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August 14, 2017

-VIA ELECTRONIC FILING -

Ms. Carlotta S. Stauffer Division of the Commission Clerk Florida Public Service Commission 2540 Shumard Oak Blvd. Tallahassee, FL 32399-0850

Re: Docket No. 20170123-EI

Dear Ms. Stauffer:

Enclosed for filing on behalf of Florida Power & Light Company ("FPL") is the rebuttal testimony for FPL witness Keith Ferguson.

Please contact me if you have any questions about this transmittal.

Sincerely,

s/ Kenneth M.Rubin Kenneth M. Rubin

Enclosures

cc: Counsel for Parties of Record (w/encl.)

Florida Power & Light Company

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE Docket No. 20170123-EI

I HEREBY CERTIFY that a true and correct copy of the foregoing has been furnished

by electronic service on this 14th day of August 2017 to the following:

Danijela Janjic, Esq. Kyesha Mapp, Esq. Margo DuVal, Esq. Division of Legal Services Office of General Counsel 2540 Shumard Oak Blvd. Tallahassee, Florida 32399-0850 djanjic@psc.state.fl.us kmapp@psc.state.fl.us mduval@psc.state.fl.us **Florida Public Service Commission** J. R. Kelly, Esq. Stephanie Morse, Esq. c/o The Florida Legislature 111 West Madison Street, Room 812 Tallahassee, Florida 32399 kelly.jr@leg.state.fl.us morse.stephanie@leg.state.fl.us **Office of Public Counsel**

By: <u>s/Kenneth M. Rubin</u>

Kenneth M. Rubin

1		BEFORE THE FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION
2		FLORIDA POWER & LIGHT COMPANY
3		SJRPP TRANSACTION
4		REBUTTAL TESTIMONY OF KEITH FERGUSON
5		DOCKET NO. 20170123-EI
6		AUGUST 14, 2017
7		
8	Q.	Please state your name and business address.
9	A.	My name is Keith Ferguson, and my business address is Florida Power &
10		Light Company, 700 Universe Boulevard, Juno Beach, Florida 33408.
11	Q.	Did you previously submit testimony in the proceeding?
12	A.	Yes.
13	Q.	Are you sponsoring or co-sponsoring any exhibits as part of your rebuttal
14		testimony?
15	A.	No.
16	Q.	What is the purpose of your rebuttal testimony?
17	A.	The purpose of my rebuttal testimony is to demonstrate that the proposal of
18		Office of Public Counsel's ("OPC") witness Merchant to begin amortization
19		of FPL's requested Early Retirement and Asset Transfer Regulatory Assets
20		associated with the SJRPP Transaction immediately when the related assets
21		are retired instead of when base rates are next adjusted in a general base rate
22		case is inconsistent with Florida Public Service Commission ("FPSC" or
23		"Commission") precedent. In addition, this proposal could discourage well-

run utilities from pursuing innovative projects that unlock significant
 customer value during a base rate-freeze period.

Q. On pages 4 and 5 of OPC witness Merchant's testimony, she recommends
that FPL begin amortization of its proposed Early Retirement and Asset
Transfer Regulatory Assets beginning on January 1, 2018. Do you agree
with her recommendation?

A. No. As stated in my direct testimony, FPL proposes to begin amortization of
the Early Retirement and Asset Transfer Regulatory Assets when it next resets
its base rates. This treatment is consistent with similar instances in which FPL
has requested and received Commission approval to recover capital recovery
schedules at the same time base rates are next adjusted.

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13 For example, in FPL's 2009 rate case, FPL requested and received 14 Commission approval in Order No. PSC-2010-0153-FOF-EI, Docket Nos. 15 20080677-EI, 20090130-EI to amortize its capital recovery schedules at the 16 same time base rates were next adjusted. The capital recovery schedules 17 included the remaining net book value associated with the Cape Canaveral 18 and Riviera steam plants due to modernizations, nuclear assets retired due to 19 the nuclear extended power uprate projects and the analog meters being 20 replaced by the new Advanced Metering Infrastructure ("AMI"). While this 21 order was subsequently superseded by Order No. PSC-2011-0089-S-EI 22 approving a settlement of FPL's 2009 rate case, the settlement left intact the 23 provisions for amortization of the capital recovery schedules.

