1 BELLSOUTH TELECOMMUNICATIONS, INC.

2 REBUTTAL TESTIMONY OF DAVID A. COON

3 BEFORE THE FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

4 DOCKET NO. 990750-TP

5 SEPTEMBER 13, 1999

6

7

8 Q. PLEASE STATE YOUR NAME, YOUR POSITION WITH BELLSOUTH

9 TELECOMMUNICATIONS, INC. ("BELLSOUTH") AND YOUR BUSINESS

10 ADDRESS.

11

12 A. My name is David A. Coon. I am employed by BellSouth as Director of

13 Performance Measurements for the nine-state BellSouth region. My business

14 address is 675 West Peachtree Street, Atlanta, Georgia 30375.

15

16 Q. HAVE YOU PREVIOUSLY FILED TESTIMONY IN THIS DOCKET?

17

18 A. No.

19

20 Q. WHAT IS THE PURPOSE OF YOUR TESTIMONY?

21

22 A. My rebuttal testimony addresses the direct testimony filed with the Florida Public

23 Service Commission on August 16, 1999 by ITC^DeltaCom witness Christopher

24 Rozycki as it relates to the need for performance measurements as part of the

25 Interconnection Agreement between BellSouth and ITC^DeltaCom in Issue 1(a).

1

2   Q.   MR. ROZYCKI INTRODUCED ITC^DELTACOM'S ATTACHMENT 10,

3   ATTACHED HERETO AS EXHIBIT DAC-2, AS ITC^DELTACOM'S

4   PROPOSED SET OF PERFORMANCE MEASURES. DO YOU AGREE WITH

5   MR. ROZYCKI'S PROPOSAL TO INCLUDE ATTACHMENT 10 IN THE

6   BELLSOUTH, ITC^DELTACOM INTERCONNECTION AGREEMENTS?

7

8   A.   No. As of this date, BellSouth has spent in excess of $50 Million dollars

9   developing a comprehensive set of performance measurements and reports,

10   known as the BellSouth Service Quality Measurements (SQMs), that are available

11   to all ALECs in the BellSouth region. These measurements were developed as a

12   result of and are consistent with the FCC Notice of Proposed Rulemaking, FCC

13   Docket 98-56, RM 9101, the Georgia Performance Measurements Order in

14   Docket 7892-U, and the Louisiana Performance Measurements Order in Docket

15   U-22252, SubDocket C. The SQMs, as required by the Telecommunications Act,

16   demonstrate BellSouth's compliance with providing non-discriminatory treatment

17   to ALECs doing business in the BellSouth region. Attached as Exhibit DAC-1 is

18   the current version of the BellSouth SQM document which is also posted on the

19   BellSouth web site. The SQMs are sufficient for the ALEC industry as a whole

20   and should be sufficient for ITC^DeltaCom as well. It is unreasonable and

21   unnecessary to have BellSouth adhere to individual ALEC performance measures

22   as ITC^DeltaCom proposes. As of September 9, 1999, there are 772 ALECs

23   certified to do business in the BellSouth region. To attempt to produce a separate

24   set of performance measurements for each one of them would be virtually

25   impossible. More importantly, there is not a computer in existence large enough

1		to handle the volume of data processing that would be required to produce the
2		monthly reports to support ALEC specific performance measurements.
3		Therefore, BellSouth produced the SQM as a common set of performance
4		measurements for all Interconnection Agreements between BellSouth and ALECs
5		doing business within BellSouth territory.
6		
7	Q.	HAS BELLSOUTH DONE A COMPARISON OF HOW THE BELLSOUTH
8		SQM COMPARES TO THE ITC^DELTACOM ATTACHMENT 10?
9		
10	A.	Yes. As part of my testimony, I have produced a matrix, Exhibit DAC-3, which
11		does a measurement by measurement comparison between BellSouth's SQM and
12		the ITC^DeltaCom Attachment 10.
13		
14	Q.	DOES THE MATRIX DEMONSTRATE ANY SIGNIFICANT FINDINGS?
15		
16	A.	Yes. If anything, the BellSouth SQMs are more comprehensive than the
17		performance measurements proposed in ITC^DeltaCom's Attachment 10.
18		
19	Q.	DOES THIS CONCLUDE YOUR TESTIMONY?
20		
21	A.	Yes
22		
23		
24		
25		

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* These reports are subject to change due to regulatory requirements or to correct errors and etc.

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PRE-ORDERING - OSS

Report/Measurement :
Average OSS Response Time and Response Interval

Definition:
Average response time and response intervals are the average times and number of requests responded to within certain intervals for accessing legacy data associated with appointment scheduling, service & feature availability, address verification, request for Telephone Numbers (TNs), and Customer Service Records (CSRs).

Exclusions:
None

Business Rules:
The average response time for retrieving pre-order/order information from a given legacy system is determined by summing the response times for all requests submitted to the legacy during the reporting period and dividing by the total number of legacy requests for that day X 100. The response interval starts when the client application (LENS or TAG for CLECs and RNS for BST) submits a request to the legacy system and ends when the appropriate response is returned to the client application. The number of legacy accesses during the reporting period, which take less than 2.3 seconds and the number, which take more than 6 seconds are also captured.

Level of Disaggregation:
- RSAG – Address (Regional Street Address Guide- Address) - stores street address information used to validate customer addresses   - RSAG – TN (Regional Street Address Guide- Telephone Number) – contains information about facilities available and telephone numbers working at a given address.   - ATLAS (Application for Telephone Number Load Administration and Selection) - acts as a warehouse for storing telephone numbers that are available for assignment by the system. It enables CLECs and BST service reps to select and reserve telephone numbers.   - COFFI (Central Office Feature File Interface) - stores information about product and service offerings and availability.   - DSAP (DOE Support Application) – provides due date information.   - HAL (Hands-Off Assignment Logic) – a system used to access the Business Office Customer Record Information System (BOCRIS). It allows BST servers, including LENS, access to legacy systems.   - P/SIMS (Product/Services Inventory Management System) – provides information on capacity, tariffs, inventory and service availability.   - OASIS (Obtain Available Services Information Systems) - Information on feature and rate availability.

Calculation:
Σ[(Date & Time of Legacy Response) – (Date & Time of Request to Legacy)] / (Number of Legacy Requests During the Reporting Period) X 100

Report Structure:
- Not CLEC Specific   - Not product/service specific   - Regional Level

Data Retained Relating to CLEC Experience:	Data Retained Relating to BST Performance:
- Report Month - Legacy Contract (per reporting dimension) - Response Interval - Regional Scope	- Report Month - Legacy Contract (per reporting dimension) - Response Interval - Regional Scope

Retail Analog/Benchmark
Retail Analog

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LEGACY SYSTEM ACCESS TIMES FOR RNS

System	Contract	Data	< 2.3 sec	> 6 sec	Avg. Sec	# of Calls
RSAG	RSAG-TN	Address	x	x	x	x
RSAG	RSAG-ADDR	Address	x	x	x	x
ATLAS	ATLAS-TN	TN	x	x	x	x
DSAP	DSAP-DDI	Schedule	x	x	x	x
CRIS	CRSACCTS	CSR	x	x	x	x
OASIS	OASISBSN	Feature/Service	x	x	x	x
OASIS	OASISCAR	Feature/Service	x	x	x	x
OASIS	OASISLPC	Feature/Service	x	x	x	x
OASIS	OASISMTN	Feature/Service	x	x	x	x
OASIS	OASISBIG	Feature/Service	x	x	x	x

LEGACY SYSTEM ACCESS TIMES FOR LENS

System	Contract	Data	< 2.3 sec	> 6 sec	Avg. Sec	# of Calls
RSAG	RSAG-TN	Address	x	x	x	x
RSAG	RSAG-ADDR	Address	x	x	x	x
ATLAS	ATLAS-TN	TN	x	x	x	x
DSAP	DSAPDDI	Schedule	x	x	x	x
HAL	HAL/CRIS	CSR	x	x	x	x
COFFI	COFFI/USOC	Feature/Service	x	x	x	x
P/SIMS	PSIMS/ORB	Feature/Service	x	x	x	x

LEGACY SYSTEM ACCESS TIMES FOR TAG

System	Contract	Data	< 2.3 sec	> 6 sec	Avg. Sec	# of Calls
RSAG	RSAG-TN	Address	x	x	x	x
RSAG	RSAG-ADDR	Address	x	x	x	x
ATLAS	ATLASTN	TN	x	x	x	x
DSAP	DSAPDDI	Schedule	x	x	x	x
HAL	HAL/CRIS	CSR	x	x	x	x
CRIS	CRSEINIT	CSR	x	x	x	x
CRIS	CRSECSR	CSR	x	x	x	x

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PRE-ORDERING

Report/Measurement:
OSS Interface Availability
Definition:
Percent of time OSS interface is functionally available compared to scheduled availability. Availability percentages for CLEC interface systems and for all Legacy systems accessed by them are captured
Exclusions:
None
Business Rules:
This measurement captures the availability percentages for the BST systems, which are used by CLECs during Pre-Ordering functions. Comparison to BST results allow conclusions as to whether an equal opportunity exists for the CLEC to deliver a comparable customer experience.
Level of Disaggregation:
• Regional Level
Calculation:
(Functional Availability) / (Scheduled Availability) X 100
Report Structure:
• Not CLEC Specific
• Not product/service specific
• Regional Level

Data Retained Relating to CLEC Experience	Data Retained Relating to BST Experience
• Report Month • Legacy contract type (per reporting dimension) • Regional Scope	• Report Month • Legacy contract type (per reporting dimension) • Regional Scope

Retail Analog/Benchmark:
Retail Analog

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OSS Interface Availability

OSS Interface	% Availability
LENS	x
LEO Mainframe	x
LEO UNIX	x
LESOG	x
EDI	x
HAL	x
BOCRIS	x
ATLAS/COFFI	x
RSAG/DSAP	x
SOCS	x
TAG	x

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ORDERING

Report/Measurement:
Percent Flow Through Service Requests (Summary)

Definition:
The percentage of Local Service Requests (LSR) submitted electronically via the CLEC mechanized ordering process that flow through to the BellSouth Telecommunications' (BST) Operations Support Systems (OSS) without manual intervention

Exclusions:
• Fatal Rejects • Auto Clarification • Manual Fallout • CLEC System Fallout

Business Rules:
The CLEC mechanized ordering process includes all LSRs, which are submitted through one of the three gateway interfaces (TAG, EDI, and LENS), and flow through to SOCS without manual intervention. These LSRs can be divided into two classes of service; Business and Residence, and two types of service; Resale and Unbundled Network Elements (UNE). The CLEC mechanized ordering process does not include LSRs, which are, submitted manually (e.g., fax, and courier), or are not designed to flow through, i.e., Manual Fallout. **Definitions:** **Fatal Rejects:** Errors that prevent an LSR, submitted by the CLEC, from being processed further. When an LSR is submitted by a CLEC, LEO will perform edit checks to ensure the data received is correctly formatted and complete. For example, if the PON field contains an invalid character, LEO will reject the LSR and the CLEC will receive a Fatal Reject. **Auto-Clarification:** errors that occur due to invalid data within the LSR. LESOG will perform data validity checks to ensure the data within the LSR is correct and valid. For example, if the address on the LSR is not valid according to RSAG, the CLEC will receive an Auto-Clarification. **Manual Fallout:** errors that occur by design. Certain LSRs are designed to fallout of the Mechanized Order Process due to their complexity. These LSRs are manually processed by the LCSC. When a CLEC submits an LSR, LESOG will determine if the LSR should be forwarded to LCSC for manual handling. Following are the categories for Manual Fallout. 1. Complex services* 2. Expedites (requested by the CLEC) 3. Special pricing plans 4. Denials-restore and conversion, or disconnect and conversion orders 5. Partial migrations 6. Class of service invalid in certain states with some types of service 7. New telephone number not yet posted to BOCRIS 8. Low volume such as activity type "T" (move) 9. Pending order review required 10. More than 25 business lines 11. Restore or suspend for UNE combos 12. Transfer of calls option for the CLEC's end users 13. CSR inaccuracies such as invalid or missing CSR data in CRIS * Attached is a list of services, including complex services, and whether LSRs issued for the services are eligible to flow through. **Total System Fallout:** Errors that require manual review by the LCSC to determine if the error is caused by the CLEC, or is due to system functionality. If it is determined the error is caused by the CLEC, the LSR will be sent back to the CLEC as clarification. If it is determined the error is BST caused, the LCSC representative will correct the error.

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ORDERING – (Percent Flow Through Service Requests (Summary) – Continued)

Calculation:
Percent Flow Through Service Requests = Σ[(Total number of valid service requests that flow-through to the BST OSS)] / (Total number of valid service requests delivered to the BST OSS) X 100

Description:
Percent Flow Through = (The total number of LSRs that flow through LESOG to the BST OSS) / (the number of LSRs passed from LEO to LESOG) – Σ[(the number of LSRs that fall out for manual processing) + (the number of LSRs that are returned to the CLEC for clarification) + (the number of LSRs that contain errors made by CLECs)] X 100.

Report Structure:

- CLEC Aggregate
  - ➤ Region
- BST Aggregate
  - ➤ Region

Level of Disaggregation:
Region

Data Retained Relating to CLEC Experience	Data Retained Relating to BST Experience

• Report month
• Total number of LSRs received, by interface, by CLEC:
  ➤ TAG
  ➤ EDI
  ➤ LENS
• Total number of errors by type, by CLEC:
  ➤ Fatal rejects
  ➤ Total fallout for manual processing
  ➤ Auto clarification
  ➤ CLEC caused system fallout
• Total number of errors by error code
	• Report month
	• Total number of errors by type:
	  ➤ BST system error

Retail Analog/Benchmark:
Retail Analog: BST Residence Flow Through

Revision Date: 06/25/99 (tm)

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ORDERING

Report/Measurement:
Percent Flow Through Service Requests (Detail)

Definition:
A detailed list by CLEC of the percentage of Local Service Requests (LSR) submitted electronically via the CLEC mechanized ordering process that flow through to the BellSouth Telecommunications' (BST) Operations Support Systems (OSS) without manual or human intervention.

Exclusions:
• Fatal Rejects • Auto Clarification • Manual Fallout • CLEC System Fallout

Business Rules:
The CLEC mechanized ordering process includes all LSRs, which are submitted through one of the three gateway interfaces (TAG, EDI, and LENS), and flow through to SOCS without manual intervention. These LSRs can be divided into two classes of service; Business and Residence, and two types of service; Resale and Unbundled Network Elements (UNE). The CLEC mechanized ordering process does not include LSRs, which are, submitted manually (e.g., fax, and courier), or are not designed to flow through, i.e., Manual Fallout. **Definitions:** **Fatal Rejects:** Errors that prevent an LSR, submitted by the CLEC, from being processed further. When an LSR is submitted by a CLEC, LEO will perform edit checks to ensure the data received is correctly formatted and complete. For example, if the PON field contains an invalid character, LEO will reject the LSR and the CLEC will receive a Fatal Reject. **Auto-Clarification:** errors that occur due to invalid data within the LSR. LESOG will perform data validity checks to ensure the data within the LSR is correct and valid. For example, if the address on the LSR is not valid according to RSAG, the CLEC will receive an Auto-Clarification. **Manual Fallout:** errors that occur by design. Certain LSRs are designed to fallout of the Mechanized Order Process due to their complexity. These LSRs are manually processed by the LCSC. When a CLEC submits an LSR, LESOG will determine if the LSR should be forwarded to LCSC for manual handling. Following are the categories for Manual Fallout: 1. Complex services* 2. Expedites (requested by the CLEC) 3. Special pricing plans 4. Denials-restore and conversion, or disconnect and conversion orders 5. Partial migrations 6. Class of service invalid in certain states with some types of service 7. New telephone number not yet posted to BOCRIS 8. Low volume such as activity type "T" (move) 9. Pending order review required 10. More than 25 business lines 11. Restore or suspend for UNE combos 12. Transfer of calls option for the CLEC's end users 13. CSR inaccuracies such as invalid or missing CSR data in CRIS *Attached is a list of services, including complex services, and whether LSRs issued for the services are eligible to flow through. **Total System Fallout:** Errors that require manual review by the LCSC to determine if the error is caused by the CLEC, or is due to system functionality. If it is determined the error is caused by the CLEC, the LSR will be sent back to the CLEC as clarification. If it is determined the error is BST caused, the LCSC representative will correct the error.

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ORDERING – (Percent Flow Through Service Requests (Detail) – Continued)

Calculation:
Percent Flow Through Service Requests = (Total number of valid service requests that flow-through to the BST OSS) / (Total number of valid service requests delivered to the BST OSS) X 100   **Description:** Percent Flow Through = The total number of LSRs that flow through LESOG to the BST OSS / (the number of LSRs passed from LEO to LESOG) – Σ[(the number of LSRs that fall out for manual processing + the number of LSRs that are returned to the CLEC for clarification + the number of LSRs that contain errors made by CLECs)] X 100.

Report Structure:
• Provides the flow through percentage for each CLEC (by alias designation) submitting LSRs through the CLEC mechanized ordering process. The report provides the following: ➢ CLEC (by alias designation)   ➢ Number of fatal rejects   ➢ Mechanized interface used   ➢ Total mechanized LSRs   ➢ Total manual fallout   ➢ Number of auto clarifications returned to CLEC   ➢ Number of validated LSRs   ➢ Number of BST caused fallout   ➢ Number of CLEC caused fallout   ➢ Number of Service Orders Issued   ➢ Base calculation   ➢ CLEC error excluded calculation

Level of Disaggregation:
• CLEC Specific (by alias designation to protect CLEC specific proprietary data)   ➢ Region

Data Retained Relating to CLEC Experience	Data Retained Relating to BST Experience

• Report month
 • Total number of LSRs received, by interface, by CLEC
    ➢ TAG
    ➢ EDI
    ➢ LENS
 • Total number of errors by type, by CLEC
    ➢ Fatal rejects
    ➢ Total fallout for manual processing
    ➢ Auto clarification
    ➢ CLEC errors
 • Total number of errors by error code
	• Report month
	 • Total number of errors by type:
	    ➢ BST system error

Retail Analog/Benchmark:
Retail Analog: BST Residence Flow Through

Revision Date: 06/25/99 (tm)

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Report/Measurement:
Flow Through Error Analysis
Definition:
An analysis of each error type (by error code) that was experienced by the LSRs that did not flow through to SOCS.
Exclusions:
Each Error Analysis is error code specific; therefore exclusions are not applicable.
Business Rules:
The CLEC mechanized ordering process includes all LSRs, which are submitted through one of the three gateway interfaces (TAG, EDI, and LENS), and flow through to provisioning SOCS without manual intervention. These LSRs can be divided into two classes of service; Business and Residence, and two types of service; Resale and Unbundled Network Elements (UNE). This measurement captures the total number of errors by type. The CLEC mechanized ordering process does not include LSRs, which are, submitted manually (e.g., fax, and courier).
Calculation:
Σ Of errors by type.
Report Structure:
• Provides an analysis of each error type (by error code). The report is in descending order by count of each error code and provides the following:
➢ Error Type (by error code)
➢ Count of each error type
➢ Percent of each error type
➢ Cumulative percent
➢ Error Description
➢ CLEC Caused Count of each error code
➢ Percent of aggregate by CLEC caused count
➢ Percent of CLEC by CLEC caused count
➢ BST Caused Count of each error code
➢ Percent of aggregate by BST caused count
➢ Percent of BST by BST caused count
Level of Disaggregation:
Region

Data Retained Relating to CLEC Experience	Data Retained Relating to BST Experience

• Report month
• Total number of LSRs received
• Total number of errors by type (by error code)
   ➢ CLEC caused error
	• Report month
	• Total number of errors by type (by error code)
	   ➢ BST system error

Retail Analog/Benchmark:
None

Revision Date: 06/25/99 (tm)

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Attachment
BellSouth Flow-through Analysis
For CLECs LSRs placed via EDI or TAG

