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May 3, 2021

VIA ELECTRONIC FILING

Mr. Adam J. Teitzman
Commission Clerk
Florida Public Service Commission
2540 Shumard Oak Boulevard
Tallahassee, Florida 32399-0850

Re: Storm Protection Plan Cost Recovery Clause
Docket No. 20210010-EI

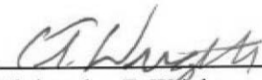
Dear Mr. Teitzman:

On behalf of Florida Power & Light Company (“FPL”), representing the merged and consolidated operations of FPL and the former Gulf Power Company (“Gulf”), enclosed for filing in the above-referenced docket are the following:

- Petition of FPL for Approval of the 2021 Actual/Estimated Storm Protection Plan Cost Recovery Clause True-Up and the Projected 2022 Storm Protection Plan Cost Recovery Clause Factors
- Direct Testimony of FPL witness Michael Jarro, and Exhibits MJ-1 through MJ-7
- Direct Testimony of FPL witness Renae B. Deaton, and Exhibits RBD-1 and RBD-2

Copies of the foregoing are being served in accordance with the enclosed certificate of service. If you or your staff have any question regarding this filing, please contact me at (561) 691-7144.

Respectfully submitted,



Christopher T. Wright
Authorized House Counsel No. 1007055

Enclosures

cc: Kenneth A. Hoffman
R. Wade Litchfield
John T. Burnett
Russell Badders

BEFORE THE FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

In re: Storm Protection Plan Cost Recovery
Clause

Docket No. 20210010-EI

Filed: May 3, 2021

**PETITION OF FLORIDA POWER & LIGHT COMPANY
FOR APPROVAL OF THE 2021 ACTUAL/ESTIMATED STORM PROTECTION PLAN
COST RECOVERY CLAUSE TRUE-UP AND THE 2022 PROJECTED STORM
PROTECTION PLAN COST RECOVERY CLAUSE FACTORS**

I. INTRODUCTION

Florida Power & Light Company (“FPL”), representing the merged and consolidated operations of FPL and the former Gulf Power Company (“Gulf”),¹ hereby files this petition (the “Petition”) requesting that the Florida Public Service Commission (“Commission”) approve: (a) the 2021 Actual/Estimated Storm Protection Plan Cost Recovery Clause (“SPPCRC”) true-up amounts for the period January 1, 2021 through December 31, 2021; and (b) the 2022 SPPCRC Factors to be applied to bills issued during the projected period of January 1, 2022 through December 31, 2022. FPL and Gulf in its capacity as a separate ratemaking entity are collectively referred to as Petitioners. In support of this Petition, FPL incorporates the testimonies and exhibits of FPL witnesses Michael Jarro and Renae B. Deaton, and states as follows:

¹ Effective January 1, 2021, Gulf and FPL were legally merged with FPL being the surviving entity. On January 11, 2021, pursuant to Rule 25-9.044, F.A.C., FPL submitted a notice of the change in ownership of Gulf effective January 1, 2021, and FPL’s adoption and ratification of Gulf’s existing rates and tariff on file with the Commission. FPL is representing the merged and consolidated operations of FPL and the former Gulf. “Gulf,” as used in this Petition, has reference to the former Gulf Power Company and/or Gulf as the separate ratemaking entity for purposes of this Petition and the application of the SPP rules and plan, as context would dictate.

1. The names and addresses of Petitioners are:

Florida Power & Light Company
700 Universe Blvd
Juno Beach, FL 33408

Florida Power & Light Company
d/b/a Gulf Power Company
700 Universe Blvd
Juno Beach, FL 33408

2. FPL is a corporation organized and existing under the laws of the State of Florida and is an electric utility as defined in Sections 366.02(2) and 366.96, Florida Statutes (“F.S.”). On January 1, 2021, FPL and Gulf were legally merged with FPL being the surviving legal entity.

3. All pleadings, motions, notices, orders or other documents required to be served upon the Petitioners or filed by any party to this proceeding should be served upon the following individuals:

Kenneth A. Hoffman
Vice President, Regulatory Affairs
Florida Power & Light Company
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4. The Commission has jurisdiction pursuant to Section 366.96, F.S., and Rule 25-6.031, F.A.C.

5. This Petition is being filed consistent with Rule 28-106.201, F.A.C. The agency affected is the Commission, located at 2540 Shumard Oak Boulevard, Tallahassee, Florida 32399. This case does not involve the reversal or modification of an agency decision or an agency’s proposed action. Therefore, subparagraph (c) and portions of subparagraphs (b), (e), (f), and (g) of subsection (2) of Rule 28-106.201, F.A.C., are not applicable to this Petition. In compliance with subparagraph (d) of Rule 28-106.201, F.A.C., FPL states that it is not known which, if any,

of the issues of material fact set forth in the body of this Petition may be disputed by any others who may plan to participate in this proceeding. The discussion below demonstrates how the petitioner's substantial interests will be affected by the agency determination.

II. BACKGROUND AND OVERVIEW

6. On June 27, 2019, the Governor of Florida signed CS/CS/CS/SB 796 addressing the SPPCRC, which was codified in Section 366.96, F.S. Therein, the Florida Legislature directed each utility to file a ten-year Storm Protection Plan ("SPP") that explains the storm hardening programs and projects the utility will implement to achieve the legislative objectives of reducing restoration costs and outage times associated with extreme weather events. *See* Section 366.96(3), F.S. Rule 25-6.030, F.A.C., requires each utility to file an updated SPP at least every three years that covers the utility's immediate ten-year planning period.

7. On April 10, 2020, FPL and Gulf filed their 2020-2029 SPPs in Docket Nos. 20200071-EI and 20200070-EI, respectively. In Commission Order No. PSC-2020-0293-AS-EI issued on August 28, 2020, the Commission unanimously approved a Joint Motion for Approval of a Stipulation and Settlement Agreement ("SPP Settlement") that resolved all issues raised in the Gulf and FPL SPP dockets, including the SPP programs and projects to be implemented in 2021 and 2022 and their estimated costs that are the subject of this filing.² True and correct copies of

² As part of the SPP Settlement, FPL and Gulf agreed that their lateral undergrounding programs shall remain as pilots through the end of 2022 and committed to file an update to the lateral undergrounding programs in 2022 in order to seek recovery of the associated costs in 2023.

the FPL 2020-2029 SPP³ and the Gulf 2020-2029 SPP are provided with the direct testimony of FPL witness Michael Jarro as Exhibits MJ-1 and MJ-2, respectively.

8. The Florida Legislature also directed the Commission to conduct an annual proceeding to determine the utility's prudently incurred SPP costs and to allow the utility to recover such costs through a charge separate and apart from its base rates, to be referenced as the SPPCRC. *See* Section 366.96(7), F.S.

9. On July 24, 2020, FPL and Gulf filed their projected 2021 SPPCRC Factors to be applied to bills issued during the projected period of January 1, 2021 through December 31, 2021. On October 27, 2020, the Commission issued Order No. PSC-2020-0409-AS-EI approving a Stipulation and Settlement Agreement ("SPPCRC Settlement"). The parties to the SPPCRC Settlement agreed that FPL's and Gulf's projected 2021 SPP costs were consistent with each Company's 2020-2029 SPP and agreed that FPL's and Gulf's 2021 SPPCRC Factors should be approved.

10. Petitioners herein seek Commission approval of the 2021 Actual/Estimated SPPCRC true-up amounts for the period January 1, 2021 through December 31, 2021. In addition, Petitioners seek Commission approval of the 2022 SPPCRC Factors to be applied to bills issued during the projected period of January 1, 2022 through December 31, 2022.

³ The FPL SPP provided as Exhibit MJ-1 reflects the version filed in Docket No. 20200071 as corrected by the errata submitted on May 12, 2020, correcting an inadvertent error on pages 46 and 47, and by a second errata submitted on July 13, 2020, correcting a scrivener's error on page 2 of Appendix C.

**III. 2021 ACTUAL/ESTIMATED STORM PROTECTION PLAN COST RECOVERY
CLAUSE TRUE-UP**

11. Rule 25-6.031(7)(b), F.A.C., applies to the actual/estimated true-up of SPP costs, and provides:

Estimated True-Up for Current Year. The actual/estimated true-up of Storm Protection Plan cost recovery shall include revenue requirements based on a comparison of current year actual/estimated costs and the previously-filed projected costs and revenue requirements for such current year for each program and project filed in the utility's cost recovery petition. The actual/estimated true-up shall also include identification of each of the utility's Storm Protection Plan programs and projects for which costs have been and will be incurred during the current year, including a description of the work projected to be performed during such current year, for each program and project in the utility's cost recovery petition.

12. Although Gulf was legally merged with and into FPL effective January 1, 2021, Gulf and FPL remain separate ratemaking entities and, as such, separately administered their 2021 SPP projects and SPPCRC Factors. Therefore, FPL and Gulf are providing and seeking approval of actual/estimated true-ups of the 2021 SPP costs for both FPL and Gulf.

13. Consistent with Rule 25-6.031(7)(b), F.A.C., the direct testimony and exhibits of FPL witness Jarro identify each of the SPP programs and projects for which costs have been and are estimated to be incurred during 2021, as well as provide a description of the work projected to be performed for each SPP program during 2021.

14. As to be expected with any major construction project, project schedules and cost estimates may change due to events and circumstances that are largely beyond Petitioners' control, which may result in variances in the construction schedules, number of projects, and the associated costs of the SPP projects to be undertaken during a calendar year. Exhibits MJ-3 and MJ-4 attached to the testimony of FPL witness Jarro provide FPL's and Gulf's actual/estimated project level detail and cost projections for the 2021 SPPs projects. Based on information known and available

as of February 2021, these exhibits updated the 2021 SPP project level detail and associated costs that were previously provided in Docket No. 20200092 and approved by Commission Order No. PSC-2020-0409-AS-EI. In addition, Exhibits MJ-3 and MJ-4 provide the variances between the projected 2021 SPP costs and the actual/estimated costs 2021 SPP costs, updated as of the end of February 2021, along with explanations for each of the material variances provided therein.

15. As explained by FPL witness Jarro, Petitioners appropriately respond to each of these variances to ensure cost-effective management of projects, resources, and materials, while still achieving the overall statutory objectives of the SPP to reduce restoration costs and outage times associated with extreme weather events consistent with the Commission-approved SPPs. Importantly, although the estimated SPP projects and associated costs to be completed in 2021 experienced variances, Petitioners have effectively managed these variances at the program level to ensure that the estimated total number of SPP projects and associated costs are consistent with the 2021 projections included in the 2021 SPPCRC Factors approved by Commission Order No. PSC-2020-0409-AS-EI.⁴

16. To calculate the actual/estimated true-up of the FPL and Gulf 2021 SPP costs, Petitioners compared the projected 2021 SPP costs included in the 2021 SPPCRC Factors approved by Commission Order No. PSC-2020-0409-AS-EI with the actual/estimated 2021 SPP costs identified for FPL and Gulf in Exhibits MJ-3 and MJ-4, respectively, and in the Commission Form 6P-Program Description and Progress Report, which is provided in Appendix III of Exhibit

⁴ In both their Commission-approved SPPs and in 2021 SPPCRC Factors, FPL and Gulf explained that the SPP program and projects costs provided in those filings were projected costs estimated as of the time of those filings, and that subsequent projected and actual costs could vary by as much as 10 percent to 15 percent.

RBD-1. Petitioners then applied the methodology and prescribed schedules contained in Commission Forms 1E through 7E, which are provided in Appendix I and II of Exhibit RBD-1.

17. As set forth in the direct testimony of FPL witness Deaton, FPL's actual/estimated true-up of the SPP costs for the period January 2021 through December 2021, including interest, is an over-recovery of \$742,850; and Gulf's actual/estimated true-up of the SPP costs for the period January 2021 through December 2021, including interest, is an over-recovery of \$974,333.

2. Petitioners submit that the actual/estimated true-ups of their 2021 SPP costs are consistent with the 2021 SPPCRC Factors approved by Commission Order No. PSC-2020-0409-AS-EI, consistent with the FPL and Gulf SPPs approved by Commission Order No. PSC-2020-0293-AS-EI, apply the methodology and prescribed schedules contained in Commission Forms 1E through 9E, and meet the requirements of Rule 25-6.031(7)(b), F.A.C. For these reasons, as more fully explained in the testimony and supporting exhibits of FPL witnesses Jarro and Deaton, the actual/estimated true-ups of the FPL and Gulf 2021 SPP costs should be approved.

IV. 2022 SPPCRC FACTORS

18. Rule 25-6.031(7)(C), F.A.C., applies to projected SPP cost recovery, and provides:

Projected Costs for Subsequent Year. The projected Storm Protection Plan costs recovery shall include costs and revenue requirements for the subsequent year for each program filed in the utility's cost recovery petition. The projection filing shall also include identification of each of the utility's Storm Protection Plan programs for which costs will be incurred during the subsequent year, including a description of the work projected to be performed during such year, for each program in the utility's cost recovery petition.

19. As part of this filing, FPL is seeking Commission approval of consolidated 2022 SPPCRC Factors to be applied to bills issued to all customers in both the former FPL and Gulf

service areas. On January 1, 2021, Gulf was legally merged with and into FPL, and FPL and Gulf will be operationally and functionally integrated in 2022. Consistent with the consolidation of the FPL and Gulf operations, on March 12, 2021, FPL filed its 2021 Rate Case requesting, among other things, authority to consolidate and unify the rates and tariffs applicable to all customers in the former FPL and Gulf service areas. If the Commission approves FPL's request, all Gulf customers will become FPL customers and Gulf will no longer exist as a separate ratemaking entity effective January 1, 2022. Accordingly, in this filing FPL is providing and seeking Commission approval of consolidated 2022 SPPCRC Factors subject to and contingent upon the Commission's approval of FPL's request in the 2021 Rate Case pending in Docket No. 20210015 to unify rates.

20. Because Gulf's existing obligations and rights survive the legal merger and are vested in FPL,⁵ FPL submits that the Commission's approval of the Gulf SPP is likewise vested in FPL and, therefore, FPL has authority to continue the programs and projects included in the Commission-approved Gulf SPP. For purposes of implementing consolidated SPP programs and projects in 2022, FPL will continue the programs and projects included in both the FPL and Gulf SPPs approved by the Commission without any modification, and the Gulf 2022 SPP programs and projects will be additive to or combined with the FPL 2022 SPP programs and projects. For purposes of this filing, the consolidated 2022 SPP projects and associated costs are the sum of the 2022 SPP projects and costs included in the FPL and Gulf SPPs approved by the Commission.

21. Consistent with Rule 25-6.031(7)(c), F.A.C., the direct testimony and exhibits of FPL witness Jarro identify each of the consolidated SPP programs for which costs will be incurred during 2022, as well as provide a description of the work projected to be performed for each

⁵ Pursuant to Section 605.1026(1)(e), F.S., except as otherwise provided by law or the plan of merger, all the rights, privileges, immunities, powers, and purposes of the merging entity vest in the surviving entity.

consolidated SPP program during 2022. Mr. Jarro explains that the consolidated SPP programs and associated costs to be incurred during 2022 are consistent with the FPL and Gulf SPPs approved by the Commission in Docket Nos. 20200070 and 20200071.

22. In the SPP Settlement approved by the Commission in Order No. PSC-2020-0293-AS-EI, FPL and Gulf agreed to not include any 2021 SPP program Operations & Maintenance (“O&M”) expenses in the 2021 SPPCRC Factors and committed to address the recovery of those expenses during the next base rate proceeding. In the 2021 Rate Case pending at Docket No. 20210015, FPL has requested approval and made an adjustment to move recovery of all O&M expenses associated with the FPL and Gulf SPPs from base rates to the SPPCRC starting in 2022 in order to align recovery of O&M program costs with their related capital expenditures. In addition, FPL has requested to move all remaining SPP capital expenditures, and any related depreciation, not currently recovered through SPPCRC (*i.e.*, Gulf’s Transmission Inspection Program) from base rates to the SPPCRC effective January 1, 2022. Cost of removal and retirements associated with the FPL and Gulf SPP programs for assets existing prior to 2021 will continued to be recovered through base rates. As explained in the direct testimony of FPL witness Deaton, these foregoing adjustments are included in the projected 2022 SPPCRC Factors.

23. To calculate the consolidated SPPCRC factors for the period of January 1, 2022 through December 31, 2022, FPL applied the methodology and prescribed schedules contained in Commission Forms 1P through 7P, which are provided in Appendix III of Exhibit RBD-1. As set forth in Ms. Deaton’s direct testimony and exhibits, FPL is requesting recovery of total projected jurisdictional SPP costs in the amount of \$233,114,170, adjusted for revenue taxes, representing: (a) FPL’s actual/estimated over-recovery of \$742,850, including interest, for the period January 2021 through December 2021; (b) Gulf’s actual/estimated over-recovery of

\$974,333, including interest, for the period January 2021 through December 2021; and (c) \$234,663,632 of costs associated with the consolidated SPP programs projected to be incurred between January 1, 2022 and December 31, 2022. Based on these calculations, FPL seeks Commission approval of the consolidated SPPCRC factors, as set forth in Appendix III of Exhibit RBD-1 and in Attachment A to this Petition.

24. Recognizing that the Commission's disposition of unified FPL base rates is currently pending, FPL respectfully requests that the Commission approve the consolidated 2022 SPPCRC Factors, as set forth in Attachment A, subject to and contingent upon the Commission's approval of FPL's pending request for unified rates in Docket No. 20210015. If FPL's request for unified rates is approved, the consolidated 2022 SPPCRC Factors would become effective for the January 2022 through December 2022 billing period, starting January 1, 2022, and continuing until modified by subsequent order of this Commission.

25. Included with this filing are informational standalone FPL and Gulf schedules and exhibits for the projected 2022 SPP costs, which are relevant only for purposes of supporting standalone FPL and Gulf 2022 SPPCRC Factors in the event the Commission declines or postpones rate unification in Docket No. 20210015. These are provided in Exhibits MJ-6 and MJ-7 attached to the testimony of FPL witness Jarro and Appendices 1 and 2 of Exhibit RBD-2 attached to the testimony of FPL witness Deaton. In the event the Commission declines to approve unified rates in Docket No. 20210015, Petitioners respectfully request that the Commission approve the standalone FPL and Gulf 2022 SPPCRC Factors effective for the January 2022 through December 2022 billing period, starting January 1, 2022, and continuing until modified by subsequent order of this Commission.

26. Pursuant to Rule 25-6.031, F.A.C., the prudence and true-up of the actual 2022 SPP costs incurred during the projected period of January 1, 2022 through December 31, 2022, will be addressed in the final true-up filing for 2022, which will be filed in 2023. *See* Rule 25-6.031(3) and (7)(c), F.A.C..

27. FPL submits that the 2022 SPPCRC Factors are reasonable, are consistent with the FPL and Gulf 2020-2029 SPPs approved by Commission Order No. PSC-2020-0409-AS-EI, fully comply with the requirements of Rule 25-6.031, F.A.C., and are consistent with the Commission's methodology for calculating the recovery factors. Therefore, the proposed 2022 SPPCRC Factors should be approved.

WHEREFORE, FPL respectfully requests that the Commission:

(a) Approve FPL's actual/estimated true-up over-recovery amount of \$742,850, including interest, for the period of January 2021 through December 2021;

(b) Approve Gulf's actual/estimated true-up over-recovery amount of \$974,333, including interest, for the period of January 2021 through December 2021;


(c) Contingent upon the Commission's approval of FPL's pending request for unified rates in Docket No. 20210015, approve the consolidated 2022 SPPCRC Factors set forth in Appendix III of Exhibit RBD-1 attached to the direct testimony of FPL witness Deaton and in Attachment A to this Petition for application to bills beginning the first billing cycle in January 2022 through the last billing cycle December 2022, and continuing until modified by subsequent order of this Commission; and

(d) In the event that the Commission declines to approve FPL's pending request for unified rates in Docket No. 20210015, approve the standalone FPL and Gulf 2022 SPPCRC

Factors set forth in Appendices I and II of Exhibit RBD-2 attached to the direct testimony of FPL witness Deaton for application to bills beginning the first billing cycle in January 2022 through the last billing cycle December 2022, and continuing until modified by subsequent order of this Commission.

Respectfully submitted this 3rd day of May 2021,

Christopher T. Wright
Senior Attorney
Jason A. Higginbotham
Senior Attorney
Florida Power & Light Company
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Juno Beach, FL 33408-0420
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Christopher T. Wright
Authorized House Counsel No. 1007055

ATTACHMENT A

Consolidated FPL 2022 SPPCRC Factors

CONSOLIDATED FLORIDA POWER & LIGHT CO
 SPPCRC Calculation of the Cost Recovery Factors by Rate Class
 Projected Period: January through December 2022

| Rate Class | (1) Percentage of 12 CP Demand at Generation (%) | (2) Percentage of GCP Demand at Generation (%) | (3) 12CP Demand Related Cost (\$) | (4) GCP Demand Related Cost (\$) | (5) Total SPPCRC Costs (\$) | (6) Projected Sales at Meter (kwh) | (7) Billing KW Load Factor (%) | (8) Projected Billed KW at Meter (KW) | (9) SPP Factor (\$/kW) | (10) SPP Factor (\$/kWh) | (11) RDC (\$/KW) | (12) SDD (\$/KW) |
|-----------------------------|---|--|--|--|-----------------------------------|--|---|--|------------------------------|--------------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| RS1/RTR1 | 56.89326% | 60.38852% | \$14,573,056 | \$125,305,834 | \$139,878,890 | 65,315,938,669 | | | | 0.00214 | | |
| GS1/GST1 | 7.59555% | 7.22683% | \$1,945,581 | \$14,995,638 | \$16,941,219 | 8,368,517,064 | | | | 0.00202 | | |
| GSD1/GSDT1/HLFT1 | 21.71571% | 20.08102% | \$5,562,422 | \$41,668,006 | \$47,230,428 | 28,295,907,165 | 52.65023% | 73,620,799 | 0.64 | | | |
| OS2 | 0.00493% | 0.02803% | \$1,264 | \$58,165 | \$59,428 | 9,900,936 | | | | 0.00600 | | |
| GSLD1/GSLDT1/CS1/CST1/HLFT2 | 7.99669% | 7.69994% | \$2,048,331 | \$15,977,334 | \$18,025,666 | 10,335,974,594 | 57.65309% | 24,558,734 | 0.73 | | | |
| GSLD2/GSLDT2/CS2/CST2/HLFT3 | 2.51936% | 2.27972% | \$645,326 | \$4,730,400 | \$5,375,727 | 3,825,387,076 | 66.85721% | 7,837,982 | 0.69 | | | |
| GSLD3/GSLDT3/CS3/CST3 | 0.59438% | 0% | \$152,249 | \$0 | \$152,249 | 960,788,986 | 64.41659% | 2,043,184 | 0.07 | | | |
| SST1T | 0.05441% | 0% | \$13,936 | \$0 | \$13,936 | 65,710,604 | 12.16034% | 740,230 | | | 0.09 | 0.04 |
| SST1D1/SST1D2/SST1D3 | 0.00050% | 0.06428% | \$128 | \$133,385 | \$133,514 | 1,410,876 | 3.54643% | 54,497 | | | 0.09 | 0.04 |
| CILC D/CILC G | 1.66143% | 1.49823% | \$425,572 | \$3,108,816 | \$3,534,387 | 2,647,478,080 | 71.02244% | 5,106,389 | 0.69 | | | |
| CILC T | 0.84164% | 0% | \$215,585 | \$0 | \$215,585 | 1,504,497,392 | 76.59952% | 2,690,559 | 0.08 | | | |
| MET | 0.05967% | 0.06080% | \$15,285 | \$126,162 | \$141,447 | 84,974,524 | 54.25716% | 214,540 | 0.66 | | | |
| OL1/SL1/SL1M/PL1 | 0.00054% | 0.60813% | \$139 | \$1,261,863 | \$1,262,002 | 569,918,549 | | | | 0.00221 | | |
| SL2/SL2M/GSCU1 | 0.06191% | 0.06450% | \$15,859 | \$133,834 | \$149,692 | 110,096,899 | | | | 0.00136 | | |
| Total | | | \$25,614,732 | \$207,499,439 | \$233,114,170 | 122,096,501,415 | | | | | | |

Notes:

- (1) (2) avg 12 CP and GCP load factor based on projected 2019 load research data
- (3) column 2 x total of column 4
- (4) column 3 x total of column 5
- (5) column 4 + column 5
- (6) projected kWh sales for 2022
- (7) Projected kWh sales / 8760 hours / avg customer NCP
- (8) column 7 / (column 8 * 730)
- (9) column 6 / column 9
- (11) column 6 / column 7
- (11) (total of column 6/total of avg 12 CP at generation * 0.10 * rate demand loss expansion factor)/12
- (12) ((total of column 6/total avg 12 CP at generation)/(21 * rate demand loss expansion factor))/12

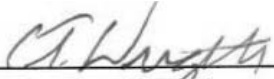
CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I HEREBY CERTIFY that a true and correct copy of the foregoing has been furnished by Electronic Mail to the following parties of record this 3rd day of May, 2021:

| | |
|---|--|
| <p>Jennifer Crawford Margo DuVal Shaw Stiller Stefanie-Jo Osborn Florida Public Service Commission 2540 Shumard Oak Boulevard Tallahassee, FL 32399 jcrawler@psc.state.fl.us mduval@psc.state.fl.us sstiller@psc.state.fl.us sosborn@psc.state.fl.us <i>For Commission Staff</i></p> | <p>Office of Public Counsel c/o The Florida Legislature 111 West Madison Street, Room 812 Tallahassee, FL 32399-1400 Gentry.richard@leg.state.fl.us rehwinkel.charles@leg.state.fl.us christensen.patty@leg.state.fl.us morse.stephanie@leg.state.fl.us pirrello.anastacia@leg.state.fl.us <i>For Office of Public Counsel</i></p> |
| <p>James D. Beasley J. Jeffrey Wahlen Malcolm M. Means Ausley McMullen Post Office Box 391 Tallahassee, Florida 32302 jbeasley@ausley.com jwahlen@ausley.com mmeans@ausley.com</p> <p>Ms. Paula K. Brown Regulatory Affairs P. O. Box 111 Tampa FL 33601-0111 regdept@tecoenergy.com <i>For Tampa Electric Company</i></p> | <p>Dianne M. Triplett Deputy General Counsel Duke Energy Florida, LLC 299 First Avenue North St. Petersburg, FL 33701 Dianne.Triplett@Duke-Energy.com</p> <p>Matthew R. Bernier Associate General Counsel Duke Energy Florida, LLC 106 E. College Avenue, Suite 800 Tallahassee, FL 32301 Matt.Bernier@Duke-Energy.com FLRegulatoryLegal@Duke-Energy.com <i>For Duke Energy Florida, LLC</i></p> |
| <p>Jon C. Moyle, Jr. Karen A. Putnal Moyle Law Firm, P.A. 118 North Gadsden Street Tallahassee, Florida 32301 Telephone: (850) 681-3828 Facsimile: (850) 681-8788 jmoyle@moylelaw.com kputnal@moylelaw.com mqualls@moylelaw.com <i>For Florida Industrial Power Users Group</i></p> | <p>Stephanie U. Eaton Spilman Thomas & Battle, PLLC 110 Oakwood Drive, Suite 500 Winston-Salem, NC 27103 seaton@spilmanlaw.com</p> <p>Barry A. Naum Spilman Thomas & Battle, PLLC 1100 Bent Creek Boulevard, Suite 101 Mechanicsburg, PA 17050 bnaum@spilmanlaw.com <i>For Walmart Inc.</i></p> |

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Attorney for Florida Power & Light Company

THE FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

FLORIDA POWER & LIGHT COMPANY

DIRECT TESTIMONY OF MICHAEL JARRO

DOCKET NO. 20210010-EI

MAY 3, 2021

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I. INTRODUCTION

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Q. Please state your name and business address.

A. My name is Michael Jarro. My business address is Florida Power & Light Company, 15430 Endeavor Drive, Jupiter, FL, 33478.

Q. By whom are you employed and what is your position?

A. I am employed by Florida Power & Light Company (“FPL” or the “Company”) as the Vice President of Distribution Operations.

Q. Please describe your duties and responsibilities in that position.

A. My current responsibilities include the operation and maintenance of FPL’s distribution infrastructure that safely, reliably, and efficiently deliver electricity to more than five million customers in FPL’s service area covering approximately 28,000 square miles. I am responsible for the oversight of more than 1,600 employees in a control center and sixteen management areas. The functions and operations within my area are quite diverse and include distribution operations, major projects and construction services, power quality, meteorology, and other operations that together help provide the highest level of service to FPL’s customers. Additionally, I understand the engineering, construction, operation, maintenance, and restoration of the transmission and distribution grid of Gulf Power Company (“Gulf”), which was legally merged into FPL on January 1, 2021.

Q. Please describe your educational background and professional experience.

A. I graduated from the University of Miami with a Bachelor of Science Degree in Mechanical Engineering and Florida International University with a Master of Business Administration. I joined FPL in 1997 and have held several leadership positions in distribution operations and customer service, including serving as distribution reliability manager, manager of distribution operations for the south Miami-Dade area,

1 control center general manager, director of network operations, senior director of
2 customer strategy and analytics, senior director of power delivery central maintenance
3 and construction, and vice-president of transmission and substations.

4 **Q. Have you previously testified before the Florida Public Service Commission**
5 **(“Commission”)?**

6 A. Yes, I submitted written direct testimony on April 10, 2020, and written rebuttal
7 testimony on June 26, 2020, in support of FPL’s 2020-2029 Storm Protection Plan
8 (“SPP”) filing in Docket No. 20200071-EI. I also submitted written direct testimony
9 on July 24, 2020, in support of FPL’s request for approval of Storm Protection Plan
10 Cost Recovery Clause (“SPPCRC”) factors to be applied to customer bills issued
11 during the projected period of January 1, 2021 through December 31, 2021 in Docket
12 No. 20200092-EI.

13 **Q. What is the purpose of your testimony?**

14 A. The purpose of my testimony is to: (1) present FPL’s 2021 actual/estimated costs
15 associated with the programs and projects included in FPL’s 2020-2029 SPP; (2)
16 present Gulf’s 2021 actual/estimated costs associated with the programs and projects
17 included in Gulf’s 2020-2029 SPP; and (3) explain the variances between FPL’s and
18 Gulf’s actual/estimated 2021 SPP costs and the 2021 cost projections approved in
19 Docket No. 20200092-EI. I also describe FPL’s and Gulf’s consolidated 2022 SPP
20 programs and projects and their associated cost projections and explain how those
21 activities and costs are consistent with the 2020-2029 SPPs approved in Docket Nos.
22 20200070 and 20200071.

23 **Q. Are you sponsoring any exhibits in this case?**

24 A. Yes. I am sponsoring the following exhibits:

25 • Exhibit MJ-1 – FPL Storm Protection Plan 2020-2029, approved by the

1 Commission in Docket No. 20200071-EI;

2 • Exhibit MJ-2 – Gulf Storm Protection Plan 2020-2029, approved by the
3 Commission in Docket No. 20200070-EI;

4 • Exhibit MJ-3 – FPL Actual/Estimated Storm Protection Plan Work to be
5 Completed in 2021;

6 • Exhibit MJ-4 – Gulf Actual/Estimated Storm Protection Plan Work to be
7 Completed in 2021;

8 • Exhibit MJ-5 – Consolidated FPL Storm Protection Plan Work Projected to be
9 Completed in 2022;

10 • Exhibit MJ-6 – Supplemental Standalone FPL Storm Protection Plan Work
11 Projected to be Completed in 2022; and

12 • Exhibit MJ-7 – Supplemental Standalone Gulf Storm Protection Plan Work
13 Projected to be Completed in 2022.

14 Finally, I am sponsoring Form 6P - Program Description and Progress Report that is
15 included in FPL witness Renae B. Deaton's Exhibit RBD-1 Appendix III.

17 II. THE FPL AND GULF MERGER

18 **Q. Please describe the relationship between FPL and Gulf.**

19 A. Gulf was acquired by FPL's parent company, NextEra Energy, Inc., on January 1, 2019.

20 At the time FPL and Gulf filed their respective SPPs in 2020 they were legally and
21 operationally separate and both FPL and Gulf provided service under separate and
22 distinct tariffs. On January 1, 2021, Gulf was legally merged into FPL; however, both
23 FPL and Gulf remained separate ratemaking entities.

24
25 FPL and Gulf will be operationally and functionally integrated in 2022. Consistent

1 with the consolidation of the FPL and Gulf operations, on March 12, 2021, FPL filed
2 with the Commission a Petition for Base Rate Increase and Rate Unification in Docket
3 No. 20210015 that requested, among other things, authority to consolidate and unify
4 the rates and tariffs applicable to all customers in peninsular and Northwest Florida. If
5 the Commission approves FPL's request, all Gulf customers will become FPL
6 customers and Gulf will no longer exist as a separate ratemaking entity.

7 **Q. How does the merger between FPL and Gulf impact the implementation of the**
8 **programs and projects included within each Company's SPP?**

9 A. It has no impact on the Commission-approved FPL and Gulf SPPs. FPL and Gulf have
10 implemented, and FPL will continue to implement, the programs and projects included
11 in the Commission-approved FPL and Gulf SPPs. For purposes of the 2021 SPPCRC
12 actual/estimated true-up, FPL and Gulf are providing separate schedules and exhibits
13 in support of the FPL and Gulf actual/estimated 2021 SPP costs because, although
14 legally merged, FPL and Gulf remain separate ratemaking entities through 2021. These
15 are provided in Exhibits MJ-3 and MJ-4.

16
17 Because FPL and Gulf will be operationally and functionally integrated in 2022 and
18 have requested to consolidate and unify the FPL and Gulf base rates effective January
19 1, 2022, FPL and Gulf are providing consolidated schedules in support of the
20 consolidated FPL projected 2022 SPP costs, which is provided in Exhibit MJ-5.
21 However, this filing also includes informational 2022 standalone FPL and Gulf
22 schedules for the projected 2022 SPP costs, which are relevant only for purposes of
23 supporting the 2022 SPPCRC Factors in the event the Commission declines or
24 postpones rate unification in Docket No. 20210015-EI. These are provided in Exhibits
25 MJ-6 and MJ-7, respectively.

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III. THE FPL AND GULF STORM PROTECTION PLANS

Q. Please describe the SPPs filed by FPL and Gulf.

A. FPL and Gulf filed their 2020-2029 SPPs on April 10, 2020, in Docket Nos. 20200071-EI and 20200070-EI, respectively. Both SPPs are systematic approaches to achieve the legislative objectives in Section 366.96, Florida Statutes (“F.S”), to reduce restoration costs and outage times associated with extreme weather events. Both SPPs provided all the information required by Rule 25-6.030, Florida Administrative Code (“F.A.C.”), including, but not limited to the estimated number of projects and costs associated for each SPP program for each year of the SPP. True and correct copies of FPL’s and Gulf’s SPPs are attached to my direct testimony as Exhibits MJ-1 and MJ-2, respectively.

On August 28, 2020, the Commission issued Order No. PSC-2020-0293-AS-EI in which it approved a Stipulation and Settlement Agreement among FPL, Gulf, Walmart Inc. (“Walmart”), and the Office of Public Counsel (“OPC”) related to FPL’s and Gulf’s SPPs (“SPP Settlement”). The parties to the SPP Settlement agreed that the FPL and Gulf SPPs are in the public interest and should be approved subject to the terms of the agreement.

Q. What programs are included in FPL’s SPP?

- A. FPL’s SPP includes the following eight SPP programs:
- Pole Inspections - Distribution Program
 - Structures/Other Equipment Inspections - Transmission Program
 - Feeder Hardening (EWL) - Distribution Program
 - Lateral Hardening (Undergrounding) - Distribution Program

- 1 • Wood Structures Hardening (Replacing) - Transmission Program
- 2 • Vegetation Management - Distribution Program
- 3 • Vegetation Management - Transmission Program
- 4 • Substation Storm Surge/Flood Mitigation Program

5 The type of activities and scope for each of these SPP programs are described in detail
6 in Exhibit MJ-1 and Form 6P - Program Description and Progress Report.

7 **Q. What programs are included in Gulf's SPP?**

8 A. SPP includes the following seven SPP programs:

- 9 • Distribution Inspection Program
- 10 • Transmission Inspection Program
- 11 • Distribution Feeder Hardening Program
- 12 • Distribution Hardening - Lateral Undergrounding Program
- 13 • Transmission Hardening Program
- 14 • Vegetation Management - Distribution Program
- 15 • Vegetation Management - Transmission Program

16 The type of activities and scope for each of these SPP programs are described in detail
17 in Exhibit MJ-2 and Form 6P - Program Description and Progress Report.

18 **Q. Have FPL and Gulf provided details on the annual SPP programs and associated**
19 **costs?**

20 A. Yes. This information is provided in Form 6P - Program Description and Progress
21 Report. For each SPP program, Form 6P describes the program activities, identifies
22 the fiscal expenditures incurred to date, reports on the progress for the current year, and
23 provides a projection of work to be completed and the associated costs for the
24 subsequent year.

25 **Q. Does this filing include a final true-up of any SPP costs incurred in 2020?**

1 A. No. Under the SPP Settlement, FPL and Gulf committed they would not seek recovery
2 of the 2020 SPP project costs through the SPPCRC. Therefore, the submission in this
3 proceeding does not address any SPP project costs incurred by FPL or Gulf in 2020.
4

5 **IV. 2021 ACTUAL/ESTIMATED SPP PROJECT COSTS AND VARIANCES**

6 **Q. How do FPL and Gulf manage their SPP programs?**

7 A. FPL and Gulf manage their SPPs projects at the program level in order to maximize
8 efficiency while still achieving the overall objectives of the SPP program. As a result,
9 project schedules and completion dates are subject to change based on the actual
10 circumstances and conditions encountered or required for a specific work site to ensure
11 that resources are being efficiently used. For example, as I explain later in my
12 testimony, an unanticipated condition on a jobsite or delay in obtaining a necessary
13 permit may impede the ability to complete a schedule project in that location. Rather
14 than keeping a crew at that jobsite while the condition is addressed, FPL and Gulf
15 would temporarily suspend work on that project and move the crew to another jobsite
16 to ensure that resources are being utilized appropriately and efficiently.

17 **Q. Did FPL and Gulf previously provide a description of the costs and work that was
18 projected to be performed in 2021 for their SPP programs?**

19 A. Yes. On July 24, 2020, FPL and Gulf submitted Petitions in Docket No. 20200092-EI
20 requesting approval of their SPPCRC Factors, which included a description of the costs
21 and work that was projected to be performed for each SPP program during 2021. On
22 October 27, 2020, the Commission issued Order No. PSC-2020-0409-AS-EI in which
23 it approved a Stipulation and Settlement Agreement among FPL, Gulf, Walmart, and
24 OPC related to FPL's and Gulf's SPPCRC Factors ("SPPCRC Settlement"). The
25 parties to SPPCRC Settlement agreed that FPL's and Gulf's projected 2021 costs were

1 consistent with the FPL and Gulf 2020-2029 SPPs and agreed that FPL's and Gulf's
2 2021 SPPCRC Factors should be approved.

3 **Q. Have FPL and Gulf updated the 2021 SPP costs that were included in their**
4 **projected 2021 SPPCRC Factors?**

5 A. Yes. The updated actual/estimated 2021 SPP costs are provided in Form 6P - Program
6 Description and Progress Report, and the updated project level detail and cost
7 projections for the FPL and Gulf 2021 SPP programs are provided in Exhibits MJ-3
8 and MJ-4, respectively. These exhibits started with the FPL and Gulf 2021 SPP project
9 level detail and associated costs that were approved in Order No. PSC-2020-0409-AS-
10 EI issued in Docket No. 20200092-EI, and updated the 2021 actual/estimated projects
11 and costs based on information that was available and known as of February 2021. In
12 addition, Exhibits MJ-3 and MJ-4 provide the variances between the original 2021 SPP
13 cost projects and the actual/estimated costs updated as of February 2021, along with
14 explanations for each of the material variances provided therein.

15 **Q. Please summarize the explanations FPL and Gulf have provided for the 2021 SPP**
16 **actual/estimated project variances shown in Exhibits MJ-3 and MJ-4.**

17 A. FPL and Gulf have determined that each of its SPPCRC project variances are the result
18 of one of three occurrences: an acceleration of a project, a project delay, or change to
19 a project estimate. Accordingly, Exhibits MJ-3 and MJ-4 contain three general
20 categories of project variances: "Project Acceleration," "Project Delayed," and
21 "Project Estimate Change." Within each of these categories, FPL and Gulf have
22 identified specific drivers that cause projects to be accelerated, delayed, or changed.

23 **Q. Please briefly identify and describe the drivers that may result in the acceleration**
24 **of a project.**

25 A. The primary reason that projects may be accelerated is to ensure cost-effective

1 management of projects, resources, and materials, while still achieving the overall
2 statutory objectives of the SPP to reduce restoration costs and outage times associated
3 with extreme weather events. The specific drivers that may result in a project being
4 accelerated are:

- 5 • Delay to Other Project(s). As a result of schedule delays to other projects within
6 the program, commencement of a project is being moved forward in the
7 schedule or accelerated to maintain consistency within overall SPP program
8 objectives and to cost-effectively manage resources.
- 9 • Early Execution of Other Project(s). As a result of other projects being
10 completed sooner than estimated or at a lower cost than estimated in the prior
11 year, commencement of a project is being moved forward in the schedule or
12 accelerated to maintain consistency within overall SPP program objectives and
13 to cost-effectively manage resources.
- 14 • Permit(s) Received. Various federal, state, or local permits may be required
15 before construction on an SPP project may begin. The time required to apply
16 for and obtain a necessary permit is largely beyond the control of FPL and Gulf.
17 In the event a permit is received earlier than originally estimated in the
18 construction schedule, it may result in the acceleration of a project.
- 19 • Available Resource(s). The unanticipated availability of additional resources
20 may result in a project being accelerated. For instance, additional resources
21 have been made available or the scheduled resources are available earlier than
22 originally estimated allowing for earlier execution of the project.
- 23 • External Impact(s). Third-party actions or restrictions, such as by customers or
24 administrative agencies, may impact project schedules. When these actions or
25 restrictions are resolved earlier than estimated, it may cause the project to be

1 moved forward in the schedule or accelerated for earlier execution.

2 • Engineering Available. The earlier than projected completion of detailed
3 engineering estimates for a project may result in a project being moved forward
4 in the schedule or accelerated.

5 • Materials Available. When materials for a project become available earlier than
6 estimated, the project may be moved forward in the schedule or accelerated.

7 • Field Conditions. When unanticipated conditions are encountered during
8 detailed engineering and/or job execution, the project may be moved forward
9 in the schedule or accelerated.

10 • Construction Alignment. An unexpected alignment of factors related to another
11 project (such as resource availability, other scheduled projects, or other
12 construction in the area) may result in a determination that a project should be
13 moved forward in the schedule or accelerated for efficiency.

14 • Program Management. In order to balance and meet a program's overall
15 objectives, a project may need to be moved forward in the schedule or
16 accelerated.

17 • Prioritization Change. As FPL and Gulf review their Commission-approved
18 SPP program prioritization methods, certain assets or projects may move up (or
19 down) on the prioritization list due to a change in conditions since the initial
20 prioritization.

21 **Q. Does the acceleration of a project impact the total overall cost of the project?**

22 A. Generally, no. Accelerated projects result in a greater proportion of the overall project
23 cost being incurred sooner rather than later, but the overall estimated cost for the project
24 typically remains the same. An accelerated project could result in greater costs being
25 incurred for a project during an earlier year and less costs incurred in a later year.

1 However, as demonstrated in Exhibits MJ-3 and MJ-4, FPL and Gulf have effectively
2 managed the 2021 SPP projects at the program level to ensure that the estimated total
3 2021 SPP program costs remain consistent with the costs projected in their
4 Commission-approved SPPs.

5 **Q. Please briefly identify and describe the drivers that might result in a project delay.**

6 A. FPL and Gulf manage their SPPs at the program level in order to meet the program’s
7 overall objectives and, therefore, a project may be delayed for the same reason that
8 another project was accelerated. Again, the primary reason that projects may be
9 delayed is to ensure cost-effective management of projects, resources, and materials,
10 while still achieving the overall statutory objectives of the SPP to reduce restoration
11 costs and outage times associated with extreme weather events. The specific drivers
12 that may result in a project delay are:

- 13 • Delay to Other Project(s). As noted above, an accelerated project may
14 correspond to a project that was delayed. Projects may be delayed for various
15 reasons as explained in this section, resulting in other projects being moved to
16 a later schedule date or delayed to maintain construction timelines, consistency
17 within the overall program objectives, and cost-effective management of
18 resources.
- 19 • Early Execution of Other Project(s). When projects are completed sooner than
20 estimated, other projects may be delayed to maintain construction timelines,
21 consistency within the overall program objectives, and cost-effective
22 management of resources.
- 23 • Permit(s) Delayed. As noted above, the time required to apply for and obtain a
24 necessary permit is largely beyond the control of FPL and Gulf and the receipt
25 of a permit later than originally estimated in the construction schedule may

1 result in project delays.

2 • Resource(s) Delayed. When resources, such as crews and/or material, are not
3 available or a scheduled resource has been delayed longer than estimated, the
4 execution of the project may be delayed.

5 • External Impact(s). As noted above, third-party actions or restrictions may
6 impact project schedules and can result in a project being delayed.

7 • Engineering Delayed. Detailed engineering not completed or delayed longer
8 than estimated may result in project delays.

9 • Material Delayed. Materials not available or delayed longer than estimated may
10 result in a project delay.

11 • Field Conditions. As noted above, unanticipated field conditions may impede
12 engineering designs or work on a jobsite causing delays.

13 • Construction Alignment. Alignment of factors related to other projects, such
14 as resource availability, other scheduled projects, or construction in the area,
15 may result in a determination that a project should be moved to a later date in
16 the schedule or delayed for efficiency.

17 • Program Management. Project delayed in order to maintain consistency and
18 balance to meet overall program objectives.

19 • Prioritization Change. As noted above, as FPL and Gulf review their
20 Commission-approved SPP program prioritization methods, certain assets or
21 projects may move up (or down) on the prioritization list due to a change in
22 conditions since the initial prioritization.

23 • Customer Negotiation(s). Negotiations with customers to obtain easements or
24 address other issues may result in project delays.

25 **Q. Does a project delay impact the overall project cost?**

1 A. Generally, no. Delayed projects result in a smaller proportion of the overall project
2 cost being incurred later than originally estimated, but the overall estimated cost for the
3 project typically remains the same. A delayed project could result in less costs being
4 incurred for a project during an earlier year and more costs incurred in a later year.
5 However, as demonstrated in Exhibits MJ-3 and MJ-4, FPL and Gulf have effectively
6 managed the 2021 SPP projects at the program level to ensure that the estimated total
7 2021 SPP program costs remain consistent with the costs projected in their
8 Commission-approved SPPs.

9 **Q. Please briefly identify and describe each of the drivers that might result in a**
10 **change to a project estimate.**

11 A. Unlike the drivers that result in a change in costs incurred during the year due to the
12 timing of when the work is being completed (either being accelerated or delayed), the
13 drivers that may result in a change to a project cost estimate are:

14 • Detail Engineering Complete. Projects costs were initially based on general
15 preliminary or order of magnitude cost estimates that were refined once the
16 engineering estimate detail is complete. This may result in either an increase
17 or decrease in the estimated project costs, resulting in a cost variance.

18 • Field Conditions. Unanticipated field conditions discovered during the
19 engineering and/or job execution may require changes to a project estimate
20 resulting in either an increase or decrease in the estimated project costs,
21 resulting in a cost variance.

22 • Scope Change. An original project scope may be modified for a variety of
23 reasons resulting in either an increase or decrease in the initial estimated project
24 costs. For example, to efficiently manage the overall program objective it may
25 be necessary to combine projects or expand a project beyond the original scope

1 and design, the same could be true for a reduction in project scope and design.

2 **Q. Are there any other drivers of the FPL or Gulf 2021 SPPCRC project variances**
3 **that you wish to discuss?**

4 A. Yes. In August 2020, Gulf received a limited duration waiver from the Federal Energy
5 Regulatory Commission to permit capitalization of costs to transfer existing conductors
6 and other attachment assets to new storm hardened distribution poles. This FERC-
7 approved policy resulted in certain O&M expenses being capitalized for some of Gulf's
8 distribution programs.

9 **Q. Are there any other drivers of the FPL or Gulf 2021 SPPCRC project schedule**
10 **that you wish to discuss?**

11 A. Yes. Florida remains the most hurricane-prone state in the nation, and both the FPL
12 and Gulf service areas are susceptible to extreme weather events. Storms impacting
13 the FPL and/or Gulf service areas could have significant impacts to SPP programs and
14 projects. Work on SPP projects is suspended during storms and may not be resumed
15 until restoration following a storm is complete, which could result in the project
16 schedules being delayed. SPP projects could also be delayed due to resources working
17 on SPP projects becoming unavailable as crews are assigned to storm restoration
18 activities within the FPL and Gulf service areas and/or to provide mutual assistance to
19 other utilities impacted by a storm. FPL and Gulf cannot predict the impact that storms
20 may have on the SPP activities that can be completed in a given year. SPP projects that
21 are delayed due to impacts from storms may result in changes in the timing of when
22 the costs are actually incurred.

23 **Q. Are the FPL and Gulf 2021 actual/estimated SPP costs reasonable?**

24 A. Yes. The actual/estimated SPP work to be completed in 2021 and related costs shown
25 in Exhibits MJ-3 and MJ-4 are based on competitive solicitations and other contractor

1 and supplier negotiations to ensure that FPL and Gulf select the best qualified
2 contactors and equipment suppliers at the lowest evaluated costs.

3
4 **V. 2022 PROJECTED SPP COSTS**

5 **Q. Are FPL and Gulf seeking to recover any 2022 projected SPP costs through the**
6 **SPPCRC?**

7 A. Yes. Consistent with the consolidation of the FPL and Gulf operations, on March 12,
8 2021, FPL filed its 2021 Rate Case requesting, among other things, authority to
9 consolidate and unify the rates and tariffs applicable to all customers in the former FPL
10 and Gulf service areas. If the Commission approves FPL's request, all Gulf customers
11 will become FPL customers and Gulf will no longer exist as a separate ratemaking
12 entity effective January 1, 2022. Accordingly, in this filing FPL is providing and
13 seeking Commission approval of consolidated 2022 SPPCRC Factors subject to and
14 contingent upon the Commission's approval of FPL's request in the 2021 Rate Case
15 pending in Docket No. 20210015 to unify rates.

16 **Q. Has FPL provided a description of the consolidated work projected to be**
17 **performed in 2022 for each SPP program?**

18 A. Yes. Form 6P - Program Description and Progress Report and Exhibit MJ-5 identify
19 each of the consolidated SPP programs for which costs will be incurred during 2022,
20 as well as provide a description of the work projected to be performed for each
21 consolidated SPP program during 2022. For purposes of implementing consolidated
22 SPP programs and projects in 2022, FPL will continue the programs and projects
23 included in both the FPL and Gulf SPPs approved by the Commission without any
24 modification, and the Gulf 2022 SPP programs and projects will simply be additive or
25 combined with the FPL 2022 SPP programs and projects. For purposes of Form 6P -

1 Program Description and Progress Report and Exhibit MJ-5, the consolidated 2022 SPP
2 projects and associated costs are simply the sum of the 2022 SPP projects and costs
3 included in the FPL and Gulf SPPs approved by the Commission. Also included with
4 this filing are informational standalone FPL and Gulf schedules and exhibits for the
5 projected 2022 SPP costs, which are relevant only for purposes of supporting
6 standalone FPL and Gulf 2022 SPPCRC Factors in the event the Commission declines
7 or postpones rate unification in Docket No. 20210015. These are provided in Exhibits
8 MJ-6 and MJ-7, respectively.

9

10 FPL's and Gulf's distribution and transmission on-going annual inspection and
11 vegetation management programs do not have project components and, instead, are
12 completed on a cycle-basis. As such, these SPP programs do not lend themselves to
13 identification of specific projects to be performed. A description of the consolidated
14 distribution and transmission inspection and vegetation management programs
15 projected for 2022 is provided in Form 6P - Program Description and Progress Report.
16 FPL and Gulf have provided project level detail for the remaining SPP programs that
17 have project components. However, the SPP projects that will actually be completed
18 in 2022 could vary based on a number of factors, including, but not limited to:
19 permitting; easement issues; change in scope; resource constraints (*i.e.*, labor &
20 material); and/or extreme weather events. Any such variances will be addressed in a
21 2022 actual/estimated true-up filing to be submitted in 2022, and the 2022 final true-
22 up filing to be submitted in 2023.

23 **Q. Are the SPP activities and costs estimated for 2022 consistent with FPL's and**
24 **Gulf's SPPs?**

25 A. Yes. The SPP activities and costs estimated for each SPP program during 2022 are

1 consistent with those described in the FPL and Gulf SPPs. As of the time I prepared
2 my direct testimony, FPL and Gulf are not aware of any variances in the number of
3 SPP projects or SPP costs estimated for 2022. However, as I previously stated, the
4 number of SPP projects that will actually be completed in 2022, as well as the
5 associated SPP costs, could vary based on a number of factors. Consistent with Rule
6 25-6.031, F.A.C., the actual SPP costs incurred by FPL and Gulf in 2022 will be
7 addressed in the 2022 final true-up filing, which will be submitted in 2023.

8 **Q. Are the FPL and Gulf 2022 projected SPP costs reasonable?**

9 A. Yes. As with the FPL and Gulf 2021 actual/estimated SPP work and costs, the
10 projected SPP work to be completed in 2022 and related costs in consolidated form in
11 Exhibit MJ-5 and in standalone form in Exhibits MJ-6 and MJ-7 are based on
12 competitive solicitations to ensure that FPL and Gulf secure the lowest evaluated costs
13 among the most qualified vendors for these projects.

14 **Q. Does this conclude your direct testimony?**

15 A. Yes.

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Exhibit MJ-1

Florida Power & Light Company

Storm Protection Plan

2020-2029

(Rule 25-6.030, F.A.C.)

Docket No. 20200071-EI

April 10, 2020

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Florida Power & Light Company 2020-2029 Storm Protection Plan

I. Executive Summary

Pursuant to Section 366.96, Florida Statutes (“F.S.”), and Rule 25-6.030, Florida Administrative Code (“F.A.C.”), Florida Power & Light Company (“FPL”) submits its Storm Protection Plan for the ten (10) year period 2020-2029 (hereinafter, the “SPP”). As explained herein, the SPP is largely a continuation of FPL’s successful storm hardening and storm preparedness programs previously approved by the Florida Public Service Commission (“Commission”) over the last fourteen years. FPL anticipates the programs included in the SPP will have zero bill impacts on customer bills during the first year of the SPP and only minimal bill increases for years two and three of the SPP.¹

Since 2006, FPL has been implementing Commission-approved programs to strengthen its transmission and distribution (“T&D”) infrastructure. These programs include multiple storm hardening and storm preparedness programs, such as feeder hardening, replacing wood transmission structures, vegetation management, and pole inspections. As demonstrated by recent storm events, these ongoing storm hardening and storm preparedness programs have resulted in FPL’s T&D electrical grid becoming more storm resilient, experiencing less infrastructure damage and reduced restoration times, as compared to non-hardened facilities. These programs have also provided significant improvements in day-to-day reliability.

The success of FPL’s storm hardening and storm preparedness programs has been achieved through the development and implementation of FPL’s forward-looking storm hardening, grid modernization, and reliability initiatives and investments, combined with the use of cutting-edge technology and strong employee commitment. Under the SPP, FPL remains committed to continue these successful and industry-leading programs to

¹ The recovery of the costs associated with the SPP, as well as the actual and projected costs to be included in FPL’s Storm Protection Plan Cost Recovery Clause, will be addressed in a subsequent and separate Storm Protection Plan Cost Recovery Clause docket pursuant to Rule 25-6.031, F.A.C.

further strengthen its T&D infrastructure, mitigate restoration costs and outage times, continue to provide safe and reliable electric service to customers, and meet future increasing needs and expectations.

As stated previously, FPL's SPP is, in large part, a continuation and expansion of its previously approved storm hardening and storm preparedness programs, and includes the following SPP programs:

- Pole Inspections – Distribution Program
- Structures/Other Equipment Inspections – Transmission Program
- Feeder Hardening (EWL) – Distribution Program
- Lateral Hardening (Undergrounding) – Distribution Program
- Wood Structures Hardening (Replacing) – Transmission Program
- Vegetation Management – Distribution Program
- Vegetation Management – Transmission Program

In addition, FPL will implement a new Substation Storm Surge/Flood Mitigation Program to harden certain targeted substations that, based on prior experience, are susceptible to storm surge or flooding during extreme weather events.

With the exception of the new storm surge/flood mitigation program, the majority of the programs included in the SPP have been in place since 2007. As demonstrated by recent storm events, these programs have been successful in reducing restoration costs and outage times following major storms, as well as improving day-to-day reliability. FPL submits that continuing these previously approved storm hardening and storm preparedness programs in the SPP, together with the new storm surge/flood mitigation substation program, is appropriate and necessary to address the mandates set forth in Section 366.96, F.S., and Rule 25-6.030, F.A.C., as well as the expectations of FPL's customers and other stakeholders for increased storm resiliency and will result in fewer

outages, reduced restoration costs, and prompt service restoration.² The SPP will continue and expand the benefits of hardening, including improved day-to-day reliability, to all customers throughout FPL's system.

The following sections provide information and details on FPL's SPP as required by and in compliance with Rule 25-6.030, F.A.C. For the reasons explained below, FPL submits that implementing the SPP is necessary and appropriate to achieve the goals and requirements expressed by the Florida Legislature in Section 366.96, F.S., to reduce restoration costs and outage times associated with extreme weather events and improve overall service reliability to customers and the State of Florida by promoting the overhead hardening of electrical transmission and distribution facilities, the undergrounding of certain electrical distribution lines, and vegetation management.

II. The 2020-2029 SPP will Strengthen FPL's Infrastructure to Withstand Extreme Weather Conditions and will Reduce Restoration Costs and Outage Times

Pursuant to Rule 25-6.030(3)(a), F.A.C., this section provides an overview of how the SPP will strengthen FPL's electric utility infrastructure to withstand extreme weather conditions by promoting the overhead hardening of electrical transmission and distribution facilities, the undergrounding of certain electrical distribution lines, and vegetation management. Consistent with Rule 25-6.030(3)(b), F.A.C., this section also provides a summary of how the SPP is expected to further reduce restoration costs and outage times associated with extreme weather conditions and, therefore, improve overall service reliability.

To date, significant progress has been made toward strengthening FPL's infrastructure. For example, at year-end 2019, approximately 54% of FPL's distribution feeders have been either hardened or placed underground, and approximately 96% of FPL's transmission structures are either steel or concrete. Also, since 2006, FPL has completed multiple system-wide cycles of distribution and transmission pole inspections and

² As explained below, a couple of the programs included in the SPP are expected to be completed within the next several years.

vegetation management. Within the next few years several significant milestones are also expected to be reached, including replacement of all wood transmission structures with steel or concrete structures by year-end 2022 and for all feeders to be hardened or placed underground by year-end 2024.

FPL also implemented a three-year Storm Secure Underground Program Pilot in 2018 (“SSUP Pilot”) that converts certain targeted overhead laterals – laterals that have been impacted by recent storms and have a history of vegetation-related outages and other reliability issues – to underground laterals. At year-end 2020, the final year of the SSUP Pilot, FPL expects 220-230 of these targeted laterals to be converted from overhead to underground. In addition, FPL’s Design Guidelines incorporate and apply extreme wind loading (“EWL”) criteria to the design and construction of all new overhead pole lines and major planned work, including pole line extensions, relocations, and certain pole replacements.

FPL’s SPP programs have already demonstrated that they have and will continue to provide increased T&D infrastructure resiliency, reduced restoration time, and reduced restoration costs when FPL’s system is impacted by severe weather events. In FPL’s Third Supplemental Response to Staff’s First Data Request No. 29 (“Third Supplemental Amended”) in Docket No. 20170215-EI,³ FPL prepared and submitted an analysis of Hurricanes Matthew and Irma that indicated the restoration construction man-hours (“CMH”), days to restore, and storm restoration costs for these storms would have been significantly higher without FPL’s storm hardening programs. Below is a summary of the results of FPL’s analysis:

| Without Hardening | Hurricane Matthew | Hurricane Irma |
|---|--------------------------|-----------------------|
| Additional CMH (%) | 93,000 (36%) | 483,000 (40%) |
| Additional days to restore (%) | 2 (50%) | 4 (40%) |
| Additional restoration costs (\$millions) (%) | \$105 (36%) | \$496 (40%) |

³ The Commission opened Docket No. 20170215-EI to review electric utility preparedness and restoration actions and to identify potential areas where infrastructure damage, outages, and recovery time for customers could be minimized in the future.

A copy of FPL's Third Supplemental Amended Response in Docket No. 20170215-EI, including the analysis referenced above, is provided in Appendix A. Based on a 40-year net present value analysis, the savings achieved from storm hardening would equate to \$653 million (for a storm occurring once every three years) and \$406 million (for a storm occurring once every five years) for a storm similar to Hurricane Matthew and \$3.1 billion (for a storm occurring once every three years) and \$1.9 billion (for a storm occurring once every five years) for a storm similar to Hurricane Irma.

These programs have also provided increased levels of day-to-day reliability. For example, FPL has previously submitted reports to the Commission that show hardened feeders have performed approximately 40% better (*i.e.*, fewer outages) on a day-to-day basis than non-hardened feeders.⁴ Further details on the benefits of the SPP programs are provided throughout the remaining sections of this SPP.

Although FPL's storm preparedness and hardening programs to date have produced a more storm resilient and reliable T&D electrical grid, FPL must continue its efforts to storm-harden its T&D electrical grid consistent with the findings, conclusions, and objectives of the Florida Legislature in Section 366.96, F.S. Indeed, Florida remains the most hurricane-prone state in the nation and, with the significant coast-line exposure of FPL's system and the fact that the vast majority of FPL's customers live within 20 miles of the coast, a robust storm protection plan is critical to maintaining and improving grid resiliency and storm restoration.

Safe and reliable electric service is essential to the life, health, and safety of the public, and has become a critical component of modern life. Importantly, as evidenced by the significant numbers of Florida's workforce that are working remotely during the COVID-19 pandemic, today's digital society, economy, national security, and daily life are more dependent on reliable electric service than ever before. While no electrical system can be made completely resistant to the impacts of hurricanes and other extreme weather conditions, the programs included in FPL's SPP have already demonstrated that they

⁴ See Appendix A.

mitigate and will continue to mitigate the impacts of future storms.⁵ While FPL's nation-leading initiatives have made significant progress toward strengthening FPL's infrastructure, continuing these previously approved storm hardening and storm preparedness programs in the SPP, together with the new storm surge/flood mitigation substation program, is appropriate and crucial to further mitigate restoration costs and outage times, continue to provide safe and reliable electric service to customers, and meet current and future needs and expectations of customers, today and for many years to come.

III. Description of Service Area and T&D Facilities

Pursuant to Rule 25-6.030(3)(c), F.A.C., this section provides a description of FPL's service area, including areas prioritized for enhancement, if any, and any areas where FPL has determined that enhancement of its existing T&D facilities would not be feasible, reasonable, or practical at this time.

Today, FPL's service territory consists of approximately 28,000 square miles. To serve its more than 5 million customers, FPL has constructed a T&D electric grid that contains approximately 75,000 miles of electrical lines, including:

- Approximately 42,000 miles of overhead distribution lines;
- Approximately 26,000 miles of underground distribution lines;
- Approximately 7,000 miles of high-voltage transmission lines;
- Approximately 1.2 million distribution poles; and
- Approximately 68,000 transmission structures.

FPL's service territory is divided into sixteen (16) distribution management areas. A map depicting FPL's service territory and distribution management areas (with the number of customers served within each management area) is provided in Appendix B.

At this time, FPL has not identified any areas of its service territory where its SPP programs would not be feasible, reasonable, or practical. While all of FPL's SPP

⁵ It is important to note that despite the implementation of these storm hardening and storm preparedness programs, outages will still occur when severe weather events impact Florida.

programs are currently system-wide initiatives, annual activities are prioritized based on certain factors such as last inspection date, last trim date, reliability performance, and efficient resource utilization.⁶ At this time, there is no area specifically targeted or prioritized for enhanced performance based on its geographical location.

IV. 2020-2029 SPP Programs

Pursuant to Rule 25-6.030(3)(c)(d), F.A.C., this section provides a description of each program included in FPL's SPP. If applicable, each program description below includes: (1) a description of how each program is designed to enhance FPL's existing transmission and distribution facilities including an estimate of the resulting reduction in outage times and restoration costs due to extreme weather conditions; (2) identification of the actual or estimated start and completion dates of the program; (3) a cost estimate including capital and operating expenses; (4) a comparison of the costs and the benefits; and (5) a description of the criteria used to select and prioritize storm protection programs.

A. Pole Inspections – Distribution Program

1. Description of the Program and Benefits

The Pole Inspection – Distribution Program included in the SPP is a continuation of FPL's existing Commission-approved distribution pole inspection program. Below is an overview of FPL's existing distribution inspection program and its associated benefits.

a. Overview of the Distribution Pole Inspection Program

In response to the 2004-2005 storm seasons and, in particular, the "large number of poles throughout Florida that required replacement," the Commission required investor-owned utilities ("IOUs") to implement an eight-year pole inspection cycle for all wood distribution poles.⁷ FPL's plan was approved in September 2006⁸ and modified in January 2007.⁹

⁶ The criteria and factors used to select and prioritize projects within each SPP program are described below.

⁷ See Order No. PSC-06-0144-PAA-EI.

⁸ See Order No. PSC-06-0778-PAA-EU.

⁹ See Order No. PSC-07-0078-EU.

Subsequently, FPL expanded its distribution pole inspection plan to also include concrete poles.

FPL's eight-year pole inspection cycle for all distribution poles targets approximately 1/8 of the system annually (the actual number of poles inspected can vary somewhat from year to year). To ensure inspection coverage throughout its service territory, FPL established nine (9) inspection zones (based on FPL's management areas and pole population) and annually performs pole inspections of approximately 1/8 of the distribution poles in each of these zones, as well as any necessary remediation as a result of such inspections. FPL utilizes Osmose Utilities Services, Inc. ("Osmose"), an industry-leading pole inspection contractor, to perform the system-wide inspection of its distribution poles.

FPL's strength and loading calculations for its distribution poles and pole inspections are based on the National Electrical Safety Code's ("NESC") Grade B construction standard, as outlined by Table 261-1A section 26 of the NESC. Osmose utilizes mobile computing technology to record inspection data and to calculate strength and loading. The loading calculation, span lengths, attachment heights, and wire sizes are recorded in the mobile computer to determine whether the remaining pole strength capacity meets or exceeds NESC requirements. This data is then transferred to FPL's Geographic Information System ("GIS"). Pole locations inspected by Osmose are also randomly audited by FPL to verify that inspections are completed and meet inspection standards.

Inspections include a visual inspection of all distribution poles from the ground-line to the top of the pole to identify visual defects (e.g., woodpecker holes, split tops, decayed tops, cracks, etc.). If, due to the severity of the defects, the poles are not suitable for continued service, the poles are designated for replacement.

Wood poles that pass the above-ground visual inspection are excavated to a depth of 18" (where applicable), and sounded and bored to determine the internal condition of the pole. Poles encased in concrete or asphalt are not excavated, but are sounded and bored to determine their internal condition using a standard industry-accepted inspection process called "Shell Boring." All suitable wood poles receive external and/or internal preservative treatment or, if not suitable, are replaced. Strength calculations are also

performed on wood poles to determine compliance with NESC requirements. The poles that are not suitable for continued service are designated for replacement or remediation.

In 2014, FPL obtained Commission approval to: (1) exempt the loading assessment during the second eight-year cycle for any pole that had less than 80% of full load during FPL's initial eight-year cycle; and (2) excavate Chromium Copper Arsenate ("CCA") poles every 28 years (extended from 16 years originally approved by the Commission).¹⁰ To ensure that these exceptions to the standard eight-year inspection cycle do not compromise existing safety and storm hardening programs, FPL conducts annual testing on 1% of the exempted poles.

b. Benefits of the Distribution Pole Inspection Program

The Commission has previously found that "efforts to maintain system components can reduce the impact of hurricanes and tropical storms upon utilities' transmission and distribution systems," and noted that an "obvious key component in electric infrastructure is the transmission and distribution poles."¹¹ The Commission has also previously identified multiple benefits of and reasons for justifying pole inspections cycles for electric utilities, including, but not limited to: the likelihood of increased hurricane activity in the future; the high probability for equipment damage if a pole fails during a storm; the likelihood that failure of one pole often causes other poles to fail; the fact that deteriorated poles are more prone to fail when exposed to high winds; the fact that Florida electric utilities replaced nearly 32,000 poles during the 2004 storm restoration efforts; and the fact that restoration times increase significantly when a large number of poles fail, which limits the electric utilities' ability to respond quickly to widespread outages.¹²

In addition to the benefits discussed above that underlie the creation of the Commission's mandated pole inspection requirements, recent storm events indicate that FPL's distribution pole inspection program has contributed to the overall improvement in distribution pole performance during storms, resulting in reductions in storm damage to poles, days to restore, and storm restoration costs. The table below compares distribution

¹⁰ See Order No. PSC-14-0594-PAA-EI.

¹¹ See Order No. PSC-06-0144-PAA-E.

¹² See *id.*

pole performance for Hurricane Wilma, which occurred in 2005 before FPL implemented its current distribution pole inspection program, and Hurricane Irma, which occurred in 2017 after FPL implemented its current distribution pole inspection program:

| | Hurricane Wilma | Hurricane Irma |
|-------------------------------|------------------------|-----------------------|
| Hurricane Strength (Category) | 3 | 4 |
| Customer Outages (Millions) | 3.2 | 4.4 |
| Distribution Poles Replaced | >12,400 | <2,900 ¹³ |
| Total Days to Restore | 18 | 10 |
| Average Days to Restore | 5.4 | 2.1 |

FPL's Commission-approved distribution pole inspection program has facilitated the replacement and/or strengthening of over 140,000 distribution poles since it was first implemented in 2006 and has directly improved and will continue to improve the overall health and storm resiliency of its distribution pole population.

2. Actual/Estimated Start and Completion Dates

The SPP will continue FPL's ongoing Commission-approved distribution pole inspection program described above. With approximately 1.2 million distribution poles as of year-end 2019, FPL expects to inspect approximately 150,000 poles annually (spread throughout its nine inspection zones) during the 2020-2029 SPP period.

3. Cost Estimates

Estimated/actual annual distribution pole inspection costs are a function of the number of inspections estimated to be/actually completed and the number of poles estimated to be/actually remediated/replaced as a result of the annual inspections. Although costs to inspect the poles are operating expenses, the vast majority of pole inspection program costs are capital costs resulting from remediation/replacement of poles that fail inspection.

¹³ Approximately 99% of distribution poles replaced after Hurricane Irma were non-hardened poles.

The table below provides a comparison of the 2017-2019 total actual distribution pole inspection costs with the 2020-2022 (first three years of the SPP) total estimated distribution pole inspection costs and the 2020-2029 total estimated distribution pole inspection costs:

| | Total Program Costs (millions) | Annual Average Program Costs (millions) |
|-----------|---|--|
| 2017-2019 | \$152 | \$51 |
| 2020-2022 | \$170 | \$57 |
| 2020-2029 | \$605 | \$61 |

Further details regarding SPP estimated distribution pole inspection costs, including estimated annual capital expenditures and operating expenses, are provided in Appendix C.¹⁴

4. Comparison of Costs and Benefits

As provided in Section (IV)(A)(3) above, during 2020-2029, total costs for FPL's Pole Inspection – Distribution Program are expected to average approximately \$61 million per year. Benefits associated with FPL's Pole Inspection – Distribution Program, discussed in Sections II and IV(A)(1)(b) above, include a more storm resilient pole population that will result in reductions in pole failures and poles needing to be replaced during storms, fewer storm-related outages and reductions in storm restoration costs.

5. Criteria used to Select and Prioritize the Program

Poles to be inspected annually are selected/prioritized within each of the nine (9) inspection zones established throughout FPL's service territory based on the last cycle's inspection dates, to ensure that poles are in compliance with FPL's established eight-year

¹⁴ Note, the 2020-2029 program costs shown above are projected costs estimated as of the time of this filing. Subsequent projected and actual costs could vary by as much as 10% to 15%. The annual projected costs, actual/estimated costs, actuals costs, and true-up of actual costs to be included in FPL's Storm Protection Plan Cost Recovery Clause will all be addressed in subsequent and separate Storm Protection Plan Cost Recovery Clause filings pursuant to Rule 25-6.031, F.A.C. The Commission has opened Docket No. 20200092-EI to address Storm Protection Plan Cost Recovery Clause petitions to be filed the third quarter of 2020.

cycle. As such, approximately 1/8 of the distribution poles in each inspection zone are inspected annually.

At this time, FPL has not identified any areas where the Pole Inspection – Distribution Program would not be feasible, reasonable or practical.

B. Structures/Other Equipment Inspections – Transmission Program

1. Description of the Program and Benefits

The Structures/Other Inspections – Transmission Program included in the SPP is a continuation of FPL's existing Commission-approved transmission inspection program. Below is an overview of FPL's existing transmission inspection program and the associated benefits.

a. Overview of the Transmission Inspection Program

In 2006, as part of its Storm Preparedness Initiative No. 3, the Commission required electric utilities to develop and implement plans to fully inspect all transmission structures, substations, and all hardware associated with these facilities on a six-year cycle. Consistent therewith, FPL implemented a Commission-approved transmission inspection plan in 2006 and has continued that plan to date.

Under its Commission-approved transmission inspection plan, FPL inspects its transmission circuits, substations, and other equipment on a six-year cycle. Additionally, all of FPL's transmission structures are visually inspected from the ground each year. Finally, FPL performs climbing or bucket truck inspections on all wood transmission structures on a six-year cycle and all steel and concrete structures on a ten-year cycle.

Inspections for wood structures include an overall assessment of the condition of the structures, as well as other pole/structure components including the foundation, all attachments, insulators, guys, cross-braces, cross-arms, and bolts. If a wood transmission structure does not pass visual inspection, it is designated for replacement with a concrete or steel transmission structure.

For steel and concrete structures, the visual inspection includes an overall assessment of the structure condition (e.g., cracks, chips, exposed rebar, and rust) as well as other pole/structure components including the foundation, all attachments, insulators, guys, cross-braces, cross-arms, and bolts. If a concrete or steel pole/structure fails the inspection, it is designated for repair or replacement.

The SPP will continue FPL's current transmission inspection program which requires: (a) transmission circuits and substations and all associated hardware to be inspected on a six-year cycle; (b) wood structures to be inspected visually from the ground each year and climbing or bucket truck inspections to be conducted on a six-year cycle; and (c) steel and concrete structures to be inspected visually each year and climbing or bucket truck inspections to be conducted on a ten-year cycle.

b. Benefits of the Transmission Inspection Program

As noted in Section IV(A)(1)(b) above, the Commission has found numerous benefits and reasons justifying inspections of electrical utility facilities, including transmission facilities. Importantly, the transmission system is the backbone of the electric grid. While outages associated with distribution facilities (e.g., a transformer, lateral or feeder) can result in an outage affecting anywhere from a few customers up to several thousands of customers, a transmission related outage can affect tens of thousands of customers. Additionally, an outage on a transmission facility could cause cascading (a loss of power at one transmission facility can trigger the loss of power on another interconnected transmission facility, which in turn can trigger the loss of power on another interconnected transmission facility, and so on) and result in the loss of service for hundreds of thousands of customers. As such, it is imperative that transmission facilities be properly inspected using appropriate cycles and standards to help ensure they are prepared for storms.

Further, the performance of FPL's transmission facilities during recent storm events indicates FPL's transmission inspection program has contributed to the overall storm resiliency of the transmission system and provided savings in storm restoration costs. The table below compares the performance of FPL's transmission system for Hurricane Wilma, which occurred in 2005 before FPL implemented its current transmission

inspection program, and Hurricane Irma, which occurred in 2017 after FPL implemented its current transmission inspection program:

| Transmission Facilities | Hurricane Wilma | Hurricane Irma | Improvement |
|--------------------------------|------------------------|-----------------------|--------------------|
| Line Section Outages | 345 | 215 | 38% |
| Substation Outages | 241 | 92 | 62% |
| Structures Failed | 100 | 5 | 95% |

As shown above, the impacts on FPL’s transmission facilities associated with Hurricane Irma were significantly reduced from those experienced with Hurricane Wilma, even though Hurricane Irma’s winds were stronger and its path impacted substantially more of FPL’s facilities. As reflected in the Commission’s reasoning for mandating transmission facility inspections, FPL submits that its systematic transmission inspection program is a key factor for this improved performance.

2. Actual/Estimated Start and Completion Dates

The SPP will continue FPL’s ongoing Commission-approved transmission inspection program described above. This requires FPL to inspect: (a) transmission circuits and substations and all associated hardware on a six-year cycle; (b) wood structures to be visually inspected from the ground each year and conduct climbing or bucket truck inspections on a six-year cycle; and (c) steel and concrete structures visually each year and conduct climbing or bucket truck inspections on a ten-year cycle.

3. Cost Estimates

Estimated/actual annual transmission inspection costs are a function of the number of inspections estimated to be/actually completed and the transmission facilities estimated to be/actually remediated/replaced as a result of those annual inspections. Although the inspection costs are operating expenses, the vast majority of the transmission inspection program costs are capital costs resulting from remediation/replacement of facilities that fail inspection.

The table below provides a comparison of the 2017-2019 total actual transmission inspection costs with the 2020-2022 (first three years of the SPP) total estimated

transmission inspection costs and the 2020-2029 total estimated transmission inspection costs:

| | Total Program Costs (millions) | Annual Average Program Costs (millions) |
|-----------|---|--|
| 2017-2019 | \$128 | \$43 |
| 2020-2022 | \$97 | \$32 |
| 2020-2029 | \$500 | \$50 |

Further details regarding the SPP estimated transmission inspection costs, including estimated annual capital expenditures and operating expenses, are provided in Appendix C.¹⁵

4. Comparison of Costs and Benefits

As provided in Section IV(B)(3) above, during 2020-2029, total costs for FPL's Structures/Other Inspections – Transmission Program are expected to average approximately \$50 million per year. Benefits associated with the Structures/Other Inspections – Transmission Program discussed in Sections II and IV(B)(1)(b) above, include avoiding outages that can affect tens of thousands of customers and, in particular, cascading outages where the loss of service can affect hundreds of thousands of customers.

5. Criteria used to Select and Prioritize the Program

As explained above, FPL visually inspects from the ground all transmission structures on an annual basis. For the inspection of transmission circuits and substations and all associated hardware, the facilities are selected/prioritized throughout FPL's service territory based on the last cycle's inspection dates, to ensure that facilities are inspected in compliance with the established six-year inspection cycle. Similarly, for bucket truck or climbing inspections, structures are selected/prioritized throughout FPL's service territory based on the last cycle's inspection dates, to ensure that structures are inspected

¹⁵ See footnote 14.

in compliance with the established six-year (wood) and ten-year (steel and concrete) cycles.

At this time, FPL has not identified any areas where the Structures/Other Inspections – Transmission Program would not be feasible, reasonable or practical.

C. Feeder Hardening (EWL) – Distribution Program

1. Description of the Program and Benefits

The Feeder Hardening (EWL) – Distribution Program included in the SPP is a continuation of FPL's existing Commission-approved approach (most recently approved in Docket No. 20180144-EI) to harden existing feeders and certain critical distribution poles, as well as FPL's initiative to design and construct new pole lines and major planned work to meet the NESC's extreme wind loading criteria ("EWL"). FPL will continue the distribution feeder hardening program until 2024, when FPL expects 100% of its feeders to be hardened or underground. Below is an overview of FPL's existing distribution feeder hardening program and the associated benefits.

a. Overview of the Distribution Feeder Hardening Program

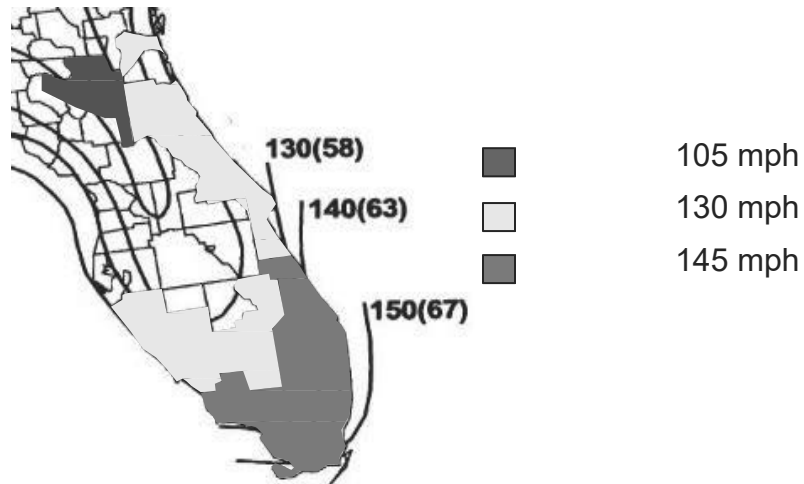
The foundation for FPL's distribution feeder hardening program was the extensive forensic and other analyses that FPL conducted after Hurricane Wilma.¹⁶ These analyses concluded that "wind only" (as opposed to, for example, trees or other flying debris) was the predominant root cause of distribution pole breakage. This data, together with the overall performance of FPL's transmission poles that were already built to the NESC EWL standards and the performance of hardened feeders during Hurricanes Matthew and Irma, formed the basis for FPL's feeder hardening strategy.

The SPP will continue FPL's previously approved approach to apply EWL criteria to harden existing distribution feeders and certain critical poles. The NESC extreme wind map for Florida will continue to be applied to FPL's system by dividing the application of

¹⁶ These analyses were conducted either directly by FPL or with the aid of external resources (e.g., KEMA, Inc.).

EWL into three wind regions, corresponding to expected extreme winds of 105, 130 and 145 mph, as shown below.

FPL Extreme Wind Regions - mph (meter/sec)



By evaluating each of the counties served by FPL, including each county's applicable wind zones, FPL determined that utilizing three extreme wind regions of 105, 130 and 145 mph for its service territory was appropriate for the following reasons:

- A smaller number of wind regions generate advantages through efficiency of work methods, training, engineering and administrative aspects (e.g., standards development and deployment); and
- Using 105, 130 and 145 mph wind zones is a well balanced approach that recognizes differences in the EWL requirements in the counties within each region.

