100176-TL/1	00177-TL AT&T Florida and Sprint's Joint Decision Point List - Language Exhibit	Page 1 of 1	
Marguerit	e McLean	100176-TL	
From:	WOODS, VICKIE (Legal) [vf1979@att.com]		
Sent:	Friday, August 27, 2010 3:08 PM		
To:	Filings@psc.state.fl.us		
Subject:	100176-TL/100177-TL AT&T Florida and Sprint's Joint Decision Point List - Language Ex	chibit	
Importance	: High		
Attachmen	s: Untitled.pdf		
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Docket No. 100176-TP: Petition for Arbitration of Interconnection Agreement between Β. BellSouth Telecommunications, Inc. d/b/a AT&T Florida and Sprint Communications

Company L.P.

Docket No. 100177-TP: Petition for Arbitration of Interconnection Agreement between

BellSouth Telecommunications, Inc. d/b/a AT&T Florida and Sprint Spectrum L.P., Nextel

South Corp., and NPCR, Inc. d/b/a Nextel Partners

BellSouth Telecommunications, Inc. d/b/a AT&T Florida С.

on behalf of Manuel A. Gurdian

100 pages total (includes letter, certificate of service and attachment Joint Decision Point List - Language D. Exhibit)

BellSouth Telecommunications, Inc. d/b/a AT&T Florida and Sprint Spectrum L.P., Nextel South Corp., E.

NPCR, Inc. d/b/a Nextel Partners and Sprint Communications Company, L.P.'s Joint Decision Point List - Language Exhibit

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DOCUMENT NUMBER-DATE

8/27/2010



Manuel A. Gurdian General Attorney AT&T Florida 150 South Monroe Street Suite 400 Tallahassee, FL 32301

T: (305) 347-5561 manuel.gurdian@att.com

August 27, 2010

Ms. Ann Cole Office of the Commission Clerk Florida Public Service Commission 2540 Shumard Oak Boulevard Tallahassee, FL 32399-0850

<u>Docket No. 100176-TP</u>: Petition for Arbitration of Interconnection Agreement between BellSouth Telecommunications, Inc. d/b/a AT&T Florida and Sprint Communications Company L.P.

<u>Docket No. 100177-TP</u>: Petition for Arbitration of Interconnection Agreement between BellSouth Telecommunications, Inc. d/b/a AT&T Florida and Sprint Spectrum L.P., Nextel South Corp. and NPCR, Inc. d/b/a Nextel Partners

Dear Ms. Cole:

Enclosed is BellSouth Telecommunications, Inc. d/b/a AT&T Florida and Sprint Spectrum L.P., Nextel South Corp., NPCR, Inc. d/b/a Nextel Partners and Sprint Communications Company, L.P.'s Joint Decision Point List – Language Exhibit, which we ask that you file in the captioned dockets. The Joint Decision Point List – Language Exhibit contains the parties' disputed language, which is referred to by the parties' respective witnesses in their direct testimony filed on August 25, 2010.

Copies have been served to the parties shown on the attached Certificate of Service.

Sincerely Manuel A. Gurdian

cc: All parties of record Gregory R. Follensbee Jerry D. Hendrix E. Earl Edenfield, Jr.

Proud Sponsor of the U.S. Olympic Team

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Certificate of Service Docket Nos. 100176-TP and 100177-TP

I HEREBY CERTIFY that a true and correct copy was served via Electronic Mail

this 27th day of August, 2010 to the following:

Florida Public Service Commission Charles Murphy, Staff Counsel Larry Harris, Staff Counsel 2540 Shumard Oak Boulevard Tallahassee, Florida 32399-0850 <u>cmurphy@psc.state.fl.us</u> Tel. No. (850) 413-6191 <u>lharris@psc.state.fl.us</u> Tel. No. (850) 413-6856

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Douglas C. Nelson William R. Atkinson Sprint Nextel 233 Peachtree Street NE, Suite 2200 Atlanta, GA 30339-3166 Tel. No.: (404) 649-8983 Fax. No.: (404) 649-8980 douglas.c.nelson@sprint.com bill.atkinson@sprint.com

Joseph M. Chiarelli 6450 Sprint Parkway Mailstop: KSOPHN03 14-3A621 Overland Park, KS 66251 Tel. No.: (913) 315-9223 Fax. No.: (913) 523-9623 joe.m.chiarelli@sprint.com

Marsha E. Rule Rutledge, Ecenia & Purnell, P. A. Post Office Box 551 Tallahassee, Florida 32302-0551 (850) 681-6788 marsha@reuphlaw.com Florida Public Service Commission Brenda Merritt 2540 Shumard Oak Blvd. Room 270G Tallahassee, FL 32399-0850 Tel. No. (850) 413-6850 <u>bmerritt@psc.state.fl.us</u>

Florida Public Service Commission Frank Trueblood 2540 Shumard Oak Blvd. Room 270E Tallahassee, FL 32399-0850 Tel. No. (850) 413-7019 ftrueblo@psc.state.fl.us

Gurdian

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	Sprint Language	AT&T Language
(1)	Purpose and Scope.	Purpose and Scope.
1. I.A.(1) 2. I.A.(2) 3. I.A.(3) 4. I.A.(4) 5. I.A.(5) 6. I.A.(6)	CMRS: 1.1 This Agreement specifies the rights and obligations of the Parties with respect to the implementation of their respective duties under Sections 251 and 252 of the Act and the FCC's Part 20 and 51 regulations. CMRS:	CMRS: 1.1 This Agreement specifies the rights and obligations of the Parties with respect to the implementation of their respective duties under Sections 251 and 252 of the Act and the FCC's Part 51 regulations. CMRS:
	"Interconnection" or "Interconnected" means as defined at 47 C.F.R. §§ 20.3 and 51.5. 1.3 Interconnected VoIP Service. The FCC has yet to determine whether Interconnected VoIP service is Telecommunications Service or Information	"Interconnection" means as defined at 47 C.F.R. 51.5. CLEC: 1.3 This Agreement may be used by either Party to exchange Interconnected Vol Service traffic.
	Service. Notwithstanding the foregoing, this Agreement may be used by either Party to exchange Interconnected VoIP Service traffic.	CMRS: 1.3 This Agreement may be used by <u>AT&T-9STATE</u> to exchange Interconnecter VoIP Service traffic to Sprint.
exchange traffic a subscriber through use numbering res Administrator ("Sp Third Party Provide traffic under this A Parties' respective Agreement (a) as Provider subscribe (ii) is transited by t 9STATE traffic whe to Sprint's network Sprint provides does not include subscriber, Sprint Provider NPA-N2 arrangement.	1.4 Sprint Wholesale Services. This Agreement may be used by Sprint to exchange traffic associated with jointly provided Authorized Services to a subscriber through Sprint wholesale arrangements with third-party providers that use numbering resources acquired by Sprint from NANPA or the Number Pooling Administrator ("Sprint Third Party Provider(s)"). Subscriber traffic of a Sprint Third Party Provider ("Sprint Third Party Provider Traffic") is not Transit Service traffic under this Agreement. Sprint Third Party Provider Traffic traversing the Parties' respective networks shall be deemed to be and treated under this Agreement (a) as Sprint traffic when it originates with a Sprint Third Party Provider subscriber and either (i) terminates upon the AT&T-9STATE network or (ii) is transited by the AT&T-9STATE network to a Third Party Provider that does not include Sprint providing the NPA-NXX that is assigned to the subscriber, Sprint will notify AT&T-9STATE in writing of any Third Party Provider NPA-NXX number blocks that are part of such wholesale arrangement.	1.4 Sprint Wholesale Services. This Agreement may be used by Sprint exchange traffic associated with jointly provided Authorized Services to subscriber through Sprint wholesale arrangements with third-party providers th use numbering resources acquired by Sprint from NANPA or the Number Poolin Administrator ("Sprint Third Party Provider(s)"). Subscriber traffic of a Sprint Thi Party Provider ("Sprint Third Party Provider Traffic") is not Transit Service traff under this Agreement. Sprint Third Party Provider Traffic traversing the Partie respective networks shall be deemed to be and treated under this Agreement (as Sprint traffic when it originates with a Sprint Third Party Provider subscriber ar either (i) terminates upon the AT&T-9STATE network or (ii) is transited by th AT&T-9STATE network to a Third Party, and (b) as AT&T-9STATE traffic when originates upon AT&T-9STATE's network and is delivered to Sprint's network for termination.
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Sprint Language	AT&T Language
1.5 Affiliates and Network Managers	CMRS <u>1.6 Scope of Obligations</u>
1.5.1 Nothing in this Agreement shall prohibit Sprint from enlarging its wireline network through the use of a Sprint Affiliate or management contracts with non-Affiliate third parties (hereinafter "Network Manager(s)") for the construction and operation of a wireline system under a Sprint or Sprint Affiliate license. Traffic traversing such extended networks shall be deemed to be and treated under this Agreement (a) as Sprint traffic when it originates on such extended network and either (i) terminates upon the AT&T-9STATE network or (ii) is transited by the AT&T-9STATE network to a Third Party, and (b) as AT&T-9STATE traffic when it originates upon AT&T-9STATE's network and terminates upon such extended network. All billing for or related to such traffic and for the interconnection facilities provisioned under this Agreement by AT&T-9STATE to Sprint for use by a Sprint Affiliate or Network Managers under a Sprint or Sprint-Affiliate	1.6.1 Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained herein, AT&T- 9STATE's obligations under this Agreement shall apply only to the specific operating area(s) or portion thereof in which AT&T-9STATE is then deemed to be the ILEC under the Act (the "ILEC Territory"), and only to the extent that the Sprint is operating and offering service to End Users identified to be residing in such ILEC Territory; and assets that AT&T-9STATE owns or leases and which are used in connection with AT&T-9STATE's provision to Sprint of any Interconnection Services provided or contemplated under this Agreement, the Act or any tariff or ancillary agreement referenced herein (Individually and collectively, the "ILEC Assets".
 license will (a) be in the name of Sprint, (b) identify the Sprint Affiliate or Network Manager as applicable, and (c) be subject to the terms and conditions of this Agreement; and, Sprint will remain liable for all such billing hereunder. To expedite timely payment, absent written notice to the contrary from Sprint, AT&T-9STATE shall directly bill the Sprint Affiliate or Network Manager that orders interconnection facilities for all charges under this Agreement associated with both the interconnection facilities and the exchange of traffic over such facilities. 1.5.2 A Sprint Affiliate or Network Manager Identified in Exhibit A may purchase on behalf of Sprint, services offered to Sprint in this 	1.6 Scope of Obligations 1.6. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained herein, AT&T- 9STATE's obligations under this Agreement shall apply only to the specific operating area(s) or portion thereof in which AT&T-9STATE is then deemed to be the ILEC under the Act (the "ILEC Territory"), and only to the extent that the CLEC is operating and offering service to End Users identified to be residing in such ILEC Territory; and assets that AT&T-9STATE owns or leases and which are used in connection with AT&T-9STATE's provision to CLEC of any Interconnection Services provided or contemplated under this Agreement, the Act or any tariff or ancillary agreement referenced herein (individually and
May purchase on behair of Sprint, services ordered to Sprint in this Agreement at the same rates, terms and conditions that such services are offered to Sprint provided that such services should only be purchased to provide Authorized Services under this Agreement by Sprint, Sprint's Affiliate and its Network Managers. Notwithstanding that AT&T-9STATE agrees to bill a Sprint Affiliate or Network Manager directly for such services in order to expedite timely billing and payment from a Sprint Affiliate or Network Manager, Sprint shall remain fully responsible under this Agreement for all services ordered by the Sprint Affiliate or Network Manager under this Agreement.	Act of any tank of anchiary agreement referenced metern (incividually and collectively, the "ILEC Assets"). 1.6.2 This Agreement sets forth the terms and conditions pursuant to which AT&T-9STATE agrees to provide CLEC with access to 251(c)(3) UNEs, Collocation under Section 251(c)(6), Interconnection under Section 251(c)(2) and/or Resale under Section 251(c)(4) in AT&T-9STATE's incumbent local Exchange Areas for the provision of CLEC's Telecommunications Services. The Parties acknowledge and agree that AT&T-9STATE is only obligated to make available 251(c)(3) UNEs, Collocation under Section 251(c)(6), Interconnection under Section 251(c)(6), Interconnection under Section 251(c)(7) UNEs, Collocation under Section 251(c)(6), Interconnection under Section 251(c)(7) under Section 251(c)(7) under Section 251(c)(7) to CLEC in AT&T-9STATE is incumbent local Exchange Areas, AT&T-9STATE has no obligation to the section to the section 251(c)(7) under Section 251(c)(7) to CLEC in AT&T-9STATE is incumbent local Exchange Areas, AT&T-9STATE has no obligation to the section to the section 251(c)(7) under Section 251(c)(7) to CLEC in AT&T-9STATE has no obligation to the section 251(c)(7) under Section 251(c)(7) to CLEC in AT&T-9STATE has no obligation to the section 251(c)(7) under Section 251(c)(7) to CLEC in AT&T-9STATE has no obligation to the section 251(c)(7) under Section 251(c)(7) to CLEC in AT&T-9STATE has no obligation to the section 251(c)(7) under Section 251(c)(7) to CLEC in AT&T-9STATE has no obligation to the section 251(c)(7) under

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	Sprint Language	AT&T Language
	1.5.3 Upon Sprint's providing AT&T9-State a ten-day (10) day written notice requesting an amendment to Exhibit A to add or delete a Sprint Affiliate or Network Manager, the parties shall cause an amendment to be made to this Agreement within no more than an additional thirty (30) days from the date of such notice to effect the requested additions or deletions to Exhibit A.	provide such 251(c)(3) UNEs, Collocation, Interconnection and/or Resale, to CLEC for the purposes of CLEC providing and/or extending service outside of AT&T-9STATE's incumbent local Exchange Areas. In addition, AT&T-9STATE is not obligated to provision 251(c)(3) UNEs or to provide access to (251(c)(3) UNEs, Collocation under Section 251(c)(6), Interconnection under Section 251(c)(2) and/or Resale under Section 251(c)(4) and is not otherwise bound by any 251(c) obligations in geographic areas other than AT&T-9STATE's incumbent local Exchange Areas. Therefore, the Parties understand and agree that the rates, terms and conditions set forth in this Agreement shall only apply to the Parties and be available to CLEC for provisioning Telecommunication Services within an AT&T-9STATE incumbent local Exchange Area(s) in the State in which this Agreement has been approved by the relevant state Commission and is in effect. 1.6.3 Throughout this Agreement, wherever there are references to Unbundled Network Elements that are to be provided by AT&T-9STATE under this Agreement, the Parties agree and acknowledge that their intent is for the Agreement to comply with Section 1.6.2 above, and require only the provision of Section 251(c)(3) UNEs.
14. <i>I.C.(1)</i>	"Third Party Traffic" means traffic carried by a Party acting as a Transit Service provide that is originated and terminated by and between a Third Party and the other Party to this Agreement. "Transit Service" means the indirect interconnection services provided by one Party (the Transiting Party) to this Agreement for the exchange of Authorized Services traffic between the other Party to this Agreement and a Third Party. "Transit Service Traffic" is Authorized Services traffic that originates on one Telecommunications Carrier's network, "transits" the network Facilities of one or more other Telecommunications Carrier's network(s) substantially unchanged, and terminates to yet another	Alternate Proposed Language "Third Party Traffic" means traffic carried by <u>AT&T-9 STATE</u> acting as an <u>intermediary</u> that is originated and terminated by and between <u>Sprint and a</u> <u>Third Party Telecommunications Carrier</u> "Transit Traffic Service" is an optional non Section 251 switching and <u>intermediate transport service provided by AT&T-9STATE for Transit Traffic between SPRINT and AT&T-9STATE, where SPRINT is directly interconnected with an AT&T-9STATE Tandem. "Transit Traffic" means traffic originating on Sprint's network that is switched and/or transported by AT&T-9STATE and delivered to a Third Party's network, or traffic originating on a Third Party's network that is switched and/or transported by AT&T-9STATE and delivered to Sprint's</u>
8/27/10 Vers	Telecommunications Carrier's network.	network. Transit Traffic Service is a service that is limited to Section 251(b)(5) Traffic, CMRS-bound traffic within the same LATA, ISP-Bound Traffic destined to the End Users of a Third Party and is routed utilizing an AT&T-9STATE Tandem Switch where an AT&T-9STATE End User is neither the originating nor the terminating party. AT&T-9STATE neither originates

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Sprint Language	AT&T Language
	nor terminates Transit Traffic on its network, but acts only as an intermediary. A call that is originated by or terminated to a CLEC purchasing local switching pursuant to a commercial agreement with AT&T- 9STATE including, but not limited to; a Section 271 Local Switching (271- LS), Local Wholesale Complete, or Wholesale Local Platform Service agreement(s) as applicable is not considered a transit call for the purposes of this Exhibit. Additionally, Transit Traffic may include EAS calls and ELCS calls but does not include traffic to or from IXCs "Transit Service Provider" means AT&T-9STATE when providing its Transit Traffic Service.
2.5.4(a) No Prohibitions. Nothing in this agreement shall be construed to prohibit Sprint from using Interconnection Facilities to deliver any Authorized Services traffic to or from any Third-Party.	Alternate Proposed Language CMRS- Transit
4 Transit Service.	1.0 Introduction
4.1 AT&T-9STATE shall provide the necessary transmission and routing of Authorized Services traffic between Sprint and any other Third Party that, according to the LERG, is also Interconnected to AT&T -9STATE in the same LATA in which Sprint is Interconnected to AT&T -9STATE.	1.1 This Transit Traffic Service Exhibit ("Exhibit") sets forth the rates, terms and conditions of AT&T-9STATE's Transit Traffic Service as a Transit Service Provider. AT&T-9STATE's Transit Traffic Service is provided to other Telecommunications Carriers for Telecommunications Traffic that does not originate with, or terminate to, AT&T-9STATE's End User. Transit Traffic Service allows Sprint ("SPRINT") to exchange SPRINT originated traffic with a Third Party Terminating Carrier to which SPRINT is not directly
Provider") shall only charge the other Party ("Originating Party") the	interconnected and receive traffic originated by a Third Party Originating Carrier.
delivers to the Third Party network upon which such traffic is terminated.	<u>1.2 AT&T-9STATE offers this Transit Traffic Service to SPRINT where</u> <u>SPRINT is authorized to operate and deliver Telecommunications Traffic</u> <u>pursuant to the Telecommunications Act of 1996 and other applicable</u> <u>federal, state and local laws.</u>
	2.0 Definitions <u>The definitions in this Transit Exhibit are for purposes of this Transit Exhibit</u> <u>only, and if the definitions herein conflict with any definitions in the General</u> <u>Terms and Conditions of the Agreement, then the definitions herein govern,</u> <u>for the purpose of this Transit Exhibit only.</u>
	 2.5.4(a) No Prohibitions. Nothing in this agreement shall be construed to prohibit Sprint from using Interconnection Facilities to deliver any Authorized Services traffic to or from any Third-Party. 4 Transit Service. 4.1 AT&T-9STATE shall provide the necessary transmission and routing of Authorized Services traffic between Sprint and any other Third Party that, according to the LERG, is also Interconnected to AT&T -9STATE in the same LATA in which Sprint is Interconnected to AT&T -9STATE. 4.3 The Party that provides a Transit Service under this Agreement ("Transit Provider") shall only charge the other Party ("Originating Party") the applicable Transit Rate for Transit Service traffic that the Transit Provider

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	Sprint Language	AT&T Language
		2.1 "Calling Party Number" or "CPN" is as defined in 47 C.F.R. § 64.1600(c) ("CPN").
		2.2 "ISP-Bound Traffic", means Telecommunications Traffic exchanged between SPRINT's End User and an Internet Service Provider ("ISP") served by a Third Party Terminating Carrier.
		2.3 "IntraLATA InterMTA Traffic" means traffic exchanged between SPRINT's End Users and the End Users of a LEC Third Party Terminating Carrier which subtends an AT&T-9STATE Tandem, where: 1) the Transit Traffic originates in one Major Trading Area ("MTA"), but terminates in another MTA; and 2) where the call both originates and terminates within the same LATA. Such IntraLATA InterMTA Traffic must: 1) terminate to a Third Party Terminating Carrier's End User, and 2) not transit through an IXC or other Intermediary.
		2.4 "Section 251(b)(5) Traffic" means completed calls that originate on either Party's network, that terminate on the other Party's network, that are exchanged directly between the Parties and that, originate and terminate within the same MTA. Section 251(b)(5) Calls does not refer to the local calling area of either Party. A call that is originated or terminated by a non- facility based provider Is not a call that originates or terminates on either Party's network. To determine whether traffic falls within the definition of Section 251(b)(5) Calls, the Parties agree that the origination and termination point of the calls are as follows: (a) For AT&T-9STATE, the origination or termination point of a call
		shall be the End Office Switch that serves, respectively, the calling party at the beginning of the call or the called party at the terminating end of the call.
		(b) For SPRINT, the origination or termination point of a call shall be the cell site that serves, respectively, the calling or called party at the beginning of the call.
		2.5 "Third Party Carrier" means a Telecommunications Carrier that is not a party to this Agreement.
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Sprint Language	AT&T Language
	(e.g., Competitive Local Exchange Carrier (CLEC), Incumbent Local Exchange Carrier (ILEC), Commercial Mobile Radio Service provider (CMRS) or Out of Exchange Local Exchange Carrier (OELEC)) that originates Transit Traffic that transits AT&T-9STATE's network and is delivered to SPRINT.
	2.7 "Third Party Terminating Carrier" means a Telecommunications Carrier to which traffic is terminated when SPRINT uses AT&T-9STATE's Transit Traffic Service (e.g., CLEC, ILEC, CMRS or OELEC).
	2.8 "Transit Service Provider" means AT&T-9STATE when providing its Transit Traffic Service.
	2.9 "Transit Traffic" means traffic originating on SPRINT's network that is switched and/or transported by AT&T-9STATE and delivered to a Third Party Terminating Carrier, or traffic originating on a Third Party Originating Carrier's network that is switched and/or transported by AT&T-9STATE and delivered to SPRINT's network. Transit Traffic Service is a service that is limited to Section 251(b)(5) Traffic, CMRS-bound traffic within the same LATA, ISP-Bound Traffic destined to the End Users of a Third Party Terminating Carrier and is routed utilizing an AT&T-9STATE Tandem Switch where an AT&T-9STATE End User is neither the originating nor the terminating party. AT&T-9STATE neither originates nor terminates Transit Traffic on its network, but acts only as an intermediary. A call that is originated by or terminated to a CLEC purchasing local switching pursuant to a commercial agreement with AT&T-9STATE including, but not limited to; a Section 271 Local Switching (271-LS), Local Wholesale Complete, or Wholesale Local Platform Service agreement(s) as applicable is not considered a transit call for the purposes of this Exhibit. Additionally, Transit Traffic does not include traffic to or from IXCs.
	2.10 "Transit Traffic Service" is an optional non Section 251 switching and intermediate transport service provided by AT&T-9STATE for Transit Traffic between SPRINT and AT&T-9STATE, where SPRINT is directly interconnected with an AT&T-9STATE Tandem.
	2.11 "Switched Access Traffic" means an offering of access to AT&T- 9STATE's network for the purpose of the origination or the termination of traffic from or to End Users in a given area pursuant to a Switched Access

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Sprint Language	AT&T Language
	Services tariff.
	3.0 Responsibilities of the Parties
	3.1 AT&T-9STATE will provide SPRINT with AT&T-9STATE's Transit Traffic Service to all Third Party Terminating Carriers with which AT&T-9STATE is interconnected, but only in the LATA, or outside of the LATA to the extent a
	LATA boundary waiver exists.
	3.2 Transit Traffic Service rates apply to all Transit Traffic that originates on SPRINT's network. Transit Traffic Service rates do not apply to calls originating with or terminating to an AT&T-9STATE End User.
	<u>3.3 Transit Traffic Service rates apply to all Minutes-Of-Use ("MOUs") for</u> which SPRINT sends Transit Traffic to a Third Party Terminating Carrier's network. SPRINT agrees to compensate AT&T-9STATE for the Transit Traffic Services provided by AT&T-9STATE, at the rates set forth in the attached Transit Traffic Service Pricing Exhibit, as applicable.
	3.4 Each Party to this Agreement will be responsible for the accuracy and guality of its data submitted to the other Party.
	3.5 The rates that AT&T-9STATE shall charge SPRINT for Transit Traffic Services are set forth in the Transit Traffic Rate Application section, below and in the attached Transit Traffic Service Pricing Exhibit.
	3.6 AT&T-9STATE - Transit Billing Requirements
	3.6.1 The exchange of billing data related to jointly provided traffic at the Tandem level shall only apply to Third Party Carriers that are uniquely identified in the Electronic Message Interface (EMI) 1101 call records in either the Carrier Identification Code (CIC) or Operating Company Number (OCN) fields which are, respectively, fields 45 thru 49 and 167 thru 170 of the EMI record.
	3.6.2 Subject to SPRINT providing all necessary information, AT&T-9STATE agrees to participate in a billing arrangement whereby each provider on the call path will bill the Third Party Originating Carrier for its portion of Switched Access Traffic and Transit Traffic when both the Third Party Originating Carrier 7 of 98

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Sprint Language	AT&T Language
	and Third Party Terminating Carrier participate in this billing arrangement with AT&T-9STATE. AT&T-9STATE shall pass Electronic Message Interface (EMI) 1101 call records to SPRINT at no charge. Notwithstanding the foregoing, where either or both of the Third Party Originating Carrier and Third Party Terminating Carrier of Transit Traffic do not have EMI capability or refuse to use an EMI billing arrangement for Transit Traffic, then SPRINT shall be responsible for all costs and charges incurred by AT&T-9STATE for Transit Traffic originated by SPRINT.
	3.6.3 Information required from SPRINT participating in EMI billing with AT&T- 9STATE includes, but is not limited to:
	 (i) Regional Accounting Office code (RAO) (ii) Operating Company Number (OCN) per state for each entity to be billed. If an OCN is not available for each billed entity, AT&T-9STATE will only render a bill to SPRINT. (iii) a unique Access Carrier Name Abbreviation (ACNA) (iv) Percent Interstate Usage (v) Percent Interstate Usage (vi) 800 Service Percent Interstate Usage or default of fifty percent (50%) (vii) Billing Interconnection Percentage (viii) Screening Telephone Number (STN) for each Interconnection trunk group from SPRINT's dedicated NXX that sub-tends an AT&T-9STATE Tandem in the interconnected LATA and is within the same Numbering Plan Area (NPA) as the exchange where the SPRINT's AT&T-9STATE Type 2A trunk interconnection exists.
	3.6.4 A default Billing Interconnection Percentage (BIP) of zero percent (0%) for AT&T-9STATE and one hundred percent (100%) for SPRINT will be used, if SPRINT does not file with NECA to establish a BIP other than this default BIP.
	3.6.5 NPA/NXX codes must be associated with a Point of Interconnection (POI) that physically resides within AT&T-9STATE's franchised service area, has a Common Language Location Identification (CLLJ) that sub-tends an AT&T- 9STATE Tandem and has a Rate Center that sub-tends the same AT&T-9STATE Tandem. Tandem level Interconnections with AT&T-9STATE are required, and SPRINT must deliver all Transit Traffic to AT&T-9STATE over such Tandem level Interconnections. Additionally, exchange of records will necessitate both the

