	I	1	
1	BEFORE THE		
2	FLOF	RIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION	
3		DOCKET NO. 0806	21-EI
4	IN THE MATTER OF:		
5	APPLICATION FOR AUTHORITY TO ISSUE AND SELL SECURITIES DURING CALENDAR YEAR 2009 PURSUANT TO SECTION 366.04, F.S., AND CHAPTER 25-8, F.A.C., BY FLORIDA POWER & LIGHT COMPANY.		
6			
7			
8			
9			
10			
11			
12			
13		. , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
14	PROCEEDINGS:	AGENDA CONFERENCE ITEM NO. 13	
15	DETODE		
16	BEFORE:	CHAIRMAN MATTHEW M. CARTER, II COMMISSIONER LISA POLAK EDGAR	
17		COMMISSIONER KATRINA J. McMURRIAN COMMISSIONER NANCY ARGENZIANO	
18		COMMISSIONER NATHAN A. SKOP	
19	DATE:	Thursday, November 13, 2008	
20	TIME:	Commenced at 9:30 a.m.	مد م
21	PLACE:	Betty Easley Conference Center	DAT
22		Room 148 4075 Esplanade Way	NT NUMBER-DATE 386 NOV 26 8
		Tallahassee, Florida	∃ N ∈ 8
23	l		- 音 の

JANE FAUROT, RPR

(850) 413-6732

Official FPSC Reporter

FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

REPORTED BY:

24

25

-	PARTICIPATING.			
2	JOHN BUTLER, ESQUIRE, representing Florida Power and			
3	Light Company.			
4	KATHERINE FLEMING, ESQUIRE, MICHAEL SPRINGER, and			
5	ANDREW MAUREY, representing the Commission Staff.			
6	CHARLIE BECK, ESQUIRE, representing the Office of			
7	Public Counsel.			
8	SCHEF WRIGHT, ESQUIRE, representing the Florida			
9	Retail Federation.			
10				
11				
12				
13				
14				
15				
16				
17				
18				
19				
20				
21				
22				
23				
24				
25				
	II			

1

PROCEEDINGS

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

CHAIRMAN CARTER: Commissioners, we are back on And when we left we were going to start with the record. Item 13.

Staff, you're recognized.

MR. SPRINGER: Good morning, Commissioners. am Michael Springer on behalf of technical staff, and this is Katherine Fleming on behalf of staff counsel.

The Commission routinely places security applications on the consent agenda, but FPL's security application contains a new request that has not been examined by the Commission. For purposes of full disclosure, we have placed this item on the regular agenda.

FPL has proposed that approximately \$30 million of its requested \$6.1 billion of 2009 long-term financing be appropriated for the planned Seabrook Substation Reliability Improvement Project in the state of New Hampshire on behalf of the FPL New England Division. These proposed expenditures are not recovered or otherwise imposed on FPL's customers in Florida.

The company is present and staff is prepared to answer your questions.

CHAIRMAN CARTER: Commissioner Skop.

COMMISSIONER SKOP: Thank you, Mr. Chairman.

Just in short, I fully support approval of FPL's request for the authority to sell and exchange debt and equity for the purpose of providing the necessary capital related to services that are strictly limited to benefiting FPL's ratepayers.

My concern with this PAA item, as staff has mentioned, is that FPL ratepayers are being asked to assume the risk of an unregulated affiliate in the amount of up to \$30 million without any opportunity for receiving any benefit for doing so. And as I see it, and I have given some thought to this, and I'll be asking staff some questions, Florida Power and Light, as a regulated utility, should not be allowed to incur debt to finance the construction of its unregulated out-of-state projects that provide no benefit to Florida Power and Light ratepayers and have no nexus to serving consumers in the state of Florida.

To that point, the Florida Power and Light request to use the creditworthiness of its regulated utility to borrow funds for an unregulated project is yet another instance of shifting risk to the ratepayers to the benefit of its unregulated business and the shareholders of FPL Group.

To the best of my knowledge, as mentioned by staff, this is a case of first impression. As a matter of

policy, the Florida Public Service Commission has not allowed ratepayers of a regulated utility to assume the default risk of securities without there being a tangible benefit to the ratepayers. This appears to be a shift in policy and a slippery slope where risk is now shifted from the nonregulated business to the regulated utility without any compensatory benefit to the ratepayer.

A few questions for staff, which will further illustrate these points, and at the appropriate time I'd like to make a motion to approve the FPL financing application in the aggregate amount not to exceed \$6.1 billion with the following modifications: First, deletion of the authority to finance construction expenditures in the amount of approximately \$30 million for the planned Seabrook Station Reliability Improvement Projects, which are located in the state of New Hampshire. And, secondly, the insertion of the requirement that the capital raised pursuant to the application will be used in connection with the activities of Florida Power and Light Company and not the unregulated activities of its affiliates.

So, to staff, I guess -- I have a few questions, and hopefully we can work through this because, again, I think staff would agree that this is a case of first impression.

MR. SPRINGER: I agree, this is a case of first impression; yes, sir.

COMMISSIONER SKOP: And can staff explain how the issuance and exchange of securities to finance construction expenditure of the planned Seabrook Substation Reliability Improvement Project in the state of New Hampshire will benefit Florida Power and Light ratepayers?

MR. SPRINGER: The way I understand it is this is a structural deal. It's really not in the benefit of the ratepayers directly. This is something the way it was structured that FPL has a generating utility up there in New Hampshire, and they couldn't recover their transmission assets in the same way because of their -- they have a deregulated market, and so this is the way that FPL structured it. They have a regulated entity that is a transmission provider, and so -- back to your question, I don't know offhand of any direct benefit to the customers on that point.

commissioner skop: Okay. And to that point, my understanding is that \$30 million will be used for a substation, and I guess, Mr. Maurey, if you could chime in here. Pursuant to our discussion, 30 million would be used for substation upgrades and new transmission lines which would solely benefit their unregulated entity in New

Hampshire. Is that correct?

MR. MAUREY: Yes. We don't know exactly how it would be spent, but it would be spent on upgrades to the New Hampshire substation.

COMMISSIONER SKOP: Okay. And with respect to the comment made that FPL customers are insulated from this, is it fair, just, or reasonable for FPL ratepayers to bear the transaction costs for issuing debt to support the construction of an unregulated out-of-state project?

MR. MAUREY: All costs associated with nonregulated activities should not be passed on to the ratepayers of Florida.

COMMISSIONER SKOP: Okay. So for our discussion where we talked about issuance costs of debt, not equity, and assuming that would be about 4 percent on \$30 million, so it would be 1.2 million in transaction fees that obviously if this is part of FPL, a Florida Power and Light related issuance, then the ratepayers are on the hook for that, absent any exculpatory language, is that correct?

MR. MAUREY: I believe the company could address how they would break that cost out, but I think 2 to 4 percent for issuance cost is standard for something like this.

COMMISSIONER SKOP: Okay. So for financing the

\$30 million, the ratepayers are basically not getting 1 anything from that, to the extent that it is a 2 nonregulated operation that receives revenue, none of that 3 is shared with the ratepayers, is that correct? 4 MR. MAUREY: That's correct. 5 COMMISSIONER SKOP: Are you familiar with FPL 6 7 Group capital? 8 MR. MAUREY: Yes. COMMISSIONER SKOP: And that is typically the 9 10 entity that raises capital for the unregulated FPL Energy historically? 11 MR. MAUREY: That's correct. 12 COMMISSIONER SKOP: Okay. And that is not being 13 done here, correct? 14 15 MR. MAUREY: That's correct. COMMISSIONER SKOP: So essentially what is being 16 done is that the unregulated entity is attempting to 17 piggyback on a regulated utility's offering of debt and 18 securities. 19 MR. MAUREY: We believe for corporate 20 convenience they are raising that money through the 21 22 utility as opposed to their normal vehicle for raising nonregulated capital. 23 24 COMMISSIONER SKOP: Okay. With all due respect,

though, we're not interested in corporate convenience.

25

I'm interested in protecting the ratepayer. And what we have seen historically, recently, is a disturbing shift of shifting risk to the ratepayer, and that's where I have a concern. And I know staff looked at this strictly from a materiality in terms of the amount that was being offered, but, again, I think that in response to my question, there has been no direct benefit to the ratepayer that has been defined by this. And, in fact, the ratepayer may actually incur transaction costs as a result of somebody trying to put debt into this offering, is that correct?

MR. MAUREY: Yes.

commissioner skop: So in the event that there is a default on some or all portion of the \$30 million of securities issued by this New Hampshire substation project, is it correct that Florida Power and Light customers would be liable for the amount in default?

MR. MAUREY: That's my understanding, yes.

COMMISSIONER SKOP: Okay. So what compensation, if any, do FPL ratepayers receive for taking on such risk?

MR. MAUREY: None has been defined.

COMMISSIONER SKOP: Okay. Can you explain whether FPL utility assets are or will be collateralized or otherwise encumbered for the purposes of issuing securities on the Seabrook project?

