow-up of a question -- to a question posed by
- 8 Mr. Sayler. You were talking about a one-phase rate
- 9 increase coming out of this proceeding. Do you recall
- 10 that brief discussion?
- 11 A Yes.
- 12 Q My question is simply, would it be your
- 13 position that whatever rate increase comes out of this
- 14 proceeding should be implemented contemporaneously with
- 15 the in-service date of the new wastewater treatment
- 16 plant?
- 17 A No. No, I disagree.
- 18 Q Why? And when should such rate increase be
- implemented, if not contemporaneously with the new
- 20 wastewater treatment plant?
- 21 A Well, by the time the utility's treatment
- 22 plant is complete, it will have spent millions and
- 23 millions and millions of dollars since the end of the
- 24 test year, all through and including this point whether
- 25 the plant is in service or not. So the rates should go

- 1 into effect as quickly as possible on a single phase to
- 2 recognize, first of all, that the PAA only went in, and
- 3 I -- some date in April, and yet the utility had spent
- 4 millions and millions of dollars on its plant expansion.
- 5 And that PAA did not allow the utility to recover very
- 6 much, first of all, with its investment, only \$300,000
- 7 of construction, and only a portion of the pro forma
- 8 expenses. So it would be inadequate. It needs to go
- 9 into effect as quickly as possible.
- 10 Q If it goes into -- if the rate increase were
- 11 to be implemented before the plant is in service, then
- isn't it true that the company would be recovering for
- 13 plant expenditures, new rate base, that is not used and
- 14 useful in providing service to its customers?
- 15 A No, not with the historic test year plus pro
- 16 forma adjustments, no. As soon as the money is spent,
- 17 the utility is already behind in being able to earn on
- it, so it needs to go in as quickly as possible.
- 19 Q So your position is that, even though the
- 20 plant is not providing service to customers, the company
- 21 should be allowed to recover on that?
- 22 A Yes, but in this case, the rates won't be
- 23 going into effect until after the plant is completed,
- that's number one. So it's sort of a moot point.
- The PAA that is in effect did not include any

- 1 recovery of the pro forma plant, only the small margin
- of construction work-in-progress that was on the books
- 3 at the end of the test year, and then a few months into
- 4 the audit. So it didn't even include the millions of
- 5 dollars that have been spent since then, and yet that's
- 6 all they are -- that's all the utility is recovering.
- 7 It's a very interesting timing with all this,
- 8 through the protest, the rates actually won't go into
- 9 effect until the plant is completed.
- 10 Q Well, that gets back to the first question
- 11 that I asked you in this line. How do you know that the
- 12 rates won't go into effect contemporaneously with the
- 13 new plant coming on-line?
- 14 A Well, as I understand the schedule for this
- 15 case, and as I understand the schedule for the
- 16 construction, the rates won't be going into effect until
- 17 after the plant is completed.
- 18 Q On what date do you understand the new rates
- 19 would be going into effect?
- 20 A Sometime after March. I am not sure when the
- 21 final order is anticipated, and when the utility will be
- 22 able to put the rates into effect, but sometime after
- that March date when the plant is completed.
- 24 O And so you complete that the plant will be
- 25 completed in March?

- 1 A That's consistent with what I have been told,
- 2 yes.
- Okay. I'm going to try my initial question
- 4 one more time. If it were possible to have the new
- 5 rates go into effect contemporaneously with the new
- 6 plant, would you agree that would be appropriate -- the
- 7 new plant being on-line?
- 8 A I don't want to be difficult, but I am trying
- 9 to understand your question, so I am going to answer the
- 10 question I think you are answering -- you are asking me.
- If this -- if this rate case were not
- 12 protested I think that the rates should have gone into a
- 13 single phase recognizing the entire pro forma plant, and
- 14 that would have gone into effect this past April on the
- 15 entire pro forma plant.
- 16 Q So it's -- your position is that it should
- 17 have gone into effect seven months ago, even though the
- 18 plant was not in service?
- 19 A That's right. And it's because the money --
- 20 millions and millions of dollars had already been spent
- 21 by the utility towards the completion of that plant.
- 22 Q I do have one other question for you, and we
- 23 talked about this in your deposition.
- In your direct testimony, at page three, you
- 25 made the statement, "due to the delay in implementing

- final rates due to the protest, KWRU also had to replace
- 2 an air vacuum tank." I bet you remember that you and I
- 3 discussed that in your deposition.
- 4 A Yes, I do.
- 5 Q I noted that you did not change your
- 6 testimony. Surely, you don't assert that the it had to
- 7 replace the air vac tank because we protested the PAA
- 8 order, do you?
- 9 A No. And it was inartfully stated. I don't --
- 10 I didn't think it rose to the level of a correction, but
- 11 you are right, it was -- certainly, I did not intend to
- 12 say that the protest caused the need for that tank to be
- 13 replaced.
- 14 Q Thank you.
- MR. WRIGHT: That's all I have. Thanks, Madam
- 16 Chairman.
- 17 CHAIRMAN BROWN: Okay. Thank you.
- Ms. Aktabowski.
- MS. AKTABOWSKI: No questions.
- 20 CHAIRMAN BROWN: Thank you.
- 21 Staff.
- MS. MAPP: Yes, we have several questions, and
- we have exhibits that we are going to hand out
- 24 first.
- 25 CHAIRMAN BROWN: Okay. And would you like

1 them marked? 2 MS. MAPP: Yes, please. 3 CHAIRMAN BROWN: Thank you. So we are at 95. 4 MS. MAPP: Yes. I would like to mark the first one KWRU's response to staff's first POD, No. 5 6 14, as 95. 7 CHAIRMAN BROWN: Number 14 --8 MS. MAPP: Yes. 9 CHAIRMAN BROWN: -- we will label that as 95. 10 (Whereupon, Exhibit No. 95 was marked for 11 identification.) 12 MS. MAPP: 96 I would like to staff's rogs No. 13 30. 14 Okay. Go ahead and label CHAIRMAN BROWN: 15 that 96. 16 (Whereupon, Exhibit No. 96 was marked for 17 identification.) 18 MS. MAPP: And then 97 would be the excerpt of 19 the Florida Administrative Code. 20 CHAIRMAN BROWN: Do you want that marked? 21 Yes, as 9 -- actually, we could MS. MAPP: 22 just --23 CHAIRMAN BROWN: We don't need that. 24 Yeah, we won't be entering it in MS. MAPP: 25 this record so we don't need to mark it.

- 1 CHAIRMAN BROWN: Thank you. Okay.
- MS. AKTABOWSKI: Could you say those again?
- 3 CHAIRMAN BROWN: Absolutely. 95 is KWRU's
- first set of PODs No. 14. And then 96 is response
- to staff's first set of rogs No. 30. And the rule,
- 6 we do not need to mark.
- 7 All right. Staff, you have the floor.
- MS. MAPP: Okay.
- 9 EXAMINATION
- 10 BY MS. MAPP:
- 11 Q Good afternoon, Ms. Swain.
- 12 A Hello.
- Q Would you agree that miscellaneous service
- 14 charges are designed to place the cost on the cost --
- 15 A Absolutely, yes.
- 16 Q Now, if you could turn to what's been marked
- 17 as Exhibit No. 95 for me.
- 18 A And could you tell me what the title is,
- 19 because I didn't write down the exhibit number?
- Q KWRU's response to staff's first PODs No. 14.
- 21 A Okay. Thank you.
- 22 Q And if you could turn to the matrix on, I
- 23 believe, the third page -- or third page of the handout.
- 24 A Okay.
- 25 Q KWR-- I'm sorry -- KWRU has for requested

- 1 miscellaneous service charges for initial connections,
- 2 normal reconnection and premise visits to include labor
- 3 for recording, slash, processing, field supervision and
- 4 it's put 23-percent mark on the total labor for benefits
- 5 and insurance; is that correct? There is also more
- 6 detail on the backside of --
- 7 A Okay. And the -- yes. Okay.
- 8 Q And so my recitation was accurate?
- 9 A The -- yes, labor and benefits -- I am sorry,
- 10 I thought you said three percent. It's 23 percent.
- 11 Q Yes, 23 percent, yes.
- 12 Can you explain why the utility believes it is
- 13 appropriate to include benefits and insurance as part of
- 14 the cost justification for the labor and miscellaneous
- 15 service charges?
- 16 A Yes. The -- there is costs associated with
- 17 labor that aren't directly the salaries, and those are
- 18 the benefits and insurance that the utility pays as a
- 19 result of those employees. So what we have done is
- 20 calculated what the percentage of those costs are to
- 21 direct labor, and added that on as additional direct
- 22 cost of providing these services.
- 23 Q And can you explain why there is a cost for
- 24 postage included in your breakdown of miscellaneous
- 25 **service charges?**

- 1 A The utility included -- or provided the cost
- of postage for any of those items that require direct
- 3 postage.
- 4 Q Would you agree that transportation,
- 5 administrative and field labor costs, excluding
- 6 overhead, for benefits and insurance are sufficient
- 7 components in developing miscellaneous service charges?
- A Are you asking me should we, therefore, not
- 9 include the cost of the employees' group insurance, et
- 10 cetera?
- 11 **Q** Yes.
- 12 A No, I don't think that that's adequate. I
- think the full employee costs should be included in the
- 14 miscellaneous charges, otherwise they are in the general
- 15 utility expenses that are included in the other utility
- 16 rates and paid by other customers.
- 17 Q Is this standard Commission practice?
- 18 A I don't know. I have always done it this way,
- 19 and I think this is the way that it should be done.
- Q Okay. Thank you.
- 21 Can you --
- MR. SAYLER: Madam Chairman, as it relates to
- this interrogatory response, I believe Ms. Swain
- provides testimony to support a \$15-an-hour,
- something much lower in her direct testimony, and

1	it's now only through discovery that the utility is
2	asking for a much higher miscellaneous service
3	charges, so we would just note that we believe that
4	is improper supplementing of the record through
5	discovery. So that is our objection.
6	CHAIRMAN BROWN: So you are objecting are
7	you objecting to this exhibit, or objecting to the
8	answer that was just provided line of
9	questioning?
10	MR. SAYLER: I am philosophically the
11	utility puts on its direct case
12	CHAIRMAN BROWN: That's something you should
13	argue in your post-hearing brief.
14	MR. SAYLER: Certainly, we can do that, but we
15	just need to raise the objection here now because
16	it's the proper time that we would object to that,
17	because it's not if the utility wanted this
18	higher rate, they should have put it in the direct
19	case, not through cross-examination excuse me,
20	not through interrogatory and discovery responses,
21	so that's my objection.
22	CHAIRMAN BROWN: Do you want to comment, Mr.
23	Friedman
24	MR. FRIEDMAN: No.
25	CHAIRMAN BROWN: or leave it alone?

- 1 MR. FRIEDMAN: We will address it in our
- 2 brief. Thank you.
- 3 CHAIRMAN BROWN: All right. Continue, Ms.
- 4 Mapp.
- 5 BY MS. MAPP:
- 6 Q Yes. Can you please keep of this
- 7 interrogatory response at the ready, but also, at the
- 8 same time, turning to DDS-1, page 51 of 70, attached to
- 9 your direct testimony?
- 10 A Okay.
- 11 Q Now, as Mr. Sayler alluded to, this document
- 12 has different miscellaneous service charges than is
- 13 represented in the interrogatory response that was
- 14 handed out. Can you please explain the differences
- 15 between the two numbers?
- 16 A Yes, the minimum filing requirements were
- 17 filed with this schedule that's in my DDS-1, and it
- wasn't until the discovery in the audit that we realized
- 19 that I had included the incorrect schedule of fees, and
- 20 had not included the support that we had developed, and
- 21 so it was provided in discovery and in the audit, and
- 22 then it was referenced in the PAA.
- 23 Q So between DDS-1 and the response to
- 24 production of the documents No. 14, which schedule of
- 25 miscellaneous service charges is accurate?

- 1 A The -- whatever number it is that just gave
- 2 me, the interrogatory -- the POD -- first staff's set of
- 3 PODs no. 14 is that the correct one.
- 4 O Yes.
- 5 A There is a subsequent correct one in the rate
- 6 we were estimating -- we were using a rate of an
- 7 employee that's no longer there, and the rate has
- 8 changed since then for one of the employees.
- 9 Q Did the customer -- I am sorry, did the
- 10 utility ever refile their request for the increased
- 11 charges?
- 12 A No. No.
- Q But it's your testimony that the DDS-1, as it
- 14 stands now, is inaccurate?
- 15 A That's correct.
- 16 Q Thank you.
- 17 And if you could turn with me, please, to the
- 18 exhibit, I believe it's the excerpt of the Florida
- 19 Administrative Rules.
- 20 CHAIRMAN BROWN: We have not marked that.
- It's just with the stack, so it is not marked as an
- exhibit, just in the package that staff
- 23 distributed. Do you have a copy of it, Ms. Swain?
- 24 THE WITNESS: Okay, I am there.
- 25 BY MS. MAPP:

- 1 Q Thank you.
- 2 Could you review what's on the second page,
- 3 Rule 25-30.460(1)(c)?
- 4 A Okay.
- 5 Q Would you agree that this rule provides that
- 6 the violation reconnection charge is -- for wastewater
- 7 is based on actual costs for the reconnection rather
- 8 than an average cost for making those reconnections?
- 9 A Yes, that's what it says.
- 10 Q Thank you.
- 11 Would you agree that only one trip is
- 12 necessary for an initial connection and premise visit?
- 13 A I don't know. I would say typically, yes, but
- 14 I am sure there is an occasion when there may be another
- 15 trip, but I don't know.
- 16 Q Would you agree that a normal reconnection
- charge should be designed to cover the cost of the
- 18 normal reconnection and a subsequent disconnection when
- 19 the customer terminates service?
- 20 A Yes.
- 21 Q Thank you.
- 22 And if you could turn to our exhibit marked
- 96. That's staff's -- KWRU's response to staff's first
- 24 set of rogs No. 30.
- 25 A Okay, I am there.

- 1 Q Okay. Here, KWRU indicated that the salary
- 2 for the person that processes late payment notices is
- 3 \$24.76. However, in the production of documents, No.
- 4 14, which is Exhibit No. 95, the salary for that person
- 5 that processes late payment notices is \$33,75, including
- 6 overhead. Please indicate the salary of the person that
- 7 processes late payment notices, excluding overhead costs
- 8 for benefits and insurance.
- 9 A I can't tell from the -- from the production
- 10 of documents document what the hourly rate was. It
- 11 doesn't state it. But the -- the person that does that
- 12 work is, as indicated on the first set of
- interrogatories No. 30, 24.76.
- 14 Q Okay. And would you agree that the late
- 15 payment charge is designed to defray the cost of
- 16 processing late payment charges?
- 17 A Yes.
- 18 Q Would you agree that using labor, excluding
- 19 the overhead for benefits, insurance, postage and
- 20 supplies, is an appropriate way to develop a late
- 21 payment charge?
- 22 A Well, I think all the costs ought to be
- 23 included.
- 24 O Thank you.
- MS. MAPP: I have no further questions.

1	CHAIRMAN BROWN: Thank you, Ms. Mapp.
2	Commissioners?
3	I have I have a question for you,
4	Ms. Swain, regarding Exhibit 95 that Ms. Mapp was
5	just going over with you, the miscellaneous service
6	charges.
7	What the utility is proposing is a big jump
8	from what is currently in place, correct?
9	THE WITNESS: Right.
10	CHAIRMAN BROWN: And I am just trying to
11	understand the philosophical shift from in the last
12	rate case to this rates case, and why, I guess,
13	your testimony says you are saying that benefits
14	must be included in the labor charges. I just want
15	to get a clear understanding of why the significant
16	jump, and the departure in philosophy on the labor
17	portion.
18	THE WITNESS: The first of all, the shift
19	in the approach is simply that I still I feel
20	strongly, and the utility feels strongly, that they
21	ought to try to recover the actual cost of the work
22	that's being done from the customer that's causing
23	the work to be done that's the first thing
24	rather than have it recovered through the
25	generates. So that's a that's a big shift.

1	Then we sat to analyze what the real cost is.
2	We tried to capture all of those costs, because
3	anything we neglect to include is then going to be
4	left on the shoulders of the generate rate payers.
5	CHAIRMAN BROWN: Okay. So let's go just
6	walk me through this. For the initial connection,
7	normal reconnection, normal disconnection, the cost
8	justification, labor, you have got \$69.34 for
9	normal hours cost. What is the hourly rate of the
10	person that would be performing that labor? And I
11	am trying to understand what the additional
12	benefits are that are associated with it.
13	THE WITNESS: Sure. On the very last page, it
14	has a list of the different employees and what
15	their hourly cost is.
16	CHAIRMAN BROWN: Oh, here it is.
17	THE WITNESS: So those are the hourly costs.
18	And then the labor, benefit the benefits and
19	insurance associated with those employees is
20	23 percent, and that's so that on that
21	particular one, that's a \$12.97 add-on to the
22	labor, to the direct labor to come up with a
23	full you know, a full cost of that of those
24	employees.
25	CHAIRMAN BROWN: What would the benefits be,

1	other than insurance? Would it be a 401(k)? What
2	goes into benefits?
3	THE WITNESS: I am not sure what all the
4	benefits are that the utility has, but certainly it
5	would be any type of group insurance. It would be
6	holidays. It would be vacation time. It would
7	be depending upon how the utility captures all
8	that cost, if it's not charged to something
9	presumably it's a benefit, and it would be included
10	this that.
11	CHAIRMAN BROWN: Okay. And then turning back
12	to the front side of that last page, with regard to
13	the transportation it varies from three miles to
14	six miles, it's kind of all over the place. Can
15	you explain how you get to three miles versus the
16	six miles for the after-hours cost, the normal
17	hours is three miles?
18	THE WITNESS: I think from the office, if I
19	recall what Mr. Johnson told me, from the office
20	was three miles, but if we have somebody if they
21	have somebody on call that has to go out after
22	hours, they are assuming an average six-mile trip
23	from a residence.
24	CHAIRMAN BROWN: Okay. Thank you.
25	Redirect?

- 1 MR. FRIEDMAN: A couple of questions.
- 2 FURTHER EXAMINATION
- 3 BY MR. FRIEDMAN:
- 4 Q Mr. Sayler asked you a question about the PAA
- 5 rates in effect, and whether -- and about a refund. Do
- 6 you remember the questions he asked you about that?
- 7 A Yes.
- 8 Q And in determining whether a refund would be
- 9 necessary for the PAA rates, would you include the
- 10 construction work in progress that the utility has
- incurred or booked since the PAA order?
- 12 A Oh, absolutely, because the PAA rates were
- based upon, as I said, a \$300,000 construction
- work-in-progress, and have spent many millions of
- dollars since then. So that whole portion ought to be
- included if that is going to be -- based upon the timing
- 17 of the refund.
- 18 Q And Mr. Sayler asked you about the
- 19 amortization of the Last Stand fees, made a comment
- 20 that, or question maybe, that it remains in the revenue
- 21 requirement even after the five-year amortization,
- 22 correct?
- 23 A Correct.
- 24 O And he insinuated that that may result in
- over-earnings, do you remember that question?

1 I think that was his insinuation. Α 2 0 All right. Thank you. 3 Isn't it true that the staff routinely 4 conducts audits when the annual reports are filed, and 5 frequently flags potential over-earnings? 6 Α Yes, they do. 7 MR. SAYLER: Outside the scope of my direct 8 examination. Matter of fact, the question before 9 about over-earnings, I did not imply that as it 10 relates to the Last Stand amortization, so that's 11 my objection. 12 MR. FRIEDMAN: I think that's clear why we 13 asked the question, if it wasn't implying that they 14 wouldn't be over-earning at the end of the 15 amortization period. The question would have no 16 meaning otherwise. So it was in direct response to 17 that question. 18 CHAIRMAN BROWN: Okay. Objection overruled. 19 I will allow the question. 20 MR. FRIEDMAN: That's all we have. Thank you. 21 CHAIRMAN BROWN: Okay. Exhibits. We are --22 Would you like this witness has 16 through 18. 23 those moved into the record? 24 MR. FRIEDMAN: I would. You are moving us 25 along.

1 CHAIRMAN BROWN: You better believe it. All 2 right --3 MR. FRIEDMAN: Yes, I do. 4 CHAIRMAN BROWN: Any objection to 16 through 5 18? Seeing none, we will go ahead and do that. 6 (Whereupon, Exhibit Nos. 16-18 were received 7 into evidence.) 8 CHAIRMAN BROWN: And, Public Counsel, you have 9 got Exhibit 94. Would you like that moved? 10 MR. SAYLER: Yes, ma'am. We would like to 11 move 94 into the record. 12 Any objection to moving CHAIRMAN BROWN: 13 Exhibit 94 into the record? 14 MR. FRIEDMAN: Oh, it's already in -- no, 15 that's fine. 16 CHAIRMAN BROWN: Okay. Well, we are going to 17 go ahead and move it again. 18 (Whereupon, Exhibit No. 94 was received into 19 evidence.) 20 CHAIRMAN BROWN: All right. And, staff, you 21 had Exhibits 95 and 96. 22 Yes, we would like to enter those MS. MAPP: 23 as well. 24 We would object to those going MR. SAYLER:

into the record because of the fact that it's

25

1	sur supplementing their testimony. It's not
2	based upon their MFRs. I know she characterized it
3	as an error, but there were ways that they could
4	have corrected the testimony, and things of that
5	nature, so that's our objection.
6	CHAIRMAN BROWN: Okay. Your objection is
7	noted, but we will go ahead and enter those into
8	the record.
9	(Whereupon, Exhibit Nos. 95 & 96 were received
10	into evidence.)
11	CHAIRMAN BROWN: All right. She where did
12	she go?
13	THE WITNESS: I am sorry.
14	CHAIRMAN BROWN: You don't have to come back.
15	THE WITNESS: I assumed I was excused. I am
16	sorry.
17	CHAIRMAN BROWN: I am just messing with you.
18	Your witness will be excused.
19	(Witness excused.)
20	MR. FRIEDMAN: And that concludes the
21	utility's
22	CHAIRMAN BROWN: Okay. Thank you. That does
23	conclude the utility's direct case, and we would be
24	moving on to Public Counsel at this time.
25	Public Counsel, are you ready, Mr. Sayler, to

1	proceeds with the witness the first witness?
2	MR. SAYLER: I would prefer just a short
3	two-minute break.
4	CHAIRMAN BROWN: Sure.
5	MR. SAYLER: And just to transition to for
6	that.
7	CHAIRMAN BROWN: Okay. We will give you give,
8	3:55 we will reconvene.
9	MR. SAYLER: Certainly. Thank you.
10	(Brief recess.)
11	CHAIRMAN BROWN: So this is the order we will
12	begin with the cross Monroe County begins cross,
13	followed by Harbor Shores Condo, followed by the
14	utility, and then staff. So that's the order
15	for
16	MR. FRIEDMAN: I am sorry.
17	CHAIRMAN BROWN: It will go Monroe County,
18	then Harbor Shores Condo, then the utility, and
19	then staff, and then redirect.
20	MR. FRIEDMAN: How can Monroe County have
21	any
22	CHAIRMAN BROWN: Them shouldn't, but that's
23	the order in the
24	MR. FRIEDMAN: Is no friendly testimony no
25	friendly

- 1 CHAIRMAN BROWN: That is correct. There is no friendly cross allowed, but they are going first 2 3 for -- assuming they will go swiftly. 4 So we will begin with Mr. Andrew Woodcock, is 5 that correct? Have you been sworn in? 6 THE WITNESS: Yes, I have. 7 CHAIRMAN BROWN: Thank you. All right, Mr. Sayler, you are up. Staff, are 8 9 you ready to proceed? Okay. 10 Whereupon, 11 ANDREW WOODCOCK 12 was called as a witness, having been previously duly 13 sworn to speak the truth, the whole truth, and nothing 14 but the truth, was examined and testified as follows: 15 EXAMINATION 16 BY MR. SAYLER: 17 Q All right. Mr. Woodcock, would you please 18 state your name and business address for the record? 19 Andrew T. Woodcock. I work at Tetra Tech, at Α 20 201 East Pine Street, Suite 1000, Orlando, Florida. 21 Q And you prepared and caused to be filed 15 22 pages of direct testimony in this proceeding on
  - 24 A I have, yes.

September 14th, is that correct?

23

Q And do you have any corrections or errata to

- 1 your direct testimony?
- 2 A I have a few minor corrections.
- 3 Q All right. Would you please go through those?
- 4 Just let us know the page number and line number.
- 5 A Okay. The first one is on page five, line 16,
- 6 where the number is 850,000, it should read 849,000.
- 7 Continuing on to page six, line 11, the same change,
- 8 850,000 to 849,000. And on page eight, line 10, also
- 9 the same change, 850,000 to 849,000.
- On page 14, line 22, the line begins, yes,
- 11 without have the vacuum tank, it should be having and
- 12 not have.
- And my final correction is on page one of one
- of ATW-2, the second line up from the bottom, instead of
- 15 850,000, it should read 849,000.
- 16 Q And with those changes, do you have any
- 17 further changes railroad revisions to your testimony?
- 18 A I do not.
- 19 Q And with those changes, if I asked you the
- 20 same questions contained in your direct testimony, would
- 21 your answers be the same?
- 22 A Yes.
- MR. SAYLER: All right. Madam Chair, I would
- ask that the testimony of Mr. Woodcock be inserted
- into the record as though read.

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                CHAIRMAN BROWN: We will go ahead and insert
          into the record as though read, Mr. Woodcock's
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          direct prefiled testimony.
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                              All right.
                MR. SAYLER:
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                (Prefiled testimony inserted into the record
     as though read.)
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1		DIRECT TESTIMONY
2		OF
3		ANDREW T. WOODCOCK P.E., MBA
4		On Behalf of the Office of Public Counsel
5		Before the
6		Florida Public Service Commission
7		Docket No. 150071-SU
8		
9	I.	INTRODUCTION/BACKGROUND/SUMMARY
10	Q.	PLEASE STATE YOUR NAME AND BUSINESS ADDRESS.
11	A.	My name is Andrew T. Woodcock. My business address is 201 East Pine St., Suite
12		1000, Orlando, FL 32801.
13		
14	Q.	PLEASE DESCRIBE YOUR EDUCATIONAL BACKGROUND AND WORK
15		EXPERIENCE.
16	A.	I am a Professional Engineer licensed in the State of Florida, P.E. license No. 47118.
17		I graduated from the University of Central Florida in 1988 with a B.S. degree in
18		Environmental Engineering, and in 1989 with an M.S. degree in Environmental
19		Engineering. In 2001, I graduated from Rollins College with an MBA degree. In
20		1990, I was hired at Dyer, Riddle, Mills and Precourt as an engineer. In May 1991, I
21		was hired at Hartman and Associates, Inc., which has since become Tetra Tech. My
22		experience has been in the planning and design of water and wastewater systems
23		with specific emphasis on utility valuation, capital planning, utility financing, utility

mergers and acquisitions, and cost of service rate studies. I have also served as utility rate regulatory staff for St. Johns, Charlotte and Collier Counties in engineering matters. Exhibit ATW-1, Resume of Andrew T. Woodcock, provides additional details of my work experience.

Yes. In 2012, I filed testimony on behalf of Charlotte County regarding a rate

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## HAVE YOU PREVIOUSLY FILED TESTIMONY IN UTILITY RATE CASE 6 Q. 7

PROCEEDINGS?

(Docket No. 070293-SU).

increase in wastewater rates filed by Utilities, Inc. of Sandalhaven. In 2002, I filed testimony on behalf of the St. Johns County Regulatory Authority at a special hearing in an overearnings case against Intercoastal Utilities. I have also filed testimony before the Kentucky Public Service Commission in 2007 on behalf of the Henry County Water District No. 2 (Case No. 2006-00191) regarding system development charges. I have filed testimony in a number of proceedings before the Florida Public Service Commission, on behalf of the Office of Public Counsel (OPC). In 2007, I filed testimony in the Aqua Utilities Florida Rate Case (Docket No. 060368-WS). I also filed testimony regarding the Used and Useful Rule for Water Treatment Systems (Docket No. 070183-WS), the Aqua Utilities Florida Rate Case (Docket No. 080121-WS), and the Water Management Services, Inc. rate case (Docket 100104-WU). I have also filed testimony on behalf of OPC in the previous KW Resort Rate Case

1	Q.	ON WHOSE BEHALF ARE YOU FILING TESTIMONY IN THIS				
2		PROCEEDING?				
3	A.	I am testifying on behalf of the Florida Office of Public Counsel.				
4						
5	Q.	WHAT IS THE PURPOSE OF YOUR TESTIMONY IN THIS				
6		PROCEEDING?				
7	A.	My testimony will address the used and usefulness of the K W Resort (KW or				
8		Company) system as well as the costs and engineering aspects of the proposed pro-				
9		forma adjustments to rate base.				
10						
11	Q.	WHAT INFORMATION DID YOU REVIEW WHEN FORMING YOUR				
12		OPINIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS FOR KW?				
13	A.	I reviewed the Minimum Filing Requirements (MFRs); the Direct Testimony filed by				
14		Frank Seidman, Edward Castle and Chris Johnson; KW's filings in Docket No.				
15		150071-SU; and KW's responses to discovery and staff's data requests. In addition 1				
16		reviewed the relevant Commission rules and Statutes applicable to KW's request,				
17		and some Commission Orders. Finally, I reviewed information from the Florida				
18		Department of Environmental Protection and data on vacuum tank projects in the				
19		Florida Keys.				
20						
21	Q.	PLEASE SUMMARIZE YOUR RECOMMENDATIONS IN THIS CASE.				
22	A.	In my professional opinion:				
23		1) KW's collection system's used and useful percentage is 100%;				

1		2)	K.W's wastewater treatment plant's used and useful percentage prior to
2			construction of the 350,000 gpd capacity expansion is 100%;
3		3)	KW's wastewater treatment plant's used and useful percentage after
4			construction of the 350,000 gpd capacity expansion is 75%;
5		4)	The proposed pro forma plant capacity expansion estimated cost of
6			approximately \$4.3 million is higher than what I would expect for most
7			places in Florida but given the location on the Keys the cost appears to be not
8			unreasonable;
9		5)	The proposed pro forma additions to rate base for the air vacuum tank
10			replacement of \$610,177 are unreasonable and are overstated by \$134.890;
11		6)	The basis for calculating the pro forma cost for chemicals and sludge should
12			be made at a WWTP flow of 507,370 gpd.
13			
14	II.	USEI	AND USEFUL
15	Q.	WHA	T IS YOUR OPINION OF THE USED AND USEFUL PERCENTAGE
16		FOR	THE COLLECTION SYSTEM?
17	A.	I agre	e with KW's assertion that the wastewater collection system remain at 100%
18		used a	and useful, as determined in Order No. PSC-09-0057-FOF-SU. As I testified in
19		the pr	evious KW rate case, the portion of the collection system served by gravity
20		piping	g is fully built out and therefore can be considered 100% used and useful. My
21		reviev	v of this area using system maps and other resources indicates that this
22		contin	rues to be the case.

1		Similarly, my testimony in the previous KW rate case indicated that the portions of
2		the collection system serviced by vacuum technology were funded by Monroe
3		County, and is considered fully contributed. As a result, it was my opinion that the
4		vacuum system should be excluded from the used and useful (U&U) analysis,
5		provided the cost to fund the system is deducted from rate base. My opinion in this
6		matter remains unchanged.
7		
8	Q.	WOULD YOU DESCRIBE THE WASTEWATER TREATMENT PLANT
9		CAPACITY EXPANSION, AND WHY THE COMPANY BELIEVES IT IS
10		NEEDED?
11	A.	The existing WWTP is operating near its 499,000 gallons per day (gpd) capacity and
12		the Company has received requests for service that when connected will exceed this
13		capacity. The expansion consists of adding an additional treatment tank and
14		ancillary processes and facilities that will add an additional 350,000 gpd of treatment
15		capacity to meet future growth needs. This expansion will increase the total plant
16		849,000 (dk) capacity to 850,000 gpd.
17		
18	Q.	ARE YOU AWARE OF ANY DEVELOPMENT PROJECTS THAT ARE
19		DRIVING THE NEED FOR THIS WWTP CAPACITY EXPANSION?
20	A.	Yes. KW has indicated in its MFRs, testimony and responses to discovery that there
21		are a number of development projects that have obtained "dry line permits" meaning

they can construct wastewater collection and transmission facilities; however, they

1		cannot connect to the KW wastewater system until the capacity expansion is
2		constructed and placed into service.
3		
4	Q.	WHAT IS YOUR OPINION OF THE USED AND USEFUL OF THE
5		WASTEWATER TREATMENT PLANT PRIOR TO THE 350,000 GPD
6		EXPANSION?
7	A.	I am of the opinion that the WWTP at its current capacity is 100% used and useful.
8		
9	Q.	WHAT IS YOUR OPINION OF THE USED AND USEFUL ANALYSIS OF
10		THE WASTEWATER TREATMENT PLANT CAPACITY EXPANSION TO 849,000 (dk)
11		850,000 GPD PRESENTED BY THE UTILITY IN ITS MFRS?
12	A.	I agree with KW's calculation of allowable inflow and infiltration (I&I) in the
13		system, and I agree that there is no I&I impact on the U&U calculation. I also agree
14		with the calculations on Schedule F-10 of the MFRs that support an average five
15		year historical ERC growth rate of 7.06%, and the regression analysis which
16		supports an annual growth rate of 5.86%. However, I disagree with KW's assertion
17		of a 100% U&U percentage for the WWTP.
18		
19	Q.	WHAT IS YOUR OPINION OF THE U&U ANALYSIS IN PAA ORDER NO.
20		PSC-16-0123-PAA-SU?
21	A.	Similar to KW's analysis, I agree with the I&I analysis and the basic calculations
22		utilized. However, in the Commission's PAA Order there seems to be some
23		confusion regarding the growth allowance that is a part of the U&U calculation.

Rule 25-30.431, Florida Administrative Code (F.A.C.), provides for two methods of calculating the growth allowance for U&U. One method is based on average ERC growth as described by KW in schedules F-9 and F-10 of the MFRs, and the second method is based on a linear regression using the average Equivalent Residential Connections (ERCs) for five years of historical data. There is also a statutory provision that the annual growth in ERCs should not exceed 5% per year for five years.

In the text of the PAA Order regarding the wastewater treatment plant U&U, the Commission discusses both methods interchangeably but ultimately relies upon the linear regression method for calculating the growth allowance. Overall, I do not agree with the 72% U&U found by the Commission in the Order.

A.

### Q. WHAT IS YOUR APROACH TO THE U&U OF THE KW WASTEWATER TREATMENT PLANT?

My approach is first to evaluate the U&U of the WWTP post expansion based on a pro forma test year of 2016, when the expansion was initially expected to be constructed and placed into service. Secondly, I limit the growth for the system to 5% as provided for in Rule 25-30.431(2)(a) F.A.C., for determining the growth allowance for KW. My U&U approach is consistent with the U&U methodology used by the Commission in the 2001 Burkim Enterprises PAA Order<sup>1</sup>. That case involved a utility experiencing rapid growth. In order to avoid the potential for overearnings resulting from using a historical test year, the Commission found that a

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Order, No. PSC-01-2511-PAA-WS, Issued December 24, 2001, in Docket No. 010396-WS In Re. Burkim Enterprises Inc.

pro forma test year was appropriate<sup>1</sup>. Further, notwithstanding the potential for rapid growth, the Commission did not exceed the 5 years and 5% per year growth rate when determining U&U, stating: "Section 367.081(2)(a)2, Florida Statutes, caps the annual growth rate for the calculation of used and useful at 5% per year for a five year period."2

My opinion of the U&U for the WWTP is 75% as detailed in Exhibit ATW-2, WWTP Used and Useful Calculation.

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#### 9 EXPLAIN THE IMPACT OF USING A 2016 TEST YEAR FOR YOUR U&U Q. 10

ANALYSIS OF THE EXPANDED WWTP CAPACITY OF 850,000 GPD.

A 2016 pro forma test year was used to provide a consistent methodology with the basis of the Phase 2 rates utilized in OPC witness Merchant's testimony. In addition, the expansion project was supposed to be completed and placed into service by December 31, 2016; however, according to KW, it will now be placed into service in the first quarter of 2017. Because the MFRs and testimony are based on a 2014 test year some adjustments are necessary to adequately reflect the wastewater flow that would be expected for a 2016 test year.

One way of doing this would be to simply look at the, now historical, 2015 and 2016 flows to the WWTP. However, I find that this method (1) overlooks the fact that due to limitations in the WWTP capacity there has been essentially no growth in the system and (2) ignores the "mindset" someone in 2014 would have had regarding making adjustments for a pro forma test year.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Burkim Enterprises at 11-12.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Burkim Enterprises at 15.

1		My approach for the adjustment is to assume that growth through 2016 would occur
2		in a manner similar to the historical patterns at the time as shown in Schedules F-9
3		and F-10 of the MFRs. Since this adjustment is for a U&U analysis I limit that
4		growth to the 5% maximum of Rule 25-30.431, FAC. The result is a pro forma 2016
5		test year WWTP flow of 507,370 gpd (461,323 gpd + 46,047 gpd) and a total of
6		4,443 ERCs (4,039 + 202 + 202) as shown on Exhibit ATW-2.
7		I am of the opinion that not only does this adjustment provide for a reasonable pro
8		forma test year of 2016 but it also provides reasonable consideration for the
9		suppressed growth that has occurred as a result of the WWTP capacity limitation.
10		
11	Q.	WHY DID YOU USE THE NOT TO EXCEED VALUE OF 5% PER YEAR
12		FOR THE GROWTH ALLOWANCE OVER THE AVERAGE ERC
13		GROWTH OR LINEAR REGRESSION METHODS?
14	A.	It is my opinion that the adjustments I have made in my analysis to accommodate a
15		2016 test year mitigate the unique conditions associated with the KW WWTP at this
16		time. Therefore, projecting a growth rate above the 5% not to exceed provision of
17		Rule 25-30.431, F.A.C., is not warranted.
18		
19	Q.	AFTER MAKING THE ADJUSTMENTS FOR THE 2016 TEST YEAR, HOW
20		DID YOU CALCULATE YOUR 75% U&U AMOUNT?
21	A.	I applied the statutory criteria in Section 367.081(2)(a)2. F.S., that allows for up to a
22		5% growth allowance per year for 5 years for the period 2017 to 2021. This
23		produced an additional 126,630 gpd and 1,111 ERCs for 2017 to 2021 and results in

1	a total of 634,001 gpd (461,323 + 46,047 + 126,630) of wastewater flow for the
2	period from 2015 to 2021. These flows are divided by the 849,000 gpd capacity of
3	the expanded WWTP resulting in a 75% U&U percentage. My calculations are
4	shown on Exhibit ATW-2.

# 6 Q. CAN YOU SUMMARIZE WHY YOUR 75% U&U CALCULATION IS 7 GREATER THAN THE PAA ORDER'S 72%?

My U&U calculation is slightly higher than the PAA Order's 72% because my calculation includes estimated growth for 2015 and 2016 for the updated test year, as well as projected growth for the five year period from 2017 to 2021, and is capped at 5% per year.

A.

#### 13 III. PRO FORMA ADJUSTMENTS TO RATE BASE

14 Q. WHAT IS YOUR OPINION OF THE COST ESTIMATE FOR THE 350,000
15 GPD WWTP EXPANSION?

In the PAA Order KW was allowed \$3,574,468 in rate base for Phase II rates for the expansion of the WWTP. Around the time the PAA order was issued, KW entered into a contract with Wharton Smith for construction of the expansion for \$4.3 million. As part of KW's filing associated with this protest of the PAA Order, the Company's request was increased to include the amount of \$4.3 million. The proposed 350,000 gpd pro forma plant capacity expansion cost of approximately \$4.3 million is higher than I would expect for most places in Florida; however, given the location in the Florida Keys and the crowded conditions at the WWTP site the

cost appears to be not unreasonable. In addition it appears that KW was prudent in receiving three bids for the project prior to its award. However, since the expansion will be placed into service after this rate case is concluded, the Commission should revisit the actual expansion costs and adjustments to rate base once the project is completed.

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### 7 Q. WHAT ISSUES DO YOU HAVE WITH THE ADDITIONAL PRO FORMA

ADJUSTMENTS TO RATE BASE THAT WERE NOT INCLUDED IN KW'S

#### ORIGINAL PETITION FOR RATE INCREASE?

10 A. KW requested an adjustment to rate base for the cost of a vacuum tank replacement
11 project. The estimated project cost is \$610,177.04, based on Edward Castle's
12 testimony and his Exhibit ERC-3 page 2 of 2. This tank replacement project was not
13 part of KW's original rate request and was added by KW after the PAA Order was
14 protested. It is my opinion that the estimated cost for the replacement of the vacuum
15 tank is overstated by \$134.890. My analysis is presented in Exhibit ATW-3
16 Adjustments To Vacuum Tank Replacement Estimate.

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#### 18 Q. PLEASE GO THROUGH THE DETAILS THAT LED TO YOUR OPINION

THAT THE VACUUM TANK REPLACEMENT COSTS ARE OVERSTATED

- 20 **BY APPROXIMATELY \$135,000.**
- A. After reviewing Mr. Castle's testimony and his Exhibit ERC-3, I reviewed the "Recommendation of Award for Vacuum Station E Tank Rehabilitation" provided
- by Weiler Engineering to the Key Largo Wastewater Treatment District (Key

Largo). I obtained this document through an internet search of the Meeting Minutes of Key Largo. This is a recommendation by Edward Castle with Weiler Engineering in May 2016 for a bid award for the rehabilitation of Key Largo's vacuum tank, and is attached as Exhibit ATW-4. This is the same Edward Castle who is testifying in the docket on behalf of KW. I am comparing the costs of the Key Largo vacuum tank because there are many parallels between the two projects. In addition, it appears that some of the large cost items in the Key Largo project from the basis for some of the costs in the KW vacuum tank replacement project. The total bid for the Key Largo Wastewater Treatment District's tank rehabilitation project is \$218,750 which was negotiated down to \$207,750. In my Exhibit ATW-3, Adjustment to Vacuum Tank Replacement Estimate, I included all the line items from Mr. Castle's Exhibit ERC-3, page 2 of 2, filed in this docket. I do not make any adjustments to lines 1 through 4, 7 or 9 of Mr. Castle's estimate. My first adjustment to Mr. Castle's estimate shown on my exhibit is to line item 5, identified as "Set-up, take-down, operate temp. tank." Similar to the vacuum tank at KW, the large portion of the Key Largo project involves the set up and take down of a temporary vacuum tank which is needed while the contractor is working to rehabilitate the existing tank. For KW, the temporary tank is needed while the contractor is installing a new vacuum tank. The rehabilitation of Key Largo Wastewater Treatment District's tanks includes the cost of paint removal and repainting the tanks. This is identified as 14.5% of the costs on page 25 of 53 of Exhibit ATW-4. Those painting costs were not removed for KW's "set-up, takedown, operate temp. tank" estimate. In my opinion the KW amount should be

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reduced to \$173,281. Additionally it is reasonable to assume that the Key Largo Wastewater Treatment District's bid included all applicable sales tax that is associated with performance of the work, since the contractor performing the work is subject to sales tax, so there is no need to add sales tax as indicated in Mr. Castle's testimony. In my opinion, the sales tax in the amount of \$12,375 should also be removed.