The SPP will also continue to utilize FPL's Design Guidelines and processes that apply EWL criteria to the design and construction of new pole lines and major planned work, including pole line extensions and relocations and certain pole replacements. Depending on the scope of the work that is performed in a particular project, this could result in the EWL hardening of an entire circuit (in the case of large-scale projects) or in EWL hardening of one or more poles (in the case of small projects) so that the affected circuit will be in a position to be fully EWL hardened in the future. The Design Guidelines are

primarily associated with changes in pole class, pole type, and desired span lengths to be utilized. The Design Guidelines standardize the design and construction of new pole lines and major planned work to ensure that these projects align with FPL's hardening strategy.

FPL's current pole sizing guidelines provide for a minimum installation of: Class 2 wood poles for all new feeder and three-phase lateral work; Class 3 wood pole for two-phase and single-phase lateral work; and Class 3 wood pole for service and secondary work. For critical poles, FPL's current pole sizing guidelines provide for the installation of concrete poles at accessible locations. These guidelines significantly increase the wind ratings (up to nearly 50 percent) from the Design Guidelines in place prior to 2007. FPL's current Distribution Design Guidelines are provided in Appendix D.

To determine how an existing overhead circuit or critical pole will be hardened, a field survey of the circuit facilities is performed. By capturing detailed information at each pole location, such as pole type, class, span distance, attachments, wire size, and framing, a comprehensive wind-loading analysis can be performed to determine the current wind rating of each pole, and ultimately the circuit itself. This data is then used to identify specific pole locations on the circuit that do not meet the desired wind rating. For all poles that do not meet the applicable EWL, FPL develops recommendations to increase the allowable wind rating of the pole.

FPL plans to continue to utilize its "design toolkit" that focuses on evaluating and using cost-effective hardening options for each location, including:

- Storm Guying – Installing a guy wire in each direction perpendicular to the line, which is a very cost-effective option but is dependent on proper field conditions;
- Equipment Relocation – Moving equipment on a pole to a stronger pole nearby;
- Intermediate Pole – Installing an additional single pole within long span lengths, which reduce the span length and increases the wind rating of both adjacent poles;

- Upgrading Pole Class – Replacing the existing pole with a higher class pole to increase the pole’s wind rating; and;
- Undergrounding Facilities – Evaluated on a case-by-case basis using site-specific factors and conditions.

These options are not mutually exclusive and, when used in combination with sound engineering practices, provide cost-effective methods to harden a circuit. FPL’s design recommendations also take into consideration issues such as hardening, mitigation (minimizing damage), and restoration (improving the efficiency of restoration in the event of failure). Since multiple factors can contribute to losing power after a storm, utilizing this multi-faceted approach to pole design helps to reduce the amount of work required to restore power to a damaged circuit.

b. Benefits of the Distribution Feeder Hardening Program

Distribution feeders are the backbone of the distribution system and are critical component to providing safe and reliable electric service to FPL’s customers. Thus, improving the storm resiliency of distribution feeders logically provides substantial benefits for customers. Therefore, hardening distribution feeders has been and continues to be one of FPL’s highest storm hardening priorities.

During the period 2006-2019, FPL hardened over 1,300 existing feeders, the vast majority being Critical Infrastructure Function (“CIF”) feeders (*i.e.*, feeders that serve hospitals, 911 centers, police and fire stations, water treatment facilities, county emergency operation centers) and Community Project feeders (*i.e.*, feeders that serve other key community needs like gas stations, grocery stores, and pharmacies) throughout FPL’s service territory. Additional feeders were hardened as a result of FPL’s Priority Feeder Initiative, a reliability program that targeted feeders experiencing the highest number of interruptions and/or customers interrupted. As of year-end 2019, approximately 54% of FPL’s feeders were either hardened or placed underground. Additionally, FPL has hardened 125 highway crossings and over 300 “01” switches (first pole out of a substation with a feeder switch). FPL also applied EWL to the design and construction of new pole

lines and major planned work, including pole line extensions and relocations and certain pole replacements.

As provided in previous FPL Annual Reliability Report filings and three-year Storm Hardening Plan filings (per Rule 25-6.0342, F.A.C.) hardened feeders perform better than non-hardened feeders. This has been demonstrated in-day-to-day reliability performance and during severe storms. For example, when comparing day-to-day reliability performance, hardened feeders have performed 40% better than non-hardened feeders. Also, during Hurricanes Matthew and Irma, hardened feeders performed better than non-hardened feeders.

Additionally, in Docket No. 20170215-EU, the Commission reviewed the electric utilities' storm hardening and storm preparedness programs and found for Hurricane Irma that: (1) outage rates were nearly 20% less for hardened feeders than non-hardened feeders; (2) CMH to restore hardened feeders were 50% less than non-hardened feeders (primarily due to hardened feeders experiencing less damage than non-hardened hardened feeders); and (3) hardened feeders had significantly less pole failures as compared to non-hardened feeders.¹⁷

2. Actual/Estimated Start and Completion Dates

FPL initiated its feeder hardening initiative in 2006. As of year-end 2019, there are approximately 1,600 feeders remaining to be hardened or placed underground. FPL expects to harden approximately 250-350 feeders annually, with 100% of FPL's feeders expected to be hardened or underground by year-end 2024 and with the final costs of the program to be incurred in 2025.

¹⁷ See *Review of Florida's Electric Utility Hurricane Preparedness and Restoration Actions 2018*, Docket No. 20170215-EU (July 24, 2018), available at <http://www.psc.state.fl.us/library/filings/2018/04847-2018/04847-2018.pdf>.

3. Cost Estimates

Estimated distribution feeder hardening costs are determined utilizing the length of each feeder, the average historical feeder hardening cost per mile, and updated cost assumptions (e.g., labor and materials).

The table below provides a comparison of the 2017-2019 total actual distribution feeder hardening costs with the 2020-2022 (first three years of the SPP) total estimated distribution feeder hardening costs and the total estimated distribution feeder hardening costs to be incurred over the period of 2020-2025¹⁸:

| | Total Program Costs (millions) | Annual Average Program Costs (millions) |
|-----------|---|--|
| 2017-2019 | \$1,492 | \$497 |
| 2020-2022 | \$1,958 | \$653 |
| 2020-2025 | \$3,206 | \$534 |

Further details regarding the SPP distribution feeder hardening costs, including estimated annual capital expenditures are provided in Appendix C.¹⁹

4. Comparison of Costs and Benefits

As provided in Section IV(C)(3) above, during 2020-2025, total costs for FPL's Feeder Hardening (EWL) – Distribution Program average approximately \$534 million per year through 2025. Benefits associated with the Feeder Hardening (EWL) – Distribution Program discussed in Sections II and IV(C)(1)(b) above, include improved storm resiliency as well as improved day-to-day reliability.

5. Criteria used to Select and Prioritize the Program

As explained above, there are approximately 1,600 feeders remaining to be hardened or placed underground. FPL attempts to spread its annual projects throughout its service territory. In prioritizing the remaining existing feeders to be hardened each year,

¹⁸ It is currently estimated that 100% of FPL's feeders will be hardened or underground by year-end 2024, with the final costs to be incurred in 2025.

¹⁹ See footnote 14.

considerations include the feeder's historical reliability performance, restoration difficulties (e.g., environmentally sensitive areas, islands with no vehicle access, river crossings, etc.), on-going or upcoming internal/external projects (e.g., FPL maintenance or system expansion projects, municipal overhead/underground conversion project or municipal road project) and geographic location.

At this time, FPL has not identified any areas where the Feeder Hardening (EWL) – Distribution Program would not be feasible, reasonable or practical.

D. Lateral Hardening (Undergrounding) – Distribution Program

1. Description of the Program and Benefits

In 2018, FPL implemented a three-year Commission-approved SSUP Pilot. The SSUP Pilot is a program that targets certain overhead laterals for conversion from overhead to underground. As part of its SPP, FPL will expand undergrounding laterals in 2021-2029. Below is an overview of FPL's Lateral Hardening (Undergrounding) – Distribution Program and the associated benefits.

a. Overview of the Distribution Lateral Hardening Program

As part of the SPP, FPL will complete its existing approved three-year SSUP Pilot (in 2020) and expand the application of the SSUP during 2021-2029 to the implementation of the system-wide Lateral Hardening (Undergrounding) – Distribution Program. The SSUP Pilot targeted certain overhead laterals that were impacted by recent storms and that have a history of vegetation-related outages and other reliability issues for conversion from overhead to underground. Key objectives of the SSUP Pilot included validating conversion costs and identifying cost savings opportunities, testing different design philosophies, better understanding customer impacts and sentiments, and identifying barriers (e.g., obtaining easements, placement of transformers, and attaching entities' issues).

Two design options are being utilized when FPL converts overhead laterals to underground, referred to as the North American and the European designs. The North American design currently is the predominant design, but both undergrounding designs eliminate all overhead lateral and service wire. The North American design generally

utilizes more primary conductor and a greater number of smaller-sized transformers, with less customers per transformer, and is better suited for front lot construction and service. The European design utilizes more secondary conductor, and a smaller number of larger-sized transformers, with more customers per transformer, and is better suited for rear lot construction and service. Where practical, FPL attempts to relocate existing facilities from the rear of to the front of customers' premises; however, there are instances where that option is not available (e.g., FPL is unable to obtain easements in front of customers' premises). FPL's standard design is the North American design (front lot construction), but FPL is gaining important experience and knowledge from its utilization of the European design (rear lot construction), which it can then better utilize for future projects as appropriate.

As part of the conversion process, FPL is also installing meter base adaptors that allow underground service to be provided to the customer by utilizing the existing meter and meter enclosure. The meter base adaptors minimize the impact on customer-owned equipment and facilities. For example, in certain situations, overhead to underground conversions of electric service can trigger a local electrical code requirement that necessitates a customer upgrade of the home's electric service panel. This can cost the customer thousands of dollars. However, by utilizing a meter base adaptor, overall costs are reduced and customers are able to avoid the need and expense to convert their electrical service panels.

b. Benefits of the Distribution Lateral Hardening Program

Laterals make up the majority of FPL's distribution system. For example, system-wide, there are over 180,000 laterals (including laterals with multi-stage fusing), in contrast to approximately 3,300 feeders, and there are 1.8 times as many miles of overhead laterals as there are overhead feeders (approximately 23,000 miles vs. 13,000 miles, respectively). Additionally, while feeders are predominately located in the front of customers' premises, many laterals are "rear of" or behind customers' premises. This is especially the case in older neighborhoods located throughout FPL's service territory. Generally, facilities in the rear of customers' premises take longer to restore than facilities in front of customers' premises because rear-located facilities are more difficult to access

and are more likely to be near vegetation. This results in a greater amount of CMH being devoted to laterals during storm restoration.

The basis for FPL's SSUP Pilot and the proposal to expand upon the Pilot under the SPP is the performance of the underground facilities as compared to overhead facilities and the extensive damage to the overhead facilities caused by vegetation during Hurricanes Matthew and Irma. This performance was demonstrated by the results of FPL's analysis referenced above in Section IV(A)(1)(b) and contained in the Commission's *Review of Florida's Electric Utility Hurricane Preparedness and Restoration Actions in 2018*,²⁰ which is summarized in the table below:

| Storm and Facility | Laterals Out | Total Laterals | % Out |
|---------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|--------------|
| Matthew OH | 3,473 | 82,729 | 4% |
| Matthew UG | 238 | 101,892 | 0.2% |
| Irma OH | 20,341 | 84,574 | 24% |
| Irma UG | 3,767 | 103,384 | 4% |

Finally, it is important to note that underground facilities also perform better than overhead facilities on a day-to-day basis. For example, based on the reliability performance metrics for overhead and underground facilities provided to the Commission in FPL's February 28, 2020 Annual Reliability Report filing, the System Average Interruption Duration Index ("SAIDI") for underground facilities is significantly better than hybrid facilities (combination of overhead and underground) or overhead facilities as shown in the table below:

| Year | SAIDI²¹ | | |
|-------------|---------------------------|-----------|---------------|
| | UG | OH | Hybrid |
| 2015 | 21.4 | 102.4 | 60.0 |
| 2016 | 17.2 | 80.4 | 57.6 |
| 2017 | 17.7 | 89.6 | 55.5 |
| 2018 | 21.2 | 89.0 | 54.2 |
| 2019 | 30.3 | 87.4 | 49.4 |

²⁰ See footnote 17.

²¹ See pages 93-97 of FPL's February 28, 2020 Annual Reliability Report filing for more details on day-to-day reliability performance - overhead vs. underground.

2. Actual/Estimated Start and Completion Dates

FPL's SSUP Pilot was initiated in 2018. By the end of 2020, the third and final year of the SSUP Pilot, FPL expects to have converted a total of 220-230 laterals from overhead to underground, which is consistent with the SSUP Pilot's plan most recently approved in Docket No. 20180144-EI. As part of its SPP, FPL will incorporate, continue, and expand the SSUP to provide the benefits of underground lateral hardening throughout its system. After completing the SSUP Pilot in 2020, FPL estimates it will convert 300-700 laterals annually. In 2024-2029 FPL estimates it will convert 800-900 laterals annually.

3. Cost Estimates

Estimated lateral undergrounding costs are determined utilizing the length of each lateral, the average historical lateral undergrounding cost per mile, and updated cost assumptions (e.g., labor and materials). The table below provides a comparison of the 2018-2019 total actual costs for the SSUP Pilot with the 2020-2022 (first three years of the SPP) total estimated distribution lateral hardening program costs and the 2020-2029 total estimated distribution lateral hardening program costs:

| | Total Program Costs (millions) | Annual Average Program Costs (millions) |
|-------------------------|---|--|
| 2018-2019 ²² | \$76 | \$38 |
| 2020-2022 | \$676 | \$225 |
| 2020-2029 | \$5,101 | \$510 |

Further details regarding the SPP estimated distribution lateral hardening program costs, including estimated annual capital expenditures are provided in Appendix C.²³

4. Comparison of Costs and Benefits

As provided in Section IV(D)(3) above, during 2020-2029, total costs for FPL's Lateral Hardening (Undergrounding) – Distribution Program average approximately \$510 million per year. Benefits associated with the Lateral Hardening (Undergrounding) – Distribution

²² The Storm Secure Underground Program Pilot was initiated in 2018.

²³ See footnote 14.

Program discussed in Sections II AND IV(D)(1)(b) above, include improved storm resiliency as well as improved day-to-day reliability.

5. Criteria used to Select and Prioritize the Program

FPL will select/prioritize future laterals for conversion to undergrounding based on an overall feeder performance methodology. Rather than selecting individual “stand-alone” laterals, FPL will underground all the laterals on a feeder such that when a hardened feeder that has experienced an outage is restored, all associated underground laterals would also be restored (unless the underground lateral was damaged).

On average, there are currently 20-30 overhead laterals on a feeder. The selection and prioritization of the laterals to be converted will be based on a methodology that considers: (a) all of the overhead laterals on each feeder; (b) outage experience during the recent Hurricanes Matthew and Irma; (c) the number of vegetation-related outages experienced over the most recent 10 years; and (d) the total number of lateral and transformer outages experienced over the most recent 10 years. These overhead lateral factors are totaled for each feeder, and the feeders are ranked based on these totals. All laterals on the feeders will then be hardened according to the ranking of each feeder.

In order to optimize resources and provide lateral hardening throughout FPL’s system, lateral hardening projects will be performed annually in all sixteen (16) of FPL’s management areas. At this time, FPL has not identified any areas where the Lateral Hardening (Undergrounding) – Distribution Program would not be feasible, reasonable, or practical. However, in areas that are more prone to flooding or storm surge, FPL will consider alternative construction methods (e.g., elevating transformer pads).

E. Wood Structures Hardening (Replacing) – Transmission Program

1. Description of the Program and Benefits

The Wood Structure Hardening (Replacing) – Transmission Program included in the SPP is a continuation of FPL’s existing transmission hardening program through the end of 2022, when FPL expects that 100% of its transmission structures will be steel or concrete.

Below is an overview of FPL's existing transmission wood structure hardening program and the associated benefits.

a. Overview of the Transmission Hardening Program

While FPL's transmission facilities were affected by the 2004 and 2005 storms, the damage experienced was significantly less than the damage sustained by distribution facilities. A primary reason for this resulted from the fact that transmission structures were, at that time, already constructed to meet EWL consistent with Florida Statute 366.04 and the National Electrical Safety Code, Rule 250 C.

Based on the forensic data collected from the 2004 and 2005 storms, FPL implemented a Commission-approved transmission storm hardening initiative to replace all wood transmission structures, which accounted for nearly 70 percent of all transmission structures replaced during the 2004-2005 storm seasons, with steel or concrete structures. As explained below, this initiative is ongoing and expected to be completed by the end of 2022. As part of its SPP, FPL will continue its initiative to replace all wood transmission structures with steel or concrete structures.

b. Benefits of the Transmission Hardening Program

While an outage associated with distribution facilities (e.g., a transformer, lateral, or feeder) can impact up to several thousands of customers, a transmission-related outage can result in an outage affecting tens of thousands of customers. Additionally, an outage on a transmission facility could cause cascading (a loss of power at one transmission facility can trigger the loss of power on another interconnected transmission facility, which in turn can trigger the loss of power on another interconnected transmission facility, and so on) and result in the loss of service for hundreds of thousands of customers. As a result, the prevention of transmission-related outages is essential. As discussed earlier, while transmission facilities performed significantly better than distribution facilities during the 2004 and 2005 storms, there were several opportunities for improvement identified, including the replacement of wood transmission structures. As a result of its transmission inspection programs and its replacement of wood transmission structures, FPL's transmission facilities have demonstrated to be more storm resilient.

The table below compares the performance of FPL's transmission system for Hurricane Wilma, which occurred in 2005 before FPL implemented its current transmission hardening program, and Hurricane Irma, which occurred in 2017 after FPL implemented its current transmission hardening program:

| | Hurricane Wilma | Hurricane Irma |
|---------------------------------------|------------------------|-------------------------|
| % Line Section Outages | 37% | 17% |
| Transmission Structure Failures | 100 | 5 (all non-hardened) |
| Transmission Substations De-energized | 241 | 92 |
| Days to Restore Substation Outages | 5 | 1 |

As shown above, the impacts on FPL's transmission facilities associated with Hurricane Irma were significantly reduced from those experienced with Hurricane Wilma, even though Hurricane Irma's winds were stronger and its path impacted substantially more of FPL's facilities.

2. Actual/Estimated Start and Completion Dates

FPL implemented its transmission hardening program in 2007. As of year-end 2019, 96% of FPL's transmission structures, system-wide, were steel or concrete, with less than 2,900 (or 4%) wood structures remaining to be replaced. FPL expects to replace the 2,900 wood transmission structures remaining on its system by year-end 2022.

3. Cost Estimates

Estimated/actual annual transmission hardening costs are a function of the number of poles to be replaced, actual historical replacement costs, and updated cost assumptions (e.g., labor and materials). The vast majority of the transmission hardening program costs are capital costs resulting from replacement of the wood transmission structures.

The table below provides a comparison of the 2017-2019 total actual transmission hardening costs with the 2020-2022 (first three years of the SPP) total estimated transmission hardening costs:²⁴

| | Total Program Costs (millions) | Annual Average Program Costs (millions) |
|-----------|---|--|
| 2017-2019 | \$162 | \$54 |
| 2020-2022 | \$118 | \$39 |

Further details regarding the SPP estimated transmission hardening costs, including estimated annual capital expenditures and operating expenses, are provided in Appendix C.²⁵

4. Comparison of Costs and Benefits

As provided in Section IV(E)(3) above, during 2020-2022, total costs for FPL's Wood Structure Hardening (Replacing) – Transmission Program average approximately \$39 million per year. Benefits associated with the Wood Structure Hardening (Replacing) – Transmission Program discussed in Sections II and IV(E)(1)(b) above, include improved storm resiliency.

5. Criteria used to Select and Prioritize the Program

The annual prioritization/selection criteria for the remaining wood structures to be replaced includes proximity to high wind areas, system importance, customer counts, and coordination with other storm initiatives (e.g., distribution feeder hardening). Other economic efficiencies, such as opportunities to perform work on multiple transmission line sections within the same transmission corridor, are also considered.

At this time, FPL has not identified any areas where the replacement of the remaining wood transmission structures under the Wood Structure Hardening (Replacing) – Transmission Program would not be feasible, reasonable or practical.

²⁴ FPL expects that 100% of the remaining wood transmission structures in its system will be replaced by year-end 2022.

²⁵ See footnote 14.

F. Substation Storm Surge/Flood Mitigation Program

1. Description of the Program and Benefits

The Substation Storm Surge/Flood Mitigation Program is the only new program included in FPL's SPP. As explained below, Substation Storm Surge/Flood Mitigation Program is a new program to mitigate damage at several targeted distribution and transmission substations that are susceptible to storm surge and flooding during extreme weather events.

Historically, several FPL distribution and transmission substations have been impacted by storm surge and/or flooding as a result of extreme weather conditions. For example, as a result of flooding caused by Hurricanes Matthew and Irma, FPL's St. Augustine substation was required to be proactively de-energized (*i.e.*, shut down before water reached levels that would cause significant damage to powered substation equipment). Another example is FPL's South Daytona substation that was proactively de-energized during Hurricane Irma as a result of flooding. While proactively de-energizing those substations impacted by storm surge and/or flooding helps reduce damage to substation equipment, FPL is still required to implement both temporary flood mitigation efforts and repairs to substation facilities and equipment that become flooded as a result of extreme weather conditions.

An outage associated with distribution substations can impact up to several thousands of customers, and an outage associated with a transmission substation can result in an outage affecting tens of thousands of customers. Flooding and the need to proactively de-energize substations located in areas susceptible to storm surge and flooding can result in significant customer outages. For example, the flooding and de-energization of St. Augustine and South Daytona during Hurricane Irma resulted in more than 8,000 customer outages. Therefore, the prevention of outages at transmission and distribution substations due to storm surge or flooding is essential.

To prevent/mitigate future substation equipment damage and customer outages due to storm surge and flooding, FPL's new Substation Storm Surge/Flood Mitigation Program will target and harden certain substations located in areas throughout FPL's service

territory that are susceptible to storm surge or flooding during extreme weather events. Specifically, FPL plans to raise the equipment at certain substations above the flood level and construct flood protection walls around other substations to prevent/mitigate future damage due to storm surge and flooding.

2. Actual/Estimated Start and Completion Dates

At this time, FPL has identified between 8-10 substations where it initially plans to implement storm surge/flood mitigation measures over the next three years (2020-2022). FPL plans to initiate construction in late summer/early fall 2020 to raise the equipment at the St. Augustine substation, which is expected to be completed in 2021. In 2021 and early 2022, FPL also plans to begin construction on flood protection walls for the other 7-9 substations identified for mitigation, which is expected to be completed by 2022.

3. Cost Estimates

The storm surge/flood mitigation costs associated with St. Augustine substation (raising substation equipment) are estimated to be approximately \$10 million in total (2020 and 2021). Estimated storm surge/flood mitigation costs for the remaining 7-9 substations identified at this time (constructing surrounding flood walls) are estimated to be approximately \$13 million in total (2021 and 2022). See the table below the estimated annual program costs:

| | Total Program Costs (millions) | Annual Average Program Costs (millions) |
|-----------|---|--|
| 2020-2022 | \$23 | \$8 |

Further details regarding the SPP estimated storm surge/flood mitigation costs, including estimated annual capital expenditures and operating expenses, are provided in Appendix C.²⁶

4. Comparison of Costs and Benefits

As provided in Section IV(F)(3) above, during 2020-2022, total costs for FPL's Substation Storm Surge/Flood Mitigation Program average approximately \$8 million per year.

²⁶ See footnote 14.

Benefits associated with this program discussed in Section IV(F)(1) above, include improved storm resiliency (avoiding storm surge/flood damage), reduced customer outages and storm restoration costs.

5. Criteria used to Select and Prioritize Projects

The annual prioritization/selection criteria for the targeted substations is based on FPL's historical storm surge/flood experience, in particular, Hurricanes Matthew and Irma. At this time, for the targeted substations, FPL has not identified any areas where the upgrades would not be feasible, reasonable or practical.

G. Vegetation Management – Distribution Program

1. Description of the Program and Benefits

The Vegetation Management – Distribution Program included in the SPP is a continuation of FPL's existing Commission-approved Vegetation Management – Distribution Program. Below is an overview of FPL's existing Vegetation Management – Distribution Program and the associated benefits.

a. Overview of the Vegetation Management – Distribution Program

Prior to 2006, FPL's Vegetation Management – Distribution Program consisted of inspecting and maintaining its feeders on a three-year average trim cycle and performing targeted trimming on certain feeders more frequently (e.g., targeting vegetation with faster growth rates and palm trees) through its "mid-cycle" program. Lateral trimming was prioritized based on reliability performance. Another important component of this program was FPL's "Right Tree Right Place" initiative, which provided information to educate customers on FPL's vegetation management program and practices, safety issues, and the importance of placing trees in the proper location.

After the 2004-2005 storm seasons, the Commission determined that the "vegetation management practices of the investor-owned electric utilities do not provide adequate assurance that tree clearances for overhead distribution facilities are being maintained in a manner that is likely to reduce vegetation related storm damage. We believe that

utilities should develop more stringent distribution vegetation management programs.”²⁷ As result, FPL proposed and the Commission approved the continuation of FPL’s system-wide three-year average trim cycle for feeders, mid-cycle targeted trimming for certain feeders, and its Right Tree Right Place initiative, as well as the implementation of a new six-year average trim cycle for laterals.²⁸ These same initiatives, which have provided storm and day-to-day reliability benefits, remain in place today.

Tree limbs and branches, especially palm fronds, are among the most common causes of power outages and momentary interruptions during both day-to-day operations and storm events. The primary objective of FPL’s Vegetation Management – Distribution Program is to clear vegetation in areas where FPL is permitted to trim from the vicinity of distribution facilities and equipment in order to provide safe, reliable, and cost-effective electric service to its customers. The program is comprised of multiple initiatives designed to reduce the average time customers are without electricity as a result of vegetation-related interruptions. These include preventive maintenance initiatives (planned cycle and mid-cycle maintenance), corrective maintenance (trouble work and service restoration efforts), customer trim requests, and support of system improvement and expansion projects, which focus on long-term reliability by addressing vegetation that will impact new or upgraded overhead distribution facilities.

FPL’s Vegetation Management Distribution Program’s practices follow the NESC, the American National Standards Institute (“ANSI”) A-300, and all other applicable standards, while considering tree species, growth rates, and the location of trees in proximity to FPL’s facilities. Danger or hazard trees (leaning, structurally damaged, or diseased/dead that have a high likelihood to fail and impact FPL’s facilities) located outside of right-of-way (“ROW”), which cannot be trimmed without approval from the property owner, are identified as candidates for customer-approved removal.

Finally, a very important component of FPL’s vegetation program is providing information to customers to educate them on the company’s trimming program and practices, safety issues, and the importance of placing trees in the proper location – FPL’s “Right Tree,

²⁷ See Order No. PSC-06-0351-PAA-EI.

²⁸ See Order No. PSC-07-0468-FOF-EI.

Right Place” initiative. Right Tree, Right Place is a public education program based on FPL’s core belief that providing reliable electric service and sustaining the natural environment can go hand-in-hand and is a win-win partnership between the utility and its customers.

The SPP will continue FPL’s currently-approved distribution vegetation program, which includes the following system-wide vegetation management activities: three-year cycle for feeders; mid-cycle targeted trimming for certain feeders; six-year cycle for laterals; and continued education of customers through its Right Tree, Right Place initiative.

b. Benefits of the Vegetation Management – Distribution Program

In Order No. PSC-07-0468-FOF-EI, the Commission confirmed that FPL should continue to implement three-year and six-year average cycles for its feeders and laterals because the cycles complied with the Commission’s storm preparedness objectives to increase the level of trimming over historical levels, promote system reliability and reduce storm restoration costs.²⁹ Additionally, Commission’s orders indicated that FPL’s proposed cycles: were cost-effective; would improve day-to-day “tree SAIFI” from 0.22 to 0.16 in ten years;³⁰ and would provide savings when comparing savings on a customers interrupted (“CI”) per storm basis. Further, day-to-day distribution tree SAIFI has significantly improved as a result of FPL implementing its approved distribution vegetation management program (from 0.20 prior to the 2004-2005 storm seasons to 0.08 at year-end 2019).

Finally, another indication that the current program is providing benefits is that, while forensic analysis indicated vegetation was the overwhelming primary cause for pole and wire failures and a significant cause of outages during Hurricanes Matthew and Irma, the vast majority of damage resulted from uprooted trees, broken trunks, and broken limbs

²⁹ FPL’s proposed three-year and six-year cycles were initially approved in Order No. PSC-06-0781-PAA-EI.

³⁰ The tree-related SAIFI has averaged less than 0.09 over the last few years.

that fell into distribution facilities from outside of right-of-way, *i.e.*, beyond where FPL is currently allowed trim without approval from the property owner.

2. Actual/Estimated Start and Completion Dates

FPL's ongoing vegetation management plan was originally approved in 2007, and remains in place today. Under the SPP, FPL plans to inspect and maintain, on average, approximately 15,200 miles annually, including approximately 11,400 miles for feeders (cycle and mid-cycle) and 3,800 miles for laterals. This is comparable to the approximately 15,200 miles inspected and maintained annually, on average, for 2017-2019.

3. Cost Estimates

The vast majority of vegetation management costs are associated with cycle and mid-cycle trimming, which is performed by several FPL-approved contractors throughout FPL's system. Other vegetation management costs include costs associated with day-to-day restoration activities (*e.g.*, summer afternoon thunderstorms), removals, debris cleanup, and support (*e.g.*, arborists, supervision, back office support). Costs associated with vegetation management are generally operating expenses.

The table below provides a comparison of the 2017-2019 total actual distribution vegetation management costs with the 2020-2022 (first three years of the SPP) total estimated distribution vegetation management costs and the 2020-2029 total estimated distribution vegetation management costs:³¹

| | Total Program Costs (millions) | Annual Average Program Costs (millions) |
|-----------|---|--|
| 2017-2019 | \$189 | \$63 |
| 2020-2022 | \$183 | \$61 |
| 2020-2029 | \$596 | \$60 |

Further details regarding the SPP estimated distribution vegetation management costs,

³¹ The vegetation management costs shown in the table below exclude storm-related vegetation management costs.

including estimated annual capital expenditures and operating expenses, are provided in Appendix C.³²

4. Comparison of Costs and Benefits

As provided in Section IV(G)(3) above, during 2020-2029, total costs for FPL's Vegetation Management – Distribution Program average approximately \$60 million per year. Benefits associated with the Vegetation Management – Distribution Program discussed in Sections II and IV(G)(1)(b) above, include increased storm resiliency.

5. Criteria Used to Select and Prioritize the Program

The primary reason for maintaining feeders on a three-year average cycle, as opposed to a six-year average cycle for laterals, is that a feeder outage can affect, on average, approximately 1,500 customers as compared to an outage on a lateral line that can affect, on average, approximately 35 customers. FPL enhances its approved feeder inspection and trimming plan through its mid-cycle trimming program, which encompasses patrolling and trimming feeders between planned maintenance cycles to address tree conditions that may cause an interruption prior to the next planned cycle trim. Mid-cycle work units typically have a trim age of 12 to 18 months and usually involve certain fast-growing trees (e.g., palm trees) that need to be addressed before the next scheduled cycle trim date.

Additionally, customers often contact FPL with requests to trim trees around distribution lines in their neighborhoods and near their homes. As a result of these discussions with customers and/or a follow-up investigation, FPL either performs the necessary trimming or determines that the requested trimming can be addressed more efficiently by completing it through the normal scheduled cycle trimming.

Cycle trimming is prioritized annually to ensure compliance with cycle schedules. At this time, FPL has not identified any areas where the Vegetation Management – Distribution Program would not be feasible, reasonable or practical.

³² See footnote 14.

H. **Vegetation Management – Transmission Program**

1. Description of the Program and Benefits

The Vegetation Management – Transmission Program included in the SPP is a continuation of FPL's existing transmission vegetation management program. Below is an overview of FPL's existing transmission vegetation management program and the associated benefits.

a. Overview of the Vegetation Management - Transmission Program

The North American Electric Reliability Corporation's (NERC) vegetation management standards/requirements serve as the basis for FPL's transmission vegetation management program. The reliability objective of these standards/requirements is to prevent vegetation-related outages that could lead to cascading by utilizing effective vegetation maintenance while recognizing that certain outages such as those due to vandalism, human errors, and acts of nature are not preventable. Transmission lines that must conform with these standards/requirements include lines operated at or above 200 kV or any line that is either an element of the Interconnection Reliability Operating Limit (IROL) or the Western Electricity Coordinating Council (WECC).

For FPL, just over 4,300 miles of its transmission system (or nearly two-thirds of all of FPL's total transmission system) are subject to NERC's vegetation management standards/requirements. NERC's vegetation management standards/requirements include annual inspection requirements, executing 100% of a utility's annual vegetation work plan, and to prevent any encroachment into established minimum vegetation clearance distances ("MVCD").

The key elements of FPL's transmission vegetation management program are to inspect the transmission right-of-ways, document vegetation inspection results and findings, prescribe a work plan, and execute the work plan.

FPL conducts ground inspections of all transmission corridors annually for work planning purposes. During these inspections, FPL identifies vegetation capable of approaching the defined Vegetation Action Threshold ("VAT"). VAT is a calculated distance from the

transmission line that factors in MVCD, conductor sag/sway potential, and a buffer. The identified vegetation is given a work prescription and then prioritized and organized into batches of work, which collectively become the annual work plan.

For transmission lines that are subject to NERC's vegetation management standards/requirements, FPL also uses a technology called "LiDAR," short for light detection and ranging. LiDAR is a remote sensing technology that uses light in the form of a pulsed laser to measure ranges (distances) to a target. For vegetation management purposes, LiDAR is used to measure distance between vegetation and transmission lines. LiDAR patrols are conducted annually for all NERC transmission corridors. Data collected by the LiDAR patrols is then used to develop annual preventative and reactive work plans.

In its SPP, FPL will continue its current transmission vegetation management plan, which includes visual and aerial inspections of all transmission line corridors, LiDAR inspections of NERC transmission line corridors, developing and executing annual work plans to address identified vegetation conditions, and identifying and addressing priority and hazard tree conditions prior to and during storm season.

b. *Benefits of the Vegetation Management – Transmission Program*

The benefits of a Vegetation Management – Transmission Program are self-evident and the consequences of not having a reasonable transmission vegetation management plan can be extreme. As discussed previously, the transmission system is the backbone of the electric grid. While outages associated with distribution facilities (e.g., a transformer, lateral, or feeder) can result in an outage affecting anywhere from a few customers up to several thousands of customers, a transmission related outage can affect tens of thousands of customers. Additionally, an outage on a transmission facility could cause cascading and result in the loss of service for hundreds of thousands of customers. As such, it is imperative that vegetation impacting transmission facilities be properly maintained using reasonable and appropriate cycles and standards to help ensure they are prepared for storms. For these reasons, it is no surprise that NERC has developed

prescriptive vegetation management requirements for transmission facilities to help prevent such damage from occurring.

FPL also notes that while vegetation-related damage and transmission line outages occurred during Hurricanes Matthew and Irma, the vast majority of such damages/outages were caused by vegetation located outside of the right-of-way, *i.e.*, beyond where FPL is currently allowed to trim without approval from the property owner, which further demonstrates that FPL's historical efforts in this area have been beneficial.

2. Actual/Estimated Start and Completion Dates

FPL's Vegetation Management – Transmission Program is an ongoing program, initiated decades ago. Under the SPP, FPL plans to inspect and maintain, on average, approximately 7,000 miles annually, including approximately 4,300 miles for NERC transmission line corridors and 2,700 miles for non-NERC transmission line corridors. This is comparable to the approximately 7,000 miles inspected and maintained annually, on average, for 2017-2019.

3. Cost Estimates

The vast majority of vegetation management costs are associated with annual inspections and the execution of planned work to address identified conditions, which is performed by several FPL approved contractors throughout FPL's system. Other vegetation management costs include costs associated with day-to-day restoration activities (*e.g.*, summer afternoon thunderstorms), removals, debris cleanup, and support (*e.g.*, arborists, supervision, back office support). Costs associated with vegetation management are generally operating expenses.

The table below provides a comparison of the 2017-2019 total actual transmission vegetation management costs with the 2020-2022 (first three years of the SPP) total estimated transmission vegetation management costs and the 2020-2029 total estimated transmission vegetation management costs:³³

³³ The vegetation management costs shown in the table below exclude storm-related vegetation management costs.

| | Total Program Costs (millions) | Annual Average Program Costs (millions) |
|-----------|---|--|
| 2017-2019 | \$27 | \$9 |
| 2020-2022 | \$27 | \$9 |
| 2020-2029 | \$96 | \$10 |

Further details regarding the SPP estimated transmission vegetation management costs, including estimated annual capital expenditures and operating expenses, are provided in Appendix C.³⁴

4. Comparison of Costs and Benefits

As provided in Section IV(H)(3) above, during 2020-2029, total costs for FPL’s Vegetation Management – Transmission Program average approximately \$10 million per year. Benefits associated with the Vegetation Management – Transmission Program discussed in Sections II and IV(H)(1)(b) above, include increased storm resiliency. The execution of FPL’s Vegetation Management – Transmission Program is a significant factor in mitigating damage to transmission facilities and avoiding transmission-related outages.

5. Criteria used to Select and Prioritize the Programs

Priority vegetation conditions and hazard tree conditions are completed annually prior to storm season. Additionally, prior to and during the storm season, FPL conducts aerial inspections of transmission corridors to identify hazard trees and any priority vegetation locations. Priority vegetation conditions and hazard tree conditions identified through aerial inspections are addressed as soon as possible.

At this time, FPL has not identified any areas where the Vegetation Management – Transmission Program would not be feasible, reasonable or practical.

³⁴ See footnote 14.

V. Detailed Information on the First Three Years of the SPP (2020-2022)

A. Detailed Description for the First Year of the SPP (2020)

The following additional information required by Rule 25-6.030(3)(e)(1), F.A.C., for the first year of the SPP (2020) is provided in Appendix E. (1) the actual or estimated construction start and completion dates; (2) a description of the affected existing facilities, including number and type(s) of customers served, historic service reliability performance during extreme weather conditions, and how this data was used to prioritize the storm protection projects; (3) a cost estimate including capital and operating expenses. A description of the criteria used to select and prioritize the storm protection programs is included in the description of each SPP program provided in Section IV.

B. Detailed Description of the Second and Third Years of the SPP (2021-2022)

Additional details required by Rule 25-6.030(3)(e)(2), F.A.C., for the second and third years of the SPP (2021-2022), including the estimated number and costs of projects under every program, is provided in in Appendix C.

C. Detailed Description of the Vegetation Management Activities for the First Three Years of the SPP (2020-2022)

The following additional information required by Rule 25-6.030(3)(f), F.A.C., for the first three years of the vegetation management activities under the SPP (2020-2022) is provided in n Sections IV(G) and IV(H) above and Appendix C: the projected frequency (trim cycle); the projected miles of affected transmission and distribution overhead facilities; the estimated annual labor and equipment costs for both utility and contractor personnel. A description of how the vegetation management activities will reduce outage times and restoration costs due to extreme weather conditions is provided in Sections IV(G) and IV(H) above.

VI. Estimate of Annual Jurisdictional Revenue Requirements for the 2020-2029 SPP

Pursuant to Rule 25-6.030(3)(f), F.A.C., the table below provides the estimated annual jurisdictional revenue requirements for each year of the SPP.

| Estimated Annual Revenue Requirements (millions) | |
|---|-----------|
| 2020 | \$257.3 |
| 2021 | \$368.8 |
| 2022 | \$494.0 |
| 2023 | \$625.2 |
| 2024 | \$760.6 |
| 2025 | \$877.9 |
| 2026 | \$963.4 |
| 2027 | \$1,036.8 |
| 2028 | \$1,110.7 |
| 2029 | \$1,185.0 |

While FPL has provided estimated costs by program as of the time of this filing and associated total revenue requirements in its SPP, consistent with the requirements of Rule 25-6.030, F.A.C., subsequent projected and actual program costs submitted for cost recovery through the Storm Protection Plan Cost Recovery Clause (per Rule 25-6.031, F.A.C.,) could vary by as much as 10-15%, which would then also impact associated estimated revenue requirements and rate impacts. The projected costs, actual/ estimated costs, actuals costs, and true-up of actual costs to be included in FPL's Storm Protection

Plan Cost Recovery Clause will all be addressed in subsequent filings in separate storm protection plan cost recovery clause dockets pursuant to Rule 25-6.031, F.A.C.³⁵

VII. Estimated Rate Impacts for First Three Years of the SPP (2020-2022)

FPL anticipates the programs included in the SPP will have zero bill impacts on customer bills during the first year of the SPP and only minimal bill increases for years two and three of the SPP. An estimate of hypothetical overall rate impacts for the first three years of the SPP (2020-2022), without regard for the fact that FPL remains under a general base rate freeze pursuant to a Commission-approved settlement agreement through December 31, 2021, as stated in footnote 36 below are based on the total program costs reflected in this filing.³⁶ The projected costs, actual/estimated costs, actuals costs, and true-up of actual costs to be included in FPL's Storm Protection Plan Cost Recovery Clause will all be addressed in subsequent filings in Storm Protection Plan Cost Recovery Clause dockets pursuant to Rule 25-6.031, F.A.C.³⁷

Pursuant to Rule 25-6.031, F.A.C., FPL has not identified any reasonable implementation alternatives that could mitigate the resulting rate impact for each of the first three years of the SPP. As explained above, FPL's SPP is largely a continuation of existing Commission-approved storm hardening programs and initiatives, which have already demonstrated that they have and will continue to provide increased T&D infrastructure resiliency, reduced restoration time, and reduced restoration costs when FPL's system is impacted by severe weather events. Further, as explained above, the estimated costs

³⁵ The Commission has opened Docket No. 20200092-EI to address Storm Protection Plan Cost Recovery Clause petitions to be filed the third quarter of 2020.

³⁶ Pursuant to Rule 25-6.030(3)(h), F.A.C., the hypothetical rate impacts for FPL's typical residential, commercial, and industrial customers for the first three years of the SPP (2020-2022) without regard for the fact that FPL remains under a general base rate freeze pursuant to a Commission-approved settlement agreement through December 31, 2021, are as follows for 2020, 2021, and 2022, respectively: Residential (RS-1) \$0.00250/kWh, \$0.00357/kWh, and \$0.00478/kWh; Commercial (GSD-1) \$0.81/kW, \$1.15/kW, and \$1.54/kW; and Industrial (GSLDT-3) \$0.05/kW, \$0.08/kW and \$0.10/kW. These rate impacts are for all programs included in the SPP and are based on the total estimated costs as of the time of this filing, which could vary by as much as 10% to 15%, regardless of whether those costs will be recovered in FPL's Storm Protection Plan Cost Recovery Clause or through base rates.

³⁷ See footnote 34.

for the programs included in FPL's SPP are consistent with the historical costs incurred for the existing storm hardening and storm preparedness programs, which were most recently approved in FPL's 2019-2021 Storm Hardening Plan.

VIII. Conclusion

The Florida Legislature has determined that it is in the State's interest to "strengthen electric utility infrastructure to withstand extreme weather conditions by promoting the overhead hardening of distribution and transmission facilities, undergrounding of certain distribution lines, and vegetation management," and for each electric utility to "mitigate restoration costs and outage times to utility customers when developing transmission and distribution storm protection plans." Section 366.96(1), F.S. Based on these findings, the Florida Legislature concluded that it is in the State's interest for each electric utility to develop and file a SPP for the overhead hardening and increased resilience of electric T&D facilities, undergrounding of electric distribution facilities, and vegetation management. See Sections 366.96(1)-(3).

FPL's SPP is a systematic approach to achieve the legislative objectives of reducing restoration costs and outage times associated with extreme weather events and enhancing reliability. As explained above, FPL's SPP is largely a continuation and expansion of its existing and already successful storm hardening and storm preparedness programs previously approved by the Commission, as well as a new storm hardening program to harden certain targeted substations that are susceptible to storm surge or flooding during extreme weather events. Based on the recent experiences of Hurricanes Matthew and Irma, the existing storm hardening programs have a demonstrated and proven track record of mitigating and reducing restoration CMH, outage times, and storm restoration costs, as well as improving day-to-day reliability. FPL's SPP will continue and expand these important benefits to customers and the State.

APPENDIX A

QUESTION:

Please complete the table below summarizing hardened facilities that required repair or replacement as a result of Hurricanes Matthew, Hermine, Irma, Maria, and Nate.

RESPONSE:

FPL does not maintain its accounting records at the level of detail required to provide the requested information as they do not differentiate hardened facilities from non-hardened facilities, nor do they track which assets were repaired. However, FPL does track certain assets, at the total system level, that were requested and replaced during each hurricane as reflected in the tables below. Note, FPL did not track storm repairs/replacements for Hurricanes Maria and Nate as Hurricane Maria did not impact FPL's service territory and Nate had limited impact. Also, Hurricanes Matthew and Irma capital details associated with follow-up work are not yet available by plant account as these costs have not yet been unitized from account 106 to account 101 by plant account.

| Hurricane Matthew | Number of Facilities Requiring | |
|----------------------------|---------------------------------------|--------------------|
| | Repair | Replacement |
| <i>Transmission</i> | | |
| Structures | N/A | 0 |
| Substations | N/A | 0 |
| | | |
| Total | N/A | 0 |
| <i>Distribution</i> | | |
| Poles | N/A | 656 |
| Substation | N/A | 0 |
| Feeder OH | N/A | 0 |
| Feeder UG | N/A | 0 |
| Feeder Combined | N/A | 0 |
| Lateral OH | N/A | N/A |
| Lateral UG | N/A | N/A |
| Lateral Combined | N/A | N/A |
| Total | N/A | N/A |
| <i>Service</i> | | |
| Service OH | N/A | N/A |
| Service UG | N/A | N/A |
| Service Combined | N/A | N/A |
| Total | N/A | N/A |

| Hurricane Hermine | Number of Facilities Requiring | |
|----------------------------|---------------------------------------|--------------------|
| | Repair | Replacement |
| <i>Transmission</i> | | |
| Structures | N/A | 0 |
| Substations | N/A | 0 |
| Total | N/A | 0 |
| <i>Distribution</i> | | |
| Poles | N/A | 19 |
| Substation | N/A | 0 |
| Feeder OH | N/A | 0 |
| Feeder UG | N/A | 0 |
| Feeder Combined | N/A | 0 |
| Lateral OH | N/A | N/A |
| Lateral UG | N/A | N/A |
| Lateral Combined | N/A | N/A |
| Total | N/A | N/A |
| <i>Service</i> | | |
| Service OH | N/A | N/A |
| Service UG | N/A | N/A |
| Service Combined | N/A | N/A |
| Total | N/A | N/A |

| Hurricane Irma | Number of Facilities Requiring | |
|-----------------------|---------------------------------------|--------------------|
| | Repair | Replacement |
| Transmission | | |
| Structures | N/A | 0 |
| Substations | N/A | 0 |
| Total | N/A | 0 |
| Distribution | | |
| Poles | N/A | 3,562 |
| Substation | N/A | 0 |
| Feeder OH | N/A | 0 |
| Feeder UG | N/A | 0 |
| Feeder Combined | N/A | 0 |
| Lateral OH | N/A | N/A |
| Lateral UG | N/A | N/A |
| Lateral Combined | N/A | N/A |
| Total | N/A | N/A |
| Service | | |
| Service OH | N/A | N/A |
| Service UG | N/A | N/A |
| Service Combined | N/A | N/A |
| Total | N/A | N/A |

Notes:

For Hurricane Matthew, there is a difference of 248 poles between what is provided in this discovery response for total poles replaced (656 poles) and what is provided in FPL's post-storm forensic review report for Hurricane Matthew (provided in FPL's response to Staff's Second Data Request No. 2 in this same docket) for poles that failed and needed to be replaced to restore service (408 poles). The difference is associated with poles replaced during "follow-up" - i.e., poles that were damaged (e.g., a cracked pole) as a result of the storm and needed to be replaced to restore the pole to its pre-storm condition - but did not fail during the storm and, thus, did not need to be replaced to restore service. As mentioned above in FPL's response to this data request, FPL's accounting records do not differentiate hardened facilities from non-hardened facilities and FPL did not track or maintain forensic information on the 248 distribution poles replaced as a result of follow-up work. As a result, FPL does not have a hardened vs. non-hardened breakdown for the 248 distribution poles replaced during follow-up work.

The distribution pole and transmission structure counts provided above represent the amount of pole/structure replacements FPL has recorded on its books and records associated with Hurricane Irma as of December 31, 2017. These amounts should be considered preliminary at this time as they are subject to change (e.g., the counts do not reflect poles that will be replaced during follow-up work, which has yet to be completed).

N/A – Information is not available at this level of detail in FPL’s accounting records.

For substations and feeders, FPL has stated 0 since no entire substation or feeder was replaced. However, these facilities consist of many pieces of equipment (e.g., wire, cable, breakers, transformers, cross arms and arrestors) some of which may have been replaced.

2016/2017 Hurricanes - FPL Restoration/Infrastructure Performance

FPL’s infrastructure/restoration performance for Hurricanes Matthew (2016) and Irma (2017) demonstrates that the implementation and execution of its FPSC-approved (1) ten storm preparedness initiatives (which includes vegetation management): (2) pole inspection programs; (3) storm hardening plans; and (4) tariffs to incent municipal overhead to underground conversions have provided great benefits to FPL’s customers and to the State of Florida.

During 2016 and 2017, FPL’s service territory was threatened with massive Category 4 and 5 storms. The size and scale of these storms impacted FPL’s infrastructure throughout its entire service territory (which encompasses 35 counties in the State of Florida). For both Matthew and Irma, FPL’s infrastructure storm resiliency and smart grid investments resulted in improved infrastructure resiliency performance and reduced restoration times.

2016/2017 Hurricanes - Restoration Performance

FPL saw significant improvements in overall restoration results. As can be seen in the table below, restoration results for Hurricanes Matthew and Irma show significant improvement vs. Hurricane Wilma. FPL attributes these significant improvements in restoration to the investments made to make its system smarter and more storm-resilient as well as its well-tested restoration processes. This includes FPL’s distribution and transmission storm hardening and storm preparedness initiatives, pole inspection programs, smart grid initiatives, vegetation management programs and continuous efforts to improve its restoration processes.

| | Wilma 2005 | Matthew 2016 | Irma 2017 |
|-------------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|----------------------|
| Customer Outages | 3.2M | 1.2M | 4.4M |
| % Restored / days | 50% / 5 | 99% / 2 | 50% / 1 |
| All restored / days | 18 | 4 | 10 |
| Avg. to restore / days | 5.4 | <1 | 2.1 |

2016/2017 Hurricanes – Infrastructure Performance

To assess the effectiveness of FPL's infrastructure storm hardening investments, the Company utilizes information collected through post-storm forensic data collection and various systems (e.g., FPL's outage management system) to conduct post-storm infrastructure performance analysis. These efforts and analysis allow FPL to quantify and assess its distribution and transmission infrastructure performance including the performance of: hardened and non-hardened facilities; overhead and underground facilities; and smart grid performance. For distribution, this includes reviewing the storm performance of poles, feeders and laterals. For transmission, this includes reviewing the storm performance of poles/structures, line sections and substations. The data demonstrates that hardened infrastructure performed better than non-hardened infrastructure, underground facilities performed better than overhead facilities and smart grid devices prevented a significant number of outages from occurring.

Distribution/Transmission Poles/ Structures Performance

The performance of FPL's approximately 1.2 million distribution and transmission poles/structures during Hurricanes Matthew and Irma was excellent, as hardened poles and structures performed as expected by minimizing outages and reducing restoration times. The total number of distribution/transmission poles that failed (i.e., had to be repaired/replaced in order to restore service) during Hurricanes Matthew and Irma was a mere fraction of 1% of the 1.2 million pole/structure pole population.

Additionally, hardened distribution and transmission pole performance was significantly better than non-hardened pole performance, as hardened pole failures were either non-existent (e.g., Hurricane Matthew) or significantly less than non-hardened pole failures (e.g., during Hurricane Irma, hardened feeder poles had a 0.02% failure rate, while non-hardened feeder poles had a 0.20% failure rate). Also, total poles replaced (i.e., poles that failed + poles that were replaced during follow-up work) were also a mere fraction of 1% of the total pole population and significantly less than the number of poles replaced during Hurricane Wilma.

FPL notes that for Hurricanes Matthew and Irma, while it did track hardened vs. non-hardened pole performance during restoration, it did not track poles replaced (hardened vs. non-hardened) during follow-up work, since these poles had accomplished their intended purpose of not failing during the storms. Therefore, FPL cannot provide the number of hardened poles replaced during follow up work in Hurricanes Matthew and Irma. Based on the performance of hardened poles that failed during these storms (see table below), it is highly unlikely that there would be a significant number of hardened poles, if any, that needed to be replaced during follow-up work. However, going forward, should the Commission want FPL to track replacement of hardened vs. non-hardened poles during follow-up work, FPL will begin to track this information.

FPL attributes this excellent pole performance to its FPSC-approved distribution and transmission storm hardening plan initiatives (e.g., extreme wind load construction standards for distribution poles and replacing wood transmission poles/structures) and its pole inspection programs.

Distribution Poles 12/31/17

Total Number 1,188,202
 Total Hardened 124,518*

* This number is understated as it includes only poles hardened as a result of FPL’s approved hardening plan projects, as FPL does not track or maintain the number of hardened poles installed as a result of new construction (e.g., new feeders or laterals) and/or daily work activities (e.g., maintenance, pole line extensions, relocation projects). There are also other existing poles throughout FPL’s service territory that would currently meet the NESC’s extreme wind loading criteria and therefore qualify as a hardened pole, however, FPL does not currently track or maintain that information.

| Distribution Pole Failures* | Hardened | Non-Hardened | Total |
|-----------------------------|----------|--------------|-------|
| Matthew - 2016 | 0 | 408 | 408 |
| Irma - 2017 | 26 | 2834 | 2860 |

*Broken/Fallen poles that must be repaired/replaced to restore service

Transmission Pole/Structures 12/31/17

Total 66,685
 Concrete 60,694 (91%)
 Wood 5,991 (9%)

| Transmission Pole Failures* | Hardened | Non-Hardened | Total |
|-----------------------------|----------|--------------|-------|
| Matthew - 2016 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Irma - 2017 | 0 | 5 | 5 |

*Broken/Fallen poles that must be repaired/replaced to restore service

Distribution Feeders/Laterals Performance

As demonstrated below, FPL’s hardened feeders performed significantly better than non-hardened feeders and underground feeders/laterals performed significantly better than overhead feeders/laterals. Performance was compared considering feeder and lateral outages that occurred during Hurricanes Matthew and Irma. It is also important to note that during Hurricane Irma, the Construction Man Hours (“CMH”) to restore hardened feeders was 50% less than non-hardened feeders, primarily due to hardened feeders experiencing less damage than non-hardened feeders.

It is important to note that the majority of outages for overhead facilities resulted from trees that broke and/or fell into FPL’s facilities. Many of these trees were outside of easements or public rights of way where FPL is generally allowed to trim. As a result, no additional amount of

traditional tree trimming would help mitigate this issue. Tree damage was particularly impactful on FPL laterals.

The two tables below provide feeder and lateral outage performance statistics for Hurricanes Matthew and Irma.

| Matthew | Overhead non-Hardened | | | Overhead Hardened | | | Underground | | | Total | | |
|------------------------------|-----------------------|--------|-------|-------------------|------|-------|-------------|---------|-------|-------|---------|-------|
| | Out | Pop | % Out | Out | Pop | % Out | Out | Pop | % Out | Out | Pop | % Out |
| Distribution Feeders | 280 | 2,031 | 14% | 68 | 721 | 9% | 11 | 493 | 2% | 359 | 3,245 | 13% |
| Distribution Laterals | 3,473 | 82,729 | 4% | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 238 | 101,892 | 0.2% | 3,711 | 184,621 | 2% |

Pop = Population; Lateral population includes laterals with multi-stage fusing

| IRMA- 2017 | Overhead Non-Hardened | | | Overhead Hardened | | | Underground | | | Total | | |
|------------------------------|-----------------------|--------|-------|-------------------|------|-------|-------------|---------|-------|--------|---------|-------|
| | Out | Pop | % Out | Out | Pop | % Out | Out | Pop | % Out | Out | Pop | % Out |
| Distribution Feeders | 1,609 | 1,958 | 82% | 592 | 859 | 69% | 85 | 470 | 18% | 2,286 | 3,287 | 70% |
| Distribution Laterals | 20,341 | 84,574 | 24% | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 3,767 | 103,384 | 4% | 24,108 | 187,958 | 13% |

Pop = Population; Lateral population includes laterals with multi-stage fusing

FPL notes that, overall, for Hurricane Irma, many more laterals experienced outages compared to feeders, thus laterals required significantly more time to restore (871,000 CMH) compared to feeders (170,000 CMH). FPL continues to promote its Right Tree Right Place initiative and recommends there be changes to state laws and/or local ordinances to restrict the type and location of trees and provide utilities additional trimming rights to address existing tree conditions.¹

Additionally, FPL notes that day-to-day, hardened feeders perform approximately 40% better than non-hardened feeders.

Transmission Line Sections/Substations Performance

The transmission system's performance was excellent during Hurricanes Matthew and Irma. Equipment and conductor damage was minimal as a result of our investments in transmission hardening and the installation of flood monitoring equipment in those substations located in flood prone areas. Substations that experienced outages were restored in one day. During Hurricanes Matthew and Irma, flood monitoring equipment operated as expected, providing notification which allowed FPL to proactively de-energize three substations (one in Matthew and two in Irma) and prevent potential serious damage from occurring at these substations.

¹ Where municipalities are not actively engaged in ensuring appropriate limitations on planting trees in public rights of way, restoration efforts are impeded and made more costly. In fact, one particular municipality is actively planting "wrong trees in the wrong place," in spite of FPL's direct communications and efforts to encourage its Right Tree Right Place initiative.

The tables below provide substation line section outage performance for Hurricanes Matthew and Irma.

| MATTHEW - 2016 | Overhead Non-Hardened | | | Overhead Hardened | | | Underground | | | Total | | |
|-----------------------------|-----------------------|-----|-------|-------------------|-----|-------|-------------|-----|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| | Out | Pop | % Out | Out | Pop | % Out | Out | Pop | % Out | Out | Pop | % Out |
| Trans. Line Sections | 16 | 350 | 5% | 23* | 846 | 3% | 0 | 49 | 0% | 39 | 1,245 | 3% |

| IRMA - 2017 | Overhead Non-Hardened | | | Overhead Hardened | | | Underground | | | Total | | |
|-----------------------------|-----------------------|-----|-------|-------------------|-----|-------|-------------|-----|-------|-------|------|-------|
| | Out | Pop | % Out | Out | Pop | % Out | Out | Pop | % Out | Out | Pop | % Out |
| Trans. Line Sections | 60 | 306 | 20% | 142** | 884 | 16% | 13*** | 51 | 25% | 215 | 1241 | 17% |

* 2 sections were out because substation was proactively de-energized due to flooding

** 4 sections were out because substations were proactively de-energized due to flooding

*** No underground section was damaged or failed causing an outage; however, the sections were out due to line termination equipment in substations.

The table below compares substation outage and restoration performance – Irma vs, Wilma.

| Substations | Wilma 2005 | Irma 2017 |
|------------------------|-------------------|------------------|
| De-energized | 241 | 92 |
| Restored (Days) | 5 | 1 |

Smart Grid Performance

During Hurricane Matthew and Irma, smart grid devices prevented a significant amount of customer outages, assisted with restoration efforts and reduced restoration time and costs. Specifically, automated feeder switches avoided approximately 664,000 outages during Hurricanes Matthew and Irma. Additionally, FPL's restoration crews are able to "ping" smart meters before leaving an area to ensure that power is, in fact, restored. This prevents restoration crews from leaving an area, thinking all power was restored, only to be called back when the customer informs FPL that they are still without service. FPL is also enhancing an application, first utilized during Hurricanes Matthew and Irma, whereby it will be able to "bulk meter ping" smart meters to confirm whether customers have service.

| Automated Feeder Switches | Avoided Customer Outages |
|----------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| Matthew - 2016 | 118,000 |
| Irma - 2017 | 546,000 |

Estimate of Storm Restoration Cost Savings Due to Hardening based on Storm Damage Model Simulation

The attached analysis provides an estimate of transmission and distribution storm restoration savings for Hurricanes Matthew and Irma that resulted from storm hardening completed by FPL prior to the storms' impacts. To calculate these savings, FPL utilized its Storm Damage Model (the same model FPL utilizes to estimate damage when a storm approaches FPL's service territory) to simulate damage that likely would have occurred without hardening and determine the associated required construction man hours (CMH) that would have been required to restore service in the absence of hardening, days to restore in the absence of hardening and associated incremental restoration costs. Additionally, FPL calculated the 40-year net present value of these savings for two scenarios – (1) a similar storm occurs every 3 years; and (2) a similar storm occurs every 5 years.

As indicated on the attached analysis, the 40-year net present values of the savings related to storm hardening are significant. In the absence of hardening the estimated percentage increase in CMHs for Hurricane Matthew and Hurricane Irma restoration would have been significantly higher (36% and 40%, respectively), days to restore would have been increased (50% and 40%, respectively) and restoration costs would have been greater (36% and 40%, respectively).

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Estimate of Storm Restoration Cost Savings Due to Hardening based on Storm Damage Model Simulation

| Storm | [1] [2] [3] [4] Construction Man-Hours (CMH) | | | | [5] [6] [7] [8] Days to Restore | | | | [9] [10] [11] [12] Storm Restoration Costs (Millions) | | | | [13] | [14] |
|---------|---|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|------------------------------|--|----------------------------------|--|------------------------------|--|----------------------------------|--|------------------------------|--|--|
| | Actual | Modeled System Without Hardening | Additional CMH without Hardening | % Increase without Hardening | Actual | Modeled System Without Hardening | Additional Days to Restore without Hardening | % Increase without Hardening | Actual | Modeled System Without Hardening | Additional Storm Restoration Costs without Hardening | % Increase without Hardening | 40 Yr NPV Savings Every 3 Years (2017\$) | 40 Yr NPV Savings Every 5 Years (2017\$) |
| Matthew | 257,000 | 350,000 | 93,000 | 36% | 4 | 6 | 2 | 50% | \$290 | \$395 | \$105 | 36% | \$653 | \$406 |
| Irma | 1,195,000 | 1,678,000 | 483,000 | 40% | 10 | 14 | 4 | 40% | \$1,226 | \$1,722 | \$496 | 40% | \$3,082 | \$1,915 |

Notes:

All costs and CMH are Transmission and Distribution only, and exclusive of follow-up work

- [1] Calculated based on actual storm restoration requirements
- [2] FPL storm damage model simulation results of CMH incurred without hardening
- [3] Additional CMH without hardening (Col. 2 - Col. 1)
- [4] Percent increase in CMH without hardening (Col. 3/Col. 1)
- [5] Actual days to restore service
- [6] Storm damage model simulation result of the days to restore service without hardening (assumes same restoration resources as actual)
- [7] Additional days to restore without hardening (Col. 6 - Col. 5)
- [8] Percent increase in days to restore without hardening (Col. 7/Col. 5)
- [9] Actual cost of restoration. Irma costs are preliminary
- [10] Storm damage model simulation result of restoration costs without hardening
- [11] Additional restoration costs without hardening (Col. 10 - Col. 9)
- [12] Percent increase in restoration costs without hardening ((Col. 11/Col. 9)
- [13] 40 year net present value savings assuming a similar storm every three years (calculation details attached)
- [14] 40 year net present value savings assuming a similar storm every five years (calculation details attached)

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Estimated Storm Restoration Costs Savings due to Hardening (\$MM)

| 40-Year NPV (2017\$) | Matthew Savings | |
|----------------------|-----------------|---------------|
| | Every 3 years | Every 5 years |
| | \$653 | \$406 |

Discount Rate = 7.76%

| Year | Matthew Savings | | CPI | CPI Multiplier | Matthew |
|------|-----------------|---------------|------|----------------|---------|
| | Every 3 years | Every 5 years | | | |
| 1 | \$105 | \$105 | 2.1% | 1.000 | \$105 |
| 2 | \$0 | \$0 | 2.4% | 1.024 | \$107 |
| 3 | \$0 | \$0 | 2.4% | 1.049 | \$110 |
| 4 | \$113 | \$0 | 2.6% | 1.076 | \$113 |
| 5 | \$0 | \$0 | 2.7% | 1.105 | \$115 |
| 6 | \$0 | \$118 | 1.7% | 1.124 | \$118 |
| 7 | \$121 | \$0 | 2.5% | 1.152 | \$121 |
| 8 | \$0 | \$0 | 2.4% | 1.179 | \$124 |
| 9 | \$0 | \$0 | 2.3% | 1.206 | \$127 |
| 10 | \$130 | \$0 | 2.2% | 1.233 | \$130 |
| 11 | \$0 | \$133 | 2.2% | 1.260 | \$133 |
| 12 | \$0 | \$0 | 2.2% | 1.288 | \$136 |
| 13 | \$139 | \$0 | 2.2% | 1.317 | \$139 |
| 14 | \$0 | \$0 | 2.2% | 1.346 | \$143 |
| 15 | \$0 | \$0 | 2.2% | 1.375 | \$146 |
| 16 | \$150 | \$150 | 2.1% | 1.404 | \$150 |
| 17 | \$0 | \$0 | 2.1% | 1.434 | \$153 |
| 18 | \$0 | \$0 | 2.1% | 1.464 | \$157 |
| 19 | \$161 | \$0 | 2.1% | 1.495 | \$161 |
| 20 | \$0 | \$0 | 2.1% | 1.526 | \$165 |
| 21 | \$0 | \$169 | 2.1% | 1.558 | \$169 |
| 22 | \$173 | \$0 | 2.1% | 1.590 | \$173 |
| 23 | \$0 | \$0 | 2.1% | 1.623 | \$177 |
| 24 | \$0 | \$0 | 2.1% | 1.656 | \$181 |
| 25 | \$185 | \$0 | 2.1% | 1.691 | \$185 |
| 26 | \$0 | \$190 | 2.1% | 1.727 | \$190 |
| 27 | \$0 | \$0 | 2.1% | 1.763 | \$194 |

| | | | | | |
|---------------------|--------------|--------------|------|-------|-------|
| 28 | \$199 | \$0 | 2.1% | 1.801 | \$199 |
| 29 | \$0 | \$0 | 2.2% | 1.840 | \$204 |
| 30 | \$0 | \$0 | 2.2% | 1.880 | \$209 |
| 31 | \$214 | \$214 | 2.1% | 1.920 | \$214 |
| 32 | \$0 | \$0 | 2.2% | 1.962 | \$219 |
| 33 | \$0 | \$0 | 2.1% | 2.004 | \$224 |
| 34 | \$230 | \$0 | 2.1% | 2.047 | \$230 |
| 35 | \$0 | \$0 | 2.1% | 2.090 | \$235 |
| 36 | \$0 | \$241 | 2.1% | 2.135 | \$241 |
| 37 | \$246 | \$0 | 2.1% | 2.180 | \$246 |
| 38 | \$0 | \$0 | 2.1% | 2.226 | \$252 |
| 39 | \$0 | \$0 | 2.1% | 2.274 | \$258 |
| 40 | \$265 | \$0 | 2.1% | 2.322 | \$265 |
| NPV (2017\$) | \$653 | \$406 | | | |

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Estimated Storm Restoration Costs Savings due to Hardening (\$MM)

| | Irma Savings | |
|----------------------|---------------|---------------|
| | Every 3 years | Every 5 years |
| 40-Year NPV (2017\$) | \$3,082 | \$1,915 |

Discount Rate = 7.76%

| Year | Matthew Savings | | CPI | CPI Multiplier | Irma |
|------|-----------------|---------------|------|----------------|-------|
| | Every 3 years | Every 5 years | | | |
| 1 | \$496 | \$496 | 2.1% | 1.000 | \$496 |
| 2 | \$0 | \$0 | 2.4% | 1.024 | \$507 |
| 3 | \$0 | \$0 | 2.4% | 1.049 | \$520 |
| 4 | \$532 | \$0 | 2.6% | 1.076 | \$532 |
| 5 | \$0 | \$0 | 2.7% | 1.105 | \$545 |
| 6 | \$0 | \$558 | 1.7% | 1.124 | \$558 |
| 7 | \$571 | \$0 | 2.5% | 1.152 | \$571 |
| 8 | \$0 | \$0 | 2.4% | 1.179 | \$585 |
| 9 | \$0 | \$0 | 2.3% | 1.206 | \$599 |
| 10 | \$613 | \$0 | 2.2% | 1.233 | \$613 |
| 11 | \$0 | \$628 | 2.2% | 1.260 | \$628 |
| 12 | \$0 | \$0 | 2.2% | 1.288 | \$643 |
| 13 | \$659 | \$0 | 2.2% | 1.317 | \$659 |
| 14 | \$0 | \$0 | 2.2% | 1.346 | \$674 |
| 15 | \$0 | \$0 | 2.2% | 1.375 | \$691 |
| 16 | \$707 | \$707 | 2.1% | 1.404 | \$707 |
| 17 | \$0 | \$0 | 2.1% | 1.434 | \$724 |
| 18 | \$0 | \$0 | 2.1% | 1.464 | \$742 |
| 19 | \$759 | \$0 | 2.1% | 1.495 | \$759 |
| 20 | \$0 | \$0 | 2.1% | 1.526 | \$778 |
| 21 | \$0 | \$796 | 2.1% | 1.558 | \$796 |
| 22 | \$815 | \$0 | 2.1% | 1.590 | \$815 |
| 23 | \$0 | \$0 | 2.1% | 1.623 | \$835 |
| 24 | \$0 | \$0 | 2.1% | 1.656 | \$855 |
| 25 | \$876 | \$0 | 2.1% | 1.691 | \$876 |
| 26 | \$0 | \$897 | 2.1% | 1.727 | \$897 |
| 27 | \$0 | \$0 | 2.1% | 1.763 | \$918 |

| | | | | | |
|---------------------|----------------|----------------|------|-------|---------|
| 28 | \$940 | \$0 | 2.1% | 1.801 | \$940 |
| 29 | \$0 | \$0 | 2.2% | 1.840 | \$963 |
| 30 | \$0 | \$0 | 2.2% | 1.880 | \$986 |
| 31 | \$1,009 | \$1,009 | 2.1% | 1.920 | \$1,009 |
| 32 | \$0 | \$0 | 2.2% | 1.962 | \$1,034 |
| 33 | \$0 | \$0 | 2.1% | 2.004 | \$1,058 |
| 34 | \$1,084 | \$0 | 2.1% | 2.047 | \$1,084 |
| 35 | \$0 | \$0 | 2.1% | 2.090 | \$1,110 |
| 36 | \$0 | \$1,136 | 2.1% | 2.135 | \$1,136 |
| 37 | \$1,164 | \$0 | 2.1% | 2.180 | \$1,164 |
| 38 | \$0 | \$0 | 2.1% | 2.226 | \$1,192 |
| 39 | \$0 | \$0 | 2.1% | 2.274 | \$1,220 |
| 40 | \$1,250 | \$0 | 2.1% | 2.322 | \$1,250 |
| NPV (2017\$) | \$3,082 | \$1,915 | | | |

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**FPL
 WEIGHTED AVERAGE COST OF CAPITAL**

STATE INCOME TAX 5.50%
 FEDERAL INCOME T 21.00%
 COMPOSITE INCOME TAX RAT 25.35%

MODEL DATE: 1-Jan-18

Debt Cost Based on Blue Chip Corporate Aaa and Bbb Bonds

| SOURCE | WEIGHT ⁽¹⁾ | COST ⁽²⁾ /TD | AFTER TAX | | PRE TAX | |
|--------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|--------------|--------------|---------------|----------|
| | | | COST /TD | COST /TD | COST /TD | COST /TD |
| DEBT | 40.40% | 4.88% | 1.97% | 1.47% | 1.97% | |
| COMMON | 59.60% | 10.55% | 6.29% | 6.29% | 8.42% | |
| TOTAL | 100.00% | | 8.26% | 7.76% | 10.39% | |

AFTER-TAX WACC **7.76%**

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 Consumer Prices (1982-84=1.000) All-Urban
 (Forecast adjusted to match budget assumptions)

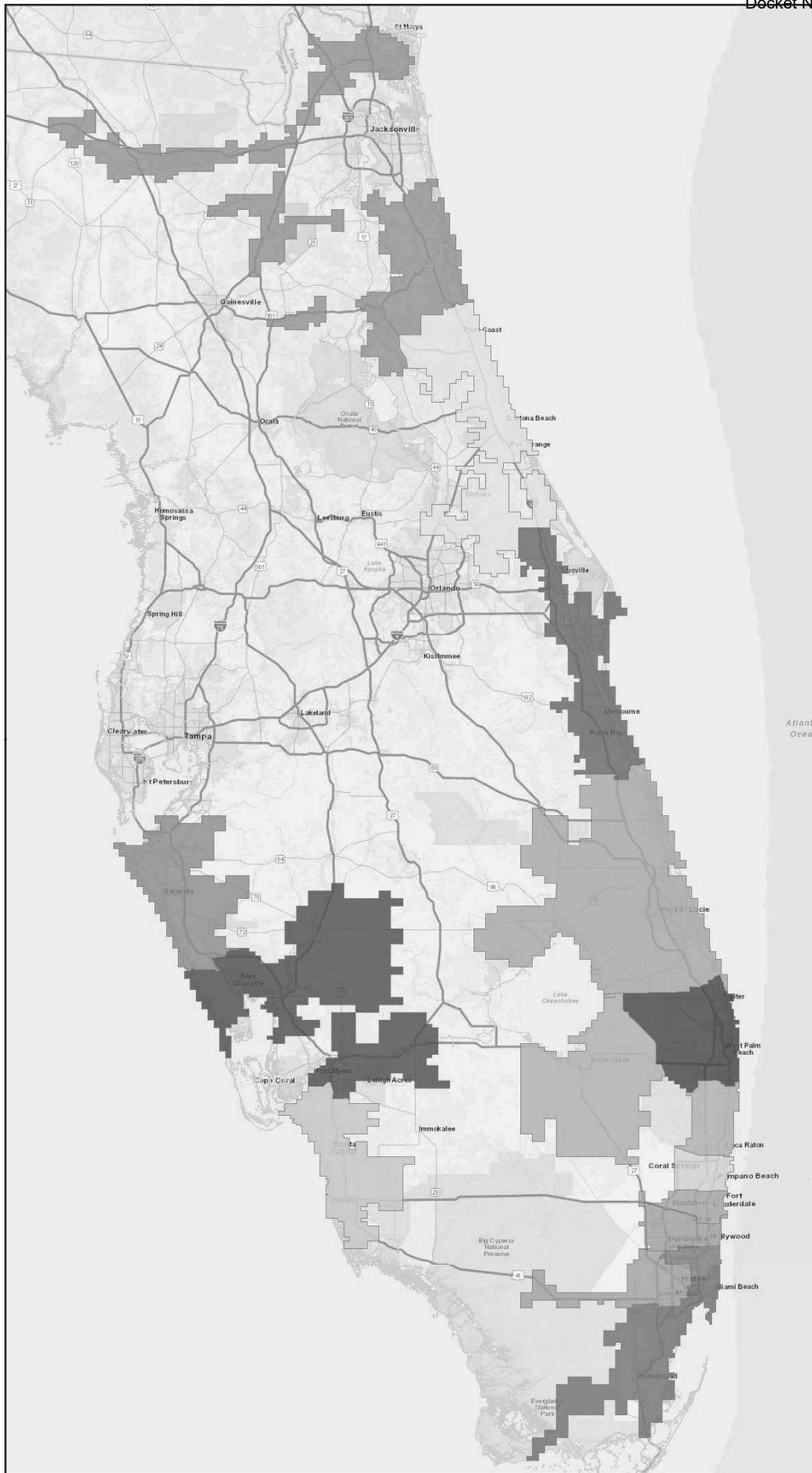
| | Index | % Change | |
|-------|--------|----------|--------------------------|
| 2009 | 2.1454 | | |
| 2010 | 2.1806 | 1.64% | |
| 2011 | 2.2494 | 3.16% | |
| 2012 | 2.2959 | 2.07% | |
| 2013 | 2.3296 | 1.46% | |
| 2014 | 2.3674 | 1.62% | |
| 2015 | 2.3702 | 0.12% | |
| 2016 | 2.4001 | 1.26% | |
| 2017 | 2.4512 | 2.13% | |
| <hr/> | | | |
| 2018 | 2.5100 | 2.40% | Budget Assumptions 2.40% |
| 2019 | 2.5703 | 2.40% | 2.40% |
| 2020 | 2.6371 | 2.60% | 2.60% |
| 2021 | 2.7083 | 2.70% | 2.70% |
| 2022 | 2.7553 | 1.73% | |
| 2023 | 2.8231 | 2.46% | |
| 2024 | 2.8909 | 2.40% | |
| 2025 | 2.9569 | 2.28% | |
| 2026 | 3.0228 | 2.23% | |
| 2027 | 3.0895 | 2.21% | |
| 2028 | 3.1573 | 2.19% | |
| 2029 | 3.2270 | 2.21% | |
| 2030 | 3.2981 | 2.20% | |
| 2031 | 3.3693 | 2.16% | |
| 2032 | 3.4411 | 2.13% | |
| 2033 | 3.5142 | 2.12% | |
| 2034 | 3.5887 | 2.12% | |
| 2035 | 3.6642 | 2.10% | |
| 2036 | 3.7408 | 2.09% | |
| 2037 | 3.8187 | 2.08% | |
| 2038 | 3.8972 | 2.06% | |
| 2039 | 3.9779 | 2.07% | |
| 2040 | 4.0603 | 2.07% | |
| 2041 | 4.1449 | 2.08% | |
| 2042 | 4.2324 | 2.11% | |
| 2043 | 4.3226 | 2.13% | |
| 2044 | 4.4153 | 2.15% | |
| 2045 | 4.5104 | 2.15% | |
| 2046 | 4.6077 | 2.16% | |

| | | |
|------|--------|-------|
| 2047 | 4.7067 | 2.15% |
| 2048 | 4.8099 | 2.19% |
| 2049 | 4.9122 | 2.13% |
| 2050 | 5.0167 | 2.13% |
| 2051 | 5.1233 | 2.13% |
| 2052 | 5.2323 | 2.13% |
| 2053 | 5.3435 | 2.13% |
| 2054 | 5.4572 | 2.13% |
| 2055 | 5.5732 | 2.13% |
| 2056 | 5.6917 | 2.13% |
| 2057 | 5.8128 | 2.13% |

Actuals thru 2017 from BLS

















APPENDIX B

(FPL's Management Areas)



Legend

Management Area - Customers Served (000's)

-  Boca Raton - 383
-  Brevard - 316
-  Central Broward- 282
-  Central Dade - 321
-  Central Florida - 298
-  Manasota - 409
-  Naples - 415
-  North Broward - 324
-  North Dade - 252
-  North Florida -172
-  South Broward - 344
-  South Dade - 303
-  Toledo Blade - 282
-  Treasure Coast - 341
-  West Dade - 271
-  West Palm - 374



Management Area / Customers Served



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APPENDIX C

(FPL's 2020-2029 Estimated SPP Costs)

2020-2029 FPL SPP Program Costs/Activities

(\$ in millions)

| FPL SPP Programs | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | 2024 | 2025 | 2026 | 2027 | 2028 | 2029 | Total SPP Costs | Annual Average Cost |
|---|-----------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|--------------------|---------------------|
| Distribution - Pole Inspections | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Operating Expenses | \$ 3.8 | \$ 3.8 | \$ 3.8 | \$ 3.8 | \$ 3.8 | \$ 3.9 | \$ 3.9 | \$ 4.0 | \$ 4.1 | \$ 4.2 | \$ 39.1 | \$ 3.9 |
| Capital Expenditures | \$ 50.7 | \$ 54.1 | \$ 54.1 | \$ 55.3 | \$ 55.3 | \$ 56.4 | \$ 57.8 | \$ 59.3 | \$ 60.8 | \$ 62.3 | \$ 566.1 | \$ 56.6 |
| Total | \$ 54.5 | \$ 57.9 | \$ 57.9 | \$ 59.0 | \$ 59.1 | \$ 60.3 | \$ 61.8 | \$ 63.3 | \$ 64.9 | \$ 66.5 | \$ 605.2 | \$ 60.5 |
| # of Pole Inspections | 150,000 | 150,000 | 154,000 | 154,000 | 154,000 | 154,000 | 154,000 | 154,000 | 154,000 | 154,000 | | |
| Transmission - Inspections | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Operating Expenses | \$ 1.3 | \$ 1.0 | \$ 1.0 | \$ 1.0 | \$ 1.0 | \$ 1.0 | \$ 1.0 | \$ 1.0 | \$ 1.0 | \$ 1.0 | \$ 10.5 | \$ 1.0 |
| Capital Expenditures | \$ 34.5 | \$ 31.2 | \$ 27.9 | \$ 67.5 | \$ 54.6 | \$ 52.0 | \$ 53.3 | \$ 54.6 | \$ 56.0 | \$ 57.4 | \$ 489.0 | \$ 48.9 |
| Total | \$ 35.8 | \$ 32.2 | \$ 28.9 | \$ 68.5 | \$ 55.6 | \$ 53.0 | \$ 54.3 | \$ 55.7 | \$ 57.0 | \$ 58.4 | \$ 499.5 | \$ 50.0 |
| # of Structure Inspections | 68,000 | 68,000 | 68,000 | 68,000 | 68,000 | 68,000 | 68,000 | 68,000 | 68,000 | 68,000 | | |
| Distribution - Feeder Hardening (1) (2) | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Operating Expenses | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ 3,205.8 | \$ 534.3 |
| Capital Expenditures | \$ 628.1 | \$ 664.9 | \$ 664.9 | \$ 573.3 | \$ 474.5 | \$ 200.0 | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ 3,205.8 | \$ 534.3 |
| Total | \$ 628.1 | \$ 664.9 | \$ 664.9 | \$ 573.3 | \$ 474.5 | \$ 200.0 | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ 3,205.8 | \$ 534.3 |
| # of Feeders (3) | 300-350 | 300-350 | 300-350 | 300-350 | 250-350 | | | | | | | |
| Distribution Lateral Hardening (1) (2) | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Operating Expenses | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ 5,101.4 | \$ 510.1 |
| Capital Expenditures | \$ 120.4 | \$ 212.5 | \$ 342.8 | \$ 475.6 | \$ 631.4 | \$ 631.4 | \$ 647.2 | \$ 663.4 | \$ 679.9 | \$ 696.9 | \$ 5,101.4 | \$ 510.1 |
| Total | \$ 120.4 | \$ 212.5 | \$ 342.8 | \$ 475.6 | \$ 631.4 | \$ 631.4 | \$ 647.2 | \$ 663.4 | \$ 679.9 | \$ 696.9 | \$ 5,101.4 | \$ 510.1 |
| # of Laterals (3) | 220-230 | 300-350 | 400-500 | 600-700 | 800-900 | 800-900 | 800-900 | 800-900 | 800-900 | 800-900 | | |
| Transmission - Replacing Wood Structures | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Operating Expenses | \$ 0.2 | \$ 0.2 | \$ 0.2 | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ 0.6 | \$ 0.2 |
| Capital Expenditures | \$ 52.7 | \$ 42.7 | \$ 21.9 | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ 117.3 | \$ 39.1 |
| Total | \$ 52.9 | \$ 42.9 | \$ 22.1 | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ 117.9 | \$ 39.3 |
| # of Structures to be Replaced | 900-1,100 | 500-700 | 300-500 | | | | | | | | | |
| Distribution - Vegetation Management | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Labor - Contractor | \$ 47.7 | \$ 47.8 | \$ 46.9 | \$ 46.9 | \$ 47.1 | \$ 47.1 | \$ 46.3 | \$ 45.5 | \$ 44.6 | \$ 43.8 | \$ 463.7 | \$ 46.4 |
| Labor - FPL | \$ 1.3 | \$ 1.4 | \$ 1.4 | \$ 1.5 | \$ 1.5 | \$ 1.6 | \$ 1.5 | \$ 1.5 | \$ 1.5 | \$ 1.5 | \$ 14.7 | \$ 1.5 |
| Equipment - Contractor | \$ 11.9 | \$ 12.0 | \$ 11.7 | \$ 11.7 | \$ 11.8 | \$ 11.8 | \$ 11.6 | \$ 11.4 | \$ 11.2 | \$ 11.0 | \$ 115.9 | \$ 11.6 |
| Equipment - FPL | \$ 0.1 | \$ 0.1 | \$ 0.1 | \$ 0.1 | \$ 0.1 | \$ 0.1 | \$ 0.1 | \$ 0.1 | \$ 0.1 | \$ 0.1 | \$ 1.4 | \$ 0.1 |
| Total | \$ 61.1 | \$ 61.3 | \$ 60.2 | \$ 60.2 | \$ 60.6 | \$ 60.6 | \$ 59.5 | \$ 58.5 | \$ 57.4 | \$ 56.4 | \$ 595.7 | \$ 59.6 |
| # of Miles Maintained | 15,200 | 15,200 | 15,200 | 15,200 | 15,200 | 15,200 | 15,200 | 15,200 | 15,200 | 15,200 | | |
| Transmission - Vegetation Management | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Labor - Contractor | \$ 6.7 | \$ 6.7 | \$ 6.6 | \$ 6.7 | \$ 7.2 | \$ 7.2 | \$ 7.4 | \$ 7.6 | \$ 7.8 | \$ 7.9 | \$ 71.7 | \$ 7.2 |
| Labor - FPL | \$ 0.5 | \$ 0.5 | \$ 0.5 | \$ 0.5 | \$ 0.5 | \$ 0.6 | \$ 0.6 | \$ 0.6 | \$ 0.6 | \$ 0.6 | \$ 5.3 | \$ 0.5 |
| Equipment - Contractor | \$ 1.7 | \$ 1.7 | \$ 1.7 | \$ 1.7 | \$ 1.8 | \$ 1.8 | \$ 1.8 | \$ 1.9 | \$ 1.9 | \$ 2.0 | \$ 17.9 | \$ 1.8 |
| Equipment - FPL | \$ 0.1 | \$ 0.1 | \$ 0.1 | \$ 0.1 | \$ 0.1 | \$ 0.1 | \$ 0.1 | \$ 0.1 | \$ 0.1 | \$ 0.2 | \$ 1.4 | \$ 0.1 |
| Total | \$ 9.0 | \$ 8.9 | \$ 8.9 | \$ 9.0 | \$ 9.7 | \$ 9.7 | \$ 9.9 | \$ 10.2 | \$ 10.4 | \$ 10.7 | \$ 96.4 | \$ 9.6 |
| # of Miles Maintained | 7,000 | 7,000 | 7,000 | 7,000 | 7,000 | 7,000 | 7,000 | 7,000 | 7,000 | 7,000 | | |
| Substation Storm surge/Flood Mitigation | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Operating Expenses | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - |
| Capital Expenditures | \$ 3.0 | \$ 10.0 | \$ 10.0 | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ 23.0 | \$ 7.7 |
| Total | \$ 3.0 | \$ 10.0 | \$ 10.0 | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ 23.0 | \$ 7.7 |
| # of Substations | 1 | 2 | 5 to 7 | | | | | | | | | |
| Total SPP Costs | \$ 964.7 | \$ 1,090.7 | \$ 1,195.8 | \$ 1,245.6 | \$ 1,290.9 | \$ 1,014.9 | \$ 832.7 | \$ 851.0 | \$ 869.7 | \$ 889.0 | \$ 10,245.0 | \$ 1,271.1 |

(1) Project level detail for 2020 in Appendix

(2) Costs include previous year(s) projects carried over to current year's project costs and future year's preliminary project costs (e.g., engineering)

(3) # of feeders or lateral to be initiated in the current year

APPENDIX D

(FPL's Hardening Design Guidelines)



Distribution Design Guidelines

The following **guidelines** will be used to standardize the design of FPL's overhead distribution facilities **when practical, feasible, and cost effective**.

