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October 1, 1993

Mr. Steve C. Tribble Director, Division of Records and Reporting Florida Public Service Commission 101 East Gaines Street Tallahassee, Florida 32301

RE: Docket No. 920260-TL

Dear Mr. Tribble:

Enclosed for filing in the above-referenced docket, please find an original and fifteen copies of the updated direct testimony of William B. Keck, Nancy H. Sims and Walter S. Reid for Southern Bell Telephone and Telegraph Company. Please note that the updated testimony of Messrs. Keck and Sims should completely replace their earlier testimony. In addition, all of Mr. Keck's exhibits have been replaced. Three of Mrs. Sims' have been replaced as well and one exhibit is being updated.

A copy of this letter is enclosed. Please mark it to indicate that the original was filed and return the copy to me. Copies have been served on the parties shown on the attached Certificate of Service.

Sincerely

R. Douglas Lacke

RECEIVED & FILED

Enclosures

cc: All Parties of Record

A. M. Lombardo

H. R. Anthony

DOCUMENT HUMBER-DATE

10619 OCT-18

Fr SC-KEUGRUS/REPORTING

DOCUMENT TIMBER - DATE

10618 OCT-18

F. SC-RECORDS/REPORTING

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CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

Docket No. 920260-TL Docket No. 900960-TL

Docket No. 910163-TL

Docket No. 910727-TL

I HEREBY CERTIFY that a copy of the foregoing has been

furnished by United States Mail this 1st day of October, 1993 to:

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1		SOUTHERN BELL TELEPHONE AND TELEGRAPH COMPANY
2	. •	UPDATED TESTIMONY OF WILLIAM B. KECK
3		BEFORE THE FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION
4		DOCKET NO. 920260-TL
5		OCTOBER 1, 1993
6		
7	Q.	PLEASE STATE YOUR NAME AND ADDRESS.
8		
9	A.	MY NAME IS WILLIAM B. KECK AND MY BUSINESS ADDRESS
10		IS 675 WEST PEACHTREE STREET, ATLANTA, GEORGIA
11		30375.
12		
13	Q.	BY WHOM ARE YOU EMPLOYED AND IN WHAT POSITION?
14		··
15	A.	I AM EMPLOYED BY BELLSOUTH TELECOMMUNICATIONS, INC.
16		D/B/A SOUTHERN BELL TELEPHONE AND TELEGRAPH COMPANY
17		(SOUTHERN BELL OR THE COMPANY). MY POSITION IS
18		DIRECTOR-CORPORATE FINANCE AND ASSISTANT TREASURER.
19		
20	Q.	WHAT ARE YOUR PRINCIPAL RESPONSIBILITIES IN THAT
21		POSITION?
22		
23	A.	I AM RESPONSIBLE FOR REGULATORY SUPPORT REGARDING
24		FINANCIAL MATTERS, INCLUDING CAPITAL MARKET
25		CONDITIONS, CAPITAL STRUCTURE AND COST OF CAPITAL

DOCUMENT NUMBER-DATE
10618 OCT-18

THE CREDIT RATING AGENCIES AND THE INVESTMENT BANKS. 2 3 RELATIVE TO THE MANAGEMENT OF THE COMPANY'S FINANCINGS, I ASSIST IN EVALUATING FINANCING 4 5 ALTERNATIVES AND NEW FINANCIAL PRODUCTS. I AM ALSO 6 RESPONSIBLE FOR DIRECTING THE COMPANY'S EFFORTS IN 7 THE AREA OF ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT. 8 9 0. PLEASE SUMMARIZE YOUR EDUCATIONAL AND BUSINESS 10 BACKGROUND. 11 12 A. I RECEIVED TWO BACHELOR OF ARTS DEGREES IN 1967 FROM 13 THE UNIVERSITY OF SOUTH FLORIDA - ONE IN MATHEMATICS 14 AND ONE IN MANAGEMENT. IN 1975, I RECEIVED A 15 MASTERS OF BUSINESS ADMINISTRATION WITH HONORS IN 16 MANAGEMENT SCIENCE FROM PACE UNIVERSITY IN NEW YORK 17 CITY. ADDITIONALLY, IN 1989, I SUCCESSFULLY 18 COMPLETED THE EXECUTIVE PROGRAM OF PROFESSIONAL 19 MANAGEMENT AT THE UNIVERSITY OF NORTH CAROLINA AT 20 CHAPEL HILL. 21 22 MY TELEPHONE CAREER, WHICH SPANS A PERIOD OF 27 23 YEARS, HAS BEEN CONCENTRATED PRIMARILY IN

ISSUES. ADDITIONALLY, I ASSIST WITH THE LIAISON TO

1

24

25

REQUIREMENTS, FINANCE AND TREASURY. I HAVE BEEN

FORECASTING, RATES AND TARIFFS, REVENUE

1 INVOLVED IN TREASURY, COST OF CAPITAL AND THE 2 REGULATORY PROCESS AT COMPANY HEADQUARTERS FOR THE 3 PAST FIFTEEN YEARS. I WAS APPOINTED ASSISTANT 4 TREASURER OF THE COMPANY EFFECTIVE DECEMBER 1, 1984. 5 6 I AM A MEMBER OF THE NATIONAL SOCIETY OF RATE OF 7 RETURN ANALYSTS, THE FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT 8 ASSOCIATION, THE AMERICAN ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT 9 COUNCIL, AND THE SOUTHERN INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT 10 COUNCIL. 11 12 Q. HAVE YOU FILED DIRECT TESTIMONY IN THIS DOCKET? 13 YES. I FILED DIRECT TESTIMONY REGARDING THE 14 A. 15 APPROPRIATE CAPITAL STRUCTURE AND DEBT COST RATES 16 FOR SOUTHERN BELL. I ALSO CALCULATED THE OVERALL 17 COST OF CAPITAL USING DR. BILLINGSLEY'S ESTIMATE OF 18 THE COMPANY'S COST OF EQUITY CAPITAL. 19 20 Q. WHAT IS THE PURPOSE OF YOUR UPDATED TESTIMONY? 21 22 A. THE PURPOSE OF MY UPDATED TESTIMONY IS TO PROVIDE AN