	BellSouth Service Offered to CLEC via resale or UNE	Flow-through if no BST or CLEC Errors (Yes/No)	Complex Service (Yes/No)	Complex Order (Yes/No)	Design Service (Yes/No)	Can ordering this service cause fall out for a reason other than errors or complex? If so, what reason?
1	Flat Rate/Residence	Yes	No	No	no	
2	Flat Rate/Business	Yes	No	No	no	
3	Pay Phone Provider	No	No	No	no	
4	Measured Rate/Res.	Yes	No	No	no	
5	Measured Rate/Bus.	Yes	No	No	no	
6	Area Plus	Yes	No	No	no	
7	Package/Complete Choice and area plus	Yes	No	No	no	
8	Optional Calling Plan	Yes	No	No	no	
9	Ga. Community Calling	Yes	No	No	no	
10	Call Waiting Deluxe	Yes	No	No	no	
11	Call Waiting	Yes	No	No	no	
12	Caller ID	Yes	No	No	no	
13	Speed Calling	Yes	No	No	no	
14	3 Way Calling	Yes	No	No	no	
15	Call Forwarding-Variable	Yes	No	No	no	
16	Remote Access to CF	Yes	No	No	no	
17	Enhanced Caller ID	Yes	No	No	no	
18	Memory Call	Yes	No	No	no	
19	Memory Call Ans. Svc.	Yes	No	No	no	
20	MTS	Yes	No	No	no	
21	RCF	Yes	No	No	no	
22	Ringmaster	Yes	No	No	no	
23	Call Tracing	Yes	No	No	no	
24	Call Block	Yes	No	No	no	
25	Repeat Dialing	Yes	No	No	no	
26	Call Selector	Yes	No	No	no	
27	Call Return	Yes	No	No	no	
28	Preferred Call Forward	Yes	No	No	no	
29	Touchtone	Yes	No	No	no	
30	Visual Director	Yes	No	No	no	
31	INP (all types?)	Yes	UNE	No	no	
32	Unbundled Loop-Analog 2W, SL1, SL2	Yes	UNE	No	Yes-designed, no-non-designed	
33	2 wire analog port	Yes	UNE	No	no	
34	Local Number Portability (always?)	Yes	UNE	No	no	
35	Accupulse	No	Yes	Yes	yes	See note at bottom of matrix.
36	Basic Rate ISDN	No	Yes	Yes	yes	LSR electronically submitted; no flow through

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	BellSouth Service Offered to CLEC via resale or UNE	Flow-through if no BST or CLEC Errors (Yes/No)	Complex Service (Yes/No)	Complex Order (Yes/No)	Design Service (Yes/No)	Can ordering this service cause fall out for a reason other than errors or complex? If so, what reason?
37	DID	No*	Yes	Yes	Yes	* yes with OSS'99
38	Frame Relay	No	Yes	Yes	yes	
39	Megalink	No	Yes	Yes	yes	
40	Megalink-T1	No	Yes	Yes	yes	
41	Native Mode LAN Interconnection (NMLI)	No	Yes	Yes	yes	
42	Pathlink Primary Rate ISDN	No	Yes	Yes	yes	
43	Synchronet	No	Yes	Yes	yes	LSR electronically submitted; no flow through
44	PBX Trunks	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	LSR electronically submitted; no flow through
45	LightGate	No	Yes	Yes	yes	
46	Smartpath	No	Yes	Yes	yes	
47	Hunting	No	Yes	no	no	LSR electronically submitted; no flow through
48	CENTREX	No	Yes	Yes	no	
49	FLEXSERV	No	Yes	Yes	yes	
50	Multiserv	No	Yes	Yes	yes	
51	Off-Prem Stations	No	Yes	Yes	yes	
52	SmartRING	No	Yes	Yes	yes	
53	FX	No	Yes	Yes	yes	
54	Tie Lines	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	
55	WATS	No	Yes	Yes	yes	
56	4 wire analog voice grade loop	No	UNE	Yes	yes-designed, no-non-designed	
57	4 wire DS1 & PRI digital loop	No	UNE	Yes	yes	
58	2 wire ISDN digital loop	No	UNE	Yes	yes	
59	4 wire DS1 & PRI digital loop	No	UNE	Yes	yes	
60	ADSL	No*	UNE	Yes	yes	* yes as of OSS'99?
61	HDSL	No	UNE	Yes	yes	
62	2 wire analog DID trunk port	No	UNE	Yes	Yes	
63	2 wire ISDN digital line side port	No	UNE	Yes	yes	
64	4 wire ISDN DSI digital trunk ports	No	UNE	Yes	yes	
65	UNE Combinations	y-loop+port	UNE	Yes	yes	
66	Directory Listings (simple)	No*	UNE	Yes	no	* yes as of OSS'99

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	BellSouth Service Offered to CLEC via resale or UNE	Flow-through if no BST or CLEC Errors (Yes/No)	Complex Service (Yes/No)	Complex Order (Yes/No)	Design Service (Yes/No)	Can ordering this service cause fall out for a reason other than errors or complex? If so, what reason?
67	Directory Listings (complex)	No*	UNE	yes	no	* yes as of OSS'99, captions and indentions
68	ESSX	No	Yes	Yes	no	

Note for last column: For all services that indicate 'No' for flow-through, the following reasons, in addition to errors or complex services, also prompt manual handling: Expedites from CLECs, special pricing plans, for denials – restore and conversion or disconnect and conversion both required, partial migrations (although conversions-as-is flow through), class of service invalid in certain states with some TOS – e.g. gov't, or cannot be changed when changing main TN on C activity, low volume – e.g. activity type T=move, pending order review required, more than 25 business lines, restore or suspend for UNE combos, transfer of calls option for CLEC end user – fixed with release 6.0, new TN not yet posted to BOCRIS. All but the last one are unique to the CLEC environment.

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Report/Measurement:
Percent Rejected Service Requests
Definition:
Percent Rejected Service Request is the percent of total Local Service Requests (LSRs) received which are rejected due to error or omission. An LSR is considered valid when it is electronically submitted by the CLEC and passes LEO edit checks to insure the data received is correctly formatted and complete.
Exclusions:
Service Requests canceled by the CLEC
Business Rules:
Fully Mechanized: An LSR is considered "rejected" when it is submitted electronically but does not pass LEO edit checks in the ordering systems (EDI, TAG, LEO, LESOG) and is returned to the CLEC. There are two types of "Rejects" in the Mechanized category: • A Fatal Reject occurs when a CLEC attempts to electronically submit an LSR but required fields are not populated correctly and the request is returned to the CLEC before it is considered an LSR. Fatal Rejects are included in the calculation for regional reports only. • An Auto Clarification is a valid LSR, which is electronically submitted but rejected from LESOG because it does not pass further edit checks for order accuracy. **Partially Mechanized:** A valid LSR, which is electronically submitted (via EDI or TAG), but cannot be processed electronically and "falls out" for manual handling. It is then put into "clarification" and (rejected) sent back to the CLEC. **Total Mechanized:** Combination of Fully Mechanized and Partially Mechanized LSRs. **Non Mechanized:** An LSR which is faxed or mailed to the LCSC for processing and is "clarified" (rejected) back to the CLEC by the BST service representative.
Calculation:
Percent Rejected Service Requests = (Total Number of Rejected Service Requests) / (Total Number of Service Requests Received) X 100 during the month.
• Fully Mechanized, Partially Mechanized, Total Mechanized, Non-Mechanized • State and Region • CLEC Specific • CLEC Aggregate
Level of Disaggregation:

• Produc Reporting Levels
   ➤ Resale Residence
   ➤ Resale Business
   ➤ Resale Specials
   ➤ UNE
   ➤ UNE Loop with NP
   ➤ Other
   ➤ Trunks

Data Retained Relating to CLEC Experience:	Data Retained Relating to BST Performance:
• Report Month • Total number of LSRs • Total number of Rejects • Total Number of Errors • State and Region	• Report Month • Total number of LSRs • Total number of Errors • Adjusted Error Volume • State and Region

Retail Analog/Benchmark
Retail Analog

Revision date: 07/30/99 (lg)

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ORDERING

Report/Measurement:
Reject Interval
Definition:
Reject Interval is the average reject time from receipt of an LSR to the distribution of a Reject. An LSR is considered valid when it is electronically submitted by the CLEC and passes LEO edit checks to insure the data received is correctly formatted and complete.
Exclusions:
Service Requests canceled by CLEC
Business Rules:
Fully Mechanized: The elapsed time from receipt of a valid LSR (date and time stamp in EDI, TAG) until the LSR is rejected (date and time stamp of reject in LEO). Fatal Rejects and Auto Clarifications are considered in the Fully Mechanized category.   **Partially Mechanized**: The elapsed time from receipt of a valid LSR (date and time stamp in EDI, TAG) until it falls out for manual handling and is rejected back to the CLEC.   **Total Mechanized** = Combination of Fully Mechanized and Partially Mechanized LSRs.   **Non-Mechanized**: The elapsed time from receipt of a valid LSR (date and time stamp from FAX stamp) until notice of the reject is returned to the CLEC via LON.
Calculation:
Reject Interval = Σ[(Date and Time of Service Request Rejection) – (Date and Time of Service Request Receipt)] / (Number of Service Requests Rejected in Reporting Period)
Report Structure:
• CLEC Specific   • CLEC Aggregate   • Fully Mechanized, Partially Mechanized, Total Mechanized, Non-Mechanized, Trunks
Level of Disaggregation:

• Product Reporting Levels
    ➤ Interconnection Trunks
    ➤ Resale – Residence
    ➤ Resale – Business
    ➤ Resale – Design
    ➤ UNE Design
    ➤ UNE Non- Design
    ➤ UNE Loop with and w/o NP
 • Geographic Scope
    ➤ State, Region and further geographic disaggregation as required by State Commission Order
 • Mechanized: 0-4 minutes, 4-8 minutes, 8-12 minutes, 12-60 minutes, 0-1 hour 1-8 hours, 8-24 hours, >24 hours.
 • Non-mechanized: 0-1 hour, 1-4 hours, 4-8 hours, 8-12 hours, 12-16 hours, 16-20 hours, 20-24 hours >24 hours
 • Average Interval in Days.

Data Retained Relating to CLEC Experience:	Data Retained Relating to BST Performance:
• Report Month • Reject Interval • Total Number of LSRs • Total number of Errors • State and Region	• Report Month • Reject Interval • Total number of LSRs • Total number of Errors • State and Region

Retail Analog/Benchmark:
Retail Analog

Revision date: 06/28/99   (lg)

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ORDERING

Report/Measurement:
Firm Order Confirmation Timeliness
Definition:
Interval for Return of a Firm Order Confirmation (FOC Interval) is the average response time from receipt of valid LSR to distribution of a firm order confirmation.
Exclusions:
• Rejected LSRs • Partially Mechanized or Non-Mechanized LSRs received and/or FOCd outside of normal business hours.
Business Rules:
• **Mechanized** - The elapsed time from receipt of a valid LSR (date and time stamp in LENS, EDI, TAG) until the LSR is processed and appropriate service orders are generated in SOCS. • **Partially Mechanized** – The elapsed time from receipt of an electronically submitted LSR which falls out for manual handling by the LCSC personnel until appropriate service orders are issued by a BST service representative via Direct Order Entry (DOE) or Service Order Negotiation Generation System (SONGS) to SOCS. • **Total Mechanized** = Combination of Fully Mechanized and Partially Mechanized LSRs • **Non-Mechanized** - The elapsed time from receipt of an LSR (fax receive date and time stamp) until appropriate service orders are issued by BST service representative via Direct Order Entry (DOE) or Service Order Negotiation Generation System (SONGS) to SOCS.
Calculation:
Firm Order Confirmation Timeliness = Σ[(Date and Time of Firm Order Confirmation) – (Date and Time of Service Request Receipt)] / (Number of Service Requests Confirmed in Reporting Period)
Report Structure:
• Fully Mechanized, Partially Mechanized, Total Mechanized, Non-Mechanized • CLEC Specific • CLEC Aggregate
Level of Disaggregation:

• Product Reporting Levels
   ➤ Interconnection Trunks
   ➤ Resale – Residence
   ➤ Resale – Business
   ➤ Resale – Design
   ➤ UNE Design
   ➤ UNE Non- Design
   ➤ UNE Loop with and w/o NP
   ➤ Trunks
• Geographic Scope
   ➤ State, Region and further geographic disaggregation (MSA) as required by State Commission Order
• < 10 and > 10 Circuits/Lines

Data Retained Relating to CLEC Experience:	Data Retained Relating to BST Performance:
• Report Month • Interval for FOC • Total number of LSRs • State and Region	• Report Month • Interval for FOC • Total Number of LSRs • State and Region

Retail Analog/Benchmark:
Retail Analog

Revision date: 06/28/99 (lg)

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ORDERING

Report/Measurement:
Speed of Answer in Ordering Center
Definition:
Measures the average time a customer is in queue.
Exclusions:
None
Business Rules:
The clock starts when the appropriate option is selected (i.e. 1 for Resale Consumer, 2 for Resale Multiline, and 3 for UNE-LNP, etc.) and the call enters the queue for that particular group in the LCSC. The clock stops when a BST service representative in the LCSC answers the call. The speed of answer is determined by measuring and accumulating the elapsed time from the entry of a CLEC call into the BellSouth automatic call distributor (ACD) until the a service representative in BSTs Local Carrier Service Center (LCSC) answers the CLEC call.
Calculation:
(Total time in seconds to reach the LCSC) / (Total Number of Calls) in the Reporting Period.
Report Structure:
• CLEC Aggregate
• BST Aggregate
Level of Disaggregation:
• CLEC Aggregate
• BST Aggregate

Data Retained Relating to CLEC Experience:	Data Retained Relating to BST Performance:
• Mechanized tracking through LCSC Automatic Call Distributor	• Mechanized tracking through BST Retail center support systems

Retail Analog/Benchmark:
Retail Analog

Revision date: 06/28/99 (lg)

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PROVISIONING

Report/Measurement:
Mean Held Order Interval & Distribution Intervals
Definition:
When delays occur in completing CLEC orders, the average period that CLEC orders are held for BST reasons, pending a delayed completion, should be no worse for the CLEC when compared to BST delayed orders.
Exclusions:
• Any order canceled by the CLEC will be excluded from this measurement.   • Order Activities of BST associated with internal or administrative use of local services.
Business Rules:
Mean Held Order Interval: This metric is computed at the close of each report period. The held order interval is established by first identifying all orders, at the close of the reporting interval, that both have not been reported as completed in SOCS and have passed the currently committed due date for the order. For each such order, the number of calendar days between the committed due date and the close of the reporting period is established and represents the held order interval for that particular order. The held order interval is accumulated by the standard groupings, unless otherwise noted, and the reason for the order being held. The total number of days accumulated in a category is then divided by the number of held orders within the same category to produce the mean held order interval.   CLEC Specific reporting is by type of held order (facilities, equipment, other), total number of orders held, and the total and average days.   **Held Order Distribution Interval:** This measure provides data to report total days held and identifies these in categories of >15 days and > 90 days. (orders counted in >90 days are also included in >15 days).
Calculation:
Mean Held Order Interval: Σ (Reporting Period Close Date – Committed Order Due Date) / (Number of Orders Pending and Past The Committed Due Date) for all orders pending and past the committed due date.   **Held Order Distribution Interval:**   (# of Orders Held for ≥ 90 days) / (Total # of Orders Pending But Not Completed) X 100   (# of Orders Held for ≥ 15 days) / (Total # of Orders Pending But Not Completed) X 100
Report Structure:
• CLEC Specific   • CLEC Aggregate   • BST Aggregate
Level of Disaggregation:

• Product Reporting Levels
   ➤ POTS – Residence
   ➤ POTS – Business
   ➤ DESIGN
   ➤ PBX
   ➤ CENTREX
   ➤ ISDN
   ➤ UNE 2 Wire Loop with INP (Design and Non-Design)
   ➤ UNE 2 Wire Loop without INP (Design and Non-Design)
   ➤ UNE Loop Other with INP (Design and Non-Design)
   ➤ UNE Loop Other without INP (Design and Non-Design)
   ➤ UNE Other (Design and Non-Design)
   ➤ Switching (Under development)
   ➤ Local Transport (Under development)
   ➤ Combos (Under development)
   ➤ NP (Under development as separate category)
   ➤ Local Interconnection Trunks
 • Geographic Scope
   ➤ State, Region, and further geographic disaggregation (MSA) as required by State Commission Order

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PROVISIONING – (Mean Held Order Interval & Distribution Intervals – Continued)

Data Retained Relating to CLEC Experience	Data Retained Relating to BST Experience
- Report Month - CLEC Order Number and PON (PON) - Order Submission Date (TICKET_ID) - Committed Due Date (DD) - Service Type(CLASS_SVC_DESC) - Hold Reason - Total line/circuit count (under development) - Geographic Scope **NOTE:** Code in parentheses is the corresponding header found in the raw data file.	- Report Month - BST Order Number - Order Submission Date - Committed Due Date - Service Type - Hold Reason - Geographic Scope

Retail Analog/Benchmark:
CLEC Residence Resale / BST Residence Retail CLEC Business Resale / BST Business Retail CLEC Design / BST Design CLEC PBX, CENTREX, ISDN/ BST PBX, CENTREX, ISDN Interconnection Trunks-CLEC / Interconnection Trunks –BST UNEs-Retail Analog (under development at this time)

Revision date: 06/24/99 (taf)

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PROVISIONING

Report/Measurement:
Average Jeopardy Notice Interval & Percentage of Orders Given Jeopardy Notice
Definition:
When BST can determine in advance that a committed due date is in jeopardy, it will provide advance notice to the CLEC.
Exclusions:
• Any order canceled by the CLEC will be excluded from this measurement
• Orders held for CLEC end user reasons
• Orders submitted to BST through non-mechanized methods
Business Rules:
When BST can determine in advance that a committed due date is in jeopardy it will provide advance notice to the CLEC. The number of committed orders in a report period is the number of orders that have a due date in the reporting period.
Calculation:
Average Jeopardy Interval $= \Sigma$ [(Date and Time of Scheduled Due Date on Service Order) - (Date and Time of Jeopardy Notice)]/[Number of Orders Notified of Jeopardy in Reporting Period).   **Percent of Orders Given Jeopardy Notice** $= \Sigma$ [(Number of Orders Given Jeopardy Notices in Reporting Period) / (Number of Orders Committed (due) in Reporting Period)
Report Structure:
• CLEC Specific and CLEC Aggregate   • BST Aggregate (under development with estimated release date of 8/15/99 for June reporting)
Level of Disaggregation:

• Product Reporting Levels
   ➢ POTS – Residence
   ➢ POTS – Business
   ➢ DESIGN
   ➢ PBX
   ➢ CENTREX
   ➢ ISDN
   ➢ UNE 2 Wire Loop with INP (Design and Non-Design)
   ➢ UNE 2 Wire Loop without INP (Design and Non-Design)
   ➢ UNE Loop Other with INP (Design and Non-Design)
   ➢ UNE Loop Other without INP (Design and Non-Design)
   ➢ UNE Other (Design and Non-Design)
   ➢ Switching   (Under development)
   ➢ Local Transport (Under development)
   ➢ Combos (Under development)
   ➢ NP (Under development as separate category)
   ➢ Local Interconnection Trunks
 • Geographic Scope
   ➢ State, Region, and further geographic disaggregation (MSA) as required by State Commission Order

Data Retained Relating to CLEC Experience	**Data Retained Relating to BST Experience**
• Report Month • CLEC Order Number and PON • Date and Time Jeopardy Notice sent • Committed Due Date • Service Type **NOTE:** Code in parentheses is the corresponding header found in the raw data file.	• Under development (8/99)

Retail Analog/Benchmark:
Under Development (8/99)

Revision date: 06/24/99 (taf)