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Sprint Language	AT&T Language
	Third Party Originating Carrier and Third Party Terminating Carrier networks to subscribe to dedicated NXX codes, which can be identified as belonging to the Third Party Originating Carrier and Third Party Terminating Carrier network, NPA/NXX codes are presented in the Local Exchange Routing Guide (LERG) in association with a specific switch CLLL. Under national programming rules associated with Carrier Access Billing Systems (CABS), each CLLI is associated with a single rate center. Additionally, (i) if SPRINT has Type 2A and Non-Type 2A NPA/NXX codes associated with a single CLLI or, (ii) if the Type 2A NPA/NXX code or CLLI home on a non-AT&T-9STATE SHA "00" Tandem or are in a disassociated LATA, then those NPA/NXX codes and CLLI codes will not be included in EMI billing.
	3.6.6 SPRINT will compensate AT&T-9STATE at the rate set forth in Transit Traffic Service Pricing Exhibit, attached hereto.
	4.0 SPRINT-Originated Transit Traffic
	4.1 SPRINT has the sole obligation to enter into traffic compensation arrangements with Third Party Terminating Carriers, prior to delivering Transit Traffic to AT&T-9STATE for transiting to such Third Party Terminating Carriers. In no event will AT&T-9STATE have any liability to SPRINT or any Third Party Carrier, if SPRINT fails to enter into such traffic compensation arrangements. In the event SPRINT originates Transit Traffic that transits AT&T-9STATE's network to reach a Third Party Terminating Carrier with whom SPRINT does not have a traffic compensation arrangement, then SPRINT will indemnify, defend and hold harmless AT&T- 9STATE against any and all Losses including, without limitation, charges levied by such Third Party Terminating Carrier against AT&T-9STATE. The Third Party Terminating Carrier and AT&T-9STATE will bill their respective charges directly to SPRINT. AT&T-9STATE will not be required to function as a billing Intermediary, (i.e., clearinghouse). Under no circumstances will AT&T-9STATE be required to pay any termination charges to the Third Party Terminating Carrier.
	4.2 In the event SPRINT originates Transit Traffic destined for a Third Party Terminating Carrier with which SPRINT does not have a traffic compensation arrangement and a regulatory agency or court orders AT&T-9STATE to pay such Third Party Carrier termination charges for the Transit Traffic AT&T-

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		9STATE has delivered, SPRINT will indemnify AT&T-9STATE for any and all Losses related to such order, including, but not limited to, termination charges, interest, and any billing and collection costs. In the event of any such proceeding, AT&T-9STATE agrees to allow SPRINT to participate as a party.
		4.3 SPRINT will be responsible for sending the Calling Party Number (CPN) for calls delivered to AT&T-9STATE's network. SPRINT shall not strip, alter, modify, add, delete, change, or incorrectly assign or re-assign any CPN. If AT&T-9STATE identifies improper, incorrect, or fraudulent use of local exchange services or identifies stripped, altered, modified, added, deleted, changed, and/or incorrectly assigned CPN, then SPRINT agrees to cooperate to investigate and take corrective action. If SPRINT is sending CPN to AT&T- 9STATE, but AT&T-9STATE is not properly receiving the information, then SPRINT will work cooperatively with AT&T-9STATE to correct the problem. If AT&T-9STATE does not receive CPN from SPRINT, then AT&T-9STATE cannot forward any CPN, and SPRINT will indemnify, defend and hold harmless AT&T-9STATE from any and all Losses arising out of the failure of any traffic transiting AT&T-9STATE's network to have CPN.
		4.4 SPRINT, as a Telecommunications Carrier originating traffic, has the sole responsibility for providing appropriate Information to identify Transit Traffic to Third Party Terminating Carriers.
		5.0 SPRINT-Terminated Transit Traffic
		5.1 SPRINT shall not charge AT&T-9STATE when AT&T-9STATE provides Transit Traffic Service as the Transit Traffic Provider for calls terminated to SPRINT.
		5.2 The Third Party Originating Carrier is responsible for sending the CPN for calls originating on its network and passed to the network of SPRINT from AT&T-9STATE, serving as the Transit Service Provider. Where AT&T- 9STATE is providing Transit Traffic Service to SPRINT. AT&T-9STATE will pass the CPN to SPRINT, as it is received from the Third Party Originating Carrier. If the CPN is not received from the Third Party Originating Carrier, AT&T-9STATE cannot forward the CPN; therefore, SPRINT will indemnify, defend and hold harmless AT&T-9STATE from any and all Losses arising from or related to the lack of CPN. If AT&T-9STATE or SPRINT identifies

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5	Sprint Language	AT&T Language
		stripped, altered, modified, added, deleted, changed, and/or incorrectly assigned CPN from a Third Party Originating Carrier, SPRINT agrees to cooperate with AT&T-9STATE and the Third Party Originating Carrier to investigate and take corrective action. If the Third Party Originating Carrier is sending CPN, but AT&T-9STATE or SPRINT is not properly receiving the information, then SPRINT will work cooperatively with AT&T-9STATE and the Third Party Originating Carrier to correct the problem,
		5.3 SPRINT agrees to seek terminating compensation directly from the Third Party Originating Carrier, AT&T-9STATE, as the Transit Service Provider, will not be obligated to pay SPRINT for Transit Traffic or be considered as the default originator of the Transit Traffic.
		6.0 Transit Traffic Routing/Trunk Groups
		6.1 In each LATA in which SPRINT has one or more Mobile Switching Centers (MSCs) and desires to exchange Transit Traffic through AT&T. 9STATE, SPRINT shall trunk from each of its MSCs to all AT&T-9STATE Tandems in such LATA; or, in the event SPRINT has no MSC in a LATA in which it desires to send Transit Traffic through AT&T-9STATE, then SPRINT shall establish one or more POIs within such LATA and trunk from each of its POIs to all AT&T-9STATE Tandems in such LATA.
		6.2 SPRINT shall route Transit Traffic destined to any Third Party Terminating Carrier to the appropriate AT&T-9STATE Tandem Office Switch that is subtended by such Third Party Terminating Carrier's switch.
		6.3 Transit Traffic not routed to the appropriate AT&T-9STATE Tandem by SPRINT shall be considered misrouted. Transit Traffic routed by SPRINT at or through any AT&T-9STATE End Office Switch shall be considered misrouted.
		6.4 Upon written notification from AT&T-9STATE of misrouting of Transit Traffic by SPRINT as identified above, SPRINT will take appropriate action and correct such misrouting within a reasonably practical period of time (no longer than sixty (60) days), after receipt of notification of such misrouting,
		6.5 AT&T-9STATE Facilities and trunking (ordering, provisioning, servicing, etc) used to route Section 251(b)(5) traffic pursuant to SPRINT's

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CLEC Only Disputed "Mobile Switch Center (MSC)" means/refers to an essential switching element in a wireless network which performs the switching for routing of calls between and among its subscribers and subscribers in other wireless or landline networks. The MSC is used to Interconnect trunk circuits between and among other Tandem Switches, End Office Switches, DCC switching systems, aggregation points, points of termination, or points of presence, and also coordinates inter-cell and inter-system hand-offs.	Interconnection Agreement(s), will also be utilized for the routing of Transit Traffic. 7.0 Direct Trunking Requirements 7.1 When SPRINT Transit Traffic is routed through AT&T-9STATE's Tandem to a Third Party Terminating Carrier and requires twenty-four (24) or more trunks, upon AT&T-9STATE written request. SPRINT shall establish a direct trunk group or alternate transit arrangement between Itself and the Third Party Terminating Carrier within sixty (60) calendar days from the date of trunk group or alternate transit arrangement between Itself and the Third Party Terminating Carrier within sixty (60) calendar days from the date of AT&T-9STATE's request. SPRINT shall route Transit Traffic via AT&T-9STATE End Offices. Once a Trunk Group has been established, SPRINT agrees to cease routing Transit Traffic through the AT&T-9STATE and SPRINT mutually agree otherwise. 8.0 Transit Traffic Rate Application 8.1 Unless otherwise specified below or in the Transit Traffic Service Pricing Exhibit, Transit Traffic Services rates apply to all Minutes-of-Use ("MOU" or "MOUs"), when SPRINT sends Transit Traffic to a Third Party Terminating Carrier's network through AT&T-9STATE's Tandem Office Switch, where an AT&T-9STATE End User is neither the originating nor the terminating party. SPRINT agrees to compensate AT&T-9STATE, operating as a Transit Service Pricing Exhibit. 8.1.1 Transit Rate Elements – the following rate elements apply. (the corresponding rates are specified in Transit Traffic Service Pricing Exhibit. 8.1.1 AT&T-9STATE 8.1.1 AT&T-9STATE 8.1.1 AT&T-9STATE 8.1.1 Transit Rate Elements – the following rate elements apply. (the corresponding rates are specified in Transit Service on a per

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	1.0 Introduction 1.1 This Transit Traffic Service Exhibit ("Exhibit") sets forth the rates, terms and conditions of AT&T-9STATE's Transit Traffic Service when AT&T-9STATE is acting as a Transit Service Provider. AT&T-9STATE's Transit Traffic Service is provided to other Telecommunications Carriers for Telecommunications Traffic that does not originate with (or terminate to) AT&T-9STATE's End User. Transit Traffic Service allows Sprint to exchange CLEC originated traffic with a Third Party Terminating Carrier to which it is not directly interconnected and receive traffic originated by a Third Party Originating Carrier utilizing AT&T-9STATE's Transit Traffic Service. 1.2 AT&T-9STATE offers this Transit Traffic Service Exhibit to interconnected Competitive Local Exchange Carriers ("Competitive LECs") or interconnected out of Exchange Local Exchange Carriers (OELECs)
	 (i.e., carriers that interconnect with AT&T-9STATE's network but operate and/or provide Telecommunications Services outside of AT&T-9STATE's incumbent local exchange area). 2.0 Definitions The definitions in this Transit Exhibit are for purposes of this Transit Exhibit only, and if the definitions herein conflict with any definitions in the General Terms and Conditions of the Agreement, then the definitions herein govern, for the purpose of this Transit Exhibit only. 2.1 "Calling Party Number" or "CPN" is as defined in 47 C.F.R. §
	 <u>64.1600(c) ("CPN").</u> <u>2.2 "Central Office Switch" means a switch, including, but not limited to an End Office Switch and a Tandem Switch.</u> <u>2.3 "End Office" or "End Office Switch" is an AT&T-9STATE switch that directly terminates traffic to and receives traffic from End Users of local Exchange Services.</u>
	2.4 <u>"Exchange Service" means Telephone Exchange Service as defined</u>

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	in the Telecommunications Act of 1996.
	2.5 <u>"ISP-Bound Traffic", for the purposes of this Transit Traffic Service</u> Exhibit is defined as Telecommunications Traffic exchanged between CLEC's End User and an Internet Service Provider (ISP) served by a Third Party Terminating Carrier.
	2.6 <u>"IntraLATA Toll Traffic" is defined as traffic exchanged between</u> <u>CLEC's End Users and the end users of a Third Party Terminating Carrier</u> which subtends an AT&T-9STATE Tandem, whereby the Transit Traffic originates in one mandatory local calling area and terminates in a different mandatory local calling area but where both mandatory local calling areas are within the same LATA. Such IntraLATA Toll Traffic must terminate to a Third Party Terminating Carrier's end user, whereby the Third Party Terminating Carrier is both the Section 251(b)(5) Traffic Provider and the IntraLATA toll provider (not sent through an IXC or an intermediary). For purposes of this Exhibit, traffic between CLEC's End Users that subscribe to one-way or two-way Optional Extended Area Service (Optional EAS) and the end user of a Third Party Terminating Carrier that is within the AT&T- 9STATE local or mandatory exchanges that are covered by an Optional EAS Plan will be treated as intraLATA Toll Traffic.
	2.7 <u>"Loss" or "Losses" means any and all losses, costs (including court costs), claims, damages (including fines, penalties, or civil judgments and settlements), injuries, liabilities and expenses (including attorneys' fees).</u>
	2.8 <u>"Section 251(b)(5) Traffic" means Telecommunications Traffic in</u> which the originating End User of one Party and the terminating End User of the other Party are both physically located in the same ILEC Local Exchange Area as defined by the ILEC Local (or "General") Exchange Tariff on file with the applicable state Commission or regulatory agency; or both physically located within neighboring ILEC Exchange Areas that are within the same common mandatory local calling area. This includes but is not limited to, mandatory Extended Area Service (EAS), mandatory Extended Local Celling Service (ELCS), or other types of mandatory expanded local calling scopes. For Section 251(b)(5) Traffic exchanged between CLEC's End Users and the

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	end users of a CMRS provider that terminates the call, such traffic shall originate and terminate within the same Major Trading Area (MTA) as defined in 47 CFR§ 24.202(a).
	2.9 <u>"Section 251(b)(5)/IntraLATA Toll Traffic" for the purposes of this</u> Exhibit means, (i) Section 251(b)(5) Traffic, and/or (ii) ISP-bound Traffic, and/or (iii) IntraLATA Toll Traffic originating from an End User obtaining local dial tone from either Party where that Party is both the Section 251(b)(5) Traffic and IntraLATA Toll provider.
	2.10 <u>"Tandem" or "Tandem Switch" is an AT&T-9STATE switch used to</u> connect Trunks between and among other Central Office Switches.
	2.11 <u>"Third Party Trunk Group" (AT&T SOUTHEAST REGION 9-STATE) is</u> <u>a trunk group between CLEC and AT&T SOUTHEAST REGION 9-STATE's</u> <u>Tandem that is designated and utilized to transport Traffic that neither</u> <u>originates with nor terminates to an AT&T SOUTHEAST REGION 9-STATE</u> <u>End User. All such traffic is collectively referred to as Third Party Traffic.</u>
	2.12 "Third Party Originating Carrier" means a Telecommunications Carrier (e.g., Competitive LEC, Incumbent Local Exchange Carrier (ILEC), Commercial Mobile Radio Service (CMRS) provider or Out of Exchange Local Exchange Carrier (OELEC)) that originates Transit Traffic that transits AT&T-9STATE's network and is delivered to CLEC.
	2.13 <u>"Third Party Terminating Carrier" means a Telecommunications</u> <u>Carrier to which traffic is terminated when CLEC uses AT&T-9STATE's</u> <u>Transit Traffic Service (e.g., Competitive LEC, ILEC, CMRS provider or</u> <u>OELEC).</u>
	2.14 <u>"Transit Service Provider" means AT&T-9STATE when providing its</u> Transit Traffic Service.
	2.15 <u>"Transit Traffic" means traffic originating on CLEC's network that is</u> switched and/or transported by AT&T-9STATE and delivered to a Third

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	Party's network, or traffic originating on a Third Party's network that is switched and/or transported by AT&T-9STATE and delivered to CLEC's network. A call that is originated or terminated by a Competitive LEC purchasing local switching pursuant to a commercial agreement with AT&T- 9STATE including, but not limited to; a Section 271 Local Switching (271- LS), Local Wholesale Complete, Wholesale Local Platform Service agreement(s) is not considered a transit call for the purposes of this Exhibit. Additionally, Transit Traffic may include but is not limited to, EAS calls and ELCS calls but does not include traffic to/from IXCs.
	2.16 <u>"Transit Traffic Service" is an optional non Section 251 switching</u> and intermediate transport service provided by AT&T-9STATE to CLEC where CLEC is directly interconnected with an AT&T-9STATE Tandem. AT&T-9STATE neither originates nor terminates Transit Traffic on its network, but acts only as an intermediary. For the purposes of this Exhibit, Transit Traffic Service is a service that is limited to Section 251(b)(5) Traffic, CMRS provider-bound traffic within the same LATA, ISP-Bound Traffic destined to the end users of a Third Party Terminating Carrier and is routed utilizing an AT&T-9STATE Tandem Switch where an AT&T-9STATE End User is neither the originating nor the terminating Party.
	2.17 <u>"Trunk" or "Trunk Group" means the switch port interface(s) and the communication path created to connect CLEC's network with AT&T-9STATE's network for the purpose of interconnection pursuant to the Act.</u>
	3.0 Responsibilities of the Parties3.1 AT&T-9STATE will provide CLEC with AT&T-9STATE's Transit Traffic Service to all Third Party Terminating Carriers with whom AT&T-9STATE is interconnected, but only in the LATA, or outside of the LATA to the extent a LATA boundary waiver exists.
	3.2 Transit Traffic Service rates apply to all Transit Traffic that originates on CLEC's network. Transit Traffic Service rates are only applicable when calls do not originate with (or terminate to) an AT&T-9STATE End User.
	3.3 Transit Traffic Service rates apply to all minutes of use (MQUs) when CLEC sends Transit Traffic to a Third Party Terminating Carrier's network. CLEC agrees to compensate AT&T-9STATE for the Transit Traffic Service provided at the rates set forth in the attached Transit Traffic Service Pricing Exhibit.

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	4.0 CLEC Originated Traffic
· · ·	4.1 CLEC has the sole obligation to enter into traffic compensation arrangements with Third Party Terminating Carriers prior to delivering traffic to AT&T-9STATE for transiting to such Third Party Terminating Carriers, in
	no event will AT&T-9STATE have any liability to CLEC or any Third Party if CLEC fails to enter into such traffic compensation arrangements. In the
	event CLEC originates traffic that transits AT&T-9STATE's network to reach a Third Party Terminating Carrier with which CLEC does not have a traffic
	compensation arrangement, then CLEC will indemnify, defend and hold harmless AT&T-9STATE against any and all Losses including, without limitation, charges levied by such Third Party Terminating Carrier. The Third
	Party Terminating Carrier and AT&T-9STATE will bill their respective charges directly to CLEC. AT&T-9STATE will not be required to function as
	a billing intermediary, e.g. clearinghouse. Under no circumstances will AT&T-9STATE be required to pay any termination charges to the Third Party Terminating Carrier.
	4.2 In the event CLEC originates Transit Traffic destined for a Third Party
	Terminating Carrier with which CLEC does not have a traffic compensation arrangement and a regulatory agency or court orders AT&T-9STATE to pay such Third Party Telecommunications Carrier termination charges for the
	Transit Traffic AT&T-9STATE has delivered, CLEC will indemnify AT&T- 9STATE for any and all charges, costs, expenses or other liability related to
	such order, including but not limited to termination charges, interest, and any billing and collection costs. In the event of any such proceeding, AT&T- 9STATE agrees to allow CLEC to participate as a Party.
	4.3 CLEC will be responsible for sending the Calling Party Number (CPN) for
	calls delivered to AT&T-9STATE's network. CLEC shall not strip, alter, modify, add, delete, change, or incorrectly assign or re-assign any CPN. If
	AT&T-9\$TATE identifies improper, incorrect, or fraudulent use of local exchange services or identifies stripped, altered, modified, added, deleted, changed, and/or incorrectly assigned CPN, CLEC agrees to cooperate to
	Investigate and take corrective action. If CLEC is passing CPN but AT&T- 9STATE is not properly receiving information, CLEC will work cooperatively
	to correct the problem. If the CPN is not received from the CLEC, AT&T- 9STATE can not forward the CPN and CLEC will indemnify, defend and hold

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		harmless AT&T-9STATE from any and all Losses arising out of the failure of any traffic transiting AT&T-9STATE's network to have CPN.
		4.4 CLEC, as a Telecommunications Carrier originating traffic, has the sole responsibility of providing appropriate information to identify transiting traffic to Third Party Terminating Carriers.
		5.0 CLEC Terminated Traffic
		5.1 CLEC shall not charge AT&T-9STATE when AT&T-9STATE provides Transit Traffic Service as the Transit Traffic Provider for calls terminated to CLEC.
		5.2 When AT&T-9STATE, operating as a Transit Service Provider, routes Transit Traffic to CLEC from a Third Party Originating Carrier, AT&T-9STATE agrees to pass the originating CPN information to CLEC as provided by the Third Party Originating Carrier.
		5.3 The Third Party Originating Carrier is responsible for sending the CPN for calls originating on its network and passed to the network of CLEC from AT&T-9STATE serving as the Transit Service Provider. Where AT&T- 9STATE is providing a Transit Traffic Service, AT&T-9STATE will pass the Calling Party Number (CPN), if it is received from a Third Party Originating Carrier. If the CPN is not received from the Third Party Originating Carrier, AT&T-9STATE can not forward the CPN; therefore, CLEC will indemnify, defend and hold harmless AT&T-9STATE from any and all Losses. If AT&T- 9STATE or CLEC identifies stripped, altered, modified, added, deleted, changed, and/or incorrectly assigned CPN from Third Party Originating Carrier, CLEC agrees to cooperate to work with Third Party Originating Carrier to investigate and take corrective action. If Third Party Originating Carrier is passing CPN but AT&T-9STATE or CLEC is not properly receiving information, CLEC will work cooperatively to correct the problem.
		5.4 CLEC agrees to seek terminating compensation directly from the Third Party Originating Carrier. AT&T-9STATE, as the Transit Service Provider will not be obligated to pay for Transit Traffic or be considered as the default originator.
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		6.1 AT&T SOUTHEAST REGION 9-STATE – Facilities and trunking (ordering, provisioning, servicing, etc.) pursuant to CLEC's Interconnection Agreement(s) for Transit Trunk Groups or Third Party Trunk Groups will be utilized for the routing of Transit Traffic.
		6.2 Transit Traffic not routed to the appropriate AT&T-9STATE Tandem shall be considered misrouted. Transit Traffic routed at or through any AT&T- 9STATE End Office Switch shall be considered misrouted.
		6.3 Upon written notification from AT&T-9STATE of misrouting of Transit Traffic by CLEC as identified above, CLEC will take appropriate action and correct such misrouting within a reasonably practical period of time (no longer than 60 calendar days) after receipt of notification of such misrouting.
		7.0 Direct Trunking Requirements
		7. 1 When Transit Traffic from CLEC routed through the AT&T-9STATE Tandem to another Local Exchange Carrier, CLEC or wireless carrier, requires twenty-four (24) or more trunks, upon AT&T-9STATE written request, CLEC shall establish a direct trunk group or alternate transit arrangement between itself and the other Local Exchange Carrier, CLEC or wireless carrier within sixty (60) calendar days. CLEC shall route Transit Traffic via AT&T-9STATE's Tandem switches, and not through any AT&T- 9STATE End Offices. Once this trunk group has been established, CLEC agrees to cease routing Transit Traffic through the AT&T-9STATE Tandem to the Third Party Terminating Carrier, unless the Parties mutually agree otherwise.
		8.0 Transit Traffic Rate Application
		8.1 Unless otherwise specified, Transit Traffic Services rates apply to all MOUs when CLEC sends Transit Traffic to a Third Party Terminating Carrier's network through AT&T-9STATE's tandem switch where an AT&T- 9STATE End User is neither the originating nor the terminating Party. CLEC agrees to compensate AT&T-9STATE operating as a Transit Service Provider at the applicable rates set forth in Transit Traffic Service Pricing Exhibit.
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		 corresponding rates are specified in Transit Traffic Service Pricing Exhibit, attached hereto): 8.1.1.1 AT&T SOUTHEAST REGION 9-STATE Tandem Intermediary Charge (TIC) - charge for Transit Service on a per MOU basis 8.2 AT&T SOUTHEAST REGION 9-STATE Traffic between CLEC and Wireless Type 1 Third Parties or Wireless Type 2A Third Parties that do not engage in Meet Point Billing with AT&T SOUTHEAST REGION 9-STATE shall not be treated as Transit Traffic from a routing or billing perspective until such time as such traffic is identifiable as Transit Traffic. 8.3 AT&T SOUTHEAST REGION 9-STATE CLEC shall send all IntraLATA toll traffic to be terminated by an independent telephone company to the End User's IntraLATA toll provider and shall not send such traffic to AT&T 9-STATE as Transit Traffic. IntraLATA toll traffic shall be any traffic that originates outside of the terminating independent telephone company's local calling area.
19. <i>I.C (6)</i>	 2.5.4 (d) Sprint as a Transit Provider. As of the Effective Date of this Agreement Sprint is not a provider of Transit Service to either AT&T-9STATE or a Third Party. However, Sprint reserves the right to become a Transit Service provider in the future, and will provide AT&T-9STATE a minimum of ninety (90) days notice before Sprint begins using Interconnection Facilities to provide a Transit Service for the delivery of Authorized Services traffic between a Third Party and AT&T-9STATE. 4.2 Upon Sprint providing AT&T-9STATE notice that Sprint will begin using Interconnection Facilities to provide a Transit Service at stated rate(s), such rate(s) shall be added to this Agreement by amendment and AT&T-9STATE will provide Sprint sixty (60) days notice if AT&T-9STATE desires to use such service. 	CMRS 2.3.2.3. Nothing in this Agreement shall be construed as authorizing Sprint PCS to use the Facilities to deliver land-to-mobile traffic that it receives from AT&T- 9STATE to a facilities-based Competitive Local Exchange Carrier ("CLEC"), or an incumbent Local Exchange Carrier ("ILEC"), or an Out-of-Exchange Local Exchange Carrier ("OELEC") or another CMRS provider other than Sprint, i.e., the final destination of land-to-mobile traffic delivered from AT&T-9STATE is Sprint's End-Users, and Sprint PCS may not forward any such traffic to any Third-Party. 2.3.2.4 Nothing in this Agreement shall be construed as authorizing Sprint PCS to use the Facilities to aggregate traffic from a facilities-based CLEC, or an ILEC, or another CMRS provider, or an OELEC, and use the Facilities to deliver such traffic to AT&T-9STATE, i.e., mobile-to-land traffic delivered from Sprint PCS to AT&T-9STATE must be from Sprint PCS's End-Users and may not be from any other Third Party. For the avoidance of doubt, traffic from another Telecommunication Carrier's End-Users does not

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		constitute Authorized Services traffic.
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	 <i>"Interconnection Facilities"</i> means those Facilities that are used to deliver Authorized Services traffic between a given Sprint Central Office Switch, or such Sprint Central Office Switch's point of presence in an MTA or LATA, as applicable, and either a) a POI on the AT&T-9STATE network to which such Sprint Central Office Switch is Interconnected or, b) in the case of Sprint-originated Transit Services Traffic, the POI at which AT&T-9STATE hands off Sprint originated traffic to a Third Party that is Indirectly Interconnected with the Sprint Central Office Switch via AT&T-9STATE. 2.2 Methods of Interconnection. Sprint may request, and AT&T will accept and provide, Interconnection using any one or more of the following Network Interconnection Methods (NIMs): (1) purchase of Interconnection Facilities by one Party from the other Party, or by one Party from a Third Party; (2) Physical Collocation Interconnection; (3) Virtual Collocation Interconnection; (4) Fiber Meet Interconnection; (5) other methods resulting from a Sprint request made pursuant to the Bona Fide Request process set forth in the General Terms and Conditions – Part A of this Agreement; and (6) any other methods as mutually agreed to by the Parties. FOR CMRS ONLY] In addition to the foregoing, when Interconnecting in its capacity as an FCC licensed wireless provider, Sprint may also purchase as a NIM under this Agreement Type 1, Type 2A and Type 2B Interconnecting in arangements described in AT&T-9STATE's General Subscriber Services Tariff, Section A35, which shall be provided by AT&T-9STATE's at the rates, terms and conditions set forth in this Agreement. 	 <u>"Entrance Facilities"</u> means those Facilities that are used to deliver <u>Section</u> 251(b)(5), ISP-Bound and IntraLATA Toll Traffic between a given Sprint Central Office Switch, or such Sprint Central Office Switch's point of presence in MTA or LATA, as applicable, and a POI on the AT&T-9STATE network to which such Sprint's Central Office Switch is to be interconnected. "Interconnection Facilities" means those Facilities that provide the link between Sprint's network and AT&T-9STATE's network for the mutual exchange of traffic and shall not include transport facilities. 2.2 Methods of Interconnection. Sprint may request, and AT&T-9STATE will accept and provide, Interconnection using any one or more of the following Network Interconnection Methods (NIMs): (1) purchase of Entrance Facilities by Sprint from a Third Party; (2) Physical Collocation Interconnection; (3) Virtual Collocation Interconnection; (4) Fiber Meet Interconnection; (5) other methods resulting from a Sprint request made pursuant to the Bona Fide Request process set forth in the General Terms and Conditions – Part A of this Agreement; and (6) any other methods as mutually agreed to by the Parties. [FOR CMRS ONLY] In addition to the foregoing, when Interconnection arangements described in AT&T-9STATE's General Subscriber Services Tariff, Section A35, which shall be provided by AT&T-9STATE's at the rates, terms and conditions set forth in this Agreement.
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22. II.B.(1) 23. II.B.(2)	2.5.4 Use of Interconnection Facilities. (b) Multi-Use/Multi-Jurisdiction Trunking. Generally, there will be trunk groups between a Sprint MSC and a POI, and between a Sprint CLEC switch and a POI. Nothing in this Agreement shall be construed to prohibit a Sprint wireless entity or Sprint CLEC from sending and receiving all of such entity's respective Authorized Services traffic over its own respective trunks on a combined trunk group. Further, provided the Sprint wireless entity or Sprint CLEC can demonstrate an ability to identify each other's respective Authorized Services traffic as originated by each other's respective switches, upon ninety (90) days notice, either the Sprint wireless entity or Sprint CLEC may also commence delivering each other's originating Authorized Services traffic to AT&T-9STATE over such Sprint entity's combined trunk group.	
27. <i>II.D.(1)</i> 28. <i>II.D.(2)</i>	CMRS 2.3 Point(s) of interconnection. The Parties will establish reciprocal connectivity to at least one AT&T-9STATE Tandems within each LATA that Sprint provides service. Notwithstanding the foregoing, Sprint may elect to Interconnect at any additional Technically Feasible Point(s) of Interconnection on the AT&T network. CLEC 2.3 Point(s) of Interconnection. The Partles will establish reciprocal connectivity to at least one AT&T-9STATE Tandems within each LATA that Sprint provides service. Notwithstanding the foregoing, Sprint may elect to Interconnect at any additional Technically Feasible Point(s) of Interconnection on the AT&T network.	AT&T-9STATE TSA exceeds twenty-four (24) DS1s at peak over three (3)