General

1. FPL has made a change to adopt Extreme Wind loading (EWL) as the design criteria for: (1) new pole line construction, (2) pole line extensions, (3) pole line relocations, (4) feeder pole replacements on multi-circuit pole lines, and (5) feeder pole replacements on Top-CIF feeders. Reference the Pole Sizing section (pg. 7) for the guidelines to determine the necessary pole class and type for all work. Refer to the Distribution Engineering Reference Manual Addendum for calculating pole sizes for specific framing under extreme wind loading conditions.
2. For maintenance, existing non-top-CIF pole lines may be evaluated using NESC combined ice and wind loading with Grade B construction. This represents the loading prior to the adoption of extreme wind loading. If the pole must be replaced, refer to the Pole Sizing section for the minimum class pole to be installed. Refer to the Distribution Engineering Reference Manual (DERM) Section 4 for calculating pole sizes for specific framing under the NESC combined ice and wind loading conditions.
3. Every attempt should be made to place new or replacement poles in private easements or as close to the front edge of property (right of way line) as practical.
4. Overhead pole lines should be placed in front lot lines or accessible locations where feasible.
5. When replacing poles, the new pole should be set as close as possible to the existing pole to avoid the creation of a new pole location.
6. Poles are not to be placed in medians.
7. Concrete poles are not to be placed in inaccessible locations or locations that could potentially become inaccessible.
8. Please reference the minimum setting depth charts located in DCS D-3.0.0 which shows the increased setting depths for concrete poles.
9. Every effort should be made not to install poles in sidewalks. If a pole must be placed in a sidewalk, a minimum unobstructed sidewalk width of 32" must be maintained to comply with the American Disabilities Act (ADA) requirements.
10. If concrete poles are required by the governing agency as a requirement of the permit, and if the work is being done solely for FPL purposes (feeder tie, etc.), then the concrete

poles are installed with no differential charges. If the concrete poles are required as a condition of the permit, and the work is being done at the request of a customer (and fall outside the Pole Sizing Guidelines) to provide service to the customer or relocation by request of the customer, then the customer is charged a differential cost for the concrete poles.

11. When installing new OH secondary spans, multiplexed cable should be used instead of open wire secondary. When reconductoring or relocating existing pole lines containing open wire secondary, replace the open wire with multiplexed cable whenever possible. The system neutral should not be removed when replacing open wire secondary with multiplexed cable if primary wire is present. It is necessary to maintain a separate system neutral for operational continuity of the system.
12. When designing overhead facilities where secondary and service crossings exist across major roadways, the engineer should take into consideration placing these secondary street crossings underground. Operations Director Approval is required.
13. Whenever extending a feeder, reconductoring a feeder section, or attaching a device to a feeder, always reference the nearest existing disconnect switch number on the construction drawing and show the dimension to the switch. This will aid the Control Centers in updating their switching system and will aid AMG in updating AMS, as well as provide the Production Lead and Distribution Tech information needed for switching and RC Off requests.
14. When an overhead feeder crosses any obstacle to access (i.e. – water bodies such as rivers, canals, swamps; limited access R/W such as interstate highways, turnpikes, and expressways; etc.) disconnect switches should be placed on both sides of the obstacle in order to isolate the crossing in the event of a wiredown situation. See the example in the Crossing Multi-Lane Limited Access Highways section (pg. 5).
15. Projects that affect or extend feeder conductors should always be coordinated with Distribution Planning to ensure optimization of the distribution grid. Taking into account future feeder plans such as, feeder boundary changes, sectionalizing devices, integration of automation and remotely controlled protection.

As always, good engineering judgment, safety, reliability, and cost effectiveness should be considered. In addition to these guidelines, all distribution facilities shall be engineered to meet the minimum requirements set forth in all applicable standards and codes including but not limited to the National Electrical Safety Code (NESC), Utility Accommodation Guide, and FPL Distribution Construction Standards. Please contact a Distribution Construction Services (DCS) analyst with any questions.



New Construction

1. When installing a new feeder, lateral, or service pole, reference the Pole Sizing section for the guidelines to determine the necessary pole class and type to meet Extreme Wind Loading (EWL) for the wind zone region (105, 130, or 145 MPH).
2. Modified Vertical is the preferred framing for accessible locations. Post-top (single phase) or Cross Arm (multi-phase) is the preferred framing for inaccessible locations.
3. During the design of new pole lines in developed areas, field visits should be conducted to ensure the design would cause minimum impact to the existing property owners.
4. Overhead pole lines should not be built on both sides of a roadway unless agreed to by the customer nor should multi-circuit pole lines be created. When designing main feeder routes all viable options must be reviewed (including alternative routes) and consideration should be given to constructing the line underground. If undergrounding is chosen and it is not the least cost option, approval is required from the Engineering & Technical Services Director and the Operations Director. In addition, prior to proceeding with any pole lines on both sides of a street or any multi-circuit feeder design recommendations, Operations Director approval is required.
5. When there is an existing pole line in the rear easement, every effort should be made not to build a second pole line along the right of way.
6. When installing a pole line within a transmission line, accessible distribution poles should be concrete. Distribution concrete poles should not be installed in inaccessible locations.
7. If concrete distribution poles are installed in a concrete transmission line, there is no additional charge to the customer (the concrete poles are FPL's choice and not requested by the customer). Coordination between the transmission and distribution design is critical and consideration should be given to a design with all transmission poles versus distribution intermediate poles. This approach will reduce the overall number of poles.
8. When transmission is overbuilding (concrete structures), along an existing distribution corridor, if the distribution wood poles are in good condition, do not replace. If wood poles need to be changed out or relocated, replace with concrete poles to match the transmission pole type. Coordination between the transmission and distribution design is critical and consideration should be given to a design with all transmission poles versus distribution intermediate poles. This approach will reduce the overall number of poles.



Existing / Maintenance

1. When installing and/or replacing a feeder, lateral, or service pole on an existing pole line, reference the Pole Sizing section for the guidelines to determine the necessary pole class and type.
2. When installing or replacing a feeder pole on a feeder that serves a Top-CIF customer, ensure the new pole will meet extreme wind loading (versus just a minimum class 2 or IIIH pole) so that it will not have to be replaced when the feeder is hardened as a hardening project. Please reference the Storm Secure Hardening SharePoint Site: Distribution > Central Maintenance > Central Contractor Services > Hardening > Reports > Feeder Prioritization_xxxxxx Snapshot for the list of Top-CIF feeders within the Prioritization File.
3. When extending pole lines, the existing pole type should be used as a guide for the new pole type. If concrete poles are requested by the customer or are required as a condition of the permit and fall outside the Pole Sizing Guidelines, the customer will pay a differential charge for the concrete poles.
4. When replacing pole(s) and anchor(s) with larger self-supporting concrete poles, caution should be used, as the property owners in the vicinity of the pole will not necessarily perceive this concrete pole as a better choice.
5. When replacing poles on a multi-circuit feeder the replacement pole should be designed for Extreme Wind Loading using Pole Foreman to calculate the wind loading.

Relocations

1. When relocating a pole line, reference the Pole Sizing section for the guidelines to determine the necessary pole class and type to meet Extreme Wind Loading (EWL) for the wind zone region (105, 130, or 145 MPH).
2. When relocating either a concrete or wood pole line for a highway improvement project, the existing pole line 'type' should be used as a guide for the pole type replacements. There is no additional charge for concrete poles if the existing poles being relocated are concrete (like for like relocation). If the customer requests an "upgrade" to concrete poles, a differential is charged.
3. Reimbursable relocations will equal the cost to relocate the line built to Extreme Wind Loading (plus removal of old), including indirect cost.
4. Agency relocation projects should be coordinated with Distribution Planning to ensure optimization of the distribution grid and to take into account future feeder plans and potential feeder boundary changes.



Crossing Multi-Lane Limited Access Highways

The following guidelines are to be used when an overhead feeder crosses any obstacle to access (i.e. –limited access R/W such as interstate highways, turnpikes, and expressways, etc.). Similar consideration can be given to water bodies such as rivers, canals, swamps.

1. Underground installation is the preferred design for all new crossings (1, 2, 3 phase) of multi-lane limited access highways & hardening of existing crossings; reference Fig 1. Limited Access Highway Crossing Schematic (Preferred). If underground construction is not feasible, reference Fig 2. Limited Access Highway Crossing Schematic (Alternate).
2. Underground crossing for 1 & 2 phases should be designed for potential three phase feeder size cable. Ensure riser poles meet or exceed extreme wind design for the designated region. For further information, please contact the CMC Hardening Group.
3. For accessible overhead crossings, use concrete poles (III-H or greater square concrete pole) for the crossing poles and minimum Class 2 wood poles for the intermediate poles. For inaccessible overhead crossings, minimum Class 2 wood poles should be used for the crossing and intermediate poles. All poles installed should meet or exceed EWL for the designated region.
4. Every attempt should be made to install storm guys & back guys for the highway crossing poles. Storm guys are not required on the adjacent poles.
5. Frame the highway crossing pole double dead-end (See LOC 2 & 3 Fig 2 below).
6. Install disconnect switches on adjacent poles on both sides of the crossing (or as required by field conditions) to isolate the feeder section for restoration. Switches are to be installed in **accessible** locations that can be reached with readily available aerial equipment. Switches should be installed at ~42 Above Grade (AG), with a maximum pole size of 50' wood or 55' concrete. If there is no load between the nearest existing switch and the crossing, an additional switch is not required.
7. Check for uplift on all poles. Refer to DERM Section 4.2.3 Page 4 of 16 & DCS E-4.0.2 and E-4.0.3. Back guys should be installed at the adjacent pole if required for uplift.
8. Ensure to maintain proper clearance above or under all highways as dictated by the owner of the R/W & DCS B-3.0.1.
9. Any conductors crossing the highway that have splices should be replaced with a continuous conductor (NESC 261H2a). See Fig 2 below for additional notes on the use of splices on adjacent spans. One additional set of dead-end insulators at the highway crossing pole may be used if this eliminates the need for splices when installing a new pole.



10. Engineers must conduct a pre-design meeting with the Production Lead to ensure the feasibility of the proposed design.
11. As always, use good engineering judgment to produce a quality, cost-effective design.

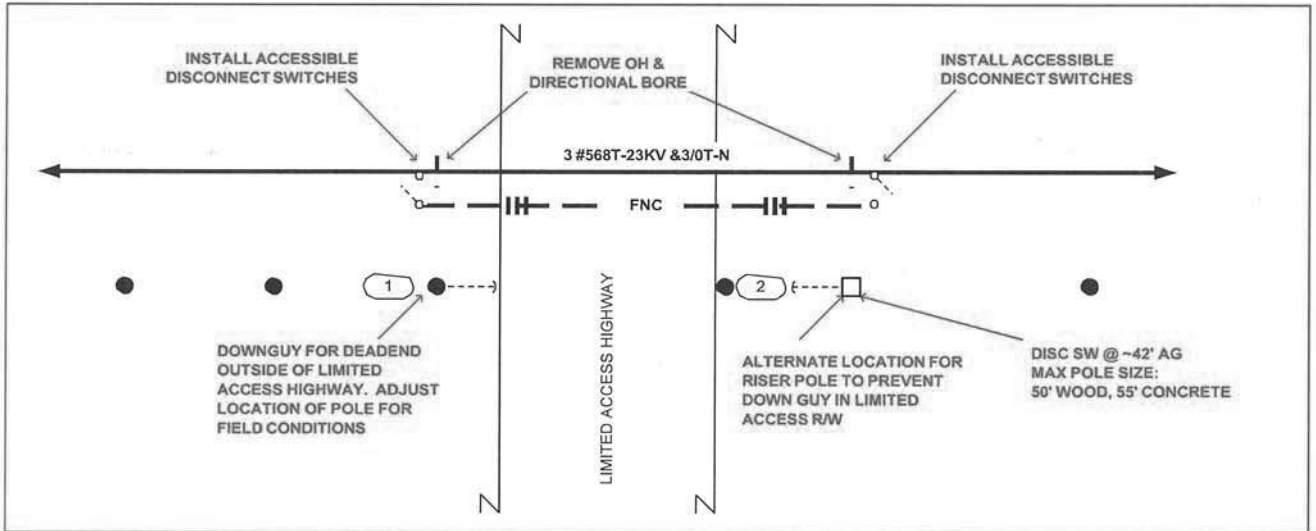


Fig 1. Limited Access Highway Crossing Schematic (Preferred)

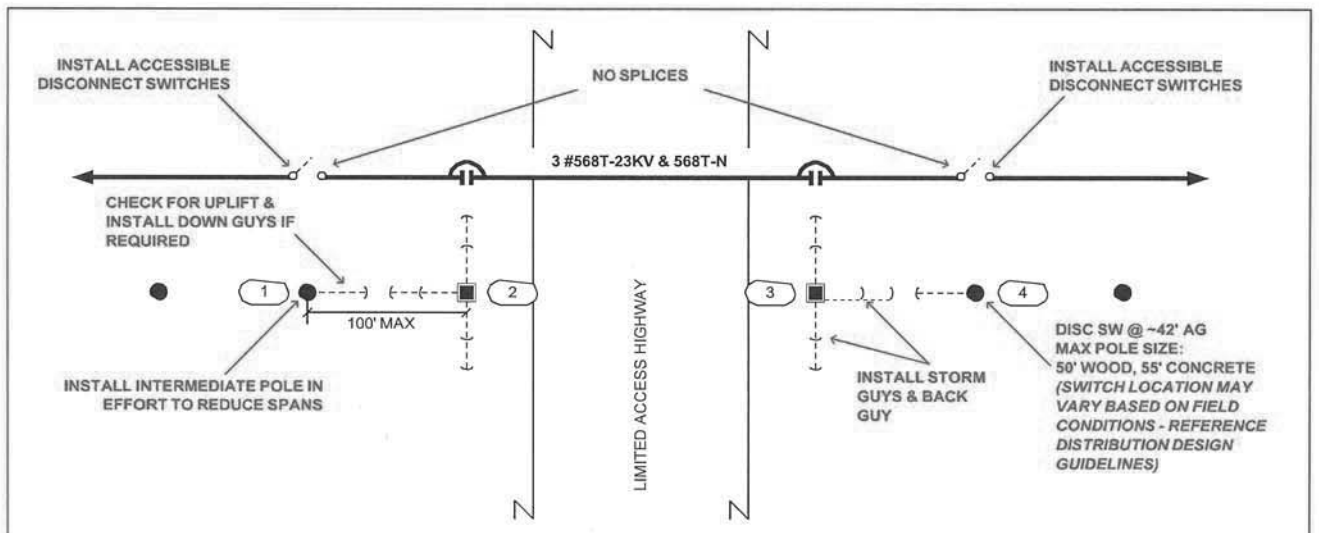


Fig 2. Limited Access Highway Crossing Schematic (Alternate)



Pole Sizing

1. FPL has made a change to adopt Extreme Wind loading (EWL) as the design criteria for: (1) new pole line construction, (2) pole line extensions, (3) pole line relocations, (4) feeder pole replacements on multi-circuit pole lines, and (4) feeder pole replacements on Top-CIF feeders. Reference the Pole Sizing Guidelines (at the end of this section) to determine the necessary pole class and type.
2. When installing or replacing a feeder pole on a feeder that serves a Top-CIF customer, ensure the new pole will meet the extreme wind design (versus just a minimum class 2 or IIIH pole) so that it will not have to be replaced when the feeder is hardened as a hardening project. Please reference the Storm Secure SharePoint Site: Distribution > Central Maintenance > Central Contractor Services > Hardening > Reports > Feeder Prioritization_XXXXXX Snapshot for the list of Top-CIF feeders within the Prioritization File.
3. For maintenance, existing non-top-CIF pole lines may be evaluated using NESC combined ice and wind loading with Grade B construction. This represents the loading prior to the adoption of extreme wind loading. If the pole must be replaced, refer to the Pole Sizing Guidelines for the minimum class pole to be installed.
4. When performing work on an existing pole, and the pole requires change out (e.g., clearance height, location, condition, or the ability to support the planned activity), use the Pole Selection Guidelines. If the planned work can be done without changing out the pole and the pole meets minimum NESC grade B wind loading guidelines, use the existing pole(s).
5. Foreign pole owners are required to discuss design requirements with FPL prior to construction. FPL will assist with identifying the targeted poles.
6. Efforts should be made to ensure that span distances do not exceed 250 ft. for wood poles and 350 ft. for concrete poles even if longer spans would meet the Extreme Wind Loading requirements.
7. Concrete poles are preferred in the cases where replacement costs would be extremely high (i.e. duct system riser pole, corner poles with multiple circuits, critical poles, etc.). No differential is charged for poles in this case.



Lateral Pole Policy

1. All existing poles must meet NESC grade "B" as an absolute minimum.
2. If a pole is modified in any way, it must meet NESC grade "B" at a minimum when completed.
3. If you become aware of a pole which does not meet NESC "B" or DCS standards, the pole must be immediately upgraded or modified to meet the NESC & DCS standards.
4. All replacement lateral poles must meet NESC "EWL" and be compliant with FPL Pole Policies.
5. Restoration of lateral poles should comply with the class 2/3 table.

For practical purposes this means...

1. Engineer all poles to the NESC EWL standards and to meet FPL policies.
2. Run Pole Foreman on all designed WR's and poles suspected of being substandard.
3. If you are completing substantial work on a pole, such as installing additional cables, upgrading a TX, re-conductor or new framing: The pole must meet EWL and the revised class standards.
4. If you are completing minor like for like work such as replacing a fuse switch, insulator or other small equipment: The pole must meet NESC grade "B" and DCS standards at a minimum when the work is complete.
 - a. Note: Most FPL poles currently exceed NESC grade "B". This means there is some leeway for minor changes in wind loading and clearances while maintaining the NESC grade "B" minimum.
5. Temporary or time constrained poles may be installed to NESC grade "N" temporary construction. This is relatively complicated, requires sound engineering judgment and should be avoided. If grade NESC grade "N" is applied, a replacement pole engineered to NESC EWL must be designed and installed as soon as practical and not longer than 6 months after NESC grade "N" was installed.
6. Class 4 poles may only be installed for SVC, SEC, SL, OL's. Once the available stock of class 4 is used up no more will be ordered and FPL will install class 3 poles for these applications.
7. In no case should class 4 poles be installed in laterals.

Contact Engineering Standards for situations that still are in question after careful consideration



Critical Pole Definitions & Sizing:

The following list comprises what will be considered critical poles. When installing and/or when doing work that otherwise requires the replacement of an accessible critical pole, use concrete. If the pole is inaccessible, use a minimum Class 2 wood pole, or consider relocating the equipment to an accessible concrete pole.

| Critical Pole Identifier For new or when replaced use minimum III-H Square Concrete Pole⁵ (minimum Class 2 if inaccessible) | | | |
|--|------------------------------|--|-------------------|
| Critical Poles | DCS Reference | Critical Poles | DCS Reference |
| 1 st switch out of substation or duct system riser pole | UH-15.0.0 Fig 2 UH-15.3.1 | Automated Feeder Switches (AFS) ² | C-9.2.0 |
| Interstate Crossings ^{1,3} | E-10.0.0 Fig 2 | Aerial Auto Transformers ² | I-9.0.0 |
| Poles with multiple primary risers | UH-15.2.0 | 3 phase transformer banks 3 – 100 kVA and larger ² | I-52.0.2 |
| Multi-circuit poles ⁴ | Frame as existing | Capacitor Banks ² | J-2.0.2 & J-2.0.3 |
| Three-phase reclosers ² (or Three single-phase reclosers) | C-8.0.0 | Regulators | I-10.1.1 |
| Primary Meter | K-28.0.0 | Intelliruptors | C-9.5.0 |

All references are to the Distribution Construction Standards (DCS).

For all critical poles run Pole Foreman to calculate the wind loading for the specified pole and attachments combination. Additional information can be found in DERM Section 4 - Addendum for Extreme Wind Loading tables 4.2.2-8, 4.2.2-9, or 4.2.2-10.

- ¹⁾ Every attempt should be made to install storm guys where feasible and practical.
- ²⁾ Frame in-line per standard to equally distribute weight.
- ³⁾ Refer to the Crossing Multi-Lane Limited Access Highways section for details.
- ⁴⁾ Contact CMC Hardening Group before designing new multi-circuit line.
- ⁵⁾ To eliminate field drilling, inventory Special Drill Pole & create Pole Boring Detail for all III-H Poles on Hardening Jobs.



Pole Sizing Guidelines:

The following tables should be used as guidelines to help determine pole class and type, when installing and/or replacing a feeder, lateral or service pole.

Feeder or Three Phase Lateral:

| Pole Line Description | New Construction, Line Extension, & Pole Line Relocation | Existing Infrastructure ¹ | Installing or Replacing a Critical Pole ² |
|-----------------------|--|--------------------------------------|---|
| Wood | Use minimum Class 2 Wood Pole to meet EWL | Use Class 2 Wood Poles | Use III-H (Accessible) or Class 2 Wood (Inaccessible) |
| Concrete | Use minimum III-H Concrete Pole to meet EWL | Use III-H Concrete Poles | Use III-H Concrete Poles |

When designing for EWL run Pole Foreman to calculate the wind loading for the specified pole and attachments combination. Additional information can be found in DERM Section 4 - Addendum for Extreme Wind Loading tables 4.2.2-8, 4.2.2-9, or 4.2.2-10.

Single or Two Phase Lateral:

| Pole Line Description | New Construction, Line Extension, Pole Line Relocation, Pole Replacement, & Intermediate Poles | Existing Infrastructure ¹ | Installing or Replacing a Critical Pole ² |
|-----------------------|--|--|---|
| Wood | 105/135 mph: Use minimum Class 3 <i>MUST</i> meet EWL | 105/135 mph: Use minimum Class 3 | Use III-H (Accessible) or Class 2 Wood (Inaccessible) |
| | 145 mph: Use minimum Class 2 <i>MUST</i> meet EWL | 145 mph: Use minimum Class 2 | |
| Concrete | Use minimum III-G ³ or III-H poles | Use III-G ³ or III-H poles to match existing line | Use III-H Concrete Poles |

Notes: ¹⁾ To be used when replacing equipment or installing new equipment on an existing pole.

²⁾ Reference Critical Pole List on pg.8.

³⁾ Use of III-G poles should be limited to existing concrete lateral pole lines whose wire size is less than or equal to 1/0A.

⁴⁾ Use Pole Foreman to calculate wind loading on all poles.



Basic Span Lengths for selected poles for Extreme Wind Loading:

| Facility | Phase(s) | Wire size | Pole size | Recommended Maximum Span Length ⁴ (FPL with 2 attachments – FPL ONLY) | | |
|----------|----------|------------|-----------|---|-------------|-------------|
| | | | | 105 MPH | 130 MPH | 145 MPH |
| Feeder | | 3#568 ACAR | Class 2 | 180' - 230' | 125' - 200' | 90' - 140' |
| | | 3#3/0 AAAC | Class 2 | 180' - 250' | 170' - 250' | 120' - 220' |
| Lateral | 3 PH | 3#1/0 AAAC | Class 2 | 180' - 250' | 180' - 250' | 155' - 250' |
| | 2 PH | 2#1/0 AAAC | Class 3 | 180' - 250' | 180' - 250' | 125' - 250' |
| | 1 PH | 1#1/0 AAAC | Class 3 | 180' - 250' | 180' - 250' | 150' - 250' |

⁴The lower number equates to the maximum span for FPL primary and two 1" foreign attachments. The higher number equates to the recommended maximum span for FPL primary only. Reference the DERM Addendum for EWL tables 4.2.2-8, 4.2.2-9, 4.2.2-10 when adding additional attachment(s) or equipment. As always, good engineering judgment, safety, reliability, and cost effectiveness should be considered.

Service / Secondary / St. Light / Outdoor Light Poles:

When installing or replacing a service or street light poles, a minimum of Class 3 wood pole should be used. Specific calculations may require a higher class pole for large quadruplex wire.

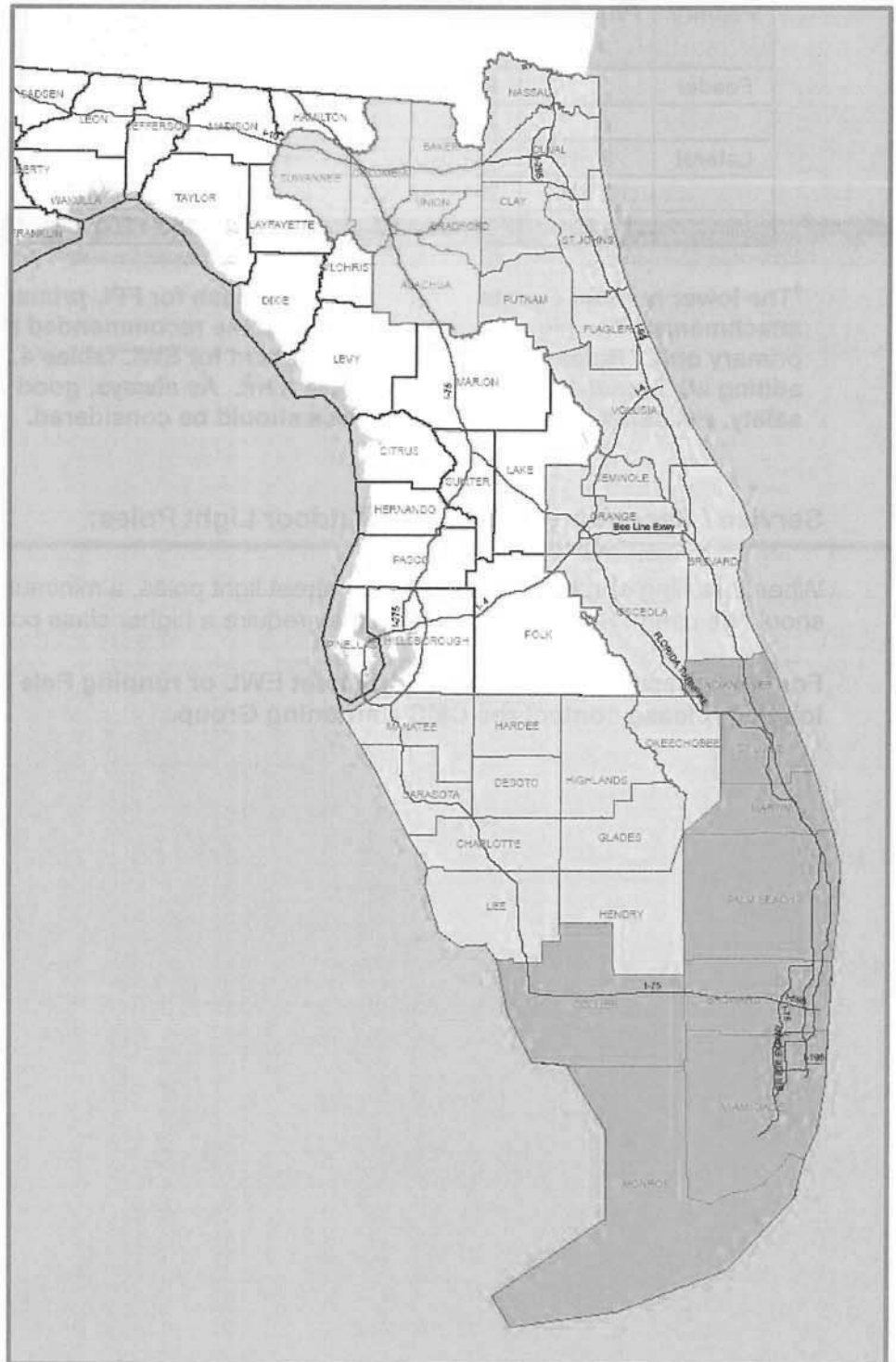
For any questions on pole sizing to meet EWL or running Pole Foreman to calculate wind loading, please contact the CMC Hardening Group.



Extreme Wind Loading (EWL) 3 Zone Map

- 105 MPH
- 130 MPH
- 145 MPH

| Wind Zone | County |
|-----------|--------------|
| 105 | Alachua |
| 105 | Baker |
| 105 | Bradford |
| 130 | Brevard |
| 145 | Broward |
| 130 | Charlotte |
| 130 | Clay |
| 145 | Collier |
| 105 | Columbia |
| 145 | Miami-Dade |
| 130 | De Soto |
| 130 | Duval |
| 130 | Flagler |
| 130 | Glades |
| 130 | Hardee |
| 130 | Hendry |
| 130 | Highlands |
| 145 | Indian River |
| 130 | Lee |
| 130 | Manatee |
| 145 | Martin |
| 145 | Monroe |
| 130 | Nassau |
| 130 | Okeechobee |
| 130 | Osceola |
| 130 | Orange |
| 145 | Palm Beach |
| 130 | Putnam |
| 130 | Sarasota |
| 130 | Seminole |
| 130 | St Johns |
| 145 | St Lucie |
| 105 | Suwannee |
| 105 | Union |
| 130 | Volusia |



Notification of FPL Facilities

Form 360, Notification of FPL Facilities, is to be used for all construction projects. Please include a copy of this form in negotiations with builders and developers. This form can be found on the DCS Website under "Letters and Agreements", or in WMS on the "Reports" menu item for the work request.

APPENDIX E

(FPL's 2020 Project Level Detail)

| Region | Substation | Substation Address | Feeder # | Estimated / Actual Start Date ⁽¹⁾ | Current Estimated Completion Date ⁽²⁾ | Residential Customers | Commercial Customers | Industrial Customers | Total Customers | 2020 Project Cost | Irma / Matthew Outage |
|---------|-----------------|---|----------|--|--|-----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|-----------------|-------------------|-----------------------|
| West | VANDERBILT | Immokalee Rd, Collier-Orange River 230kV line | 506764 | Oct-18 | Feb-22 | 3,090 | 270 | 14 | 3,374 | \$ 593,168 | X |
| Dade | VENETIAN | 1925 West Ave | 804437 | Oct-14 | May-21 | 720 | 99 | 6 | 825 | \$ 81,563 | X |
| Dade | VENETIAN | 1925 West Ave | 804438 | Oct-15 | Apr-21 | 815 | 55 | 1 | 871 | \$ 187,530 | X |
| West | VENICE | 425 Albee Farms Rd | 500331 | May-18 | Jun-21 | 1,881 | 180 | 7 | 2,068 | \$ 345,536 | X |
| West | VENICE | 425 Albee Farms Rd | 500337 | Nov-18 | Nov-21 | 2,044 | 39 | 9 | 2,092 | \$ 2,309,600 | X |
| Broward | VERENA | 1401 NE Flagler Dr | 700632 | Nov-18 | May-22 | 962 | 160 | 6 | 1,128 | \$ 2,754,368 | X |
| Broward | VERENA | 1401 NE Flagler Dr | 700635 | Oct-19 | Aug-22 | 903 | 116 | 8 | 1,027 | \$ 824,838 | X |
| Broward | VERENA | 1401 NE Flagler Dr | 700636 | Oct-18 | Jul-22 | 1,670 | 118 | 6 | 1,794 | \$ 3,367,516 | X |
| Broward | VERENA | 1401 NE Flagler Dr | 700640 | Oct-19 | Aug-22 | 813 | 75 | 1 | 889 | \$ 253,976 | X |
| Broward | VERENA | 1401 NE Flagler Dr | 700641 | Oct-19 | Aug-22 | 1,032 | 160 | 2 | 1,194 | \$ 505,621 | X |
| Broward | VERENA | 1401 NE Flagler Dr | 700642 | Mar-15 | Jan-21 | 2,702 | 229 | 2 | 2,933 | \$ 66,912 | X |
| North | VIERA | 2950 Subline Rd | 209761 | Jun-20 | Nov-21 | 1,214 | 112 | 43 | 1,369 | \$ 668,833 | X |
| East | WABASSO | 8095 66 Ave | 400661 | Nov-16 | May-21 | 1,093 | 71 | - | 1,164 | \$ 70,827 | X |
| East | WABASSO | 8095 66 Ave | 400662 | Apr-20 | Jun-23 | 1,136 | 284 | 12 | 1,432 | \$ 2,993 | X |
| West | WALKER | 908 35th Ave W | 506034 | Feb-19 | Dec-22 | 780 | 94 | 4 | 878 | \$ 268,558 | X |
| Dade | WATKINS | 1680 NW 72nd Ave | 811431 | Jun-19 | Sep-21 | - | 48 | - | 48 | \$ 614,762 | X |
| Dade | WATKINS | 1680 NW 72nd Ave | 811432 | Nov-15 | Dec-21 | 189 | 170 | - | 359 | \$ 1,019,760 | X |
| Dade | WATKINS | 1680 NW 72nd Ave | 811433 | Jun-19 | Sep-21 | - | 64 | - | 64 | \$ 561,772 | X |
| North | WELLBORN | 8813 CR 137 | 309332 | Aug-18 | Jun-21 | 170 | 35 | - | 205 | \$ 6,447 | |
| East | WEST PALM BEACH | 810 Charlotte Ave | 400135 | Dec-15 | Jun-22 | 93 | 45 | - | 138 | \$ 113,593 | |
| East | WEST PALM BEACH | 810 Charlotte Ave | 400138 | Sep-20 | Jul-22 | 271 | 102 | - | 373 | \$ 71,743 | |
| Broward | WESTINGHOUSE | 12100 Wiles Rd | 703931 | Dec-20 | Mar-23 | 504 | 374 | - | 878 | \$ 5,552 | X |
| Broward | WESTINGHOUSE | 12100 Wiles Rd | 703933 | Jun-19 | Apr-21 | 888 | 98 | 3 | 989 | \$ 42,669 | X |
| Broward | WESTINGHOUSE | 12100 Wiles Rd | 703935 | Dec-20 | Nov-22 | 1,646 | 353 | - | 1,999 | \$ 12,955 | X |
| Broward | WESTINGHOUSE | 12100 Wiles Rd | 703937 | Dec-20 | Mar-23 | 983 | 602 | 1 | 1,586 | \$ 11,774 | X |
| Dade | WESTON VILLAGE | 18701 NW 2nd Ave | 807832 | Jan-19 | Jul-22 | 1,452 | 244 | - | 1,696 | \$ 854,508 | X |
| Dade | WESTON VILLAGE | 18701 NW 2nd Ave | 807835 | Apr-15 | Nov-20 | 1,080 | 241 | 2 | 1,323 | \$ 29,477 | X |
| East | WESTWARD | 5601 Okeechobee Blvd | 404034 | Jul-18 | Dec-21 | 3,176 | 161 | 3 | 3,340 | \$ 680,962 | X |
| East | WHEELER | Wheeler Way | 413232 | Aug-16 | Jul-21 | 567 | 97 | 3 | 667 | \$ 125,526 | X |
| East | WHITE CITY | 641 W Weatherbee Rd | 401431 | Nov-18 | Jun-22 | 1,386 | 201 | 1 | 1,588 | \$ 2,421,501 | X |
| West | WHITFIELD | 1851 Whitfield Ave | 500832 | Feb-19 | Feb-22 | 6 | 185 | 4 | 195 | \$ 1,447,438 | X |
| West | WHITFIELD | 1851 Whitfield Ave | 500833 | Nov-18 | Dec-21 | 1,732 | 164 | 2 | 1,898 | \$ 2,112,658 | X |
| West | WHITFIELD | 1851 Whitfield Ave | 500834 | Dec-15 | Feb-21 | 1,393 | 158 | 2 | 1,553 | \$ 37,113 | X |
| West | WHITFIELD | 1851 Whitfield Ave | 500837 | Aug-19 | Jun-22 | 1,415 | 268 | 3 | 1,686 | \$ 1,409,696 | X |
| North | WILLOW | 4646 Clyde Morris Blvd | 103832 | Nov-20 | Aug-22 | 755 | 15 | - | 770 | \$ 10,592 | X |
| North | WILLOW | 4646 Clyde Morris Blvd | 103836 | Jul-20 | Nov-22 | 1,837 | 111 | 1 | 1,949 | \$ 7,049 | X |
| West | WINKLER | 3150 Winkler Ave | 505465 | Sep-17 | Jun-23 | 1,720 | 716 | - | 2,436 | \$ 818,715 | X |
| North | WIREMILL | 14163 Arnold Rhoden Rd | 301562 | Jul-18 | Nov-21 | 332 | 89 | 3 | 424 | \$ 396,298 | X |
| Broward | WOODLANDS | 5440 NW 44th St | 703237 | Nov-18 | Jul-22 | 3,350 | 318 | 2 | 3,670 | \$ 3,757,207 | X |
| West | WOODS | 6308 33rd St | 506965 | Nov-18 | Apr-22 | 3,392 | 123 | 10 | 3,525 | \$ 2,352,858 | |
| North | WRIGHT | 1399 Wright St | 109034 | Dec-19 | Sep-22 | 2,003 | 249 | - | 2,252 | \$ 605,947 | X |
| North | WYOMING | 2525 Quarry Ave SE | 207362 | Jul-19 | Sep-22 | 3,106 | 69 | 1 | 3,176 | \$ 2,030,620 | X |
| North | WYOMING | 2525 Quarry Ave SE | 207364 | Feb-16 | May-21 | 1,679 | 100 | 1 | 1,780 | \$ 44,801 | X |
| North | YORKE | 5075 Korbin Ave | 209861 | Nov-19 | Sep-22 | 607 | 244 | 1 | 852 | \$ 755,818 | X |
| North | YORKE | 5075 Korbin Ave | 209863 | Nov-19 | Nov-21 | 3,036 | 218 | 1 | 3,255 | \$ 1,516,027 | X |
| North | YULEE | 40 Harts Road | 301463 | Sep-18 | Sep-21 | 2,156 | 167 | 4 | 2,327 | \$ 2,630,005 | X |

Notes:

- (1) Start date reflects estimated/actual date when initial project costs will begin to accrue (e.g., preliminary engineering/design, site preparations, customer outreach)
(2) Completion date reflects the estimated date when all project costs will be final

Appendix E: FPL 2020 Project Level Detail
Substation Storm Surge / Flood Mitigation Program

| Region | Substation | Substation Address | Substation Type | Estimated / Actual Start Date ⁽¹⁾ | Current Estimated Completion Date ⁽²⁾ | Residential Customers | Commercial Customers | Industrial Customers | Total Customers | 2020 Project Cost | Irma / Matthew Outage |
|-----------|---------------|---|-----------------|--|--|-----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|-----------------|-------------------|-----------------------|
| St. Johns | St. Augustine | 106 Riberia St, St. Augustine, FL 32084 | Distribution | 8/1/2020 | 12/31/2021 | 5013 | 1536 | 38 | 6587 | \$ 3,000,000 | X |

Notes:*(1) Start date reflects estimated/actual date when initial project costs will begin to accrue (e.g., preliminary engineering/design, site preparations, customer outreach)**(2) Completion date reflects the estimated date when all project costs will be final*

Exhibit MJ-2



Gulf Power[®]

**Storm Protection Plan
2020-2029**

(Rule 25-6.030, F.A.C.)

Docket No. 20200070-EI

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Gulf Power Company's 2020-2029 Storm Protection Plan

I. Executive Summary

Pursuant to Section 366.96, Florida Statutes (“F.S.”), and Rule 25-6.030, Florida Administrative Code (“F.A.C.”), Gulf Power Company (“Gulf”) submits its Storm Protection Plan (“SPP”) for the ten (10) year period 2020-2029 (hereinafter, the proposed “SPP”). As explained herein, the SPP is largely a continuation of Gulf’s successful storm hardening and storm preparedness programs previously approved by the Florida Public Service Commission (“Commission”) over the last thirteen years, as well as a new program to target and underground select distribution laterals. Gulf anticipates the programs included in the SPP will have zero bill impacts on customer bills during the first year of the SPP and only minimal bill increases for years two and three of the SPP.¹

Since 2006, Gulf has been implementing Commission-approved programs to strengthen its transmission and distribution (“T&D”) infrastructure. These programs include multiple storm hardening and storm preparedness programs such as feeder hardening, replacing transmission structures, vegetation management, and pole inspections. These efforts, along with Gulf’s storm preparedness and hardening initiatives to date, have produced a more storm resilient T&D electrical grid that will better withstand the hurricanes and tropical storms that are becoming more frequent and severe in the State of Florida.

The success of Gulf’s storm hardening and storm preparedness programs has been achieved through the development and implementation of Gulf’s forward-looking storm hardening, grid modernization, and reliability initiatives and investments, combined with the use of cutting-edge technology and strong employee commitment. Under the SPP, Gulf remains committed to continue these successful programs to further strengthen its T&D infrastructure, mitigate restoration costs and outage times, continue to provide safe

¹ The recovery of the costs associated with the proposed SPP, as well as the costs to be included in Gulf’s Storm Protection Plan Cost Recovery Clause, will be addressed in a subsequent and separate Storm Protection Plan Cost Recovery Clause docket pursuant to Rule 25-6.031, F.A.C.

and reliable electric service to customers, and meet future increasing needs and expectations.

As stated previously, Gulf's SPP is, in large part, a continuation and expansion of its previously approved storm hardening plan and includes the following SPP programs:

- Distribution Inspection Program
- Transmission Inspection Program
- Distribution Feeder Hardening Program
- Distribution Hardening – Lateral Undergrounding Program
- Transmission Hardening Program
- Vegetation Management – Distribution Program
- Vegetation Management – Transmission Program

With the exception of the new Distribution Hardening – Lateral Undergrounding Program, the majority of these programs have been in place since 2007. As demonstrated by recent storm events, these programs have been successful in reducing restoration costs and outage times following major storms, as well as improving day-to-day reliability. Gulf submits that continuing these previously approved storm hardening and storm preparedness programs in the SPP, together with the new Distribution Hardening – Lateral Undergrounding Program, is appropriate and necessary to address the mandates set forth in Section 366.96, F.S., and Rule 25-6.030, F.A.C., as well as the expectations of Gulf's customers and other stakeholders for increased storm resiliency and will result in fewer outages, reduced restoration costs, and prompt service restoration. The SPP will continue to expand the benefits of hardening, including improved day-to-day reliability, to all customers throughout Gulf's system.

The following sections provide information and details on Gulf's SPP as required by and in compliance with Rule 25-6.030, F.A.C. For the reasons explained below, Gulf submits that implementing the SPP is necessary and appropriate to achieve the goals and requirements expressed by the Florida Legislature in Section 366.96, F.S., to reduce

restoration costs and outage times associated with extreme weather events and improve overall service reliability to customers and the State of Florida by promoting the overhead hardening of electrical transmission and distribution facilities, the undergrounding of certain electrical distribution lines, and vegetation management.

II. The 2020-2029 SPP Will Strengthen Gulf's Infrastructure to Withstand Extreme Weather Conditions and Will Reduce Restoration Costs and Outage Times

Pursuant to Rule 25-6.030(3)(a), F.A.C., this section provides an overview of how the SPP will strengthen Gulf's electric utility infrastructure to withstand extreme weather conditions by promoting the overhead hardening of electrical transmission and distribution facilities, the undergrounding of certain electrical distribution lines, and vegetation management. Consistent with Rule 25-6.030(3)(b), F.A.C., this section also provides a summary of how the SPP is expected to further reduce restoration costs and outage times associated with extreme weather conditions and, therefore, improve overall service reliability.

As described in more detail below, Gulf expects to pursue a new Distribution Lateral Undergrounding program similar to that of Florida Power & Light Company ("FPL"), which FPL initiated and the Commission approved in 2018. This program would convert certain targeted overhead laterals, such as those that have been impacted by recent storms or have a history of vegetation-related outages or other reliability issues, to underground laterals. Gulf also plans to continue implementing its design criteria, which require applying Extreme Wind Loading ("EWL") criteria to the design and construction of new overhead pole lines and major planned work, including pole line extensions, relocations and certain pole replacements. Gulf is proposing to continue executing its system-wide T&D pole inspection and replacement, and vegetation management cycle programs. Gulf will strengthen its electric grid to eliminate outages, minimize restoration times, and reduce the risk of single points of failure occurrences following major weather events.

Although Gulf's storm preparedness and hardening programs to date have produced a more storm resilient and reliable T&D electrical grid, Gulf must continue its efforts to

storm-harden its T&D electrical grid consistent with the findings, conclusions, and objectives of the Florida Legislature in Section 366.96, F.S. Indeed, Florida remains the most hurricane-prone state in the nation and, with the significant coast-line exposure of Gulf's system and the fact that the nearly 50% of Gulf's customers live within one (1) mile of a coast or major body of water, a robust SPP is critical to maintaining and improving grid resiliency and storm restoration as contemplated by the Legislature in Section 366.96.

III. Description of Service Area and T&D Facilities

Pursuant to Rule 25-6.030(3)(c), F.A.C., this section provides a description of Gulf Power's service area, including areas prioritized for enhancement, if any, and any areas where Gulf has determined that enhancement of its existing T&D facilities would not be feasible, reasonable, or practical at this time.

Today, Gulf's service area consists of approximately 7,550 square miles. To serve its more than 468,000 customers, Gulf has constructed a T&D electric grid that contains approximately 9,500 miles of electrical lines, including:

- Approximately 5,831 miles of overhead distribution lines;
- Approximately 2,023 miles of underground distribution lines;
- Approximately 1,672 miles of high-voltage transmission lines;
- Approximately 208,000 distribution poles; and
- Approximately 12,000 transmission structures.

Gulf's service area is divided into three distribution management areas. A map depicting Gulf's service area and distribution management areas (with the number of customers served within each management area) is provided in Appendix A.

At this time, Gulf has not identified any areas of its service area where its SPP programs and projects would not be feasible, reasonable, or practical. While all of Gulf's SPP programs are currently system-wide initiatives, annual activities are prioritized based on certain factors such as last inspection date, last trim date, reliability performance and

efficient resource utilization.² At this time, there is no area specifically targeted or prioritized for enhanced performance based on its geographical location.

IV. Proposed 2020-2029 SPP Programs

Pursuant to Rule 25-6.030(3)(d), F.A.C., this section provides a description of each program included in Gulf's SPP. If applicable, each program description below includes: (1) a description of how each program is designed to enhance Gulf's existing transmission and distribution facilities including an estimate of the resulting reduction in outage times and restoration costs due to extreme weather conditions; (2) identification of the actual or estimated start and completion dates of the program; (3) a cost estimate including capital and operating expenses; (4) a comparison of the costs and the benefits; and (5) a description of the criteria used to select and prioritize proposed storm protection programs.

A. Distribution Inspection Program

1. Description of the Program and Benefits

Gulf's Distribution Inspection Program included in the SPP is a continuation of Gulf's existing Commission-approved Distribution Inspection Program and includes programs that target specific facilities and infrastructure comprising Gulf's distribution system. Below is an overview of Gulf's Distribution Inspection Program and its associated benefits.

a. Overview of the Distribution Inspection Program

i. Feeder Patrols

Feeder patrols are a vital component of Gulf's Distribution Inspection Program and provide Gulf with the ability to efficiently identify and respond proactively to possible faults and other issues with Gulf's feeder systems. The feeder patrol component of Gulf's Distribution Inspection Program in the SPP is a continuation of the program previously

² The criteria and factors used to select and prioritize projects within each SPP program are described below.

approved by the Commission in Gulf's 2019-2021 Storm Hardening Plan. The program requires that, annually, by June 1, all critical lines must be inspected up to the first protective device for loose down guys, slack primary, and leaning poles. To the extent the patrols identify any problems with Gulf's feeders, those problems are promptly corrected in accordance with the requirements of the National Electric Safety Code ("NESC") and any other applicable standards or guidelines.

ii. Infrared Patrols

Infrared patrols assist Gulf in maintaining the reliable operation of its distribution system by utilizing equipment that detects excess heat and can identify structural, mechanical, and electrical issues with Gulf's distribution facilities. Similar to Gulf's feeder patrols, the infrared patrols in the SPP are a continuation of the program previously approved by the Commission in Gulf's 2019-2021 Storm Hardening Plan. Gulf's infrared patrols follow the same inspection cycle as its feeder patrols: annually, by June 1, Gulf will perform infrared inspections of critical equipment on main line three phase feeders. The inspected equipment includes feeder switches, capacitors, regulators, and automatic over-current protective devices. To the extent the infrared patrols proactively identify any potential problems with this equipment, Gulf will promptly schedule repairs, which will be performed in accordance with the requirements of the NESC and any other applicable standards or guidelines.

iii. Pole Inspections

Gulf implemented a distribution wood pole inspection program in the early 1990's and has continued that process since that time. Prior to 2006, Gulf utilized a 10-year distribution wood pole inspection program. In response to the 2004-2005 storm seasons and, in particular, the "large number of poles throughout Florida that required replacement," the Commission required investor-owned utilities ("IOUs") to implement an (8) eight-year pole inspection cycle for all wood distribution poles.³ Gulf's plan was initially approved in

³ See Order No. PSC-06-0144-PAA-EI.

September 2006, pending certain compliance filings,⁴ and received final approval in January 2007.⁵

Gulf's (8) eight-year pole inspection cycle for all wooden distribution poles targets approximately 1/8 of the system annually (the actual number of poles inspected can vary somewhat from year to year). Gulf's strength and loading calculations for its distribution poles and pole inspections are based on the NESC's construction standards.

Gulf utilizes an inspection matrix that ensures all poles (Creosote, Penta, and CCA) receive a visual inspection with sounding, boring and excavation as appropriate. Inspections include a visual inspection of all distribution poles from the ground-line to the top of the pole to identify visual defects (e.g., woodpecker holes, split tops, decayed tops, cracks, etc.). If, due to the severity of the defects, the poles are not suitable for continued service, the poles are designated for replacement. This inspection matrix has been approved by the FPSC in all previous plans. Utilizing this philosophy, Gulf's wooden pole plant has continued to perform well, with most pole failures being limited to times of extreme weather, tree failures, or vehicle strikes.

Gulf's rate of rejection for distribution wood poles has fallen from approximately 15% during its first ten-year inspection cycle to less than 3% in current inspection cycles.

b. Benefits of the Distribution Inspection Program

The Commission has previously found that "efforts to maintain system components can reduce the impact of hurricanes and tropical storms upon utilities' transmission and distribution systems," and noted that an "obvious key component in electric infrastructure is the transmission and distribution poles."⁶ The Commission has also previously identified multiple benefits of and reasons for justifying pole inspections cycles for electric utilities, including, but no limited to: the likelihood of increased hurricane activity in the future; the high probability for equipment damage if a pole fails during a storm; the

⁴ See Order No. PSC-06-0778-PAA-EU.

⁵ See Order No. PSC-07-0078-PAA-EU.

⁶ See Order No. PSC-06-0144-PAA-EI.

likelihood that failure of one pole often causes other poles to fail; the fact that deteriorated poles are more prone to fail when exposed to high winds; the fact that Florida electric utilities replaced nearly 32,000 poles during the 2004 storm restoration efforts; and the fact that restoration times increase significantly when a large number of poles fail, which limits the electric utilities' ability to respond quickly to widespread outages.⁷

In addition to the benefits discussed above that underlie the creation of the Commission's mandated pole inspection requirements, Gulf's pole inspection program has resulted in the identification of poles to be remediated and the subsequent replacement of approximately 10,000 poles since the implementation of Gulf's pole inspection program. The poles replaced were also constructed utilizing a higher NESC Grade B construction standard. Information from previous storms shows that poles replaced since 2007 at the increased construction standard performed significantly better than poles with a pre-2007 construction date. An independent forensic analysis was conducted immediately after Hurricane Michael to assess damage to Gulf's distribution system. This analysis stated, "a substantial decrease in the damage rate in poles installed after 2007 was found (30-32% damage rate pre-2007; 11-14% damage rate 2007 and beyond)". The analysis further stated, "The survey data as well as the analysis does indicate however, that newer construction standards and stronger pole classes (Class 2) outperformed those poles installed to older standards or those that were of Class 3, 5, or 6. This suggests that investments in storm hardening could reduce the extent of outages as well as restoration times from future storm events". The analysis further states, "... investments in storm hardening may improve system performance during future storm events." The forensic analysis is attached as Appendix B. Gulf submits that its Commission-approved Distribution Inspection Program has directly improved and will continue to improve the overall health and storm resiliency of its distribution facilities.

2. Actual/Estimated Start and Completion Dates

The SPP will continue Gulf's ongoing Commission-approved Distribution Inspection Program described above. Annually, Gulf visually inspects approximately 770 miles of

⁷ See id.

mainline feeders and performs infrared inspections of critical equipment. With approximately 208,000 distribution poles as of year-end 2019, Gulf expects to inspect approximately 26,000 poles annually during the 2020-2029 SPP period.

3. Cost Estimates

Estimated annual costs for Gulf's Distribution Inspection Program are a function of the number of inspections estimated to be completed and the number of poles estimated to be remediated or replaced as a result of the annual inspections. Although costs to inspect the poles are operating expenses, the vast majority of pole inspection program costs are capital costs resulting from remediation/replacement of poles that fail inspection.

The table below provides a comparison of the estimated 2020-2022 (first three years of the SPP) Distribution Inspection Program costs with the estimated Distribution Inspection Program costs for 2020-2029:

| | Total Program Costs (millions) | Annual Average Program Costs (millions) |
|-----------|---------------------------------------|--|
| 2020-2022 | \$11.0 | \$3.7 |
| 2020-2029 | \$37.5 | \$3.7 |

Further details of these costs, including estimated annual capital expenditures and operating expenses, are provided in Appendix C.⁸

4. Comparison of Costs and Benefits

As provided in Section (IV)(A)(3) above, during 2020-2029, total costs for Gulf's feeder and infrared patrols and distribution pole inspection programs will average approximately \$3.7 million per year. Benefits associated with Gulf's Distribution Inspection Program are

⁸ Note, the 2020-2029 program costs shown above are projected costs estimated as of the time of this filing. Subsequent projected and actual costs could vary by as much as 10% to 15%. The annual projected costs, actual/estimated costs, actuals costs, and true-up of actual costs to be included in Gulf's Storm Protection Plan Cost Recovery Clause will all be addressed in a subsequent and separate Storm Protection Plan Cost Recovery Clause filing pursuant to Rule 25-6.031, F.A.C. The Commission has opened Docket No. 20200092-EI to address Storm Protection Plan Cost Recovery Clause petitions to be filed the third quarter of 2020.

discussed in Sections II and IV(A)(1)(b), above and include a decrease in the damage rate of poles installed during the time Hurricane Michael impacted Gulf's service area from 30-32% for Class 3, 5, or 6 (pre-2007) poles to 11-14% for Class 2 (2007 and beyond) poles.

5. Criteria used to Select and Prioritize Programs

Poles to be inspected annually are selected and prioritized within Gulf's service area based on the last cycle's inspection dates to ensure that poles are in compliance with Gulf's established eight-year cycle. As such, approximately 1/8 of the distribution poles in Gulf's service area are inspected annually.

At this time, Gulf has not identified any areas where the Distribution Inspection Program would not be feasible, reasonable or practical.

B. Transmission Inspection Program

1. Description of the Program and Benefits

Gulf's SPP Transmission Inspection Program is a continuation of Gulf's existing Commission-approved 2019-2021 storm hardening plan. The SPP includes programs that target the specific facilities comprising Gulf's transmission system. Below is an overview of Gulf's Transmission Inspection Program and its associated benefits.

a. Overview of the Transmission Inspection Program

In 2006, as part of its Storm Preparedness Initiative No. 3, the Commission required electric utilities to develop and implement plans to fully inspect substations annually and all transmission structures and all hardware associated with these facilities on a six-year cycle. Consistent therewith, Gulf implemented a Commission-approved transmission inspection plan in 2006 and has continued that plan to date.

Under its Commission-approved transmission inspection plan, Gulf inspects its transmission substations annually and its structures on two alternating twelve year cycles, which results in a structure being inspected at least every six-years. In general, Gulf uses a combination of company employees and contractors to perform comprehensive walking

and aerial inspections of its transmission structures. At year-end 2019, approximately 12,000 transmission structures (62% steel or concrete and 38% wood) are included in Gulf's transmission system.

Inspections for wood structures include an overall assessment of the condition of the structures, as well as other pole/structure components including the foundation, all attachments, insulators, guys, cross-braces, cross-arms, and bolts. If a wood transmission structure does not pass visual inspection, it is designated for replacement with a concrete or steel transmission structure.

For steel and concrete structures, the visual inspection includes an overall assessment of the structure condition (e.g., cracks, chips, exposed rebar, and rust) as well as other pole/structure components including the foundation, all attachments, insulators, guys, cross-braces, cross-arms, and bolts. If a concrete or steel pole/structure fails the inspection, it is designated for repair or replacement.

Gulf's annual inspections of its transmission substations include comprehensive inspections based on substation inspection manuals. These inspections are performed by Company personnel knowledgeable of the processes, procedures, and equipment of Gulf's substations. Inspections include batteries and chargers, breakers, instrument transformers, power fuses, regulators, substation yard, switches, and transformers. The inspection steps for each type equipment is documented as well as the inspection results. Any abnormal situations are documented, repaired and/or replaced.

The SPP will continue Gulf's current Transmission Inspection Program which requires: transmission substations and all associated equipment to be inspected annually and transmission structures to be inspected based on two alternating twelve-year cycles, which results in a structure being inspected at least every six years.

b. Benefits of the Transmission Inspection Program

As noted in Section IV(A)(1)(b) above, the Commission has found numerous benefits and reasons justifying inspections of electrical utility facilities, including transmission facilities. Importantly, the transmission system is the backbone of the electric grid. While outages

associated with distribution facilities (e.g., a transformer, lateral or feeder) can result in an outage affecting anywhere from a few customers up to several thousands of customers, a transmission related outage can affect tens of thousands of customers. Additionally, an outage on a transmission facility could cause cascading (a loss of power at one transmission facility can trigger the loss of power on another interconnected transmission facility, which in turn can trigger the loss of power on another interconnected transmission facility, and so on) and result in the loss of service for hundreds of thousands of customers. As such, it is imperative that transmission facilities be properly inspected using appropriate cycles and standards to help ensure that they are prepared for storms.

As with its distribution inspection program, discussed in Sections IV(A)(1)(a) & (b), the performance of Gulf's transmission facilities during recent storm events indicates Gulf's transmission inspection program has contributed to the overall storm resiliency of the transmission system and provided savings in storm restoration duration and costs. As a result, the inspections enable Gulf to timely identify and replace deteriorated structures, thus increasing the performance of its transmission structures during extreme weather events.

2. Estimated Start and Completion Dates

The SPP will continue Gulf's ongoing Commission-approved Transmission Inspection Program described above. This requires Gulf to inspect transmission substations and all associated equipment annually and structures based on two alternating twelve-year cycles, resulting in a structure being inspected at least every six years.

3. Cost Estimates

Estimated annual Transmission Inspection Program costs are a function of the number of inspections estimated to be completed and the transmission facilities estimated to be/actually remediated/replaced as a result of those inspections. Although the inspection costs are operating expenses, the vast majority of Transmission Inspection Program costs are capital costs resulting from remediation/replacement of facilities that fail inspection.

The table below provides a comparison of the estimated 2020-2022 (first three years of the SPP) Transmission Inspection Program costs with the estimated Transmission Inspection Program costs for 2020-2029:

| | Total Program Costs (millions) | Annual Average Program Costs (millions) |
|-----------|---|--|
| 2020-2022 | \$10.5 | \$3.5 |
| 2020-2029 | \$35.0 | \$3.5 |

Further details regarding SPP estimated Transmission Inspection Program costs, including estimated annual capital expenditures and operating expenses, are provided in Appendix C.⁹

4. Comparison of Costs and Benefits

As provided in Section IV(B)(3) above, during 2020-2029, total costs for Gulf's Transmission Inspection Program are expected to average approximately \$3.5 million per year. Benefits associated with this program discussed in Sections II and IV(B)(1)(b) above include helping avoid outages that can affect tens of thousands of customers and, in particular, cascading outages where the loss of service can affect hundreds of thousands of customers.

5. Criteria used to Select and Prioritize Programs

As explained above, Gulf visually inspects its substations on an annual basis. For the inspection of transmission lines and structures and all associated hardware, the facilities are selected/prioritized throughout Gulf's service area based on the last cycle's inspection dates, to ensure that facilities are inspected in compliance with the established inspection cycle. Gulf's transmission structure inspection program is based on two alternating twelve-year cycles, which results in a structure being inspected at least every six years.

⁹ See footnote 8.

At this time, Gulf has not identified any areas where the Transmission Inspection Program would not be feasible, reasonable, or practical.

C. Distribution Feeder Hardening Program

1. Description of the Program and Benefits

The Distribution Feeder Hardening Program included in the SPP is a continuation of Gulf's existing Commission-approved approach (most recently approved in Docket No. 20180147-EI) to harden existing feeders and certain critical distribution poles, as well as Gulf's initiative to design and construct new pole lines and major planned work to meet the NESC's extreme wind loading ("EWL") criteria. Below is an overview of Gulf's existing distribution feeder hardening program and associated benefits.

a. Overview of the Distribution Feeder Hardening Program

The foundation of Gulf's Distribution Feeder Hardening Program has been Gulf's objective to strengthen and reconstruct critical infrastructure to higher NESC storm hardening construction standards. Feeders are the backbone of Gulf's distribution system and, therefore, a critical component of Gulf's overall distribution overhead system. Feeder reliability can also have a substantial impact on overall service reliability to Gulf's customers. Therefore, hardening feeders has been, and continues to remain, one of Gulf's highest storm hardening priorities.

To harden its feeders in 2020-2029, Gulf's proposes to continue with its previously approved approach to apply EWL standards to harden existing feeders and certain critical infrastructure utilizing Gulf's Distribution Hardening Design Guidelines (Appendix D) to construct new pole lines and major planned work. Gulf will also continue its distribution automation program which includes the installation of additional distribution automation devices, strategic installation of automated overhead faulted circuit indicators, and the distribution supervisory control and data acquisition (DSCADA) system. Appendix B also provides a map depicting Gulf's three districts that comprise Gulf's service areas which are subject to extreme winds ranging from 110-140 mph. Gulf's application of EWL

criteria to its hardening efforts incorporates and reflects these varying wind speeds throughout Gulf's service areas.

The SPP will also continue to utilize Gulf's Distribution Hardening Design Guidelines and processes to apply EWL to the design and construction of new pole lines and major planned work, including pole line extensions and relocations and certain pole replacements. Depending on the scope of the work that is performed in a particular project, this could result in the EWL hardening of an entire circuit (in the case of large-scale projects) or in EWL hardening of one or more poles (in the case of small projects) so that the affected circuit will be in a position to be fully EWL hardened in the future. These design criteria are primarily associated with changes in pole class, pole type, and desired span lengths to be utilized. The design criteria standardize the design and construction of new pole lines and major planned work to ensure that these projects align with Gulf's hardening strategy.

Gulf's current pole sizing guidelines provide for a minimum installation of: Class 2 wood poles for all new feeder and three-phase lateral work; Class 3 wood pole for two-phase and single-phase lateral work; and Class 3 wood pole for service and secondary work. For critical poles, Gulf's current pole sizing guidelines provide for the installation of concrete poles at accessible locations. These guidelines significantly increase the wind ratings (up to nearly 50 percent) from the design criteria in place prior to 2007.

To determine how an existing overhead circuit or critical pole will be hardened, a field survey of the circuit facilities is first performed. By capturing detailed information at each pole location such as pole type, class, span distance, attachments, wire size and framing, a comprehensive wind-loading analysis can be performed to determine the current wind rating of each pole, and ultimately the circuit itself. This data is then used to identify the specific pole locations on the circuit that do not meet the desired wind rating. For all poles that do not meet the applicable EWL, Gulf develops recommendations to increase the allowable wind rating of the pole.

Gulf plans to continue to utilize its "design toolkit" that focuses on evaluating and using cost-effective hardening options for each location, including:

- Storm Guying – Installing a guy in each direction perpendicular to the line; a very cost-effective option that is dependent on proper field conditions;
- Equipment Relocation – Moving equipment on a pole to a near-by stronger pole;
- Intermediate Pole – Installing a single pole when long span lengths are present, which reduce span length and increases the wind rating of both adjacent poles;
- Upgrading Pole Class – Replacing the existing pole with a higher class pole to increase the pole's wind rating; and;
- Undergrounding Facilities – Evaluated on a case-by-case basis using site-specific conditions.
- Distribution Automation – Installation of additional distribution automation devices to further segment the feeders for outage restoration. These devices protect customers by limiting those affected by temporary faults and sustained outages. These devices will either be controlled by Distribution Supervisory Control and Data Acquisition (DSCADA) and/or function as a part of automated restoration schemes.
 - Strategic Installation of Automated Overhead Faulted Circuit Indicators (FCIs) are devices designed to indicate the passage of fault current. These devices will reduce customer outage time by helping to expedite locating outage causes, aiding in the isolation of the problem. This process will help restore service to some customers while the problem is being corrected. Gulf proposes to continue to install new FCIs at strategic locations.
 - In order to reduce customer outage times, Gulf has implemented a Distribution Supervisory Control and Data Acquisition (DSCADA) System to remotely control and monitor the distribution system by

Distribution Control Center personnel. The DSCADA system will continue to be expanded with the addition of line devices.

To further improve distribution reliability and resiliency, in 2016, Gulf initiated a program to expand its storm hardening philosophy by purchasing vegetation management easements from private property owners on select feeders to enhance Gulf's ability to adequately address vegetation management concerns. The feeders selected consisted of mainline feeders that serve key customers; feeders that experience reliability issues due to off right of way vegetation conflicts; and feeders that have heavy exposure to off right-of-way vegetation. Gulf has successfully purchased easements on 89 miles of line giving Gulf the right to clear and maintain a 15 foot wide corridor on private property adjacent to the public right of way and Gulf's distribution facilities. Gulf plans to continue this program to provide VM reliability improvements on its system.

These options are not mutually exclusive, and when used in combination with sound engineering practices, provide cost-effective methods to harden a circuit. Gulf's design recommendations also take into consideration issues such as hardening, mitigation (minimizing damage), and restoration (improving the efficiency of restoration in the event of failure). Since multiple factors can contribute to losing power after a storm, utilizing this multi-faceted approach to distribution pole line design helps to reduce the amount of work required to restore power to a damaged circuit.

b. Benefits of the Distribution Feeder Hardening Program

Distribution feeders are the backbone of the distribution system and are critical component to providing safe and reliable electric service to Gulf's customers. Improving the storm resiliency of distribution feeders provides immediate benefits for every customer served off a hardened feeder as soon as the hardening is completed. Therefore, hardening distribution feeders has been and continues to be one of Gulf's highest storm hardening priorities.

During the period 2006-2018, utilizing existing hardening specifications, Gulf hardened Critical Infrastructure Function (“CIF”) feeders that serve hospitals, 911 centers, police and fire stations, water treatment facilities, county emergency operation centers and Community Project feeders, feeders that serve other key community needs like gas stations, grocery stores and pharmacies throughout Gulf’s service area. In 2019, Gulf began to apply EWL standards to the design and construction of all new pole lines and major planned work, including pole line extensions and relocations and certain pole replacements. Logically, these storm-hardened feeders have and will continue to provide more storm and extreme weather resiliency to Gulf’s customers.

2. Estimated Start and Completion Dates

Gulf initiated its feeder hardening initiative in 2006. As of year-end 2019, there are approximately 269 feeders remaining to be hardened. Gulf expects to harden 12-18 feeders annually through the program, and anticipates approximately 50% of Gulf’s feeders to be hardened to EWL standards by year-end 2029.

3. Cost Estimates

Estimated Distribution Feeder Hardening Program costs are determined utilizing the length of each feeder, the average historical feeder hardening cost per mile and updated cost assumptions (e.g., labor and materials). The table below provides a comparison of the estimated 2020-2022 (first three years of the SPP) Distribution Feeder Hardening Program with the estimated Distribution Feeder Hardening Program costs for 2020-2029:

| | Total Program Costs (millions) | Annual Average Program Costs (millions) |
|-----------|---|--|
| 2020-2022 | \$87.1 | \$29.0 |
| 2020-2029 | \$315.3 | \$31.5 |

Further details regarding the estimated SPP Distribution Feeder Hardening Program costs including estimated annual expenditures, the vast majority of which are capitalized, are provided in Appendix C.¹⁰

4. Comparison of Costs and Benefits

As provided in Section IV(C)(3) above, during 2020-2029, total costs for Gulf's Distribution Feeder Hardening Program average approximately \$31.5 million per year through 2029. Benefits associated with this program discussed in Sections II and IV(C)(1)(b) above, include improved storm resiliency as well as: (1) lowering outage rates; (2) lowering construction man hours to restore hardened feeders; and (3) fewer pole failures.

5. Criteria used to Select and Prioritize Programs

As explained above, there are approximately 269 feeders remaining to be hardened or placed underground. Gulf attempts to spread its annual projects throughout its service areas. In prioritizing the remaining existing feeders to be hardened each year, considerations include the feeder's historical reliability performance, restoration difficulties, on-going or upcoming internal/external projects (e.g., Gulf maintenance or system expansion projects, municipal overhead/underground conversion projects or municipal road projects) and geographic location (i.e., Gulf attempts to spread its annual projects throughout its service area). Additionally, Critical Infrastructure Function ("CIF") feeders that serve hospitals, 911 centers, police and fire stations, water treatment facilities, county emergency operation centers, and Community Project feeders, feeders that serve other key community needs like gas stations, grocery stores and pharmacies are considered during Gulf's feeder hardening considerations. There are no areas for feeder hardening that Gulf has determined to be not feasible, reasonable or practical.

D. Distribution Hardening – Lateral Undergrounding Program

1. Description of the Program and Benefits

The Distribution Hardening – Lateral Undergrounding Program included in the SPP is a new program similar to that of FPL, which is intended to protect certain overhead laterals

¹⁰ See footnote 8.

during extreme weather events by converting them to underground laterals. Below is an overview of Gulf's proposed Distribution Hardening - Lateral Undergrounding Program and associated benefits.

a. Overview of the Distribution Hardening-Lateral Undergrounding Program

Gulf's SPP includes a Distribution Hardening - Lateral Undergrounding Program similar to that conducted by FPL and Duke Energy Florida. The Distribution Hardening - Lateral Undergrounding Program would build upon the experiences of FPL and focus on targeting certain overhead laterals, *i.e.*, overhead laterals impacted by recent storms and with a history of vegetation-related outages and other reliability issues, spread throughout Gulf's system. Key objectives of the program would initially include validating conversion costs and identifying cost savings opportunities, testing different design philosophies, better understanding customer impacts and sentiments, and identifying barriers (e.g., obtaining easements, locating transformers and attaching entities' issues).

As part of the conversion process, Gulf will install meter base adaptors, which provide a means to receive underground service to the customer by utilizing the existing meter and meter enclosure. The meter base adaptors will minimize the impact on customer-owned equipment and facilities. For example, in certain situations, overhead to underground conversions of electric service can trigger a local electrical code requirement that causes a customer to have to upgrade the home's electric service panel. This can cost the customer thousands of dollars. By utilizing a meter base adaptor, the need to convert the electrical service panel and the additional customer cost is avoided.

b. Benefits of the Distribution Hardening - Lateral Undergrounding Program

Laterals make up the majority of Gulf's distribution system. For example, system-wide, there are approximately 7000 laterals, in contrast to 305 feeders and there are almost 7 times as many miles of overhead laterals as there are overhead feeders (approximately 770 miles vs. 5063 miles, respectively). Additionally, while feeders are predominately located on main roads and rights-of-way, many laterals are located on smaller roads,

neighborhoods, and other areas that can create access issues for line maintenance, vegetation clearing, and restoration work. This results in a greater amount of construction man-hours being devoted to laterals during storm restoration. Based on the overall performance of underground vs. overhead facilities and the extensive damage to Gulf's overhead facilities caused by vegetation (much of which was outside of where Gulf trims, e.g., outside of public rights-of-way and Gulf easements) during Hurricane Michael, this program will further expand the benefits of hardening throughout Gulf's distribution system (*i.e.*, reduced outages and restoration time). Further, the day-to-day performance of the underground vs. overhead facilities are generally better, which also provides customer benefits. As previously stated, The Florida Legislature has determined that it is in the State's best interest to "strengthen electric utility infrastructure to withstand extreme weather conditions by promoting the overhead hardening of distribution and transmission facilities, undergrounding of certain distribution lines, and vegetation management". Section 366. (1), F.S. Gulf's basis for converting certain laterals from overhead to underground throughout its system to eliminate the extensive damage to overhead facilities during storms is consistent with this statute.

2. Estimated Start and Completion Dates

The evaluation and engineering of Gulf's laterals identified to be converted to underground will begin during the fourth quarter of 2020. Gulf will begin conversion construction in 2021 and continue through 2029 in order to derive the benefits of underground lateral hardening throughout its system.

3. Cost Estimates

Estimated Distribution Hardening - Lateral Undergrounding Program costs are determined utilizing the length of each lateral, the average historical lateral undergrounding cost per mile and updated cost assumptions (e.g., labor and materials). Total estimated Distribution Hardening - Lateral Undergrounding Program costs for 2020-2029, the vast majority of which are capitalized, are provided below:

| | Total Program Costs (millions) | Annual Average Program Costs (millions) |
|-----------|---------------------------------------|--|
| 2021-2022 | \$10.4 | \$5.2 |
| 2020-2029 | \$46.6 | \$4.7 |

Further details of these costs (e.g., annual capital expenditures and operating expenses), along with 2021-2022 program costs are provided in Appendix C.¹¹

4. Comparison of Costs and Benefits

As provided in Section IV(D)(3) above, during 2020-2029, total costs for Gulf's Distribution Hardening – Lateral Undergrounding Program average approximately \$4.7 million per year through 2029. Benefits associated with this program are discussed in Sections II and IV(C)(1)(b) above and include improved storm resiliency and the mitigation and elimination of extensive damage caused by vegetation and windborne debris to overhead facilities.

5. Criteria used to Select and Prioritize Programs

Gulf is proposing that it select and prioritize the entire first-stage laterals to be converted utilizing an overall feeder performance methodology, *i.e.*, rather than selecting laterals downstream of a first-stage fuse. Key factors in selecting and prioritizing laterals for undergrounding are based on several reliability indices involving, but not limited to, performance during past hurricanes and tropical storms, certain number of outages in the past 10 years, and high percentage of past outages caused by vegetation. Gulf proposes also prioritizing conversions by additional methods, such as customer density (*i.e.*, customers served per mile converted). Additional considerations are delaying or skipping laterals in high flood risk zones and extremely long rural laterals with low customer densities.

¹¹ See footnote 8.

E. Transmission Hardening Program

1. Description of the Program and Benefits

Gulf's SPP Transmission Hardening Program is largely a continuation of Gulf's existing Commission-approved 2019-2021 storm hardening plan. Below is an overview of Gulf's Transmission Hardening Program and its associated benefits.

a. Overview of the Transmission Hardening Program

Hardening efforts within this program consist of transmission wood structure replacement, substation flood monitoring and hardening, and transmission and substation resiliency.

As of year-end 2019, approximately 62% of Gulf's transmission structures, system-wide, are steel or concrete, with approximately 38% wood structures remaining to be replaced. The annual prioritization/selection criteria for the remaining wood structures to be replaced includes proximity to high wind areas, system importance, customer counts, and coordination with other storm initiatives (e.g., distribution feeder hardening). Other economic efficiencies, such as opportunities to perform work on multiple transmission line sections within the same transmission corridor, are also considered. Gulf expects to replace the approximately 4,600 remaining wood structures in its system before year-end 2029, at which time, 100% of its transmission structures will be steel or concrete.

Beginning in 2019, Gulf began to re-evaluate substation locations using the Coastal Substation Risk Assessments for all substations. As part of this process, a National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA) SLOSH (Sea, Lake and Overland Surges from Hurricanes) model is being used to define the potential maximum flood levels. SLOSH is a computerized model run by the National Hurricane Center (NHC) to estimate storm surge heights and winds resulting from historical, hypothetical, or predicted hurricanes.

Gulf will implement flood monitoring on vulnerable substations and review switch house construction standards for possible replacement and strengthening.

Although Gulf's transmission and substation facilities have continued to perform satisfactorily in the past, it should be noted that Gulf's transmission system and transmission substation reliability has been impacted by single point of failure events that have had and will continue to have the potential to greatly impact customers. During Hurricane Michael, Gulf experienced a single point of failure event which required the installation of a mobile substation to provide backup substation facilities and service to those customers impacted. As a result, Gulf has initiated a transmission line and radial substation resiliency program and has begun to invest in the overall strengthening of the electric grid at the transmission and/or substation level to remove these critical single points of failure that have the potential to impact large numbers of customers for extended periods of time. By building redundancy in the system to make it more resilient, these improvements will eliminate outages, and shorten restoration times following major weather events.