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PROVISIONING

Report/Measurement:
Percent Missed Installation Appointments
Definition:
"Percent missed installation appointments" monitors the reliability of BST commitments with respect to committed due dates to assure that CLECs can reliably quote expected due dates to their retail customer as compared to BST.
Exclusions:
• Canceled Service Orders • Order Activities of BST or the CLEC associated with internal or administrative use of local services (Record Orders, Test Orders, etc.) • Disconnect (D) & From (F) orders
Business Rules:
Percent Missed Installation Appointments (MA) is the percentage of total orders processed for which BST is unable to complete the service orders on the committed due dates. Missed Appointments caused by end-user reasons will be included and reported separately. A business day is any time period within the same date frame, which means there cannot be a cutoff time for commitments as certain types of orders are, requested to be worked after standard business hours. Also, during Daylight Savings Time, field technicians are scheduled until 9PM in some areas and the customer is offered a greater range of intervals from which to select.
Calculation:
Percent Missed Installation Appointments = Σ (Number of Orders Not Complete by Committed Due Date in Reporting Period) / (Number of Orders Completed in Reporting Period) X 100
Report Structure:
• CLEC Specific • CLEC Aggregate • BST Aggregate **Report explanation:** The difference between End User MA and Total MA is the result of BST caused misses. Here, Total MA is the total % of orders missed either by BST or CLEC end user and End User MA represents the percentage of orders missed by the end user
Level of Disaggregation:

• Reported in categories of <10 line/circuits; > 10 line/circuits
• Dispatch / No Dispatch
• Product Reporting Levels
   ➢ POTS – Residence
   ➢ POTS – Business
   ➢ DESIGN
   ➢ PBX
   ➢ CENTREX
   ➢ ISDN
   ➢ UNE 2 Wire Loop with INP (Design and Non-Design)
   ➢ UNE 2 Wire Loop without INP (Design and Non-Design)
   ➢ UNE Loop Other with INP (Design and Non-Design)
   ➢ UNE Loop Other without INP (Design and Non-Design)
   ➢ UNE Other (Design and Non-Design)
   ➢ Switching (Under development)
   ➢ Local Transport (Under development)
   ➢ Combos (Under development)
   ➢ NP (Under development as separate category)
   ➢ Local Interconnection Trunks
• Geographic Scope
   ➢ State, Region, and further geographic disaggregation (MSA) as required by State Commission Order

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PROVISIONING (Percent Missed Installation Appointments – Continued)

Data Retained Relating to CLEC Experience	Data Retained Relating to BST Experience
• Report Month • CLEC Order Number and PON (PON) • Committed Due Date (DD) • Completion Date (CMPLTN DD) • Status Type • Status Notice Date • Standard Order Activity • Geographic Scope **NOTE:** Code in parentheses is the corresponding header found in the raw data file.	• Report Month • BST Order Number • Committed Due Date • Completion Date • Status Type • Status Notice Date • Standard Order Activity • Geographic Scope

Retail Analog/Benchmark:
CLEC Residence Resale / BST Residence Retail
CLEC Business Resale / BST Business Retail
CLEC Design / BST Design
CLEC PBX, CENTREX, ISDN/ BST PBX, CENTREX, ISDN
Interconnection Trunks-CLEC / Interconnection Trunks –BST
UNEs-Retail Analog (under development at this time)

Revision date: 06/24/99 (taf)

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PROVISIONING

Report/Measurement :
Average Completion Interval (OCI) & Order Completion Interval Distribution
Definition:
The "average completion interval" measure monitors the interval of time it takes BST to provide service for the CLEC or its' own customers. The "Order Completion Interval Distribution" provides the percentage of orders completed within certain time periods.
Exclusions:
• Canceled Service Orders
• Order Activities of BST or the CLEC associated with internal or administrative use of local services
• (Record Orders, Test Orders, etc.)
• D (Disconnect) and F (From) orders. (From is disconnect side of a move order when the customer moves to a new address).
• "L" Appointment coded orders (where the customer has requested a later than offered interval)
Business Rules:
The actual completion interval is determined for each order processed during the reporting period. The Completion interval is the elapsed time from when BST issues a FOC or SOCS date time stamp receipt of an order from the CLEC to BST's actual order completion date. The clock starts when a valid order number is assigned by SOCS and stops when the technician or system completes the order in SOCS. Elapsed time for each order is accumulated for each reporting dimension. The accumulated time for each reporting dimension is then divided by the associated total number of orders completed
Calculation :
Average Completion Interval:
Σ [(Completion Date & Time) - (Order Issue Date & Time)] / Σ (Count of Orders Completed in Reporting Period) **Order Completion Interval Distribution:** Σ (Service Orders Completed in "X" days) / (Total Service Orders Completed in Reporting Period) X 100
Report Structure:
• CLEC Specific
• CLEC Aggregate
• BST Aggregate
Level of Disaggregation:
• Dispatch/No Dispatch categories applicable to all levels except trunks.
• Residence & Business reported in day intervals = 0,1,2,3,4, 5, 5+
• UNE and Design reported in day intervals = 0-5, 6-10, 11-15, 16-20, 21-25, 26-30, 30+
• All Levels are reported <10 line/circuits; >10 line/circuits
• Product Reporting Levels
➢ POTS – Residence
➢ POTS – Business
➢ DESIGN
➢ PBX
➢ CENTREX
➢ ISDN
➢ UNE 2 Wire Loop with INP (Design and Non-Design)
➢ UNE 2 Wire Loop without INP (Design and Non-Design)
➢ UNE Loop Other with INP (Design and Non-Design)
➢ UNE Loop Other without INP (Design and Non-Design)
➢ UNE Other (Design and Non-Design)
➢ Switching   (Under development)
➢ Local Transport (Under development)
➢ Combos (Under development)
➢ NP (Under development as separate category)
➢ Local Interconnection Trunks
• Geographic Scope
➢ State, Region, and further geographic disaggregation (MSA) as required by State Commission Order

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PROVISIONING –
(Average Completion Interval (OCI) & Order Completion Interval Distribution - Continued)

Data Retained Relating to CLEC Experience	Data Retained Relating to BST Experience
- Report Month - CLEC Company Name - Order Number (PON) - Submission Date & Time (TICKET_ID) - Completion Date (CMPLTN_DT) - Service Type (CLASS_SVC_DESC) - Geographic Scope **NOTE:** Code in parentheses is the corresponding header found in the raw data file.	- Report Month - CLEC Order Number - Order Submission Date & Time - Order Completion Date & Time - Service Type - Geographic Scope
Retail Analog/Benchmark	
CLEC Residence Resale / BST Residence Retail CLEC Business Resale / BST Business Retail CLEC Non-UNE Design / BST Design CLEC PBX, CENTREX, ISDN/ BST PBX, CENTREX, ISDN Interconnection Trunks-CLEC / Interconnection Trunks-BST UNEs-Retail Analog (under development at this time)	

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PROVISIONING

Report/Measurement:
Average Completion Notice Interval
Definition:
The Completion Notice Interval is the elapsed time between the BST reported completion of work and the issuance of a valid completion notice to the CLEC.
Exclusions:
• Non-mechanized Orders • Cancelled Service Orders • Order Activities of BST associated with internal or administrative use of local services • D & F orders
Business Rules:
Measurement of interval of completion date and time by a field technician on dispatched orders, and 5PM on the due date for non-dispatched orders; to the release of a notice to the CLEC/BST of the completion status. The field technician notifies the CLEC the work was complete and then he enters the completion information in his computer. This information switches through to the SOCS systems either completing the order or rejecting the order to the Work Management Center (WMC). If the completion is rejected, it is manually corrected and then completed by the WMC. The notice is returned on each individual order submitted and as the notice is sent electronically, it can only be switched to those orders that were submitted by the CLEC electronically.
Calculation:
Σ (Date and Time of Notice of Completion) – (Date and Time of Work Completion) / (Number of Orders Completed in Reporting Period)
Report Structure:
• CLEC Specific • CLEC Aggregate • BST Aggregate (in development-expected release date 08/15/99 reporting)
Level of Disaggregation:

• Reporting intervals in Hours: 0-1, 1-2, 2-4, 4-8, 8-12, 12-24, > 24, plus Overall Average Hour Interval
• Reported in categories of <10 line/circuits; > 10 line/circuits
• Product Reporting Levels
   ➢ POTS – Residence
   ➢ POTS – Business
   ➢ DESIGN
   ➢ PBX
   ➢ CENTREX
   ➢ ISDN
   ➢ UNE 2 Wire Loop with INP (Design and Non-Design)
   ➢ UNE 2 Wire Loop without INP (Design and Non-Design)
   ➢ UNE Loop Other with INP (Design and Non-Design)
   ➢ UNE Loop Other without INP (Design and Non-Design)
   ➢ UNE Other (Design and Non-Design)
   ➢ Switching   (Under development)
   ➢ Local Transport (Under development)
   ➢ Combos (Under development)
   ➢ NP (Under development as separate category)
   ➢ Local Interconnection Trunks
• Geographic Scope
   ➢ State, Region, and further geographic disaggregation (MSA) as required by State Commission Order

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PROVISIONING – (Average Completion Notice Interval- Continued)

Data Retained Relating to CLEC Experience	Data Retained Relating to BST Experience
Report Month • CLEC Order Number • Work Completion Date • Work Completion Time • Completion Notice Availability Date • Completion Notice Availability Time • Service Type • Activity Type • Geographic Scope **NOTE:** Code in parentheses is the corresponding header found in the raw data file.	• BST Analog expected release 8/15/99 reports
Retail Analog/Benchmark:	
Under Development at this time 8/15/99	

Revision date: 06/24/99 (taf)

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PROVISIONING

Report/Measurement:
Coordinated Customer Conversions

Definition:
This category measures the average time it takes BST to disconnect an unbundled loop from the BST switch and cross connect it to a CLEC's equipment. This measurement applies to service orders with and without INP, and where the CLEC has requested BST to provide a coordinated cutover.

Exclusions:
• Any order canceled by the CLEC will be excluded from this measurement. • Delays due to CLEC following disconnection of the unbundled loop • Unbundled Loops where there is no existing subscriber loop

Business Rules:
Where the service order includes INP, the interval includes the total time for the cutover including the translation time to place the line back in service on the ported line. The interval is calculated for the entire cutover time for the service order and then divided by items worked in that time to give the average per item interval for each service order.

Calculation:
Σ [(Completion Date and Time for Cross Connection of an Unbundled Loop)- (Disconnection Date and Time of an Unbundled Loop)] / Total Number of Unbundled Loop Items for the reporting period.

Report Structure:
• CLEC Specific • CLEC Aggregate • BST Aggregate

Level of Disaggregation:

• Reported in intervals <=5 minutes; >5,<15 minutes; >15 minutes, plus Overall Average interval
• Product Reporting Levels
  ➢ UNE Loops without INP
  ➢ UNE Loops with INP
• Geographic Scope
  ➢ State, Region, and further geographic disaggregation as required by State Commission Order

Data Retained Relating to CLEC Experience	Data Retained Relating to BST Experience
• Report Month • CLEC Order Number • Committed Due Date (DD) • Service Type (CLASS_SVC_DESC) • Cutover Start Time • Cutover Completion time • Portability start and completion times (INP Orders) • Total Items NOTE: Code in parentheses is the corresponding header found in the raw data file.	• No BST Analog Exists

Retail Analog/Benchmark:
There is no retail analog for this measurement because it measures cutting loops to the CLEC. Benchmark under development.

Revision date: 06/24/99 (taf)

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PROVISIONING

Report/Measurement:
% Provisioning Troubles within 30 days of Service Order Activity

Definition:
Percent Provisioning Troubles within 30 days of Installation measures the quality and accuracy of installation activities.

Exclusions:
• Canceled Service Orders
• Order Activities of BST or the CLEC associated with internal or administrative use of local services (R Orders, Test Orders, etc.)
• D & F orders

Business Rules:
Measures the quality and accuracy of completed orders. The first trouble report from a service order after completion is counted in this measure. Subsequent trouble reports are measured in Repeat Report Rate. Reports are calculated searching in the prior report period for completed service orders and following 30 days after completion for a trouble report.
D & F orders are excluded as there is no subsequent activity following a disconnect.

Calculation:
% Provisioning Troubles within 30 days of Service Order Activity = Σ (Trouble reports on all completed orders $\leq$ 30 days following service order(s) completion) / (All Service Orders in a completed in the report calendar month) X 100

Report Structure:
• CLEC Specific
• CLEC Aggregate
• BST Aggregate

Level of Disaggregation:
• Reported in categories of <10 line/circuits; > 10 line/circuits
• Dispatch / No Dispatch
• Product Reporting Levels
➤ POTS – Residence
➤ POTS – Business
➤ DESIGN
➤ PBX
➤ CENTREX
➤ ISDN
➤ UNE 2 Wire Loop with INP (Design and Non-Design)
➤ UNE 2 Wire Loop without INP (Design and Non-Design)
➤ UNE Loop Other with INP (Design and Non-Design)
➤ UNE Loop Other without INP (Design and Non-Design)
➤ UNE Other (Design and Non-Design)
➤ Switching   (Under development)
➤ Local Transport (Under development)
➤ Combos (Under development)
➤ NP (Under development as separate category)
➤ Local Interconnection Trunks
• Geographic Scope
➤ State, Region, and further geographic disaggregation (MSA) as required by State Commission Order

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PROVISIONING – (% Provisioning Troubles within 30 days of Service Order Activity – Continued)

Data Retained Relating to CLEC Experience	Data Retained Relating to BST Experience
- Report Month - CLEC Order Number and PON - Order Submission Date(TICKET_ID) - Order Submission Time (TICKET_ID) - Status Type - Status Notice Date - Standard Order Activity - Geographic Scope **NOTE:** Code in parentheses is the corresponding header found in the raw data file.	- Report Month - BST Order Number - Order Submission Date - Order Submission Time - Status Type - Status Notice Date - Standard Order Activity - Geographic Scope
Retail Analog/Benchmark:	
CLEC Residence Resale / BST Residence Retail CLEC Business Resale / BST Business Retail CLEC Design / BST Design CLEC PBX, CENTREX, ISDN/ BST PBX, CENTREX, ISDN Interconnection Trunks-CLEC / Interconnection Trunks –BST UNEs-Retail Analog (Under Development at this time)	

Revision date: 06/24/99 (taf)

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PROVISIONING

Report/Measurement :
Total Service Order Cycle Time (TSOCT)   (under development 3Q99)

Definition:
This is a new measurement under development to measure the total service order cycle time from receipt of a valid service order request to the completion of the service order.

Exclusions:
• Canceled Service Orders
• Order Activities of BST or the CLEC associated with internal or administrative use of local services
• (Record Orders, Test Orders, etc.)
• D (Disconnect) and F (From) orders. (From is disconnect side of a move order when the customer moves to a new address).
• "L" Appointment coded orders (where the customer has requested a later than offered interval)

Business Rules:
The interval is determined for each order processed during the reporting period. This measurement combines two reports: FOC (Firm Order Confirmation) with Average Order Completion Interval. This interval starts with the receipt of a valid service order request and stops when the technician or system completes the order in SOCS. Elapsed time for each order is accumulated for each reporting dimension. The accumulated time for each reporting dimension is then divided by the associated total number of orders completed

Calculation :
Total Service Order Cycle Time
(under development)

Report Structure:
• CLEC Specific
• CLEC Aggregate
• BST Aggregate

Level of Disaggregation:
• ISDN Orders included in Non Design - GA Only
• Dispatch/No Dispatch categories applicable to all levels except trunks.
• Intervals under development
• Product Reporting Levels
➤ Interconnection Trunks
➤ POTS – Residence
➤ POTS – Business
➤ DESIGN
➤ PBX
➤ CENTREX
➤ ISDN
➤ UNE 2 Wire Loop with INP (Design and Non-Design)
➤ UNE 2 Wire Loop without INP (Design and Non-Design)
➤ UNE Loop Other with INP (Design and Non-Design)
➤ UNE Loop Other without INP (Design and Non-Design)
➤ UNE Other (Design and Non-Design)
➤ Switching   (Under development)
➤ Local Transport (Under development)
➤ Combos (Under development)
➤ NP (Under development as separate category)
➤ Local Interconnection Trunks
• Geographic Scope
➤ State, Region and further geographic disaggregation as required by State Commission Order

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PROVISIONING – (Total Service Order Cycle Time (TSOCT) – Continued

Data Retained Relating to CLEC Experience	Data Retained Relating to BST Experience
• Report Month • Interval for FOC • CLEC Company Name • Order Number (PON) • Submission Date & Time (TICKET_ID) • Completion Date (CMPLTN_DT) • Service Type (CLASS_SVC_DESC) • Geographic Scope **NOTE:** Code in parentheses is the corresponding header found in the raw data file.	• Report Month • CLEC Order Number • Order Submission Date & Time • Order Completion Date & Time • -Service Type • Geographic Scope
Retail Analog/Benchmark	
Under development (BST retail analog available at this time would be Average Completion Interval)	

Revision date: 06/24/99 (taf)

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MAINTENANCE & REPAIR

Report/Measurement:
Missed Repair Appointments

Definition:
The percent of trouble reports not cleared by the committed date and time.

Exclusions:
• Trouble tickets canceled at the CLEC request.
• BST trouble reports associated with internal or administrative service.
• Customer Provided Equipment (CPE) troubles or CLEC Equipment Trouble.

Business Rules:
The negotiated commitment date and time is established when the repair report is received. The cleared time is the date and time that BST personnel clear the trouble and closes the trouble report in his Computer Access Terminal (CAT) or workstation. If this is after the Commitment time, the report is flagged as a "Missed Commitment" or a missed repair appointment. When the data for this measure is collected for BST and a CLEC, it can be used to compare the percentage of the time repair appointments are missed due to BST reasons. Note: Appointment intervals vary with force availability in the POTS environment. Specials and Trunk intervals are standard interval appointments of no greater than 24 hours.

Calculation:
Percentage of Missed Repair Appointments =Σ (Count of Customer Troubles Not Cleared by the Quoted Commitment Date and Time) / Σ (Total Trouble reports closed in Reporting Period) X 100

Report Structure:
• CLEC Specific
• CLEC Aggregate
• BST Aggregate

Level of Disaggregation:

ISDN Troubles included in Non-Design – GA ONLY
• Product Reporting Levels
  ➢ POTS – Residence, Business
  ➢ Design
  ➢ PBX, CENTREX and ISDN
  ➢ UNE 2 Wire Loop (Design and Non – Design)
  ➢ UNE Loop Other (Design and Non Design)
  ➢ UNE Other (Design and Non – Design)
  ➢ Switching, Local Transport and Combos (under development)
  ➢ Local Interconnection Trunks
• Dispatch/No Dispatch categories applicable to all product levels
• Geographic Scope
  ➢ State, Region and further geographic disaggregation as required by State Commission Order (e.g. Metropolitan Service Area - MSA)

Data Retained Relating to CLEC Experience	Data Retained Relating to BST Experience
• Report Month • CLEC Company Name • Submission Date & Time (TICKET_ID) • Completion Date (CMPLTN_DT) • Service Type (CLASS_SVC_DESC) • Disposition and Cause (CAUSE_CD & CAUSE_DESC) • Geographic Scope **NOTE:** Code in parentheses is the corresponding header found in the raw data file.	• Report Month • BST Company Code • Submission Date & Time • Completion Date • Service Type • Disposition and Cause (Non-Design / Non-Special Only) • Trouble Code (Design and Trunking Services) • Geographic Scope

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MAINTENANCE & REPAIR – (Missed Repair Appointments – Continued)

Retail Analog/Benchmark
CLEC Residence-Resale / BST Residence-Retail
CLEC Business-Resale / BST Business-Retail
CLEC Design-Resale / BST Design-Retail
CLEC PBX, Centrex, and ISDN Resale/ BST PBX, Centrex, and ISDN Retail
CLEC Trunking-Resale / BST Trunking-Retail
UNEs - Retail Analog (under development at this time.)