25 UPDATED ESTIMATE PRESENTED IN THIS TESTIMONY

23

24

UPDATED ESTIMATE OF THE COMPANY'S AVERAGE 1993

CAPITAL STRUCTURE AND ITS DEBT COST RATES.

CONTAINS THREE ADDITIONAL MONTHS OF ACTUAL COMPANY 1 DATA AND INCLUDES THE EFFECTS OF AN ADDITIONAL DEBT 2 REFINANCING UNDERTAKEN BY THE COMPANY SINCE THE JULY 3 2, 1993 FILING OF MY DIRECT TESTIMONY. 4 5 6 ADDITIONALLY, AS I DID IN MY DIRECT TESTIMONY, I 7 ALSO CALCULATE THE OVERALL COST OF CAPITAL USING DR. 8 BILLINGSLEY'S ESTIMATE OF THE COMPANY'S COST OF 9 EOUITY CAPITAL. 10 11 Q. HAVE YOU PREPARED EXHIBITS TO ACCOMPANY THIS UPDATED 12 TESTIMONY? 13 14 A. YES, I UPDATED MY FOUR ORIGINAL EXHIBITS TO SHOW THE 15 REVISED COMPOSITION OF THE CAPITAL STRUCTURE, THE 16 REVISED CALCULATIONS OF THE DEBT COST RATES, AND THE UPDATED COMPUTATION OF THE COMPANY'S OVERALL 17 18 WEIGHTED COST OF CAPITAL. 19 20 Q. WHAT COMPONENTS ARE NEEDED TO DETERMINE A COMPANY'S 21 OVERALL COST OF CAPITAL?

- 23 A. THE OVERALL COST OF CAPITAL REFLECTS HOW A COMPANY
- 24 HAS FINANCED THE ASSETS USED IN ITS OPERATIONS AND
- 25 AT WHAT COST. THE CAPITAL STRUCTURE REFLECTS THE

1 RELATIVE PROPORTIONS OF DEBT AND EQUITY CAPITAL 2 UTILIZED. THE OVERALL COST OF CAPITAL IS DETERMINED BY WEIGHTING THE CAPITAL COST RATES IN PROPORTION TO 3 4 THE USE OF THE VARIOUS TYPES OF CAPITAL. 5 6 THE COST RATE FOR A COMPANY'S DEBT IS EASILY 7 DETERMINED BECAUSE DEBT OBLIGATIONS ARE CONTRACTUAL IN NATURE AND USUALLY SPECIFY UP FRONT THE RATE OF 9 INTEREST THAT MUST BE PAID TO THE LENDER. 10 THE COST RATE FOR SECURING COMMON EQUITY CAPITAL IS 11 12 MORE DIFFICULT TO DETERMINE. WHEN A COMMON EQUITY 13 INVESTOR MAKES AN INVESTMENT, HE OR SHE DOES NOT 14 HAVE AN ASSURED RETURN FROM THAT INVESTMENT. ORDER FOR THE COMPANY TO BE CHOSEN BY THE INVESTOR, 15 16 THE COMPANY MUST OFFER THAT COMMON EQUITY INVESTOR AN OPPORTUNITY TO EARN A RETURN ON HIS OR HER 17 18 INVESTMENT THAT IS ATTRACTIVE RELATIVE TO THE RISKS 19 ASSOCIATED WITH THAT INVESTMENT. SINCE THE 20 INVESTORS' REQUIRED RETURN CANNOT BE MEASURED 21 PRECISELY, IT MUST BE ESTIMATED USING SOUND JUDGMENT 22 AND APPROPRIATE FINANCIAL THEORIES, ANALYSES AND 23 METHODS. IN THIS PROCEEDING, DR. BILLINGSLEY'S 24 TESTIMONY ADDRESSES THE ISSUE OF THE COMPANY'S COST

OF COMMON EQUITY CAPITAL.

2 Ç	Q•	YOU INDICATED EARLIER THAT THE CAPITAL STRUCTURE
3		REFLECTS THE RELATIVE PROPORTIONS OF DEBT AND COMMON
4		EQUITY CAPITAL UTILIZED TO FINANCE THE COMPANY'S
5	•	OPERATIONS. WHAT FACTORS INFLUENCE A COMPANY'S
6		MANAGEMENT DECISION REGARDING THE APPROPRIATE LEVEL
7		OF DEBT IN THE CAPITAL STRUCTURE?
8		
9 <i>P</i>	۸.	THE MAJOR FACTOR AFFECTING THE DETERMINATION OF THE
10		ACCEPTABLE AMOUNT OF DEBT IN THE CAPITAL STRUCTURE
11		IS THE NATURE, MAGNITUDE AND DIRECTION OF THE
12		BUSINESS RISK FACING THE COMPANY. BUSINESS RISK CAN
13		BE DEFINED AS THE VARIABILITY OR VOLATILITY
14		ASSOCIATED WITH A COMPANY'S EARNINGS BEFORE INTEREST
15		AND TAXES. VARIABILITY OF EARNINGS COMES FROM MANY
16		SOURCES, BUT THE IMPACT IS FELT PRIMARILY ON THE
17		REVENUE STREAM.
18		
19		THE SOURCES OF BUSINESS RISK ARE NUMEROUS AND
20		VARIED. NATIONAL AND INTERNATIONAL POLITICAL AND
21		ECONOMIC EVENTS THAT AFFECT THE GENERAL STATE OF THE
22		ECONOMY CAN ALSO IMPACT A COMPANY'S REVENUE AND
23		EXPENSES. INDUSTRY-WIDE FACTORS IMPACT THE PROFIT
24		STABILITY OF ITS PARTICIPANTS. HOWEVER, PROBABLY
25		THE MOST DIRECT AND SIGNIFICANT FACTORS THAT AFFECT