Based on customer impact and prioritization, Gulf is engaged in the process of removing single points of failure scenarios from the transmission and/or substation system. This program will focus on adding additional transmission lines into radially feed substations and additional transformers in single bank transmission substations in order to improve storm resiliency.

b. Benefits of the Transmission Hardening Program

While Gulf's transmission facilities were affected by Hurricane Michael in 2018, the damage experienced was significantly less than the damage sustained by distribution facilities. A primary reason for this resulted from the fact that transmission structures were already constructed to meet EWL standards, consistent with Florida Statute 366.04 and the NESC, Rule 250 C. However, based on the forensic data collected following the storm, steel and concrete structures out-performed wooden structures. Therefore, Gulf will continue its program of replacing transmission wood structures with steel or concrete to ensure the resiliency of its transmission structures.

The benefits associated with identifying and installing flood monitoring of substations is the ability to proactively de-energize those substations susceptible to flooding to reduce

damage to powered substation equipment. The prevention of outages at substations due to storm surge or flooding is essential to minimizing outages affecting thousands of customers.

The benefits associated with removing single points of failure is to provide redundancy in single transformer substations and to provide additional feeds and/or equipment to improve storm resiliency. Further, while an outage associated with distribution facilities (e.g., a transformer, lateral or feeder) can impact up to several thousands of customers, a transmission and/or substation-related outage can result in an outage affecting tens of thousands of customers. As a result, the hardening of transmission poles and structures; the monitoring and prevention of flood waters into substations; and the strengthening of equipment to prevent transmission and/or substation-related outages is essential.

2. Estimated Start and Completion Dates

Gulf implemented its substation flood monitoring in 2019 and will conclude the program in 2023. Substation resiliency and hardening will begin in 2020 and continue through 2029. Gulf implemented its transmission structure hardening program in 2019 and expects to replace the approximately 4,600 remaining wood transmission structures in its system before year-end 2029, at which time, 100% of its transmission structures will be steel or concrete.

3. Cost Estimates

Estimated annual Transmission Hardening Program costs are a function of the number of substations to be storm hardened through flood monitoring, scope of resiliency programs, and the number of poles to be replaced, actual historical replacement costs and updated cost assumptions (e.g., labor and materials). Total estimated Transmission Hardening Program costs for 2020-2029, the vast majority of which are capitalized, are provided below:

| | Total Program Costs (millions) | Annual Average Program Costs (millions) |
|-----------|---|--|
| 2020-2022 | \$106.3 | \$35.4 |
| 2020-2029 | \$488.8 | \$48.9 |

Further details of these costs (e.g., annual capital expenditures and operating expenses) are provided in Appendix C.¹²

4. Comparison of Costs and Benefits

As provided in Section IV(E)(3) above, total costs for Gulf's Transmission Hardening Program (transmission wood structure replacement, substation flood monitoring, and transmission and substation resiliency) average approximately \$48.9 million per year. Benefits associated with this program discussed in Sections II and IV(E)(1)(b) above, include improved storm resiliency.

5. Criteria Used to Select and Prioritize Programs

Gulf evaluated substation locations using the Coastal Substation Risk Assessments for all substations. Projects were prioritized based on stations in the flood zone using the SLOSH model, coastal stations with metal switch houses, and impact based on customer numbers. Transmission and substation resiliency projects are prioritized based on number of customers impacted and the estimated time of repair for a single event.

The annual prioritization/selection criteria for the remaining wood structures to be replaced includes proximity to high wind areas, system importance, customer counts, and coordination with other storm initiatives (e.g., distribution feeder hardening). Other economic efficiencies, such as opportunities to perform work on multiple transmission line sections within the same transmission corridor, are also considered.

At this time, Gulf has not identified any areas where the Transmission Hardening Program would not be feasible, reasonable or practical.

¹² See footnote 8.

F. Vegetation Management – Distribution Program

1. Description of the Program and Benefits

The Vegetation Management – Distribution Program included in the SPP is a continuation of Gulf's existing Commission-approved Vegetation Management – Distribution Program. Below is an overview of Gulf's existing Vegetation Management – Distribution Program and the associated benefits.

a. Overview of the Distribution Vegetation Management Program

Prior to 2006, Gulf's Vegetation Management – Distribution Program consisted of trimming its feeders on a three-year average trim cycle and performing targeted trimming on certain feeders more frequently, targeting vegetation with faster growth rates, through its "mid-cycle" program. Lateral trimming was prioritized based on reliability performance. Another important component of this program was Gulf's "Right Tree Right Place" ("RTRP") initiative, which provided information to educate customers on Gulf's Vegetation Management – Distribution Program and practices, safety issues, and the importance of placing trees in the proper location.

After the 2004-2005 storm seasons, in Order No. PSC-06-0351-PAA-EI, the FPSC determined that "(t)he vegetation management practices of the investor-owned electric utilities do not provide adequate assurance that tree clearances for overhead distribution facilities are being maintained in a manner that is likely to reduce vegetation related storm damage. We believe that utilities should develop more stringent distribution vegetation management programs." As a result, Gulf proposed and the Commission ultimately approved (Order No. PSC-07-0468-FOF-EI) the continuation of Gulf's system-wide three-year average trim cycle for mainline feeders, mid-cycle trimming for mainline feeders and its RTRP initiative and the implementation of a six-year average trim cycle for laterals. Gulf's Commission-approved 2010 Storm Hardening Plan included a change in lateral trim cycles from six years to four years. These same initiatives, which have provided storm and day-to-day reliability benefits, remain in place today.

Tree limbs and branches are among the most common causes of power outages/momentary interruptions, day-to-day as well as during storm events. The primary objective of Gulf's Vegetation Management – Distribution Program is to clear vegetation in areas where Gulf is permitted to trim from the vicinity of distribution facilities and equipment in order to provide safe, reliable and cost-effective electric service to its customers. The program is comprised of multiple initiatives designed to reduce the average time customers are without electricity as a result of vegetation-related interruptions. This includes preventive maintenance initiatives (planned cycle and mid-cycle maintenance), corrective maintenance (trouble work and service restoration efforts), customer trim requests, and support of system improvement and expansion projects, which focus on long-term reliability by addressing vegetation that will impact new or upgraded overhead distribution facilities.

Gulf follows the NESC, the American National Standards Institute (“ANSI”) A-300, and all other applicable standards while considering tree species, growth rates and the location of trees in proximity to our facilities when performing line clearing. Danger or hazard trees (leaning, structurally damaged, diseased, or dead) outside of right-of-way (“ROW”), which cannot be trimmed by Gulf contractors without approval from the property owner, are candidates for customer-approved removal.

For 2020-2029, Gulf proposes to continue implementing its currently-approved Vegetation Management – Distribution Program which includes its system-wide: three-year cycle for mainline feeders: mid-year cycle inspection and trimming for mainline feeders; four-year cycle for laterals; and continued education of customers through its RTRP initiative.

b. Benefits of the Distribution Vegetation Management Program

In Order No. PSC-2006-0947-PAA-EI, the Commission confirmed that Gulf should continue to implement 3-year average cycles for its mainline feeders and 6-year cycles for laterals because the cycles complied with the Commission's storm preparedness objectives to promote system reliability and reduce storm restoration costs. In Gulf's Commission approved 2010 Storm Hardening Plan, Gulf changed its lateral trim cycle

from 6 years to 4 years. Gulf has realized improved reliability as a result of its distribution vegetation management initiatives as its day-to-day distribution tree SAIDI has improved as a result of Gulf implementing its approved distribution vegetation management program (from 18.0 prior to the 2009 storm season to 14.1 at year-end 2019). Finally, another indication that the current program is providing benefits is that, while forensic analysis indicated vegetation was the overwhelming primary cause for pole and wire failures and a significant cause of outages during Hurricane Michael, the vast majority of damage resulted from uprooted trees, broken trunks, and broken limbs that fell into distribution facilities from outside of right-of-way, *i.e.*, beyond where Gulf is currently allowed to trim without approval from the property owner.

2. Actual/Estimated Start and Completion Dates

Gulf began its current 3-year mainline feeder cycle in 2019 which continues through 2021. The current 4-year lateral trim cycle began in 2018 and continues through 2021. At the conclusion of the current cycles, new cycles will begin. On average, Gulf plans to inspect and trim annually: approximately 1/3 of its mainline overhead feeder miles or 259 miles; approximately 1/4 of its overhead lateral miles or 1,257 miles; and mid-cycle inspection and trimming approximately 518 miles for a total estimated inspection and trimming average of approximately 2,000 miles per year, which is consistent with the historical miles inspected and trimmed annually.

3. Cost Estimates

The vast majority of Vegetation Management – Distribution Program costs are associated with cycle and mid-cycle inspection and trimming, which is performed by several approved Gulf contractors throughout Gulf's system. Other Vegetation Management – Distribution Program costs include costs associated with day-to-day restoration activities (e.g., summer afternoon thunderstorms), removals, debris cleanup, and support (e.g., arborists, supervision, back office support). Total estimated Vegetation Management – Distribution Program costs for 2020-2029 are provided below:¹³

¹³ The vegetation management costs shown in the table below exclude storm-related vegetation management costs.

| | Total Program Costs (millions) | Annual Average Program Costs (millions) |
|-----------|---------------------------------------|--|
| 2020-2022 | \$14.4 | \$4.8 |
| 2020-2029 | \$47.4 | \$4.7 |

Further details of these costs (e.g., annual capital expenditures and operating expenses, labor, and equipment) and the number of miles inspected and maintained annually are provided in Appendix C.¹⁴

4. Comparison of Costs and Benefits

As provided in Section IV(F)(3) above, during 2020-2029, total costs for Gulf's Vegetation Management – Distribution Program average approximately \$4.7 million per year. Benefits associated with this program discussed in Sections II and IV(F)(1)(b) above, include increased storm resiliency.

5. Criteria Used to Select and Prioritize Programs

The primary reason for maintaining mainline feeders on a 3-year average cycle vs. a 4-year average cycle for laterals is that a mainline feeder outage can affect, on average, approximately 1,500 customers, as compared to a lateral line that can affect significantly less customers. Gulf enhances its approved mainline feeder trimming plan through its mid-cycle inspection and trimming program, which encompasses patrolling and trimming feeders between planned maintenance cycles to address tree conditions that may cause an interruption prior to the next planned cycle trim.

Additionally, customers often contact Gulf with requests to trim trees around lines in their neighborhoods and near their homes. As a result of our discussions with these customers and/or a follow-up investigation, Gulf either performs the necessary trimming or determines that the requested trimming can be addressed more efficiently by completing it through the normal scheduled cycle trimming.

¹⁴ See footnote 8.

At this time, Gulf has not identified any areas where the Vegetation Management – Distribution Program would not be feasible, reasonable or practical.

G. Vegetation Management – Transmission Program

1. Description of the Program and Benefits

The Vegetation Management – Transmission Program included in the SPP is a continuation of Gulf's existing Vegetation Management – Transmission Program. Below is an overview of Gulf's existing Vegetation Management – Transmission Program and the associated benefits.

a. Overview of the Transmission Vegetation Management Program

The North American Electric Reliability Corporation's (NERC) vegetation management standards/requirements serve as the basis for Gulf's Vegetation Management - Transmission Program. The reliability objective of these standards/requirements standards is to prevent vegetation-related outages which could lead to cascading by utilizing effective vegetation maintenance while recognizing that certain outages such as those due to vandalism, human errors and acts of nature are not preventable. Transmission lines that must conform with these standards/requirements include lines operated at or above 200 kV or any line that is either an element of an Interconnection Reliability Operating Limit (IROL) or a Major West Electricity Coordinating Council (WECC). For Gulf, approximately 600 miles of its transmission system (or just over one-third of all of Gulf's total transmission system) fall under the NERC's vegetation management standards and requirements. NERC's vegetation management standards and requirements include annual inspection requirements, executing 100% of a utility's annual vegetation work plan and to prevent any encroachment into established minimum vegetation clearance distances ("MVCD").

The key elements of Gulf's Vegetation Management – Transmission Program are to inspect the transmission rights of way, document vegetation inspection results and findings, prescribe a work plan, and execute the work plan.

Gulf conducts ground inspections of all transmission corridors annually for work planning purposes. During these inspections, Gulf identifies vegetation capable of approaching the defined Vegetation Action Threshold (VAT). VAT is a calculated distance from the transmission line that factors in MVCD, conductor sag/sway potential, and a buffer. The identified vegetation is given a work prescription and then prioritized and organized into batches of work, which collectively become the annual work plan.

For transmission lines that fall under NERC's vegetation management standards and requirements, Gulf plans to pilot and begin using a technology called "LiDAR", short for light detection and ranging. LiDAR is a remote sensing technology that uses light in the form of a pulsed laser to measure ranges (distances) to a target. For vegetation management purposes, LiDAR is used to measure distance between vegetation and transmission lines. LiDAR patrols of all NERC transmission corridors are conducted annually. The LiDAR collected data is then used to develop preventative and reactive work plans.

For 2020-2029, Gulf proposes to continue implementing its current Vegetation Management – Transmission Program, which includes ground and aerial inspections of all transmission line corridors, and pilot LiDAR inspections of NERC transmission line corridors, developing and executing annual work plans to address identified vegetation conditions and identifying and addressing priority and hazard tree conditions prior to and during storm season.

b. Benefits of the Transmission Vegetation Management Program

The benefits of a Vegetation Management – Transmission Program are self-evident and the consequences of not having a reasonable transmission vegetation management plan can be extreme. As discussed previously, the transmission system is the backbone of the electric grid. While outages associated with distribution facilities (e.g., a transformer, lateral or feeder) can result in an outage affecting anywhere from a few customers up to several thousands of customers, a transmission related outage can affect tens of thousands of customers. As such, it is imperative that vegetation impacting transmission facilities be properly maintained using reasonable and appropriate cycles and standards

to help ensure they are prepared for storms. For these reasons, it is no surprise that NERC has developed prescriptive vegetation management requirements for transmission facilities to help prevent such damage from occurring.

2. Estimated Start and Completion Dates

Gulf's Vegetation Management – Transmission Program inspections and resulting trim cycles are on-going programs and are completed in accordance with Gulf's 2019-2021 Commission approved storm hardening plan and NERC FAC003-4 standards and requirements. Under the SPP, Gulf plans to continue to inspect and maintain, on average, approximately 1,600 miles annually, including approximately 600 miles for NERC transmission line corridors and approximately 1,000 miles for non-NERC transmission line corridors.

3. Cost Estimates

The vast majority of Vegetation Management – Transmission Program costs are associated with annual inspections and the execution of planned work to address identified conditions, which is performed by several approved Gulf contractors throughout Gulf's system. Other vegetation management costs include costs associated with day-to-day restoration activities (e.g., summer afternoon thunderstorms), removals, debris cleanup, and management of the program. Total estimated Vegetation Management – Transmission Program costs for 2020-2029, the vast majority of which are operating expenses, are provided below:

| | Total Program Costs (millions) | Annual Average Program Costs (millions) |
|-----------|---|--|
| 2020-2022 | \$8.2 | \$2.7 |
| 2020-2029 | \$28.3 | \$2.8 |

Further details regarding the SPP estimated Vegetation Management – Transmission Program costs, including estimated annual capital expenditures and operating expenses are provided in the Appendix C.¹⁵

4. Comparison of Costs and Benefits

As provided in Section IV(G)(3) above, during 2020-2029, total costs for Gulf's Vegetation Management – Transmission Program average approximately \$2.8 million per year. Benefits are discussed in Sections II and IV(G)(1)(b) above.

5. Criteria used to Select and Prioritize Programs

Priority vegetation conditions and hazard tree conditions are identified prior to storm season and are used to prioritize activities. Additionally, prior to and during the storm season, Gulf conducts aerial inspections of transmission corridors to identify hazard trees and any priority vegetation locations. Priority vegetation conditions and hazard tree conditions identified through aerial inspections are prioritized and addressed as soon as possible.

V. Detailed Information on the First Three Years of the 2020-2029 SPP

A. Detailed Description for the First Year of the SPP (2020)

The following additional information required by Rule 25-6.030(3)(e)(1), F.A.C., for the first year of the SPP (2020) is provided in Appendix C: (1) the actual or estimated construction start and completion dates; (2) a description of the affected existing facilities, including number and type(s) of customers served, historic service reliability performance during extreme weather conditions, and how this data was used to prioritize the proposed storm protection project; and (3) a cost estimate including capital and operating expenses. A description of the criteria used to select and prioritize proposed storm protection projects is included in the description of each SPP program provided in Section IV.

¹⁵ See footnote 8.

B. Detailed Description of the Second and Third Years of the SPP (2021-2022)

Additional details required by Rule 25-6.030(3)(e)(2), F.A.C., for the second and third years of the SPP (2021-2022), including the estimated number and costs of projects under every program, is provided in Appendix C.

VI. Estimate of Annual Jurisdictional Revenue Requirements for the 2020-2029 SPP

Pursuant to Rule 25-6.030(3)(f), F.A.C., the table below provides the estimated annual jurisdictional revenue requirements for each year of the SPP.

| Estimated Annual Revenue Requirements (millions) | |
|---|--------|
| 2020 | \$11.7 |
| 2021 | \$20.5 |
| 2022 | \$31.5 |
| 2023 | \$42.1 |
| 2024 | \$52.4 |
| 2025 | \$62.3 |
| 2026 | \$71.9 |
| 2027 | \$81.3 |
| 2028 | \$90.4 |
| 2029 | \$99.3 |

While Gulf has provided estimated costs by program as of the time of this filing and associated total revenue requirements in its SPP, consistent with the requirements of Rule 25-6.030, F.A.C., subsequent projected and actual program costs submitted for cost recovery through the Storm Protection Plan Cost Recovery Clause (per Rule 25-6.031, F.A.C.,) could vary by as much as 10-15%, which would then also impact associated

estimated revenue requirements and rate impacts. The projected costs, estimated costs, actual costs, and true-up of actual costs to be included in Gulf's Storm Protection Plan Cost Recovery Clause will all be addressed in subsequent filings in separate storm protection plan cost recovery clause dockets pursuant to Rule 25-6.031, F.A.C.¹⁶

VII. Estimated Rate Impacts for First Three Years of the SPP (2020-2022)

Gulf anticipates the programs included in the SPP will have zero bill impacts on customer bills during the first year of the SPP and only minimal bill increases for years two and three of the SPP. An estimate of hypothetical overall rate impacts for the first three years of the SPP (2020-2022) as stated in footnote 17 below are based on the total program costs reflected in this filing, without regard for the fact that pursuant to a Commission-approved settlement agreement, Gulf remains under a general base rate freeze until base rates are next established by the Commission.¹⁷ The projected costs, estimated costs, actual costs, and true-up of actual costs to be included in Gulf's Storm Protection Plan Cost Recovery Clause will all be addressed in subsequent filings in separate storm protection plan cost recovery clause dockets pursuant to Rule 25-6.031, F.A.C.¹⁸

Pursuant to Rule 25-6.031, F.A.C., Gulf has not identified any reasonable implementation alternatives that could mitigate the resulting rate impact for each of the first three years of the SPP. As explained above, Gulf's SPP is largely a continuation of existing Commission-approved storm hardening programs and initiatives, which have already

¹⁶ The Commission has opened Docket No. 20200092-EI to address Storm Protection Plan Cost Recovery Clause petitions to be filed the third quarter of 2020.

¹⁷ Pursuant to Rule 25-6.030(3)(h), F.A.C., the hypothetical rate impacts for Gulf's typical residential, commercial, and industrial customers for the first three years of the SPP (2020-2022) without regard for the fact that pursuant to a Commission-approved settlement agreement, Gulf remains under a general base rate freeze until base rates are next established by the Commission, are as follows for 2020, 2021, and 2022, respectively: Residential (RS) \$0.00118/kWh, \$0.00206/kWh, and \$0.00317/kWh; Commercial (GSD) \$0.00102 /kWh, \$0.00177/kWh, and \$0.00270/kWh; and Industrial (PX) \$0.00087/kWh, \$0.00158/kWh and \$0.00240/kWh. These rate impacts are for all programs included in the SPP and are based on the total estimated costs as of the time of this filing, which could vary by as much as 10% to 15%, regardless of whether those costs will be recovered in Gulf's Storm Protection Plan Cost Recovery Clause or through base rates.

¹⁸ See footnote 16.

demonstrated that they have and will continue to provide increased T&D infrastructure resiliency, reduced restoration time, and reduced restoration costs when Gulf's system is impacted by severe weather events. Further, the estimated costs for the programs included in Gulf's proposed SPP are consistent with the historical costs incurred for the existing storm hardening and storm preparedness programs, which were most recently approved in Gulf's 2019-2021 Storm Hardening Plan.

VIII. Conclusion

The Florida Legislature has determined that it is in the State's interest to "strengthen electric utility infrastructure to withstand extreme weather conditions by promoting the overhead hardening of distribution and transmission facilities, undergrounding of certain distribution lines, and vegetation management," and for each electric utility to "mitigate restoration costs and outage times to utility customers when developing transmission and distribution storm protection plans." Section 366.96(1), F.S. Based on these findings, the Florida Legislature concluded that it is in the State's interest for each electric utility to develop and file a SPP for the overhead hardening and increased resilience of electric T&D facilities, undergrounding of certain electric distribution facilities, and vegetation management. See Sections 366.96(1) - (3).

Gulf's SPP is a systematic approach to achieve the legislative objectives of reducing restoration costs and outage times associated with extreme weather events and enhancing reliability. As explained above, Gulf's SPP is largely a continuation and expansion of its existing storm hardening and storm preparedness programs previously approved by the Commission, as well as a new distribution lateral undergrounding program to target certain overhead laterals for conversion from overhead to underground. Based on the recent experiences of Hurricane Michael, these existing storm hardening programs have a demonstrated and proven track record of mitigating and reducing restoration construction man-hours, outage times, and storm restoration costs, as well as improving day-to-day reliability. Gulf's SPP will continue and expand these important benefits to customers and the State.

APPENDIX A

(Gulf's Management Areas)



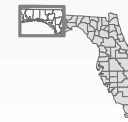
Management Area/Customers Served



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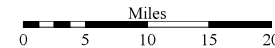
- Fort Walton - 120
- Panama City - 116
- Pensacola - 232

Vicinity Map



Data Sources
 Gulf Power GIS Department
 Florida Geographic Data Library
 Created By: Arlene Lirette

Path: B:\Arcmap Projects\Engineering Areas\SPP_Storm_Protection Plan_Map



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APPENDIX B

(Hurricane Michael Forensic Analysis)

POST-STORM DATA FORENSICS ANALYSIS
**Forensics Analysis on
Hurricane Michael Storm
Damage Survey Data**

Gulf Power Company

Document No.: 10129258-HOU-PSFAR-01-B

Date: May 24, 2019



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Report title: Forensics Analysis on Hurricane Michael Storm
Damage Survey Data
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Customer contact: Catherine S. Flory
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1 EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

This storm data forensics analysis report provides Gulf Power Company (Gulf Power) an overall assessment of the damages caused by Hurricane Michael (October 2018) to energy delivery poles and other structures in the Eastern District of its service area. It is intended to summarize the impacts to Gulf Power's distribution system from the storm and characterize root causes of the damage.

DNV GL Energy Insights USA, Inc. (DNV GL) performed this independent analysis of the storm damage data received from Gulf Power. In producing this report, DNV GL strived to provide a balanced report that includes an overview of the surveyed damage, a root cause analysis of asset failures, and the correlation of available weather conditions during the storm to the damage across the service area.

1.1 Approach to Data Collection

The sources of information used by DNV GL for this forensics analysis were primarily provided by Gulf Power. Some supplementary data was gathered by DNV GL to assist in the analysis including data from the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA). Following the storm, which made landfall on October 10th, 2018, Osmose Utilities Services, Inc., under contract to Gulf Power, conducted a storm damage survey. The survey was conducted between October 11th and 13th, 2018. The scope of the survey was determined by Gulf Power and Osmose. Information on pole structures, underground transformers and junctions was gathered. This data, as well as other information about the Gulf Power system, including photographs of the damage and a database of geo-locational features was provided to DNV GL on Dec. 15th, 2018. Gulf Power also provided weather data from weather stations within and around the service area. This information formed the basis of the forensics analysis.

1.2 Storm Data Forensics Analysis Methodology

DNV GL used asset and storm damage survey data to perform a statistical analysis of damage and correlate potential contributing factors with impacts across the territory. To accomplish this, DNV GL produced one square mile grid cells for the utility's service area, with each grid containing a variety of factors such as maximum wind speed, maximum wind gust, geography, class and material type of distribution poles and density of assets within the area.

Using regression analysis and logit models, the storm damage survey data was correlated with weather data and other conditions. Accounts of damage (including broken poles, broken cross arms, wires down) were used to determine a failure probability in relation to wind speeds. The failure probabilities were then extrapolated to a 1-mile by 1-mile map grid across the Eastern District of the Gulf Power service area to provide an overall expected failure rate for the service area.

1.3 Conclusions of the Root Cause Analysis

Contributing factors for damage included in this analysis were wind speed, tree hitting pole and/or conductor, debris hitting pole, cross arm and/or conductor. Based on root cause analysis of data, the following conclusions were drawn:

- Pole damage (broken) and downed conductors was predominately due to wind-caused damage to trees (nearly 68% of the damage overall)
- Nearly 28% of the damage documented in the survey was due to wind only
- Damage showed a higher correlation with wind-gusts than with sustained wind speeds

- Urban versus rural settings showed no statistically significant correlation to damage; however, a substantial decrease in the damage rate in poles installed after 2007 was found (30-32% damage rate pre-2007; 11-14% damage rate 2007 and beyond).
- Areas considered 100-year flood-zones, or which have the potential to be impacted by storm surge showed no correlation with the damage¹
- Considering that the area was not known to have been considerably affected by storm surge, underground transformers and junction structures were found to have very low failure rates (0.01%) based on survey data
- Of the damaged wooden poles surveyed, Class 3, Class 5, and Class 6 poles had a failure rate of 28%-33%, whereas Class 2 poles showed a 9% failure rate
- A 23% failure rate for all poles due to wind alone, falling trees or limbs, or other debris, may be expected when wind gusts exceed 85 mph according to the survey data collected.

Based on these findings, the expected total infrastructure damage rate for all areas affected by the storm in the Eastern District of Gulf Power was estimated to be 30% for all distribution poles. This is based on the extrapolated survey data and may be used to gauge overall performance of the system based on actual failure rates. It should be noted that this extrapolation is likely statistically biased in that only heavily impacted areas were surveyed.

The survey data as well as the analysis does indicate however, that newer construction standards and stronger pole classes (Class 2) outperformed those poles installed to older standards or those that were of Class 3, 5 or 6. This suggests that investments in storm hardening could reduce the extent of outages as well as restoration times from future storm events.

1.4 Definitions

The following definitions were used by DNV GL in this analysis:

Impacted or Damaged Infrastructure – This term is used to classify all poles or structures, leaning or broken that may or may not have been affected from the storm.

Broken Pole – A pole that failed due to the storm.

Damaged Conductor – Downed wires.

Broken Cross Arm – A damaged cross arm that required repair or replacement.

1.5 Disclaimer

The forensics data analysis performed as part of this post-storm assessment is based on the information provided by Gulf Power Company and Osmose, and publicly available data. DNV GL did not conduct field measurements in Gulf Power's service areas and therefore cannot accept liability for the accuracy of the data supplied to it.

¹ Data indicating the actual areas of flooding or extent of storm surge from Hurricane Michael were not available at the time of this analysis. To assess possible correlations between flooding or storm surge and damage, DNV GL reviewed FEMA 100-year flood plain maps and maps indicating areas of potential storm surge published by the National Hurricane Center data in relation to storm damage survey data.

2 INTRODUCTION

2.1 Background of Event

Hurricane Michael was a powerful Category 5 hurricane that made landfall near Mexico Beach, Florida at 12:30 PM CDT on October 10, 2018. At that time, the storm had estimated maximum sustained winds of 140 knots (~161) mph². The storm was the fourth-strongest storm to make landfall in the U.S. and the most intense storm experienced by the Florida Panhandle on record.

Following the hurricane, Gulf Power contacted DNV GL with a desire to activate a data forensics analysis contract. These contracts are used to analyze storm damage data and summarize the impacts of the storm to Gulf Power's system as well as assess the root causes of the damage. Upon issuance of the contract, DNV GL worked with Gulf Power to obtain the necessary data to conduct the analysis.

2.2 Scope of this Assessment

This report documents the approach, methodology, and results of the storm data forensics analysis performed by DNV GL. The work scope for this assessment includes performing a forensics analysis on a sample of utility pole and structure data collected by Osmose Utilities, Inc. (Osmose), under contract to Gulf Power. Data collected by Osmose included storm impacted and damaged poles and structures, conductors, and other equipment. In assessing the damage data, Gulf Power had an interest in assessing damage to pole structures and the performance of underground transformers as well as junction structures in the area. DNV GL used the survey data as well as weather data recorded during the storm to perform the analysis and determine the root cause of failures.

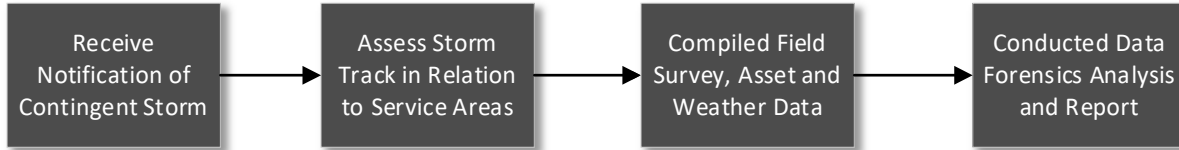
To accomplish this, DNV GL performed the following:

- Analyzed storm pattern to identify areas of probable impact and damage
- Defined a 1-mile by 1-mile grid map to assist in analyzing field survey data
- Analyzed data on storm damaged pole and impacted structures according to the field survey
- Correlated available weather data and geographical conditions to observed failures
- Performed a root cause analysis on damaged assets
- Extrapolated expected failure rates to the Eastern District of the Gulf Power service area
- Documented work and results of the data analysis in a report

² J. Beven, R. Berg and A. Hagan, National Hurricane Center, "Tropical Cyclone Report, Hurricane Michael", May 17, 2019

3 APPROACH AND METHODOLOGY

The storm data forensics analysis process is described as shown in the following flow diagram:



3.1 Initial Storm Track Assessment

A storm track assessment was performed to assess the direction and intensity of the storm as it passed over Florida and understand the areas of most probable damage. This involved using information available publicly to identify the path and intensity of Hurricane Michael as it relates to Gulf Power’s service area. The National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration – National Hurricane Center (NOAA-NHC) was the source of this information. NOAA-NHC provides data that shows the location of the storm at specific times along its course as well as the projected extent of high winds prior to the storm making landfall. Figure 3-1 shows the likely path of the hurricane as of 10:00 P.M. on Tuesday, October 9, 2018. Figure 3-2 presents the hurricane track and likely winds as of 10:00 A.M. on October 10, 2018. The storm made landfall at about 12:30 P.M. on October 10 with the center of the storm tracking just east of Panama City, FL.

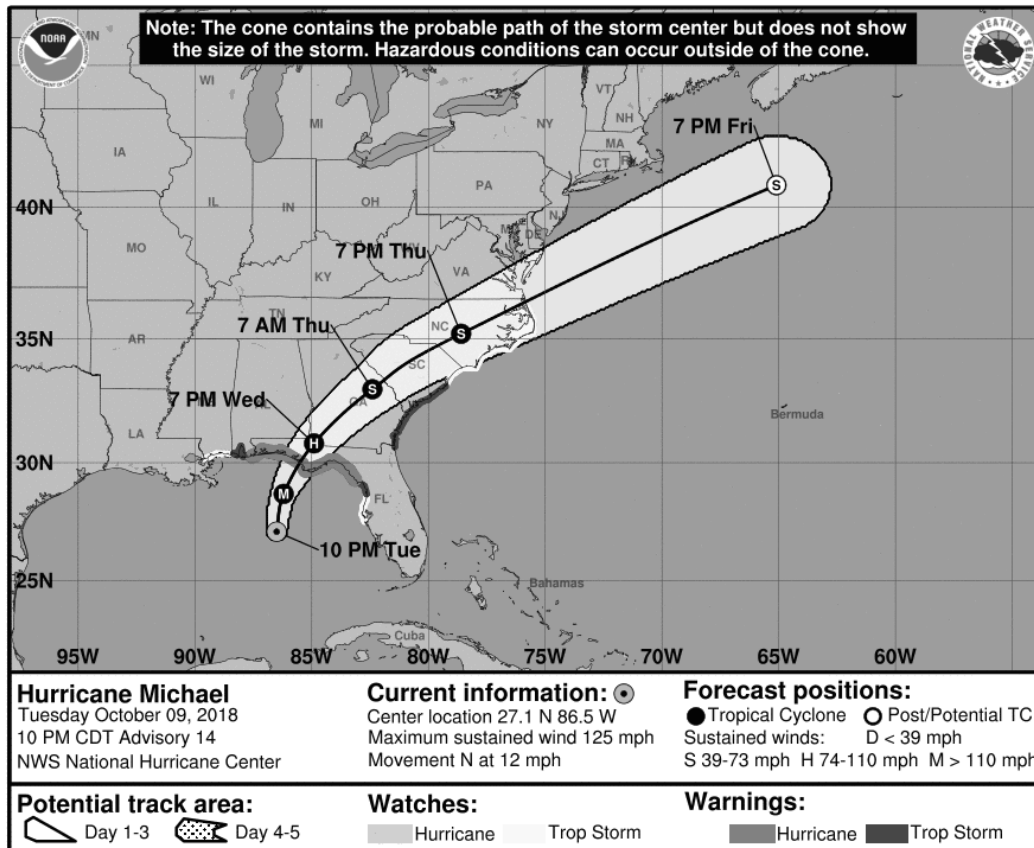


Figure 3-1 Hurricane Michael Predicted Path and Severity Map

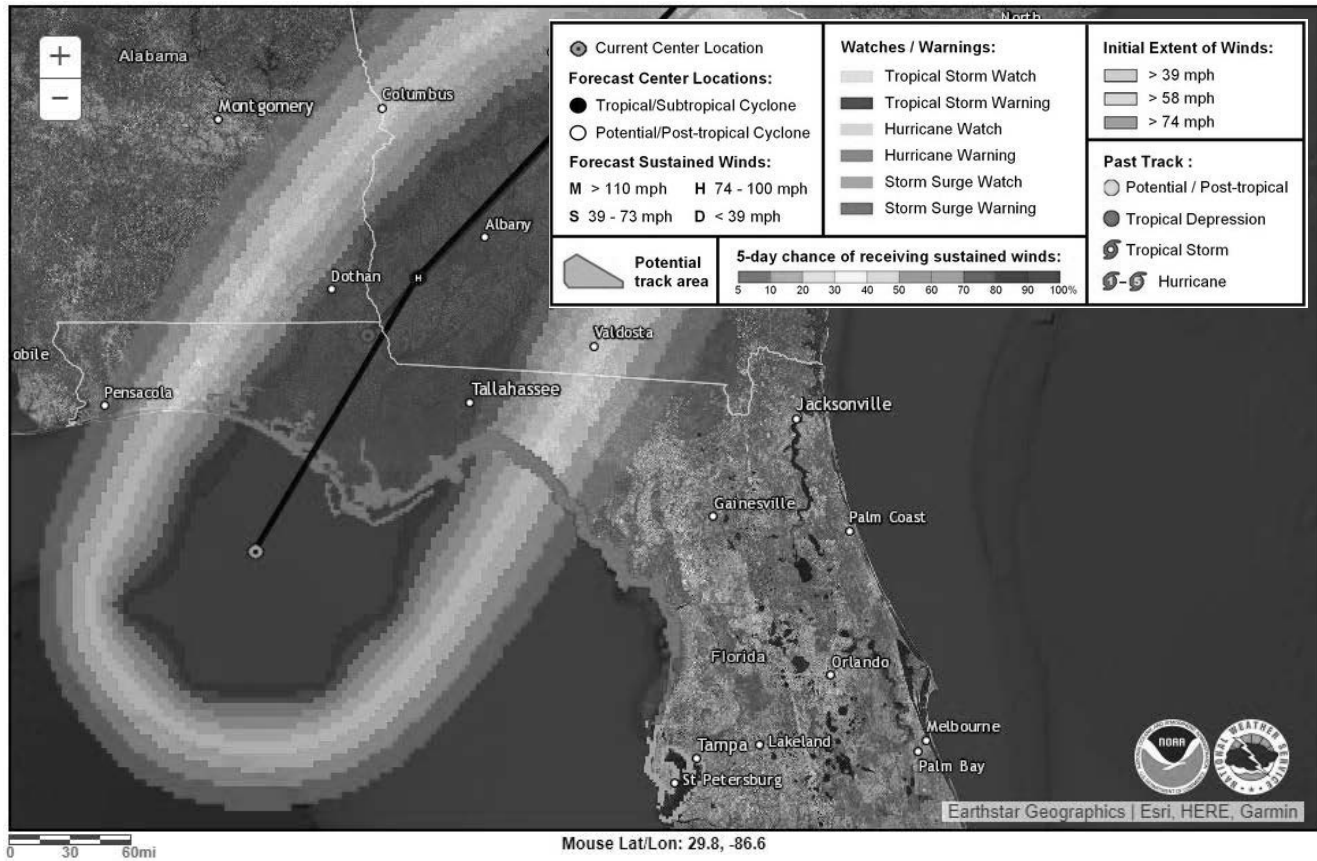


Figure 3-2 Hurricane Michael Storm Path and Likely Extent of Winds Above 57 mph (50 Knots)

3.2 Post-Storm Data Collection

Gulf Power provided DNV GL with pole and structure data for their entire service area. This data was combined with the storm track assessment to:

- Define 1-mile by 1-mile square grid cells to assess field survey data
- Assign grid cell identifiers to the Osmose field survey data
- Associate the survey data with the overall Gulf Power pole inventory

Survey areas for field data collected were determined by Gulf Power and Osmose. Much of the damage was concentrated in the Eastern District of the Gulf Power service area (Figure 3-3) near Panama City. This area experienced a category 5 severity storm with estimated sustained winds of up to 161 mph and was considered the priority area. When these conditions occur, catastrophic damage is expected. Hurricane Michael resulted in more than 45,000 structures being damaged in Bay County alone with an estimated \$18.4 billion of losses total in Florida³. The survey had to be performed in a timely manner before significant

³ J. Beven, R. Berg and A. Hagan, National Hurricane Center, "Tropical Cyclone Report, Hurricane Michael", May 17, 2019

restoration activities began. The survey was conducted on above ground assets and underground transformers in order to determine the performance of both during this type of event.

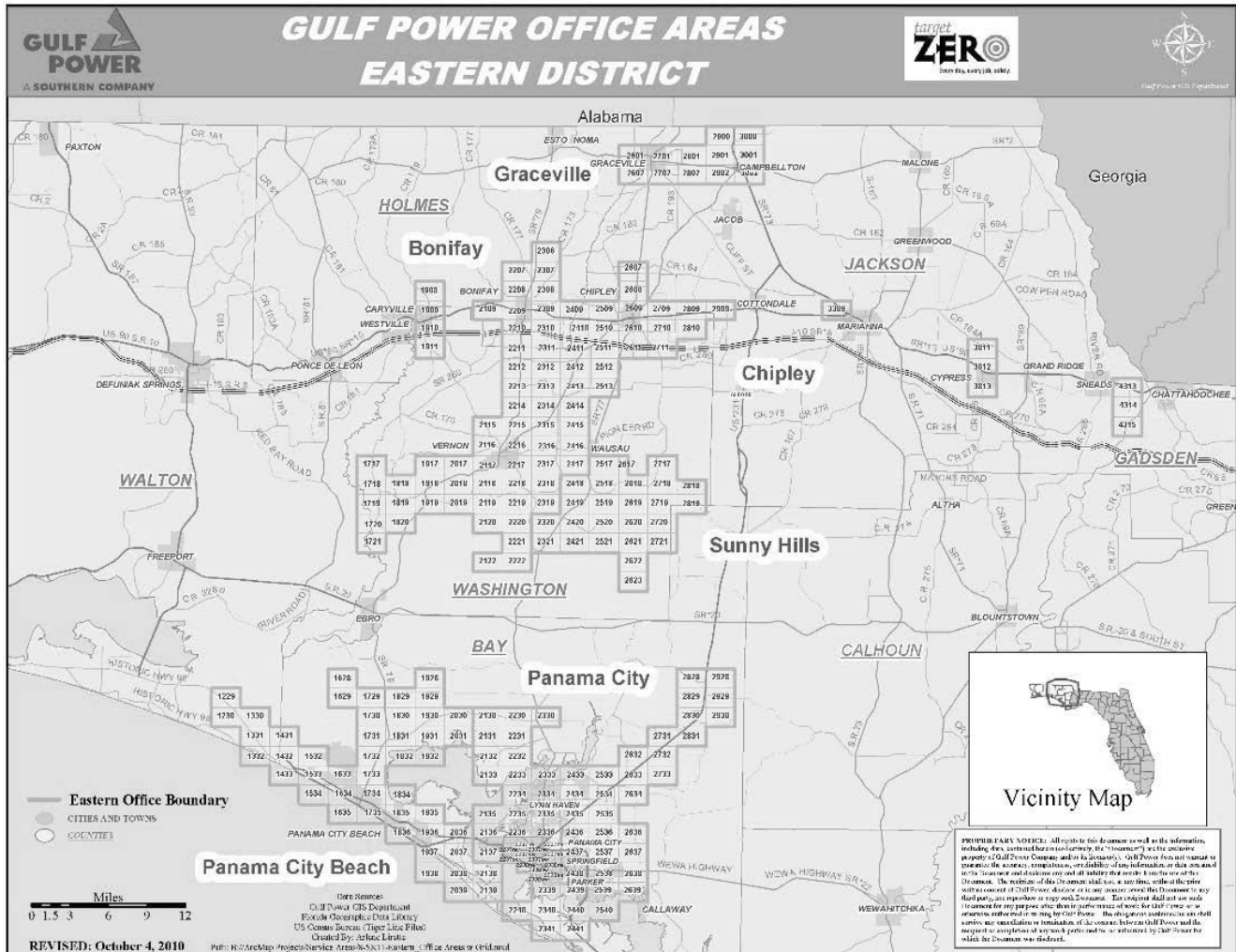


Figure 3-3 Gulf Power Eastern Office Service Area Map

Based on available weather station data, DNV GL interpolated wind speeds and wind gusts across the Gulf Power service area. The interpolated maximum sustained wind speeds, interpolated wind gusts are shown in Figures 3-4 and 3-5. Note that the weather station locations are labeled in each figure. Figure 3-6 shows the outage information as of October 16, 2018 for the service area, Figure 3-7 provides the pole density for the service area.

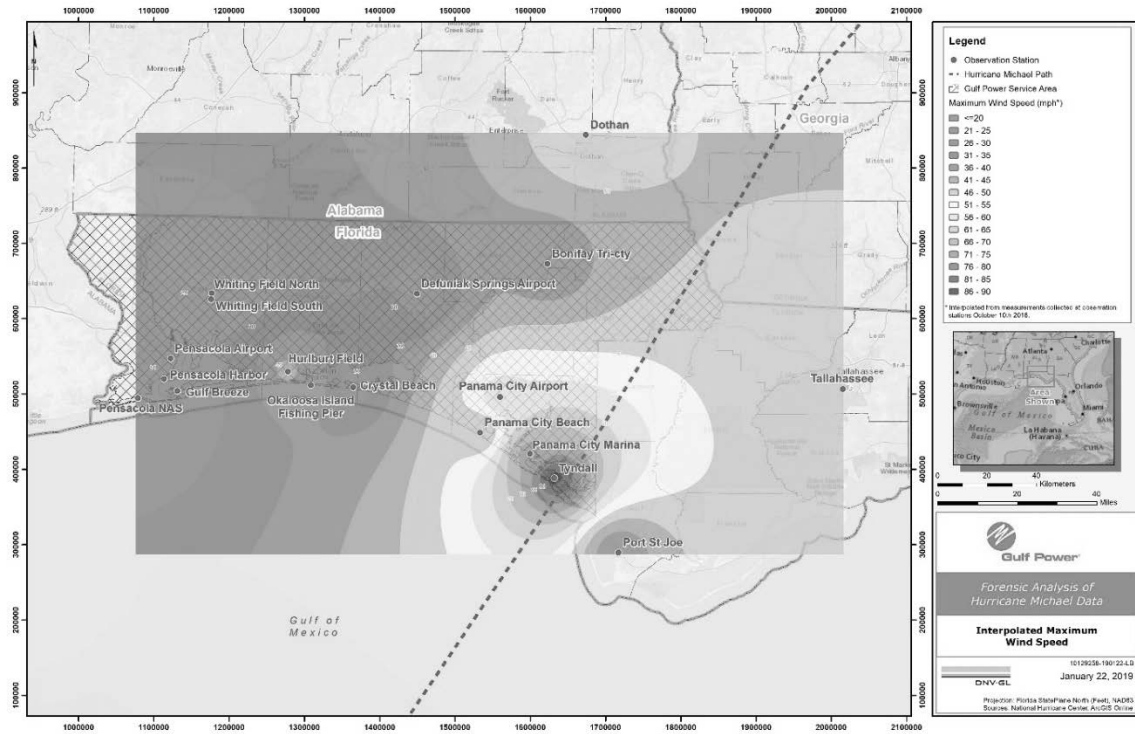


Figure 3-4 Interpolated Maximum Sustained Wind Speeds

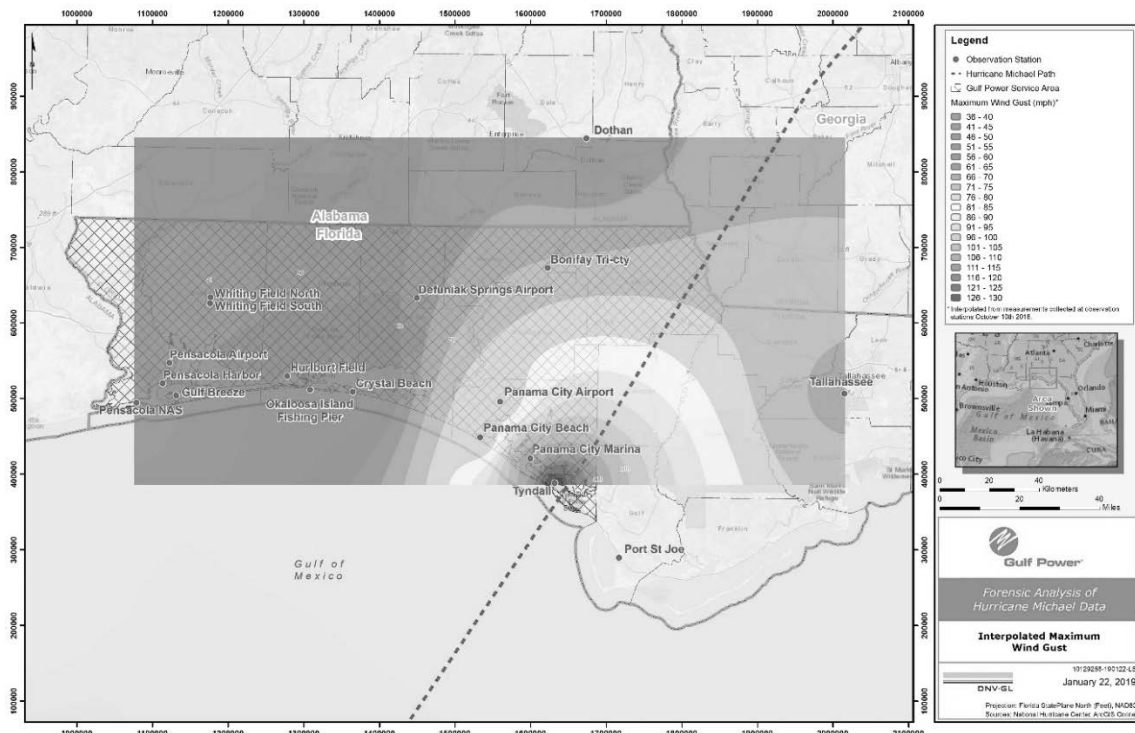
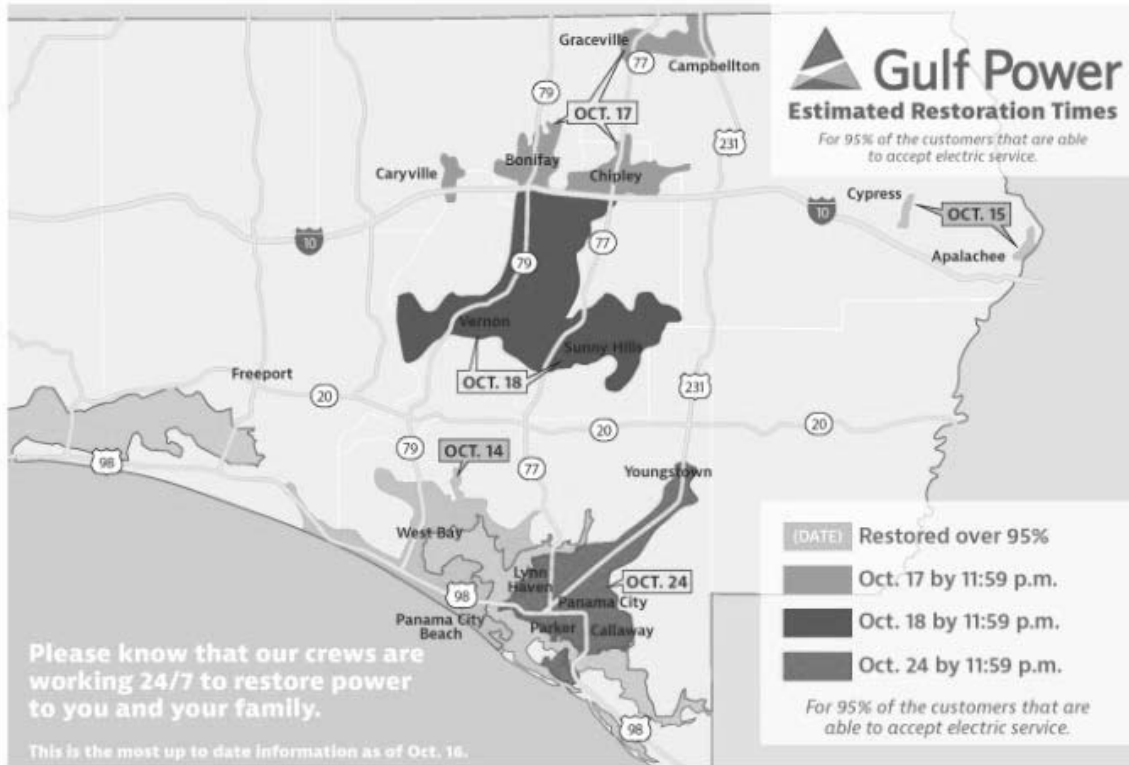


Figure 3-5 Interpolated Wind Gust⁴

⁴ Maximum wind gusts were not recorded at Port St. Joe; therefore, wind gusts could not be interpolated south of Tyndall



Estimated Restoration Times as of 10/16/18 a.m.

Figure 3-6 Outage Map Example at 0930 Hour 09/11/2017

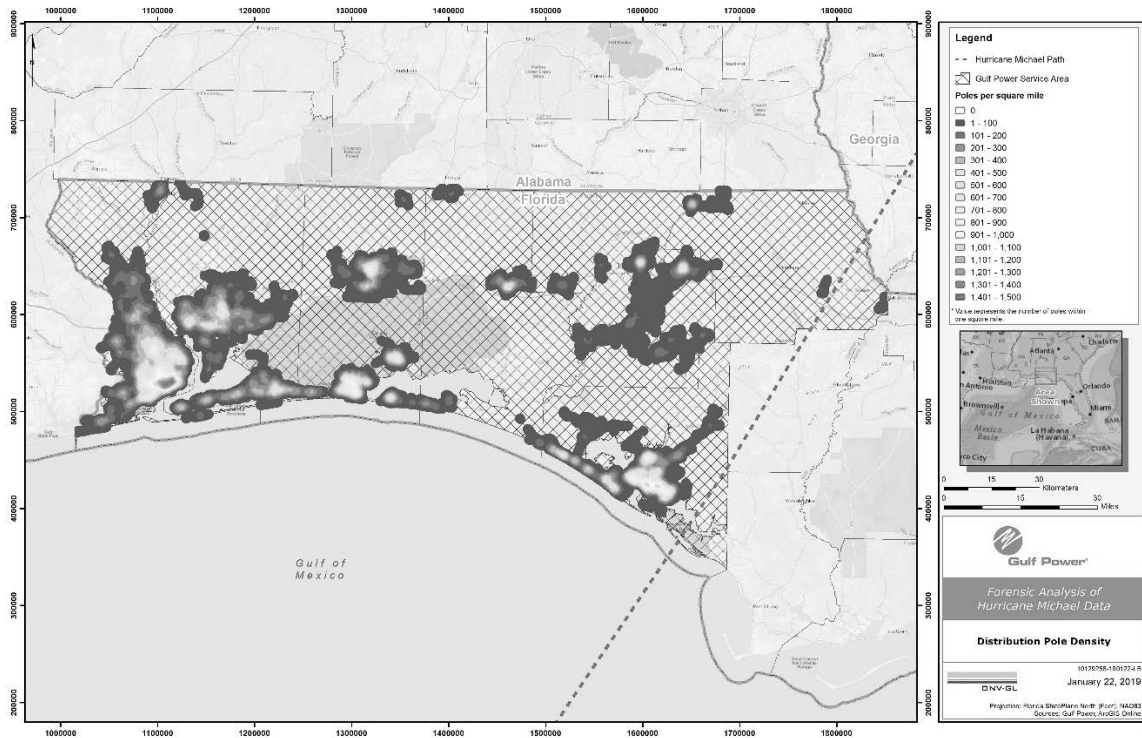


Figure 3-7 Distribution Pole Density

Osmose personnel performed the field survey in accordance with the plan developed with Gulf Power and collected impact and damage information to energy delivery poles, structures, conductors, and other equipment. This information was provided to DNV GL by Gulf Power for the analysis.

In all, 1,171 poles, 519 underground transformers, and 90 junctions were surveyed for a total of 1,780 structures. Of the 1,171 surveyed poles, 319 were damaged. The categories of reported impact, damage and quantities for poles were as shown in Table 3-1.

Table 3-1 Damage Categories from Survey

| Damage description | Quantity |
|---------------------------|-----------------|
| Conductor Down | 168 |
| Broken Pole | 90 |
| Leaning Pole | 53 |
| Cross Arm Broken | 3 |
| Other | 4 |
| Underground Dip Exposed | 1 |
| Total | 319 |

The post storm data provided for underground transformers (n=519) and junctions (n=90) are limited in that only the status of the structure and the stated cause of damage were observed. For underground transformers, only four structures were damaged with two being damaged from debris on the transformer and two being damaged from being shifted. For junctions, only one structure was damaged due to the underground transformer being exposed. Given that systems were not energized at the time of the damage survey, it's possible that additional failures may have been experienced when systems were energized or upon further inspections.

3.3 Storm Data Forensics Analysis

DNV GL performed a forensics analysis on the storm damage survey data. The process includes:

- Compiling and cleaning the field survey data collected
- Summarizing impact and damage report data
- Developing a geo-locational based 1-mile by 1-mile grid for the Gulf Power service area
- Determining the pole failure rate by grid cells
- Analyzing contributing factors and associating the damage with a root cause

In conducting the storm damage survey, the survey team noted the likely contributing factors that caused the damage to the poles or structure. For this analysis, DNV GL merged the variations of contributing factors for each record into one root cause as shown in Table 3-2.

Table 3-2 Damage root cause

| Root cause | Contributing factor 1 | Contributing factor 2 |
|-------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|
| Wind only | Wind | Wind |
| | Wind | Other |
| | Wind | Tree |
| Wind & Tree | Tree | Wind |
| | Tree | Tree |
| | Tree | [Blank] |
| Tree & Other | Tree | Other |
| | Other | Tree |
| Wind & Other | Wind | Other |
| | Other | Wind |
| Other | Other | Other |
| | [Blank] | Other |
| | Other | [Blank] |

Section 4 of this report provides the results of this analysis including findings on the relationship between the impact and damage data and the root cause for pole, underground transformers and junction related damage.

3.4 Correlating Weather Data to Storm Damage

The analysis of contributing factors to the storm damage were based on weather data collected during the storm event at weather stations in the region. Weather information, including maximum sustained wind speed, wind direction and pressure, was obtained from 18 meteorological stations in the Gulf Power geographic area. The stations used are listed below in the following table. It should be noted that these observation sites were likely not located where maximum storm intensities could be sampled, which is typical of landfalling hurricanes. According to the NWS report on Hurricane Michael (May 2019), weather station observations were found to be below best track intensity estimates⁵.

⁵ J. Beven, R. Berg and A. Hagan, National Hurricane Center, "Tropical Cyclone Report, Hurricane Michael", May 17, 2019

Table 3-3 List of the stations where sustained wind speeds and gusts were extracted

| FID | Name | Max. Speed | Max. Gust | Unit |
|-----|------------------------------|------------|-----------|------|
| 1 | Bonifay Tri-city | 35.7 | N/A | mph |
| 2 | Crystal Beach | 27.6 | 50.8 | mph |
| 3 | Defuniak Springs Airport | 26.5 | N/A | mph |
| 4 | Dothan | 49.5 | 61.1 | mph |
| 5 | Gulf Breeze | 29.1 | 43.9 | mph |
| 6 | Hurlburt Field | 41.4 | 54.1 | mph |
| 7 | Okaloosa Island Fishing Pier | 36.5 | 51.5 | mph |
| 8 | Panama City Airport | 57.5 | 76 | mph |
| 9 | Panama City Beach | 44.8 | 74.7 | mph |
| 10 | Panama City Marina | 72 | 107 | mph |
| 11 | Pensacola Airport | 29.9 | 41.4 | mph |
| 12 | Pensacola Harbor | 21 | 53 | mph |
| 13 | Pensacola NAS | 20.8 | 35.8 | mph |
| 14 | Port St. Joe | 36 | N/A | mph |
| 15 | Tallahassee | 47.2 | 69.1 | mph |
| 16 | Tyndall | 86.3 | 129.1 | mph |
| 17 | Whiting Field North | 18.3 | 35.8 | mph |
| 18 | Whiting Field South | 28.9 | 45 | mph |

This weather data allowed DNV GL to identify the timeframe and duration of the storm duration as it crossed over Florida. The duration was used for calculating average and maximum sustained wind speeds as well as maximum wind gusts. Several weather stations were excluded due to inconsistencies in readings which may be due to the geographic location of the station or damage incurred during the storm. For example, stations located over water showed a higher average wind-speed than those on land. We found that other stations zeroed-out after a certain time during the storm, indicating that these stations were disabled and may have suffered damage during the event. To correlate the weather data with damage survey data DNV GL:

- Interpolated wind speeds between weather stations
- Assigned wind speed values to each 1-mile by 1-mile grid cell
- Associated maximum wind gusts and wind speeds with the pole failure rates by grid cell

Figure 3-8 provides a mapping of the interpolated maximum sustained wind speeds across the area. Maximum wind gusts are illustrated in Figure 3-9. As can be seen, both figures show the maximum wind gusts and winds speeds occurring south of Panama City, near Tyndall.

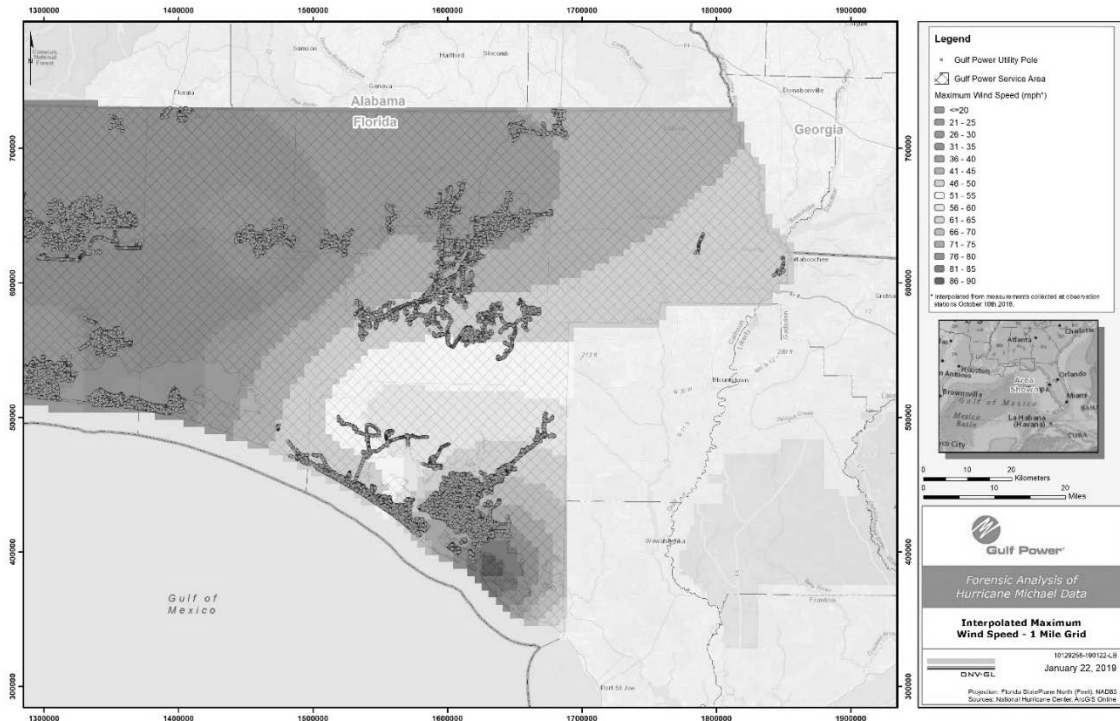


Figure 3-8 Interpolated Maximum Wind Speed

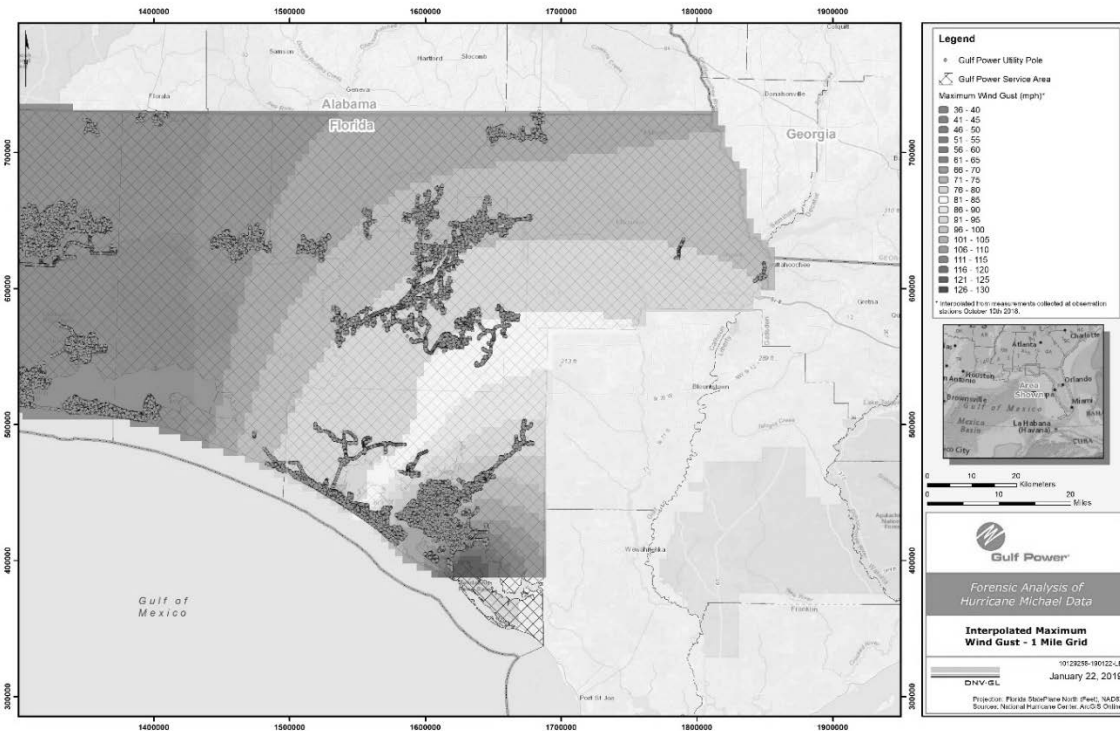


Figure 3-9 Interpolated Maximum Wind Gusts

3.5 Interpolation vs. Extrapolation

A key aspect to this forensics analysis is the difference between interpretation and extrapolation and how each was used. Interpolation was used when estimating between multiple known values. In the case of this analysis, the estimation of wind speeds and wind gusts between weather stations was interpolated based on recorded data at the stations. Extrapolation was used to make an estimate based on a sequence of information. In this case, the estimation of pole damage based on wind speeds to the service area was an extrapolation of information.

To produce the interpolated maps for this report (Figures 3-4, 3-5, 3-8 and 3-9), the maximum wind speed and maximum wind gust observed at 18 weather stations on October 10 was used. This data was provided by Gulf Power. The interpolation for each variable was conducted using inverse distance weighting (IDW) method to predict the values between multiple sets of points. In this technique, the measured values closest to the prediction location have more influence on the predicted value than those farther away. IDW assumes that each measured point has a local influence that diminished with distance. It gives greater weights to points closest to the prediction location, and the weights diminish as a function of distance. This technique does have limitations as it only considers distance to the measured location and does not consider local topography which can greatly influences wind speeds.

The estimated wind speed at each grid cell in the Gulf Power service area considered the distance of each cell from the weather stations as well as the wind contribution from all the stations. The equation for this is based on the weighted squared distance, where U is the interpolated wind speed, U_n is the known windspeed and r_n is the distance:

$$u = \frac{\left(\frac{u_1}{r_1^2} + \frac{u_2}{r_2^2} + \frac{u_3}{r_3^2} + \frac{u_5}{r_5^2} \right)}{\left(\frac{1}{r_1^2} + \frac{1}{r_2^2} + \frac{1}{r_3^2} + \frac{1}{r_4^2} + \frac{1}{r_5^2} \right)}$$

Extrapolation estimates were made by applying a known sequence of values to areas of unknowns with similar characteristics. For the storm data forensics analysis performed by DNV GL that follows, data extrapolation was applied to the grid cells in Eastern District of the utility service area where survey data was not collected to determine expected failure rates in those areas. The common characteristic used to extrapolate damage rate estimates was both the estimated maximum sustained wind speeds derived from the weather observation stations and maximum gusts.

4 STORM DATA FORENSICS ANALYSIS

DNV GL performed a thorough review and analysis of the available data to better understand impact and damage to the Gulf Power energy delivery infrastructure caused by Hurricane Michael. Findings with respect to the number of breakages, breakage rates, root causes, and explanations were documented in this report along with graphical maps to help visualize the information.

4.1 Available Data

Damage survey data collected by Osmose was used as the basis for the analysis. To assess the impact of the hurricane to Gulf Power's energy delivery system, DNV GL calculated a ratio of damaged poles/structures versus surveyed poles and structures and then evaluated the potential root causes. Significant effort was made to evaluate available information pertaining to pole or structure type, class, location, and other attributes.

4.2 Distribution Pole Population Data

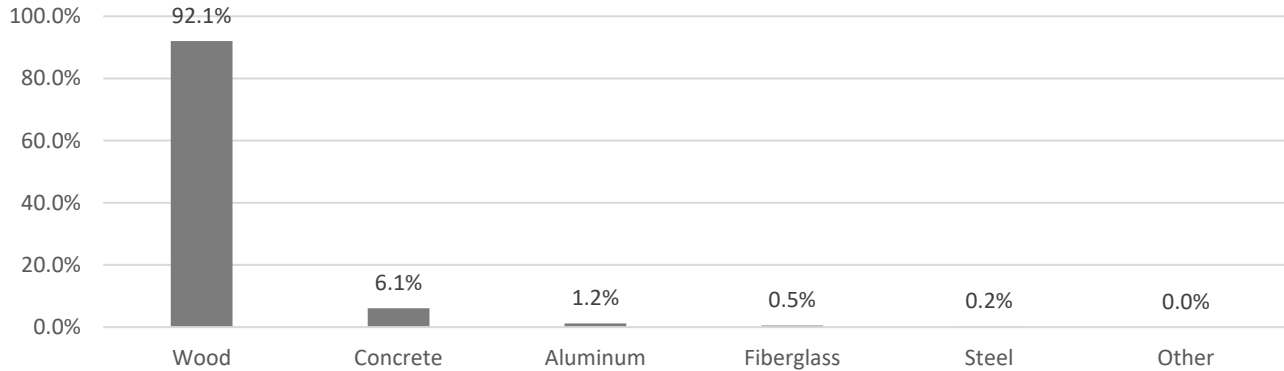
Geo-locational based pole record data provided by Gulf Power was processed and used for this analysis. This information served as the reference point for the resulting storm impacts and damages. This was the most accurate data source with respect to quantities, material and class of poles and other structures. Table 4-1 gives a summary of the pole population by material type for the Eastern District of the Gulf Power service area.

Table 4-1 Total Gulf Power pole population by material type in Eastern District

| Type | Number of poles |
|--------------|-----------------|
| Wood | 54,068 |
| Concrete | 3,561 |
| Aluminium | 681 |
| Fiberglass | 312 |
| Steel | 101 |
| Other | 6 |
| Unknown | 962 |
| Total | 59,691 |

As shown in the table – and illustrated in Figure 4-1 – about 92% percent of the poles in the Eastern District of the Gulf Power service area are made from wood, with concrete poles being the second most common type at about 6% of the total population.

Figure 4-1 Graph of Pole Population by Material Type for Eastern District



Furthermore, the population of wooden poles by class, as shown in Table 4-2.

Table 4-2 Classification of Gulf Power wooden poles

| | Class 0 | Class 1 | Class 2 | Class 3 | Class 4 | Class 5 | Class 6 | Class 7 | H-class | Unk |
|-----------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|------|
| Wood poles | 5 | 755 | 451 | 10,837 | 192 | 36,261 | 5,223 | 44 | 30 | 270 |
| % of wood poles | 0.0% | 1.4% | 0.8% | 20.0% | 0.4% | 67.1% | 9.7% | 0.1% | 0.1% | 0.5% |

These poles are located largely along the coast in the Panama City area, but the Eastern District of the Gulf Power service area includes communities further inland to the northern Florida state border with Alabama. Figure 4-2 shows the pole densities in the eastern portion of the Gulf Power service area. The scale indicates the number of poles present in a specific area.

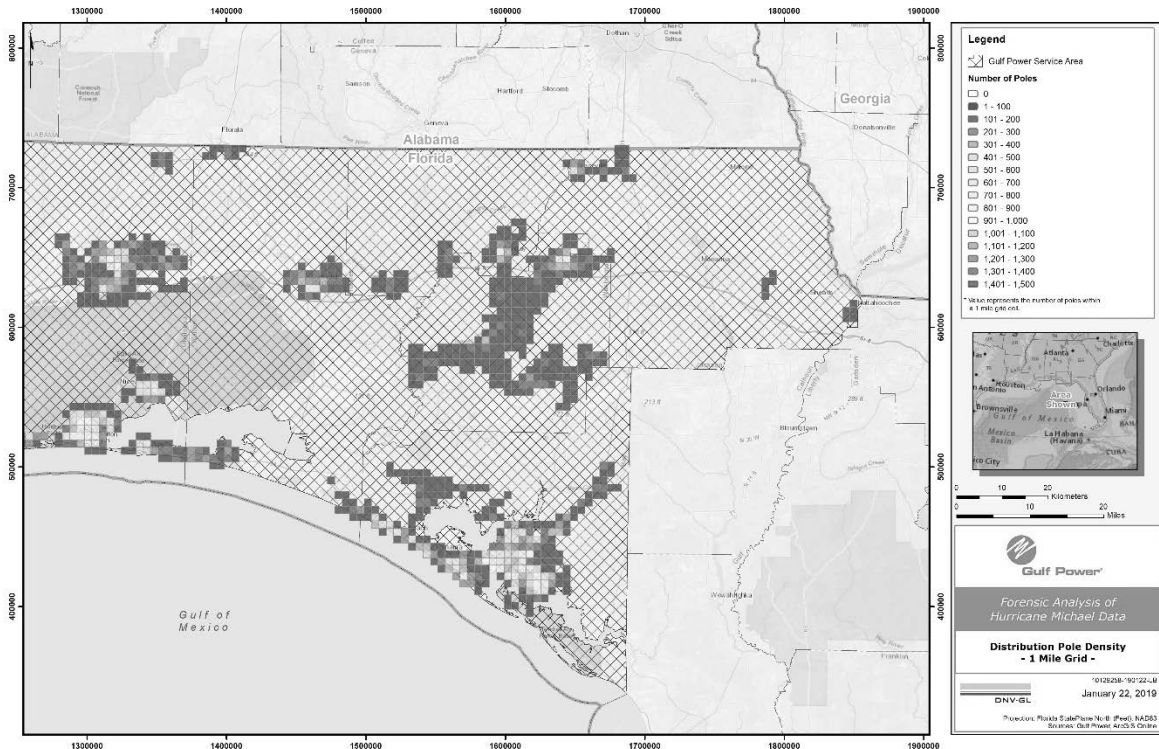


Figure 4-2 Total Gulf Power Distribution Pole Density Map

4.3 Damage Report Data

After the storm, Osmose, under contract to Gulf Power, surveyed impacts and damages to the Gulf Power energy delivery infrastructure in the Eastern District. In total, 319 reports of pole damage were collected from in the survey (about 1% of the Gulf Power pole assets). Details about the reported damage from collected data are provided in Table 4-3. Grid zones where less than 30 poles were surveyed are removed from this table as they provide misleading damage rates⁶. The impact and damage categories include poles (leaning or broken), conductor (wire down), cross arm damage, and "other." The other category includes miscellaneous impact or damage to service poles, lighting poles, and so on.

In the table below, poles are associated with a cell within the 1-mile by 1-mile grid (See section 3.4 and 5.1). Impacts and damages are related to distribution poles or structures because this was the reference source used (pole tag or ObjectID). Leaning poles were included in the analysis as impacted. It's understood that leaning poles reported to be 20° or even 30° from vertical may have existed prior to the storm and may or may not be the result of storm winds. However, there were several leaning poles reported that had greater angles of lean, and it was determined that these poles were to be included in the analysis.

⁶ Several grid zones that were surveyed had a low sample size with all surveyed poles damaged – resulting in a failure rate of 100%. This is a statistically inaccurate representation of the damage. Thus, n=30 was used as the minimum requirement for an observation consistent with traditional sample sizes. For a full list of details for all grids include those with less than 30 observations per grid cell, please refer to Appendix A.

In summary, it was observed that the surveyed failure rates by grid cell where the surveyed number of poles was greater than 30, the damage rates vary widely from 0% to 61%. This wide range of failure rates further motivates the methodology used in this study to better understand failure rates through geospatial, statistical, and econometrical techniques. Note that this failure rate is only within the sampled survey areas, and these sampled areas most likely sustained more damage than other areas. The failure rates include all categories of damage including leaning poles. Actual pole damage (breakage) was low, even in the surveyed areas⁷.

⁷ As provided, this damage percentage range cannot be directly extrapolated to the entire Gulf Power service area because of the variation in sampling by grid cell. The method for using this information to extrapolate damage estimates to the larger service area is described in Section 5.

Table 4-3 Failure rates by distribution and streetlight pole per survey data in the Eastern District (n≥30)

| Grid zone | Zone type | Total pole pop. | Poles surveyed | Surveyed poles damaged | Damage rate | Pole broken | | Pole leaning | | Conductor damage | | Damaged cross arm | | Underground dip exposed | | Other | |
|-----------|-----------|-----------------|----------------|------------------------|-------------|----------------|------|----------------|------|------------------|------|-------------------|------|-------------------------|------|----------------|------|
| | | | | | | Number damaged | Rate | Number damaged | Rate | Number damaged | Rate | Number damaged | Rate | Number damaged | Rate | Number damaged | Rate |
| 1118 | Rural | 129 | 46 | 28 | 61% | 13 | 28% | 6 | 13% | 9 | 20% | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% |
| 1160 | Rural | 40 | 31 | 12 | 39% | 0 | 0% | 2 | 6% | 10 | 32% | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% |
| 1191 | Rural | 126 | 35 | 12 | 34% | 4 | 11% | 1 | 3% | 7 | 20% | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% |
| 1234 | Rural | 87 | 60 | 21 | 35% | 3 | 5% | 0 | 0% | 17 | 28% | 0 | 0% | 1 | 2% | 0 | 0% |
| 1307 | Rural | 129 | 75 | 6 | 8% | 1 | 1% | 1 | 1% | 4 | 5% | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% |
| 1379 | Urban | 219 | 74 | 7 | 9% | 1 | 1% | 1 | 1% | 4 | 5% | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% | 1 | 1% |
| 1772 | Urban | 785 | 72 | 38 | 53% | 9 | 13% | 5 | 7% | 24 | 33% | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% |
| 1901 | Urban | 693 | 112 | 63 | 56% | 20 | 18% | 11 | 10% | 32 | 29% | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% |
| 2411 | Urban | 925 | 41 | 3 | 7% | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% | 2 | 5% | 1 | 2% | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% |
| 2810 | Urban | 489 | 141 | 2 | 1% | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% | 2 | 1% | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% |
| 2811 | Rural | 41 | 30 | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% |
| 2865 | Urban | 366 | 119 | 2 | 2% | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% | 1 | 1% | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% | 1 | 1% |

Table 4-4 shows the distribution of impacted and failure rates related to distribution wooden poles only, according to pole class in the grid areas surveyed. As shown, poles class 3, 5 and 6 show the highest related failure rate. These are also the most common wood pole classifications. Note again that these impacted rates include pole damage (broken), pole leaning, damaged conductor (line down), and damaged cross arm, whereas damaged rates do not include leaning poles.

Table 4-4 Failure and impacted rates of wooden poles by class from damage survey records

| | Class 0 | Class 1 | Class 2 | Class 3 | Class 4 | Class 5 | Class 6 | Unk |
|-----------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|-------|
| Surveyed Wooden Poles | 1 | 38 | 43 | 394 | 2 | 662 | 3 | 28 |
| Damaged Wood Poles | 0 | 0 | 4 | 121 | 0 | 190 | 1 | 3 |
| % Damaged of Sample | 0.0% | 0.0% | 9.3% | 30.7% | 0.0% | 28.7% | 33.3% | 10.7% |

Finally, Table 4-5 shows the damage and impacts to distribution poles by root cause (as given by the field survey reports). Damage and impacts are related to feeder, lateral, and material. As the table shows, 40% of the damage to feeder was caused by trees and wind and 55% was caused directly by wind.

Table 4-5 Damaged circuit and pole type by root cause

| Type | Material | Wind Only | Wind & Tree ⁸ | Tree & Other | Wind & Other | Other | Total |
|----------------|----------|------------|--------------------------|--------------|--------------|-----------|-------------|
| Feeder | | 26 | 19 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 47 |
| | | 55% | 40% | 0% | 0% | 4% | 99% |
| | Wood | 25 | 17 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 44 |
| | | 57% | 39% | 0% | 0% | 5% | 101% |
| | Concrete | 1 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 |
| | | 33% | 67% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 100% |
| Lateral | | 63 | 198 | 1 | 5 | 5 | 272 |
| | | 23% | 73% | 0% | 2% | 2% | 100% |
| | Wood | 63 | 197 | 1 | 5 | 5 | 271 |
| | | 23% | 73% | 0% | 2% | 2% | 100% |
| | Steel | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| | | 0% | 100% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 100% |

Table 4-6 shows the damage type by root cause including pole breakage, pole leaning, conductor damage (wire down) and broken cross arm. As can be seen, broken poles and downed conductors were primarily caused by trees. About 68% of the damage was associated with this cause. Nearly 28% of the damage was due to wind only. Downed conductors also made up 52.7% of the damage overall. Table 4-7 shows the percent of damaged poles by geographic area. These tables are relevant to distribution poles only.

⁸ Occurrences of "tree only" are recoded as "wind & tree" due to the assumption that the wind is a contributing factor to a tree being the culprit of damage.

Table 4-6 Gulf Power damage type by root cause

| Material | Wind Only | Wind & Tree | Tree & Other | Wind & Other | Other | Total |
|-------------------------|-----------|-------------|--------------|--------------|----------|--------------|
| | 89 | 217 | 1 | 5 | 7 | 319 |
| Pole Broken | 29 | 57 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 90 |
| | 9.1% | 17.9% | 0.3% | 0.6% | 0.3% | 28.2% |
| Pole Leaning | 26 | 27 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 53 |
| | 8.2% | 8.5% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 16.6% |
| Conductor Down | 31 | 129 | 0 | 2 | 6 | 168 |
| | 9.7% | 40.4% | 0.0% | 0.6% | 1.9% | 52.7% |
| Cross Arm Broken | 2 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 3 |
| | 0.6% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.3% | 0.0% | 0.9% |
| Underground Dip Exposed | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| | 0.0% | 0.3% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.3% |
| Other | 1 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4 |
| | 0.3% | 0.9% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 1.3% |

Table 4-7 Number of damaged and impacted poles per grid zone type in the surveyed sample

| Type of grid zone | #all poles | #damaged | Failure rate% |
|-------------------|------------|----------|---------------|
| Rural | 443 | 122 | 27.5% |
| Urban | 728 | 197 | 27.1% |

As previously mentioned, the post storm survey data provided information on underground transformers (n=519) and junctions (n=90). According to the survey data, only four underground transformer structures were identified as damaged with two being damaged from debris on the transformer and two being damaged from being shifted. Additionally, one was not in the field. For junctions, only one structure was damaged due to the underground transformer being exposed. Based on this information, the failure rate for these structures was 0.01%. It should be noted however, that the Gulf Power service area did not experience the same level of storm surge or flooding that was experienced further east along the coast between Mexico Beach and Indian Pass.

4.4 Confidence level

Hurricane Michael post storm forensic analysis resulted in 319 survey records of damage in a survey of 1,171 poles (approximately 27.2% of surveyed poles damaged) versus a total amount of 298,411 poles within Gulf Power's service area. This amounts to a sample size of 0.11% of damaged poles against the total population. This sample size is generally sufficient for statistical analysis resulting in a 99% confidence level and a lower-upper range of approximately 23.9-30.6%. This indicates from statistical analysis that this sample yields damage results in a range of 27.2 ± 3.3% with 99% certainty.