#### Q. WHAT IS YOUR NEXT ADJUSTMENT?

A. My next adjustment removes the sales tax associated with the services described in line items 6 and 8, "Remove existing/Install new tank" and "Backfill and compaction". These items represent labor and activities on-site that are not subject to sales tax. These two adjustments reduce the amount by \$3,975 and \$615, respectively.

A.

#### Q. WHAT IS YOUR NEXT ADJUSTMENT?

The next adjustment removes mobilization and demobilization costs which are shown in line item 10. Given the size of this project and the fact that there is an existing contractor on-site constructing the WWTP expansion who is also performing the Key Largo vacuum tank rehabilitation project, it would be prudent for KW to perform the vacuum tank replacement as a change order to the WWTP expansion contract. Doing so would eliminate the need for a new contractor to mobilize and demobilize on-site, saving \$18,039. In fact, referring to page 1 of Exhibit ATW-4 this very practice occurred in Key Largo with the same engineer and

1 contractor used by KW. If KW uses a change order to complete the vacuum tank 2 replacement, then this mobilization and demobilization cost should be removed.

3

#### 4 Q. AND THE NEXT ADJUSTMENT?

The next adjustment removes, KWRU Staff Assistance from line 11. These costs are already included in the salaries and wages of the utility staff, reducing the tank replacement estimate by \$9,278.45.

8

#### 9 Q. THE NEXT ADJUSTMENT?

10 A. My final adjustment decreases the 15% contingency added to the total cost of the 11 project. It is typical engineering practice to include a contingency amount in cost 12 estimates to compensate for unforeseen changes in the construction market and 13 material prices. Depending upon the level of design detail, contingency factors vary. 14 A 15% contingency on a cost estimate is representative of planning or perhaps 15 preliminary design effort. In this instance KW's engineer has developed bid 16 documents that represent a high level of design detail. As a result it is standard 17 practice to assign a 5% contingency to this level of design, and I have adjusted the 18 contingency in the estimate accordingly.

19

#### 20 Q. DO YOU HAVE ANY FURTHER COMMENTS ON THE VACUUM TANK

21 **REPLACEMENT?** 

having (dk)

22 A. Yes. Without have the vacuum tank bids or contract to review for reasonableness, I
23 believe that \$475,286 is a more reasonable amount than KW's engineering estimate

1		attached to Mr. Castle's testimony. By the time this matter goes to hearing in early
2		November, the vacuum tank project may be largely completed. Therefore, the
3		Commission should be able to obtain the vacuum tank replacement contract as well
4		as the actual costs incurred to review instead of relying upon KW's engineering
5		estimate.
6		In addition, the vacuum tank is a part of KW's wastewater collection system and not
7		part of the wastewater treatment plant. As such, the pro forma adjustment should be
8		placed into account 386 Other Plant - Collection System for purposes of rate base
9		calculation.
10		
11	IV.	ADJUSTMENTS TO OPERATING COSTS
12	Q.	WHAT ADJUSTMENTS DO YOU HAVE TO THE WWTP OPERATING
13		
1.		COSTS?
14	A.	
	A.	COSTS?
14	A.	COSTS?  In the MRFs the operating costs for chemicals and sludge are based upon a 2016
14 15	A.	COSTS?  In the MRFs the operating costs for chemicals and sludge are based upon a 2016 wastewater flow of 550,000 gpd. Based on my adjustments to the wastewater flows
14 15 16	A.	COSTS?  In the MRFs the operating costs for chemicals and sludge are based upon a 2016 wastewater flow of 550,000 gpd. Based on my adjustments to the wastewater flows to achieve a pro forma test year of 2016 I am of the opinion that these costs should
14 15 16 17	A. Q.	COSTS?  In the MRFs the operating costs for chemicals and sludge are based upon a 2016 wastewater flow of 550,000 gpd. Based on my adjustments to the wastewater flows to achieve a pro forma test year of 2016 I am of the opinion that these costs should

- 1 BY MR. SAYLER:
- 2 Q And, Mr. Woodcock, you also had Exhibits ATW-1
- 3 through ATW-4 attached to your testimony, is that
- 4 correct?
- 5 A Correct.
- 6 Q And those are hearing exhibits on the staff's
- 7 comprehensive exhibit list 19 through 22, is that
- 8 correct?
- 9 A Subject to check, yes.
- MR. SAYLER: And now it's time for staff's
- 11 questions.
- 12 CHAIRMAN BROWN: Thank you.
- Ms. Mapp.
- MS. MAPP: Yes, thank you.
- 15 EXAMINATION
- 16 BY MS. MAPP:
- 17 Q Mr. Woodcock, good evening.
- 18 A Good evening.
- 19 Q Could you please look in the large white
- 20 binder in front of you and pull out the comprehensive
- 21 exhibit list? Yes. And turn to page nine.
- 22 A I am there.
- 23 Q No. 70, you are indicated as having produced
- 24 number two and OPC's response to staff's first set of
- interrogatories one through three, is that correct?

- 1 A That is correct.
- 2 Q And did you produce it, or was it produced
- 3 under your direction or control?
- 4 A I produced it myself.
- 5 Q And is it a true and accurate to the best of
- 6 your knowledge or belief?
- 7 A Yes, it is.
- MS. MAPP: Thank you.
- 9 CHAIRMAN BROWN: Thank you.
- 10 Mr. Sayler.
- 11 MR. SAYLER: Madam Chair, we would tender the
- 12 witness for cross, excuse me --
- 13 CHAIRMAN BROWN: A little summary?
- MR. SAYLER: Yes.
- 15 BY MR. SAYLER:
- 16 Q Did you prepare a summary of five minutes or
- 17 less?
- 18 A Yes, I did.
- 19 Q All right. Would you please present that?
- 20 A Yes.
- Good evening, my name is Andrew Woodcock. I
- 22 am a Florida Registered Professional Engineer in the
- 23 state of Florida, with 26 years experience in the water
- 24 and wastewater industry. My experience includes the
- design and permitting, capacity evaluations, condition

- 1 assessments, planning of water and wastewater utilities,
- 2 also including rates in financial feasibility.
- I have testified in numerous rate cases, both
- 4 before the Public Service Commission and other
- 5 non-jurisdictional counties in Florida. And I was also
- 6 the engineering expert for OPC during the last KW rate
- 7 case in 2009.
- For my testimony, I reviewed KWRU's used and
- 9 useful calculation for the wastewater collection system
- 10 used and useful for the current wastewater treatment
- 11 plant capacity, and used and useful for the expanded
- 12 plant capacity.
- In my opinion, the used and useful for the KW
- 14 wastewater collection system is 100 percent based on my
- analysis that the gravity collection system is fully
- 16 built out, and that the vacuum system is fully
- 17 contributed.
- For the wastewater treatment plant, my opinion
- is in two parts, first for the current plant capacity
- and seconds for the expanded plant capacity.
- 21 For the Phase I revenues and rates, the
- 22 current wastewater treatment plant capacity I find to be
- 23 100 percent used and useful, which is consistent with
- 24 the Commission's decision in the last rate case. For
- 25 the Phase II revenues and final rates, it is my opinion

- 1 that the expanded plant should be 75 percent used and
- 2 useful.
- After the expansion is completed in 2017, the
- 4 capacity of the wastewater treatment plant will increase
- 5 to 849,000 gallons a day. I calculated the appropriate
- 6 used and useful percentage to be 75 percent based on,
- 7 first, adjusting the 2014 wastewater information in the
- 8 MFRs, and updating it to a pro forma 2016 year, test
- 9 year. Then I applied a five-percent annual growth
- 10 allowance for a five-year period from 2017 to 2021, as
- 11 provided for in Rule 25-30.413, Florida Administrative
- 12 Code, and statute, to calculate a 75 percent used and
- 13 useful amount.
- While my used and useful percentage is similar
- to Mr. Seidman's', mine is calculated using a
- 16 five-percent growth allowance starting in 2017, and he
- 17 used a larger seven-percent growth allowance for his
- 18 2015. However, his conclusion that the plant expansion
- 19 should be 100 percent used and useful based on the 2009
- 20 rate case order is incorrect.
- I also reviewed the reasonableness of the
- 22 plant expansion project and vacuum tank replacement
- 23 project. My opinion of the overall costs of the \$4.3
- 24 million expansion to the wastewater treatment plant is
- 25 that it is high, but it is not unreasonable, given the

- 1 region and the crowded conditions at the wastewater
- 2 treatment plant site. Anything above that amount could
- 3 be unreasonable.
- 4 The estimated cost of the vacuum tank
- 5 replacement, as described in KW's direct testimony, is
- 6 approximately \$610,000. I find that amount to be
- 7 \$135,000 too high based on my analysis and review of
- 8 similar projects in the region. A more reasonable
- 9 amount will be approximately \$470,000 or lower.
- 10 Finally, I reviewed the chemical and sludge
- 11 hauling cost calculations. I am of the opinion that,
- 12 based on my adjustments of wastewater flows to arrive at
- the 2016 test year, that the chemical and sludge
- operating costs should be based on a wastewater
- 15 treatment plant flow of 507,000 gallons per day, and not
- 16 550,000 gallons per day, as filed in the MFRs.
- 17 And that concludes the summary of my
- 18 testimony.
- 19 CHAIRMAN BROWN: Thank you.
- 20 MR. SAYLER: Now I would like to tender our
- 21 witness for cross-examination.
- 22 CHAIRMAN BROWN: Thank you. I want to welcome
- you back, Mr. Woodcock, before the Florida Public
- 24 Service Commission. I quess the last time we saw
- you was during the agua case.

1 THE WITNESS: I believe the last time was 2010 2 with WMSI in St. George. 3 CHAIRMAN BROWN: Oh, yes. 4 THE WITNESS: But it's a pleasure always to be 5 before the Commission. CHAIRMAN BROWN: Nice to see you. 6 7 All right. So we will be -- a reminder to the 8 intervenors that friendly cross will not be 9 permitted, and with that caveat, Monroe County. 10 MR. WRIGHT: No cross-examination, Madam 11 Chairman. Thank you. 12 CHAIRMAN BROWN: Thank you. 13 Harbor Shores. No cross-examination. 14 MS. AKTABOWSKI: Thank 15 you. 16 CHAIRMAN BROWN: All right. Back to the 17 utility. 18 EXAMINATION 19 BY MR. SMITH: 20 Yes, Mr. Woodcock, you kept your used and Q 21 useful at five-percent per annual growth, correct? 22 Α That is correct. 23 Okay. In your calculation, you did not Q consider environmental compliance in your used and 24

useful?

25

- 1 A My calculations did not consider 100 percent
- 2 compliance for use -- or environmental compliance costs
- 3 for used and useful, that is correct.
- 4 Q You did not state in your testimony that any
- 5 amount above 4.3 million may be excessive, correct?
- 6 A I believe I did.
- 7 Q I will direct you to page 10 of your
- 8 testimony, where you discuss the plant cost. If you
- 9 could read that, and then identify where you state any
- amount higher than 4.3 million may be excessive.
- 11 A Give me a second. Do you have a line number I
- 12 could look at?
- 13 Q It doesn't exist, so when you read it, please
- 14 let me know when you find it.
- 15 A Okay.
- 16 Q And that was page 11.
- 17 A May I turn the page to look for where I feel
- 18 like it might be located?
- 19 Q Certainly.
- 20 A Okay. I will say that, given the location of
- 21 the Florida Keys -- I am at the bottom of page 10, line
- 22 22 -- and the crowded conditions at the wastewater
- treatment plant, the cost appears to be not
- 24 unreasonable.
- Q Where is there a statement that anything

#### 1 higher than 4.3 million may be excessive? 2 Α I guess I will give you that. But it would 3 certainly be, I think, cause for review, because I 4 already think that the 4.3 million is on the very high 5 side of things, so anything that would be above that amount would certainly be -- require some more scrutiny. 6 7 Q Thank you. 8 No further questions. 9 CHAIRMAN BROWN: Thank you. 10 Staff. 11 Staff has no questions for this MS. MAPP: 12 witness. 13 CHAIRMAN BROWN: Okay. Redirect? 14 MR. SAYLER: No redirect. And may this 15 witness be excused? 16 CHAIRMAN BROWN: This witness may be excused. 17 However, what about exhibits? 18 MR. SAYLER: Well, I better move those in 19 first. 20 CHAIRMAN BROWN: Commissioners, I forgot about 21 us. 22 You are trying move it along. MR. FREIDMAN: 23 MR. SAYLER: Yes, ma'am. Office of Public

Counsel, prior to the excusal of this witness,

would like to move in Exhibits 19 through 22.

24

25

1 CHAIRMAN BROWN: Okay. Any objection? We 2 will go ahead and move 19 through 22. 3 (Whereupon, Exhibit Nos. 19-22 were received 4 into evidence.) 5 CHAIRMAN BROWN: Mr. Woodcock, safe travels. 6 THE WITNESS: Thank you. 7 CHAIRMAN BROWN: Thank you. 8 (Witness excused.) 9 MR. SAYLER: Thank you, Madam Chairman. 10 now Public Counsel would like to call Ms. Patricia 11 Merchant to the stand. 12 CHAIRMAN BROWN: Who is that? 13 I don't know who Patricia is. MR. SAYLER: 14 have been working with Trisha for about five or six 15 years. 16 CHAIRMAN BROWN: I have never heard of a 17 Patricia. 18 THE WITNESS: That's how I sign my checks. 19 I am sure Patricia is also the MR. SAYLER: 20 name her parents called her when she was in 21 trouble. 22 CHAIRMAN BROWN: I am sure. Ms. Merchant, 23 were you sworn in earlier? 24 THE WITNESS: Yes, I was. 25 CHAIRMAN BROWN: Great.

1	Whereupon,
2	PATRICIA MERCHANT
3	was called as a witness, having been previously duly
4	sworn to speak the truth, the whole truth, and nothing
5	but the truth, was examined and testified as follows:
6	THE WITNESS: Can I move this? Is that good?
7	CHAIRMAN BROWN: Yeah. You sound good.
8	EXAMINATION
9	BY MR. SAYLER:
10	Q All right. When you are ready, Ms. Merchant,
11	would you please state your name and business address
12	for the record?
13	A Yes. But let me get situated first, please.
14	MR. SAYLER: Also, while she is getting
15	situated, we would like to pass out an exhibit. It
16	contains an errata sheet to her testimony.
17	CHAIRMAN BROWN: Okay. Staff is coming to
18	assist you.
19	MR. SAYLER: This errata was previously filed
20	in the docket file, along with updates to two of
21	her exhibits. The updated exhibits are already
22	identified in the comprehensive exhibits list, and
23	this is the errata to her testimony. If it is your
24	pleasure
25	CHAIRMAN BROWN: Yes.

- 1 MR. SAYLER: -- she can read through all of 2 this, or you can just have the court reporter 3 update it, but I need it identified for the record. 4 CHAIRMAN BROWN: I was just going to say, why 5 don't we first identify it as Exhibit 97. 6 (Whereupon, Exhibit No. 97 was marked for 7 identification.) 8 CHAIRMAN BROWN: And I think that will 9 suffice, unless you want her to read it through. 10 Whatever your preference is, really. 11 Well, let me check with the MR. SAYLER: 12 utility. 13 Whatever is fastest. MR. SMITH: 14 Okay. So that would be -- we CHAIRMAN BROWN: 15 could enter it into the record at the conclusion. 16 MR. SMITH: Yes. 17 CHAIRMAN BROWN: Okay. All right. 18 BY MR. SAYLER: 19 Ms. Merchant, are you ready? 0 20 Α Yes, sir. 21 All right. Please state your name, business Q
  - 23 A My name is Patricia W. Merchant. My address 24 is 111 West Madison Street, Tallahassee, Florida, 32399,

address for the record, and by whom you are employed?

and I am employed by the Office of Public Counsel.

22

1 Q Have you prepared and caused to be filed 88 2 pages of direct testimony in this proceeding? 3 Α Yes. 4 0 And on October 27th, the Office of Public 5 Counsel filed an errata to your testimony, is that 6 correct? 7 Α Yes. 8 Q And that has been identified in this 9 proceeding as Exhibit 97? 10 Α Correct. 11 And with those changes identified in your 0 12 errata, if I asked you the same questions again in your 13 testimony, would your answers be the same? 14 Yes, they would. Α 15 I would ask that Ms. Merchant's MR. SAYLER: 16 testimony with the errata be inserted into the 17 record as though read. 18 CHAIRMAN BROWN: Okay, without -- we will --19 since the errata is identified as an exhibit, we 20 will do the errata portion at the conclusion of her 21 many testimony, but we will go ahead and insert Ms. 22 Merchant's prefiled direct testimony into the 23 record as though read. 24 MR. SAYLER: Thank you.

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(Prefiled testimony inserted into the record

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as though read.)
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#### Patricia W. Merchant Errata Sheet to her Direct Testimony

Page 10, line 5 remove the "comma" after test year

Page 38, line 15, remove the "s" on adjustments

Page 38, lines 18 to 22, remove "Audit Finding 1, the auditors reduced plant by \$30,090 for engineering costs related to the wastewater permit modification and reclassified the costs to add them to the deferred asset account for the wastewater permit fees. I agree with this adjustment to remove the costs from plant in Phase I, and I have included them in the balance of CWIP. Further, in"

Page 38, line 24, remove "also"

Page 47, line 12 replace ".075%" should be "0.75%"

Page 49, line 4 replace "0.075%" with "0.75%" and replace "3.584%" with "4.25%"

Page 49, line 16, replace "3.39%" with "3.99"

1		DIRECT TESTIMONY
2		OF
3		PATRICIA W. MERCHANT, CPA
4		On Behalf of the Office of Public Counsel
5		Before the
6		Florida Public Service Commission
7		Docket No. 150071-SU
8		
9		INTRODUCTION
10	Q.	PLEASE STATE YOUR NAME AND BUSINESS ADDRESS.
11	A.	My name is Patricia W. Merchant. My business address is Room 812, 111 West
12		Madison Street, Tallahassee Florida, 32399-1400.
13		
14	Q.	BY WHOM ARE YOU EMPLOYED AND WHAT IS YOUR POSITION?
15	A.	I am employed as a Chief Legislative Analyst with the Office of Public Counsel
16		(OPC). I began my employment with OPC in March, 2005. I am also a Certified
17		Public Accountant licensed in the State of Florida.
18		
19	Q.	PLEASE DESCRIBE YOUR EDUCATIONAL BACKGROUND AND
20		PROFESSIONAL EXPERIENCE.
21	A.	In 1981, I received a Bachelor of Science degree with a major in accounting from
22		Florida State University. In that same year, I was employed by the Florida Public
23		Service Commission (PSC) as an auditor in the Division of Auditing and Financial
24		Analysis. In 1983, I joined the PSC's Division of Water and Sewer as an analyst
25		in the Bureau of Accounting. From May, 1989 to February, 2005 I was a regulatory

1	supervisor i	n the	Division	of	Water	and	Wastewater	which	evolved	into	the
2	Division of I	Econo	mic Regul	atio	on.						

#### 4 Q. HAVE YOU PREVIOUSLY TESTIFIED BEFORE THE FLORIDA PUBLIC

#### SERVICE COMMISSION?

A. Yes, I have testified numerous times before the PSC as an expert witness. I have also testified before the Division of Administrative Hearings as an expert witness.

A.

#### 9 Q. ARE YOU SPONSORING ANY EXHIBITS IN THIS CASE?

Yes. I am sponsoring Exhibit PWM-1, a summary of my regulatory experience and qualifications, which is attached to my testimony. I also sponsor Exhibits PWM-2 to PWM-9, which are described on my Table of Contents page. Exhibit PWM-2 contains the accounting spreadsheets for my recommended Phase I revenue requirement calculations. Exhibit PWM-3 contains the accounting spreadsheets for my recommended Phase II revenue requirement calculations.

A.

#### Q. WHAT IS THE PURPOSE OF YOUR TESTIMONY IN THIS DOCKET?

I am presenting OPC's overall recommended Phase I and Phase II revenue requirements in this case and I provide testimony regarding the appropriate rate base, net operating income, cost of capital, revenue requirement and rates for KW Resort Utilities Corporation (KW or Utility). I present evidence supporting the need to update the historical test year so that it will be representative of the time that the proposed plant expansion will be placed into service. I further testify about adjustments to the Commission's Proposed Agency Action (PAA) Order No. PSC-

1 16-0123-PAA-SU<sup>1</sup> (PAA Order), including adjustments which I support and adjustments with which I disagree.

A.

# 4 Q. ARE ANY ADDITIONAL WITNESSES APPEARING ON BEHALF OF 5 THE FLORIDA OFFICE OF PUBLIC COUNSEL IN THIS CASE?

Yes. Andrew T. Woodcock, P.E., with the firm Tetra Tech, Inc., is presenting testimony on the appropriate amount of the plant additions related to the expansion of the wastewater treatment plant, the appropriate cost of the vacuum tank plant replacement, and the appropriate amount of non-used and useful plant, as well as some additional calculations which I incorporated into my recommended Phase I and Phase II revenue requirements and rates.

A.

#### SUMMARY

# 14 Q. PLEASE PROVIDE A BRIEF SUMMARY OF YOUR TESTIMONY IN 15 THIS CASE.

I testify to numerous issues that show that the Utility's requested rate increase and the Commission's approved PAA Order Phase I and Phase II rate increases are excessive. Further, the historic test year requested by the Utility and relied upon by the Commission in its PAA Order is unreasonable for setting rates for the growth-related wastewater treatment plant. Similar to the PAA Order, I use two separate test years to establish rates for KW. I have utilized an historic test year ended December 31, 2014 for Phase I rates, and I have calculated rate base, cost of capital, net operating income and rates for Phase I as shown in my Exhibit PWM-

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Order No. PSC-16-0123-PAA-SU, issued March 23, 2016, in Docket No. 150071-SU, In re: Application for increase in wastewater rates in Monroe County by K W Resort Utilities Corp.

1		2. The appropriate revenue requirement for Phase I rates should be \$1,821,039,
2		which represents an increase of \$286,840, or 18.69%, to adjusted 2014 test year
3		revenues. For purposes of setting Phase II rates I have updated the 2014 test year
4		forward to a pro forma 2016 test year, as I describe in detail later in my testimony.
5		Based on my adjustments presented in Exhibit PWM-3, I testify that the appropriate
6		revenue requirement for Phase II rates should be \$2,269,893, representing an
7		increase of \$568,263, or 33.40%, to adjusted 2016 pro forma test year revenues.
8		Some of the other issues with which I present testimony include the following:
9		<ul> <li>Exclusion of known and measurable growth-related adjustments;</li> </ul>
10		<ul> <li>Overstatement of pro forma operating expenses;</li> </ul>
11		• Amortization of legal fees associated with the litigation of the treatment
12		plant expansion permit, which should be capitalized;
13		• Amortization of accounting fees for the Utility to correct its books after the
14		last rate case;
15		<ul> <li>Miscellaneous revenues and reuse gallons and appropriate rate;</li> </ul>
16		Refund of revenues collected under excessive PAA Rates;
17		• Discontinuance of collection of Contributions in Aid of Construction
18		(CIAC) Charges.
19		
20		APPROPRIATE TEST YEAR
21	Q.	WHAT TEST YEAR DID KW REQUEST IN THIS DOCKET?
22	A.	KW requested an historical test year ended December 31, 2014. To that test year,
23		KW made substantial pro forma adjustments to rate base, operating expenses and
24		the capital structure to add post-test year increases to its requested revenue
25		requirement.

1 <b>Q</b>	<b>)</b> .	WHAT	<b>TYPES</b>	OF	PRO	<b>FORMA</b>	ADJUSTMENTS	DID	THE	UTILITY
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#### 2 MAKE TO ITS HISTORICAL TEST YEAR MINIMUM FILING

#### 3 REQUIREMENTS (MFRs) IN THIS DOCKET?

To begin, the Utility made a pro forma adjustment to increase plant by \$3,574,468 A. and accumulated depreciation by \$196,282 for its new wastewater treatment plant expansion, which KW has now indicated will go into service no sooner than March 2017. Second, it made pro forma adjustments to accumulated depreciation and depreciation expense to annualize its 2014 test year depreciation expense based on other test year plant additions that went into service in 2014. Third, KW made adjustments to its historical test year adding more than \$840,000 in pro forma operation and maintenance (O&M) expense adjustments, including additional salaries and benefits, chemicals, purchased power, accounting fees, sludge hauling fees, materials and supplies, contractual services for engineering, testing and other, insurance, and miscellaneous expenses. Fourth, the Utility made an adjustment to amortize legal fees over 5 years for its defense of its Florida Department of Environmental Protection (DEP) application for a construction/operating permit to expand plant capacity in an administrative challenge by the Last Stand organization. Finally, the Company made corresponding adjustments to taxes other than income related to its other O&M expense pro forma adjustments.

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### Q. IS THE 2014 HISTORICAL TEST YEAR WITH PRO FORMA

#### 22 ADJUSTMENTS APPROPRIATE FOR SETTING RATES FOR KW IN

#### 23 THIS PROCEEDING?

A. Yes and no. First, I believe that a 2014 historical test year can be appropriate in this docket, but only to the extent that the Commission implements a two-phased

rate increase. To explain, an historical test year with proper adjustments can be appropriate to establish rates from the date KW implemented the Commission's Phase I rates in the PAA Order until its new plant expansion is placed into service. However, the Utility is expecting material growth in its treatment capacity. customers, and consumption; therefore, an historical test year is not appropriate. In this docket, based on its statements in its MFRs, KW is expecting substantial growth in customers and consumption as soon as the new wastewater treatment plant is placed in service; so much so that KW's projected 7% growth per year exceeds the statutory 5% growth cap. While some of the pro forma adjustments that the Utility has requested for salaries and advanced wastewater treatment (AWT) may be appropriate for a 2014 historic test year, the majority of the requested pro forma adjustments relate to the implementation of the wastewater treatment expansion. The Utility's filing did not include any growth-related offsets that would reduce the revenue requirement. Including growth-related plant and expense pro forma adjustments without including the corresponding adjustments for the impact of growth in customer contributions in aid of construction (CIAC), additional customer bills and equivalent residential connections (ERCs) and wastewater treatment consumption, will overstate the per-ERC cost. This is the basic concept of the "matching principle." To include the growth-related increases without the related reductions will immediately overstate the revenues and earnings received by the Utility when the new rates are implemented, and will not result in fair, just, and compensatory rates pursuant to Section 367.081, Florida Statutes.

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Q. ARE THERE ADDITIONAL. CONCERNS YOU WOULD LIKE TO ADDRESS TO SHOW THAT THE COMPANY'S HISTORICAL TEST

### YEAR WILL NOT BE REPRESENTATIVE OF THE INVESTMENT

#### LEVELS WHEN THE NEW RATES WILL BE IMPLEMENTED?

A. Yes. Adding in the positive pro forma adjustments that will increase rates for its historical test year and ignoring the offsets that reduce rates clearly results in "cherry-picking." The definition of "cherry-picking" according to the Merriam-Webster online dictionary<sup>2</sup> is to pick or accept the best people or things in a group, or to select the best or most desirable. The addition of material amounts of growth in CIAC, customers and consumption are clearly evident in the Utility's filing, as well as the actual changes that have occurred since the end of the 2014 test year. These items represent material known and measurable transactions that are being ignored. Further, if you increase the costs of plant and operating expenses without reflecting the known and reasonably expected increases in sales and customer growth, which KW clearly expects, you will inflate the average cost per customer over the true cost and thus overstate the rates charged to customers. As I address later in my testimony, the Utility has collected almost \$500,000 of CIAC since December 31, 2014, which is a substantial amount. The test year used should provide a foundation for determining the statutory requirement of just and reasonable rates. Without the inclusion of the offsetting decreasing impacts to the revenue requirement, the Commission will establish unfair, unjust and unreasonable rates.

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Q. WHAT ARE THE STATEMENTS THE UTILITY MADE IN ITS MFRS ON WHICH YOU ARE BASING YOUR STATEMENT THAT THE UTILITY IS EXPECTING SUBSTANTIAL GROWTH IN CUSTOMERS AND

<sup>2</sup> http://www.merriam-webster.com/dictionary/cherry-pick

#### **CONSUMPTION?**

2	Α	On MFR Schedule F-6 page 2 of 4, it states in page	٠٢٠
_	л.	Jii Mir it belieduie i -o page 2 of 4, it states iii pa	ıı.

In 2013 the maximum 3MADF<sup>3</sup> was at 91% of the .499 MGD<sup>4</sup> permitted capacity. When the permitted capacity (measured in 3MADF) will be equal or exceeded within the next six months, the permitee is required to submit an application for a construction/operating permit to expand. In April, 2014, KWRU submitted an application to FDEP to increase the processing capacity of the plant by .350 MGD based on known flows through 2013. In June, 2014, the FDEP issued an "Intent to Issue" a construction permit. By October, 2014, the 3MADF had reached 102% of the permitted capacity. At that point, the County would only issue dry permits until the KWRU expansion is approved and construction is under way. As a result, flows going forward are suppressed in 2015 from what they would have been. The need for the expansion is critical. In April, 2015, FDEP<sup>5</sup> was still holding hearings wherein developers were concerned that the requested .350 GPD<sup>6</sup> [sic] expansion was inadequate. The Utility rate of growth has been at a historical average of just over 7%, even considering recent slower growth due to suppression. It is expected to continue at that rate including and after the known suppressed demand comes on line in the year the plant expansion is completed.

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#### Q. IS THE NEW TREATMENT PLANT EXPANSION DESIGNED FOR

#### 25 HISTORICAL CUSTOMER FLOWS OR FOR FUTURE CUSTOMER

#### 26 GROWTH?

27 A. Clearly, expanding the treatment plant capacity from the existing capacity of .499

28 MPD to .849 MPD (a 79% increase in capacity), is designed primarily for future

29 growth. While some small component of the new plant is needed for current

customer consumption, the majority of the plant expansion is designed for customer

31 growth beyond the level of current customers.

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#### Q. WOULD ANOTHER TEST YEAR BE MORE APPROPRIATE THAN THE

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> 3MADF is the 3 Month Average Daily Flow.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> MGD is Million Gallons Per Day

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> FDEP is the Florida Department of Environmental Protection

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> GPD is Gallons Per Day

#### 2014 TEST YEAR TO ESTABLISH RATES AFTER THE WASTEWATER

#### TREATEMENT PLANT IS PLACED INTO SERVICE?

Yes. The growth from the wastewater treatment expansion will begin when the new plant is placed into service. A projected test year of at least a year out from the date the plant goes into service would clearly be more representative of the level of investment, operating income and expenses, and customer billing determinants for that first year. This will allow the rates established to be representative of the circumstances at the time the new plant expansion is placed into service. KW did not qualify to implement an interim rate increase due to the level of rate base and operating earnings for the 2014 test year. However, the Utility was required to implement advanced wastewater treatment to its existing treatment plant as of January 1, 2016, and it is my understanding that it has done so. Understandably, the existing treatment plant would incur additional costs of chemicals, purchased power and sludge hauling expenses, as well as some additional operational personnel.

A.

A.

# Q. IF THE 2014 TEST YEAR IS NOT APPROPRIATE, WHAT ADJUSTMENTS SHOULD THE COMMISSION MAKE?

The Company has stated that the new plant expansion will not be completed and placed into service until the end of the first quarter of 2017. The best representative test year would have been a 2017 average projected test year that takes into account all of the matching items necessary to set rates for the time that the plant will be placed into service. While a 2017 test year would be the best to use to set rates in this docket, including the growth-related plant expansion, unfortunately that ship has sailed. At this point, the Company has not provided the necessary information

to enable the Commission to properly establish the most reasonable test year for the growth-related plant expansion and the resulting customer growth that will ensue. That being said, for the many reasons which I will discuss later, an alternative 2016 projected balance with proper adjustments can be utilized, which will be much more representative than using an historic 2014 test year,. I will refer to this as a Pro Forma Test Year Ended December 31, 2016. As I address the different test year items in my testimony, I specifically outline the adjustments that will allow an adjusted pro forma 2016 test year to be the most appropriate to set prospective rates.

A.

Q. HAS THE COMMISSION PREVIOUSLY USED A PROJECTED TEST
YEAR WHEN GROWTH WAS OCCURRING AT AN EXCEPTIONAL
RATE TO BETTER MATCH INCREASING REVENUES WITH THE
HIGH LEVEL OF PRO FORMA ADDITIONS?

Yes, the Commission has allowed projected test years on many occasions when circumstances warranted matching a utility's investment with its operating income, expenses, and customer growth. Also, projected test years are regularly used in electric rate cases. One relevant case in the water and wastewater industry which issues are very similar to KW's case, is the Burkim Enterprises, Inc. (Burkim), staff assisted rate case (SARC). In Order No. PSC-01-2511-PAA-WS<sup>7</sup>, the Commission, stated that it was appropriate to use a projected test year when the Utility was growing at an exceptionally high rate per year. The Commission Order in the Burkim case states:

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Issued December 24, 2001, in Docket No. 010396-WS, <u>In Re: Application for staff-assisted rate case</u> in Brevard County by Burkim <u>Enterprises, Inc.</u>, pages 11-12.

1 For audit purposes, we selected a historical test year ending May 31, 2 2001. Because the utility is growing at an exceptionally high rate (29) connections per year), rates based on historical data alone will be 3 significantly different than rates based on current or even future 4 conditions, and the potential for overearning exists if a projected test 5 year is not used. We find that a projected test year ending May 31, 2003 6 7 is appropriate in this case and will better match increasing revenues with the high level of DEP required pro forma additions that are being 8 9 approved. 10 This is consistent with Order No. 15725, issued February 21, 1986, in 11 12 Docket No. 840315-WS, In re: Application of Martin Downs Utilities, Inc. For an increase in water and wastewater rates to its customers in 13 14 Martin County, Florida, in which we found the following: 15 The test year is an analytical device used in rate making 16 proceedings to compute current levels of investment and income 17 in order to determine the amount of revenue that will be required 18 to assure a company a fair return on its investment. Test year 19 data must be adjusted to properly reflect conditions in the future 20 period for which rates are being fixed. Based upon historical 21 data we anticipate Martin Downs will continue to experience 22 rapid growth of demand for its services. 23 24 Therefore, we found that a projected test year was appropriate. 25 26 27 Because of the above factors, we find that a projected test year is appropriate in this case to better match rate base with customer base on 28 29 a going forward basis, and allow the utility an opportunity to earn a fair return on its investments. A projected test year ending May 31, 2003, 30 shall be approved. 31 32 33 (Emphasis added.) 34 WHAT CIRCUMSTANCES ARE SIMILAR FROM THE TWO ABOVE 35 Q. CASES AND THE CURRENT KW RATE CASE? 36 These two cases clearly represent similar facts to the KW case regarding growth. 37 A. 38 First, in the Burkim case, the Commission audited an historical case and then projected two years out. This is consistent with my testimony in this docket. 39 Second, both Burkim and Martin Downs had significant expected growth and also 40

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significant growth in plant. In those cases, the Commission expressed concerns

that if a projected test year were not used, then the future customer growth would

produce overearnings. These are precisely the same arguments that I am making in this current rate case. Additionally, as OPC witness Woodcock addresses in his testimony, the Burkim case limited the growth factor for the used and useful calculation based on the 5% statutory cap. As I will address in the test year revenue section of my testimony, the Commission in Burkim and Martin Downs used the historical billing and customer growth factor to project forward two years after the historical audited billing determinants. Based on the facts that I present in this case, the Commission should be consistent with its prior practice and update the test year in this case for Phase II rates to a pro forma 2016 year-end test year.

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#### RATE BASE

#### Plant in Service

#### Q. WHAT IS THE APPROPRIATE AMOUNT OF PLANT IN SERVICE FOR

**ESTABLISHING PHASE I RATES?** 

- The amount of plant in service for the Phase I rates should be \$11,108,464, which A. is the amount of plant in service that was approved in the PAA Order in this docket. This reflects the adjustments made by the Commission to reflect the agreed-upon audit reductions of \$817,240 from Audit Finding 1, and to remove the Utility's requested pro forma plant of \$3,574,468, for a total decrease to plant of \$4,391,708.
- 20 WHEN YOU REFER TO "AGREED-UPON ADJUSTMENTS," TO WHAT Ο. 21

ARE YOU REFERRING?

I am referring to the reference that the Commission uses in its PAA Order to delineate adjustments to which both the Utility and Staff have agreed. By reading these words, "agreed-upon," this could be interpreted as a stipulation among all parties. However, this is not the case, as OPC in PAA proceedings routinely is not asked to join into these agreements between the Utility and Staff. I am simply making this clarification for the record, and will specifically delineate the issues that I disagree with and which are part of the PAA Order as previously agreed-upon adjustments.

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# Q. DO YOU HAVE ANY COMMENTS THAT YOU WOULD LIKE TO MAKE REGARDING AUDIT FINDING 1?

Yes, in Audit Finding 1, the staff auditors made recommendations to correct the Utility's plant balances since KW's last rate case in Docket 070293-SU. The test year for that docket was the year ended December 31, 2006. In Order No. PSC-09-0057-FOF-SU, issued January 27, 2009, the Commission made a \$933,498 reduction to plant in service in 15 separate adjustments to plant and 15 corresponding adjustments to accumulated depreciation. On page 46 of the order, the Commission "ORDERED that the Utility shall provide proof within 90 days of this final order that the adjustments for all the applicable NARUC USOA primary accounts have been made."

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DID THE UTILITY COMPLY WITH ORDER NO. PSC-09-0057-FOF-SU 18 Q. 19 AND FILE A REPORT TO **PROVIDE** PROOF **THAT** THE ADJUSTMENTS FOR ALL THE APPLICABLE NARUC<sup>8</sup> USOA<sup>9</sup> 20 21 PRIMARY ACCOUNTS HAVE BEEN MADE WITHIN 90 DAYS OF THIS 22 FINAL ORDER?

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> National Association of Regulatory Utility Commissioners

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> Uniform System of Accounts

1	A.	No. There is no filing from KW on the PSC's website in Docket No. 070293-SU
2		that addresses whether the Utility made the adjustments to correct its books to
3		reflect the Commission ordered adjustments from the Final Order in the last rate
4		case. This is a standard requirement in all water and wastewater rate cases before
5		the Commission for at least the last 15 years. While Commission staff did not
6		verify whether KW had complied with this requirement, it is the Utility's burden to
7		comply with the Commission's order.
8		
9	Q.	DOES THE UTILITY'S FAILURE TO COMPLY WITH PSC ORDER NO.
10		PSC-09-0057-FOF-SU HAVE AN IMPACT IN THE CURRENT RATE
11		CASE?
12	Α.	Yes, since the Utility's books and records are not consistent with the adjusted
13		balances as approved and required to be corrected in the last rate case. In addition,
14		as I discuss in detail in the Working Capital section of my testimony, the Utility
15		also hired outside accounting consultants to perform an analysis of its rate base
16	•	accounts prior to the filing of its current rate case, which will increase rate case
17		expense in this docket.
18		
19	Q.	DO YOU BELIEVE THAT IT IS APPROPRIATE TO INCLUDE THE
20		UTILITY'S REQUESTED PRO FORMA ADJUSTMENT FOR THE
21		WASTEWATER TREATMENT PLANT EXPANSION IN PHASE I
22		RATES?
23	A.	No, I believe that it is completely inappropriate to include any pro forma plant for
24		growth-related plant in Phase I rates that will provide service to future customers
25		more than two years beyond the historical test year. Section 367.081(2)(a)2

Florida Statutes, provides that for purposes of establishing rates, the Commission shall consider utility property, including facilities constructed or to be constructed, not to exceed 24 months after the end of the historic test year used to set final rates, unless a longer period is approved by the Commission, to be used and useful in the public service. In this docket, the construction of the wastewater treatment plant is clearly 24 months beyond the historic test year of 2014. Therefore, the Commission, when setting Phase I rates, should not consider this pro forma plant.

Notwithstanding the above, the pro forma plant for the wastewater treatment plant expansion can be considered when setting a Phase II rate increase if those Phase II rates are based on a representative test period that reflects the net investment levels, the corresponding operating expenses and the customer billing determinants that will be in place at or near the time that the plant expansion is placed into service.

A.

# Q. DO YOU BELIEVE THAT IT IS APPROPRIATE TO ADD THE COST OF THE VACUUM TANK REPLACEMENT IN PHASE I RATES?

No, I do not. The Utility made no request in its initial application or its MFRs for this plant replacement. Further, the plant is currently not in service and I am not aware of the date that this plant will be placed into service. If it is placed into service 24 months after the historical test year ended December 31, 2014, it should not be included in Phase I rates. It should be noted that the Utility's testimony or exhibits do not mention any date when the vacuum tank will be constructed and placed into service. Based on the testimony of OPC witness Woodcock, I do believe that consideration should be given to the appropriate amount of plant to be considered for this vacuum tank plant addition in Phase II rates as long as the

appropriate retirement adjustments are made at the same time. Further, the Utility has made no retirement entries related to the existing vacuum tank that will be replaced and retired. The retirement entry does not impact rate base as it decreases plant and accumulated depreciation by the same amount. However, it does reduce depreciation expense on a going forward basis. Additionally, to the extent that inclusion of this plant replacement increases the revenue requirement more than the level requested in the Utility's petition and MFRs, any increase granted should be limited to the revenue requirement requested. As I understand it from counsel, to do otherwise would violate the customers' due process rights as they have not been noticed of any revenue increase above that requested in KW's original PAA petition and customer notices.