Revision date: 06/09/99 (see)

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MAINTENANCE & REPAIR

Report/Measurement:
Customer Trouble Report Rate
Definition:
Initial and repeated customer direct or referred troubles reported within a calendar month per 100 lines/ circuits in service.
Exclusions:
• Trouble tickets canceled at the CLEC request.   • BST trouble reports associated with administrative service.   • Customer provided Equipment (CPE) troubles or CLEC equipment troubles.
Business Rules:
Customer Trouble Report Rate is computed by accumulating the number of maintenance initial and repeated trouble reports during the reporting period. The resulting number of trouble reports are divided by the total "number of service" lines, ports or combination of existing for the CLEC's and BST respectively at the end of the report month.
Calculation:
Customer Trouble Report Rate = (Count of Initial and Repeated Trouble Reports in the Current Period) / (Number of Service Access Lines in service at End of the Report Period) X 100
Report Structure:
• CLEC Specific   • CLEC Aggregate   • BST Aggregate.
Level of Disaggregation:

ISDN Troubles included in Non Design – GA Only
 • Product Reporting Levels
    ➢ POTS Residence and Business
    ➢ Design
    ➢ PBX, CENTREX, and ISDN
    ➢ UNE 2 Wire Loop (Design and Non – Design)
    ➢ UNE Loop Other (Design and Non – Design)
    ➢ UNE Other (Design and Non – Design)
    ➢ Switching , Local Transport, and Combos (under development)
    ➢ Local Interconnection Trunks
 • Dispatch/No Dispatch categories applicable to all product levels
 • Geographic Scope
    ➢ State, Region and further geographic disaggregation as required by State Commission Order (e.g. Metropolitan Service Area - MSA)

Data Retained Relating to CLEC Experience	Data Retained Relating to BST Experience
• Report Month • CLEC Company Name • Ticket Submission Date & Time (TICKET_ID) • Ticket Completion Date (CMPLTN_DT) • Service Type (CLASS_SVC_DESC) • Disposition and Cause (CAUSE_CD & CAUSE_DESC) • # Service Access Lines in Service at the end of period • Geographic Scope **NOTE:** Code in parentheses is the corresponding header found in the raw data file.	• Report Month • BST Company Code • Ticket Submission Date & Time • Ticket Completion Date • Service Type • Disposition and Cause (Non-Design / Non-Special Only) • Trouble Code (Design and Trunking Services) • # Service Access Lines in Service at the end of period • Geographic Scope

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MAINTENANCE & REPAIR – (Customer Trouble Report Rate – Continued)

Retail Analog/Benchmark:
CLEC Residence-Resale / BST Residence -Retail
CLEC Business-Resale / BST Business-Retail
CLEC Design-Resale / BST Design-Retail
CLEC PBX, Centrex and ISDN Resale/ BST PBX, Centrex, and ISDN Retail
CLEC Trunking-Resale / BST Trunking-Retail
UNEs - Retail Analog (under development at this time)

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MAINTENANCE & REPAIR

Report/Measurement:
Maintenance Average Duration
Definition:
The Average duration of Customer Trouble Reports from the receipt of the Customer Trouble Report to the time the trouble report is cleared.
Exclusions:
• Trouble reports canceled at the CLEC request • BST trouble reports associated with administrative service • Customer Provided Equipment (CPE) troubles or CLEC Equipment Troubles. • Trouble reports greater than 10 days
Business Rules:
For Average Duration the clock starts on the date and time of the receipt of a correct repair request. The clock stops on the date and time the service is restored (when the technician completes the trouble ticket on his/her CAT or work system).
Calculation:
Maintenance Average Duration = Σ(Date and Time of Service Restoration) – (Date and Time Trouble Ticket was Opened) / Σ(Total Closed Troubles in the reporting period)
Report Structure:
• CLEC Specific • BST Aggregate • CLEC Aggregate
Level of Disaggregation:

ISDN Troubles included in Non Design – GA Only
• Product Reporting Levels
  ➤ POTS– Residence and Business
  ➤ Design
  ➤ PBX, CENTREX, and ISDN
  ➤ UNE 2 Wire Loop (Design Non – Design)
  ➤ UNE Loop Other (Design Non – Design)
  ➤ UNE Other (Design Non – Design)
  ➤ Switching, Local Transport and Combos (under development)
  ➤ Local Interconnection Trunks
• Dispatch/No Dispatch categories applicable to all product levels
• Geographic Scope
  ➤ State, Region and further geographic disaggregation as required by State Commission Order (e.g. Metropolitan Service Area – MSA)

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MAINTENANCE & REPAIR – (Maintenance Average Duration – Continued)

Data Retained Relating to CLEC Experience	Data Retained Relating to BST Experience
• Report Month • Total Tickets (LINE_NBR) • CLEC Company Name • Ticket Submission Date & Time (TIME_ID) • Ticket Completion Date (CMPLTN_DT • Service Type (CLASS_SVC_DESC) • Disposition and Cause (CAUSE_CD & CAUSE_DESC) • Geographic Scope NOTE: Code in parentheses is the corresponding header found in the raw data file.	• Report Month • Total Tickets • BST Company Code • Ticket Submission Date • Ticket submission Time • Ticket completion Date • Ticket Completion Time • Total Duration Time • Service Type • Disposition and Cause (Non – Design / Non-Special Only) • Trouble Code (Design and Trunking Services) • Geographic Scope
Retail Analog/Benchmark:	
CLEC Residence-Resale / BST Residence-Resale CLEC Business-Resale / BST Business-Retail CLEC Design-Resale / BST Design-Retail CLEC PBX, Centrex and ISDN Resale / BST PBX, Centrex and ISDN Retail CLEC Trunking-Resale /BST Trunking-Retail UNEs - Retail Analog (under development at this time)	

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MAINTENANCE & REPAIR

Report/Measurement:
Percent Repeat Troubles within 30 Days
Definition:
Trouble reports on the same line/circuit as a previous trouble report received within 30 calendar days as a percent of total troubles reported.
Exclusions:
• Trouble Reports canceled at the CLEC request
• BST Trouble Reports associated with administrative service
• Customer Provided Equipment (CPE) Troubles or CLEC Equipment Troubles.
Business Rules:
Includes Customer trouble reports received within 30 days of an original Customer trouble report.
Calculation:
Percentage of Missed Repair Appointments = (Count of Customer Troubles where more than one trouble report was logged for the same service line within a continuous 30 days) / (Total Trouble Reports Closed in Reporting Period) X 100
Report Structure:
• CLEC Specific
• CLEC Aggregate
• BST Aggregate
Level of Disaggregation:
ISDN Troubles included in Non Design – GA Only
• Product Reporting Levels
➢ POTS Residence and Business
➢ Design
➢ PBX, CENTREX and ISDN
➢ UNE 2 Wire Loop (Design and Non – Design)
➢ UNE Loop Other (Design and Non – Design)
➢ UNE Other (Design Non – Design)
➢ Switching, Local Transport and Combos (under development)
➢ Local Interconnection Trunks
• Dispatch/No Dispatch categories applicable to all product levels
• Geographic Scope
➢ State, Region and further geographic disaggregation as required by State Commission Order (e.g. Metropolitan Service Area - MSA)

Data Retained Relating to CLEC Experience	Data Retained Relating to BST Experience
• Report Month	• Report Month
• Total Tickets (LINE_NBR)	• Total Tickets
• CLEC Company Name	• BST Company Code
• Ticket Submission Date & Time (TICKET_ID)	• Ticket Submission Date
• Ticket Completion Date (CMPLTN_DT)	• Ticket Submission Time
• Total and Percent Repeat Trouble Reports within 30 Days (TOT_REPEAT)	• Ticket Completion Date
• Service Type	• Ticket Completion Time
• Disposition and Cause (CAUSE_CD & CAUSE_DESC)	• Total and Percent Repeat Trouble Reports within 30 Days
• Geographic Scope	• Service Type
	• Disposition and Cause (Non – Design/ Non-Special only)
NOTE: Code parentheses is the corresponding header format found in the raw data file.	• Trouble Code (Design and Trunking Services)
	• Geographic Scope

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MAINTENANCE & REPAIR – (Percent Repeat Troubles within 30 Days - Continued)

Retail Analog/Benchmark:
CLEC Residence-Resale / BST Residence-Retail
CLEC Business- Resale / BST Business-Retail
CLEC Design-Resale / BST Design-Retail
CLEC PBX, Centrex and ISDN Resale / BST PBX, Centrex and ISDN Retail
CLEC Trunking-Resale / BST Trunking-Retail
UNEs - Retail Analog (under development at this time)

Revision date: 06/09/99 (see)

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MANTENANCE & REPAIR

Report/Measurement:
Out of Service (OOS) > 24 Hours

Definition:
For Out of Service Troubles (no dial tone, cannot be called or cannot call out) the percentage of troubles cleared in excess of 24 hours. (All design services are considered to be out of service.)

Exclusions:
• Trouble Reports canceled at the CLEC request
• BST Trouble Reports associated with administrative service
• Customer Provided Equipment (CPE) Troubles or CLEC Equipment Troubles.

Business Rules:
Customer Trouble reports that are out of service and cleared in excess of 24 hours. The clock begins when the trouble report is created in LMOS and the trouble is counted if the time exceeds 24 hours.

Calculation:
Out of Service (OOS) > 24 hours = (Total Troubles OOS > 24 Hours) / Total OOS Troubles in Reporting Period) X 100

Report Structure:
• CLEC Specific
• BST Aggregate
• CLEC Aggregate.

Level of Disaggregation:
ISDN Troubles included in Non Design – GA Only
• Product Reporting Levels
➤ POTS Residence and Business
➤ Design
➤ PBX and CENTREX and ISDN
➤ UNE 2 Wire Loop (Design and Non – Design)
➤ UNE Loop Other (Design and Non – Design)
➤ UNE Other (Design and Non – Design)
➤ Switching, Local Transport and Combos (under development)
➤ Local Interconnection Trunks
• Dispatch/No Dispatch categories applicable to all product levels
• Geographic Scope
➤ State, Region and further geographic disaggregation as required by State Commission Order (e.g. Metropolitan Service Area - MSA)

Data Retained Relating to CLEC Experience	Data Retained Relating to BST Experience
• Report Month • Total Tickets • CLEC Company Name • Ticket Submission Date & Time (TICKET_ID) • Ticket Completion Date (CMPLTN_DT • Percentage of Customer Troubles out of Service > 24 Hours (OOS>24_FLAG) • Service type (CLASS_SVC_DESC) • Disposition and Cause (CAUSE_CD & CAUSE-DESC) • Geographic Scope **NOTE:** Code in parentheses is the corresponding header found in the raw data file.	• Report Month • Total Tickets • BST Company Code • Ticket Submission Date • Ticket Submission time • Ticket Completion Date • Ticket Completion Time • Percent of Customer Troubles out of Service > 24 Hours • Service type • Disposition and Cause (Non – Design/ Non-Special only) • Trouble Code (Design and Trunking Services) • Geographic Scope

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MANTENANCE & REPAIR – (Out of Service (OOS) > 24 Hours – Continued)

Retail Analog/Benchmark:
• CLEC Residence-Resale / BST Residence- Retail
• CLEC Business- Resale / BST Business-Retail
• CLEC Design-Resale / BST Design-Retail
• CLEC PBX, Centrex and ISDN Resale / BST PBX, Centrex and ISDN Retail
• CLEC Trunking-Resale /BST Trunking- Retail
• UNEs Retail Analog (under development at this time.)

Revision date: 06/09/99 (see)

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MAINTENANCE & REPAIR

Report/Measurement:
OSS Interface Availability
Definition:
The percentage of time the OSS Interface is functionally available compared to scheduled availability. Availability percentage for the CLEC and BST interface systems and for the legacy systems accessed by them are captured.
Exclusions:
None
Business Rules:
This measure is designed to compare the OSS availability versus scheduled availability of BST's legacy systems.
Calculation:
OSS Interface Availability = (Actual System Functional Availability) / (Actual planned System Availability) X 100
Report Structure:
• CLEC Aggregate   • BST Aggregate   • BST/CLEC
Level of Disaggregation:
Region

Data Retained Relating to CLEC Experience	Data Retained Relating to BST Experience
• Availability of CLEC TAFI • Availability of LMOS HOST, MARCH and SOCS • CRIS, PREDICTOR, LNP, and OSPCM (under development at this time)	• Availability of BST TAFI • Availability of LMOS HOST, MARCH and SOCS

Retail Analog/Benchmark:
Parity by design; Retail Analog

Revision date: 06/09/99 (see)

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Report/Measurement:
OSS Response Interval and Percentages
Definition:
The response intervals are determined by subtracting the time a request is received on the BST side of the interface until the response is received from the legacy system. Percentages of requests falling into each interval category are reported, along with the actual number of requests falling into those categories.
Exclusions:
Queries received during scheduled system maintenance time.
Business Rules:
This measure is designed to monitor the time required for the CLEC and BST interface system to obtain from BST's legacy systems the information required to handle maintenance and repair functions. The clock starts on the date and time when the request is received and the clock stops when the response has been transmitted through that same point to the requester.
Calculation:
OSS Response Interval = (Query Response Date and Time for Category "X") - (Query Request Date and Time for Category "X") / (Number of Queries Submitted in the Reporting Period) where, "X" is 0-4, $\geq$ 4 to 10, $\geq$ 10, $\geq$ 30 seconds.
Report Structure:
• CLEC • BST Residence • BST Business (BST Total is under development at this time) by interface for each legacy system and function as appropriate.
Level of Disaggregation:
Region

Data Retained Relating to CLEC Experience	**Data Retained Relating to BST Experience**
• CLEC Transaction Intervals	• BST Business and Residence transaction Intervals

Retail Analog/Benchmark:
Retail Analog Audit Verification

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Report/Measurement:	
Average Answer Time – Repair Centers	
Definition:	
This measure demonstrates an average response time for the CLEC representative to contact a BST representative. The average time a CLEC Rep is in queue waiting for the LCSC or UNE Center Rep to answer.	
Exclusions:	
None	
Business Rules:	
This measure is designed to measure the time required for CLEC & BST from the time of the ACD choice to the time of being answered. The clock starts when the CLEC Rep makes a choice to be put in queue for the next repair attendant and the clock stops when the repair attendant answers the call.	
Level of Disaggregation:	
Region. CLEC/BST Service Centers and BST Repair Centers are regional.	
Calculation:	
Average Answer Time for BST's Repair Centers = (Time BST Repair Attendant Answers Call) – (Time of entry into queue until ACD Selection) / (Total number of calls by reporting period)	
Report Structure:	
• CLEC Aggregate • BST/CLEC Aggregate	
Data Retained Relating to CLEC Experience	**Data Retained Relating to BST Experience**
• CLEC Average Answer Time	• BST Average Answer Time
Retail Analog/Benchmark:	
Retail Analog Audit Verification	

Revision date: 06/09/99 (see)

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BILLING

Report/Measurement:
Invoice Accuracy
Definition:
This measure provides the percentage of accuracy of the billing invoices rendered to CLECs during the current month.
Exclusions:
• Adjustments not related to billing errors (e.g., credits for service outage, special promotion credits, adjustments to satisfy the customer)
Business Rules:
The accuracy of billing invoices delivered by BST to the CLEC must enable them to provide a degree of billing accuracy comparative to BST bills rendered to retail customers BST. CLECs request adjustments on bills determined to be incorrect. The BellSouth Billing verification process includes manually analyzing a sample of local bills from each bill period. The bill verification process draws from a mix of different customer billing options and types of service. An end-to-end auditing process is performed for new products and services. Internal measurements and controls are maintained on all billing processes.
Calculation:
Invoice Accuracy = (Total Billed Revenues during current month) – (Billing Related Adjustments during current month) / Total Billed Revenues during current month X 100
Report Structure:
CLEC Specific, CLEC Aggregate and BST Aggregate
Level of Disaggregation :

• Product / Invoice Type
   ➢ Resale
   ➢ UNE
   ➢ Interconnection
• Geographic Scope
   ➢ Region

Data Retained Relating to CLEC Experience:	Data Retained Relating to BST Performance:

• Report Month
• Invoice Type
• Total Billed Revenue
• Billing Related Adjustments
	• Report Month
	• Retail Type
	   ➢ CRIS
	   ➢ CABS
	• Total Billed Revenue
	• Billing Related Adjustments

Retail Analog/Benchmark
Retail Analog

Revision date: 08/02/99 (lg)

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BILLING

Report/Measurement:
Mean Time to Deliver Invoices
Definition:
This measure provides the mean interval for billing invoices
Exclusions:
Any invoices rejected due to formatting or content errors.
Business Rules:
Measures the mean interval for timeliness of billing records delivered to CLECs in an agreed upon format. CRIS-based invoices are measured in business days, and CABS-based invoices in calendar days.
Calculation:
Mean Time To Deliver Invoices $= \Sigma$ [(Invoice Transmission Date)– (Close Date of Scheduled Bill Cycle)] / (Count of Invoices Transmitted in Reporting Period)
Report Structure:
CLEC Specific, CLEC Aggregate and BST Aggregate
Level of Disaggregation:

• Product / Invoice Type
   ➤ Resale
   ➤ UNE
   ➤ Interconnection
 • Geographic Scope
   ➤ Region

Data Retained Relating to CLEC Experience:	Data Retained Relating to BST Performance:

• Report Month
 • Invoice Type
 • Invoice Transmission Count
 • Date of Scheduled Bill Close
	• Report Month
	 • Retail Type
	   ➤ CRIS
	   ➤ CABS
	 • Invoice Transmission Count
	 • Date of Scheduled Bill Close

Retail Analog/Benchmark:
CRIS-based invoices will be released for delivery within six (6) business days   CABS-based invoices will be released for delivery within eight (8) calendar days.