1	A COMPANY'S BUSINESS RISK AND ITS REVENUE STREAM ARE
2	(1) THE COMPETITION FACING THE COMPANY'S PRODUCTS
3	AND SERVICES AND (2) THE ELASTICITY OF DEMAND FOR
4	THOSE PRODUCTS AND SERVICES. ADDITIONALLY, NEW
5	TECHNOLOGIES AND INNOVATIONS CAN AFFECT NOT ONLY THE
6	REVENUE STREAM BUT ALSO THE INVESTMENT AND EXPENSES
7	ASSOCIATED WITH THE OPERATIONS OF A BUSINESS.
8	
9	IN SUMMARY, THE MAJOR FACTOR AFFECTING THE
10	DETERMINATION OF THE APPROPRIATE CAPITAL STRUCTURE
11	IS THE NATURE, MAGNITUDE AND DIRECTION OF THE
12	BUSINESS RISK FACING A COMPANY.
13	
l4 Q.	WHAT EVIDENCE HAS SOUTHERN BELL PRESENTED REGARDING
15 ^	CHANGES IN THE LEVEL OF BUSINESS RISK FACING THE
16	COMPANY?
17	
18 A.	AN OVERVIEW OF THE SOURCES OF THE COMPANY'S BUSINESS
19	RISK AND THE INCREASING NATURE OF THAT RISK IS
20	PROVIDED TO THE COMMISSION IN THIS DOCKET IN THE
21	TESTIMONY OF COMPANY WITNESS DENTON. MR. DENTON
22	DISCUSSES HOW THE TELECOMMUNICATIONS INDUSTRY HAS
23	CHANGED SINCE 1988 IN THE AREAS OF TECHNOLOGY,
24	STRATEGIC ALLIANCES, AND POLICY DECISIONS AT THE FCC
25	AND BY THIS COMMISSION HIS TESTIMONY DETAILS

SIGNIFICANT ACTIVITIES THAT HAVE OCCURRED IN EACH OF 1 2 THOSE AREAS AND HOW THEY ACCELERATE THE PACE OF COMPETITION IN THE MARKETPLACE. THE IMPACT OF THESE 3 4 ACTIVITIES ON THE FUTURE DIRECTION AND MAGNITUDE OF THE BUSINESS RISK FACING THE COMPANY IS READILY 5 6 APPARENT. THE COMPANY'S BUSINESS RISKS IN FLORIDA ARE SIGNIFICANT AND REAL. IN SUMMARY, MR. DENTON'S 7 TESTIMONY PROVIDES EVIDENCE THAT THE COMPANY'S 8 9 BUSINESS RISKS HAVE INCREASED MATERIALLY IN RECENT 10 YEARS AND CAN REASONABLY BE EXPECTED TO CONTINUE TO INCREASE IN THE FUTURE. 11 12 WHAT EVIDENCE IS AVAILABLE TO INVESTORS REGARDING 13 Q. 14 THE CURRENT AND FUTURE LEVEL OF BUSINESS RISK FACING 15 SOUTHERN BELL? 16 17 A. CREDIT RATING AGENCIES AND SECURITY ANALYSTS, WHO 18 FOLLOW THE TELECOMMUNICATIONS INDUSTRY, HAVE BEEN 19 REPORTING FOR SOME TIME TO INVESTORS THAT THE 20 INDUSTRY IS IN A TRANSITION STAGE TOWARD MORE 21 COMPETITION AND THAT BUSINESS RISKS HAVE BEEN 22 INCREASING AND WILL, WITHOUT A DOUBT, CONTINUE TO 23 INCREASE.

24

FOR EXAMPLE, BACK IN 1985, STANDARD AND POOR'S (S&P)

1	STARTED DOCUMENTING THE INCREASED COMPETITION AND
2	BEGAN MAKING ITS FINANCIAL BENCHMARKS MORE STRINGENT
3	FOR THE LOCAL EXCHANGE COMPANIES. IT HAS SINCE MADE
4	ADDITIONAL REFINEMENTS TO ITS BENCHMARKS, ALL OF
5	WHICH ARE EVEN MORE STRINGENT, BASED ON THE
6	INCREASING LEVEL OF BUSINESS RISKS FACING THE
7	INDUSTRY PARTICIPANTS.
8	
9	AS ILLUSTRATION, IN A SEPTEMBER 17, 1990 CREDITWEEK
10	ARTICLE THAT ANNOUNCED RISK CLASSIFICATION CHANGES
11	FOR THE LOCAL EXCHANGE COMPANIES, STANDARD AND
12	POOR'S SAID:
13	
14	"BOTH TECHNOLOGICAL AND ECONOMIC COMPETITION
15	ARE NOW PRIME DRIVERS FOR TELECOMMUNICATIONS
16	BUSINESS RISK, AND THEIR EFFECT STEMS IN LARGE
17	MEASURE FROM THE NATURE OF THE BUSINESS.
18	TECHNOLOGICAL CHANGE HAS PROVIDED VIABLE
19	ALTERNATIVES THAT ARE FULLY COMPETITIVE IN
20	CERTAIN APPLICATIONS. THE GROWING DEPLOYMENT
21	OF COMPETITIVE COMMUNICATIONS SERVICES IN ALL
22	SECTORS OF THE TELECOMMUNICATIONS INDUSTRY WILL
23	CONTINUE TO PUSH BUSINESS RISK TO GREATER
24	HEIGHTS FOR THE MAJORITY OF INDUSTRY
25	PARTICIPANTS GOING FORWARD, THE INDUSTRY'S