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Sprint Language	AT&T Language
	CLEC - DEOT
	2.6.3 When Sprint has established a Single POI (or multiple POIs) in a LATA, Sprint agrees to establish additional points of interconnection at an AT&T-
	9STATE Tandem Serving Area (TSA) separate from the existing POI arrangement when traffic through the existing POI arrangement to that AT&T
	9STATE TSA exceeds twenty-four (24) DS1s at peak over three (3) consecutive months, or at an AT&T-9STATE End Office in a local calling area not served by
	an AT&T-9STATE Tandem for Section 251(b)(5)(IntraLATA Toll Traffic when traffic through the existing POI arrangement to that local calling area exceeds
	twenty-four (24) DS1s at peak over three (3) consecutive months.
	2.6.3.1 Upon written notification from AT&T-9STATE or Sprint requesting the
	establishment of an additional point of interconnection, the additional POI(s) will be established within ninety (90) calendar days of notification that the threshold has been met.
	2.6.2 Responsibilities of the Parties
	2.6.2.1 Sprint shall provide all applicable network information on forms
	acceptable to AT&T-9STATE (as set forth in AT&T-9STATE CLEC Handbook, published on the AT&T-9STATE CLEC Online website).
	2.6.2.2 Upon receipt of Sprint's Notice to Interconnect, the Parties shall
	schedule a meeting to document the network architecture (including trunking). The Interconnection Activation Date for an Interconnection shall be established
	based on then-existing force and load, the scope and complexity of the requested interconnection and other relevant factors.
	2.6.2.3 Either Party may add or remove switches. The Parties shall provide 120
	calendar days written Notice to establish such Interconnection; and the terms and conditions of this Attachment will apply to such Interconnection.
	2.6.2.4 The Parties recognize that a facility handoff point must be agreed upon to establish the demarcation point for maintenance and provisioning
	responsibilities for each Party on its side of the POI.
	2.6.4 A Party seeking to change the physical architecture plan shall provide

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		thirty (30) calendar days advance written Notice of such intent. After Notice is served, the normal project planning process described above will be followed for all physical architecture plan changes.
		2.6.5 Sprint is solely responsible, including financially, for the facilities that carry OS/DA, E911, mass Califing and Third Party Trunk Groups.
29. II.F.(1) 30. II.F.(2) 31. II.F.(3) 32. II.F.(4)	CLEC Only 2.5 Interconnection Facilities. 2.5.1 Directionality and Conformance Standards. Interconnection Facilities/Trunking will be established as two-way Facilities/Trunking	CLEC 2.8 Interconnection Trunking
	except a) where it is not Technically Feasible for AT&T-9STATE to provide the requested Facilities as two-way Facilities /Trunking, or b) where Sprint requests the use of one-way Facilities/Trunking.	2.8.1 AT&T-9STATE and Sprint will work cooperatively to establish the most efficient trunking network in accordance with the provisions set forth in this Attachment and accepted industry practices.
	CLEC & CMRS 2.5.2 Trunk Groups. The Partles will establish trunk groups from the Interconnection Facilities such that each Party provides a reciprocal of each trunk group established by the other Party. Notwithstanding the	2.8.1.1 Sprint shall issue ASRs for two-way Trunk Groups and for one-way Trunk Groups originating at Sprint's switch. AT&T-9STATE shall issue ASRs for one-way Trunk Groups originating at the AT&T-9STATE switch.
	foregoing, each Party may construct its network to achieve optimum cost effectiveness and network efficiency. Unless otherwise agreed, AT&T- 9STATE will provide or bear the cost of all trunk groups for the delivery of Authorized Services traffic from the POI at which the Parties Interconnect	2.8.1.2 Trunk groups for ancillary services (e.g., OS/DA, BLVI, High Volume Call In, and E911) and Third Party Trunk Groups can be established between Sprint's switch and the appropriate AT&T-9STATE Tandem Switch as further provided in this Section
	to the Sprint Central Office Switch, and Sprint will provide the delivery of Authorized Services traffic from the Sprint Central Office Switch to each POI at which the Parties Interconnect.	2.8.2 Any Sprint request that requires special AT&T-9STATE translations and other network modifications will require Sprint to submit a Bona Fide Request yia the Bona Fide Request Process set forth in the General Terms and Conditions.
		2.8.3 All Trunk Groups will be provisioned as Signaling System 7 (SS7) capable where technically feasible. If SS7 is not technically feasible multi-frequency (MF) protocol signaling will be used. AT&T-9STATE will not be responsible for correcting any undesirable characteristics, service problems or performance problems that are associated with MF/SS7 inter-working or the signaling protocol required for Interconnection with Sprint employing MF signaling.
	sion Page 2	2.8.4 Where available and upon the request of the other Party, each Party shall cooperate to ensure that its Trunk Groups are configured utilizing the B8ZS ESF protocol for 64 kbps Clear Channel Capability (64CCC) transmission to 24 of 98

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	allow for ISDN interoperability between the Parties' respective networks, and such 64CCC transmission must be specified by Sprint on the order.
	2.8.5 The number of digits to be exchanged by the Parties shall be ten (10) unless otherwise mutually agreed.
	2.8.6 One-way and Two-way Interconnection Trunking
	2.8.6.1 One-Way Interconnection Trunking
	2.8.6.1.1 One-way interconnection trunking for Section 251(b)(5) and IntraLATA Toll Traffic may be established by Sprint from its End Office or switch to deliver such traffic to each AT&T-9STATE Access Tandem in the LATA where Sprint homes its NPA/NXX codes for calls destined to or from all AT&T-9STATE End Offices that subtend the designated Tandem. These Trunk Groups shall be one-way except where two-way Trunks have been mutually agreed and will utilize SS7 signaling. Where Sprint does not interconnect at every Access Tandem switch location in the LATA, Sprint must use Multiple Tandem Access (MTA) to route traffic to End Users through those Tandems within the LATA to which Sprint is not interconnected. To utilize MTA, Sprint must establish Interconnection Trunk Groups to a minimum of one (1) Access Tandem within each LATA as required. AT&T-9STATE will route Sprint originated IntraLATA Toll traffic for LATA-wide transport and termination. Compensation for MTA is described in below.
	2.8.6.1.2 The establishment of one-way Interconnection trunking to a Party's End Office provides for the delivery of the originating Party's Section 251(b)(5) and IntraLATA Toll Traffic to the terminating Party's End Users served by such End Office.
	2.8.6.1.3 Sprint's establishment of one-way interconnection trunking to a AT&T-9STATE local Tandem provides for the delivery of its originated Section 251(b)(5)Traffic to the AT&T-9STATE End Users served by AT&T-9STATE End Offices subtending such AT&T-9STATE local Tandem or other AT&T-9STATE local Tandems within the same local calling area according to the provisions in the local Tandem Interconnection trunking section of this Attachment.
	2.8.6.1.4 Unless multiple Tandem access is ordered, Sprint establishment of one-way Interconnection Trunks at AT&T-9STATE Access Tandems provides

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	Sprint Language	AT&T Language
 		intratandem delivery of Sprint originating Section 251 (b)(5) and intraLATA Toll Traffic to theAT&T-9STATE End Users served by such AT&T-9STATE Access Tandem.
		2.8.6.1.5 One-way Interconnection trunking - When one-way Interconnection trunking is utilized, the ordering Party is responsible for the ordering, ordering charges and associated costs of such trunking used to deliver 251(b)(5), ISP Bound and IntraLATA toll traffic originated by its respective End User customers to the terminating Party.
		2.8.6.2 Two-Way Interconnection Trunking (may be established and used upon mutual consent of the Parties).
		2.8.6.2.1 Two-way interconnection trunking may be utilized by the Parties to transport Section 251 (b)(5) and IntraLATA Toll Traffic between Sprint's End Office or switch and AT&T-9STATE's Access Tandem in the LATA where Sprint homes its NPA/NXX codes for calls destined to or from all AT&T-9STATE End Offices that subtend the designated Tandem. These Trunk Groups will utilize SS7 signaling. Where Sprint does not interconnect at every Access Tandem switch location in the LATA, Sprint must use MTA to route traffic to End Users through those Tandems within the LATA to which Sprint is not interconnected. To utilize MTA, Sprint must establish Interconnection Trunk Groups to a minimum of one (1) Access Tandem within each LATA as required. AT&T- 9STATE will route Sprint originated intraLATA Toll traffic for LATA-wide transport and termination. Compensation for MTA is described in Section XXX below. Two-way Interconnection trunking may also be used to transport Section 251 (b)(5) Traffic between Sprint's End Office or switch and AT&T- 9STATE's local Tandem. Upon determination that two-way Interconnection trunking will be used, Sprint shall order such two-way trunking via the Access Service Request (ASR) process in place for Local Interconnection. Furthermore, the Parties shall jointly review such trunking performance and forecasts on a periodic basis. The Parties shall mutually agree upon the guantity of Trunks and provisioning shall be jointly coordinated.
		2.8.6.2.1.1 AT&T-9STATE will provide two-way interconnection trunking upon Sprint's request. Once two-way interconnection trunking is established, AT&T- 9STATE must use such two-way trunking for AT&T-9STATE-originated traffic.

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Sprint Language	AT&T Language
	2.8.6.2.1.2 The selection of the Point of Interconnection for two-way trunking will be pursuant to Section 2.8 of this Attachment.
	2.8.6.2.2 The establishment of two-way interconnection trunks between the Parties' End Offices provides for the receipt and delivery of the Parties' Section 251 (b)(5) and IntraLATA Toll Traffic between the Parties' End Users served by such End Offices.
	2.8.6.2.3 The Parties' establishment of two-way Interconnection trunking to a AT&T-9STATE local Tandem provides for the receipt and delivery of the Parties Section 251 (b)(5) Traffic between the Parties' End Users served by such End Offices.
	2.8.6.2.4 The Parties establishment of two-way Interconnection Trunks between a Sprint End Office and a AT&T-9STATE Access Tandem provides intra-tandem delivery of Sprint's originating Section 251(b)(5) and IntraLATA Toll Traffic from Sprint End Users served by such Sprint End Office to the AT&T-9STATE End Users served by such AT&T-9STATE Access Tandem.
	2.8.6.2.4.1 Furthermore, such two-way interconnection Trunks between a AT&T-9STATE Access Tandem and a Sprint End Office allows AT&T-9STATE to deliver AT&T-9STATE originated Section 251 (b)(5) and intraLATA Toli Traffic from AT&T-9STATE End Users to the Sprint End Users served by such Sprint End Office.
	2.8.6.3 Both Parties will use the Trunk Group Service Request (TGSR) to request changes in trunking. Both Parties reserve the right to issue ASRs, if so required, in the normal course of business.
	2.8.7 Toll Free Traffic
	2.8.7.1 If Sprint chooses AT&T-9STATE to handle Toll Free database queries from its switches, all Sprint originating Toll Free traffic will be routed over the Third Party Trunk Groups.
	2.8.7.2 All originating Toll Free Service (Toll Free) calls for which Sprint requests that AT&T-9STATE perform the Service Switching Point ("SSP") function (i.e., perform the database query) shall be delivered using GR-394

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	Sprint Language	AT&T Language
		format over the Third Party Trunk Group. Carrier Code "0110" and Circuit Code (to be determined for each LATA) shall be used for all such calls. 2.8.7.3 Sprint may handle its own Toll Free database queries from its own switch. If so, Sprint will determine the nature (Section 251 (b)(5) Traffic/Intra- LATA or IXC-carried) of the Toll Free call based on the response from the database. If the query determines that the call is a AT&T-9STATE Section 251 (b)(5) or IntraLATA Toll Free number, Sprint will route the post-query Section
		251 (b)(5) or IntraLATA converted ten-digit local number to AT&T-9STATE over the Section 251 (b)(5) Traffic or Intra-LATA Trunk Group and shall provide an 800/(8YY) billing Record to AT&T-9STATE. If the guery determines that the call is an IXC-carried 800/(8YY) number, Sprint shall route the post-guery IXC- carried call (800/(8YY) number) directly from its switch for carriers interconnected with its network or over the Third Party Trunk Group, as appropriate, to carriers not directly connected to its network but which are connected to AT&T-9STATE's Access or local/Access Tandem Switch. Calls will be routed to AT&T-9STATE over the appropriate Trunk Group as defined above, within the LATA in which the calls originate.
		2.8.7.4 All post-query Toll Free Service (Toll Free) calls for which Sprint performs the SSP function, if delivered to AT&T-9STATE, shall be delivered using GR-394 format over the Third Party Trunk Group for calls destined to IXCs, or shall be delivered by Sprint using GR-317 format over the Local Only and/or Local Interconnection Trunk Group for calls destined to End Offices that directly subtend the Tandem.
		2.8.8 Access Tandem Interconnection Trunking 2.8.8.1 When Tandem Trunks are deployed, Sprint shall route appropriate traffic (i.e. only traffic to End Offices that subtend that Tandem) to the respective AT&T-9STATE Tandems on the Trunk Groups defined herein. The LERG should be referenced for current routing and Tandem serving arrangements. Likewise, AT&T-9STATE shall route appropriate traffic to Sprint switches based on the Tandem serving arrangements referenced in the LERG.
		2.8.9 Local Tandem Interconnection Trunking
8/27/10 Vers	sion Dage	2.8.9.1 This interconnection arrangement allows Sprint to establish 28 of 98

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	Sprint Language	AT&T Language
		Interconnection trunking at AT&T-9STATE local Tandems for the delivery of Sprint-originated Section 251 (b)(5)Traffic transported and terminated by AT&T- 9STATE to AT&T-9STATE End Offices within the local calling area as defined in AT&T-9STATE's General Subscriber Services Tariff ("GSST"), section A3 served by those AT&T-9STATE local Tandems.
		2.8.9.2 When a specified local calling area is served by more than one AT&T- 9STATE local Tandem, Sprint must designate a "home" local Tandem for each of its assigned NPA/NXXs and establish Interconnection trunking to such local Tandems, Additionally, Sprint, may choose to establish interconnection
		trunking at the AT&T-9STATE local Tandems where it has no codes homing but is not required to do so. Sprint may deliver Section 251(b)(5) Traffic to a "home" AT&T-9STATE local Tandem that is destined for other AT&T-9STATE or Third Party network provider End Offices served by other AT&T-9STATE local tandems in the same local calling area where Sprint does not choose to establish Interconnection trunking. It is Sprint's responsibility to enter its own
5.	· ·	NPA/NXX local Tandem horning arrangements into the Local Exchange Routing Guide (LERG) either directly or via a vendor in order for other Third Party network providers to determine appropriate traffic routing to Sprint's codes. Likewise, Sprint shall obtain its routing information from the LERG.
		2.8.9.3 Notwithstanding establishing interconnection trunking to AT&T- 9STATE's local Tandems, Sprint must also establish interconnection trunking to AT&T-9STATE Access Tandems within the LATA on which Sprint has NPA/NXX's homed for the delivery of interexchange Carrier Switched Access (SWA) and toll traffic, and traffic to connections located at the Access Tandems Toll traffic routed to the local Tandem in error will not be backhauled to the AT&T-9STATE Access Tandem for completion.
		2.8.11 Other Interconnection Trunk Groups
		2.8.11.1 Third Party Trunk Groups shall be two-way Trunks and must be ordered by Sprint to deliver and receive traffic that neither originates with nor terminates to an AT&T-9STATE End User, including interexchange traffic (whether intraLATA or InterLATA) to/from Sprint End Users and IXCs., Establishing Third Party Trunk Groups at Access and Jocal Tandems
		provides Intra-Tandem Access to the Third Party also Interconnected at those Tandems. Sprint shall be responsible for all recurring and nonrecurring charges associated with the traffic transported over these

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	Sprint Language	AT&T Language
		Third Party Trunk Groups.
		CLEC Only
		"Local Only Trunk Groups" are trunk groups used to carry Section 251(b)(5) and ISP-Bound Traffic only.
33. <i>II.G</i> .	2.5.3 (f) DEOT Interconnection Facilities. Subject to Sprint's sole discretion, Sprint may (1) order DEOT Interconnection Facilities as it deems necessary, and (2) to the extent mutually agreed by the Parties on a case by case basis, order DEOT Interconnection Facilities to accommodate reasonable requests by AT&T-9STATE. A DEOT Interconnection Facility creates a Dedicated Transport communication path between a Sprint Switch Location and an AT&T-9STATE End Office switch. If a DEOT is requested by Sprint, the POI for the DEOT Interconnection Facility shared in the same manner as any other Interconnection Facility. If a DEOT is being established to accommodate a request by AT&T-9STATE, absent the affirmative consent of Sprint to a different treatment, the Parties will only share the portion of the costs of such Facilities as if the POI were established at the AT&T-9STATE Access Tandem that serves the AT&T End Office to which the DEOT is installed, and AT&T-9STATE will be responsible for all further costs associated with the Facilities between the Access Tandem POI and the AT&T End Office.	CMRS - DEOT 2.3.2 The Parties shall establish a one-way mobile-to-land or land-to- mobile (or two-way where available) when actual or projected total End Office Switch traffic requires twenty-four (24) or more Trunks, or when AT&T-9STATE's End Office Switch is not served by an AT&T-9STATE Tandem Office Switch. If the Direct End Office Trunk (DEOT) is designed to overflow, the traffic will be alternately routed to the appropriate AT&T- 9STATE Tandem. DEOT's established as direct finals will not overflow from either direction to any alternate route CLEC 2.8.10 Direct End Office Interconnection Trunking (DEOT) 2.8.10.1 Direct End Office Trunks transport traffic between a Sprint switch and a AT&T-9STATE End Office and are not switched at a Tandem location. When actual or projected End Office Traffic requires twenty-four (24) or more Trunks Sprint shall establish a one-way DEOT in AT&T-9STATE (except where the Parties have agreed to use two-way Trunks.) Once such Trunks are provisioned, traffic from Sprint to AT&T-9STATE Tandem that switches traffic. If an AT&T-9STATE End Office does not subtend an AT&T-9STATE Tandem that switches traffic, a direct final DEOT will be established to route the direct End Office straffic does not subtend an AT&T-9STATE Tandem that switches traffic, a direct final DEOT will be established by Sprint and there will be no overflow of traffic. The overflow will be based on the homing arrangements displayed in the LERG. 2.8.10.2 All traffic received by AT&T-9STATE on a direct End Office Trunk Group from Sprint must terminate in the End Office, i.e. no Tandem switching

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	Sprint Language	AT&T Language
		to be received by the AT&T-9\$TATE End Office shall be mutually agreed upon by the Parties. 2.8.10.3 If an AT&T-9\$TATE Tandem through which the Parties are interconnected is unable to or is forecasted to be unable to support additional traffic loads for any period of time, the Parties will mutually agree on an End Office trunking plan that will alleviate the Tandem capacity shortage and ensure completion of traffic between Sprint and AT&T-9\$TATE subscribers. 2.8.10.4 When End Office trunking is ordered by AT&T-9\$TATE to deliver AT&T-9\$TATE originated traffic to Sprint, AT&T-9\$TATE will provide overflow routing through AT&T-9\$TATE Tandems consistent with how AT&T-9\$TATE overflows its traffic. The overflow will be based on the homing arrangements Sprint displays in the LERG. Likewise, if Sprint interconnects to a AT&T- 9\$TATE End Office for delivery of Sprint originated traffic, Sprint may overflow the traffic through the AT&T-9\$TATE Tandems based on the AT&T-9\$TATE homing arrangements shown in the LERG.
34. <i>II.H.(1)</i>		Tandem routed overflow) if the traffic destined for that End Office exceeds the equivalent of a DS1, unless otherwise mutually agreed to by the Parties. CMRS – Mass Calling
35. <i>II.H.(2)</i> 36. <i>II.H.(3)</i>	CMRS and CLEC – Mass Calling 3.3.1 High Volume Call In / Mass Calling Trunk Group. Separate high- volume calling (HVCI) trunk groups will be required for high-volume customer calls (e.g., radio contest lines). If the need for HVCI trunk groups	2.9.12.2 Mass Calling, Le., High Volume Call In network architecture, Trunk Group AT&T-9STATE ("Mass Calling"):
	are identified by either Party, that Party may initiate a meeting at which the Parties will negotiate where HVCI Trunk Groups may need to be provisioned to ensure network protection from HVCI traffic.	29.12.2.1 A dedicated Trunk Group shall be required to the designated Public Response Mass Calling Network Access Tandem in each serving area. This Trunk Group shall be one-way outgoing only and shall utilize Multi-Frequency ("MF") signaling. As the Mass Calling Trunk Group is designed to block all excessive attempts toward Mass Calling NXXs, it is necessarily exempt from the one percent blocking standard described in Section 3.5.8 below for other final Local Interconnection Trunk Groups. Sprint PCS will have administrative control for the purpose of Issuing ASRs and/or WSRs on this one-way Trunk Group. The Parties will not exchange live traffic until successful testing is completed by both Parties.

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	Sprint Language	AT&T Language
	2.9.12.3 Mass Calling Trunk Groups (Table 1) shall be sized as follows: Table 1 0 - 10,000 2 10,001 - 20,000 3	
		20,001 - 30,000 4 30,001 - 40,000 5 40,001 - 50,000 6 50,001 - 60,000 7 60,001 - 75,000 8 75,000 + 9 maximum If Sprint PCS should acquire a Mass Calling End User, e.g., a radio station, Sprint PCS shall notify AT&T-9STATE at least sixty (60) Days in advance of the need to establish a one-way outgoing \$\$7 or MF Trunk Group from the AT&T-9STATE Mass Calling serving office to the Sprint PCS End User's serving office. Sprint PCS will have administrative control for the purpose of
		2.9.12.4 If Sprint PCS finds it necessary to issue a new Mass Calling telephone number to a new or existing Mass Calling End User, then Sprint PCS may request a meeting to coordinate with AT&T-SSTATE the assignment of Mass Calling telephone number from the existing Mass Calling NXX. In the event that Sprint PCS establishes a new Mass Calling NXX. Sprint PCS must notify AT&T- 9STATE a minimum of ninety (90) days prior to deployment of the new Mass Calling NXX. AT&T-9STATE will perform the necessary translations in its End Offices and Tandem(s) and issue ASRs and/or WSRs to establish a one-way outgoing SS7 or MF Trunk Group from the AT&T-9STATE Public Response
8/27/10 Ver		Mass Calling Network Access Tandem to Sprint PCS's Mass Calling serving office. CLEC – Mass Calling 32 of 98

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1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 -		3.4 High Volume C	all In (HVCI) / Mass Calling (Ch	oke) Trunk Group	
		3.4.1 Sprint shall establish a dedicated Trunk Group to the designated Publick Response HVCI/Mass Calling Network Access Tandem in each serving area This Trunk Group shall be one-way outgoing only and shall utilize MF. As the HVCI/Mass Calling trunk group is designed to block all excessive attempts toward HVCI/Mass Calling NXXs, It is necessarily exempt from the one percent blocking standard described elsewhere for other final local Interconnection Trunk Groups. The Party originating the traffic will have administrative contro for the purpose of issuing ASRs on this one-way trunk group. The Parties will not exchange live traffic until successful testing is completed by both Parties. 3.4.1.1 Upon demonstration that the Sprint switch is unable to utilize MF			ring area. F As the attempts e percent onnection re control arties will Parties.
		<u>signaling, the Spri Trunk Group</u>	int may utilize SS7 signaling f	or its HVCI/Mass Call	ling
		3.4.1.2 The HVCI trunk group shall be sized as follows:			
			<u>0 10.000</u>	<u>2</u>	
1			<u> 10,001 – 20,000</u>	<u>3</u>	
			<u> 20,001 – 30,000</u>	4	
			<u> 30.001 - 40,000</u>	5	
			<u>40,001 - 50,000</u>	6	
			<u>50,001 - 60,000</u>	Z	
			<u>60,001 - 75,000</u>	8	

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	3.4.3 If Sprint should acquire a HVCU/Mass Calling customer, e.g., a radio station, Sprint shall notify AT&T-9STATE at least sixty (60) days in advance of the need to establish a one-way outgoing SS7 or MF trunk group from the AT&T-9STATE HVCU/Mass Calling Serving Office to Sprint's End User's serving office Sprint will have administrative control for the purpose of issuing ASRs on this one-way Trunk Group. 3.4.4 If Sprint finds it necessary to issue a new choke telephone number to a
	new or existing HVCI/Mass Calling customer. Sprint may request a meeting to coordinate with AT&T-9STATE the assignment of the HVCI/Mass Calling telephone number from the existing choke NXX. In the event that the Sprint establishes a new choke NXX, Sprint must notify AT&T-9STATE a minimum of ninety (90) days prior to deployment of the new HVCI/Mass Calling NXX. AT&T-9STATE will perform the necessary translations in its End Offices and Tandem(s) and issue ASRs to establish a one-way outgoing SS7 or MF trunk group from the AT&T-9STATE Public Response HVCI/Mass Calling Network Access Tandem to Sprint's choke serving office.
	3.4.5 Where AT&T-9STATE and Sprint both provide HVC/Mass Canny trunking, both Parties' Trunks may ride the same DS-1. MF and SS7 Trunk Groups shall not be provided within a DS-1 facility; a separate DS-1 per signaling type must be used. CMRS Signaling
	2.3.2.b Such interconnecting facilities shall conform, at a minimum, to the telecommunications industry standard of DS-1 pursuant to Telcordia Standard No. TR-NWT-00499. Signal transfer point, Signaling System 7 ("SS7") connectivity is required at each interconnection point after Sprint PCS implements SS7 capability within its own network. AT&T-9STATE will provide out-of-band signaling using Common Channel Signaling Access Capability where technically and economically feasible, AT&T-9STATE and Sprint PCS facilities' shall provide the necessary on-hook, off-hook answer and disconnect supervision and shall hand off calling party number to when Technically Feasible.