# Q. WHAT IS THE APPROPRIATE AMOUNT OF PLANT IN SERVICE TO BE USED FOR SETTING PHASE I RATES?

A. The appropriate amount of plant in service for Phase I rates should be \$11,108,464.

# Q. SHOULD ANY ADJUSTMENTS BE MADE TO PLANT IN SERVICE ADDITIONS PLACED INTO SERVICE AFTER DECEMBER 31, 2014, FOR ESTABLISHING PHASE II RATES?

A. Yes. First, I applied the same agreed-upon adjustment to Plant which I made for Phase I rates of (\$817,240). Second, the average balance of adjusted 2014 plant included in rate base should be brought forward to the year-end balance approved by the Commission in its PAA order. This results in an increase to plant of \$88,027. Third, the OPC's recommended cost of the wastewater treatment plant expansion should be included in plant in service for Phase II rates. In the Utility's MFRs, it

requested a pro forma adjustment of \$3,574,468. In the PAA Order, the Commission lowered this adjustment to \$3,481,973. Exhibit CAJ-3, attached to Utility witness Johnson's testimony contains a signed contract for the plant expansion at a fixed cost of \$4.3 million. OPC witness Woodcock has testified that, while on the high side, the \$4.3 million cost is reasonable for a treatment plant this size in the Florida Keys. Therefore, I have reflected a \$1,202,968 increase to Phase II plant to reflect the Company's revised treatment plant cost. This includes the \$477,436 adjustment to capitalize the legal fees incurred to litigate the Utility's construction permit for the wastewater treatment plant (WWTP) expansion. I address this adjustment in detail in the working capital section of my testimony regarding the Utility's requested deferred debits.

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A.

# Q. HAVE YOU MADE AN ADJUSTMENT TO PHASE II PLANT FOR THE

**VACUUM TANK REPLACEMENT?** 

Yes. It is also appropriate to allow recovery of the new vacuum tank plant addition in the amount of \$474,552 in Phase II rates. In Utility witness Swain's direct testimony, she added a requested pro forma amount for the tank replacement of \$610,177. Based on the testimony of OPC witness Woodcock, \$135,625 should be reduced from the Utility's pro forma amount for the tank replacement. Based on Mr. Woodcock's adjusted balance of \$474,552, a retirement adjustment is necessary as the existing vacuum system is being retired and replaced and will not remain in service. I have based my retirement entry on 75% of the plant addition cost which is a common method of determining the amount to retire for water and wastewater utilities in Florida. The proper retirement entry is a decrease to plant of \$355,914 for plant and a \$355,914 decrease to accumulated depreciation. Thus,

1		the retirement of the replaced tank has a zero impact on rate base. Further, while it
2		is normal to reflect an average test year balance in rate base, due to the materiality
3		of the plant improvements and customer growth, I agree with the Utility that it is
4		appropriate to include these items on a year-end basis, as long as the corresponding
5		projections to CIAC and customer billing determinants are recognized.
6		
7	Q.	HAVE YOU MADE ANY OTHER ADJUSTMENTS TO PLANT IN
8		SERVICE TO UPDATE THE PLANT TO THE 2016 TEST YEAR?
9	A.	No, I have not, other than the \$12,000 pro forma addition of a truck that was
0		included in the PAA Order. The Company has not adequately shown that it has
1		made any other material adjustments to plant other than the wastewater treatment
2		plant expansion and the vacuum tank system.
13		
14	Q.	WHAT IS THE APPROPRIATE AMOUNT OF PLANT IN SERVICE TO
15		BE USED FOR SETTING PHASE II RATES?
16	A.	The appropriate amount of plant in service for Phase II rates should be \$15,182,830.
17	<u>Land</u>	
18	Q.	DO YOU AGREE WITH AUDITING FINDING 3 REGARDING LAND AND
19		LAND RIGHTS?
20	A.	Yes. In Audit Finding 3, the staff auditors recommended that land be reduced by
21		\$6,000 for the cost of a survey the Utility incurred in November 2014 to identify
22		and locate sewer mains that cross private property in its service territory. The cost
23		was not a land-related capital cost and should have been appropriately expensed.
24		Since it was a non-recurring cost, the auditors recommended that it be amortized

1		over 5 years, consistent with Rule 25-30.433(8), Florida Administrative Code
2		(F.A.C). The auditors recommended that the general ledger be corrected to reduce
3		land by \$6,000 and increase Contractual Services-Other by \$1,200 and increase
4		deferred debits by \$4,800. The adjustment to the filing to reflect the averaging
5		impact is to decrease land by \$923 and increase deferred survey fees by \$738, to
6		reflect an average rate base decrease of \$185. Contractual Services-Other should
7		be increased by \$1,200 (\$6,000/5), for the 2014 test year. I concur with this
8		adjustment.
9		
10	Q.	DO YOU AGREE THAT IT IS PROPER TO USE RULE 25-30.433(8),
11		F.A.C., TO AMORTIZE THIS EXPENSE DURING THE TEST YEAR?
12	A.	Yes. This is the appropriate application of the rule for non-recurring expenses
13		incurred during the test year, as long as the costs are reasonable and prudent. It
14		should not be used for non-recurring expenses that occurred before the test year.
15		
16	Q.	WHAT IS YOUR RECOMMENDED BALANCE OF LAND FOR BOTH
17		PHASE I AND PHASE II RATES?
18	A.	The appropriate balance of land should be \$374,077 for both Phase I and Phase II
19		rates.
20		
21	<u>Accı</u>	umulated Depreciation
22	Q.	ARE YOU RECOMMENDING ANY ADJUSTMENTS TO
23		ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION FOR ESTABLISHING PHASE I
24		RATES?

1 A. Yes, I am. First, I concur with and recommend that the Commission's adjustments 2 to the balance of accumulated depreciation included in the PAA Order for Phase I rates should be made. Accumulated depreciation should be increased to reflect the 3 4 net adjustment of the PAA agreed-upon audit adjustments of \$2,040 recommended by Audit Finding 2. Second, it is appropriate to remove the Utility's pro forma 5 plant to accumulated depreciation of \$196,281 related to the wastewater treatment 6 plant expansion pro forma adjustment. Consistent with my testimony in the plant 7 8 in service section above, I am not recommending the inclusion of any pro forma plant for the plant expansion or the vacuum tank replacement. However, as 9 discussed below, I am recommending for Phase I that the Utility's adjustment to 10 annualize the 2014 depreciation expense of \$4,384 should be disallowed. The total 11 12 adjustment that I am recommending to accumulated depreciation is a decrease of \$198,625 for Phase I rates. 13

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# Q. WOULD YOU COMMENT ON THE NUMBER OF ADJUSTMENTS INCLUDED IN STAFF'S AUDIT FINDING 5, REGARDING ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION?

Yes, I again note the volume and amount of adjustments recommended by the auditors and how the Utility's books and records have not been maintained in accordance with the adjustments as ordered by the Commission in the prior rate case and the Uniform System of Accounts.

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Q. DO YOU AGREE WITH THE COMPANY'S ADJUSTMENT TO THE
TEST YEAR TO ANNUALIZE THE ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION
BASED ON THE PLANT ADDITIONS MADE IN 2014?

A. No, I do not. This is clearly a violation of the test year concept, and is also a matching violation. Basically, this adjustment allows the Utility to have a year-end depreciation expense, while KW's test year includes only average CIAC, average amortization of CIAC, and average billing determinants. As a result, this type of adjustment is a "pick and choose" or "cherry-picking" adjustment that incorporates only the increases and ignores any corresponding and appropriate decreases. The test year concept is quite clear that you need to match the investment with the operating revenues and expenses, along with the billing determinants for the same test year on either an average or year-end basis. To blend some year-end items with some average items is an obvious violation of the matching principal.

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# Q. IS THERE ANOTHER REASON OTHER THAN A MATCHING

## VIOLATION AS TO WHY THIS ADJUSTMENT IS IMPROPER?

A. Yes. It is also a violation of the statutory requirement that CIAC, Accumulated Amortization of CIAC, and test year amortization of CIAC are properly included in the revenue requirement calculation. Section 367.081(2)(a)1, Florida Statutes, states in part:

However, the commission shall not allow the inclusion of contributions-in-aid-of-construction in the rate base of any utility during a rate proceeding ... and accumulated depreciation on such contributions-in-aid-of-construction shall not be used to reduce the rate base, nor shall depreciation on such contributed assets be considered a cost of providing utility service.

# Q. PLEASE PROVIDE THE COMPARATIVE IMPACT OF WHY THIS

## 26 ANNUALIZATION ADJUSTMENT IS IMPROPER?

A. The MFRs in this case reflect the difference between average and year-end plant additions in 2014 was \$204,353, to which the year-end annualization adjustment for depreciation expense and accumulated depreciation was made by KW. The corresponding difference between average and year-end CIAC for the 2014 test year was \$136,012. Thus, allowing the Utility to make a one-sided adjustment overstates depreciation expense by ignoring the impact of the annualization of amortization of CIAC. This violation of the test year matching concept, as well as the statutory violation of not including test year amortization of CIAC on contributed plant, should be disallowed. Accordingly, accumulated depreciation should be increased by \$4,384 and depreciation expense should be decreased by \$4,384 to remove these improper adjustments to reflect year-end depreciation expense.

A.

# Q. WHAT IS THE TOTAL AMOUNT OF ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION THAT YOU ARE RECOMMENDING FOR PHASE I RATES?

I am recommending a balance of Accumulated Depreciation for Phase I of \$5,830,802. This is based on the two Accumulated Depreciation adjustments made by the Commission in its PAA Order for the Phase I rate base, plus my recommended adjustment to remove the improper adjustment to annualize test year depreciation expense.

Q.

SHOULD ANY ADJUSTMENTS BE MADE TO THE BALANCE OF ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION PLACED INTO SERVICE AFTER DECEMBER 31, 2014, FOR ESTABLISHING PHASE II RATES?

A. Yes. I am recommending several adjustments to accumulated depreciation for Phase II rates. First, I start out with my adjusted Phase I adjustment to accumulated depreciation for the agreed-upon Adjustment from Audit Finding 5 of (\$2,040). My other two adjustments to Phase I Accumulated Depreciation are not necessary as I am adjusting my balances to the Utility's full request, not an incremental Phase I to Phase II method that the Commission used in the PAA Order. Next, as I testified earlier, it is proper to update the test year to 2016, which is a more representative period that will be consistent with and closer to the timeframe when the treatment plant expansion will be placed into service.

A.

# Q. WHAT TYPES OF ADJUSTMENTS DO YOU RECOMMEND TO BRING THE 2014 TEST YEAR FORWARD TO 2016?

As I explained earlier, since we do not have the necessary information and documentation from the Utility to update the test year to a more representative period when the new plant will be placed into service, a reasonable proxy is to update the 2014 average balance to a year-end basis, and then add two years of accumulated depreciation based on the 2014 test year depreciation expense. The average to year-end adjustment to accumulated depreciation is an increase to accumulated depreciation of \$183,207. This adjustment is net of the Company's adjustment to reflect year-end accumulated depreciation for the 2014 test year plant additions. Based on the Commission Staff's workpapers used to calculate the year-end plant investment included in the PAA Order, I have calculated the 2014 year-

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1		end Depreciation Expense to be \$462,339 <sup>10</sup> . Thus, for the two year update to 2016,
2		the 2014 balance of Accumulated Depreciation should be increased by \$924,677.
3		
4	Q.	WHAT IS THE NEXT ADJUSTMENT THAT SHOULD BE MADE TO
5		ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION FOR THE UPDATED 2016 PRO
6		FORMA TEST YEAR?
7	A.	Next, it is appropriate to add the accumulated depreciation related to the pro forma
8		cost of the wastewater treatment plant expansion costs and the vacuum tank
9		addition, along with the corresponding retirement. Based on the recommendations
10		of OPC witness Woodcock as to the proper amounts of the pro forma plant
11.	•	expansion and the vacuum tank replacement, incremental Accumulated
12		Depreciation should be increased by \$67,026 and \$26,385, respectively. I am
13		recommending that a year-end expense be allowed for this plant since I am
14		recommending the full year of plant in rate base and also updating the other
15		components of the test year as necessary for depreciation expense and property
16		taxes.
17		
18	Non-	used and Useful Plant Adjustments
19	Q.	ARE YOU RECOMMENDING ANY ADJUSTMENTS TO NON-USED AND
20		USEFUL PLANT FOR PHASE I RATES?
21	A.	No. As testified by OPC witness Woodcock, the current 2014 level of plant is
22		100% used and useful; therefore, no adjustments are necessary for Phase I.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup> This adjustment was made before the inclusion of any pro forma plant additions for the plant expansion of the treatment plant or vacuum tank.

1	Q.	ARE YOU RECOMMENDING ANY ADJUSTMENTS TO NON-USED AND
2		USEFUL PLANT FOR PHASE II RATES?
3	A.	Yes, based on the used and useful recommendations of OPC witness Woodcock. I
4		have taken the non-used and useful percentage of 25% and applied it to the
5		recommended balance of plant, accumulated depreciation, depreciation expense
6		and property tax expense as shown on my Exhibit PWM-3, Schedule 1-D. The
7		recommended adjustments were applied to the following accounts:
8		354.4 Structures & Improvements
9		380.4 Treatment and Disposal Equipment
0		381.4 Plant Sewers
1		389.4 Other Plant & Miscellaneous Equipment
2		I have also made the corresponding adjustments to the same accumulated
13		depreciation and depreciation expense accounts, as well as to the adjusted property
14		tax expenses.
15		
16	Q.	WHAT ARE YOUR RECOMMENDED ADJUSTMENTS TO REFLECT
17		THE OPC'S USED AND USEFUL PERCENTAGES?
18	A.	I have recommended a reduction to rate base of \$1,632,646 (Plant in Service of
19		\$2,429,995 less Accumulated Depreciation of \$797,349). I also recommend
20		reductions to Depreciation Expense of \$130,954 and to property taxes of \$16,177.
21	Contr	ributions in Aid of Construction (CIAC) and Accumulated Amortization of CIAC
22	Phas	e I CIAC
23	Q.	ARE YOU RECOMMENDING ANY ADJUSTMENTS TO CIAC FOR
24		ECTADI ICUINO DUACE I DATEC?

1	A.	Yes, I am. I concur with and recommend that the Commission's adjustments to the
2		balance of CIAC included in the PAA Order for Phase I rates should be made.
3		CIAC should be decreased to reflect the net adjustment of the PAA agreed-upon
4		audit adjustments of \$297,120 recommended by Audit Finding 4. (This adjustment
5		results in an increase to rate base.) Consistent with my adjustments to plant and
6		accumulated depreciation for purposes of the Phase I revenue requirement, I am not
7		recommending any updates to reflect the amount of CIAC collected after December
8		31, 2014. The total balance of CIAC for Phase I rates should be \$9,649,877.
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# 10 Q. ARE YOU RECOMMENDING ANY INCREASE TO CIAC RELATED TO 11 THE COLLECTION OF ADDITIONAL CIAC FROM EXISTING

CUSTOMERS FOR PHASE I RATES?

A. Not at this time. However, the collection of \$310,187 in 2015 and \$179,281 in 2016 in additional CIAC from existing customers truly reflects another reason why the 2014 test year is unreasonable for setting prospective rates for 2017.

A.

# Q. WHAT IS YOUR RECOMMENDED BALANCE OF ACCUMULATED AMORTIZATION OF CIAC FOR PHASE I RATES?

I concur with and recommend that the Commission's adjustments to the balance of Accumulated Amortization of CIAC included in the PAA Order for Phase I rates should be made. Accumulated Amortization of CIAC should be decreased to reflect the net adjustment of the PAA agreed-upon audit adjustments of \$81,153 recommended by Audit Finding 4, for a total balance of \$3,014,941. Since I am not recommending any updates to CIAC collected after December 31, 2014, I am

not recommending any additional adjustments to Accumulated Amortization of

CIAC for Phase I rates.

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# Q. DO YOU HAVE ANY COMMENTS REGARDING THE STAFF AUDIT ADJUSTMENTS IN AUDIT FINDING 4, REGARDING CIAC AND THE AMORTIZATION OF CIAC?

Yes, I do. I again point out the large amount of outside accounting work that was incurred to correct and revise the Utility's books and records to be in compliance with the Commission's Order from the last rate case. Included in the staff audit workpapers, there was a 20-page document referred to as "Restatement of CIAC" provided by the Company to reflect the results of the accounting consultant's analysis. Based on the volume of the audit workpapers on the CIAC and the Amortization of CIAC issue, considerable time was spent by the staff auditors in reviewing these accounts since the last rate case. As I testified previously, this clearly reflects that the Utility's books and records were not maintained in accordance with the Uniform System of Accounts or in compliance with the Commission's previous rate case order. I also recommend that the Commission carefully review the accounting rate case expense invoices to determine whether the Utility's inadequate record keeping has increased the amount of accounting work performed to prepare the MFRs, address audit findings and respond to discovery, thus increasing rate case expense. Any rate case expense related to bringing the Utility's books into compliance included in rate case expense should be disallowed.

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## Phase II CIAC

1	Q.	SHOULD ANY ADJUSTMENTS BE MADE TO THE BALANCE OF CIAC
2		AFTER DECEMBER 31, 2014, FOR ESTABLISHING PHASE II RATES?

Yes, I am recommending several adjustments to CIAC for Phase II rates. First, I make the agreed-upon adjustment from Audit Finding 5, which is a decrease to CIAC of \$297,120. Second, as I testified earlier, it is proper to update the test year to 2016, which is a more representative period that will be consistent with the timeframe when the treatment plant will be placed into service. Consistent with my adjustment to plant and accumulated depreciation, I have adjusted the 2014 average balance of CIAC from the PAA Order Phase I revenue requirement to the year-end balance. The average to year-end adjustment to CIAC is an increase of \$136,012.

A.

A.

# Q. HOW MUCH ACTUAL CIAC HAS BEEN COLLECTED AFTER THE END OF 2014, THE HISTORICAL TEST YEAR REQUESTED BY THE UTILITY?

According to its 2015 Annual Report and KW's response to OPC's Interrogatory 7, the Utility collected \$310,187 in CIAC for 2015. KW's response to Interrogatory 7 also reflects that it collected \$110,583 in CIAC from January to April 2016. According to KW's response to OPC Interrogatory 27, it collected an additional \$68,698 in CIAC in May 2016. Thus, since the test year, the Utility has collected at least \$489,469 in 2015 and 2016. Before any future plant expansion or pro forma plant is allowed, it is critical and appropriate to include the actual 2015 and January through May 2016 CIAC that the Company collected.

1	Q	ARE THERE ANY OUTSTANDING PAYMENTS OF CIAC THAT ARE
2		CURRENTLY SUPPORTED BY EXECUTED DEVELOPER
3		AGREEMENTS?
4	A.	Yes. The Utility has 3 outstanding CIAC receivables of \$14,539.50 each from the
5		Florida Keys Linen, LLC due August 15, 2016, November 15, 2016, and February
6		15, 2017. I have attached Exhibit PWM-4 which is an Addendum to a December
7		6, 2012 Utility Agreement with Florida Keys Linen, LLC, from the Utility's
8		response to OPC Interrogatory 27. This addendum outlines the payments due from
9		May 2014 to February 2017, and is the result of a recalculation of the gallons of
10		water treated and, thus, the number of ERCs that this customer is currently using.
11		All of the required payments apparently have been made on a timely basis to date.
12		
13	Q.	IS IT CORRECT THAT IN ITS HISTORICAL 2014 TEST YEAR, THE
14		UTILITY HAS REQUESTED A FULL YEAR OF DEPRECIATION
15		EXPENSE AND DIRECT OPERATIONAL EXPENSES ASSOCIATED
16		WITH THE PLANT EXPANSION BUT HAS MADE NO ADJUSTMENTS
17		TO OFFSET THOSE EXPENSES WITH THE CIAC THAT WILL BE
18		COLLECTED OR THE CUSTOMER GROWTH THAT IS EXPECTED
19		SHORTLY AFTER THE PLANT IS PLACED INTO SERVICE?
20	A.	Yes, it is. If the Commission allows the new rates to be set without the
21		consideration of the CIAC and the expected customer growth, then the rates
22		established will immediately provide excess earnings to the Utility at a substantial
23		cost to the existing and future customers. This will also violate the matching
24		principle.
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## Q. OTHER THAN INCLUDING THE ACTUAL AND SOON TO BE

## 2 COLLECTED CIAC, WHAT OTHER ADJUSTMENTS DO YOU

### RECOMMEND?

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Based on the Utility's statements that growth has been stunted because of the limited capacity of the existing plant, it is reasonable to expect the Utility will begin adding new customers once the plant expansion is online and operational. The dry permits that have been issued can be fulfilled and connected once the plant is operational as well. It is only fair that, if the used and useful investment is allowed in rates, along with the first year's operating expenses, a projection should also be made to add the CIAC that will be collected in this first year, as well as the increase in revenues for these customers and the consumption that those additional customers will bring. The Utility has not provided reasonable estimates of how much growth will occur once the new plant is operational, and continues to argue that the historical test year is appropriate because it was audited and the MFRs were already prepared using that test year. While I agree with the Utility that audited books and records are much more reliable, especially given this Utility's poor record keeping, it is crucial that the growth components be estimated forward to at least 2016; otherwise, there is a mismatch of projected expenses to projected revenues. Again, this is a violation of the matching principle.

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# Q. HOW DO YOU RECOMMEND THAT THE GROWTH IN ERCS FOR

### 22 PURPOSES OF ADDING CIAC BE CALCULATED?

It is reasonable to use the same percentage growth in ERCs that is used in the growth allowance for the used and useful calculation. Based on OPC witness Woodcock's recommended growth allowance of 5% per year and his annual growth

in the number of ERCs of 222, I have estimated the additional level of ERCs will be added in the first year of operations. According to KW's response to OPC's Interrogatory 27, the Utility stated that it pre-collected 48.88 ERCs in future CIAC (\$131,976 from Oceanside Investors and Stock Island Marina Phase II). The Utility did not list the amount of future ERCs received from the Oceanside Marina Condo Association, so I backed into the amount of ERCs by taking the \$25,920 collected for future ERCs and divided it by the Utility's \$2,700 plant capacity charge per ERC. Adding the 9.60 ERCs estimated from Oceanside, I have assumed that the Utility has pre-collected 58.48 ERCs in 2016. I have already incorporated these actual CIAC payments into my prior adjustment to CIAC. It is appropriate to add the additional 163.68 ERCs at \$2,700 per ERC to equal the total number of ERCs that are expected in the first year. This results in an increase to CIAC of \$441,931.

A.

# Q. IS YOUR ADJUSTMENT TO INCREASE CIAC CONSISTENT WITH HOW THE COMMISSION HAS INTERPRETED SECTION 367.081(2)(A)2, FLORIDA STATUTES?

Yes. Clearly, the adjustment that I am recommending is a projection of the amount of CIAC that will added in the first year the plant will be placed into service. This is just as appropriate as projecting the estimated amount of operating expenses as they are only estimates or projections at this time and obviously will not be known until the end of the year after the plant is placed into service. In addition, if you do not consider the projected CIAC, you will in fact violate the very same statutes that state the Commission shall not allow a return on plant that has been contributed in setting rates. Section 367.081(2)(a)1., Florida Statutes, states:

The commission shall, either upon request or upon its own motion, fix rates which are just, reasonable, compensatory, and not unfairly

discriminatory. In every such proceeding, the commission shall 2 consider ... all property used and useful in the public service; .... However, the commission shall not allow the inclusion of 3 contributions-in-aid-of-construction in the rate base of any utility 4 during a rate proceeding, nor shall the commission impute 5 prospective future contributions-in-aid-of-construction against the 6 7 utility's investment in property used and useful in the public 8 service.... 9 (Emphasis Added)

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#### 11 Q. HOW HAS THE COMMISSION INTERPRETED THE EMPHASIZED

## LANGUAGE REGARDING THE INCLUSION OF CIAC IN RATE BASE?

The Commission has historically interpreted this section to mean that all CIAC 13 Α. related to used and useful plant should be included as a reduction to rate base. 14

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#### Accumulated Amortization of ClAC - Phase II 16

#### WHAT ADJUSTMENTS DO YOU RECOMMEND TO ACCUMULATED 17 O.

AMORTIZATION OF CIAC FOR PHASE II RATES?

First, I have included the adjustment to reflect the agreed-upon adjustment to decrease Accumulated Amortization of CIAC of \$81,153 from Audit Finding 4, consistent with my adjustment for Phase I rates. Second, based on my recommended adjustments to CIAC, it is appropriate to increase Accumulated Amortization of CIAC by \$204,033 to reflect the 2014 year-end balance. Third, consistent with my adjustment to accumulated depreciation, I have added two years of the 2014 year-end amortization expense of CIAC of \$682,928 to reflect the amount that would have been added in for 2015 and 2016. Fourth, consistent with my adjustments to CIAC, I increased Accumulated Amortization of CIAC by \$27,903 to reflect the addition of actual CIAC additions for 2015 and January through May 2016. Lastly, I have added Accumulated Amortization of CIAC on the projected additions to CIAC for the 2016 pro forma test year of \$15,421. For all of these adjustments, I have utilized the amortization rate used in the PAA Order of 3.49%. Based on these adjustments, the Phase II amount of Accumulated Amortization of CIAC should be \$3,945,225.

## Construction Work in Progress (CWIP)

# Q. DO YOU AGREE WITH THE STAFF AUDIT FINDING 2 REGARDING CONSTRUCTION WORK IN PROGRESS (CWIP)?

A. Yes, for the Phase I rate increase. The staff auditors in Audit finding 2 stated that the invoices the Utility recorded to Plant in Service for the wastewater treatment plant expansion were reclassified to CWIP in Finding 1. The auditors recommended that the Utility create a CWIP account to record the cost for the wastewater plant expansion project, with a balance of \$158,151 as of December 31, 2014, and an additional addition to CWIP of \$144,984 to record in 2015. I am recommending an addition to CWIP of \$303,135 for the plant expansion costs. In addition, the 2015 balance of the Last Stand Legal Fees should be recorded in CWIP until the new wastewater treatment plant is placed into service. This results in an increase to CWIP of \$477,436. When the WWTP expansion is placed into service, the final recommended amount of the CWIP should be capitalized into plant in service and there will be a zero balance of CWIP in Phase II rates. My total balance of CWIP for Phase I rates is \$780,571.

## 22 Working Capital

### 23 Cash

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>11</sup> The PAA Order had an amount from the 2015 amount in the audit report, which is apparently a transposition error.

## 1 Q. ARE YOU RECOMMENDING ANY ADJUSTMENTS TO KW'S

## 2 WORKING CAPITAL ALLOWANCE?

A. Yes. I am supporting most of the Commission approved adjustments to working capital with a few exceptions that I will explain below. First, I will address the adjustments that were made in the PAA Order with which I agree.

A.

# 7 Q. DO YOU AGREE WITH THE BALANCE OF CASH APPROVED BY THE 8 COMMISSION IN THE PAA ORDER?

Yes. I agree with the adjustments to Cash that the Commission approved in its PAA Order. In its filing, the Utility's requested working capital allowance included a cash balance of \$877,289. This balance is \$666,869 higher than the balance requested and approved for cash in the last rate case of \$210,420. I agree with the following adjustments to Cash made by the Commission.

The Commission's first adjustment was to remove \$126,930 associated with an escrow account that was closed in March 2015, which contained escrowed funds from capacity fees collected for the vacuum expansion project between Monroe County and KW Resort. The Commission stated that because ratemaking is prospective in nature, a normalization adjustment was necessary to remove the cash amounts associated with this closed escrow account. The second adjustment to cash was to remove another escrow account in cash working capital titled "Customer Escrow Account," which is related to customer deposits. Since customer deposits are a component of the Utility's capital structure, the Commission removed the \$141,828 13-month average to reflect the removal of customer deposits.

The third adjustment the Commission made was to remove a capital operating account with a balance of \$375,840. The Utility stated that this account was created in order to pay for capital projects, instead of having to transfer from the operating account. In response to staff's second data request, the Utility stated that this account will remain active and require an approximate \$400,000 minimum necessary to ensure a proper capital budget may be undertaken each year to allow the Utility to operate properly. The Commission had a number of concerns with this account in the test year. These concerns were that the account was never drawn down on in the test year for its stated purpose, the balance never changed throughout the test year, and the account was equivalent to temporary cash investment which provided no benefit to the ratepayers. The Commission removed the 13-month average of \$231,286 from working capital.

The Commission's final adjustment to cash related to an account funded by a single transfer from the operating account in May 2014. Preceding this transfer, the balance of the operating account increased in January 2015 because of a \$500,000 deposit. To be consistent with the rationale for removing the capital operating account, the Commission removed this \$115,643 amount from the 13-month average balance operating account.

The Commission's total decrease of \$615,687 resulted in an approved cash balance of \$261,602, which exceeded the cash balance of \$210,420 approved in KW's last rate case by \$51,182. The Commission concluded that it had compared the average monthly O&M expenses, including pro forma AWT operating expenses, to this balance and found that the \$261,602 cash level was an appropriate balance.

1	Q.	WHAT CONCLUSIONS DO YOU HAVE REGARDING THE LEVEL OF
2		CASH THAT THE UTILITY HAS REQUESTED AND THE
3		ADJUSTMENTS APPROVED BY THE COMMISSION?
4	A.	The Utility's requested balance of \$877,289 is clearly excessive and should not be
5		approved. The Commission's adjustments establish a reasonable level of the cash
6		needs of this Company. The Utility's 2015 cash balance of \$157,269 plus the
7		amount included in special deposits of \$204,268 (a total of \$361,537) is
8		significantly lower than the 2014 requested level of cash. The 2014 level of cash
9		was clearly an anomaly especially when compared to KW's 2015 Annual Report.
10		Further, the Utility's argument that it needs more cash because it is building a major
11		plant expansion does not support a need for such a huge balance of cash in working
12		capital. Therefore, I concur with and recommend the Commission's adjustments
13		made to Cash in the PAA Order.
14		
15	Accou	unts Receivable - Other and Miscellaneous Current & Accrued Assets
16	Q.	DO YOU AGREE WITH THE STAFF'S AUDIT ADJUSTMENTS IN AUDIT
17		FINDING 7, REGARDING OTHER WORKING CAPITAL
18		ADJUSTMENTS?
19	A.	I agree with the Audit Staff's recommendation that average Accounts Receivable-
20		Other should be increased by \$40,067 to reflect the cash clearing account for
21		service availability and other customer receivables and extraordinary income
22		corrections. I also agree with the audit recommendation to remove the \$13,422
23		balance of Miscellaneous Current & Accrued Assets which include utility deposits.

As I have testified, the adjustment for the wastewater permit and legal fees should

1		be capitalized to CWIP for Phase I and transferred to plant in service in Phase II.
2		The net adjustment to working capital is an increase of \$26,645.
3		
4	<u>Defer</u>	red Debits - Other
5	Surve	ey Fees
6	Q.	YOU ADDRESSED AUDIT FINDING 3, REGARDING LAND AND LAND
7		RIGHTS, EARLIER IN YOUR TESTIMONY. WHAT IMPACT DOES
8		THAT ADJUSTMENT HAVE TO WORKING CAPITAL?
9	A.	In Audit Finding 3, the staff auditors recommended that land be reduced by \$6,000
10		for the cost of a survey the Utility incurred in November 2014 to identify and locate
11		sewer mains that cross private property in KW's service territory. I agree that land
12		should be reduced by \$6,000, Contractual Services-Other should be increased by
13		\$1,200, and deferred debits should be increased by \$4,800.
14		
15	Q.	PLEASE EXPLAIN YOUR POSITION ON THE COMPANY'S
16		REQUESTED BALANCE OF DEFERRED DEBITS TO BE INCLUDED IN
17		WORKING CAPITAL.
18	A.	The Utility made a pro forma adjustment to deferred debits other than rate case
19		expense in its filing. The adjustment was to defer and amortize legal and consulting
20		fees it incurred to defend its application for a construction permit for its wastewater
21		treatment plant expansion. While the Utility did not make an additional adjustment
22		to working capital, it did request to defer and amortize accounting fees incurred to
23		correct its books and records after KW's last rate case to be in compliance with the
24		Commission's Order in its last rate case and the Uniform System of Accounts. I
25		do not agree with this adjustment, and I will address each of these topics below.

2 Deferred Debits – Construction Permit Litig	gation
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- 3 Q. DO YOU AGREE WITH THE UTILITY'S REQUEST TO DEFER AND
- 4 AMORTIZE THE LEGAL AND CONSULTING FEES INCURRED TO
- 5 DEFEND ITS CONSTRUCTION PERMIT RELATED TO KW'S
- 6 WASTEWATER TREATMENT EXPANSION?
- 7 A. No, I do not. The Utility's filing includes a pro forma adjustment to Miscellaneous
- 8 Deferred Debits of \$467,625 for the estimated costs to modify its wastewater permit
- 9 in conjunction with the wastewater plant expansion as reflected on MFR Schedule
- 10 A-17. It also requested that it be permitted to amortize the total cost incurred over
- 5 years and requested an annual amortization expense of \$103,917. As I discuss
- below, these costs should appropriately be capitalized to the cost of plant and are
- not period or non-recurring expenses.

15 Q. DO YOU AGREE WITH THE AUDIT ADJUSTMENTS TO ADJUST THE

- 16 AMOUNT OF COSTS INCURRED TO DEFEND KW'S WASTEWATER
- 17 **PERMIT?**

- 18 A. Yes. In Audit Finding 1, the auditors reduced plant by \$30,090 for engineering
- costs related to the wastewater permit modification and reclassified the costs to add
- 20 them to the deferred asset account for the wastewater permit fees. I agree with this
- adjustment to remove the costs from plant in Phase I, and I have included them in
- 22 the balance of CWIP. Further, in Audit Finding 16, the staff auditors reduced the
- 23 deferred asset account for permit fees by \$42,157 to remove unsupported legal fees
- 24 from the wastewater permit fees. I also agree with this adjustment and these costs
- are not included in my balances of CWIP, as they were unsupported.

2	Q.	DO YOU BELIEVE THAT IT IS PROPER TO DEFER AND AMORTIZE
3		THE LEGAL AND CONSULTING COSTS OVER A FIVE-YEAR PERIOD?
4	A.	No, I do not. These costs were incurred directly by KW to obtain permission from
5		DEP to build KW's treatment plant expansion. While the title of the permit was
6		labeled as an operating and construction permit, the permit for the existing plant
7		had two more years before it expired. This permit was necessary only for the fact
8		that the utility wanted and needed to expand its capacity. The legal challenge did
9		not impact the operations of the existing treatment plant. It was directed primarily
10		at the capacity expansion and the desire of the Last Stand organization to require
11		the Utility to implement deep well injection for effluent disposal. These legal fees
12		clearly belong with the capital costs associated with the plant expansion and should
13		be recovered over the life of the plant. They should not be considered non-recurring
14		expenses for renewing a normal operating permit. According to the NARUC <sup>12</sup>
15		Uniform System of Accounts (USOA), legal fees associated with the construction
16		of a plant should be capitalized.
17 18 19 20 21		Accounting Instruction 19. Utility Plant - Components of Construction Cost  The cost of construction properly includible in the utility plant accounts shall include, where applicable, the direct and overhead costs as listed and defined hereunder:
22 23 24 25		(1) "Contract work" includes amounts paid for work performed under contract by other companies, firms, or individuals, costs incident to the award of such contracts, and inspection of such work.
26 27 28 29 30		(9) "Privileges and permits" includes payments for and expenses incurred in securing temporary privileges, permits or rights in connection with construction work, such as for the use of private or public property, streets, or highways, but it does not include rents, or amounts chargeable as francluses (See account 302 -
31		Franchises).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>12</sup> National Association of Regulatory Utility Commissioners

1	(15) "Legal expenditures" includes the general legal expenditures
2	incurred in connection with construction and the court and legal
3	costs directly related thereto, other than legal expenses included in
4	protection, item 7, and in injuries and damages, item 8.
-	

Since the wastewater treatment plant is not in service, the auditor's adjusted cost of the construction permit legal and consulting fees of \$477,436 should be recorded in CWIP for the Phase I rates. For Phase II rates, the costs should be added to Account 380-Wastewater Treatment & Disposal Plant. The Utility's requested deferred debit balance of \$467,625 for the legal and consulting fees should be removed from Working Capital. Test year O&M Expenses should also be reduced by the Utility's requested \$103,917 in amortization. For clarity, I have removed the Utility's requested amortization, but not the amount of amortization that was included in the PAA Order. This adjustment allows the Utility to recover its litigation costs over the life of the plant, which is the appropriate recovery method pursuant to the Uniform System of Accounts and the resulting rate impact to customers is substantially less.

### Deferred Debits - Accounting Fees

- 20 Q. PLEASE ADDRESS THE COMPANY'S REQUEST TO AMORTIZE
- 21 ACCOUNTING FEES OVER FIVE YEARS AND THE IMPACT ON ITS
- 22 WORKING CAPITAL ALLOWANCE.
- 23 A. On MFR Schedule B-3, page 1, KW increased its O&M Expenses by \$11,678,
- which was described as "To amortize expenses incurred to restate 2007-2012
- Annual Reports." The Utility apparently did not request that working capital be
- increased to reflect the unamortized balance.

1	Q.	DID KW ACTUALLY RESTATE ITS 2007-2012 ANNUAL REPORTS
2		WITH THE COMMISSION?
3	Α.	It does not appear that the Utility restated its annual reports on file with the
4		Commission, nor have I seen any restated or re-filed Annual Reports for this time
5		frame.
6		
7	Q.	WHEN DID THE UTILITY PERFORM THIS ACCOUNTING AND
8		RECORD-KEEPING REVIEW?
9	A.	According to the invoices provided to the Staff Auditors, the accounting review
10		was performed in 2014. According to Exhibit CAJ-4, Page 2 of 269, entitled Data
11		Request Responses, Staff asked the following question 4 on the deferred accounting
12		fees:
13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23		According to MFR Schedule B-3, page 1, line 26, the utility has proposed an increase of \$11,678 to other deferred expenses to amortize the expenses incurred to restate 2007-2012 Annual Reports. Please provide justification for the amount of the expense incurred. Please state whether the Annual Report restatement was solely for Florida Public Service Commission Annual Reports. In addition, please provide all of the utility's calculations, basis, workpapers, and documentation to support the adjustment, including the amortization period.
24 25		The following response was provided by KW:
26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35		Milian, Swain & Associates, Inc., (MSA) was engaged to review the utility's Annual Reports file subsequent to the prior rate case to determine if CIAC, utility plant in service, and associated amortization and depreciation was correctly stated on the Utility's books, and if Annual Reports required revision. After review, MSA recommended adjustments to the Utility's General Ledger, and prepared revised Annual Reports to reflect the adjustments. Because this work was not associated with a rate case, MSA recommended that the costs not be included in rate case expense. Although the costs were incurred during the test year, MSA
36		recommended that the cost not be included in the rate case as a

current year expense, but rather amortize it over a five-year period to reflect a more reasonable period based upon its future benefit.

2 3 4

First, KW fails to explain how restating the Annual Reports provide any future benefit to KW or its customers. Second, the staff audit workpapers show that the amount incurred in 2014 was \$58,388, which was then divided by 5 years to equal the Company's requested amortization expense of \$11,678. The auditors in Audit Findings 6 and 11 recommended reclassifying deferred rate case expense of \$4,468 to the unamortized balance of deferred accounting fees, thus recommending an unamortized balance of \$63,056, with an annual amortization expense of \$12,611.

Α.

# 12 Q. DO YOU AGREE WITH THE UTILITY'S REQUEST TO RECOVER 13 THESE COSTS FROM THE RATEPAYERS?

No, I do not. As I discussed previously in the Plant in Service section of my testimony, the Utility failed to make the Commission-ordered adjustments from the last rate case as it was required to do, and then subsequently incurred a substantial expense in 2014 to bring its records into compliance with the Commission's Order and the accounting requirements of the NARUC Uniform System of Accounts. I would also note that, given the substantial number of adjustments that the Staff Auditors recommended in this case, the detailed accounting analysis was not sufficient to properly correct the Utility's books for accounting and ratemaking purposes.

# Q. DO YOU RECOMMEND AN ADJUSTMENT FOR THE DEFERRED ACCOUNTING FEES AND RELATED TEST YEAR AMORTIZATION?

26 A. Yes, I do. The ratepayers should not have to pay for the accounting fees to correct
27 KW's books and records, when the Utility should have made these corrections as it

was ordered to do by the Commission after its last rate case. The fact that the Staff Auditors have recommended substantial rate base and expense adjustments, even after the Utility's costly analysis to restate its 2007-2012 Annual Reports, reflects that the books and records have been poorly maintained. This extra expense for outside accounting services is not a cost that is reasonable or prudent as the books and records should have been correctly maintained.

Α.

Therefore, the ratepayers should not pay in future rates for costs to repair the Utility's records when that should have been incurred annually since the last rate case. Furthermore, none of the PSC annual reports have been actually refiled or revised as of the date of this testimony. For these reasons, all of the accounting costs related to restating the Utility's books and records subsequent to the last rate case decision and prior to filing this current rate case should be disallowed. Since the Utility did not make an adjustment to increase working capital for the unamortized accounting fees, I have not made an adjustment to working capital, only the \$11,678 reduction to O&M expenses.

# 16 Q. WHAT AMOUNTS DO YOU BELIEVE SHOULD BE INCLUDED IN 17 DEFERRED DEBITS FOR UNAMORTIZED RATE CASE EXPENSE?

One half of the amount of rate case expense approved by the Commission should be allowed as a deferred debit. For purposes of my testimony, I am using half or \$76,011 of the total rate case expense approved by the Commission in the PAA Order of \$152,021. This amount should be adjusted based on the Commission's final decision.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>13</sup> If the adjustment will be made to the PAA Order amount of working capital an adjustment should be made to remove the \$50,285 (\$63,056 less \$12,611) deferred costs from working capital and the amortization expense of \$12,611 should also be removed from O&M Expenses.