MR. MAUREY: We don't know the answer to that

question.

COMMISSIONER SKOP: Okay. And do you know if FPL ratepayers will receive a security interest in the New Hampshire project?

MR. MAUREY: They would not.

COMMISSIONER SKOP: So, again, it goes back to my central argument. There's no benefit for the ratepayer here. The only one that benefits is the unregulated entity and FPL Group shareholders, and that's problematic. This has never been done before.

Would you also agree that we are in a tight credit market?

MR. MAUREY: Yes.

\$30 million at the regulated utility level, that would theoretically be \$30 million they could not otherwise -- and I recognize they have a strong balance sheet, so, again, but that does detract from their ability to borrow for other projects that would benefit the state, is that correct?

MR. MAUREY: Incrementally, yes.

COMMISSIONER SKOP: Okay. And they have numerous capital projects, you know, in the ten-year site plan, some of which are covered by this offering, but also approximately, you know, two nuclear reactors which are,

you know, double-digit billions of dollars coming, is that correct?

MR. MAUREY: That's correct.

are -- you know, I fail to see the benefit here. And, you know, certainly, you know, I just have one point of view, but, you know, to me it's problematic because, again, you know, we don't have full visibility. You know, would staff also agree that by adopting this it adds incremental burden on staff to account for this and track all of this? And, you know, every time -- especially in an upcoming rate case where, you know, staff would probably have to fight FPL over adjustment to equity associated with this project?

making these adjustments, but these are adjustments that we are familiar with, we make in other cases.

commissioner skop: Okay. If I could draw staff's attention to Items 2B and 2E on the consent agenda, please. And, again, just to staff, I do respect the framework in which this was analyzed and the recommendation, so I'm not being critical of that. But I think I would be correct to say that this was not -- the recommendation was not made on the basis of a policy decision or on perceived benefit to the ratepayers, is

that correct? 1 I'm sorry, I was -- you said 2B and 2 MR. MAUREY: 3 COMMISSIONER SKOP: 2B and 2E, echo. 4 5 MR. MAUREY: And, I'm sorry, your question 6 again. 7 COMMISSIONER SKOP: Let me start with the 2B and 2E, I'm sorry. I'm sorry for double-hitting you on that 8 9 one. With respect to 2B and 2E, 2B is an application for Gulf Power Company to issue debt and securities, 2D is one 10 for Progress Energy. On Page 2 of 2B, into the second to 11 the last paragraph, that's typically the standard clause 12 13 that the Commission uses in consent agendas that the capital raised pursuant to this application will not be 14 used in connection with the activities of the unregulated 15 side of the business, basically. 16 17 MR. MAUREY: That's correct. 18 **COMMISSIONER SKOP:** Okay. And the same language is encompassed at the bottom of recommendation 2E, is that 19 20 correct? MR. MAUREY: That's correct. 21 COMMISSIONER SKOP: Okay. So in terms of the 22 FPL application, that's in direct opposition to what has 23 24 been historically done, is that correct? MR. MAUREY: Well, yes. For the 30 million, 25

yes. We do have similar language in the FPL application about for no other unregulated uses except for this New England division.

COMMISSIONER SKOP: Okay. And you would agree that based on previous financing through FPL Group Capital and such, FPL Energy or its unregulated business has many different sources to go borrow the \$30 million?

MR. MAUREY: FPL Group Capital is very capable of raising large sums of money, yes.

COMMISSIONER SKOP: And with respect to the staff recommendation, again, I'm not being critical because my understanding is it was analyzed on the basis of the amount in question and the materiality in relation to the requested financing amount, but would it be fair to say that that was not really viewed, or analyzed, or a recommendation in terms of policy decision, or the impact, or detriment to ratepayers?

MR. MAUREY: We weren't looking at it from a policy standpoint, that's correct. We read the statute, the Commission may deny an application if the proceeds are used for nonregulated purposes. We looked at the may as the Commission had the discretion to deny it or accept it. And in this case we are looking at the 30 million versus the 6.1 billion was our rationale for our recommendation to accept it.

commissioner skop: And the Commission just spent three days talking about an amount of \$6 million which was directly related to shifting risk to the ratepayer in some way, form, or fashion; but I see OPC in the back of the room, and I was wondering if based on the points raised whether they might have some sort of position on whether this would be appropriate from a public policy perspective, since it has the ability to impact ratepayers.

MR. BECK: My name is Charlie Beck with the Office of Public Counsel. We concur with the points raised by Commissioner Skop. He raises excellent points about this shifting risk to the ratepayers. You know, we see this constantly as an issue. And as Commissioner Skop said, this was a big issue this week in the fuel case proceeding.

One of the things that we intend to do, if the Commission authorizes this, is to look at it in the rate case, because not only are you putting regulated customers at risk for this amount, it seems to me, but you might be changing the whole risk profile of Florida Power and Light.

I realize it's not a large amount considering the total, but that is one of the things we will definitely look at in a rate case if you authorize this.

I think Commissioner Skop is spot on that this is something new. There is no benefit to the regulated ratepayers by this. And I think they have a very clear and heavy burden to justify this, and I haven't heard anything that would justify putting that burden on ratepayers.

COMMISSIONER SKOP: Thank you, Mr. Beck.

And then just one additional question to staff.

On Page 13 of the -- it's after the recommendation, I

guess, of Attachment A. Just at the bottom of the

paragraph before the last paragraph, and also continuing

on to Page 14. It clearly speaks in a different context,

but readily applicable to the instant case that when a

utility undertakes something on behalf of its ratepayers,

it clearly will demonstrate benefits to the ratepayers.

Would you agree that that is what is stated on Page 13 of

Attachment A in the paragraph?

MR. MAUREY: Okay, I see where you're asking now. Yes, it states that.

COMMISSIONER SKOP: Okay. And in this instant case they have not demonstrated any benefit to the ratepayers, is that correct?

MR. MAUREY: We believe that in the case of them passing any costs onto the ratepayers. No, they have not made that demonstration with respect to the 30 million.

COMMISSIONER SKOP: And staff has not, again, gone into the detail to the extent, because, if I view it as if we -- and this is the argument I would make if I was FPL -- if we, as the Commission, approved the financing application, then certainly all issuance costs associated with that, I think, are attributable to FPL and its ratepayers. So that little \$30 million, to me this seems to be a cute way of trying to get money and avoiding the finance costs. And, again, who does that benefit, the unregulated business and FPL Group stockholders.

So, again, this to me is a classic case of a cross-subsidy. And I hate to be critical of this, but, again, my view as a Commissioner is that this has no business being in here, and it could have been very simplified if it would have been taken out. But, again, that is the envelope that continues to be pushed, and it is problematic.

But, again, getting back to my point, Florida

Power and Light's request to use the creditworthiness of

its regulated utility to borrow funds for an aggregate

unregulated project, again, in my view is just yet another

instance of shifting risk to the ratepayers for the

benefits of this unregulated business and shareholders of

FPL Group.

And, you know, at this point, Mr. Chair, I will

yield to questions; but at the appropriate time I would 1 like to make a motion to approve the FPL financing 2 application in the aggregate amount not to exceed 3 \$6.1 billion with the modifications that I have previously 4 mentioned. 5 CHAIRMAN CARTER: Thank you, Commissioner. 6 7 Commissioner McMurrian, you're recognized. COMMISSIONER McMURRIAN: Mr. Chairman, I just 8 wanted to hear from the company at some point, because I 9 10 think --CHAIRMAN CARTER: Do you want to hear from Mr. 11 12 Butler now? COMMISSIONER McMURRIAN: I think it's time. 13 14 Thank you. CHAIRMAN CARTER: Mr. Butler, you're recognized. 15 COMMISSIONER McMURRIAN: Thank you. 16 MR. BUTLER: Thank you, Mr. Chairman. John 17 Butler on behalf of FPL. 18 If I may respond to some of the points that 19 Commissioner Skop has raised, and particularly provide him 20 and the rest of the Commission assurances that this is to 21 be structured with zero cost to FPL retail customers. 22 Going to a couple of the items that 23 Commissioner Skop had mentioned, you know, the financing 24

FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

costs, the costs of acquiring the financial instruments is

25

something that will be allocated to the retail and wholesale aspects of FPL's business so that to the extent this \$30 million, and it's roughly half of a percent of the 6.1 billion, then half a percent of the financing charges would go to, you know, would basically not be collected from retail customers. It would be zeroed out by virtue of applying jurisdictional separations to it.

The same thing applies to any of the costs of the debt, you know, the interest or other amounts that have to be paid to the debt holders. The same principle would apply as it would to all of the expenses, other nonfinancing aspects of the business for the NED division operations. So, customers are fully protected, you know, as thoroughly as it can be done against sharing in any of the additional costs that would be a consequence of the NED financing.