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Sprint Language CMRS and CLEC - Signaling 3.5 Signaling. The Parties will provide Common Channel Signaling (CCS) information to one another, where available and technically feasible, in conjunction with all traffic in order to enable full interoperability of CLASS features and functions except for call return. All CCS signaling parameters will be provided, including automatic number identification (AM), originating line Information (OL) calling party category, charge number, etc. All privacy indicators will be honored, and AT&I-SSTATE and Sprint PCS agree to cooperate on the exchange of Transactional Capabilities Application Part (TCAP) messages to facilitate full interoperability of CCS-based features between the respective networks.	CLEC Signaling <u>3.6</u> Interconnection Technical Standards. The Interconnection of all networks will be based upon accepted industry/national guidelines for transmission standards and traffic blocking criteria. Interconnecting facilities shall conform, at a minimum, to the telecommunications industry standard of DS-1 pursuant to Telcordia Standard No. TR-NWT-00499. Signal transfer point, Signaling System 7 ("SS7") connectivity is required at each Interconnection point, AT&T-9STATE will provide out-of-band signaling using Common Channel Signaling Access Capability where technically feasible and economically practicable. AT&T-9STATE Facilities of each Party shall provide the necessary on-hook, off-hook answer and disconnect supervision and shall hand off calling

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Sprint Language	AT&T Language
	3.7.2 Signaling Call Information. AT&T-9STATE and Sprint will send and receive 10digits for Section 251(b)(5)Traffic. Additionally, AT&T-9STATE and Sprint will exchange the proper call information, i.e., originated call company number and destination call company number, CIC, and OZZ, including all proper translations for routing between networks and any information necessary for billing.
Sprint relies upon its forecasting language, which has been accepted by the	CLEC - Trunk Servicing
parties for CLEC only, but Sprint does not agree upon the additional Trunk Servicing language proposed by AT&T for the CLEC ICA.	3.10 Trunk Servicing
	3,10.1 Orders between the Parties to establish, add, change or disconnect trunks shall be processed by using an ASR. Sprint will have administrative control for the purpose of Issuing ASR's on two-way trunk groups. The Parties agree that neither Party shall alter Trunk sizing without first conferring the other Party.
	3.10.2 Both Parties will jointly manage the capacity of Interconnection Trunk Groups. Both Parties may send a Trunk Group Service Request (TGSR) to the other Party to trigger changes to the Interconnection Trunk Groups based on capacity assessment. The TGSR is a standard industry support interface developed by the OBF of the Carrier Liaison Committee of the Alliance for Telecommunications Solutions (ATIS) organization. TELCORDIA TECHNOLOGIES Special Report STS000316 describes the format and use of the TGSR. Contact TELCORDIA TECHNOLOGIES at 1-800-521-2673 regarding the documentation availability and use of this form. Both Parties reserve the right to issue applicable ASRs if so required in the normal course of business.
	3.10.3 Utilization: Utilization shall be defined as Trunks Required as a percentage of Trunks In Service
	3.10.3.1 In A Blocking Situation (Over-utilization)
	3.10.3.1.1 In a blocking situation, Sprint is responsible for issuing ASRs on all two-way Local Only, Interconnection, Third Party Trunk Groups and one-way Sprint originating Local Only and/or Interconnection Trunk Groups to reduce measured blocking to design objective blocking levels based on analysis of Trunk Group data. If an ASR is not issued, AT&T-

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	business	vill issue a TGSR. Sprint will issue an ASR within three (3) days after receipt and review of the TGSR. Sprint will note Affecting" on the ASR.
	Interconne objective is not iss	In a blocking situation, AT&T-9STATE is responsible for SRs on one-way AT&T-9STATE originating Local Only and/or action Trunk Groups to reduce measured blocking to design blocking levels based on analysis of Trunk Group data. If an ASR ued, Sprint will issue a TGSR. AT&T-9STATE will issue an ASR as (3) business days after receipt and review of the TGSR.
	TGSR ma high usag	If an alternate final Local Only Trunk Group or ection Trunk Group is at seventy-five percent (75%) utilization, a y be sent to Sprint for the final Trunk Group and all subtending the Trunk Groups that are contributing any amount of overflow to ate final route.
	<u>3.10.3.1.4</u> (90%) utili	If a direct final Third Party Trunk Group is at ninety percent zation, a TGSR may be sent to CLEC.
	<u>3.10.3.2</u>	Underutilization
	provision	ection Trunk Groups and Third Party Trunk Groups exist when ed capacity is greater than the current need. Those situations re capacity exists than actual usage regulres will be handled in the
	each mor request ti interconn with not	I If a Local Only Trunk Group, Interconnection Trunk Group, by Trunk Group is under eighty percent (80%) for AT&T-9STATE, for the of any three (3) consecutive months period, either Party may he issuance of an order to resize the Local Only Trunk Group, ection Trunk Group, Third Party Trunk Group, which shall be left less than fifteen percent (15%) for AT&T-9STATE. In all cases, service objectives shall be maintained.
	<u>3.10.3.2.1</u> changes	2 Either Party may send a TGSR to the other Party to trigger to the Local Only Trunk Groups, Interconnection Trunk Groups,

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	Third Party Trunk Groups based on capacity assessment. Upon receipt of a TGSR, the receiving Party will issue an ASR to the other Party within twenty (20) business days after receipt of the TGSR.
	3.10.3.1.3 Upon review of the TGSR, If a Party does not agree with the resizing, the Parties will schedule a joint planning discussion within twenty (20) business days. The Parties will meet to resolve and mutually agree to the disposition of the TGSR.
	3.10.3.1.4 If AT&T-9STATE does not receive an ASR, or if Sprint does not respond to the TGSR by scheduling a joint discussion within the twenty (20) business day period, AT&T-9STATE will attempt to contact Sprint to schedule a joint planning discussion. If Sprint will not agree to meet within an additional five (5) business days and present adequate reason for keeping Trunks operational, AT&T-9STATE reserves the right to issue ASRs to resize the Local Only Trunk Groups, Interconnection Trunk Groups or Third Party Trunk Groups.
	3.10.4 The Parties will process Trunk service requests submitted via a property completed ASR within ten (10) business days of receipt of such ASR unless defined as a major project. Incoming orders will be screened by AT&T-9STATE for reasonableness based upon current utilization and/or consistency with forecasts. If the nature and necessity of an order requires determination, the ASR will be placed in held status, and a joint planning discussion conducted. The Parties agree to expedite this discussion in order to minimize delay in order processing. Extension of this review and discussion process beyond two (2) Business Days from ASR receipt will require the ordering Party to supplement the order with proportionally adjusted Customer Desired Due Dates. Facilities must also be in place before Trunk orders can be completed.
	3.10.5 Unless in response to a blocking situation or for a project, when either Party orders Interconnection Trunk Group augmentations, a Firm Order confirmation (FOC) shall be returned to the ordering Party within three (3) business days from receipt of a valid error free ASR. A project is defined a new Trunk Group or the request of 96 or more Trunks on a single or multiple Trunk Group(s) in a given local calling area. Blocking situations and projects shall be managed through the AT&T-9STATE Interconnection Trunking Project Management group and Sprint's equivalent trunking group.

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	3.10.6 Each Party agrees to service Trunk Groups to the foregoing blocking criteria in a timely manner when Trunk Groups exceed measured blocking thresholds on an average time consistent busy hour for a twenty (20) business day study period. The Parties agree that twenty (20) business days is the study period duration objective. However, a study period on occasion may be less than twenty (20) business days but at minimum must be at least three (3) business days to be utilized for engineering purposes, although with less statistical confidence.
CMRS Only 3.6 Forecasting. Sprint agrees to provide forecasts for Interconnection Facilities on a semi-annual basis, not later than January 1 and July 1 in order to be considered in the semi-annual publication of the AT&T-9STATE forecast. These non-binding forecasts should include yearly forecasted trunk quantities for all appropriate trunk groups for a minimum of three years. When the forecast is submitted, the Parties agree to meet and review the forecast submitted by Sprint. As part of the review process, AT&T- 9STATE will share any network plans or changes with Sprint that would impact the submitted forecast.	3.10.7 Projects: 3.10.7.1 Projects require the coordination and execution of multiple orders or related activities between and among AT&T-9STATE and Sprint work groups, including but not limited to the initial establishment of Local Only, interconnection or Third Party Trunk Groups and service in an area, NXX code moves, rehomes, facility grooming, or network rearrangements. 3.10.7.1.1 Orders that comprise a project, i.e. greater than eight (8) DS1s, shall be submitted at the same time, and their Implementation shall be jointly planned and coordinated. 3.10.7.2 Projects -Tandem Rehomes/Switch Conversion/Major Network Projects:
	3.10.7.2.1 AT&T-9STATE will advise Sprint of all projects significantly affecting Sprint trunking. Such projects may include Tandem Rehomes, Switch Conversions and other major network changes. An Accessible Letter with project details will be issued at least six (6) months prior to the project due dates. AT&T-9STATE may follow with a TGSR approximately four (4) to six (6) months before the due date of the project. A separate TGSR will be issued for each Sprint Trunk Group and will specify the required Sprint ASR issue date. Failure to submit ASR(s) by the required date may result in AT&T-9STATE ceasing to deliver traffic until the ASR(s) are received and processed.

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	Sprint Language	AT&T Language
<u></u>	<u>a na serie de la serie de la Internet de la serie de la s</u>	4.1 Wireless Network Design and Management
		4.1Trunk Forecasting:
		Sprint PCS agrees to provide Trunk forecasts to AT&T-9STATE to assist in the planning and provisioning of Interconnection Trunk Groups and Facilities.
		Sprint PC\$ will provide a Trunk forecast to AT&T-9STATE prior to initial implementation, and Sprint PCS will provide subsequent forecasts to AT&T- 9\$TATE upon request by AT&T-9\$TATE, as often as twice per year. The forecasts shall include yearly forecasted Trunk quantities (which include measurements that reflect actual Tandem Local Interconnection and InterLATA Trunks, End Office Local Interconnection Trunks, and Tandem subtending Local Interconnection end office equivalent Trunk requirements) for a minimum of three years, i.e., the current year and the following two years.
		Sprint PCS will provide revised Trunk forecasts to AT&T-9STATE whenever there is a difference of 25% or more in trunking demand than reflected in previously submitted forecasts.
		Trunk forecasts shall include yearly forecasted Trunk quantities by Tandem and subtending End Offices. Identification of each Trunk will be by the "from" and "to" Common Language Location Identifiers (CLLI), as described in Telcordia Technologies documents BR 795-100-100 and BR 795-400-100.
		The Parties agree to review with each other the submitted forecasts.
37. III.A.(1) 38.	CMRS and CLEC 6. Authorized Services Traffic Per Minute Usage.	CLEC AT&T's proposed CLEC classifications are reflected in contract language set forth for Issues 39. III.A.1 (3), 45. III.A.2, 50. III.A.4 (2), 51. III.A.4 (3), 52. III.A.5, 53.
III.A.(2)	6.1 Classification of Authorized Services Traffic Usage.	III.A.6 (1) and 54. III.A.6 (2).
39. III.A.(3)	[If only two billable categories are deemed necessary:] CMRS 6.1.1 Authorized Services traffic exchanged between the Parties	CMRS <u>6. Interconnection Compensation</u>
	pursuant to this Agreement will be classified as Authorized Service Terminated Traffic (which will include IntraMTA Traffic, InterMTA	6.1 Classification Of Traffic: 40 of 98

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Telecommunications traffic exchanged between AT&T-9STATE and t PCS pursuant to this Agreement will be classified as either Section X5) Calls, IXC traffic, or InterMTA Traffic. For all traffic originated on a Party's network including, without tion, Switched Access Traffic, such Party shall provide CPN as defined C.F.R. §64.1600(c) and in accordance with Section 6.1.3 below. CPN at a minimum, include information in an Industry recognized standard to consistent with the requirements of the NANP containing an NPA seven digit (NXX-XXXX) telephone number. Each Party to this ament will be responsible for passing on any CPN it receives from a Party for traffic delivered to the other Party. In addition, each Party to traffic delivered to the other Party. In addition, each Party is that it shall not strip, alter, modify, add, delete, change, or incorrectly on any CPN. If either Party identifies improper, incorrect, or fraudulent of local Exchange Services (including, but not limited to PRI, ISDN or Smart Trunks), or identifies stripped, altered, modified, added, ed, changed, and/or incorrectly assigned CPN, the Parties agree to erate with one another to investigate and take corrective action. Each Party will record its terminating minutes of use for all calls from ther Party. Each Party will perform the necessary call recording and rating ills, and shall be responsible for purposes of providing involces to the Party.

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Sprint Language	AT&T Language
 IntraMTA Rate Land-to-Mobile InterMTA Rate Telephone Exchange Service Rate Telephone Toll Service Rate Information Services Rate Interconnected VolP Rate- N/A Transit Service Rate 6.2.2 Beginning with the Effective Date, the applicable Authorized Service Rate ("Rate") that AT&T-9STATE will charge Sprint for each category of Authorized Service traffic shall be the lowest of the following Rates: a) The Rate contained in the Pricing Schedule attached hereto; b) The Rate negotiated between the Parties as a replacement Rate to the extent such Rate is expressly included and identified in this Agreement; c) The Rate AT&T-9STATE charges any other Telecommunications carrier for the same category of Authorized Services traffic; or, 	
d) The Rate established by the Commission based upon an approved AT&T- 9STATE forward looking economic cost study in the arbitration proceeding that established this Agreement or such additional cost proceeding as may be ordered by the Commission.	
6.2.3 Reduced AT&T-9STATE Rate(s) True-Up. Where the lowest AT&T- 9STATE Rate is established by the Commission in the context of the review and approval of an AT&T-9STATE cost-study, or was provided by AT&T- 9STATE to another Telecommunications carrier and not made known to Sprint until after the Effective Date of this Agreement, AT&T-9STATE shall true-up and refund any difference between such reduced Rate and the Rate that Sprint was Involced by AT&T-9STATE regarding such Authorized Services traffic between the Effective Date of this Agreement and the date that AT&T-9STATE implements billing the reduced Rate to Sprint.	
6.2.4 Symmetrical Rate Application. Except to the extent otherwise provided in this Agreement, each Party will apply and bill the other Party the same Authorized Service Rate on a symmetrical basis for the same category of Authorized Services traffic.	
Wireless traffic rates: - IntraMTA Rate: [TBD] - Land-to-Mobile InterMTA Rate: [TBD]	

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	Sprint Language	AT&T Language
<u> </u>	Wireline traffic rates: - Telephone Exchange Service Rate: [TBD] - Telephone Toll Service Rate: Applicable access tariff rates	
	Wireless or Wireline traffic rates: - Information Services Rate: .0007 - Interconnected VoIP Rate: Bill & Keep until otherwise determined by the FCC. - Transit Service Rate: [TBD]	
	6.3.1 Each Party will perform the necessary call recording and rating for calls, and shall be responsible for billing and collection from its End Users.	
	6.3.5 The Party that performs the transmission, routing, termination, Transport and Termination, or Transiting of the other Party's originated Authorized Services traffic will bill to and the originating Party will pay for such performed functions on a per Conversation MOU basis at the applicable Authorized Service Rate	
	CMRS Only 6.3.6.1 Actual traffic Conversation MOU measurement in each of the applicable Authorized Service categories is the preferred method of classifying and billing traffic. If, however, either Party cannot measure traffic in each category, then the Parties shall agree on a surrogate method of classifying and billing those categories of traffic where measurement is not possible, taking into consideration as may be pertinent to the Telecommunications traffic categories of traffic, the territory served (e.g. MTA boundaries) and traffic routing of the Parties.	
	CLEC Only 6.3.6.1 Actual traffic Conversation MOU measurement in each of the applicable Authorized Service categories is the preferred method of classifying and billing traffic. If, however, either Party cannot measure traffic in each category, then the Parties shall agree on a surrogate method of classifying and billing those categories of traffic where measurement is not possible, taking into consideration as may be pertinent to the Telecommunications traffic categories of traffic, the territory served (e.g.	

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	Sprint Language	AT&T Language
<u> </u>	Exchange boundaries, LATA boundaries and state boundaries) and traffic routing of the Parties.	
40. <i>III.A.1.(1)</i> 41.		6.2 Compensation For Local Authorized Services Interconnection:
III.A.1.(2)		6.2.1 Compensation rates for interconnection are contained in the Pricing Schedule attached hereto.
		6.2.2 Compensation for Local Authorized Services Interconnection:
		6.2.2.1 Compensation for Section 251(b)(5) Calls. Transport and Termination. Subject to the limitations set forth below in Section 6.2.3 below, AT&T-9STATE shall compensate Sprint PCS for the transport and termination of Section 251(b)(5) Calls originating on AT&T-9STATE's network and terminating on Sprint PCS's network. Sprint PCS shall compensate AT&T-9STATE for the transport and termination of Section 251(b)(5) Calls originating on Sprint PCS's network and terminating on AT&T-9STATE's network. The rates for this reciprocal compensation are set forth in the Pricing Schedule attached hereto.
		6.2.3 Traffic Not Subject to Reciprocal Compensation:
		6.2.3.1 Exclusions. Reciprocal compensation shall apply solely to the transport and termination of Section 251(b)(5) Calls. Reciprocal compensation shall not apply to the following:
		6.2.3.1.1 Non-CMRS traffic (traffic that is not intended to originate or terminate to a mobile station using CMRS frequency); 6.2.3.1.2 Toil-free calls, e.g., 800/888, 500 and 700 calls; 6.2.3.1.3 Third Party Traffic; 6.2.3.1.4 Non-facility based traffic; 6.2.3.1.5 Paging Traffic;
		6.2.3.1.6 InterMTA Traffic 6.2.3.1.7 1+ IntraMTA calls that are handed off to an IXC: 6.2.3.1.8 IXC Traffic: and, 6.2.3.1.9 Any other type of traffic found to be exempt from reciproca

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	compensation by the FCC or the Commission.
	6.3 Billing For Reciprocal Compensation:
	6.3.1 Each Party will record its terminating minutes of use for all calls from the other Party. Each Party will perform the necessary call recording and rating for calls, and shall be responsible for billing and collection from its End Users. Except a specifically provided herein, each Party shall use procedures that record an measure actual usage for purposes of providing involces to the other Party.
	6.3.2 The Parties recognize that Sprint PCS may not have the technic: ability to measure actual usage and bill AT&T-9STATE pursuant to the Agreement.
	6.3.3 To the extent Sprint PCS does not have the ability to measure and b the actual amount of AT&T-9STATE-to-Sprint PCS Section 251(b)(5) Calls traffic Sprint PCS shall bill AT&T-9STATE, using the surrogate billing factor, a described in Sections 4.3.4 below and 4.3.5 below.
Pricing Sheet	6.3.4 Where Sprint PCS cannot record AT&T-9STATE-originate Section 251(b)(5) Calls traffic, the Parties agree to use a surrogate billin factor to determine the amount of land-to-mobile Section 251(b)(5) Call traffic. The Parties agree that the surrogate billing factor shall be equal to the Shared Facility Factor, stated in the Pricing Schedule. When using the
Authorized Services Per Conversation MOU Usage Rates will be provided at the lower of lower of:	surrogate billing method, Instead of recording actual usage, the amount of land-to-mobile Section 251(b)(5) Calls traffic Conversation MOUs shall b calculated as follows: (i) Sprint PCS-to-AT&T-9STATE (mobile-to-land Conversation MOUs for Section 251(b)(5) Calls (based on AT&T-9STATE)
- Negotiated Prices [TBD]; - AT&T Prices provided to a Third Party Telecommunications carrier [unknown at this time]; - AT&T TELRIC Prices [TBD]	monthly bill to Sprint PCS), divided by the difference of one (1) minus th Shared Facility Factor, multiplied by (ii) the Shared Facility Factor. Whe using the surrogate billing method, Sprint PCS shall bill AT&T-9STATE th charges due under this Section 4.3 above based solely on the calculation
Based upon the foregoing, the respective wireless traffic and wireline traffic usage rates are:	contained In the preceding sentence EXAMPLE
Wireless:	Land-to-Mobile Section 251(b)(5) Calls Traffic Conversation MOU's [mobile-to-land Section 251(b)(5) Conversation MOU's/(1 - Shared Facility

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Sprint Language	AT&T Language
 - IntraMTA Rates: Type 2A: [TBD*] Type 2B: [TBD*]	Factor)] * Shared Facility Factor Mobile-to-Land Conversation MOU's = 15,000 Shared Facility Factor = .20 Land-to-Mobile Section 251(b)(5) Calls Conversation MOU's = [15,000/(120)]*.20 =3,750 Conversation MOU's
	6.3.5 When Sprint PCS uses the surrogate billing factor billing method set forth above, Sprint PCS shall itemize on each of its bills the corresponding AT&T- 9STATE billing account numbers by state, for land-to-mobile Section 251(b)(5) Calls Traffic Conversation MOUs to which the surrogate billing factor is applied. All adjustment factors and resultant adjusted amounts shall be shown for each line item, including, as applicable, but not limited to, the surrogate billing factor as provided in this Section 4, the blended call set-up and duration factors (if applicable), the adjusted call set-up and duration amounts (if applicable), the appropriate rate and amounts.
	6.3.6 Except as provided in this Section, see the General Terms and Conditions for general billing requirements.
	Pricing Sheet 1. Compensation for Section 251(b)(5) Calls Transport and Termination (per Conversation MOU) <u>Type 2A</u> <u>Type 2A</u> <u>\$0.0007</u> \$0.0007
	2. Type 2B Surrogate Usage Rates – Mobile originated InterMTA traffic over Type 2B trunks to AT&T-9STATE End Offices will be billed using a surrogate usage rate, on a per voice grade trunk basis, for mobile originated Traffic completed over Type 2B trunks as follows;
	Per DS0 trunk (voice grade)Per MonthUSOCType 2B Dedicated End OfficeType 2B - MF\$6.30MRSSDType 2B - SS7\$6.30MRSSE

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	Sprint Language	AT&T Language
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		Provided to WSP Quarterly by AT&T-9STATE
42.		a. CLEC Section 251(b)(5)
III.A.1.(3)		6. Interconnection Compensation
		6.1 Responsibilities of the Parties
		6.1.1 For all traffic originated on a Party's network including, without limitation, Switched Access Traffic, such Party shall provide CPN as defined in 47 C.F.R. §64,1600(c) and in accordance with Section 6.1.3 below. CPN shall, at a minimum, include information in an industry recognized standard format, consistent with the requirements of the NANP containing an NPA and seven digit (NXX-XXXX) telephone number. Each Party to this Agreement will be responsible for passing on any CPN it receives from a Third Party for traffic delivered to the other Party. In addition, each Party agrees that it shall not strip, alter, modify, add, delete, change, or incorrectly assign any CPN. If either Party identifies improper, incorrect, or fraudulent use of local Exchange Services (including, but not limited to PRI, ISDN and/or Smart Trunks), or identifies stripped, altered, modified, added, deleted, changed, and/or incorrectly assigned CPN, the Parties agree to cooperate with one another to investigate and take corrective action.
		6.1.2 If one Party is passing CPN but the other Party is not properly receiving information, the Parties will work cooperatively to correct the problem.
		6.1.3 For traffic which is originated by one Party to be terminated on the other Party's network in AT&T-9STATE, if the percentage of such calls passed with CPN is greater than ninety percent (90%), all calls delivered by one Party to the other for termination without CPN will be billed as either Section 251(b)(5) Traffic or IntraLATA Toll Traffic in direct proportion to the total MOUs (MOUs) of calls delivered by one Party to the other with CPN. If the percentage of calls passed with CPN is less than 90%, all calls delivered by one Party to the other without CPN will be billed at intrastate Switched Access rates.

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Sprint Language	AT&T Language
	6.1.4 Sprint has the sole obligation to enter into compensation arrangements with all Third Parties with whom Sprint exchanges traffic including without limitation anywhere Sprint originates traffic to or terminates traffic from an End User being served by a Third Party who has purchased a local switching product from AT&T-9STATE on a wholesale basis (non-resale) which is used by such Telecommunications carrier to provide wireline local telephone Exchange Service (dial tone) to its End Users. In no event will AT&T-9STATE have any liability to Sprint or any Third Party if Sprint fails to enter into such compensation arrangements. In the event that traffic is exchanged with a Third Party with whom Sprint does not have a traffic compensation agreement, Sprint will indemnify, defend and hold harmless AT&T-9STATE against any and all losses including without limitation, charges levied by such Third Party. The Third Party and Sprint will bill their respective charges directly to each other. AT&T-9STATE will not be required to function as a billing intermediary, e.g., clearinghouse. AT&T-9STATE may provide information regarding such traffic to Third Party carriers or entities as appropriate to resolve traffic compensation issues.
	6.1.5 Notwithstanding the classification of traffic under this Attachment, either Party is free to define its own "local" calling area(s) for purposes of its provision of Telecommunications services to its End Users.
	6.1.6 To the extent that the Parties are not currently exchanging traffic in a given LATA or local calling area, the Parties' obligation to pay intercarrier compensation to each other shall commence on the date the Parties agree that the interconnection is complete (i.e., each Party has established its originating Trunks as well as all ancillary traffic trunking such as Operator Services, 911 or Mass Calling trunks) and is capable of fully supporting originating and terminating End User traffic. In addition, the Parties agree that test traffic is not subject to compensation pursuant to this Attachment.
	6.1.7 The Parties acknowledge that Section 6 addresses the method of compensation for traffic property exchanged by the Parties under this Agreement.
	6.2 Reciprocal Compensation for Termination of Section 251(b)(5) Traffic:

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Sprint Language	AT&T Language
	6.2.2 Multiple Tandem Access (MTA)
	6.2.2.1 Compensation for MTA shall be at the applicable Tandem Switching and transport charges specified in Pricing Schedule and shall be billed in addition to any call transport and termination charges.
	6.2.2.2 To the extent Sprint routes its traffic in such a way that utilizes AT&T-9STATE MTA service without properly ordering MTA, Sprint shall pay AT&T-9STATE the associated MTA charges.
	6.8 Billing Arrangements for Termination of Section 251(b)(5) Traffic and ISP- Bound Traffic
	6.8.1 In AT&T-9STATE, each Party, unless otherwise agreed to by the Parties, will calculate terminating Interconnection MOUs based on standard switch Recordings made within terminating carrier's network for Section 251(b)(5) Traffic, Optional EAS Traffic, ISP-Bound Traffic. These Recordings are the basis for each Party to generate bills to the other Party.
	6.8.2 The measurement of MOUs over Local Interconnection Trunk Groups shall be in actual conversation seconds. The total conversation seconds over each individual Local Interconnection Trunk Group will be totaled for the entire monthly bill and then rounded to the next whole minute.
	6.8.4 For billing disputes arising from Intercarrier Compensation charges, the Party challenging the disputed amounts (the "Non-Paving Party") may withhold payment for the amounts in dispute (the "Disputed Amounts") from the Party rendering the bill (the "Billing Party") only for so long as the dispute remains pending pursuant to the dispute resolution procedures of the General Terms and Conditions. Late payment charges and interest will continue to accrue on the Disputed Amounts while the dispute remains pending. The Non-Paying
	Party need not pay late payment charges or interest on the Disputed Amounts for so long as the dispute remains pending pursuant to the dispute resolution procedures of the General Terms and Conditions. Upon resolution of the dispute pertaining to the Disputed Amounts in accordance with the dispute resolution provisions of the General Terms and Conditions; (1) the Non-Paying

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		Party will remit the appropriate Disputed Amounts to the Billing Party, together with all related interest and late payment charges, to the Billing Party within ten (10) business days of the resolution of the dispute, if (and to the extent) the dispute is resolved in favor of the Billing Party; and/or (2) the Billing Party will render all appropriate credits and adjustments to the Non-Paying Party for the Disputed Amounts, together with all appropriate interest and late payment charges, within ten (10) business days of the resolution of the dispute, if (and to the extent) the dispute is resolved in favor of the Non-Paying Party.
		Pricing Sheet – All Traffic Rate for All ISP-Bound and Section 251(b)(5) Traffic, per MOU \$0.0007 Multiple Tandem Switching, per MOU (applies to initial tandem only \$0.0005379
43. 111.A. 1.(4) 44. 111.A. 1.(5)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	 NOTE: The following Bill and Keep arrangements for Section 251(b)(5) Traffic and ISP-Bound Traffic" (CLEC only), , is offered by AT&T as an alternative as explained in the Disputed Point List (DPL). CMRS
	 6.3.7 Conversion to Bill and Keep for wireless IntraMTA traffic or wireline Telephone Exchange Service traffic. [CMRS] a) If the IntraMTA Traffic exchanged between the Parties becomes balanced, such that it falls within the stated agreed balance below ("Traffic Balance Threshold"), either Party may request a bill and keep arrangement to satisfy the Parties' respective usage compensation payment obligations regarding IntraMTA Traffic. For purposes of this Agreement, the Traffic Balance Threshold is reached when the IntraMTA Traffic exchanged both directly and indirectly, reaches or falls between 60%/40%, in either the wireless-to-landline or landline-to-wireless direction for at least three (3) consecutive 	6.3.7 Upon mutual agreement that qualifying traffic between the Parties has been within +/-5% of equilibrium (50%) for 3 consecutive months, Bill and Keep shall be implemented as the reciprocal compensation arrangement for Section 251(b)(5) Traffic and ISP-Bound Traffic originated and terminated between AT&T-9STATE and Sprint in AT&T-9STATE so long as qualifying traffic between the parties remains in balance in accordance with this Section. Long-term local Bill and Keep applies only to Section 251(b)(5) Traffic and ISP-Bound Traffic as defined in General Terms and Conditions Part B - Definitions of this Agreement and does not include, IntraLATA Toll Traffic, Meet Point Billing Traffic, InterMTA Traffic, Transit Traffic or Terminating InterMTA Traffic. 6.3.7.1 The Parties agree that Section 251(b)(5) Traffic and ISP-Bound
8/27/10 Ven	months. When the actual usage data for such period indicates that the IntraMTA Traffic exchanged, both directly and indirectly, falls within the Traffic Balance Threshold, then either Party may provide the other Party a written	Traffic exchanged between the Parties will be subject to Bill and Keep as the method of intercarrier compensation provided that Section 251(b)(5) Traffic and ISP-Bound Traffic exchanged between the Parties is "In-Balance." In-

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request, along with verifiable information supporting such request, to eliminate billing for IntraMTA Traffic usage. Upon written consent by the Party receiving the request, which shall not be withheld unreasonably, there will be no billing for IntraMTA Traffic usage on a going forward basis unless otherwise agreed to by both Parties in writing. The elimination of billing for IntraMTA Traffic carries with it the precondition regarding the Traffic Balance Threshold discussed above. As such, the two points are Interrelated terms containing specific rates and conditions, which are non-separable for purposes of this Subsection 6.3.7. b) As of the Effective Date, the Parties acknowledge that the IntraMTA Traffic exchanged between the Parties both directly and indirectly has already been established as falling within the Traffic Balance Threshold. Accordingly, each Party hereby consents that, notwithstanding the existence of a stated IntraMTA Rate in the Pricing Sheet to this Agreement, there will be no billing between the Parties for IntraMTA Traffic usage on a going forward basis unless otherwise agreed to by both Parties in writing (CLEC] a) If the Telephone Exchange Service Traffic exchanged between the Parties becomes balanced, such that it falls within the stated agreed balance below ("Traffic Balance Threshold"), either Party may request a bill and keep arrangement to satisfy the Parties' respective usage companisation payment obligations regarding Telephone Exchange Service Traffic. For purposes of this Agreement, the Traffic Balance Threshold is reached when the Telephone Exchange Service Traffic exchanged both directly and indirectly, reaches or falls between 60% / 40%, in either the wireless-to-landline or landline-to wireless direction for at least three (3) consecutive months. When the actual usage data for such period indicates that the Telephone Exchange Service Traffic exchange Service Traffic usage. Upon written consent by the Party receiving the request, which shall not be withheld unreasonably, the	 Section 251(b)(5) Traffic and [37-Bound Traffic excitatinged between their End Users, either Party may invoke the dispute resolution procedures under this Agreement. In the event that dispute resolution procedures results in the calculations being delayed, the reciprocal compensation rates will apply retroactively to the date such reciprocal compensation rates will apply retroactively to the date such reciprocal compensation rates were applicable. 6.3.7.7 Upon reasonable belief that traffic other than Section 251(b)(5) Traffic and ISP-Bound Traffic is being terminated under this long-term local BIII and Keep arrangement, either Party may request a meeting to confirm the jurisdictional nature of traffic delivered as Bill and Keep. Parties will consult with each other to attempt to resolve issues without the need for an audit. Should no resolution be reached within 60 days, an audit may be requested and will be conducted by an independent auditor under an appropriate non-disclosure agreement, Only one audit may be conducted by each Party within a six-month period.