# Q. HAVE YOU MADE A CALCULATION OF THE AMOUNT OF WORKING

## 2 CAPITAL NEEDED FOR THE 2016 PRO FORMA TEST YEAR?

A. Yes, I have. First, I compared the adjusted working capital balance for the 2014 Phase I rates to the actual 2015 working capital from the Utility's 2015 Annual Report. I then averaged the 2014 average test year with the Utility's reported 2015 year-end balances. I included the same accounts and made adjustments to the 2015 amounts consistent with my recommendations for 2014. Second, I removed the balance of cash included in Special Deposits of \$204,268, consistent with the treatment in the PAA Order. I would note that the remaining balance of cash is \$157,269, which is substantially lower than the balance the Company reported in its 2014 test year MFRs and books. Third, I removed the balance of Miscellaneous Current and Accrued Assets, similar to the PAA, to remove the utility deposits that earn interest. Additionally, I included the Utility's 2015 reported balance of deferred rate case expense of \$243,070. For comparison purposes, I have calculated a year-end balance of 2015 working capital of \$321,939. Since the average and year-end 2015 balances are so close to the 2014 recommended level of working capital, I recommend that the Commission use the adjusted 2014 balance of working capital for both Phase I and Phase II rates of \$328,976.

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# 20 Q. PLEASE DESCRIBE UTILITY WITNESS SWAIN'S DIRECT 21 TESTIMONY ON KW'S REQUESTED WORKING CAPITAL.

Ms. Swain testified, on page 3, that KW's requested working capital of almost \$1.4 million is necessary based on the AWT operational expenses, the Last Stand litigation, and the regulatory environment existing in the Florida Keys Area of Critical Concern. She adds that after the pro forma adjustments are made, the

requested working capital is aligned with KW's 2014 test year needs. She then states that the Utility's requested amount of working capital using the balance sheet method, should not be similar to, or compared to the formula method or 1/8 of O&M Expenses, nor would one expect working capital to be an amount similar to a filing made years prior to the current test period. Lastly, she escalated the working capital balance approved in the last case using customer growth and inflation of 172%, and then added the Last Stand Legal fees. She stated that her adjusted benchmark threshold of \$1,732,532 was reasonable compared to the Utility's requested working capital of \$1,367,232.

A.

# Q. WHAT CONCERNS DO YOU HAVE WITH MS. SWAIN'S TESTIMONY ON WORKING CAPITAL?

First, the requested pro forma working capital is a completely inappropriate balance for setting rates. It does not represent what actual working capital needs the Utility is actually using as evidenced by the Utility's 2015 balance sheet. It also includes the unamortized balance of the Last Stand legal fees, which I have capitalized to CWIP in Phase I and capitalized to Plant in Service in Phase II. Further, the Utility has not shown that it actually maintains working capital anywhere near the level it has requested in its pro forma request. Furthermore, comparing the balance sheet approach to the formula method is a tool that can be used to test the reasonableness of the items included in the balance sheet calculation. However, I do agree that it should not be the sole basis for reducing the amounts calculated using the balance sheet approach. Moreover, Ms. Swain's benchmark comparison is completely irrelevant to show what the Utility's working capital needs actually are or should be. The balance sheet calculation of working capital should be based on the facts

supported by the Utility's actual and projected balance sheet components, with
consistent adjustments made based on the Commission's past practice. Lastly, the
Utility's 2015 Annual Report reflects a working capital balance of \$298,595. This
is much less than the amount reflected in the MFRs and it is also the year that the
Utility incurred the majority of its legal fees associated with the construction permit
litigation.

KW's assertions that an inflated working capital balance is necessary for AWT operational expenses, the Last Stand litigation, and the regulatory environment existing in the Florida Keys Area of Critical Concern are without merit. AWT is included as part of O&M and not working capital. The Last Stand litigation expense should be capitalized (as discussed above). If KW at some time in the future is required to expend additional resources because the Florida Keys is an Area of Critical Concern, it can submit a filing at that time.

## 14 Q. WHAT IS THE TOTAL AMOUNT OF WORKING CAPITAL THAT YOU

ARE RECOMMENDING FOR PHASE I AND PHASE II REVENUE

## 16 CALCULATIONS?

17 A. Based on my recommended adjustments as discussed above, the appropriate amount of working capital for Phase I and Phase II should be \$328,976.

Rate Base

## 21 Q. WHAT IS THE APPROPRIATE AMOUNT OF RATE BASE TO BE USED

#### 22 IN SETTING PHASE I RATES?

23 A. Based on my recommended adjustments, the appropriate rate base for establishing

24 Phase I rates should be \$127,237.

1 2 WHAT IS THE APPROPRIATE AMOUNT OF RATE BASE TO BE USED Q. 3 IN SETTING PHASE II RATES? Based on testimony of OPC witness Woodcock, and my prior recommended 4 A. 5 adjustments, the appropriate rate base for establishing Phase II rates should be 6 \$604,323. 7 COST OF CAPITAL AND CAPITAL STRUCTURE 8 9 **PLEASE DESCRIBE** THE UTILITY'S REQUESTED **CAPITAL** Q. 10 STRUCTURE. The Utility's actual 2014 capital structure consists of \$395,434 of debt to BB&T at 11 Α. an interest rate of prime plus .075%. For the test year, the requested interest rate 12 for this loan was 4%. The Utility also reflects an \$852,903 loan with an interest 13 rate of 6% from WS Utilities, which is an affiliate of KW. The capital structure 14 15 also contains \$162,972 in customer deposits with an interest rate of 2%. The Utility reflected a negative equity balance of \$276,537. In its MFRs, the Utility made a 16 \$3.5 million pro forma adjustment to equity to reflect the equity provided to fund 17 the WWTP expansion. 18 19

## ARE ADJUSTMENTS NECESSARY TO THE COST OF CAPITAL Q. REQUESTED BY THE COMPANY?

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Α.

Yes. In its PAA Order for Phase I, the Commission removed the Utility's pro forma adjustment to Common Equity in the amount of \$3.5 million. The Order stated that removing the Utility's adjustment resulted in a negative common equity balance.

Based on historical Commission practice,<sup>14</sup> the Commission set the Utility's common equity balance to zero for Phase I rates. Additionally, the Commission reconciled rate base to capital structure on a pro rata basis over all sources of capital, including customer deposits. I agree with and recommend all three of these adjustments for Phase I rates.

A.

### 7 Q ARE ANY FURTHER ADJUSTMENTS NECESSARY TO THE CAPITAL

## STRUCTURE?

Yes. The affiliate debt interest rate should be equal to the interest rate of the loan from BB&T. The Utility has not demonstrated why a higher interest rate charged by an affiliate should be allowed above the rate that is part of an arms-length transaction with a non-affiliate. The Commission's historically has stated that it is the Utility's burden to show that its requested costs are reasonable. The Supreme Court of Florida has also stated:

The mere fact that a utility is doing business with an affiliate does not mean that unfair or excess profits are being generated, without more. We believe the standard must be whether the transactions exceed the going market rate or are otherwise inherently unfair.<sup>16</sup>

In this case, the Utility's affiliate debt cost exceeds the going market rate and thus, I believe that it is inherently unfair. The cost of variable cost debt should be based on the current cost when rates are in effect, especially since I am recommending a pro forma 2016 test year. This is consistent with past Commission practice that interest rates for debt be based on the interest rate when customer's rates are placed

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>14</sup> Order No. PSC-08-0652-PAA-WS, issued October 6, 2008, in Docket No. 070722-WS, In re: Application for staff-assisted rate case in Palm Beach County by W.P. Utilities, Inc.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>15</sup> See Florida Power Corp. v. Cresse, 413 So. 2d 1187, 1191 (Fla. 1982).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>16</sup> See GTE Florida Incorporated v. Deason, 642 So.2d 545 (Fla. 1994).

1		into service. The current prime rate as of September 7, 2016, is 3.5%, based on the
2		Wall Street Journal Prime Rate. I have attached a copy of the Bankrate.com
3		webpage as Exhibit PWM-7. Since the BB&T loan is based on the prime rate of
4		interest plus 0.075%, this equates to a debt cost of 3.58%.
5		
6	Q.	WHAT IS THE APPROPRIATE RETURN ON EQUITY FOR PHASE I AND
7		PHASE II RATES?
8	A.	In its PAA Order for Phase I rates, the Commission set the Utility's negative
9		common equity balance to zero but approved an equity return based on the current
10		leverage formula currently in effect. <sup>17</sup> The resulting ROE was 11.16%, with an
11		allowed range of plus or minus 100 basis points. I concur that this ROE is the
12		appropriate ROE for Phases I and II.
13	Q.	WHAT IS THE APPROPRIATE OVERALL RATE OF RETURN FOR
14		PHASE I RATES?
15	A.	Based on my recommended adjustments, the appropriate overall rate of return for
16		Phase I rates should be 3.39%.
17		
18	Q.	ARE YOU MAKING FURTHER ADJUSTMENTS TO THE COST OF
19		CAPITAL FOR PHASE II RATES?
20	A.	Yes. In the PAA Order, the Commission allowed the \$3.5 million pro forma
21		adjustment to equity to support the construction cost of the wastewater treatment

<sup>17</sup> Order No. PSC-15-0259-PAA-WS, issued July 2, 2015, in Docket No. 150006-WS, In re: Water and Wastewater Industry Annual Reestablishment of Authorized Range of Return on Common Equity for Water and Wastewater Utilities Pursuant to Section 367.081(4) (f), Florida Statutes.

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plant expansion. However, the Utility has not shown that it will, in fact, increase

1	equity for the construction of the plant. As of April 2016, the Utility had not
2	reflected any increase in its equity account based on its general ledger. 18 In
3	response to Staff's Interrogatory 17, the Utility stated that WS Utilities, Inc., made
4	infusions of equity for the pro forma WWTP expansion on the following dates:

5	Contributor	Date	Amount
6	WS Utilities, Inc.	5/6/2016	\$659,000.00
7	WS Utilities, Inc.	6/1/2016	\$852,903.05
8	WS Utilities, Inc.	8/25/2016	\$530,000.00
9	Total:		\$2,041,903.05

The Utility's timing in making these equity infusions raises questions, especially as to whether the infusions were made to debt or equity. Until such time that the Utility can meet its burden and produce documents demonstrating that it has infused any equity as opposed to debt into its capital structure, I recommend that debt be used to support the cost of any pro forma plant.

#### 15 Q. WHAT OVERALL RATE OF RETURN SHOULD BE USED IN SETTING

#### 16 **PHASE II RATES?**

A. Based on my recommended adjustments, the appropriate overall rate of return for Phase II rates should be 3.53%.

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#### **NET OPERATING INCOME**

- 21 Operating Revenues Phase I
- 22 Q. DO YOU HAVE ANY ADJUSTMENTS TO MAKE TO TEST YEAR
- 23 REVENUES FOR PHASE I RATES?
- 24 A. Yes. The first adjustment I made was to remove the Utility's requested rate increase
- in order to determine the appropriate amount of test year revenues before any rate

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>18</sup> Based on the Utility's general ledger provided in response to OPC's Production of Documents No. 8.

increase is considered. Second, in the PAA Order, the Commission increased test year revenues by \$61,484, based on Staff Audit Finding 9. After reviewing all of the Commission Staff workpapers and the PAA Order, I was unable to reconcile this adjustment to the amount of test year revenues before any rate increase. I have instead made the adjustments recommended by the Staff Auditors in Audit Finding 9 to Miscellaneous and Reuse Revenues. The auditors recommended increasing Miscellaneous Revenues by \$61,899 and Reuse Revenues by \$1,152, for a total increase of \$63,051. I agree with these adjustments.

Also, in the PAA Order, the Commission changed the 2014 billing determinants to correct the Utility's erroneous billings for numerous customers. When you change test year billing determinants, it is appropriate to change test year revenues. I have recalculated test year revenues from service rates for residential and general service customers based on the 2014 adjusted billing determinants per the PAA Order. Based on this calculation, test year revenues should be further decreased by \$21,629 based on the changed billing determinants. Based on this adjustment, 2014 test year revenues for Phase I rates should be \$1,534,799.

A.

#### 18 Operating Revenues — Phase II

#### 19 Revenue Growth Projections – Phase II

#### 20 Q. PLEASE DESCRIBE YOUR ADJUSTMENTS TO PHASE II TEST YEAR

#### **REVENUES.**

First, consistent with my adjustments for Phase I, I have removed the Utility's requested revenue increase of \$1,438,382. I then made the same adjustments I recommended to Phase I Miscellaneous and Reuse Revenues (increase of \$63,052) and the correction to the 2014 PAA Order adjusted billing determinants (decrease

of \$21,629). As I discuss below, I have made additional adjustments to reflect the
estimated growth in my 2016 pro forma test year revenues.

Q.

## WHAT IS THE APPROPRIATE METHOD OF PROJECTING TEST YEAR REVENUES FOR KW'S WASTEWATER SYSTEM TO BE USED IN ESTABLISHING PHASE II RATES?

A. Consistent with my adjustment to rate base and capital structure, it is appropriate to increase test year revenues to the level that is estimated to exist the first year after the wastewater treatment plant expansion is placed into service. For the reasons discussed below, I have used a proxy method of projecting 2016 revenues. As reflected in its 2015 Annual Report filed with the Commission, the Utility's revenues from residential customers increased 2.6% and the general service revenues increased 8.4% over the 2014 levels. In response to OPC Interrogatory 16, the Utility provided the actual 2015 and January to April 2016 billing reports, which are entitled the "Base and Overage Reports." These reports reflect 31 billing and customer classifications, many more than the tariffed classifications. While I was able to review these records, the Utility had not corrected its billing system to reflect the proper billing classes for the numerous customer classifications. In OPC's Interrogatory 25a to KW, regarding Billing Determinants, the Utility was asked:

a. Please provide a calculation of revenues at present rates using the total bills and gallons by class of service and meter size as provided by Minimum Filing Requirements (MFR) Schedule E-2 for 2015 and 2016 from January through June 30, 2016, for (1) the actual billings made and (2) the corrected/revised billings as provided by the Company to staff in its Schedule E-2 Revised in February 2016.

b. For the 2016 information, please provide the revenue impact for each customer class and meter size calculation.

c. Please provide the requested information for (a) and (b) in an electronic Excel spreadsheet with all values and formulas intact and no cells protected. Also please provide a breakdown of how each revision and/or correction of general service rate class was changed from the billing method used by the utility to the revised method required by the tariff and used by staff in its PAA recommendation.

#### KW's Response:

As to Interrogatory 25 (a), (b), and (c), KWRU objects to the request as overly broad, unduly burdensome, and not reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence. KWRU and its agents have not created such calculations, and the creation of such calculations would require significant effort on the part of KWRU's accountants and significant expenditures on the part of KWRU. Further, the calculations may be performed by OPC, should it so desire, with information already in OPC's possession. These calculations do not bear upon the issues in this action, as KWRU has not based any calculations or projections from these non-existent calculations. In short, if OPC desires these calculations, they have the necessary information and may undertake the calculations themselves. As to Interrogatory 25 (d), KWRU implemented new residential and general service rate classifications per the PSC approved Tariffs, which are in OPC's possession.

Thus, KW refused to restate the 2015 and 2016 billing determinants pursuant to the tariffed required billing classes. Although the Utility states that the requested information would not lead to the discovery of admissible evidence, I respectfully disagree that OPC has the information necessary to restate the rate classification corrections, due to the complexity and volume of changes that were made to transfer the billing classifications from the Utility's billing records to the amount adjusted by the Commission in the PAA Order.

KW also states that these calculations do not bear upon the issues in this action, as it has not based any calculations or projections from these non-existent calculations. It is clearly obvious that the Utility does not want the Commission to

look beyond the historical 2014 test year, except to add in the items that increase its revenue requirement. Apparently, KW's position is that any adjustment that would decrease the prospective revenue requirement or rates is inappropriate and irrelevant.

As I testified earlier, it is the Utility's burden to prove that its requested costs are prudent and reasonable. The same applies to revenues as well. It is very apparent that billing determinants have increased in 2015 above the 2014 levels by just reviewing the 2015 Annual Report, which I have attached as Exhibit PWM-7. On Schedule F-3a on the 2015 Annual Report, KW reports that its 2015 revenues were \$1,659,247, compared to its 2014 revenues of \$1,479,307, which demonstrates an increase of \$179,940 or 12%. On page F-4, which is the Utility's Rate Base, the Utility reflects an achieved rate of return of 16.19%. To put this in perspective, KW's reported cost of capital for the Annual Report was 7.25%, even though it is not consistent with the calculations made by the Commission in the PAA Order. As discussed earlier, KW collected \$310,187 in additional CIAC in 2015. Evidently, the financial picture of KW is much better in 2015 and will most likely be better in 2016; however, the Utility does not believe that these offsets to the revenue requirement are relevant. To attempt to place the burden on OPC or any other party is clearly inappropriate. Further, the Utility has not provided any reliable projections to reflect the future customer growth after the new plant comes online.

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GIVEN THE COMPLEXITY OF THE ADJUSTMENTS AND BILLING ERRORS AND THE LACK OF INFORMATION AVAILABLE TO CORRECTLY STATE THE ACTUAL 2015 AND 2016 BILLING

1		DETERMINANTS, WHAT ADJUSTMENTS SHOULD BE MADE TO
2		CUSTOMER BILLING DETERMINANTS?
3	A.	Since the Utility failed to provide the actual corrected billing determinants for 2015
4		and 2016, I have used a proxy method of projecting 2016 consumption levels. I
5		have matched the projected 5% annual increase in consumption and ERCs used by
6		OPC witness Woodcock to determine the growth in test year flows for 2015 and
7		2016 to reflect my pro forma 2016 test year. In the Burkim docket cited previously,
8		the Commission updated the projected bills and consumption in setting rates based
9		on an historical, audited period with two years of projections. <sup>19</sup> Mr. Woodcock's
10		recommended annual increase is 222 ERCs, which was limited to 5% customer
11		growth per year. I would note that this is a conservative adjustment, as the Utility's
12		requested growth factor is 7.06% per year.
13	Q.	PLEASE EXPLAIN HOW YOU APPLIED THE GROWTH FACTOR TO
14		THE 2014 ADJUSTED BILLING DETERMINANTS.
15	A.	I took the 2014 number of bills and gallons of wastewater gallons billed as used in
16		the PAA Order and multiplied all of those by 10%, which represents 5% per year.
17		For simplicity purposes, I did not escalate, or compound the 2015 factor by 5%,
18		which would have generated a 10.25% factor.
19		
20	Q.	WHAT ADJUSTMENT DO YOU RECOMMEND FOR CUSTOMER
21		GROWTH AS A RESULT OF YOUR PROJECTION OF ADDITIONAL
22		BILLS AND GALLONS FOR 2016?

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>19</sup> See Order No. PSC-01-2511-PAA-WS, page 52, issued December 24, 2001, in Docket No. 010396-WS, In re: Application for staff assisted rate case in Brevard County by Burkim Enterprises, Inc.

1	A.	Using my adjusted billing determinants, the appropriate adjustment is an increase
2		of \$141,178 to 2016 test year revenues. My calculations are reflected on Schedule
3		4-B as part of my Exhibit PWM-3 for the 2016 pro forma test year.
4		
5	Q.	IF THERE IS RELIABLE EVIDENCE THAT THE NUMBER OF
6		CUSTOMERS AND GALLONS BILLED BY KW WILL LIKELY BE
7		GREATER IN 2017 THAN YOU HAVE PROJECTED IN 2016, SHOULD
8		THE COMMISSION TAKE THAT EVIDENCE INTO ACCOUNT WHEN
9		SETTING KW'S RATES IN THIS CASE?
10	A.	Yes, I believe that if reliable evidence is presented in the record which shows that
11		KW's growth will exceed the level that I have projected, the Commission should
12		consider that evidence and update my recommended billing determinants.
13		
14	Q.	WHAT DOES THE PAA ORDER STATE ABOUT THE UTILITY'S
15		FAILURE TO BILL BASED ON ITS APPROVED TARIFFS?
16		111111111111111111111111111111111111111
	A.	The PAA Order stated that the Utility's billing practice for several general service
17	A.	
17 18	A.	The PAA Order stated that the Utility's billing practice for several general service
	A.	The PAA Order stated that the Utility's billing practice for several general service customers is inconsistent with its approved tariff, and that Staff would address
18	A.	The PAA Order stated that the Utility's billing practice for several general service customers is inconsistent with its approved tariff, and that Staff would address whether the Utility should be ordered to 'show cause' why it should not be fined
18 19	A.	The PAA Order stated that the Utility's billing practice for several general service customers is inconsistent with its approved tariff, and that Staff would address whether the Utility should be ordered to 'show cause' why it should not be fined for charging rates that are inconsistent with its tariff in a subsequent proceeding

to the bulk rate tariff as a result of an administrative app	roval
of a 2011 price index.	

- One general service customer with a 6" meter is billed the BFC for a 5/8"x3/4" meter for each of the 103 units.
- Another general service customer with a 5/8"x3/4" meter is billed the BFC for a 5/8"x3/4" meter for 49 units.

Α.

### Q. PLEASE STATE THE STATUTORY AND RULE REQUIREMENTS THAT ADDRESS CUSTOMER BILLING AND REFUND REQUIREMENTS.

According to Section 367.091(4), Florida Statutes, "A utility may only impose and collect those rates and charges approved by the commission for the particular class of service involved. A change in any rate schedule may not be made without commission approval." Rule 25-30.350(2), F.A.C., states that "In the event of an overbilling, the utility shall refund the overcharge to the customer based on available records. If the commencement date of the overbilling cannot be determined, then an estimate of the overbilling shall be made based on the customer's past consumption."

Commission Staff sent a letter dated February 18, 2016, to KW requesting the Utility to provide a response by March 21, 2016, describing when and under what circumstances each outlined violation occurred and the Utility's plan to correct the billing errors. By letter dated March 21, 2016, the Utility sent a 6 page response, with 22 pages of documents attached. OPC agrees that the issues are very complex and it does not appear that the Utility agreed that any amounts should be refunded. It also appears that the Utility believes that communication with the Commission staff is tantamount to "approval by the Commission." It is not the Commission Staff's obligation to seek approval of a tariff and communicating with Staff definitely does not grant approval unless specifically authorized by the Commission by statute, rule, or order.

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#### 3 COMMISSION SHOULD TAKE REGARDING THE UTILITY'S FAILURE

#### 4 TO BILL BASED ON ITS APPROVED TARIFFS?

Yes, I recommend that a full audit and investigation be initiated by the Commission to determine whether and how much of the revenues billed were based on unapproved, thus improper, erroneous billing classifications, and how much these, and potentially other improperly billed customers are owed in refunds.

#### Miscellaneous Revenues

#### 11 Q. DO YOU RECOMMEND ANY ADJUSTMENTS TO PROJECT 2016

#### 12 MISCELLANEOUS SERVICE REVENUES?

A. Yes, I do. I have used the actual 2015 miscellaneous revenues from the Utility's Annual Report; however, I made several adjustments to those amounts. First, I made the same adjustments to miscellaneous service charges that I made to Phase I rates based on Audit Finding 9. I then obtained the 2015 miscellaneous service charges from the Utility's General Ledger as of December 31, 2015, provided in KW's response to OPC's Document Request 8. The miscellaneous revenues totaled \$104,651, not including reuse revenues. In its PAA Order, the Commission discontinued the tariff for revenues received from the reuse testing charge to the Monroe County Detention Center (MCDC), as the testing costs would be included in the increased reuse rate. I agree with the Commission's discontinuation of this tariff, so I have removed the \$19,500 received for reuse testing from 2015 miscellaneous revenues. I also adjusted the amount of the MCDC Lift Station Cleaning Income to match the tariff rate approved in the PAA Order. This results

in a decrease of \$2,006 to miscellaneous revenues. I then escalated the remaining miscellaneous service revenue accounts by 5%, an increase of \$3,276, which is consistent with the other escalation factors that I have used in my pro forma 2016 Phase II rate projections. The net result of my 2016 adjustments increase the adjusted miscellaneous revenues by \$13,802. My calculations are reflected in Exhibit PWM-3, Schedule 3-C.

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#### Reuse Revenues

### Q. HAVE YOU MADE AN ADJUSTMENT TO REUSE REVENUES FOR THE 2016 PRO FORMA TEST YEAR?

Yes, I have. In the historical 2014 test year, the utility received revenues of \$49,248 11 A. from the MCDC for 72,423 thousand gallons of reuse provided. In 2015, the Utility 12 13 received \$58,188 in revenues, for 85,571 thousand gallons of reuse. The increase in 2015 reuse gallons sold was an increase of 18% from the 2014 levels. I increased 14 15 the gallons sold for 2016 by an additional 5% consistent with my 2016 projection 16 factors. This results in a 2016 projected level of reuse revenues at the current rate of \$0.68 per thousand gallons of \$61,098, or an increase of \$10,697 to the historical 17 18 test year. As discussed later in my testimony, I address the appropriate prospective reuse rate to be charged. My reuse revenue calculations are also reflected in Exhibit 19 20 PWM-3, Schedule 3-C.

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#### 22 Total Test Year Revenues – Phase II Rates

#### 23 Q. WHAT IS YOUR ADJUSTED AMOUNT OF TEST YEAR REVENUES FOR

#### 24 THE 2016 PRO FORMA TEST YEAR?

1 A. Based on the adjustments that I discuss above, the appropriate amount of test year 2 revenues for setting Phase II rates is \$1,701,630. 3 4 Operating Expenses 5 O&M Expenses DO YOU AGREE WITH THE AUDIT FINDINGS RELATED TO O&M 6 Q. 7 **EXPENSES?** 8 No. I do not. As I discussed previously, I agree with some but not all of the agreed-A. 9 upon audit adjustments. Audit Finding 3 relates to the reclassification of survey 10 fees to O&M Expenses, which results in an increase of \$1,200 to Contractual 11 Services-Other. I reduced O&M Expenses based on Audit Finding 10 regarding the removal of non-utility, duplicative, out-of-period costs and undocumented 12 13 expenses of \$4,512. 14 ARE YOU RECOMMENDING ANY ADJUSTMENTS TO EXPENSES 15 Q. ASSOCIATED WITH AUDIT FINDINGS 6 AND 11? 16 17 As I previously testified in the Deferred Debit section of my testimony, I do not A. agree with the agreed-upon adjustment made in the PAA Order regarding Audit 18 19 Finding 6, which relates to the amortization of Accounting Fees to "Restate the 20 2007-2012 Annual Reports." Since both of the expense impacts recommended by 21 the Staff Auditors relates to items that I have accounted for differently, neither of 22 the two expense adjustments related to Audit Finding 6 are appropriate to be made. I do agree with making the adjustment in Audit Finding 11 regarding expenses for 23

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Legal Fees relating to the Last Stand litigation that the auditors believe should be

deferred and amortized, as these amounts should not be included in the test year

O&M expenses.

## Q. WHAT ADJUSTMENT TO O&M EXPENSES ARE YOU MAKING TO REMOVE THE REQUESTED AMORTIZATION OF ACCOUNTING FEES TO CORRECT ITS BOOKS AND RECORDS?

A. As addressed in the Working Capital section of my testimony, I removed the Utility's requested amortization expense of \$11,678 for correcting its books and records to comply with the Commission's Order in KW's last rate case and the Uniform System of Accounts to which the Utility referred to as "restating the 2007-2012 Annual Reports." Since, I have not made any of the agreed-upon adjustments from Audit Finding 6, it is not necessary to remove the PAA Order's amortization amount.

### Q. DO YOU AGREE WITH THE PAA ORDER ADJUSTMENT TO CONTRACTUAL SERVICES-ACCOUNTING?

A. Yes. In its MFRs, KW included a \$12,350 pro forma adjustment for additional accounting services, not related to the correction of its books and records. In its response to Staff's first data request No. 2,<sup>20</sup> the Utility stated that the \$12,350 adjustment was based on an additional hour of bookkeeping for 49.5 weeks at an hourly rate of \$250 an hour due to the increase in transactions related to accounts payable, cash disbursements, and customer service. The PAA Order states the \$250 is based on the hourly rate charged by the Utility's accountant, Mr. Jeffrey Allen CPA, for additional work not included in his fixed-rate \$525 monthly service fee;

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>20</sup> See Exhibit CAJ-4 Page 2

however, no explanation was specified for using 49.5 weeks. In its response to Staff's first data request, the Utility indicated that the increase in the expense for December 2014 was due to Mr. Allen performing fourth quarter accounting work in place of the Utility's in-house accountant who had resigned. The Commission stated that this position was filled in 2015; therefore, the additional work performed in the test year did not warrant an adjustment to increase accounting fees on a going-forward basis. Additionally, the PAA Order stated the Utility indicated that the increase in wastewater treated would not increase the prospective amount of transactions relative to the amount of flows received. Based on the above, I concur with the Commission's decision to disallow the \$12,350 pro forma contractual services-accounting adjustment for Phase I and Phase II rate setting purposes.

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#### Contractual Services-Engineering

- 14 Q. DO YOU AGREE WITH THE ADJUSTMENT IN THE PAA ORDER FOR
- 15 CONTRACTUAL SERVICES-ENGINEERING?
- 16 A. Yes. I agree that this adjustment is appropriate to correct expenses for an invoice
  17 that was capitalized. Contractual services-engineering expense should be
  18 decreased by \$653.

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- 20 Contractual Services-Management Fee
- 21 Q DO YOU AGREE WITH THE COMMISSION'S ADJUSTMENT TO KW'S
- 22 TEST YEAR EXPENSES FOR MANAGEMENT FEES CHARGED BY
- 23 GREEN FAIRWAYS?
- 24 A. Yes. I agree that the majority of the management duties provided by Green
- Fairways is duplicative of the in-house officers and management the Utility has

hired since its last rate case. The PAA Order also states the Utility explained that Mr. William Smith personally guaranteed loans to KW, and that his management fees are reasonable compared to those charged by most lenders. KW further explained that WS Utilities, as the sole shareholder and largest creditor, requires outside management to review KW's operations and to ensure that all debts are properly paid and that no security is jeopardized or personal guaranty is put at risk. The Commission properly found that these services primarily benefit Mr. Smith as a shareholder. Finally the PAA Order states, and I agree, that Green Fairways does not provide true, independent third party oversight, as two related-party individuals are providing the services. Therefore, I concur with the Commission's decision to remove the affiliate transaction as not being necessary for the provision of regulated utility service. Thus, I recommend that contractual services-management expense be decreased by \$60,000 for both Phase I and Phase II rates.

#### 14 <u>Legal Fees Associated with Construction Permit Litigation</u>

- Q. WHAT ADJUSTMENT IS APPROPRIATE FOR THE LEGAL AND
  CONSULTING FEES THAT THE UTILITY INCURRED TO DEFEND ITS
  CONSTRUCTION PERMIT WITH DEP FOR THE WASTEWATER
  TREATMENT PLANT EXPANSION?
- As discussed earlier in my testimony, the legal and engineering fees associated with
  the construction permit should be capitalized to CWIP and not deferred and
  amortized over 5 years as requested by the Utility. These costs clearly were
  incurred to obtain the construction permit and are required to be capitalized
  according to the NARUC Uniform System of Accounts. In its filing, the Utility
  requested total fees of \$519,585 to be amortized over 5 years for an annual

amortization expense of \$103,917. For Phase I, I have added the amounts to CWIP
and for Phase II rates, I have capitalized these fees to Treatment and Disposal Plant.

Accordingly, I have removed the Utility's requested amortization of \$103,917 from
both Phase I and Phase II O&M Expenses.

#### 6 Pro Forma Expense Adjustments - Phase I

#### 7 Q. PLEASE ADDRESS THE UTILITY'S PRO FORMA O&M EXPENSES

#### FOR PHASE I RATES?

A. The Phase I O&M Expenses requested by the Utility and approved by the Commission severely overstated the expenses for Phase I level of service. The biggest problem with the Phase I level of expenses is that the Utility requested pro forma adjustments for service levels at least a year after the new treatment plant will be placed into service. If you look at the actual levels of expenses incurred in 2015 and for the January through April 2016 timeframe, it is evident that the Utility is not spending near the amount of expenses that the Commission approved for Phase I even though the Utility was required to implement AWT in January 2016. This is particularly evident when you look at chemicals, purchased power and sludge hauling expenses, as demonstrated below:

			Annualized	PAA Order
Account Title	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	Phase I & II
Sludge Removal				•
Expense	\$39,394	\$36,777	\$130,925	\$148,728
Purchased Power	\$146,711	\$145,781	\$181,726	\$189,611
Chemicals	\$32,330	\$89,146	\$183,152	\$257,071

In its PAA Order on page 13, the Commission stated the following under the heading "Changes in Operation and Maintenance (O&M) Expenses Due to AWT Upgrade":

The Utility requested pro forma expenses associated with upgrading its operations to meet Advanced Wastewater Treatment (AWT) Standards required by Section 403.087(10), F.S., with a deadline of January 1, 2016. Section 367.081, F.S., provides that we approve rates for service which allow a utility to recover the full amount of environmental compliance costs. Recognizing that the requested expenses are needed for compliance with the Utility's DEP Permit, KW Resort shall be permitted recovery of reasonable and prudent expenses associated with the AWT upgrade.

In its filing, the Utility requested a total of \$666,134 of pro forma O&M expense for estimated increases in the following expenses: salaries and wages, employee pension and benefits, general liability insurance, workmen's comp insurance, sludge disposal, purchased power, chemicals, materials and supplies, contractual services-engineer, contractual services-testing, contractual services-other, and miscellaneous. As addressed below, this request was subsequently increased to \$708,511. In addition, the Utility requested a corresponding pro forma increase of \$13,526 to payroll taxes. We find the following adjustments are appropriate.

A.

## Q. DOES IT APPEAR THAT THE COMMISSION WAS AWARE THAT THE REQUESTED LEVEL OF EXPENSES WAS NOT JUST FOR IMPLEMENTING AWT ON ITS EXISTING TREATEMENT PLANT?

No, it does not appear that the Commission or its Staff understood that the majority of the pro forma expenses requested were based on treatment and expense levels much higher than those in the current test year, as the Order only stated that the pro forma expenses were needed to implement AWT. In response to Staff Audit Request 5, which is Exhibit PWM-5 attached to my testimony, the majority of the adjustments projected the expense levels for the treatment plant operations out to 2016 after the treatment plant expansion was online and operating for at least a year. The Utility did not provide this information in its direct testimony that was filed in this docket. As shown on page 2 of the exhibit, the calculation of salaries is projected out to 2015 and 2016. Page 4 reflects sludge hauling estimates for 2016

when the expansion is operational. Page 6 reflects purchased power for a full 2016 level. Pages 7-12 estimate chemical expenses based on 550,000 GPD, and page 13 reflects the Utility engineer's annual estimate for testing after the plant expansion is in service. Based on this exhibit, it is clear that the majority of the O&M expenses for the pro forma adjustments reflect the annual operational level when the expansion is in service and does not reflect the level of pro forma expenses for implementing AWT for its existing plant.

A.

#### Q. DO YOU AGREE THAT SOME LEVEL OF PRO FORMA ADJUSTMENT

#### IS NECESSARY FOR PHASE I RATES TO IMPLEMENT AWT ON THE

#### EXISTING PLANT?

Yes, I do. While I do not have an estimate provided by the Utility for AWT on its existing plant, I can make a reasonable estimate based on the actual results from 2016 that the Utility has provided. Phase I O&M expenses should be no more than the actual annualized levels incurred for 2016. The Utility provided the January to April 2016 level of operating expenses and those expenses totaled \$237,762. I multiplied the majority of the expense accounts by 3 to reflect a full year of expenses. For chemicals, purchased power and sludge hauling expenses, I multiplied the first four months by 3.25 instead of 3 to recognize that the flows generally increase in the last quarter of the year. I then made several adjustments to my annualized 2016 amounts. First, I made all of my adjustments that I recommend to O&M expenses for the agreed-upon adjustment. I then removed the \$60,000 management fee for the affiliate services that are not necessary or supported. I also added back in the rate case expense that the Commission approved in the PAA Order.

The last adjustment I made was to correct the general liability insurance annualization that was based on an overstated amount in the general ledger. In response to Staff's Interrogatory 16, the Utility stated that the general liability insurance for KW's expense through April 2016 was originally reported as \$28,657, which when annualized totaled \$85,971. The utility later reviewed the entry to that account, and corrected the general ledger. The corrected amount through April 2016 is \$13,729, or \$41,187 annualized. I have adjusted the annualized general liability insurance to the corrected amount.

Attached to my testimony is Schedule 3-C from Exhibit PWM-2, which shows my recommended level of 2014 adjusted O&M expenses which totals \$1,546,872. Thus, a further reduction to Phase I O&M Expenses of \$301,461 should be made. It should be noted that this is higher than the actual 2015 O&M expenses of \$1,402,438, as reflected in the Utility's 2015 Annual Report. I would not recommend any higher levels of O&M expenses for Phase I, even including additional direct expenses associated with AWT, unless the Utility can meet its burden of proof and document that it is in fact incurring more that the annualized costs that I have calculated for 2016.

Q

A.

## DO YOU HAVE ANY OTHER COMMENTS REGARDING THE UTILITY'S REQUESTED PRO FORMA EXPENSES FOR PHASE I?

Yes. In its last rate case, KW requested and the Commission approved increased O&M expenses (with few adjustments) to allow the Utility to implement AWT starting in 2008. We know now that the Utility did not implement AWT on its existing plant until a few months before January 1, 2016. Thus, the Commission included significantly higher chemical, purchased power and sludge hauling

expenses in the last rate case, which the Utility never incurred, yet ratepayers paid
for. While I am not asking the Commission to take any action on this, it should be
noted that the Utility again has requested higher O&M expenses to "implement
AWT" in this case, which we now know is not the level needed in Phase I rates.

Α.

#### Rate Case Expense

#### Q. DO YOU HAVE A RECOMMENDATION REGARDING RATE CASE

#### EXPENSE IN SETTING PHASE I AND PHASE II RATES?

Yes. For purposes of my accounting schedules, I included the rate case expense amortization that the Commission approved in the PAA Order. Thus, the rate case expense adjustments and the total amount approved by the PAA Order are appropriate for setting Phase I and Phase II rates. I will address below the major adjustments that the Commission approved. In addition, the final amount should be based on supported estimates for taking the case to hearing.

A.

#### 16 Q. WHAT ADJUSTMENTS ARE APPROPRIATE FOR LEGAL FEES?

Legal fees should be reduced to remove the filing fees, costs incurred to submit and address deficiencies in the MFRs, and a reasonable estimate to complete. Also, it is not appropriate for the Utility to seek reimbursement from its ratepayers to have two attorneys reviewing the same work product. I agree with the PAA Order that any duplication in legal fees incurred by having two law firms working on the rate case should be disallowed. Further, it is the Utility's burden to show that the legal fees incurred are not duplicative. Customers should not pay double the rate case expense to have two attorneys review a data request, a discovery response, attend a conference call with staff, attend the prehearing conference, or pay for hours

associated with "researching" different Commission functions such as the PAA process. The Utility has retained experienced counsel and customers should not pay additional rate case expense for another attorney, at a higher hourly rate, to learn Commission processes, especially when that attorney is affiliated with the Utility. Therefore, rate case expense should be adjusted accordingly to remove duplicative legal fees.

A.

#### 8 Q. WHAT ADJUSTMENTS ARE APPROPRIATE TO ACCOUNTING

#### CONSULTING FEES?

The PAA Order made adjustments to accounting fees to remove duplicate filing costs to correct MFR deficiencies, to reflect a reasonable level of estimated hours to complete the case, and to remove duplicative, unsupported, and other accounting invoices not related to rate case expense. I concur that these adjustments are reasonable and should be made. I also recommend that the Commission carefully review the accounting rate case expense invoices to determine whether the Utility's inadequate record keeping has increased the amount of accounting work performed to prepare the MFRs, address audit findings and respond to discovery, thus increasing rate case expense. Any rate case expense related to bringing the Utility's books into compliance included in rate case expense should be disallowed.

#### Q. DID THE COMMISSION MAKE ADJUSTMENTS TO MISCELLANEOUS

#### 22 RATE CASE EXPENSE?

23 A. Yes, it made adjustments to reflect a reasonable cost for customer notices, printing 24 and shipping, and rate case travel expenses. I also agree with these adjustments.

1	Q	BASED ON THE ADJUSTMENTS ABOVE, WHAT AMOUNT OF RATE
2		CASE EXPENSE HAVE YOU INCLUDED?
3	A.	Based upon the adjustments discussed above, the Commission approved rate case
4		expense of \$152,021. Amortized over 4 years, this equates to an annual expense of
5		\$38,005. The Utility's requested rate case expense should be increased by \$6,805
6		(\$38,005 - \$31,200).
7		
8	Phas	e II O&M Expenses
9	Q.	ARE YOU MAKING SIMILAR ADJUSTMENTS TO PHASE II O&M
10		EXPENSES THAT YOU MADE TO PHASE I?
11	A.	Yes, I am making the same adjustments for the agreed-upon audit adjustments,
12		contractual services-accounting, contractual services-engineering, management
13		fees, and rate case expense. I am also recommending the removal of the
14		amortization of legal fees for the permit litigation fees incurred which should be
15		capitalized, and I remove the amortization of accounting fees to correct the Utility's
16		books and records for 2007-2011. Additionally, I agree that the reduction to pro
17		forma expenses made by the Commission of \$10,028 is appropriate for Phase II
18		rates.
19		
20	<u>Pro F</u>	Forma Expenses-Phase II
21	Q.	WHAT ADDITIONAL ADJUSTMENTS TO THE UTILITY'S
22		REQUESTED PRO FORMA EXPENSES DO YOU BELIEVE ARE
23		APPROPRIATE FOR PHASE II RATES?
24	A.	Additional adjustments are needed to the pro forma expenses for Sludge Removal,
25		Purchased Power, Chemicals, and Material and Supplies Expenses. The pro forma

adjustments for those accounts are based on consumption levels that exceed the level recommended by OPC witness Woodcock's engineering analysis and growth for the first year that the new plant expansion will be placed into service. Mr. Woodcock recommends that the projected 2016 treatment level will be 507,370 gallons per day (gpd). The Utility has calculated its projected level of expenses based on a consumption level of 550,000 gpd. I have reduced those 4 accounts, which are directly impacted by the amount of flows treated, by 7.75%. (42,630/550,000 gpd). This results in a decrease of \$29,223 to O&M Expenses.