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BILLING

Report/Measurement:
Usage Data Delivery Accuracy
Definition:
This measurement captures the percentage of recorded usage that is delivered error free and in an acceptable format to the appropriate Competitive Local Exchange Carrier (CLEC). These percentages will provide the necessary data for use as a comparative measurement for BellSouth performance. This measurement captures Data Delivery Accuracy rather than the accuracy of the individual usage recording.
Exclusions:
None
Business Rules:
The accuracy of the data delivery of usage records delivered by BST to the CLEC must enable them to provide a degree of accuracy comparative to BST bills rendered to their retail customers. If errors are detected in the delivery process, they are investigated, evaluated and documented. Errors are corrected and the data retransmitted to the CLEC.
Calculations:
Usage Data Delivery Accuracy = Σ [(Total number of usage data packs sent during current month) – (Total number of usage data packs requiring retransmission during current month)] / (Total number of usage data packs sent during current month) X 100
Report Structure:
CLEC Specific, CLEC Aggregate and BST Aggregate
Level of Disaggregation:
• Geographic Scope   ➢ Region

Data Retained Relating to CLEC Experience:	Data Retained Relating to BST Performance:

• Report Month
 • Record Type
    ➢ BellSouth Recorded
    ➢ Non BellSouth Recorded
	• Report Month
	 • Record Type

Retail Analog/Benchmark:
Retail Analog

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BILLING

Report/Measurement:	
Usage Data Delivery Completeness	
Definition:	
This measurement provides percentage of complete and accurately recorded usage data (usage recorded by BellSouth and usage recorded by other companies and sent to BST for billing) that is processed and transmitted to the CLEC within thirty (30) days of the message recording date. A parity measure is also provided showing completeness of BST messages processed and transmitted via CMDS. BellSouth delivers its own retail usage from recording location to billing location via CMDS as well as delivering billing data to other companies. Timeliness, Completeness and Mean Time to Deliver Usage measures are reported on the same report.	
Exclusions:	
None	
Business Rules:	
The purpose of these measurements is to demonstrate the level of quality of usage data delivered to the appropriate CLEC. Method of delivery is at the option of the CLEC.	
Calculation:	
Usage Data Delivery Completeness = Σ(Total number of Recorded usage records delivered during the current month that are within thirty (30) days of the message recording date) / Σ(Total number of Recorded usage records delivered during the current month) X 100	
Report Structure	
CLEC Specific, CLEC Aggregate, BST Aggregate	
Level of Disaggregation:	
• Geographic Scope ➢ Region	
Data Retained Relating to CLEC Experience:	**Data Retained Relating to BST Performance:**

• Report Month
• Record Type
  ➢ BellSouth Recorded
  ➢ Non BellSouth Recorded
	• Report Monthly
	• Record Type

Retail Analog/Benchmark:	
Retail Analog	

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BILLING

Report/Measurement:
Usage Data Delivery Timeliness
Definition:
This measurement provides a percentage of recorded usage data (usage recorded by BST and usage recorded by other companies and sent to BST for billing) that is delivered to the appropriate CLEC within six (6) calendar days from the receipt of the initial recording. A parity measure is also provided showing timeliness of BST messages processed and transmitted via CMDS. Timeliness, Completeness and Mean Time to Deliver Usage measures are reported on the same report.
Exclusions:
None
Business Rules:
The purpose of this measurement is to demonstrate the level of timeliness for processing and transmission of usage data delivered to the appropriate CLEC. The usage data will be mechanically transmitted or mailed to the CLEC data processing center once daily. The Timeliness interval of usage recorded by other companies is measured from the date BST receives the records to the date BST distributes to the CLEC. Method of delivery is at the option of the CLEC.
Calculation:
Usage Data Delivery Timeliness = Σ (Total number of usage records sent within six (6) calendar days from initial recording/receipt) / Σ (Total number of usage records sent) X 100
Report Structure:
• CLEC Aggregate   • CLEC Specific   • BST Aggregate
Level of Disaggregation:
• Geographic Scope   ➤ Region

Data Retained Relating to CLEC Experience:	Data Retained Relating to BST Performance:
• Report Month • Record Type ➤ BellSouth Recorded ➤ Non-BellSouth Recorded	• Report Monthly • Record Type

Retail Analog/Benchmark:
Retail Analog

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BILLING

Report/Measurement:
Mean Time to Deliver Usage
Definition:
This measurement provides the average time it takes to deliver Usage Records to a CLEC. A parity measure is also provided showing timeliness of BST messages processed and transmitted via CMDS. Timeliness, Completeness and Mean Time to Deliver Usage measures are reported on the same report.
Exclusions:
None
Business Rules:
The purpose of this measurement is to demonstrate the average number of days it takes BST to deliver Usage data to the appropriate CLEC. Usage data is mechanically transmitted or mailed to the CLEC data processing center once daily. Method of delivery is at the option of the CLEC.
Calculation:
Mean Time to Deliver Usage = Σ (Record volume X estimated number of days to deliver the Usage Record) / total record volume
Report Structure:
• CLEC Aggregate • CLEC Specific • BST Aggregate
Level of Disaggregation:
• Geographic Scope   ➢ Region

Data Retained Relating to CLEC Experience:	Data Retained Relating to BST Performance:

• Report Month
• Record Type
  ➢ BellSouth Recorded
  ➢ Non-BellSouth Recorded
	• Report Monthly
	• Record Type

Retail Analog/Benchmark:
Retail Analog

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OPERATOR SERVICES AND DIRECTORY ASSISTANCE

Report/Measurement:
Speed to Answer Performance/Average Speed to Answer – Toll
Definition:
Measurement of the average time in seconds calls wait before answered by a toll operator.
Exclusions:
Calls abandoned by customers are not reflected in the average speed to answer but are reflected in the conversion tables where the percent answered within "X" seconds is determined.
Business Rules:
The call waiting measurement scan starts when the customer enters the queue and ends when a BST representative answers the call. The average speed to answer is determined by measuring and accumulating the seconds of wait time from the entry of a customer into the BST call management system queue until the customer is transferred to a BST representative. No distinction is made between CLEC customers and BST customers.
Calculation:
The Average Speed to Answer for toll is calculated by using data from monthly system measurement reports taken from the centralized call routing switches. The "total call waiting seconds" is a sub-component of this measure which BST systems calculate by monitoring the number of calls in queue throughout the day multiplied by the time (in seconds) between monitoring events. The "total calls served" is the other sub-component of this measure, which BST systems record as the total number of calls handled by Operator Services toll centers. Since calls abandoned are not reflected in the calculation, the percent answered within the required timeframe is determined by using conversion tables with input for the abandonment rate.
Report Structure:
Reported for the aggregate of BST and CLECs   • State
Level of Disaggregation:
None
Data Retained (on Aggregate Basis)
For the items below, BST's Performance Measurement Analysis Platform (PMAP) receives a final computation; therefore, no raw data file is available in PMAP.   • Month   • Call Type (Toll)   • Average Speed of Answer
Retail Analog/Benchmark
Parity by Design

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OPERATOR SERVICES AND DIRECTORY ASSISTANCE

Report/Measurement:
Speed to Answer Performance/Percent Answered within "X" Seconds – Toll
Definition:
Measurement of the percent of toll calls that are answered in less than "X" seconds. The number of seconds represented by "X" is thirty, except where a different regulatory benchmark has been set against the Average Speed to Answer by a State Commission.
Exclusions:
Calls abandoned by customers are not reflected in the average speed to answer but are reflected in the conversion tables where the percent answered within "X" seconds is determined.
Business Rules:
The call waiting measurement scan starts when the customer enters the queue and ends when a BST representative answers the call. The average speed to answer is determined by measuring and accumulating the seconds of wait time from the entry of a customer into the BST call management system queue until the customer is transferred to a BST representative. No distinction is made between CLEC customers and BST customers.
Calculation:
The Percent Answered within "X" Seconds measurement for toll is derived by using the BellCore Statistical Answer Conversion Tables, to convert the Average Speed to Answer measure into a percent of calls answered within "X" seconds. The BellCore Conversion Tables are specific to the defined parameters of work time, number of operators, max queue size and call abandonment rates.
Report Structure:
Reported for the aggregate of BST and CLECs
• State
Level of Disaggregation:
None
Data Retained (on Aggregate Basis)
For the items below, BST's Performance Measurement Analysis Platform (PMAP) receives a final computation; therefore, no raw data file is available in PMAP.
• Month
• Call Type (Toll)
• Average Speed of Answer
Retail Analog/Benchmark
Parity by Design

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OPERATOR SERVICES AND DIRECTORY ASSISTANCE

Report/Measurement:
Speed to Answer Performance/Average Speed to Answer – Directory Assistance (DA)
Definition:
Measurement of the average time in seconds calls wait before answer by a DA operator.
Exclusions:
Calls abandoned by customers are not reflected in the average speed to answer but are reflected in the conversion tables where the percent answered within "X" seconds is determined.
Business Rules:
The call waiting measurement scan starts when the customer enters the queue and ends when a BST representative answers the call. The average speed to answer is determined by measuring and accumulating the seconds of wait time from the entry of a customer into the BST call management system queue until the customer is transferred to a BST representative. No distinction is made between CLEC customers and BST customers.
Calculation:
The Average Speed to Answer for DA is calculated by using data from monthly system measurement reports taken from the centralized call routing switches. The "total call waiting seconds" is a sub-component of this measure which BST systems calculate by monitoring the number of calls in queue throughout the day multiplied by the time (in seconds) between monitoring events. The "total calls served" is the other sub-component of this measure, which BST systems record as the total number of calls handled by Operator Services DA centers. Since calls abandoned are not reflected in the calculation, the percent answered within the required timeframe is determined by using conversion tables with input for the abandonment rate.
Report Structure:
Reported for the aggregate of BST and CLECs
• State
Level of Disaggregation:
None
Data Retained (on Aggregate Basis)
For the items below, BST's Performance Measurement Analysis Platform (PMAP) receives a final computation; therefore, no raw data file is available in PMAP.
• Month
• Call Type (DA)
• Average Speed of Answer
Retail Analog/Benchmark
Parity by Design

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OPERATOR SERVICES AND DIRECTORY ASSISTANCE

Report/Measurement:
Speed to Answer Performance/Percent Answered within "X" Seconds – Directory Assistance (DA)
Definition:
Measurement of the percent of DA calls that are answered in less than "X" seconds. The number of seconds represented by "X" is twenty, except where a different regulatory benchmark has been set against the Average Speed to Answer by a State Commission.
Exclusions:
Calls abandoned by customers are not reflected in the average speed to answer but are reflected in the conversion tables where the percent answered within "X" seconds is determined.
Business Rules:
The call waiting measurement scan starts when the customer enters the queue and ends when a BST representative answers the call. The average speed to answer is determined by measuring and accumulating the seconds of wait time from the entry of a customer into the BST call management system queue until the customer is transferred to a BST representative. No distinction is made between CLEC customers and BST customers.
Calculation:
The Percent Answered within "X" Seconds measurement for DA is derived by using the BellCore Statistical Answer Conversion Tables, to convert the Average Speed to Answer measure into a percent of calls answered within "X" seconds. The BellCore Conversion Tables are specific to the defined parameters of work time, number of operators, max queue size and call abandonment rates.
Report Structure:
Reported for the aggregate of BST and CLECs   • State
Level of Disaggregation:
None
Data Retained (on Aggregate Basis)

For the items below, BST's Performance Measurement Analysis Platform (PMAP) receives a final computation; therefore, no raw data file is available in PMAP.
    • Month
    • Call Type (DA)
    • Average Speed of Answer

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Parity by Design

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E911

Report/Measurement:
E911/Timeliness
Definition:
Measures the percentage of batch orders for E911 database updates (to CLEC resale and BST retail records) processed successfully within a 24-hour period.
Exclusions:
• Any resale order canceled by a CLEC • Facilities-based CLEC orders
Business Rules:
The 24-hour processing period is calculated based on the date and time processing starts on the batch orders and the date and time processing stops on the batch orders. Mechanical processing starts when SCC (BST's E911 vendor) receives E911 files containing batch orders extracted from BST's Service Order Communication System (SOCS). Processing stops when SCC loads the individual records to the E911 database. No distinctions are made between CLEC resale records and BST retail records.
Calculation:
E911 Timeliness = Σ (Number of batch orders processed within 24 hours ÷ Total number of batch orders submitted) X 100
Report Structure:
Reported for the aggregate of CLEC resale updates and BST retail updates • State • Region
Levels of Disaggregation:
None
Data Retained
• Report month • Aggregate data
Retail Analog/Benchmark
Retail Analog

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E911

Report/Measurement:
E911/Accuracy
Definition:
Measures the individual E911 telephone number (TN) record updates (to CLEC resale and BST retail records) processed successfully for E911 with no errors.
Exclusions:
• Any resale order canceled by a CLEC
• Facilities-based CLEC orders
Business Rules:
Accuracy is based on the number of records processed without error at the conclusion of the processing cycle. Mechanical processing starts when SCC (BST's E911 vendor) receives E911 files containing telephone number (TN) records extracted from BST's Service Order Communication System (SOCS). No distinctions are made between CLEC resale records and BST retail records.
Calculation:
E911 Accuracy = Σ(Number of record individual updates processed with no errors ÷ Total number of individual record updates) X 100
Report Structure:
Reported for the aggregate of CLEC resale updates and BST retail updates
• State
• Region
Level of Disaggregation:
None
Data Retained
• Report month
• Aggregate data
Retail Analog/Benchmark
Retail Analog

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E911

Report/Measurement:
E911/Mean Interval
Definition:
Measures the mean interval processing of E911 batch orders (to update CLEC resale and BST retail records).
Exclusions:
• Any resale order canceled by a CLEC • Facilities-based CLEC orders
Business Rules:
The processing period is calculated based on the date and time processing starts on the batch orders and the date and time processing stops on the batch orders. Data is posted in 4-hour increments up to and beyond 24 hours. No distinctions are made between CLEC resale records and BST retail records.
Calculation:
E911 Mean Interval = $\sum$ (Date and time of batch order completion – Date and time of batch order submission) $\div$ (Number of batch orders completed)
Report Structure:
Reported for the aggregate of CLEC resale updates and BST retail updates • State • Region
Level of Disaggregation:
None
Data Retained (on Aggregate Basis)
• Report month • Aggregate data
Retail Analog/Benchmark
Retail Analog

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TRUNK GROUP PERFORMANCE

Report/Measurement:
Trunk Group Service Report
Definition:
A report of the percent blocking above the Measured Blocking Threshold (MBT) on all final trunk groups between CLEC Points of Termination and BST end offices or tandems.
Exclusions:
● Trunk groups for which valid traffic data is not available ● High use trunk groups
Business Rules:
Traffic trunking data measurements are validated and processed by the Total Network Data System/Trunking (TNDS/TK), a Telcordia (BellCore) supported application, on an hourly basis for Average Business Days (Monday through Friday). The traffic load sets, including offered load and observed blocking ratio (calls blocked divided by calls attempted), are averaged for a 20 day period, and the busy hour is selected. The busy hour average data for each trunk group is captured for reporting purposes. Although all trunk groups are available for reporting, the report highlight those trunk groups with blocking greater than the Measured Blocking Threshold (MBT) and the number of consecutive monthly reports that the trunk group blocking has exceeded the MBT. The MBT for CTTG is 2% and the MBT for all other trunk groups is 3%.
Calculation:
Measured blocking = (Total number of blocked calls) / (Total number of attempted calls) X 100
Report Structure:

● BST Aggregate
  ➢ CTTG
  ➢ Local
● CLEC Aggregate
  ➢ BST Administered CLEC Trunk
  ➢ CLEC Administered CLEC Trunk
● CLEC Specific
  ➢ BST Administered CLEC Trunk
  ➢ CLEC Administered CLEC Trunk

Level of Disaggregation:
State

Data Retained Relating to CLEC Experience	Data Retained Relating to BST Experience
● Report month ● Total trunk groups ● Total trunk groups for which data is available ● Trunk groups with blocking greater than the MBT ● Percent of trunk groups with blocking greater than the MBT	● Report month ● Total trunk groups ● Total trunk groups for which data is available ● Trunk groups with blocking greater than the MBT ● Percent of trunk groups with blocking greater than the MBT

Retail Analog/Benchmark:
Retail Analog

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TRUNK GROUP PERFORMANCE

Report/Measurement:
Trunk Group Service Detail
Definition:
A detailed list of all final trunk groups between CLEC Points of Presence and BST end offices or tandems, and the actual blocking performance when the blocking exceeds the Measured Blocking Threshold (MBT) for the trunk groups.
Exclusions:
• Trunk groups for which valid traffic data is not available • High use trunk groups
Business Rules:
Traffic trunking data measurements are validated and processed by the Total Network Data System/Trunking (TNDS/TK), a Telcordia (Bellcore) supported application, on an hourly basis for Average Business Days (Monday through Friday). The traffic load sets, including offered load and observed blocking ratio (calls blocked divided by calls attempted), are averaged for a 20 day period, and the busy hour is selected. The busy hour average data for each trunk group is captured for reporting purposes. Although all trunk groups are available for reporting, the report highlight those trunk groups with blocking greater than the Measured Blocking Threshold (MBT) and the number of consecutive monthly reports that the trunk group blocking has exceeded the MBT. The MBT for CTTG is 2% and the MBT for all other trunk groups is 3%.
Calculation:
Measured Blocking = (Total number of blocked calls) / (Total number of attempted calls) X 100
Report Structure:

• BST Specific
  ➢ Traffic Identity
  ➢ TGSN
  ➢ Tandem
  ➢ End Office
  ➢ Description
  ➢ Observed Blocking
  ➢ Busy Hour
  ➢ Number Trunks
  ➢ Valid study days
  ➢ Number reports
  ➢ Remarks
	• CLEC Specific
	  ➢ Traffic Identity
	  ➢ TGSN
	  ➢ Tandem
	  ➢ CLEC POT
	  ➢ Description
	  ➢ Observed Blocking
	  ➢ Busy Hour
	  ➢ Number Trunks
	  ➢ Valid study days
	  ➢ Number reports
	  ➢ Remarks

Level of Disaggregation:
State

Data Retained Relating to CLEC Experience	Data Retained Relating to BST Experience
• Report month • Total trunk groups • Total trunk groups for which data is available • Trunk groups with blocking greater than the MBT • Percent of trunk groups with blocking greater than the MBT • Traffic identity, TGSN, end points, description, busy hour, valid study days, number reports	• Report month • Total trunk groups • Total trunk groups for which data is available • Trunk groups with blocking greater than the MBT • Percent of trunk groups with blocking greater than the MBT • Traffic identity, TGSN, end points, description, busy hour, valid study days, number reports

Retail Analog/Benchmark:
Retail Analog

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COLLOCATION

Report/Measurement:
Collocation/Average Response Time
Definition:
Measures the average time (counted in business days) from the receipt of a complete and accurate collocation application (including receipt of application fees) to the date BellSouth responds in writing.
Exclusions:
• Requests to augment previously completed arrangements • Any application cancelled by the CLEC
Business Rules:
The clock starts on the date that BST receives a complete and accurate collocation application accompanied by the appropriate application fee. The clock stops on the date that BST returns a response. The clock will restart upon receipt of changes to the original application request.
Calculation:
Average Response Time = Σ(Request Response Date) – (Request Submission Date) / Count of Responses Returned within Reporting Period.
Report Structure:
• Individual CLEC (alias) aggregate • Aggregate of all CLECs
Level of Disaggregation:
• State, Region and further geographic disaggregation as required by State Commission Order • Virtual • Physical
Data Retained:
• Report period • Aggregate data
Retail Analog/Benchmark:
Under development

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COLLOCATION

Report/Measurement:
Collocation/Average Arrangement Time
Definition:
Measures the average time (counted in business days) from the receipt of a complete and accurate Bona Fide firm order (including receipt of appropriate fee) to the date BST completes the collocation arrangement.
Exclusions:
• Any Bona Fide firm order cancelled by the CLEC • Bona Fide firm orders to augment previously completed arrangements • Time for BST to obtain permits • Time during which the collocation contract is being negotiated
Business Rules:
The clock starts on the date that BST receives a complete and accurate Bona Fide firm order accompanied by the appropriate fee. The clock stops upon submission of the permit request and restarts upon receipt of the approved permit. Changes (affecting the provisioning interval or capital expenditures) that are submitted while provisioning is in progress may alter the completion date. The clock stops on the date that BST completes the collocation arrangement.
Calculation:
Average Arrangement Time = Σ(Date Collocation Arrangement is Complete) – (Date Order for Collocation Arrangement Submitted) / Total Number of Collocation Arrangements Completed during Reporting Period.
Report Structure:
• Individual CLEC (alias) aggregate • Aggregate of all CLECs
Level of Disaggregation:
• State, Region and further geographic disaggregation as required by State Commission Order • Virtual • Physical
Data Retained:
• Report period • Aggregate data
Retail Analog/Benchmark:
Under development

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COLLOCATION

Report/Measurement:
Collocation/Percent of Due Dates Missed
Definition:
Measures the percent of missed due dates for collocation arrangements.
Exclusions:
• Any Bona Fide firm order cancelled by the CLEC • Bona Fide firm orders to augment previously completed arrangements • Time for BST to obtain permits • Time during which the collocation contract is being negotiated
Business Rules:
The clock starts on the date that BST receives a complete and accurate Bona Fide firm order accompanied by the appropriate fee. The clock stops on the date that BST completes the collocation arrangement.
Calculation:
% of Due Dates Missed = Σ (Number of Orders not completed w/i ILEC Committed Due Date during Reporting Period) / Number of Orders Completed in Reporting Period) X 100
Report Structure:
• Individual CLEC (alias) aggregate • Aggregate of all CLECs
Level of Disaggregation:
• State, Region and further geographic disaggregation as required by State Commission Order • Virtual • Physical
Data Retained:
• Report period • Aggregate data
Retail Analog/Benchmark:
Under development

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Appendix A: Reporting Scope*

Standard Service Groupings	Pre-Order, Ordering
	• Resale Residence
	• Resale Business
	• Resale Special
	• Local Interconnection Trunks
	• UNE
	• UNE - Loops w/LNP
	Provisioning
	• UNE Non-Design
	• UNE Design
	• UNE Loops w/LNP
	• Local Interconnection Trunks
	• Resale Residence
	• Resale Business
	• Resale Design
	• BST Trunks
	• BST Residence Retail
	• BST Business Retail
	Maintenance and Repair
	• Local Interconnection Trunks
	• UNE Non-Design
	• UNE Design
	• Resale Residence
	• Resale Business
	• BST Interconnection Trunks
	• BST Residence Retail
	• BST Business Retail
	Local Interconnection Trunk Group Blockage
	• BST CTTG Trunk Groups
	• CLEC Trunk Groups

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Appendix A: Reporting Scope

Standard Service Order Activities *These are the generic BST/CLEC service order activities which are included in the Pre-Ordering, Ordering, and Provisioning sections of this document. It is not meant to indicate specific reporting categories.*	• New Service Installations • Service Migrations Without Changes • Service Migrations With Changes • Move and Change Activities • Service Disconnects (Unless noted otherwise)
Pre-Ordering Query Types: **Maintenance Query Types:**	• Address • Telephone Number • Appointment Scheduling • Customer Service Record • Feature Availability
Report Levels	• CLEC RESH • CLEC MSA • CLEC State • CLEC Region • Aggregate CLEC State • Aggregate CLEC Region • BST State • BST Region

* Scope is report, data source and system dependent, and, therefore, will differ with each report.

