## ORIGINAL

1	PART III
2	GENERAL MANAGEMENT REQUIREMENTS
3	
4	25-6.034 Standard of Construction.
5	(1) Application and Scope. This rule is intended to define construction standards for
6	all overhead and underground electrical transmission and distribution facilities to ensure the
7	provision of adequate and reliable electric service for operational as well as emergency
8	purposes. This rule applies to all electric utilities, including municipal electric utilities and
9	rural electric cooperative utilities, unless otherwise specified. The facilities of the utility shall
10	be constructed, installed, maintained and operated in accordance with generally accepted
11	engineering practices to assure, as far as is reasonably possible, continuity of service and
12	uniformity in the quality of service furnished.
13	(2) Each utility shall establish and maintain construction standards for overhead and
14	underground electrical transmission and distribution facilities that conform to the provisions of
15	this rule. Third-party attachers shall be permitted to participate and the utility shall cooperate
16	with third-party attachers in developing the construction standards. If the parties reach an
17	agreement N no later than 90 days after the effective date of this rule, each utility shall file
18	five copies of its construction standards with the Director of Economic Regulation. In the
19	event a utility subsequently modifies its construction standards, the parties shall follow the
20	procedure described above and cooperate with each other in order to reach an agreement on
21	the modifications. Upon agreement, the utility shall file its revised standards, labeled to
22	indicate the effective date of the new version, together with a type-and-strike annotated sop
23	of the previous version showing the modifications. If the utility and the third-party attacher
24	are unable to agree on the construction standards and any modification thereof, either party
25	may seek review by the Commission, with a right to petition for a section 120.569 or section
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1	120.57, Florida Statutes, hearing if the party's substantial interests may or will be affected by
2	the Commission's proposed action. Upon agreement or conclusion of the review and hearing
3	rights described above, including any judicial review, A a copy of the utility's construction
4	standards as filed with the Commission, including Attachment Standards and Procedures
5	pursuant to subsection 8 of this rule, shall be made available by the utility for public
6	inspection. The utility shall, upon request, furnish a copy of its construction standards in
7	effect at the time to any person requesting a copy. Any challenge by a customer or applicant
8	for service to the utility's filed construction standards shall be handled pursuant to Rule 25-
9	22.032. Any challenge to the utility's construction standards by a third-party attacher shall be
10	in accordance with the procedure set forth above in this subsection. The Commission has
11	reviewed the American National Standard Code for Electricity Metering, 6th edition, ANSI C-
12	12, 1975, and the American National Standard Requirements, Terminology and Test Code for
13	Instrument Transformers, ANSI-57.13, and has found them to contain reasonable standards of
14	good practice. A utility that is in compliance with the applicable provisions of these
15	publications, and any variations approved by the Commission, shall be deemed by the
16	Commission to have facilities constructed and installed in accordance with generally accepted
17	engineering practices.
18	(3) The facilities of each utility shall be constructed, installed, maintained and
19	operated in accordance with generally accepted engineering practices to assure, as far as is
20	reasonably possible, continuity of service and uniformity in the quality of service furnished.
21	(4) Each utility shall, at a minimum, comply with the applicable edition of the National
22	Electrical Safety Code (ANSI C-2) [NESC].
23	(a) The Commission adopts and incorporates by reference the 2002 edition of the
24	NESC, published August 1, 2001. A copy of the 2002 NESC, ISBN number 0-7381-2778-7,
25	may be obtained from the Institute of Electric and Electronic Engineers, Inc. (IEEE).
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1	(b) Electrical facilities constructed prior to the effective date of the 2002 edition of the
2	NESC shall be governed by the applicable edition of the NESC in effect at the time of the
3	initial construction.
4	(5) For the construction of distribution facilities, each utility shall, to the extent
5	reasonably practical and feasible, adopt the extreme wind loading standards specified by
6	Figure 250-2(d) of the 2002 edition of the NESC. As part of its construction standards, each
7	utility shall establish guidelines and procedures governing the applicability and use of the
8	extreme wind loading standards to enhance reliability and reduce restoration costs and outage
9	times for each of the following types of construction:
10	(a) new construction;
11	(b) major planned work, including expansion, rebuild, or relocation of existing
12	facilities, assigned on or after the effective date of this rule; and
13	(c) targeted critical infrastructure facilities and major thorough fares taking into account
14	political and geographical boundaries and other applicable operational considerations.
15	(6) For the construction of underground facilities and their supporting overhead
16	facilities, each utility shall, to the extent reasonably practical and feasible, establish guidelines
17	and procedures to deter damage resulting from flooding and storm surges in areas designated
18	as Surge Zones by the Department of Community Affairs, Division of Emergency
19	Management.
20	(7) Location of the utility's electric facilities.
21	(a) For initial installation, expansion, rebuild, or relocation of overhead facilities,
22	utilities shall use easements, public streets, roads and highways along which the utility has the
23	legal right to occupy, and public lands and private property across which rights-of-way and
24	easements have been provided by the applicant for service. To the extent practical and
25	feasible, facilities shall be placed in easements in front of the customer's premises adjacent to
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1	a public road for all new facilities and major upgrades or rebuilds affecting a customer or
2	contiguous group of customers served by the same distribution line.
3	(b) For initial installation, or expansion, rebuild, or relocation of underground
4	facilities,
5	the utility shall require the applicant for service to provide easements along the front edge of
6	the property, unless the utility determines there is an operational, economic, or reliability
7	benefit to use another location.
8	(c) For conversions of existing overhead facilities to underground facilities, the utility
9	may, if the applicant for service is a local government that provides all necessary permits and
10	meets the utility's legal, financial, and operational requirements, place facilities in road rights-
11	of-way in lieu of requiring easements.
12	(8) As part of its construction standards, each utility shall establish and maintain
13	written standards and procedures for attachments by others to the utility's electric transmission
14	or distribution poles (Attachment Standards and Procedures). Such Attachment Standards and
15	Procedures shall be consistent with 47 U.S.C.A. section 224 of the Communications Act and
16	applicable rules, regulations, FCC decisions, and judicial precedents. Any portion of the
17	Attachment Standards and Procedures or any other provision of these rules that is inconsistent
18	or in conflict with applicable federal law as described above in this subsection shall be null
19	and void. Such Attachment Standards and Procedures shall meet or exceed the NESC and
20	other applicable standards imposed by law so as to assure, as far as is reasonably possible, that
21	third-party facilities attached to electric transmission and distribution poles do not impair
22	electric system safety, adequacy, or reliability; do not exceed pole loading capacity; and are
23	constructed, installed, maintained, and operated in accordance with generally accepted
24	engineering practices for the utility's service territory. No attachment to an electric utility's
25	transmission or distribution poles shall be made except in compliance with such utility's
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1	Attachment Standards and Procedures as filed with the Commission, except that a utility
2	shall not deny access if the Attachment Standards and Procedures are in conflict in federal
3	law in contravention of the attacher's rights to mandatory, nondiscriminatory access under
4	federal law. A utility shall not make a unilateral determination to deny access on the basis that
5	there is insufficient capacity and for reasons of safety, reliability and generally applicable
6	engineering purposes. Any determination to deny access shall be based upon agreement of the
7	parties or if the parties cannot agree, after review in accordance with the attacher's rights and
8	obligations under federal law.
9	Specific Authority 350.127(2), 366.05(1) FS.
10	Law Implemented 366.04(2)(c), (5), (6), 366.05(1) FS.
11	History–Amended 7-29-69, 12-20-82, Formerly 25-6.34, Amended
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## 25-6.0345 Safety Standards for Construction of New Transmission and Distribution Facilities.