#### Q. HAVE YOU REVIEWED UTILITY WITNESS SWAIN'S ADDITIONAL

#### O&M EXPENSE ADJUSTMENTS THAT WERE INCLUDED IN HER

#### DIRECT TESTIMONY?

Yes, I have. In Ms. Swain's Exhibit DDS-2, page 5 of 11, attached to her direct testimony, she shows that KW increased O&M Expenses by \$224,501, for a total pro forma O&M Expense adjustment of \$1,085,543. The adjustments to each account are listed below:

A.

701	Salaries & Wages – All	\$14,640
704	Employee Pensions & Benefits	\$18,413
715	Purchased Power	\$38,264
718	Chemicals	\$32,330
720	Materials & Supplies	\$31,502
757	Insurance - General Liability	\$47,271
766	Reg. Comm. Exp Rate Case Amort.	\$60,657
775	Miscellaneous Expenses	<u>\$2,424</u>
Tota	al .	<u>\$245,501</u>

I disagree with those pro forma expenses for many reasons. First, all of these expenses are in addition to the more than \$840,000 in pro forma adjustments

requested in the MFRs and were not included in KW's original rate case filing. To increase projected expenses by almost a quarter of a million dollars, with no justification and after the Intervenors' protest was filed, is completely inappropriate and unjustified. Second, the Utility has not provided any documentation with its testimony that shows how these amounts were calculated or what changes occurred to necessitate such a large increase above those included in the MFRs. These additional costs are a transparent attempt to bolster the Utility's request for a rate increase. Further, the Utility has utterly failed to identify any known and measurable changes that have occurred subsequent to the test year, which would require these additional costs to be included in the revenue requirement, as I outline in great detail in my testimony. Finally, the breakdown of the increase in individual expense accounts totals \$245,501. This is an unexplained difference from her total increase to O&M Expenses of \$20,960. This requested increase in O&M Expenses should be completely disallowed.

A.

#### O&M Expense Summary

Q. WHAT IS THE TOTAL RECOMMENDED LEVEL OF O&M EXPENSES
THAT YOU ARE RECOMMENDING FOR PHASE I AND PHASE II
RATES?

Based on the adjustments outlined in my testimony, I am recommending O&M Expenses of \$1,546,872 for Phase I and \$1,809,082 for Phase II. The schedules supporting the Phase I and II O&M expenses are Exhibits PWM-2, Schedule 2-A and PWM-3, on Schedules 2-A, respectively.

#### Depreciation Expense

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A.

#### 2 Q. WHAT ADJUSTMENTS DO YOU RECOMMEND TO DEPRECIATION

#### 3 EXPENSE TO BE USED IN SETTING PHASE I RATES?

4 A. Consistent with my recommendations to Accumulated Depreciation and 5 Accumulated Amortization of CIAC, I have increased Amortization of CIAC by 6 \$14,003 for Audit Finding 4; I have decreased Depreciation Expense by \$5,489 for 7 Audit Finding 5; I have removed the requested pro forma Depreciation Expense for 8 the wastewater treatment plant expansion by \$196,281 and I have removed the 9 Utility's adjustment to reflect the year-end annualization of Depreciation Expense, 10 which is a reduction of \$4,384. Based on these adjustments, Net Depreciation 11 Expense should be \$104,511 for Phase I rates.

#### 12 Q WHAT ADJUSTMENTS DO YOU RECOMMEND TO DEPRECIATION

#### EXPENSE TO BE USED IN SETTING PHASE II RATES?

Consistent with my recommendations to Phase I Depreciation Expense and Amortization of CIAC Expense, I first increase Amortization of CIAC by \$14,003 for Audit Finding 4. Second, I decrease Depreciation Expense by \$5,489 for Audit Finding 5. The third adjustment I make increases the 2014 depreciation expense by \$13,718 to reflect the 2014 year-end balance. Fourth, I add the additional amount of depreciation expense on the WWTP expansion projected costs including the capitalized legal fees for the permit litigation. This results in an increase to depreciation expense of \$67,026 above the Utility's requested pro forma depreciation expense in its MFRs. The fifth and sixth adjustments relate to the vacuum tank depreciation expense and the adjustment to remove the related retirement. Those adjustments to depreciation expense are an increase of \$26,385

1		and a decrease of \$19,789, respectively. For clarity, 1 made specific adjustments
2		for the WWTP expansion and the vacuum tank replacement, and did not net the
3		adjustments, as was done in the PAA Order.
4		
5	Q.	HAVE YOU MADE ADDITIONAL ADJUSTMENTS TO AMORTIZATION
6		OF CIAC?
7	A.	Yes. Consistent with the adjustments to CIAC, I first increase the average 2014
8		balance of Amortization of CIAC by \$4,746 to reflect a year-end balance, similar
9		to depreciation expense. Second, I add amortization of \$17,079 for the 2015 and
10		2016 actual additions to CIAC. The third adjustment I make is to reflect the
11		amortization of \$15,421 on the additional 2016 CIAC I project will be collected
12		during the first year of operations of the WWTP expansion.
13	Q.	WHAT NON-USED AND USEFUL ADJUSTMENT IS NECESSARY TO
13 14	Q.	WHAT NON-USED AND USEFUL ADJUSTMENT IS NECESSARY TO DEPRECIATION EXPENSE?
	<b>Q.</b> A.	
14		DEPRECIATION EXPENSE?
14 15		<b>DEPRECIATION EXPENSE?</b> I reduce Depreciation Expense by \$130,954 based on the 25% non-used and useful
14 15 16		<b>DEPRECIATION EXPENSE?</b> I reduce Depreciation Expense by \$130,954 based on the 25% non-used and useful percentage recommended by OPC witness Woodcock. This adjustment is
<ul><li>14</li><li>15</li><li>16</li><li>17</li></ul>		DEPRECIATION EXPENSE?  I reduce Depreciation Expense by \$130,954 based on the 25% non-used and useful percentage recommended by OPC witness Woodcock. This adjustment is consistent with the adjustment I made to rate base for non-used and useful Plant
14 15 16 17		DEPRECIATION EXPENSE?  I reduce Depreciation Expense by \$130,954 based on the 25% non-used and useful percentage recommended by OPC witness Woodcock. This adjustment is consistent with the adjustment I made to rate base for non-used and useful Plant
14 15 16 17 18	Α.	DEPRECIATION EXPENSE?  I reduce Depreciation Expense by \$130,954 based on the 25% non-used and useful percentage recommended by OPC witness Woodcock. This adjustment is consistent with the adjustment I made to rate base for non-used and useful Plant and Accumulated Depreciation.
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	Α.	DEPRECIATION EXPENSE?  I reduce Depreciation Expense by \$130,954 based on the 25% non-used and useful percentage recommended by OPC witness Woodcock. This adjustment is consistent with the adjustment I made to rate base for non-used and useful Plant and Accumulated Depreciation.  WHAT IS YOUR ADJUSTED DEPRECIATION EXPENSE FOR PHASE II
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	A. Q.	DEPRECIATION EXPENSE?  I reduce Depreciation Expense by \$130,954 based on the 25% non-used and useful percentage recommended by OPC witness Woodcock. This adjustment is consistent with the adjustment I made to rate base for non-used and useful Plant and Accumulated Depreciation.  WHAT IS YOUR ADJUSTED DEPRECIATION EXPENSE FOR PHASE II RATES?

#### Taxes Other Than Income (TOTI)

#### 2 Q. WHAT ARE THE APPROPRIATE AMOUNTS OF TAXES OTHER THAN

#### INCOME TAXES TO BE INCLUDED IN SETTING PHASE I RATES?

A. For Phase I Rates, I first make a \$62,863 adjustment to remove the regulatory assessment fees on my test year revenue net adjustment. The second adjustment I make is to reflect the annualization of payroll taxes consistent with the method that I used to adjust Phase I salaries for AWT. I annualized the January through April 2016 balance of payroll taxes from the Utility's general ledger and multiplied that balance by 3 to get the 2016 annualized level of payroll taxes. This results in an increase to payroll taxes of \$5,682. The last adjustment I make for Phase I Taxes Other Than Income is to remove the Utility's requested pro forma adjustment to property taxes on the pro forma plant adjustment. This is a decrease of \$35,696. The total adjustment to Phase I Taxes Other Than Income is a net decrease of \$92,878, which results in an adjusted 2014 balance of \$153,029.

Α.

## Q. WHAT ARE THE APPROPRIATE AMOUNTS OF TAXES OTHER THAN INCOME TAXES TO BE INCLUDED IN SETTING PHASE II RATES?

For Phase II Rates, I first make a \$55,356 adjustment to remove the regulatory assessment fees on my test year revenue net adjustment. Second, I reflect the \$1,875 payroll tax adjustment made in the PAA Order, as I concur with the increase to the Utility's pro forma adjustment to salaries the Commission made. The adjustment to payroll taxes should be a fall-out based on the amount of salaries ultimately approved by the Commission. The third adjustment is an increase to property taxes of \$13,355 to reflect the adjusted pro forma plant that I am including for Phase II Rates. The last adjustment that I make for Phase II Taxes Other Than

1		Income is to remove the \$16,177 in non-used and useful property taxes based on	
2		OPC witness Woodcock's used and useful analysis. The total adjustment that I	
3		make to Taxes Other Than Income is a decrease of \$56,302, which results in an	
4		adjusted 2016 pro forma test year balance of \$189,605.	
5			
6	Revenue Requirements		
7	Q.	WHAT IS THE APPROPRIATE REVENUE REQUIREMENT FOR PHASE	
8		I RATES?	
9	A.	Based on my recommended adjustments to the Phase I rate base, cost of capital and	
10		operating expenses, the appropriate revenue requirement for Phase I rates should	
11		be \$1,821,639. This represents an increase of \$286,840, or 18.69%, to adjusted	
12		2014 test year revenues.	
13	Q.	WHAT IS THE APPROPRIATE REVENUE REQUIREMENT FOR PHASE	
14		II RATES?	
15	A.	Based on my recommended adjustments to the Phase II rate base, cost of capital	
16		and operating expenses, the appropriate revenue requirement for Phase II rates	
17		should be \$2,269,893. This represents an increase of \$568,263, or 33.40%, to	
18		adjusted 2016 pro forma test year revenues. My adjustments to Phase II rates are	
19		not cumulative from my Phase I rates, which is different from how the revenue	
20		increase was presented in the PAA Order.	
21			
22	<u>Utilit</u>	y's Revised and Unnoticed Revenue Requirement Increase	
23	Q:	DID THE UTILITY'S JULY 1, 2016 TESTIMONY, EXHIBITS, AND MFRS	
24		SUBSTANTIALLY INCREASE ITS ORIGINAL REQUEST FOR RATE	
25		RELIEF?	

A: Yes. As reflected in Exhibit DDS-2, attached to Utility witness Swain's testimony, the Utility increased its requested revenues by \$413,598. On July 1, 2015, the Utility, in its original application and MFRs, requested a revenue requirement of \$2,931,759 (\$1,438,382 or a 96% increase) to account for the new plant expansion project required to meet future wastewater demand related to extraordinary growth, as well as comply with AWT as of January 1, 2016. However, in Ms. Swain's direct testimony, KW increased the projection of its WWTP expansion cost and added a new pro forma estimate of \$615,177 for a vacuum tank replacement, which was not included in its original application. As I testified, the Utility also increased its pro forma O&M expenses by \$224,541, its depreciation expense by \$82,293, and taxes other than income by \$36,386. Lastly, the Utility increased its cost of capital from 8.01% to 8.16%. Together, all of these additional pro forma costs increased the Utility's requested revenue increase from 97% in its original MFRs, by an additional 14.11%. The revised revenue increase included in the Utility's direct testimony is now 126.14%.

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## Q. DO YOU HAVE ANY COMMENTS REGARDING THE UTILITY'S ATTEMPT TO INCREASE ITS REQUESTED REVENUES THIS LATE IN THE PROCEEDING?

Yes, I do. It is inappropriate for the Utility, through its testimony, to seek a rate increase that materially exceeds its request in its original petition. First, other than the treatment plant expansion and vacuum tank replacement, the other pro forma adjustments are unsupported. Second, the Utility has not provided any notice to its customers that it is requested higher revenues, and thus, rates higher than those that

were included in the official customer notice of the case. Any revenue increase above the original request should be completely denied.

Q.

A.

# IN YOUR REGULATORY EXPERIENCE, HAVE YOU EVER OBSERVED ANY SIMILAR EXAMPLES OF WHEN A UTILITY HAS REQUESTED HIGHER REVENUES AFTER IT FILED ITS ORIGINAL PETITION FOR A RATE INCREASE AND INITIAL CUSTOMER NOTICE?

Yes, I have been involved in at least two cases where this issue arose. The first was a General Development Utilities (GDU) system named Silver Springs Shores<sup>21</sup>. The second was a Utilities, Inc. of Sandalhaven<sup>22</sup> case in 2006. While there is no Commission order issued that explains the rationale for suspending or extending these cases, I was personally involved with both cases: first when I was on Commission Staff and the second as OPC Staff. Basically, what transpired in those cases was the utility attempted to revise its revenue requirements subsequently in the docket after the original petition and customer notices had been distributed to customers. The Commission in the GDU case and Commission Staff in the Sandalhaven case stated that, if the change were allowed, it could create a due process violation for the customers.

In the GDU case, the Commission dismissed the evidentiary hearing shortly after calling the hearing to order and heard no evidence in the case. I have attached a copy of the hearing transcript as Exhibit PWM-9. It then required the Utility to re-notice the customers, changed the official date of filing, and re-started the

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>21</sup> See Docket No. 870239-WS, In re: Application of General Development Utilities, Inc., Silver Springs Shores Division, for increased water and sewer rates in Marion County.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>22</sup> Order No. PSC-07-0865-PAA-SU, issued October 29, 2007, in Docket No. 060285-SU In re: Application for increase in wastewater rates in Charlotte County by Utilities, Inc. of Sandalhaven.

statutory time clock. In the Sandalhaven case, the Staff, Utility, and OPC met and discussed what other options the utility had to rectify the situation. The Utility ultimately decided to re-file its MFRs at a later date to include the additional information to support its revised revenue requirement.

A.

## Q. WHAT OTHER CONCERNS DO YOU HAVE REGARDING KW'S DECISION TO INCREASE ITS REQUESTED REVENUES, EXPENSES AND RATE BASE IN THIS RATE PROCEEDING?

The post-PAA protest should not be a vehicle for KW to bootstrap new rate increase requests into its original filing, thereby, punishing customers for protesting the PAA Order. Alternatively, KW's expanded rate increase request should be treated as a new rate case, supplanting the Utility's original rate case, and resetting all the statutory timeframes and controlling dates. Ultimately, KW has the burden of proof to show the Commission why it should not be treated as such and that it has complied with all statutory and regulatory requirements, including properly noticing its customers.

A:

### Q: HOW SHOULD THE COMMISSION TREAT THIS EXPANDED REQUEST FOR RATE RELIEF?

While I have included the cost of the vacuum tank and additional plant expansion costs in my Phase II rate recommendation, it is better policy for the Commission to deny the Company's request for this additional relief not included in its original PAA rate increase filing. This is especially appropriate if the Commission determines that the Utility failed to comply with the customer notice requirements.

Moreover, it needs to be noted that this is a Class-A utility, and not a smaller utility seeking a staff assisted rate case (or SARC). KW has hired an experienced attorney to plead its case for rate relief. It is the Utility's burden of proof to show it is entitled to a larger rate base and additional O&M expenses. If the Utility does not meet its burden to provide the Commission enough information in its initial PAA rate filing or its case-in-chief, it should not be allowed to cure the defective filing by bootstrapping additional costs as part of its cross-protest of the PAA Order. Based upon my experience at the Commission and at OPC working on utility issues for the past 35 years, it is not fair, just, or reasonable to allow the Utility to substantially expand its initial PAA rate increase in such a post-hoc manner. Therefore, any additional rate requests beyond the Utility's initial filing should be denied.

#### RATES AND RATE STRUCTURE

#### Rates and Rate Structures

#### O. DO YOU AGREE WITH THE RATE STRUCTURE APPROVED BY THE

#### PAA ORDER?

Yes, I do. The PAA Order changes to the base facility charge and gallonage charge allocation of 40/60 are reasonable for this utility. I also agree the Commission's restatement/correction of the test year bills and gallons by meter size is appropriate. I further concur that a full investigation should be made to determine that the Utility has correctly implemented the changes made to bill its customers by the appropriate class and meter size as well as calculate refunds for customers who were improperly billed at a non-tariffed rate.

A.

#### Billing Determinants

A.

#### 2 Q. WHAT ARE THE APPROPRIATE BILLS AND GALLONS TO USE TO

#### 3 ESTABLISH PHASE I RATES?

A. It is appropriate to use the PAA Order billing determinants approved in the PAA

Order for Phase I rates. Although it is evident that the 2015 and 2016 revenues and

billing determinants were higher than those in the 2014 test year, my revenue

requirement calculations based on the PAA Order billing determinants are

reasonable for setting Phase I rates.

### 9 Q. WHAT ARE THE APPROPRIATE BILLS AND GALLONS TO USE TO 10 ESTABLISH PHASE II RATES?

Consistent with my adjustments to Phase II test year revenues and to comply with the matching principle, the bills and gallons used to calculate the rates should be increased to reflect the projected level of customers that will be online for the first year of operation of the wastewater treatment expansion. I have used the actual increase in 2015 revenues to estimate the number of bills and gallons by customer class as the Utility has refused to provide the restated number of 2015 customers and gallons consistent with the method used by the Commission in the PAA Order. To determine the appropriate 2016 billing determinants, I escalated the 2015 levels that I calculated by 5%, consistent with OPC witness Woodcock's used and useful projection. I would point out that Mr. Woodcock has estimated the consumption level for the pro forma 2016 test year, and then determined the used and useful percentage using a 5-year growth allowance consistent with my adjustments to the test year to year-end 2016. I have reflected my calculations to the 2016 level of bills and gallons on Exhibit PWM-3, Schedule 4-B.

1	Meas	Measured Service Rates	
2	Q.	BASED ON YOUR RECOMMENDED REVENUE REQUIREMENT AND	
3		THE PAA ORDER BILLING DETERMINANTS, WHAT RATES HAVE	
4		YOU CALCULATED FOR PHASE I RATES?	
5	A.	I have attached my recommended Phase I rates on Schedule 4-A. Using a base	
6		facility charge of \$25.02 and a gallonage charge of \$4.15, a residential customer	
7		with a monthly consumption of 4,000 gallons would pay \$41.62 a month under my	
8		Phase II rates.	
9			
10	Q.	BASED ON YOUR ADJUSTED BILLING DETERMINANTS, WHAT ARE	
11		THE APPROPRIATE RATES FOR KW RESORT'S WASTEWATER	
12		SYSTEM FOR PHASE II RATES?	
13	A.	I have attached my recommended Phase II rates on Schedule 4-A. Using a base	
14		facility charge of \$28.06 and a gallonage charge of \$4.65, a residential customer	
15		with a monthly consumption of 4,000 gallons would pay \$46.66 a month under my	
16		Phase II rates.	
17			
18	Reus	e Rates	
19	Q.	WHAT IS THE APPROPRIATE RATE FOR KW'S REUSE SERVICE, AND	
20		WHAT AMOUNT OF REUSE REVENUES SHOULD BE CONSIDERED	
21.		PART OF THE REVENUE REQUIREMENT?	
22	A.	The Utility's requested rate of \$1.3423 is appropriate to charge for reuse, and is	
23		more reasonable than the Commission approved reuse rate of \$0.93 per thousand	

24

gallons. Currently, the two largest users of reuse water are the affiliate golf course

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>23</sup> See MFR Schedule E-1

and Monroe County Detention Center. The water rates in the Florida Keys are substantially higher than rates in other parts of the State and range from a low of \$5.84 per thousand gallons to a high rate of \$11.70. The Florida Keys Aqueduct Authority (FKAA) is the water provider for KW's service territory and FKAA's rate for Reclaimed (Reuse) Water Consumption is 50% of each Potable Rate Block. Thus, for a low level of consumption (0-6,000 gallons), the reuse rate for the FKAA is \$2.92 per thousand gallons.

In its PAA Order, the Commission stated that reuse rates are typically market based rather than cost based, which provides an incentive to encourage customers to use the reuse. In its analysis, the Commission explained that a review of reuse rates charged throughout Monroe County listed in the Florida DEP's 2014 Reuse Inventory Report, showed that there are only two entities, including KW, that currently charge for reuse and that KW's rate was significantly lower than the other provider. Since the FKAA rate sheet lists reuse, it appears this is the other Utility that provides reuse. KW's requested rate of \$1.34 is reasonable, given the comparable rate of the local water provider. Additionally, I concur with the Commission that no additional charge for testing should be approved. I have attached a copy of the FKAA current water rates as Exhibit PWM-8. In addition, using KW's higher requested reuse rate reduces the burden on the residential and general service customers to achieve the approved revenue requirement. A lower reuse rate has the opposite effect.

Q.

ARE ANY ADJUSTMENTS NECESSARY TO BE MADE TO THE TEST
YEAR MISCELLANEOUS SERVICE CHARGES AND REUSE
REVENUES TO REFLECT THE RATE CHANGES APPROVED BY THE

1		COMMISSION WHEN CALCULATING THE REVENUE TO BE
2		COLLECTED FROM SERVICE RATES IN PHASE I AND PHASE II
3		RATES?
4	A.	Yes, the Commission should use the approved miscellaneous service charges and
5		reuse rate when calculating the amount of revenues to be collected from service
6		rates. This was not done in the PAA Order, which increased the amount of revenues
7		that should be allocated to residential and general service customers, overstating
8		those rates. This is clearly a matching principal issue that should be applied in
9		setting service rates.
0	Q.	ARE YOU RECOMMENDING ANY CHANGES TO THE COMMISSION
1		APPROVED MISCELLANEOUS SERVICE CHARGES AND LATE
2		PAYMENT CHARGES?
3	A.	The Miscellaneous Service Charges approved by the Commission are reasonable
14		The initial connection charge and normal reconnection charge should remain at \$15
15		and the premises visit charge should be \$20 for normal hours and \$45 for after
16		hours. I also concur that the Commission-approved Non-Sufficient Funds (NSF)
17		charges are reasonable. However, KW's request to implement a \$9.50 late payment
18		charge should not be approved, as a \$6.50 charge is more reasonable. Lastly,
19		agree that KW should be authorized to collect a monthly lift station cleaning charge
20		of \$1,462 from the Monroe County Detention Center.
21		
22	Phase	II Rate Increase Implementation
23	Q.	IF THE COMMISSION APPROVES A PHASE II RATE INCREASE FOR

KW, WHEN AND UNDER WHAT CIRCUMSTANCES DO YOU BELIEVE

### IT SHOULD BE IMPLEMENTED?

Α.

In my opinion, it is generally better public policy not to approve Phase II rates at this time, but wait until the new plant is placed into service. Then the Commission can review and approve new rates based on actual cost information instead of cost estimates or projections.

However, if the Commission desires to approve Phase II rates now, it should approve the Phase II rates OPC is recommending for approval, and the new Phase II rates should be implemented 30 days after the new plant is placed into service and becomes used and useful. Similar to the PAA Order, the implementation of the Phase II rates should be conditioned upon KW completing the pro forma items with appropriate approvals from DEP, and, once verified by staff, the rates should be effective for service rendered on or after the stamped approval date on the tariff sheet, pursuant to Rule 25-30.475(1), F.A.C. However, if the Utility encounters any unforeseen events that will impede the completion of the Phase II plant items, then KW should immediately notify all parties to this proceeding and the Commission, in advance of the deadline, so as to allow ample time to review whether an extension is appropriate.

KW is requesting that the Commission approve and implement a Phase II rate increase <u>prior</u> to the new plant's in-service date and forgo a Phase I rate increase. If the Commission implements a Phase II rate increase prior to the new plant's in-service date, there should be a true-up mechanism, and the Commission should ensure that all substantially affected persons and parties have an appropriate point of entry to test the reasonableness and prudence of costs that will be included in such rates. Further, the Commission should still establish Phase I rates for the purposes of determining what refunds, if any, are owed to customers.

# 1 Q SHOULD ANY PORTION OF THE IMPLEMENTED PAA RATES BE

# 2 **REFUNDED?**

Yes, the Commission-approved Phase I PAA rates that were implemented by the

Utility were excessive, based on my recommended Phase I revenue requirement

calculation. The refund should be applied consistent with the Commission's refund

rule and should be credited to customer bills over the same amount of time that the

increased rates were collected to offset the initial impact of the Phase II rate

increase.

# 9 Service Availability Policy and Charges

- 10 Q. IN THE PAA ORDER, THE COMMISSION DISCONTINUED THE
- 11 COLLECTION OF PLANT CAPACITY CHARGES. DO YOU BELIEVE
- 12 THAT THE UTILITY SHOULD BE ALLOWED TO CONTINUE
- 13 COLLECTING THIS CHARGE FROM FUTURE CUSTOMERS?
- 14 Yes, I believe that the Utility should be allowed to continue to collect the \$2,700 A. 15 per ERC plant capacity charge. In the PAA Order, the Commission stated that 16 although the Utility did not request a change in its service availability policy or 17 charges, the Commission reviewed the Utility's approved policy and charges, as 18 well its current contribution level and the impact of the pro forma plant on that 19 contribution level. In its Order, the Commission stated that the Utility's 20 contribution level, net CIAC/net plant for 2014 was in excess of 100 percent. 21 Further, with the addition of the PAA Order level of pro forma plant items, the 22 contribution level would be 74 percent, with no additional CIAC from future 23 customers.

I disagree that KW's plant capacity charges should be discontinued. The rule that the Commission relies upon to discontinue the collection of plant capacity charges is Rule 25-30.580, F.A.C., entitled: "Guidelines for Designing Service Availability Policy." This rule is sets forth guidelines for determining service availability policy. The rule does not mandate that the collection of CIAC shall cease if utility's net CIAC to plant ratio exceeds 75%. In practice, the Commission has not strictly adhered to these Guidelines for Designing Service Availability Policy, and should not do so because the Utility, Monroe County, and OPC all agree that it should continue.

In this case, the guidelines should be acknowledged but the Commission should give the Utility latitude to continue collecting CIAC. Based on my calculations to the pro forma 2016 test year, the Utility's net CIAC to net plant ratio will be 78%; however, KW would likely disagree with my net CIAC to net plant ratio calculation. As I testified earlier, the customer growth for this Utility continues to occur. The older parts of the existing plant and collection system will also continue to need repairs and replacement. These are all reasons to allow KW to continue collecting CIAC. There are also other utilities that have been allowed to continue collecting CIAC when its CIAC ratio to net plant exceeded 75%.<sup>24</sup>

Also, the Commission clearly outlined it policy regarding compliance with the 75% guideline maximum in Order No. PSC-00-0917-SC-WS,<sup>25</sup> on page 15. The Order states:

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>24</sup> See Order No. PSC-93-1771-FOF-WS, issued December 10, 1993, page 5, in Docket No. 930256-WS, In Re: Petition for limited proceeding to implement water conservation plan in Seminole County by Sanlando Utilities Corporation.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>25</sup> Order No. PSC-00-0917-SC-WS<sup>25</sup>, page 15, issued May 9, 2000, in Docket No. 981609-WS, In re: Emergency petition by D.R. Horton Custom Homes, Inc. to eliminate authority of Southlake Utilities, Inc. to collect service availability charges and AFPI charges in Lake County and in Docket No. 980992-WS, In re: Complaint by D.R. Horton Custom Homes, Inc. against Southlake Utilities, Inc. in Lake County regarding collection of certain AFPI charges.

According to Rule 25-30.580(1)(a), Florida Administrative Code, a utility's service availability policy shall be designed so that, "The maximum amount of contributions-in-aid-of-construction, net of amortization, should not exceed 75% of the total original cost, net of accumulated depreciation, of the utility's facilities and plant when the facilities and plant are at their designed capacity." A compliance with Rule 25-30.580(1)(a), Florida Administrative Code, depends on the circumstances surrounding a given utility. A utility's current contribution level is not the only factor to consider in determining whether its charges should continue because the rule states that the contribution level should not exceed 75% at a utility's design capacity. Future growth and plant expansion should also be considered. A utility's contribution level at a given point in time could exceed 75% due to the timing of plant expansions and customer growth. As long as the contribution level is not projected to exceed 75% at its designed capacity, a utility would be in compliance with the rule.

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Unless the Commission has a reasonable projection of KW's contribution level at its design capacity, it is premature to discontinue the current plant capacity charges at this time. Based on the above, it is reasonable to allow the Utility to continue collecting the \$2,700 plant capacity charge to future customers.

23

# 24 Q. DOES THIS COMPLETE YOUR TESTIMONY?

25 A. Yes, it does.

- 1 MR. SAYLER: Now it's time for staff. Hold
- on. Hold on.
- 3 BY MR. SAYLER:
- 4 Q And you also prepared and attached nine
- 5 exhibits, PWM-1 through PWM-9 to your direct testimony,
- 6 is that correct?
- 7 A Yes, I did.
- 8 Q And you would agree that the Office of Public
- 9 Counsel filed a replacement page, five of nine, to
- 10 PMW-3, which is identified on staff's comprehensive
- 11 exhibit list; is that correct?
- 12 A That's correct. It was just to refile the
- 13 schedule because the printing had Xs instead of printing
- 14 out all of the numbers.
- 15 Q And then on October 27th, the OPC filed an
- amendment to PMW-5, which was also identified on staff's
- 17 comprehensive exist list, is that correct?
- 18 A That's correct. And we filed that because
- 19 some of the print in reproduction was illegible.
- 20 Q And these exhibits and revisions were prepared
- 21 under your direction and supervision?
- 22 A Correct.
- MR. SAYLER: And I would note that PMW-1
- 24 through PMW-9 were identified as Exhibits 23
- 25 through 31 on the comprehensive exhibit list.

- 1 CHAIRMAN BROWN: Thank you, staff.
- MS. MAPP: Yes. Thank you.
- 3 EXAMINATION
- 4 BY MS. MAPP:
- 5 Q Good afternoon, Ms. Merchant.
- 6 A Good afternoon.
- 7 Q Could you please reach into the large white
- 8 binder and take out the comprehensive exhibit list?
- 9 Yes, that is it. And turn to page nine.
- 10 A Okay, I am there.
- 11 Q Yes. You are identified as for numbers 68, 69
- and No. 1 on 70. Can you please review those responses?
- 13 A I reviewed them earlier today.
- 14 Q And did you prepare these responses, or were
- they prepared under your direction or control?
- 16 A I prepared them.
- 17 Q And are they true and accurate to the best of
- 18 your knowledge or belief?
- 19 A Yes.
- MS. MAPP: Thank you.
- 21 CHAIRMAN BROWN: Okay.
- 22 FURTHER EXAMINATION
- 23 BY MR. SAYLER:
- Q Ms. Merchant, would you please summarize your
- 25 prefiled direct testimony?

- 1 A Yes.
- 2 Good afternoon, Commissioners. I am
- 3 presenting OPC's overall revenue requirement for KW in
- 4 this case using the same two-phase methodology the
- 5 Commission used in its PAA order. This recognizes the
- 6 uniqueness of this case and the need to establish two
- 7 separate revenue requirement calculations. This is due
- 8 to the length of time between the historical test year
- 9 and the date that the plant expansion will be placed
- 10 into service in early 2017.
- The utility states that the 2014 test year is
- 12 reasonable and representative of the operations when the
- 13 new rates will be in effect. We respectfully disagree.
- 14 The utility's proposed pro forma 2014 test year reflects
- a 70-percent increase in both plant capacity and
- 16 expenses, and will not establish fair, just and
- 17 reasonable rates to be implemented without matching --
- 18 without further matching adjustments. 2014 is, however,
- 19 appropriate to measure the reasonableness of the
- 20 implemented Phase I PAA rates.
- 21 For my Phase I rates, among other adjustments,
- 22 I reduced the utility's pro forma O&M expenses to
- 23 reflect only the level necessary to implement advanced
- 24 wastewater treatment, or AWT, in 2016 for the existing
- 25 plant since the utility did not break out the amount for

- 1 the AWT expenses for 2016 -- excuse me, the utility did
- 2 not break out the level of AWT expenses needed to
- 3 operate the plant expansion from those in the -- to
- 4 implement the existing treatment plant.
- I used the best methodology that I had, which
- 6 was to annualize January through April 2016 actual
- 7 expenses. I also increased chemicals purchase power and
- 8 sludge hauling expenses by a higher to acknowledge that
- 9 flows in the last months of the year are generally
- 10 higher. My Phase I revenue requirement represents a
- 11 19-percent decrease from the Phase I PAA rates.
- 12 For my Phase II final revenue requirement, I
- 13 updated the utility's proposed historical 2014 test year
- 14 forward to a pro forma 2016 test year. This updated
- 15 test year is critical to recognize the actual changes
- that have occurred since 2014, and those that are likely
- 17 to occur, to appropriately match the utility's
- investment, operating income and billing determinants
- 19 with the growth that the utility has stated will occur
- when the plant expansion becomes operational.
- The utility filed its 2014 test year and
- 22 included limited and specific pro forma adjustments to
- increase the revenue requirement, the majority of which
- 24 are clearly growth related. Most, other than the AWT
- 25 expense increases for the existing treatment plant, will

- 1 be placed into service more than 24 to 36 months after
- 2 the end of 2014.
- I also point out that not only is the utility
- 4 asking for the pro forma plant and expenses it requested
- 5 in its MFRs, it also increased those adjustments
- 6 substantially in its direct testimony.
- 7 Nowhere in these filings has a utility
- 8 recognized any actual or estimated adjustments that
- 9 would reduce the revenue requirement. The utility only
- 10 wants the Commission to consider the material positive
- increases to rates and objects to any requisition of
- 12 items that are known and measurable since the end of
- 13 2014 that would reduce the revenues, as they say they
- 14 are outside of the test year approved for filing
- 15 purposes.
- I testify that the utility's own records show
- the utility has collected more than \$500,000 in CIAC,
- 18 that rate base has been reduced by two years of
- 19 depreciation expense, and customer growth and
- 20 consumption have increased since 2014.
- 21 At a minimum, failure to reflect the
- 22 additional CIAC collected in 2015 and '16, and allowing
- 23 the recovery of the plant to which the CIAC offsets is a
- 24 violation of Florida Statutes. A 2016 pro forma test
- 25 year is appropriate and will resolve this potential

- 1 violation. It will further match the utility's
- 2 investment in its plant and expenses with the customers
- 3 and related consumption for the period that the final
- 4 rates will be in effect.
- 5 Based on my adjustments and the
- 6 recommendations from OPC Witness Woodcock, the
- 7 appropriate revenue requirement for Phase II is 2.3
- 8 million, which is a 33-percent increase to my adjusted
- 9 2016 test year revenues.
- In addition, the legal fees associated with
- 11 the utility's litigation of the construction permit for
- 12 its plant expansion should be capitalized and spread
- over the life of the plant, as required by the
- 14 Commission's accounting requirements. The DEP order
- 15 approving the plant expansion permit clearly states that
- 16 the issue in the litigation is for the plant expansion
- 17 and the two additional wells, not the existing plant or
- 18 effluent wells. It was reasonable for the utility to
- defend its permit, but the utility's request to expense
- 20 these legal fees over five years should be denied.
- Other issues I address include the
- 22 overstatement of pro forma operating expenses, removing
- 23 the accounting expenses incurred for the utility to
- 24 correct its books prior to 2014, the proper pro forma
- 25 adjustment to the capital structure, and the appropriate

- 1 amounts of bills in gallons to be used in setting final
- 2 rates.
- Finally, I state that a full investigation
- 4 should be made to determine that the utility has
- 5 correctly implemented the changes made to bill its
- 6 customers by the appropriate class and meter size, as
- 7 well as calculate refunds for customers who were
- 8 improperly billed at a nontariff rate.
- 9 This concludes my summary.
- 10 CHAIRMAN BROWN: Thank you.
- 11 MR. SAYLER: Public Counsel would tender
- 12 Ms. Merchant for cross-examination.
- 13 CHAIRMAN BROWN: Thank you, Ms. Merchant, very
- brief summary for 88 pages, so welcome.
- THE WITNESS: Well, it was five minutes.
- 16 CHAIRMAN BROWN: All right. Good job.
- We will start with Monroe County.
- MR. WRIGHT: We have no cross for Ms.
- 19 Merchant. Thank you.
- 20 CHAIRMAN BROWN: Thank you.
- 21 Harbor Shores.
- MS. AKTABOWSKI: No cross for Ms. Merchant.
- 23 CHAIRMAN BROWN: Thank you.
- 24 Utility.
- MR. FRIEDMAN: Thank you, Madam Chairman. We

- 1 have a couple questions.
- 2 EXAMINATION
- 3 BY MR. FRIEDMAN:
- 4 Q Ms. Merchant, what was the test year that the
- 5 utility applied for?
- 6 A They applied for a 2014 test year, with pro
- 7 forma plant, and they also asked for pro forma expenses,
- 8 which I looked the other day, and it said that those pro
- 9 forma expenses were non-growth related.
- 10 Q So there was a -- the test year request
- 11 letter, there was acknowledgment that there would be a
- 12 wastewater treatment plant improvement and pro forma
- 13 expenses as well, correct?
- 14 A Expansion, they had some AWT expenses, and the
- 15 AWT, they said, were non-growth related.
- 16 Q All right. So those were identified clearly
- in the test year request letter?
- 18 A They were.
- 19 Q And the Chairman at the time approved that
- 20 test year letter, is that your understanding?
- 21 A The Chairman approved the letter for filing
- 22 purposes, and said that the test year could be an issue
- 23 raised by any party in the proceeding.
- 24 O And did OPC challenge the test year within 30
- 25 days of the Chairman, at the time, making that

#### 1 determination?

- 2 A We did not file any response to the test year,
- 3 but we did do it shortly after the utility filed its
- 4 MFRs.
- 5 Q And that was later than 30 days after the test
- 6 year request letter was approved, correct?
- 7 A That was after the filing, which I am not sure
- 8 how much time that was.
- 9 Q Now, you discuss in your prefiled testimony,
- 10 the debt versus equity in the company, correct?
- 11 A Can you direct me to that, please?
- 12 Q The -- you don't remember addressing the debt
- 13 equity ratio? Did you not presume that the total cost
- of the plant was going to be funded through debt?
- 15 A In my testimony, I was discussing that the
- 16 company had made a pro forma adjustment of \$3.5 million
- 17 as to equity, and they -- the utility was assuming that
- it was going to be all equity to fund the plant
- 19 expansion, and I challenged that because I hadn't seen
- 20 any information. And so my testimony basically said
- 21 that if you didn't have any information to show that it
- 22 was all going to be equity, that it should be debt until
- 23 you could document that.
- 24 Q And you have seen that documentation since
- 25 then, have you not?