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Appendix B: Glossary of Acronyms and Terms

A	ACD	Automatic Call Distributor - A service that provides status monitoring of agents in a call center and routes high volume incoming telephone calls to available agents while collecting management information on both callers and attendants.
	AGGREGATE	Sum total of all items in like category, e.g. CLEC aggregate equals the sum total of all CLECs' data for a given reporting level.
	ASR	Access Service Request - A request for access service terminating delivery of carrier traffic into a Local Exchange Carrier's network.
	ATLAS	Application for Telephone Number Load Administration System - The BellSouth Operations System used to administer the pool of available telephone numbers and to reserve selected numbers from the pool for use on pending service requests/service orders.
	ATLASTN	ATLAS software contract for Telephone Number
	AUTO CLARIFICATION	The number of LSRs that were electronically rejected from LESOG and electronically returned to the CLEC for correction.
B	BILLING	The process and functions by which billing data is collected and by which account information is processed in order to render accurate and timely billing.
	BOCRIS	Business Office Customer Record Information System - A front-end presentation manager used by BellSouth organizations to access the CRIS database.
	BRC	Business Repair Center – The BellSouth Business Systems trouble receipt center which serves large business and CLEC customers.
	BST	BellSouth Telecommunications, Inc.
C	CKTID	A unique identifier for elements combined in a service configuration
	CLEC	Competitive Local Exchange Carrier
	CMDS	Centralized Message Distribution System - BellCore administered national system used to transfer specially formatted messages among companies.
	COFFI	Central Office Feature File Interface - A BellSouth Operations System database which maintains Universal Service Order Code (USOC) information based on current tariffs.

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C	**COFIUSOC**	COFFI software contract for feature/service information
	CRIS	Customer Record Information System - The BellSouth proprietary corporate database and billing system for non-access customers and services.
	CRSACCTS	CRIS software contract for CSR information
	CSR	Customer Service Record
	CTTG	Common Transport Trunk Group - Final trunk groups between BST & Independent end offices and the BST access tandems.
D	**DESIGN**	Design Service is defined as any Special or Plain Old Telephone Service Order which requires BellSouth Design Engineering Activities
	DISPOSITION & CAUSE	Types of trouble conditions, e.g. No Trouble Found, Central Office Equipment, Customer Premises Equipment, etc.
	DLETH	Display Lengthy Trouble History - A history report that gives all activity on a line record for trouble reports in LMOS
	DLR	Detail Line Record - All the basic information maintained on a line record in LMOS, e.g. name, address, facilities, features etc.
	DOE	Direct Order Entry System - An internal BellSouth service order entry system used by BellSouth Service Representatives to input business service orders in BellSouth format.
	DSAP	DOE (Direct Order Entry) Support Application - The BellSouth Operations System which assists a Service Representative or similar carrier agent in negotiating service provisioning commitments for non-designed services and UNEs.
	DSAPDDI	DSAP software contract for schedule information
E	**E911**	Provides callers access to the applicable emergency services bureau by dialing a 3-digit universal telephone number.
	EDI	Electronic Data Interchange - The computer-to-computer exchange of inter and/or intra company business documents in a public standard format.
F	**FATAL REJECT**	The number of LSRs that were electronically rejected from LEO, which checks to see of the LSR has all the required fields correctly populated
	FLOW-THROUGH	In the context of this document, LSRs submitted electronically via the CLEC mechanized ordering process that flow through to the BST OSS without manual or human intervention.
	FOC	Firm Order Confirmation - A notification returned to the CLEC confirming that the LSR has been received and accepted, including the specified commitment date.

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G		
H	HAL	"Hands Off" Assignment Logic - Front end access and error resolution logic used in interfacing BellSouth Operations Systems such as ATLAS, BOCRIS, LMOS, PSIMS, RSAG and SOCS.
	HALCRIS	HAL software contract for CSR information
I	ISDN	Integrated Services Digital Network
K		
L	LCSC	Local Carrier Service Center - The BellSouth center which is dedicated to handling CLEC LSRs, ASRs, and Preordering transactions along with associated expedite requests and escalations.
	LEGACY SYSTEM	Term used to refer to BellSouth Operations Support Systems (see OSS)
	LENS	Local Exchange Negotiation System - The BellSouth LAN/web server/OS application developed to provide both preordering and ordering electronic interface functions for CLECs.
	LEO	Local Exchange Ordering - A BellSouth system which accepts the output of EDI, applies edit and formatting checks, and reformats the Local Service Requests in BellSouth Service Order format.
	LESOG	Local Exchange Service Order Generator - A BellSouth system which accepts the service order output of LEO and enters the Service Order into the Service Order Control System using terminal emulation technology.
	LMOS	Loop Maintenance Operations System - A BellSouth Operations System that stores the assignment and selected account information for use by downstream OSS and BellSouth personnel during provisioning and maintenance activities.
	LMOS HOST	LMOS host computer
	LMOSupd	LMOS updates
	LNP	Local Number Portability - In the context of this document, the capability for a subscriber to retain his current telephone number as he transfers to a different local service provider.
	LOOPS	Transmission paths from the central office to the customer premises.
	LSR	Local Service Request – A request for local resale service or unbundled network elements from a CLEC.
M	MAINTENANCE & REPAIR	The process and function by which trouble reports are passed to BellSouth and by which the related service problems are resolved.
	MARCH	A BellSouth Operations System which accepts service orders, interprets the coding contained in the service order image, and constructs the specific switching system Recent Change command messages for input into end office switches.

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N	**NC**	"No Circuits" - All circuits busy announcement
O	**OASIS**	Obtain Availability Services Information System - A BellSouth front-end processor, which acts as an interface between COFFI and RNS. This system takes the USOCs in COFFI and translates them to English for display in RNS.
	OASISBSN	OASIS software contract for feature/service
	OASISCAR	OASIS software contract for feature/service
	OASISLPC	OASIS software contract for feature/service
	OASISMTN	OASIS software contract for feature/service
	OASISNET	OASIS software contract for feature/service
	OASISOCP	OASIS software contract for feature/service
	ORDERING	The process and functions by which resale services or unbundled network elements are ordered from BellSouth as well as the process by which an LSR or ASR is placed with BellSouth.
	OSPCM	Outside Plant Contract Management System - Provides Scheduling Information.
	OSS	Operations Support System - A support system or database which is used to mechanize the flow or performance of work. The term is used to refer to the overall system consisting of hardware complex, computer operating system(s), and application which is used to provide the support functions.
	OUT OF SERVICE	Customer has no dial tone and cannot call out.
P	**POTS**	Plain Old Telephone Service
	PREDICTOR	The BellSouth Operations system which is used to administer proactive maintenance and rehabilitation activities on outside plant facilities, provide access to selected work groups (e.g. RRC & BRC) to Mechanized Loop Testing and switching system I/O ports, and provide certain information regarding the attributes and capabilities of outside plant facilities.
	PREORDERING	The process and functions by which vital information is obtained, verified, or validated prior to placing a service request.
	PROVISIONING	The process and functions by which necessary work is performed to activate a service requested via an LSR or ASR and to initiate the proper billing and accounting functions.
	PSIMS	Product/Service Inventory Management System - A BellSouth database Operations System which contains availability information on switching system features and capabilities and on BellSouth service availability. This database is used to verify the availability of a feature or service in an NXX prior to making a commitment to the customer.
	PSIMSORB	PSIMS software contract for feature/service

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R	**RNS**	Regional Negotiation System - An internal BellSouth service order entry system used by BellSouth Consumer Services to input service orders in BellSouth format.
	RRC	Residence Repair Center - The BellSouth Consumer Services trouble receipt center which serves residential customers.
	RSAG	Regional Street Address Guide - The BellSouth database, which contains street addresses validated to be accurate with state and local governments.
	RSAGADDR	RSAG software contract for address search
	RSAGTN	RSAG software contract for telephone number search
S	**SOCS**	Service Order Control System - The BellSouth Operations System which routes service order images among BellSouth drop points and BellSouth Operations Systems during the service provisioning process.
	SOIR	Service Order Interface Record - any change effecting activity to a customer account by service order that impacts 911/E911.
T	**TAFI**	Trouble Analysis Facilitation Interface - The BellSouth Operations System that supports trouble receipt center personnel in taking and handling customer trouble reports.
	TAG	Telecommunications Access Gateway – TAG was designed to provide an electronic interface, or machine-to-machine interface for the bi-directional flow of information between BellSouth's OSSs and participating CLECs.
	TN	Telephone Number
	TOTAL MANUAL FALLOUT	The number of LSRs which are entered electronically but require manual entering into a service order generator.
U	**UNE**	Unbundled Network Element
V		
W	**WTN**	A unique identifier for elements combined in a service configuration
X		
Y		
Z		
Σ		Sum of:

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Appendix C

BELLSOUTH'S AUDIT POLICY:

BellSouth currently provides many CLECs with audit rights as a part of their individual interconnection agreements. However, it is not reasonable for BellSouth to undergo an audit for every CLEC with which it has a contract. As of June, 1999, that would equate to over 732 audits per year and that number is continually growing. BellSouth is in the process of developing a proposed set of reasonable controls associated with individual CLEC audits. If requested by a Public Service Commission, BellSouth will conduct a comprehensive audit of the aggregate level reports for both BellSouth and the CLECs for each of the next five (5) years, to be conducted by an independent third party. The results of that audit will be made available to all the parties subject to proper safeguards to protect proprietary information. This aggregate level audit includes the following specifications:

1. The cost shall be borne 50% by BellSouth and 50% by the CLECs.

2. The independent third party auditor shall be selected with input from BellSouth, the PSC, if applicable, and the CLEC(s).

3. BellSouth, the PSC and the CLECs shall jointly determine the scope of the audit.

BellSouth reserves the right to make changes to this audit policy as growth and changes in the industry dictate.

Attachment 10

Performance Measures

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Attachment 10

General Terms and Conditions for Performance Measures and Guarantees:

The Parties agree that the services offered and rendered by BellSouth pursuant to this Interconnection Agreement shall be provisioned at parity to the service level and intervals for which BellSouth performs such services for itself, its Affiliates or any other Person or Telecommunications Carrier. The Parties further agree that the service level specified for each item addressed by the Performance Measurements set forth in this Attachment 10 shall be parity, or for certain measures, a specific quantitative target has been adopted as the Performance Criterion. BellSouth agrees to meet these performance standards as measured by the relevant Performance Measurements for each reporting period during the term of this Interconnection Agreement and any extension thereof. Any failure on the part of BellSouth to meet or otherwise comply with any of the Performance Measurements set forth in this Attachment 10 shall constitute the following:

Where BellSouth fails to meet the Performance Benchmark within a single month, BellSouth shall, within 30 days after reporting the measure, comply with the Specified Performance Guarantee.

Where BellSouth fails to meet a single measurement contained herein for two consecutive months, or twice during any quarter, BellSouth shall be deemed to have committed a Specified Performance Breach. If a Specified Performance Breach occurs, BellSouth shall, within 30 days of reporting the measure, pay ITC^DeltaCom $25,000.00 for each measurement which BellSouth failed to meet. The Specified Performance Breach payment is in addition to any applicable Performance Guarantee.

Where BellSouth fails to meet a single measure contained herein five times during any six month period, BellSouth will be required to meet the provisions as set forth in section 25 of the General Terms and Conditions Attachment of this Agreement.

Specified Performance Measurements

BellSouth warrants that it will meet the Performance Measurements, except in those instances where its failure to do so is a result of a) ITC^DeltaCom's failure to perform any of its associated obligations set forth in this Agreement, b) any delay, act or failure to act by an end user, agent, or subcontractor of the other Party, or c) any Force Majeure Event.

Specified Performance Guarantee

The payment by BellSouth as a result of a Specified Performance Guarantee or Breach will be the amounts specified within Attachment 10. The Parties agree and acknowledge that a) the payments are not a penalty and have been determined based upon the facts and circumstances of the Parties at the time of the negotiation of this Agreement, with due consideration given to the performance expectations of each Party; b) the payments constitute a reasonable approximation of the damages ITC^DeltaCom would sustain if its damages were readily ascertainable; and c) ITC^DeltaCom will not be required to provide any proof of the damages.

Records and Reports

BellSouth will not levy a separate charge for provision of the data to ITC^DeltaCom called for under this Attachment. Notwithstanding other provisions of this Agreement, the Parties agree that such records will be deemed Proprietary Information.

Reports are to be made available to ITC^DeltaCom by the 15th day following the close of the calendar month. If the 15th falls on a weekend or holiday, the reports will be made available the next business day.

If BellSouth does not provide a measurement at the time required, and fails to cure the omission by the 15th day of the succeeding month, the measurement will be considered to be a Specified Performance Breach,

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unless BellSouth can demonstrate that the omission was the result of any of the factors under the Specified
Performance Measurements heading above.

ITC^DeltaCom and BellSouth will consult with one another and attempt in good faith to resolve any issues
regarding the accuracy or integrity of data collected, generated, and reported pursuant to this Attachment.
In the event that ITC^DeltaCom requests such consultation and the issues raised by ITC^DeltaCom have
not been resolved within 45 days after ITC^DeltaCom's request for consultation, then BellSouth will allow
ITC^DeltaCom to have an independent audit conducted, at ITC^DeltaCom's expense, of BellSouth's
performance measurement data collection, computing, and reporting processes. ITC^DeltaCom may not
request more than one audit for a twelve calendar month period. This section does not modify
ITC^DeltaCom's audit rights under other provisions of this Agreement.

Remedial Plan

Within 15 business days after any Specified Performance Breach, BellSouth will prepare and provide to
ITC^DeltaCom a remedial plan that specifies and schedules the steps BellSouth will take to determine and
remedy the particular performance deficiency.

PERFORMANCE MEASURES AND NON-COMPLIANCE PROVISIONS

I. PRE-ORDERING/ORDERING: RESALE AND UNES

1. **Measurement** - Average Response Time For OSS Pre-Order Interfaces.
   Definition - The average response time in seconds from the BellSouth side of the Remote Access Facility (RAF) and return for pre-order interfaces (TAG and LENS) by function:
   - Address Verification
   - Request For Telephone Number
   - Request For Customer Service Record (CSR)
   - Service Availability
   - Service Appointment Scheduling (Due Date)
   - Dispatch Required.

   Calculation - $\Sigma[(\text{Query Response Date \& Time}) - (\text{Query Submission Date \& Time})]/(\text{Number of Queries Submitted in Reporting Period})$.
   Report Structure - Reported on a company basis by interface for LENS, TAG, and for EDI preorder interface when implemented.
   Report Frequency - Monthly
   Benchmark –
       Address Verification:
       EDI, TAG, LENS - 80%≤ 5 sec   90%≤7 sec
       Request For Telephone Number:
       EDI, TAG, LENS - 80%≤ 4 sec   90%≤6 sec
       Request For Customer Service Record (CSR):
       EDI, TAG, LENS - 80%≤ 7 sec   90%≤10 sec
       Service Availability:
       EDI, TAG, LENS - 80%≤ 11 sec   90%≤13 sec
       Service Appointment Scheduling (Due Date):
       EDI, TAG, LENS - 80%≤ 2 sec   90%≤3 sec
       Dispatch Required:
       EDI, TAG, LENS - 80%≤ 17 sec   90%≤19 sec
   Performance Guarantee – BellSouth shall not bill OSS charges until it meets all benchmarks.

2. **Measurement** - % Firm Order Confirmations (FOCs) Received Within "X" Hours.
   Definition - Percent of FOCs returned within a specified time frame from receipt of service requests to return of confirmation to ITC^DeltaCom.
   - Resale Res. and Bus. < 24 Hours
   - Complex Business – Negotiated
   - UNE Loop (1-49 Loops) < 24 Hours
   - UNE Loop (> 50 Loops) < 48 Hours

   Calculation - (# FOCs returned within "x" hours ÷ total FOCs sent) * 100.
   Report Structure - Reported for ITC^DeltaCom and all CLECs. This includes mechanized from EDI, LENS and TAG and manual (FAX or phone orders).
   Report Frequency - Monthly
   Benchmark –
   - 100% Resale Residential and Business <24 Hours
   - 98% Complex Business (1-200)<48 Hours
   - Complex Business (200+) – negotiated.
   - 100% UNE Loop (1-49 Loops) <24 Hours.
   - 98% UNE Loop (>50 Loops) – 48 Hours.
   Performance Guarantee – BellSouth shall waive the non-recurring charges for all FOCs that fail to meet the benchmark.

PERFORMANCE MEASURES AND NON-COMPLIANCE PROVISIONS

3. Measurement - Percent Rejects.
   Definition - The number of rejects compared to the issued orders for the electronic interfaces (EDI, LENS and TAG).
   Calculation - (# of rejects ÷ total orders issued) * 100.
   Report Structure - Reported for ITC^DeltaCom and all CLECs for the electronic interfaces (EDI, LENS and TAG).
   Report Frequency - Monthly
   Benchmark – Diagnostic, no benchmark required.
   Performance Guarantee – This is a performance metric.

4. Measurement - Mechanized Provisioning Accuracy.
   Definition - Percent of mechanized orders completed without changes.
   Calculation - (# of orders completed as ordered ÷ total orders) * 100.
   Report Structure - Reported for ITC^DeltaCom, CLECs and BellSouth.
   Report Frequency - Monthly
   Benchmark – Parity with BellSouth Retail
   Performance Guarantee – BellSouth shall waive the non-recurring charges for all orders that fail to meet the benchmark.

5. Measurement - Order Process Percent Flow Through.
   Definition - Percent of orders or LSRs from entry to distribution that progress through BellSouth ordering systems excluding rejects.
   Calculation - (# of orders that flow through ÷ total orders) * 100
   Report Structure - Reported for ITC^DeltaCom, CLECs and BellSouth.
   Report Frequency - Monthly
   Benchmark – Parity with BellSouth Retail
   Performance Guarantee – This is a performance metric.

II. PROVISIONING

6. Measurement - Average Installation Interval.
   Definition - Average business days from application date to completion date for New, Change, Add, and Move (N,C, A, M) orders excluding customer cause misses and customer requested due date greater than "x" business days. The "x" business days is determined based on quantity of UNE loops ordered and the associated provisioning interval.
   Calculation - [Σ(completion date - application date)]/(Total number of orders completed).
   Report Structure - Reported for ITC^DeltaCom and all CLECs for UNEs contained in the UNE price schedule, INP/LNP, and Loop with INP/LNP.
   Report Frequency - Monthly
   Benchmark –
   Resale:
   For installations that do not require a premise visit and do not require anything beyond software updates: One business day.
   For installation that requires a premise visit or physical work: three (3) business days.

   UNEs:

Description	Quantity	Provisioning Interval
2 Wire Analog and Digital and INP/LNP	1-10	3 Days
2 Wire Analog and Digital and INP/LNP	11-20	7 Days

PERFORMANCE MEASURES AND NON-COMPLIANCE PROVISIONS

2 Wire Analog and Digital and INP/LNP	20+	10 Days
4 Wire Analog and Digital and INP/LNP	1-10	3 Days
4 Wire Analog and Digital and INP/LNP	11-20	7 Days
4 Wire Analog and Digital and INP/LNP	20+	10 Days
DS1 loop (including PRI)		3 Days
Dedicated Transport (DS0, DS1, and DS3)	1 to 10	3 days
Dedicated Transport (DS0, DS1, and DS3)	11 to 20	5 Days
Dedicated Transport (DS0, DS1, and DS3)	20+ and all other types	ICB
xDSL loops	1 to 10	3 days
xDSL loops	11 to 20	5 days
xDSL loops	20+	ICB
Loop and Transport Combination	1 to 24 analog or digital loops with DS-1 Transport and Multiplexers	5 business days
Loop and Transport Combination	1-672 (Analog or digital DS0 loops) with DS-3 Transport	20 days
Loop and Transport Combination	For LTC with Higher than DS-3 Transport	ICB

Performance Guarantee – This is a performance metric.