(1) In compliance with Section 366.04(6)(b), F.S., 1991, the Commission adopts and 3 incorporates by reference the 2002 edition of the National Electrical Safety Code (ANSI C-2), 4 5 published August 1, 2001, as the applicable safety standards for transmission and distribution facilities subject to the Commission's safety jurisdiction. Each investor-owned public electric 6 utility, rural electric cooperative, and municipal electric system shall comply with the 7 standards in these provisions. Standards contained in the 2002 edition shall be applicable to 8 new construction for which a work order number is assigned on or after the effective date of 9 10 this rule. (2) Each investor-owned public electric utility, rural electric cooperative and municipal 11 electric utility shall report all completed electric work orders, whether completed by the utility 12 or one of its contractors, at the end of each quarter of the year. The report shall be filed with 13 the Director of the Commission's Division of Regulatory Compliance and Consumer 14 Assistance Auditing and Safety no later than the 30th working day after the last day of the 15 reporting quarter, and shall contain, at a minimum, the following information for each work 16 17 order: (a) Work order number/project/job; 18 19 (b) Brief title; and 20 (c) Estimated cost in dollars, rounded to nearest thousand. (3) The quarterly report shall be filed in standard DBase or compatible format, DOS 21 22 ASCII text, or hard copy, as follows: (a) DBase Format 23 Field Type Digits 24 Field Name 25 1. Work orders Character 20