- 1 A Of what?
- 3 capital?
- 4 A I have seen several adjustments that converted
- 5 affiliate debt into equity. I have also seen a new \$1
- 6 million debt issuance, and another \$2.5 million debt
- 7 issuance that was not included in the company's rebuttal
- 8 testimony.
- 9 Q All right. That's not the question I asked,
- 10 though, did I? I asked you whether you had seen any
- other documentation that the company had made a cash
- 12 contribution to capital?
- 13 A And I believe I answered your question. I saw
- 14 that, yes, I saw that and then I also saw --
- Other than reduce -- other than adjusting the
- 16 existing debt?
- 17 A Can you ask your question again?
- 18 Q All right. Since you prefiled this testimony,
- 19 have you not seen documentation to substantiate that
- there has been substantial multiple million dollar cash
- 21 contributions to the utility?
- 22 A Yes, I saw that. I saw that they increased
- 23 their equity. They also -- first, that would have to
- 24 offset the negative equity that was already on the
- 25 books, so it wouldn't be -- you wouldn't just assume

- 1 that those adjustments would be put 100 percent into the
- 2 capital structure, but as I answered again, I saw that
- 3 plus the debit issuances.
- 4 Q All right. In the -- and you are recommending
- 5 that the legal fees for Last Stand be amortized,
- 6 correct?
- 7 A No, that's not correct.
- 8 Q Okay. What are you recommending with regard
- 9 to the Last Stand?
- 10 A I believe that the Last Stand litigation
- 11 directly relates to the litigation regarding the
- 12 construction permit. And as I read the DEP order, it
- 13 makes it clear to me -- and I am not an engineer, but I
- 14 am just reading this as somebody can read a document,
- 15 you know, with my years of experience in regulation --
- 16 said that the litigation surrounded by the construction
- of the plant expansion and the two new -- the two new
- 18 shallow wells, it did not deal with the existing
- 19 treatment plant or the existing shallow wells.
- 20 Q Okay. And if somebody interpreted that order
- 21 otherwise, would that change your opinion about whether
- it should be capitalized or amortized?
- 23 A I think the order speaks for itself, but the
- 24 Commission can interpret that based on the evidence.
- Q Okay. When you talk about the CIAC, are you

- 1 familiar with the CIAC that the County has paid to the
- 2 utility?
- 3 A I am -- no, not particularly. I am familiar
- 4 with the PSC's audited balance of CIAC, and then the
- 5 actual CIAC adjustments that the utility made to their
- 6 books in 2015 and 2016.
- 7 Q So the answer was, no, you weren't familiar
- 8 with the --
- 9 A Not specifically, but only to the extent that
- 10 it's been included in the PSC audited 2014 balance.
- 11 Q I believe that you testified that one of your
- objections to allowing the pro forma without including
- 13 CIAC and some other expenses that may have reduced, are
- 14 you aware of any expenses that have reduced
- 15 prospectively?
- 16 A You were talking about CIAC and expenses
- 17 together?
- 18 Q You were just talking about since we -- since
- 19 you are trying to use a different test year, correct?
- 20 A I am trying to update to a 2016, which I
- 21 really think it should be a 2017 test year, because
- that's when the new plant expansion is going to take
- 23 place.
- 24 O And does your testimony deal with 2017?
- 25 A It does address it, but I didn't have the

- 1 information to deal with 2017.
- 2 Q So your position today is that you think there
- 3 should be a 2016 test year, projected test year?
- 4 A Yes, as it's a proxy for as close as I can get
- 5 to the time that the plant will be in effect, because it
- 6 has so much growth potential associated with it. If it
- 7 were not -- if this were a non-growth related plant,
- 8 then I don't think we would be here making this issue.
- 9 But since it's, you know, such a large increase in plant
- 10 capacity, and the 70-percent increase in expenses, I
- 11 think that that's certainly growth related, and it needs
- to be projected out when the rates are going to be in
- 13 effect.
- 14 Q And the vacuum tank is not growth related, is
- 15 **it?**
- 16 A I agree, it's not growth rel -- excuse me,
- it's not growth related, and it's -- but it's beyond
- 18 what -- it's right at the end of 24 months after the
- 19 historical test year. I did include the vacuum tank in
- 20 my Phase II rates.
- Q Wouldn't you agree that miscellaneous service
- 22 charges should be set so that the customer who cause the
- expense, bears that expense, and not the general body of
- 24 ratepayers?
- 25 A I do agree with that, and I was thinking about

- 1 that earlier in the cross-examination. I think that you
- 2 need to recognize that some offset will be through test
- year revenues for that as well, because you can
- 4 potentially double collect those revenues if you have
- 5 got them built into your revenue requirement, you also
- 6 got them in the miscellaneous revenues coming in, then
- 7 you are getting more revenue, and you are recovering
- 8 those expenses potentially twice.
- 9 Q Isn't the revenue requirement typically that
- 10 the staff does typically take into consideration
- 11 miscellaneous service charges?
- 12 A It did, but the company is changing them.
- 13 They are asking for them to be substantially increased.
- 14 So they will get more revenue in 2017, if the rate is a
- 15 proved.
- 16 Q And so you don't think those revenues are
- going to be offset by the new higher miscellaneous
- 18 service charges, is that your complaint?
- 19 A Which -- I don't understand your question.
- 20 Q In setting the final revenue requirements
- 21 that's going to be set in the rates, not the service
- 22 charges, do you not believe that the staff is going to
- 23 consider the miscellaneous service charges?
- 24 A I think they certainly should. I think if the
- 25 miscellaneous service charges increase, then the rates

- 1 from service -- the revenues that you assign to the
- 2 service rates should be lowered, and the miscellaneous
- 3 service revenues should be increased to account for
- 4 that.
- 5 Q All right. On page 66, you talk about, and
- 6 also did in your summary, that you had annualized the
- 7 O&M expenses to project a 2016 O&M expenses; is that
- 8 correct?
- 9 A Let me get there, please. Yes. What I did
- 10 was, in my 2014 test year, I wanted to -- for Phase I
- 11 purposes, I recognize that they were going to have to
- 12 implement AWT expenses as of January 1st, and the 2014
- 13 actual O&M expenses certainly didn't account for that.
- 14 So I thought the next best thing to do, since the
- 15 company didn't break out the full pro forma for the
- 16 plant expansion compared to the 2014 level was to
- 17 estimate what level of O&M expenses might be incurred in
- 18 2016. And what I did for that was to take January
- 19 through April, which was all I had at the time I filed
- 20 my direct testimony, and I annualized most of those
- 21 expenses by multiplying them times three. But for the
- ones that are directly related to the increases in
- treatment, like chemicals, purchase power and sludge
- 24 hauling, I increased that by a higher percentage to
- 25 recognize that there were higher flows at the end of the

- 1 year.
- 2 Q Higher percentage than 3.25?
- 3 A No. I used 3.25, that's higher than three.
- 4 O Okay. So you --
- 5 A That's about a 12-percent increase.
- 6 Q And why did you pick 3.25 versus 3.5 or four?
- 7 A Well, it's only three months, and I think a
- 8 12-percent increase over the whole year is, was
- 9 representative.
- I have also gone back and looked -- I have got
- 11 September numbers right now. And September, if you
- 12 annualize September, and you still make an adjustment
- 13 higher for chemicals and purchase power and sludge
- 14 hauling, the company is still much lower than even my
- 15 January through April 2016 annualization.
- 16 Q I don't think that's true.
- MR. SAYLER: Objection, testimony by counsel.
- 18 CHAIRMAN BROWN: I agree.
- 19 BY MR. FRIEDMAN:
- 20 Q Do you think that somebody equally qualified
- 21 with you could use a different number than 3.25 percent
- 22 to be reasonable?
- 23 A I think there could be any number of -- I
- 24 think the actual -- the closest that you get -- the
- 25 closer number you can get to what actual was for 2016 is

- 1 probably the best number, and that's why I thought that
- 2 maybe looking at September, it could have gone either
- 3 way, and I just happened to look at that a week or so
- 4 ago.
- 5 Q So you didn't delve into the specifics of each
- 6 O&M expense, such as salaries, to see whether it was
- 7 appropriate to make other adjustments to those expenses?
- 8 A I was trying to see what they actually
- 9 incurred in 2016, not what they are going to need when
- 10 the new plant is in service.
- 11 Q All right. So for the -- assuming for the
- 12 first three months of the year they weren't at full
- 13 staffing, then wouldn't your multiplication of only
- 14 three times that understate salaries?
- 15 A It could, but it also -- you know, that's why
- 16 I was saying that September number is much more -- it's
- 17 got nine months, and it's lower, so --
- 18 Q All right. Am I correct, that on page 68, you
- 19 talk about duplicative legal fees?
- 20 A Is that with respect to rate case expense?
- 21 Q That's correct. Am I correct?
- 22 A Correct.
- 23 Q Are you saying that the utility wasn't prudent
- 24 in retaining both Mr. Smith and myself to handle this
- 25 case?

- 1 A I believe that as long as -- and I didn't
- 2 answer the question. I was -- I would say the utility
- 3 has a right to represent their client to the best that
- 4 they feel, but I also believe that the Commission needs
- 5 to look at what's reasonable and prudent. So in the
- 6 utility's mind, it might have been reasonable to hire
- 7 two attorneys, but if they are doing the same function,
- 8 I don't believe that that's necessary and reasonable.
- 9 And there were a lot of expenses in the PAA
- 10 rate case expense analysis that showed duplicative legal
- 11 fees, that both you and Mr. Smith were at the same
- meeting at the same place, and it just didn't appear to
- 13 be necessary to have two lawyers, one at those high --
- 14 higher charge-out rates.
- 15 Q All right. And is the utility entitled to the
- same representation that Monroe County and the Public
- 17 Counsel is?
- 18 A I would say everybody deserves equal
- 19 representation.
- 20 Q Okay. And isn't it true -- and you
- 21 participated in a number of issue identification calls,
- 22 did you not, several of those, even some settlement
- discussions, you participated in those, did you not?
- MR. SAYLER: Objection.
- MR. WRIGHT: Time out.

1 CHAIRMAN BROWN: All right. Where did the 2 objection come from? I heard two. 3 MR. SAYLER: I will let the County go first. 4 MR. WRIGHT: I was cheerfully going to defer 5 to Mr. Sayler, but I was pointed out here. We had 6 a specific agreement not to discuss whether any 7 settlement discussions took place at all. 8 extent Mr. Friedman has just asserted that they 9 did, he violated that agreement. 10 And I apologize if that was the MR. FREIDMAN: 11 understanding. I certainly wasn't going to go into 12 any terms of any agreement. The purpose of it was 13 just to discuss the fact that we all had lots of 14 lawyers at all of these things. 15 MR. WRIGHT: The agreement was specifically 16 not to disclose the existence of settlement 17 conversations, Madam Chairman. 18 CHAIRMAN BROWN: Okay. So, Mr. Friedman, if 19 you could proceed on a new train of questions, and we will strike that last question. 20 21 BY MR. FREIDMAN: 22 Ms. Merchant, you participated in a number of Q 23 telephone calls, did you not, involving issue identification and the prehearing statements? 24 25

Yes, I did.

Α

- 1 Q All right. And isn't it true that in -- on
- 2 most of those calls, the County had both of the its
- 3 attorneys participate, and sometimes even the County
- 4 Attorney as well?
- 5 A I am not sure about that. I know that Mr.
- 6 Wright participated sometimes and Mr. LaVia participated
- 7 sometimes. Otherwise, I am not exactly sure of other
- 8 people that were there.
- 9 Q What about on the depositions, do you know who
- 10 participated in your deposition?
- 11 A No, not right off the bat.
- 12 Q And did you hear the appearances this morning
- 13 before the hearing, appearances for counsel for the
- 14 parties?
- 15 A I think I did.
- Okay. And how many did the County introduce?
- 17 A I think Mr. Wright and Mr. LaVia, but
- 18 Mr. LaVia is not here, I don't think.
- 19 Q And what about the County Attorney, the County
- 20 Attorney's office is appearing as well?
- 21 A She's here.
- 22 Q And she's an attorney as well?
- 23 A That's my understanding.
- 24 O Okay. And how many attorneys have Public
- 25 Counsel noticed in appearances on this case?

- 1 A I believe it's Mr. Sayler and my boss, J.R.
- 2 Kelly.
- 3 Q Ms. Morse isn't listed anywhere as an attorney
- 4 working with OPC on this case?
- 5 A I am not sure, but she's rather new with our
- office, and she was participating so she could review.
- 7 I don't have the prehearing order in front of me.
- 8 Q Okay. And your boss, Mr. Kelly, is an
- 9 attorney, is he not?
- 10 A I believe by statute he has to be.
- 11 Q Okay. And the Public Counsel and the County
- 12 have worked closely on this case, have they not?
- 13 A We have been in several meetings together and
- 14 conversations, yes.
- 15 Q And Mr. Kelly has also participated in those
- 16 conversations?
- 17 A Some, not all of them.
- 18 Q Okay. And in those cases where they
- 19 participated jointly, did y'all offer to give back part
- of your salary?
- 21 A I didn't offer to give back any of mine.
- 22 Q Do you know whether Mr. Kelly or Mr. Sayler
- offered to give back some of their salary when both of
- them were participating in a conversation?
- 25 A I think that is paid for by the general body

- 1 of taxpayers.
- 2 Q Including me?
- 3 A If you are a taxpayer in Florida.
- 4 O So is that a different standard than the
- 5 utility has because just because they are being paid for
- 6 by a smaller group of people?
- 7 A I am not sure if we make as high of an hourly
- 8 rate, but that, I think, is reasonable that we have the
- 9 Public Counsel here, and we have Mr. Sayler, who is
- 10 actually litigating the case.
- 11 Q Okay. And so don't you think that, as a
- 12 normal part of litigation, that two lawyers get together
- and discuss things like strategy, and what to ask
- 14 witnesses, and things like that?
- 15 A I am not sure what regular lawyers do on that
- 16 regard. Not that my boss is not a regular lawyer, but I
- 17 am talking about outside lawyers.
- MS. AKTABOWSKI: Maybe make a deduction for
- 19 me.
- 20 BY MR. FRIEDMAN:
- 21 Q Now, isn't it -- and you looked at the rate
- 22 case expense exhibit that the utility has filed?
- 23 A Not in great detail, I have not. But I have
- 24 looked at lots of -- a lot of it, but I would say
- 25 probably I have not looked at 100 percent of it.

- 1 Q Well, isn't it true then that a substantial
- 2 amount of the legal rate case expense and accounting as
- 3 well is a result of activities that the utility's
- 4 lawyers had to undertake in responding to OPC and County
- 5 and staff discovery?
- 6 A I am not sure to the level that's significant,
- 7 but they did have to do discovery -- answer discovery,
- 8 and there is lots of pleadings and filed testimony, I
- 9 agree to that.
- 10 Q In fact, KW filed initial discovery in this
- 11 case, did it not? KW Resort Utility filed the first
- 12 discovery in this case, did you participate in that?
- 13 A To who?
- 14 Q To the OPC and Monroe County?
- 15 A Are you referring to the discovery that was
- 16 filed before we filed our prefiled testimony?
- 17 **Q** Sure.
- 18 A Yes, that's my understanding. And that's
- 19 extremely unusual, in my experience, for a utility to
- 20 file discovery before the parties have actually filed
- 21 their testimony. In fact, I haven't even seen that in
- 22 the electric companies.
- 23 Q The utility has got a right to do it, don't
- 24 they?
- 25 A I don't know. I just say it's very unusual

- 1 for a water and wastewater case.
- 2 Q All right. And in keeping with your theory on
- 3 that, isn't it true that the OPC and the County did not
- 4 respond to many of the discovery requests?
- 5 A It was my understanding that it was premature.
- 6 And we did actually respond to it, but it was after we
- 7 filed our testimony, so most of the answers were already
- 8 known by the time we filed our testimony. And I was
- 9 actually quite shocked that we didn't get discovery
- 10 right after we filed our testimony.
- 11 Q Isn't it true that the utility had to file a
- 12 motion to compel against both OPC and the County to get
- 13 the discovery responses?
- 14 A Yes, they did do that, but that's my
- 15 experience here at the Commission, is that that doesn't
- 16 actually happen because, most of the time, and I would
- 17 say 98 percent of the time, the discovery comes right
- 18 after Public Counsel has filed their testimony. In
- 19 fact, sometimes it might be filed a couple weeks before
- 20 we file our testimony so that the response is due right
- 21 when we file our testimony, that's quite normal, but to
- 22 have it done early is very unusual.
- 23 Q And apparently the prehearing officer
- 24 disagreed with you, correct, since an order was entered
- compelling Public Counsel and Monroe County to respond?

- 1 A The prehearing officer did disagree with us,
- 2 but it was several weeks after we filed -- gosh, maybe a
- 3 month after we filed our testimony. So to me, at that
- 4 point, it was reasonable to answer that question, but
- 5 not prior to that, so --
- 6 Q Well, you didn't voluntarily supplement your
- 7 testimony, did you, or supplement your discovery
- 8 responses without having a court order -- a Commission
- 9 order to do so, did you?
- 10 A I don't know the requirements for
- 11 supplementing. It's my understanding we actually
- 12 answered it, so I didn't see that we needed to
- 13 supplement it.
- 14 Q But the prehearing officer disagreed with you,
- 15 correct?
- 16 A Yes, he did.
- Q And OPC sent five sets of discovery, is that
- 18 correct, to the utility?
- 19 A Yes.
- 20 Q And the PSC sent three sets of discovery, is
- 21 that correct?
- 22 A I am not exactly sure.
- 23 Q Are you familiar with whether the County filed
- 24 two sets of discover?
- 25 A I know they served some, but I am not sure how

- 1 many.
- 2 Q And the HOA even served some discovery, did it
- 3 not?
- 4 A I recall they did.
- 5 Q And in reviewing the rate case expense
- 6 documentation that was provided, did you notice that an
- 7 associate in Mr. Smith's firm was responsible for
- 8 primarily responding to that, and that his hourly rate
- 9 is substantially lower than -- did you get that into the
- 10 weeds?
- 11 A No.
- 12 Q Wouldn't you have to do that to make an
- opinion on whether the overall legal rate case expense
- 14 was reasonable?
- 15 A I am actually not testifying to all of the
- 16 rate case expense. I am actually basically testifying
- 17 that the rate case expense, and the PAA order, and so I
- 18 am adopting essentially the PAA order position, and
- 19 that's where the duplication of attorneys was derived
- 20 for my testimony, was from the PAA order.
- 21 Q All right. So you are not addressing any of
- 22 the rate case expense in connection with the protest by
- 23 OPC and the County?
- 24 A I haven't taken it beyond the PAA order.
- MR. FRIEDMAN: I have no further questions.

1 CHAIRMAN BROWN: Thank you. 2 Staff. 3 MS. MAPP: Yes. Thank you. Staff has 4 exhibits that we would like to hand out for our 5 questioning. All right. Would you like --6 CHAIRMAN BROWN: 7 we will be starting at 98. Thank you. Just one 8 exhibit? 9 MS. MAPP: Yes. 10 Okay. We will mark that at CHAIRMAN BROWN: 11 this time. The errata is 97. 12 98 will be marked as staff's second set of 13 interrogatories No. 66. 14 (Whereupon, Exhibit No. 98 was marked for 15 identification.) 16 EXAMINATION 17 BY MS. MAPP: 18 Q All right. Thank you. 19 Good afternoon, Ms. Merchant. 20 Α Good afternoon. 21 Could you please turn with me to page 83 of Q 22 your direct testimony? 23 MR. SAYLER: What page was that? 24 MS. MAPP: 83.

THE WITNESS:

25

I am there.

- 1 BY MS. MAPP:
- 2 Q And review the sentence beginning on line 16,
- 3 concluding on line 17.
- 4 A This is in regards to the additional charge
- 5 for reuse testing?
- 6 Q Yes.
- 7 A Yes.
- 8 Q Would you agree that testing is still required
- 9 for the reuse?
- 10 A My testimony was based on what was in the PAA
- 11 order, and I really don't know. I think they -- I
- 12 assume the testing is still required, but I believe -- I
- don't have the order with me right now, but I believe
- 14 the order said that that would be included in the higher
- 15 rate that the Commission established.
- 16 Q Now, based on your recommendation, if testing
- for reuse is still required, in what manner will KWRU
- 18 recover the cost for the testing?
- 19 A It would be in the higher -- can I review the
- 20 PAA order real quick?
- 21 Q If you have it with you, yes.
- 22 A No, I don't have it with me. I have got it
- over there, if I could go get it real guick.
- 24 CHAIRMAN BROWN: Or have the attorney --
- 25 THE WITNESS: Or somebody get me the PAA

- order.
- 2 CHAIRMAN BROWN: Mr. Sayler will bring it.
- Ms. Merchant, you can go ahead and go get it.
- I see who is in charge there, Mr. Sayler.
- 5 THE WITNESS: That was my file, though.
- 6 MR. SAYLER: She has trained me well.
- 7 THE WITNESS: Okay. This is on page 35 of the
- PAA order, and it's in the next to last paragraph.
- 9 It says, "we examined the revenues received from
- 10 the reuse service and additional testing from the
- 11 test year. Based on this information, we find that
- the 93 cents per thousand gallons is a reasonable
- rate for KW Resort's reuse service, including the
- 14 cost of testing. This would negate the need for an
- additional charge for testing." And that's what I
- 16 based my testimony on.
- 17 BY MS. MAPP:
- 18 Q And so is your recommendation to continue as
- 19 stated within that paragraph?
- 20 A Yes, ma'am.
- Q Okay, thank you.
- Now, if you could turn to PWM -- one minute,
- 23 please.
- Okay. If you could please turn to PWM-3C of
- 25 your direct testimony.

- 1 A Three -- that's not how I numbered them,
- 2 but --
- 3 Q Yes, it's labeled PWM, hyphen 3C.
- 4 A Okay.
- 5 Q Page seven of nine.
- 6 A Page seven of nine?
- 7 Q Yes.
- 8 A Okay.
- 9 Q You have a line item labeled, New Connection
- 10 Administration. It's the last line item on the top half
- 11 of the page.
- 12 A Correct.
- Q Can you please describe your understanding of
- 14 what those revenues represent, and in what manner they
- 15 are collected?
- 16 A That's how the utility puts this information
- on their general ledger. And I presume that it's not
- 18 the connect/disconnect, because there is a zero there.
- 19 And it must be the miscellaneous service charges that
- 20 are not otherwise listed here.
- Q Okay. Now, if you could turn to the exhibit
- 22 that was just handed out, I believe that's number --
- CHAIRMAN BROWN: 98.
- 24 BY MS. MAPP:
- 25 **o -- 98.**

- 1 A I am there.
- 2 Q Here, KWRU indicated that the revenues are
- 3 collected pursuant to terms and conditions of its
- 4 developer agreements for services, such as engineering
- 5 review and administrative costs related to processing
- 6 construction plans and conducting inspections related to
- 7 on-site construction.
- 8 A That's not what my response says. Do I have
- 9 the wrong document?
- 10 CHAIRMAN BROWN: I have the -- that's not --
- she -- Ms. Mapp, do you have the right document?
- 12 THE WITNESS: And I guess I would say that
- this is the -- KWRU is on the title. It's not
- anything I prepared, but it's KW's response to
- 15 staff's --
- 16 BY MS. MAPP:
- 17 Q Yes, I have the right document. I was
- 18 reading -- I was giving more detail than was on the
- 19 form, but I was relating it to the response where it
- 20 states that the revenue was collected pursuant to the
- 21 terms and conditions of the form and developer's
- 22 agreements utilized for all developments and
- redevelopments such as approved by the PSC.
- 24 MR. SAYLER: A light objection, I think it
- assumes a lot of facts not in evidence, but if

- 1 Ms. Merchant can answer.
- 2 CHAIRMAN BROWN: I am going to allow the
- 3 question.
- 4 Ms. Merchant.
- 5 THE WITNESS: Understanding that I didn't
- 6 prepare this, and it's KW's response to staff's
- discovery, the 5,169.63 does not correspond -- oh,
- 8 there it is. It's on the PAA balance, but the
- general ledger, that was for 2014, was 5,170,
- according to my schedule, PWM-3C, page seven of
- 11 nine. The 2015 general ledger shows it went up to
- 12 38,000, and that was just from the same account.
- 13 BY MS. MAPP:
- 14 Q Did KWRU employ the appropriate accounting
- 15 treatment of those monies collected in accordance with
- 16 their developer agreement, in your opinion?
- 17 A I would have no -- are you saying did they
- 18 account for it appropriately?
- 19 **Q** Yes.
- 20 A I wouldn't be able to tell you that. I don't
- 21 see any other miscellaneous service charges in their
- 22 general ledger, so I would assume that's going to
- 23 include any kind of miscellaneous service charge
- 24 revenue.
- Q Would you have any knowledge of what specific

- 1 NARUC accounting treatment should be used for monies
- 2 collected as a result of development agreement for
- engineering review and administrative costs related to
- 4 processing construction plans and conducting inspections
- 5 related to on-site construction?
- 6 A Let me -- I am not sure if the Uniform System
- of Accounts goes into that much detail, but I don't have
- 8 it in front of me, so I -- it's an exhibit that we filed
- 9 in discovery, but I don't -- if I could look at it, I
- 10 could tell you.
- 11 Q One moment, please.
- We will just move on from that question.
- 13 Thank you.
- Would you agree that transportation,
- 15 administrative and field labor costs, excluding overhead
- 16 for benefits and insurance, are sufficient components in
- 17 developing miscellaneous service charges?
- 18 A Gosh, I don't think I have ever done that
- 19 before. That's never anything that I ever did at the
- 20 Commission. I think if you were going to match a
- 21 revenue for an initial connection or reconnection, that
- 22 you would look at the costs incurred associated with
- 23 that. I don't know the distinction of having the labor
- 24 plus loaded labor -- I mean, loaded for benefits and
- 25 transportation. I don't know whether the Commission has

- 1 done that regularly or not.
- 2 Q Can you please turn to page 84 of your direct
- 3 testimony, lines 17 through 18?
- 4 CHAIRMAN BROWN: Are you there? Ms. Merchant?
- 5 THE WITNESS: I am reading it.
- 6 CHAIRMAN BROWN: Okay.
- 7 THE WITNESS: Thank you.
- I am there.
- 9 BY MS. MAPP:
- 10 Q What is your basis for believing that the
- 11 \$6.50 late payment charge is more reasonable than the
- 12 **\$9.50?**
- 13 A I was relying on the analysis by staff in the
- 14 PAA recommendation and the PAA order.
- 15 Q And would you agree that a non-loaded labor
- 16 cost would be sufficient to develop a late payment
- 17 charge, excluding benefits, insurance?
- 18 A I don't really have an opinion on it.
- 19 Q Could you turn to page seven of your testimony
- and review lines one through 20?
- 21 A Page seven, lines what?
- 22 Q One through 20.
- 23 A Thank you. I am there.
- Q Do you agree that test year projections can
- 25 create the opposite problem that you state here in your

- 1 testimony of under-earning due to problems with growth
- 2 related adjustments?
- 3 A I am not sure that's what I have testified to.
- 4 I think what I am testifying to here is that the utility
- 5 has cherrypicked, you know, picking the items that go up
- 6 without recognizing the offsets that are occurring at
- 7 the very same time, even before the plant has gone into
- 8 service. And that's my position, that the test year,
- 9 with only making the company's adjustments, is unfair;
- 10 that you have to recognize all of these items, because
- it is growth related plant. And I hope that I answered
- 12 your question.
- 13 Q I am -- I just want to refer you directly, I
- 14 guess, to lines 11 through 14, where you state
- specifically, "further, to increase the cost of the
- 16 plant and operating expenses without reflecting known
- 17 and reasonable expected increases in sales and customer
- growth, which KW clearly expects, you will inflate the
- 19 average cost per customer over the true cost and, thus,
- 20 overstate the rates charged to customers."
- 21 My question is specifically asking is the
- 22 opposite problem also not -- isn't the opposite problem
- 23 also a possibility with under-earning due to growth
- 24 related adjustments -- I am sorry, understating the rate
- 25 structure?

1	MR. SAYLER: Can counsel restate that
2	question?
3	CHAIRMAN BROWN: No. That's a long question.
4	Do you understand the question, Ms. Merchant?
5	THE WITNESS: I think I do, because we went
6	through this in my deposition.
7	If I can answer what I think she's asking, is
8	that if you take the if you overstate the
9	consumption component, then you could understate
10	the earnings of the company. But I think that
11	there are so many moving pieces, you can't look at
12	one thing in a vacuum. And if you overstate the
13	expenses, you could easily overstates the earnings
14	in setting rates. If you overstate the cost of
15	capital, you can overstate the earnings. If you
16	overstate the bills in gallons, you can understate
17	the earnings. But you can't look at one in a
18	vacuum, you have got to look at the whole thing.
19	And that's what I was trying to say, is if you
20	can match all these things to the best of your
21	knowledge, that's going to give you the most fair
22	and most reasonable rates, instead of a 2014
23	historical test year, with only positive numbers,
24	without the known CIAC, the known changes in
25	depreciation expense, and the known changes in

- bills in gallons. There is too many
- 2 understatements. The likelihood that you are going
- 3 to understate the earnings of the company with
- 4 those situations is not that likely.
- 5 BY MS. MAPP:
- 6 Q If potential growth immediately after the
- 7 expansion was not an issue, do you believe that an
- 8 historic 2014 test year, with pro forma and used and
- 9 useful adjustments would be reasonable in this case?
- 10 A If there was no plant expansion, and no growth
- 11 was expected, then we certainly have pro forma -- plant
- 12 and pro forma expenses all the time that are non-growth
- 13 related, and that's certainly appropriate, because it's
- 14 much more expensive to go through a projected test year
- a non-growth related plant and non-growth related O&M
- 16 expense pro forma adjustments. But once you add in a
- 17 70-percent increase in capacity and a 70-percent
- increase in O&M spending, you have got a completely
- 19 different ballgame if you don't match up all those
- 20 components.
- 21 Q So you don't believe a used and useful
- 22 adjustment would adequately -- would adequately address
- 23 the growth -- the growth at -- the historical growth
- 24 from the -- growth from the historical test year?
- 25 A You are talking about a growth related plant?

- 1 The used and useful adjustment can be made in a case
- without a major pro forma situation, but I really think
- 3 it goes back to, do you have growth related plant or
- 4 non-growth related plant?
- 5 You have got to set your test year so that the
- 6 investment of the utility, and the operating expenses of
- 7 the utility, and the billing determinants of the utility
- 8 at the point in time to the best of the ability -- your
- 9 best guess, best estimate about the time that the rate
- 10 is going to be in effect. If you only do the positives
- 11 without doing the offsets, then you have not set the
- 12 most reasonable rates on a going-forward basis.
- 13 Q And could you please turn to page 56 of your
- 14 testimony, and review lines five through 12?
- 15 A That's -- I am there.
- 16 Q All right. Did you happen to review the
- 17 testimony of Kevin Wilson in this docket?
- 18 A I read it one time, and I am not an expert
- 19 into what all of -- what he does for the County.
- 20 Q All right. Based on his testimony, do you
- 21 believe he met the burden to support anticipated 2017
- 22 growth?
- 23 A I think he has a lot of experience of what
- 24 kind of growth is going on in Monroe County. I think he
- 25 reviews building permits, or whatever kind of permits

- 1 that they go through to -- for growth, growth related,
- 2 growth management type expenses, and I think he
- 3 certainly has a whole lot more experience in that area
- 4 than I do. And, yes, I think it's reasonable to rely on
- 5 his testimony for that type of future growth.
- 6 Q Do you agree that a regulatory body is tasked
- 7 with fully vetting the evidence to support the utility's
- 8 request?
- 9 A Yes.
- 10 Q Do you believe the same standard should be
- applied to the evidence available to support the
- 12 exceptionally high growth that is anticipated after the
- 13 wastewater treatment plant is complete?
- 14 A Can you repeat that one more time?
- 15 Q Do you believe the same standard should be
- applied to the evidence that support the high growth
- 17 that is anticipated after the wastewater treatment plant
- 18 is complete?
- 19 A I believe -- yes, I believe the evidence in
- 20 the record should support any findings in this case.
- 21 But I ultimately believe, based on all my years of
- 22 experience with Commission staff and with Public
- 23 Counsel, that it's always the utility's burden to meet
- 24 its case, and to show that its requested growth and its
- 25 requested plant, requested customers are reasonable.

- 1 Q And -- thank you.
- 2 Just flip back to page seven of your direct
- 3 testimony. Same lines, one through 20.
- 4 A Yes.
- 5 Q Based on the principle that there is a
- 6 reason -- based on the principle you reference in your
- 7 testimony on this page, is there a reason why you didn't
- 8 include plant additions unrelated to the plant expansion
- 9 in the calculation of your Phase II revenue requirement?
- 10 A I looked into that. There was some discovery
- on that early on, but it didn't have amounts. It didn't
- 12 have dates of in-service. It -- I looked to the annual
- 13 report. I tried to figure out if there were material
- 14 items that were being added into any other accounts
- other than structures and improvements, and I could not
- 16 find that information.
- 17 And the majority -- based on my understanding,
- 18 and I heard earlier today that the utility recorded a
- 19 lot of their Last Stand litigation costs into structures
- 20 and improvements, and that is the account that took the
- 21 majority of the additions in 2015, and that's basically
- 22 why I just relied on the company's pro forma adjustment
- 23 for the Phase II plant. I also relied on the pro forma
- 24 adjustment for the vacuum storage tank that Witness
- 25 Woodcock recommended. Those were very material plant

- 1 additions.
- 2 Q Thank you.
- 3 Can you please turn now to page 21 and review
- 4 lines 12 through 24?
- 5 MR. SAYLER: What were those lines numbers
- 6 again?
- 7 MS. MAPP: 12 through 24.
- 8 MR. SAYLER: Thank you.
- 9 THE WITNESS: I am there.
- 10 BY MS. MAPP:
- 11 Q Based on your concerns about the adjustment,
- do you believe that annualizing depreciation expense
- 13 along with the corresponding adjustment to increase
- 14 accumulated depreciation, would be acceptable if CIAC
- amortization expense was annualized along with a
- 16 corresponding adjustment to increase accumulated
- 17 amortization of CIAC?
- 18 A No, I do not believe that would be
- 19 appropriate. It's a better alternative than what the
- 20 company did, but what the company has done is he
- 21 essentially take -- they have asked for a pro forma
- 22 year-end adjustment to plant, and then they have made
- 23 a -- and that's -- then they came in and they made a
- 24 year-end adjustment to reflect the depreciation expense
- on the 2014 plant additions, essentially giving you a

- 1 year-end plant balance, year-end depreciation expense
- 2 balance, but nothing else has been adjusted to a
- 3 year-end.
- 4 And I think you have got to go back to the
- 5 test year concept. If the Commission requires an
- 6 average test year, then you set average plant, you set
- 7 average accumulated depreciation, average CIAC. You
- 8 can't pick and choose which ones want to be year-end,
- 9 not just the ones that go up.
- 10 Certainly, the Commission could use a year-end
- 11 rate base, and then you could use year-end revenues, and
- 12 year-end expenses. But that's -- if the -- if you keep
- 13 going with some are year-end and some are average, then
- 14 you have messed up the average test year concept, and
- 15 you have messed up matching.
- And I also heard earlier today that matching
- is not a regulatory concept, and it -- based on my
- 18 experience, it's been a regulatory concept since I
- 19 started in the '80s with the Commission. You want to
- 20 match the investment of the utility, with the cost of
- 21 the capital, with the average expenses of the utility
- 22 and the average bills in gallons so that you set a
- 23 revenue requirement on the same basis, so --
- 24 CHAIRMAN BROWN: Ms. Merchant, if you could
- ask you to succinctly provide -- provide more

- 1 succinct answers.
- Ms. Mapp, how many more questions do you have?
- MS. MAPP: That was actually our last
- 4 question.
- 5 CHAIRMAN BROWN: Thank you.
- 6 All right. Commissioners any questions?
- 7 Redirect?
- MR. SAYLER: Yes, ma'am. I have a few
- 9 questions on redirect.
- 10 FURTHER EXAMINATION
- 11 BY MR. SAYLER:
- 12 Q Ms. Merchant, you were asked a number of
- 13 questions about page seven of your testimony.
- 14 A Yes.
- 15 Q And when it comes to the Commission's policy
- on matching, is there another witness in this proceeding
- who can also testify to that policy?
- 18 A Mr. Terry Deason also testifies to that issue.
- 19 Q Also, you were asked questions about the
- 20 potential for under-earnings by the utility if you
- 21 updated the revenue in gallons sold, and things of that
- 22 nature, do you recall those questions?
- 23 A Yes.
- 24 O And if any utility found itself in an
- under-earnings situation, what remedies does a utility

#### 1 have?

- 2 A It has loots of remedies now. They even have
- 3 more this year than they did last year, because they
- 4 have more avenues to ask for pass-through adjustments.
- 5 They have an index adjustment. They have a limited
- 6 proceeding. And if they want -- the flip side of that
- 7 is if the -- if they appear to be over-earning, those
- 8 revenues are never held subject to refund. The
- 9 customers have actually lost the over-earnings for that
- 10 timeframe.
- 11 Over-earnings -- possible refunds for any
- 12 over-earnings start on a prospective basis, and they may
- 13 never actually get recovery of any over-earnings from a
- 14 historical period if the revenues are not held subject
- 15 to refund.
- 16 Q And those alternate proceedings that you
- mentioned, the pass-throughs and things of that nature,
- 18 those are potentially less costly than a full blown rate
- 19 case?
- 20 A Certainly, most the index in the past, they
- 21 certainly are.
- 22 Q Do you recall getting a lot of questions about
- the utility's rate case expense that you were
- 24 questioned?
- 25 A Yes, I do.

- 1 Q What is your opinion of all those questions?
- 2 Do you believe that the utility is concerned that they
- 3 have excessive rate case expense, and they are afraid of
- 4 a disallowance?
- 5 A I am not sure what their concern is on that,
- 6 but I think that the Commission is tasked with actually
- 7 looking at all of the invoices, and to make sure that
- 8 they are reasonable and prudent to be recovered through
- 9 rate case expense.
- 10 Q And you were asked some questions about the
- 11 motion to compel responses?
- 12 A Correct.
- 13 Q And you were also asked some questions about
- 14 how -- about the Office of Public Counsel, why we didn't
- supplement our discovery responses, do you recall that?
- 16 A Correct.
- 17 Q Do you know whether the Florida Rules of Civil
- 18 Procedure require supplementing discovery responses?
- 19 A I have no idea.
- 20 Q Do you know whether the utility's witnesses
- 21 have bifurcated their roles in this proceeding? You
- 22 were asked a number of questions about their roles.
- 23 A The witnesses?
- 24 O For the attorneys.
- 25 A It's my understanding a lot in the PAA

- 1 process, there was a lot of type duplication, and that
- 2 was what drove the PAA recommendation and the PAA order
- 3 position. Since the protest, there has been a lot of
- 4 separation -- more separation of duties. I noticed that
- 5 Mr. Friedman was not in most of the depositions, and
- 6 things like that.
- 7 Q All right. With regard to -- you were asked a
- 8 number of questions about the number of attorneys that
- 9 the County has, the number of attorneys Public Counsel
- 10 has, along with the number of attorneys that the utility
- 11 has; do you recall those?
- 12 A Yes.
- 13 Q In this case, who is paying for the County's
- 14 attorneys?
- 15 A The citizens of Monroe County, I presume.
- 16 Q All right. And I believe you testified
- earlier that it's -- let me strike that question.
- Do you remember being asked questions about
- 19 the miscellaneous service charges?
- 20 A Yes.
- 21 Q And I believe you testified something about
- 22 service rates being reduced from -- by the amount of
- 23 miscellaneous revenues -- I mean, do you recall?
- 24 A Yes, I recall.
- Q Okay. So if the Commission goes with the

- 1 County's -- excuse me -- the utility's request for
- 2 increased revenues beyond what Ms. Swain supported in
- 3 her direct testimony, what should the Commission do with
- 4 the service rates? Should there be an offset to that,
- 5 or to the revenue requirement?
- 6 A It's my understanding that the Commission
- 7 practice is that the utility will not get higher
- 8 revenues than what they put in their original petition,
- 9 so the -- the revenue increase will be limited to the
- 10 amount requested.
- 11 Q But if the Commission were to approve higher
- 12 miscellaneous service charges -- and that's not the
- 13 position of the Public Counsel -- then the miscellaneous
- service charges would be a bigger slice of the overall
- 15 revenue requirement, correct?
- 16 A That's correct.
- 17 Q And that would reduce the service rates to the
- 18 residential and general service customers, correct?
- 19 A Yes. I think that the -- if you substantially
- 20 increase the miscellaneous service charge revenues, that
- 21 you should make a reduction to the revenues that are
- 22 allocated to service rates so that you don't duplicate
- 23 that.
- 24 O All right. And I believe this is my last
- 25 question.

- 1 You were asked some questions about the
- 2 utility infusing equity into the -- or using --
- 3 converting debt to equity, and infusing equity into the
- 4 capital structure; do you recall those questions?
- 5 A Yes.
- 6 Q And that was done during the context of this
- 7 rate case, is that correct?
- 8 A Yes. It was done in July, June -- maybe,
- 9 like, May and July and August and September --
- 10 O Now after --
- 11 A Of 2016.
- 12 Q Okay. Now, after the rate case concludes, is
- there any prohibition from converting that equity back
- 14 to debt, or changing it?
- 15 A No. I believe the utility can do whatever
- 16 they -- the management believes they can do.
- 17 Q All right. Thank you very much, Ms. Merchant.
- 18 CHAIRMAN BROWN: Thank you.
- 19 All right. Exhibits 23 through 31 are
- attached, and I will note that PWM-5, which is
- 21 Exhibit 27, is actually the errata sheet that we
- marked as 97, Mr. Sayler. So looking at it, it's
- exactly -- it's the first sheet on PWM-5.
- MR. SAYLER: PWM-5?
- 25 CHAIRMAN BROWN: I have an errata sheet there.

1 MR. SAYLER: Okay. I will take your word for 2 it that it's the same. 3 CHAIRMAN BROWN: Yeah. 4 MR. SAYLER: But in the abundance of caution, 5 if you wouldn't mind still moving in Exhibits 23 through 31, along with the --6 7 CHAIRMAN BROWN: 97? 8 -- 97, yes, ma'am. MR. SAYLER: 9 CHAIRMAN BROWN: Okay. Any objection? 10 Seeing none, we will go ahead and move into 11 the record 23 through 31, and along with Exhibit 12 97. 13 (Whereupon, Exhibit Nos. 23-31 and 97 were 14 received into evidence.) 15 CHAIRMAN BROWN: Staff, you have an Exhibit 98 for this witness. 16 17 MS. MAPP: Yes. We would seek to enter that 18 into the record. 19 CHAIRMAN BROWN: Is there any objection? 20 MR. SAYLER: No objection. 21 Seeing none, we will go ahead CHAIRMAN BROWN: 22 and move into the record 98. 23 (Whereupon, Exhibit No. 98 was received into 24 evidence.)

CHAIRMAN BROWN:

25

Ms. Merchant, would you like

1 to leave, or are you going to hang out here? 2 THE WITNESS: I am here, but thank you. 3 CHAIRMAN BROWN: All right. You are excused. 4 MR. SAYLER: Thank you, Madam Chairman. 5 (Witness excused.) 6 CHAIRMAN BROWN: We have about 15 minutes or 7 so before we have to adjourn, or recess prior to 8 the service hearing. I am going to try to continue 9 to motor along. I just wanted to give you an 10 overview, and with that, the County, if you would 11 like to call your first witness. Thank you, Madam Chairman. 12 MR. WRIGHT: 13 Monroe County calls Kevin G. Wilson. 14 CHAIRMAN BROWN: Thank you. Mr. Wilson. 15 And Mr. Wilson, I want to thank you for these 16 facilities, and for cooling the temperature down, 17 and taking care of us up here. Thank you. 18 THE WITNESS: You are certainly welcome. And 19 welcome to Monroe County, because nobody has 20 apparently welcomed you. 21 CHAIRMAN BROWN: That's nice. Thank you. 22 It's great to be here. 23 Whereupon, 24 KEVIN G. WILSON 25 was called as a witness, having been previously duly

- 1 sworn to speak the truth, the whole truth, and nothing
- 2 but the truth, was examined and testified as follows:
- 3 CHAIRMAN BROWN: Mr. Wright.
- 4 MR. WRIGHT: Thank you, Madam Chairman.
- 5 EXAMINATION
- 6 BY MR. WRIGHT:
- 7 Q Mr. Wilson, you were present this morning,
- 8 were you not?
- 9 A I was.
- 10 Q And you took the oath to tell the truth?
- 11 A I did.
- 12 Q Great. Are you same the Kevin G. Wilson who
- 13 prepared and caused to be filed in this proceeding
- 14 prefiled direct testimony consisting of 37 pages?
- 15 A I am.
- 16 Q And do you have any changes or corrections to
- make to that prefiled testimony?
- 18 A No, sir.
- 19 Q If I were to ask you the same questions
- 20 contained therein today, would you your answers be
- 21 substantially the same?
- 22 A Yes, sir.
- 23 Q You adopt this as your sworn testimony into
- 24 the Florida Public Service Commission in this
- 25 proceeding?