4.5 Urban vs. rural and age analysis

DNV GL categorized grid cells as urban or rural to determine whether greater or less dense energy delivery infrastructure influenced the amount of impact from the storm. Figure 4-3 provides the graphic representation of urban versus rural geographic breakdown for the service area.

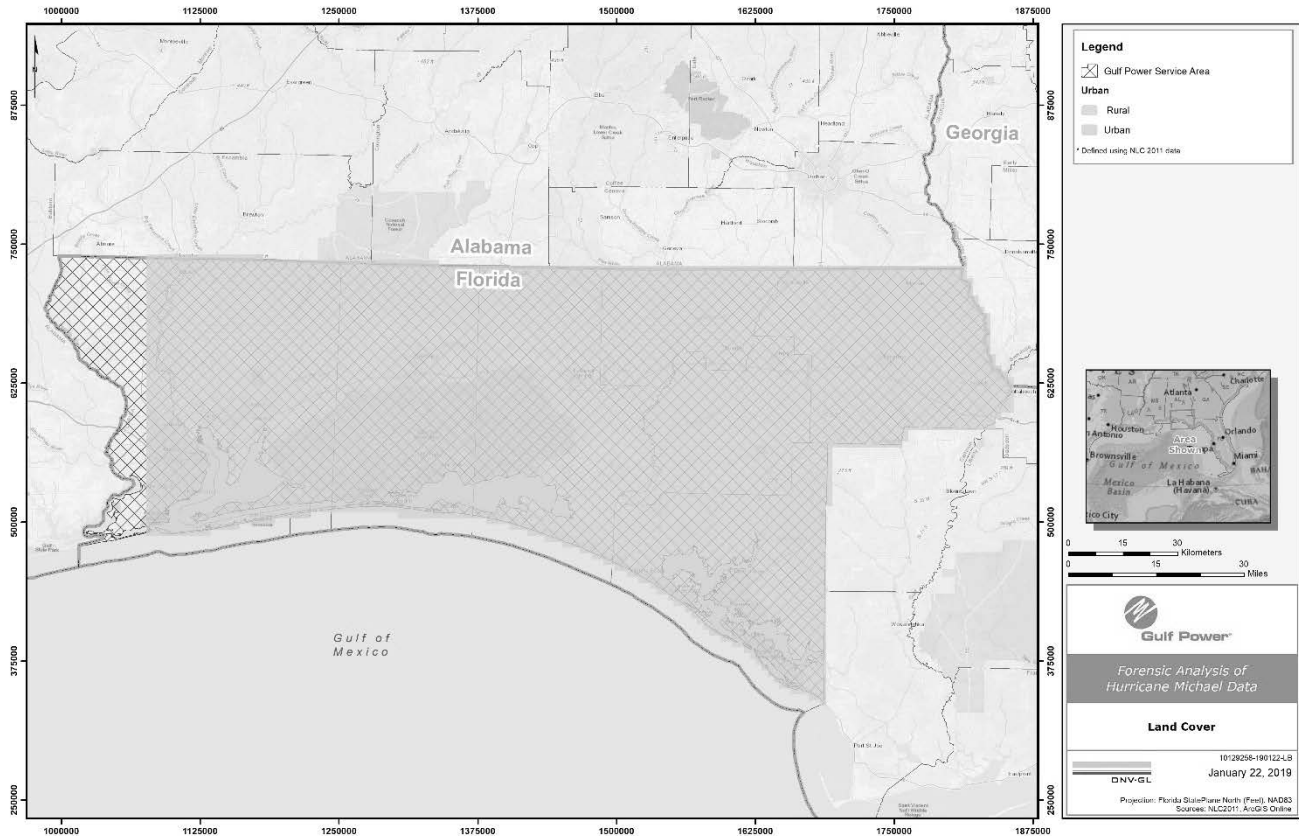


Figure 4-3 Land Cover Classification

Based on the analysis, no statistical correlation was found between reported damage and urban or rural classifications. As a robustness check, a basic logit model was employed regressing grid cell type with damage rates. No statistical evidence was found that a zone classified as rural or urban affected the damage of poles.

DNV GL created a pre/post 2007 pole installation variable to account for a change in construction standards in the year 2007. The results suggest that poles installed in 2007 or prior were more likely to be damaged than pole installed more recently. A statistically significant relationship exists between pre/post 2007 installation and whether the pole was damaged. A full display of rural vs. urban and pre/post 2007 installation by damage rates are shown below. Table 4-8 provides the breakdown of damage rates by of rural and urban areas and year of standard changes of poles.

Table 4-8 Damage rate by Rural vs. urban with age of poles surveyed

| | Urban | | | Rural | | |
|--------------------------------|----------|---------|-------------|----------|---------|-------------|
| | Surveyed | Damaged | Damage rate | Surveyed | Damaged | Damage rate |
| Installed Pre-2007 | 548 | 178 | 32% | 369 | 112 | 30% |
| Installed 2007 or after | 180 | 19 | 11% | 74 | 10 | 14% |

4.6 Analysis of flood impacted areas

As part of the analysis, DNV GL reviewed the storm damage survey data versus available NOAA potential storm surge⁹ and FEMA flood zone locations to understand if there may be any correlation with these conditions. From NWS measurements¹⁰, the greatest amount of storm surge occurred southeast of Tyndall Air Force Base, where it was estimated to be 9-14 feet above ground level. Storm surge inundation heights dropped off significantly west of Mexico Beach, where the hurricane made landfall. Around Panama City and St. Andrew Bay the inundation height was estimated to be 4-6 above ground level.

We reviewed underground transformer, junction structure, and the pole damage data with respect to this information. Of the underground transformers that were surveyed, 42 were in a FEMA flood zone and only 1 of those was damaged (2.4%). Additionally, 1 underground transformer overlapped with a NOAA estuarine wetland/intertidal zones and 6 underground transformers overlapped NOAA areas of potential storm surge; no underground transformers were damaged in these areas. For junctions, 11 structures were within FEMA flood zones, none of which were damaged. No junctions overlapped with NOAA storm surge areas. Of the surveyed poles, 26 were within the NOAA storm surge areas, of which none were damaged. There were 112 surveyed poles that overlapped with the FEMA flood zone areas. Forty-two of these were damaged (37.5%).

Figures 4-4 and 4-5 provide examples in the Gulf Power Eastern District service area where damage survey information was collected, the locations of flood zones and areas of potential storm surge. As can be seen, very few of the structures found to be damaged lie within flood zone or areas of potential storm surge.

⁹ Actual measurements of storm surge inundation from Hurricane Michael were not available at the time of this analysis.

¹⁰ J. Beven, R. Berg and A. Hagan, National Hurricane Center, "Tropical Cyclone Report, Hurricane Michael", May 17, 2019



Figure 4-4 Coastal Storm Surge and Flood Area Map with Damage Survey Data

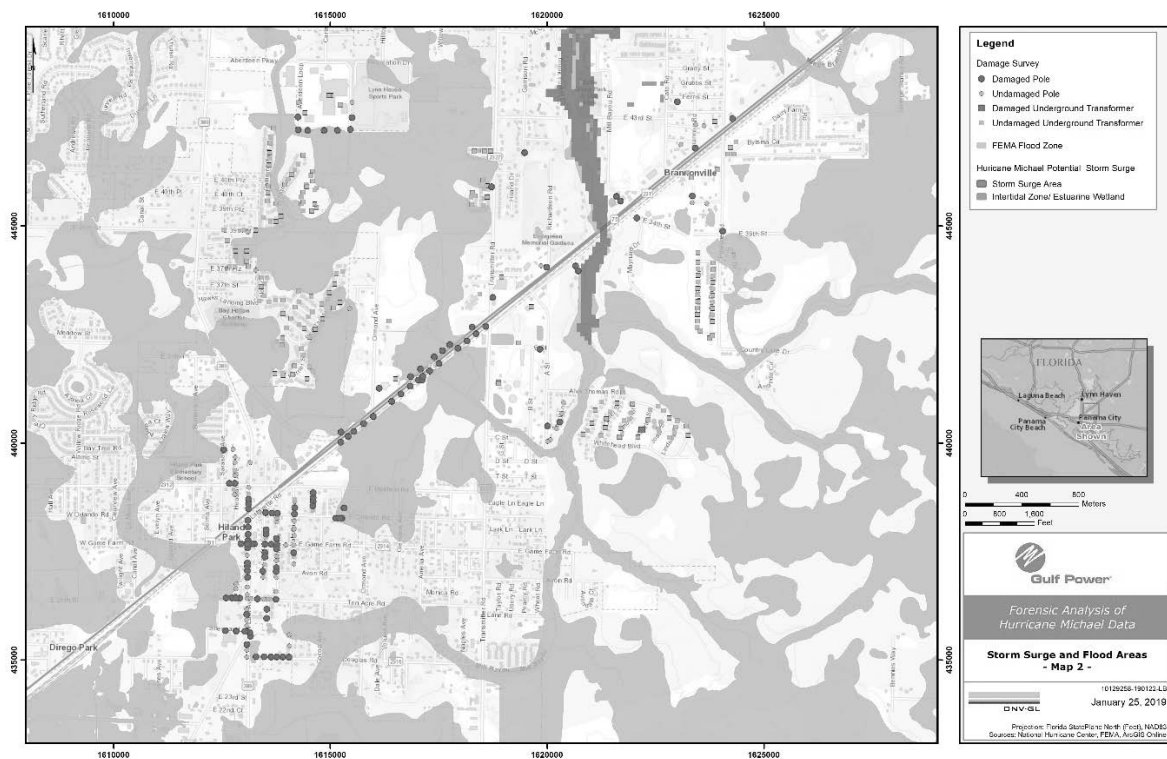


Figure 4-5 Inland Storm Surge and Flood Area Map with Damage Survey Data

5 DAMAGE EXTRAPOLATION ANALYSIS

The purpose of the extrapolation analysis was to determine expected failure rates by grid cell for the Eastern District of Gulf Power's service area in order to compare actual damage versus expected damage. This was done using the damage survey data and the calculated failure rates by wind speed.

5.1 Description of Map Grid Cells

DNV GL divided the Eastern District of the Gulf Power service area into 552 1-mile by 1-mile grid cells, each numerically identified and associated with maximum wind gust and wind speed characteristics, and urban versus rural. The pole/structure damage data was also associated with a grid cell based on the pole/structure location. This information was used to identified statistical relationships between the damaged assets and contributing factors.

The breakdown between urban and rural grid cells is shown in Table 5-1.

Table 5-1 Gulf Power grid cells by urban and rural areas in the Eastern District

| Type | Number of grid zones | Percentage of total |
|--------------|----------------------|---------------------|
| Urban | 125 | 23% |
| Rural | 427 | 77% |
| Total | 552 | |

Table 5-2 shows the distribution of poles in relation to urban or rural areas.

Table 5-2 Gulf Power distribution and transmission poles, street lights by grid zone type in the Eastern District

| | Urban | | Rural | | Total |
|---------------------|------------|------------------|------------|------------------|--------|
| | Population | Percent of total | Population | Percent of total | |
| Poles | 33,920 | 57% | 19,278 | 32% | 53,198 |
| Street Light | 5,385 | 9% | 1,108 | 2% | 6,493 |
| | | | | | 59,691 |

5.2 Key Assumptions for Extrapolation Analysis

To determine expected failure estimates based on the available data, DNV GL extrapolated the failure rates from the surveyed grid cells to Eastern District of the utility service area. In doing so, the following assumptions were used:

1. Each grid cell is of one type, i.e., either Rural or Urban;
2. Wind speed data: each grid cell contained an estimated maximum wind gust and wind speed value based on available weather data; actual conditions may have varied;
3. The Osmose field survey concentrated on high probability of damage areas;

4. The contributing factors for each record of damage to pole/structure were merged into one cause as noted in Table 3-1. Again, surveyed damage included pole damage (breakage), impacted pole (leaning), damaged conductor (wire down), and damaged cross arm.

5.3 Correlation of Weather Data to Storm Damage

The extrapolation of damaged distribution infrastructure for the Eastern District of the Gulf Power service area was performed using the average sustained wind speeds and maximum wind gusts associated with the surveyed grid cells. Failure rates by grid cell were estimated based on the ratio of number of damaged poles surveyed to total number of poles surveyed per grid cell. Grid cells with less than 30 poles surveyed ($n=30$) were removed to avoid skewing of results consistent with the previous notes about misleading data due to small sample sizes (see Section 4.3). This resulted in a total sample size of $n=841$ used for the failure rate estimates out of the original 1,171 poles and structures surveyed (71.8%).

Failure rates by grid cell were modelled using a simple linear regression twice for (1) average sustained wind speed (mph) and (2) maximum wind gust (mph). Understanding that failure rates are not a solely a function of wind speeds, DNV GL sought to determine a better estimate of failure rates by controlling for variation of several other pole attributes. These other attributes include the year the pole was manufactured, if the pole was in an urban location (urban = 1; rural = 0), if the pole is wooden (wood = 1; otherwise = 0), the height (ft) of the pole, if the pole was on a feeder line (feeder line = 1; otherwise = 0), and if the pole was installed before or after the new 2007 construction standard (installed in 2007 and beyond = 1; installed in 2006 or before = 0). Outputs from both models are shown below in Table 5-3 with coefficients and standard errors for the respective models¹¹. Note that the R^2 , a common measure of goodness-of-fit for econometric models¹², is higher for the maximum wind gust than for the average wind gust. This indicates that maximum wind gust captures more variation in the failure rates and is thus a better explanation for pole damage rates than sustained wind speed.

¹¹ Interpretation of the model will not be the focus of this section as the model is used to provide a per pole failure rate as opposed to a failure rate attributed to an area.

¹² R^2 is a common statistical measure for goodness-of-fit for econometric models – in this case an ordinary least square estimate of failure rate by controlling either average wind speed or maximum wind gust. High R^2 values suggest that the model better explains the variation and is evidence of a stronger predication.

Table 5-3: Linear regression of average wind speed and maximum wind gust (mph)

Dependent Variable: Observed grid cell pole failure rate

| | Avg. Wind Speed (Std. Error) | Max. Wind Gust (Std. Error) |
|----------------------------------|---|--|
| Intercept | -4.947*** (0.762) | -4.068*** (0.686) |
| Wind Speed (mph) | 0.017*** (0.000) | 0.015*** (0.000) |
| Year Manufactured | 0.002*** (0.000) | 0.002*** (0.000) |
| New Construction Standard | -0.044*** (0.012) | -0.046*** (0.011) |
| Urban | -0.183*** (0.009) | -0.158*** (0.008) |
| Wood | 0.219*** (0.019) | 0.219*** (0.017) |
| Height (ft) | -0.007** (0.001) | -0.005*** (0.001) |
| Feeder | 0.004 (0.014) | 0.007 (0.012) |
| R² | 0.807 | 0.843 |

Statistical significance levels of * p<0.1, **p<0.05, ***p<0.01

The output from these models provides the ability to estimate the failure rate for average wind speed and maximum wind gust by pole as opposed to by region. The linear form of these results are determined using the following equations¹³:

$$Failure Rate_{i,Avg Wind Speed} = Intercept + 0.017(Avg. Wind Speed) + 0.002(Year) + \dots + 0.004(Feeder)$$

$$Failure Rate_{i,Max Wind Gust} = Intercept + 0.015(Max. Wind Gust) + 0.002(Year) + \dots + 0.007(Feeder)$$

Once the failure rates by average sustained wind and maximum wind gust were imputed to each pole based on its characteristics, the overall failure rates were modelled to determine an estimated failure rate for the service area as a whole. Because these estimations are subject to error, DNV GL included an upper and lower confidence estimate to provide a confidence level of the failure rates. The output of these models is shown below in Table 5-4.

¹³ For simplicity, only the first two and last variables are included in the equation to show the structure of the linear estimation.

Table 5-4: Dependent Variable: Imputed individual pole failure rate

| | Point (Std. Error) | Avg. Wind Speed | |
|-------------------------|-----------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| | | Upper Confidence (Std. Error) | Lower Confidence (Std. Error) |
| Intercept | -0.451*** (0.017) | -0.260*** (0.018) | -0.421*** (0.010) |
| Wind Speed (mph) | 0.013*** (0.000) | 0.013*** (0.000) | 0.010*** (0.000) |
| R² | 0.674 | 0.672 | 0.781 |

| | Point (Std. Error) | Max. Wind Gust | |
|-------------------------|-----------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| | | Upper Confidence (Std. Error) | Lower Confidence (Std. Error) |
| Intercept | -0.868*** (0.022) | -0.692*** (0.022) | -0.740*** (0.013) |
| Wind Speed (mph) | 0.013*** (0.000) | 0.013*** (0.000) | 0.010*** (0.000) |
| R² | 0.759 | 0.756 | 0.840 |

Statistical significance levels of * p<0.1, **p<0.05, ***p<0.01

To show these results graphically, the intercept and wind speed coefficients were graphed to show the linear relationship between estimated failure rates and sustained wind speed and maximum wind gust. These graphical representations of the estimations are shown below in Figure 5-1 where the dark blue line represents the average sustained wind speed failure rate with light blue lines showing the upper and lower confidence intervals. The maximum wind gust failure rate is shown as the dark green line with light green lines representing the upper and lower confidence interval.

From Figure 5-1, we see that there is a failure rate of 0% below 18 mph winds. Between 18 mph and 41 mph of sustained average winds, failure rates begin to rise. The point estimate shows that failure rates begin at 33 mph sustained average winds. These continue to increase at a linear rate with 25% failure at 53 mph, 50% failure at 72 mph, 75% failure at 90 mph, and 100% failure 110 mph sustained average winds. For maximum wind gusts, failure rate remains at 0% until between 52 mph and 74 mph maximum wind gust. The point estimate shows that failure rates begin at 67 mph maximum wind gust. These continue to increase at a linear rate with 25% failure at 88 mph, 50% failure at 105 mph, 75% failure at 125 mph, and 100% failure at 144 mph maximum wind gust.

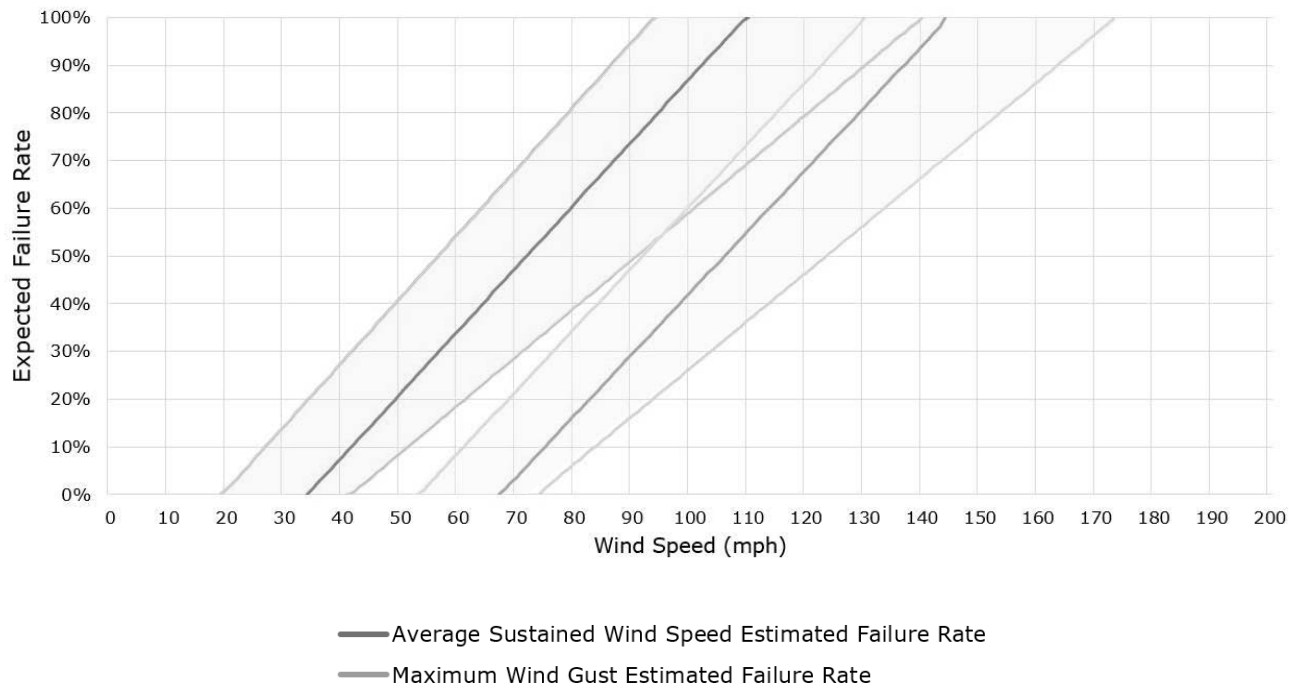


Figure 5-1 Failure rates of average wind speed and maximum wind gust (mph)

It should be noted that these failure rates are statistic rate estimates. As such, they are subject to error. Not all poles may or will follow these linear patterns. Additionally, this process for determining the failure rates comes with limitations that must be considered. The results used to obtain the failure rates are based on a non-statically random sample of poles in the Eastern District. The field survey was conducted in an area of high damage and thus the results may be subject to statistical bias.

5.4 Results of Extrapolation

The extrapolation of the failure rates to the Eastern District of the Gulf Power service area was performed using the maximum wind gusts associated with each grid cell. The amount of expected failures for each grid cell were determined based on wind gusts and the wind speed-failure rate curves presented in Figure 5-1. Poles that had a resulting expected failure rate below 0% were replaced with 0% and those with an expected failure rate above 100% were replaced with 100%.

Based on the speed-failure rate curve, and the extrapolated wind speed data for each map grid zone in the service area, the probability for impact and damage (combined) is shown for each grid zone in the service area in Figure 5-2. The scale is the percent damage to the pole/structure population in each grid.

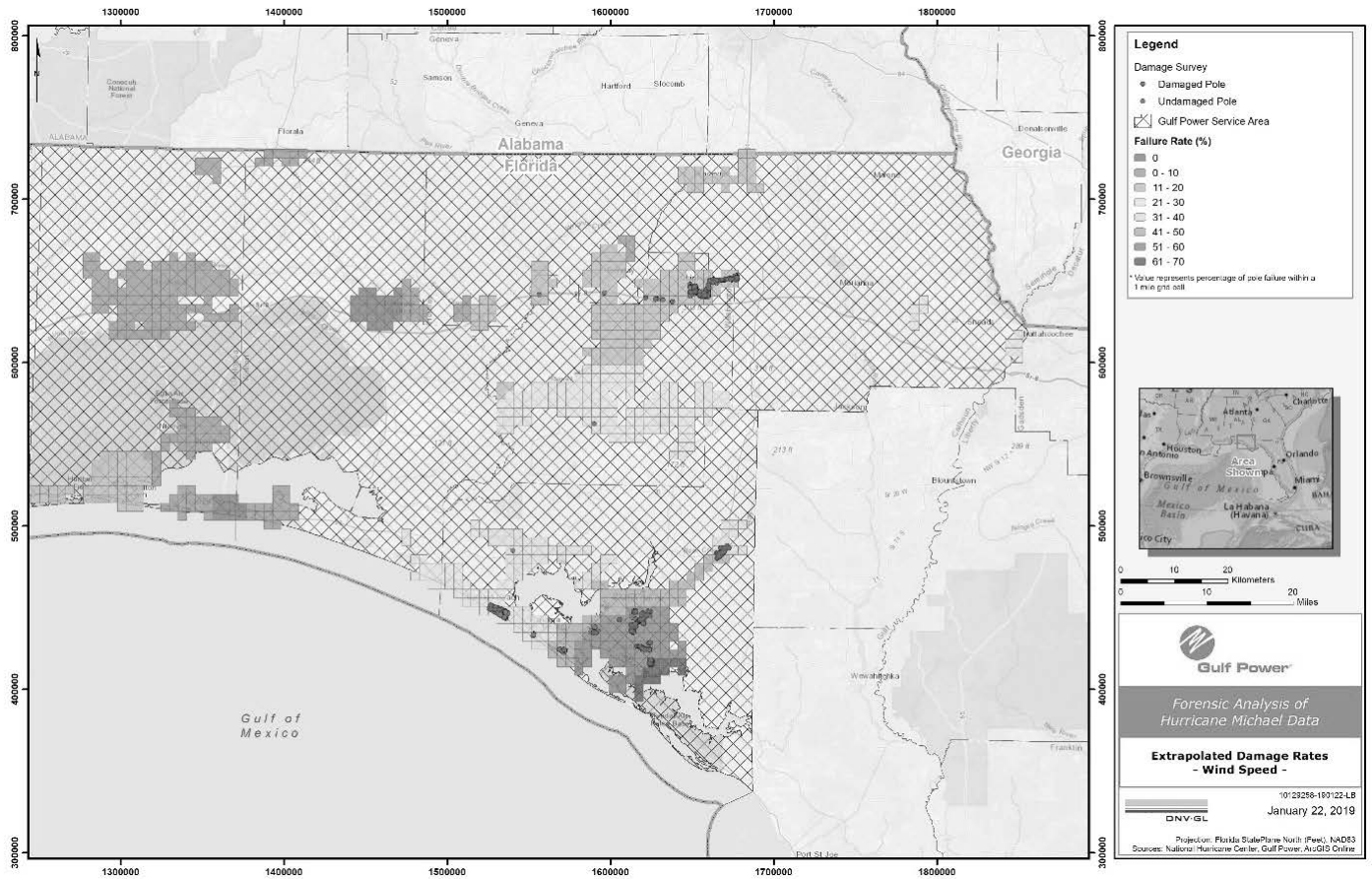


Figure 5-2 Extrapolated Gulf Power Damages to the Eastern District Service Area

The figure shows that the most severe damage probability occurred in the areas surveyed by Osmose in the Panama City area and north-easterly towards Youngstown. Based on this analysis between 30% (when considering maximum wind gust) and 30.4% (when considering maximum sustained wind) of the poles and structures in the Eastern District of the Gulf Power service area would have been damaged in conditions that were experienced during Hurricane Michael. The lower bound estimate for these models suggest a failure rate of 16.3% for maximum sustained wind) and 17.0% for maximum wind gust¹⁴. It is important to reiterate that the expected damage estimates derived from the survey data are likely higher than what was experienced due to the survey primarily being focused areas of high damage occurrence. To improve the accuracy of these estimates, future site surveys should seek to perform surveys using a random sample across the service area.

6 STORM DATA FORENSICS ANALYSIS CONCLUSION

During a major storm event, such as Hurricane Michael, high winds are the primary factor in damages to distribution poles and other structures. Sustained winds and wind gusts stress poles and cross arms and

¹⁴ The upper bound damage estimates are between 48.3% 50.6%. These were not considered here given that they are taking the upper confidence of the estimates that were obtained from a sample area of high damage.

trees or other windborne debris hit poles, conductors and cross arms resulting in costly damage. Damage resulting from windborne debris and trees is generally outside of Gulf Power's control. Pole damage is often caused by trees and branches located outside Gulf Power's right-of-way.

Damage to conductors may be due to pole damage (broken) and conductors being hit directly by windborne debris. This is often also outside of Gulf Power's control. Insulator failures are mainly a result of debris or trees hitting conductors, leading to breakage of the post insulator.

DNV GL analyzed a variety of potential factors in the damage. This included wind speeds, urban versus rural settings, age, and the possibility of flooding or storm surge as a potential cause. The analyses showed no statistical correlation between reported damage and urban or rural classifications; however, the construction standards to which the poles were installed (Grade B vs. Grade C) appears to factor in to the damage rate. Survey data also indicates that Class 2 poles were less often damaged than Class 3, 5 and 6 poles.

Further, in reviewing flood zones and areas where storm surge may have been a factor, no correlation could be made with damage. This is likely because storm surge was not as extensive in the Gulf Power area as it was further east along the coast.

Based on field survey data analyzed, the Eastern District of the Gulf Power service area was estimated to have experienced damage to as much as 30% of their distribution grid assets. In actuality, Gulf Power is known to have experienced damage to approximately 12% of its distribution pole assets. Although, the extent of damaged poles was lower than what would have been expected, wide-spread, lengthy outages were still experienced across the territory. Given the findings that suggest newer pole construction standards reduce the likelihood of damage and that stronger pole classes (e.g. Class 2) were found to be less often damaged than Class 3, 5, and 6 poles, investments in storm hardening may improve system performance during future storm events

APPENDIX A FAILURE RATES BY DISTRIBUTION AND STREETLIGHT POLE PER SURVEY IN THE EASTERN DISTRICT

| Grid zone | Zone type | Total pole pop. | Poles surveyed | Surveyed poles damaged | Damage rate | Pole broken | | Pole leaning | | Conductor damage | | Damaged cross arm | | Underground dip exposed | | Other | |
|-----------|-----------|-----------------|----------------|------------------------|-------------|----------------|------|----------------|------|------------------|------|-------------------|------|-------------------------|------|----------------|------|
| | | | | | | Number damaged | Rate | Number damaged | Rate | Number damaged | Rate | Number damaged | Rate | Number damaged | Rate | Number damaged | Rate |
| 1012 | Rural | 36 | 29 | 6 | 21% | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% | 6 | 21% | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% |
| 1013 | Rural | 39 | 28 | 5 | 18% | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% | 5 | 18% | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% |
| 1087 | Rural | 21 | 19 | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% |
| 1117 | Rural | 62 | 1 | 1 | 100% | 1 | 100% | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% |
| 1118 | Rural | 129 | 46 | 28 | 61% | 13 | 28% | 6 | 13% | 9 | 20% | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% |
| 1119 | Rural | 10 | 1 | 1 | 100% | 1 | 100% | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% |
| 1160 | Rural | 40 | 31 | 12 | 39% | 0 | 0% | 2 | 6% | 10 | 32% | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% |
| 1191 | Rural | 126 | 35 | 12 | 34% | 4 | 11% | 1 | 3% | 7 | 20% | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% |
| 1192 | Rural | 47 | 14 | 9 | 64% | 4 | 29% | 3 | 21% | 2 | 14% | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% |
| 1233 | Rural | 101 | 14 | 3 | 21% | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% | 3 | 21% | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% |
| 1234 | Rural | 87 | 60 | 21 | 35% | 3 | 5% | 0 | 0% | 17 | 28% | 0 | 0% | 1 | 2% | 0 | 0% |
| 1235 | Rural | 20 | 8 | 3 | 38% | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% | 2 | 25% | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% | 1 | 13% |
| 1306 | Rural | 75 | 5 | 4 | 80% | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% | 4 | 80% | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% |
| 1307 | Rural | 129 | 75 | 6 | 8% | 1 | 1% | 1 | 1% | 4 | 5% | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% |
| 1308 | Rural | 23 | 7 | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% |
| 1378 | Rural | 99 | 18 | 2 | 11% | 1 | 6% | 0 | 0% | 1 | 6% | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% |
| 1379 | Urban | 219 | 74 | 7 | 9% | 1 | 1% | 1 | 1% | 4 | 5% | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% | 1 | 1% |
| 1380 | Rural | 4 | 1 | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% |
| 1523 | Urban | 207 | 2 | 1 | 50% | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% | 1 | 50% |
| 1593 | Rural | 71 | 2 | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% |
| 1662 | Rural | 88 | 3 | 2 | 67% | 2 | 67% | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% |

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|------|-------|-----|-----|----|------|----|-----|----|-----|----|------|---|-----|---|----|---|----|
| 1730 | Rural | 98 | 2 | 2 | 100% | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% | 2 | 100% | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% |
| 1766 | Urban | 205 | 9 | 5 | 56% | 1 | 11% | 0 | 0% | 3 | 33% | 1 | 11% | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% |
| 1767 | Rural | 83 | 7 | 4 | 57% | 0 | 0% | 1 | 14% | 2 | 29% | 1 | 14% | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% |
| 1770 | Urban | 439 | 16 | 11 | 69% | 4 | 25% | 1 | 6% | 6 | 38% | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% |
| 1771 | Urban | 680 | 4 | 2 | 50% | 0 | 0% | 1 | 25% | 1 | 25% | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% |
| 1772 | Urban | 785 | 72 | 38 | 53% | 9 | 13% | 5 | 7% | 24 | 33% | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% |
| 1833 | Urban | 205 | 7 | 6 | 86% | 3 | 43% | 0 | 0% | 3 | 43% | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% |
| 1834 | Urban | 62 | 27 | 26 | 96% | 12 | 44% | 9 | 33% | 5 | 19% | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% |
| 1835 | Urban | 662 | 5 | 5 | 100% | 0 | 0% | 3 | 60% | 2 | 40% | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% |
| 1837 | Urban | 721 | 19 | 11 | 58% | 4 | 21% | 6 | 32% | 1 | 5% | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% |
| 1899 | Urban | 158 | 4 | 3 | 75% | 2 | 50% | 0 | 0% | 1 | 25% | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% |
| 1900 | Urban | 114 | 2 | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% |
| 1901 | Urban | 693 | 112 | 63 | 56% | 20 | 18% | 11 | 10% | 32 | 29% | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% |
| 1965 | Urban | 146 | 2 | 2 | 100% | 0 | 0% | 1 | 50% | 1 | 50% | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% |
| 2056 | Urban | 88 | 2 | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% |
| 2159 | Urban | 69 | 6 | 1 | 17% | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% | 1 | 17% | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% |
| 2160 | Urban | 524 | 5 | 5 | 100% | 4 | 80% | 1 | 20% | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% |
| 2222 | Urban | 36 | 1 | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% |
| 2223 | Urban | 409 | 1 | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% |
| 2410 | Urban | 351 | 6 | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% |
| 2411 | Urban | 925 | 41 | 3 | 7% | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% | 2 | 5% | 1 | 2% | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% |
| 2546 | Rural | 63 | 2 | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% |
| 2586 | Urban | 387 | 10 | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% |
| 2754 | Urban | 97 | 16 | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% |
| 2755 | Urban | 393 | 9 | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% |
| 2810 | Urban | 489 | 141 | 2 | 1% | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% | 2 | 1% | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% |
| 2811 | Rural | 41 | 30 | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% |
| 2864 | Urban | 243 | 10 | 3 | 30% | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% | 3 | 30% | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% |

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|------|-------|-----|-----|---|----|---|----|---|----|---|----|---|----|---|----|---|----|
| 2865 | Urban | 366 | 119 | 2 | 2% | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% | 1 | 1% | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% | 1 | 1% |
|------|-------|-----|-----|---|----|---|----|---|----|---|----|---|----|---|----|---|----|

About DNV GL

Driven by our purpose of safeguarding life, property and the environment, DNV GL enables organizations to advance the safety and sustainability of their business. We provide classification and technical assurance along with software and independent expert advisory services to the maritime, oil and gas, and energy industries. We also provide certification services to customers across a wide range of industries. Operating in more than 100 countries, our professionals are dedicated to helping our customers make the world safer, smarter and greener.

APPENDIX C

(Gulf's 2020-2029 SPP Costs &
2020 Project Level Detail)

2020-2029 Storm Protection Plan 'SPP' Program Cost

(\$ in Millions)

| SPP Programs (1)(2) | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | 2024 | 2025 | 2026 | 2027 | 2028 | 2029 | Total SPP Cost | Annual Average Cost |
|---|----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|---------------------|
| <u>Distribution Inspection Program</u> | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Operating Expenses | \$0.93 | \$0.98 | \$0.98 | \$0.98 | \$0.98 | \$0.98 | \$0.98 | \$0.98 | \$0.98 | \$0.98 | \$9.75 | \$0.98 |
| Capital Expenditures | \$2.50 | \$2.80 | \$2.80 | \$2.80 | \$2.80 | \$2.80 | \$2.80 | \$2.80 | \$2.80 | \$2.80 | \$27.70 | \$2.77 |
| Total | \$3.43 | \$3.78 | \$3.78 | \$3.78 | \$3.78 | \$3.78 | \$3.78 | \$3.78 | \$3.78 | \$3.78 | \$37.45 | \$3.75 |
| <u>Transmission Inspection Program</u> | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Operating Expenses | \$0.35 | \$0.35 | \$0.35 | \$0.35 | \$0.35 | \$0.35 | \$0.35 | \$0.35 | \$0.35 | \$0.35 | \$3.50 | \$0.35 |
| Capital Expenditures | \$3.15 | \$3.15 | \$3.15 | \$3.15 | \$3.15 | \$3.15 | \$3.15 | \$3.15 | \$3.15 | \$3.15 | \$31.50 | \$3.15 |
| Total | \$3.50 | \$3.50 | \$3.50 | \$3.50 | \$3.50 | \$3.50 | \$3.50 | \$3.50 | \$3.50 | \$3.50 | \$35.00 | \$3.50 |
| <u>Distribution Feeder Hardening Program</u> | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Operating Expenses | \$0.78 | \$2.51 | \$2.43 | \$2.29 | \$2.29 | \$2.29 | \$2.29 | \$2.29 | \$2.29 | \$2.29 | \$21.75 | \$2.18 |
| Capital Expenditures | \$11.50 | \$35.90 | \$34.00 | \$30.30 | \$30.30 | \$30.30 | \$30.30 | \$30.30 | \$30.30 | \$30.30 | \$293.50 | \$29.35 |
| Total | \$12.28 | \$38.41 | \$36.43 | \$32.59 | \$32.59 | \$32.59 | \$32.59 | \$32.59 | \$32.59 | \$32.59 | \$315.25 | \$31.53 |
| <u>Distribution Hardening - Lateral Undergrounding Program</u> | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Operating Expenses | \$0.00 | \$0.18 | \$0.18 | \$0.18 | \$0.18 | \$0.18 | \$0.18 | \$0.18 | \$0.18 | \$0.18 | \$1.62 | \$0.16 |
| Capital Expenditures | \$0.00 | \$5.00 | \$5.00 | \$5.00 | \$5.00 | \$5.00 | \$5.00 | \$5.00 | \$5.00 | \$5.00 | \$45.00 | \$4.50 |
| Total | \$0.00 | \$5.18 | \$5.18 | \$5.18 | \$5.18 | \$5.18 | \$5.18 | \$5.18 | \$5.18 | \$5.18 | \$46.62 | \$4.66 |
| <u>Transmission Hardening Program</u> | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Operating Expenses | \$0.07 | \$0.40 | \$0.60 | \$0.60 | \$0.60 | \$0.60 | \$0.60 | \$0.60 | \$0.60 | \$0.60 | \$5.27 | \$0.53 |
| Capital Expenditures | \$5.22 | \$45.10 | \$54.90 | \$54.90 | \$53.90 | \$53.90 | \$53.90 | \$53.90 | \$53.90 | \$53.90 | \$483.52 | \$48.35 |
| Total | \$5.29 | \$45.50 | \$55.50 | \$55.50 | \$54.50 | \$54.50 | \$54.50 | \$54.50 | \$54.50 | \$54.50 | \$488.79 | \$48.88 |
| <u>Vegetation Management - Distribution Program</u> | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Operating Expenses | \$5.03 | \$4.68 | \$4.69 | \$4.70 | \$4.70 | \$4.71 | \$4.71 | \$4.71 | \$4.71 | \$4.71 | \$47.35 | \$4.74 |
| Capital Expenditures | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 |
| Total | \$5.03 | \$4.68 | \$4.69 | \$4.70 | \$4.70 | \$4.71 | \$4.71 | \$4.71 | \$4.71 | \$4.71 | \$47.35 | \$4.74 |
| <u>Vegetation Management - Transmission Program</u> | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Operating Expenses | \$2.50 | \$2.87 | \$2.87 | \$2.87 | \$2.87 | \$2.87 | \$2.87 | \$2.87 | \$2.87 | \$2.87 | \$28.33 | \$2.83 |
| Capital Expenditures | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 |
| Total | \$2.50 | \$2.87 | \$2.87 | \$2.87 | \$2.87 | \$2.87 | \$2.87 | \$2.87 | \$2.87 | \$2.87 | \$28.33 | \$2.83 |
| <u>Total SPP Cost</u> | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Operating Expenses | \$9.66 | \$11.97 | \$12.10 | \$11.97 | \$11.97 | \$11.98 | \$11.98 | \$11.98 | \$11.98 | \$11.98 | \$117.57 | \$11.76 |
| Capital Expenditures | \$22.37 | \$91.95 | \$99.85 | \$96.15 | \$95.15 | \$95.15 | \$95.15 | \$95.15 | \$95.15 | \$95.15 | \$881.22 | \$88.12 |
| Total | \$32.03 | \$103.92 | \$111.95 | \$108.12 | \$107.12 | \$107.13 | \$107.13 | \$107.13 | \$107.13 | \$107.13 | \$998.79 | \$99.88 |

(1) See also 2020 - 2022 project level details provided in Appendix

(2) Costs include previous year(s) projects carried over to current year, current year's project costs and future year's preliminary project costs (e.g., engineering)

2020 - 2022 Storm Protection Plan 3 Year Summary By Program

| Storm Protection Plan 'SPP' Programs | 2020 Plan | | 2021 Plan | | 2022 Plan | |
|---|----------------------------|--------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------|
| | Cap | O&M | Cap | O&M | Cap | O&M |
| Distribution Inspection Program | \$2,500,000 | \$933,000 | \$2,800,000 | \$983,000 | \$2,800,000 | \$983,000 |
| Transmission Inspection Program | \$3,150,000 | \$350,000 | \$3,150,000 | \$350,000 | \$3,150,000 | \$350,000 |
| Distribution Feeder Hardening Program | \$11,500,000 | \$779,000 | \$35,895,000 | \$2,504,000 | \$33,995,000 | \$2,428,000 |
| Distribution Hardening - Lateral Undergrounding Program | \$0 | \$0 | \$5,000,000 | \$180,000 | \$5,000,000 | \$180,000 |
| Transmission Hardening Program | \$5,220,000 | \$70,000 | \$45,100,000 | \$400,000 | \$54,900,000 | \$600,000 |
| Vegetation Management - Distribution Program | \$0 | \$5,030,881 | \$0 | \$4,678,346 | \$0 | \$4,685,489 |
| Vegetation Management - Transmission Program | \$0 | \$2,502,932 | \$0 | \$2,872,936 | \$0 | \$2,872,936 |
| Total SPP Cost | \$22,370,000 | \$9,665,814 | \$91,945,000 | \$11,968,282 | \$99,845,000 | \$12,099,425 |
| | Total Program Cost = \$32M | | Total Program Cost = \$104M | | Total Program Cost = \$112M | |
| | Avg Annual Cost = \$3M | | Avg Annual Cost = \$10M | | Avg Annual Cost = \$11M | |

2020-2022 Project Level Detail (by Program)

Distribution Inspection Program (2020-2022)

| 2020 Plan | | 2021 Plan | | 2022 Plan | |
|-------------|-----------|-------------|-----------|-------------|-----------|
| Cap | O&M | Cap | O&M | Cap | O&M |
| \$2,500,000 | \$933,000 | \$2,800,000 | \$983,000 | \$2,800,000 | \$983,000 |

| Distribution Mainline Feeder Patrol | 2020 Plan | | 2021 Plan | | 2022 Plan | |
|---|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| | Cap | O&M | Cap | O&M | Cap | O&M |
| Distribution Mainline Feeder Patrol Fort Walton: 71 Feeders; Panama City: 75 Feeders; Pensacola: 159 Feeders | \$300,000 | \$163,000 | \$300,000 | \$163,000 | \$300,000 | \$163,000 |

| Distribution - Pole Inspections (Cyclic) | 2020 Plan | | 2021 Plan | | 2022 Plan | |
|--|-------------|-----------|-------------|-----------|-------------|-----------|
| | Cap | O&M | Cap | O&M | Cap | O&M |
| Pole Inspection (Cyclic) - Distribution | \$2,200,000 | \$770,000 | \$2,500,000 | \$820,000 | \$2,500,000 | \$820,000 |

Transmission Inspection Program (2020-2022)

| 2020 Plan | | 2021 Plan | | 2022 Plan | |
|-------------|-----------|-------------|-----------|-------------|-----------|
| Cap | O&M | Cap | O&M | Cap | O&M |
| \$3,150,000 | \$350,000 | \$3,150,000 | \$350,000 | \$3,150,000 | \$350,000 |

| Transmission Pole Inspections | 2020 Plan | | 2021 Plan | | 2022 Plan | |
|--------------------------------|-------------|-----------|-------------|-----------|-------------|-----------|
| | Cap | O&M | Cap | O&M | Cap | O&M |
| Pole Inspection - Transmission | \$3,000,000 | \$250,000 | \$3,000,000 | \$250,000 | \$3,000,000 | \$250,000 |

| Substation Equipment Inspections | 2020 Plan | | 2021 Plan | | 2022 Plan | |
|-----------------------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| | Cap | O&M | Cap | O&M | Cap | O&M |
| Equipment Inspection - Substation | \$150,000 | \$100,000 | \$150,000 | \$100,000 | \$150,000 | \$100,000 |

Distribution Feeder Hardening Program (2020-2022)

| 2020 Plan | | 2021 Plan | | 2022 Plan | |
|--------------|-----------|--------------|-------------|--------------|-------------|
| Cap | O&M | Cap | O&M | Cap | O&M |
| \$11,500,000 | \$779,000 | \$35,895,000 | \$2,504,000 | \$33,995,000 | \$2,428,000 |

Distribution Feeder Hardening

| 2020 Projects | District | Substation | Feeders | Scope | Estimated Cost | | Estimated Start | Estimated Completion | Number of Customers | | Criteria |
|--------------------------------|-------------|--------------------|-----------|---------------------------------|----------------|-----------|-----------------|----------------------|---------------------|----------------|----------|
| | | | | | Capital | Expense | | | Residential | Com/Industrial | |
| Brentwood 6678 & Oakfield 7922 | Pensacola | Brentwood/Oakfield | 6678/7922 | Replace and hardening 37 poles | \$1,087,000 | \$108,000 | March 2020 | December 2020 | 4,331 | 286 | CIF |
| Avalon 5792 | Pensacola | Avalon | 5792 | Replace and hardening 68 poles | \$1,325,000 | \$121,000 | March 2020 | December 2020 | 2,974 | 250 | CIF |
| Bayou Marcus 5572 | Pensacola | Bayou Marcus | 5572 | Replace and hardening 60 poles | \$925,000 | \$84,000 | March 2020 | December 2020 | 1,371 | 15 | CIF |
| Turner 5662 | Fort Walton | Turner | 5662 | Replace and hardening 123 poles | \$867,000 | \$54,000 | October 2020 | December 2021 | 3,105 | 269 | CIF |
| Hathaway 8642 | Panama City | Hathaway | 8642 | Replace and hardening 150 poles | \$1,790,000 | \$169,000 | June 2020 | December 2020 | 2,560 | 170 | CIF |
| Redwood 8722 | Panama City | Redwood | 8722 | Replace and hardening 34 poles | \$506,000 | \$44,000 | June 2020 | December 2020 | 1,789 | 263 | CIF |
| Total = | | | | | \$6,500,000 | \$580,000 | | | | | |

*CIF = Critical Infrastructure Facility

| 2021 Program Details | Estimated Projects | Feeder Impact | Scope | Estimated Cost |
|----------------------|--------------------|---------------|---|----------------|
| To Be Determined | 6 to 18 | 6 to 18 | Hardening range of 12 to 32 miles of feeder, and replacement of approximately 500 - 930 poles | \$26.4MM |

| 2022 Program Details | Estimated Projects | Feeder Impact | Scope | Estimated Cost |
|----------------------|--------------------|---------------|---|----------------|
| To Be Determined | 6 to 18 | 6 to 18 | Hardening range of 12 to 32 miles of feeder, and replacement of approximately 500 - 930 poles | \$26.4MM |

| Distribution Automation | 2020 Capital Plan | 2021 Capital Plan | 2022 Capital Plan |
|--|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| Distribution Automated Feeder Switch 'AFS' Capital; Feeder Recloser & Switched Installations. 2020: Fort Walton: 31 Sites; Panama City: 16 Sites; Pensacola 35 Sites | \$3,200,000 | \$3,600,000 | \$1,700,000 |
| Distribution Automation Other Capital: Communication & Control Equipment for Fault Current Indicators and other field equipment capable of providing SCADA information and controls | \$1,800,000 | \$5,895,000 | \$5,895,000 |

Distribution Hardening - Lateral Undergrounding Program (2021-2022)

| 2020 Plan * | | 2021 Plan | | 2022 Plan | |
|-------------|-----|-------------|-----------|-------------|-----------|
| Cap | O&M | Cap | O&M | Cap | O&M |
| \$0 | \$0 | \$5,000,000 | \$180,000 | \$5,000,000 | \$180,000 |

| 2021 Program Details | Estimated Projects | Lateral Impact | Scope | Estimated Cost |
|----------------------|--------------------|----------------|--|----------------|
| To Be Determined | 8 | 8 miles | Replace overhead conductor with underground conductors based on predetermined criteria | \$5M |

| 2022 Program Details | Estimated Projects | Lateral Impact | Scope | Estimated Cost |
|----------------------|--------------------|----------------|--|----------------|
| To Be Determined | 8 | 8 miles | Replace overhead conductor with underground conductors based on predetermined criteria | \$5M |

* 2020 - Gulf Power will begin Evaluating and Engineering Undergrounding of Laterals and Plans to Begin Construction in 2021.

**Transmission Hardening Program
 (2020-2022)**

| 2020 Plan | | 2021 Plan | | 2022 Plan | |
|-------------|----------|--------------|-----------|--------------|-----------|
| Cap | O&M | Cap | O&M | Cap | O&M |
| \$5,220,000 | \$70,000 | \$45,100,000 | \$400,000 | \$54,900,000 | \$600,000 |

Substation Hardening

| 2020 Projects | District | Substation Impact | Scope | Estimated Cost | | Estimated Start | Estimated Completion | Number of Customers | |
|--|----------|--------------------|---|--------------------|------------|-----------------|----------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|
| | | | | Capital | Expense | | | Residential | Commercial/Industrial |
| Shalimar Substation Storm Hardening | Central | Shalimar | Storm Hardened Control House | \$300,000 | \$0 | January 2020 | June 2020 | 4,827 | 378 |
| Hurlburt Substation Storm Hardening | Central | Hurlburt | Storm Hardened Control House With Flood monitoring | \$300,000 | \$0 | June 2020 | December 2020 | 6,054 | 348 |
| Niceville Substation Storm Hardening | Central | Niceville | Storm Hardened Control House | \$300,000 | \$0 | June 2020 | December 2020 | 5,122 | 462 |
| Naval Air Station North Terminal Station Storm Hardening | Western | NAS North Terminal | Transmission Line Terminal Station Flood Monitoring | \$20,000 | \$0 | June 2020 | December 2020 | 0 | 1 |
| Naval Air Station South Terminal Station Storm Hardening | Western | NAS South Terminal | Transmission Line Terminal Station Flood Monitoring | \$20,000 | \$0 | June 2020 | December 2020 | 0 | 2 |
| Smith Construction Substation Storm Hardening | Eastern | Smith Construction | Substation Flood Monitoring | \$20,000 | \$0 | June 2020 | December 2020 | 0 | 25 |
| Blountstown Substation Storm Hardening | Eastern | Blountstown | Substation Flood Monitoring | \$20,000 | \$0 | June 2020 | December 2020 | 0 | 2 |
| Romana Substation Storm Hardening | Western | Romana | Substation Flood Monitoring | \$20,000 | \$0 | June 2020 | December 2020 | 1,255 | 534 |
| Total = | | | | \$1,000,000 | \$0 | | | | |

| 2021 Program Details | Estimated Projects | Impact | Scope | Estimated Cost | |
|----------------------|--------------------|--------|------------------------------|----------------|---------|
| | | | | Capital | Expense |
| To Be Determined | 3 | 3 | Storm Hardened Control House | \$1,000,000 | \$0 |

| 2022 Program Details | Estimated Projects | Impact | Scope | Estimated Cost | |
|----------------------|--------------------|--------|------------------------------|----------------|---------|
| | | | | Capital | Expense |
| To Be Determined | 3 | 3 | Storm Hardened Control House | \$1,000,000 | \$0 |

Substation Resiliency

| 2020 Projects | District | Substation/Line Impact | Scope | Estimated Cost | | Estimated Start | Estimated Completion | Number of Customers | |
|--|-------------|------------------------|--|------------------|------------|-----------------|----------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|
| | | | | Capital | Expense | | | Residential | Commercial/Industrial |
| Valparaiso Substation Transformer Bank Addition | Fort Walton | Substation | Add 2nd Substation Transformer Bank. Design & Civil work in 2020 and Construct in 2021 | \$75,000 | \$0 | January 2020 | December 2021 | 5,245 | 863 |
| South Crestview Substation Transformer Bank Addition | Fort Walton | Substation | Add 2nd Substation Transformer Bank. Design & Civil work in 2020 and Construct in 2021 | \$75,000 | \$0 | January 2020 | December 2021 | 5,923 | 1,191 |
| Hurlburt Substation Transformer Bank Addition | Fort Walton | Substation | Add 2nd Substation Transformer Bank. Design & Civil work in 2020 and Construct in 2021 | \$570,000 | \$0 | January 2020 | December 2021 | 6,054 | 348 |
| Total = | | | | \$720,000 | \$0 | | | | |

| 2021 Program Details | Estimated Projects | Impact | Scope | Estimated Cost | |
|----------------------|--------------------|--------|---|----------------|---------|
| | | | | Capital | Expense |
| To Be Determined | 20 | 18 | Transmission/Substation Resiliency Projects | \$24,500,000 | 0 |

| 2022 Program Details | Estimated Projects | Impact | Scope | Estimated Cost | |
|----------------------|--------------------|--------|---|----------------|---------|
| | | | | Capital | Expense |
| To Be Determined | 20 | 20 | Transmission/Substation Resiliency Projects | \$24,500,000 | 0 |

Wood Structure Replacement

| 2020 Projects | District | Number of structures to be replaced | Transmission Line | Estimated Cost | | Estimated Start | Estimated Completion | Number of Customers | |
|---|-------------|-------------------------------------|---------------------------------|--------------------|-----------------|-----------------|----------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------|
| | | | | Capital | Expense | | | Residential | Commercial/Industrial |
| Caryville Transmission Line Tap | Fort Walton | 30 | Glendale - Ponce De Leon 115 kV | \$1,500,000 | \$30,000 | May 2020 | September 2020 | Transmission System Loop | |
| Santa Rosa - Miramar #1 Transmission Line | Fort Walton | 40 | Santa Rosa - Miramar #1 115 kV | \$2,000,000 | \$40,000 | January 2020 | December 2020 | Transmission System Loop | |
| Total = | | | | \$3,500,000 | \$70,000 | | | | |

| 2021 Program Details | Estimated Projects | Number of structures to be replaced | Line Impact | Estimated Cost | |
|----------------------|--------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------|----------------|---------|
| | | | | Capital | Expense |
| To Be Determined | 20 | 400 | 6 | \$20M | |

| 2021 Program Details | Estimated Projects | Number of structures to be replaced | Line Impact | Estimated Cost | |
|----------------------|--------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------|----------------|---------|
| | | | | Capital | Expense |
| To Be Determined | 30 | 600 | 10 | \$30M | |

| Vegetation Management Program (2020-2022) | | | | | | |
|--|------------------|----------------|------------------|----------------|------------------|----------------|
| Vegetation Management - Distribution Program | 2020 Plan | | 2021 Plan | | 2022 Plan | |
| | Cap | O&M | Cap | O&M | Cap | O&M |
| Vegetation Management - Distribution Program | \$0 | \$5,030,881 | \$0 | \$4,678,346 | \$0 | \$4,685,489 |
| Vegetation Management - Transmission Program | | | | | | |
| Vegetation Management - Transmission Program | 2020 Plan | | 2021 Plan | | 2022 Plan | |
| | Cap | O&M | Cap | O&M | Cap | O&M |
| Vegetation Management - Transmission Program | \$0 | \$2,502,932 | \$0 | \$2,872,936 | \$0 | \$2,872,936 |

APPENDIX D

(Gulf's Distribution Hardening
Design Guidelines)

Distribution Hardening Design Guidelines

The following guidelines will be used to standardize the design of Gulf Power overhead distribution facilities when practical, feasible, and cost effective.

General

1. Gulf Power has made a change to adopt the Extreme Wind Loading Standards as the design criteria for (1) new pole line construction, (2) pole line extensions, (3) pole line relocations, (4) feeder pole replacements on multi-circuit pole lines, (5) feeder pole replacements on Top Critical Infrastructure Feeders, and (6) major equipment structures. Pole Foreman will be used for the guidelines to determine the necessary pole class and type for all work.
2. For maintenance, existing Non-Top Critical Infrastructure pole lines may be evaluated using National Electrical Safety Code combined ice and wind loading with Grade B construction. This represents the loading prior to the adoption of the Extreme Wind Loading Standards. If the pole must be replaced, refer to Pole Foreman calculations for the minimum class pole to be installed at Extreme Wind Loading Standards.
3. Every attempt should be made to place new or replacement poles in private easements or as close to the front edge of property (The Right-of-Way Line) as practical.
4. Overhead pole lines should be placed in front lot lines or accessible locations where feasible.
5. When replacing poles, the new pole should be set as close as possible to the existing pole to avoid the creation of a new pole location.
6. Poles are not to be placed in medians.
7. Concrete poles are not to be placed in inaccessible locations or locations that could potentially become inaccessible.
8. Every effort should be made not to install poles in sidewalks. If a pole must be placed in a sidewalk, a minimum unobstructed sidewalk width of 32 Inches must be maintained to comply with the American Disabilities Act requirements.
9. If concrete poles are required by the governing agency as a requirement of the permit, and if the work is being done solely for Gulf Power purposes (Feeder Tie, Et Cetera), then the concrete poles are installed with no differential charges. If the concrete poles are required as a condition of the permit, and the work is being done at the request of a customer to provide service to the customer or relocation by request of the customer, then the customer is charged a differential cost for the concrete poles.

10. When installing new overhead secondary spans, multiplexed cable should be used instead of open wire secondary. When line reconductoring or relocating existing pole lines containing open wire secondary, replace the open wire with multiplexed cable whenever possible. The system neutral should not be removed when replacing open wire secondary with multiplexed cable if primary wire is present. It is necessary to maintain a separate system neutral for operational continuity of the system.
11. When designing overhead facilities where secondary and service crossings exist across major roadways; Engineers, Engineering Representatives and Engineering Contractors should take into consideration placing these secondary street crossings underground.
12. Whenever extending a feeder, line reconductoring of a feeder section, or attaching a device to a feeder; Engineers, Engineering Representatives and Engineering Contractors should reference the nearest existing disconnect switch number on the construction drawing and show the dimension to the switch.
13. When an overhead feeder crosses any obstacle to access (Id Est: Water bodies such as rivers, canals, swamps; limited access right-of-ways such as interstate highways, turnpikes, and expressways; Et Cetera) disconnect switches should be placed on both sides of the obstacle in order to isolate the crossing in the event of a wire down situation.
14. Projects that affect or extend feeder conductors should always be coordinated with Distribution Planning to ensure optimization of the distribution grid and to take into account future feeder plans such as, feeder boundary changes, sectionalizing devices, integration of automation and remotely controlled protection.

As always, good engineering judgment, safety, reliability, and cost effectiveness should be considered. In addition to these guidelines, all distribution facilities shall be engineered to meet the minimum requirements set forth in all applicable standards and codes including but not limited to the National Electrical Safety Code, Utility Accommodation Guide, and Gulf Power's Distribution Construction Standards. Please contact the Technical Services Distribution Construction Engineering Standards team with any questions.

New Construction

1. When installing a new feeder, lateral, or service pole, reference the Pole Sizing section for the guidelines to determine the necessary pole class and type to meet the Extreme Wind Loading Standard for the wind zone region (110, 120, 130 or 140 Miles Per Hour).
2. During the design of new pole lines in developed areas, field visits should be conducted to ensure the design would cause minimum impact to the existing property owners.
3. Overhead pole lines should not be built on both sides of a roadway unless agreed to by the customer nor should multi-circuit pole lines be created. When designing main feeder routes all viable options must be reviewed (Including alternative routes) and consideration should be given to constructing the line underground.
4. When there is an existing pole line in the rear easement, every effort should be made not to build a second pole line along the right of way.
5. When installing a pole line within a transmission line, accessible distribution poles should be concrete. Distribution concrete poles should not be installed in inaccessible locations.
6. If concrete distribution poles are installed in a concrete transmission line, there is no additional charge to the customer (The concrete poles are Gulf Power's choice and not requested by the customer). Coordination between the transmission and distribution design is critical and consideration should be given to a design with all transmission poles versus distribution intermediate poles. This approach will reduce the overall number of poles.
7. When transmission is overbuilding (Concrete structures), along an existing distribution corridor, if the distribution wood poles are in good condition, do not replace. If wood poles need to be changed out or relocated, replace with concrete poles to match the transmission pole type, coordination between the transmission and distribution design is critical and consideration should be given to a design with all transmission poles versus distribution intermediate poles. This approach will reduce the overall number of poles.

Existing / Maintenance

1. When installing and/or replacing a feeder, lateral, or service pole on an existing pole line, Pole Foreman will be used for the guidelines to determine the necessary pole class and type to meet the Extreme Wind Loading Standards.
2. When installing or replacing a feeder pole on a feeder that serves a Top Critical Infrastructure Feeder customer, ensure the new pole will meet the Extreme Wind Loading Standards so that it will not have to be replaced when the feeder is hardened as a hardening project.
3. When extending pole lines, Pole Foreman will be used for the guidelines to determine the necessary pole class and type to meet the Extreme Wind Loading Standards. If concrete poles are requested by the customer or are required as a condition of the permit and fall outside the Pole Foreman recommendations, the customer will pay a differential charge for the concrete poles.
4. When replacing pole(s) and anchor(s) with larger self-supporting concrete poles, caution should be used, as the property owners in the vicinity of the pole will not necessarily perceive this concrete pole as a better choice.
5. When replacing poles on a multi-circuit feeder, the replacement pole should be designed for Extreme Wind Loading Standards using Pole Foreman to calculate the wind loading.

Relocations

1. When relocating a pole line, Pole Foreman will be used for the guidelines to determine the necessary pole class and type to meet the Extreme Wind Loading Standard for the wind zone region (110, 120, 130 or 140 Miles Per Hour).
2. When relocating either a concrete or wood pole line for a highway improvement project, the existing pole line type should be used as a guide for the pole type replacements. There is no additional charge for concrete poles if the existing poles being relocated are concrete (Like for like relocation). If the customer requests an upgrade to concrete poles, a differential is charged.
3. Reimbursable relocations will equal the cost to relocate the line built to the Extreme Wind Loading Standards (Plus removal of old line), including indirect cost.
4. Agency relocation projects should be coordinated with Distribution Planning to ensure optimization of the distribution grid and to take into account future feeder plans such as, feeder boundary changes, sectionalizing devices, integration of automation and remotely controlled protection.

Crossing Multi-Lane Limited Access Highways

The following guidelines are to be used when an overhead feeder crosses any obstacle to access (Id Est: Limited access right-of-ways such as interstate highways, turnpikes, and expressways, Et Cetera). Similar consideration can be given to water bodies such as rivers, canals, swamps.

1. Underground installation is the preferred design for all new crossings (1, 2, and 3 phase circuits) that cross multi-lane limited access highways and hardening of existing crossings.
2. Underground crossing for 1 and 2 phases should be designed for potential three phase feeder size cable. Ensure riser poles meet or exceed the Extreme Wind Loading Standard design for the designated region. For further information, please contact the Centralized Engineering Services Distribution Hardening team.
3. For accessible overhead crossings, use concrete poles for the crossing poles and minimum Class 2 wood poles for the intermediate poles. For inaccessible overhead crossings, minimum Class 2 wood poles should be used for the crossing and intermediate poles. All poles installed should meet or exceed Extreme Wind Loading Standard for the designated region.
4. Every attempt should be made to install storm guys and back guys for the highway crossing poles. Storm guys are not required on the adjacent poles.
5. Consider installing disconnect switches on adjacent poles on both sides of the crossing (Or as required by field conditions) to isolate the feeder section for restoration. Switches are to be installed in accessible locations that can be reached with readily available aerial equipment.
6. Use Pole Foreman to check for uplift on all poles.
7. Ensure to maintain proper clearance above or under all highways as dictated by the owner of the right-of-way.
8. Any conductors crossing the highway that have splices should be replaced with a continuous conductor. One additional set of dead-end insulators at the highway crossing pole may be used if this eliminates the need for splices when installing a new pole.
9. Engineers, Engineering Representatives, and Engineering Contractors must conduct a pre-design meeting with the Production Lead to ensure the feasibility of the proposed design.
10. As always, use good engineering judgment to produce a quality, cost-effective design.

Pole Sizing

1. Gulf Power has made a change to adopt Extreme Wind Loading Standards as the design criteria for (1) new pole line construction, (2) pole line extensions, (3) pole line relocations, (4) feeder pole replacements on multi-circuit pole lines, (5) feeder pole replacements on Top Critical Infrastructure Feeders, and (6) major equipment structures. Pole Foreman will be used for the guidelines to determine the necessary pole class and type for all work.
2. When installing or replacing a feeder pole on a feeder that serves a Top Critical Infrastructure Feeder customer, ensure the new pole will meet the Extreme Wind Loading Standards design so that it will not have to be replaced when the feeder is hardened as a hardening project.
3. For maintenance, existing Non-Top Critical Infrastructure pole lines may be evaluated using National Electrical Safety Code combined ice and wind loading with Grade B construction. This represents the loading prior to the adoption of the Extreme Wind Loading Standards. If the pole must be replaced, Pole Foreman will be used for guidance to determine the minimum class pole to be installed at Extreme Wind Loading Standards.
4. When performing work on an existing pole, and the pole requires change out (Exempli Gratia: clearance height, location, condition, or the ability to support the planned activity), use Pole Foreman. If the planned work can be done without changing out the pole and the pole meets minimum National Electrical Safety Code Grade B wind loading guidelines, use the existing pole(s).
5. Foreign pole owners are required to discuss design requirements with Gulf Power prior to construction. Gulf Power will assist with identifying the targeted poles.
6. Efforts should be made to ensure that span distances do not exceed 250 feet for wood poles and 350 feet for concrete poles even if longer spans would meet the Extreme Wind Loading Standards requirements.
7. Concrete poles are preferred in the cases where replacement costs would be extremely high (Id Est: Duct system riser pole, corner poles with multiple circuits, critical poles, Et Cetera). No differential is charged for poles in this case.

Lateral Pole Policy

1. All existing poles must meet National Electrical Safety Code Grade B standards as an absolute minimum.
2. If a pole is modified in any way, it must meet National Electrical Safety Code Grade B standards at a minimum when completed.
3. All replacement lateral poles must meet National Electrical Safety Code Extreme Wind Loading Standards and be compliant with Gulf Power Distribution Construction Policies.

Practical Purposes and Means

1. Design and engineer all poles to the National Electrical Safety Code Extreme Wind Loading Standards and to meet Gulf Power Distribution Construction Policies.
2. Engineers, Engineering Representatives, and Engineering Contractors must run Pole Foreman on all designed Work Request and poles suspected of being substandard.
3. If you are completing substantial work on a pole, such as installing additional cables, upgrading a transformer, reconductoring or new framing; The pole must meet the Extreme Wind Loading Standards and the revised Pole Class standards.
4. Class 4 and Class 5 poles may only be installed for Services, Secondary, Street Lights, and Outdoor Lights. Once the available stock of Class 4 and Class 5 poles are used up, no more will be ordered and Gulf Power will install Class 3 poles for these applications.
5. In no case should Class 4 or Class 5 poles be installed in laterals.

Please contact the Technical Services Distribution Construction Engineering Standards team for situations that still are in question after careful consideration.

Gulf Power Service Territory (Extreme Wind Loading Standards Map)

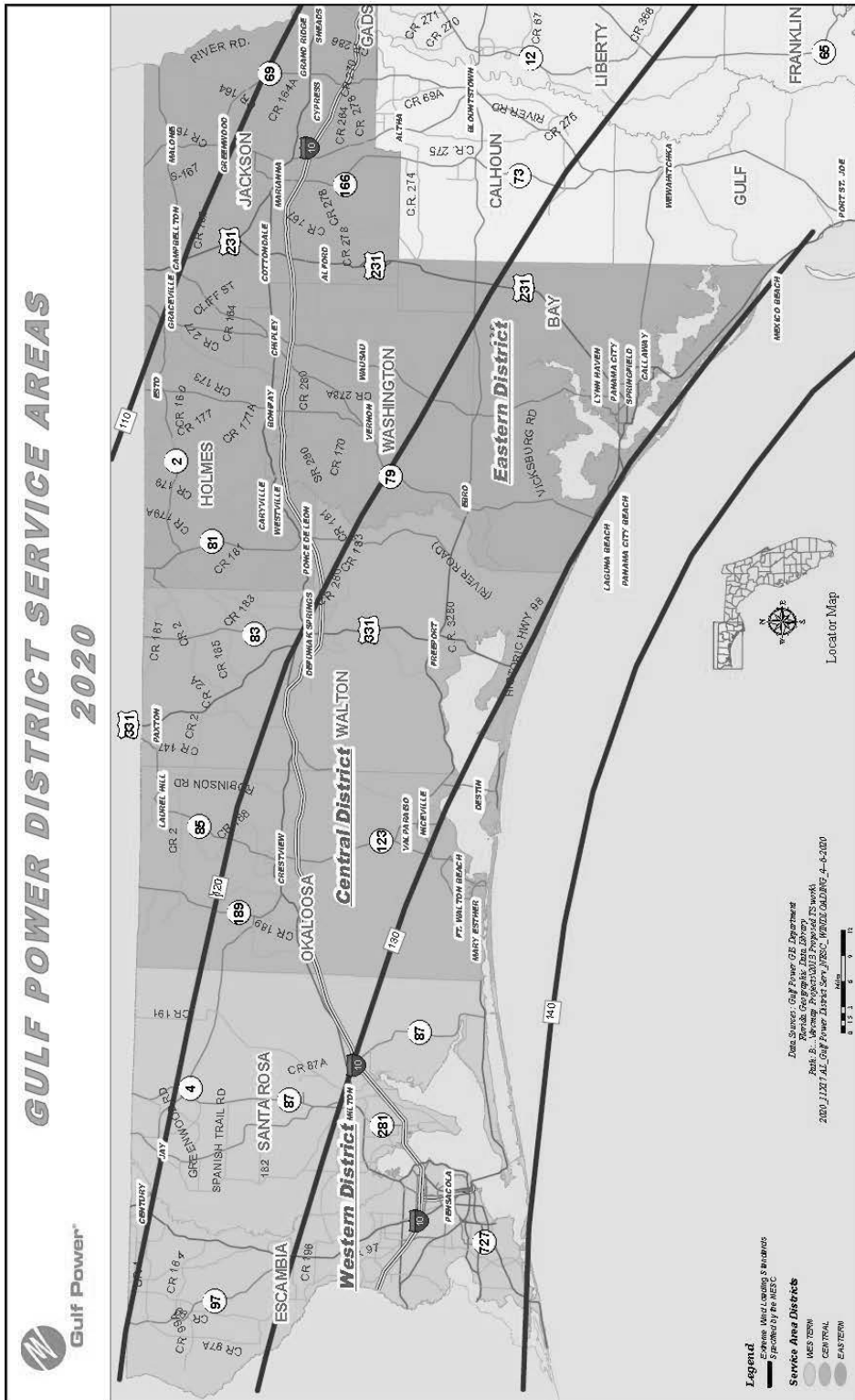


Exhibit MJ-3

**Exhibit MJ-3 - FPL Actual/Estimated Storm Protection Plan Work to be Performed in 2021
Distribution Feeder Hardening Program**

| Region | Substation | Feeder | Projected Start Year ⁽¹⁾ | Actual/Estimated Start Year ⁽¹⁾ | Projected Completion Year ⁽²⁾ | Actual/Estimated Completion Year ⁽²⁾ | Projected 2021 Costs ⁽³⁾ | Actual/Estimated 2021 Costs ⁽³⁾ | Variance Increase / (Decrease) | Percent Variance | Category ⁽⁴⁾ | Explanation ⁽⁴⁾ |
|---------|-----------------|--------|-------------------------------------|--|--|---|-------------------------------------|--|--------------------------------|------------------|-------------------------|----------------------------|
| Broward | BASSCREEK | 706362 | | 2019 | | 2021 | \$ - | \$ 298,043 | \$ 298,043 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Available Resource(s) |
| Broward | BASSCREEK | 706366 | | 2021 | | 2022 | \$ - | \$ 762,435 | \$ 762,435 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Permit(s) Received |
| Broward | BASSCREEK | 706364 | 2020 | 2020 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 1,666,809 | \$ 1,666,596 | \$ (213) | 0% | | |
| Broward | BEVERLY | 700831 | | 2019 | | 2023 | \$ - | \$ 1,212,809 | \$ 1,212,809 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Permit(s) Received |
| Broward | BEVERLY | 700839 | | 2021 | | 2024 | \$ - | \$ 487,900 | \$ 487,900 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Prioritization Change |
| Broward | BEVERLY | 700842 | | 2021 | | 2024 | \$ - | \$ 243,801 | \$ 243,801 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Prioritization Change |
| Broward | BEVERLY | 700834 | | 2021 | | 2024 | \$ - | \$ 137,671 | \$ 137,671 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Prioritization Change |
| Broward | BEVERLY | 700832 | 2019 | 2019 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 2,045,902 | \$ 950,942 | \$ (1,094,960) | -54% | Project_Delayed | Available Resource(s) |
| Broward | BEVERLY | 700833 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,757,069 | \$ 1,237,706 | \$ (519,363) | -30% | Project_Delayed | Available Resource(s) |
| Broward | BEVERLY | 700844 | 2021 | 2021 | 2023 | 2024 | \$ 16,174 | \$ 16,171 | \$ (2) | 0% | | |
| Broward | BEVERLY | 700837 | 2018 | 2019 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 603,607 | \$ 603,530 | \$ (77) | 0% | | |
| Broward | BUTTERFLY | 708433 | | 2020 | | 2022 | \$ - | \$ 81,785 | \$ 81,785 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Available Resource(s) |
| Broward | BUTTERFLY | 708432 | | 2020 | | 2022 | \$ - | \$ 37,686 | \$ 37,686 | 100% | | |
| Broward | CHAPEL | 706961 | 2020 | 2020 | 2023 | 2024 | \$ 3,790,936 | \$ - | \$ (3,790,936) | -100% | Project_Delayed | Prioritization Change |
| Broward | CHAPEL | 706962 | 2020 | 2020 | 2022 | 2021 | \$ 1,053,038 | \$ 1,052,903 | \$ (135) | 0% | | |
| Broward | COLLINS | 707532 | 2021 | 2021 | 2024 | 2024 | \$ 24,202 | \$ 24,199 | \$ (3) | 0% | | |
| Broward | COPANS | 705634 | | 2021 | | 2024 | \$ - | \$ 360,544 | \$ 360,544 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Prioritization Change |
| Broward | COPANS | 705636 | | 2021 | | 2022 | \$ - | \$ 254,414 | \$ 254,414 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Prioritization Change |
| Broward | COPANS | 705635 | | 2019 | | 2021 | \$ - | \$ 15,284 | \$ 15,284 | 100% | | |
| Broward | COPANS | 705638 | 2021 | 2021 | 2023 | 2022 | \$ 11,234 | \$ 11,233 | \$ (1) | 0% | | |
| Broward | COPANS | 705637 | 2021 | 2021 | 2023 | 2024 | \$ 12,583 | \$ 12,581 | \$ (2) | 0% | | |
| Broward | CROSSBOW | 707665 | | 2016 | | 2021 | \$ - | \$ 51,061 | \$ 51,061 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Available Resource(s) |
| Broward | CROSSBOW | 707661 | 2017 | 2018 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 23,683 | \$ 23,680 | \$ (3) | 0% | | |
| Broward | CRYSTAL | 703733 | | 2020 | | 2021 | \$ - | \$ 353,635 | \$ 353,635 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Available Resource(s) |
| Broward | CRYSTAL | 703734 | 2020 | 2021 | 2023 | 2022 | \$ 2,666,261 | \$ 1,067,635 | \$ (1,598,626) | -60% | Project_Delayed | Engineering Delayed |
| Broward | CRYSTAL | 703739 | 2021 | 2021 | 2023 | 2022 | \$ 15,517 | \$ 15,515 | \$ (2) | 0% | | |
| Broward | CRYSTAL | 703735 | 2020 | 2020 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 1,490,372 | \$ 1,490,181 | \$ (190) | 0% | | |
| Broward | CULLUM | 707132 | 2021 | 2021 | 2023 | 2022 | \$ 18,063 | \$ 18,060 | \$ (2) | 0% | | |
| Broward | CYPRESS CREEK | 702133 | | 2021 | | 2021 | \$ - | \$ 557,251 | \$ 557,251 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Permit(s) Received |
| Broward | CYPRESS CREEK | 702136 | | 2021 | | 2024 | \$ - | \$ 233,188 | \$ 233,188 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Prioritization Change |
| Broward | CYPRESS CREEK | 702137 | 2020 | 2020 | 2022 | 2021 | \$ 1,968,931 | \$ 741,926 | \$ (1,227,005) | -62% | Project_Delayed | Resource(s) Delayed |
| Broward | CYPRESS CREEK | 702134 | | 2018 | | 2021 | \$ - | \$ 49,926 | \$ 49,926 | 100% | | |
| Broward | CYPRESS CREEK | 702132 | 2020 | 2020 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 1,285,275 | \$ 1,285,110 | \$ (164) | 0% | | |
| Broward | CYPRESS CREEK | 702139 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 1,504,045 | \$ 1,503,853 | \$ (192) | 0% | | |
| Broward | DANIA | 701532 | | 2019 | | 2021 | \$ - | \$ 88,368 | \$ 88,368 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Available Resource(s) |
| Broward | DANIA | 701533 | | 2020 | | 2021 | \$ - | \$ 358,558 | \$ 358,558 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Available Resource(s) |
| Broward | DANIA | 701535 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 2,884,466 | \$ 1,756,880 | \$ (1,127,586) | -39% | Project_Delayed | Permit(s) Delayed |
| Broward | DANIA | 701536 | | 2018 | | 2021 | \$ - | \$ 32,517 | \$ 32,517 | 100% | | |
| Broward | DANIA | 701537 | | 2020 | | 2023 | \$ - | \$ 850,383 | \$ 850,383 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Engineering Available |
| Broward | DANIA | 701531 | 2021 | 2021 | 2024 | 2022 | \$ 19,549 | \$ 19,546 | \$ (2) | 0% | | |
| Broward | DAVIE | 702532 | 2021 | 2021 | 2023 | 2023 | \$ 8,620 | \$ 8,619 | \$ (1) | 0% | | |
| Broward | DAVIE | 702537 | 2021 | 2021 | 2023 | 2021 | \$ 13,983 | \$ 13,982 | \$ (2) | 0% | | |
| Broward | DAVIE | 702533 | 2021 | 2021 | 2023 | 2023 | \$ 16,245 | \$ 16,243 | \$ (2) | 0% | | |
| Broward | DAVIE | 702535 | 2021 | 2021 | 2023 | 2024 | \$ 16,433 | \$ 16,431 | \$ (2) | 0% | | |
| Broward | DAVIE | 702531 | 2021 | 2021 | 2023 | 2023 | \$ 19,181 | \$ 19,179 | \$ (2) | 0% | | |
| Broward | DAVIE | 702536 | 2021 | 2021 | 2024 | 2024 | \$ 20,797 | \$ 20,794 | \$ (3) | 0% | | |
| Broward | DAVIE | 702534 | 2021 | 2021 | 2024 | 2024 | \$ 22,606 | \$ 22,603 | \$ (3) | 0% | | |
| Broward | DEERFIELD BEACH | 703531 | | 2018 | | 2021 | \$ - | \$ 643,993 | \$ 643,993 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Permit(s) Received |