1	2. B	rief title	Character	30			
2	3. C	ost	Numeric	8			
3	4. L	ocation	Character	50			
4	<del>5. K</del>	v	Numeric	_5			
5	<del>6. C</del>	ontiguous	Character	1			
6	(b) DOS AS	SCII Text.					
7	1. Columns	shall be the	same type and in t	he same ord	ler as listed u	nder Field Nam	es
8	above.						
9	2. A comm	a (,) shall be j	placed between da	ta fields.			
10	3. Characte	r data fields s	shall be placed bet	ween quota	tion marks (''	·").	
11	4. Numeric	data fields sl	nall be right justifi	ed.			
12	5. Blank sp	aces shall be	used to fill the dat	a fields to t	he indicated	number of digits	3.
13	(c) Hard Co	ору.					
14		The follow	ving format is pref	erred, but n	ot required:		
15		Completed	Electrical Work O	rders For PS	SC Inspection	1	
16	Work Order	Brief Title	Estimated Cost	Location	Kv Rating	Contiguous	
17						<del>(y/n)</del>	
18							
19			L				1
20	(4) In its qu	arterly repor	t, each utility shall	identify all	transmission	1 and distributio	n
21	facilities subject to	the Commis	sion's safety juriso	liction, and	shall certify	to the Commiss	ion
22	that they meet or e	xceed the app	olicable standards.	Complianc	e inspections	by the Commis	sion
23	shall be made on a	random basi	s or as appropriate	•			
24	(5) As soor	as practicab	le, but by the end	of the next b	ousiness day	after it learns of	the
25	occurrence, each <u>in</u>	nvestor-owne	<u>d electric</u> <del>public</del> u	tility, rural o	electric coop	erative, and	
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1	municipal electric utility shall (without admitting liability) report to the Commission any
2	accident occurring in connection with any part of its transmission or distribution facilities
3	which:
4	(a) Involves death or injury requiring hospitalization of nonutility persons; or
5	(b) Is significant from a safety standpoint in the judgment of the utility even though it
6	is not required by paragraph (a).
7	(6) Each investor-owned electric public utility, rural electric cooperative, and
8	municipal electric utility shall (without admitting liability) report each accident or
9	malfunction, occurring in connection with any part of its transmission or distribution facilities,
10	to the Commission within 30 days after it learns of the occurrence, provided the accident or
11	malfunction:
12	(a) Involves damage to the property of others in an amount in excess of \$5000; or
13	(b) Causes significant damage in the judgment of the utility to the utility's facilities.
14	(7) Unless requested by the Commission, reports are not required with respect to
15	personal injury, death, or property damage resulting from vehicles striking poles or other
16	utility property.
17	Specific Authority 350.127(2) FS.
18	Law Implemented 366.04(2)(f), (6) FS.
19	History–New 8-13-87, Amended 2-18-90, 11-10-93, 8-17-97, 7-16-02, Amended
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#### 1 PART IV