7. Measurement - Percent Installations Completed Within "X" Business Days.
Definition - Percent installations completed within "x" business days (where "x" is the requested interval or provisioning interval, whichever is greater) excluding customer caused misses and customer requested due date greater than "x" business days.
Calculation - (Count of N,C,A,M orders installed within "x" business days ÷ total N,C,A,M orders) * 100.
Report Structure - Reported for ITC^DeltaCom and all CLECs for Resold Services and UNEs contained in the UNE price schedule, INP/LNP and Loop with INP/LNP.
Report Frequency - Monthly
Benchmark – 95% within interval
Performance Guarantee – This is a performance metric.

8. Measurement --Percent of BellSouth Caused Missed Due Dates.
Definition - Percent of Resale and UNE N,C,A,M orders where installations are not completed by the negotiated due date excluding customer caused misses.
Calculation –
Resale: (Count of N,C,A,M orders not completed by the due date, excluding customer caused misses ÷ total number of N,C,A,M orders) * 100.
UNEs: (Count of N,C,A,M orders with missed due dates excluding customer caused misses ÷ total number of UNE N,C,A,M orders) *100.
Report Structure - Reported for ITC^DeltaCom and all CLECs for Resold Services and UNEs contained in the UNE price schedule, INP/LNP and Loop with INP/LNP.
Report Frequency - Monthly
Benchmark – Parity with BellSouth Retail
Performance Guarantee – This is a performance metric.

PERFORMANCE MEASURES AND NON-COMPLIANCE PROVISIONS

9. **Measurement** - Percent Trouble Reports Within 30 Days of Installation.
Definition – Percent of Resale N,C,A,M orders and UNE N,C,A,M orders by item that receive a network customer trouble report caused by BellSouth within 30 calendar days of service order completion.
Calculation –
Resale: (Count of N,C,A,M that receive a network customer trouble report caused by BellSouth within 30 calendar days of service order completion ÷ total N,C,A,M orders (excludes trouble reports received on the due date)) ● 100.
UNEs: (Count of UNE N,C,A,M orders by item that receive a network customer trouble report caused by BellSouth within 30 calendar days of service order completion ÷ total UNE N,C,A,M orders by item (excludes trouble reports received on the due date)) ● 100.
Report Structure - Reported for ITC^DeltaCom and all CLECs for Resale Orders and UNEs contained in the UNE price schedule, INP/LNP and Loop with INP/LNP.
Report Frequency - Monthly
Benchmark – Parity with BellSouth Retail
Performance Guarantee – BellSouth shall waive the non-recurring charges for each order that receives a trouble report caused by BellSouth within 30 calendar days.

10. **Measurement** - Percent BellSouth Missed Due Dates Due to Lack of Facilities.
Definition - Percent N,C,A,M orders with missed committed due dates due to lack of facilities.
Calculation - (Count of N,C,A,M orders with missed committed due dates due to lack of facilities ÷ total N,C,A,M orders) ● 100.
Report Structure - Reported for ITC^DeltaCom, and all CLECs for resold services and UNEs contained in the UNE price schedule. Reported for > 30 calendar days & > 90 calendar days.
Report Frequency - Monthly
Benchmark – Parity with BellSouth Retail
Performance Guarantee – For a missed due date due to the lack of facilities on the conversion of an existing BellSouth retail customer the non-recurring charges shall be waived by BellSouth.

11. **Measurement** - Delay Days For Missed Due Dates Due To Lack Of Facilities.
Definition - Average calendar days from due date to completion date on BellSouth missed orders due to lack of facilities.
Calculation - Σ(Completion date - committed order due date)/(# of completed orders).
Report Structure - Reported for ITC^DeltaCom and all CLECs for Resold services and UNEs contained in the UNE price schedule, INP/LNP and Loop with INP/LNP
Report Frequency - Monthly
Benchmark – Parity with BellSouth Retail
Performance Guarantee – This is a performance metric.

12. **Measurement** – Delay Days For Missed Due Dates
Definition – Average calendar days from due date to completion date on BellSouth missed orders.
Calculation - Σ(Completion date – committed order due date)/(# of posted orders).
Report Structure – Reported for ITC^DeltaCom and all CLECs for UNEs contained in the UNE price schedule, INP/LNP and Loop with INP/LNP
Report Frequency - Monthly
Benchmark – Parity with BellSouth Retail
Performance Guarantee – This is a performance metric.

PERFORMANCE MEASURES AND NON-COMPLIANCE PROVISIONS

13. **Measurement** – Percent BellSouth Caused Missed Due Dates greater than 30 days
Definition – Percent of N, C, A, M orders where installation was completed greater than 30 days following the due date, excluding customer caused misses.
Calculation – (Count of N, T, C orders completed greater than 30 days following the due date, excluding customer caused misses + total number of N, T, C orders) • 100.
Report Structure – Reported for ITC^DeltaCom and all CLECs for UNEs contained in the UNE price schedule, INP/LNP and Loop with INP/LNP.
Report Frequency – Monthly
Benchmark – Parity with BellSouth Retail
Performance Guarantee – BellSouth shall waive one month recurring charges for all missed due dates greater than 30 days, and BellSouth shall waive one month recurring charges for each additional 30 days missed.

III. MAINTENANCE

14. **Measurement** - Trouble Report Rate.
Definition - The number of customer trouble reports not caused by CPE or wiring, CPE and "no trouble found" reports within a calendar month per 100 lines.
Calculation - [Total number of customer trouble reports + (total lines +100)].
Report Structure - Reported for POTS Resale trouble reports by ITC^DeltaCom, all CLECs and BellSouth retail.
Report Frequency - Monthly
Benchmark – Parity with BellSouth Retail
Performance Guarantee – This is a performance metric.

15. **Measurement** - Trouble Report Rate - UNEs
Definition – The number of network customer trouble reports within a calendar month per 100 UNEs.
Calculation – [Count of network trouble reports + (Total UNEs + 100)].
Report Structure – Reported for ITC^DeltaCom, all CLECs and BellSouth for UNEs contained in the UNE Price schedule, INP/LNP and Loop with INP/LNP.
Report Frequency - Monthly
Benchmark – Parity measurement disaggregated by service type and market area, for retail analog, when there is no retail analog no more than 6 per 100 UNEs.
Performance Guarantee – This is a performance metric.

16. **Measurement** - Percent Missed Repair Commitments – UNEs
Definition - Percent of trouble reports not cleared by the commitment time for BellSouth reasons.
Calculation - (Count of trouble reports not cleared by the commitment time for BellSouth reasons + total trouble reports) • 100.
Report Structure - Reported for ITC^DeltaCom, all CLECs and BellSouth for "POTS type" loops (2-Wire Analog 8dB Loop).
Report Frequency - Monthly
Benchmark – No more than 1%.
Performance Guarantee – For missed repair commitments in excess of the benchmark, BellSouth shall reimburse ITC^DeltaCom for ITC^DeltaCom's labor costs.

17. **Measurement** - Receipt To Clear Duration.
Definition - Average duration of customer trouble reports from the receipt of the customer trouble report to the time the trouble report is cleared with the customer, excluding "no trouble found" reports.
Calculation - Σ[(Date and time ticket is cleared with customer) - (Date and time ticket received)] + Total customer network trouble reports.
Report Structure - Reported for Resale trouble reports by ITC^DeltaCom, all CLECs and BellSouth retail for Out of Service and Affecting Service by Dispatch and No-Dispatch.
Report Frequency - Monthly

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PERFORMANCE MEASURES AND NON-COMPLIANCE PROVISIONS

Benchmark – Parity with BellSouth Retail
Performance Guarantee – This is a performance metric.

18. Measurement - Mean Time To Restore – UNEs
Definition - Average duration of network customer trouble reports from the receipt of the customer trouble report to the time the trouble report is cleared excluding no access and delayed maintenance.
Calculation - Σ[(Date and time trouble report is cleared with the customer) - (date and time trouble report is received)] $\div$ total network customer trouble reports.
Report Structure - Reported for ITC^DeltaCom, all CLECs and BellSouth for UNEs contained in the UNE price schedule, INP/LNP and Loop with INP/LNP by dispatch and no dispatch.
Report Frequency - Monthly
Benchmark -
Parity measurement disaggregated by service type and market area for retail analog, when there is not retail analog the following benchmark applies:
   1. Out of service conditions where dispatch is required: 90% resolved within 4 hours 95% resolved within 8 hours 99% resolved within 16 hours
   2. Out of Service conditions where no dispatch is required: 85% resolved within 2 hours 95% resolved within 3 hours 99% resolved within 4 hours
   3. All other troubles resolved within 24 hours
Performance Guarantee – This is a performance metric.

19. Measurement - Percent Out Of Service (OOS) < 24 Hours.
Definition - Percent of OOS trouble reports cleared in less than 24 hours excluding subsequents, tickets received on Saturday or Sunday, and no access.
Calculation - (Count of OOS trouble reports < 24 hours $\div$ total number of OOS trouble reports) * 100.
Report Structure - Reported for ITC^DeltaCom, all CLECs and BellSouth retail.
Report Frequency - Monthly
Benchmark – Parity with BellSouth Retail
Performance Guarantee – This is a performance metric.

20. Measurement - Percent Out Of Service (OOS) < 24 Hours - UNEs
Definition - Percent of OOS trouble reports cleared in less than 24 hours.
Calculation - (Count of UNE OOS trouble-reports < 24 hours $\div$ total number of UNE OOS trouble reports) * 100.
Report Structure - Reported for ITC^DeltaCom, CLECs and BellSouth by "POTS like" loop (2-Wire Analog 8dB Loop).
Report Frequency - Monthly
Benchmark – Parity measurement disaggregated by service type and market area for retail analog, when there is not retail analog the following benchmark applies:
   1. Out of service conditions where dispatch is required: 90% resolved within 4 hours 95% resolved within 8 hours 99% resolved within 16 hours
   2. Out of Service conditions where no dispatch is required: 85% resolved within 2 hours 95% resolved within 3 hours 99% resolved within 4 hours
   3. All other troubles resolved within 24
Performance Guarantee – This is a performance metric.

21. Measurement - Percent Repeat Reports.
Definition - Percent of customer trouble reports received within 10 calendar days of a previous customer report that were not caused by CPE or wiring excluding subsequent reports and "no trouble found" reports.
Calculation - (Count of customer trouble reports, not caused by CPE or wiring and excluding subsequent reports, received within 10 calendar days of a previous customer report $\div$ total customer trouble reports not caused by CPE or wiring and excluding subsequent reports) * 100.
Report Structure - Reported for ITC^DeltaCom, all CLECs and BellSouth retail.

PERFORMANCE MEASURES AND NON-COMPLIANCE PROVISIONS

Report Frequency - Monthly
Benchmark – Parity with BellSouth Retail
Performance Guarantee – This is a performance metric.

22. **Measurement** - Percent Repeat Reports - UNEs
Definition - Percent of network customer trouble reports received within 30 calendar days of a previous customer report.
Calculation - (Count of network customer trouble reports received within 30 calendar days of a previous customer report ÷ total network customer trouble reports) * 100.
Report Structure - Reported for ITC^DeltaCom, all CLECs and BellSouth for UNEs contained in the UNE price schedule, INP/LNP and Loop with INP/LNP.
Report Frequency - Monthly
Benchmark– Parity measurement disaggregated by service type and market area. For retail analog, when there is no retail analog no more than 1%.
Performance Guarantee – This is a performance metric.

IV. MISCELLANEOUS ADMINISTRATIVE

23. **Measurement** - LCSC Average Speed Of Answer.
Definition - The average time a customer is in queue. The time begins when the customer enters the queue and ends when a BellSouth representative answers the call.
Calculation - Total queue time ÷ total calls.
Report Structure - Reported for all calls to the LCSC by operational separation and BellSouth retail.
Report Frequency - Monthly
Benchmark – Greater than 95% of calls, by center, are answered within 20 seconds. All calls are answered within 30 seconds.
Performance Guarantee – This is a performance metric.

24. **Measurement** – Percent Busy in the LCSC
Definition – Percent of calls which are unable to reach the LCSC due to a busy condition in the Automatic Call Distributor (ACD)
Calculation – (Count of blocked calls ÷ Total calls offered)* 100
Report Structure – Reported for all CLECs and BellSouth
Report Frequency - Monthly
Benchmark – No more than 1%.
Performance Guarantee – This is a performance metric.

25. **Measurement** – UNE Center Average Speed of Answer
Definition – The average time a customer is in queue. The time begins when the custsomer enters the queue and ends when the call is answered by a BellSouth representative.
Calculation – total queue time + total calls.
Report Structure – Reported for all calls to the UNE Center for all CLECs and BellSouth retail
Report Frequency - Monthly
Benchmark – Greater than 95% of calls, by center, are answered within 20 seconds. All calls are answered within 30 seconds.
Performance Guarantee – This is a performance metric.

26. **Measurement** – Percent Busy in the UNE Center.
Definition – Percent of calls which are unable to reach the UNE Center due to a busy condition in the ACD
Calculation – (Count of blocked calls + Total calls offered)* 100
Report Structure – Reported for all CLECs and BellSouth
Report Frequency - Monthly
Benchmark – No more than 1%.
Performance Guarantee – This is a performance metric.

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PERFORMANCE MEASURES AND NON-COMPLIANCE PROVISIONS

V.   INTERCONNECTION AGREEMENT

27.   **Measurement** - Percent Trunk Blockage
Definition - Percent of calls blocked on outgoing traffic from BellSouth end office to ITC^DeltaCom end office and from BellSouth tandem to ITC^DeltaCom end office.
Calculation - (Count of blocked calls ÷ total calls offered) * 100
Report Structure - Reported for ITC^DeltaCom, all CLECs and BellSouth. The BellSouth end office to ITC^DeltaCom end office and BellSouth tandem to ITC^DeltaCom end office trunk blockage will be reported separately.
Report Frequency - Monthly
Benchmark – Dedicated Trunk Groups: Not to exceed blocking standard of P.01
Performance Guarantee- This is a performance metric.

28.   **Measurement** - Common Transport Trunk Blockage.
Definition - Percent of local common transport trunk groups exceeding 2% blockage.
Calculation - (Number of common transport trunk groups exceeding 2% blocking ÷ total common transport trunk groups) * 100.
Report Structure - Reported on local common transport trunk groups.
Report Frequency - Monthly
Benchmark – Common Trunk Groups; no more than 1% of end offices may have 2% blockage in a month based on Poissant P.01 scale;
If common trunk groups are different for CLECs than for BellSouth's trunk group, then no more than 1% of end offices may have more than 2% blocking
Performance Guarantee - This is a performance metric.

29.   **Measurement** – Percent Missed Due Dates.
Definition – Percent trunk order due dates missed on interconnection trunks.
Calculation – (Count trunk orders missed ÷ total trunk orders)* 100.
Report Structure – Reported for ITCD, all CLECs and BellSouth.
Report Frequency – Monthly
Benchmark – No more than 1% missed due dates.
Performance Guarantee – This is a performance metric.

30.   **Measurement** – Delay Days for Missed Due Dates
Definition – Average calendar days from due dates to completion date on BellSouth missed Interconnection Trunk orders.
Calculation - Σ(Completion date – committed order due date)/(# of completed trunk orders).
Report Structure – Reported for ITCD, all CLECs and BellSouth for interconnection trunks.
Report Frequency – Monthly
Benchmark – Parity with BellSouth Common Trunk Groups
Performance Guarantee – This is a performance metric.

31.   **Measurement** – Percent BellSouth Caused Missed Due Dates greater than 30 days
Definition – Percent of N,C, A,M, orders where installation was completed greater than 30 days following the due date, excluding customer caused misses.
Calculation - (Count of interconnection trunk orders completed greater than 30 days following the due date, Excluding customer caused misses ÷ total number of interconnection trunk orders)* 100.
Report Structure – Reported for ITCD, all CLECs and BellSouth for interconnection trunks.
Report Frequency – Monthly
Benchmark – Parity when there is a retail analog; if there is no retail analog the following benchmarks apply
Less 1% of orders held for more than 30 calendar days.
No orders held for more than 90 calendar days.
Performance Guarantee – This is a performance metric.

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PERFORMANCE MEASURES AND NON-COMPLIANCE PROVISIONS

32. **Measurement** – Average Trunk Restoration Interval
    Definition – Average time to repair interconnection trunks.
    Calculation – Total trunk outage duration ÷ total trunk trouble reports.
    Report Structure – Reported for ITCD, all CLECs and BellSouth.
    Report Frequency – Monthly
    Benchmark – Parity with BellSouth Common Trunk Groups
    Performance Guarantee – This is a performance metric.

33. **Measurement** - % Interconnection Trunks Repaired Within 24 Hours
    Definition – The percent of interconnection trunks restored within 24 hours of being reported to BellSouth by ITCD.
    Calculation – (Number of Interconnection Trunks repaired within 24 hours ÷ Total Interconnection Trunks Repaired) * 100
    Report Structure – Reported for ITCD, all CLECs and BellSouth.
    Report Frequency – Monthly
    Benchmark – Parity with BellSouth Common Trunk Groups
    Performance Guarantee – This is a performance metric.

VI. INTERIM NUMBER PORTABILITY AND LOCAL NUMBER PORTABILITY (INP/LNP)

34. **Measurement** - % Installation Completed Within 3 Business Days (1-10 lines).
    Definition - % installations completed within 3 business days excluding customer caused misses and customer requested due dates greater than 3 business days.
    Calculation - Total INP/LNP orders installed within 3 business days ÷ total INP/LNP orders.
    Report Structure - Reported for ITCD and all CLECs.
    Report Frequency - Monthly
    Benchmark –90% within 3 business days.
    Performance Guarantee – This is a performance metric.

35. **Measurement** - % Installation Completed Within 7 Business Days (11-20 lines).
    Definition - % installations completed within 7 business days excluding customer caused misses and customer requested due dates greater than 7 business days.
    Calculation - Total INP/LNP orders installed within 7 business days ÷ total INP/LNP orders.
    Report Structure - Reported for ITCD and all CLECs.
    Report Frequency - Monthly
    Benchmark –90% within 7 business days.
    Performance Guarantee – This is a performance metric.

36. **Measurement** - % Installation Completed Within 10 Business Days (20+ lines).
    Definition - % installations completed within 10 business days excluding customer caused misses and customer requested due dates greater than 10 business days.
    Calculation - Total INP/LNP orders installed within 10 business days ÷ total INP/LNP orders.
    Report Structure - Reported for ITCD and all CLECs.
    Report Frequency - Monthly
    Benchmark –90% within 10 business days.
    Performance Guarantee – This is a performance metric.

37. **Measurement** - Percent Missed Due Dates.
    Definition - Percent of INP/LNP N, C, A, M orders where installations are not completed by the negotiated due date excluding customer caused misses.
    Calculation - (Count of INP/LNP N, C, A, M orders with missed due dates excluding customer caused misses ÷ total number of INP/LNP N, C,A,M orders) *100.
    Report Structure - Reported for ITCD and all CLECs.

PERFORMANCE MEASURES AND NON-COMPLIANCE PROVISIONS

Report Frequency - Monthly
Benchmark – Parity with BellSouth retail.
Performance Guarantee - This is a performance metric.

VII. 911

38. Measurement - Average Time To Clear Errors.
Definition - The average time it takes to clear an error after it is detected during the processing of the 911 database file. The clock will start upon receipt of the error file and end when the error is corrected.
Calculation - Σ(Date and time error detected - date and time error cleared) ÷ total number of errors.
Report Structure - Reported for ITCD, all CLECs and BellSouth.
Report Frequency - Monthly
Benchmark – Parity with BellSouth retail.
Performance Guarantee – This is a performance metric.