I would also like to point out that the assets, the substation in question, would be subject to -- first mortgage bonds would be collateral for the bondholders, just as FPL's other property in Florida, the retail assets would be, as well. So, in a sense, I suppose it's true that there is collateralization with respect to the substation from these retail assets, but by the same token there is collateralization with respect to the retail assets from the security interests that would exist with

respect to the substation property in New Hampshire. It works both ways. It's done evenly.

In a sense this is a new issue. We thought it was important to point it out, because it is a geographically disparate facility. But I think that it is really not quite on point to characterize it as being a completely new concept here. FPL has had for as long as I have been practicing law wholesale customers, and has had to undertake the exercise of separating out all of the activities, the operating expenses, the investment, the revenues, the costs of financing, et cetera, for wholesale activities from its retail business.

And we do that on a routine basis, it's something that happens routinely with respect to the financing of the wholesale portion of the company's business. And most of the time for most of those assets, what it amounts to is a very small fraction of the entire asset. There are some other instances, as would be the case here, where something is 100 percent wholesale, so 100 percent of it gets taken out of the operating expenses out of the rate base, out of the capital structure that would be retail oriented. But, that particular process has occurred before. It will occur here and the same principles that we have applied heretofore would apply with respect to the NED division substation assets.

1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8

Finally, I would just like to point out that this is something done -- Mr. Maurey had kind of alluded to earlier for some complicated reasons I can get into if anybody really wants to hear them, but I will try at the summary level to say that because of an interaction of FERC regulatory requirements, the New England pool interconnection requirements, it is important for -- or it's essential for this asset to be held by a utility that is not a generator in that New England pool.

And the utility that FPL chose to use for that purpose is Florida Power and Light Company. You know, it is a utility in Florida, it is a utility under the FERC regulatory scheme, it is a utility for this limited purpose pursuant to the New Hampshire law and regulated in a limited sense by the New Hampshire Public Utilities Commission. So these are, indeed, utility-regulated assets. They clearly don't serve the needs or interests of the retail customers in Florida, and as such, all of the costs associated with them have been removed, will be removed prospectively so that retail customers bear none of the costs associated with it. But I don't think that it is the major change in policy that has been suggested.

Thank you.

CHAIRMAN CARTER: Let Commissioner McMurrian finish, she did not ask her question. She wanted to hear

from the company. Commissioner McMurrian.

I'll come back.

COMMISSIONER McMURRIAN: Thank you.

I just wanted to -- I think it will help me if I just ask it this way, too. So what cost exactly with respect to the New England division will Florida ratepayers be accountable for? And then the second part of that, what benefits, if any, would there be for Florida ratepayers?

MR. BUTLER: On the cost side, Commissioner, you know, I truly do not believe there are any that the retail customers will be responsible for. As I indicated, whatever costs there are of acquiring the financial instruments, that will be split such that the share that the New England facilities represent will end up being picked up -- picked up, if you want to call it that, by those customers. It will not be charged to FPL retail customers.

The cost of the debt, the interest that would be paid on it, or any other return requirements is something that will be zeroed out of the determination of the cost of capital. It will not be paid by retail customers.

These assets won't be in the retail rate base that is supported by retail customers. And because of the dollar amount involved here, roughly half a percent of the total

financing requirements for the company, I've talked with our financing department about something that concerned me, which is the possibility that perhaps the incremental requirement to go into the market for some additional source of funds beyond what would be necessary if one only met the retail funding requirements, whether that would make it more difficult to secure the financing or would make it more expensive to get the financing than if we had the \$30 million lower figure. And I have been assured that, you know, at this level and given the oversubscription that occurs routinely on FPL finances, that there is no impact on either the availability of funds or the cost of the funds for either the FPL retail customers or the wholesale New Hampshire business as a result of the additional \$30 million of financing.

Now, on the benefit side, you know, I would agree with Commissioner Skop and with the staff on that point. I don't think there is any benefit, per se, to the FPL retail customers more than there probably would be in serving wholesale business generally. What FPL has always tried to do is to be sure that whatever, you know, business that's not retail-regulated business that it would have does not adversely impact the retail customers. And I think we have done a good job of assuring that that would not occur here.

CHAIRMAN CARTER: I'm going to go to Commissioner Argenziano; I'll come back.

Commissioner Argenziano.

COMMISSIONER ARGENZIANO: Thank you, Mr. Chair.

One for Mr. Beck. You just heard the company attorney's explain that there is no cost to the consumer.

And I don't know if there is a difference between risk and cost, and can you tell me your opinion of that first.

MR. BECK: I think that is an issue of fact whether there would be. I think in concept they are issuing \$30 million more of securities than they would otherwise. To some extent, that's going to -- I mean, there is an order of magnitude issue here whether it is material or not. But in concept, if you are issuing \$30 million using the creditworthiness of Florida Power and Light behind that, then that may be \$30 million less available for regulated purposes.

You also have the issue of whether that changes the risk overall of the debt they are issuing. If it increases the risk, then it's spread across the general body of ratepayers in the total issuance of the cost.

These are issues I think an expert would have to look at; but I think in concept they are there.

COMMISSIONER ARGENZIANO: So there is kind of a difference between costs to consumers and risk to

consumers? If the debt issuance was higher No. 2 MR. BECK: cost because of this, then that would be a cost to 3 consumers. 4 COMMISSIONER ARGENZIANO: Well, didn't I hear 5 the company say that consumers in the other area would be 6 7 paying? MR. BECK: Yes. As I understood that, that 8 would be the discount, the 4 percent issuance cost, 9 4 percent of \$30 million being 1.2 million. But separate 10 from the issuance cost is the issue of whether the cost 11 rate would be different because of that and the risk would 12 affect the cost rate. And if that were so, then that 13 would affect the general body of ratepayers. It would be 14 an issue. It would be something in a rate case we would 15 be sure to look at. 16 COMMISSIONER ARGENZIANO: So then at this point 17 18 OPC is opposed? I would agree with Commissioner Skop. MR. BECK: 19 20 The company concedes there is no benefit to customers and there is certainly the potential for risk and harm to 21

customers. COMMISSIONER ARGENZIANO: So then OPC is opposed. MR. BECK: We would support what Commissioner

22

23

24

25

Skop proposed that he was okay with the issuance, but wouldn't allow it for the Seabrook, the proposed station. We would agree with Commissioner Skop on that.

COMMISSIONER ARGENZIANO: Okay. Thank you.

MR. BUTLER: Mr. Chairman.

COMMISSIONER ARGENZIANO: And can the company respond?

MR. BUTLER: Thank you, yes, I would like to, Commissioner Argenziano.

There has been a lot of discussion over the years of the issue of what sort of impact additional risk of an investment may have on the overall return requirements for a regulated business which is perceived as being pretty stable and predictable and consistent if, you know, funds are used to finance some sort of activity that is going to be unregulated and perhaps has a different risk profile associated with it.

I would like to point out here, though, keep in mind this is a regulated asset. The point of why it is in the FPL utility structure as a below the line -- you know, for retail purposes below the line asset rather than in an unregulated affiliate is that it is a utility asset. It will be regulated by FERC. The return, you know, the revenues that are received on it are pursuant to FERC approved OATT tariffs as I understand it in the New

England pool, and it is a solid, steady revenue stream that I do not think raises the sort of concerns that would arise if one were using the money to finance some business activity that had a considerably different risk profile.

And when you add that to the sort of minimal size of the additional funds required here, I really -- I asked this particular question to our finance department preparing to talk to you today, and, you know, this isn't the sort of either difference in nature of risk or magnitude of investment that would move the needle.

COMMISSIONER ARGENZIANO: So let me just -- you used a lot of words, and I appreciate that, but sometimes brevity helps me a lot more. Are you saying that there is no risk to the customer, Florida customer?

MR. BUTLER: I am saying that I don't see how this changes the risk profile in any measurable way from what the retail customers currently see; and, therefore, should not change the cost of capital for retail customers.

COMMISSIONER ARGENZIANO: And that is the crux of the issue. And if I could have OPC one more time, and I think we have another individual who wants to jump in. If we could allow that, Mr. Chairman, that would be most helpful.

MR. BECK: Again, we would need a finance person

to answer this. But in concept, there's other risks out there other than what you have for Florida regulated utility operations. I don't know what the risk profile is of ISO New England or this, but it certainly could be different. And if it is greater, then the debt issuing costs could be greater, the debt costs could be greater; and if that's so, that raises the overall cost of capital of the company.

Now, I understand the company arguing that it is not material or it wouldn't be, but, you know, we would need an expert on that. Certainly the potential is there, and in concept it very easily could change the cost of capital. And on the other side of that, there's no benefit to customers, so you have the potential for risk and higher costs, you know, versus no benefit.

CHAIRMAN CARTER: You wanted to hear from Mr. Wright, Commissioner Argenziano?

COMMISSIONER ARGENZIANO: Yes, please.

CHAIRMAN CARTER: Mr. Wright.

MR. WRIGHT: Thank you, Mr. Chairman,

Commissioners. Schef Wright on behalf of the Florida

Retail Federation. As you know, we participate regularly,

including for four recent days before the Commission.