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#### 2 GENERAL SERVICE PROVISIONS

## 25-6.064 Extension of Facilities; Contribution in Aid of Construction: Installation of New or Upgraded Facilities

(1) Purpose. Application and scope: The purpose of this rule is to establish a uniform
 procedure by which investor-owned electric utilities subject to this rule will calculate amounts
 due as contributions in aid of construction contribution-in-aid-of-construction (CIAC) from
 customers who require new facilities, other than standard installations, or for upgrades to
 existing facilities resulting from changes in the customer's demand on the system, extensions
 of distribution facilities in order to receive electric service, except as provided in Rule 25-

# (2) Applicability. This rule applies to all investor owned electric utilities in Florida as defined in Section 366.02, F.S. Contributions in aid of construction Contribution-in-aid-of construction shall be calculated as set forth below:

;					4 x nonfuel energy charge per		4 x expected annual	
5	GLAC		<u>Cost of</u>		kWh x expected incremental		demand charge revenues	
	CIAC	=	<u>Instantig the</u>		=	annual kWh sales over the	] =	from incremental sales over
}   )			facilities		new facilities		the new facilities	

For the purposes of the above formula, costs are defined as follows: 21

(a) The cost of all new overhead and underground line extensions shall be the total
 estimated work order job cost.

24 (b) There shall be no charge for the overhead transformer, service drop and meter for new standard overhead installations.