| Region | Substation | Feeder | Projected Start Year ⁽¹⁾ | Actual/Estimated Start Year ⁽¹⁾ | Projected Completion Year ⁽²⁾ | Actual/Estimated Completion Year ⁽²⁾ | Projected 2021 Costs ⁽³⁾ | Actual/Estimated 2021 Costs ⁽³⁾ | Variance Increase / (Decrease) | Percent Variance | Category ⁽⁴⁾ | Explanation ⁽⁴⁾ |
|---------|-----------------|--------|-------------------------------------|--|--|---|-------------------------------------|--|--------------------------------|------------------|-------------------------|----------------------------|
| Broward | DEERFIELD BEACH | 703537 | 2017 | 2017 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 31,523 | \$ 31,519 | \$ (4) | 0% | | |
| Broward | DEERFIELD BEACH | 703539 | 2021 | 2021 | 2023 | 2023 | \$ 9,989 | \$ 9,988 | \$ (1) | 0% | | |
| Broward | DEERFIELD BEACH | 703532 | 2021 | 2021 | 2023 | 2024 | \$ 12,949 | \$ 12,947 | \$ (2) | 0% | | |
| Broward | DEERFIELD BEACH | 703541 | 2018 | 2019 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 13,791 | \$ 13,790 | \$ (2) | 0% | | |
| Broward | DEERFIELD BEACH | 703540 | 2021 | 2021 | 2023 | 2024 | \$ 16,865 | \$ 16,862 | \$ (2) | 0% | | |
| Broward | DEERFIELD BEACH | 703538 | 2021 | 2021 | 2024 | 2025 | \$ 22,311 | \$ 22,308 | \$ (3) | 0% | | |
| Broward | DRIFTWOOD | 702032 | | 2020 | | 2022 | \$ - | \$ 50,477 | \$ 50,477 | 100% | | |
| Broward | DRIFTWOOD | 702036 | 2021 | 2021 | 2023 | 2022 | \$ 16,233 | \$ 16,231 | \$ (2) | 0% | | |
| Broward | DRIFTWOOD | 702038 | 2018 | 2019 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 22,716 | \$ 22,713 | \$ (3) | 0% | | |
| Broward | DRIFTWOOD | 702034 | 2021 | 2021 | 2024 | 2024 | \$ 31,994 | \$ 31,990 | \$ (4) | 0% | | |
| Broward | ELY | 702639 | 2018 | 2019 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 65,016 | \$ 75,203 | \$ 10,187 | 16% | | |
| Broward | ELY | 702634 | 2021 | 2021 | 2024 | 2022 | \$ 20,859 | \$ 20,856 | \$ (3) | 0% | | |
| Broward | ELY | 702637 | 2021 | 2021 | 2024 | 2024 | \$ 26,482 | \$ 26,479 | \$ (3) | 0% | | |
| Broward | ELY | 702633 | 2018 | 2019 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 32,016 | \$ 32,012 | \$ (4) | 0% | | |
| Broward | ELY | 702638 | 2018 | 2019 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 39,896 | \$ 39,891 | \$ (5) | 0% | | |
| Broward | FAIRMONT | 700731 | | 2019 | | 2021 | \$ - | \$ 130,150 | \$ 130,150 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Available Resource(s) |
| Broward | FAIRMONT | 700733 | 2021 | 2021 | 2024 | 2025 | \$ 19,359 | \$ 19,357 | \$ (2) | 0% | | |
| Broward | FAIRMONT | 700738 | 2021 | 2021 | 2024 | 2022 | \$ 20,061 | \$ 20,058 | \$ (3) | 0% | | |
| Broward | FAIRMONT | 700732 | 2021 | 2021 | 2024 | 2024 | \$ 23,360 | \$ 23,357 | \$ (3) | 0% | | |
| Broward | FAIRMONT | 700735 | 2021 | 2021 | 2024 | 2025 | \$ 29,795 | \$ 29,791 | \$ (4) | 0% | | |
| Broward | FASHION | 704485 | | 2019 | | 2021 | \$ - | \$ 1,349 | \$ 1,349 | 100% | | |
| Broward | FLAMINGO | 707266 | 2020 | 2020 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 1,925,555 | \$ - | \$ (1,925,555) | -100% | Project_Delayed | Prioritization Change |
| Broward | FLAMINGO | 707264 | 2016 | 2016 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 37,216 | \$ 37,211 | \$ (5) | 0% | | |
| Broward | GOOLSBY | 707736 | | 2021 | | 2024 | \$ - | \$ 254,199 | \$ 254,199 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Prioritization Change |
| Broward | GOOLSBY | 707732 | 2021 | 2021 | 2024 | 2022 | \$ 18,139 | \$ 18,137 | \$ (2) | 0% | | |
| Broward | GOOLSBY | 707731 | 2021 | 2021 | 2024 | 2024 | \$ 20,288 | \$ 20,286 | \$ (3) | 0% | | |
| Broward | GRIFFIN | 709162 | | 2020 | | 2021 | \$ - | \$ 51,393 | \$ 51,393 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Available Resource(s) |
| Broward | HACIENDA | 708932 | | 2019 | | 2021 | \$ - | \$ 300,845 | \$ 300,845 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Available Resource(s) |
| Broward | HACIENDA | 708933 | 2016 | 2019 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 17,585 | \$ 17,583 | \$ (2) | 0% | | |
| Broward | HALLANDALE | 700932 | | 2021 | | 2024 | \$ - | \$ 318,092 | \$ 318,092 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Prioritization Change |
| Broward | HALLANDALE | 700938 | 2021 | 2021 | 2023 | 2024 | \$ 16,157 | \$ 16,155 | \$ (2) | 0% | | |
| Broward | HALLANDALE | 700936 | 2019 | 2020 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 360,115 | \$ 360,089 | \$ (26) | 0% | | |
| Broward | HALLANDALE | 700931 | 2017 | 2016 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 1,580,463 | \$ 1,580,261 | \$ (202) | 0% | | |
| Broward | HAWKINS | 702934 | | 2021 | | 2022 | \$ - | \$ 1,184,539 | \$ 1,184,539 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Prioritization Change |
| Broward | HAWKINS | 702938 | | 2021 | | 2022 | \$ - | \$ 1,205,133 | \$ 1,205,133 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Permit(s) Received |
| Broward | HAWKINS | 702939 | 2018 | 2019 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 5,911 | \$ 5,910 | \$ (1) | 0% | | |
| Broward | HAWKINS | 702931 | 2021 | 2021 | 2023 | 2022 | \$ 11,583 | \$ 11,582 | \$ (1) | 0% | | |
| Broward | HAWKINS | 702933 | 2021 | 2021 | 2024 | 2024 | \$ 27,324 | \$ 27,321 | \$ (3) | 0% | | |
| Broward | HAWKINS | 702935 | 2018 | 2020 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 223,744 | \$ 223,716 | \$ (28) | 0% | | |
| Broward | HIGHLANDS | 703834 | 2019 | 2019 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 818,361 | \$ 818,256 | \$ (105) | 0% | | |
| Broward | HOLLYBROOK | 706165 | | 2020 | | 2021 | \$ - | \$ 30,870 | \$ 30,870 | 100% | | |
| Broward | HOLLYBROOK | 706167 | | 2016 | | 2021 | \$ - | \$ 3,579 | \$ 3,579 | 100% | | |
| Broward | HOLLYBROOK | 706163 | | 2016 | | 2021 | \$ - | \$ 2,197 | \$ 2,197 | 100% | | |
| Broward | HOLLYBROOK | 706168 | 2018 | 2019 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 67,665 | \$ 67,656 | \$ (9) | 0% | | |
| Broward | HOLLYWOOD | 700233 | 2020 | 2020 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 1,143,298 | \$ 1,143,152 | \$ (146) | 0% | | |
| Broward | HOLLYWOOD | 700235 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | 2021 | \$ 1,299,750 | \$ 1,299,584 | \$ (166) | 0% | | |
| Broward | HOLLYWOOD | 700232 | 2020 | 2020 | 2022 | 2021 | \$ 1,492,305 | \$ 1,492,114 | \$ (191) | 0% | | |
| Broward | HOLMBERG | 706461 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 22,657 | \$ 22,654 | \$ (3) | 0% | | |
| Broward | HOLMBERG | 706463 | 2019 | 2019 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 23,642 | \$ 23,639 | \$ (3) | 0% | | |
| Broward | HOLMBERG | 706465 | 2019 | 2020 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 650,589 | \$ 650,506 | \$ (83) | 0% | | |
| Broward | HOLY CROSS | 701932 | 2020 | 2020 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 1,749,139 | \$ 1,142,451 | \$ (606,688) | -35% | Project_Delayed | Prioritization Change |

| Region | Substation | Feeder | Projected Start Year ⁽¹⁾ | Actual/Estimated Start Year ⁽¹⁾ | Projected Completion Year ⁽²⁾ | Actual/Estimated Completion Year ⁽²⁾ | Projected 2021 Costs ⁽³⁾ | Actual/Estimated 2021 Costs ⁽³⁾ | Variance Increase / (Decrease) | Percent Variance | Category ⁽⁴⁾ | Explanation ⁽⁴⁾ |
|---------|--------------|--------|-------------------------------------|--|--|---|-------------------------------------|--|--------------------------------|------------------|-------------------------|----------------------------|
| Broward | HOLY CROSS | 701937 | | 2013 | | 2021 | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | 100% | | |
| Broward | HOLY CROSS | 701938 | | 2020 | | 2021 | \$ - | \$ 541,532 | \$ 541,532 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Prioritization Change |
| Broward | HOLY CROSS | 701939 | 2020 | 2020 | 2023 | 2022 | \$ 3,046,417 | \$ 510,421 | \$ (2,535,996) | -83% | Project_Delayed | Prioritization Change |
| Broward | HOLY CROSS | 701940 | 2019 | 2020 | 2022 | 2021 | \$ 1,100,500 | \$ 1,100,359 | \$ (141) | 0% | | |
| Broward | HUNTINGTON | 708161 | | 2021 | | 2024 | \$ - | \$ 222,575 | \$ 222,575 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Prioritization Change |
| Broward | IMAGINATION | 704264 | | 2017 | | 2021 | \$ - | \$ 44,075 | \$ 44,075 | 100% | | |
| Broward | JACARANDA | 705163 | | 2021 | | 2022 | \$ - | \$ 1,221,754 | \$ 1,221,754 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Permit(s) Received |
| Broward | LAKEVIEW | 704934 | 2021 | 2021 | 2023 | 2021 | \$ 8,453 | \$ 8,452 | \$ (1) | 0% | | |
| Broward | LAKEVIEW | 704937 | 2021 | 2021 | 2024 | 2025 | \$ 20,894 | \$ 20,891 | \$ (3) | 0% | | |
| Broward | LAKEVIEW | 704931 | 2021 | 2021 | 2024 | 2024 | \$ 22,109 | \$ 22,106 | \$ (3) | 0% | | |
| Broward | LAKEVIEW | 704940 | 2021 | 2021 | 2024 | 2024 | \$ 29,524 | \$ 29,520 | \$ (4) | 0% | | |
| Broward | LAKEVIEW | 704938 | 2017 | 2018 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 37,926 | \$ 37,921 | \$ (5) | 0% | | |
| Broward | LAKEVIEW | 704939 | 2018 | 2019 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 63,539 | \$ 63,531 | \$ (8) | 0% | | |
| Broward | LYONS | 701131 | 2021 | 2021 | 2023 | 2024 | \$ 13,163 | \$ 13,162 | \$ (2) | 0% | | |
| Broward | LYONS | 701161 | 2019 | 2019 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 106,883 | \$ 106,869 | \$ (14) | 0% | | |
| Broward | MALLARD | 704571 | | 2021 | | 2024 | \$ - | \$ 349,931 | \$ 349,931 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Prioritization Change |
| Broward | MALLARD | 704561 | | 2020 | | 2021 | \$ - | \$ 78,094 | \$ 78,094 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Available Resource(s) |
| Broward | MALLARD | 704569 | 2019 | 2019 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 3,708,887 | \$ 615,086 | \$ (3,093,801) | -83% | Project_Delayed | Available Resource(s) |
| Broward | MALLARD | 704565 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 1,469,862 | \$ 1,469,674 | \$ (188) | 0% | | |
| Broward | MARGATE | 702240 | | 2021 | | 2024 | \$ - | \$ 233,188 | \$ 233,188 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Prioritization Change |
| Broward | MARGATE | 702231 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 2,912,378 | \$ 949,918 | \$ (1,962,460) | -67% | Project_Delayed | Resource(s) Delayed |
| Broward | MARGATE | 702233 | | 2020 | | 2022 | \$ - | \$ 80,630 | \$ 80,630 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Available Resource(s) |
| Broward | MARGATE | 702237 | 2019 | 2019 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 58,666 | \$ 58,659 | \$ (7) | 0% | | |
| Broward | MARGATE | 702232 | 2019 | 2019 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 1,394,660 | \$ 1,394,482 | \$ (178) | 0% | | |
| Broward | MARGATE | 702261 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,565,574 | \$ 1,565,374 | \$ (200) | 0% | | |
| Broward | MCARTHUR | 702731 | | 2021 | | 2024 | \$ - | \$ 456,061 | \$ 456,061 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Prioritization Change |
| Broward | MCARTHUR | 702733 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 2,456,083 | \$ 966,018 | \$ (1,490,065) | -61% | Project_Delayed | Resource(s) Delayed |
| Broward | MCARTHUR | 702737 | | 2019 | | 2021 | \$ - | \$ 136,286 | \$ 136,286 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Available Resource(s) |
| Broward | MCARTHUR | 702739 | | 2019 | | 2021 | \$ - | \$ 28,328 | \$ 28,328 | 100% | | |
| Broward | MCARTHUR | 702741 | 2020 | 2020 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 1,027,619 | \$ 1,027,488 | \$ (131) | 0% | | |
| Broward | MCARTHUR | 702740 | 2020 | 2020 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 1,304,566 | \$ 1,304,400 | \$ (167) | 0% | | |
| Broward | MCARTHUR | 702738 | 2020 | 2020 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 1,384,735 | \$ 1,384,558 | \$ (177) | 0% | | |
| Broward | MOFFETT | 704133 | | 2021 | | 2024 | \$ - | \$ 498,513 | \$ 498,513 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Prioritization Change |
| Broward | MOFFETT | 704134 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 2,444,643 | \$ 1,382,032 | \$ (1,062,611) | -43% | Project_Delayed | Resource(s) Delayed |
| Broward | MOFFETT | 704132 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,492,305 | \$ 1,492,114 | \$ (191) | 0% | | |
| Broward | MOTOROLA | 704032 | | 2019 | | 2022 | \$ - | \$ 625,213 | \$ 625,213 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Permit(s) Received |
| Broward | MOTOROLA | 704063 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 2,149,984 | \$ 1,687,292 | \$ (462,692) | -22% | Project_Delayed | Resource(s) Delayed |
| Broward | MOTOROLA | 704067 | 2019 | 2019 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 2,405,066 | \$ 1,338,267 | \$ (1,066,799) | -44% | Project_Delayed | Customer Negotiation(s) |
| Broward | MOTOROLA | 704033 | 2021 | 2021 | 2023 | 2024 | \$ 12,247 | \$ 12,245 | \$ (2) | 0% | | |
| Broward | MOTOROLA | 704062 | 2021 | 2021 | 2024 | 2024 | \$ 34,243 | \$ 34,238 | \$ (5) | 0% | | |
| Broward | MOTOROLA | 704070 | 2018 | 2019 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 58,617 | \$ 58,610 | \$ (7) | 0% | | |
| Broward | NOBHILL | 706664 | | 2020 | | 2021 | \$ - | \$ 63,326 | \$ 63,326 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Available Resource(s) |
| Broward | NOBHILL | 706662 | 2018 | 2019 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 13,189 | \$ 13,187 | \$ (2) | 0% | | |
| Broward | OAKLAND PARK | 700431 | | 2021 | | 2023 | \$ - | \$ 247,154 | \$ 247,154 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Prioritization Change |
| Broward | OAKLAND PARK | 700435 | | 2021 | | 2024 | \$ - | \$ 190,736 | \$ 190,736 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Prioritization Change |
| Broward | OAKLAND PARK | 700436 | | 2021 | | 2024 | \$ - | \$ 63,381 | \$ 63,381 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Prioritization Change |
| Broward | OAKLAND PARK | 700434 | 2019 | 2019 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 1,927,531 | \$ 1,172,963 | \$ (754,568) | -39% | Project_Delayed | Resource(s) Delayed |
| Broward | OAKLAND PARK | 700461 | 2019 | 2019 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 63,991 | \$ 63,982 | \$ (9) | 0% | | |
| Broward | OAKLAND PARK | 700438 | 2018 | 2019 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 85,972 | \$ 85,961 | \$ (11) | 0% | | |
| Broward | OAKLAND PARK | 700441 | 2019 | 2019 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 1,457,616 | \$ 1,457,430 | \$ (186) | 0% | | |
| Broward | ORCHID | 709362 | | 2021 | | 2022 | \$ - | \$ 1,158,130 | \$ 1,158,130 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Engineering Available |

| Region | Substation | Feeder | Projected Start Year ⁽¹⁾ | Actual/Estimated Start Year ⁽¹⁾ | Projected Completion Year ⁽²⁾ | Actual/Estimated Completion Year ⁽²⁾ | Projected 2021 Costs ⁽³⁾ | Actual/Estimated 2021 Costs ⁽³⁾ | Variance Increase / (Decrease) | Percent Variance | Category ⁽⁴⁾ | Explanation ⁽⁴⁾ |
|---------|-------------|--------|-------------------------------------|--|--|---|-------------------------------------|--|--------------------------------|------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Broward | PALM AIRE | 703640 | 2019 | 2020 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 1,207,801 | \$ 1,207,646 | \$ (154) | 0% | | |
| Broward | PALM AIRE | 703636 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,633,940 | \$ 1,633,731 | \$ (209) | 0% | | |
| Broward | PEMBROKE | 702434 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 3,592,364 | \$ 1,245,734 | \$ (2,346,629) | -65% | Project_Delayed | Prioritization Change |
| Broward | PEMBROKE | 702437 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 2,467,117 | \$ 1,007,095 | \$ (1,460,022) | -59% | Project_Delayed | Engineering Delayed |
| Broward | PERRY | 702831 | 2020 | 2020 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 1,726,982 | \$ 719,119 | \$ (1,007,863) | -58% | Project_Delayed | Engineering Delayed |
| Broward | PERRY | 702836 | | 2020 | | 2022 | \$ - | \$ 237,017 | \$ 237,017 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Available Resource(s) |
| Broward | PERRY | 702837 | 2020 | 2020 | 2023 | 2024 | \$ 3,219,287 | \$ - | \$ (3,219,287) | -100% | Project_Delayed | Prioritization Change |
| Broward | PERRY | 702834 | 2020 | 2020 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 1,588,583 | \$ 1,588,380 | \$ (203) | 0% | | |
| Broward | PINEHURST | 700331 | | 2018 | | 2021 | \$ - | \$ 817,568 | \$ 817,568 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Available Resource(s) |
| Broward | PINEHURST | 700332 | | 2019 | | 2021 | \$ - | \$ 95,245 | \$ 95,245 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Available Resource(s) |
| Broward | PINEHURST | 700335 | | 2021 | | 2023 | \$ - | \$ 2,042,850 | \$ 2,042,850 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Engineering Available |
| Broward | PINEHURST | 700338 | | 2019 | | 2021 | \$ - | \$ 80,465 | \$ 80,465 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Available Resource(s) |
| Broward | PINEHURST | 700336 | | 2015 | | 2021 | \$ - | \$ 29,423 | \$ 29,423 | 100% | | |
| Broward | PINEHURST | 700333 | 2021 | 2021 | 2024 | 2024 | \$ 32,438 | \$ 32,434 | \$ (4) | 0% | | |
| Broward | PLANTATION | 701639 | | 2021 | | 2024 | \$ - | \$ 710,772 | \$ 710,772 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Prioritization Change |
| Broward | PLANTATION | 701634 | | 2021 | | 2024 | \$ - | \$ 339,318 | \$ 339,318 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Prioritization Change |
| Broward | PLANTATION | 701637 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 2,092,050 | \$ 679,736 | \$ (1,412,314) | -68% | Project_Delayed | Engineering Delayed |
| Broward | PLANTATION | 701633 | | 2020 | | 2021 | \$ - | \$ 19,450 | \$ 19,450 | 100% | | |
| Broward | PLANTATION | 701635 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 1,581,201 | \$ 1,580,999 | \$ (202) | 0% | | |
| Broward | PLAYLAND | 701233 | | 2019 | | 2021 | \$ - | \$ 48,573 | \$ 48,573 | 100% | | |
| Broward | POMPANO | 700539 | 2021 | 2021 | 2023 | 2023 | \$ 13,491 | \$ 13,489 | \$ (2) | 0% | | |
| Broward | POMPANO | 700533 | 2021 | 2021 | 2023 | 2022 | \$ 15,360 | \$ 15,358 | \$ (2) | 0% | | |
| Broward | POMPANO | 700531 | 2021 | 2021 | 2023 | 2024 | \$ 18,133 | \$ 18,131 | \$ (2) | 0% | | |
| Broward | POMPANO | 700536 | 2021 | 2021 | 2024 | 2024 | \$ 19,330 | \$ 19,328 | \$ (2) | 0% | | |
| Broward | POMPANO | 700532 | 2021 | 2021 | 2024 | 2024 | \$ 23,964 | \$ 23,961 | \$ (3) | 0% | | |
| Broward | POMPANO | 700534 | 2018 | 2019 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 67,479 | \$ 67,470 | \$ (9) | 0% | | |
| Broward | PROGRESSO | 709262 | | 2018 | | 2021 | \$ - | \$ 541,732 | \$ 541,732 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Early Execution of Other Project(s) |
| Broward | PROGRESSO | 709261 | | 2019 | | 2021 | \$ - | \$ 18,842 | \$ 18,842 | 100% | | |
| Broward | PROGRESSO | 709263 | 2021 | 2021 | 2023 | 2021 | \$ 9,640 | \$ 9,639 | \$ (1) | 0% | | |
| Broward | RAVENSWOOD | 703134 | 2021 | 2021 | 2023 | 2021 | \$ 11,195 | \$ 11,193 | \$ (2) | 0% | | |
| Broward | RAVENSWOOD | 703137 | 2021 | 2021 | 2023 | 2024 | \$ 11,337 | \$ 11,336 | \$ (1) | 0% | | |
| Broward | RAVENSWOOD | 703136 | 2021 | 2021 | 2023 | 2024 | \$ 13,156 | \$ 13,154 | \$ (2) | 0% | | |
| Broward | REMSBURG | 705865 | 2020 | 2020 | 2023 | 2022 | \$ 2,433,818 | \$ 874,865 | \$ (1,558,953) | -64% | Project_Delayed | Engineering Delayed |
| Broward | REMSBURG | 705867 | 2020 | 2020 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 1,955,258 | \$ 1,015,964 | \$ (939,294) | -48% | Project_Delayed | Engineering Delayed |
| Broward | REMSBURG | 705868 | 2020 | 2020 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 2,030,461 | \$ 826,957 | \$ (1,203,504) | -59% | Project_Delayed | Available Resource(s) |
| Broward | REMSBURG | 705862 | 2019 | 2019 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 48,014 | \$ 48,008 | \$ (6) | 0% | | |
| Broward | RESERVATION | 703435 | | 2021 | | 2022 | \$ - | \$ 946,406 | \$ 946,406 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Engineering Available |
| Broward | RESERVATION | 703434 | 2021 | 2021 | 2023 | 2024 | \$ 16,583 | \$ 16,581 | \$ (2) | 0% | | |
| Broward | RESERVATION | 703433 | 2021 | 2021 | 2024 | 2024 | \$ 23,652 | \$ 23,649 | \$ (3) | 0% | | |
| Broward | RESERVATION | 703432 | 2021 | 2021 | 2024 | 2024 | \$ 28,329 | \$ 28,326 | \$ (3) | 0% | | |
| Broward | ROCK ISLAND | 701836 | 2020 | 2020 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 2,663,178 | \$ 768,785 | \$ (1,894,392) | -71% | Project_Delayed | Resource(s) Delayed |
| Broward | ROCK ISLAND | 701838 | 2020 | 2020 | 2022 | 2021 | \$ 1,780,499 | \$ 2,356,646 | \$ 576,147 | 32% | Project_Acceleration | Engineering Available |
| Broward | ROCK ISLAND | 701839 | 2020 | 2020 | 2023 | 2023 | \$ 3,695,056 | \$ 12,997 | \$ (3,682,060) | -100% | Project_Delayed | Prioritization Change |
| Broward | ROCK ISLAND | 701834 | 2019 | 2020 | 2022 | 2021 | \$ 220,248 | \$ 220,220 | \$ (28) | 0% | | |
| Broward | ROCK ISLAND | 701831 | 2020 | 2020 | 2023 | 2022 | \$ 1,325,776 | \$ 1,325,607 | \$ (169) | 0% | | |
| Broward | ROCK ISLAND | 701832 | 2019 | 2019 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 1,597,320 | \$ 1,597,116 | \$ (204) | 0% | | |
| Broward | ROHAN | 703035 | | 2020 | | 2021 | \$ - | \$ 13,660 | \$ 13,660 | 100% | | |
| Broward | ROHAN | 703034 | 2021 | 2021 | 2024 | 2024 | \$ 21,861 | \$ 21,858 | \$ (3) | 0% | | |
| Broward | ROHAN | 703031 | 2021 | 2021 | 2024 | 2024 | \$ 23,298 | \$ 23,295 | \$ (3) | 0% | | |
| Broward | ROHAN | 703036 | 2021 | 2021 | 2024 | 2025 | \$ 32,257 | \$ 32,252 | \$ (5) | 0% | | |
| Broward | SAMPLE ROAD | 701038 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 2,187,702 | \$ 757,828 | \$ (1,429,874) | -65% | Project_Delayed | Resource(s) Delayed |

| Region | Substation | Feeder | Projected Start Year ⁽¹⁾ | Actual/Estimated Start Year ⁽¹⁾ | Projected Completion Year ⁽²⁾ | Actual/Estimated Completion Year ⁽²⁾ | Projected 2021 Costs ⁽³⁾ | Actual/Estimated 2021 Costs ⁽³⁾ | Variance Increase / (Decrease) | Percent Variance | Category ⁽⁴⁾ | Explanation ⁽⁴⁾ |
|---------|-------------|--------|-------------------------------------|--|--|---|-------------------------------------|--|--------------------------------|------------------|-------------------------|----------------------------|
| Broward | SAMPLE ROAD | 701040 | 2021 | 2021 | 2023 | 2021 | \$ 8,704 | \$ 8,703 | \$ (1) | 0% | | |
| Broward | SAMPLE ROAD | 701042 | 2021 | 2021 | 2024 | 2021 | \$ 13,546 | \$ 13,544 | \$ (2) | 0% | | |
| Broward | SAMPLE ROAD | 701041 | 2019 | 2020 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 32,016 | \$ 32,012 | \$ (4) | 0% | | |
| Broward | SAMPLE ROAD | 701039 | 2015 | 2015 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 32,016 | \$ 32,012 | \$ (4) | 0% | | |
| Broward | SAWGRASS | 707463 | 2020 | 2020 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ - | \$ 23,137 | \$ 23,137 | 100% | | |
| Broward | SAWGRASS | 707464 | 2018 | 2020 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 111,861 | \$ 111,847 | \$ (14) | 0% | | |
| Broward | SHERIDAN | 707033 | 2020 | 2020 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 2,106,076 | \$ 938,062 | \$ (1,168,014) | -55% | Project_Delayed | Resource(s) Delayed |
| Broward | SHERIDAN | 707034 | 2019 | 2020 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 604,153 | \$ 604,075 | \$ (77) | 0% | | |
| Broward | SHERIDAN | 707031 | 2020 | 2020 | 2022 | 2021 | \$ 1,383,993 | \$ 1,383,816 | \$ (177) | 0% | | |
| Broward | SILVERLAKES | 708561 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 2,124,128 | \$ 881,848 | \$ (1,242,280) | -58% | Project_Delayed | Resource(s) Delayed |
| Broward | SISTRUNK | 700132 | 2019 | 2019 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 4,081,325 | \$ 1,910,114 | \$ (2,171,211) | -53% | Project_Delayed | Prioritization Change |
| Broward | SISTRUNK | 700131 | | 2021 | | 2024 | \$ - | \$ 307,479 | \$ 307,479 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Prioritization Change |
| Broward | SISTRUNK | 700143 | | 2021 | | 2024 | \$ - | \$ 254,414 | \$ 254,414 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Prioritization Change |
| Broward | SISTRUNK | 700137 | 2019 | 2019 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 2,856,927 | \$ 889,438 | \$ (1,967,489) | -69% | Project_Delayed | Resource(s) Delayed |
| Broward | SISTRUNK | 700141 | | 2021 | | 2022 | \$ - | \$ 893,865 | \$ 893,865 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Permit(s) Received |
| Broward | SISTRUNK | 700138 | | 2019 | | 2021 | \$ - | \$ 19,844 | \$ 19,844 | 100% | | |
| Broward | SISTRUNK | 700134 | | 2019 | | 2021 | \$ - | \$ 15,664 | \$ 15,664 | 100% | | |
| Broward | SISTRUNK | 700144 | 2015 | 2016 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 14,166 | \$ 14,164 | \$ (2) | 0% | | |
| Broward | SOUTHSIDE | 705538 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 2,164,560 | \$ 1,435,482 | \$ (729,078) | -34% | Project_Delayed | Resource(s) Delayed |
| Broward | SOUTHSIDE | 705564 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 2,179,136 | \$ 881,762 | \$ (1,297,373) | -60% | Project_Delayed | Resource(s) Delayed |
| Broward | SOUTHSIDE | 705531 | 2020 | 2020 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 1,268,126 | \$ 1,267,964 | \$ (162) | 0% | | |
| Broward | SOUTHSIDE | 705532 | 2020 | 2020 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 1,457,616 | \$ 1,457,430 | \$ (186) | 0% | | |
| Broward | SPRINGTREE | 704661 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 2,244,729 | \$ 663,481 | \$ (1,581,248) | -70% | Project_Delayed | Resource(s) Delayed |
| Broward | SPRINGTREE | 704667 | | 2019 | | 2021 | \$ - | \$ 18,827 | \$ 18,827 | 100% | | |
| Broward | STIRLING | 701732 | | 2019 | | 2022 | \$ - | \$ 152,209 | \$ 152,209 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Available Resource(s) |
| Broward | STIRLING | 701734 | | 2021 | | 2024 | \$ - | \$ 604,642 | \$ 604,642 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Prioritization Change |
| Broward | STIRLING | 701736 | | 2021 | | 2023 | \$ - | \$ 710,133 | \$ 710,133 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Permit(s) Received |
| Broward | STIRLING | 701739 | | 2019 | | 2021 | \$ - | \$ 29,544 | \$ 29,544 | 100% | | |
| Broward | STONEBRIDGE | 704763 | | 2015 | | 2021 | \$ - | \$ 111,350 | \$ 111,350 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Available Resource(s) |
| Broward | STONEBRIDGE | 704766 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 3,375,739 | \$ 1,573,574 | \$ (1,802,165) | -53% | Project_Delayed | Resource(s) Delayed |
| Broward | STONEBRIDGE | 704764 | | 2020 | | 2021 | \$ - | \$ 13,524 | \$ 13,524 | 100% | | |
| Broward | STONEBRIDGE | 704767 | | 2019 | | 2021 | \$ - | \$ 4,899 | \$ 4,899 | 100% | | |
| Broward | STONEBRIDGE | 704761 | 2020 | 2020 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 4,833 | \$ 4,833 | \$ (1) | 0% | | |
| Broward | STONEBRIDGE | 704765 | 2019 | 2019 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 36,732 | \$ 36,728 | \$ (5) | 0% | | |
| Broward | TIMBERLAKE | 705231 | | 2019 | | 2021 | \$ - | \$ 219,519 | \$ 219,519 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Available Resource(s) |
| Broward | TIMBERLAKE | 705234 | | 2020 | | 2022 | \$ - | \$ 1,652,558 | \$ 1,652,558 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Engineering Available |
| Broward | TIMBERLAKE | 705233 | 2021 | 2021 | 2024 | 2024 | \$ 23,613 | \$ 23,610 | \$ (3) | 0% | | |
| Broward | TIMBERLAKE | 705237 | 2016 | 2016 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 31,899 | \$ 31,895 | \$ (4) | 0% | | |
| Broward | TIMBERLAKE | 705236 | 2021 | 2021 | 2024 | 2024 | \$ 33,636 | \$ 33,631 | \$ (4) | 0% | | |
| Broward | TIMBERLAKE | 705235 | 2018 | 2018 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 318,026 | \$ 317,985 | \$ (41) | 0% | | |
| Broward | TRAIN | 706532 | | 2021 | | 2024 | \$ - | \$ 237,523 | \$ 237,523 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Prioritization Change |
| Broward | TRAIN | 706531 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 2,174,028 | \$ 843,087 | \$ (1,330,941) | -61% | Project_Delayed | Resource(s) Delayed |
| Broward | TRAIN | 706535 | 2019 | 2020 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 820,388 | \$ 820,283 | \$ (105) | 0% | | |
| Broward | TWINLAKES | 707932 | 2021 | 2021 | 2024 | 2024 | \$ 19,943 | \$ 19,940 | \$ (3) | 0% | | |
| Broward | TWINLAKES | 707931 | 2021 | 2021 | 2024 | 2024 | \$ 29,526 | \$ 29,522 | \$ (4) | 0% | | |
| Broward | VALENCIA | 706261 | 2019 | 2019 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 3,273,444 | \$ 1,620,362 | \$ (1,653,081) | -50% | Project_Delayed | Prioritization Change |
| Broward | VALENCIA | 706262 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 3,724,746 | \$ 877,023 | \$ (2,847,723) | -76% | Project_Delayed | Prioritization Change |
| Broward | VALENCIA | 706263 | 2020 | 2020 | 2023 | 2023 | \$ 2,226,423 | \$ 622,138 | \$ (1,604,285) | -72% | Project_Delayed | Resource(s) Delayed |
| Broward | VALENCIA | 706266 | | 2019 | | 2022 | \$ - | \$ 212,836 | \$ 212,836 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Available Resource(s) |
| Broward | VERENA | 700632 | | 2020 | | 2021 | \$ - | \$ 534,714 | \$ 534,714 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Available Resource(s) |
| Broward | VERENA | 700633 | | 2021 | | 2023 | \$ - | \$ 66,255 | \$ 66,255 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Engineering Available |

| Region | Substation | Feeder | Projected Start Year ⁽¹⁾ | Actual/Estimated Start Year ⁽¹⁾ | Projected Completion Year ⁽²⁾ | Actual/Estimated Completion Year ⁽²⁾ | Projected 2021 Costs ⁽³⁾ | Actual/Estimated 2021 Costs ⁽³⁾ | Variance Increase / (Decrease) | Percent Variance | Category ⁽⁴⁾ | Explanation ⁽⁴⁾ |
|---------|---------------|--------|-------------------------------------|--|--|---|-------------------------------------|--|--------------------------------|------------------|-------------------------|----------------------------|
| Broward | VERENA | 700635 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 2,550,828 | \$ 962,323 | \$ (1,588,505) | -62% | Project_Delayed | Resource(s) Delayed |
| Broward | VERENA | 700636 | | 2020 | | 2021 | \$ - | \$ 649,505 | \$ 649,505 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Permit(s) Received |
| Broward | VERENA | 700642 | 2015 | 2016 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 22,470 | \$ 22,467 | \$ (3) | 0% | | |
| Broward | VERENA | 700640 | 2019 | 2019 | 2022 | 2021 | \$ 890,005 | \$ 889,892 | \$ (114) | 0% | | |
| Broward | VERENA | 700641 | 2019 | 2019 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,545,073 | \$ 1,544,876 | \$ (197) | 0% | | |
| Broward | WESTINGHOUSE | 703931 | 2020 | 2021 | 2023 | 2023 | \$ 2,440,655 | \$ 1,381,723 | \$ (1,058,932) | -43% | Project_Delayed | Resource(s) Delayed |
| Broward | WESTINGHOUSE | 703935 | 2020 | 2020 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 2,187,702 | \$ 656,762 | \$ (1,530,939) | -70% | Project_Delayed | Resource(s) Delayed |
| Broward | WESTINGHOUSE | 703937 | 2020 | 2021 | 2023 | 2022 | \$ 2,919,214 | \$ 1,320,414 | \$ (1,598,801) | -55% | Project_Delayed | Resource(s) Delayed |
| Broward | WINDMILL | 708061 | | 2021 | | 2024 | \$ - | \$ 551,578 | \$ 551,578 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Prioritization Change |
| Broward | WOODLANDS | 703237 | | 2019 | | 2022 | \$ - | \$ 968,288 | \$ 968,288 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Available Resource(s) |
| Dade | 62ND AVE | 801738 | 2021 | 2021 | 2023 | 2023 | \$ 16,190 | \$ 16,188 | \$ (2) | 0% | | |
| Dade | 62ND AVE | 801736 | 2021 | 2021 | 2023 | 2021 | \$ 21,603 | \$ 21,600 | \$ (3) | 0% | | |
| Dade | 62ND AVE | 801735 | 2021 | 2021 | 2024 | 2024 | \$ 23,948 | \$ 23,945 | \$ (3) | 0% | | |
| Dade | 62ND AVE | 801733 | 2021 | 2021 | 2024 | 2024 | \$ 29,758 | \$ 29,754 | \$ (4) | 0% | | |
| Dade | AIRPORT | 802631 | 2017 | 2018 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 1,746,580 | \$ 249,513 | \$ (1,497,067) | -86% | Project_Acceleration | Available Resource(s) |
| Dade | AIRPORT | 802636 | | 2020 | | 2023 | \$ - | \$ 1,283,888 | \$ 1,283,888 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Permit(s) Received |
| Dade | ANHINGA | 811363 | | 2021 | | 2023 | \$ - | \$ 1,088,098 | \$ 1,088,098 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Permit(s) Received |
| Dade | ANHINGA | 811364 | 2021 | 2021 | 2024 | 2022 | \$ 35,545 | \$ 35,541 | \$ (4) | 0% | | |
| Dade | ANHINGA | 811361 | 2014 | 2015 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 92,044 | \$ 92,033 | \$ (11) | 0% | | |
| Dade | ARCH CREEK | 802833 | | 2020 | | 2022 | \$ - | \$ 1,603,713 | \$ 1,603,713 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Permit(s) Received |
| Dade | ARCH CREEK | 802834 | | 2020 | | 2022 | \$ - | \$ 1,363,834 | \$ 1,363,834 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Permit(s) Received |
| Dade | ARCH CREEK | 802836 | | 2021 | | 2022 | \$ - | \$ 1,416,722 | \$ 1,416,722 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Permit(s) Received |
| Dade | ARCH CREEK | 802835 | 2015 | 2017 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 286,706 | \$ 286,669 | \$ (37) | 0% | | |
| Dade | AVOCADO | 810062 | 2014 | 2014 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 41,838 | \$ 41,833 | \$ (5) | 0% | | |
| Dade | AVOCADO | 810061 | 2016 | 2018 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 76,878 | \$ 76,868 | \$ (10) | 0% | | |
| Dade | BEACON | 812161 | 2018 | 2019 | 2022 | 2021 | \$ 665,196 | \$ 665,111 | \$ (85) | 0% | | |
| Dade | BELL | 810833 | 2020 | 2020 | 2022 | 2021 | \$ 651,708 | \$ 651,625 | \$ (83) | 0% | | |
| Dade | BIRD | 806934 | | 2019 | | 2023 | \$ - | \$ 731,802 | \$ 731,802 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Permit(s) Received |
| Dade | BIRD | 806936 | | 2020 | | 2022 | \$ - | \$ 901,418 | \$ 901,418 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Permit(s) Received |
| Dade | BIRD | 806937 | | 2015 | | 2021 | \$ - | \$ 87,101 | \$ 87,101 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Permit(s) Received |
| Dade | BISCAYNE | 801831 | 2020 | 2020 | 2022 | 2024 | \$ 2,113,736 | \$ - | \$ (2,113,736) | -100% | Project_Delayed | Prioritization Change |
| Dade | BISCAYNE | 801833 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 1,767,083 | \$ 765,638 | \$ (1,001,446) | -57% | Project_Delayed | Resource(s) Delayed |
| Dade | BISCAYNE | 801839 | | 2021 | | 2023 | \$ - | \$ 892,286 | \$ 892,286 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Available Resource(s) |
| Dade | BISCAYNE | 801834 | | 2019 | | 2021 | \$ - | \$ 25,480 | \$ 25,480 | 100% | | |
| Dade | BISCAYNE | 801835 | 2019 | 2019 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 14,785 | \$ 14,783 | \$ (2) | 0% | | |
| Dade | BISCAYNE | 801838 | 2014 | 2019 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 354,652 | \$ 354,607 | \$ (45) | 0% | | |
| Dade | BLUE LAGOON | 810432 | 2018 | 2020 | 2021 | 2024 | \$ 1,719,785 | \$ - | \$ (1,719,785) | -100% | Project_Delayed | Permit(s) Delayed |
| Dade | BLUE LAGOON | 810434 | 2015 | 2015 | 2021 | 2024 | \$ 2,293,047 | \$ - | \$ (2,293,047) | -100% | Project_Delayed | Permit(s) Delayed |
| Dade | BOULEVARD | 808731 | | 2016 | | 2021 | \$ - | \$ 270,447 | \$ 270,447 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Available Resource(s) |
| Dade | BOULEVARD | 808732 | 2021 | 2021 | 2023 | 2022 | \$ 11,817 | \$ 11,815 | \$ (2) | 0% | | |
| Dade | BOULEVARD | 808734 | 2021 | 2021 | 2024 | 2024 | \$ 23,596 | \$ 23,593 | \$ (3) | 0% | | |
| Dade | BRANDON | 808632 | 2016 | 2017 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 371,307 | \$ 371,260 | \$ (47) | 0% | | |
| Dade | BRANDON | 808631 | 2019 | 2019 | 2022 | 2021 | \$ 1,403,239 | \$ 1,403,059 | \$ (179) | 0% | | |
| Dade | BUENA VISTA | 800331 | | 2015 | | 2021 | \$ - | \$ 8,307 | \$ 8,307 | 100% | | |
| Dade | BUENA VISTA | 800333 | 2014 | 2015 | 2023 | 2023 | \$ 896,984 | \$ 896,870 | \$ (115) | 0% | | |
| Dade | COCONUT GROVE | 800448 | | 2021 | | 2023 | \$ - | \$ 1,399,416 | \$ 1,399,416 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Engineering Available |
| Dade | COCONUT GROVE | 800434 | 2016 | 2017 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 61,572 | \$ 61,564 | \$ (8) | 0% | | |
| Dade | COCONUT GROVE | 800445 | 2019 | 2019 | 2023 | 2024 | \$ 1,059,797 | \$ 1,059,662 | \$ (135) | 0% | | |
| Dade | CORAL REEF | 805833 | 2021 | 2021 | 2023 | 2023 | \$ 16,999 | \$ 16,996 | \$ (3) | 0% | | |
| Dade | CORAL REEF | 805834 | 2021 | 2021 | 2023 | 2023 | \$ 18,859 | \$ 18,857 | \$ (2) | 0% | | |
| Dade | CORAL REEF | 805835 | 2021 | 2021 | 2024 | 2024 | \$ 23,069 | \$ 23,066 | \$ (3) | 0% | | |

| Region | Substation | Feeder | Projected Start Year ⁽¹⁾ | Actual/Estimated Start Year ⁽¹⁾ | Projected Completion Year ⁽²⁾ | Actual/Estimated Completion Year ⁽²⁾ | Projected 2021 Costs ⁽³⁾ | Actual/Estimated 2021 Costs ⁽³⁾ | Variance Increase / (Decrease) | Percent Variance | Category ⁽⁴⁾ | Explanation ⁽⁴⁾ |
|--------|--------------|--------|-------------------------------------|--|--|---|-------------------------------------|--|--------------------------------|------------------|-------------------------|----------------------------|
| Dade | CORAL REEF | 805836 | 2021 | 2021 | 2024 | 2024 | \$ 24,248 | \$ 24,245 | \$ (3) | 0% | | |
| Dade | CORAL REEF | 805831 | 2021 | 2021 | 2024 | 2024 | \$ 25,904 | \$ 25,900 | \$ (3) | 0% | | |
| Dade | COUNTRY CLUB | 805936 | 2021 | 2021 | 2023 | 2022 | \$ 9,476 | \$ 9,474 | \$ (1) | 0% | | |
| Dade | COUNTRY CLUB | 805934 | 2021 | 2021 | 2023 | 2023 | \$ 12,492 | \$ 12,491 | \$ (2) | 0% | | |
| Dade | COUNTRY CLUB | 805933 | 2021 | 2021 | 2024 | 2024 | \$ 30,330 | \$ 30,326 | \$ (4) | 0% | | |
| Dade | COUNTRY CLUB | 805938 | 2018 | 2020 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 81,738 | \$ 81,728 | \$ (10) | 0% | | |
| Dade | COUNTY LINE | 804835 | | 2019 | | 2021 | \$ - | \$ 700,236 | \$ 700,236 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Available Resource(s) |
| Dade | COUNTY LINE | 804833 | 2021 | 2021 | 2024 | 2024 | \$ 14,768 | \$ 14,766 | \$ (2) | 0% | | |
| Dade | COUNTY LINE | 804831 | 2021 | 2021 | 2024 | 2024 | \$ 25,676 | \$ 25,672 | \$ (3) | 0% | | |
| Dade | COUNTY LINE | 804832 | 2021 | 2021 | 2024 | 2024 | \$ 25,820 | \$ 25,817 | \$ (3) | 0% | | |
| Dade | COUNTY LINE | 804836 | 2021 | 2021 | 2024 | 2024 | \$ 29,135 | \$ 29,131 | \$ (4) | 0% | | |
| Dade | COURT | 809662 | | 2019 | | 2021 | \$ - | \$ 172,914 | \$ 172,914 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Available Resource(s) |
| Dade | COURT | 809665 | 2021 | 2021 | 2023 | 2022 | \$ 7,264 | \$ 7,263 | \$ (1) | 0% | | |
| Dade | COURT | 809661 | 2021 | 2021 | 2023 | 2024 | \$ 8,087 | \$ 8,086 | \$ (1) | 0% | | |
| Dade | COURT | 809668 | 2015 | 2015 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 10,460 | \$ 10,458 | \$ (1) | 0% | | |
| Dade | COURT | 809663 | 2016 | 2016 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 22,488 | \$ 22,485 | \$ (3) | 0% | | |
| Dade | COURT | 809669 | 2017 | 2019 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 198,209 | \$ 198,184 | \$ (25) | 0% | | |
| Dade | CUTLER | 802032 | 2020 | 2020 | 2023 | 2024 | \$ 1,996,630 | \$ - | \$ (1,996,630) | -100% | Project_Delayed | Prioritization Change |
| Dade | CUTLER | 802033 | | 2020 | | 2023 | \$ - | \$ 1,304,847 | \$ 1,304,847 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Prioritization Change |
| Dade | CUTLER | 802034 | 2016 | 2020 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 156,130 | \$ 156,110 | \$ (20) | 0% | | |
| Dade | CUTLER | 802038 | 2020 | 2020 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 1,056,418 | \$ 1,056,283 | \$ (135) | 0% | | |
| Dade | DADE | 805432 | 2020 | 2020 | 2023 | 2024 | \$ 2,504,248 | \$ - | \$ (2,504,248) | -100% | Project_Delayed | Prioritization Change |
| Dade | DADE | 805438 | 2020 | 2020 | 2023 | 2024 | \$ 1,870,643 | \$ - | \$ (1,870,643) | -100% | Project_Delayed | Prioritization Change |
| Dade | DADE | 805433 | 2016 | 2018 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 55,006 | \$ 54,999 | \$ (7) | 0% | | |
| Dade | DADE | 805439 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 127,985 | \$ 127,968 | \$ (16) | 0% | | |
| Dade | DADELAND | 807542 | 2019 | 2019 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 66,941 | \$ 66,933 | \$ (9) | 0% | | |
| Dade | DADELAND | 807535 | 2019 | 2019 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 115,055 | \$ 115,041 | \$ (15) | 0% | | |
| Dade | DADELAND | 807536 | 2020 | 2020 | 2022 | 2024 | \$ 1,325,805 | \$ 1,325,635 | \$ (169) | 0% | | |
| Dade | DEAUVILLE | 801941 | | 2019 | | 2023 | \$ - | \$ 1,388,109 | \$ 1,388,109 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Permit(s) Received |
| Dade | DOUGLAS | 806132 | 2015 | 2018 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 12,874 | \$ 12,873 | \$ (2) | 0% | | |
| Dade | DUMFOUNDLING | 809837 | | 2020 | | 2023 | \$ - | \$ 999,802 | \$ 999,802 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Engineering Available |
| Dade | DUMFOUNDLING | 809834 | 2019 | 2019 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 84,079 | \$ 84,069 | \$ (11) | 0% | | |
| Dade | EUREKA | 811261 | | 2020 | | 2023 | \$ - | \$ 227,963 | \$ 227,963 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Available Resource(s) |
| Dade | EUREKA | 811263 | 2015 | 2017 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 326,339 | \$ 326,297 | \$ (42) | 0% | | |
| Dade | EUREKA | 811262 | 2014 | 2015 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 431,981 | \$ 431,926 | \$ (55) | 0% | | |
| Dade | FIREHOUSE | 813139 | 2021 | 2021 | 2024 | 2024 | \$ 13,731 | \$ 13,730 | \$ (2) | 0% | | |
| Dade | FIREHOUSE | 813135 | 2021 | 2021 | 2024 | 2024 | \$ 14,673 | \$ 14,671 | \$ (2) | 0% | | |
| Dade | FLAGAMI | 808064 | 2018 | 2020 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 202,052 | \$ 202,026 | \$ (26) | 0% | | |
| Dade | FLAGAMI | 808062 | 2019 | 2020 | 2023 | 2023 | \$ 849,599 | \$ 849,491 | \$ (109) | 0% | | |
| Dade | FLORIDA CITY | 803131 | | 2020 | | 2023 | \$ - | \$ 1,271,896 | \$ 1,271,896 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Available Resource(s) |
| Dade | FLORIDA CITY | 803133 | | 2020 | | 2021 | \$ - | \$ 935,883 | \$ 935,883 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Available Resource(s) |
| Dade | FLORIDA CITY | 803137 | 2021 | 2021 | 2023 | 2022 | \$ 17,171 | \$ 17,168 | \$ (2) | 0% | | |
| Dade | FLORIDA CITY | 803134 | 2021 | 2021 | 2024 | 2022 | \$ 43,240 | \$ 43,235 | \$ (6) | 0% | | |
| Dade | FLORIDA CITY | 803132 | 2013 | 2013 | 2022 | 2021 | \$ 242,018 | \$ 241,987 | \$ (31) | 0% | | |
| Dade | FRONTON | 801133 | | 2021 | | 2022 | \$ - | \$ 1,048,363 | \$ 1,048,363 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Engineering Available |
| Dade | FRONTON | 801134 | 2019 | 2020 | 2023 | 2023 | \$ 3,499,913 | \$ 1,352,764 | \$ (2,147,149) | -61% | Project_Delayed | Prioritization Change |
| Dade | FRONTON | 801136 | 2016 | 2019 | 2023 | 2023 | \$ 3,510,043 | \$ 857,522 | \$ (2,652,521) | -76% | Project_Delayed | Prioritization Change |
| Dade | FRONTON | 801140 | | 2021 | | 2022 | \$ - | \$ 1,945,438 | \$ 1,945,438 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Engineering Available |
| Dade | FRONTON | 801139 | 2021 | 2021 | 2024 | 2024 | \$ 25,910 | \$ 25,907 | \$ (3) | 0% | | |
| Dade | FULFORD | 801433 | | 2016 | | 2021 | \$ - | \$ 931,473 | \$ 931,473 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Available Resource(s) |
| Dade | FULFORD | 801435 | | 2019 | | 2022 | \$ - | \$ 1,002,757 | \$ 1,002,757 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Available Resource(s) |

| Region | Substation | Feeder | Projected Start Year ⁽¹⁾ | Actual/Estimated Start Year ⁽¹⁾ | Projected Completion Year ⁽²⁾ | Actual/Estimated Completion Year ⁽²⁾ | Projected 2021 Costs ⁽³⁾ | Actual/Estimated 2021 Costs ⁽³⁾ | Variance Increase / (Decrease) | Percent Variance | Category ⁽⁴⁾ | Explanation ⁽⁴⁾ |
|--------|---------------|--------|-------------------------------------|--|--|---|-------------------------------------|--|--------------------------------|------------------|-------------------------|----------------------------|
| Dade | FULFORD | 801431 | 2021 | 2021 | 2024 | 2024 | \$ 20,046 | \$ 20,043 | \$ (3) | 0% | | |
| Dade | FULFORD | 801436 | 2021 | 2021 | 2024 | 2024 | \$ 31,573 | \$ 31,569 | \$ (4) | 0% | | |
| Dade | GALLOWAY | 805731 | | 2019 | | 2022 | \$ - | \$ 1,958,597 | \$ 1,958,597 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Permit(s) Received |
| Dade | GARDEN | 804131 | 2020 | 2021 | 2023 | 2022 | \$ 3,195,969 | \$ 955,905 | \$ (2,240,064) | -70% | Project_Delayed | Resource(s) Delayed |
| Dade | GARDEN | 804138 | 2020 | 2020 | 2023 | 2024 | \$ 2,959,230 | \$ - | \$ (2,959,230) | -100% | Project_Delayed | Prioritization Change |
| Dade | GARDEN | 804139 | | 2021 | | 2023 | \$ - | \$ 1,655,312 | \$ 1,655,312 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Resource(s) Delayed |
| Dade | GARDEN | 804135 | 2020 | 2020 | 2022 | 2024 | \$ 1,268,242 | \$ 1,268,080 | \$ (162) | 0% | | |
| Dade | GLADEVIEW | 802235 | | 2020 | | 2023 | \$ - | \$ 763,938 | \$ 763,938 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Engineering Available |
| Dade | GLADEVIEW | 802233 | 2015 | 2018 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 199,830 | \$ 199,804 | \$ (26) | 0% | | |
| Dade | GLADEVIEW | 802231 | 2015 | 2019 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 222,779 | \$ 222,751 | \$ (28) | 0% | | |
| Dade | GOLDEN GLADES | 806039 | | 2020 | | 2021 | \$ - | \$ 604,059 | \$ 604,059 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Available Resource(s) |
| Dade | GOLDEN GLADES | 806033 | 2014 | 2019 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 212,235 | \$ 212,208 | \$ (27) | 0% | | |
| Dade | GOULDS | 807331 | | 2021 | | 2023 | \$ - | \$ 1,438,810 | \$ 1,438,810 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Engineering Available |
| Dade | GOULDS | 807335 | | 2020 | | 2023 | \$ - | \$ 1,049,787 | \$ 1,049,787 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Engineering Available |
| Dade | GOULDS | 807337 | | 2018 | | 2021 | \$ - | \$ 46,369 | \$ 46,369 | 100% | | |
| Dade | GOULDS | 807332 | 2019 | 2019 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 111,395 | \$ 111,380 | \$ (14) | 0% | | |
| Dade | GRAPELAND | 802933 | 2014 | 2015 | 2021 | 2024 | \$ 2,792,019 | \$ - | \$ (2,792,019) | -100% | Project_Delayed | Permit(s) Delayed |
| Dade | GRAPELAND | 802932 | 2021 | 2021 | 2024 | 2024 | \$ 14,369 | \$ 14,368 | \$ (2) | 0% | | |
| Dade | GRAPELAND | 802934 | 2021 | 2021 | 2024 | 2024 | \$ 15,206 | \$ 15,204 | \$ (2) | 0% | | |
| Dade | GRAPELAND | 802935 | 2021 | 2021 | 2024 | 2024 | \$ 16,700 | \$ 16,698 | \$ (2) | 0% | | |
| Dade | GRAPELAND | 802931 | 2021 | 2021 | 2024 | 2024 | \$ 18,887 | \$ 18,885 | \$ (2) | 0% | | |
| Dade | GRATIGNY | 804532 | | 2021 | | 2022 | \$ - | \$ 1,127,348 | \$ 1,127,348 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Available Resource(s) |
| Dade | GRATIGNY | 804537 | 2015 | 2018 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 144,868 | \$ 144,849 | \$ (19) | 0% | | |
| Dade | GRATIGNY | 804539 | 2020 | 2020 | 2022 | 2024 | \$ 1,176,695 | \$ 1,176,545 | \$ (150) | 0% | | |
| Dade | GRATIGNY | 804534 | 2020 | 2020 | 2022 | 2024 | \$ 1,430,137 | \$ 1,429,954 | \$ (183) | 0% | | |
| Dade | GREYNOLDS | 802531 | | 2020 | | 2022 | \$ - | \$ 218,247 | \$ 218,247 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Available Resource(s) |
| Dade | GREYNOLDS | 802534 | | 2019 | | 2022 | \$ - | \$ 98,477 | \$ 98,477 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Available Resource(s) |
| Dade | HAINLIN | 806435 | 2016 | 2019 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 30,333 | \$ 30,329 | \$ (4) | 0% | | |
| Dade | HAINLIN | 806436 | 2021 | 2021 | 2024 | 2024 | \$ 30,693 | \$ 30,689 | \$ (4) | 0% | | |
| Dade | HAINLIN | 806434 | 2021 | 2021 | 2024 | 2024 | \$ 30,719 | \$ 30,716 | \$ (4) | 0% | | |
| Dade | HAINLIN | 806431 | 2021 | 2021 | 2024 | 2022 | \$ 36,146 | \$ 36,142 | \$ (5) | 0% | | |
| Dade | HAINLIN | 806432 | 2021 | 2021 | 2024 | 2024 | \$ 40,405 | \$ 40,400 | \$ (5) | 0% | | |
| Dade | HAINLIN | 806433 | 2021 | 2021 | 2024 | 2022 | \$ 58,611 | \$ 58,604 | \$ (7) | 0% | | |
| Dade | HIALEAH | 800732 | 2020 | 2020 | 2023 | 2022 | \$ 1,780,128 | \$ 834,358 | \$ (945,770) | -53% | Project_Delayed | Resource(s) Delayed |
| Dade | HIALEAH | 800733 | | 2020 | | 2022 | \$ - | \$ 291,118 | \$ 291,118 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Available Resource(s) |
| Dade | HIALEAH | 800739 | 2020 | 2020 | 2023 | 2023 | \$ 1,900,815 | \$ 1,680,529 | \$ (220,286) | -12% | Project_Estimate_Change | Scope Change |
| Dade | HIALEAH | 800740 | | 2019 | | 2022 | \$ - | \$ 153,575 | \$ 153,575 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Available Resource(s) |
| Dade | HOMESTEAD | 803235 | 2021 | 2021 | 2023 | 2023 | \$ 11,342 | \$ 11,341 | \$ (1) | 0% | | |
| Dade | HOMESTEAD | 803234 | 2021 | 2021 | 2023 | 2023 | \$ 20,416 | \$ 20,413 | \$ (3) | 0% | | |
| Dade | HOMESTEAD | 803232 | 2021 | 2021 | 2024 | 2024 | \$ 23,188 | \$ 23,185 | \$ (3) | 0% | | |
| Dade | HOMESTEAD | 803233 | 2021 | 2021 | 2024 | 2024 | \$ 28,384 | \$ 28,381 | \$ (4) | 0% | | |
| Dade | HOMESTEAD | 803231 | 2018 | 2019 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 230,111 | \$ 230,081 | \$ (29) | 0% | | |
| Dade | INDUSTRIAL | 804632 | 2020 | 2020 | 2023 | 2023 | \$ 2,866,308 | \$ 372,446 | \$ (2,493,862) | -87% | Project_Delayed | Permit(s) Delayed |
| Dade | INDUSTRIAL | 804633 | 2017 | 2019 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 21,725 | \$ 21,722 | \$ (3) | 0% | | |
| Dade | INDUSTRIAL | 804636 | 2020 | 2020 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 1,448,240 | \$ 1,448,055 | \$ (185) | 0% | | |
| Dade | INDUSTRIAL | 804634 | 2019 | 2020 | 2023 | 2023 | \$ 1,659,442 | \$ 1,659,230 | \$ (212) | 0% | | |
| Dade | INTERNATIONAL | 810264 | | 2020 | | 2022 | \$ - | \$ 1,201,756 | \$ 1,201,756 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Engineering Available |
| Dade | IVES | 806738 | | 2020 | | 2021 | \$ - | \$ 739,159 | \$ 739,159 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Engineering Available |
| Dade | JACKSON | 813532 | | 2021 | | 2023 | \$ - | \$ 968,602 | \$ 968,602 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Engineering Available |
| Dade | JASMINE | 810566 | 2021 | 2021 | 2024 | 2024 | \$ 11,770 | \$ 11,768 | \$ (2) | 0% | | |
| Dade | JASMINE | 810564 | 2021 | 2021 | 2023 | 2022 | \$ 15,220 | \$ 15,218 | \$ (2) | 0% | | |

| Region | Substation | Feeder | Projected Start Year ⁽¹⁾ | Actual/Estimated Start Year ⁽¹⁾ | Projected Completion Year ⁽²⁾ | Actual/Estimated Completion Year ⁽²⁾ | Projected 2021 Costs ⁽³⁾ | Actual/Estimated 2021 Costs ⁽³⁾ | Variance Increase / (Decrease) | Percent Variance | Category ⁽⁴⁾ | Explanation ⁽⁴⁾ |
|--------|--------------|--------|-------------------------------------|--|--|---|-------------------------------------|--|--------------------------------|------------------|-------------------------|----------------------------|
| Dade | JASMINE | 810565 | 2019 | 2019 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 129,176 | \$ 129,159 | \$ (17) | 0% | | |
| Dade | KENDALL | 804335 | 2018 | 2020 | 2022 | 2021 | \$ 1,097,939 | \$ 1,097,799 | \$ (140) | 0% | | |
| Dade | KILLIAN | 807632 | 2020 | 2020 | 2023 | 2024 | \$ 1,721,961 | \$ - | \$ (1,721,961) | -100% | Project_Delayed | Prioritization Change |
| Dade | KILLIAN | 807633 | 2020 | 2020 | 2023 | 2024 | \$ 1,743,090 | \$ - | \$ (1,743,090) | -100% | Project_Delayed | Prioritization Change |
| Dade | KILLIAN | 807635 | 2019 | 2019 | 2022 | 2021 | \$ 914,093 | \$ 913,977 | \$ (117) | 0% | | |
| Dade | KILLIAN | 807631 | 2019 | 2019 | 2022 | 2021 | \$ 922,951 | \$ 922,833 | \$ (118) | 0% | | |
| Dade | KOGER | 811561 | 2021 | 2021 | 2024 | 2022 | \$ 43,805 | \$ 43,799 | \$ (6) | 0% | | |
| Dade | LAWRENCE | 805134 | 2014 | 2014 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 2,347,020 | \$ 1,155,560 | \$ (1,191,460) | -51% | Project_Delayed | Permit(s) Delayed |
| Dade | LAWRENCE | 805136 | 2016 | 2019 | 2021 | 2024 | \$ 2,733,245 | \$ - | \$ (2,733,245) | -100% | Project_Delayed | Permit(s) Delayed |
| Dade | LAWRENCE | 805137 | 2021 | 2021 | 2024 | 2024 | \$ 21,720 | \$ 21,717 | \$ (3) | 0% | | |
| Dade | LE JEUNE | 804036 | 2021 | 2021 | 2023 | 2022 | \$ 16,498 | \$ 16,496 | \$ (2) | 0% | | |
| Dade | LEMON CITY | 807732 | 2016 | 2018 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 283,232 | \$ 283,196 | \$ (36) | 0% | | |
| Dade | LINDGREN | 808263 | | 2020 | | 2021 | \$ - | \$ 752,031 | \$ 752,031 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Available Resource(s) |
| Dade | LINDGREN | 808266 | | 2020 | | 2021 | \$ - | \$ 634,997 | \$ 634,997 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Available Resource(s) |
| Dade | LITTLE RIVER | 800638 | | 2019 | | 2022 | \$ - | \$ 156,086 | \$ 156,086 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Available Resource(s) |
| Dade | LITTLE RIVER | 800636 | 2021 | 2021 | 2024 | 2024 | \$ 17,732 | \$ 17,730 | \$ (2) | 0% | | |
| Dade | LITTLE RIVER | 800637 | 2021 | 2021 | 2024 | 2024 | \$ 26,882 | \$ 26,879 | \$ (3) | 0% | | |
| Dade | MARION | 802734 | | 2020 | | 2021 | \$ - | \$ 931,830 | \$ 931,830 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Permit(s) Received |
| Dade | MARION | 802739 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 399,253 | \$ 399,202 | \$ (51) | 0% | | |
| Dade | MARION | 802733 | 2020 | 2020 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 612,722 | \$ 612,644 | \$ (78) | 0% | | |
| Dade | MARION | 802732 | 2020 | 2020 | 2022 | 2024 | \$ 845,134 | \$ 845,026 | \$ (108) | 0% | | |
| Dade | MARKET | 803540 | 2021 | 2021 | 2023 | 2023 | \$ 4,915 | \$ 4,914 | \$ (1) | 0% | | |
| Dade | MARKET | 803539 | 2021 | 2021 | 2024 | 2024 | \$ 20,581 | \$ 20,578 | \$ (3) | 0% | | |
| Dade | MARKET | 803531 | 2021 | 2021 | 2024 | 2024 | \$ 23,264 | \$ 23,261 | \$ (3) | 0% | | |
| Dade | MARKET | 803538 | 2021 | 2021 | 2024 | 2024 | \$ 26,004 | \$ 26,001 | \$ (3) | 0% | | |
| Dade | MASTER | 805532 | | 2019 | | 2021 | \$ - | \$ 1,037,986 | \$ 1,037,986 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Available Resource(s) |
| Dade | MASTER | 805534 | | 2021 | | 2022 | \$ - | \$ 61,939 | \$ 61,939 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Available Resource(s) |
| Dade | MASTER | 805538 | 2021 | 2021 | 2024 | 2022 | \$ 38,833 | \$ 38,828 | \$ (5) | 0% | | |
| Dade | MEMORIAL | 811832 | 2020 | 2021 | 2023 | 2022 | \$ 3,043,780 | \$ 944,053 | \$ (2,099,727) | -69% | Project_Delayed | Resource(s) Delayed |
| Dade | MEMORIAL | 811831 | 2020 | 2020 | 2022 | 2024 | \$ 1,310,516 | \$ 1,310,349 | \$ (167) | 0% | | |
| Dade | MERCHANDISE | 807232 | | 2020 | | 2023 | \$ - | \$ 866,636 | \$ 866,636 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Permit(s) Received |
| Dade | MERCHANDISE | 807234 | | 2019 | | 2023 | \$ - | \$ 933,926 | \$ 933,926 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Engineering Available |
| Dade | MERCHANDISE | 807237 | 2019 | 2019 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 81,148 | \$ 81,137 | \$ (10) | 0% | | |
| Dade | MIAMI LAKES | 807932 | 2019 | 2020 | 2022 | 2021 | \$ 5,873 | \$ 5,872 | \$ (1) | 0% | | |
| Dade | MIAMI LAKES | 807935 | 2019 | 2020 | 2022 | 2021 | \$ 40,960 | \$ 40,954 | \$ (5) | 0% | | |
| Dade | MIAMI LAKES | 807961 | 2018 | 2020 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 60,579 | \$ 60,571 | \$ (8) | 0% | | |
| Dade | MIAMI SHORES | 803435 | 2020 | 2020 | 2022 | 2024 | \$ 2,367,384 | \$ - | \$ (2,367,384) | -100% | Project_Delayed | Prioritization Change |
| Dade | MIAMI SHORES | 803437 | | 2018 | | 2021 | \$ - | \$ 141,444 | \$ 141,444 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Available Resource(s) |
| Dade | MIAMI SHORES | 803440 | | 2021 | | 2022 | \$ - | \$ 1,260,355 | \$ 1,260,355 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Available Resource(s) |
| Dade | MILAM | 808164 | 2021 | 2021 | 2024 | 2024 | \$ 25,860 | \$ 25,857 | \$ (3) | 0% | | |
| Dade | MILAM | 808161 | 2019 | 2019 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 157,938 | \$ 157,918 | \$ (20) | 0% | | |
| Dade | MILAM | 808169 | 2015 | 2016 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 559,320 | \$ 559,248 | \$ (71) | 0% | | |
| Dade | MILLER | 805632 | | 2020 | | 2022 | \$ - | \$ 903,914 | \$ 903,914 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Available Resource(s) |
| Dade | MILLER | 805635 | 2016 | 2016 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 6,276 | \$ 6,275 | \$ (1) | 0% | | |
| Dade | MILLER | 805636 | 2020 | 2020 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 1,204,317 | \$ 1,204,163 | \$ (154) | 0% | | |
| Dade | MIRAMAR | 802135 | | 2021 | | 2023 | \$ - | \$ 1,363,263 | \$ 1,363,263 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Engineering Available |
| Dade | MITCHELL | 809233 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 83,192 | \$ 83,181 | \$ (11) | 0% | | |
| Dade | MITCHELL | 809232 | 2020 | 2020 | 2022 | 2024 | \$ 1,140,932 | \$ 1,140,786 | \$ (146) | 0% | | |
| Dade | MONTGOMERY | 810662 | | 2020 | | 2021 | \$ - | \$ 904,280 | \$ 904,280 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Available Resource(s) |
| Dade | NATOMA | 805236 | 2021 | 2021 | 2024 | 2024 | \$ 21,703 | \$ 21,700 | \$ (3) | 0% | | |
| Dade | NATOMA | 805240 | 2016 | 2016 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 149,452 | \$ 149,433 | \$ (19) | 0% | | |

| Region | Substation | Feeder | Projected Start Year ⁽¹⁾ | Actual/Estimated Start Year ⁽¹⁾ | Projected Completion Year ⁽²⁾ | Actual/Estimated Completion Year ⁽²⁾ | Projected 2021 Costs ⁽³⁾ | Actual/Estimated 2021 Costs ⁽³⁾ | Variance Increase / (Decrease) | Percent Variance | Category ⁽⁴⁾ | Explanation ⁽⁴⁾ |
|--------|-----------------|--------|-------------------------------------|--|--|---|-------------------------------------|--|--------------------------------|------------------|-------------------------|----------------------------|
| Dade | NATOMA | 805232 | 2015 | 2018 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 237,893 | \$ 237,862 | \$ (30) | 0% | | |
| Dade | NATOMA | 805233 | 2015 | 2016 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 913,507 | \$ 913,391 | \$ (117) | 0% | | |
| Dade | NEWTON | 810365 | | | | 2022 | \$ - | \$ 206,882 | \$ 206,882 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Available Resource(s) |
| Dade | NEWTON | 810361 | 2018 | 2019 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 488,537 | \$ 488,474 | \$ (62) | 0% | | |
| Dade | NORMANDY BEAC | 801036 | 2021 | 2021 | 2023 | 2024 | \$ 8,694 | \$ 8,693 | \$ (1) | 0% | | |
| Dade | NORMANDY BEAC | 801039 | 2021 | 2021 | 2024 | 2024 | \$ 13,534 | \$ 13,532 | \$ (2) | 0% | | |
| Dade | NORMANDY BEAC | 801037 | 2021 | 2021 | 2024 | 2024 | \$ 14,756 | \$ 14,754 | \$ (2) | 0% | | |
| Dade | NORMANDY BEAC | 801034 | 2021 | 2021 | 2024 | 2024 | \$ 19,503 | \$ 19,500 | \$ (2) | 0% | | |
| Dade | NORMANDY BEAC | 801035 | 2021 | 2021 | 2024 | 2024 | \$ 22,396 | \$ 22,393 | \$ (3) | 0% | | |
| Dade | OJUS | 804931 | 2015 | 2015 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 373,918 | \$ 373,871 | \$ (48) | 0% | | |
| Dade | OJUS | 804932 | 2015 | 2016 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 1,266,414 | \$ 1,266,252 | \$ (162) | 0% | | |
| Dade | OLYMPIA HEIGHTS | 808932 | 2021 | 2021 | 2023 | 2023 | \$ 13,460 | \$ 13,458 | \$ (2) | 0% | | |
| Dade | OLYMPIA HEIGHTS | 808936 | 2021 | 2021 | 2023 | 2024 | \$ 21,378 | \$ 21,376 | \$ (3) | 0% | | |
| Dade | OLYMPIA HEIGHTS | 808933 | 2021 | 2021 | 2023 | 2023 | \$ 22,764 | \$ 22,761 | \$ (3) | 0% | | |
| Dade | OLYMPIA HEIGHTS | 808935 | 2021 | 2021 | 2024 | 2024 | \$ 28,096 | \$ 28,093 | \$ (4) | 0% | | |
| Dade | OLYMPIA HEIGHTS | 808934 | 2016 | 2016 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 101,981 | \$ 101,968 | \$ (13) | 0% | | |
| Dade | OPA LOCKA | 801234 | 2020 | 2021 | 2023 | 2022 | \$ 2,790,132 | \$ 861,232 | \$ (1,928,900) | -69% | Project_Delayed | Permit(s) Received |
| Dade | OPA LOCKA | 801237 | | | | 2023 | \$ - | \$ 476,170 | \$ 476,170 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Engineering Available |
| Dade | OPA LOCKA | 801231 | 2015 | 2017 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 84,079 | \$ 84,069 | \$ (11) | 0% | | |
| Dade | OPA LOCKA | 801233 | 2015 | 2019 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 305,104 | \$ 305,065 | \$ (39) | 0% | | |
| Dade | OPA LOCKA | 801236 | 2020 | 2020 | 2022 | 2021 | \$ 1,437,340 | \$ 1,437,157 | \$ (184) | 0% | | |
| Dade | PALMETTO | 811062 | | 2019 | | 2022 | \$ - | \$ 108,629 | \$ 108,629 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Available Resource(s) |
| Dade | PENNSUCO | 807161 | | 2021 | | 2022 | \$ - | \$ 1,432,646 | \$ 1,432,646 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Permit(s) Received |
| Dade | PENNSUCO | 807164 | | 2020 | | 2023 | \$ - | \$ 1,351,963 | \$ 1,351,963 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Permit(s) Received |
| Dade | PENNSUCO | 807162 | 2015 | 2018 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 160,117 | \$ 160,096 | \$ (20) | 0% | | |
| Dade | PERRINE | 804237 | | 2020 | | 2021 | \$ - | \$ 209,525 | \$ 209,525 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Available Resource(s) |
| Dade | PERRINE | 804231 | 2021 | 2021 | 2023 | 2023 | \$ 13,200 | \$ 13,198 | \$ (2) | 0% | | |
| Dade | PERRINE | 804234 | 2021 | 2021 | 2023 | 2023 | \$ 14,394 | \$ 14,392 | \$ (2) | 0% | | |
| Dade | PERRINE | 804238 | 2021 | 2021 | 2023 | 2023 | \$ 22,155 | \$ 22,152 | \$ (3) | 0% | | |
| Dade | PERRINE | 804239 | 2021 | 2021 | 2024 | 2024 | \$ 24,038 | \$ 24,035 | \$ (3) | 0% | | |
| Dade | PERRINE | 804235 | 2021 | 2021 | 2024 | 2024 | \$ 24,129 | \$ 24,126 | \$ (3) | 0% | | |
| Dade | PERRINE | 804233 | 2021 | 2021 | 2024 | 2024 | \$ 26,148 | \$ 26,145 | \$ (3) | 0% | | |
| Dade | PERRINE | 804232 | 2021 | 2021 | 2024 | 2024 | \$ 41,307 | \$ 41,302 | \$ (5) | 0% | | |
| Dade | PRINCETON | 801635 | | 2019 | | 2022 | \$ - | \$ 577,215 | \$ 577,215 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Available Resource(s) |
| Dade | PRINCETON | 801632 | 2021 | 2021 | 2024 | 2024 | \$ 24,759 | \$ 24,756 | \$ (3) | 0% | | |
| Dade | RAILWAY | 800835 | 2021 | 2021 | 2024 | 2024 | \$ 12,038 | \$ 12,036 | \$ (2) | 0% | | |
| Dade | RED ROAD | 806831 | | 2021 | | 2022 | \$ - | \$ 1,050,850 | \$ 1,050,850 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Engineering Available |
| Dade | RED ROAD | 806833 | | 2021 | | 2021 | \$ - | \$ 451,022 | \$ 451,022 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Engineering Available |
| Dade | RED ROAD | 806835 | 2020 | 2020 | 2023 | 2024 | \$ 1,864,609 | \$ - | \$ (1,864,609) | -100% | Project_Delayed | Prioritization Change |
| Dade | RED ROAD | 806841 | | 2019 | | 2022 | \$ - | \$ 1,144,310 | \$ 1,144,310 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Available Resource(s) |
| Dade | RED ROAD | 806840 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 113,825 | \$ 113,810 | \$ (15) | 0% | | |
| Dade | RIVERSIDE | 800531 | 2021 | 2021 | 2023 | 2021 | \$ 10,557 | \$ 10,556 | \$ (1) | 0% | | |
| Dade | RIVERSIDE | 800536 | 2021 | 2021 | 2023 | 2022 | \$ 15,762 | \$ 15,760 | \$ (2) | 0% | | |
| Dade | RIVERSIDE | 800539 | 2021 | 2021 | 2023 | 2024 | \$ 17,823 | \$ 17,821 | \$ (2) | 0% | | |
| Dade | RIVERSIDE | 800534 | 2021 | 2021 | 2023 | 2023 | \$ 18,151 | \$ 18,149 | \$ (2) | 0% | | |
| Dade | RIVERSIDE | 800537 | 2018 | 2020 | 2023 | 2023 | \$ 1,453,033 | \$ 1,452,847 | \$ (186) | 0% | | |
| Dade | RONEY | 809341 | 2015 | 2016 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 61,012 | \$ 61,005 | \$ (8) | 0% | | |
| Dade | ROSELAWN | 807036 | | 2020 | | 2021 | \$ - | \$ 1,222,608 | \$ 1,222,608 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Available Resource(s) |
| Dade | ROSELAWN | 807033 | 2021 | 2021 | 2023 | 2022 | \$ 13,548 | \$ 13,547 | \$ (2) | 0% | | |
| Dade | ROSELAWN | 807031 | 2018 | 2019 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 54,461 | \$ 54,455 | \$ (7) | 0% | | |
| Dade | SAGA | 809433 | 2021 | 2021 | 2024 | 2024 | \$ 27,032 | \$ 27,028 | \$ (3) | 0% | | |

| Region | Substation | Feeder | Projected Start Year ⁽¹⁾ | Actual/Estimated Start Year ⁽¹⁾ | Projected Completion Year ⁽²⁾ | Actual/Estimated Completion Year ⁽²⁾ | Projected 2021 Costs ⁽³⁾ | Actual/Estimated 2021 Costs ⁽³⁾ | Variance Increase / (Decrease) | Percent Variance | Category ⁽⁴⁾ | Explanation ⁽⁴⁾ |
|--------|-----------------|--------|-------------------------------------|--|--|---|-------------------------------------|--|--------------------------------|------------------|-------------------------|----------------------------|
| Dade | SEABOARD | 803634 | | 2021 | | 2022 | \$ - | \$ 966,643 | \$ 966,643 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Available Resource(s) |
| Dade | SEABOARD | 803631 | 2014 | 2018 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 70,255 | \$ 70,246 | \$ (9) | 0% | | |
| Dade | SEMINOLA | 808537 | | 2019 | | 2021 | \$ - | \$ 107,398 | \$ 107,398 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Available Resource(s) |
| Dade | SEMINOLA | 808534 | 2015 | 2019 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 53,917 | \$ 53,910 | \$ (7) | 0% | | |
| Dade | SEMINOLA | 808532 | 2018 | 2018 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 247,544 | \$ 247,513 | \$ (32) | 0% | | |
| Dade | SEMINOLA | 808538 | 2018 | 2019 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 266,680 | \$ 266,646 | \$ (34) | 0% | | |
| Dade | SIMPSON | 809936 | 2016 | 2018 | 2021 | 2024 | \$ 2,109,127 | \$ - | \$ (2,109,127) | -100% | Project_Delayed | Permit(s) Delayed |
| Dade | SIMPSON | 809932 | 2018 | 2018 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 91,799 | \$ 91,787 | \$ (12) | 0% | | |
| Dade | SNAKE CREEK | 808432 | | 2021 | | 2021 | \$ - | \$ 664,297 | \$ 664,297 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Available Resource(s) |
| Dade | SNAKE CREEK | 808431 | 2021 | 2021 | 2024 | 2024 | \$ 17,328 | \$ 17,326 | \$ (2) | 0% | | |
| Dade | SNAKE CREEK | 808437 | 2021 | 2021 | 2024 | 2024 | \$ 21,883 | \$ 21,880 | \$ (3) | 0% | | |
| Dade | SNAKE CREEK | 808433 | 2021 | 2021 | 2024 | 2024 | \$ 32,111 | \$ 32,107 | \$ (4) | 0% | | |
| Dade | SNAKE CREEK | 808434 | 2018 | 2018 | 2022 | 2021 | \$ 183,929 | \$ 183,906 | \$ (24) | 0% | | |
| Dade | SOUTH MIAMI | 802433 | 2021 | 2021 | 2024 | 2024 | \$ 24,435 | \$ 24,432 | \$ (3) | 0% | | |
| Dade | SOUTH MIAMI | 802435 | 2021 | 2021 | 2024 | 2024 | \$ 28,176 | \$ 28,172 | \$ (4) | 0% | | |
| Dade | SOUTH MIAMI | 802437 | 2018 | 2020 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 1,584,627 | \$ 1,584,425 | \$ (202) | 0% | | |
| Dade | SPOONBILL | 811163 | 2021 | 2021 | 2024 | 2022 | \$ 42,496 | \$ 42,491 | \$ (5) | 0% | | |
| Dade | SPOONBILL | 811162 | 2015 | 2016 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 83,871 | \$ 83,860 | \$ (11) | 0% | | |
| Dade | SUNILAND | 806531 | 2021 | 2021 | 2023 | 2023 | \$ 21,816 | \$ 21,813 | \$ (3) | 0% | | |
| Dade | SUNILAND | 806535 | 2021 | 2021 | 2023 | 2024 | \$ 22,895 | \$ 22,892 | \$ (3) | 0% | | |
| Dade | SUNILAND | 806532 | 2021 | 2021 | 2024 | 2024 | \$ 27,517 | \$ 27,513 | \$ (4) | 0% | | |
| Dade | SUNILAND | 806533 | 2015 | 2016 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 934,148 | \$ 934,028 | \$ (119) | 0% | | |
| Dade | SWEETWATER | 809765 | | 2018 | | 2022 | \$ - | \$ 690,896 | \$ 690,896 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Engineering Available |
| Dade | SWEETWATER | 809763 | 2021 | 2021 | 2024 | 2022 | \$ 40,438 | \$ 40,433 | \$ (5) | 0% | | |
| Dade | SWEETWATER | 809767 | 2018 | 2019 | 2022 | 2021 | \$ 1,064,178 | \$ 1,064,042 | \$ (136) | 0% | | |
| Dade | TAMIAMI | 809132 | 2021 | 2021 | 2023 | 2023 | \$ 4,543 | \$ 4,543 | \$ (1) | 0% | | |
| Dade | TAMIAMI | 809136 | 2021 | 2021 | 2024 | 2024 | \$ 13,058 | \$ 13,057 | \$ (2) | 0% | | |
| Dade | TAMIAMI | 809134 | 2021 | 2021 | 2024 | 2024 | \$ 16,677 | \$ 16,675 | \$ (2) | 0% | | |
| Dade | TAMIAMI | 809133 | 2021 | 2021 | 2024 | 2024 | \$ 18,051 | \$ 18,049 | \$ (2) | 0% | | |
| Dade | TAMIAMI | 809135 | 2021 | 2021 | 2024 | 2024 | \$ 21,924 | \$ 21,921 | \$ (3) | 0% | | |
| Dade | TAMIAMI | 809137 | 2021 | 2021 | 2024 | 2025 | \$ 24,880 | \$ 24,877 | \$ (3) | 0% | | |
| Dade | ULETA | 806334 | | 2021 | | 2023 | \$ - | \$ 1,229,851 | \$ 1,229,851 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Engineering Available |
| Dade | ULETA | 806338 | | 2020 | | 2021 | \$ - | \$ 937,536 | \$ 937,536 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Engineering Available |
| Dade | ULETA | 806333 | 2021 | 2021 | 2024 | 2024 | \$ 23,861 | \$ 23,858 | \$ (3) | 0% | | |
| Dade | ULETA | 806339 | 2021 | 2021 | 2024 | 2024 | \$ 26,947 | \$ 26,943 | \$ (3) | 0% | | |
| Dade | ULETA | 806336 | 2014 | 2014 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 61,623 | \$ 61,616 | \$ (8) | 0% | | |
| Dade | ULETA | 806332 | 2016 | 2019 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 80,946 | \$ 80,936 | \$ (10) | 0% | | |
| Dade | UNIVERSITY | 805036 | 2021 | 2021 | 2024 | 2024 | \$ 22,878 | \$ 22,875 | \$ (3) | 0% | | |
| Dade | UNIVERSITY | 805033 | 2021 | 2021 | 2024 | 2024 | \$ 24,092 | \$ 24,089 | \$ (3) | 0% | | |
| Dade | VENETIAN | 804431 | | 2021 | | 2022 | \$ - | \$ 1,381,102 | \$ 1,381,102 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Permit(s) Received |
| Dade | VENETIAN | 804437 | 2014 | 2019 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 33,025 | \$ 33,021 | \$ (4) | 0% | | |
| Dade | VENETIAN | 804438 | 2015 | 2018 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 155,610 | \$ 155,590 | \$ (20) | 0% | | |
| Dade | VILLAGE GREEN | 807435 | | 2020 | | 2022 | \$ - | \$ 1,709,792 | \$ 1,709,792 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Engineering Available |
| Dade | WATKINS | 811433 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 48,471 | \$ 48,465 | \$ (6) | 0% | | |
| Dade | WATKINS | 811432 | 2015 | 2019 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 396,977 | \$ 396,927 | \$ (51) | 0% | | |
| Dade | WESTON VILLAGE | 807832 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 2,739,402 | \$ 1,324,616 | \$ (1,414,786) | -52% | Project_Delayed | Prioritization Change |
| Dade | WESTON VILLAGE | 807833 | | 2019 | | 2022 | \$ - | \$ 1,414,651 | \$ 1,414,651 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Engineering Available |
| Dade | WESTON VILLAGE | 807835 | | 2017 | | 2021 | \$ - | \$ 5,243 | \$ 5,243 | 100% | | |
| Dade | WHISPERING PINE | 808335 | 2021 | 2021 | 2023 | 2024 | \$ 19,725 | \$ 19,723 | \$ (3) | 0% | | |
| Dade | WHISPERING PINE | 808336 | 2021 | 2021 | 2024 | 2024 | \$ 24,276 | \$ 24,272 | \$ (3) | 0% | | |
| Dade | WILLIAMS | 812062 | | 2020 | | 2021 | \$ - | \$ 909,314 | \$ 909,314 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Engineering Available |