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In addition, the settlement agreements in FPL's 2005, 2012 and 2016 rate cases approved commencing amortization of capital recovery schedules at the same time base rates were adjusted:

- Order No. PSC-2005-0902-S-EI, Docket Nos. 20050045-EI,
 20050188-EI The capital recovery schedules included the recovery
 of the remaining net book value and anticipated removal costs
 associated with the steam generator replacement at St. Lucie Unit No.
 2 and reactor vessel head replacements at the four nuclear units.
- Order No. PSC-2013-0023-S-EI, Docket No. 20120015-EI The capital recovery schedules included the remaining net book value related to the Port Everglades steam plant due to modernization, and the retirement of Cutler Units Nos. 5 and 6 and Sanford Unit No. 3.
 OPC appealed Order No. PSC-2013-0023-S-EI but did not challenge the amortization of these capital recovery schedules. The order was affirmed on appeal.
- Order No. PSC-2016-0560-AS-EI, Docket Nos. 20160021-EI,
 20160062-EI The capital recovery schedules included the remaining
 net book value related to the retirement of the Putnam combined cycle
 plant, gas turbine peakers and Turkey Point Unit No. 1 steam
 generating plant.

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- Q. Are you aware of any instances in which the Commission has rejected a
 request by FPL to commence amortization of capital recovery schedules
 at the same time base rates were next adjusted?
- 4 A. No.
- 5

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Q. Please explain how OPC's proposal could deter well-run utilities from pursuing customer-value-creating transactions.

7 A. The proposed retirement of SJRPP is an innovative transaction identified and 8 developed by FPL and negotiated to the mutual benefit of the customers of 9 FPL and JEA. As discussed in FPL witness Bores' direct testimony, FPL 10 customers will realize immediate savings from SJRPP's early retirement and 11 termination of the JOA (including the Article 8 PPA), with the transaction 12 ultimately providing approximately \$183 million in projected Cumulative 13 Present Value of Revenue Requirements ("CPVRR") savings. That sort of 14 transaction should be encouraged. By asserting that amortization of 15 regulatory assets should begin immediately for retirements resulting from 16 such transactions, so long as the impact to earnings does not push a utility's 17 earnings below the bottom of its authorized range, OPC advocates a policy 18 that would discourage innovative transactions that produce substantial benefits 19 for customers. There is no set timetable for when opportunities arise. OPC's 20 policy would serve as a significant deterrent to a well-run utility (one whose 21 earnings are significantly above the bottom of its authorized range) from 22 pursuing innovative projects during a base rate-freeze period, because of the

- potential loss of earnings that it would suffer and the loss of cash recovery of
 the return on investment it made on behalf of customers.
- Q. Please comment on the statement at page 6, lines 18 through 20 of OPC
 witness Merchant's testimony that "[u]nrecovered investments of utility
 generating plant that were prudently retired early and previously
 included in base rates, are traditionally, historically and ordinarily
 recovered through base rates."
- 8 FPL agrees with OPC witness Merchant's statement, which in fact provides A. 9 the rationale supporting FPL's proposal to defer amortization of the Early Retirement and Asset Transfer Regulatory Assets until base rates are next 10 11 reset. Witness Merchant provides compelling testimony here which supports 12 continuation of the Commission's consistent and long standing treatment of 13 synchronizing cash collection of capital recovery with the setting of base 14 rates. A continuation of this policy and practice is important for continuing 15 to encourage transactions such as this that benefit customers. FPL is presently 16 in a base rate freeze under its 2016 rate case settlement agreement. Thus, if 17 amortization of the unrecovered amounts reflected in the Early Retirement and 18 Asset Transfer Regulatory Assets were to start on January 1, 2018 as OPC 19 witness Merchant proposes, that amortization expense would *not* be recovered 20 through current base rates. Rather, FPL's base rate expenses would go up 21 with no corresponding increase in current base rates. Only by deferring 22 amortization until base rates are next reset (when the amortization expense 23 may be properly included in the test year upon which new rates are based) will

- 1 the amortization expense be "recovered through base rates" as OPC witness
- 2 Merchant recommends.
- 3 Q. Does this conclude your testimony?
- 4 A. Yes.