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1	(c) The total cost of installing new underground s	ervice shall be reduced by the cost of					
2	a standard overhead service installation.						
3	(d) The cost of upgrades to existing facilities shal	(d) The cost of upgrades to existing facilities shall be the estimated work order job					
4	cost including any costs of removal less any salvage.						
5	(e) For customers in rate classes that pay only end	ergy charges, demand charge					
6	revenues shall be zero.						
7	(f) Expected demand charge revenues and energy	sales shall be based on an annual					
8	period ending not more than 5 years after the extension is	placed in service.					
9	(3) Definitions. Actual or estimated job cost meas	ns the actual cost of providing the					
10	specified line extension facilities, calculated after the ext	ension is completed, or the estimated					
11	cost of providing the specified facilities before the extension is completed.						
12	(4) In developing the policy for extending overhead distribution facilities to customers,						
13	the following formulas shall be used to determine the contribution in aid of construction owed						
14	by the customer.						
15	(a) For customers in rate classes that pay only ene	rgy charges, i.e., those that do not					
16	pay demand charges, the CIAC shall be calculated as foll	<del>ows:</del>					
17	(Actual or estimated job cost for new poles	and (4 x nonfuel energy charge					
18	CIAC <sub>ob</sub> =   conductors and appropriate fixtures requires the second se	e to per KWH x expected annual					
19	provide service, excluding transformers, se	twice KWH sales over the new line					
20	drops, and meters)	<del>facilities)</del>					
21							
22	(b) For customers in rate classes that pay both enc	rgy charges and demand charges, the					
23	CIAC shall be calculated as follows:						
24	$\frac{CIAC_{oh}}{CIAC_{oh}} = \frac{(Actual or estimated job cost for - )}{(4)}$	- (4 x expected					
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1			new poles and conductors and	energy charge per	ar	mua	demand
2	appropriate-fixtures require to KWH x expected charge revenues						revenues
3	provide service, excluding annual KWH sales from sales over						ales over
4			transformers, service drops, and	over the new line)	ŧ	he no	<del>ew line)</del>
5			<del>meters)</del>				
6		<u> </u>					
7	(	<del>с)-Е</del>	xpected demand charge revenues an	d energy sales shall be ba	<del>sed-or</del>	1-an-	annual
8	period e	ndin	<del>ig not more than five years after the (</del>	extension is placed in ser	<del>vice.</del>		
9	<del>(</del>	<del>5) I</del> I	n developing the policy for extending	g underground distributio	<del>n facil</del>	ities	to
10	custome	<del>rs, t</del>	he following formula shall be used to	o determine the contribut	ion in	aid e	f
11	construc	tion	<del>.</del>				
12			(Estimated difference between the	cost of providing the faci	lities		
13	distribution line extension, including not only the distribution						
14	$\frac{\text{CIAC}_{ug}}{\text{ug}} = \frac{\text{line extension itself but also the transformer, the service drop,}}{(as)} - \frac{(as)}{(as)}$						
15	and other necessary fixtures, with underground facilities vs. the above)						
16			cost of providing service us	ing overhead facilities)	t	1	
17						i	<u> </u>
18	(	<del>5) N</del>	othing in this rule shall be construed	as prohibiting a utility fr	<del>om-co</del>	l <del>lect</del> i	i <del>ng from a</del>
19	custome	<del>r th</del>	e total difference in cost for providin	<del>g underground service in</del>	stead o	<del>)f ov</del>	erhead
20	service t	<del>o th</del>	<del>at customer.</del>				
21	(7) In the event that amounts are collected for certain distribution facilities via the						
22	URD di	ffere	ential-tariff as permitted by Rule 25-(	5.078, F.A.C., that would	<del>also b</del>	<del>e co</del>	llected
23	pursuan	t to i	this rule, the utility shall give an app	ropriate credit for such ar	nounts	<del>} col</del> ł	lected via
24	the URI	)-dif	fferential tariff when calculating the	line extension CIAC due	pursua	<del>int-te</del>	this-rule.
25	<u>(</u>	<u>3)(</u> 8	B) Each utility shall apply the above t	formulas in subsection (2)	) of thi	<u>s rul</u>	e
			G: Words <u>underlined</u> are additions; isting law.	words in <del>struck through</del> t	ype ar	e del	etions
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1	uniformly to residential, commercial and industrial customers requiring requesting new or
2	upgraded facilities at any voltage level line extensions.
3	(4) The costs applied to the formula in subsection (2) shall be based on the
4	requirements of Rule 25-6.034, Standards of Construction.
5	(9) Each utility shall calculate an appropriate CIAC for line extensions constructed to
6	serve customers who receive service at the primary distribution voltage level and the
7	transmission voltage level consistent with paragraphs (4), (5), and (6) of this rule. This CIAC
8	shall be based on the actual or estimated cost of providing the extension less an appropriate
9	<del>credit.</del>
10	(6)(10) Each The utility shall use its best judgment in estimating the total amount of
11	revenues and sales which <u>new or upgraded facilities</u> each line extension is are expected to
12	produce in the a 4-year time frame commencing with the in-service date of the new or
13	upgraded facilities -near future. If the amount of the estimated credit to the CIAC is disputed,
14	at the customer's request, the utility shall true-up the CIAC collected using actual revenues at
15	the end of the 4-year period over which the CIAC was estimated.
16	(7)(11) The utility may elect to waive the line extension all or any portion of the CIAC
17	for customers, even when a CIAC is found to be <u>applicable</u> owing. However, if the utility
18	waives the CIAC, the utility shall reduce net plant in service as though the CIAC had been
19	collected Commission will reduce the utility's net plant in service by an equal amount for
20	ratemaking purposes, as though the CIAC had been collected, except when the company's
21	annual revenues from a customer are sufficient to offset the unpaid line extension CIAC
22	under subsection (4) or (5). Each utility shall maintain records of amounts waived and any
23	subsequent changes that served to offset the CIAC.
24	(8)(12) In cases where larger developments more customers than the initial applicant
25	are expected to be served by the new or upgraded facilities line extensions, the utility shall
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1	may elect to prorate the total line extension costs and CIAC's, owed over the number of
2	customers expected to connect to the new line be served by the new or upgraded facilities
3	within a period not to exceed 3 years commencing with the in-service date of the new or
4	upgraded facilities. The utility may require an advance equal to the full amount of the CIAC
5	from the initial customer. As additional customers connect to the facilities subject to the
6	CIAC, the utility shall collect from those customers a pro-rated CIAC, and credit that amount
7	to the initial customer who paid the CIAC. In the event the projected growth in customers or
8	usage does not materialize by the end of the 3-year period, the remaining CIAC shall be
9	retained by the utility to offset the cost of the construction. The utility shall file a tariff
10	outlining its policy for the proration of CIAC.
11	(9)(13) A detailed statement of its standard <u>facilities</u> extension and <u>upgrade</u> polic <del>yies</del>
12	shall be filed by each utility as part of its tariffs. This policy The tariffs shall have uniform
13	application and shall be nondiscriminatory.
14	(10)(14) If a utility and applicant are unable to agree in regard to an extension on the
15	<u>CIAC amount</u> , either party may appeal to the Commission for a review.
16	Specific Authority 366.05(1), 350.127(2) FS.
17	Law Implemented 366.03, 366.05(1), 366.06(1) FS.
18	History–New 7-29-69, Amended 7-2-85, Formerly 25-6.64, Amended
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#### 1 |**PART V**