1		INEXORABLY GROWING EXPOSURE TO COMPETITION WILL
2		OCCUR WITH OR WITHOUT THE RECOGNITION OR
3		ADMISSION BY MANAGER AND REGULATOR."
4		
5	Q.	GIVEN THE INCREASED LEVEL OF BUSINESS RISK, SUCH AS
6		THAT WHICH IS NOW FACING THE TELECOMMUNICATIONS
7		INDUSTRY AND SOUTHERN BELL, HOW SHOULD A COMPANY
8		RESPOND TO THIS INCREASED BUSINESS RISK ENVIRONMENTS
9		
10	Α.	WHEN THE REVENUE STREAMS BECOME VULNERABLE TO
11		COMPETITION AND, THEREFORE, MORE VOLATILE AND LESS
12		PREDICTABLE, THE COMPANY'S MANAGEMENT SHOULD RESPOND
13		BY OFFSETTING THIS INCREASED BUSINESS RISK BY
14		REDUCING ITS FINANCIAL RISKS. THIS WILL ALLOW IT TO
15		ACHIEVE THE LOWEST OVERALL COST OF CAPITAL. THIS IS
16		PRIMARILY ACCOMPLISHED BY LOWERING THE AMOUNT OF
17		DEBT IN THE CAPITAL STRUCTURE.
18		
19	Q.	ARE THERE ANY OTHER FACTORS, IN ADDITION TO
20		BALANCING BUSINESS RISK CONSIDERATIONS, THAT
21		INFLUENCE A COMPANY'S DECISION AS TO THE AMOUNT OF
22		DEBT IT MAINTAINS?
23		
24	A.	YES. THERE IS A CLEARLY UNDERSTOOD DIRECT
25		RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN THE RISK AND THE REQUIRED

1	INVESTOR RETURN ASSOCIATED WITH A FINANCIAL
2	INVESTMENT. THE GREATER THE RISKS TO THE INVESTOR
3	OF A PARTICULAR INVESTMENT, THE GREATER WILL BE THE
4	INVESTOR'S REQUIRED RETURN ON THAT INVESTMENT. DUE
5	TO THE CONTRACTUAL NATURE OF DEBT AND THE PRIORITY
6	OF CLAIMS A DEBT INVESTOR HAS ON THE COMPANY'S
7	ASSETS, DEBT CAPITAL REPRESENTS AN ADDITIONAL RISK
8	TO THE EQUITY HOLDER. THIS RESULTS IN THE GENERALLY
9	ACCEPTED IDEA THAT, FOR A GIVEN FIRM, ITS DEBT COSTS
10	LESS THAN ITS EQUITY.
11	
12	THIS CAPITAL COST RELATIONSHIP INFLUENCES COMPANIES
13	WHEN THEY DETERMINE THEIR CAPITAL STRUCTURE. THEORY
14	AND COMMON SENSE SUGGEST THAT A COMPANY SHOULD
15	ENDEAVOR TO MINIMIZE ITS COST OF SECURING CAPITAL
16	JUST AS IT TRIES TO MINIMIZE ALL OF ITS OTHER COSTS
17	OF DOING BUSINESS. GIVEN THAT THE COST OF DEBT IS
18	LESS THAN THE COST OF EQUITY, THE USE OF DEBT
19	FINANCING IS APPROPRIATE AND BENEFICIAL, UP TO A
20	POINT, BECAUSE IT CAN LOWER THE COMPANY'S OVERALL
21	COST OF DOING BUSINESS. THE USE OF TOO MUCH DEBT,
22	HOWEVER, CAN DRASTICALLY RAISE A COMPANY'S OVERALL
23	COST OF CAPITAL. THIS IS DUE TO THE FACT THAT TOO
24	MUCH DEBT CAUSES A COMPANY'S COST OF BOTH DEBT AND
25	EQUITY TO RISE. IN THIS SITUATION, THE COMPANY'S