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b) As of the Effective Date, the Parties acknowledge that the Telephon Exchange Service Traffic exchanged between the Parties both directly as Indirectly has already been established as falling within the Traffic Balan Threshold. Accordingly, each Party hereby consents that, notwithstandi the existence of a stated Telephone Exchange Service Rate in the Prici Sheet to this Agreement, there will be no billing between the Parties to Telephone Exchange Service usage on a going forward basis unle otherwise agreed to by both Parties in writing.	arrangement. In the event the audit reveals a substantial amount of traffic other than Section 251(b)(5) Traffic and ISP-Bound Traffic, the Party delivering such traffic will bear the cost of the audit and will pay appropriate compensation for such traffic with interest outlined in Attachment 7 - Billing. for

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	Party's End Users, divided by the sum of both Parties' end users' terminated Section 251(b)(5) Traffic and ISP-Bound Traffic multiplied by 100.
	6.6.4 The Parties agree that where Section 251(b)(5) Traffic and ISP-Bound Traffic is determined to be out-of-balance by more than +/-5% per month for three (3) consecutive months, \$0.0007 per MOU shall immediately apply to all Section 251(b)(5) Traffic and ISP-Bound Traffic.
	6.6.5 Once \$0.0007 applies to Section 251(b)(5)Traffic and ISP-Bound Traffic, It will apply for the remaining term of this Agreement.
	6.6.6 In the event that either Party disputes whether its Section 251(b)(5) Traffic and ISP-Bound Traffic is in Balance, the Parties agree to work cooperatively to reconcile the inconsistencies in their usage data.
	6.6.7 Should the Parties be unable to agree on the amount and balance of Section 251(b)(5) Traffic and ISP-Bound Traffic exchanged between their End Users, either Party may invoke the dispute resolution procedures under this Agreement. In the event that dispute resolution procedures results in the calculations being delayed, the reciprocal compensation rates will apply retroactively to the date such reciprocal compensation rates were applicable.
	6.6.8 Upon reasonable belief that traffic other than Section 251(b)(5) Traffic and ISP-Bound Traffic is being terminated under this long-term local Bill and Keep arrangement, either Party may request a meeting to confirm the jurisdictional nature of traffic delivered as Bill and Keep. Parties will consult with each other to attempt to resolve issues without the need for an audit. Should no resolution be reached within 60 days, an audit may be requested and will be conducted by an independent auditor under an appropriate non- disclosure agreement. Only one audit may be conducted by each Party within a six-month period.
	6.6.9 The auditing Party will pay the audit costs unless the audit reveals the delivery of a substantial amount of traffic originating from a party in this Agreement other than Section 251(b)(5) Traffic and ISP-Bound Traffic for termination to the other party under the long term local Bill and Keep arrangement. In the event the audit reveals a substantial amount of traffic other than Section 251(b)(5) Traffic and ISP-Bound Traffic termination of the event the audit reveals a substantial amount of traffic other than Section 251(b)(5) Traffic and ISP-Bound Traffic, the Party

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·····		delivering such traffic will bear the cost of the audit and will pay appropriate compensation for such traffic with interest outlined in Attachment 7 - Billing.
		6.6.10 The Parties will consult and negotiate in good faith to resolve any issues of accuracy or integrity of data collected, generated, or reported in connection with audits or otherwise.
		6.6.11 The audit provisions set out above do not alter or affect audit provisions set out elsewhere in this Agreement.
45. <i>III.</i> A.2.	Attachment 3 Pricing Sheet – CMRS and CLEC - Information Services Rate: .0007 - Interconnected VoIP Rate: Bill & Keep until otherwise determined by the FCC.	CMRS <u>6.1.2</u> The Partles agree that ISP-bound traffic between them in the mobile- to-land direction shall be treated as Telecommunications traffic for purposes of this Agreement, and compensation for such traffic shall be based on the jurisdictional end points of the call. Accordingly, no additional or separate measurement or tracking of ISP-bound traffic shall be necessary. The Parties agree there is and shall be no ISP traffic exchanged between them in the land-to-mobile direction under this Agreement.
		<u>CLEC ISP-Bound Traffic Compensation</u> <u>6.2.1 AT&T-9STATE and Sprint agree to carry out the FCC's interim ISP</u> terminating compensation plan on the effective date of the AT&T-9STATE Agreement in a particular state without waiving, and expressly reserving, all appellate rights to contest FCC, judicial, legislative, or other regulatory rulings regarding ISP-Bound traffic, including but not limited to, appeals of the FCC's ISP Compensation Order. By agreeing to this Attachment, both Parties reserve
		the right to advocate their respective positions before courts, state or federal commissions, or legislative bodies. 6.3 Rates, Terms and Conditions of FCC's Interim ISP Terminating Compensation Plan:
		6.3.1 The rates, terms and conditions set forth In Section 6.3 shall apply to the termination of all ISP-Bound Traffic exchanged between the Parties. All ISP-Bound Traffic is subject to the rebuttable presumption.

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<u> </u>		6.3.2 Intercarrier Compensation for ISP-Bound Traffic and Section 251(b)(5) Traffic:
		6.3.2.1 The rates, terms, and conditions in Section 6.3 apply to the termination of all Section 251(b)(5) Traffic as defined in the General Terms and Conditions and ISP-Bound Traffic as defined in General Terms and Conditions. ISP-Bound Traffic is subject to the rebuttable presumption.
		6.3.2.2 The Parties agree to compensate each other for the transport and termination of all ISP-Bound Traffic on a MOU basis per the Pricing Schedule.
		6.3.2.3 Payment of Intercarrier Compensation on ISP-Bound Traffic will not vary according to whether the traffic is routed through a Tandem Switch or directly to an End Office switch.
		6.3.3 For purposes of this Section 6.3, all Section 251(b)(5) Traffic and all ISP- Bound Traffic shall be referred to as "Billable Traffic" and will be billed in accordance with Section 6.8.
		6.3.3.1 Each Party will invoice the other Party on a monthly basis for combined Section 251(b)(5) Traffic and ISP-Bound Traffic exchanged between the Parties at the rate set forth in Section 6.3.2.2above.
		6.8.3 All ISP-Bound Traffic for a given usage month shall be due and owing at the same time as payments for Section 251(b)(5) Traffic under this Attachment. The Parties agree that all terms and conditions regarding disputed MOUs, nonpayment, partial payment, late payment, interest on outstanding balances, or other billing and payment terms shall apply to ISP-Bound Traffic the same as for Section 251(b)(5) Traffic under this Attachment.
		6.26 Reservation of Rights and Specific Intervening Law Terms
		6.26.1 In the event the pricing scheme in the FCC's Interim ISP Compensation Order (defined in Section 6.3 above of this Attachment) is modified, eliminated or replaced, then the Parties agree to negotiate an appropriate amendment to conform to such change in accordance with the

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<u> </u>		Intervening Law provisions of this Agreement and such new or changed provisions will apply on a prospective basis, beginning with the effective date of the new order, unless a determination is made as to retroactive
		application in the decision rendering such modification, elimination or replacement, in which instance, the new or changed provisions will apply
		retroactively as set forth in the new order. Either Party may begin billing the other Party according to the terms of the new order, beginning sixty (60)
		calendar days after delivering a request to negotiate the change. True-up of any retroactive application, for either the amendment negotiation period
		and/or for the retroactive application period provided in the order, shall occur within one hundred and twenty (120) calendar days of the effective
		date of the order, or be subject to dispute under the General Terms and Conditions of this Agreement.
		Pricing Sheet – All Traffic
		Rate for All ISP-Bound and Section 251(b)(5) Traffic, per MOU \$0.0007 Multiple Tandem Switching, per MOU (applies to initial tandem only
		\$0.0005379
46. III.A.3.(1)	c. CMRS InterMTA	c. CMRS InterMTA
47. <i>III.A.3.(2)</i>	6.4 Terminating InterMTA Traffic. The Parties recognize that (a) the originating	6.4 Compensation For InterMTA Traffic:
48. III.A.3.(3)	Party is not entitled to charge the terminating Party for any costs associated with the originating Party's originated traffic; (b) the Sprint wireless entities are not IXCs; (b) Interconnection services are not switched access inter-exchange	6.4.1 Terminating InterMTA Traffic:
	access services provided by a LEC to an DC pursuant to a tariff; (c) neither Party has the ability to identify and classify an InterMTA traffic call on an	6.4.1.1 All Sprint PCS terminating InterMTA traffic is subject to the rates, terms and conditions set forth in AT&T-9STATE's Federal and/or State
	automated, real-time basis; (d) on any given InterMTA mobile-to-land call delivered by Sprint to AT&T-9STATE over Interconnection Facilities, AT&T-	Access Service tariffs and is owed and payable to AT&T-9STATE. All Sprint terminating interMTA traffic must be routed over Switched Access Services
	9STATE incurs the exact same cost to terminate the call that it does to terminate an IntraMTA mobile-to-land call delivered by Sprint to AT&T-9STATE	trunks and facilities purchased by Sprint from AT&T-9STATE's Federal and/or State Access Service tariffs.
	over Interconnection Facilities; (e) and, on any given InterMTA land-to-mobile call delivered by AT&T-9STATE to Sprint over Interconnection Facilities,	6.4.1,2 Sprint terminating InterMTA traffic shall not be routed over Local
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 because of the likely number of switches and/or distance to be traversed, Sprint likely incurs at least two times (2X) or more of the cost to terminate an AT&T-SSTATE originated InterMTA call than it does to terminate an AT&T- SSTATE originated IntraMTA land-to-mobile call. Based on the foregoing, the following provisions are intended to implement the principles of mutual, reasonable compensation pursuant to 47 C.F.R. § 20.11.	Interconnection or Equal Access Interconnection Trunks; however, Parties agree that for any terminating Inter-MTA Traffic that is improver routed over Local Interconnection or Equal Access trunks, based on from AT&T-9STATE traffic studies, AT&T-9STATE is authorized to cha and Sprint will pay to AT&T-9STATE for such traffic, the Termina InterMTA traffic rate stated in the Pricing Schedule attached hereto.
6.4.1 Because AT&T-9STATE does not incur any greater cost to terminate a mobile-to-land call delivered by Sprint to AT&T-9STATE over Interconnection Facilities whether it is an InterMTA or IntraMTA call, AT&T-9STATE will bill Sprint the same Rate for both IntraMTA and InterMTA calls.	6.4.1.3 Sprint agrees to provide Jurisdictional Information Parameter (". in the call record for all Sprint-originated IntraMTA and InterMTA traffic set forth in ATIS' Network Interconnection Interoperability Forum refer document ATIS-030011. For all traffic measurements, AT&T-9STATE use JIP as the preferred method to classify the call as InterMTA-Inter- and InterMTA-Intrastate for usage billing. If Sprint fails to populate J accordance with the Industry standard, then AT&T-9STATE will use e
6.4.2 Because Sprint Incurs greater costs to terminate an AT&T-9STATE originated InterMTA land-to-mobile calls delivered over Interconnection Facilities than it does to terminate IntraMTA land-to-mobile calls, Sprint is entitled to charge AT&T-9STATE a Land-to-Mobile InterMTA Rate for terminating such AT&T-9STATE calls. The Land-to-Mobile InterMTA Rate at	Originating Location Routing Number ("OLRN"), or originating NPA (calling party), or any another mutually agreed upon indicator that ident cell site or originating Mobile Telephone Service Office ("MTSO")to clar the call as InterMTA-Interstate and InterMTA-Intrastate for usage billing.
which Sprint is entitled to bill AT&T-9STATE will be two times (2X) the Type 2A IntraMTA Rate.	6.4.1.4 AT&T-9STATE will perform traffic studies quarterly to determine Sprint is sending terminating InterMTA traffic over Local Interconnection Equal Access trunks. If Sprint is sending such traffic, AT&T-9STATE update the percentage of terminating InterMTA Traffic billed to Sprint
6.4.3 Beginning with the Effective Date, Sprint is entitled to utilize a state- specific "Land-to-Mobile Terminating InterMTA Factor" to determine the surrogate volume of AT&T-9STATE InterMTA Land-to-Mobile Conversation MOUs for which Sprint is entitled to bill AT&T-9STATE at the Land-to-	accordance with results of such studies. AT&T-9STATE agrees to n Sprint of updates to the terminating interMTA traffic percentages of guarterly basis, and the Parties agree that the updated percentage will used to bill terminating interMTA traffic for the following guarter. Fur the Parties agree that amounts owed for terminating interMTA will be pair
Mobile InterMTA Rate. Also beginning with the Effective Date, the Land-to- Mobile Terminating InterMTA Factor shall be 2%. Such factor is, however, subject to revision based on a Sprint traffic study performed upon either Party's request no sooner than (6) months after the Effective Date; and	the due date. Disputes will be governed by the Dispute Resolu provisions of the General Terms & Conditions.
thereafter not more frequently than once per calendar year. Any change in the Land-to-Mobile Terminating InterMTA Factor shall be reflected as an Amendment to this Agreement.	6.4.2 Originating Landline-to-Sprint InterMTA Traffic: 6.4.2.1 For calls exchanged directly between AT&T-9STATE and Sprint AT&T-9STATE originated landline-to-Sprint traffic that, at the beginning of
6.4.4 To determine the billable volume of AT&T-9STATE InterMTA Land-to- Mobile minutes to which Sprint will apply the Land-to-Mobile Terminating	call: (a) originates on AT&T-9STATE's network in one MTA; and, (b) is delive to the mobile unit of Sprint's End User located in another MTA, AT&T-9ST shall charge and Sprint shall pay a combined switched network access se

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Rate, Sprint will, on a monthly basis, multiply the InterMTA Factor by the total AT&T-9STATE IntraMTA Conversation MOUs as terminated and recorded by Sprint, The total volume of terminating IntraMTA Land-to-Mobile traffic minutes for which Sprint bills AT&T-9STATE shall be	rate of fifty percent (50%) inter-state and fifty percent (50%) intrastate per minut of use for such originating InterMTA traffic, as stated in the Pricing Schedul attached hereto. Sprint shall not charge and AT&T-9STATE shall not pa reciprocal compensation for originating landline-to-Sprint InterMTA Traffic.
reduced by the calculated volume of InterMTA Land-to-Mobile minutes to avoid double-billing AT&T-9STATE for the same MOUs.	6.4.2.2 Until such time as the Parties can measure originating landline-to Sprint Inter-MTA traffic, a surrogate usage percentage, as stated in the Pricing Schedule attached hereto, will be applied to the total minute originated by AT&T-9STATE's End Users that are delivered to Sprint network over the Interconnection Trunks.
	6.5 Responsibilities Of Party:
	6.5.1 Each Party will be responsible for the accuracy and quality of its da submitted to the other Party.
	6.5.2 Where SS7 connections exist, each Party will include in the information transmitted to the other Party, for each call being terminated on the other Party network, where available, the original and true Calling Party Number ("CPN").
	6.5.3 If one Party is passing CPN but the other Party is not properly receivir information, the Parties will work cooperatively to correct the problem.
	6.6 Non-AT&T-9STATE Tandem Providers:
	6.6.1 Third Party Terminating Carrier shall mean a CLEC, an ILEC, anothe CMRS provider, an OELEC, or a Carrier that utilizes local switching from AT& 9STATE, purchased on a wholesale basis, to provide service to its End Users, 1 which traffic is terminated when Sprint PCS uses a Non-AT&T-9STATE Tander Provide, as defined below.
	6.6.2 Non-AT&T-9STATE Tandem Provider shall mean a Telecommunication Carrier that provides tandem switching services to Sprint PCS and with who Sprint PCS is directly interconnected for the purpose of delivering Sprint PC traffic via Non-AT&T-9STATE Tandem Provider's direct Interconnection arrangements with AT&T-9STATE to (I) AT&T-9STATE's End User; or (II) to a

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<u> </u>		End User of a Third Party Terminating Carrier that utilizes local switching from AT&T-9STATE, purchased on a wholesale basis, to provide service to its End Users; or (III) a Third Party Terminating Carrier's End User.
	Pricing Sheet - Land-to-Mobile InterMTA Rate (2X Type 2A IntraMTA Rate): [TBD* - Land-to-Mobile Terminating InterMTA Factor: 2%	
		Pricing Sheet <u> 4. Terminating InterMTA Rates</u> <u> 4.1 Terminating IntraState InterMTA Traffic Rate (See State Specific</u>)
		Pricing Sheet) 4.2 Terminating InterState InterMTA Rate (See State Specific Pricing Sheet)
		5. Originating Landline to WSP InterMTA Traffic 5.1 Originating Landline to WSP InterMTA Traffic Rate (See State Specific Pricing Sheet)
		5.2 Originating Landline to WSP InterMTA Traffic Percent (See State Specific Pricing Sheet) GT&C Part B Definitions
		"Equal Access Trunk Group" means a trunk used solely to deliver Sprint's customers' traffic through an AT&T access tandem to or from an IXC, using Feature Group D protocols.
49. 111.A.4.(1)		CLEC
		6.4.1 Except as set forth in Section 6.1c above, the terms of this Attachment are not applicable to (I) Interstate or intrastate Exchange Access traffic, (II)

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 6.1.4 Except as may be otherwise provided by Applicable Law, neither Party shall represent switched access services traffic (e.g., FGA, FGB, FGD) as traffic subject to the payment of reciprocal compensation. 7.1.2. Notwithstanding the foregoing, neither Party waives its position on how to determine the end point of any traffic, and the associated compensation. 	 Information Access traffic, or (iii) any other type of traffic found to be exempt from reciprocal compensation by the FCC or the Commission, with the exception of tSP-Bound Traffic which is addressed in this Attachment. All Exchange Access traffic and IntraLATA Toll Traffic shall continue to be governed by the terms and conditions of the applicable federal and state tartiffs. 8.9 Neither Party shall represent switched access services traffic (e.g., FGA, FGB, FGD) as Section 251(b)(5) Traffic for purposes of payment of reciprocal compensation. 6.11 Notwithstanding the foregoing, neither Party waives its position on how to determine the end point of ISP-Bound traffic and the associated compensation. 6.23 Switched Access Traffic. For purposes of this Agreement only. Switched Access Traffic shall mean all traffic that originates from an End User physically located in one (1) local exchange and delivered for termination to an End User physically located in a different local exchange (excluding traffic from exchanges sharing a common mandatory local calling area as defined in AT&T-9STATE* local exchange tartiffs on file with the applicable state commission). Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this Agreement, all Switched Access Traffic shall be sublect to applicable intrastate and interstate switched access charge not to exceed AT&T-9STATE's access tartiff rates: provided, however, the following categories of Switched Access Traffic or Optional EAS Traffic from an End User that obtains local dial tone from Sprint where Sprint is both the Section 251(b)(5) Traffic provider and the intraLATA toll Traffic or Optional EAS Traffic from an AT&T-9STATE where AT&T-9STATE is both the Section 251(b)(5) Traffic provider and the intraLATA toll provider.

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		6.23.1.3 Switched Access Traffic delivered to AT&T-9STATE from an IXC where the terminating number is ported to another CLEC and the IXC fails to perform the LNP query; and/or
		<u>6.23.1.4 Switched Access Traffic delivered to either Party from a Third Party CLEC over Local Interconnection Trunk Groups destined to the other Party.</u>
		6.24 Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this Agreement, each Party reserves it rights, remedies, and arguments relating to the application of switched access charges for traffic exchanged by the Parties prior to the Effective Date of this Agreement and described in the FCC's Order issued in the Petition for Declaratory Ruling that AT&T-9STATE's Phone-to-Phone IP Telephony Services Exempt from Access Charges, WC Docket No. 01- 361(Released April 21, 2004).
		6.24.1 In the limited circumstances in which a Third Party CLEC delivers Switched Access Traffic as described above to either Party over Interconnection Trunk Groups, such Party may deliver such Switched Access Traffic to the terminating Party over Interconnection Trunk Groups. If it is determined that such traffic has been delivered over Interconnection Trunk Groups, and unless the traffic was delivered over Local Interconnection Trunk Groups pursuant to an agreement filed with, and approved by, the Commission, the terminating Party may object to the delivery of such traffic by providing written notice to the delivering Party
		pursuant to the Notice provisions set forth in the General Terms and Conditions and request removal of such traffic. The Parties will work cooperatively to identify the traffic with the goal of removing such traffic from the Local Interconnection Trunk Groups. If the delivering Party has not removed or is unable to remove such Switched Access Traffic as described above from the Local Interconnection Trunk Groups within sixty (60)
		calendar days of receipt of Notice from the other Party, the Parties agree to jointly file a complaint or any other appropriate action with the applicable Commission to seek any necessary permission to remove the traffic from such interconnection trunks up to and including the right to block such traffic and to obtain compensation, if appropriate, from the Third Party CLEC delivering such traffic to the extent it is not blocked.
50. III.A.4.(2)	CLEC	d. Sprint IntraLATA

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	Sprint Language (6.16)7.3.5 Compensation for Sprint Telephone Toll Service traffic. (6.16)7.3.5 Compensation for Sprint Telephone Toll Service traffic. (6.16.1)7.3.5.1 Telephone Toll Service traffic. For purposes of this Attachment, Telephone Toll Service traffic is defined as any telecommunications call between Sprint and AT&T-9STATE End Users that originates and terminates in the same LATA and results in Telephone Toll Service charges being billed to the originating end user by the originating Party. Moreover, AT&T-9STATE originated Telephone Toll Service will be delivered to Sprint using traditional Feature Group C non-equal access signaling.	 6.16 Compensation for Sprint Telephone Toll Service traffic 6.16.1 Telephone Toll Service traffic. For purposes of this Attachment, Telephone Toll Service traffic is defined as any telecommunications call between Sprint and AT&T-9STATE End Users that originates and terminates in the same LATA where one of the locations lies outside of the mandatory local calling areas as defined by the Commission and results in intraLATA toll charges being billed to the originating end user by the originating Party. 6.16.2 Compensation for CLEC Telephone Toll Service Traffic. For terminating its Telephone Toll Service traffic on the other company's network, the originating Party will
	(6.16.2) 7.3.5.2 Compensation for CLEC Telephone Toll Service Traffic. For terminating its CLEC Telephone Toll Service traffic on the other company's network, the originating Party will pay the terminating Party the terminating Party's current effective or Commission approved (if required) intrastate or interstate, whichever is appropriate, terminating Switched Access rates. (6.22)7.3.5.3 Compensation for CLEC 8XX Traffic. Each Party (AT&T-9STATE and Sprint) shall compensate the other pursuant to the appropriate Switched Access charges as set forth in the Party's current effective or Commission approved (if required) intrastate or interstate Switched Access tariffs.	pay the terminating Party the terminating Party's current effective or Commission approved (if required) intrastate or interstate, whichever is appropriate, terminating Switched Access rates. 6.17 in AT&T-9STATE, each Party, unless otherwise agreed to by the Parties, will calculate terminating Interconnection MOUs based on standard switch Recordings made within terminating carrier's network for IntraLATA Toll Traffic, These Recordings are the basis for each Party to generate bills to the other Party. 6.22 Compensation for Sprint 8XX Traffic. Each Party shall compensate the other pursuant to the appropriate Switched Access charges, including the database guery charge as set forth in the Party's current effective or Commission approved (if
		Guery charge as set outrin the Party's current elective or commission approved (if required) intrastate or interstate Switched Access tariffs. 6.7 Compensation for Origination and Termination of InterLATA Traffic: 6.7.1 Where Sprint originates or terminates its own End User InterLATA Traffic: 6.7.1 Where Sprint originates or terminates its own End User InterLATA Traffic not subject to MPB, Sprint must purchase feature group access service from AT&T-9STATE's state or federal access tariffs, whichever is applicable, to carry such InterLATA Traffic. 6.19 IntraLATA
8/27/10 Ver	Parte Parte	6.19.1 For intrastate intraLATA Message Telephone Service (MTS) toll traffic, compensation for termination of such traffic will be at terminating access rates. For intrastate intraLATA 800 Service, compensation for termination of such 62 of 98

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<u>,,,,</u>		traffic will be at originating access rates, including the Cartler Common Line (CCL) charge where applicable. The appropriate access rates are set forth in each Party's intrastate access service tariff, but such compensation shall not exceed the compensation contained in AT&T-9STATE's tariff in whose exchange area the End User is located.
	7.3.5.4 Records for 8XX Billing. Each Party (AT&T-9STATE and Sprint) will provide to the other the appropriate records necessary for billing intraLATA 8XX customers.	6.19.2 For interstate intraLATA MTS toll traffic, compensation for termination of such traffic will be at terminating access rates. For interstate IntraLATA 800 Service, compensation for termination of such traffic will be originating access rates, including the CCL charge where applicable. The appropriate access rates are set forth in each Party's interstate access service tariff, but such compensation shall not exceed the compensation contained in the AT&T-9STATE's tariff in whose exchange area the End User is located.
		6.22.1 Records for 8XX Billing. Each Party will provide to the other the appropriate IntraLATA 800 Access Detail Usage Data for Customer billing and IntraLATA 800 Copy Detail Usage Data for access billing in Exchange Message Interface (EMI) format. On a monthly basis, at a minimum, the Parties agree to provide this data to each other at no charge. In the event of errors, omissions, or inaccuracies in data received from either Party, the liability of the Party providing such data shall be limited to the provision of corrected data only. If the originating Party does not send an End User billable Record to the terminating Party, the originating Party will not bill the terminating Party any interconnection charges for this traffic.
		6.22.2 IntraLATA 800 Traffic calls are billed to and paid for by the called or terminating Party, regardless of which Party performs the 800 guery. For AT&T-9STATE, each Party shall pay the other the appropriate switched access charges set forth in the AT&T-9STATE intrastate or interstate switched access tariffs. Sprint will pay AT&T-9STATE the database guery charge as set forth in the AT&T-9STATE intrastate or interstate access
	7.3.5.5 8XX Access Screening. AT&T-9STATE 's provision of 8XX Toll Free Dialing (TFD) to Sprint requires interconnection from Sprint to AT&T-9STATE 8XX SCP. Such interconnections shall be established pursuant to AT&T-9STATE 's Common Channel Signaling Interconnection Guidelines and Telcordia's CCS Network Interface Specification document, TR-TSV-000905. Sprint shall establish	services Tariff as filed and in effect with the FCC or appropriate Commission as applicable. Where technically feasible, each Party will provide to the other Party the appropriate Records, in accordance with industry standards, necessary for billing intraLATA 8YY customers. The Records provided will be in a standard EMI format.
	CCS7 interconnection at the AT&T-9STATE Local Signal Transfer Points serving	63 of 08