| Region | Substation | Feeder | Projected Start Year ⁽¹⁾ | Actual/Estimated Start Year ⁽¹⁾ | Projected Completion Year ⁽²⁾ | Actual/Estimated Completion Year ⁽²⁾ | Projected 2021 Costs ⁽³⁾ | Actual/Estimated 2021 Costs ⁽³⁾ | Variance Increase / (Decrease) | Percent Variance | Category ⁽⁴⁾ | Explanation ⁽⁴⁾ |
|--------|-------------|--------|-------------------------------------|--|--|---|-------------------------------------|--|--------------------------------|------------------|-------------------------|----------------------------|
| East | ABERDEEN | 408862 | | 2021 | | 2023 | \$ - | \$ 1,269,053 | \$ 1,269,053 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Permit(s) Received |
| East | ABERDEEN | 408865 | | 2020 | | 2023 | \$ - | \$ 798,881 | \$ 798,881 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Engineering Available |
| East | ACME | 405263 | 2020 | 2020 | 2023 | 2022 | \$ 3,587,131 | \$ 964,438 | \$ (2,622,693) | -73% | Project_Delayed | Engineering Delayed |
| East | ACME | 405266 | 2020 | 2020 | 2023 | 2024 | \$ 3,116,687 | \$ - | \$ (3,116,687) | -100% | Project_Delayed | Engineering Delayed |
| East | ACME | 405268 | 2019 | 2020 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 58,978 | \$ 58,970 | \$ (8) | 0% | | |
| East | ACREAGE | 406763 | | 2021 | | 2023 | \$ - | \$ 1,157,420 | \$ 1,157,420 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Engineering Available |
| East | ACREAGE | 406764 | | 2020 | | 2022 | \$ - | \$ 2,643,402 | \$ 2,643,402 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Engineering Available |
| East | ACREAGE | 406765 | | 2021 | | 2022 | \$ - | \$ 731,572 | \$ 731,572 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Engineering Available |
| East | ACREAGE | 406766 | | 2020 | | 2022 | \$ - | \$ 1,900,309 | \$ 1,900,309 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Engineering Available |
| East | ACREAGE | 406767 | | 2021 | | 2022 | \$ - | \$ 4,567,283 | \$ 4,567,283 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Engineering Available |
| East | ADAMS | 408463 | 2021 | 2021 | 2024 | 2024 | \$ 300,869 | \$ 300,831 | \$ (38) | 0% | | |
| East | ALEXANDER | 408564 | | 2019 | | 2021 | \$ - | \$ 405,071 | \$ 405,071 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Available Resource(s) |
| East | ALEXANDER | 408566 | | 2021 | | 2023 | \$ - | \$ 1,055,341 | \$ 1,055,341 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Engineering Available |
| East | ALLAPATTAH | 412161 | 2020 | 2020 | 2023 | 2022 | \$ 4,740,375 | \$ 913,361 | \$ (3,827,014) | -81% | Project_Delayed | Engineering Delayed |
| East | ALLAPATTAH | 412164 | 2021 | 2021 | 2023 | 2024 | \$ 47,758 | \$ 47,752 | \$ (6) | 0% | | |
| East | ATLANTIC | 403236 | | 2020 | | 2021 | \$ - | \$ 538,228 | \$ 538,228 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Available Resource(s) |
| East | ATLANTIC | 403239 | 2019 | 2019 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 65,905 | \$ 65,897 | \$ (8) | 0% | | |
| East | BEELINE | 405333 | | 2020 | | 2023 | \$ - | \$ 1,247,668 | \$ 1,247,668 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Engineering Available |
| East | BEELINE | 405340 | | 2020 | | 2023 | \$ - | \$ 828,150 | \$ 828,150 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Engineering Available |
| East | BEELINE | 405336 | 2021 | 2021 | 2024 | 2024 | \$ 23,387 | \$ 23,384 | \$ (3) | 0% | | |
| East | BEELINE | 405337 | 2021 | 2021 | 2024 | 2024 | \$ 33,231 | \$ 33,226 | \$ (5) | 0% | | |
| East | BEELINE | 405331 | 2021 | 2021 | 2024 | 2025 | \$ 59,156 | \$ 59,148 | \$ (8) | 0% | | |
| East | BEELINE | 405335 | 2018 | 2019 | 2023 | 2021 | \$ 973,822 | \$ 973,697 | \$ (124) | 0% | | |
| East | BELLE GLADE | 400931 | | 2020 | | 2022 | \$ - | \$ 231,682 | \$ 231,682 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Engineering Available |
| East | BELVEDERE | 402536 | | 2021 | | 2022 | \$ - | \$ 1,128,511 | \$ 1,128,511 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Engineering Available |
| East | BELVEDERE | 402538 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 2,468,608 | \$ 1,297,708 | \$ (1,170,900) | -47% | Project_Delayed | Permit(s) Delayed |
| East | BELVEDERE | 402539 | | 2020 | | 2022 | \$ - | \$ 221,326 | \$ 221,326 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Available Resource(s) |
| East | BELVEDERE | 402531 | | 2015 | | 2021 | \$ - | \$ 19,695 | \$ 19,695 | 100% | | |
| East | BELVEDERE | 402533 | | 2018 | | 2021 | \$ - | \$ 2,251 | \$ 2,251 | 100% | | |
| East | BOCA RATON | 400738 | 2019 | 2019 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 82,915 | \$ 82,905 | \$ (11) | 0% | | |
| East | BOCA RATON | 400739 | 2014 | 2015 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 116,920 | \$ 116,905 | \$ (15) | 0% | | |
| East | BOCA RATON | 400734 | 2019 | 2020 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 157,201 | \$ 157,181 | \$ (20) | 0% | | |
| East | BOCA RATON | 400737 | 2014 | 2015 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 622,329 | \$ 622,250 | \$ (79) | 0% | | |
| East | BOCA RATON | 400736 | 2020 | 2020 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 1,208,512 | \$ 1,208,357 | \$ (154) | 0% | | |
| East | BOCA RATON | 400735 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,491,541 | \$ 1,491,350 | \$ (191) | 0% | | |
| East | BOCA TEECA | 404236 | | 2020 | | 2021 | \$ - | \$ 640,263 | \$ 640,263 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Engineering Available |
| East | BOCA TEECA | 404232 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 97,355 | \$ 97,343 | \$ (12) | 0% | | |
| East | BOCA TEECA | 404240 | 2014 | 2014 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 120,180 | \$ 120,165 | \$ (15) | 0% | | |
| East | BOCA TEECA | 404239 | 2014 | 2014 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 238,905 | \$ 238,874 | \$ (31) | 0% | | |
| East | BOCA TEECA | 404241 | 2019 | 2019 | 2023 | 2021 | \$ 534,521 | \$ 534,453 | \$ (68) | 0% | | |
| East | BONANZA | 413636 | 2021 | 2021 | 2023 | 2024 | \$ 17,271 | \$ 17,269 | \$ (2) | 0% | | |
| East | BOYNTON | 400531 | | 2019 | | 2023 | \$ - | \$ 752,948 | \$ 752,948 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Permit(s) Received |
| East | BOYNTON | 400536 | | 2021 | | 2023 | \$ - | \$ 403,353 | \$ 403,353 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Engineering Available |
| East | BOYNTON | 400534 | 2018 | 2019 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 42,855 | \$ 42,850 | \$ (5) | 0% | | |
| East | BOYNTON | 400539 | 2018 | 2020 | 2022 | 2021 | \$ 609,510 | \$ 609,432 | \$ (78) | 0% | | |
| East | BUTTS | 405931 | | 2021 | | 2023 | \$ - | \$ 795,669 | \$ 795,669 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Available Resource(s) |
| East | BUTTS | 405934 | | 2020 | | 2021 | \$ - | \$ 845,457 | \$ 845,457 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Engineering Available |
| East | BUTTS | 405936 | 2015 | 2018 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 3,727 | \$ 3,726 | \$ (1) | 0% | | |
| East | BUTTS | 405939 | 2019 | 2020 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 318,152 | \$ 318,111 | \$ (41) | 0% | | |
| East | CALDWELL | 408031 | | 2020 | | 2022 | \$ - | \$ 1,635,239 | \$ 1,635,239 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Permit(s) Received |
| East | CALDWELL | 408034 | | 2020 | | 2023 | \$ - | \$ 771,630 | \$ 771,630 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Permit(s) Received |

| Region | Substation | Feeder | Projected Start Year ⁽¹⁾ | Actual/Estimated Start Year ⁽¹⁾ | Projected Completion Year ⁽²⁾ | Actual/Estimated Completion Year ⁽²⁾ | Projected 2021 Costs ⁽³⁾ | Actual/Estimated 2021 Costs ⁽³⁾ | Variance Increase / (Decrease) | Percent Variance | Category ⁽⁴⁾ | Explanation ⁽⁴⁾ |
|--------|------------|--------|-------------------------------------|--|--|---|-------------------------------------|--|--------------------------------|------------------|-------------------------|----------------------------|
| East | CANAL | 414132 | | 2021 | | 2023 | \$ - | \$ 839,200 | \$ 839,200 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Engineering Available |
| East | CANAL | 414134 | | 2021 | | 2023 | \$ - | \$ 1,091,588 | \$ 1,091,588 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Engineering Available |
| East | CANAL | 414135 | 2019 | 2020 | 2022 | 2021 | \$ 34,360 | \$ 34,356 | \$ (4) | 0% | | |
| East | CANAL | 414133 | 2019 | 2020 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 50,960 | \$ 50,954 | \$ (7) | 0% | | |
| East | CATCHMENT | 409763 | | 2019 | | 2021 | \$ - | \$ 370,390 | \$ 370,390 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Available Resource(s) |
| East | CATCHMENT | 409764 | | 2019 | | 2021 | \$ - | \$ 824,572 | \$ 824,572 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Available Resource(s) |
| East | CATCHMENT | 409761 | 2021 | 2021 | 2024 | 2024 | \$ 25,817 | \$ 25,814 | \$ (3) | 0% | | |
| East | CATCHMENT | 409765 | 2021 | 2021 | 2024 | 2025 | \$ 35,943 | \$ 35,938 | \$ (5) | 0% | | |
| East | CHAMBERS | 413832 | | 2020 | | 2022 | \$ - | \$ 1,047,068 | \$ 1,047,068 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Engineering Available |
| East | CHAMBERS | 413833 | | 2021 | | 2022 | \$ - | \$ 137,856 | \$ 137,856 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Engineering Available |
| East | CHAMBERS | 413831 | 2021 | 2021 | 2024 | 2024 | \$ 19,322 | \$ 19,320 | \$ (2) | 0% | | |
| East | CHAMBERS | 413835 | 2021 | 2021 | 2023 | 2023 | \$ 40,815 | \$ 40,809 | \$ (5) | 0% | | |
| East | CLEWISTON | 402032 | 2016 | 2017 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 6,056 | \$ 6,055 | \$ (1) | 0% | | |
| East | CLINTMOORE | 405467 | 2016 | 2019 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 17,701 | \$ 17,699 | \$ (2) | 0% | | |
| East | CLINTMOORE | 405466 | 2021 | 2021 | 2024 | 2024 | \$ 32,435 | \$ 32,431 | \$ (4) | 0% | | |
| East | COVE | 408261 | 2021 | 2021 | 2024 | 2024 | \$ 27,569 | \$ 27,565 | \$ (4) | 0% | | |
| East | COVE | 408263 | 2021 | 2021 | 2024 | 2024 | \$ 39,420 | \$ 39,415 | \$ (5) | 0% | | |
| East | COVE | 408265 | 2021 | 2021 | 2024 | 2025 | \$ 45,183 | \$ 45,177 | \$ (6) | 0% | | |
| East | CRANE | 407161 | 2021 | 2021 | 2024 | 2024 | \$ 25,377 | \$ 25,373 | \$ (3) | 0% | | |
| East | CRANE | 407167 | 2021 | 2021 | 2024 | 2024 | \$ 58,034 | \$ 58,026 | \$ (7) | 0% | | |
| East | CRANE | 407165 | 2015 | 2017 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 424,947 | \$ 424,893 | \$ (54) | 0% | | |
| East | CRANE | 407162 | 2018 | 2019 | 2023 | 2023 | \$ 481,077 | \$ 481,016 | \$ (61) | 0% | | |
| East | DATURA ST | 400232 | 2021 | 2021 | 2023 | 2024 | \$ 9,708 | \$ 9,707 | \$ (1) | 0% | | |
| East | DATURA ST | 400233 | 2021 | 2021 | 2023 | 2024 | \$ 11,860 | \$ 11,859 | \$ (2) | 0% | | |
| East | DATURA ST | 400234 | 2017 | 2019 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 36,086 | \$ 36,082 | \$ (5) | 0% | | |
| East | DATURA ST | 400240 | 2015 | 2018 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 43,202 | \$ 43,196 | \$ (6) | 0% | | |
| East | DATURA ST | 400231 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 464,548 | \$ 464,488 | \$ (59) | 0% | | |
| East | DELMAR | 406936 | | 2020 | | 2023 | \$ - | \$ 775,495 | \$ 775,495 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Permit(s) Received |
| East | DELMAR | 406935 | 2015 | 2018 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 1,863 | \$ 1,863 | \$ (0) | 0% | | |
| East | DELMAR | 406933 | 2019 | 2019 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 130,428 | \$ 130,412 | \$ (17) | 0% | | |
| East | DELMAR | 406931 | 2018 | 2019 | 2023 | 2022 | \$ 678,224 | \$ 678,137 | \$ (87) | 0% | | |
| East | DELTRAIL | 405865 | 2018 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 2,001,609 | \$ 704,045 | \$ (1,297,564) | -65% | Project_Delayed | Permit(s) Delayed |
| East | DELTRAIL | 405863 | 2014 | 2014 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 2,795 | \$ 2,795 | \$ (0) | 0% | | |
| East | DELTRAIL | 405869 | 2021 | 2021 | 2024 | 2024 | \$ 43,953 | \$ 43,947 | \$ (6) | 0% | | |
| East | EDEN | 411033 | | 2021 | | 2023 | \$ - | \$ 1,451,824 | \$ 1,451,824 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Engineering Available |
| East | EDEN | 411035 | | 2020 | | 2021 | \$ - | \$ 19,168 | \$ 19,168 | 100% | | |
| East | EDEN | 411031 | 2021 | 2021 | 2023 | 2024 | \$ 17,271 | \$ 17,269 | \$ (2) | 0% | | |
| East | FELLSMERE | 411562 | | 2020 | | 2022 | \$ - | \$ 513,659 | \$ 513,659 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Available Resource(s) |
| East | FOUNTAIN | 405635 | 2021 | 2021 | 2024 | 2024 | \$ 23,875 | \$ 23,872 | \$ (3) | 0% | | |
| East | FOUNTAIN | 405638 | 2018 | 2019 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 88,039 | \$ 88,028 | \$ (11) | 0% | | |
| East | FOUNTAIN | 405639 | 2015 | 2015 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 383,366 | \$ 383,317 | \$ (49) | 0% | | |
| East | FOUNTAIN | 405637 | 2015 | 2016 | 2022 | 2021 | \$ 748,565 | \$ 748,470 | \$ (96) | 0% | | |
| East | FT PIERCE | 401532 | | 2019 | | 2021 | \$ - | \$ 1,146,741 | \$ 1,146,741 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Available Resource(s) |
| East | FT PIERCE | 401534 | | 2020 | | 2021 | \$ - | \$ 777,674 | \$ 777,674 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Available Resource(s) |
| East | FT PIERCE | 401533 | | 2020 | | 2022 | \$ - | \$ 36,371 | \$ 36,371 | 100% | | |
| East | GATLIN | 410462 | 2021 | 2021 | 2023 | 2023 | \$ - | \$ 938,858 | \$ 938,858 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Engineering Available |
| East | GATLIN | 410463 | | 2021 | | 2022 | \$ - | \$ 1,273,317 | \$ 1,273,317 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Engineering Available |
| East | GERMANTOWN | 404832 | | 2020 | | 2022 | \$ - | \$ 1,242,973 | \$ 1,242,973 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Engineering Available |
| East | GERMANTOWN | 404834 | | 2020 | | 2022 | \$ - | \$ 1,268,140 | \$ 1,268,140 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Engineering Available |
| East | GERMANTOWN | 404836 | | 2020 | | 2022 | \$ - | \$ 1,016,925 | \$ 1,016,925 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Engineering Available |
| East | GERMANTOWN | 404838 | | 2020 | | 2023 | \$ - | \$ 882,796 | \$ 882,796 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Available Resource(s) |

| Region | Substation | Feeder | Projected Start Year ⁽¹⁾ | Actual/Estimated Start Year ⁽¹⁾ | Projected Completion Year ⁽²⁾ | Actual/Estimated Completion Year ⁽²⁾ | Projected 2021 Costs ⁽³⁾ | Actual/Estimated 2021 Costs ⁽³⁾ | Variance Increase / (Decrease) | Percent Variance | Category ⁽⁴⁾ | Explanation ⁽⁴⁾ |
|--------|------------|--------|-------------------------------------|--|--|---|-------------------------------------|--|--------------------------------|------------------|-------------------------|----------------------------|
| East | GERMANTOWN | 404840 | | 2020 | | 2022 | \$ - | \$ 888,501 | \$ 888,501 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Available Resource(s) |
| East | GERMANTOWN | 404837 | | 2017 | | 2021 | \$ - | \$ 4,784 | \$ 4,784 | 100% | | |
| East | GIFFORD | 412062 | 2021 | 2021 | 2024 | 2024 | \$ 42,301 | \$ 42,296 | \$ (5) | 0% | | |
| East | GIFFORD | 412063 | 2021 | 2021 | 2024 | 2024 | \$ 70,153 | \$ 70,144 | \$ (9) | 0% | | |
| East | GLENDALE | 407562 | 2020 | 2020 | 2023 | 2023 | \$ 3,454,574 | \$ 1,340,055 | \$ (2,114,519) | -61% | Project_Delayed | Permit(s) Delayed |
| East | GLENDALE | 407563 | | 2020 | | 2021 | \$ - | \$ 162,648 | \$ 162,648 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Program Management |
| East | GLENDALE | 407564 | | 2021 | | 2022 | \$ - | \$ 1,317,480 | \$ 1,317,480 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Available Resource(s) |
| East | GLENDALE | 407561 | 2014 | 2015 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 1,163,272 | \$ 1,163,123 | \$ (149) | 0% | | |
| East | GOLF | 404131 | | 2019 | | 2023 | \$ - | \$ 1,217,223 | \$ 1,217,223 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Available Resource(s) |
| East | GOLF | 404135 | | 2020 | | 2023 | \$ - | \$ 1,485,037 | \$ 1,485,037 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Available Resource(s) |
| East | GOLF | 404139 | | 2020 | | 2023 | \$ - | \$ 1,333,232 | \$ 1,333,232 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Available Resource(s) |
| East | GOLF | 404134 | 2018 | 2019 | 2023 | 2022 | \$ 560,636 | \$ 560,564 | \$ (72) | 0% | | |
| East | GRACEWOOD | 414031 | | 2021 | | 2023 | \$ - | \$ 1,774,247 | \$ 1,774,247 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Permit(s) Received |
| East | GRACEWOOD | 414032 | | 2021 | | 2023 | \$ - | \$ 510,142 | \$ 510,142 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Engineering Available |
| East | GRACEWOOD | 414034 | | 2021 | | 2021 | \$ - | \$ 592,559 | \$ 592,559 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Permit(s) Received |
| East | GRACEWOOD | 414035 | | 2019 | | 2023 | \$ - | \$ 484,048 | \$ 484,048 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Engineering Available |
| East | GRACEWOOD | 414033 | 2019 | 2020 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 81,372 | \$ 81,362 | \$ (10) | 0% | | |
| East | GRAMERCY | 410532 | | 2021 | | 2022 | \$ - | \$ 1,047,866 | \$ 1,047,866 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Engineering Available |
| East | GREENACRES | 401032 | 2020 | 2020 | 2023 | 2024 | \$ 2,096,505 | \$ - | \$ (2,096,505) | -100% | Project_Delayed | Prioritization Change |
| East | GREENACRES | 401033 | | 2020 | | 2023 | \$ - | \$ 1,336,007 | \$ 1,336,007 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Engineering Available |
| East | GREENACRES | 401034 | 2021 | 2021 | 2024 | 2024 | \$ 24,714 | \$ 24,710 | \$ (3) | 0% | | |
| East | GREENACRES | 401031 | 2021 | 2021 | 2024 | 2025 | \$ 34,205 | \$ 34,200 | \$ (4) | 0% | | |
| East | GREENACRES | 401035 | 2018 | 2019 | 2023 | 2021 | \$ 337,694 | \$ 337,651 | \$ (43) | 0% | | |
| East | HAMLET | 409861 | | 2020 | | 2021 | \$ - | \$ 316,013 | \$ 316,013 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Available Resource(s) |
| East | HAMLET | 409863 | 2021 | 2021 | 2023 | 2021 | \$ 16,333 | \$ 16,331 | \$ (2) | 0% | | |
| East | HILLCREST | 400432 | | 2020 | | 2022 | \$ - | \$ 1,140,561 | \$ 1,140,561 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Engineering Available |
| East | HILLCREST | 400435 | | 2020 | | 2022 | \$ - | \$ 1,763,276 | \$ 1,763,276 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Engineering Available |
| East | HILLCREST | 400431 | 2021 | 2021 | 2024 | 2024 | \$ 26,295 | \$ 26,291 | \$ (3) | 0% | | |
| East | HILLCREST | 400436 | 2018 | 2019 | 2022 | 2021 | \$ 1,204,538 | \$ 1,204,384 | \$ (154) | 0% | | |
| East | HILLS | 407332 | | 2021 | | 2023 | \$ - | \$ 1,660,409 | \$ 1,660,409 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Engineering Available |
| East | HILLS | 407334 | | 2020 | | 2023 | \$ - | \$ 1,606,749 | \$ 1,606,749 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Engineering Available |
| East | HILLS | 407335 | | 2021 | | 2022 | \$ - | \$ 1,721,591 | \$ 1,721,591 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Engineering Available |
| East | HILLS | 407333 | | 2019 | | 2021 | \$ - | \$ 14,111 | \$ 14,111 | 100% | | |
| East | HILLSBORO | 404736 | | 2020 | | 2021 | \$ - | \$ 1,026,518 | \$ 1,026,518 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Field Conditions |
| East | HILLSBORO | 404737 | | 2020 | | 2021 | \$ - | \$ 235,626 | \$ 235,626 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Available Resource(s) |
| East | HILLSBORO | 404732 | 2014 | 2018 | 2022 | 2021 | \$ 1,179,298 | \$ 1,179,147 | \$ (151) | 0% | | |
| East | HOMELAND | 408663 | | 2019 | | 2023 | \$ - | \$ 1,383,859 | \$ 1,383,859 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Permit(s) Received |
| East | HOMELAND | 408667 | 2021 | 2021 | 2024 | 2025 | \$ 11,494 | \$ 11,493 | \$ (1) | 0% | | |
| East | HOMELAND | 408665 | 2021 | 2021 | 2024 | 2025 | \$ 15,079 | \$ 15,077 | \$ (2) | 0% | | |
| East | HOMELAND | 408662 | 2021 | 2021 | 2024 | 2025 | \$ 18,013 | \$ 18,011 | \$ (2) | 0% | | |
| East | HOMELAND | 408661 | 2018 | 2019 | 2022 | 2021 | \$ 47,886 | \$ 47,880 | \$ (6) | 0% | | |
| East | IBM | 404335 | | 2020 | | 2022 | \$ - | \$ 90,351 | \$ 90,351 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Available Resource(s) |
| East | IBM | 404338 | | 2020 | | 2021 | \$ - | \$ 1,151,792 | \$ 1,151,792 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Permit(s) Received |
| East | IBM | 404334 | 2021 | 2021 | 2023 | 2025 | \$ 11,833 | \$ 11,831 | \$ (2) | 0% | | |
| East | IBM | 404336 | 2016 | 2018 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 309,767 | \$ 309,728 | \$ (39) | 0% | | |
| East | INDRIO | 407463 | | 2021 | | 2022 | \$ - | \$ 1,284,664 | \$ 1,284,664 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Permit(s) Received |
| East | INLET | 411733 | 2015 | 2016 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 22,363 | \$ 22,360 | \$ (3) | 0% | | |
| East | INLET | 411734 | 2020 | 2020 | 2022 | 2021 | \$ 1,393,688 | \$ 1,393,510 | \$ (178) | 0% | | |
| East | JENSEN | 403432 | | 2021 | | 2022 | \$ - | \$ 810,495 | \$ 810,495 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Engineering Available |
| East | JENSEN | 403436 | | 2019 | | 2021 | \$ - | \$ 3,673 | \$ 3,673 | 100% | | |
| East | JENSEN | 403437 | 2021 | 2021 | 2023 | 2024 | \$ 11,092 | \$ 11,091 | \$ (1) | 0% | | |

| Region | Substation | Feeder | Projected Start Year ⁽¹⁾ | Actual/Estimated Start Year ⁽¹⁾ | Projected Completion Year ⁽²⁾ | Actual/Estimated Completion Year ⁽²⁾ | Projected 2021 Costs ⁽³⁾ | Actual/Estimated 2021 Costs ⁽³⁾ | Variance Increase / (Decrease) | Percent Variance | Category ⁽⁴⁾ | Explanation ⁽⁴⁾ |
|--------|----------------|--------|-------------------------------------|--|--|---|-------------------------------------|--|--------------------------------|------------------|-------------------------|----------------------------|
| East | JENSEN | 403439 | 2021 | 2021 | 2024 | 2024 | \$ 23,937 | \$ 23,934 | \$ (3) | 0% | | |
| East | JENSEN | 403434 | 2021 | 2021 | 2024 | 2025 | \$ 41,282 | \$ 41,277 | \$ (5) | 0% | | |
| East | JENSEN | 403438 | 2018 | 2019 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 133,719 | \$ 133,702 | \$ (17) | 0% | | |
| East | JUNO BEACH | 402638 | 2018 | 2020 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 2,421,848 | \$ 1,114,693 | \$ (1,307,155) | -54% | Project_Delayed | Permit(s) Delayed |
| East | JUNO BEACH | 402637 | 2021 | 2021 | 2023 | 2024 | \$ 8,039 | \$ 8,038 | \$ (1) | 0% | | |
| East | JUNO BEACH | 402636 | 2021 | 2021 | 2023 | 2025 | \$ 10,303 | \$ 10,302 | \$ (1) | 0% | | |
| East | JUNO BEACH | 402632 | 2018 | 2019 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 226,655 | \$ 226,627 | \$ (29) | 0% | | |
| East | JUNO BEACH | 402635 | 2015 | 2015 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 1,490,212 | \$ 1,490,021 | \$ (190) | 0% | | |
| East | JUPITER | 401833 | | 2020 | | 2023 | \$ - | \$ 1,129,080 | \$ 1,129,080 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Available Resource(s) |
| East | JUPITER | 401837 | 2018 | 2019 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 9,149 | \$ 9,147 | \$ (2) | 0% | | |
| East | JUPITER | 401832 | 2017 | 2018 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 65,565 | \$ 65,557 | \$ (8) | 0% | | |
| East | KIMBERLY | 406862 | 2020 | 2020 | 2023 | 2024 | \$ 2,206,847 | \$ - | \$ (2,206,847) | -100% | Project_Delayed | Prioritization Change |
| East | KIMBERLY | 406865 | 2020 | 2020 | 2022 | 2024 | \$ 1,786,495 | \$ - | \$ (1,786,495) | -100% | Project_Delayed | Prioritization Change |
| East | KIMBERLY | 406861 | 2018 | 2018 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 49,842 | \$ 49,836 | \$ (6) | 0% | | |
| East | KIMBERLY | 406867 | 2018 | 2019 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 165,211 | \$ 165,190 | \$ (21) | 0% | | |
| East | KIMBERLY | 406864 | 2018 | 2018 | 2023 | 2021 | \$ 1,278,197 | \$ 1,278,034 | \$ (163) | 0% | | |
| East | LAKE IDA | 409533 | | 2020 | | 2022 | \$ - | \$ 906,290 | \$ 906,290 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Permit(s) Received |
| East | LAKE IDA | 409531 | 2017 | 2019 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 243,880 | \$ 243,849 | \$ (31) | 0% | | |
| East | LAKE PARK | 403935 | 2018 | 2020 | 2023 | 2023 | \$ 4,625,654 | \$ 1,353,278 | \$ (3,272,376) | -71% | Project_Delayed | Permit(s) Delayed |
| East | LAKE PARK | 403933 | 2021 | 2021 | 2023 | 2024 | \$ 15,262 | \$ 15,260 | \$ (2) | 0% | | |
| East | LAKE PARK | 403936 | 2021 | 2021 | 2023 | 2024 | \$ 18,694 | \$ 18,692 | \$ (2) | 0% | | |
| East | LAKE PARK | 403932 | 2021 | 2021 | 2024 | 2025 | \$ 31,312 | \$ 31,308 | \$ (4) | 0% | | |
| East | LANTANA | 402839 | | 2020 | | 2022 | \$ - | \$ 880,144 | \$ 880,144 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Permit(s) Delayed |
| East | LANTANA | 402836 | 2021 | 2021 | 2024 | 2025 | \$ 22,960 | \$ 22,957 | \$ (3) | 0% | | |
| East | LINTON | 401934 | | 2020 | | 2021 | \$ - | \$ 331,488 | \$ 331,488 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Available Resource(s) |
| East | LINTON | 401932 | 2021 | 2021 | 2023 | 2023 | \$ 8,869 | \$ 8,868 | \$ (1) | 0% | | |
| East | LINTON | 401938 | 2021 | 2021 | 2023 | 2024 | \$ 19,820 | \$ 19,817 | \$ (3) | 0% | | |
| East | LINTON | 401937 | 2021 | 2021 | 2024 | 2024 | \$ 28,574 | \$ 28,570 | \$ (4) | 0% | | |
| East | LINTON | 401931 | 2014 | 2014 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 34,005 | \$ 34,000 | \$ (5) | 0% | | |
| East | LOXAHATCHEE | 407662 | 2017 | 2019 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 3,245,226 | \$ 1,267,437 | \$ (1,977,789) | -61% | Project_Delayed | Available Resource(s) |
| East | LOXAHATCHEE | 407664 | 2020 | 2020 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 4,116,379 | \$ 651,574 | \$ (3,464,806) | -84% | Project_Delayed | Engineering Delayed |
| East | LOXAHATCHEE | 407665 | 2017 | 2017 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 71,156 | \$ 71,147 | \$ (9) | 0% | | |
| East | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 2014 | 2014 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 115,883 | \$ 115,868 | \$ (15) | 0% | | |
| East | LOXAHATCHEE | 407661 | 2016 | 2016 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 230,749 | \$ 230,720 | \$ (29) | 0% | | |
| East | MARLIN | 410361 | | 2020 | | 2023 | \$ - | \$ 857,606 | \$ 857,606 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Engineering Available |
| East | MARLIN | 410364 | 2021 | 2021 | 2024 | 2024 | \$ 29,639 | \$ 29,635 | \$ (4) | 0% | | |
| East | MARYMOUNT | 410031 | | 2020 | | 2022 | \$ - | \$ 959,480 | \$ 959,480 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Engineering Available |
| East | MARYMOUNT | 410032 | 2018 | 2019 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 81,984 | \$ 81,973 | \$ (10) | 0% | | |
| East | MILITARY TRAIL | 403031 | | 2020 | | 2023 | \$ - | \$ 1,364,731 | \$ 1,364,731 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Permit(s) Received |
| East | MILITARY TRAIL | 403032 | | 2020 | | 2022 | \$ - | \$ 724,382 | \$ 724,382 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Permit(s) Received |
| East | MILITARY TRAIL | 403037 | 2015 | 2016 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 135,197 | \$ 135,179 | \$ (17) | 0% | | |
| East | MILITARY TRAIL | 403038 | 2018 | 2019 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 156,543 | \$ 156,523 | \$ (20) | 0% | | |
| East | MILITARY TRAIL | 403035 | 2018 | 2018 | 2023 | 2022 | \$ 557,061 | \$ 556,990 | \$ (71) | 0% | | |
| East | MONET | 403735 | | 2020 | | 2023 | \$ - | \$ 1,059,353 | \$ 1,059,353 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Engineering Available |
| East | MONET | 403738 | | 2020 | | 2022 | \$ - | \$ 189,808 | \$ 189,808 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Available Resource(s) |
| East | MONTEREY | 408332 | | 2016 | | 2021 | \$ - | \$ 64,736 | \$ 64,736 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Available Resource(s) |
| East | MONTEREY | 408333 | 2015 | 2015 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 204,680 | \$ 204,654 | \$ (26) | 0% | | |
| East | MONTEREY | 408335 | 2020 | 2020 | 2022 | 2021 | \$ 691,729 | \$ 691,640 | \$ (88) | 0% | | |
| East | MORAY | 411234 | | 2020 | | 2021 | \$ - | \$ 1,069,808 | \$ 1,069,808 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Permit(s) Received |
| East | NORTHWOOD | 400331 | | 2020 | | 2023 | \$ - | \$ 987,661 | \$ 987,661 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Permit(s) Received |
| East | NORTHWOOD | 400338 | | 2017 | | 2021 | \$ - | \$ 17,605 | \$ 17,605 | 100% | | |

| Region | Substation | Feeder | Projected Start Year ⁽¹⁾ | Actual/Estimated Start Year ⁽¹⁾ | Projected Completion Year ⁽²⁾ | Actual/Estimated Completion Year ⁽²⁾ | Projected 2021 Costs ⁽³⁾ | Actual/Estimated 2021 Costs ⁽³⁾ | Variance Increase / (Decrease) | Percent Variance | Category ⁽⁴⁾ | Explanation ⁽⁴⁾ |
|--------|-------------|--------|-------------------------------------|--|--|---|-------------------------------------|--|--------------------------------|------------------|-------------------------|----------------------------|
| East | NORTHWOOD | 400333 | 2021 | 2021 | 2023 | 2024 | \$ 20,268 | \$ 20,266 | \$ (3) | 0% | | |
| East | NORTHWOOD | 400337 | 2021 | 2021 | 2024 | 2024 | \$ 36,192 | \$ 36,187 | \$ (5) | 0% | | |
| East | NORTON | 404533 | 2021 | 2021 | 2024 | 2025 | \$ 22,302 | \$ 22,300 | \$ (3) | 0% | | |
| East | OAKES | 406231 | | 2019 | | 2023 | \$ - | \$ 432,847 | \$ 432,847 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Field Conditions |
| East | OAKES | 406234 | 2021 | 2021 | 2024 | 2022 | \$ 21,083 | \$ 21,080 | \$ (3) | 0% | | |
| East | OAKES | 406237 | 2021 | 2021 | 2024 | 2024 | \$ 24,489 | \$ 24,486 | \$ (3) | 0% | | |
| East | OAKES | 406233 | 2021 | 2021 | 2024 | 2025 | \$ 25,869 | \$ 25,866 | \$ (3) | 0% | | |
| East | OAKES | 406235 | 2016 | 2019 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 144,764 | \$ 144,746 | \$ (18) | 0% | | |
| East | OKEECHOBEE | 401631 | | 2020 | | 2021 | \$ - | \$ 1,302,210 | \$ 1,302,210 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Available Resource(s) |
| East | OKEECHOBEE | 401635 | 2017 | 2019 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 657,109 | \$ 657,025 | \$ (84) | 0% | | |
| East | OLYMPIA | 401764 | 2020 | 2020 | 2023 | 2024 | \$ 7,108,528 | \$ - | \$ (7,108,528) | -100% | Project_Delayed | Permit(s) Delayed |
| East | OLYMPIA | 401761 | 2019 | 2019 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 371,388 | \$ 371,340 | \$ (47) | 0% | | |
| East | OSBORNE | 406533 | | 2019 | | 2023 | \$ - | \$ 1,424,192 | \$ 1,424,192 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Engineering Available |
| East | OSBORNE | 406534 | | 2020 | | 2022 | \$ - | \$ 770,371 | \$ 770,371 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Engineering Available |
| East | OSBORNE | 406536 | | 2020 | | 2023 | \$ - | \$ 1,238,909 | \$ 1,238,909 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Engineering Available |
| East | OSLO | 402934 | | 2019 | | 2022 | \$ - | \$ 180,727 | \$ 180,727 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Available Resource(s) |
| East | OSLO | 402935 | | 2020 | | 2022 | \$ - | \$ 648,212 | \$ 648,212 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Available Resource(s) |
| East | OSLO | 402936 | | 2020 | | 2023 | \$ - | \$ 1,004,614 | \$ 1,004,614 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Engineering Available |
| East | OTTER | 412261 | | 2021 | | 2022 | \$ - | \$ 1,369,016 | \$ 1,369,016 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Engineering Available |
| East | PAHOKEE | 400832 | 2020 | 2020 | 2023 | 2023 | \$ 4,072,158 | \$ 11,604 | \$ (4,060,554) | -100% | Project_Delayed | Engineering Delayed |
| East | PAHOKEE | 400831 | 2019 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 1,282,073 | \$ 1,281,909 | \$ (164) | 0% | | |
| East | PINEWOOD | 409962 | 2017 | 2019 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 349,362 | \$ 349,317 | \$ (45) | 0% | | |
| East | PINEWOOD | 409963 | 2017 | 2018 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 630,248 | \$ 630,168 | \$ (81) | 0% | | |
| East | PLATT | 404631 | 2020 | 2021 | 2023 | 2022 | \$ 3,312,159 | \$ 2,063,450 | \$ (1,248,709) | -38% | Project_Delayed | Permit(s) Delayed |
| East | PLATT | 404632 | 2020 | 2020 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 622,556 | \$ 622,476 | \$ (80) | 0% | | |
| East | PLAZA | 410164 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,875,805 | \$ 6,101 | \$ (1,869,704) | -100% | Project_Delayed | Available Resource(s) |
| East | PLAZA | 410162 | 2019 | 2020 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 254,312 | \$ 254,279 | \$ (32) | 0% | | |
| East | PLUMOSUS | 408962 | | 2020 | | 2022 | \$ - | \$ 981,303 | \$ 981,303 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Available Resource(s) |
| East | PLUMOSUS | 408963 | 2017 | 2019 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 135,021 | \$ 135,004 | \$ (17) | 0% | | |
| East | PORT MAYACA | 402763 | 2021 | 2021 | 2024 | 2024 | \$ 151,805 | \$ 151,786 | \$ (19) | 0% | | |
| East | PORT SEWALL | 404933 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 1,790,356 | \$ 790,743 | \$ (999,613) | -56% | Project_Delayed | Engineering Delayed |
| East | PORT SEWALL | 404934 | 2020 | 2020 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 2,030,427 | \$ 1,110,224 | \$ (920,203) | -45% | Project_Delayed | Engineering Delayed |
| East | PORT SEWALL | 404936 | 2020 | 2020 | 2023 | 2022 | \$ 2,502,430 | \$ 1,206,227 | \$ (1,296,202) | -52% | Project_Delayed | Engineering Delayed |
| East | PORT SEWALL | 404937 | | 2020 | | 2023 | \$ - | \$ 816,714 | \$ 816,714 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Available Resource(s) |
| East | PORT SEWALL | 404932 | 2019 | 2019 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 106,647 | \$ 106,633 | \$ (14) | 0% | | |
| East | PRIMAVISTA | 405531 | 2020 | 2020 | 2022 | 2024 | \$ 2,213,531 | \$ - | \$ (2,213,531) | -100% | Project_Delayed | Engineering Delayed |
| East | PRIMAVISTA | 405532 | | 2018 | | 2021 | \$ - | \$ 302,586 | \$ 302,586 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Engineering Available |
| East | PRIMAVISTA | 405533 | 2020 | 2020 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 2,217,600 | \$ 720,319 | \$ (1,497,282) | -68% | Project_Delayed | Resource(s) Delayed |
| East | PRIMAVISTA | 405536 | | 2019 | | 2021 | \$ - | \$ 47,554 | \$ 47,554 | 100% | | |
| East | PRIMAVISTA | 405535 | 2020 | 2020 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 1,424,147 | \$ 1,423,965 | \$ (182) | 0% | | |
| East | PURDY LANE | 404432 | | 2020 | | 2022 | \$ - | \$ 1,261,774 | \$ 1,261,774 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Engineering Available |
| East | PURDY LANE | 404434 | | 2019 | | 2022 | \$ - | \$ 902,981 | \$ 902,981 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Engineering Available |
| East | PURDY LANE | 404435 | | 2020 | | 2023 | \$ - | \$ 1,296,435 | \$ 1,296,435 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Engineering Available |
| East | PURDY LANE | 404438 | 2015 | 2017 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 11,690 | \$ 11,688 | \$ (1) | 0% | | |
| East | QUANTUM | 407932 | | 2016 | | 2021 | \$ - | \$ 116,134 | \$ 116,134 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Available Resource(s) |
| East | QUANTUM | 407935 | | 2021 | | 2022 | \$ - | \$ 668,206 | \$ 668,206 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Engineering Available |
| East | QUANTUM | 407936 | 2021 | 2021 | 2024 | 2024 | \$ 35,480 | \$ 35,475 | \$ (5) | 0% | | |
| East | RAINBERRY | 409633 | | 2021 | | 2022 | \$ - | \$ 778,178 | \$ 778,178 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Engineering Available |
| East | RIO | 407031 | | 2021 | | 2023 | \$ - | \$ 1,046,078 | \$ 1,046,078 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Engineering Available |
| East | RIO | 407034 | | 2020 | | 2021 | \$ - | \$ 303,796 | \$ 303,796 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Available Resource(s) |
| East | RIO | 407035 | | 2020 | | 2021 | \$ - | \$ 37,390 | \$ 37,390 | 100% | | |

| Region | Substation | Feeder | Projected Start Year ⁽¹⁾ | Actual/Estimated Start Year ⁽¹⁾ | Projected Completion Year ⁽²⁾ | Actual/Estimated Completion Year ⁽²⁾ | Projected 2021 Costs ⁽³⁾ | Actual/Estimated 2021 Costs ⁽³⁾ | Variance Increase / (Decrease) | Percent Variance | Category ⁽⁴⁾ | Explanation ⁽⁴⁾ |
|--------|---------------|--------|-------------------------------------|--|--|---|-------------------------------------|--|--------------------------------|------------------|-------------------------|----------------------------|
| East | RIO | 407036 | 2019 | 2020 | 2022 | 2021 | \$ 609,748 | \$ 609,670 | \$ (78) | 0% | | |
| East | RIO | 407033 | 2019 | 2020 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 706,331 | \$ 706,241 | \$ (90) | 0% | | |
| East | ROEBUCK | 406337 | | 2020 | | 2023 | \$ - | \$ 1,713,511 | \$ 1,713,511 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Engineering Available |
| East | ROEBUCK | 406331 | 2016 | 2019 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 3,050 | \$ 3,049 | \$ (0) | 0% | | |
| East | ROEBUCK | 406335 | 2016 | 2018 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 3,050 | \$ 3,049 | \$ (0) | 0% | | |
| East | ROEBUCK | 406333 | 2018 | 2019 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 45,235 | \$ 45,229 | \$ (6) | 0% | | |
| East | ROSEDALE | 410762 | 2018 | 2018 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 18,048 | \$ 18,046 | \$ (2) | 0% | | |
| East | ROSEDALE | 410763 | 2021 | 2021 | 2024 | 2024 | \$ 56,478 | \$ 56,471 | \$ (7) | 0% | | |
| East | ROSEDALE | 410761 | 2018 | 2019 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 83,677 | \$ 83,666 | \$ (11) | 0% | | |
| East | ROSS | 408165 | | 2020 | | 2023 | \$ - | \$ 1,272,152 | \$ 1,272,152 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Engineering Available |
| East | ROSS | 408168 | 2020 | 2020 | 2023 | 2022 | \$ 2,693,288 | \$ 1,182,381 | \$ (1,510,907) | -56% | Project_Delayed | Engineering Delayed |
| East | ROSS | 408169 | | 2020 | | 2022 | \$ - | \$ 9,602 | \$ 9,602 | 100% | | |
| East | ROSS | 408163 | 2020 | 2020 | 2022 | 2024 | \$ 1,528,941 | \$ 1,528,746 | \$ (195) | 0% | | |
| East | RUNWAY | 413737 | | 2021 | | 2022 | \$ - | \$ 444,828 | \$ 444,828 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Engineering Available |
| East | RYDER | 410661 | 2020 | 2020 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 2,116,995 | \$ 422,683 | \$ (1,694,313) | -80% | Project_Delayed | Engineering Delayed |
| East | SABAL | 408762 | | 2021 | | 2023 | \$ - | \$ 1,068,210 | \$ 1,068,210 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Engineering Available |
| East | SABAL | 408766 | 2021 | 2021 | 2023 | 2024 | \$ 6,183 | \$ 6,182 | \$ (1) | 0% | | |
| East | SANDALFOOT | 405035 | 2020 | 2020 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 1,786,495 | \$ 860,727 | \$ (925,769) | -52% | Project_Delayed | Engineering Delayed |
| East | SANDALFOOT | 405036 | 2020 | 2020 | 2023 | 2024 | \$ 1,907,346 | \$ - | \$ (1,907,346) | -100% | Project_Delayed | Engineering Delayed |
| East | SANDALFOOT | 405038 | | 2020 | | 2021 | \$ - | \$ 762,520 | \$ 762,520 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Engineering Available |
| East | SANDALFOOT | 405034 | 2020 | 2020 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 1,261,055 | \$ 1,260,894 | \$ (161) | 0% | | |
| East | SAVANNAH | 406435 | | 2021 | | 2022 | \$ - | \$ 1,327,286 | \$ 1,327,286 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Engineering Available |
| East | SAVANNAH | 406434 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 1,461,063 | \$ 1,460,876 | \$ (187) | 0% | | |
| East | SEBASTIAN | 405761 | | 2020 | | 2021 | \$ - | \$ 249,618 | \$ 249,618 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Available Resource(s) |
| East | SEBASTIAN | 405764 | 2019 | 2019 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 83,677 | \$ 83,666 | \$ (11) | 0% | | |
| East | SHERMAN | 406063 | 2015 | 2016 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 1,781,414 | \$ 487,269 | \$ (1,294,145) | -73% | Project_Delayed | Available Resource(s) |
| East | SHERMAN | 406064 | 2020 | 2020 | 2023 | 2024 | \$ 3,023,260 | \$ - | \$ (3,023,260) | -100% | Project_Delayed | Prioritization Change |
| East | SHERMAN | 406062 | 2013 | 2015 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 182,530 | \$ 182,507 | \$ (23) | 0% | | |
| East | SKYPASS | 409436 | | 2021 | | 2021 | \$ - | \$ 179,567 | \$ 179,567 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Engineering Available |
| East | SOUTH BAY | 403634 | | 2021 | | 2022 | \$ - | \$ 1,360,729 | \$ 1,360,729 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Engineering Available |
| East | SOUTH BAY | 403632 | | 2019 | | 2021 | \$ - | \$ 21,792 | \$ 21,792 | 100% | | |
| East | SOUTH BAY | 403631 | 2021 | 2021 | 2024 | 2024 | \$ 77,963 | \$ 77,953 | \$ (10) | 0% | | |
| East | SOUTHFORK | 410862 | | 2019 | | 2021 | \$ - | \$ 50,721 | \$ 50,721 | 100% | | |
| East | SOUTHFORK | 410861 | 2016 | 2017 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 67,680 | \$ 67,671 | \$ (9) | 0% | | |
| East | SPANISH LAKES | 412431 | | 2020 | | 2021 | \$ - | \$ 788,202 | \$ 788,202 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Available Resource(s) |
| East | SPANISH LAKES | 412432 | | 2020 | | 2023 | \$ - | \$ 1,262,628 | \$ 1,262,628 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Available Resource(s) |
| East | SQUARE LAKE | 407734 | 2020 | 2020 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 1,940,579 | \$ 1,186,534 | \$ (754,045) | -39% | Project_Delayed | Engineering Delayed |
| East | SQUARE LAKE | 407735 | 2018 | 2019 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 42,185 | \$ 42,180 | \$ (5) | 0% | | |
| East | SQUARE LAKE | 407731 | 2018 | 2019 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 87,420 | \$ 87,409 | \$ (11) | 0% | | |
| East | SQUARE LAKE | 407732 | 2018 | 2019 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 416,652 | \$ 416,599 | \$ (53) | 0% | | |
| East | STUART | 401132 | | 2020 | | 2022 | \$ - | \$ 830,637 | \$ 830,637 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Engineering Available |
| East | SWEATT | 409361 | | 2017 | | 2021 | \$ - | \$ 51,903 | \$ 51,903 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Available Resource(s) |
| East | SWEATT | 409363 | 2017 | 2018 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 7,383 | \$ 7,382 | \$ (1) | 0% | | |
| East | TARTAN | 407862 | 2016 | 2018 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 27,017 | \$ 27,014 | \$ (3) | 0% | | |
| East | TERMINAL | 402133 | | 2021 | | 2022 | \$ - | \$ 2,214,916 | \$ 2,214,916 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Engineering Available |
| East | TERMINAL | 402137 | 2014 | 2014 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 197,712 | \$ 197,687 | \$ (25) | 0% | | |
| East | TERMINAL | 402134 | 2018 | 2019 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 1,211,800 | \$ 1,211,645 | \$ (155) | 0% | | |
| East | TESORO | 411962 | | 2020 | | 2022 | \$ - | \$ 225,035 | \$ 225,035 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Available Resource(s) |
| East | TESORO | 411961 | 2016 | 2017 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 447,507 | \$ 447,450 | \$ (57) | 0% | | |
| East | TULIP | 413931 | | 2020 | | 2021 | \$ - | \$ 779,450 | \$ 779,450 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Available Resource(s) |
| East | TULIP | 413933 | | 2021 | | 2021 | \$ - | \$ 236,720 | \$ 236,720 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Engineering Available |

| Region | Substation | Feeder | Projected Start Year ⁽¹⁾ | Actual/Estimated Start Year ⁽¹⁾ | Projected Completion Year ⁽²⁾ | Actual/Estimated Completion Year ⁽²⁾ | Projected 2021 Costs ⁽³⁾ | Actual/Estimated 2021 Costs ⁽³⁾ | Variance Increase / (Decrease) | Percent Variance | Category ⁽⁴⁾ | Explanation ⁽⁴⁾ |
|--------|----------------|--------|-------------------------------------|--|--|---|-------------------------------------|--|--------------------------------|------------------|-------------------------|----------------------------|
| East | TURNPIKE | 406164 | | 2020 | | 2022 | \$ - | \$ 1,337,544 | \$ 1,337,544 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Available Resource(s) |
| East | TURNPIKE | 406167 | | 2020 | | 2022 | \$ - | \$ 641,637 | \$ 641,637 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Available Resource(s) |
| East | TURNPIKE | 406166 | 2016 | 2016 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 7,383 | \$ 7,382 | \$ (1) | 0% | | |
| East | VERO | 413432 | | 2020 | | 2024 | \$ - | \$ 234,534 | \$ 234,534 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Engineering Available |
| East | VIOLET | 413534 | | 2021 | | 2021 | \$ - | \$ 742,295 | \$ 742,295 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Engineering Available |
| East | WABASSO | 400663 | | 2013 | | 2021 | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | 100% | | |
| East | WABASSO | 400662 | 2020 | 2020 | 2023 | 2022 | \$ 3,556,298 | \$ 1,550,784 | \$ (2,005,515) | -56% | Project_Delayed | Prioritization Change |
| East | WABASSO | 400665 | | 2020 | | 2021 | \$ - | \$ 330,963 | \$ 330,963 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Available Resource(s) |
| East | WABASSO | 400661 | 2016 | 2019 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 13,536 | \$ 13,534 | \$ (2) | 0% | | |
| East | WEST PALM BEAC | 400138 | 2020 | 2020 | 2022 | 2021 | \$ 716 | \$ 716 | \$ (0) | 0% | | |
| East | WEST PALM BEAC | 400135 | 2015 | 2015 | 2022 | 2021 | \$ 25,636 | \$ 25,633 | \$ (3) | 0% | | |
| East | WESTWARD | 404033 | | 2021 | | 2022 | \$ - | \$ 1,273,925 | \$ 1,273,925 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Engineering Available |
| East | WESTWARD | 404040 | 2021 | 2021 | 2023 | 2024 | \$ 19,078 | \$ 19,076 | \$ (2) | 0% | | |
| East | WESTWARD | 404034 | 2018 | 2019 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 218,138 | \$ 218,111 | \$ (28) | 0% | | |
| East | WHEELER | 413232 | 2016 | 2016 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 8,385 | \$ 8,384 | \$ (1) | 0% | | |
| East | WHITE CITY | 401431 | | 2019 | | 2022 | \$ - | \$ 53,591 | \$ 53,591 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Available Resource(s) |
| East | WHITE CITY | 401432 | 2021 | 2021 | 2024 | 2024 | \$ 40,477 | \$ 40,472 | \$ (5) | 0% | | |
| East | WHITE CITY | 401433 | 2021 | 2021 | 2024 | 2024 | \$ 55,138 | \$ 55,131 | \$ (7) | 0% | | |
| East | WHITE CITY | 401434 | 2021 | 2021 | 2024 | 2024 | \$ 96,175 | \$ 96,163 | \$ (12) | 0% | | |
| North | APOLLO | 210532 | 2018 | 2019 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 801,274 | \$ 801,172 | \$ (102) | 0% | | |
| North | AURORA | 202534 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 857,177 | \$ 857,067 | \$ (110) | 0% | | |
| North | AURORA | 202533 | 2019 | 2020 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 1,021,353 | \$ 1,021,223 | \$ (130) | 0% | | |
| North | AURORA | 202537 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 1,500,060 | \$ 1,499,868 | \$ (192) | 0% | | |
| North | BABCOCK | 204261 | | 2021 | | 2022 | \$ - | \$ 1,629,180 | \$ 1,629,180 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Permit(s) Received |
| North | BABCOCK | 204265 | 2018 | 2019 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 166,519 | \$ 166,498 | \$ (21) | 0% | | |
| North | BARNA | 206932 | | 2021 | | 2022 | \$ - | \$ 907,205 | \$ 907,205 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Permit(s) Received |
| North | CELERY | 200262 | 2021 | 2021 | 2023 | 2024 | \$ 38,608 | \$ 38,603 | \$ (5) | 0% | | |
| North | CELERY | 200261 | 2021 | 2021 | 2024 | 2024 | \$ 62,426 | \$ 62,418 | \$ (8) | 0% | | |
| North | CELERY | 200263 | 2018 | 2018 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 128,156 | \$ 128,140 | \$ (16) | 0% | | |
| North | CHULUOTA | 207263 | 2019 | 2019 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 178,365 | \$ 178,342 | \$ (23) | 0% | | |
| North | CHULUOTA | 207261 | 2019 | 2020 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 1,357,075 | \$ 1,356,902 | \$ (173) | 0% | | |
| North | CITY POINT | 201531 | 2021 | 2021 | 2024 | 2024 | \$ 59,719 | \$ 59,711 | \$ (8) | 0% | | |
| North | CLEARLAKE | 202833 | | 2018 | | 2021 | \$ - | \$ 415,709 | \$ 415,709 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Permit(s) Received |
| North | CLEARLAKE | 202831 | 2021 | 2021 | 2024 | 2024 | \$ 24,760 | \$ 24,757 | \$ (3) | 0% | | |
| North | COCOA | 200433 | 2018 | 2018 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 9,912 | \$ 9,911 | \$ (1) | 0% | | |
| North | COCOA BEACH | 200732 | | 2020 | | 2021 | \$ - | \$ 629,910 | \$ 629,910 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Permit(s) Received |
| North | COCOA BEACH | 200731 | 2021 | 2021 | 2023 | 2024 | \$ 17,016 | \$ 17,014 | \$ (2) | 0% | | |
| North | COLLEGE | 204631 | | 2021 | | 2023 | \$ - | \$ 1,113,295 | \$ 1,113,295 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Permit(s) Received |
| North | COLLEGE | 204632 | 2021 | 2021 | 2024 | 2024 | \$ 32,991 | \$ 32,986 | \$ (4) | 0% | | |
| North | COLUMBIA | 301139 | | 2019 | | 2021 | \$ - | \$ 86,286 | \$ 86,286 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Permit(s) Received |
| North | COLUMBIA | 301137 | 2018 | 2018 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 140,798 | \$ 140,780 | \$ (18) | 0% | | |
| North | COLUMBIA | 301133 | 2018 | 2018 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 288,923 | \$ 288,886 | \$ (37) | 0% | | |
| North | COLUMBIA | 301136 | 2018 | 2020 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 332,935 | \$ 332,893 | \$ (43) | 0% | | |
| North | COLUMBIA | 301131 | 2020 | 2019 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 630,580 | \$ 630,499 | \$ (81) | 0% | | |
| North | COMO | 105133 | 2021 | 2021 | 2024 | 2024 | \$ 99,290 | \$ 99,277 | \$ (13) | 0% | | |
| North | COMO | 105131 | 2019 | 2020 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 632,065 | \$ 631,985 | \$ (81) | 0% | | |
| North | COQUINA | 106661 | 2020 | 2020 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 1,853,871 | \$ 949,489 | \$ (904,382) | -49% | Project_Delayed | Resource(s) Delayed |
| North | COQUINA | 106662 | 2020 | 2020 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 2,081,743 | \$ 583,829 | \$ (1,497,914) | -72% | Project_Delayed | Resource(s) Delayed |
| North | COURTENAY | 201936 | 2017 | 2019 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 108,237 | \$ 118,955 | \$ 10,717 | 10% | | |
| North | COURTENAY | 201934 | 2019 | 2019 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 2,108,655 | \$ 891,588 | \$ (1,217,067) | -58% | Project_Delayed | Resource(s) Delayed |
| North | COURTENAY | 201932 | 2018 | 2018 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 251,761 | \$ 251,729 | \$ (32) | 0% | | |

| Region | Substation | Feeder | Projected Start Year ⁽¹⁾ | Actual/Estimated Start Year ⁽¹⁾ | Projected Completion Year ⁽²⁾ | Actual/Estimated Completion Year ⁽²⁾ | Projected 2021 Costs ⁽³⁾ | Actual/Estimated 2021 Costs ⁽³⁾ | Variance Increase / (Decrease) | Percent Variance | Category ⁽⁴⁾ | Explanation ⁽⁴⁾ |
|--------|------------------|--------|-------------------------------------|--|--|---|-------------------------------------|--|--------------------------------|------------------|-------------------------|----------------------------|
| North | COURTENAY | 201935 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,598,635 | \$ 1,598,431 | \$ (204) | 0% | | |
| North | COX | 207064 | | 2020 | | 2022 | \$ - | \$ 1,072,043 | \$ 1,072,043 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Permit(s) Received |
| North | CRESCENT CITY | 100631 | 2021 | 2021 | 2024 | 2024 | \$ 53,786 | \$ 53,779 | \$ (7) | 0% | | |
| North | DAIRY | 205531 | 2020 | 2020 | 2022 | 2021 | \$ 591,452 | \$ 591,376 | \$ (76) | 0% | | |
| North | DAYTONA BEACH | 100138 | 2019 | 2019 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 11,587 | \$ 11,585 | \$ (2) | 0% | | |
| North | DAYTONA BEACH | 100134 | 2017 | 2018 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 39,676 | \$ 39,671 | \$ (5) | 0% | | |
| North | DAYTONA BEACH | 100133 | 2014 | 2018 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 2,809 | \$ 2,809 | \$ (0) | 0% | | |
| North | DAYTONA BEACH | 100137 | 2019 | 2020 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 1,176,008 | \$ 1,175,858 | \$ (150) | 0% | | |
| North | DELAND | 102131 | 2016 | 2017 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 20,716 | \$ 20,713 | \$ (3) | 0% | | |
| North | DELTONA | 204064 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 1,981,325 | \$ 905,436 | \$ (1,075,889) | -54% | Project_Delayed | Resource(s) Delayed |
| North | DERBY | 210132 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 416,419 | \$ 416,366 | \$ (53) | 0% | | |
| North | DERBY | 210131 | 2019 | 2019 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,081,425 | \$ 1,081,287 | \$ (138) | 0% | | |
| North | DURBIN | 108962 | 2019 | 2019 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 2,202,050 | \$ 1,458,064 | \$ (743,986) | -34% | Project_Delayed | Resource(s) Delayed |
| North | EAGLE | 102961 | | 2020 | | 2022 | \$ - | \$ 1,601,637 | \$ 1,601,637 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Permit(s) Received |
| North | EAU GALLIE | 201032 | | 2021 | | 2022 | \$ - | \$ 757,589 | \$ 757,589 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Permit(s) Received |
| North | EAU GALLIE | 201035 | 2019 | 2020 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 989,148 | \$ 989,021 | \$ (126) | 0% | | |
| North | EDGEWATER | 101938 | 2020 | 2020 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 1,286,123 | \$ 1,285,959 | \$ (164) | 0% | | |
| North | ELKTON | 105831 | | 2020 | | 2023 | \$ - | \$ 528,889 | \$ 528,889 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Permit(s) Received |
| North | FLAGLER BEACH | 101461 | 2021 | 2021 | 2024 | 2024 | \$ 64,466 | \$ 64,458 | \$ (8) | 0% | | |
| North | FLAGLER BEACH | 101464 | | 2019 | | 2023 | \$ - | \$ 613,084 | \$ 613,084 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Permit(s) Received |
| North | FLEMING | 102433 | 2019 | 2020 | 2022 | 2021 | \$ 940,257 | \$ 940,137 | \$ (120) | 0% | | |
| North | FLEMING | 102432 | 2020 | 2020 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 1,660,760 | \$ 1,660,547 | \$ (212) | 0% | | |
| North | FLEMING | 102434 | 2015 | 2018 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 84,969 | \$ 84,958 | \$ (11) | 0% | | |
| North | FOREST GROVE | 106863 | 2020 | 2020 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 1,120,047 | \$ 1,119,904 | \$ (143) | 0% | | |
| North | FOREST GROVE | 106861 | 2020 | 2020 | 2022 | 2021 | \$ 2,417,757 | \$ 43,951 | \$ (2,373,806) | -98% | Project_Acceleration | Prioritization Change |
| North | FRONTENAC | 203031 | | 2020 | | 2022 | \$ - | \$ 785,890 | \$ 785,890 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Permit(s) Received |
| North | FRONTENAC | 203035 | | 2020 | | 2021 | \$ - | \$ 201,737 | \$ 201,737 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Permit(s) Received |
| North | GATOR | 108362 | 2018 | 2019 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 75,387 | \$ 75,378 | \$ (9) | 0% | | |
| North | GATOR | 108363 | 2019 | 2019 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,950,212 | \$ 1,391,662 | \$ (558,549) | -29% | Project_Delayed | Resource(s) Delayed |
| North | GENERAL ELECTRIC | 101535 | | 2019 | | 2021 | \$ - | \$ 8,088 | \$ 8,088 | 100% | | |
| North | GENERAL ELECTRIC | 101540 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 162,438 | \$ 162,418 | \$ (20) | 0% | | |
| North | GENEVA | 205361 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 3,812,023 | \$ 2,105,716 | \$ (1,706,307) | -45% | Project_Delayed | Resource(s) Delayed |
| North | GENEVA | 205362 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 3,000,954 | \$ 1,049,873 | \$ (1,951,081) | -65% | Project_Delayed | Resource(s) Delayed |
| North | GERONA | 106235 | 2021 | 2021 | 2024 | 2024 | \$ 47,268 | \$ 47,262 | \$ (6) | 0% | | |
| North | GRANDVIEW | 201432 | 2020 | 2020 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 1,622,137 | \$ 1,621,930 | \$ (207) | 0% | | |
| North | GRANDVIEW | 201431 | | 2021 | | 2023 | \$ - | \$ 1,174,860 | \$ 1,174,860 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Permit(s) Received |
| North | GRANDVIEW | 201435 | 2020 | 2020 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 1,811,387 | \$ 1,172,909 | \$ (638,478) | -35% | Project_Delayed | Resource(s) Delayed |
| North | GRANT | 208763 | 2021 | 2021 | 2024 | 2024 | \$ 61,256 | \$ 61,248 | \$ (8) | 0% | | |
| North | GRANT | 208762 | 2014 | 2017 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 114,185 | \$ 114,170 | \$ (15) | 0% | | |
| North | GRANT | 208761 | | 2020 | | 2022 | \$ - | \$ 1,042,425 | \$ 1,042,425 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Permit(s) Received |
| North | HARRIS | 203635 | 2018 | 2018 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 56,299 | \$ 56,292 | \$ (7) | 0% | | |
| North | HARRIS | 203638 | 2015 | 2015 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 75,727 | \$ 75,717 | \$ (10) | 0% | | |
| North | HARRIS | 203631 | 2020 | 2020 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 2,057,225 | \$ 1,466,351 | \$ (590,874) | -29% | Project_Delayed | Resource(s) Delayed |
| North | HARRIS | 203637 | 2020 | 2020 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 1,714,354 | \$ 1,168,902 | \$ (545,452) | -32% | Project_Delayed | Resource(s) Delayed |
| North | HASTINGS | 100331 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 3,467,384 | \$ 601,135 | \$ (2,866,249) | -83% | Project_Delayed | Prioritization Change |
| North | HASTINGS | 100332 | 2020 | 2020 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 2,042,348 | \$ 1,000,932 | \$ (1,041,416) | -51% | Project_Delayed | Resource(s) Delayed |
| North | HASTINGS | 100333 | 2019 | 2019 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,864,218 | \$ 1,216,481 | \$ (647,737) | -35% | Project_Delayed | Resource(s) Delayed |
| North | HIBISCUS | 203541 | 2018 | 2019 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 27,753 | \$ 27,750 | \$ (3) | 0% | | |
| North | HIBISCUS | 203537 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 232,334 | \$ 232,304 | \$ (30) | 0% | | |
| North | HIBISCUS | 203532 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 416,071 | \$ 416,018 | \$ (53) | 0% | | |
| North | HIBISCUS | 203531 | 2019 | 2019 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 715,872 | \$ 715,780 | \$ (92) | 0% | | |

| Region | Substation | Feeder | Projected Start Year ⁽¹⁾ | Actual/Estimated Start Year ⁽¹⁾ | Projected Completion Year ⁽²⁾ | Actual/Estimated Completion Year ⁽²⁾ | Projected 2021 Costs ⁽³⁾ | Actual/Estimated 2021 Costs ⁽³⁾ | Variance Increase / (Decrease) | Percent Variance | Category ⁽⁴⁾ | Explanation ⁽⁴⁾ |
|--------|---------------|--------|-------------------------------------|--|--|---|-------------------------------------|--|--------------------------------|------------------|-------------------------|----------------------------|
| North | HIBISCUS | 203533 | | 2020 | | 2021 | \$ - | \$ 669,055 | \$ 669,055 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Permit(s) Received |
| North | HIELD | 208161 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 1,705,782 | \$ 980,802 | \$ (724,980) | -43% | Project_Delayed | Resource(s) Delayed |
| North | HIELD | 208163 | | 2020 | | 2021 | \$ - | \$ 254,096 | \$ 254,096 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Permit(s) Received |
| North | HIELD | 208164 | 2020 | 2020 | 2023 | 2022 | \$ 4,114,449 | \$ 867,612 | \$ (3,246,838) | -79% | Project_Delayed | Prioritization Change |
| North | HIELD | 208167 | | 2020 | | 2022 | \$ - | \$ 1,044,927 | \$ 1,044,927 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Permit(s) Received |
| North | HOLLAND PARK | 202632 | 2019 | 2019 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 701,759 | \$ 701,669 | \$ (90) | 0% | | |
| North | HOLLY HILL | 101034 | | 2020 | | 2021 | \$ - | \$ 18,286 | \$ 18,286 | 100% | | |
| North | HOLLY HILL | 101032 | 2014 | 2015 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 27,738 | \$ 27,734 | \$ (4) | 0% | | |
| North | HOLLY HILL | 101035 | 2017 | 2019 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 33,005 | \$ 33,000 | \$ (4) | 0% | | |
| North | HOLLY HILL | 101033 | 2020 | 2020 | 2022 | 2021 | \$ 1,382,679 | \$ 1,382,502 | \$ (177) | 0% | | |
| North | INDIALANTIC | 203233 | 2019 | 2019 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 246,210 | \$ 246,179 | \$ (31) | 0% | | |
| North | INDIALANTIC | 203232 | 2018 | 2020 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 770,349 | \$ 770,251 | \$ (98) | 0% | | |
| North | INDIAN HARBOR | 202033 | 2018 | 2019 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 654,975 | \$ 654,891 | \$ (84) | 0% | | |
| North | INDIAN RIVER | 202134 | 2014 | 2017 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 18,634 | \$ 18,632 | \$ (2) | 0% | | |
| North | INDIAN RIVER | 202135 | 2018 | 2018 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 209,735 | \$ 209,708 | \$ (27) | 0% | | |
| North | INDIAN RIVER | 202133 | 2018 | 2019 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 1,135,898 | \$ 1,135,753 | \$ (145) | 0% | | |
| North | INDIAN RIVER | 202131 | | 2021 | | 2022 | \$ - | \$ 982,852 | \$ 982,852 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Permit(s) Received |
| North | INTERLACHEN | 102732 | 2021 | 2021 | 2024 | 2024 | \$ 78,459 | \$ 78,449 | \$ (10) | 0% | | |
| North | KACIE | 104732 | 2018 | 2019 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 72,416 | \$ 72,407 | \$ (9) | 0% | | |
| North | KACIE | 104733 | 2018 | 2019 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 163,773 | \$ 163,752 | \$ (21) | 0% | | |
| North | LEWIS | 102636 | 2019 | 2019 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 369,397 | \$ 369,349 | \$ (47) | 0% | | |
| North | LEWIS | 102633 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 430,700 | \$ 430,645 | \$ (55) | 0% | | |
| North | LPGA | 108262 | 2019 | 2019 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 759,104 | \$ 759,007 | \$ (97) | 0% | | |
| North | MADISON | 102235 | 2018 | 2019 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 90,938 | \$ 90,926 | \$ (12) | 0% | | |
| North | MADISON | 102232 | 2020 | 2020 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 617,957 | \$ 617,878 | \$ (79) | 0% | | |
| North | MADISON | 102234 | 2019 | 2020 | 2022 | 2021 | \$ 913,535 | \$ 913,418 | \$ (117) | 0% | | |
| North | MADISON | 102231 | 2019 | 2020 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 977,049 | \$ 976,924 | \$ (125) | 0% | | |
| North | MATANZAS | 102534 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 1,225,409 | \$ 1,225,252 | \$ (157) | 0% | | |
| North | MATANZAS | 102531 | 2018 | 2018 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 56,819 | \$ 57,093 | \$ 274 | 0% | | |
| North | MATANZAS | 102533 | 2020 | 2020 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 1,904,144 | \$ 1,756,122 | \$ (148,021) | -8% | | |
| North | MCDONNELL | 203935 | | 2018 | | 2021 | \$ - | \$ 27,975 | \$ 27,975 | 100% | | |
| North | MCDONNELL | 203931 | 2020 | 2021 | 2023 | 2022 | \$ 4,225,882 | \$ 1,929,143 | \$ (2,296,739) | -54% | Project_Delayed | Prioritization Change |
| North | MCDONNELL | 203933 | 2020 | 2020 | 2023 | 2022 | \$ 3,471,566 | \$ 1,560,254 | \$ (1,911,313) | -55% | Project_Delayed | Resource(s) Delayed |
| North | MCMEEKIN | 100532 | 2019 | 2020 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 772,377 | \$ 772,278 | \$ (99) | 0% | | |
| North | MCMEEKIN | 100531 | 2019 | 2019 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 2,202,050 | \$ 858,385 | \$ (1,343,665) | -61% | Project_Delayed | Resource(s) Delayed |
| North | MELBOURNE | 200531 | 2019 | 2019 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 282,509 | \$ 282,473 | \$ (36) | 0% | | |
| North | MELBOURNE | 200533 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 771,459 | \$ 771,361 | \$ (99) | 0% | | |
| North | MELBOURNE | 200536 | 2020 | 2020 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 1,782,928 | \$ 1,149,996 | \$ (632,932) | -35% | Project_Delayed | Resource(s) Delayed |
| North | MILLS | 308062 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2024 | \$ 95,544 | \$ 95,531 | \$ (12) | 0% | | |
| North | MILLS | 308063 | | 2020 | | 2022 | \$ - | \$ 2,310,717 | \$ 2,310,717 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Permit(s) Received |
| North | MILLS | 308064 | | 2021 | | 2022 | \$ - | \$ 1,506,764 | \$ 1,506,764 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Permit(s) Received |
| North | MIMS | 202234 | 2019 | 2019 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 969,776 | \$ 969,652 | \$ (124) | 0% | | |
| North | MIMS | 202232 | | 2020 | | 2022 | \$ - | \$ 490,269 | \$ 490,269 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Permit(s) Received |
| North | MIMS | 202233 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 2,545,815 | \$ 1,020,302 | \$ (1,525,513) | -60% | Project_Delayed | Resource(s) Delayed |
| North | MOULTRIE | 104934 | 2018 | 2018 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 422,243 | \$ 422,190 | \$ (54) | 0% | | |
| North | NOVA | 104432 | | 2020 | | 2021 | \$ - | \$ 60,260 | \$ 60,260 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Permit(s) Received |
| North | ONEIL | 307761 | 2017 | 2019 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 348,289 | \$ 348,245 | \$ (45) | 0% | | |
| North | ONEIL | 307762 | 2019 | 2020 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 896,790 | \$ 896,676 | \$ (115) | 0% | | |
| North | ORANGEDALE | 101864 | | 2019 | | 2021 | \$ - | \$ 1,964 | \$ 1,964 | 100% | | |
| North | ORANGEDALE | 101863 | 2018 | 2019 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 1,515,175 | \$ 1,514,981 | \$ (194) | 0% | | |
| North | ORANGEDALE | 101862 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 1,729,085 | \$ 44,307 | \$ (1,684,778) | -97% | Project_Delayed | Prioritization Change |

| Region | Substation | Feeder | Projected Start Year ⁽¹⁾ | Actual/Estimated Start Year ⁽¹⁾ | Projected Completion Year ⁽²⁾ | Actual/Estimated Completion Year ⁽²⁾ | Projected 2021 Costs ⁽³⁾ | Actual/Estimated 2021 Costs ⁽³⁾ | Variance Increase / (Decrease) | Percent Variance | Category ⁽⁴⁾ | Explanation ⁽⁴⁾ |
|--------|---------------|--------|-------------------------------------|--|--|---|-------------------------------------|--|--------------------------------|------------------|-------------------------|----------------------------|
| North | ORANGEDALE | 101865 | | 2020 | | 2021 | \$ - | \$ 73,335 | \$ 73,335 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Permit(s) Received |
| North | ORMOND | 101132 | 2020 | 2020 | 2022 | 2021 | \$ 733,824 | \$ 733,730 | \$ (94) | 0% | | |
| North | ORMOND | 101133 | | | 2021 | 2022 | \$ - | \$ 796,442 | \$ 796,442 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Permit(s) Received |
| North | ORMOND | 101134 | 2020 | 2020 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 1,892,494 | \$ 1,117,898 | \$ (774,596) | -41% | Project_Delayed | Resource(s) Delayed |
| North | OSTEEN | 207861 | 2021 | 2021 | 2024 | 2024 | \$ 61,534 | \$ 61,526 | \$ (8) | 0% | | |
| North | OSTEEN | 207863 | 2020 | 2020 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 432,570 | \$ 432,515 | \$ (55) | 0% | | |
| North | PALATKA | 100433 | 2018 | 2020 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 315,593 | \$ 315,553 | \$ (40) | 0% | | |
| North | PALATKA | 100431 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,535,600 | \$ 1,535,404 | \$ (196) | 0% | | |
| North | PALATKA | 100434 | 2019 | 2019 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,597,024 | \$ 1,596,820 | \$ (204) | 0% | | |
| North | PALATKA | 100435 | 2019 | 2019 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 3,395,031 | \$ 80,253 | \$ (3,314,778) | -98% | Project_Acceleration | Permit(s) Received |
| North | PALM BAY | 201638 | 2017 | 2019 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 164,537 | \$ 164,516 | \$ (21) | 0% | | |
| North | PALM BAY | 201631 | | 2019 | | 2021 | \$ - | \$ 195,695 | \$ 195,695 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Permit(s) Received |
| North | PALM BAY | 201633 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 2,195,277 | \$ 467,819 | \$ (1,727,458) | -79% | Project_Delayed | Resource(s) Delayed |
| North | PALM BAY | 201635 | | 2019 | | 2021 | \$ - | \$ 715,314 | \$ 715,314 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Permit(s) Received |
| North | PATRICK | 201134 | | 2019 | | 2021 | \$ - | \$ 378,853 | \$ 378,853 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Permit(s) Received |
| North | PATRICK | 201135 | | 2020 | | 2021 | \$ - | \$ 519,216 | \$ 519,216 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Permit(s) Received |
| North | PATRICK | 201136 | | 2021 | | 2023 | \$ - | \$ 965,339 | \$ 965,339 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Permit(s) Received |
| North | PORT ORANGE | 100839 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 942,385 | \$ 942,264 | \$ (120) | 0% | | |
| North | PORT ORANGE | 100836 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 1,050,527 | \$ 1,050,393 | \$ (134) | 0% | | |
| North | PORT ORANGE | 100833 | 2020 | 2020 | 2022 | 2024 | \$ 1,761,178 | \$ - | \$ (1,761,178) | -100% | Project_Delayed | Engineering Delayed |
| North | PRICE | 305231 | | 2020 | | 2021 | \$ - | \$ 31,783 | \$ 31,783 | 100% | | |
| North | PRINGLE | 110361 | 2018 | 2019 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 179,067 | \$ 179,044 | \$ (23) | 0% | | |
| North | PRINGLE | 110363 | | 2020 | | 2022 | \$ - | \$ 1,140,368 | \$ 1,140,368 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Permit(s) Received |
| North | REED | 106533 | 2018 | 2018 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 104,280 | \$ 104,267 | \$ (13) | 0% | | |
| North | REGIS | 106365 | 2021 | 2021 | 2024 | 2024 | \$ 62,217 | \$ 62,209 | \$ (8) | 0% | | |
| North | REGIS | 106364 | 2021 | 2021 | 2024 | 2024 | \$ 70,931 | \$ 70,922 | \$ (9) | 0% | | |
| North | REGIS | 106363 | 2021 | 2021 | 2024 | 2024 | \$ 173,266 | \$ 173,244 | \$ (22) | 0% | | |
| North | REGIS | 106361 | | 2020 | | 2022 | \$ - | \$ 1,043,832 | \$ 1,043,832 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Permit(s) Received |
| North | RINEHART | 207933 | 2020 | 2020 | 2022 | 2021 | \$ 722,237 | \$ 722,145 | \$ (92) | 0% | | |
| North | ROCKLEDGE | 203134 | 2018 | 2019 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 867,089 | \$ 866,978 | \$ (111) | 0% | | |
| North | ROCKLEDGE | 203135 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 1,568,634 | \$ 1,568,433 | \$ (200) | 0% | | |
| North | SAN MATEO | 108433 | 2018 | 2019 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 37,879 | \$ 37,875 | \$ (4) | 0% | | |
| North | SANFORD | 200135 | 2021 | 2021 | 2023 | 2024 | \$ 16,859 | \$ 16,857 | \$ (2) | 0% | | |
| North | SANFORD | 200134 | 2021 | 2021 | 2023 | 2024 | \$ 21,589 | \$ 21,587 | \$ (2) | 0% | | |
| North | SANFORD | 200133 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 3,085,923 | \$ 448,114 | \$ (2,637,809) | -85% | Project_Delayed | Prioritization Change |
| North | SARNO | 205633 | 2019 | 2020 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 218,061 | \$ 218,033 | \$ (28) | 0% | | |
| North | SARNO | 205632 | 2019 | 2019 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,924,362 | \$ 1,014,209 | \$ (910,153) | -47% | Project_Delayed | Resource(s) Delayed |
| North | SATELLITE | 204133 | 2018 | 2019 | 2022 | 2021 | \$ 1,586 | \$ 1,586 | \$ (0) | 0% | | |
| North | SCOTTSMOOR | 105061 | 2019 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 3,499,182 | \$ 1,142,985 | \$ (2,356,197) | -67% | Project_Delayed | Prioritization Change |
| North | SOUTH DAYTONA | 100935 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 342,467 | \$ 342,424 | \$ (44) | 0% | | |
| North | SOUTH DAYTONA | 100933 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 386,344 | \$ 386,295 | \$ (49) | 0% | | |
| North | SPRUCE | 106464 | 2019 | 2019 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 1,560,342 | \$ 1,560,142 | \$ (199) | 0% | | |
| North | SPRUCE | 106465 | 2019 | 2019 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 3,636,467 | \$ 910,074 | \$ (2,726,393) | -75% | Project_Delayed | Prioritization Change |
| North | ST AUGUSTINE | 100234 | 2018 | 2020 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 129,235 | \$ 129,219 | \$ (17) | 0% | | |
| North | ST AUGUSTINE | 100232 | 2019 | 2019 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 247,721 | \$ 247,690 | \$ (32) | 0% | | |
| North | ST AUGUSTINE | 100231 | 2017 | 2019 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 444,897 | \$ 444,840 | \$ (57) | 0% | | |
| North | ST AUGUSTINE | 100236 | 2019 | 2020 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 1,062,635 | \$ 1,062,499 | \$ (136) | 0% | | |
| North | ST JOE | 102364 | 2020 | 2020 | 2023 | 2022 | \$ 2,301,890 | \$ 1,307,974 | \$ (993,916) | -43% | Project_Delayed | Resource(s) Delayed |
| North | ST JOE | 102367 | | 2021 | | 2023 | \$ - | \$ 371,683 | \$ 371,683 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Permit(s) Received |
| North | STARKE | 303161 | 2018 | 2020 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 909,105 | \$ 908,989 | \$ (116) | 0% | | |
| North | SUNTREE | 204362 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 39,647 | \$ 39,642 | \$ (5) | 0% | | |

