1	BELLSOUTH TELECOMMUNICATIONS, INC.
2	REBUTTAL TESTIMONY OF D. DAONNE CALDWELL
3	BEFORE THE FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION
4	<b>DOCKET NO. 981052-TP</b>
5	<b>DECEMBER 21, 1998</b>
6	
7	Q. PLEASE STATE YOUR NAME, ADDRESS AND OCCUPATION.
8	
9	A. My name is D. Daonne Caldwell. My business address is 675 W. Peachtree St.,
10	N.E., Atlanta, Georgia. I am a Director in the Finance Department of BellSouth
11	Telecommunications, Inc. (hereinafter referred to as "BellSouth" or "the
12	Company"). My area of responsibility relates to economic costs.
13	
14	Q. ARE YOU THE SAME D. DAONNE CALDWELL WHO FILED DIRECT
15	TESTIMONY IN THIS DOCKET?
16	
17	A. Yes.
18	
19	Q. WHAT IS THE PURPOSE OF YOUR TESTIMONY?
20	
21	A. The purpose of my testimony is to respond to several issues contained in the direct
22	testimony of Andrea Welch filed on behalf of the Telephone Company of Central
23	Florida (TCCF).
24	
25	Q. ON PAGE 16 OF HER TESTIMONY, MS. WELCH POSES THE

## QUESTION, "WHAT IS THE FORMULA FOR RECOVERY?" CAN YOU 1 2 EXPLAIN HOW THE COSTS WERE DEVELOPED FOR RECOVERY? 3 A. Yes. First, let me explain that a "formula for recovery" is only an issue with the 5 Electronic Interface elements because some components of the cost are not volume 6 sensitive with respect to the number of orders processed. However, the cost 7 associated with the Manual Processing element is developed on a "per local service request (LSR)" basis and thus, is applied per LSR. 8 9 10 Attached to the direct testimony I filed on December 3, 1998, was an exhibit, DDC-1, that described the process and assumptions underlying the cost study. On 11 12 page 4 under the Electronic Interfaces heading, I state "the resulting total labor 13 hours, investments and other expenses are divided by the projected cumulative 14 number of local service requests." On page 5 of that same document I state that the "cost is valid from 1999 through 2001 for the Electronic Interface elements." 15 16 Ms. Welch's question can be answered using these two pieces of information. The total cost for the element is divided by the 1999-2001 demand. The vintage of the 17 18 cost differs since costs also occurred prior to orders being placed. For the 19 Electronic Interface – Development & Implementation element, the costs 20 appropriately include costs incurred in the 1996-1998 time frame because 21 development will necessarily occur prior to deployment. Also, for the Electronic 22 Interface – Ongoing Processing element, equipment had to be purchased prior to 23 the deployment. The costs associated with investments made in 1996 -1998 have 24 been included. Let me point out that the depreciation life of computer equipment is 4.4 years. Thus, equipment placed in 1998-2001 has capital costs extending 25

1	beyond the study period. Additionally, BellSouth incurs on-going operating
2	expenses beyond the year 2001 for all equipment placed.
3	
4	The demand reflects orders from all Alternative Local Exchange Carriers
5	(ALECs), not just TCCF. Additionally, both resale and Unbundled Network
6	Element (UNE) orders have been considered in the forecast provided by
7	BellSouth's Interconnection organization.
8	
9	Q. MS. WELCH ALSO QUESTIONS THE INCLUSION OF
10	DEVELOPMENTAL COSTS IN THE RECOVERY. CAN YOU
11	COMMENT?
12	
13	A. Yes, in part. I can only address the cost issues in this docket. BellSouth witness,
14	Ms. Arrington, discusses rate structure and pricing issues. However, I can state
15	that the costs were developed in a manner that segments the Electronic Interface
16	between costs associated with Development & Implementation and those
17	associated with Ongoing Processing. This bifurcation of costs can be seen on
18	Exhibit DDC-2 to my direct testimony. The Development & Implementation cost
19	per LSR is \$2.46 and the Ongoing Processing cost per LSR is \$4.32.
20	
21	Q. DOES THIS CONCLUDE YOUR TESTIMONY?
22	
23	A. Yes.
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25	