I'd like to speak in support of the proposition advanced by Commissioner Skop. I think there is a

legitimate question as to whether the impact of this \$30 million, half a percent, out of 6.1 billion is material. But, you know, at best, there's some incremental risk to customers, and at best there -- or at best, there's no incremental risk, there is the possibility of incremental risk. At best there is no incremental cost. There could be some. And at best there is no impact on FPL's ability to borrow another \$30 million that it might need for Florida operations. But there is some risk that it could. And as Mr. Maurey said, FPL Group Capital can certainly raise plenty of capital for FPL's unregulated activities.

I did want to make one point about the suggestion that this is just like a wholesale investment. I don't agree at all. The wholesale investments that Mr. Butler talks about as being separated appropriately by the retail/wholesale jurisdictional separation are typically, if not entirely, and I think pretty close to entirely power plants and transmission lines that are in the state of Florida, with the exception of Scherer 4, which is in Georgia that FPL owns most of. But they are power plants that serve predominately FPL, and somewhere between 93 and 97 percent of those costs are allocated to the retail jurisdiction with the small difference based on off-system sales or off-system usage of transmission

facilities is allocated to the wholesale jurisdiction.

So to answer Commissioner Argenziano's question directly, we oppose FPL's proposal to be allowed to put this borrowing on the balance sheet of the regulated customers in Florida. Thank you.

COMMISSIONER ARGENZIANO: Mr. Chair.

CHAIRMAN CARTER: Commissioner Argenziano.

COMMISSIONER ARGENZIANO: To staff, did this come up at all in your evaluation of this proposal, whether it could have the potential of changing the cost of capital?

MR. SPRINGER: We really looked at the materiality being that it is one-half of one percent of the 6.1 billion, and we also just looked at that they assured us that these expenditures were not going to be imposed on FPL's Florida customers. So that's the crux of what we looked at.

We didn't look at what Commissioner Skop had mentioned, the direct benefit to customers. Security applications are sort of routine every year. This was a new thing. We brought it before the Commission, but we were looking at it just as are the ratepayers protected and just the materiality of it.

COMMISSIONER ARGENZIANO: And I appreciate that, because that's what I was looking for. But what I'm

hearing from OPC and Mr. Wright is that it has a greater 1 potential that could affect Florida customers, and that's 2 3 what I was asking, if you looked at that at all. 4 MR. SPRINGER: No. COMMISSIONER ARGENZIANO: Okay. So there is the 5 6 possibility then that this has the potential to be a real 7 risk, or somewhat of a risk for our Florida consumers. That's what I'm getting from this right now. 8 9 MR. MAUREY: We would like to add, though, we do take the issue of risk shifting seriously. We do focus on 10 it. And as Mr. Beck stated, that's definitely an issue in 11 rate cases when we affect ROE, and so we do consider it. 12 We didn't look at it specifically in this application, but 13 it is something we track. 14 15 COMMISSIONER ARGENZIANO: Maybe Commissioner 16 Skop --Commissioner Skop. 17 CHAIRMAN CARTER: COMMISSIONER SKOP: Thank you, Mr. Chairman. 18 And, again, to the point of materiality, again, 19 I view this as an issue of first impression. It's also a 20 slippery slope. If we open the door, although the number 21 is benign this time, \$30 million, it may not be benign 22 next time and then it may open the door for Progress, 23 Gulf, and TECO to do the same thing. 24

So from a policy perspective, this is getting on

FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

25

unsettled ground for me. Because, again, it's an accounting exercise that's not necessary if we don't open the door. If we just say no and adopt what -- I have heard OPC support my position, I've heard Mr. Wright on behalf of Florida Retail Federation support my position. If you don't open the door, the accounting exercise is not necessary.

I do want to commend Mr. Wright for articulating the discussion, the foggy discussion related to jurisdictional and wholesale operations, because I fully agree with what Mr. Wright said. Most of the generating access -- I mean, wholesale assets are located in Florida with the exception of Georgia, but that provides a direct and tangible benefit to FPL's ratepayers in Florida. There is a substantial nexus. Here there is no nexus.

And, Mr. Butler, if you're done talking, I have additional questions on a point that you brought out.

With respect to --

MR. BUTLER: Certainly.

COMMISSIONER SKOP: -- the Seabrook, and the substation, and the FERC and all of that discussion that was there, you know, it's correct that -- my understanding is FPL Energy, the unregulated business, bought Seabrook Nuclear Station, is that correct?

MR. BUTLER: That's right. FPL Energy bought

the plant initially.

COMMISSIONER SKOP: And as part of that under

New Hampshire law, which has nothing to do with Florida

PSC jurisdiction, they could not own a substation, is that correct?

MR. BUTLER: As a generator they could not, that's my understanding.

COMMISSIONER SKOP: Okay. So for administrative convenience, somebody dreamed up the idea to put that into FPL NED and just put it within the regulated entity, kind of loosely related as an affiliate to Florida. So that was convenience on your part, is that correct?

MR. BUTLER: I wouldn't characterize it as convenience. Let me explain a little bit more in detail why it happened. The asset needed to be owned by a utility for it to be -- well, said the other way around, the entity that would own the asset would end up being a utility.

If FPL Group had set up another entity to own the asset and that entity became a utility, it would result in FPL Group losing its exempt status under the Public Utility Holding Company Act, and would, as a consequence, result in substantially additional burdensome and expensive regulatory requirements as a consequence. So it's not for convenience, it was put into the utility

that existed so that there would not be the need to create a second utility that would have that consequence.

1.4

COMMISSIONER SKOP: Okay. But benefiting for that, basically that asset has nothing do with anything remotely possible with serving the ratepayers in the state of Florida, is that correct?

MR. BUTLER: It will not be used to serve ratepayers in Florida, that's true.

COMMISSIONER SKOP: Okay. Mr. Chair, I would yield to further questions, but, again, at the appropriate time I would like to make my original motion.

CHAIRMAN CARTER: Thank you.

Commissioner Edgar, you're recognized.

COMMISSIONER EDGAR: Thank you, Mr. Chairman.

I'm getting a little confused, so I apologize for that, but I feel like I have heard some answers that are not completely in concert. And as Commissioner Argenziano raised, when I reviewed this item my first questions were what are the impacts to ratepayers; what are the impacts to the state; what, if any, risk additionally would be borne from the transaction as it was laid out?

And I thought I heard in the opening presentation from staff that there would be no additional cost or risk to Florida ratepayers, and then I thought I

heard in response to some of the questions from

Commissioner Skop that there may be some question about

where the transaction costs would be borne, and also some

discussion of shifting of risk.

And in reviewing, again, as the discussion is going on some of the information before us, it is just not completely clear to me. And I apologize if it is to everybody else, but it just isn't to me.

So I'm just going to throw this out, if I may, Mr. Chairman. I note on the first page where it says critical dates, none. And Commissioner Skop has raised some policy questions, we have had some points raised from OPC and from the Florida Retail Federation, and I appreciate your participation and willingness to join in the discussion. But in my listening to you, some of the way you have presented your comments as conceptually, and I appreciate that, as well, but trying to take that sort of conceptual framework and apply it to a specific factual scenario before me is what I'm grappling with.

So I'm just wondering, and I pose this to the company and also our staff, and anybody else, is seeing as how it says no critical dates, with many of the questions that have been posed, would it be possible and open to maybe defer this item and ask our staff to do some additional analysis, realizing that questions have come up

about the shifting of risk, impact potentially on the cost of capital and/or transaction costs, and whatever other points have been raised that I haven't mentioned, and if indeed there is a detriment if we were to take some additional time and ask our staff to do some additional written analysis for us.

Thank you, Mr. Chairman.

MR. BUTLER: Commissioner Edgar, if I may respond to your question initially. I think there is a critical date for FPL. It's very important that the finance application, the approval of it be final before the end of the year, since this is for financing commencing at the beginning of January 2009.

Now, if there is something that it would be productive to have a short deferral that, you know, allowed additional discussions and gathered additional information, you know, that's something that would be -- I guess in principle, at least, that could be accommodated and still get to that result, but there is that critical date for FPL. We are very interested in getting a decision that would become a final agency action on this by 12-31-2008.

CHAIRMAN CARTER: Commissioner Edgar.

COMMISSIONER EDGAR: And I appreciate your raising the importance of the end of the calendar year for

this transaction, because I was not sure about specific timing from reading the item, just as I'm not sure about specific responses to some of the questions that have been raised.

So I guess, if I may, Mr. Chairman, I would pose that to staff, then, to see if realizing that there are some timing issues, if some of the questions that have been raised could potentially be looked at a little more closely. If that would have enough time for you to be able to answer some questions realizing that it's going to be a very busy couple of weeks, I know that.

CHAIRMAN CARTER: Before staff responds,

Commissioner Edgar, I would like to say that in order to
do that, we would have to be fair to give OPC an
opportunity to get experts, bring in witnesses and all
like that. And I think it would be -- I don't think it
will be something that we can do on a short notice,
because obviously the issues that we are talking about on
the surface they seem simple, but they are fairly
complicated.