#### 2 **RULES FOR RESIDENTIAL ELECTRIC UNDERGROUND EXTENSIONS**

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#### 4 25-6.078 Schedule of Charges.

from existing law.

5 (1) Each utility shall file with the Commission a written policy that shall become a part 6 of the utility's tariff rules and regulations on the installation of underground facilities in new 7 subdivisions. Such policy shall be subject to review and approval of the Commission and shall include an Estimated Average Cost Differential, if any, and shall state the basis upon which 8 9 the utility will provide underground service and its method for recovering the difference in 10 cost of an underground system and an equivalent overhead system from the applicant at the 11 time service is extended. The charges to the applicant shall not be more than the estimated difference in cost of an underground system and an equivalent overhead system. 12

13 (2) For the purposes of calculating the Estimated Average Cost Differential, cost
 14 estimates shall reflect the requirements of Rule 25-6.034, Standards of Construction.

(3)(2) On or before October 15th of each year each utility shall file with the
Commission's Division of Economic Regulation Form PSC/ECR 13-E, Schedule 1, using
current material and labor costs. If the cost differential as calculated in Schedule 1 varies from
the Commission-approved differential by plus or minus 10 percent or more, the utility shall
file a written policy and supporting data and analyses as prescribed in subsections (1), (43)
and (54) of this rule on or before April 1 of the following year; however, each utility shall file
a written policy and supporting data and analyses at least once every 3 three years.

(4)(3) Differences in operating and maintenance costs, including average historical
 storm restoration costs over the life of the facilities, between underground and overhead
 systems, if any, shall may be taken into consideration in determining the overall Estimated
 Average Cost Differential. Each utility shall establish sufficient record keeping and
 CODING: Words underlined are additions; words in struck through type are deletions

accounting measures to separately identify storm related operating and maintenance costs for
 underground and overhead facilities.