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the AT&T-9STATE 8XX SCPs that Sprint desires to query. The terms and conditions for 8XX TFD are set out in AT&T-9STATE's Intrastate Access Services Tartiff as amended.	6.22.3 8XX Access Screening. AT&T-9STATE's provision of 8XX Toll Free Dialing (TFD) to Sprint requires interconnection from Sprint to AT&T-9STATE 8XX SCP. Such interconnections shall be established pursuant to AT&T-9STATE's Common Channel Signaling Interconnection Guidelines and Telcordia's CCS Network Interface Specification document, TR-TSV-000905. Sprint shall establish CCS7 interconnection at the AT&T-9STATE Local Signal Transfer Points serving the AT&T- 9STATE 8XX SCPs that Sprint desires to query. The terms and conditions for 8XX TFD are set out in AT&T-9STATE's Intrastate Access Services Tariff as amended. 6.18 Primary Toll Carrier Arrangements
	6.18.1 A Primary Toll Carrier (PTC) is a company that provides intraLATA Toll Traffic Service for its own End User customers and potentially for a Third Party ILEC's End User customers. In this ILEC arrangement, the PTC would receive the ILEC End User IntraLATA toll traffic revenues and pay the ILEC for originating these toll calls. The PTC would also pay the terminating switched access charges on behalf of the ILEC. In AT&T GEORGIA, AT&T KENTUCKY, AT&T SOUTH CAROLINA, and/or AT&T TENNESSEE wherein Primary Toll Carrier arrangements are mandated, and AT&T GEORGIA, AT&T KENTUCKY, AT&T SOUTH CAROLINA, and/or AT&T TENNESSEE is functioning as the PTC for a Third Party ILEC's End User customers, the following provisions apply to the intraLATA toll traffic which is subject to the PTC arrangement:
	6.18.1.1 AT&T GEORGIA, AT&T KENTUCKY, AT&T SOUTH CAROLINA, and/or AT&T TENNESSEE shall deliver such intraLATA toll traffic that originated from that Third Party ILEC and terminated to Sprint as the terminating carrier in accordance with the terms and conditions of such PTC arrangement mandated by the respective state Commission. Where AT&T GEORGIA, AT&T KENTUCKY, AT&T SOUTH CAROLINA, and/or AT&T TENNESSEE is functioning as the PTC for a Third Party ILEC's End User customers, the following provisions apply to the minutes of use terminating
	to Sprint. AT&T GEORGIA, AT&T KENTUCKY, AT&T SOUTH CAROLINA, and/or AT&T TENNESSEE and Sprint will work cooperatively to develop a percentage of the amount of state specific PTC ILEC originated intraLATA toll minutes of use that are within the state specific total ILEC originated minutes of use reflected in the monthly EMI 11-01-01 Records provided to Sprint by AT&T GEORGIA, AT&T KENTUCKY, AT&T SOUTH CAROLINA, and/or AT&T TENNESSEE. Sprint will apply this state specific percentage

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		against the state specific total ILEC originated EMI 11-01-01 minutes of use each month to determine the amount of PTC IntraLATA toll minutes of use for which AT&T GEORGIA, AT&T KENTUCKY, AT&T SOUTH CAROLINA, and/or AT&T TENNESSEE will compensate Sprint. Such percentage will be updated no more than twice each year. AT&T GEORGIA, AT&T KENTUCKY, AT&T SOUTH CAROLINA, and/or AT&T TENNESSEE will compensate Sprint for this PTC traffic as it would for AT&T-9STATE originated traffic as set forth in Sprint's Interconnection Agreement with AT&T-9STATE.
		6.18.1.2 AT&T GEORGIA, AT&T KENTUCKY, AT&T SOUTH CAROLINA, and/or AT&T TENNESSEE shall deliver such intraLATA toll traffic that originated from Sprint and terminated to the Third Party ILEC as the terminating carrier in accordance with the terms and conditions of such PTC arrangement mandated by the respective state Commission. Sprint shall pay AT&T GEORGIA, AT&T KENTUCKY. AT&T SOUTH CAROLINA, and/or AT&T TENNESSEE for the use of its facilities at the rates set forth in AT&T- 9STATE's intrastate access service tariff in the respective state. Sprint shall pay the ILEC directly for the termination of such traffic originated from Sprint.
52. <i>III.A.5</i> 8/27/10 Ver	No Language	CLEC – FX Traffic <u>"Rating Point" means the vertical and horizontal (V&H) coordinates</u> <u>assigned to a Rate Center and associated with a particular telephone</u> <u>number for rating purposes. The Rating Point must be in the same LATA as</u> <u>the Routing Point of the associated NPA-NXX as designated in the LERG,</u> <u>but need not be in the same location as that Routing Point.</u>
		"Routing Point" means the location which a LEC has designated on its own network as the homing or routing point for traffic inbound to Exchange Service provided by the LEC which bears a certain NPA-NXX designation. The Routing Point need not be the same as the Rating Point, nor must it be located within the Rate Center area, but must be in the same LATA as the NPA-NXX.
	Page	"Rate Center" means the specific geographic point and corresponding geographic area defined by the State Commission and local community for the purpose of rating inter-and intra-LATA toll calls.

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	6.4.2 FX services are retail service offerings purchased by FX End Users which allow such FX End Users to obtain exchange service from a mandatory local calling area other than the mandatory local calling area where the FX customer is physically located, but within the same LATA as the number that is assigned. FX service enables particular End Users to avoid what might otherwise be toll calls between the FX End User's physical location and End Users in the foreign exchange. FX Telephone Numbers are those telephone numbers with rating and routing points that are different from those of the geographic area in which the End User is physically located. FX Telephone Numbers that deliver second dial tone with the ability for the calling party to enter access codes and an additional recipient telephone number remain classified as FGA calls, and are subject to the originating and terminating carriers' tartified Switched Exchange Access rates (also known as "Meet Point Billed" compensation). There are two types of
	FX service: 6.4.2.1 "Dedicated FX Traffic" shall mean those calls routed by means of a physical, dedicated circuit delivering dial tone or otherwise serving an End User's station from a serving Central Office (also known as End Office) located outside of that station's mandatory local calling area. Dedicated FX Service permits the End User physically located in one exchange to be assigned telephone numbers resident in the serving Central (or End) Office In another, "foreign," exchange, thereby creating a local presence in that "foreign" exchange.
	6.4.2.2 "Virtual Foreign Exchange (FX) Traffic" and "FX-type Traffic" shall refer to those calls delivered to telephone numbers that are rated as local to the other telephone numbers in a given mandatory local calling area, but where the recipient End User's station assigned that telephone number is physically located outside of that mandatory local calling area. Virtual FX Service also permits an End User physically located in one exchange to be assigned telephone numbers resident in the serving Central (or End) Office in another, "foreign," exchange, thereby creating a local presence in the "foreign" exchange. Virtual FX Service differs from Dedicated FX Service, however, in that Virtual FX End Users continue to draw dial tone or are otherwise served from a Central (or End) Office which may provide service across more than one Commission-prescribed mandatory local calling area,

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served from a Central (or End) Office located outside their mandatory calling area.
6.4.2.3 FX Traffic is not Section 251(b)(5) Traffic and instead the transport and termination compensation for FX Traffic is subject to a Bill and Keep arrangement in AT&T-9STATE.
6.4.2.3.1 To the extent that ISP-Bound Traffic is provisioned via an FX-type arrangement, such traffic is subject to a Bill and Keep arrangement. "Bill and Keep" refers to an arrangement in which neither of two interconnecting parties charges the other for terminating FX traffic that originates on the other party's network.
6.4.2.4 Segregating and Tracking FX Traffic:
6.4.2.4.1 For AT&T-9STATE, the terminating carrier is responsible for separately identifying IntraLATA Virtual FX, Dedicated FX, and FX-type traffic from other types of Intercarrier traffic for compensation purposes. The terminating carrier will be responsible for providing the originating carrier with an FX usage summary which includes a ten (10) digit telephone number level detail of the MOUs terminated to FX Telephone Numbers on its network each month (or in each applicable billing period, if not billed monthly), or by any means mutually agreed by the Parties.
6.4.2.4.2 Terminating carrier will not assess compensation charges to the Voice FX MOU and ISP FX MOU in AT&T-9STATE.
6.4.2.4.3 In AT&T-9STATE either Party may request an audit of the FX Usage Summary or the FX Factor on no fewer than thirty (30) Business Day's written Notice and any audit shall be accomplished during normal business hours at the office of the Party being audited. Such audit must be performed by a mutually agreed-to auditor paid for by the Party requesting the audit. If mutual agreement cannot be reached, the Parties shall use one of the following independent auditors: PricewaterhouseCoopers, Ernst & Young, KPMG, or Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu (Big-4 Auditors). Selection of the Big-4 Auditor shall be made by the Party requesting the audit and the selected Big-4 Auditor must be independent as determined by current accounting and auditing standards promulgated by the appropriate accounting governing

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		received the FX Usage Summary or the FX Factor and associated usage from the other Party and may not be requested more than twice per year, once per calendar year, unless the audit finds there has been a five percent (5%) or higher net error or variance in calculations, in which case a subsequent audit is required. Based upon the audit, previous compensation, billing and/or settlements will be adjusted for the past six (6) months.
		6.4.2.4.3.1 If the FX factor is adjusted based upon the audit results, the adjusted FX factor will apply for the six (6) month period following the completion of the audit. If, as a result of the audit, either Party has overstated the FX factor or underreported the FX Usage by five percent (5%) or more, that Party shall reimburse the auditing Party for the cost of the audit and will pay for the cost of a subsequent audit which is to happen within nine (9) months of the Initial audit.
53.	Attachment 3 Pricing Sheet CMRS and CLEC	CMRS
III.A.6.(1) 54. III.A.6.(2)	- Interconnected VolP Rate: Bill & Keep until otherwise determined by the FCC.	6.1.3 The Parties agree that IP-enabled (including, without limitation, voice over Internet protocol ("VoIP")) traffic between them shall be treated as Telecommunications traffic for purposes of this Agreement, and compensation for such traffic shall be based on the lurisdictional end points of the call. Accordingly, no additional or separate measurement or tracking of IP-enabled traffic shall be necessary.
		CLEC
		6.4 Other Telecommunications Traffic:
		6.4.3 Private Line Services include private line-like and special access services and are not subject to intercarrier compensation. Private Line Services are defined as a point-to-point connection that provides a dedicated circuit of pre-subscribed bandwidth between two (2) or more points.
		6.4.4 The Parties recognize and agree that ISP and Internet traffic (excluding ISP-Bound Traffic as defined in General Terms and Conditions – Part B – Definitions) could also be exchanged outside of the applicable local calling

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	scope, or routed in ways that could make the rates and rate structure in sections above not apply, including but not limited to ISP calls that meet the definitions of:
	<u>6.4.4.1 FX Traffic</u>
	6.4.4.2 Optional EAS Traffic
	6.4.4.3 IntraLATA Toll Traffic
	6.4.4.4 800, 888, 877, ("8YY") Traffic
	6.4.5 The Parties agree that, for the purposes of this Attachment, either Party's End Users remain free to place ISP calls under any of the above classifications. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary herein, to the extent such ISP calls are placed, the Parties agree that the compensation mechanisms set forth in Section 6.2 above and Section 6.3 above do not apply. The applicable rates, terms and conditions for: (a) FX Traffic are set forth in Section 6.4.2 above; (b) 8YY Traffic are set forth in Section 6.22 below; and/or (c) IntraLATA Toil Traffic are set forth in Section 6.16 below.
	6.23.1 Switched Access Traffic. For purposes of this Agreement only, Switched Access Traffic shall mean all traffic that originates from an End User physically located in one (1) local exchange and delivered for termination to an End User physically located in a different local exchange (excluding traffic from exchanges sharing a common mandatory local calling area as defined in AT&T-9STATE's local exchange tariffs on file with the applicable state commission) including, without limitation, any traffic that (1)
	terminates over a Party's circuit switch, including traffic from a service that originates over a circuit switch and uses internet Protocol (IP) transport technology (regardless of whether only one provider uses IP transport or multiple providers are involved in providing IP transport) and/or (ii)
	originates from the End User's premises in IP format and is transmitted to the switch of a provider of voice communication applications or services when such switch utilizes IP technology and terminates over a Party's circuit switch.

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55.	Wireless Meet Point Billing	Wireless Meet Point Billing
III.A.7.(1) 56. III.A.7.(2)	7.2.1 For purposes of this Agreement, Wireless Meet Point Billing, as supported by Multiple Exchange Carrier Access Billing (MECAB) guidelines, shall mean the exchange of billing data relating to jointly provided Switched Access Service calls, where both Parties are providing such service to an IXC, and <i>Transit Service</i> calls that transit AT&T-9STATE's network from an originating Telecommunications carrier other than AT&T-9STATE and terminating to a Telecommunications carrier. Subject to Sprint providing all necessary information, AT&T-9STATE agrees to participate in Meet Point Billing for <i>Transit Service</i> traffic which transits it's network when both the originating and terminating parties participate in Meet Point Billing will be delivered by AT&T-9STATE, however, call records for traffic originated and/or terminated by a non-Meet Point Billing network will not be delivered to the originating and/or	6.11.1 For purposes of this Agreement, Wireless Meet Point Billing, as supported by Multiple Exchange Carrier Access Billing (MECAB) guidelines, shall mean the exchange of billing data relating to jointly provided Switched Access Service calls, where both Parties are providing such service to an IXC, and calls that transit AT&T-9STATE's network from an originating telecommunications carrier other than AT&T-9STATE and terminating to a Telecommunications carrier other than AT&T-9STATE and terminating to a Telecommunications carrier other than AT&T-9STATE or the originating Telecommunications carrier. Subject to Sprint providing all necessary information, AT&T-9STATE agrees to participate in Meet Point Billing for traffic which transits it's network when both the originating and terminating parties participate in Meet Point Billing will AT&T-9STATE. Traffic from a network which does not participate in Meet Point Billing will be delivered by AT&T-9STATE, however, call records for traffic originated and/or terminated by a non-Meet Point Billing network will not be delivered to the originating and/or terminating network.
	terminating network. 7.2.2 Parties participating in Meet Point Billing with AT&T-9STATE are required to provide information necessary for AT&T-9STATE to identify the parties to be billed. Information required for Meet Point Billing includes Regional Accounting Office code (RAO) and Operating Company Number (OCN) per state. The following information is required for billing in a Meet Point Billing environment and includes, but is not limited to; (1) a unique Access Carrier Name Abbreviation (ACNA), and (2) a Billing Interconnection Percentage. A default Billing Interconnection Percentage of 50% AT&T-9STATE and 50% Sprint will be used if Sprint does not file with NECA to establish a Billing Interconnection Percentage other than default. Sprint must support Meet Point Billing for all Jointly Provided Switched Access calls in accordance with Mechanized Exchange Carrier Access Billing (MECAB) guidelines. AT&T-9STATE and Sprint acknowledge that the exchange of 1150 records will not be required.	Interconnection Percentage of <u>95</u> % AT&T-9STATE and <u>5</u> % Sprint will be used if Sprint does not file with NECA to establish a Billing Interconnection Percentage other than default. Sprint must support Meet Point Billing for all <u>Intermediary</u> calls in accordance with Mechanized Exchange Carrier Access Billing (MECAB) guidelines. AT&T-9STATE and Sprint acknowledge that the exchange of 1150 records will not be required.
	7.2.3 Meet Point Billing will be provided for <i>Transit Service</i> traffic which transits AT&T-9STATE's network at the <i>T</i> andem level only. Parties desiring Meet Point Billing will subscribe to <i>T</i> andem level Interconnections with AT&T-9STATE and will deliver all <i>Transit Service</i> traffic to AT&T-9STATE over such <i>T</i> andem level Interconnections. Additionally, exchange of records will necessitate both the originating and terminating networks to subscribe to dedicated NXX codes, which can be identified as belonging to the originating and	6.11.3 Meet Point Billing will be provided for traffic which transits AT&T-9STATE's network at the <u>access</u> tandem level only. Parties desiring Meet Point Billing will subscribe to <u>access</u> tandem level interconnections with <u>AT&T-9STATE</u> and will deliver all transit traffic to AT&T-9STATE over such <u>access</u> tandem level Interconnections. Additionally, exchange of records will necessitate both the originating and terminating networks to subscribe to dedicated NXX codes, which can be identified as belonging to the originating and terminating network. When the <u>access</u> tandem, in which Interconnection occurs, does not have the capability to 70 of 98

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	 terminating network. When the Tandem, in which Interconnection occurs, does not have the capability to record messages and either surrogate or self-reporting of messages and minutes of use occur, Meet Point Billing will not be possible and will not occur. AT&T-9STATE and Sprint will work cooperatively to develop and enhance processes to deal with messages handled on a surrogate or self-reporting basis. 7.2.4 In a Meet Point Billing environment, when a party actually uses a service provided by AT&T-9STATE, and said party desires to participate in Meet Point Billing with AT&T-9STATE, and said party desires to participate in Meet Point Billing with AT&T-9STATE, said party will be billed for miscellaneous usage charges, as defined in AT&T-9STATE's FCC No.1 and appropriate state access tartifs, (i.e. Local Number Portability queries) necessary to deliver certain types of calls. Should Sprint desire to avoid such charges Sprint may perform the appropriate <i>LNP</i> data base query prior to delivery of such traffic to AT&T-9STATE. 7.2.5 Meet Point Billing, as defined in section 7.2.1 above, under this Section will result in Sprint compensating AT&T-9STATE at the Transit Service Rate for Sprint-originated Transit Service traffic delivered to AT&T-9STATE network, which terminates to a Third Party network. Meet Point Billing to IXCs for Jointly Provided Switched Access traffic will occur consistent with the most current MECAB billing guidelines. 	 record messages and either surrogate or self-reporting of messages and minutes of use occur. Meet Point Billing will not be possible and will not occur. AT&T-9STATE and Sprint will work cooperatively to develop and enhance processes to deal with messages handled on a surrogate or self-reporting basis. 6.11.4 In a Meet Point Billing environment, when a party actually uses a service provided by AT&T-9STATE, and said party desires to participate in Meet Point Billing will AT&T-9STATE, and said party desires to participate in Meet Point Billing with AT&T-9STATE, said party will be billed for miscellaneous usage charges, as defined in AT&T-9STATE's FCC No.1 and appropriate state access tariffs, (i.e. Local Number Portability queries and 800 Data Base queries) necessary to deliver certain types of calls. Should Sprint PCS desire to avoid such charges Sprint may perform the appropriate LNP data base query prior to delivery of such traffic to AT&T-9STATE. 6.11.5 Participation In Meet Point Billing is outside the reciprocal compensation requirements of this agreement. Meet Point Billing to IXCs for jointly provided switched access traffic will occur consistent with the most current MECAB billing guidelines.
58. III.E.(1) 59. III.E.(2)	CMRS Interconnection Facility Costs. 2.5.3 Interconnection Facility Costs. The costs of Interconnection Facilities provided directly by one Party to the other, or by one of the Parties obtaining such Facilities from a Third Party, shall be shared between the Parties as follows: (a) Sprint wireless MSC Location. When a Sprint MSC and the POI to which is Interconnected are in the same MTA, the Sprint MSC location means the actual physical location of such MSC in that MTA. When a Sprint MSC is physically located in a different MTA than the POI to which it is Interconnected, the Sprint MSC location means such MSC's point of presence location designated in the LERG that is within the same MTA as	CMRS Facility Costs. 2.3.2.1 Terms And Compensation For Use Of Facilities: Each Party shall be responsible for providing its own or leased transport Facilities to route calls to and from the POI. Each Party may construct its own Facilities, or it may purchase or lease the Facilities from a Third Party, or it may purchase or lease the Facilities from the other Party, if available, pursuant to applicable tariffs, General Exchange Price List or separate contract. Optional Payment Plans ("OPP"), High Cap Term Payment Plans ("HCTPP"), and Volume and Term discount plans are not available for transport Facilities pursuant to this <u>Agreement</u> . 2.3.2.5 AT&T-9STATE shall not have dedicated transport obligations for, nor shall it have any obligation to share the cost of, Facilities between the

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· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	the POL	Parties' networks that either cross a LATA boundary, or that are outside of the AT&T-9STATE franchise service are, or that exceed a distance of 1 miles (or the State's defined local calling area, whichever is greater) from the
		AT&T-9STATE Central Office Switch where the Facility connection i
	(c) Two-way Interconnection Facilities. The recurring and non-recurring	established.
	costs of two-way Interconnection Facilities between Sprint Central Office	2.3.2.6 When Sprint uses two-way DS-1 Facilities provided by AT&T-9STAT
	Switch locations and the POI(s) to which such switches are interconnected at AT&T-9STATE Central Office Switches shall be shared based upon the	to deliver traffic from its network and such DS-1 Facilities are (a) dedicate
	Parties' respective proportionate use of such Facilities to deliver all	to the transmission of Authorized Services traffic between the Partie
	Authorized Services traffic originated by its respective End-User or Third-	networks, and (B) are shared by the Parties, then the proportionate share
	Party customers to the terminating Party. Such proportionate use will, based upon mutually acceptable traffic studies, be periodically determined	the cost of the Facilities for each Party shall be as provided below. If Sprin obtains such Facilities from a Third Party, nothing herein shall obligat
	and identified as a state-wide "Proportionate Use Factor".	AT&T-9STATE to reimburse Sprint for those Facilities.
	(1) As of the Effective Date the Parties' Proportionate Use Factor is deemed	2.3.2.7 AT&T-9STATE agrees to share proportionally in the recurring costs
	to be 50% Sprint and 50% AT&T-9STATE. Beginning six (6) months after the	any shared facilities purchased by Sprint PCS from the applicable tariffs. AT&
	Effective Date, and thereafter not more frequently than every six (6) months, a Party may request re-calculation of a new Proportionate Use Factor to be	9STATE's proportionate use of the Facilities is equal to the amount of all Section
	prospectively applied,	251(b)(5) Calls traffic originated on AT&T-9STATE's network in the Stat compared to the amount of all traffic exchanged between the Parties in the Stat
	(2) Unless another process is mutually agreed to by the Parties, on each	2.3.2.8 AT&T-9STATE will provide to Sprint PCS, on a quarterly basis,
	involce rendered by a Party for two-way interconnection Facilities, the	percentage, representing AT&T-9STATE's proportionate share of the
	Billing Party will apply the Proportionate Use Factor to reduce its charges by the Billing Party's proportionate use of such Facilities. The Billing Party	Facilities.
	will reflect such reduction on its invoice as a dollar credit reduction to the	2.3.2.9 AT&T-9STATE will bill Sprint PCS for the entire cost of the Facility
	Interconnection Facilities charges to the Billed Party, and also identify such credit by circuit identification number(s) on a per DS-1 equivalents basis.	Sprint PCS will then apply AT&T-9STATE's Facility percentage to the cost
	Creat by circuit idenuncation number(s) on a per DS-1 equivalents basis.	the Facility to determine the amount Sprint PCS shall bill AT&T-9STATE.
	(d) One-way Interconnection Facilities When one-way Interconnection	
	Facilities are utilized, each Party is responsible for the ordering and all costs of such Facilities used to deliver of Authorized Services traffic originated by	2.3.2.b [] Upon mutual agreement by the parties to implement one-w
	Its respective End User or Third Party customers to the terminating Party.	trunking on a state-wide basis, each Party will be responsible for the cost of the one-way facilities associated with its originating traffic.
	(e) Transit Service Interconnection Facilities. The costs of Interconnection	
	Facilities used to deliver Sprint-originated Authorized Services traffic between	
	a Point of Interconnection at an AT&T-9State Switch and the POI at which AT&T-9STATE hands off Sprint originated traffic to a Third Party who is	
	indirectly Interconnected with Sprint via AT&T-9STATE, are recouped by	
	AT&T-9STATE as a component of AT&T-9STATE's Transit Service per minute	

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	of use charge. AT&T-9STATE shall not charge Sprint for any costs associated with the origination or delivery of any Third Party traffic delivered by AT&T9STATE to Sprint.	
60. 11. E. (3) 61. 11. E. (4)	 CLEC only 2.5.3 Interconnection Facility Costs. The costs of Interconnection Facilities provided directly by one Party to the other, or by one of the Parties obtaining such Facilities from a Third Party, shall be shared between the Parties as follows: (b) Sprint non-wireless Switch Location, When a Sprint non-wireless switch and the POI to which it is Interconnected are in the same LATA, the Sprint switch location means the actual physical location of such non-wireless switch in that LATA. When a Sprint non-wireless switch is physically located in a different LATA than the POI to which it is Interconnected, the Sprint non-wireless switch location means such CLEC switch's point of presence location designated in the LERG that is within the same LATA as the POI. (c) Two-way Interconnection Facilities. The recurring and non-recurring costs of two-way Interconnection Facilities between Sprint Central Office Switch locations and the POI(s) to which such switches are interconnected at AT&T-9STATE Central Office Switches shall be shared based upon the Parties' respective proportionate use of such Facilities to deliver all Authorized Services traffic originated by its respective End-User to deliver all Authorized Services traffic originated by its respective End-User use will, based upon mutually acceptable traffic studies, be periodically determined and identified as a state-wide "Proportionate Use Factor". (1) As of the Effective Date the Parties' Proportionate Use Factor is deemed to be 50% Sprint and 50% AT&T-9STATE. Beginning six (6) months after the Effective Date, and thereafter not more frequently than every six (6) months, a Party may request re-calculation of a new Proportionate Use Factor to be prospectively applied, (2) Unless another process is mutually agreed to by the Parties, on each 	CLEC Language (Alternate to Sprint's 2.5.3(d))
	Invoice rendered by a Party for two-way Interconnection Facilities, the Billing Party will apply the Proportionate Use Factor to reduce its charges	2.8.6.1.5 One-way Interconnection trunking - When one-way interconnection trunking is utilized, the ordering Party is responsible for the ordering, ordering

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	by the Billing Party's proportionate use of such Facilities. The Billing Party will reflect such reduction on its involce as a dollar credit reduction to the Interconnection Facilities charges to the Billed Party, and also identify such	AT&T Language charges and associated costs of such trunking used to deliver 251(b)(5), ISP Bound and IntraLATA toll traffic originated by its respective End User customers to the terminating Party.
	credit by circuit identification number(s) on a per DS-1 equivalents basis. (d) One-way Interconnection Facilities When one-way Interconnection Facilities are utilized, each Party is responsible for the ordering and all costs of such Facilities used to deliver of Authorized Services traffic originated by its respective End User or Third Party customers to the terminating Party.	
	(e) Transit Service Interconnection Facilities. The costs of Interconnection Facilities used to deliver Sprint-originated Authorized Services traffic between a Point of Interconnection at an AT&T-9State Switch and the POI at which AT&T-9STATE hands off Sprint originated traffic to a Third Party who is indirectly Interconnected with Sprint via AT&T-9STATE, are recouped by AT&T-9STATE as a component of AT&T-9STATE's Transit Service per minute of use charge. AT&T-9STATE shall not charge Sprint for any costs associated with the origination or delivery of any Third Party traffic delivered by AT&T-9STATE to Sprint.	
62. III.F.	CLEC only language No CMRS language 7.3.6 Mutual Provision of Switched Access Service for Sprint and AT&T- 9STATE	CLEC only language – No CMRS language 6.23 Switched Access Service for Sprint and AT&T-9STATE
	7.3.6.1 When Sprint's end office switch, subtending the AT&T-9STATE Access Tandem switch for receipt or delivery of switched access traffic, provides an access service connection between an interexchange carter (DXC) by either a direct trunk group to the IXC utilizing AT&T-9STATE facilities, or via AT&T-9STATE's tandem switch, each Party will provide its own access services to the IXC on a <i>multi-bill, multi-tartiff</i> meet-point basis. Each Party will bill its own access services rates to the IXC with the exception of the interconnection charge. The interconnection charge will be billed by the Party providing the end office function. Each Party will use the Multiple Exchange Carrier Access Billing (MECAB) system to establish meet point billing for all applicable traffic. Thirty (30)-day billing periods will be employed for these arrangements. The recording Party agrees to provide to the <i>initial Billing Party</i> , at no charge, the Switched Access detailed usage data within no more than sixty (60) days after the recording date. The <i>initial Billing Party</i> will provide the switched access services are summary usage data to all subsequent billing Parties within 10 days of	6.25 When Sprint's End Office switch, subtending the AT&T-9STATE Access Tandem switch for receipt or delivery of switched access traffic, provides an access service connection between an interexchange carrier (IXC) by either a direct trunk group to the IXC utilizing AT&T-9STATE facilities, or via AT&T-9STATE's Tandem switch, each Party will provide its own access services to the IXC on a <u>Multi-Bill Single Tariff</u> meet-point basis. Each Party will bill its own access services rates to the IXC with the exception of the interconnection charge. The interconnection charge will be billed by the Party providing the end office function. Each Party will use the Multiple Exchange Carrier Access Billing (MECAB) system to establish meet point billing for all applicable traffic. Thirty (30)-day billing periods will be employed for these arrangements. The Parties agree that AT&T-9STATE will bill IXCs for originating and terminating access charges from AT&T-9STATE Recordings when AT&T-9STATE has direct connections with IXCs via AT&T-9STATE access tandem. AT&T-9STATE will pass EMI Records to CLEC