IX. COLLOCATION

39. Measurement - % Missed Collocation Due Dates
Definition - The percent of BellSouth caused missed due dates for Physical Collocation projects. The due dates missed measure is determined by first counting both the number of commitments missed, and the number of commitments made (via FOCs) in the reporting period. For each report structure, the resulting count of commitments missed is divided by the number of commitments made in the reporting period and expressed as a percentage.
Calculation - (count of number of BellSouth caused missed due dates for physical collocation facilities ÷ total number of physical collocation projects) • 100
Report Structure - Reported for ITCD and all CLECs. The results are aggregated by Physical, Virtual, and Cageless Collocation.
Report Frequency - Monthly
Benchmark – No less than 95% of commitments must be met for Physical, Virtual and other alternative collocation offerings.
Performance Guarantee – BellSouth shall waive the engineering costs on all missed due dates.

40. Measurement - Average Days Required to Complete Physical Collocation Facilities
Definition - The average time it takes to complete physical collocation facilities.
Calculation - Σ(Date collocation work completed - date ITCD files application authorizing collocation work) ÷ total number collocation projects scheduled during the reporting Period.
Report Structure - Reported for ITCD and all CLECs by active and non-active. The results are aggregated by Physical, Virtual, and Cageless Collocation.
Report Frequency - Monthly
Benchmark – Less than 120 days (Less than 90 days in Florida)
Performance Guarantee – This is a performance metric.

41. Measurement - % of requests processed within 30 business days
Definition - The percent of requests for collocation facilities processed within 30 business days. The response interval for each request is determined by computing the elapsed time from the BellSouth receipt of the request from ITCD, to the time BellSouth returns the requested information to ITCD.
Calculation - (count of number of requests processed within 30 days ÷ total number of requests) • 100
Report Structure - Reported for ITCD and all CLECs. BellSouth's objective is 90% of requests answered within 30 business days. The results are aggregated by Physical, Virtual, and Cageless Collocation
Report Frequency - Monthly
Benchmark – 90% of requests answered within 30 business days
Performance Guarantee – BellSouth shall waive the application fee on all missed responses.

PERFORMANCE MEASURES AND NON-COMPLIANCE PROVISIONS

XI. COORDINATED CONVERSIONS

42. **Measurement** - % Pre-mature disconnects (Coordinated Cutovers)
Definition - Percent of coordinated cutovers where BellSouth prematurely disconnects the customer prior to the scheduled conversion.
Calculation - (Count of prematurely disconnected customers ÷ total coordinated conversion customers) ₰ 100
Report Structure - Reported by ITCD and all CLECs disaggregated by INP/LNP, INP/LNP with UNE loop, type of loop, UNE combination Cutover, LNP, loop with INP/LNP, and INP to LNP conversion
Report Frequency - Monthly
Benchmark – 2% or less premature disconnect more than 10 minutes before scheduled time
Performance Guarantee – BellSouth shall waive the non-recurring charges for all premature disconnects greater than 10 minutes.

43. **Measurement** - % BellSouth caused delayed Coordinated Cutovers
Definition - Percent of BellSouth caused late coordinated cutovers in excess of 30 minutes, 1 hour, 2 hour or more.
Calculation - (Count of BellSouth caused late coordinated cutovers in excess of 30 minutes, 1 hour, 2 hour or more ÷ total coordinated cutovers) • 100
Report Structure - Reported by CLEC and all CLECs disaggregated by INP/LNP, INP/LNP with UNE loop, type of loop, UNE combination Cutover, LNP, loop with INP/LNP, and INP to LNP conversion. The objective is to have 8% or less for starting coordinated conversions beyond 30 minutes of scheduled conversion time, and 2% or less for starting conversion beyond 1 hour from scheduled time, and 0.1% for starting conversion beyond 2 hours.
Report Frequency - Monthly
Benchmark - 8% or less for starting coordinated conversions beyond 30 minutes of scheduled conversion time, and 2% or less for starting conversion beyond 1 hour from scheduled time, and 0.1% for starting conversion beyond 2 hours.
Performance Guarantee – BellSouth shall waive the non-recurring charges for all conversions delayed more than 1 hour.

XII BONA FIDE REQUEST PROCESS (BFRs)

44. **Measurement** - % of requests processed within 45 business days
Definition - The percent BFRs processed within 45 business days of BFR request.
Calculation - (count of number of requests processed within 45 days ÷ total number of requests) ₰ 100
Report Structure - Reported for ITCD and all CLECs.
Report Frequency - Monthly
Benchmark – 90% of responses to BFRs provided within 45 business days.
Performance Guarantee – This is a performance metric.

45. **Measurement** - % Quotes Provided for Authorized BFRs within 30 business days
Definition - The percent of responses with price quotes and provisioning dates to ITCD Authorized BFRs processed within 30 business days.
Calculation - (count of number of Quotes Provided within 30 days ÷ total number of Quotes) ₰ 100
Report Structure - Reported for ITCD and all CLECs.
Report Frequency - Monthly
Benchmark – 90% of Quotes provided within 30 business days.
Performance Guarantee – This is a performance metric.

PERFORMANCE MEASURES AND NON-COMPLIANCE PROVISIONS

NOTES:
1. Measurements will be reported on a Market Area Basis.
2. Measurements for POTS resale will be broken down by business and residence.

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BellSouth – Florida

Comparison of ITC^DeltaCom proposed Performance Measurements to BST's existing Service Quality Measures

ITC^DeltaCom Proposed Measure	Comments on ITC^DeltaCom Proposed Measure	BST – Existing SQM	Comments on BST Existing SQM
PREORDERING			
1. Avg Response Time for OSS Pre-Order Interfaces	Specifies EDI response interval; however EDI has no pre-order capability. Specifies benchmarks.	Average OSS Response Interval – Preorder OSS	<u>Similar measure to ITC proposal.</u> BST offers additional performance results on legacy systems. Benchmark not required due to retail analog with RNS and with soon-to-be-developed ROS measurement. BST's measure is a regional measure, data is not ALEC specific.
Measurement not specified.		OSS Interface Availabililty – Pre-Order OSS.	BST's measure is a regional measure, data is not ALEC specific.
ORDERING			
2. % Firm Order Confirmations (FOCs) received within "X" hours	Specifies benchmark.	Firm Order Confirmation Timeliness	<u>Similar measure.</u> Provides an average FOC and also provides percent FOCs with various time intervals (0-15 mins, 15-30 mins, etc.) Much more detail than ITC requests. BST is in process of developing benchmark.
3. Percent Rejects		Percent Rejected Service Requests	<u>Similar measure.</u> Offers additional product disaggregation.
4. Mechanized Provisioning Accuracy	Not clear how this would be measured or how order change	Measurement not specified.	

BellSouth – Florida

Comparison of ITC^DeltaCom proposed Performance Measurements to BST's existing Service Quality Measures

ITC^DeltaCom Proposed Measure	Comments on ITC^DeltaCom Proposed Measure	BST – Existing SQM	Comments on BST Existing SQM
	would be attributed to BST or ITC.		
5. Order Process Percent Flow Through		Percent Flow Through Service Requests	Similar measure.
Measurement not specified.		Percent Flow-through Service Requests (Detail)	Provides additional detail by CLEC on LSR fallout for fatal rejects, autoclarify, design fallout and system fallout.
Measurement not specified.		Flow-through Error Analysis	Provides analysis of error causes.
Measurement not specified.		Reject Interval	Calculates time interval required to identify and reject LSR with error.
PROVISIONING			
6. Average Installation Interval	Specifies benchmarks.	Order Completion Interval	Similar measure. Includes provisioning interval but excludes FOC interval. Uses retail analogs where appropriate.
Measurement not specified		Total Service Order Cycle Time	Similar measure. Includes FOC interval and provisioning interval. This measure is under development. Uses retail analogs where appropriate.
7. Percent Installations Completed within "X" Business Days		Order Completion Interval Distribution	Similar measure.

BellSouth – Florida
Comparison of ITC^DeltaCom proposed Performance Measurements to BST's existing Service Quality Measures

ITC^DeltaCom Proposed Measure	Comments on ITC^DeltaCom Proposed Measure	BST – Existing SQM	Comments on BST Existing SQM
8. Percent of BellSouth Caused Missed Due Dates		Percent Missed Installation Appointments.	Similar measure. BST report shows total missed appointments and end-user caused misses. Percent BellSouth caused missed due dates is difference between the two.
9. Percent Trouble Reports within 30 Days of Installation		% Provisioning Troubles within 30 days of Service Order Activity	Similar measure.
10. Percent BellSouth Missed Due Dates Due to Lack of Facilities	BellSouth caused facility misses are part of the total misses of measurement 8 above.	Percent Missed Installation Appointments.	Similar measure. This measure includes all misses, including those due to facilities.
11. Delay days for Missed Due Dates due to Lack of Facilities	Another way of measuring % BellSouth Caused Misses – measure #8 above. Also a sub-set of measure #12 below.	Mean Held Order Interval & Distribution Intervals	Similar measure. Provides metric on all orders delayed past due date plus breakdown for facilities, equipment and other causes.
12. Delay days for Missed Due Dates.	Another way of measuring % BellSouth Caused Misses – measure # 8 above.	Mean Held Order Interval & Distribution Intervals	Similar measure. Provides metric on all orders delayed past due date plus breakdown for facilities, equipment and other causes.
13. Percent BellSouth Caused Missed Due Dates greater than 30 days.	A disaggregation of % BellSouth Caused Misses – measure #8 above.	Percent Missed Installation Appointments and Mean Held Order Interval &	Similar measure – when these reports are viewed together. These two reports show total % Missed Due Dates and the number of misses of 15 days or greater and

BellSouth – Florida
Comparison of ITC^DeltaCom proposed Performance Measurements to BST's existing Service Quality Measures

ITC^DeltaCom Proposed Measure	Comments on ITC^DeltaCom Proposed Measure	BST – Existing SQM	Comments on BST Existing SQM
		Distribution Intervals	90 days or greater.
Measurement not specified. ·		Average Jeopardy Notice Interval & Percentage of Orders Given Jeopardy Notices	Measures advance notice provided to CLECs when order is placed in jeopardy status.
Measurement not specified.		Average Completion Notice Interval	Measures timeliness of completion notice.
MAINTENANCE			
14. Trouble Report Rate		Customer Trouble Report Rate	Similar measure. Depicts individual trouble report rates for resale, retail, design, UNEs and interconnection trunking.
15. Trouble Report Rate – UNEs		Customer Trouble Report Rate	Similar measure. Depicts individual trouble report rates for resale, retail, design, UNEs and interconnection trunking.
16. Percent Missed Repair Commitments UNEs.		Missed Repair Appointments.	Similar measure. Depicts individual missed repair appts for resale, retail, design, UNEs and interconnection trunking.
17. Receipt to Clear Duration		Maintenance Average Duration	Similar measure. Depicts individual average durations for resale, retail, design, UNEs and interconnection trunking – dispatch and no dispatch.

BellSouth – Florida

Comparison of ITC^DeltaCom proposed Performance Measurements to BST's existing Service Quality Measures

ITC^DeltaCom Proposed Measure	Comments on ITC^DeltaCom Proposed Measure	BST – Existing SQM	Comments on BST Existing SQM
18. Mean Time to Restore – UNEs	Specifies benchmark.	Maintenance Average Duration	Similar measure. Depicts individual average durations for resale, retail, design, UNEs and interconnection trunking – dispatch and no dispatch. Benchmark is being developed for UNE.
19. Percent Out of Service less than 24 hours		Out of Service (OOS) greater than 24 Hours	Similar measure – although this is the inverse. Depicts individual values for resale, retail, design, UNEs and interconnection trunking – dispatch and no dispatch.
20. Percent Out of Services less than 24 hours – UNEs	Specifies benchmark.	Out of Service (OOS) greater than 24 Hours	Similar measure – although this is the inverse. Depicts individual values for resale, retail, design, UNEs and interconnection trunking – dispatch and no dispatch. Benchmark is being developed for UNE.
21. Percent Repeat Reports	Measurement is within 10 calendar days.	Percent Repeat Troubles within 30 Days.	Similar measure. BST's measure is more stringent as it covers a longer period of time. Depicts individual values for resale, retail, design, UNEs and interconnection trunking – dispatch and no

BellSouth -- Florida

Comparison of ITC^DeltaCom proposed Performance Measurements to BST's existing Service Quality Measures

ITC^DeltaCom Proposed Measure	Comments on ITC^DeltaCom Proposed Measure	BST – Existing SQM	Comments on BST Existing SQM
			dispatch.
22. Percent Repeat Reports – UNEs	Measurement is within 10 calendar days. Specifies benchmark.	Percent Repeat Troubles within 30 Days.	Similar measure. BST's measure is more stringent as it covers a longer period of time. Depicts individual values for resale, retail, design, UNEs and interconnection trunking – dispatch and no dispatch. Benchmark is being developed for UNE
MISC ADMINISTRATIVE			
23. LCSC Average Speed of Answer.		Speed of Answer in Ordering Center	Similar measure.
24. Percent Busy in the LCSC	Measures blocked calls in the LCSC. This measurement is somewhat duplicative, as there is a direct relationship between blocked calls and average speed of answer. Blocking of calls is a rare occurrence.	Measurement not specified.	
25. UNE Center Average Speed of Answer.		Speed of Answer in the Repair Center.	Similar measure.
26. Percent Busy in the UNE Center.	Measures blocked calls in the UNE Center. This measurement is somewhat duplicative, as there is a direct relationship between blocked calls and average speed of	Measurement not specified.	

BellSouth – Florida
Comparison of ITC^DeltaCom proposed Performance Measurements to BST's existing Service Quality Measures

ITC^DeltaCom Proposed Measure	Comments on ITC^DeltaCom Proposed Measure	BST – Existing SQM	Comments on BST Existing SQM
	answer.		
Measurement not specified.		OSS Interface Availability – Maintenance and Repair.	
Measurement not specified.		OSS Response Interval and Percent – Maintenance and Repair.	
INTERCONNECTION			
27. Percent Trunk Blockage		Trunk Group Service Report	<u>Similar measure.</u> Depicts trunk blockage on outgoing trunks from BellSouth end offices to ITC and blockage on Common Transport Trunk groups.
28. Common Transport Trunk Blockage		Trunk Group Service Report	<u>Similar measure.</u> Depicts trunk blockage on outgoing trunks from BellSouth end offices to ITC and blockage on Common Transport Trunk groups.
29. Percent Missed Due Dates		Percent Missed Installation Appointments.	<u>Similar measure.</u> BST report includes missed appointments on interconnection trunking.
30. Delay Days for Missed Due Dates.		Mean Held Order Interval & Distribution Intervals	<u>Similar measure.</u> Provides metric on all orders delayed past due date plus breakdown for facilities,

BellSouth – Florida
Comparison of ITC^DeltaCom proposed Performance Measurements to BST's existing Service Quality Measures

ITC^DeltaCom Proposed Measure	Comments on ITC^DeltaCom Proposed Measure	BST – Existing SQM	Comments on BST Existing SQM
			equipment and other causes.
31. Percent BellSouth Caused Missed Due Dates greater than 30 days.		Percent Missed Installation Appointments and Mean Held Order Interval & Distribution Intervals	Similar measure – when these reports are viewed together. These two reports show total % Missed Due Dates and the number of misses of 15 days or greater and 90 days or greater.
32. Average Trunk Restoration Interval.		Maintenance Average Duration	Similar measure. Depicts individual average durations for resale, retail, design, UNEs and interconnection trunking – dispatch and no dispatch.
33. % Interconnection Trunks Repaired within 24 hours	Another way of expressing the restoration interval of measurement #32 above.	Measurement not specified.	
Measurement not specified.		Trunk Group Service Detail.	Depicts all trunk groups with blockage above objective.
INP and LNP			
34. % Installation Completed within 3 Business Days (1-10 lines)	This is a product and time disaggregation of Average Installation Interval (measurement #6 above) and Percent Installations Completed within "X" Business Days (meas #7) Specifies benchmark.	Order Completion Interval Distribution.	Similar measure. LNP is being added to this measurement.
35. % Installation Completed	This is a product and time	Order Completion	Similar measure. LNP is being

BellSouth – Florida

Comparison of ITC^DeltaCom proposed Performance Measurements to BST's existing Service Quality Measures

ITC^DeltaCom Proposed Measure	Comments on ITC^DeltaCom Proposed Measure	BST – Existing SQM	Comments on BST Existing SQM
within 7 Business Days (11-20 lines)	disaggregation of Average Installation Interval (measurement #6 above) and Percent Installations Completed within "X" Business Days (meas #7) Specifies benchmark.	Interval Distribution.	added to this measurement.
36. % Installation Completed within 10 business Days (20+ lines)	This is a product and time disaggregation of Average Installation Interval (measurement #6 above) and Percent Installations Completed within "X" Business Days (meas #7) Specifies benchmark.	Order Completion Interval Distribution.	Similar measure. LNP is being added to this measurement.
37. Percent Missed Due Dates.	This is a product disaggregation of Percent of BellSouth Caused Missed Due Dates, measurement #8. LNP due date misses may be due to the CLEC or to NPAC.	Percent Missed Installation Appointments.	Similar measure. LNP is being added to this measurement.
911			
38. Average time to clear errors		E911/Accuracy	Similar measure in intent. Measures the percentage of total records initially processed without errors.

BellSouth – Florida

Comparison of ITC^DeltaCom proposed Performance Measurements to BST's existing Service Quality Measures

ITC^DeltaCom Proposed Measure	Comments on ITC^DeltaCom Proposed Measure	BST – Existing SQM	Comments on BST Existing SQM
Measurement not specified.		E911/Timeliness	Measures the percentage of batch orders for E911 database updates (to CLEC resale and BST retail records) processed successfully within a 24-hour period.
Measurement not specified.		E911/Mean Interval	Measures the mean interval processing of E911 batch orders (to update CLEC resale and BST retail records).
COLLOCATION			
39. % Missed Collocation Dates		Collocation/Percent of Due Dates Missed	Similar measure.
40. Average Days Required to Complete Physical Collocation Facilities.		Collocation/Percent of Due Dates Missed	Similar measure.
41. % Requests Processed within 30 days.		Collocation/Average Response Time	Similar measure.
COORDINATED CONVERSIONS			
42. % Pre-mature disconnects		Measurement not specified.	Pre-mature disconnects would result in trouble reports.
43. % BellSouth caused delayed Coordinated Cutovers		Measurement not specified.	
BILLING			
Measurement not specified.		Invoice Accuracy	

BellSouth – Florida

Comparison of ITC^DeltaCom proposed Performance Measurements to BST's existing Service Quality Measures

ITC^DeltaCom Proposed Measure	Comments on ITC^DeltaCom Proposed Measure	BST – Existing SQM	Comments on BST Existing SQM
Measurement not specified.		Mean Time to Deliver Invoices	
Measurement not specified.		Usage Data Delivery Accuracy	
Measurement not specified.		Usage Data Delivery Completeness	
Measurement not specified.		Usage Data Delivery Timeliness	
Measurement not specified.		Mean Time to Deliver Usage	
BONA FIDE REQUEST PROCESS			
44. % Requests within 45 Business days	This is the measurement of a manual administrative process and is not indicative of network performance.	Measurement not specified.	
45. % Quotes Provided for Authorized BFRs within 30 Business Days	This is the measurement of a manual administrative process and is not indicative of network performance.	Measurement not specified.	

BellSouth – Florida
Comparison of ITC^DeltaCom proposed Performance Measurements to BST's existing Service Quality Measures

The intent of Service Quality Measurements is to allow the Commission to determine whether BellSouth is providing

nondiscriminatory access. BellSouth believes this Commission can make that determination with the current BellSouth SQMs.

BellSouth believes the goal of this Commission should be to endorse the performance measurements necessary to detect

discrimination while minimizing the burden imposed on BellSouth. This is exactly what the FCC cited in its Notice of Proposed Rule

Making (CC Docket 98-56) at Paragraphs 31 and 36.