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1
          Α
               I do.
 2
                             Madam Chairman, I request that
               MR. WRIGHT:
 3
          Mr. Wilson's prefiled direct testimony be entered
          into the record as though read.
 4
                                 We will enter Mr. Wilson's
 5
               CHAIRMAN BROWN:
 6
          prefiled direct testimony into the record as though
7
          read.
 8
               MR. WRIGHT:
                             Thank you, Madam Chairman.
 9
               (Prefiled testimony inserted into the record
10
     as though read.)
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#### BEFORE THE FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

#### **DOCKET NO. 150071-SU,**

#### KW RESORT UTILITIES CORPORATION RATE CASE

#### DIRECT TESTIMONY OF KEVIN G. WILSON, P.E.

#### **September 14, 2016**

1	Q.	PLEASE STATE YOUR NAME, BUSINESS ADDRESS, AND OCCUPATION.
2	A.	My name is Kevin G. Wilson, and my business address is 1100 Simonton St.,
3		Key West, FL 33040. I am employed by Monroe County as Assistant County
4		Administrator in charge of Public Works and Engineering. I also serve as the
5		County Engineer.
6		
7	Q.	ON WHOSE BEHALF ARE YOU TESTIFYING IN THIS DOCKET?
8	A.	I am testifying on behalf of the Board of County Commissioners of Monroe
9		County, Florida. To the best of my knowledge, Monroe County is the largest
10		customer of K W Resort Utilities Corp., the utility seeking rate increases in this
11		proceeding.
12		
13	Q.	PLEASE DESCRIBE YOUR EDUCATION AND EXPERIENCE.

A. I have a Bachelor's Degree in Engineering from Carnegie Mellon University. A copy of my resume' is provided as Exhibit KGW-1 to my testimony.

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I have worked for Monroe County since July 2006. I was promoted into my current position of Assistant County Administrator in charge of Public Works and Engineering in 2015. In my current position, I am responsible for oversight of the following areas: Wastewater, specifically including oversight of design, construction, and funding of the centralized wastewater system in the Florida Keys that is owned by Monroe County and operated by the Florida Keys Aqueduct Authority; Project Management; Engineering, including construction and maintenance of Roads and Bridges; Solid Waste programs; Solid Waste Operations; and Fleet Management. I have responsibility for overall management of all capital construction for the County, which includes buildings, sewers, roads and bridges. I oversee a staff of approximately 155 people and supervise annual budgets in the amount of approximately \$40 million in operation expenses and \$90 million in capital expenditures. I am also the senior engineering manager for the County (the County Engineer). Prior to my current position, from October 2011 until April 2015, I was a Division Director for Monroe County in charge of Public Works and Engineering. My responsibilities and duties were essentially the same then as in my current position. Prior to October 2011, I was the Director of Project Management and Engineering. My

1		responsibilities and duties in that capacity included oversight of all County road
2		and building construction.
3		From 2003 to 2005, I was a contract employee with the Federal Government
4		working with the U.S. Army. I am also a retired Lieutenant Colonel with the
5		Army Reserve.
6		Prior to that, from approximately 1994 to 2003 I worked with two companies
7		based in Austria. In that capacity, I developed and executed engineering
8		projects, including nuclear engineering and other power generation and
9		environmental cleanup projects, in the Middle East, Western Europe, Eastern
10		Europe and the former Soviet bloc countries, including Russia.
11		Prior to that, I worked with a company in Korea, and prior to that time, I
12		worked with Procter & Gamble for approximately 17 years.
13		
14	Q.	HAVE YOU PREVIOUSLY SUBMITTED TESTIMONY BEFORE THE FLORIDA PUBLIC
15		SERVICE COMMISSION ("COMMISSION" OR "PSC")?
16	A.	No.
17		
18	Q.	HAVE YOU PREVIOUSLY SUBMITTED TESTIMONY IN ANY ECONOMIC,
19		ENVIRONMENTAL, LAND USE, OR SIMILAR REGULATORY OR PERMITTING
20		PROCEEDINGS RELATING TO WATER SERVICE, WASTEWATER OR SEWAGE
21		TREATMENT SERVICE, OR THE PROVISION OF REUSE WATER SERVICE?

A. Yes. I have previously testified in four (4) cases regarding wastewater service in

Monroe County, including depositions, administrative hearings, and circuit court

trials. A list of these cases is attached as Exhibit KGW-2.

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#### Q. DO YOU HOLD ANY PROFESSIONAL CERTIFICATIONS?

A. I am a Registered Professional Engineer, licensed to practice in Florida and Ohio.

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#### Q. ARE YOU SPONSORING ANY EXHIBITS WITH YOUR TESTIMONY?

9 A. Yes, I am sponsoring the following exhibits:

KGW-1	Resumé of Kevin G. Wilson, P.E.
KGW-2	List of prior testimonies
KGW-3	Aerial Photo of Stock Island
KGW-4	South Stock Island 2010 Census Information
KGW-5	2010-2014 American Community Survey, 5 Year Estimates
KGW-6	2000 Monroe County Sanitary Master Wastewater Plan – "Hot Spot" Excerpt, Exh. 6-1
KGW-7	Monroe County Code, Section 20-102
KGW-8	List of General Service Customers by Meter Size
KGW-9	Excerpt from KWRU Stock Island WWTP, Public Utility Appraisal Report, Effective Date: December 31, 2014, Report Date January 2015
KGW-10	Projected 2017 Flows from Residential & Commercial Properties Being Developed or Existing but not yet Connected

A.

#### PURPOSE AND SUMMARY OF TESTIMONY

Q. PLEASE SUMMARIZE YOUR DUTIES AND RESPONSIBILITIES IN YOUR CURRENT POSITION AS THEY RELATE TO WASTEWATER SERVICE ON STOCK ISLAND.

PLEASE INCLUDE A SUMMARY OF ANY PRIOR EXPERIENCE THAT ALSO INVOLVED DUTIES AND RESPONSIBILITY WITH RESPECT TO WASTEWATER SERVICE ON STOCK ISLAND.

I have worked for Monroe County since July 2006. With regard to wastewater service on Stock Island, in my current position, I am responsible for oversight of wastewater collection and treatment, specifically including oversight of design, construction, and funding of the centralized wastewater systems in the Florida Keys that are owned by Monroe County and operated by the Florida Keys Aqueduct Authority. My duties and responsibilities as Monroe County's Assistant County Administrator necessarily include being familiar with the history of the County's contractual relationship with K W Resort Utilities Corp. ("KWRU") dating back to 2001, when the County entered into a certain "Utility Agreement" with KWRU, pursuant to which the County is KWRU's customer for wastewater treatment service for County facilities on Stock Island. In particular, I am familiar with the certain "Capacity Reservation and Infrastructure Contract" dated July 31, 2002, between the County and KWRU. In that Agreement, the County agreed to pay KWRU up to \$4.6 million in order to enable KWRU to construct the

wastewater collection system on South Stock Island, in return for which the County received 1,500 Equivalent Dwelling Units ("EDUs," also referred to as Equivalent Residential Connections or "ERCs") of reserved capacity on KWRU's system. I am also familiar with subsequent agreements between the County and KWRU. In addition, I am familiar with the County's payment of KWRU's rates as a customer for wastewater treatment services and reuse water service on North and South Stock Island. In addition, my duties necessarily include being familiar with economic and population growth, potable water and wastewater treatment requirements for existing and new residential and commercial establishments, and related matters throughout the County, including on North and South Stock Island.

A.

#### Q. WHAT IS THE PURPOSE OF YOUR TESTIMONY?

My testimony covers three areas. First, my testimony provides factual information regarding the numbers of existing residential, commercial, and industrial water users on Stock Island that are required to connect to KWRU's system as soon as possible by those statutes and regulations, and also regarding the projected numbers of new customers that are likely to connect to KWRU's system within the first twelve months following the date on which KWRU's new wastewater treatment plant begins providing commercial service. Based on projections of new customers, and using standard usage amounts for residential

and general service customers, I provide information regarding the number of additional gallons of wastewater treatment KWRU can reasonably be projected to provide to the customers who connect to its system over this time period. I also provide information regarding the County's use of reuse water on Stock Island.

Second, my testimony explains the requirements for all existing and new water users on Stock Island to connect to the wastewater treatment system of KWRU as soon as practicable. These requirements are mandated by Florida Statutes and also by regulations of Monroe County and the Florida Department of Environmental Protection ("FDEP").

Third, my testimony describes the history of the contractual relationships between KWRU and Monroe County, and explains the payment of contributions in aid of construction, sometimes also called capacity reservation fees, to KWRU.

A.

#### Q. PLEASE SUMMARIZE THE MAIN CONCLUSIONS OF YOUR TESTIMONY.

Based on my knowledge of the applicable statutory and regulatory requirements, my knowledge of the numbers of existing residential units and general service establishments (commercial units), and also on my knowledge of the expected new residential and general service establishments that have been permitted for occupancy since April 1, 2016 and that I expect to be permitted for occupancy between now (September 2016) and the period ending twelve

months after KWRU's new wastewater treatment plant comes on line, KWRU will be required to connect approximately 15 existing and new residential units in the vacuum area and up to 279 other residential units to its system as a whole, and approximately 22 existing and new general service establishments to its system, in the remainder of 2016, 2017, and the first quarter of 2018 [within the first year of KWRU's new wastewater treatment plant's operation]. Applying standard usage amounts to these projected units, I estimate that KWRU can be expected to have to treat 207,215 additional gallons of wastewater per day, over and above the amounts that KWRU treated in 2015 (which was 461,723 gallons per day), over this period.

Finally, I believe that KWRU will likely be able to sell additional amounts of reuse water as soon as its new wastewater treatment plant comes on-line. My best estimate of such additional sales is approximately an additional 9-10 million gallons in 2017 and an additional 5.8 million gallons per year (over and above the increase of 9-10 million gallons for 2017) on an ongoing basis in 2018 and beyond based on the anticipated completion of the Bernstein Park redevelopment in summer of 2017 and its use of reclaimed water for irrigation.

#### STOCK ISLAND AND KWRU'S SYSTEM

Q. PLEASE DESCRIBE STOCK ISLAND, ITS POPULATION AND DEMOGRAPHIC CHARACTERISTICS, ITS STATE OF DEVELOPMENT, DEVELOPMENT PROSPECTS,

## AND OTHER CHARACTERISTICS THAT ARE PERTINENT TO THE DEMAND FOR WASTEWATER TREATMENT SERVICE ON STOCK ISLAND.

A.

Stock Island is an island immediately east or northeast of Key West as one heads toward mainland Florida. Please see Exhibit KGW-3 to my testimony, which is an aerial photograph of Stock Island.

U.S. 1 divides Stock Island into what are commonly referred to as "North Stock Island" and "South Stock Island." North Stock Island is part of the City of Key West, and is generally characterized by upscale development, including a golf course at the Key West Golf Club, and institutional facilities. The institutional facilities include Florida Keys Community College, the Lower Keys Medical Center, the Tennessee Williams Theatre, the Monroe County Sheriff's office, jail and Juvenile Detention Center, and others.

South Stock Island, on the other hand, is part of unincorporated Monroe County. South Stock Island is also a "census-designated place" ("CDP") for which the U.S. Census Bureau collects and reports demographic data. The population of the Stock Island CDP was 3,807 in the 2010 U.S. Census, with 1,658 housing units at that time.

In comparison to North Stock Island, residences on South Stock Island have until recently generally been small single family homes, mobile homes, manufactured housing, apartments, condominiums, and marinas. Each boat slip at most or all of the marinas is required to have sewerage service. The

commercial or general service facilities on South Stock Island include fishing and other maritime businesses, general commercial and light industrial establishments, including KWRU's wastewater treatment plant, boat repair and other maritime industrial facilities, and similar businesses. Although it may not be clear from the aerial photo in Exhibit KGW-3, many of the single family residences on South Stock Island are very small, which is indicative of the generally lower-income status of most of the population on South Stock Island.

Exhibit KGW-4 to my testimony is information from the 2010 U.S. Census data. The column marked "SSI & Key Haven" shows population information for the entire census tract 9718, which includes both South Stock Island and Key Haven. Key Haven is an upscale community north of South Stock Island (across U.S. 1) and slightly to the east. The four columns on the right show the breakdown between South Stock Island and Key Haven. The chart shows that South Stock Island has a much higher occupancy rate and a much higher percentage of renters than the rest of the Lower Keys. (The Lower Keys are those islands from Key West to Big Pine Key, inclusive; the Keys northeast from Big Pine are referred to as the Middle Keys.)

Attached as Exhibit KGW-5 to my testimony is information about the Stock Island CDP from the 2010-2014 American Community Survey, 5 Year Estimates. The median household income on South Stock Island is \$41,799 and the median housing value is \$236,700. On South Stock Island, 17.2% of the population lives

below the poverty level, compared to 12.6% in the City of Key West and 13.9% in Monroe County as a whole. By way of contrast, the median household income in the City of Key West is \$54,306, and the median housing value is \$430,900 (82% higher than the Stock Island CDP).

Q.

A.

# PLEASE DESCRIBE MONROE COUNTY'S FACILITIES ON STOCK ISLAND AND THEIR USAGE OF WASTEWATER TREATMENT SERVICE AND REUSE WATER PROVIDED BY KWRU.

To the best of my knowledge, Monroe County is KWRU's largest customer by volume of wastewater treatment service purchased and by revenues. Major County facilities served by KWRU include the Monroe County Sheriff's Office; Monroe County Detention Center (commonly known as the Monroe County Jail) and Juvenile Detention Center; Bayshore Manor (a County-owned and operated Assisted Living Facility); the Stock Island fire station, and the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals (SPCA) animal shelter. The Monroe County School District also operates the Gerald Adams Elementary School on North Stock Island.

In addition to wastewater service, Monroe County also purchases substantial amounts of reuse water from KWRU, primarily for use at the Monroe County Jail and Juvenile Detention Center. The County purchased approximately 830,000 gallons of reuse water in the last four (4) months of 2014, approximately 3.9

million gallons of reuse water in 2015, and approximately 3.2 million gallons of reuse water in the first seven (7) months of 2016. I expect that total County reuse water purchases in 2016 will be between 5 and 6 million gallons, and that this figure will increase substantially as soon as additional reuse water is

A.

## Q. PLEASE DESCRIBE THE NATURE OF THE COUNTY'S CONTRACTUAL RELATIONSHIPS WITH KWRU.

available from KWRU's new WWTP.

Beginning in 2001, with the 2001 Utility Agreement, the County entered into a series of contracts with KWRU to pay for design and construction of KWRU's wastewater system on South Stock Island. KWRU is and at all times relevant has been the only wastewater utility serving South Stock Island. The County's objective in entering into these agreements was to expedite connection of properties to the central wastewater system, in order to comply with Chapter 99-395, Laws of Florida. Section 6 of that law required all sewage treatment and disposal facilities and all onsite sewage treatment and disposal systems (defined to include cesspits and septic tanks) in Monroe County to cease discharge and comply with applicable FDEP or Florida Department of Health ("FDOH") treatment requirements by June 30, 2010. Ch. 99-395 was subsequently codified in Section 403.086 of the Florida Statutes. As of 2010, that statute, as amended since 1999, required – and *requires* – all wastewater

collection, treatment and disposal facilities in any portion of the County designated as a "hot spot" in the County's Sanitary Master Wastewater Plan dated June 2000 to be completed by **December 31, 2015.** A copy of Exhibit 6-1 from the Sanitary Master Wastewater Plan showing Stock Island to be designated as a "hot spot" is attached to this testimony as Exhibit KGW-6. Thus, the County's objective in entering into the series of contracts with KWRU was to facilitate the completion of the wastewater system and connection of properties within the KWRU's boundaries to its system.

In 2002, the County entered into a Capacity Reservation and Infrastructure Contract with KWRU, dated July 31, 2002 (the "2002 CRI Contract"). In this agreement, the County agreed to pay up to \$4.6 million to KWRU in monthly installments. In return, the County received 1,500 Equivalent Dwelling Units of capacity. The agreement also provided that KWRU would collect capacity reservation fees from the customers who were signing up, at \$2,700 per capacity reservation fee ("CRF," also commonly referred to as Service Availability Charges and Plant Capacity Charges), and would turn the CRFs over to the County to repay the funds.

However, the 2002 CRI Contract also provides that KWRU agreed to convert its system to AWT standards by January 1, 2007 if requested, and if it did so, the cost of conversion would be paid by allowing KWRU to keep \$600 out of each CRF that it collected. On December 18, 2002, the County passed a resolution

officially requesting the utility to convert to AWT. On June 21, 2006, the Board of County Commissioners approved the payment of \$707,000 to KWRU as a lump sum payment, in lieu of requiring KWRU to take \$600 out of each CRF as it was collected.

In addition to the above, on January 15, 2003, the County entered into an agreement whereby it paid KWRU a further \$134,822 as additional financial support for construction of the South Stock Island sewer system.

Also, in April 2013, KWRU filed a Complaint before the Public Service

Commission (Docket No. 130086-SU), in which KWRU requested a declaratory statement regarding whether KWRU was entitled to collect capacity reservation fees from the County for 220.27 ERCs in excess capacity used by the County, as provided in the 2001 agreement, and whether KWRU was entitled to collect construction costs (that had been disallowed by the County's Clerk). I was actively involved in the case. In December 2013, the parties agreed to settle the case. The County paid \$500,000 to KWRU to settle claims filed by KWRU in Public Service Commission Docket No. 130086-SU. In the settlement, the parties agreed that the payment included payment for 220.27 additional Equivalent Residential Connections.

Including all of the above, our records show that the County has paid a total of \$6.3 million to KWRU in capacity reservation fees and construction costs.

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Q. PLEASE SUMMARIZE YOUR KNOWLEDGE OF KWRU'S SYSTEM ON STOCK
 ISLAND.

I'm most familiar with the vacuum collection system commissioned in 2002 by the County but have some general knowledge about the layout and components of KWRU's entire system. The KWRU system is comprised of a single wastewater treatment plant located on Front Street on South Stock Island, collection systems on both North and South Stock Island, and a water reuse supply system from the wastewater treatment plant to reuse water customers. The collection system on South Stock Island utilizes gravity, vacuum, and force mains. The gravity collection system on South Stock Island is comprised partially of the neighborhood known as Lincoln Gardens plus several other streets on the northwest side of South Stock Island. The vacuum system serves most of the northeast and southeast portions of South Stock Island. Several properties on South Stock Island are served by force mains including properties known as Boyd's Campground, Roy's Trailer Park, Sloan's Landing, and several other properties. A force main system delivers wastewater from North Stock Island to the treatment plant. The water reuse system provides treated reclaimed water to several users on North Stock Island, including the Monroe county Jail and the golf course.

KWRU is presently constructing a new wastewater treatment plant ("New WWTP") that is expected to add 350,000 gallons per day of treatment capacity to its system. If completed as projected, the New WWTP will bring KWRU's total treatment capacity to 849,000 gallons per day. KWRU representatives have stated to me that the New WWTP is scheduled to come on-line in March 2017.

A.

### Q. WHEN WAS KWRU OBLIGATED TO MEET ADVANCED WASTEWATER TREATMENT STANDARDS?

As noted previously by the Public Service Commission in the utility's last application for a rate increase, in 2002 the County and KWRU agreed (in the 2002 CRI Contract) that KWRU would convert its system to AWT standards by January 1, 2007. (This is reflected at page 4 of the PSC's Order No. 09-0057-FOF-SU, titled "Final Order Requiring Partial Refund and Granting In Part and Denying In Part Wastewater Rate Increase," issued by the PSC in Docket No. 070293-SU on January 27, 2009. The County did not intervene in the 2007 rate case.) In or about June 2006, the County paid approximately \$707,000 to KWRU to expedite the conversion.

In the utility's last (2007) rate case, the utility applied for a rate increase and increases were approved in part based on the representation of the utility's President that rate increases were necessary as a result of increased operating costs related to advanced wastewater treatment that was already underway and

1		was expected to go online, on October 1, 2007. This is shown at pages 1 and 4-6
2		of the Direct Testimony of William L. Smith, submitted as Exhibit F to KWRU's
3		Application for Increase in Rates in Monroe County, in PSC Docket No. 070293-
4		SU, also identified as PSC Document No. 07-06672 on the Commission's website.
5		We were informed by Chris Johnson of KWRU that the utility started operating
6		to AWT standards in November or December 2015.
7		
8	Q.	WHAT IS YOUR UNDERSTANDING OF THE PERMIT THAT WAS RECENTLY ISSUED
9		TO KWRU BY THE FLORIDA DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION,
10		DOMESTIC WASTEWATER TREATMENT PLANT PERMIT FLA014951-012-DWIP
11		AND UIC PERMITS 18490-020 AND -021, WITH RESPECT TO THE CHANGE TO
12		PERMITTED CAPACITY OF THE PLANT?
13	Α.	The permit allows KWRU to increase its permitted capacity from 499,000 gallons
14		per day to 849,000 gallons per day (average annual daily flow).
15		
16	Q.	HOW DOES THAT TRANSLATE TO EQUIVALENT RESIDENTIAL UNITS?
17	A.	Using an equivalency factor of 167 gallons/day/EDU, this total capacity would
18		equate to 5,083.8 EDUs or ERCs.
19		Monroe County Code section 20-102, which applies to all wastewater utilities
20		operating in Monroe County, defines an equivalent dwelling unit as 167 gallons
21		per day and a recreational vehicle unit as 75 gallons per day. The ordinance also

states that an equivalent dwelling unit (EDU) is equivalent to an equivalent residential connection (ERC). A copy of the Monroe County Code section 20-102 is attached to this testimony as Exhibit KGW-7. So the wastewater flow for a single family residence is calculated using 167 gallons per day. This figure was also used by Monroe County in its 2000 Wastewater Master Plan.

I note however that the utility has used the figure of 205 gallons per day in its testimony. Using this figure, total treatment capacity equates to 4,141.5 ERCs at the rate of 205 gal/day/ERC. Page S-13 of KWRU's 2015 Annual Report to the PSC states that KWRU can presently serve 3,300 ERCs and that it will be able to serve 6,071 ERCs "upon service area buildout."

- Q. WHAT IS YOUR UNDERSTANDING AS TO WHEN KWRU'S EXPANDED CAPACITY
  IS SCHEDULED TO COME ON-LINE?
- A. Bart Smith and Chris Johnson of KWRU have advised me and other County personnel that the expansion of the treatment plant will come on-line in March 2017. The utility also uses this date in its 2015 Annual Report.

Q. HOW MANY EXISTING RESIDENTIAL UNITS ARE THERE ON STOCK ISLAND? TO THE EXTENT POSSIBLE, PLEASE IDENTIFY THE DIFFERENT TYPES OF RESIDENTIAL UNITS ON STOCK ISLAND.

All of the KWRU customers receive their water from Florida Keys Aqueduct Authority (FKAA). FKAA reports 1,857 total accounts on Stock Island as of 9/12/2016. Of these, 1,656 are residential accounts (1,923 units) and 201 are non-residential, which includes commercial and marinas. Monroe County Property Appraiser records show that of the 1,923 residential units, 811 are single family residences, 344 are marinas (including boat slips), 347 are mobile homes, and the remainder (421) are condominiums and multi-family housing.

A.

## Q. HOW MANY OF THESE EXISTING RESIDENTIAL UNITS ARE CURRENTLY ACTUALLY CONNECTED TO KWRU'S SYSTEM?

A. Based on information provided in KWRU's 2015 Annual Report to the Florida Public Service Commission, KWRU had 1,644 residential customers and 177 commercial customers as of December 31, 2015. Therefore, I conclude that there were approximately 1,644 residential units receiving wastewater treatment service from KWRU as of that date.

For perspective, in 2014, KWRU submitted information in a permit challenge case filed in the Division of Administrative Hearings, stating that it had 1,416 residential customers and 216 commercial customers. *See* Recommended Order, *Last Stand v. KW Resort Utilities Corp. et al.*, State of Florida Div. of Admin. Hearings, DOAH Case No. 14-5302 (Jan. 15, 2016), ¶ 14. KWRU's 2014 Annual Report filed with the PSC showed 1,598 residential customers as of

1		December 31, 2015. Therefore, clearly residential customer accounts have
2		grown since December 31, 2014.
3		
4	Q.	FROM THE ABOVE INFORMATION, IS IT CORRECT THAT THERE ARE
5		APPROXIMATELY 300 EDUs (ON 24 PARCELS) WITHIN KWRU'S SERVICE AREA
6		THAT ARE NOT ACTUALLY CONNECTED TO KWRU'S SYSTEM?
7	A.	Yes.
8		
9	Q.	AND IS IT ALSO CORRECT THAT THESE RESIDENTIAL UNITS HAVE BEEN
10		REQUIRED TO BE CONNECTED TO KWRU'S SYSTEM SINCE DECEMBER 31, 2015?
11		IF SO, HOW MUCH ADDITIONAL WASTEWATER SERVICE CAN THESE
12		RESIDENTIAL UNITS BE EXPECTED TO REQUIRE FROM KWRU?
12		
13	A.	Yes, this is correct. Using the Utility's standard value of 205 gallons per day per
	A.	Yes, this is correct. Using the Utility's standard value of 205 gallons per day per ERC, this would translate to approximately 15.0 million gallons per year; using
13	A.	
13 14	A.	ERC, this would translate to approximately 15.0 million gallons per year; using
13 14 15	A.	ERC, this would translate to approximately 15.0 million gallons per year; using the alternate value of 167 GPD per ERC would translate to approximately 12.2
13 14 15 16	A. Q.	ERC, this would translate to approximately 15.0 million gallons per year; using the alternate value of 167 GPD per ERC would translate to approximately 12.2
13 14 15 16 17		ERC, this would translate to approximately 15.0 million gallons per year; using the alternate value of 167 GPD per ERC would translate to approximately 12.2 million gallons per year.

A. Yes. Considering that this is a mandate pursuant to State statutes, my opinion is
that these customers will be connected as soon as is reasonably practical
following the in-service date of KWRU's new treatment plant. If KWRU's
projected in-service date of March 2017 for its new treatment plant is accurate, I
would expect that the vast majority of these customers should be connected and
receiving service by the end of June 2017, and that all or virtually all (more than
95 percent) of them should be receiving service by the end of September 2017.

## Q. HOW MANY EXISTING COMMERCIAL ESTABLISHMENTS ARE THERE ON STOCK ISLAND?

A. Florida Keys Aqueduct Authority (FKAA) supplies water to all residential and non-residential consumers on Stock Island. FKAA reports 1,857 total accounts on Stock Island as of September 12, 2016. Of these, 201 are non-residential, which includes commercial and marinas.

A.

## Q. HOW MANY OF THESE EXISTING COMMERCIAL UNITS ARE ACTUALLY CONNECTED TO KWRU'S SYSTEM?

Based on information provided in KWRU's 2015 Annual Report to the Florida

Public Service Commission, KWRU had 177 general service customers as of

December 31, 2015. See Exhibit KGW-8, which lists the number of general
service customers by meter size. Therefore, I conclude that there were

approximately 177 commercial establishments receiving wastewater treatment service from KWRU as of that date.

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- Q. FROM THE ABOVE INFORMATION, IS IT CORRECT THAT THERE ARE APPROXIMATELY 24 COMMERCIAL BUSINESSES WITHIN KWRU'S SERVICE AREA THAT ARE NOT ACTUALLY CONNECTED TO KWRU'S SYSTEM?
- A. Yes.

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- Q. PLEASE DESCRIBE AND EXPLAIN ANY LEGAL OR REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS

  FOR EXISTING RESIDENTIAL, COMMERCIAL, AND INDUSTRIAL WATER USERS

  THAT ARE NOT PRESENTLY CONNECTED TO KWRU'S SYSTEM TO BE

  CONNECTED? PLEASE BE AS SPECIFIC AS POSSIBLE.
- For purposes of this discussion, it is important to understand that Stock Island is A. 13 in the Florida Keys, which is an "Area of Critical State Concern" designated by the 14 Florida Legislature. It is also important to recognize that the requirements to 15 connect to KWRU's system apply not only to new residential customers and 16 businesses, but also to existing customers and businesses. Section 17 403.086(10)(b), Florida Statutes, which Monroe County is responsible for 18 implementing, requires that the County, as well as all municipalities and special 19 sewage districts in Monroe County "shall complete the wastewater collection, 20 treatment, and disposal facilities within its jurisdiction designated as hot spots in 21

the Monroe County Sanitary Master Wastewater Plan, dated June 2000," and that the "required facilities and connections, and any additional facilities or other adjustments required by rules adopted by the Administration Commission under s. 380.0552, must be completed by December 31, 2015."

In the referenced Monroe County Sanitary Master Wastewater Plan, the "Unsewered K.W. Resort Utility Resort Area" is the highest ranked "hot spot" in the Lower Keys area and the number-3-ranked hot spot for the entire Florida Keys. Exhibit KGW-6 to my testimony is a copy of EXHIBIT 6-1 to that Plan, which is a listing of the hot spots in the Lower Florida Keys, with rankings by order of significance. Stock Island is the most critical area in the Lower Keys.

A.

# Q. WHEN ARE THOSE UNITS THAT ARE NOT PRESENTLY CONNECTED TO KWRU REQUIRED TO BE CONNECTED FOR WASTEWATER TREATMENT SERVICE?

The applicable statutes and regulations require that ALL existing residential and general service establishments had to be connected to KWRU's system as of December 31, 2015, i.e., more than eight months ago. This means that all of the residences and commercial establishments on Stock Island that are not presently connected to KWRU's system must connect as soon as capacity exists to serve them, subject to KWRU completing each physical connection. In practical terms, I believe that all such facilities are required by County ordinance to be connected to KWRU's system within 30 days following completion of KWRU's new

treatment plant. Monroe County will take all reasonable and practicable steps to ensure compliance with the statutes and its Sanitary Master Wastewater Plan.

- Q. ARE THERE SIMILAR REQUIREMENTS THAT APPLY TO NEW AND EXPANDED RESIDENCES AND COMMERCIAL ESTABLISHMENTS IN KWRU'S SERVICE AREA?
- A. Yes. Section 403.086(10)(c), Florida Statutes, requires that "After December 31, 2015, all new or expanded domestic wastewater discharges must comply with the treatment and disposal requirements" of the statute. In practical terms, this means that all new residences and commercial establishments on Stock Island must be connected to KWRU's system in order to obtain a certificate of occupancy.

Q. DOES MONROE COUNTY HAVE ANY PROGRAMS TO ASSIST EXISTING WATER
USERS ON STOCK ISLAND IN GETTING CONNECTED TO KWRU'S SYSTEM? IF SO,
PLEASE DESCRIBE THE COUNTY'S PROGRAMS AND EFFORTS IN THIS REGARD.

A. Yes. The County "purchased" capacity for 1,500 EDUs via the Capacity

Reservation and Infrastructure Contract dated July 31, 2002, between KWRU and

the County (the "CRI Contract"). In the CRI Contract, the County agreed to pay

KWRU up to \$4.6 million to fund a collection system to provide service to a wide

area of South Stock Island. Construction of that collection system left some

customers without a connection point. Additionally, in a separate agreement

with KWRU, the County agreed to pay KWRU approximately \$900,000 to fund conversion of its treatment plant to AWT. As of this date approximately 24 properties representing a total of 200 EDUs are not able to connect because KWRU has advised that it is already at full capacity under their current FDEP permit.

A.

Q. PLEASE TELL THE PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION AS MUCH AS YOU CAN CONCERNING PROPERTIES THAT HAVE CONNECTED TO KWRU'S SYSTEM AFTER APRIL 1, 2016, AND THAT ARE LIKELY TO CONNECT TO KWRU'S SYSTEM BEFORE MARCH 31, 2018. PLEASE BE AS SPECIFIC AS POSSIBLE.

Based on information available to me, including my review of records for building permits and development on North Stock Island, through the City of Key West, and South Stock Island, through the County, my review of Edward Castle's direct testimony filed in this case, and my personal knowledge of the Stock Island area, I believe that the following additional customers either recently have connected to the KWRU system or are likely to begin taking wastewater treatment service from KWRU in the near future.

#### **North Stock Island**

On North Stock Island, there are four building projects that are underway.

They are expected to add a total of approximately 63,250 gpd (374 ERCs)

between now and 2017; I expect the majority of this additional gallonage to be flowing and treated by the end of June 2017.

First, Sunset Marina has received approval from the City of Key West to add 60 units. According to Mr. Castle's direct testimony filed in this case and an appraisal report dated January 2015 commissioned by KWRU, the Sunset Marina project will add approximately 15,000 gpd or 155 ERCs. (A copy of the relevant page from the appraisal report is filed with my testimony as Exhibit KGW-9.)

Second, Florida Keys Community College recently received approval from the Florida Legislature in the Spring 2016 session to add 200 additional beds, reflecting 200 additional residents at the college. This was reported at the following site/link:

http://www.flkeysnews.com/news/local/education/article79623897.html. This could add up to 41,000 gpd or 200 ERCs, depending on the way in which the utility calculates the addition of the 200 people.

In addition, the Monroe County School District has planned an expansion of the Gerald Adams Elementary School on North Stock Island. In the short term, the District is increasing its enrollment from 700 students and faculty to 770. Using Rule 64E-6.008, Florida Administrative Code ("F.A.C.") to estimate sewage flow for day schools, that would result in an increase of 4.8 additional ERCs (70 additional persons x 14 gallons per day for each student with cafeteria divided by 205 gallons per day = 4.8). The District also plans to add another building in the

future, possibly in 2018, which will bring the total enrollment to 950. Using the same equation, that would result in a further increase of 12.3 EDUs (950-770= 180 students, ( $180 \times 14 \text{ gpd}$ )/205=12.3 ERCs), for a total of 3,500 gpd.

The Florida Keys SPCA is also in the process of building a new animal shelter on North Stock Island, which could generate as much as 3,750 gpd (15 -22 ERCs depending on how the flow is calculated). If the shelter is assessed as a business occupancy, the building is 24,915 square feet. Using Rule 64E-6.008, F.A.C., office buildings are estimated as 15 gpd/100SF. This building would therefore be estimated to generate 3,750 gpd which equates to 18.3 ERCs or 22.5 ERCs (using, respectively, 205 or 167 gpd/ERC). Alternatively, if this shelter is assessed as a veterinary clinic, it would generate 2,550 gpd. The plans contain 120 kennels/cages which, using Rule 64E-6.008, F.A.C., generate an estimate 2,400 gpd of wastewater, which equates to 11.7 ERC at 205 gpd, or 14.4 ERCs at 167 gpd/ERC. In addition, there are 10 employee shifts at 15 gpd/shift, generating an additional 150 gpd or 1 ERC. From this is subtracted the existing shelter at 1085.5 gpd, or 6.5 ERCs, for a net of 1,464 gpd.

The City of Key West is also in the process of implementing zoning changes that would allow the addition to up to 80 additional units (80 ERCs) on an existing property that currently houses Easter Seals, Mosquito Control, and the SPCA animal shelter. However, we do not expect that increase to occur until at least 2019.

#### **South Stock Island**

As mentioned above, South Stock Island is part of unincorporated Monroe County. Therefore, all requests for building permits and development approvals go through the Monroe County Building Department and the Monroe County Planning Department. I have reviewed the records provided to me by the Planning Director, and based on that review, I offer the following information.

There are also currently four large development projects in the pipeline on South Stock Island, cumulatively expected to add at least 87,810 gallons per day (901 ERCs). Mr. Castle's direct testimony filed in this case appears to state that all four projects had begun operating in 2014 and 2015. However, as shown below, all four are in some phase of construction and are expected to come online and add the majority of their additional ERCs sometime during 2016 or 2017.

The first is a large property owned by the Benjamin Bernstein Trust. In August 2015, the owners received approval from the Board of County Commissioners for redevelopment of the property, to include a 122 room hotel, a restaurant with up to 150 seats and a market, a marina, and 40,000 sq. feet of non-residential development. According to Mr. Castle's testimony and an appraisal report dated January 2015 commissioned by KWRU, the Bernstein project will add 30,000 gpd or 310 ERCs. I expect the substantial majority of this wastewater to be flowing by early to mid-2017.

In addition, Oceanside Investors, LLC and two related entities with common owners, Oceanside West Slip LLC, Oceanside 104 LLC (collectively referred to here as "Oceanside") own or have recently purchased a total of 57 parcels on South Stock Island. In 2015, Oceanside Investors, LLC received development approval for a project on Peninsular Ave., to improve a marina's facilities, construct 78 new market rate residential dwelling units, construct 4 hotel rooms, and construct a restaurant with up to 150 seats. Oceanside Marina is currently under construction and will be occupied probably in January 2017. In addition to what Mr. Castle stated in his testimony, the project also includes wet slips and dry slips. According to Mr. Castle's testimony and the appraisal report commissioned by KWRU, the project will add approximately 26,125 gpd or 271 ERCs.

Third, in 2015, Longstock II, LLC received approval from the County to develop the Stock Island Marina Village by adding a 100-room hotel with a 192-seat restaurant and tiki bar. DEP permit 63485-066-DWC/CM issued for the project included three bath houses; a fuel service building; 130 wet slips; a green building; an engine building; a Keytex building; 100 hotel rooms; a 142 seat restaurant and a 50 seat tiki bar ("pool bar"). According to Mr. Castle's testimony and an appraisal report dated January 2015 commissioned by KWRU, the Stock Island Marina Village project will add 313 ERCs. The reconfiguration of the docks and wet slips and bathhouses for liveaboards was done at least a year

ago, but the hotel and restaurant are under construction. The estimated date for completion is early to mid-2017. The Stock Island Marina Village project is expected to add 30,250 gpd above 2014 levels.

Fourth, the County is in the process of developing Bernstein Park. The park is located in the middle of South Stock Island. The park is expected to add 7 ERCs once completed, which is expected to be in 2017. The park is expected to add 1,435 gpd.

In addition, there are 72.77 existing commercial ERCs on South Stock Island that have not or cannot yet connect to the central system. These represent an additional 14,918 gpd of wastewater flow that could connect immediately were capacity available.

Finally, there are at least 40 acres of vacant or underdeveloped property. However, I have not included these in the calculation.

In other words, the eight projects are expected to generate a total of 151,060 gpd and existing unconnected commercial properties that generate 14,918 gpd. Based on the utility's statement (in its 2015 Annual Report) that it has used all of its existing capacity, I expect that the majority of the additional volume will come online once the plant expansion is complete. If that is the case, these will add 165,978 gpd to existing treated wastewater flow in 2017, which will represent a 36% increase in volume.

The KWRU 2015 Annual Report (page S-7) shows that in 2015, the utility collected \$310,187 in contributions in aid of construction. Thus, in 2015, the utility collected 114.8 ERCs in new capacity reservation fees in that year, beyond the historic test year.

A.

Q. PLEASE PROVIDE ANY INFORMATION AVAILABLE TO YOU REGARDING EXISTING COMMERCIAL AND INDUSTRIAL CUSTOMERS THAT ARE REQUIRED TO CONNECT TO KWRU'S SYSTEM, INCLUDING ANY INFORMATION YOU HAVE REGARDING THE TIMING OF THOSE CONNECTIONS.

Existing commercial and industrial service customers, who are designated "General Service" customers under KWRU's tariffs, are subject to the same statutory and regulatory mandate as residential customers; that is, they were also required to be connected to KWRU's system by the end of last year. Those that have not yet connected are subject to being required to connect, and should connect, as soon as possible after KWRU's new WWTP comes on line, again limited only by the utility's ability to complete the physical connections. As stated above, comparing FKAA's and KWRU's information indicates that there are approximately 24 unconnected commercial customers that will require connection as soon as possible pursuant to the statutory mandate, and these are projected to use approximately 14,918 gpd of service.

1	Q.	PLEASE TELL THE PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION AS MUCH AS YOU CAN
2		CONCERNING PROJECTED OTHER NEW COMMERCIAL OR INDUSTRIAL
3		ESTABLISHMENTS THAT HAVE CONNECTED TO KWRU'S SYSTEM AFTER APRIL 1,
4		2016, AND THAT ARE LIKELY TO CONNECT TO KWRU'S SYSTEM BEFORE MARCH
5		31, 2018. PLEASE BE AS SPECIFIC AS POSSIBLE.

A. In the last months, the City of Key West's new transportation maintenance facility opened on North Stock Island. I assume it is connected to KWRU. The only other new commercial facilities of which I am aware are those referenced above. These include, on North Stock Island, the school expansion, the addition of a new Animal Control facility, and expansion of Sunset Marina. On South Stock Island, there are the hotel, commercial space, and restaurant components of the Longstock, Oceanside Marina, and the Bernstein Trust developments, and the County's Bernstein Park.

- Q. WHAT IS THE GENERAL OUTLOOK FOR ECONOMIC GROWTH AND ADDITIONAL DEVELOPMENT ON STOCK ISLAND, AND WHAT, IF ANYTHING, DOES THIS IMPLY FOR GROWTH IN THE AMOUNT OF WASTEWATER TREATMENT SERVICE THAT KWRU CAN REASONABLY BE EXPECTED TO PROVIDE?
- A. This is difficult to predict but the recent trend has been for additional development of high-end transient or condominium development.

Q. ARE YOU AWARE OF ANY SIGNIFICANT EVENTS OR EXPECTED EVENTS, E.G.,

BUSINESS CLOSINGS OR DEMOLITIONS OF SIGNIFICANT NUMBERS OF

RESIDENTIAL UNITS, THAT WOULD BE EXPECTED TO REDUCE THE DEMAND FOR

WASTEWATER TREATMENT SERVICE PROVIDED BY KWRU IN 2016, 2017, AND

2018?

No, I am not aware of any such demand-dampening events either having occurred or expected to occur over this time period. Recent trends suggest the opposite with increased development, especially on South Stock Island.

A.

### IMPACTS ON KWRU'S WASTEWATER TREATMENT VOLUMES

- Q. TAKING INTO CONSIDERATION ALL OF THE FOREGOING INFORMATION REGARDING THE NUMBER OF EXISTING RESIDENTIAL AND GENERAL SERVICE CUSTOMERS THAT WILL BE REQUIRED TO CONNECT TO KWRU'S SYSTEM WHEN THE NEW TREATMENT PLANT COMES ON-LINE, AND ALSO TAKING INTO CONSIDERATION THE PROJECTED NUMBERS OF NEW RESIDENTIAL AND GENERAL SERVICE CUSTOMERS THAT HAVE CONNECTED TO KWRU'S SYSTEM SINCE APRIL 1, 2016, WHAT INCREASES IN KWRU'S TREATMENT VOLUMES DO YOU BELIEVE ARE REASONABLE?
- A. First, I believe that it is important to establish the baseline of KWRU's usage for 20 2015. According to its 2015 Annual Report, KWRU treated 168,529,000 gallons, of which 84,168,400 were residential. This is particularly important because the

Public Service Commission is considering setting rates for the period beginning April 1, 2016, and continuing until the date on which the new wastewater treatment plant comes on-line, and then considering different rates to take effect when the new plant comes on-line. At least as a matter of common sense, it strikes me that the rates charged by KWRU should be based on the amounts of service provided and charged for during the same time periods that costs are incurred to provide that service.