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	Sprint Language	AT&T Language
	 rendering the initial bill to the DXC. Each Party will notify the other when it is not feasible to meet these requirements so that the customers may be notified for any necessary revenue accrual associated with the significantly delayed recording or billing. As business requirements change data reporting requirements may be modified as necessary. 7.3.6.3 AT&T-9STATE and Sprint agree to recreate the lost or damaged data within forty-eight (48) hours of notification by the other or by an authorized third party handling the data. 	tandem company with direct connections with IXCs. The Official Recording Company agrees to provide to the non-Recording Company at no charge, the Switched Access detailed usage data within no more than sixty (60) days after the recording date. Each Party will notify the other when it is not feasible to meet these requirements so that the customers may be notified for any necessary revenue accrual associated with the significantly delayed recording or billing. As business requirements change data reporting requirements may be modified as necessary.
	 7.3.6.4 AT&T-9STATE and Sprint also agree to process the recreated data within forty-eight (48) hours of receipt at its data processing center. 7.3.6.5 The Initial Billing Party shall keep records for no more than 13 months of its billing activities relating to jointly-provided Intrastate and Interstate access services. Such records shall be in sufficient detail to permit the Subsequent Billing Party to, by formal or informal review or audit, to verify the accuracy and reasonableness of the jointly-provided access billing data provided by the Initial Billing Party. Each Party agrees to cooperate in such formal or informal reviews or audits and further agrees to jointly review the findings of such reviews or audits in order to resolve any differences concerning the findings thereof. 	
63. <i>III.G.</i>	PRICING SHEET	AT&T-9STATE's prices are set forth in AT&T-9STATE's tariffs or pricing sheets,

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	Unless expressly identified to be a "Negotiated" Rate or Charge, any Rate or Charge Included In this Pricing Sheet is subject to reduction and a refund issued by AT&T-9STATE to Sprint as provided in Sections 2 and 6 of this Attachment 3. A. Interconnection Facility/Arrangements Rates will be provided at the lower of: - Existing Prices; - Negotiated Prices [None at this time]; - AT&T Prices provided to a Third Party Telecommunications carrier [unknown at this time]; - AT&T Tariff Prices at 35% reduction below such prices in effect as of June 1, 2010; - AT&T TELRIC Prices [TBD]	as reflected in the relevant contract language.
	B. Authorized Services Per Conversation MOU Usage Rates will be provided at the lower of lower of: - Negotiated Prices [None at this time]; - AT&T Prices provided to a Third Party Telecommunications carrier [unknown at this time]; - AT&T TELRIC Prices [TBD]	
	Based upon the foregoing, the traffic usage rates are: 1) Wireless: - IntraMTA Rates: Type 2A: [TBD*] Type 2B: [TBD*] - Land-to-Mobile InterMTA Rate (2X Type 2A IntraMTA Rate): [TBD*] - Land-to-Mobile Terminating InterMTA Factor: 2%	
	 2) Wireline: Telephone Exchange Service Rate: [TBD*] Telephone Toll Service Rate: Terminating Party's interstate/intrastate access Tariff Rate 3) As to following type of traffic, whether wireless or wireline traffic: Information Services Rate: .0007 	
8/27/10 Ven	- Interconnected VolP Rate: Bill & Keep until otherwise determined by the FCC.	76 of 98

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	- Transit Service Rate: [TBD*]	
	¹ Sprint offers the following three mutually exclusive per Conversation MOU Usage Rates as potential negotiated Rates to avoid need for updated TELRIC studies:	
	1) Authorized Services traffic at same Rate: No Rate –	
	Transit Service Rate \$0.00035	
	-OR-	
	2) All Authorized Services traffic at same Rate: \$0.0007 Tandem/\$0.0035 End Office	
	Transit Service Rate \$0.00035	
	-OR-	
	Sprint:	
	Telephone Exchange Service Rate: \$0.0007 Telephone Toll Service Rate: Terminating Party's interstate/intrastate access Tariff Rate Terminating Party's interstate/intrastate	
	Information Services Rate No Rate	
	- Bill and Keep Interconnected VolP Rate No Rate No Rate	
	- Bill and Keep Transit Service Rate \$0.00035	
4. II.H.(1)	CLEC and CMRS language	CMRS
i	2.9 Interconnection Facilities/Arrangements Rates and Charges.	
<i>п.п.(2)</i> i6.	2.9.1 AT&T -9STATE Rates and Charges. Beginning with the Effective	2.3.6 The ordering and provision of all services purchased from AT&T-9STATE

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III.H.(3)	Date, all recurring and non-recurring rates and charges ("Rates/Charges") charged by AT&T-9STATE for pre-existing or new Interconnection Facilities or Interconnection arrangements ("Interconnection-Related Services") that AT&T provides to Sprint shall be at the lowest of the following Rates/Charges:	by Sprint shall be as set forth in the appropriate AT&T-9STATE tariffs/price lists as those tariffs/price lists are amended by AT&T-9STATE from time to time during the term of this Agreement. CLEC
	a) The Rates/Charges in effect between the Parties' for Interconnection- Related Services under the Interconnection agreement in effect Immediately prior to the Effective Date of this Agreement;	2.4 Interconnection using Entrance Facilities purchased from AT&T-9STATE's Tariffs.
	 b) The Rates/Charges negotiated between the Parties as replacement Rate/Charges for specific interconnection-Related Services to the extent such Rates/Charges are expressly included and identified in this Agreement; c) The Rates/Charges at which AT&T-9STATE charges any other Telecommunications carrier for similar Interconnection-Related Services; 	2.4.1 For purposes of call transport and termination. Sprint as the originating party may obtain Entrance Facilities from AT&T-9STATE pursuant to the applicable AT&T-9STATE tariff in conjunction with Interconnection Facilities to interconnect with the AT&T-9STATE network as set forth in the Pricing Schedule.
	d) AT&T-9STATES' tariffed Facility Rates/Charges reduced by thirty-five percent (35%)below such prices in effect as of June 1, 2010 to approximate the forward-looking economic cost pursuant to 47 C.F.R. § 51.501 et. seq. when such Facilities are used by Sprint as Interconnection Facilities. Such reduced tartiff Rates/Charges shall remain available for use at Sprint's option until such time that final Interconnection Facilities Rates/Charges are established by the Commission based upon an approved AT&T-9STATE forward looking economic cost study either in the arbitration proceeding that established this Agreement or such additional cost proceeding as may be ordered by the Commission; or,	
	e) The Rates/Charges for any other Interconnection arrangement established by the Commission based upon an approved AT&T-9STATE forward looking economic cost study in the arbitration proceeding that established this Agreement or such additional cost proceeding as may be ordered by the Commission.	
	2.9.2. Reduced AT&T-9STATE Rates/Charges True-Up. If the lowest AT&T- 9STATE Rates/Charges are established by the Commission in the context of the review and approval of an AT&T-9STATE cost-study, or were provided by AT&T-9STATE to another Telecommunications carrier and not made known to Sprint until after the Effective Date of this Agreement, AT&T-9STATE shall	

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true-up and refund any difference between such Rates/Charges and the Rates/Charges that Sprint was invoiced for such interconnection-related services between the Effective Date of this Agreement and the date that AT&T- 9STATE implements billing the reduced Rate/Charges to Sprint. AT&T- 9STATE shall implement all reductions in interconnection-related Rates/Charges as non-chargeable record-keeping billing adjustments at its own cost, and shall not impose any disconnection, re-connection, or re- arrangement requirements or charges of any type upon Sprint as a pre- requisite to Sprint receiving such reduced interconnection Rates/Charges.	
2.9.3 Sprint Rates and Charges. Rates/Charges for pre-existing and new Interconnection Facilities that Sprint provides AT&T-9STATE will be on a pass-through basis of the costs incurred by Sprint to obtain and provide such Facilities.	
2.9.4 Billing. Except to the extent otherwise provided in Section 2.5.3 and this Section, or as may be mutually agreed by the Parties, billing for Interconnection Facilities will be on a monthly basis, with invoices rendered and payments due in the same time frames and manner as billings for other Services subject to the terms and conditions of this Agreement. Subject to all of the provisions of this Section 2 Network Interconnection, general billing requirements are in the General Terms and Conditions and Attachment 7.	
1.2 Replacement of Current Section 252(d) Rates	1.2 Replacement of Current Rates
 1.2.1 Certain of the current rates, prices and charges set forth in this Agreement have been established by the Commission to be rates, prices and charges for interconnection Services subject to Section 252(d) of the Act ("Current Section 252(d) Rate(s)"). 1.2.2 If, during the Term of this Agreement the Commission or the FCC modifies a Current Section 252(d) Rate, or otherwise orders the creation of new Current Section 252(d) Rate(s), in any order or docket that is established by the 	 1.2.1 Certain of the current rates, prices and charges set forth in this Agreement may have been established by the Commission (<u>"Commissioned-established</u> Current Rate(s)"). <u>All rates included in this Agreement that are not specifically excluded from treatment under this Section 1.2, or that are not marked as interim or as "TBD" (To Be Determined) shall be considered Commission-established Current Rates.</u> 1.2.2 If, during the Term of this Agreement the Commission or the FCC modifies a
Commission or FCC to be applicable to Interconnection Services subject to this Agreement, either Party may provide written notice of the ordered new Current Section 252(d) Rates ("Rate Change Notice"). Notwithstanding the foregoing,	<u>Commission-established Current Rate(s)</u> in any order or docket that is established by the Commission or FCC to be <u>generally</u> applicable <u>(i.e., not an</u> <u>order or docket relating only to a specific complaint or interconnection</u>
	 Inve-up and refund any difference between such Rates/Charges and the Rates/Charges that Sprint was invoiced for such Interconnection-related services between the Effective Date of this Agreement and the date that AT&T-9STATE implements billing the reduced Rate/Charges to Sprint. AT&T-9STATE shall implement all reductions in Interconnection-related Rates/Charges as non-chargeable record-keeping billing adjustments at its own cost, and shall not impose any disconnection, re-connection, or re-arrangement requirements or charges of any type upon Sprint as a pre-requisite to Sprint receiving such reduced Interconnection Rates/Charges. 2.9.3 Sprint Rates and Charges. Rates/Charges for pre-existing and new interconnection Facilities that Sprint provides AT&T-9STATE will be on a pass-through basis of the costs incurred by Sprint to obtain and provide such Facilities. 2.9.4 Billing. Except to the extent otherwise provided in Section 2.5.3 and this Section, or as may be mutually agreed by the Parties, billing for interconnection Facilities will be on a monthly basis, with involces rendered and payments due in the same time frames and manner as billings for other Services subject to the terms and conditions of this Agreement. Subject to all of the provisions of this Section 2 Network Interconnection, general billing requirements are in the General Terms and Conditions and Attachment 7. 1.2 Replacement of Current Section 252(d) Rates 1.2.1 Certain of the current rates, prices and charges set forth in this Agreement have been established by the Commission to be rates, prices and charges for Interconnection 522(d) Rate(s)"). 1.2.2 If, during the Term of this Agreement the Commission or the FCC modifies a Current Section 252(d) Rate(s), in any order or docket that is established by the Commission or betwers the creation of new formes and conditions or the FCC modifies a Current Section 252(d) is any order or docket that is established by the Commission or FCC to be applica

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If Sprint is not a party to the proceeding in which the Commission or FCC ordered such modification or creation of new Section 252(d) Rate(s), AT&T- STATE shall provide a Rate Change Notice to Sprint within sixty (60) days after the effective date of such order. 1.2.3 Upon either Party's receipt of a Rate Change Notice, the Parties shall negotiate a conforming amendment which shall reflect replacement of the affected Current Section 252(d) Rate(s) with the new Section 252(d) Rate(s) as of the effective date of the order that determined a change in rates was appropriate, and shall submit such amendment to the Commission for approval. In addition, as soon as is reasonably practicable after such Rate Change Notice, each Party shall issue to the other Party any adjustments that are necessary to reflect the new Rate(s).	<u>agreement arbitration</u> to the Interconnection Services, either Party may provide written notice ("Rate Change Notice") to the other Party, after the effective date of such order, that it wishes for the modified Commission-established Non- interim Rate(s), ("Modified Rate(s)") to replace and supersede the Commission-established Current Rate(s) already set forth in this Agreement, 1.2.3 Following such Rate Change Notice by either Party, and without the need for any written amendment, or further Commission action, Sprint's billing tables will be updated to reflect (and Sprint shall pay) the Modified Rate(s), pursuant to timeframes as specifically set forth in Section 1.2.3.1 below and Section 1.2.3.3 below, and the Modified Rate(s) will be deemed effective between the Parties as provided in Section 1.2.3.1 below and Section 1.2.3.3 below. Nonetheless, the Parties shall negotiate a conforming amendment which shall reflect that the Commission-established Current were replaced by the Modified Rate(s), and shall submit such amendment to the Commission for approval. In addition, as soon as is reasonably practicable after such Rate Change Notice, each Party shall issue to the other Party any adjustments that are necessary to reflect that the Modified new Rate(s). became effective between the Parties as provided 1.2.3.1 If the Rate Change Notice is issued by a Party within ninety (90) calendar days after the effective date of any such order, the Modified Rate(s) will be deemed effective between the Parties as of the effective date of the order, and Aft-9STATE will issue any adjustments that are appropriate (e.g., billing of additional charges, billing credit adjustments) to retroactively true-up the Modified Rate(s) will the Commission-established current the effective date of the order, in accordance herewith. 1.2.3.2 In the event that neither Party issues a Rate Change Notice to the other Party with respect to an order, the Commission-established current the other Party with respect to an order, the C

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		date the amendment is approved or is deemed to have been approved by the state commission), and shall apply, on a prospective basis only, upon the amendment effective date, on a prospective basis only. Further, the Party shall be foreclosed from replacing or otherwise superseding the Commission-established Current Rate(s) with the Modified Rate(s) if the terms and conditions of this Section 1.2 above were not part of an approved and effective agreement between the Parties at the time the order became effective, either Party may still give a Rate Change Notice, and the Modified Rate(s) shall be effective as of the date the Parties' Agreement (containing this Section 1.2,) becomes effective (following the date the Agreement is approved or deemed to have been approved by the Commission) and shali apply, beginning on the Agreement's effective date, on a prospective basis only. Further, the Party shall be foreclosed from replacing or otherwise superseding the Commission-established current Rate(s) with the Modified Rate(s) for any period prior to the effective date of the Agreement containing this Section 1.2 above
71. <i>III.I.(4</i>)	1.3.1 Certain of the rates, prices and charges set forth in this Agreement may be denoted as interim rates ("Interim Rates"). Upon the effective date of a Commission Order establishing rates for any rates, prices or charges applicable to Interconnection Services specifically identified in this Agreement as Interim Rates, the Parties shall negotiate a conforming amendment which shall reflect replacement of the affective date of the order that established such Final Rates or such other date as may be mutually agreed upon), and shall submit such amendment to the Commission for approval. In addition, as soon as is reasonably practicable after approval of such amendment, each Party shall issue to the other Party any adjustments that are necessary to implement such Final Rate(s).	1.3.1 Certain of the rates, prices and charges set forth in this Agreement may be denoted as interim rates ("Interim Rates"). Upon the effective date of a Commission Order establishing rates for any rates, prices, charges, Interconnection Services specifically identified herein as Interim Rates, either Party may, within ninety (90) calendar days after the effective date of such Commission order, provide written notice ("Replacement Rate Notice") to the other Party that It wishes to obtain the new Commission-established rate(s) ("Replacement Rates") to replace and supersede the Interim Rate counterpart(s) in this Agreement. Following such Replacement Rate Notice, and without the need for any formal amendment or further Commission action, AT&T-9STATE will update CLEC's billing tables to replace the Current Interim Rates with their Replacement Rate(s) counterpart(s), as specified in the Replacement Rate Notice. Nonetheless, the Parties shall negotiate a conforming amendment to reflect such Replacement Rates and shall submit such amendment to the Commission for approval.
		1.3.2 If the Replacement Rate Notice is given within ninety (90) calendar days after the effective date of such order, then the Replacement Rate(s) shall apply as of the effective date of the order and AT&T-9STATE will issue any adjustments that are appropriate (e.g., billing of additional charges, billing credit adjustments) to retroactively true-up the Replacement Rates with the Interim Rates for the period after the effective date of this Agreement, in accordance herewith.

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		1.3.3 In the event that neither Party issues a Rate Notice to the other Party with respect to an order, the Interim Rate(s) set forth in the Agreement shall continue to apply, notwithstanding the issuance of that order.
		1.3.4 In the event that a Party issues a Rate Notice under this Section 1.3 above, but not within ninety (90) calendar days after the effective date of the order, then the Replacement Rate(s) will be deemed effective between the Parties as of the date the amendment incorporating such Replacement Rate(s) into the Agreement is effective between the Parties (following the date the amendment is approved or is deemed to have been approved by the Commission), and shall apply, upon the amendment effective date, on a prospective basis only. Further, the Party shall be foreclosed from replacing or otherwise superseding the Current Interim Rate(s) with the Replacement Rate(s) for any period prior to the effective date of such amendment.
		1.3.5 in the event the terms and conditions of this Section 1.3 above were not part of an approved and effective agreement between the Parties at the time the order became effective, either Party may still give a Replacement Rate Notice, and the Replacement Rate(s) shall be effective as of the date the Parties' Agreement (the Agreement containing this Section 1.3 above) becomes effective (following the date the Agreement is approved or deemed to have been approved by the Commission) and shall apply, beginning on the Agreement's effective date, on a prospective basis only. Further, the Party shall be foreclosed from replacing or otherwise superseding the Current interim Rate(s) with the Replacement Rate(s) for any period prior to
72. III.I.(5)	1.5.1 When a rate, price or charge in this Agreement is noted as "To Be Determined" or "TBD" for an Interconnection Service, the Parties understand and agree that when a rate, price or charge is established for that Interconnection Service as approved by the Commission, that such rate(s), price(s) or charge(s) ("Established Rate") shall, to the extent a Party provided such Interconnection Services under this Agreement, automatically apply back to the Effective Date of this Agreement without the need for any additional modification(s) to this Agreement or further Commission action. AT&T-9STATE shall provide Written Notice to Sprint of the Established	the effective date of the Agreement containing this Section 1.3 above. 1.5.1 When a rate, price or charge in this Agreement is noted as "To Be Determined" or "TBD" or no rate is shown, the Parties understand and agree that when a rate, price or charge is established by AT&T-9STATE for that Interconnection Service and Incorporated into AT&T-9STATE's current state- specific Generic Pricing Sheet as published on the AT&T CLEC Online website, that rate(s) ("Established Rate") shall automatically apply to the Interconnection Service provided under this Agreement back to the Effective Date of this Agreement as to any orders Sprint submitted and AT&T-9STATE provisioned for that Interconnection Service without the need for any additional modification(s) to this Agreement or further Commission action. AT&T-9STATE

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	Rate when it is approved by the Commission, and the Parties' billing tables will be updated to reflect and charge the Established Rate, and the Established Rate will be deemed effective between the Parties as of the Effective Date of the Agreement. The Parties shall negotiate a conforming amendment, which shall reflect the Established Rate that applies to such Interconnection Service pursuant to this Section 1.5 above, and shall submit such Amendment to the State Commission for approval. In addition, as soon as is reasonably practicable after such Established Rate begins to apply, the Parties, as applicable, for such Interconnection Services to reflect the application of the Established Rate retroactively to the Effective Date of the Agreement between the Parties. 1.5.2 A party's provisioning of such Interconnection Services is expressly subject to this Section 1.5 above and in no way constitutes a waiver of a party's right to charge and collect payment for such Interconnection Services, or the Billied Party's right to dispute such charges as provided in this Agreement.	charge that has been established, and Sprint's billing tables will be updated to reflect (and Sprint will be charged) the Established Rate, and the Established Rate will be deemed effective between the Parties as of the Effective Date of the Agreement. The Parties shall negotiate a conforming amendment, which shall reflect the Established Rate that applies to such <u>Product or Service pursuant to this Section 1.5 above, and shall submit such Amendment to the State Commission for approval. In addition, as soon as is reasonably practicable after such Established Rate begins to apply, <u>AT&T-9STATE shall, bill Sprint</u> to reflect the application of the Established Rate retroactively to the Effective Date of the Agreement between the Parties. <u>1.5.2 AT&T-9STATE's provisioning of such orders for such Interconnection Services is expressly subject to this Section 1.5 above and in no way constitutes a waiver of <u>AT&T-9STATE's right to charge and collect payment for such Interconnection Services.</u></u></u>
73. IV.A.(1) 74. IV.A.(2)	Wireless Only 1.6.2 Since Sprint records and identifies the actual amount of Third Party Traffic delivered to it over the Interconnection Trunks, Sprint will not bill AT&T-9STATE for such Third Party Traffic. 2 10 Limitation on Back-billing	<u>CMRS Only</u> 1.6.2 Since Sprint records and identifies the actual amount of Third Party Traffic delivered to it over the Interconnection Trunks, Sprint will not bill AT&T-9STATE for such Third Party Traffic. <u>CMRS Only</u> 1.6.5 Because AT&T-9STATE is unable to invoice reflecting an adjustment for shared Facilities and/or Trunks, Sprint will separately invoice AT&T- 9STATE for AT&T-9STATE's share of the cost of such Facilities and/or Trunks as provided in this Agreement thirty (30) days following receipt by Sprint of AT&T-9STATE's invoice.
	2.10 Limitation on Back-billing	2.10 Limitation on Back-billing and Credit Claims:
I	2.10.1 Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this Agreement, a Party shall	2.10.1 Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this Agreement, a Party shall

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 be entitled to:	be entitled to:
2.10.1.1 Back-bill for any charges for services provided pursuant to this Agreement that are found to be unbilled or under-billed but only when such charges appeared or should have appeared on a bill dated within the <i>six</i> (6) months immediately preceding the date on which the Billing Party provided written notice to the Billed Party of the amount of the back-billing. The Parties agree that the <i>six</i> (6) month limitation on back-billing set forth in the preceding sentence shall be applied prospectively only after the Effective Date of this Agreement, meaning that the <i>six</i> (6) month period for any back-billing may only include billing periods that fall entirely after the Effective Date of this Agreement and will not include any portion of any billing period that began prior to the Effective Date of this Agreement.	Billing Party provided written notice to the Billed Party of the amount of the back- billing or the Billed Party provided written notice to the Billing Party of the claimed credit amount. The Parties agree that the twelve (12) month limitation on back-billing and credit Claims set forth in the preceding sentence shall be applied prospectively only after the Effective Date of this Agreement, meaning that the twelve (12) month period for any back-billing or credit Claims may only include billing periods that fall entirely after the Effective Date of this Agreement and will not include any portion of any billing period that began prior to the Effective Date of this Agreement. Nothing herein shall prohibit either Party from rendering bills or collecting for any Interconnection products and/or services more than twelve (12) months after the Interconnection products and/or services were provided when the ability or right to charge or the proper charge for the Interconnection products and/or services was the sublect of an arbitration or other Commission action, including any appeal of such action. In such cases, the time period for back-billing or credits
2.10.1.2 Back-billing, as limited above, will apply to all services purchased under this Agreement.	 shall be the longer of (a) the period specified by the commission in the final order allowing or approving such charge, (b) twelve (12) months from the date of the final order allowing or approving such charge or (c) twelve (12) months from the date of approval of any executed amendment to this Agreement required to implement such charge. 2.10.1.2 Back-billing and credit claims, as limited above, will apply to all interconnection products and/or services purchased under this Agreement.