When you want to be able to present information and evidence to the contrary, I think that -- I just don't think that would give OPC, and even if the Retail Federation wanted to participate, I don't know if that would give them enough time to do that if we did that,

particularly in light of Mr. Butler's perspective on there is a critical date involved in this. I just want to say that before we got to --

commissioner edgar: And I think the questions of -- and that's why I wanted to say, staff, would there be enough time, and certainly would want fairness to all parties to raise concerns and help us flesh out the issues and the potential impacts, which is what I'm trying to understand, both from a policy perspective and from more detail to this particular factual scenario.

Mr. Chairman, I may have misspoke because I was not -- in asking my questions, I was not posing the possibility or the request for an evidentiary proceeding with testimony and experts. I was just wondering if there may be the opportunity for some additional analysis. And if there isn't time for that benefit -- but I would just like to throw that out there.

CHAIRMAN CARTER: My response to you,

Commissioner, was based on, you know, listening to what

OPC had said and what Mr. Wright had said as well as in

response to some of Commissioner Skop's questions by

staff, to me it does seem to lend itself to a full-blown

evidentiary proceeding in the context of that.

I may be misreading it, but that's what I heard, and I just don't know. Let me do this, get a response

from staff, and then I will go to Commissioner Skop for a question and comment.

Staff.

MS. FLEMING: There are a couple of things -CHAIRMAN CARTER: You remember Commissioner
Edgar's question, right?

MS. FLEMING: Yes, I do remember the question.

Mr. Butler is correct as far as the critical date being the order being final by the end of the year so that they can issue these securities starting on January 1st, 2009. The other critical date that's within the statute is that the Commission does need to publish an FAW notice at least seven days prior to the agenda conference in which they will address this matter.

We could potentially file an FAW notice on Tuesday, which will be published on November 28th.

However, we will not be able to address this issue until the December 16th agenda conference. Staff could get an order out fairly quickly, but I'm not sure that the order will be final by the end of the year, and those would be the parameters that we would be working within.

CHAIRMAN CARTER: Are you okay with that?

COMMISSIONER EDGAR: And I realize the end of the calendar year is -- in fact, I don't even know what has happened to the first part of November, it has just

flown by me. And we do have a number of issues before us, and I know we have additionally calendar constraints and agenda conference constraints. I would just pose it, again, that it may be helpful to have some additional analysis, although I recognize that the timing is tight.

I'd be interested in hearing from FPL and the other parties about that time frame that our staff has suggested, and it's just an idea that I'm putting out there for discussion.

MR. BUTLER: Mr. Chairman.

CHAIRMAN CARTER: Mr. Butler, then Mr. Beck, then Mr. Wright, and then Commissioner Skop.

MR. BUTLER: I think the thing that may make the most sense here, certainly from FPL's perspective, is that as staff -- I think it was Mr. Maurey, I'm not sure which staff person had noted this a few moments ago, but, you know, the impact, if there is any, of additional risk from utility operations that don't benefit retail customers, is something that is appropriately taken up in rate case settings. You know, it can be looked at as sort of an overall cost of capital to the utility, the retail utility that customers are supporting.

And I think that it makes sense to have the FPL application, as it was submitted, approved with -- you know, to address Commissioner Skop's concerns, a

proceeding of some form. You know, if there is appropriate timing of a rate proceeding, a full rate proceeding, that would be probably the most appropriate. It could also be in a separate proceeding that would specifically be had for the purpose of addressing the impact on the regulated, the retail regulated cost of capital.

But that is an issue that I think is well beyond what normally gets covered in the approval of these financing applications, and I would urge that you not take a path that would hold up approval of this application for resolution of that issue, recognizing that some form of proceeding to provide parties with a full opportunity to participate and, you know, state their views, express their views, support their views with evidence as necessary could be appropriate.

Thank you.

CHAIRMAN CARTER: Let me come back to you,

Commissioner. I want to finish this line of questioning

for Commissioner Edgar and then I will come back to you.

Mr. Beck.

MR. BECK: Commissioners, we will certainly go with whatever scenario is set out. One possibility is that you could approve the application subject to the qualification proposed by Commissioner Skop, and then give

Florida Power and Light the opportunity to come in on the remainder for this Seabrook Substation Reliability

Improvement Plan. If you approve it as is, we will certainly address it in a rate case. So, I would recommend that you go with Commissioner Skop's proposal with the qualification and let FPL come in later and prove up the substation if they wish.

CHAIRMAN CARTER: Mr. Wright.

MR. WRIGHT: Thank you, Mr. Chairman.

I could not have said it any better than

Mr. Beck did. I agree with what he just said, that we
support Commissioner Skop's proposal and let FPL come
back, you know, at some appropriate time and prove up the
\$30 million as a borrowing by Florida Power and Light
Company Florida.

And we support Commissioner Skop's proposition.

Thank you.

CHAIRMAN CARTER: Thank you.

Commissioner Skop and then Commissioner Argenziano.

COMMISSIONER SKOP: Thank you, Mr. Chairman.

I just want to respond quickly to something that Mr. Butler said. He would have the Commission believe that the appropriate forum to address these issues and the impact is within the rate case. I would adamantly

disagree with that. It's proper for this Commission to not to approve this and to do what Mr. Beck -- at a minimum, to do what Mr. Beck and Mr. Wright have also suggested. If we need to go hearing on this issue, fine, but this issue, to approve it opens the door, it's a slippery slope.

I personally don't think that, you know, I would want to go down that path. Because if you open the door, you never know what is coming next time. And, you know, 30 million now, and it is benign to some degree, but it won't -- you know, there is nothing to say that once you give them that entree, that it's 500 million, you know, next time. And this is, to me, poor policy.

But, you know, I thought I was reasonable. I have stated openly at the onset that I support the financing application. We can move forward today up to \$6.1 billion for the Florida projects, which include the two conversion plants that we recently approved, Canaveral and -- I'm trying to think of the other one off the top of my head, but I can't think of it right now.

MR. BUTLER: Riviera.

COMMISSIONER SKOP: Riviera, thank you. My navigational aids that you guys have taken away when I come back from the Bahamas.

But, you know, I think my frustration is FPL's

FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

unwillingness to compromise. Here it is, they can get exactly what they ask for subject to just compromising and removing the offensive portion, and they don't compromise. It is just push, push, push.

Now, that's their job; and my job is to be a regulator and to protect the ratepayers, all of our jobs are. And I think that we have shown and we have heard, maybe not conclusively, but at least certainly beyond any reasonable doubt that there is no benefit to the ratepayers here. There could be substantial risk, and we, as a matter of public policy, the creditworthiness of a regulated utility should not be used to borrow for unregulated operations out of state that have absolutely nothing to do, no nexus to the ratepayers. The only winner out of that situation is FPL Energy and FPL Group shareholders.

There is no benefit sharing. Certainly if they make a profit off of their substation operations, do you think FPL's ratepayers are going to have their fuel bill reduced? Absolutely not. So I would respectfully request if we need to take it up later, you know, certainly FPL can petition for a hearing. My gut feel is that if we were -- if I were to make my motion and we approve as modified by stripping out the \$30 million, you know, FPL is going to take it and they are going to go do their

financing, and, you know, I doubt they will come back. If they want to, fine. You know, we can tee up the issue then.

But it's not appropriate to make a hasty rush decision that would be an order of this Commission that would open the door to a slippery slope. And, you know, I don't respond well to having a gun to my head. So, you know, I think that it would be appropriate to, if the Commission deems fit, based on my motion, to approve the financing application in the stated not to exceed amount with the two modifications that I previously mentioned. And I think that comports well with OPC's position and also the Florida Retail Federation's position. I thank them both for their support.

CHAIRMAN CARTER: Thank you.

Commissioner Argenziano.

COMMISSIONER ARGENZIANO: Just to make a comment first. I appreciate the heads up in a sense, because I took this, I was reading it and I was not advised of the potential anywhere else. So I appreciate that. And whether it unfolds that way or not, I still would like to have the opportunity up front. And with that said, I don't know if it was proper that OPC could have come up without you asking them. Is that possible? Or the Retail Federation, because I hadn't heard from anybody.

CHAIRMAN CARTER: Interested persons could participate.

commissioner argenziano: Okay. It would have been probably a good thing to hear ahead of time or know that. Because right now I'm sitting here reading this and just was not advised any other way until Commissioner Skop brought it up. So I do appreciate that. And with that, if that was a motion, I'll second your motion.

CHAIRMAN CARTER: Let me make sure. Any further discussion before we go to Commissioner Skop for a motion?

Commissioner Edgar, you're recognized.

COMMISSIONER EDGAR: I do need, Commissioner, for you to clarify for me the modifications that you are proposing and your understanding of the impact and the purpose, just so I am clearer.

COMMISSIONER SKOP: Yes, ma'am. I'll be happy to do so.