3 (5)(4) Detailed supporting data and analyses used to determine the Estimated Average 4 Cost Differential for underground and overhead distribution systems shall be concurrently 5 filed by the utility with the Commission and shall be updated using cost data developed from 6 the most recent 12-month period. The utility shall record these data and analyses on Form 7 PSC/ECR 13-E (10/97). Form PSC/ECR 13-E, entitled "Overhead/Underground Residential 8 Differential Cost Data" is incorporated by reference into this rule and may be obtained from 9 the Division of Economic Regulation, 2540 Shumard Oak Boulevard, Tallahassee, Florida 10 32399-0850, (850) 413-6900. 11 (6)(5) Service for a new multiple-occupancy building shall be constructed underground 12 within the property to be served to the point of delivery at or near the building by the utility at 13 no charge to the applicant, provided the utility is free to construct its service extension or 14 extensions in the most economical manner. 15 (7) (6) The recovery of the cost differential as filed by the utility and approved by the 16 Commission may not be waived or refunded unless it is mutually agreed by the applicant and 17 the utility that the applicant will perform certain work as defined in the utility's tariff, in which case the applicant shall receive a credit. Provision for the credit shall be set forth in the 18 19 utility's tariff rules and regulations, and shall be no more in amount than the total charges 20 applicable. 21 (8)(7) The difference in cost as determined by the utility in accordance with its tariff 22 shall be based on full use of the subdivision for building lots or multiple-occupancy buildings. 23 If any given subdivision is designed to include large open areas, the utility or the applicant 24 may refer the matter to the Commission for a special ruling as provided under Rule 25-6.083, 25 F.A.C.

1	(9)(8) The utility shall not be obligated to install any facilities within a subdivision
2	until satisfactory arrangements for the construction of facilities and payment of applicable
3	charges, if any, have been completed between the applicant and the utility by written
4	agreement. A standard agreement form shall be filed with the company's tariff.
5	(10)(9) Nothing herein contained shall be construed to prevent any utility from
6	absorbing assuming all or any portion of the costs differential of providing underground
7	distribution systems, provided, however, that such assumed costs in excess of a comparable
8	overhead system differential shall not be chargeable to the general body of ratepayers, and any
9	such policy adopted by a utility shall have uniform application throughout its service area.
10	(11) Cable companies shall recover their costs incurred on the installation of
11	underground facilities in new developments from the applicant calculated in accordance with
12	reasonable economic principles and methodology. A cable company shall not be obligated to
13	install any facilities within a subdivision until satisfactory arrangements for the construction of
14	facilities and payment of applicable charges, if any, have been completed between the
15	applicant and the cable company by written agreement.
16	Specific Authority 366.04(2)(f), 366.05(1) FS.
17	Law Implemented 366.03, 366.04(1), (4), 366.04(2)(f), 366.06(1) FS.
18	History-New 4-10-71, Amended 4-13-80, 2-12-84, Formerly 25-6.78, Amended 10-29-97,
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#### 1 PART VII

#### 2 UNDERGROUND ELECTRIC DISTRIBUTION FACILITY CHARGES

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5 25-6.115 Facility Charges for <u>Conversion of Existing Overhead Providing Underground</u>
 6 Facilities of Public Investor-owned Distribution Facilities Excluding New Residential
 7 Subdivisions.

8 (1) Each public-investor-owned utility shall file a tariff showing the non-refundable 9 deposit amounts for standard applications addressing new construction and the conversion of 10 existing overhead electric distribution facilities to underground facilities excluding new 11 residential subdivisions. The tariff shall include the general provisions and terms under which 12 the public utility and applicant may enter into a contract for the purpose of new construction 13 <del>or</del> converting<del>sion of</del> existing overhead electric</del> facilities to underground electric facilities. The 14 non-refundable deposit amounts shall approximate be calculated in the same manner as the 15 engineering costs for underground facilities serving each of the following scenarios: urban 16 commercial, urban residential, rural residential, existing low-density single family home 17 subdivision and existing high-density single family home subdivision service areas. 18 (2) For the purposes of this rule, the applicant is the person or entity seeking the undergrounding of existing overhead electric distribution facilities. In the instance where a 19 20 local ordinance requires developers to install underground facilities, the developer who 21 actually requests the construction for a specific location is when a developer requests local 22 government development approval, the local government shall not be deemed the applicant for 23 purposes of this rule. 24 (3) Nothing in the tariff shall prevent the applicant from constructing and installing all

25 | or a portion of the underground distribution facilities provided:

1	(a) <u>s</u> Such work meets the <u>investor-owned</u> public utility's construction standards;
2	(b) <u>t</u> The <u>investor-owned</u> <del>public</del> utility will own and maintain the completed
3	distribution facilities; and
4	(c) <u>s</u> Such agreement is not expected to cause the general body of ratepayers to incur
5	greater costs in excess of the costs the utility would incur for the installation.
6	(4) Nothing in the tariff shall prevent the applicant from requesting a non-binding cost
7	estimate which shall be provided to the applicant free of any charge or fee.
8	(5) Upon an applicant's request and payment of the deposit amount, an investor-owned
9	public utility shall provide a binding cost estimate for providing underground electric service.
10	(6) An applicant shall have at least 180 days from the date the estimate is received, to
11	enter into a contract with the public utility based on the binding cost estimate. The deposit
12	amount shall be used to reduce the charge as indicated in subsection (7) only when the
13	applicant enters into a contract with the public utility within 180 days from the date the
14	estimate is received by the applicant, unless this period is extended by mutual agreement of
15	the applicant and the utility.
16	(7) The charge paid by the applicant shall be the charge for the proposed underground
17	facilities as indicated in subsection ( $\underline{8}$ 10) minus the charge for overhead facilities as indicated
18	in subsection ( $9$ 11) minus the non-refundable deposit amount. The applicant shall not be
19	required to pay an additional amount which exceeds 10 percent of the binding cost estimate.
20	(8) For the purpose of this rule, the charge for the proposed underground facilities shall
21	include:
22	(a) $\pm$ the estimated cost of construction of the underground distribution facilities
23	including the construction cost of the underground service lateral(s) to the meter(s) of the
24	customer(s); and
25	(b) For conversions, the estimated remaining net book value of the existing facilities
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1	to be removed less the estimated net salvage value of the facilities to be removed.
2	(9) For the purpose of this rule, the charge for overhead facilities shall be the estimated
3	construction cost to build new overhead facilities, including the service drop(s) to the meter(s)
4	of the customer(s). Estimated construction costs shall be based on the requirements of Rule
5	25-6.034, Standards of Construction.
6	(10) An applicant to a public utility for requesting construction of underground
7	distribution facilities <u>under to this rule</u> may <del>petition</del> <u>challenge the utility's cost estimates</u> the
8	Commission pursuant to Rule 25-22.032, F.A.C.
9	(11) For the purposes of the computing the charges required in subsections (8) and (9):
10	(a) The utility shall include the net present value of operating and maintenance costs
11	and the average historical storm restoration costs for comparable facilities over the expected
12	life of the facilities.
13	(b) If the applicant chooses to construct or install all or a part of the requested
14	facilities, all costs, including overhead assignments, avoided by utility due to the applicant
15	assuming responsibility for construction shall be subtracted from the CIAC charged to the
16	customer, or if the full CIAC has already been paid, credited to the customer. At no time will
17	the CIAC be less than zero.
18	(12) Nothing herein contained shall be construed to prevent any utility from absorbing
19	all or any portion of the cost of providing underground distribution systems, provided,
20	however, that such costs in excess of a comparable overhead system shall not be chargeable to
21	the general body of ratepayers, and any such policy adopted by a utility shall have uniform
22	application throughout its service area.
23	(143) Nothing in this rule shall be construed to grant any investor-owned electric
24	utility any right, title or interest in real property owned by a local government.
25	(14) <u>Cable companies shall recover their costs incurred on the conversion of</u>
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Law Implemented 366.03, 366.04, 366.05 FS.	8
Specific Authority 366.04, 366.05(1) FS.	L
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between the applicant and the cable company by written agreement.	ç
the construction of facilities and payment of applicable charges, if any, have been completed	7
not be obligated to install any facilities within a subdivision until satisfactory arrangements for	ε
accordance with reasonable economic principles and methodology. A cable company shall	5
existing overhead facilities to underground facilities from the applicant calculated in	I

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