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75. IV.B.(1) 76. IV.B.(2) 77. IV.B.(3) 78. IV.B.(4)	"Past Due" means when a Billed Party fails to remit payment for any undisputed charges by the Bill Due Date, or if payment for any portion of the undisputed charges is received from the Billed Party after the Bill Due Date, or if payment for any portion of the undisputed charges is received in funds which are not immediately available to the Billing Party as of the Bill Due Date (individually and collectively means Past Due).	"Past Due" means when a Billed Party fails to remit payment for any charges by the Bill Due Date, or if payment for any portion of the charges is received from the Billed Party after the Bill Due Date, or if payment for any portion of the charges is received in funds which are not immediately available to the Billing Party as of the Bill Due Date (individually and collectively means Past Due).
IV.B.(4) 79. IV.B.(5)	"Cash Deposit" means a cash security deposit made by one Party in U.S. dollars that is held by the other Party.	"Cash Deposit" means a cash security deposit in U.S. dollars held by AT&T- 9STATE.
	"Letter of Credit" means the unconditional, irrevocable standby bank letter of credit from a financial institution acceptable to <i>the Billing Party</i> naming the <i>Billing Party</i> as the beneficiary (ies) thereof and otherwise on <i>a mutually acceptable</i> Letter of Credit form.	"Letter of Credit" means the unconditional, irrevocable standby bank letter of credit from a financial institution acceptable to <u>AT&T-9STATE</u> naming the <u>AT&T-owned ILEC(s) designated by AT&T-9STATE</u> as the beneficiary (ies) thereof and otherwise on the AT&T-9STATE Letter of Credit form.
	Sprint does not propose a definition for "Surety Bond"	"Surety Bond" means a bond from a Bond company with a credit rating by A.M.BEST better than a "B." This bonding company shall be certified to issue bonds in a state in which this Agreement is approved.
		1.8 Deposit Policy
	1.8.1 General Terms. If the Party that is billed for services under this Agreement (the "Billed Party") fails to meet the qualifications described in this Section for continuing creditworthiness, the other Party (the "Billing	1.8.1 General Terms. AT&T-9STATE reserves the reasonable right to secure the accounts of new CLECs (entities with no existing relationship with AT&T-9STATE for the purchase of wholesale services as of the Effective Date) and certain existing CLECs (entities with an existing

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<u> </u>	Party") reserves the right to reasonably secure the accounts of the Billed Party for the purchase of services under this Agreement with a suitable form of security pursuant to this Section.	relationship with AT&T-9STATE for the purchase of wholesale services as of the Effective Date) with which it has a continuous relationship of less than one (1) year, or that do not otherwise meet the gualifications described in this Section for continuing creditworthiness with a suitable form of security pursuant to this Section.
		1.8.1.1 With the exception of new CLECs with a D&B credit rating equal to 5A1. AT&T-9STATE may secure the accounts of all new CLECs consistent with the terms set forth below. Further, if an existing CLEC has filed for bankruptcy protection within twelve (12) months prior to the Effective Date of this Agreement, AT&T-9STATEmay treat the existing CLEC, as a new CLEC for purposes of establishing security on its accounts.
	1.8.2 <u>initial Determination of Creditworthiness</u> . Upon request, the Billing Party may require the Billed Party to provide credit profile financial information in order to determine whether or not security should reasonably be required, and in an amount that does not exceed more than an amount equal to one (1) month's total net billing between the Parties under this Agreement in a given state. The Parties have discussed one another's creditworthiness in accordance with the requirements of this Section and determined that no additional security of any kind is required from one Party to the other upon the execution of this Agreement.	1.8.2 <u>Initial Determination of Creditworthiness</u> . Upon request, <u>AT&T-9STATE</u> may require <u>Sprint</u> to complete <u>the AT&T Credit Profile which is located on the AT&T web site</u> in order to determine whether or not security should reasonably be required, and in <u>what</u> amount. The Parties have discussed <u>Sprint's</u> creditworthiness in accordance with the requirements of this Section and determined that no additional security of any kind is required upon the execution of this Agreement.
	1.8.3 <u>Subsequent Determination of Creditworthiness</u> . On an annual basis, beginning not earlier than one (1) year after execution of this Agreement, the Billing Party may review the need for a security deposit if (i) subject to a standard of commercial reasonableness, a material change in the circumstances of the Billed Party so warrants and gross monthly billing by the Billing Party to the Billed Party has increased for services under this Agreement by more than twenty-five (25%) over the most recent six-month period, and (ii) the Billed Party (or its parent holding company) does not have total assets of at least five billion dollars (\$5,000,000,000.00),	1.8.3 <u>Subsequent Determination of Creditworthiness</u> . <u>Subject to a standard of</u> commercial reasonableness, <u>if a material change in the circumstances of Sprint</u> so warrants and gross monthly billing has increased for services under this Agreement <u>beyond the level most recently used to determine the level of</u> <u>security deposit</u> , <u>AT&T-9STATE</u> reserves the right to request additional <u>security subject to the criteria set forth in this Section</u> . <u>AT&T-9STATE shall</u> <u>provide Sprint fifteen (15) days written notice of its intent to review Sprint's credit worthiness</u> . <u>Upon intent to review notice, the Parties agree to work</u> together to review Sprint's credit worthiness. <u>Upon completion of the credit</u> review and based on AT&T-9STATE's analysis of the AT&T Credit Profile and other relevant information regarding Sprint's financial condition, AT&T- 9STATE reserves the right to require Sprint to provide AT&T-9STATE with a suitable form of security deposit for Sprint's account.
	1.8.4 If the conditions required in 1.8.3 are met and the Billed Party does not otherwise have a good payment history, the Billing Party may provide	1.8.4 If AT&T-9STATE requires Sprint to provide a security deposit for new Service, Sprint shall provide such security deposit prior to the inauguration of

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the Billed Party fifteen (15) days written notice of the Billing Party's Intent to review the Billed Party's credit worthiness. Upon the Billed Party's receipt of the Billing's Party's Intent to review notice, the Parties agree to work together to determine the need for or amount of a reasonable initial or increase in deposit. If there is any dispute regarding whether the conditions required in 1.8.3 have been met, or the Parties are otherwise unable to agree upon a reasonable initial or increase in deposit, then the Billing Party must file a petition for resolution of the dispute. Such petition shall be filed with the Commission in the state in which the Billed Party has the highest amount of charges billed under this Agreement. The Parties agree that the decision ordered by such Commission will be binding within all of the AT&T-9STATES.	such new Service. If AT&T-9STATE requests additional security deposit (or requires a security deposit if none was previously requested). Sprint shall pay any applicable security deposit for existing service within (a) fifteen (15) days of the deposit request notice if the deposit request amount is jess than or equal to \$5 million for all AT&T states combined, or (b) thirty (30) days of the deposit request notice if the deposit request amount is greater than \$5 million for all AT&T states combined. or (b) thirty (30) days of the deposit request notice if the deposit request amount is greater than \$5 million for all AT&T states combined, or (b) thirty (30) days of the deposit request notice is rendered. If the deposit request amount is greater than \$5 million for all AT&T states combined, the deposit request amount is greater than \$5 million for all AT&T states combined, the deposit request notice and a written explanation of the factors used to determine credit worthiness will be sent by overnight mail to Sprint. If the deposit request amount is less than or equal to \$5 million for all AT&T states combined, the deposit request may be rendered by certified mail or overnight delivery and a written explanation of the factors used to determine credit worthiness will be mailed to Sprint only if a written request for said information is received from Sprint. If, in the absence of any dispute or agreed to extension by the Parties. Sprint fails to secure the deposit requested pursuant to this Section by AT&T-9STATE may commence to discontinue service in accordance with Section 1.19 of this Attachment. Sprint may failed in the subsection above. AT&T-9STATE may commence to AT&T-9STATE, or any combination of the above. If the security deposit requested pursuant to the security proposed by Sprint and acceptable to AT&T-9STATE, or any combination of the above. If the security deposit requirement is in the form of cash, interest shall accrue on the Cash Deposit in accordance with the terms of this Attachment by Surety Bond (A
1.8.5 Any such agreed to or Commission-ordered security shall in no way release the Billed Party from its obligation to make complete and timely payments of its bills, subject to the bill dispute procedures set forth in this Attachment.	 1.8.5 Any such security shall in no way release the <u>existing CLEC</u> from its obligation to make complete and timely payments of its bills, subject to the bill dispute procedures set forth in this Attachment. <u>1.8.6 AT&T-9STATE will not require a security deposit from existing CLECs that meet the following factors:</u>
	1.8.6.1 The CLEC must have a good payment history, based upon the

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		preceding twelve (12) month period. A good payment history shall mean that less than ten percent (10%) of the non-disputed receivable balance is aged beyond the due date. Only good faith disputes submitted to AT&T-9STATE pursuant to the procedures set forth in the Parties' interconnection agreement will be considered in determining the "non-disputed receivable balance."
		1.8.6.2 The existing CLEC's liquidity status, based upon a review of Earnings Before Interest, Taxes, Depreciation and Amortization (EBITDA), is EBITDA positive for the prior four (4) quarters of financials (at least one (1) of which must be an audited financial report) excluding any nonrecurring charges or special restructuring charges.
		1.8.6.3 if the existing CLEC has a current bond rating, it must have a bond rating of BBB or above, or has a current bond rating between CCC and BB and meets the following criteria for the last Fiscal Year End and for the prior four (4) quarters of reported financials:
		1.8.6.3.1 Free cash flow positive;
		1.8.6.3.2 Positive tangible net worth;
:		1.8.6.3.3 Debt/tangible net worth ratio between 0 and 2.5; and
		1.8.6.3.4 Customer is compliant with all financial maintenance covenants.
	1.8.7 The Billing Party shall release or return any security deposit, within thirty (30) days of its determination that such security is no longer required by the terms of this Attachment, or within thirty (30) days of the Parties establishing that the Billed Party satisfies the standards set forth in this Attachment or at any such time as the provision of service to the Billed Party is terminated pursuant to this Agreement as applicable. The amount of the deposit will first be credited	1.8.7 <u>AT&T-9STATE</u> shall release or return any security, within thirty (30) days of its determination that such security is no longer required by the terms of this Attachment, or within thirty (30) days of the Parties establishing that <u>it</u> satisfies the standards set forth in this Attachment or at any such time as the provision of service to <u>Sprint</u> is terminated pursuant to this Agreement as applicable. The amount of the deposit will first be credited against any of <u>Sprint's</u> outstanding account(s), and any remaining credit balance will be refunded within thirty (30) days.
	against any of the Billed Party's outstanding account(s), and any remaining credit balance will be refunded within thirty (30) days.	1.8.8 If at any time subsequent to the return of a deposit, Sprint evinces a poor payment history or fails to satisfy the conditions set forth in this deposit

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		policy, AT&T-9STATE may require a security deposit.
		1.8.9 If Sprint provides a security deposit or additional security deposit in the form of an irrevocable Letter of Credit as required herein. Sprint shall maintain the irrevocable Letter of Credit until it has been determined that such security is no longer required by the terms of this Attachment. If Sprint is in default of its payment obligations under this Attachment and fails to maintain the irrevocable Letter of Credit, AT&T-9STATE may draw down the full amount of such Letter of Credit, within forty-eight (48) hours prior to its expiration, if Sprint fails to renew the letter of credit or fails to provide AT&T- 9STATE with evidence that Sprint has obtained a suitable replacement for the Letter of Credit. If Sprint provides a security deposit or additional security deposit in the form of a surety bond as required herein and the bonding company's credit rating fails below a rating of B. Sprint shall provide AT&T-9STATE with suitable security deposit to replace the surety bond. If Sprint fails to provide a suitable replacement for the surety bond within thirty (30) days of AT&T-9STATE's written notice to Sprint that other security is required, AT&T-9STATE may take action on such surety bond and apply the proceeds to Sprint's account.
	3. Billing Dispute Resolution	3. Billing Dispute Resolution
80. <i>IV.C.(1)</i> 81.	3.1 Finality of Billing Disputes:	3.1 Finality of Billing Disputes:
IV.C.(2)	3.1.1 Notwithstanding anything contained in this Agreement to the contrary, a Party shall be entitled to dispute only those charges which appeared on a bill dated within the twenty-four (24) months immediately preceding the date on which the Billing Party received notice of such Disputed Amounts.	3.1.1 Notwithstanding anything contained in this Agreement to the contrary, a Party shall be entitled to dispute only those charges which appeared on a bill dated within the twelve (12) months immediately preceding the date on which the Billing Party received notice of such Disputed Amounts.
8/27/10 Vera	3.3.1 A "Billing Dispute" means a dispute of a specific amount of money actually billed by the Billing Party. The Billed Party may, at its sole option and in its sole discretion, submit disputes through the use of either (a) the Billed Party's internal processes to prepare and submit disputes, or (b) a Billing Party proposed "Billing Claims Dispute Form", subject to the Billing Party paying all non-recurring and recurring costs the Billed Party may incur to modify the Billed Party's internal processes to use such proposed form. The dispute must be made by the Disputing Party in writing and supported by documentation, which clearly shows the basis for dispute of the charges. The	3.3.1 A "Billing Dispute" means a dispute of a specific amount of money actually billed by the Billing Party. The dispute must be made on <u>the Billing Party's dispute</u> <u>form, if any</u> , by the Disputing Party in writing_and supported by documentation, which clearly shows the basis for dispute of the charges. The dispute must be itemized to show the date and account number or other identification (i.e., CABS/ESBA/ASBS or BAN number) of the bill in question; telephone number, circuit ID number or trunk number in question if applicable; any USOC (or other descriptive information) relating to the item in question; and the amount billed. By way of example and not by limitation, a Billing Dispute will not include the refusal to pay all or part of a bill or bills when no written documentation is provided to support the dispute, nor shall a Billing Dispute include the refusal to pay other amounts owed by the Disputing Party 99 of 98

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	dispute must be itemized to show the date and account number or other identification (i.e., CABS/ESBA/ASBS or BAN number) of the bill in question; telephone number, circuit ID number or trunk number in question if applicable; any USOC (or other descriptive information) relating to the item in question; and the amount billed. By way of example and not by limitation, a Billing Dispute will not include the refusal to pay all or part of a bill or bills when no written documentation is provided to support the dispute, nor shall a Billing Dispute include the refusal to pay other amounts owed by the Disputing Party until the dispute is resolved. Claims by the Parties for damages of any kind will not be considered a Billing Dispute for purposes of this Section. Once the Billing Dispute is resolved the Disputing Party will make payment on any of the resolved disputed amount owed to the Billing Party as part of the next immediately available bill-payment cycle for the specific account, or the Billing Party shall have the right to pursue normal treatment procedures. Any credits due to the Disputing Party, pursuant to the Billing Dispute, will be applied to the Disputing Party's account by the Billing Party upon resolution of the dispute as part of the next available invoice cycle for the specific account.	until the dispute is resolved. Claims by the Parties for damages of any kind will not be considered a Billing Dispute for purposes of this Section. Once the Billing Dispute is resolved the Disputing Party will make payment of the resolved disputed amount owed to the Billing Party as part of the next immediately available bill-payment cycle for the specific account, or the Billing Party shall have the right to pursue normal treatment procedures. Any credits due to the Disputing Party, pursuant to the Billing Dispute, will be applied to the Disputing Party's account by the Billing Party upon resolution of the dispute as part of the next available invoice cycle for the specific account.
82. IV.D.(1) 83. IV.D.(2) 84. IV.D.(3)	 "Non-Paying Party" means the Party that has not made payment of undisputed amounts by the Bill Due Date of all amounts within the blil rendered by the Billing Party. "Unpaid Charges" means any undisputed charges billed to the Non-Paying Party that the Non-Paying Party did not render full payment to the Billing Party by the Bill Due Date. 1.12 If any unpaid portion of an amount due to the Billing Party under this Agreement is subject to a Billing Dispute between the Parties, the Non-Paying Party must, prior to the Bill Due Date, give written notice to the Billing Party of the Disputed Amounts and include in such written notice the specific details and reasons for disputing each item listed in Section 3.3.1 below. On or before the Bill Due Date, the Non-Paying Party must pay all undisputed amounts to the Billing Party. 	 "Non-Paying Party" means the Party that has not made payment by the Bill Due Date of all amounts within the bill rendered by the Billing Party. "Unpaid Charges" means any charges billed to the Non-Paying Party that the Non-Paying Party did not render full payment to the Billing Party by the Bill Due Date. 1.12 If any unpaid portion of an amount due to the Billing Party under this Agreement is subject to a Billing Dispute between the Parties, the Non-Paying Party must, prior to the Bill Due Date, give written notice to the Billing Party of the Disputed Amounts and include in such written notice the specific details and reasons for disputing each item listed in Section 3.3.1 below. On or before the Billing Party, and (ii) all Disputed Amounts, other than disputed charges arising from reciprocal compensation, into an Interest bearing escrow account with a Third Party escrow agent mutually agreed upon by the Parties.
		from reciprocal compensation, into an Interest bearing escrow account a Third Party escrow agent mutually agreed upon by the Parties.

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	to Establish Escrow Accounts Section above of this Agreement and deposited all unpaid charges except compensation for the termination of 251(b)(5) Traffic or ISP-Bound Traffic into that escrow account in order for those Unpaid Charges to be deemed a Billing Dispute". Failure to provide the information and evidence required by this Section 3 not later than twenty-nine (29) calendar days following the Bill Due Date shall constitute the Billed Party's irrevocable and full waiver of its right to dispute the subject charges.
Sprint does not propose escrow language	1.13 Requirements to Establish Escrow Accounts.
	 1.13.1 To be acceptable, the Third Party escrow agent must meet all of the following criteria: 1.13.1.1 The financial institution proposed as the Third Party escrow agent must be located within the continental United States; 1.13.1.2 The financial institution proposed as the Third Party escrow agent may not be an Affiliate of either Party; and 1.13.1.3 The financial institution proposed as the Third Party escrow agent must be authorized to handle ACH credit transfers. 1.13.2 In addition to the foregoing requirements for the Third Party escrow agent must be authorized to handle ACH credit transfers. 1.13.2 In addition to the foregoing requirements for the Third Party escrow agent, the Disputing Party and the financial institution proposed as the Third Party that the escrow agent must agree in writing furnished to the Billing Party that the escrow account will meet all of the following criteria: 1.13.2.1 The escrow account must be an interest bearing account; 1.13.2.2 all charges associated with opening and maintaining the escrow account will be borne by the Party in the same proportion as the Party fails to prevail in the Dispute(s) or in some other proportion as the Parties agree; 1.13.2.3 that none of the funds deposited into the escrow account or the interest deposited into the escrow account
	interest earned thereon may be used to pay the financial institution's charges for serving as the Third Party escrow agent; 1.13,2.4 all interest earned on deposits to the escrow account will be disbursed to the Parties in the same proportion as the principal is distributed or in some other proportion as the Parties agree; and 1.13,2.5 disbursements from the escrow account will be limited to those; 1.13,2.5.1 authorized in writing by both the Disputing Party and the Billing Party (that is, signature(s) from representative(s) of the Disputing Party only are not sufficient to properly authorize any disbursement); or 1.13,2.5.2 made in accordance with the final, non-appealable order of the

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	arbitrator appointed pursuant to the provisions of Section 3.0 below; or 1.13.2.5.3 made in accordance with the final, non-appealable order of the court that had jurisdiction to enter the arbitrator's award pursuant to Section 3.0 below. 1.14 Disputed Amounts in escrow will be subject to Late Payment Charges as set forth in Section 1.3 above. 1.15 Issues related to Disputed Amounts shall be resolved in accordance with the procedures identified in the Dispute Resolution provisions set forth in Section 3.0 below. 1.16 With respect to escrowed disputes, if any portion of the dispute is resolved in favor of such Non-Paying Party, the Parties will cooperate to ensure that all of the following actions are completed:
	1.16.1 the Billing Party will credit the invoice of the Non-Paying Party for that portion of the Disputed Amounts resolved in favor of the Non-Paying Party, together with any Late Payment Charges assessed with respect thereto no later than the second Bill Due Date after resolution of the dispute; 1.16.2 within ten (10) Business Days after resolution of the dispute, the portion of the escrowed Disputed Amounts resolved in favor of the Non-Paying Party will be released to the Non-Paying Party, together with any interest accrued thereon;
	1.16.3 within ten (10) Business Days after resolution of the dispute, the portion of the escrowed Disputed Amounts resolved in favor of the Billing Party will be released to the Billing Party, together with any interest accrued thereon; and 1.16.4 no later than the third (3 rd) Bill Due Date after the resolution of the dispute, the Non-Paying Party will pay the Billing Party the difference between the amount of accrued interest the Billing Party received from the escrow disbursement and the amount of Late Payment Charges the Billing Party is entitled to receive pursuant to Section 1.3 above.
	1.17 If the Non-Paying Party disputes any charges and the entire dispute is resolved in favor of the Billing Party, the Parties will cooperate to ensure that all of the actions required by Section 1.16.3 above and Section 1.16.4 above are completed within the times specified therein. 1.18 Failure by the Non-Paying Party to pay any charges determined to be owed to the Billing Party within the time specified in Section 1.16 above shall be grounds for termination of the Interconnection product and/or services provided under this Agreement.

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85. IV.E.(1) 86. IV.E.(2)	"Discontinuance Notice" means the written notice sent by the Billing Party to the other Party that notifies the Non-Paying Party that in order to avoid disruption or disconnection of the Interconnection products and/or services, furnished under this Agreement, the Non-Paying Party must remit all undisputed Unpaid Charges to the Billing Party within <i>forty-five (45)</i> calendar days following receipt of the Billing Party's notice of undisputed Unpaid Charges.	Discontinuance Notice " means the written notice sent by the Billing Party to the other Party that notifies the Non-Paying Party that in order to avoid disruption or disconnection of the Interconnection products and/or services, furnished under this Agreement, the Non-Paying Party must remit all undisputed Unpaid Charges to the Billing Party within <u>fifteen (15)</u> calendar days following receipt of the Billing Party's notice of undisputed Unpaid Charges.
	2.0 Nonpayment and Procedures for Disconnection	2.0 Nonpayment and Procedures for Disconnection
	2.1 If a party is furnished interconnection Services, under the terms of this agreement in more than one (1) state, this section 2.0, shall be applied separately for each state.	2.1 If a party is furnished interconnection Services, under the terms of this agreement in more than one (1) state, this section 2.0, shall be applied separately for each state.
	2.2 Failure to <i>make payment as required by Section 1.12 will</i> be grounds for disconnection of the Interconnection Services furnished under this Agreement, <i>for which payment was required.</i> If a Party fails to <i>make such payment</i> , the Billing Party will send a Discontinuance Notice to such Non-Paying Party. The Non-Paying Party must remit all Unpaid Charges to the Billing Party within <i>forty-five (45)</i> calendar days of the Discontinuance Notice.	2.2 Failure to <u>pay charges shall</u> be grounds for disconnection of the Interconnection Services furnished under this Agreement. If a Party fails to <u>pay</u> <u>any charges billed to it under this Agreement, including but not limited to any Late Payment Charges or Unpaid Charges, and any portion of such Unpaid Charges remain unpaid after the Bill Due Date, the Billing Party will send a Discontinuance Notice to such Non-Paying Party. The Non-Paying Party must remit all Unpaid Charges to the Billing Party within <u>fifteen (15)</u> calendar days of the Discontinuance Notice.</u>
	2.3 Disconnection will only occur as provided by Applicable Law, upon such notice as ordered by the Commission.	2.3 AT&T-9STATE will also provide any written notice of disconnection to any Commission as required by any State Order or Rule.
	2.4 If the Non-Paying Party desires to dispute any portion of the Unpaid Charges, the Non-Paying Party must complete all of the following actions not later than <i>forty-five (45)</i> calendar days following receipt of the Billing Party's notice of Unpaid Charges:	2.4 If the Non-Paying Party desires to dispute any portion of the Unpaid Charges, the Non-Paying Party must complete all of the following actions not later than <u>fifteen (15)</u> calendar days following receipt of the Billing Party's notice of Unpaid Charges:
-	2.4.1 notify the Billing Party in writing which portion(s) of the Unpaid Charges it disputes, including the total Disputed Amounts and the specific details listed in the Dispute Resolution Section of this Attachment 7, together with the reasons for its dispute; and	2.4.1 notify the Billing Party in writing which portion(s) of the Unpaid Charges it disputes, including the total Disputed Amounts and the specific details listed in the Dispute Resolution Section of this Attachment 7, together with the reasons for its dispute; and

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	 2.4.2 pay all undisputed Unpaid Charges to the Billing Party 2.5 Issues related to Disputed Amounts shall be resolved in accordance with the procedures identified in the Dispute Resolution provision set forth Section 3.0 below. 	2.4.2 pay all undisputed Unpaid Charges to the Billing Party; and
		2.4.3 pay all Disputed Amounts (other than Disputed Amounts arising from compensation for the termination of 251(b)(5) Traffic or ISP-Bound Traffic) into an interest bearing escrow account that complies with the requirements set forth in the Requirements to Establish Escrow Accounts Section above; and
		2.4.4 furnish written evidence to the Billing Party that the Non-Paving Party has established an interest bearing escrow account that complies with all of the terms set forth in the Requirements to Establish Escrow Accounts Section above and deposited a sum equal to the Disputed Amounts into that account (other than Disputed Amounts arising from compensation for the termination of 251(b)(5) Traffic or ISP-Bound Traffic). Until evidence that the full amount of the Disputed Charges (other than Disputed Amounts arising from compensation for the termination of 251(b)(5) Traffic or ISP-Bound Traffic) has been deposited into an escrow account that complies with the Requirements to Establish Escrow Accounts Section above is furnished to the Billing Party, such Unpaid Charges will not be deemed to be "disputed" under the Dispute Resolution Section below.
		2.5 Issues related to Disputed Amounts shall be resolved in accordance with the procedures identified in the Dispute Resolution provision set forth Section 3.0 below.
		2.6 If the Non-Paying Party falls to:
		2.6.1 pay any undisputed Unpaid Charges in response to the Billing Party's Discontinuance Notice as described in Section 2.2 above.
		2.6.2 deposit the disputed portion of any Unpaid Charges into an interest bearing escrow account that complies with all of the terms set forth above within

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		the time specified in Section 2.2 above,
		2.6.3 timely furnish any assurance of payment requested in accordance with the Assurance of Payment Section above; or
		2.6.4 make a payment in accordance with the terms of any mutually agreed payment arrangement, the Billing Party may, in addition to exercising any other
		rights or remedies it may have under Applicable Law, provide written demand to the Non-Paying Party for payment of any of the obligations set forth in the above
		sections within ten (10) Business Days. On the day that the Billing Party provides such written demand to the Non-Paying Party, the Billing Party may also exercise any or all of the following options:
		2.6.4.1 suspend acceptance of any application, request or order from the Non- Paving Party for new or additional Interconnection under this Agreement;
		2.6.4.2 and/or suspend completion of any pending application, request or order from the Non-Paying Party for new or additional Interconnection Service under this Agreement.
		2.7 Where required, a copy of the demand provided to Sprint under Section 2.6 will also be provided to the Commission at the same time.
		2.8 Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this Agreement, the Billing Party's exercise of any of its options above:
		2.8.1 will not delay or relieve the Non-Paving Party's obligation to pay all charges on each and every invoice on or before the applicable Bill Due Date [FOLLOWING WORDS ARE NOT APPLICABLE TO WIRELESS], and will exclude any affected application, request, order or service from any otherwise
		Performance Measure. CMRS Only
		2.9 For AT&T-9STATE, if the Non-Paying Party fails to pay the Billing Party on or before the date specified in the demand provided
		under Section 2.6 above of this Agreement, the Billing Party may, in addition to exercising any other rights or remedies it may have
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		under Applicable Law: 2.9.1 cancel any pending application, request or order for new or additional
		Interconnection products and/or services and network elements, under this Agreement; and
		2.9.2 disconnect any interconnection products and/or services furnished
		under this Agreement.
		2.9.3 Discontinue providing any Interconnection products and/or services furnished under this Agreement.
IV.G.1. RESOLVED		
90. <i>IV.H.</i>	Sprint feels that 5.1.2 is covered by their RAO Hosting and that 5.1.2 should no longer be needed.	5. Non-Intercompany Settlement System (NICS) General Provisions
		5.1.2 AT&T-9STATE will also collect the revenue earned by Sprint within
		the AT&T-9STATE territory from another LEC also within the AT&T-9STATE
		where the messages are billed, less a per message billing and collection fee indicated in the Pricing Schedule, on behalf of Sprint. AT&T-9STATE will
		remit the revenue billed by Sprint within region to the LEC also within
		region, where the messages originated, less a per message billing and
		collection fee indicated in the Pricing Schedule. These two amounts will be netted together by AT&T-9STATE and the resulting charge or credit issued
92. V.C.(1) 93. V.C.(2)		to Sprint via a monthly invoice in arrears.
		16. Assignment or Corporate Name Change
	(1) Sprint does not believe AT&T's corporate name change language is necessary or appropriate.	16.3 Corporate Name Change and/or change in "d/b/a" only:
	Hecessary of appropriate.	CLEC
		16.3.1 Any change in Sprint's corporate name including a change in the d/b/a.
		and including a name change due to assignment or transfer of this Agreement
		wherein only the name is changing, and which does not include a change to an OCN/ACNA, constitutes a Name Change under this Section. For any such Name
		Change for which Sprint desires to change the name on its records or AT&T-
		9STATE reasonably requires the name be changed to reflect the new name (e.g.,
		in cases where Sprint were to buy a part of a company's assets but did not

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		purchase the codes). Sprint will incur a record order charge for each Sprint CABS BAN. For any products not billed in CABS, to the extent a record order change is requested by Sprint or reasonably required by AT&T-9STATE a record order charge will apply at the rate set forth in the Pricing Schedule.
		16.3.2 The Parties agree to amend this Agreement to appropriately reflect any Name Change including a change in d/b/a.
		CMRS <u>16.3.1</u> Any change in Carrier's corporate name including the d/b/a. and including a name change due to assignment or transfer of this Agreement wherein only the Carrier name is changing, and which does not include a change to Carrier's OCN/ACNA, constitutes a Carrier Name Change under this Section. For any such Carrier Name Change, Carrier will incur a record order charge for each Carrier CABS BAN.
(2) Sprint does not believe A or appropriate.		16.3.2 The Parties agree to amend this Agreement to appropriately reflect any CMRS Provider Name Change including a change in d/b/a.
	(2) Sprint does not believe AT&T's company code change language is necessary or appropriate.	16.4 Company Code Change:
		16.4.1 Any assignment or transfer of this Agreement associated with the transfer or acquisition of Assets provisioned under this Agreement, where the OCN/ACNA formerly assigned to such Assets is changing constitutes a Company Code Change under this Section. For the purposes of this Section13.4, "Assets" means any Interconnection, 251(c)(3) UNEs, function, facility, product or service provided under this Agreement. Sprint shall provide AT&T-9STATE with ninety (90) days written Notice in advance of any record or billing changes required or requested by Sprint associated with a Company Code Change and obtain AT&T-9STATE's consent. AT&T-9STATE shall not unreasonably withhold consent to a Company Code Change: provided, however, AT&T-9STATE's consent to any Company Code Change is contingent upon payment of any outstanding charges, including Collocation charges, owed under this Agreement and payment of any outstanding charges associated with the Assets, unless such charges have been disputed in accordance with the Dispute Resolution provisions.

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	[Note: AT&T's proposed Wireless language is identical with the exception that "251(c)(3) UNEs" is deleted.]
	CLEC 16.4.2 For any Company Code Change, Sprint must submit a service order to AT&T-9STATE changing the OCN/ACNA for each End User record (or equivalent) or each circuit ID number as applicable. Sprint shall pay the appropriate charges to AT&T-9STATE for each service order submitted to accomplish a Company Code Change. In addition, Sprint shall pay any and all charges to AT&T-9STATE required for re-stenciling, re-engineering, changing locks and any other work necessary with respect to Collocation.
	CMRS 16.4.2 For any Carrier Company Code Change, Carrier must submit a service order to AT&T-9STATE changing the OCN/ACNA for each circuit ID number, as applicable. Carrier shall pay the appropriate charges to AT&T- 9STATE for each service order submitted to accomplish a CMRS Provider Company Code Change; such charges are contained in the applicable AT&T- 9STATE tariffs. In addition, Carrier shall pay any and all charges to AT&T- 9STATE required for re-stenciling, re-engineering, changing locks and any other work necessary with respect to Collocation, if Carrier has elected to collocate with AT&T-9STATE.

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