I would basically move to approve FPL's financing application in the aggregate amount not to exceed \$6.1 billion with the following modifications to the staff recommendation: Deletion of the authority to finance construction expenditures of approximately 30 million for the planned Seabrook Substation Reliability Improvement Project in the state of New Hampshire, and insertion of the requirement consistent with the same

language in Consent Agenda Items 2B and 2E that the capital raised pursuant to the financing application will be used in conjunction with the activities of Florida Power and Light and not the unregulated entities of its affiliates.

CHAIRMAN CARTER: Hang on a second. Hold on a second. We're going to get some more discussion, but, Commissioner, do you have any other questions -- and I'm going to go to Commissioner --

COMMISSIONER EDGAR: I did. Like I say, I didn't realize we were at the motion phase. I was just trying to figure out what it did.

Can I ask FPL to speak specifically to those modifications of the staff's --

CHAIRMAN CARTER: And then I will come to you,

Commissioner McMurrian.

COMMISSIONER EDGAR: -- item as it is before us.

MR. BUTLER: As to the first, you know, I think
I have pretty well spoken to it. I will be happy to
provide any additional comment that the Commissioners, you
know, need to hear, or answer any additional questions on
it. We do continue to urge that you approve the financing
application as filed without deletion of the provision
that would apply or permit a small portion of that
financing total dollar amount to be used to support the

NED substation improvement project. I think that it is an immaterial amount. I think that we have provided you and can provide further assurances to the staff, you know, in connection with any audits or reviews they performed that absolutely none of the costs will end up being borne by FPL retail customers at any level; at the expense level, at the investment support level, at the cost of capital level, at the risk level, as a result of this, you know, allowing the funds to be used for that financing purpose. So for that reason, we would not support and would urge you to not adopt that first amendment to the staff recommendation.

The second amendment to the staff
recommendation, if I understand it correctly, is basically
already in our financing application, what would be
approved for it except that there is this exception for
the NED substation facilities. And so I believe that we
are okay with that, you know, sort of as a general
principle, except that as we stated in our application and
as staff proposed to -- you know, proposed it for
approval, the general principle outlined in Commissioner
Skop's second modification would apply or would have an
exception for the NED facilities. And if I'm
misunderstanding his second modification, my apologies.
But, as I understand it, I don't think, with that

exception, we would have any concern with it.

COMMISSIONER EDGAR: Thank you, Mr. Chairman, for the opportunity to have Commissioner Skop restate what he had proposed and the opportunity to have some additional response. Because there are a lot of issues involved, and because I do think some of the answers -- and this is not a criticism -- but are still kind of being thought through, the opportunity for some further work and written analysis by our staff is very attractive to me. However, I sense no other interest from the bench on that, so --

COMMISSIONER ARGENZIANO: Wait a minute. Since I had a second, can I speak to that?

CHAIRMAN CARTER: You're recognized.

COMMISSIONER ARGENZIANO: Before I change that, because I'm not sure I will, can I ask Mr. Beck did you come up with a different solution a few minutes ago, or was it just what Commissioner Skop had indicated?

MR. BECK: That is what we would recommend is that you go with Commissioner Skop.

COMMISSIONER ARGENZIANO: Okay. The way he had announced it. And that would -- okay.

And, Commissioner Edgar, you're saying you still would like some more discussion or more information, and that --

of the discussion that we have had about what, if any, potential impact there may be on the cost of capital and the protections to the ratepayers was not, to me, completely crystal clear, and that, therefore, if there was the opportunity for some written analysis. But I do recognize that there are other time lines that need to be accommodated.

CHAIRMAN CARTER: Thank you.

Commissioner McMurrian.

the point I was going to follow up on, and I wasn't quite ready for the motion either. But, anyway, it's on the table and that's fine. I just want to make sure I understand, though. I think we do need to decide something before the end of the year for the reasons that they have mentioned, and I know Ms. Fleming told us that we wouldn't -- if we put it on the December 16th agenda, we wouldn't probably have a final order by then.

And I did want to ask Mr. Butler, and I know we are sort of past the question part, but I think this is important. Does it need to be a final order by the end of the year?

MR. BUTLER: I think it does, Commissioner, particularly in view of the controversy that has elicited.

I don't think that FPL or counsel asked to give opinions on financing, that sort of thing, in the early part of the year would be comfortable if the protest period on a PAA order had not yet run. And I think that if you had a December 16th Agenda Conference, even with a very quick turnaround on the order, you would be looking at the protest period extending fairly extensively into 2009.

COMMISSIONER McMURRIAN: 2009. And just to Ms. Fleming, I guess one more time, there is no way with the noticing requirements to get it on the December 2nd agenda?

MS. FLEMING: No, Commissioner. The next time to file for an FAW notice will be Tuesday, which would not get published until the 28th of November, which would give us five days, four days prior to the agenda, and the notice needs to be published seven days prior to the agenda.

COMMISSIONER McMURRIAN: I'm sorry, Ms. Fleming,
I didn't quite follow all of that.

MS. FLEMING: The next available time that we are able to file an FAW notice is Tuesday, and it will not be published until the 28th of November, which is only four days prior to the agenda. And the statute states that you need to have seven days notice prior to the Commission making a decision.

COMMISSIONER McMURRIAN: It seems like we have added things as emergency items before. I'm just trying to remember is there any exception to do it on a quicker turnaround?

Because I do agree with the points you raised about having more information. I do feel a little bit rushed without -- and I do appreciate the issue that you have brought up, Commissioner Skop, and the same way that Commissioner Argenziano raised it earlier. I think that it is a good discussion to have.

I'm not sure that the parties are really prepared to speak to that. I know Mr. Beck had said that they would have to have someone with some financial expertise probably address that. I don't think that we necessarily need to go to a hearing, but I do think it would be better to either put the whole item off and get more information, or vote with respect to the 6.1 billion and delay the other piece until we have more information on the other piece. I just feel a little uncomfortable saying no to that piece until I get -- I feel like we have heard some different, some conflicting information, too.

So I was wondering if there is some way to put that 30 million piece off, or the whole thing, I'm not sure which way is --

MR. DEVLIN: Mr. Chairman, we were discussing --

CHAIRMAN CARTER: Mr. Devlin.

MR. DEVLIN: -- that very point, and maybe this is viable, is that we could -- perhaps the Commission could vote out Commissioner Skop's modified suggestion for security application, and we would oblige ourselves to come back and study whether an amendment -- from time to time we amend, Mr. Maurey can jump in, security applications as circumstances change. And we would commit to come back and study the issue of the substation in New Hampshire, and whether a security application should be amended, you know, at a future date. And they could at least get the \$6.1 billion issuance final for the majority of their capital needs before the year ends.

CHAIRMAN CARTER: Commissioner McMurrian.

COMMISSIONER McMURRIAN: So to Ms. Fleming, would we have -- if we didn't consider it a new item by FPL, in other words, we were deferring a portion of this that had already been on this agenda, would you really have the same noticing requirements? I'm just trying to -- in other words, we've got this before us today, the item was noticed for this agenda today, and we don't really complete this item, in a sense, for agenda, do you still have the same noticing requirements?

MS. FLEMING: Well, just to be clear, the notice stated that the Commission would address FPL's securities

application where they are seeking to recover -- or seeking to issue securities in the amount of 6.1 billion for long-term and 3.0 billion for short-term. I think the notice adequately covers the motion that Commissioner Skop has entailed. The notice was just a broad -- to explain what the application requested. However, any modifications thereof are still contemplated within the notice.

Are you asking if we were to take this portion out and come back at a later date?

thing entirely. I mean, we're discussing what we have before us. It's noticed to be before us. And I know there are other times when, for instance, we run longer than we intend, we end up scheduling another day for something, and we don't have to renotice everything because it's a continuation of what we have already noticed.

MS. FLEMING: Well, I know that in the FAW notice we show the date and time for the agenda conference and it is to take final action on the securities application. And the statute does state that the Commission may take final action when a notice is published in the FAW at least seven days in advance of the final agency action.

So one could argue that you would need to file an amended notice to show that this item is going to be taken up at another agenda to give anyone else that may have any concerns with this item an opportunity to address the Commission.

But, with respect Mr. Devlin's point, the Commission could, with the motion itself as it is on the table, the Commission could move forward with that motion and it does not foreclose FPL from filing an application in the future for this 30 million. So they are not precluded from doing so in the future, but it gives them the opportunity to move forward with their current securities application.

though, I just don't see the need in necessarily having them refile something for something they have already put before us. And that seems to me to just drag everything out more. If they have already filed the application for the 6.1, including the 30 million, why make them file something else? I realize that there would need to be questions and there would need to be discussion among the parties. I mean, I think we are all at a loss, in a sense, we're not exactly sure -- the materiality has come up, of course, but we are not exactly sure what the risk will be to the ratepayers and how much cost they would

actually pay with respect to the New England division. It seems like to me that that is just something that could be done by discussions of the parties and staff between now and some future decision point rather than making the utility file something again and starting the whole clock over if we are trying to get something done by the end of '08.