2 EVIDENCE OF THIS POINT IS ABUNDANT SINCE, OVER THE 3 PAST SEVERAL YEARS, MANY COMPANIES TOOK ON TOO MUCH 4 THEIR REVENUE STREAMS WERE TOO VOLATILE OR DEBT. 5 JUST NOT STRONG ENOUGH TO SUPPORT THE BURDENS OF 6 THAT DEBT AND THEY HAVE SUFFERED FINANCIALLY. 7 8 ANOTHER FACTOR THAT INFLUENCES THE CAPITAL STRUCTURE 9 DETERMINATION IS THE NEED FOR A LEVEL OF 10 CREDITWORTHINESS AND SUFFICIENT BORROWING MARGIN TO 11 ENABLE THE COMPANY TO OPERATE AS AN ONGOING ENTITY, 12 GIVEN ITS BUSINESS RISKS. SOUTHERN BELL MUST COMPETE FOR FUNDS IN THE CAPITAL MARKETS WITH THE 13 14 MAJOR U.S. AND FOREIGN INDUSTRIAL AND UTILITY FIRMS. 15 HIGH QUALITY CREDIT RATINGS ENABLE THE COMPANY TO 16 ATTRACT CAPITAL. DUE TO THE CONTINUING GROWTH IN 17 SOUTHERN BELL'S SERVICE TERRITORY, THE COMPANY'S 18 LARGE CAPITAL REQUIREMENTS, AND ITS UTILITY 19 OBLIGATION TO SERVE RATEPAYERS, SOUTHERN BELL MUST 20 BE ABLE TO COMPETE FOR REASONABLY-PRICED FUNDS, 21 REGARDLESS OF CAPITAL MARKET CONDITIONS. 22 QUALITY CREDIT RATINGS FACILITATE THIS PROCESS. 23 24 0. PLEASE BRIEFLY DESCRIBE THE COMPANY'S CAPITAL 25 STRUCTURE.

OVERALL FINANCIAL RISK WILL, IN EFFECT, INCREASE.

1			
2	Α.	THE COMPANY'S DEBT RATIO HAS	REMAINED FAIRLY STABLE
3		DURING THE PAST SEVERAL YEARS	S. AS REFLECTED IN THE
4		SURVEILLANCE REPORTS TO THIS	COMMISSION, SOUTHERN
5		BELL'S AVERAGE DEBT RATIO HAS	S VARIED WITHIN A NARROW
6		RANGE:	
7		I	DEBT
8		YEAR I	RATIO
9		1988	37.27%
10		1989	37.54
11		1990	37.09
12		1991	37.27
13		1992 (BST)	37.38
14			
15		AS SHOWN ON MY EXHIBIT WBK-1	, FOR YEAR 1993, THE
16		AVERAGE DEBT RATIO IS ESTIMA	TED TO BE 38.99%.
17			
18		IN MY OPINION, GIVEN THE INC	REASING BUSINESS RISK
19		FACING THE COMPANY AND THE RI	ECENT RISE IN THE DEBT
20		RATIO, THE COMPANY'S OVERALL	RISK, WHICH IS THE
21		COMBINATION OF THE BUSINESS A	AND FINANCIAL RISKS, HAS
22		INCREASED IN RECENT YEARS.	
23			
24	Q.	WHAT HAS BEEN THE HISTORY OF	THIS COMMISSION'S

REGULATORY PRACTICE REGARDING THE CAPITAL STRUCTURE

1		ISSUE AS APPLIED TO SOUTHERN BELL?
2		
3	A.	THIS COMMISSION, SINCE DIVESTITURE, HAS REGULATED
4		SOUTHERN BELL BASED ON THE COMPANY'S ACTUAL AVERAGE
5		CAPITAL STRUCTURE. THE CONTINUED USE OF THE
6		COMPANY'S ACTUAL CAPITAL STRUCTURE IN THIS
7		PROCEEDING IS APPROPRIATE. BY DOING SO, THE
8		COMMISSION IS RECOGNIZING THAT A COMPANY'S ACTUAL
9		CAPITAL STRUCTURE BEST REFLECTS THE REALITIES OF THE
10		COMPANY'S FINANCIAL SITUATION AND IT IS THAT CAPITAL
11		STRUCTURE WHICH IS READILY AVAILABLE TO THE
12		INVESTORS WHEN THEY ARE EVALUATING INVESTMENT
13		OPPORTUNITIES.
14		
15	Q.	WHAT IS YOUR RECOMMENDATION TO THIS COMMISSION
16		REGARDING THE APPROPRIATE CAPITAL STRUCTURE AND COST
17		RATES THAT SHOULD BE USED IN CONNECTION WITH THIS
18		PROCEEDING?
19		
20	A.	CONSISTENT WITH PAST PRACTICES OF THIS COMMISSION
21		AND THE CURRENT FINANCIAL REALITIES OF THE COMPANY,
22		I RECOMMEND THAT THE COMMISSION CONTINUE TO USE THE
23		COMPANY'S ACTUAL AVERAGE CAPITAL STRUCTURE AND THE
24		ACTUAL COST RATES.

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OTHER REASONS WHY THE COMPANY'S ACTUAL CAPITAL
2
       STRUCTURE IS APPROPRIATE. AGAIN, INVESTORS ASSESS
3
       THE COMPANY'S FINANCIAL RISK BASED ON ITS ACTUAL
       CAPITAL STRUCTURE, AS IT IS REFLECTED IN ITS
5
       PUBLISHED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS. SECOND, IN A
6
       REGULATORY CONTEXT, THE USE OF A HYPOTHETICAL,
7
8
       RATHER THAN AN ACTUAL CAPITAL STRUCTURE, CREATES A
9
       SITUATION WHERE THE FINANCIAL RESULTS OF RATEMAKING
       WILL NOT, IN FACT, BE ACHIEVED BY THE INVESTORS.
10
11
12
       AS ILLUSTRATION OF THIS LAST POINT, LET ME PROVIDE
                    SUPPOSE THAT THE UTILITY HAS A CAPITAL
       AN EXAMPLE.
13
       STRUCTURE OF 40% DEBT AND 60% EOUITY. IF ITS DEBT
14
       COST RATE WAS 8% AND ITS COST OF EQUITY WAS 14%, ITS
15
       OVERALL COST OF CAPITAL WOULD BE 11.6%.
16
       COMPANY'S RATE BASE WAS $1,000 AND IT HAD A TAX RATE
17
       OF 40%, THIS WOULD MEAN THAT THE REVENUE
18
       REQUIREMENTS NEEDED TO SATISFY THE INVESTORS'
19
20
       REQUIREMENTS WOULD BE $172.00.
21
22
       RATE BASE x [{(ROE x EQUITY RATIO)/(1 - TAX RATE)} +
23
            (DEBT COST x DEBT RATIO)]
24
          1000 \times [{(.14 \times .60)/(1 - .40)} + (.08 \times .40)]
25
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BESIDES PAST COMMISSION PRACTICE, THERE ARE SEVERAL