With that foundation, I believe that KWRU will serve approximately 1,644 residential customers between April 1, 2016 and March 31, 2017, and that those residential customers will use or receive approximately 84,168,400 gallons of wastewater treatment service during that period. I further estimate that KWRU will serve approximately 1,938 residential customers between April 1, 2017 and March 31, 2018, and that those residential customers will use or receive approximately 99,219,786 gallons of wastewater treatment service during that period. I have chosen these periods because KWRU projects that its new wastewater treatment plant is expected to come on-line in March or April of 2017. That table is Exhibit KGW-10 to my testimony.

Additionally, I believe that KWRU will serve approximately 177 general service customers between April 1, 2016 and March 31, 2017, and that those customers will use or receive approximately 84,360,600 gallons of wastewater treatment service during that period. I further estimate that KWRU will serve

approximately 201 general service customers between April 1, 2017 and March 31, 2018, and that those customers will use or receive approximately 144,942,515 gallons of wastewater treatment service during that period. These values are also shown in Exhibit KGW-10 to my testimony.

Q.

A.

# IN THE PAA ORDER, THE COMMISSION PROPOSED TO DISCONTINUE THE COLLECTION OF PLANT CAPACITY CHARGES. DO YOU BELIEVE THAT THE UTILITY SHOULD CONTINUE TO COLLECT THIS CHARGE FROM FUTURE CUSTOMERS?

Yes, I believe that the Utility should continue to collect the \$2,700 per ERC Plant Capacity Charge, which is a contribution in aid of construction ("CIAC") toward the cost of KWRU's physical plant. In the PAA Order, the Commission stated that although the Utility did not request a change in its service availability policy or charges, the Commission was concerned that the Utility's contribution level, which as I understand it is basically the ratio of CIAC to plant cost balances for 2014 was in excess of 100 percent.

I disagree that KW's plant capacity charge should be discontinued. In the first instance, KWRU is proposing to add millions of dollars of new plant investment, including the costs of the new WWTP and the new Airvac vacuum tank, which will reduce the ratio of CIAC to plant investment. More significantly, as a customer and as the County's chief official with responsibility for wastewater treatment, discontinuing the collection of Plant Capacity Charges

will treat existing customers, who have paid the CIAC/Plant Capacity Charges, unfairly in that they will have paid for a substantial percentage of existing plant, through *their* payment of *their* \$2,700 CIAC/Plant Capacity Charges, and would then also be required to pay for a disproportionate percentage of new plant, as well, because the cost of the new WWTP and new Airvac vacuum tank would not be partially defrayed by CIAC payments from new customers, whose demand is causing KWRU to build the new WWTP and tank. Accordingly, in my view, allowing new customers not to pay CIACs/Plant Capacity Charges would not be fair, just, or reasonable.

## Q. WHAT ADDITIONAL CAPACITY RESERVATION FEES WILL BE GENERATED BY THE ADDITIONAL CAPACITY?

A. If all of the additional capacity is used, the estimated additional ERCs will be 1707 ERCs, using a figure of 205 gpd (350,000/205=1707), or 2095.8 ERCs, using a figure of 167 gpd (350,000/167=2095.8). This would generate additional capacity reservation fees, or contributions in aid of construction, in the amount of \$4,608,900 - \$5,658,660.

18 <u>REUSE SERVICE</u>

Q. PLEASE SUMMARIZE YOUR KNOWLEDGE OF THE VOLUMES OF REUSE SERVICE
PROVIDED BY KWRU, INCLUDING ANY REUSE SERVICE PURCHASED BY
MONROE COUNTY.

A. According to its 2015 Annual Report, KWRU sold 36.192 million gallons of reuse water to the Key West Golf Course and another 1.683 million gallons in reuse to the Monroe County Detention Center, and collected approximately \$58,188 in revenues from those sales. According to County records, in 2015, Monroe County paid \$7,172.37 to KWRU for reuse services representing a billed total usage of approximately 3.9 million gallons. Through the first seven (7) months of 2016 for which our records are accessible, the county has been billed \$4,217.07 for 3.221 million gallons of reuse water.

## Q. DO YOU HAVE ANY INFORMATION REGARDING THE POTENTIAL EXPANSION OF REUSE WATER SERVICE THAT KWRU MAY BE ABLE TO SELL?

A. When redevelopment of Bernstein Park is complete, it will include a system to use reuse water for irrigation. This project is expected to be completed in the summer of 2017. Forecast use of reuse water on a going basis is expected to be 5.8 million gallons per year. In the first six (6) months following project completion in summer of 2017, this could be an annualized amount of 3-4 times that amount.

#### Q. DOES THIS CONCLUDE YOUR TESTIMONY?

20 A. Yes.

- 1 BY MR. WRIGHT:
- 2 Q And, Mr. Wilson, did you also prepare or cause
- 3 to be prepared under your supervision and direction
- 4 prefiled exhibits consisting of 10 exhibits numbered
- 5 KGW-1 through KGW-10 that were attached to your prefiled
- 6 testimony?
- 7 A I did.
- 8 Q Thank you.
- 9 MR. WRIGHT: Madam Chairman, I note for the
- 10 record that those have been marked for
- identification as Exhibits 32 through 41.
- 12 CHAIRMAN BROWN: Thank you.
- 13 Staff, you want to go now first?
- MS. MAPP: Yes.
- 15 EXAMINATION
- 16 BY MS. MAPP:
- 17 Q Mr. Wilson, good afternoon.
- 18 A Hello.
- 19 Q Can you please reach into the large white
- 20 binder in front of you and pull out the comprehensive
- 21 exhibit list?
- 22 A I have it.
- 23 Q And turn to page nine.
- 24 A Okay.
- 25 Q On page nine, you are listed as having

- 1 provided responses to Exhibit No. 71, and on page 10,
- 2 you are listed as having provided responses to Exhibit
- 3 No. 72.
- 4 A Yes.
- 5 Q Were these responses prepared by you or under
- 6 your direction or control?
- 7 A Yes.
- 8 Q And are they true and accurate to the best of
- 9 your knowledge and belief?
- 10 A To the best of my knowledge and belief, yes.
- MS. MAPP: Thank you.
- 12 CHAIRMAN BROWN: Thank you.
- MR. WRIGHT: Thank you.
- 14 FURTHER EXAMINATION
- 15 BY MR. WRIGHT:
- 16 Q Mr. Wilson, please summarize your testimony in
- 17 fewer than five minutes.
- 18 A Yes, sir.
- 19 CHAIRMAN BROWN: Thank you.
- THE WITNESS: I actually hopefully will go
- less than five minutes.
- In my testimony, I provide an oversight on a
- number of things to do with this rate case, and I
- will cover it in probably five pieces.
- One of them is the existence that the County

1 is the biggest customer. We have six facilities 2 that are customers of the utility. Prior to any 3 rate increases, we spend about \$300,000 a year on 4 wastewater charges. 5 The other things I will cover are the history 6 of the County with the utility, the character of 7 Stock Island, the current state of affairs, what we 8 expect to see coming in the future and future 9 development -- there was some discussion already 10 about future development, and we will cover some of 11 that. 12 Just so you know there -- we have facilities 13 on both sides of Stock Island, the fire station and 14 Bernstein Park on South Stock Island. Four 15 facilities in the north, including an assisting 16 living facility, another transient living facility 17 sometimes referred to as a detention center. 18 There is no reason to be doing this if we are 19 not having some fun. 20 CHAIRMAN BROWN: That's true. 21 THE WITNESS: Okay. On a more serious note. 22 In 2002, the County contracted with Key West Resort 23 Utilities to provide utility services for county 24 residents there, including expansion of the 25 collection system. Fast forward to the current

situation, is that that vacuum system is mostly completed but not completely. We have some residential customers and some commercial customers who are not yet connected to that system, even though they are included in the service area.

My testimony contains some details about which properties they are on both North and South Stock Island, and I will just leave that in the record and won't try to repeat it as I talk about it here.

There have been some discussions about the changes the Legislature made to the wastewater system, our situation in the Keys in 2010. We were supposed to be at all -- all residents in the county, all businesses in the county were supposed to be advanced wastewater treatment. In 2000 -this legislative session in 2010, the Legislature gave us an additional five years -- or actually four and half years, until December 31st, 2015, largely because of the immense cost. I would be remise if I didn't say this. The County is now pretty close to spending \$800 million on wastewater treatment throughout the county for 73,000 residents. Yeah, uh-huh, that's a lot of money.

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	1	probably the most densely populated part of the
	2	county, with the exception of Key West. It has
	3	more children per acre than any other place. It
	4	has about it has perhaps the lowest median
	5	income in the county. The county median income is
	6	something like \$55,000 per household. In Stock
	7	Island it's about 30 it's in the mid-30s, so
	8	it's considerably less than the rest of the county.
	9	MS. CRAWFORD: Ms. Chairman, I hate to
	10	interject, but I think some of his summary is going
	11	well beyond the scope of his testimony, unless I am
	12	mistaken.
	13	THE WITNESS: No, you will find in one of the
	14	attachments to my testimony is the census data on
	15	Stock Island.
	16	CHAIRMAN BROWN: Okay. Mr. Wilson, you can
	17	proceed then. Continue.
	18	THE WITNESS: Sorry to be argumentative.
	19	CHAIRMAN BROWN: That's okay. Continue. I
	20	see it.
	21	THE WITNESS: Beyond that, the other thing
	22	that I wanted to address is the use of reuse water
	23	in the county. We in my testimony, I talk about
	24	two uses. We use it at the jail, and we will be
	25	using it at the redeveloped Bernstein Park, which

(850) 894-0828

1 is right now under construction. The details of 2 all the flows and things like that, I am sure will 3 be subjects of questions. But it's -- you can see 4 the numbers in the testimony. 5 And I think that pretty much summarizes where 6 we are at, and from there we will go. 7 CHAIRMAN BROWN: Thank you. 8 Mr. Wright. 9 MR. WRIGHT: Thank you, Madam Chairman. 10 Mr. Wilson is available for cross-examination. 11 CHAIRMAN BROWN: Thank you. 12 And we will begin again with -- actually, we 13 will start with Public Counsel first, followed by 14 Harbor Shores, and then the utility. 15 Madam Chairman, no questions. MR. SAYLER: 16 CHAIRMAN BROWN: Thank you. Harbor Shores. 17 18 MS. AKTABOWSKI: No questions. 19 CHAIRMAN BROWN: Thank you. 20 Utility. 21 EXAMINATION 22 BY MR. SMITH: 23 Good evening, Mr. Wilson. Q 24 Good evening, and Eastern Standard Time. Α 25 0 As part of your testimony, you talked about

- 1 the contract with the utility to -- that as part of it,
- 2 the County reserved 1,500 EDUs, correct?
- 3 A Correct.
- 4 Q And recently the County and the utility have
- 5 gone through to reconcile the -- identify those 15 EDUs,
- 6 correct?
- 7 A Recently, and continues over the last two or
- 8 three years, we have been working on it, yes.
- 9 Q Fair statement.
- 10 And so, as part of this reconciliation, the
- 11 County is going to reopen the tax assessment roll in
- 12 2017 to assess certain EDUs that have not been assessed
- 13 as of yet?
- 14 A I would say it differently. As part of the
- 15 value -- the reconciliation of 1,500, we have said --
- and I have said on a number of occasions with you
- 17 presents -- that the County will reopen the tax roll for
- 18 those properties who have already not paid their system
- 19 development fee. I don't know how many properties those
- 20 are. As you are aware, we are going through detailed
- 21 economic -- or financial reviews of who's paid and who
- 22 hasn't paid to whom.
- Q Certainly. And so if there is a customer
- 24 that's connected that desires to be in the assessment
- 25 roll, and the utility is holding CIAC, you would agree

- 1 that the utility, when this customer is placed on the
- 2 assessment roll, will have to refund that money to the
- 3 customer?
- 4 A I don't agree with the premise of the
- 5 question. If a customer has already paid their system
- 6 development fee -- which I guess you are characterizing
- 7 as CIAC. I apologize, I am not an expert in public
- 8 service terminology. But if they have already paid a
- 9 systems development fee to the utility, we -- the
- 10 contract perceives that the utility would pay that money
- 11 to the County. If a customer has already paid their
- 12 system development fee to the County, then they have
- 13 already paid it. Those people that haven't paid a
- 14 system development fee to anybody, we envision to
- 15 putting them on a tax roll.
- 16 Q But you would agree that the County has given
- everybody in Monroe County the ability -- that they have
- 18 reserved EDUs the ability to be on the assessment roll?
- 19 A Reserved EDUs is a term that's only -- was
- 20 only applied for Stock Island in the early days in
- 21 other -- in other areas served by the County's owned
- 22 sewage treatment systems -- and it's not the entire
- 23 county, as you know, because there are areas served by
- 24 key Largo and other places. But in places where the
- 25 County is responsible for owning and developing the

- 1 system development fee tax rolls, we have levied the
- 2 assessments by using the -- what's the right word? The
- 3 standard method of collection of non-ad valorem special
- 4 assessments. We have not provided the people the
- 5 opportunity to reserve EDUs.
- 6 Q Let me simplify this for you. So if the
- 7 utility has collected funds that are part of those --
- 8 the 1,500 EDUs, either if the customer goes on the
- 9 assessment roll, or go back to the customer, or if the
- 10 customer -- or the funds should be remitted to Monroe
- 11 County, correct?
- 12 A If the customer has already paid the utility
- 13 and -- then the utility should pay us for it.
- 14 Q If it's part of the 1,500 EDUs?
- 15 A Yes.
- 16 Q Thank you.
- MR. SMITH: No further questions.
- 18 CHAIRMAN BROWN: Thank you.
- 19 All right. Staff.
- MS. CRAWFORD: Thank you, yes.
- 21 Staff does have just a very few questions. I
- would like to note that what I am going to attempt
- to do is resolve -- or get some clarity between
- Mr. Wilson, your testimony, and Monroe County
- Witness Santamaria's testimony. I do note that Ms.

1 Santamaria has been excused from the proceeding. 2 Her testimony has not yet been entered into the 3 record, but with everyone's permission and consent, 4 I will simply refer to one page, one line in her 5 testimony, and ask Mr. Wilson to help clarify in regards to his own testimony. 6 7 So I do have a complete copy of Ms. 8 Santamaria's testimony for the witness if he needs 9 to have that, or his counsel can provide him a 10 copy, whichever his preference is. 11 Mr. Wilson. CHAIRMAN BROWN: 12 THE WITNESS: Go ahead and try the question, 13 and if I recognize it, I will respond. 14 will --15 And for reference MS. CRAWFORD: Very good. 16 to everyone else, I am going to be referring to Ms. 17 Santamaria's testimony, page 14 and 15. 18 CHAIRMAN BROWN: Thank you. 19 EXAMINATION 20 BY MS. CRAWFORD: 2.1 Specifically on page -- and just 14, because Q 22 it references the question is, please summarize the 23 Stock Island Marina Village Project. And then on page 24 15, at lines three through five, Ms. Santamaria

25

testifies, according to the DEP wastewater permit, the

- 1 project is expected to add 16,680 gallons per day to the
- existing 30,742, for a total of 47,422 gallons per day.
- Does that -- are you familiar enough with Ms.
- 4 Santamaria's testimony that that is familiar to you?
- 5 Would you like to look at the testimony to --
- 6 A I suppose I ought to look at it, and maybe
- 7 ought to check my notes about what I have for those
- 8 things as well.
- 9 CHAIRMAN BROWN: Ms. Crawford, how many
- 10 questions do you have?
- 11 MS. CRAWFORD: It's like three or four.
- 12 CHAIRMAN BROWN: Okay. We are going to try to
- finish this witness then.
- MS. CRAWFORD: I will try to boogie.
- 15 CHAIRMAN BROWN: Thank you.
- 16 BY MS. CRAWFORD:
- 17 Q And, Mr. Wilson, for your reference, the
- 18 testimony that you have provided on this is at page
- 19 three of your testimony, lines two through three, where
- 20 you state that the Stock Island Marina Village Project
- is expected to add 30,250 gallons per day above the 2014
- 22 levels.
- 23 A So the question is reconciliation of the
- 24 difference?
- 25 O Yes, sir.

- 1 A When I -- when I did the calculation, I used
- 2 the utility's 205 -- or 250 gallons per day. The DEP
- 3 may have used 167 gallons per day. That's the best I
- 4 can do to explain the difference.
- 5 Q And the amount that you are referring to, the
- 6 30,250 gallons per day, is that -- let me ask you this:
- 7 Between the two numbers provided, which do you believe
- 8 is a better estimate of the gallons per day to be
- 9 provided in the project?
- 10 A So I am -- so the question is, do I go under
- 11 the bus or does Mayté go under the bus. I obviously
- 12 think my estimate is a better estimate.
- MS. CRAWFORD: If I could have just a moment?
- 14 CHAIRMAN BROWN: Certainly.
- 15 BY MS. CRAWFORD:
- 16 Q Would it be correct to say that the total
- future flows will be 30,250 gallons per day, or is it
- 18 that the 30,250 gallons per day will be incremental or
- 19 additional past the 2014 flows?
- 20 A If I may be allowed a moment to grab my notes
- 21 from the back, I can check to see how I did the
- 22 calculation.
- 23 CHAIRMAN BROWN: Sure, Mr. Wilson.
- THE WITNESS: In my notes, it appears it's
- 25 additional.

1 MS. CRAWFORD: Thank you, sir. 2 That's all I have. 3 CHAIRMAN BROWN: Thank you. 4 Commissioners? 5 Redirect? 6 MR. WRIGHT: No redirect, Madam Chairman. 7 CHAIRMAN BROWN: Thank you. 8 This witness has Exhibits 32 through 41. 9 Would you like those moved into the record? 10 Yes, ma'am, I would. MR. WRIGHT: Thank you. 11 Seeing no objection, we will CHAIRMAN BROWN: 12 go ahead and moved 32 through 41 into the record. 13 (Whereupon, Exhibit Nos. 32-41 were received 14 into evidence.) 15 Mr. Wilson, thank you very CHAIRMAN BROWN: 16 much. 17 THE WITNESS: You are welcome. And once 18 again, thank you for being here and giving me the 19 opportunity to have this fun. 20 CHAIRMAN BROWN: Thank you. It is fun. 21 All right, you are excused. 22 (Witness excused.) 23 MR. WRIGHT: If you like, we could probably 24 handle the entry of Ms. Santamaria's testimony and 25 exhibits, Madam Chairman.

1	CHAIRMAN BROWN: Let's do that.
2	MR. WRIGHT: Thank you.
3	CHAIRMAN BROWN: All right.
4	MR. WRIGHT: Madam Chairman, Ms. Ada Mayté
5	Santamaria prepared and caused to be filed in this
6	proceeding prefiled direct testimony of 17 pages.
7	All parties have stipulated that they may be
8	entered into the record as though read, and
9	accordingly, I would ask that you do so at this
10	time?
11	CHAIRMAN BROWN: We will go ahead and enter
12	into the record as though read Ms. Ada Mayté
13	Santamaria.
14	MR. WRIGHT: Thank you, Madam Chairman.
15	(Prefiled testimony inserted into the record
16	as though read.)
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#### BEFORE THE FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

### **DOCKET NO. 150071-SU,**

#### KW RESORT UTILITIES CORPORATION RATE CASE

### DIRECT TESTIMONY OF MAYTÉ SANTAMARIA

### September 14, 2016

1	Q.	PLEASE STATE YOUR NAME, BUSINESS ADDRESS, AND OCCUPATION.
2	A.	My name is Ada Mayté Santamaria, and my business address is 2798
3		Overseas Highway, Suite 400, Marathon, Florida 33050. I am employed by
4		Monroe County as the Director in charge of Planning and Environmental
5		Resources.
6		
7	Q.	ON WHOSE BEHALF ARE YOU TESTIFYING IN THIS DOCKET?
8	A.	I am testifying on behalf of the Board of County Commissioners of Monroe
9		County, Florida.
10		
11	Q.	PLEASE DESCRIBE YOUR EDUCATION AND EXPERIENCE.
12	A.	I have a Bachelor of Science from the University of Florida in Zoology & Wildlife
13		Ecology and Conservation, and a Master of Science in Management, also from

the University of Florida. A copy of my Resume is provided as Exhibit AMS-1 to my testimony.

From 2003 through 2005, I was employed by the University of Florida as a Research Assistant, Staff Assistant and Teaching Assistant. In November 2005, I was hired by the Florida Department of Community Affairs as a Community Planner for Areas of Critical State Concern. The Area of Critical State Concern (ACSC) Program protects areas containing environmental or natural resources, historical or archaeological resources, and public facilities of major statewide significance.

The Florida Keys ACSC was my principal responsibility. I provided technical assistance to local governments, the development community, environmental and civic organizations, and citizens regarding statutory and rule requirements and comprehensive planning issues, particularly for environmental protection and hurricane evacuation issues. I completed research and special projects, participated in multidisciplinary teams and coordinated extensively with federal and state agencies to avoid and minimize impacts to natural resources, threatened and endangered species and water quality. I also reviewed amendments to comprehensive plan amendments and land development regulations for consistency with Florida Statutes and rules. I reviewed development orders and environmental resource permits for consistency with Florida Statutes and rules, local comprehensive plan elements and land

development regulations. I also assisted with the drafting of legislation, rules and the Florida Keys ACSC annual reports to the Governor and Cabinet, and I testified as an expert witness in comprehensive planning in three administrative hearings.

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In February 2010, I joined the Florida Department of Environmental Protection as an Environmental Administrator in the Florida Coastal Management Program (FCMP). I assisted with the management of the FCMP. I reviewed and analyzed amendments to 24 sections of the Florida Statutes to determine their effects on coastal resources and uses. I collaborated with federal agencies and state agencies and evaluated consistency reviews of federal agency activities, federally funded activities, and activities requiring federal licenses or permits. I researched and analyzed data to complete performance measure reports to the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration ("NOAA") on achieving the objectives of the Coastal Zone Management Act, coordinated the update of the Florida Assessment of Coastal Trends report (assessing the status and trends of coastal resources and uses in Florida), and drafted land acquisition proposals for submission to NOAA's Coastal and Estuarine Land Conservation Program (CELCP) and assisted with the administration of CELCP grants. I also directed the development of a GIS-based public beach access guide and managed a Beach Access and Safety Program.

In March 2011, I joined Monroe County as the Assistant Director of Planning & Environmental Resources. In December 2014, I was promoted to the Director of Planning & Environmental Resources. I manage 8 sections (Comprehensive Planning, Current Planning, Affordable Housing, Transportation Planning, Environmental Resources, Marine Resources, GIS and Land Steward) with 28 employees. Collectively, those sections assure that development in Monroe County is consistent with the County's Comprehensive Plan and Land Development Code. I assure coordination and consistency between the sections and assist with key decision making related to all development approvals to ensure regulatory documents are enforced consistently, including consistency with the County's Area of Critical State Concern designation. I oversee the preparation of studies, reports, databases, land development regulation amendments, comprehensive plan amendments, master plans, and design guidelines; as well as key land use analysis related to vested rights and determinations of uses related to all development regulations. I regularly present to the Board of County Commissioners and represent the County at public hearings as well as at intergovernmental and community meetings and workshops. I also manage the Planning Commission, Development Review Committee and various other committees.

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Q. HAVE YOU PREVIOUSLY SUBMITTED TESTIMONY BEFORE THE FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION ("COMMISSION" OR "PSC")?

A. No.

# Q. HAVE YOU PREVIOUSLY TESTIFIED IN ANY ECONOMIC, ENVIRONMENTAL, LAND USE, OR SIMILAR REGULATORY OR PERMITTING PROCEEDINGS?

Yes, I have presented information in many public hearings and testified in a number of quasi-judicial proceedings before the Board of County Commissioners and the Monroe County Planning Commission regarding specific development proposals and projects in which the applicant had coordination letters from utilities regarding availability of water or wastewater service.

A.

#### Q. ARE YOU SPONSORING ANY EXHIBITS WITH YOUR TESTIMONY?

10 A. Yes, I am sponsoring the following exhibits:

AMS-1	Resumé of Mayté Santamaria
AMS-2	2000 Monroe County Sanitary Master Wastewater Plan, "Hot Spot" Excerpt, Exh. 6-1
AMS-3	Monroe County Board of County Commissioners and Planning Commission Resolutions for the Bernstein Trust Project
AMS-4	Monroe County Board of County Commissioners and Planning Commission Resolutions for the Oceanside Marina Project
AMS-5	Monroe County Board of County Commissioners and Planning Commission Resolutions for the Stock Island Marina Village Project

#### PURPOSE AND SUMMARY OF TESTIMONY

Q.	PLEASE SUMMARIZE YOUR DUTIES AND RESPONSIBILITIES IN YOUR CURRENT
	POSITION AS THEY RELATE TO LAND USE, PLANNING, AND WASTEWATER
	SERVICE ON STOCK ISLAND.

In my current position, I am responsible for oversight of the Planning & Environmental Resources and assure that development in Monroe County is consistent with the County's Comprehensive Plan and Land Development Code. In that capacity, I review proposals/projects throughout unincorporated Monroe County, inclusive of South Stock Island, for consistency with land use policies, density and intensity standards, open space, environmental regulations, compatibility with surrounding uses, impact on community character, and effects on utilities and facilities. As part of these reviews, applicants must provide coordination letters and other data to ensure there is available water and wastewater capacity to serve the proposed development.

A.

#### Q. WHAT IS THE PURPOSE OF YOUR TESTIMONY?

A. My testimony provides factual information regarding projects that have been approved for development on South Stock Island.

#### Q. PLEASE SUMMARIZE THE MAIN CONCLUSIONS OF YOUR TESTIMONY.

A. There are four major development projects currently underway on South Stock Island. All of them received approvals in the 2014 and 2015 time frame. On most of them, construction is currently underway. The expected time frame for completion of three projects is early to mid-2017.

A.

#### **LEGAL AND REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS**

Q. PLEASE DESCRIBE AND EXPLAIN ANY LEGAL OR REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS
FOR EXISTING RESIDENTIAL, COMMERCIAL, AND INDUSTRIAL WATER USERS
THAT ARE NOT PRESENTLY CONNECTED TO KWRU'S SYSTEM TO BE
CONNECTED IN THE CONTEXT OF STATE STATUTES AND MONROE COUNTY
ORDINANCES REQUIRING CONNECTION TO A CENTRAL WASTEWATER SYSTEM.

For purposes of this discussion, it is important to understand that Stock Island is in the Florida Keys, which is an "Area of Critical State Concern" designated by the Florida Legislature. Also, the requirements to connect to KWRU's system apply not only to new residential customers and businesses, but also to existing customers and businesses.

Section 403.086(10)(b), Florida Statutes, which Monroe County is responsible for implementing, requires that the County, as well as all municipalities and special sewage districts in Monroe County, "shall complete the wastewater collection, treatment, and disposal facilities within its jurisdiction designated as hot spots in the Monroe County Sanitary Master Wastewater Plan, dated June

2000," and that the "required facilities and connections, and any additional facilities or other adjustments required by rules adopted by the Administration Commission under s. 380.0552, must be completed by December 31, 2015."

In the referenced Monroe County Sanitary Master Wastewater Plan, the "Unsewered K.W. Resort Utility Resort Area" is the highest ranked "hot spot" in the Lower Keys area and the number-3-ranked hot spot for the entire Florida Keys. Exhibit AMS-2 to my testimony is a copy of EXHIBIT 6-1 to that Plan, which is a listing of the hot spots in the Lower Florida Keys, with rankings by order of significance. Stock Island is the most critical area in the Lower Keys.

Monroe County's adopted comprehensive plan provides that Monroe County shall ensure that all development and redevelopment taking place within its boundaries does not result in a reduction of the level-of-service requirements established and adopted by the comprehensive plan. Additionally, that Monroe County shall maintain level of service ("LOS") standards for the following public facility types required by Chapter 163, F.S.: sanitary sewer, solid waste, drainage, and potable water. The Florida Statutes, the Monroe County Comprehensive Plan and the Land Development Code, require that Monroe County shall ensure that at the time a certificate of occupancy, or its functional equivalent is issued, adequate sanitary wastewater treatment and disposal facilities are available to support the development at the adopted level of service standards.

## Q. WHEN ARE THOSE UNITS THAT ARE NOT PRESENTLY CONNECTED TO KWRU REQUIRED TO BE CONNECTED FOR WASTEWATER TREATMENT SERVICE?

The applicable statutes and regulations require that ALL existing residential and general service establishments had to be connected to KWRU's system as of December 31, 2015, i.e., more than eight months ago. This means that all of the residences and commercial establishments on Stock Island that are not presently connected to KWRU's system must connect as soon as capacity exists to serve them, subject to KWRU completing each physical connection. Further, all such facilities are required by County ordinance to be connected to KWRU's system within 30 days following completion of KWRU's new treatment plant. Monroe County takes all reasonable and practicable steps to ensure compliance with the statutes and its Sanitary Master Wastewater Plan.

A.

A.

# Q. ARE THERE SIMILAR REQUIREMENTS THAT APPLY TO NEW AND EXPANDED RESIDENCES AND COMMERCIAL ESTABLISHMENTS IN KWRU'S SERVICE AREA?

Yes. Section 403.086(10)(c), Florida Statutes, requires that "[a]fter December 31, 2015, all new or expanded domestic wastewater discharges must comply with the treatment and disposal requirements" of the statute. In practical terms, this means that all new residences and commercial establishments on Stock Island must be connected to KWRU's system in order to obtain a certificate of occupancy (CO). Building permits for new residences or expansion of existing

commercial establishments are not issued by Monroe County without a letter from KWRU advising that capacity is available, or, in the alternative, the property owner must produce a waiver from the Florida Department of Health allowing for a holding tank or other similar situation.

A.

### CURRENT MAJOR DEVELOPMENT ACTIVITIES AFECTING DEMAND FOR WASTEWATER TREATMENT SERVICE ON SOUTH STOCK ISLAND

- Q. PLEASE TELL THE PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION AS MUCH AS YOU CAN CONCERNING DEVELOPMENT PROJECTS ON SOUTH STOCK ISLAND THAT ARE CURRENTLY UNDERWAY, INCLUDING ANY THAT HAVE CONNECTED TO KWRU'S SYSTEM SINCE APRIL 1, 2016, AND ANY THAT ARE LIKELY TO CONNECT TO KWRU'S SYSTEM BEFORE MARCH 31, 2018. PLEASE BE AS SPECIFIC AS POSSIBLE.
  - As mentioned above, South Stock Island is part of unincorporated Monroe County. Therefore, all requests for building permits and development approvals on South Stock Island go through the Monroe County Building Department and the Monroe County Planning Department. I have reviewed the records in the Planning Department, including related records from the Building Department available to me, and based on that review, I offer the following information:

There are currently four large development projects underway on South Stock Island, cumulatively expected to add at least 102,728 gallons per day of wastewater flow that is treated by KWRU. Mr. Castle's direct testimony filed in

this case appears to suggest or state that all four projects had begun operating in 2014 and 2015. However, as shown below, all four are in some phase of construction and are expected to come online and add the majority of their additional ERCs, and associated wastewater flow, sometime during late 2016 or 2017. These are a property owned by the Benjamin Bernstein Trust; a project on Peninsular Avenue commonly referred to as the Oceanside Marina project; a substantial expansion of the Stock Island Marina Village by Longstock II, LLC, commonly referred to as Stock Island Marina Village or the Longstock Project; and the development by Monroe County of a public park referred to as the Bernstein Park.

These four projects are expected to generate a total of 87,810 gallons per day. Information submitted to my office indicates that at least three of the four will be completed in early to mid-2017 at the latest.

Q. PLEASE SUMMARIZE THE BERNSTEIN TRUST PROJECT, ITS DEVELOPMENT STATUS, AND YOUR EXPECTATIONS FOR THE TIMING OF NEW WASTEWATER FLOWS FROM THAT PROJECT AFTER JANUARY 1, 2015.

The first project concerns a large property owned by the Benjamin Bernstein Trust. In August 2015, the owners received approval from the Board of County Commissioners for a Development Agreement for the redevelopment of the property, to include up to a 122 room hotel, a restaurant with up to 150 seats

and a market, a marina, 40,000 sq. feet of non-residential development and the preservation of a commercial fishing operation. (Monroe County Resolution No. 155-2015, Monroe County O.R. 2756/1023 (Aug. 17, 2015).) According to Mr. Castle's direct testimony filed in this case, the Bernstein project will add 30,000 gpd. A permit was issued by the Building Department for demolition on the site (Monroe County permit number 16101324). (Copies of the resolutions and building permit for this project, without attachments, are included as Exhibit AMS-3 to my testimony.) Other construction has not yet begun. The date of project initiation and completion is not known. However, because the project involves a hotel, restaurant, and other commercial ventures, we can reasonably expect that the project will move forward and connect to the wastewater system.

- Q. PLEASE SUMMARIZE THE OCEANSIDE PROJECT, ITS DEVELOPMENT STATUS,

  AND YOUR EXPECTATIONS FOR THE TIMING OF NEW WASTEWATER FLOWS

  FROM THAT PROJECT AFTER JANUARY 1, 2015.
- A. In 2013, Oceanside Investors, LLC, received approval from the Board of County Commissioners (BOCC) for a Development Agreement for a project on Peninsular Ave. The agreement was approved by the BOCC at a public hearing on December 11, 2013 and recorded on December 19, 2013. In 2014, Oceanside Investors applied for an amendment to the development agreement. The First

Amendment was approved by the BOCC at a public hearing on December 10, 2014 and recorded on December 17, 2014. In late 2014, Oceanside Investors applied for another amendment to the development agreement. The Second Amendment was approved by the BOCC at a public hearing on June 10, 2015 and recorded on July 20, 2015 (Monroe County Resolution No. 158-2015, Monroe County O.R. 2751/1868). The Conditional Use Permits approved by the BOCC and Planning Commission for the Oceanside Project include the construction of 79 new market rate residential dwelling units, construction of 17 hotel rooms, and construction of a restaurant with up to 150 seats. The project includes maintaining a condominiumized marina (98 wet slips), a boat barn (under condominium ownership), 22 existing, market-rate permanent units (under condominium ownership) and ancillary/accessory buildings (Monroe County Planning Commission Resolution No. P04-14, recorded in Monroe County O.R. Book 2689/Page 1053 (June 13, 2014) and Monroe County Planning Commission Resolution No. P41-14, recorded in Monroe County O.R. Book 2745/Page 889 (June 12, 2015).) (Copies of the resolutions for this project, without attachments, are attached to my testimony collectively as Exhibit AMS-4.)

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Subsequently, in 2015 and 2016, the Building Department issued approximately two dozen building permits in connection with this property. (I can also make copies of building permits available to the Commission upon request.) Oceanside Marina is currently under construction and will be occupied

probably in early 2017. Therefore, I expect the majority of the projected wastewater flow from the Oceanside Project to begin before June 2017. According to Mr. Castle's testimony, the Oceanside project will add approximately 26,125 gpd or 271 ERCs.

Q. PLEASE SUMMARIZE THE STOCK ISLAND MARINA VILLAGE PROJECT, ITS

DEVELOPMENT STATUS, AND YOUR EXPECTATIONS FOR THE TIMING OF NEW

WASTEWATER FLOWS FROM THAT PROJECT AFTER JANUARY 1, 2015.

A. In 2014, Longstock II, LLC received approval from the Board of County Commissioners for a Development Agreement for a project on Shrimp Ave. Longstock also received Planning Commission approval of a Conditional Use Permit to develop the Stock Island Marina Village by adding a 100-room hotel with a 192-seat restaurant and tiki bar. (Development Agreement between Monroe County and Longstock II, LLC, recorded July 30, 2014, in Official Records Book 2696, at Page 1445; Monroe County Resolution No. 177-2014, recorded August 20, 2014, in the Official Records Book 2699, at Page 1761; Monroe County Planning Commission Resolution No. P43-14, recorded April 8, 2015, in Official Records Book 2733, at Page 1848, and recorded August 28, 2015, in Official Records Book 2758, at Page 203.) (Copies of the resolutions approving this project are attached collectively to my testimony collectively as AMS-5.). I

included three bath houses; a fuel service building; 130 wet slips; a green building; an engine building; a Keytex building; 100 hotel rooms; a 142 seat restaurant and a 50 seat tiki bar ("pool bar"). According to the DEP wastewater permit, the project is expected to add 16,680 gallons per day to the existing 30,742, for a total of 47,422 gpd. The reconfiguration of the docks and wet slips and bathhouses for liveaboards was done at least a year ago, but the hotel is under construction. The hotel and restaurant are expected to be in service in early to mid-2017 and I believe that the substantial majority of the additional wastewater flow will therefore occur before the end of June 2017. The DEP permit that has been issued is only a dry line permit, because until the KWRU plant expansion is complete the property owner cannot connect to the system.

- Q. PLEASE SUMMARIZE MONROE COUNTY'S BERNSTEIN PARK PROJECT, ITS

  DEVELOPMENT STATUS, AND YOUR EXPECTATIONS FOR THE TIMING OF NEW

  WASTEWATER FLOWS FROM THAT PROJECT AFTER JANUARY 1, 2015.
- A. The County is in the process of developing Bernstein Park. The park is located in the middle of South Stock Island. The park is expected to add 1,435 gpd once completed, which is expected to be in mid-2017.

1		GENERAL OUTLOOK FOR DEVELOPMENT ON SOUTH STOCK ISLAND
2	Q.	WHAT IS THE GENERAL OUTLOOK FOR ECONOMIC GROWTH AND ADDITIONAL
3		DEVELOPMENT ON STOCK ISLAND, AND WHAT, IF ANYTHING, DOES THIS IMPLY
4		FOR GROWTH IN THE AMOUNT OF WASTEWATER TREATMENT SERVICE THAT
5		KWRU CAN REASONABLY BE EXPECTED TO PROVIDE?
6	A.	The general outlook for economic growth and development on South Stock
7		Island is favorable and positive. Recent trends have generally reflected
8		additional development of high end transient or residential condominium
9		development, as well as commercial developments such as marinas and
10		restaurants. Being located near major employment centers within the City of
11		Key West, it is anticipated there will be additional growth on South Stock Island.
12		
13	Q.	ARE YOU AWARE OF ANY SIGNIFICANT EVENTS OR EXPECTED EVENTS, E.G.,
14		BUSINESS CLOSINGS OR DEMOLITIONS OF SIGNIFICANT NUMBERS OF
15		RESIDENTIAL UNITS, THAT WOULD BE EXPECTED TO REDUCE THE DEMAND FOR
16		WASTEWATER TREATMENT SERVICE PROVIDED BY KWRU IN 2016, 2017, AND
17		2018?
18	A.	No, I am not aware of any such demand-dampening events either having
19		occurred or expected to occur over this time period.
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21		

- 1 Q. DOES THIS CONCLUDE YOUR TESTIMONY?
- 2 A. Yes.

1	MR. WRIGHT: Ms. Santamaria also prepared and
2	caused to be filed exhibits, five prefiled exhibits
3	that have been numbered 42 through 46 in the
4	comprehensive exhibits list, and I would ask that
5	those be received into evidence at this time.
6	CHAIRMAN BROWN: Seeing no objection, we will
7	go ahead and move into the record 42 through 46.
8	(Whereupon, Exhibit Nos. 42-46 was received
9	into evidence.)
10	CHAIRMAN BROWN: Thank you.
11	MR. WRIGHT: Thank you, Madam Chairman.
12	CHAIRMAN BROWN: So I see Mr. Deason in the
13	back, waiting again. Unfortunately, we have to
14	recess right now. I am assume so my apologies
15	for not moving forward.
16	We will recess. The service hearing begins at
17	6:00 p.m., and Commissioner Patronis is actually
18	going to preside over that proceeding, and we will
19	see whether I am assuming all the parties will
20	stay for that service hearing. So we will see if
21	we can reconvene and get to Mr. Deason after and
22	then conclude until tomorrow. Is it the any
23	comments or thoughts on
24	MR. WRIGHT: Madam Chairman, this might be
25	better off the record, but I will go ahead.

1		As I discussed with Ms. Crawford during the
2		breaks, I have polled all the attorneys, and I
3		believe, at the outside, we have maybe five hours
4		cross-examination for the company's rebuttal
5		witnesses. And per my conversation with Mr. Smith,
6		I believe he has very limited cross-examination for
7		Mr. Deason. And accordingly, I think that if we
8		were to convene at nine o'clock or so tomorrow
9		morning, we wouldn't have any problem finishing
10		tomorrow.
11		CHAIRMAN BROWN: Everyone okay with that?
12		That sounds 9:00 a.m. Yeah. That sounds like a
13		great suggestion. Thank you.
14		MR. WRIGHT: My pleasure. Thank you.
15		CHAIRMAN BROWN: So we will recess now, and
16		then we will proceed with the service hearing at
17		six o'clock, and then we will reconvene at 9:00
18		a.m. tomorrow morning with Mr. Deason taking the
19		stand.
20		All right. Thank you. See you all in 25
21		minutes.
22		(Transcript continues in sequence in Volume
23	4.)	
24		
25		

1	CERTIFICATE OF REPORTER
2	STATE OF FLORIDA )
3	COUNTY OF LEON )
4	
5	I, DEBRA KRICK, Court Reporter, do hereby
6	certify that the foregoing proceeding was heard at the
7	time and place herein stated.
8	IT IS FURTHER CERTIFIED that I
9	stenographically reported the said proceedings; that the
10	same has been transcribed under my direct supervision;
11	and that this transcript constitutes a true
12	transcription of my notes of said proceedings.
13	I FURTHER CERTIFY that I am not a relative,
14	employee, attorney or counsel of any of the parties, nor
15	am I a relative or employee of any of the parties'
16	attorney or counsel connected with the action, nor am I
17	financially interested in the action.
18	DATED this 18th day of November, 2016.
19	
20	Debli R Kacci
21	Deber ruce
22	DEBRA R. KRICK
23	NOTARY PUBLIC COMMISSION #GG015952
24	EXPIRES JULY 27, 2020
25	