I'm just trying to think if there is some way to do it. But, again, I know that we have a motion and all out. I just think that for me it would be preferable to either put the entire decision off somehow, if we could meet the noticing requirements under the statute, or at least put the portion of it that we are most concerned about off in some way.

MR. BUTLER: Mr. Chairman, could I make a brief comment on a procedural issue?

CHAIRMAN CARTER: A brief one, Mr. Butler. Then Commissioner Argenziano.

MR. BUTLER: The concern in the statute is in the notice requirements before you take final agency action. As I understand what's being proposed, you're not proposing to take final agency action. You are proposing to take or considering taking proposed agency action here. So I have a question as to whether that seven-day requirement applies to what you are envisioning doing

here.

CHAIRMAN CARTER: Commissioner Argenziano.

COMMISSIONER ARGENZIANO: I just wanted to say that I felt that since everything was getting crammed in, and it seems like we are going to rush with all of this information, if, as was just mentioned, they could come back with that, why not just do that and give it more time?

CHAIRMAN CARTER: Commissioner Skop.

COMMISSIONER SKOP: Thank you, Mr. Chair.

I think staff has supported this, and I think if I hear Commissioner Argenziano, who seconded my motion, I think supports it, and certainly OPC and Florida Retail Federation. To me just from a procedural standpoint, I think that it is administratively convenient for the Commission to move forward with the motion that's on the table and properly seconded, vote that out, as staff has recommended. If that passes, great. If not, we can punt and decide what happens later.

But, to me, you know, it does not preclude FPL, it just basically states that -- it gives them what they need now to go finance Florida-related projects. They can get their financing in place.

With respect to the \$30 million, you know, they can come back later and make their case and we can have a

hearing, or some sort of evidentiary proceeding, or briefs, or what have you. But it doesn't preclude them from doing that, it just kind of says, look, we are giving them only what we feel comfortable in moving forward with at this point. And to me I'm not comfortable with the \$30 million for an unregulated facility.

CHAIRMAN CARTER: Commissioner Argenziano.

COMMISSIONER ARGENZIANO: To the point just made by the company. Does that make a difference on the seven days, if you could respond to that?

MS. FLEMING: Thank you, Commissioner.

We were looking at that. To the point with the company, generally as staff has stated earlier, we do deal with this as a consent item, so it is a final order. Here we do need to allow a point of entry, so I would suspect it would be a PAA order, but we need to take into account we need to have the 21-day period. So we could potentially take this up at the December 2nd agenda; however, depending on the timing of when the order comes out and the timing of when the protest period runs, the order may or may not be final by the end of the year. So we're looking at a very tight time frame.

CHAIRMAN CARTER: But the order would be final as it relates to -- if the motion passes, the order would be final at it relates to the financing, it's just we

would not have dealt with the 30 million, is that correct?

MS. FLEMING: If the motion passes, the order will be final with the exception of the -- if the motion passes, the order will be final prior to the end of the year.

CHAIRMAN CARTER: Because Mr. Butler said that the company would need to have a final -- the order has to be final before they could proceed with their financing. So the portion of their financing which we are concerned about as it relates to Florida would be final, they can go to the markets. The area that we have had the most discussion of that deals with New Hampshire would be something totally different altogether. I mean, whatever we decide to slice it and dice it as, it will be something different, correct?

MS. FLEMING: That's correct. So if the Commission chose to vote on the motion today, then staff could issue an order, allow the protest period to run so that there is an ample point of entry for the parties. That portion of the order would be final by the end of the year, which is what the utility is seeking for. The staff at that point could still come back, if the Commission chooses and FPL chooses to request the 30 million for another agenda on December 2nd, provide the Commissioners additional information, and that order may or may not be

final by the end of the year. But the Florida portion of the securities that we are discussing would be final.

CHAIRMAN CARTER: Commissioner McMurrian.

can get this straight. So if we were to vote on the motion that's on the table now, we could get that out in time, and I think that that is clear. But you are saying that FPL would be able to come back with respect to the 30 million and try to make a stronger case, and you said we might be able to get that on the December 2nd agenda?

MS. FLEMING: My understanding was if we needed to get additional information, if we didn't need anything in addition to what is in the filing currently, and the Commissioners wanted us to bring back additional information, and we were able to do it on the December 2nd agenda, then that order may or may not be final.

However, if FPL needs to refile an application for that 30 million, and we need to have additional discussions with OPC, or Mr. Wright, then that may be at a later agenda.

COMMISSIONER McMURRIAN: So it seems to me that the hold up would be if we were able to get the remainder on the December 2nd agenda, that what your concern is is how many days it takes to get the order out.

MS. FLEMING: I really don't have any concern

FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

with the 30 million because it doesn't affect the Florida securities application. What is really at issue is that the utilities need to have an order that is final for them to pursue their Florida securities. So, really, what the most entails will take care of any concerns that we have with respect to the utility needing to be able to issue securities starting in January of 2009.

So with respect to the 30 million, that could be taken up at the December 2nd agenda, or it could be something that could be taken up three months from now or a year from now. That really doesn't play a factor as far as the Florida securities.

CHAIRMAN CARTER: Commissioner McMurrian.

COMMISSIONER McMURRIAN: Mr. Chairman, I'm looking at Mr. Butler.

So the time constraint is with respect to the 6.1 million and not so much the 30 million.

CHAIRMAN CARTER: 6.1 billion.

COMMISSIONER McMURRIAN: Billion. I'm sorry, 6.1 billion.

MR. BUTLER: It is for both, actually. Some of the activity that will need to be financed pretty early in the year are the upgrades at the Seabrook substation. So, what I thought I was beginning to hear, and I think might end up making some sense would be to decide on the

application sort of without the financing for 30 million for the Seabrook, have the additional discussions, come back on December 2, present that additional information, and, you know, you could at that point, I think, approve -- take whatever action you chose to take with respect to the financing for the 30 million Seabrook substation improvements, and that could end up being an order issued, I think, anything before December 10. You would still end up having the 21-day protest period run. We would get kind of a final determination on all of it by the end of the year.

COMMISSIONER SKOP: Mr. Chair.

CHAIRMAN CARTER: Commissioner Skop.

think we have a motion on the table. I think the motion in question is articulated by staff, and the concerns that have been raised by Commissioners adequately addresses the important part, which is the Florida funding and the Florida project. So, you know, hopefully we will get to voting that out. But for the life of me, I cannot understand why FPL is so adamant about not compromising. You know, you can come back later. You have other funding vehicles. You have FPL Group Capital, you have a host of commercial paper options, and it's just constantly pushing the envelope. And it leads me to believe that there is no

benefit to the ratepayer here. Why are you pushing so hard for that? I don't understand why there is no compromise. It's just very frustrating.

With that, Mr. Chairman, if there's no further discussion, I would respectfully vote the issue.

CHAIRMAN CARTER: Thank you, Commissioners, for your patience.

Anything further? Any further debate, any further discussion, any further comments on the motion?

Commissioner McMurrian, you're recognized.

if we need to go forward with the motion we will. I'm not really sure what I feel comfortable doing. I wanted more information with respect to the 30 million. Again, I'm trying to decide, but it sounds like that is not something that perhaps Commissioner Skop is willing to do, so I guess we will go ahead and vote on the motion.

But I would feel more comfortable getting information. I think that it is a possibility. I don't know, I don't have enough information to know, but it's a possibility that, given the conflicting information I have heard -- and I understand where Mr. Beck is coming from and Mr. Wright, but they would have to have more information to look into it to really say for sure what exactly the costs are to the ratepayer and what the risks

are to the ratepayer, but their gut feel is that there would be some risk to the ratepayer to go forward, and they are more comfortable with approving just the larger piece of it now and taking out the 30 million. I understand that.

I would prefer to get more information with respect to the 30 million before I decide and answer these questions. But, again, I realize that there is a motion on the table, and if we are going forward with that, then I guess I need to decide how I'm going to vote.

CHAIRMAN CARTER: Commissioner Argenziano then Commissioner Edgar.

commissioner argenziano: Well, I guess just to elaborate. The important thing for Florida is to make sure that this component that we have is done before the end of the year. That is taken care of in this motion. What is the -- let me ask it in a way, and I mean it with all due respect, what is the time frame for the company if they needed that other -- which I'm not sure they are going to get, or they are, or they are not, what is the time frame there? If you could come back and possibly be on the December 2nd, what's the problem with that, ensuring that we get the component for Florida taken care of today?

MR. BUTLER: I don't think there is a problem

with that.

COMMISSIONER ARGENZIANO: Then that may help --

MR. BUTLER: I'm sorry, excuse me.

COMMISSIONER ARGENZIANO: -- with Commissioner

McMurrian's concern over that portion that there really is

no time frame for that as much as the amount that we are

approving today.

MR. BUTLER: Recognizing, again, the time frame, we have concerns about getting an answer to both pieces before the end of the year, but I think that what Commissioner McMurrian had suggested would get there.