1	
2	NOW SUPPOSE THAT THE COMMISSION WAS TO AUTHORIZE TH
3	COMPANY'S COST RATES BUT DECIDED TO ADOPT A
4	HYPOTHETICAL CAPITAL STRUCTURE OF 50% DEBT AND 50%
5	EQUITY. THIS REGULATORY DECISION WOULD RESULT IN
6	RATES DESIGNED TO PRODUCE ONLY \$156.67 IN ADDITIONA
7	REVENUES. FROM THIS EXAMPLE, YOU CAN SEE THAT A
8	\$15.33 SHORTFALL WAS CREATED FROM THE INVESTORS'
9	REQUIRED RETURN TO THE ADDITIONAL REVENUES
10	AUTHORIZED BECAUSE A HYPOTHETICAL CAPITAL STRUCTURE
11	WAS USED. THIS SHORTFALL IS WHAT I WAS REFERRING TO
12	WHEN I INDICATED THAT THE USE OF A HYPOTHETICAL,
13	RATHER THAN AN ACTUAL CAPITAL STRUCTURE, CREATES A
14	SITUATION WHERE THE FINANCIAL RESULTS OF RATEMAKING
15	WILL NOT BE ACHIEVED BY THE INVESTORS.
16	
17 Q.	DO YOU HAVE ANY OTHER CONCERNS ABOUT THE POSSIBLE
18	USE OF CAPITAL STRUCTURE DIFFERENT FROM THE
19	COMPANY'S ACTUAL CAPITAL STRUCTURE?
20	
21 A.	YES. THE SIGNAL THAT WOULD BE SENT TO INVESTORS BY
22	THE USE OF A HYPOTHETICAL CAPITAL STRUCTURE WOULD B

- 16 -

TELECOMMUNICATIONS SERVICES. THIS CONCERN WAS

THE COMPANY, AND COULD INCREASE THE COST OF

NEGATIVE, COULD ULTIMATELY CAUSE FINANCIAL HARM TO

23

24

1		EXPLICITLY RECOGNIZED BY THIS COMMISSION, IN ORDER
2		20162 IN SOUTHERN BELL DOCKET NO. 880069-TL, DATED
3		OCTOBER 13, 1988, WHEN IT STATED THAT
4		
5		"IMPUTING A LOWER EQUITY RATIO REDUCES THE
6		COMPANY'S ABILITY TO EARN ON ITS ACTUAL CAPITAL
7		STRUCTURE. IMPUTING A LOWER EQUITY RATIO COULT
8		ALSO ADVERSELY AFFECT THE COMPANY'S ABILITY TO
9		REACT TO CHANGES IN ITS OPERATING ENVIRONMENT
10		AND COULD POSSIBLY RESULT IN A LOWER BOND
11		RATING FOR THE COMPANY."
12		
13	Q.	WHAT IS THE COMPOSITION OF THE CAPITAL STRUCTURE
14		THAT THE COMPANY IS RECOMMENDING?
15		
16	A.	MY EXHIBIT WBK-1 REFLECTS THE APPLICATION OF THE
17		COMPANY'S AVERAGE CAPITAL STRUCTURE RATIOS TO THE
18		FLORIDA INTRASTATE CAPITAL FOR YEAR 1993.
19		
20		AT THE TOP OF THAT EXHIBIT IS SHOWN THE UPDATED
21		ESTIMATE OF THE COMPANY'S AVERAGE CAPITAL STRUCTURE
22		FOR 1993. THE LOWER PORTION OF THAT EXHIBIT
23		REFLECTS THE FLORIDA INTRASTATE AVERAGE CAPITAL
24		STRUCTURE FOR 1993 THAT IS RECONCILED WITH THE
25		FLORIDA INTRASTATE RATE BASE PRESENTED IN THE

1	UPDATED TESTIMONY OF COMPANY WITNESS REID.
2	
3 Q.	PLEASE EXPLAIN HOW THE COMPANY'S AVERAGE 1993
4	CAPITAL STRUCTURE, SHOWN ON THE TOP OF THAT EXHIBIT
5	WAS ESTIMATED.
6	
7 A.	FOR THE MONTHS UP TO AND INCLUDING JULY, 1993,
8	ACTUAL COMPANY DATA WAS USED. THE MONTHLY DATA FOR
9	AUGUST THROUGH DECEMBER HAD TO BE ESTIMATED. THE
10	FOLLOWING APPROACH WAS USED FOR THOSE MONTHS:
11	
12	FOR LONG-TERM DEBT
13	
14	THE LEVEL OF FUNDED DEBT WAS ESTIMATED MONTHLY
15	RECOGNIZING THE REFINANCING THAT WAS INITIATED
16	IN AUGUST. NO OTHER REFINANCINGS WERE ASSUME
17	TO OCCUR IN 1993. THE AVERAGE LEVEL OF OTHER
18	LONG-TERM DEBT AND CAPITALIZED LEASES FOR THE
19	PERIOD JANUARY THROUGH JULY WAS USED AS THE
20	LEVEL FOR EACH MONTH, AUGUST THROUGH DECEMBER
21	
22	FOR SHORT-TERM DEBT
23	
24	THE AVERAGE LEVEL OF COMMERCIAL PAPER FOR THE
25	PERIOD JANUARY THROUGH JULY WAS USED AS THE