I'm a little bit confused as to what exactly you are prepared to vote on as to the timing of it. I mean, it is clear that what you are prepared to vote on would involve sort of excepting out the approval for the Seabrook station financing costs now, but the timing of when that would be brought up back to you is --

COMMISSIONER ARGENZIANO: Well, I thought what we heard was the component that ensures that the Florida portion of that is taken care of would be final before the end of the year.

MR. BUTLER: That's right.

COMMISSIONER ARGENZIANO: So I'm not sure where the confusion is. It is on the other issue that would be brought back.

MR. BUTLER: If it is brought back on

December 2 and then you vote based on the additional
information you have at that point up or down whether to
also approve that which would be proposed agency action,
we would end up getting the order out -- I think Ms.

Fleming said before December 10 wouldn't be a problem. I
think that works. I mean, that is a satisfactory timing
answer to the concerns that we have. It wasn't clear to
me, I'm sorry, Commissioner, whether that was specifically
what was being considered.

COMMISSIONER ARGENZIANO: And it seems to me that that would clear up Commissioner McMurrian's concern also.

MR. BUTLER: I think it would. Well, I can't speak for her. It would for us.

CHAIRMAN CARTER: Commissioner McMurrian and then Commissioner Edgar. She is going respond to --

COMMISSIONER McMURRIAN: I'm sorry.

CHAIRMAN CARTER: You're recognized.

it up. I don't think that Commissioner Skop -- I think what Commissioner Skop -- and maybe I need to just ask Commissioner Skop, but I think his motion was to go ahead and rule on the entire application today in favor of the 6.1 billion, but not in favor of including the 30 million,

and sort of decide that today. Not putting off the decision with respect to the 30 million. And I guess I was saying that I would be more comfortable if the 30 million piece was something that we took up separately after getting more information and the parties had time to talk to each other and get clearer with the staff, of course, and then to come back to us with that information before deciding that piece.

thought -- that's exactly what I was talking about.

Commissioner Skop's suggestion -- I mean, motion, but that the company had the ability to still come back with the other 30 million portion of that. Is that correct; is that what I heard? They can refile, and that's why I asked your time sensitivity.

CHAIRMAN CARTER: Staff.

COMMISSIONER ARGENZIANO: Let me have staff -MR. DEVLIN: My understanding is that the
company could come back and refile and amend their
request.

COMMISSIONER ARGENZIANO: Right.

And, Mr. Chair, that was my point to the company, what is your time frame. To me the important component of making sure is the Florida portion of that, which is taken care of in this motion. As far as the

other amount that we are all having discussion over, and some want to hear more about it in the future, is there a time sensitive or time critical on that issue, or why couldn't the company come back and refile on that one?

MR. BUTLER: Well, it is time sensitive to us. As I had indicated to Commissioner McMurrian earlier, we have a need to begin the construction expenditures with respect to the Seabrook project pretty early in 2009. What I'm pausing on here is, I guess, really what seems like just a logistical challenge. If we don't, or if you don't in your vote sort of set this up so that it will, as a matter of course, come back at the December 2 agenda, and instead we, FPL, are directed to come file something new if we want to pursue the \$30 million approval for the Seabrook project, I don't see how that could come to the December 2 agenda. And that's, I think, where my hesitation comes.

If you make that part of what you approve so you are approving now the baseline, you know, Florida portion of the securities application as it has been described and say that what is going to happen is that the other issue with additional information will come up at December 2, then I think that works for us. If you decide that you -- you know, the first part of that, but then the second is whenever, FPL, you would like to refile, feel free, I

don't see how we could make that work logistically to have it come up at December 2, and without that we won't end up getting the answer by the end of 2008.

COMMISSIONER SKOP: Mr. Chair.

MR. BUTLER: That's what I was trying to point out.

CHAIRMAN CARTER: Hang on a second. I'm going to our general counsel.

Mr. Cooke.

MR. COOKE: I agree that it sounds like it is important for the company to get a final decision out of the agency, and in order to make sure we are doing this appropriately and can, in fact, bring it back December 2nd if need be, I would like to take a break so we can discuss these procedural issues amongst ourselves for a few minutes, make sure we have our ducks in a row, and can advise the Commission appropriately.

CHAIRMAN CARTER: Okay.

Commissioners, I think that's fair to give staff an opportunity to do that. Because, on the one hand, we have talked about dealing with the Florida issue now, but on the other hand, Commissioner McMurrian, Commissioner Edgar, and even Commissioner Argenziano has expressed an interest in getting some additional detail.

I spoke about OPC being able to have some time

FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

to do that. If we could do it all on December 2nd that may be what everyone needs, but I'm prepared to give staff an opportunity to get their ducks in a row before we move forward on the motion.

Let's take -- we'll come back on the half hour.

(Recess.)

CHAIRMAN CARTER: We are back on the record.

And once we left, we gave staff an opportunity to do some strategizing or some strategy. And let's do this, Commissioners, I want to go to Commissioner Skop first, and then we will go to staff and get whatever questions they may have.

Commissioner Skop, you're recognized, sir.

COMMISSIONER SKOP: Thank you, Mr. Chairman.

And in the spirit of compromise, and I have heard some concerns from my colleagues, so I'm trying to incorporate that into my thought process. I would respectfully amend my prior motion that's on the table to approve the Florida portion of the FPL financing application in the aggregate amount not to exceed \$6.1 billion with the following understandings, that the Commission would defer consideration of the authority to finance the construction expenditures of the approximately 30 million for the planned Seabrook Substation Reliability Improvement Project located in the state of New Hampshire

until the December 2nd agenda conference. And that would give adequate time for the parties and any interested parties to provide that additional information on an issue of critical public policy.

And also, too, that pending that, we would be able to insert the appropriate language based on whether that was approved or denied to ensure that any funds raised were not used. But, essentially in a nutshell, the motion would be to approve -- the amended motion would be to approve the Florida portion of the FPL financing application in the aggregate amount not exceeding \$6.1 billion, and to defer consideration of the 30 million out-of-state portion until the December 2nd agenda conference.

COMMISSIONER ARGENZIANO: I second that. And thank you for that compromise. It's never hurtful to get more information, and I definitely appreciate that.

CHAIRMAN CARTER: Thank you, Commissioners.

Commissioner Edgar.

appreciate the taking into account some of the questions that have been asked. I think I said this earlier, but in case I didn't, let me say it now. I appreciate some of the points that you have raised very much. I was just feeling a little rushed, and I appreciate the opportunity

to have our staff look at it. And realizing it is not a lot of time, but I think it will be helpful, and I appreciate the amendment and will be prepared to support it.

CHAIRMAN CARTER: Commissioners, anything?

Commissioner McMurrian, you're recognized.

COMMISSIONER McMURRIAN: Yes. I also appreciate that spirit of compromise, and I'm hoping that in the time between now and December 2nd that the parties will be able to get together and with the staff, and so that everyone understands better what it is that is being proposed, what are the costs and the risks and the benefits, if any -- and it sounds like none, but I won't go back there -- but, anyway, I hope that that can be done so that it makes the December 2nd much more efficient.

CHAIRMAN CARTER: Commissioner Skop.

COMMISSIONER SKOP: Thank you, Mr. Chairman.

And I thank my colleagues for the kind comments.

And to the point of feeling rushed, I also feel rushed,

and I think that frankly that could have been avoided by

an earlier more timely filing of the financing

application, knowing full well that they have had a year

to anticipate future capital needs for 2009.

CHAIRMAN CARTER: Thank you, Commissioners.

Anything further? We have a motion and a

FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

second. We have gone through debate, we have gone through discussion. We have had questions, we have had comments. And we've talked to the parties; we've talked to the staff; and Commissioners have had their -- we have individually asked each other questions and all like that. Anything further? Okay. Hearing none. All those in favor of the motion, let it be known by the sign of aye. (Simultaneous aye.) CHAIRMAN CARTER: All those opposed, like sign. Show it done.

I	
1	STATE OF FLORIDA)
2	: CERTIFICATE OF REPORTER
3	COUNTY OF LEON)
4	
5 6	I, JANE FAUROT, RPR, Chief, Hearing Reporter Services Section, FPSC Division of Commission Clerk, do hereby certify that the foregoing proceeding was heard at the time and place herein stated.
7 8 9	IT IS FURTHER CERTIFIED that I stenographically reported the said proceedings; that the same has been transcribed under my direct supervision; and that this transcript constitutes a true transcription of my notes of said proceedings.
10 11 12	I FURTHER CERTIFY that I am not a relative, employee, attorney or counsel of any of the parties, nor am I a relative or employee of any of the parties' attorney or counsel connected with the action, nor am I financially interested in the action.
13	DATED THIS 26th day of November, 2008.
14	2+1 ma 6 00/6.
15	JANE FAUROT, RPR
16	Official FPSC Hearings Reporter (850) 413-6732
17	
18	
19	
20	
21	
22	
23	
24	