1	LEVEL OF COMMERCIAL PAPER FOR EACH MONTH,
2	AUGUST THROUGH DECEMBER. THE AVERAGE LEVEL OF
3	SHORT-TERM CAPITALIZED LEASES FOR THE PERIOD
4	JANUARY THROUGH JULY WAS USED AS THE LEVEL FOR
5	EACH MONTH, AUGUST THROUGH DECEMBER.
6	
7	FOR COMMON EQUITY
8	
9	THE AVERAGE LEVEL OF COMMON EQUITY FOR THE
.0	PERIOD JANUARY THROUGH JULY WAS USED AS THE
.1	LEVEL OF COMMON EQUITY FOR EACH MONTH, AUGUST
.2	THROUGH DECEMBER.
.3	
.4	USING THE APPROACH JUST DESCRIBED RESULTS IN AN
.5	ESTIMATED CAPITAL STRUCTURE WHICH IS SLIGHTLY
.6	DIFFERENT FROM THE COMPANY'S 1993 COMMITMENT VIEW.
.7	THE CAPITAL STRUCTURE SHOWN ON THE TOP OF MY EXHIBIT
.8	WBK-1 HAS A SLIGHTLY HIGHER DEBT RATIO PRIMARILY
.9	BECAUSE THE COMMITMENT VIEW DOES NOT REFLECT THE
20	REFINANCING THAT HAVE OCCURRED IN 1993.
21	
22 Q.	WHAT ARE THE COST RATES THAT THE COMPANY IS
23	RECOMMENDING?
24	

- 19 -

25 A. THE AVERAGE COST RATE FOR THE COMPANY'S LONG-TERM

DEBT FOR THE YEAR 1993 IS EXPECTED TO BE 8.02%. 1 CALCULATION OF THIS COST RATE IS SHOWN AT THE TOP OF 2 EXHIBIT WBK-2. IN ARRIVING AT THAT FIGURE, AN 3 AVERAGE COST RATE FOR FUNDED DEBT WAS ESTIMATED (1) 4 5 RECOGNIZING THE FEBRUARY REFINANCING, THE TWO 6 REFINANCINGS THAT WERE INITIATED IN MAY, THE 7 REFINANCING THAT WAS INITIATED IN JUNE, AND THE REFINANCING THAT WAS INITIATED IN AUGUST, AND (2) 8 ASSUMING NO ADDITIONAL REFINANCINGS DURING 1993. 9 10 THIS IS THE FIGURE THAT THE COMMISSION WOULD 11 NORMALLY USE. 12 HOWEVER, FOR THIS PARTICULAR PROCEEDING, THE COMPANY 13 RECOMMENDS THAT THE COMMISSION USE A DIFFERENT COST 14 RATE FOR LONG-TERM DEBT. SINCE THE BEGINNING OF 15 16 1993, THE COMPANY HAS REFINANCED \$2.06 BILLION 17 (NEARLY 33%) OF ITS DEBT. THESE REFINANCINGS HAVE 18 REDUCED THE COMPANY'S COST OF FUNDED DEBT FROM 8.48% 19 TO AN ESTIMATED 7.65% AS OF THE END OF SEPTEMBER. IN RECOGNITION OF THESE EVENTS, I HAVE PROVIDED THE 20 21 THE CALCULATION OF THE COMPANY'S ESTIMATED COST FOR 22 LONG-TERM DEBT AS OF SEPTEMBER 30, 1993 AT THE 23 BOTTOM OF EXHIBIT WBK-2. THAT COST RATE IS 7.68%. THIS IS THE COST RATE THAT I WILL USE FOR 24

DETERMINING THE OVERALL COST OF CAPITAL BECAUSE IT

1 REFLECTS THE COMPANY'S GOING-FORWARD ACTUAL INTEREST 2 **OBLIGATIONS.** 3 THE AVERAGE COST RATE FOR THE COMPANY'S SHORT-TERM 4 DEBT FOR THE YEAR 1993 IS EXPECTED TO BE 3.30%. THE 5 6 CALCULATION OF THIS COST RATE IS SHOWN ON EXHIBIT 7 WBK-3. ACTUAL COST RATES WERE USED FOR MONTHS UP TO AND INCLUDING JULY. THE AVERAGE COST RATE FOR THE 8 PERIOD FROM JANUARY THROUGH JULY WAS USED AS THE 9 10 COST RATE FOR THE MONTHS, AUGUST THROUGH DECEMBER. 11 THE COST RATES FOR BOTH THE CUSTOMER DEPOSITS AND 12 INVESTMENT TAX CREDITS WERE COMPUTED ACCORDING TO 13 14 COMMISSION RULES AND PROCEDURES. THE UNDERLYING DATA FOR CUSTOMER DEPOSITS WAS PROVIDED IN THE 15 16 OCTOBER 1, 1993 UPDATE TO THE MINIMUM FILING 17 REQUIREMENTS (MFR), SCHEDULE D-5. 18 19 THE TESTIMONY AND EXHIBITS OF DR. BILLINGSLEY 20 PROVIDE EVIDENCE THAT THE COMPANY'S CURRENT COST OF 21 EQUITY IS IN THE RANGE OF 13.90% TO 14.18%. THE 22 MIDPOINT OF THIS RANGE IS APPROXIMATELY 14.0%, WHICH IS STILL WITHIN THE PARAMETERS OF THE EXISTING 23 INCENTIVE SHARING PLAN. 24

1 Q. WHAT IS THE COMPANY'S OVERALL COST OF CAPITAL? 3 A. ON EXHIBIT WBK-4, I HAVE COMPUTED THE COMPANY'S OVERALL COST OF CAPITAL TO BE 9.35% BY COMBINING THE INDICATED 14.0% MIDPOINT OF THE RANGE OF COST OF EQUITY WITH THE APPROPRIATE CAPITAL STRUCTURE COMPONENTS AND THE VARIOUS OTHER COST COMPONENTS. 10 Q. DOES THAT CONCLUDE YOUR TESTIMONY? 12 A. YES, IT DOES.

FPSC EXHIBIT NUMBER
FPSC DOCKET 920260-TL
KECK EXHIBIT WBK-1 (UPDATED 10/1/93)
AVERAGE CAPITAL STRUCTURE
PAGE 1 OF 1

BELLSOUTH TELECOMMUNICATIONS, INC. (D/B/A SOUTHERN BELL TELEPHONE AND TELEGRAPH COMPANY) AVERAGE CAPITAL STRUCTURE Estimated Average 12 Months Ending 12-31-93

Long-Term Debt Short-Term Debt Common Equity	Amount (\$000) \$ 6,192,045 1,080,367 11,377,609	Percent of Total 33.20% 5.79 61.01
TOTAL CAPITAL	\$18,650,021	100.00%

ADJUSTED 1993 FLORIDA INTRASTATE CAPITAL STRUCTURE

	Amount	Percent
	(\$000)	of Total
Long-Term Debt	\$ 1,063,579	26.29%
Short-Term Debt	185,485	4.59
Common Equity	1,954,486	48.31
Preferred Stock	0	0.00
Customer Deposits	55,679	1.38
Cost Free Capital	681,040	16.83
Investment Tax Credits	105,161	2.60
TOTAL CAPITAL	\$ 4,045,430	100.00%

FPSC EXHIBIT NUMBER
FPSC DOCKET 920260-TL
KECK EXHIBIT WBK-2 (UPDATED 10/1/93)
COST RATE FOR LONG-TERM
DEBT
PAGE 1 OF 1

BELLSOUTH TELECOMMUNICATIONS, INC. (D/B/A SOUTHERN BELL TELEPHONE AND TELEGRAPH COMPANY)

AVERAGE COST RATE FOR LONG-TERM DEBT Estimated Average 12 Months Ending 12-31-93

Long-Term Debt	Amount (\$000)	Annual Interest	Cost Rate
Funded Debt	\$ 6,163,313	\$ 493,287,000	8.00%
Other Long-Term Debt	1,307	117,069	8.96
Capital Leases	27,425	3,464,138	12.63
			
TOTAL LONG-TERM DEBT	\$ 6,192,045	\$ 496,868,207	8.02%

COST FOR LONG-TERM DEBT Estimated as of SEPTEMBER 30, 1993

Long-Term Debt	Amount (\$000)	Annual Interest	Cost Rate
Funded Debt	\$ 6,225,484	\$ 476,462,000	7.65%
Other Long-Term Debt	1,302	116,641	8.96
Capital Leases	27,349	3,496,726	12.79
TOTAL LONG-TERM DEBT	\$ 6,254,135	\$ 480,075,367	7.68%

FPSC EXHIBIT NUMBER
FPSC DOCKET 920260-TL
KECK EXHIBIT WBK-3 (UPDATED 10/1/93)
AVERAGE COST RATE FOR
SHORT-TERM DEBT
PAGE 1 OF 1

BELLSOUTH TELECOMMUNICATIONS, INC. (D/B/A SOUTHERN BELL TELEPHONE AND TELEGRAPH COMPANY) AVERAGE COST RATE FOR SHORT-TERM DEBT Estimated Average 12 Months Ending 12-31-93

Short-Term Debt	Amount (\$000)	Annual Interest	Cost Rate
Commercial Paper	\$ 1,070,805	\$ 34,445,441	3.22%
Capital Leases	9,562	1,209,958	12.65
TOTAL SHORT-TERM DEBT	\$ 1,080,367	\$ 35,655,399	3.30%

FPSC EXHIBIT NUMBER
FPSC DOCKET 920260-TL
KECK EXHIBIT WBK-4 (UPDATED 10/1/93)
OVERALL COST OF CAPITAL
PAGE 1 OF 1

BELLSOUTH TELECOMMUNICATIONS, INC. (D/B/A SOUTHERN BELL TELEPHONE AND TELEGRAPH COMPANY) OVERALL COST OF CAPITAL Estimated Average 12 Months Ending 12-31-93

Long-Term Debt Short-Term Debt Common Equity Preferred Stock Customer Deposits Cost Free Capital	Amount (\$000) \$ 1,063,579 185,485 1,954,486 0 55,679 681,040	Percent of Total 26.29% 4.59 48.31 0.00 1.38 16.83	Cost Rate 7.68% 3.30 14.00 0.00 8.23 0.00	Wtd. Cost 2.02% .15 6.76 0.00 .11 0.00
Investment Tax Credits	105,161	2.60	11.77	.31
TOTAL CAPITAL	\$ 4,045,430	100.00%		9.35%