| Region | Substation | Feeder | Projected Start Year ⁽¹⁾ | Actual/Estimated Start Year ⁽¹⁾ | Projected Completion Year ⁽²⁾ | Actual/Estimated Completion Year ⁽²⁾ | Projected 2021 Costs ⁽³⁾ | Actual/Estimated 2021 Costs ⁽³⁾ | Variance Increase / (Decrease) | Percent Variance | Category ⁽⁴⁾ | Explanation ⁽⁴⁾ |
|--------|-------------|--------|-------------------------------------|--|--|---|-------------------------------------|--|--------------------------------|------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| North | SUNTREE | 204363 | 2020 | 2020 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 1,710,068 | \$ 1,622,847 | \$ (87,221) | -5% | | |
| North | SUNTREE | 204364 | | 2020 | | 2021 | \$ - | \$ 314,193 | \$ 314,193 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Permit(s) Received |
| North | SYKES CREEK | 201732 | 2021 | 2021 | 2023 | 2024 | \$ 21,392 | \$ 21,389 | \$ (3) | 0% | | |
| North | SYKES CREEK | 201733 | 2021 | 2021 | 2024 | 2024 | \$ 26,102 | \$ 26,099 | \$ (3) | 0% | | |
| North | SYKES CREEK | 201734 | 2021 | 2021 | 2024 | 2024 | \$ 28,345 | \$ 28,341 | \$ (4) | 0% | | |
| North | SYKES CREEK | 201735 | 2018 | 2019 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 120,870 | \$ 120,855 | \$ (15) | 0% | | |
| North | SYKES CREEK | 201731 | 2018 | 2018 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 819,256 | \$ 819,151 | \$ (105) | 0% | | |
| North | SYKES CREEK | 201736 | | 2021 | | 2022 | \$ - | \$ 1,383,718 | \$ 1,383,718 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Permit(s) Received |
| North | SYLVAN | 205933 | 2020 | 2020 | 2022 | 2021 | \$ 760,860 | \$ 760,762 | \$ (97) | 0% | | |
| North | SYLVAN | 205937 | 2019 | 2021 | 2022 | 2021 | \$ 1,035,078 | \$ 1,034,946 | \$ (132) | 0% | | |
| North | TAYLOR | 104831 | | 2019 | | 2021 | \$ - | \$ 27,738 | \$ 27,738 | 100% | | |
| North | TAYLOR | 104832 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 103,149 | \$ 103,136 | \$ (13) | 0% | | |
| North | TAYLOR | 104833 | 2020 | 2020 | 2022 | 2021 | \$ 656,579 | \$ 656,496 | \$ (84) | 0% | | |
| North | TAYLOR | 104836 | | 2021 | | 2022 | \$ - | \$ 333,222 | \$ 333,222 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Permit(s) Received |
| North | TITUSVILLE | 200331 | | 2019 | | 2021 | \$ - | \$ 158,532 | \$ 158,532 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Permit(s) Received |
| North | TITUSVILLE | 200332 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 2,026,775 | \$ 705,747 | \$ (1,321,028) | -65% | Project_Delayed | Resource(s) Delayed |
| North | TITUSVILLE | 200333 | 2019 | 2019 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 2,451,526 | \$ 1,604,810 | \$ (846,716) | -35% | Project_Delayed | Resource(s) Delayed |
| North | TOLOMATO | 107632 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 324,492 | \$ 324,450 | \$ (41) | 0% | | |
| North | TOLOMATO | 107631 | 2018 | 2020 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 425,214 | \$ 425,160 | \$ (54) | 0% | | |
| North | TOMOKA | 106061 | 2021 | 2021 | 2024 | 2024 | \$ 33,357 | \$ 33,352 | \$ (4) | 0% | | |
| North | TROPICANA | 201232 | 2021 | 2021 | 2024 | 2024 | \$ 24,919 | \$ 24,915 | \$ (3) | 0% | | |
| North | TROPICANA | 201233 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 261,540 | \$ 261,507 | \$ (33) | 0% | | |
| North | TULSA | 208631 | 2021 | 2021 | 2024 | 2024 | \$ 35,364 | \$ 35,360 | \$ (5) | 0% | | |
| North | TULSA | 208632 | 2021 | 2021 | 2024 | 2024 | \$ 41,835 | \$ 41,830 | \$ (5) | 0% | | |
| North | TULSA | 208634 | 2021 | 2021 | 2024 | 2024 | \$ 41,914 | \$ 41,909 | \$ (5) | 0% | | |
| North | VIERA | 209764 | 2021 | 2021 | 2024 | 2024 | \$ 47,481 | \$ 47,475 | \$ (6) | 0% | | |
| North | VIERA | 209761 | 2020 | 2020 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 514,306 | \$ 514,240 | \$ (66) | 0% | | |
| North | WILLOW | 103832 | 2020 | 2020 | 2022 | 2021 | \$ 946,247 | \$ 946,126 | \$ (121) | 0% | | |
| North | WILLOW | 103836 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 1,351,781 | \$ 1,351,608 | \$ (173) | 0% | | |
| North | WINDOVER | 208864 | 2021 | 2021 | 2024 | 2024 | \$ 43,616 | \$ 43,611 | \$ (6) | 0% | | |
| North | WIREMILL | 301562 | 2018 | 2020 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 857,841 | \$ 857,731 | \$ (110) | 0% | | |
| North | WRIGHT | 109034 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 1,502,408 | \$ 1,502,216 | \$ (192) | 0% | | |
| North | WYOMING | 207364 | 2016 | 2017 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 13,877 | \$ 13,875 | \$ (2) | 0% | | |
| North | WYOMING | 207362 | 2019 | 2019 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 4,269,232 | \$ 2,237,041 | \$ (2,032,191) | -48% | Project_Delayed | Prioritization Change |
| North | YORKE | 209861 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 2,202,945 | \$ 1,400,365 | \$ (802,579) | -36% | Project_Delayed | Resource(s) Delayed |
| North | YORKE | 209863 | | 2019 | | 2021 | \$ - | \$ 246,403 | \$ 246,403 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Permit(s) Received |
| North | YULEE | 301462 | | 2020 | | 2022 | \$ - | \$ 1,381,220 | \$ 1,381,220 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Permit(s) Received |
| North | YULEE | 301463 | | 2019 | | 2021 | \$ - | \$ 51,039 | \$ 51,039 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Permit(s) Received |
| West | ALLIGATOR | 503563 | 2014 | 2015 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 24,795 | \$ 24,792 | \$ (3) | 0% | | |
| West | ALLIGATOR | 503565 | 2020 | 2020 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 1,064,802 | \$ 1,064,666 | \$ (136) | 0% | | |
| West | ALLIGATOR | 503561 | 2020 | 2020 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 1,804,839 | \$ 2,019,144 | \$ 214,305 | 12% | Project_Acceleration | Early Execution of Other Project(s) |
| West | ALLIGATOR | 503567 | | 2021 | | 2023 | \$ - | \$ 1,280,726 | \$ 1,280,726 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Engineering Available |
| West | ALLIGATOR | 503568 | | 2021 | | 2022 | \$ - | \$ 817,560 | \$ 817,560 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Early Execution of Other Project(s) |
| West | ALVA | 504764 | 2021 | 2021 | 2024 | 2022 | \$ 136,360 | \$ 136,342 | \$ (17) | 0% | | |
| West | ALVA | 504762 | 2018 | 2019 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 281,080 | \$ 281,044 | \$ (36) | 0% | | |
| West | ARCADIA | 501436 | 2020 | 2020 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 658,187 | \$ 658,103 | \$ (84) | 0% | | |
| West | ARCADIA | 501432 | 2018 | 2020 | 2023 | 2022 | \$ 4,347,812 | \$ 2,031,824 | \$ (2,315,988) | -53% | Project_Delayed | Resource(s) Delayed |
| West | ARCADIA | 501434 | | 2021 | | 2022 | \$ - | \$ 510,848 | \$ 510,848 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Engineering Available |
| West | AUBURN | 505763 | 2018 | 2018 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 350,515 | \$ 350,470 | \$ (45) | 0% | | |
| West | AUBURN | 505766 | 2020 | 2020 | 2023 | 2022 | \$ 1,562,972 | \$ 1,562,773 | \$ (200) | 0% | | |
| West | AUBURN | 505762 | 2019 | 2020 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 3,020,338 | \$ 999,539 | \$ (2,020,800) | -67% | Project_Delayed | Permit(s) Delayed |

| Region | Substation | Feeder | Projected Start Year ⁽¹⁾ | Actual/Estimated Start Year ⁽¹⁾ | Projected Completion Year ⁽²⁾ | Actual/Estimated Completion Year ⁽²⁾ | Projected 2021 Costs ⁽³⁾ | Actual/Estimated 2021 Costs ⁽³⁾ | Variance Increase / (Decrease) | Percent Variance | Category ⁽⁴⁾ | Explanation ⁽⁴⁾ |
|--------|----------------|--------|-------------------------------------|--|--|---|-------------------------------------|--|--------------------------------|------------------|-------------------------|----------------------------|
| West | AUBURN | 505765 | 2020 | 2020 | 2023 | 2022 | \$ 2,669,726 | \$ 743,336 | \$ (1,926,390) | -72% | Project_Delayed | Permit(s) Delayed |
| West | BENEVA | 504136 | 2018 | 2018 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 31,625 | \$ 31,621 | \$ (4) | 0% | | |
| West | BENEVA | 504132 | | 2020 | | 2021 | \$ - | \$ 971,581 | \$ 971,581 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Available Resource(s) |
| West | BENEVA | 504134 | | 2020 | | 2021 | \$ - | \$ 418,944 | \$ 418,944 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Available Resource(s) |
| West | BONITA SPRINGS | 502165 | 2021 | 2019 | 2023 | 2023 | \$ 22,424 | \$ 22,421 | \$ (3) | 0% | | |
| West | BONITA SPRINGS | 502168 | 2018 | 2019 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 400,002 | \$ 399,951 | \$ (51) | 0% | | |
| West | BONITA SPRINGS | 502162 | | 2021 | | 2023 | \$ - | \$ 1,284,598 | \$ 1,284,598 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Engineering Available |
| West | BONITA SPRINGS | 502166 | | 2013 | | 2021 | \$ - | \$ 10,045 | \$ 10,045 | 100% | | |
| West | BRADENTON | 500235 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 44,077 | \$ 44,071 | \$ (6) | 0% | | |
| West | BRADENTON | 500233 | | 2020 | | 2022 | \$ - | \$ 160,004 | \$ 160,004 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Available Resource(s) |
| West | BUCKEYE | 505861 | | 2020 | | 2021 | \$ - | \$ 461,865 | \$ 461,865 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Available Resource(s) |
| West | CAPRI | 504064 | 2018 | 2019 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 67,369 | \$ 67,360 | \$ (9) | 0% | | |
| West | CAPRI | 504062 | | 2020 | | 2022 | \$ - | \$ 206,356 | \$ 206,356 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Available Resource(s) |
| West | CASTLE | 504662 | | 2016 | | 2021 | \$ - | \$ 5,806 | \$ 5,806 | 100% | | |
| West | CASTLE | 504661 | 2020 | 2020 | 2023 | 2022 | \$ 1,609,439 | \$ 1,609,233 | \$ (206) | 0% | | |
| West | CASTLE | 504663 | | 2020 | | 2022 | \$ - | \$ 771,046 | \$ 771,046 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Engineering Available |
| West | CASTLE | 504665 | | 2020 | | 2022 | \$ - | \$ 256,705 | \$ 256,705 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Available Resource(s) |
| West | CLARK | 500537 | 2021 | 2021 | 2023 | 2023 | \$ 14,274 | \$ 14,272 | \$ (2) | 0% | | |
| West | CLARK | 500535 | 2021 | 2021 | 2023 | 2023 | \$ 16,028 | \$ 16,026 | \$ (2) | 0% | | |
| West | CLARK | 500536 | 2021 | 2021 | 2023 | 2022 | \$ 20,458 | \$ 20,456 | \$ (2) | 0% | | |
| West | CLARK | 500531 | 2021 | 2021 | 2023 | 2023 | \$ 22,826 | \$ 22,823 | \$ (3) | 0% | | |
| West | CLARK | 500534 | 2018 | 2019 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 27,860 | \$ 27,857 | \$ (3) | 0% | | |
| West | CLARK | 500533 | | 2019 | | 2022 | \$ - | \$ 115,960 | \$ 115,960 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Available Resource(s) |
| West | CLEVELAND | 504432 | | 2021 | | 2022 | \$ - | \$ 1,549,951 | \$ 1,549,951 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Engineering Available |
| West | COLONIAL | 502631 | 2015 | 2018 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 6,562 | \$ 6,561 | \$ (1) | 0% | | |
| West | COLONIAL | 502633 | 2021 | 2021 | 2023 | 2023 | \$ 8,290 | \$ 8,289 | \$ (1) | 0% | | |
| West | COLONIAL | 502638 | 2021 | 2021 | 2023 | 2023 | \$ 15,461 | \$ 15,459 | \$ (2) | 0% | | |
| West | COLONIAL | 502632 | 2021 | 2021 | 2023 | 2023 | \$ 20,507 | \$ 20,505 | \$ (2) | 0% | | |
| West | COLONIAL | 502634 | 2021 | 2021 | 2023 | 2023 | \$ 20,724 | \$ 20,721 | \$ (3) | 0% | | |
| West | COLONIAL | 502635 | 2018 | 2019 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 129,785 | \$ 129,769 | \$ (16) | 0% | | |
| West | COOPER | 508062 | 2020 | 2020 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 1,455,755 | \$ 1,455,569 | \$ (186) | 0% | | |
| West | COOPER | 508063 | | 2015 | | 2023 | \$ - | \$ 544,165 | \$ 544,165 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Available Resource(s) |
| West | CORKSCREW | 507463 | 2021 | 2021 | 2024 | 2024 | \$ 35,099 | \$ 35,094 | \$ (5) | 0% | | |
| West | CORKSCREW | 507464 | 2021 | 2021 | 2024 | 2024 | \$ 52,553 | \$ 52,546 | \$ (7) | 0% | | |
| West | CORKSCREW | 507465 | 2015 | 2015 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 72,983 | \$ 72,974 | \$ (9) | 0% | | |
| West | CORKSCREW | 507462 | 2015 | 2016 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 7,953 | \$ 7,952 | \$ (1) | 0% | | |
| West | CORKSCREW | 507461 | 2018 | 2018 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 2,465,980 | \$ 756,359 | \$ (1,709,621) | -69% | Project_Delayed | Available Resource(s) |
| West | CORTEZ | 500635 | | 2019 | | 2021 | \$ - | \$ 14,586 | \$ 14,586 | 100% | | |
| West | CORTEZ | 500637 | 2018 | 2018 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 28,237 | \$ 28,233 | \$ (4) | 0% | | |
| West | CORTEZ | 500665 | 2018 | 2019 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 76,805 | \$ 76,795 | \$ (10) | 0% | | |
| West | CORTEZ | 500631 | | 2020 | | 2022 | \$ - | \$ 157,434 | \$ 157,434 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Available Resource(s) |
| West | CORTEZ | 500632 | | 2020 | | 2022 | \$ - | \$ 1,239,483 | \$ 1,239,483 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Available Resource(s) |
| West | DEEPCREEK | 506362 | | 2020 | | 2022 | \$ - | \$ 260,915 | \$ 260,915 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Available Resource(s) |
| West | DEEPCREEK | 506365 | | 2021 | | 2022 | \$ - | \$ 692,812 | \$ 692,812 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Engineering Available |
| West | DORR FIELD | 504262 | 2020 | 2020 | 2023 | 2022 | \$ 2,524,341 | \$ 934,139 | \$ (1,590,202) | -63% | Project_Delayed | Engineering Delayed |
| West | EDISON | 503635 | 2020 | 2020 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 1,181,930 | \$ 1,181,779 | \$ (151) | 0% | | |
| West | EDISON | 503639 | 2020 | 2020 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 1,400,214 | \$ 1,400,035 | \$ (179) | 0% | | |
| West | EDISON | 503634 | 2020 | 2020 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 1,543,963 | \$ 1,543,765 | \$ (197) | 0% | | |
| West | EDISON | 503631 | | 2021 | | 2022 | \$ - | \$ 1,199,661 | \$ 1,199,661 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Engineering Available |
| West | EDISON | 503638 | | 2020 | | 2021 | \$ - | \$ 710,357 | \$ 710,357 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Permit(s) Received |
| West | ENGLEWOOD | 500767 | 2017 | 2018 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 6,927 | \$ 6,926 | \$ (1) | 0% | | |

| Region | Substation | Feeder | Projected Start Year ⁽¹⁾ | Actual/Estimated Start Year ⁽¹⁾ | Projected Completion Year ⁽²⁾ | Actual/Estimated Completion Year ⁽²⁾ | Projected 2021 Costs ⁽³⁾ | Actual/Estimated 2021 Costs ⁽³⁾ | Variance Increase / (Decrease) | Percent Variance | Category ⁽⁴⁾ | Explanation ⁽⁴⁾ |
|--------|-------------|--------|-------------------------------------|--|--|---|-------------------------------------|--|--------------------------------|------------------|-------------------------|----------------------------|
| West | ENGLEWOOD | 500761 | 2020 | 2020 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 1,893,256 | \$ 1,365,379 | \$ (527,877) | -28% | Project_Delayed | Permit(s) Delayed |
| West | ENGLEWOOD | 500764 | | 2021 | | 2022 | \$ - | \$ 424,451 | \$ 424,451 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Prioritization Change |
| West | ENGLEWOOD | 500768 | 2020 | 2020 | 2023 | 2023 | \$ 2,365,602 | \$ - | \$ (2,365,602) | -100% | Project_Delayed | Engineering Delayed |
| West | ESTERO | 503966 | | 2020 | | 2022 | \$ - | \$ 42,910 | \$ 42,910 | 100% | | |
| West | ESTERO | 503963 | 2021 | 2021 | 2024 | 2022 | \$ 28,298 | \$ 28,294 | \$ (4) | 0% | | |
| West | ESTERO | 503969 | 2021 | 2021 | 2024 | 2024 | \$ 29,243 | \$ 29,240 | \$ (4) | 0% | | |
| West | ESTERO | 503962 | 2021 | 2021 | 2024 | 2024 | \$ 38,993 | \$ 38,988 | \$ (5) | 0% | | |
| West | FRANKLIN | 506464 | 2018 | 2019 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 6,198 | \$ 6,197 | \$ (1) | 0% | | |
| West | FRANKLIN | 506463 | 2021 | 2021 | 2024 | 2023 | \$ 67,282 | \$ 67,273 | \$ (9) | 0% | | |
| West | FRANKLIN | 506465 | | 2020 | | 2021 | \$ - | \$ 1,194,570 | \$ 1,194,570 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Available Resource(s) |
| West | FRUITVILLE | 501065 | 2021 | 2021 | 2024 | 2024 | \$ 33,381 | \$ 33,377 | \$ (4) | 0% | | |
| West | FRUITVILLE | 501064 | 2018 | 2019 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 123,866 | \$ 123,850 | \$ (16) | 0% | | |
| West | FRUITVILLE | 501066 | | 2019 | | 2022 | \$ - | \$ 93,092 | \$ 93,092 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Available Resource(s) |
| West | FT MYERS | 501138 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 8,153 | \$ 8,152 | \$ (1) | 0% | | |
| West | FT MYERS | 501135 | 2015 | 2015 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 25,884 | \$ 25,881 | \$ (3) | 0% | | |
| West | FT MYERS | 501132 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 35,363 | \$ 35,358 | \$ (5) | 0% | | |
| West | FT MYERS | 501133 | 2018 | 2019 | 2022 | 2024 | \$ 817,721 | \$ 817,617 | \$ (104) | 0% | | |
| West | FT MYERS | 501131 | 2020 | 2020 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 1,122,790 | \$ 1,122,646 | \$ (143) | 0% | | |
| West | FT MYERS | 501136 | | 2020 | | 2022 | \$ - | \$ 287,176 | \$ 287,176 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Available Resource(s) |
| West | GATEWAY | 508464 | 2018 | 2019 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 40,467 | \$ 40,462 | \$ (5) | 0% | | |
| West | GATEWAY | 508462 | 2020 | 2020 | 2023 | 2022 | \$ 2,663,722 | \$ 748,689 | \$ (1,915,033) | -72% | Project_Delayed | Prioritization Change |
| West | GLADIOLUS | 507665 | 2019 | 2020 | 2022 | 2021 | \$ 143,803 | \$ 143,785 | \$ (18) | 0% | | |
| West | GOLDEN GATE | 504967 | 2016 | 2017 | 2023 | 2024 | \$ 579,653 | \$ 579,579 | \$ (74) | 0% | | |
| West | GOLDEN GATE | 504961 | | 2021 | | 2022 | \$ - | \$ 1,273,177 | \$ 1,273,177 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Engineering Available |
| West | GOLDEN GATE | 504962 | 2019 | 2020 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 3,935,930 | \$ 959,791 | \$ (2,976,139) | -76% | Project_Delayed | Delay to Other Project(s) |
| West | GOLDEN GATE | 504963 | | 2020 | | 2023 | \$ - | \$ 1,219,855 | \$ 1,219,855 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Permit(s) Received |
| West | GOLDEN GATE | 504965 | 2019 | 2019 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 3,077,277 | \$ 1,226,706 | \$ (1,850,571) | -60% | Project_Delayed | Delay to Other Project(s) |
| West | GOLDEN GATE | 504966 | | 2020 | | 2022 | \$ - | \$ 1,292,329 | \$ 1,292,329 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Engineering Available |
| West | GOLDEN GATE | 504968 | | 2017 | | 2021 | \$ - | \$ 168,296 | \$ 168,296 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Available Resource(s) |
| West | GRANADA | 506561 | 2018 | 2018 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 10,542 | \$ 10,540 | \$ (2) | 0% | | |
| West | GRANADA | 506563 | 2021 | 2021 | 2024 | 2024 | \$ 68,137 | \$ 68,128 | \$ (9) | 0% | | |
| West | HANSON | 508531 | | 2019 | | 2021 | \$ - | \$ 177,771 | \$ 177,771 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | External Impact(s) |
| West | HARBOR | 503764 | 2018 | 2019 | 2022 | 2021 | \$ 744 | \$ 744 | \$ (0) | 0% | | |
| West | HARBOR | 503763 | | 2020 | | 2022 | \$ - | \$ 1,852,975 | \$ 1,852,975 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Available Resource(s) |
| West | HERCULES | 510161 | 2021 | 2021 | 2023 | 2022 | \$ 34,586 | \$ 34,581 | \$ (5) | 0% | | |
| West | HYDE PARK | 500436 | 2021 | 2021 | 2024 | 2024 | \$ 23,856 | \$ 23,853 | \$ (3) | 0% | | |
| West | HYDE PARK | 500437 | 2018 | 2019 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 212,700 | \$ 212,673 | \$ (27) | 0% | | |
| West | IMPERIAL | 507062 | 2020 | 2020 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 2,049,743 | \$ 748,618 | \$ (1,301,125) | -63% | Project_Delayed | Engineering Delayed |
| West | IMPERIAL | 507063 | 2020 | 2020 | 2023 | 2022 | \$ 3,785,370 | \$ 1,289,825 | \$ (2,495,545) | -66% | Project_Delayed | Engineering Delayed |
| West | INTERSTATE | 508163 | 2021 | 2021 | 2024 | 2022 | \$ 39,183 | \$ 39,178 | \$ (5) | 0% | | |
| West | IONA | 501765 | 2018 | 2018 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 19,649 | \$ 19,647 | \$ (2) | 0% | | |
| West | IXORA | 507863 | 2020 | 2020 | 2023 | 2022 | \$ 4,553,106 | \$ 751,839 | \$ (3,801,267) | -83% | Project_Delayed | Resource(s) Delayed |
| West | LABELLE | 502463 | 2018 | 2019 | 2022 | 2024 | \$ 4,461,192 | \$ - | \$ (4,461,192) | -100% | Project_Delayed | Resource(s) Delayed |
| West | LAURELWOOD | 509961 | 2020 | 2020 | 2023 | 2023 | \$ 2,340,234 | \$ 1,831,530 | \$ (508,704) | -22% | Project_Delayed | Engineering Delayed |
| West | LAURELWOOD | 509962 | | 2020 | | 2022 | \$ - | \$ 1,287,250 | \$ 1,287,250 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Permit(s) Received |
| West | LIVINGSTON | 506666 | 2020 | 2020 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 1,623,823 | \$ 1,623,615 | \$ (207) | 0% | | |
| West | LIVINGSTON | 506661 | | 2021 | | 2022 | \$ - | \$ 830,102 | \$ 830,102 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Permit(s) Received |
| West | LIVINGSTON | 506662 | | 2021 | | 2022 | \$ - | \$ 1,361,642 | \$ 1,361,642 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Engineering Available |
| West | LIVINGSTON | 506664 | | 2021 | | 2023 | \$ - | \$ 875,640 | \$ 875,640 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Engineering Available |
| West | METRO | 506161 | 2019 | 2020 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 125,274 | \$ 125,258 | \$ (16) | 0% | | |
| West | METRO | 506163 | 2018 | 2020 | 2022 | 2021 | \$ 362,988 | \$ 362,942 | \$ (46) | 0% | | |

| Region | Substation | Feeder | Projected Start Year ⁽¹⁾ | Actual/Estimated Start Year ⁽¹⁾ | Projected Completion Year ⁽²⁾ | Actual/Estimated Completion Year ⁽²⁾ | Projected 2021 Costs ⁽³⁾ | Actual/Estimated 2021 Costs ⁽³⁾ | Variance Increase / (Decrease) | Percent Variance | Category ⁽⁴⁾ | Explanation ⁽⁴⁾ |
|--------|------------|--------|-------------------------------------|--|--|---|-------------------------------------|--|--------------------------------|------------------|-------------------------|----------------------------|
| West | METRO | 506164 | | 2018 | | 2021 | \$ - | \$ 115,740 | \$ 115,740 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Available Resource(s) |
| West | MURDOCK | 502065 | 2021 | 2021 | 2024 | 2024 | \$ 43,998 | \$ 43,992 | \$ (6) | 0% | | |
| West | MURDOCK | 502067 | | 2020 | | 2022 | \$ - | \$ 135,806 | \$ 135,806 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Available Resource(s) |
| West | NAPLES | 501231 | 2021 | 2021 | 2023 | 2023 | \$ 11,100 | \$ 11,098 | \$ (1) | 0% | | |
| West | NAPLES | 501238 | 2018 | 2019 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 43,041 | \$ 43,036 | \$ (5) | 0% | | |
| West | NAPLES | 501239 | 2018 | 2018 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 546,441 | \$ 546,371 | \$ (70) | 0% | | |
| West | NOTRE DAME | 506862 | | 2020 | | 2022 | \$ - | \$ 6,479 | \$ 6,479 | 100% | | |
| West | ONECO | 502933 | 2021 | 2021 | 2023 | 2023 | \$ 21,609 | \$ 21,607 | \$ (3) | 0% | | |
| West | ONECO | 502931 | 2021 | 2021 | 2024 | 2025 | \$ 23,005 | \$ 23,002 | \$ (3) | 0% | | |
| West | ONECO | 502936 | 2021 | 2021 | 2024 | 2022 | \$ 25,735 | \$ 25,732 | \$ (3) | 0% | | |
| West | ONECO | 502935 | 2021 | 2021 | 2024 | 2024 | \$ 28,376 | \$ 28,372 | \$ (4) | 0% | | |
| West | ONECO | 502937 | 2021 | 2021 | 2024 | 2022 | \$ 31,436 | \$ 31,432 | \$ (4) | 0% | | |
| West | ONECO | 502934 | 2021 | 2021 | 2024 | 2025 | \$ 34,109 | \$ 34,104 | \$ (4) | 0% | | |
| West | ONECO | 502932 | 2018 | 2019 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 42,544 | \$ 42,538 | \$ (5) | 0% | | |
| West | ONECO | 502938 | 2018 | 2019 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 261,143 | \$ 261,110 | \$ (33) | 0% | | |
| West | ORANGETREE | 507362 | 2016 | 2018 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 66,433 | \$ 66,425 | \$ (8) | 0% | | |
| West | ORANGETREE | 507361 | | 2021 | | 2023 | \$ - | \$ 1,470,230 | \$ 1,470,230 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Engineering Available |
| West | ORANGETREE | 507365 | 2018 | 2020 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 2,917,912 | \$ 1,223,749 | \$ (1,694,163) | -58% | Project_Delayed | Resource(s) Delayed |
| West | ORTIZ | 503861 | 2021 | 2021 | 2024 | 2022 | \$ 36,002 | \$ 35,997 | \$ (5) | 0% | | |
| West | ORTIZ | 503863 | | 2021 | | 2022 | \$ - | \$ 1,149,535 | \$ 1,149,535 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Permit(s) Received |
| West | OSPREY | 500932 | | 2020 | | 2022 | \$ - | \$ 161,692 | \$ 161,692 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Available Resource(s) |
| West | OSPREY | 500934 | | 2019 | | 2022 | \$ - | \$ 182,784 | \$ 182,784 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Available Resource(s) |
| West | PALMA SOLA | 502534 | 2021 | 2021 | 2023 | 2023 | \$ 15,939 | \$ 15,937 | \$ (2) | 0% | | |
| West | PALMA SOLA | 502533 | 2021 | 2021 | 2023 | 2023 | \$ 18,821 | \$ 18,818 | \$ (2) | 0% | | |
| West | PALMA SOLA | 502561 | 2014 | 2017 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 103,912 | \$ 103,899 | \$ (13) | 0% | | |
| West | PALMA SOLA | 502562 | 2013 | 2015 | 2022 | 2021 | \$ 303,890 | \$ 303,791 | \$ (99) | 0% | | |
| West | PANACEA | 508862 | | 2020 | | 2021 | \$ - | \$ 14,379 | \$ 14,379 | 100% | | |
| West | PANACEA | 508861 | 2018 | 2020 | 2023 | 2023 | \$ 4,684,744 | \$ 2,177,067 | \$ (2,507,677) | -54% | Project_Delayed | Prioritization Change |
| West | PANACEA | 508864 | 2018 | 2020 | 2023 | 2022 | \$ 2,485,624 | \$ 1,445,624 | \$ (1,040,000) | -42% | Project_Delayed | Prioritization Change |
| West | PARK | 505365 | 2018 | 2019 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 11,677 | \$ 11,675 | \$ (2) | 0% | | |
| West | PARK | 505361 | 2018 | 2018 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 76,052 | \$ 76,042 | \$ (10) | 0% | | |
| West | PARK | 505363 | 2017 | 2018 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 99,771 | \$ 99,758 | \$ (13) | 0% | | |
| West | PARRISH | 507562 | 2020 | 2020 | 2023 | 2023 | \$ 1,634,784 | \$ 1,634,576 | \$ (209) | 0% | | |
| West | PARRISH | 507563 | | 2020 | | 2022 | \$ - | \$ 195,752 | \$ 195,752 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Available Resource(s) |
| West | PARRISH | 507564 | 2020 | 2020 | 2023 | 2023 | \$ 1,892,464 | \$ 32,963 | \$ (1,859,501) | -98% | Project_Delayed | Engineering Delayed |
| West | PAYNE | 502835 | 2015 | 2015 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 26,354 | \$ 26,351 | \$ (3) | 0% | | |
| West | PAYNE | 502832 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 1,056,062 | \$ 1,055,927 | \$ (135) | 0% | | |
| West | PAYNE | 502837 | 2020 | 2020 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 1,165,893 | \$ 1,165,744 | \$ (149) | 0% | | |
| West | PAYNE | 502834 | 2020 | 2020 | 2022 | 2021 | \$ 1,394,002 | \$ 1,393,824 | \$ (178) | 0% | | |
| West | PAYNE | 502833 | | 2021 | | 2021 | \$ - | \$ 1,066,814 | \$ 1,066,814 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Permit(s) Received |
| West | PHILLIPPI | 503039 | 2018 | 2018 | 2022 | 2021 | \$ 225,977 | \$ 225,948 | \$ (29) | 0% | | |
| West | PHILLIPPI | 503035 | 2020 | 2020 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 532,255 | \$ 532,187 | \$ (68) | 0% | | |
| West | PHILLIPPI | 503031 | 2020 | 2020 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 1,415,124 | \$ 1,414,943 | \$ (181) | 0% | | |
| West | PHILLIPPI | 503033 | | 2020 | | 2021 | \$ - | \$ 417,529 | \$ 417,529 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Available Resource(s) |
| West | PHILLIPPI | 503034 | | 2021 | | 2022 | \$ - | \$ 1,883,875 | \$ 1,883,875 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Engineering Available |
| West | PHILLIPPI | 503038 | | 2020 | | 2021 | \$ - | \$ 1,203,332 | \$ 1,203,332 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Engineering Available |
| West | PINE RIDGE | 504364 | 2020 | 2020 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 2,289,324 | \$ 38,698 | \$ (2,250,625) | -98% | Project_Delayed | Prioritization Change |
| West | PINE RIDGE | 504366 | | 2020 | | 2021 | \$ - | \$ 959,038 | \$ 959,038 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Available Resource(s) |
| West | POLO | 507164 | 2018 | 2019 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 7,153 | \$ 7,152 | \$ (1) | 0% | | |
| West | POLO | 507163 | 2018 | 2019 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 158,503 | \$ 158,483 | \$ (20) | 0% | | |
| West | PROCTOR | 505161 | 2018 | 2019 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 103,159 | \$ 103,146 | \$ (13) | 0% | | |

| Region | Substation | Feeder | Projected Start Year ⁽¹⁾ | Actual/Estimated Start Year ⁽¹⁾ | Projected Completion Year ⁽²⁾ | Actual/Estimated Completion Year ⁽²⁾ | Projected 2021 Costs ⁽³⁾ | Actual/Estimated 2021 Costs ⁽³⁾ | Variance Increase / (Decrease) | Percent Variance | Category ⁽⁴⁾ | Explanation ⁽⁴⁾ |
|--------|--------------|--------|-------------------------------------|--|--|---|-------------------------------------|--|--------------------------------|------------------|-------------------------|----------------------------|
| West | PROCTOR | 505162 | | 2021 | | 2023 | \$ - | \$ 1,301,857 | \$ 1,301,857 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Engineering Available |
| West | PROCTOR | 505163 | | 2020 | | 2021 | \$ - | \$ 66,199 | \$ 66,199 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Available Resource(s) |
| West | PROCTOR | 505164 | | 2020 | | 2023 | \$ - | \$ 1,503,598 | \$ 1,503,598 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Engineering Available |
| West | PROCTOR | 505166 | | 2021 | | 2022 | \$ - | \$ 916,320 | \$ 916,320 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Engineering Available |
| West | PUNTA GORDA | 501534 | 2018 | 2020 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 25,179 | \$ 25,176 | \$ (3) | 0% | | |
| West | PUNTA GORDA | 501531 | 2018 | 2019 | 2022 | 2021 | \$ 157,329 | \$ 157,309 | \$ (20) | 0% | | |
| West | PUNTA GORDA | 501533 | | 2020 | | 2022 | \$ - | \$ 1,206,454 | \$ 1,206,454 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Available Resource(s) |
| West | PUNTA GORDA | 501535 | | 2021 | | 2022 | \$ - | \$ 704,425 | \$ 704,425 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Prioritization Change |
| West | PUNTA GORDA | 501536 | | 2019 | | 2022 | \$ - | \$ 1,264,219 | \$ 1,264,219 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Available Resource(s) |
| West | ROTONDA | 505665 | 2015 | 2015 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 376,597 | \$ 376,548 | \$ (48) | 0% | | |
| West | ROTONDA | 505663 | | 2020 | | 2022 | \$ - | \$ 1,522,138 | \$ 1,522,138 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Engineering Available |
| West | RUBONIA | 505261 | 2020 | 2020 | 2023 | 2023 | \$ 2,880,938 | \$ 825,656 | \$ (2,055,282) | -71% | Project_Delayed | Engineering Delayed |
| West | RUBONIA | 505262 | 2020 | 2020 | 2023 | 2022 | \$ 2,733,089 | \$ 745,018 | \$ (1,988,071) | -73% | Project_Delayed | Engineering Delayed |
| West | RUBONIA | 505263 | | 2020 | | 2022 | \$ - | \$ 532,612 | \$ 532,612 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Available Resource(s) |
| West | RYE | 508263 | | 2021 | | 2021 | \$ - | \$ 535,987 | \$ 535,987 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Permit(s) Received |
| West | SAN CARLOS | 507261 | | 2020 | | 2022 | \$ - | \$ 21,289 | \$ 21,289 | 100% | | |
| West | SAN CARLOS | 507262 | | 2020 | | 2022 | \$ - | \$ 998,301 | \$ 998,301 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Permit(s) Received |
| West | SARASOTA | 500132 | 2018 | 2018 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 68,522 | \$ 68,513 | \$ (9) | 0% | | |
| West | SHADE | 506264 | 2021 | 2021 | 2024 | 2022 | \$ 27,705 | \$ 27,702 | \$ (4) | 0% | | |
| West | SHADE | 506261 | 2021 | 2021 | 2024 | 2024 | \$ 37,008 | \$ 37,003 | \$ (5) | 0% | | |
| West | SOLANA | 503137 | | 2016 | | 2021 | \$ - | \$ 18,259 | \$ 18,259 | 100% | | |
| West | SOLANA | 503132 | 2017 | 2018 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 20,585 | \$ 20,582 | \$ (3) | 0% | | |
| West | SOLANA | 503134 | 2015 | 2018 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 172,633 | \$ 172,611 | \$ (22) | 0% | | |
| West | SOLANA | 503136 | 2016 | 2017 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 395,607 | \$ 395,557 | \$ (51) | 0% | | |
| West | SOLANA | 503135 | 2020 | 2020 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 1,224,522 | \$ 1,224,366 | \$ (156) | 0% | | |
| West | SORRENTO | 504831 | 2015 | 2015 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 18,072 | \$ 18,069 | \$ (2) | 0% | | |
| West | SORRENTO | 504835 | 2018 | 2019 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 28,613 | \$ 28,610 | \$ (4) | 0% | | |
| West | SORRENTO | 504833 | 2020 | 2020 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 1,394,002 | \$ 1,393,824 | \$ (178) | 0% | | |
| West | SORRENTO | 504834 | 2020 | 2020 | 2023 | 2022 | \$ 2,804,902 | \$ 1,436,981 | \$ (1,367,920) | -49% | Project_Delayed | Permit(s) Delayed |
| West | SOUTH VENICE | 503435 | | 2019 | | 2021 | \$ - | \$ 19,547 | \$ 19,547 | 100% | | |
| West | SOUTH VENICE | 503433 | 2020 | 2020 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 1,402,451 | \$ 1,402,272 | \$ (179) | 0% | | |
| West | SOUTH VENICE | 503434 | 2020 | 2020 | 2023 | 2022 | \$ 2,192,385 | \$ 633,466 | \$ (1,558,919) | -71% | Project_Delayed | Engineering Delayed |
| West | SUMMIT | 509061 | 2016 | 2018 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 19,649 | \$ 19,647 | \$ (2) | 0% | | |
| West | SUMMIT | 509063 | 2021 | 2021 | 2024 | 2023 | \$ 26,688 | \$ 26,684 | \$ (4) | 0% | | |
| West | SUMMIT | 509062 | 2021 | 2021 | 2024 | 2022 | \$ 35,654 | \$ 35,649 | \$ (5) | 0% | | |
| West | TICE | 501833 | 2017 | 2018 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 5,468 | \$ 5,468 | \$ (0) | 0% | | |
| West | TICE | 501832 | 2019 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 1,839,052 | \$ 1,021,499 | \$ (817,553) | -44% | Project_Delayed | Permit(s) Delayed |
| West | TUTTLE | 504535 | 2021 | 2021 | 2023 | 2023 | \$ 22,494 | \$ 22,491 | \$ (3) | 0% | | |
| West | TUTTLE | 504532 | 2021 | 2021 | 2024 | 2024 | \$ 30,530 | \$ 30,526 | \$ (4) | 0% | | |
| West | VAMO | 505563 | 2021 | 2021 | 2023 | 2022 | \$ 19,562 | \$ 19,560 | \$ (2) | 0% | | |
| West | VAMO | 505562 | 2021 | 2021 | 2024 | 2022 | \$ 29,342 | \$ 29,338 | \$ (4) | 0% | | |
| West | VAMO | 505564 | 2018 | 2020 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 241,708 | \$ 241,678 | \$ (30) | 0% | | |
| West | VANDERBILT | 506765 | 2021 | 2021 | 2024 | 2024 | \$ 36,557 | \$ 36,553 | \$ (4) | 0% | | |
| West | VANDERBILT | 506764 | 2018 | 2019 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 49,316 | \$ 49,309 | \$ (7) | 0% | | |
| West | VANDERBILT | 506761 | 2018 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 70,065 | \$ 70,056 | \$ (9) | 0% | | |
| West | VANDERBILT | 506763 | 2018 | 2019 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 79,065 | \$ 79,055 | \$ (10) | 0% | | |
| West | VENICE | 500331 | 2018 | 2018 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 282,746 | \$ 282,710 | \$ (36) | 0% | | |
| West | VENICE | 500332 | | 2021 | | 2022 | \$ - | \$ 607,244 | \$ 607,244 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Engineering Available |
| West | VENICE | 500336 | | 2021 | | 2023 | \$ - | \$ 814,918 | \$ 814,918 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Permit(s) Received |
| West | VENICE | 500337 | | 2020 | | 2021 | \$ - | \$ 80,331 | \$ 80,331 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Engineering Available |
| West | WALKER | 506035 | 2021 | 2021 | 2024 | 2024 | \$ 23,598 | \$ 23,595 | \$ (3) | 0% | | |

| Region | Substation | Feeder | Projected Start Year ⁽¹⁾ | Actual/Estimated Start Year ⁽¹⁾ | Projected Completion Year ⁽²⁾ | Actual/Estimated Completion Year ⁽²⁾ | Projected 2021 Costs ⁽³⁾ | Actual/Estimated 2021 Costs ⁽³⁾ | Variance Increase / (Decrease) | Percent Variance | Category ⁽⁴⁾ | Explanation ⁽⁴⁾ |
|--------------|------------|--------|-------------------------------------|--|--|---|-------------------------------------|--|--------------------------------|------------------|-------------------------|----------------------------|
| West | WALKER | 506037 | 2021 | 2021 | 2024 | 2024 | \$ 29,996 | \$ 29,992 | \$ (4) | 0% | | |
| West | WALKER | 506034 | 2019 | 2021 | 2022 | 2021 | \$ 942,008 | \$ 941,887 | \$ (120) | 0% | | |
| West | WALKER | 506031 | | 2019 | | 2023 | \$ - | \$ 747,584 | \$ 747,584 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Engineering Available |
| West | WALKER | 506032 | | 2021 | | 2022 | \$ - | \$ 634,491 | \$ 634,491 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Engineering Available |
| West | WHITFIELD | 500835 | 2021 | 2021 | 2023 | 2023 | \$ 15,942 | \$ 15,940 | \$ (2) | 0% | | |
| West | WHITFIELD | 500834 | 2015 | 2017 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 32,755 | \$ 32,751 | \$ (4) | 0% | | |
| West | WHITFIELD | 500833 | 2018 | 2019 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 60,061 | \$ 60,053 | \$ (8) | 0% | | |
| West | WHITFIELD | 500832 | 2019 | 2020 | 2022 | 2021 | \$ 188,241 | \$ 188,217 | \$ (24) | 0% | | |
| West | WHITFIELD | 500837 | 2019 | 2020 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 344,233 | \$ 344,189 | \$ (44) | 0% | | |
| West | WHITFIELD | 500831 | | 2019 | | 2021 | \$ - | \$ 353,205 | \$ 353,205 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Available Resource(s) |
| West | WHITFIELD | 500836 | | 2020 | | 2023 | \$ - | \$ 1,545,046 | \$ 1,545,046 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Permit(s) Received |
| West | WINKLER | 505465 | 2017 | 2019 | 2023 | 2022 | \$ 662,296 | \$ 662,212 | \$ (85) | 0% | | |
| West | WOODS | 506965 | 2018 | 2020 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 2,086,147 | \$ 655,877 | \$ (1,430,270) | -69% | Project_Delayed | Resource(s) Delayed |
| Total | | | | | | 327 | \$664,915,034 | \$664,915,034 | \$0 | | | |

Notes:

- (1) Start date reflects the projected and revised estimated/actual year when initial project costs will begin to accrue (e.g., preliminary engineering/design, site preparations, or customer outreach, if applicable).
- (2) Completion year reflects the projected and revised estimated/actual date when project will be completed.
- (3) Amounts reflect SPP totals and breakdown between base and clause amounts can be seen in RBD-1 Form 6P.
- (4) Explanations provided for material variances.

| Region | Substation | Feeder | Lateral | Projected Start Year ⁽¹⁾ | Actual/Estimated Start Year ⁽¹⁾ | Projected Completion Year ⁽²⁾ | Actual/Estimated Completion Year ⁽²⁾ | Projected 2021 Costs ⁽³⁾ | Actual/Estimated 2021 Costs ⁽³⁾ | Variance Increase / (Decrease) | Percent Variance | Category ⁽⁴⁾ | Explanation ⁽⁴⁾ |
|--------|-------------|--------|--------------|-------------------------------------|--|--|---|-------------------------------------|--|--------------------------------|------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------------|
| EAST | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66623927209E | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 18,956 | \$ 8,320 | \$ (10,636) | -56% | | |
| EAST | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66622885103W | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 18,956 | \$ 8,320 | \$ (10,636) | -56% | | |
| EAST | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66622346113N | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 462,056 | \$ 202,800 | \$ (259,256) | -56% | Project_Estimate_Change | Detail Engineering Complete |
| EAST | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66621752801W | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 78,194 | \$ 34,320 | \$ (43,874) | -56% | | |
| EAST | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66621752801N | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 29,619 | \$ 13,000 | \$ (16,619) | -56% | | |
| North | EDEN | 411034 | 66563169102N | 2019 | 2019 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 1,491,075 | \$ 1,545,120 | \$ 54,045 | 4% | | |
| North | TURNPIKE | 406163 | 66365754910E | 2019 | 2019 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 3,433,820 | \$ 3,324,720 | \$ (109,100) | -3% | | |
| North | TURNPIKE | 406164 | 66064743405S | 2019 | 2019 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 2,000 | \$ 166,960 | \$ 164,960 | 8248% | Project_Acceleration | Construction Alignment |
| NORTH | SEBASTIAN | 405765 | 65399753706W | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 158,758 | \$ 107,200 | \$ (51,558) | -32% | Project_Estimate_Change | Detail Engineering Complete |
| NORTH | SEBASTIAN | 405765 | 65399753706N | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 170,605 | \$ 115,200 | \$ (55,405) | -32% | Project_Estimate_Change | Detail Engineering Complete |
| NORTH | SEBASTIAN | 405765 | 65399675004W | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 65,162 | \$ 44,000 | \$ (21,162) | -32% | | |
| NORTH | SEBASTIAN | 405765 | 65399675004E | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 129,139 | \$ 87,200 | \$ (41,939) | -32% | | |
| NORTH | SEBASTIAN | 405765 | 65399497505W | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 43,836 | \$ 29,600 | \$ (14,236) | -32% | | |
| NORTH | SEBASTIAN | 405765 | 65399497505E | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 8,293 | \$ 5,600 | \$ (2,693) | -32% | | |
| NORTH | SEBASTIAN | 405765 | 65399409002W | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 149,280 | \$ 100,800 | \$ (48,480) | -32% | | |
| NORTH | SEBASTIAN | 405765 | 65399409002E | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 182,453 | \$ 123,200 | \$ (59,253) | -32% | Project_Estimate_Change | Detail Engineering Complete |
| NORTH | FELLSMERE | 411562 | 65398139800S | 2021 | 2021 | 2023 | 2022 | \$ 58,053 | \$ 39,200 | \$ (18,853) | -32% | | |
| NORTH | FELLSMERE | 411562 | 65398139800N | 2021 | 2021 | 2023 | 2022 | \$ 21,326 | \$ 14,400 | \$ (6,926) | -32% | | |
| NORTH | FELLSMERE | 411562 | 65299561604W | 2021 | 2021 | 2023 | 2022 | \$ 149,280 | \$ 100,800 | \$ (48,480) | -32% | | |
| NORTH | FELLSMERE | 411562 | 65299561604E | 2021 | 2021 | 2023 | 2022 | \$ 87,672 | \$ 59,200 | \$ (28,472) | -32% | | |
| NORTH | FELLSMERE | 411562 | 65299359007W | 2021 | 2021 | 2023 | 2022 | \$ 18,956 | \$ 12,800 | \$ (6,156) | -32% | | |
| NORTH | FELLSMERE | 411562 | 65299359007E | 2021 | 2021 | 2023 | 2022 | \$ 47,390 | \$ 32,000 | \$ (15,390) | -32% | | |
| NORTH | FELLSMERE | 411562 | 65299358504W | 2021 | 2021 | 2023 | 2022 | \$ 137,432 | \$ 92,800 | \$ (44,632) | -32% | | |
| NORTH | FELLSMERE | 411562 | 65299358504E | 2021 | 2021 | 2023 | 2022 | \$ 59,238 | \$ 40,000 | \$ (19,238) | -32% | | |
| North | GLENDALE | 407562 | 65290983301N | 2019 | 2019 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 822,500 | \$ 738,960 | \$ (83,540) | -10% | Project_Estimate_Change | Detail Engineering Complete |
| WEST | HARBOR | 503766 | 54541247908W | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 33,321 | \$ 20,250 | \$ (13,071) | -39% | | |
| WEST | HARBOR | 503766 | 54541247908E | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 25,324 | \$ 15,390 | \$ (9,934) | -39% | | |
| WEST | HARBOR | 503766 | 54442829201S | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 130,620 | \$ 79,380 | \$ (51,240) | -39% | Project_Estimate_Change | Detail Engineering Complete |
| WEST | HARBOR | 503766 | 54442829201N | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 2,666 | \$ 1,620 | \$ (1,046) | -39% | | |
| WEST | HARBOR | 503766 | 54342888501S | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 242,580 | \$ 147,420 | \$ (95,160) | -39% | Project_Estimate_Change | Detail Engineering Complete |
| WEST | HARBOR | 503766 | 54342888501E | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 34,654 | \$ 21,060 | \$ (13,594) | -39% | | |
| West | FRANKLIN | 506465 | 53848026700W | | 2021 | | 2022 | | \$ 49,410 | \$ 49,410 | 100% | | |
| West | FRANKLIN | 506465 | 53848026700E | | 2021 | | 2022 | | \$ 29,970 | \$ 29,970 | 100% | | |
| West | FRANKLIN | 506465 | 53749272102W | | 2021 | | 2022 | | \$ 31,590 | \$ 31,590 | 100% | | |
| West | FRANKLIN | 506465 | 53749272102E | | 2021 | | 2022 | | \$ 78,570 | \$ 78,570 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Delay to Other Project(s) |
| WEST | COCOPLUM | 503262 | 53745933201W | 2021 | 2023 | 2022 | 2024 | \$ 418,516 | \$ - | \$ (418,516) | -100% | Project_Delayed | Delay to Other Project(s) |
| WEST | COCOPLUM | 503262 | 53745201201S | 2021 | 2023 | 2022 | 2024 | \$ 219,921 | \$ - | \$ (219,921) | -100% | Project_Delayed | Delay to Other Project(s) |
| WEST | COCOPLUM | 503262 | 53745201201N | 2021 | 2023 | 2022 | 2024 | \$ 586,456 | \$ - | \$ (586,456) | -100% | Project_Delayed | Delay to Other Project(s) |
| WEST | COCOPLUM | 503262 | 53646749309W | 2021 | 2023 | 2022 | 2024 | \$ 333,214 | \$ - | \$ (333,214) | -100% | Project_Delayed | Delay to Other Project(s) |
| WEST | COCOPLUM | 503262 | 53646749309E | 2021 | 2023 | 2022 | 2024 | \$ 189,265 | \$ - | \$ (189,265) | -100% | Project_Delayed | Delay to Other Project(s) |
| WEST | COCOPLUM | 503262 | 53646721102S | 2021 | 2023 | 2022 | 2024 | \$ 383,862 | \$ - | \$ (383,862) | -100% | Project_Delayed | Delay to Other Project(s) |
| WEST | COCOPLUM | 503262 | 53646524315E | 2021 | 2023 | 2022 | 2024 | \$ 246,578 | \$ - | \$ (246,578) | -100% | Project_Delayed | Delay to Other Project(s) |
| WEST | COCOPLUM | 503262 | 53646524307W | 2021 | 2023 | 2022 | 2024 | \$ 70,641 | \$ - | \$ (70,641) | -100% | Project_Delayed | Delay to Other Project(s) |
| WEST | COCOPLUM | 503262 | 53447701508E | 2021 | 2023 | 2022 | 2024 | \$ 22,659 | \$ - | \$ (22,659) | -100% | | |
| West | PROCTOR | 505165 | 52265252503W | 2019 | 2019 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 751,165 | \$ 213,754 | \$ (537,411) | -72% | Project_Estimate_Change | Scope Change |
| West | PROCTOR | 505165 | 52265252503E | 2019 | 2019 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 520,103 | \$ 213,754 | \$ (306,349) | -59% | Project_Estimate_Change | Scope Change |
| West | PROCTOR | 505165 | 52265245507W | 2019 | 2019 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 391,920 | \$ 197,311 | \$ (194,609) | -50% | Project_Estimate_Change | Scope Change |
| West | PROCTOR | 505165 | 52265245507E | 2019 | 2019 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 2,109,760 | \$ 838,577 | \$ (1,271,183) | -60% | Project_Estimate_Change | Scope Change |
| West | PROCTOR | 505165 | 52265243601W | 2019 | 2019 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 2,000 | \$ 328,852 | \$ 326,852 | 16343% | Project_Acceleration | Construction Alignment |
| West | PROCTOR | 505165 | 52265243601E | 2019 | 2019 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 2,000 | \$ 213,754 | \$ 211,754 | 10588% | Project_Acceleration | Construction Alignment |
| West | PROCTOR | 505165 | 52265243105W | | 2019 | | 2021 | | \$ 411,065 | \$ 411,065 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Program Management |
| West | PROCTOR | 505165 | 52265243105E | 2019 | 2019 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 2,000 | \$ 197,311 | \$ 195,311 | 9766% | Project_Acceleration | Construction Alignment |
| West | FRUITVILLE | 501063 | 51866677801W | 2019 | 2019 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 3,146,818 | \$ 2,708,897 | \$ (437,921) | -14% | Project_Estimate_Change | Detail Engineering Complete |

| Region | Substation | Feeder | Lateral | Projected Start Year ⁽¹⁾ | Actual/Estimated Start Year ⁽¹⁾ | Projected Completion Year ⁽²⁾ | Actual/Estimated Completion Year ⁽²⁾ | Projected 2021 Costs ⁽³⁾ | Actual/Estimated 2021 Costs ⁽³⁾ | Variance Increase / (Decrease) | Percent Variance | Category ⁽⁴⁾ | Explanation ⁽⁴⁾ |
|---------|-----------------------------|--------|-------------|-------------------------------------|--|--|---|-------------------------------------|--|--------------------------------|------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Dade | LEMON CITY | 807731 | 87361903112 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 7,997 | \$ 6,480 | \$ (1,517) | -19% | | |
| Dade | LEMON CITY | 807731 | 87361903104 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 43,984 | \$ 35,640 | \$ (8,344) | -19% | | |
| Dade | LEMON CITY | 807731 | 87361902507 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 11,996 | \$ 9,720 | \$ (2,276) | -19% | | |
| Dade | LEMON CITY | 807731 | 87361900300 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 30,656 | \$ 24,840 | \$ (5,816) | -19% | | |
| Dade | LEMON CITY | 807731 | 87360952209 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 11,996 | \$ 9,720 | \$ (2,276) | -19% | | |
| Dade | LEMON CITY | 807731 | 87360925708 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 46,650 | \$ 37,800 | \$ (8,850) | -19% | | |
| Dade | LEMON CITY | 807731 | 87360925007 | | 2019 | | 2021 | | \$ 567,181 | \$ 567,181 | 100% | Project Acceleration | Program Management |
| Dade | LEMON CITY | 807731 | 87360923900 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 59,978 | \$ 48,600 | \$ (11,378) | -19% | | |
| Dade | LEMON CITY | 807731 | 87360923705 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 13,329 | \$ 10,800 | \$ (2,529) | -19% | | |
| Dade | LEMON CITY | 807731 | 87360923209 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 11,996 | \$ 9,720 | \$ (2,276) | -19% | | |
| Dade | LEMON CITY | 807731 | 87360922709 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 65,310 | \$ 52,920 | \$ (12,390) | -19% | | |
| Dade | LEMON CITY | 807731 | 87360919503 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 9,330 | \$ 7,560 | \$ (1,770) | -19% | | |
| Dade | LEMON CITY | 807731 | 87360919309 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 29,323 | \$ 23,760 | \$ (5,563) | -19% | | |
| Dade | LEMON CITY | 807731 | 87360918507 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 43,984 | \$ 35,640 | \$ (8,344) | -19% | | |
| Dade | LEMON CITY | 807731 | 87360918001 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 5,331 | \$ 4,320 | \$ (1,011) | -19% | | |
| Dade | LEMON CITY | 807731 | 87360916903 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 19,993 | \$ 16,200 | \$ (3,793) | -19% | | |
| Dade | LEMON CITY | 807731 | 87360916407 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 5,331 | \$ 4,320 | \$ (1,011) | -19% | | |
| Dade | LEMON CITY | 807731 | 87360916008 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 51,981 | \$ 42,120 | \$ (9,861) | -19% | | |
| Dade | LEMON CITY | 807731 | 87360521101 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 9,330 | \$ 7,560 | \$ (1,770) | -19% | | |
| Dade | LEMON CITY | 807734 | 87359488901 | 2019 | 2019 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 2,000 | \$ 2,656,750 | \$ 2,654,750 | 132738% | Project Acceleration | Construction Alignment |
| Dade | LEMON CITY | 807734 | 87359488308 | 2019 | 2019 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 2,000 | \$ 726,455 | \$ 724,455 | 36223% | Project Acceleration | Construction Alignment |
| Dade | LEMON CITY | 807734 | 87359425519 | 2019 | 2019 | 2021 | 2024 | \$ 4,025,764 | \$ 664,187 | \$ (3,361,577) | -84% | Project Delayed | Customer Negotiation(s) |
| Dade | LITTLE RIVER ⁽⁵⁾ | 800637 | 87358609713 | 2019 | 2019 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 1,218,560 | \$ 1,184,304 | \$ (34,256) | -3% | | |
| Broward | HOLMBERG | 706462 | 87294448211 | 2019 | 2019 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 303,722 | \$ 271,880 | \$ (31,842) | -10% | | |
| Broward | HOLMBERG | 706463 | 87293008935 | 2020 | 2020 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 735,941 | \$ 783,160 | \$ 47,219 | 6% | | |
| Dade | COUNTY LINE | 804833 | 87269312000 | 2018 | 2018 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 1,454,880 | \$ 1,438,020 | \$ (16,860) | -1% | | |
| Dade | FULFORD | 801435 | 87265996907 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 31,989 | \$ 25,000 | \$ (6,989) | -22% | | |
| Dade | FULFORD | 801435 | 87265755209 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2021 | \$ 107,961 | \$ 1,360,762 | \$ 1,252,800 | 1160% | Project Acceleration | Program Management |
| Dade | FULFORD ⁽⁶⁾ | 801435 | 87265748016 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2021 | \$ 17,327 | \$ 896,476 | \$ 879,148 | 5074% | Project Acceleration | Program Management |
| Dade | FULFORD | 801435 | 87265746501 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 18,660 | \$ 25,000 | \$ 6,340 | 34% | | |
| Dade | FULFORD | 801435 | 87265666800 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2021 | \$ 53,314 | \$ 2,070,608 | \$ 2,017,294 | 3784% | Project Acceleration | Program Management |
| Broward | HOLMBERG | 706463 | 87193879008 | 2020 | 2020 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 1,950,827 | \$ - | \$ (1,950,827) | -100% | Project Delayed | Program Management |
| Broward | HOLMBERG | 706463 | 87193749007 | 2020 | 2020 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 1,588,698 | \$ 1,280,720 | \$ (307,978) | -19% | Project Estimate Change | Detail Engineering Complete |
| Broward | HOLMBERG | 706463 | 87193609001 | 2020 | 2020 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 1,238,250 | \$ 962,360 | \$ (275,890) | -22% | Project Estimate Change | Detail Engineering Complete |
| Broward | PLANTATION | 701632 | 87180251404 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 3,999 | \$ 2,430 | \$ (1,569) | -39% | | |
| Broward | PLANTATION | 701632 | 87180246320 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 62,644 | \$ 38,070 | \$ (24,574) | -39% | | |
| Broward | PLANTATION | 701632 | 87180246303 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 18,660 | \$ 11,340 | \$ (7,320) | -39% | | |
| Broward | PLANTATION | 701632 | 87180246109 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 43,984 | \$ 26,748 | \$ (17,236) | -39% | | |
| Broward | PLANTATION | 701632 | 87180245706 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 15,994 | \$ 9,720 | \$ (6,274) | -39% | | |
| Broward | PLANTATION | 701632 | 87180238904 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 106,628 | \$ 64,800 | \$ (41,828) | -39% | | |
| Broward | PLANTATION ⁽⁵⁾ | 701632 | 87180159729 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 37,320 | \$ 22,680 | \$ (14,640) | -39% | | |
| Broward | PLANTATION | 701632 | 87180059601 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 17,327 | \$ 10,530 | \$ (6,797) | -39% | | |
| Broward | PLAYLAND | 701233 | 87175249804 | | 2020 | | 2021 | | \$ 428,911 | \$ 428,911 | 100% | Project Acceleration | Program Management |
| Broward | PLAYLAND | 701233 | 87175139715 | 2020 | 2020 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 619,231 | \$ 622,440 | \$ 3,209 | 1% | | |
| Dade | WESTON VILLAGE | 807831 | 87167655009 | 2018 | 2018 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 838,880 | \$ 808,920 | \$ (29,960) | -4% | | |
| Dade | BRANDON | 808632 | 87164685306 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 137,284 | \$ 111,240 | \$ (26,044) | -19% | | |
| Dade | BRANDON | 808632 | 87164682901 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 146,614 | \$ 118,800 | \$ (27,814) | -19% | | |
| Dade | BRANDON | 808632 | 87164464202 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 17,327 | \$ 14,040 | \$ (3,287) | -19% | | |
| Dade | BRANDON | 808632 | 87164455106 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 49,316 | \$ 39,960 | \$ (9,356) | -19% | | |
| Dade | BRANDON | 808632 | 87164454002 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 49,316 | \$ 39,960 | \$ (9,356) | -19% | | |
| Dade | BRANDON | 808632 | 87164453600 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 26,657 | \$ 21,600 | \$ (5,057) | -19% | | |
| Dade | BRANDON | 808632 | 87164428401 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 6,664 | \$ 5,400 | \$ (1,264) | -19% | | |
| Dade | BRANDON | 808632 | 87164358305 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 10,663 | \$ 8,640 | \$ (2,023) | -19% | | |

| Region | Substation | Feeder | Lateral | Projected Start Year ⁽¹⁾ | Actual/Estimated Start Year ⁽¹⁾ | Projected Completion Year ⁽²⁾ | Actual/Estimated Completion Year ⁽²⁾ | Projected 2021 Costs ⁽³⁾ | Actual/Estimated 2021 Costs ⁽³⁾ | Variance Increase / (Decrease) | Percent Variance | Category ⁽⁴⁾ | Explanation ⁽⁴⁾ |
|---------|---------------|--------|-------------|-------------------------------------|--|--|---|-------------------------------------|--|--------------------------------|------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Dade | BRANDON | 808632 | 87164318401 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 3,999 | \$ 3,240 | \$ (759) | -19% | | |
| Dade | BRANDON | 808632 | 87164268403 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 7,997 | \$ 6,480 | \$ (1,517) | -19% | | |
| Dade | BRANDON | 808632 | 87164224813 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 10,663 | \$ 8,640 | \$ (2,023) | -19% | | |
| Dade | BRANDON | 808632 | 87164224503 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 34,654 | \$ 28,080 | \$ (6,574) | -19% | | |
| Dade | BRANDON | 808632 | 87164063003 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 3,999 | \$ 3,240 | \$ (759) | -19% | | |
| Dade | MIAMI SHORES | 803439 | 87162645706 | 2019 | 2019 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 444,360 | \$ 428,504 | \$ (15,857) | -4% | | |
| Dade | LAWRENCE | 805135 | 87155202802 | 2019 | 2019 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 1,229,200 | \$ 1,185,300 | \$ (43,900) | -4% | | |
| Broward | HOLMBERG | 706465 | 87095384008 | 2020 | 2020 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 1,834,011 | \$ 1,300,040 | \$ (533,971) | -29% | Project_Estimate_Change | Detail Engineering Complete |
| Broward | HOLMBERG | 706465 | 87093959208 | 2020 | 2020 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 712,578 | \$ 628,880 | \$ (83,698) | -12% | Project_Estimate_Change | Detail Engineering Complete |
| Broward | HOLMBERG | 706465 | 87093689308 | 2020 | 2020 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 700,896 | \$ 553,280 | \$ (147,616) | -21% | Project_Estimate_Change | Detail Engineering Complete |
| Broward | HOLMBERG | 706465 | 87093559307 | 2020 | 2020 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 1,647,106 | \$ 1,542,520 | \$ (104,586) | -6% | | |
| Broward | HOLMBERG | 706465 | 87093419408 | 2020 | 2020 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 794,349 | \$ 743,960 | \$ (50,389) | -6% | | |
| Broward | HOLMBERG | 706465 | 87093159406 | | 2019 | | 2021 | | \$ 496,720 | \$ 496,720 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Program Management |
| Broward | PLANTATION | 701632 | 87080999605 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 19,993 | \$ 12,150 | \$ (7,843) | -39% | | |
| Broward | PLANTATION | 701632 | 87080929607 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 53,314 | \$ 32,400 | \$ (20,914) | -39% | | |
| Broward | PLANTATION | 701632 | 87080859609 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 6,664 | \$ 4,050 | \$ (2,614) | -39% | | |
| Broward | PLANTATION | 701632 | 87080799606 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 65,310 | \$ 39,690 | \$ (25,620) | -39% | | |
| Broward | PLANTATION | 701632 | 87080739701 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 83,970 | \$ 51,030 | \$ (32,940) | -39% | | |
| Broward | PLANTATION | 701632 | 87080669702 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 29,323 | \$ 17,820 | \$ (11,503) | -39% | | |
| Broward | PLANTATION | 701632 | 87080539701 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 18,660 | \$ 11,340 | \$ (7,320) | -39% | | |
| Broward | PLANTATION | 701632 | 87080536303 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 21,326 | \$ 12,960 | \$ (8,366) | -39% | | |
| Broward | PLANTATION | 701632 | 87080409701 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 22,659 | \$ 13,770 | \$ (8,889) | -39% | | |
| Broward | PLANTATION | 701632 | 87080289705 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 15,994 | \$ 9,720 | \$ (6,274) | -39% | | |
| Broward | PLANTATION | 701632 | 87080099400 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 46,650 | \$ 28,350 | \$ (18,300) | -39% | | |
| Broward | PLANTATION | 701632 | 87080039504 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 35,987 | \$ 21,870 | \$ (14,117) | -39% | | |
| Broward | PLANTATION | 701632 | 87080009605 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 17,327 | \$ 10,530 | \$ (6,797) | -39% | | |
| Broward | DRIFTWOOD | 702037 | 87072269806 | 2019 | 2019 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 354,760 | \$ 343,560 | \$ (11,200) | -3% | | |
| Dade | GOLDEN GLADES | 806034 | 87065152907 | 2019 | 2019 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 1,526,560 | \$ 1,472,310 | \$ (54,250) | -4% | | |
| Dade | BRANDON | 808632 | 87064993011 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 105,296 | \$ 85,320 | \$ (19,976) | -19% | | |
| Dade | BRANDON | 808632 | 87064956603 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 161,275 | \$ 130,680 | \$ (30,595) | -19% | | |
| Dade | BRANDON | 808632 | 87064873015 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 23,991 | \$ 19,440 | \$ (4,551) | -19% | | |
| Dade | BRANDON | 808632 | 87064843001 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 3,999 | \$ 3,240 | \$ (759) | -19% | | |
| Dade | BRANDON | 808632 | 87064763007 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 21,326 | \$ 17,280 | \$ (4,046) | -19% | | |
| Dade | BRANDON | 808632 | 87064721312 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 6,664 | \$ 5,400 | \$ (1,264) | -19% | | |
| Dade | BRANDON | 808632 | 87063772509 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 10,663 | \$ 8,640 | \$ (2,023) | -19% | | |
| Dade | BRANDON | 808632 | 87063747504 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 13,329 | \$ 10,800 | \$ (2,529) | -19% | | |
| Dade | BRANDON | 808632 | 87063746800 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 75,973 | \$ 61,560 | \$ (14,413) | -19% | | |
| Dade | BRANDON | 808632 | 87063746109 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 13,329 | \$ 10,800 | \$ (2,529) | -19% | | |
| Dade | BRANDON | 808632 | 87063745501 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 83,970 | \$ 68,040 | \$ (15,930) | -19% | | |
| Dade | BRANDON | 808632 | 87063725900 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 94,633 | \$ 76,880 | \$ (17,753) | -19% | | |
| Dade | BRANDON | 808632 | 87063708801 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 27,990 | \$ 22,680 | \$ (5,310) | -19% | | |
| Dade | BRANDON | 808632 | 87063647704 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 11,996 | \$ 9,720 | \$ (2,276) | -19% | | |
| Dade | BRANDON | 808632 | 87063503516 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 94,633 | \$ 76,880 | \$ (17,753) | -19% | | |
| Dade | BRANDON | 808632 | 87063503311 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 7,997 | \$ 6,480 | \$ (1,517) | -19% | | |
| Dade | BRANDON | 808632 | 87063502307 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 231,917 | \$ 187,920 | \$ (43,997) | -19% | | |
| Dade | OPA LOCKA | 801231 | 87063467901 | | 2021 | | 2022 | | \$ 23,760 | \$ 23,760 | 100% | | |
| Dade | MIAMI SHORES | 803437 | 87061825508 | 2019 | 2019 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 496,440 | \$ 477,263 | \$ (19,177) | -4% | | |
| Broward | HOLMBERG | 706465 | 86993949403 | | 2019 | | 2021 | | \$ 1,146,600 | \$ 1,146,600 | 100% | Project_Delayed | Resource(s) Delayed |
| Broward | HOLMBERG | 706465 | 86993805509 | 2020 | 2020 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 128,498 | \$ 128,498 | \$ - | 0% | | |
| Broward | PLANTATION | 701632 | 86981870203 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 14,661 | \$ 8,910 | \$ (5,751) | -39% | | |
| Broward | PLANTATION | 701632 | 86981851004 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 5,331 | \$ 3,240 | \$ (2,091) | -39% | | |
| Broward | PLANTATION | 701632 | 86981841611 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 10,663 | \$ 6,480 | \$ (4,183) | -39% | | |
| Broward | MOTOROLA | 704032 | 86981267302 | 2019 | 2019 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 1,861,160 | \$ 1,852,760 | \$ (8,400) | 0% | | |

| Region | Substation | Feeder | Lateral | Projected Start Year ⁽¹⁾ | Actual/Estimated Start Year ⁽¹⁾ | Projected Completion Year ⁽²⁾ | Actual/Estimated Completion Year ⁽²⁾ | Projected 2021 Costs ⁽³⁾ | Actual/Estimated 2021 Costs ⁽³⁾ | Variance Increase / (Decrease) | Percent Variance | Category ⁽⁴⁾ | Explanation ⁽⁴⁾ |
|---------|---------------|--------|-------------|-------------------------------------|--|--|---|-------------------------------------|--|--------------------------------|------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Broward | PLANTATION | 701632 | 86980959600 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 59,978 | \$ 36,450 | \$ (23,528) | -39% | | |
| Broward | PLANTATION | 701632 | 86980888702 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 13,329 | \$ 8,100 | \$ (5,229) | -39% | | |
| Broward | PLANTATION | 701632 | 86980887901 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 13,329 | \$ 8,100 | \$ (5,229) | -39% | | |
| Broward | PLANTATION | 701632 | 86980887501 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 11,996 | \$ 7,290 | \$ (4,706) | -39% | | |
| Broward | PLANTATION | 701632 | 86980879304 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 11,996 | \$ 7,290 | \$ (4,706) | -39% | | |
| Broward | PLANTATION | 701632 | 86980719609 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 69,308 | \$ 42,120 | \$ (27,188) | -39% | | |
| Broward | PLANTATION | 701632 | 86980559709 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 45,317 | \$ 27,540 | \$ (17,777) | -39% | | |
| Broward | PLANTATION | 701632 | 86980519715 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 111,960 | \$ 68,040 | \$ (43,920) | -39% | | |
| Dade | GARDEN | 804139 | 86966593903 | 2019 | 2019 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 213,920 | \$ 257,974 | \$ 44,054 | 21% | | |
| Dade | LAWRENCE | 805137 | 86955790702 | 2019 | 2019 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 1,637,440 | \$ 1,553,879 | \$ (83,561) | -5% | | |
| Dade | LAWRENCE | 805137 | 86955790401 | | 2019 | | 2021 | | \$ 25,000 | \$ 25,000 | 100% | | |
| Dade | GRAPELAND | 802936 | 86954652209 | 2019 | 2019 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 656,600 | \$ 633,150 | \$ (23,450) | -4% | | |
| Dade | COCONUT GROVE | 800436 | 86950259502 | 2018 | 2018 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 2,000 | \$ 396,956 | \$ 394,956 | 19748% | Project Acceleration | Construction Alignment |
| Dade | COCONUT GROVE | 800436 | 86950078206 | 2018 | 2018 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 1,230,880 | \$ 368,602 | \$ (862,278) | -70% | Project Estimate Change | Scope Change |
| Dade | SNAKE CREEK | 808437 | 86867466214 | 2019 | 2019 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 1,305,360 | \$ 1,258,740 | \$ (46,620) | -4% | | |
| Dade | AIRPORT | 802631 | 86757897605 | 2019 | 2019 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 22,249 | \$ 10,070 | \$ (12,179) | -55% | | |
| Dade | AIRPORT | 802631 | 86757867803 | 2019 | 2019 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 33,373 | \$ 12,100 | \$ (21,273) | -64% | | |
| Dade | AIRPORT | 802635 | 86757485706 | 2019 | 2019 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 277,200 | \$ 300,000 | \$ 22,800 | 8% | | |
| Dade | AIRPORT | 802635 | 86757478009 | 2019 | 2019 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 111,244 | \$ 233,791 | \$ 122,547 | 110% | Project Estimate Change | Detail Engineering Complete |
| Dade | SNAPPER CREEK | 808833 | 86748133606 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 41,319 | \$ 33,480 | \$ (7,839) | -19% | | |
| Dade | SNAPPER CREEK | 808833 | 86748092403 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 97,298 | \$ 78,840 | \$ (18,458) | -19% | | |
| Dade | SNAPPER CREEK | 808833 | 86748091504 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 14,661 | \$ 11,880 | \$ (2,781) | -19% | | |
| Dade | SNAPPER CREEK | 808833 | 86748084516 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 10,663 | \$ 8,640 | \$ (2,023) | -19% | | |
| Dade | SNAPPER CREEK | 808833 | 86747108705 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 61,311 | \$ 49,680 | \$ (11,631) | -19% | | |
| Dade | AIRPORT | 802631 | 86657833102 | 2020 | 2020 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 2,000 | \$ 139,441 | \$ 137,441 | 6872% | Project Acceleration | Construction Alignment |
| Dade | AIRPORT | 802631 | 86657776109 | 2020 | 2020 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 400,680 | \$ 294,374 | \$ (106,306) | -27% | Project Estimate Change | Scope Change |
| Dade | SNAPPER CREEK | 808833 | 86648964518 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 17,327 | \$ 14,040 | \$ (3,287) | -19% | | |
| Dade | SNAPPER CREEK | 808833 | 86648964500 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 15,994 | \$ 12,960 | \$ (3,034) | -19% | | |
| Dade | SNAPPER CREEK | 808833 | 86648914405 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 18,660 | \$ 15,120 | \$ (3,540) | -19% | | |
| Dade | SNAPPER CREEK | 808833 | 86648904400 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 11,996 | \$ 9,720 | \$ (2,276) | -19% | | |
| Dade | SNAPPER CREEK | 808833 | 86648784404 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 37,320 | \$ 30,240 | \$ (7,080) | -19% | | |
| Dade | SNAPPER CREEK | 808833 | 86648700316 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 87,968 | \$ 71,280 | \$ (16,688) | -19% | | |
| Dade | SNAPPER CREEK | 808833 | 86648693905 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 106,628 | \$ 10,000 | \$ (96,628) | -91% | Project Acceleration | Program Management |
| Dade | SNAPPER CREEK | 808833 | 86648693301 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 5,331 | \$ 4,320 | \$ (1,011) | -19% | | |
| Dade | SNAPPER CREEK | 808833 | 86648693107 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 5,331 | \$ 4,320 | \$ (1,011) | -19% | | |
| Dade | SNAPPER CREEK | 808833 | 86648692909 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 3,999 | \$ 3,240 | \$ (759) | -19% | | |
| Dade | SNAPPER CREEK | 808833 | 86648692003 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 3,999 | \$ 3,240 | \$ (759) | -19% | | |
| Dade | SNAPPER CREEK | 808833 | 86648685104 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 3,999 | \$ 3,240 | \$ (759) | -19% | | |
| Dade | SNAPPER CREEK | 808833 | 86648684302 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 3,999 | \$ 3,240 | \$ (759) | -19% | | |
| Dade | SNAPPER CREEK | 808833 | 86648551302 | 2019 | 2019 | 2022 | 2020 | \$ 26,657 | \$ 5,000 | \$ (21,657) | -81% | | |
| Dade | SNAPPER CREEK | 808833 | 86648281216 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 11,996 | \$ 9,720 | \$ (2,276) | -19% | | |
| Dade | SNAPPER CREEK | 808833 | 86648281208 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 54,647 | \$ 44,280 | \$ (10,367) | -19% | | |
| Dade | SNAPPER CREEK | 808833 | 86648231308 | 2019 | 2019 | 2022 | 2020 | \$ 93,300 | \$ 10,000 | \$ (83,300) | -89% | Project Acceleration | Program Management |
| Dade | SNAPPER CREEK | 808833 | 86648171101 | 2018 | 2018 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 29,323 | \$ 23,760 | \$ (5,563) | -19% | | |
| Dade | SNAPPER CREEK | 808833 | 86647917109 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 11,996 | \$ 9,720 | \$ (2,276) | -19% | | |
| Dade | SNAPPER CREEK | 808833 | 86647867101 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 19,993 | \$ 16,200 | \$ (3,793) | -19% | | |
| Dade | SNAPPER CREEK | 808833 | 86647847003 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 26,657 | \$ 21,600 | \$ (5,057) | -19% | | |
| Dade | SNAPPER CREEK | 808833 | 86647807001 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 5,331 | \$ 4,320 | \$ (1,011) | -19% | | |
| Dade | SNAPPER CREEK | 808833 | 86647718998 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 6,664 | \$ 5,400 | \$ (1,264) | -19% | | |
| Dade | SNAPPER CREEK | 808833 | 86647718912 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 85,303 | \$ 69,120 | \$ (16,183) | -19% | | |
| Dade | SNAPPER CREEK | 808833 | 86647718718 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 25,324 | \$ 20,520 | \$ (4,804) | -19% | | |
| Dade | SNAPPER CREEK | 808833 | 86647718301 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 9,330 | \$ 7,560 | \$ (1,770) | -19% | | |
| Dade | SNAPPER CREEK | 808833 | 86647677001 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 5,331 | \$ 4,320 | \$ (1,011) | -19% | | |

| Region | Substation | Feeder | Lateral | Projected Start Year ⁽¹⁾ | Actual/Estimated Start Year ⁽¹⁾ | Projected Completion Year ⁽²⁾ | Actual/Estimated Completion Year ⁽²⁾ | Projected 2021 Costs ⁽³⁾ | Actual/Estimated 2021 Costs ⁽³⁾ | Variance Increase / (Decrease) | Percent Variance | Category ⁽⁴⁾ | Explanation ⁽⁴⁾ |
|---------|----------------------------|--------|-------------|-------------------------------------|--|--|---|-------------------------------------|--|--------------------------------|------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Dade | SNAPPER CREEK | 808833 | 86647627003 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 3,999 | \$ 3,240 | \$ (759) | -19% | | |
| Dade | SUNILAND | 806535 | 86647480304 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 75,973 | \$ 61,560 | \$ (14,413) | -19% | | |
| Dade | SUNILAND | 806535 | 86647471003 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 10,663 | \$ 8,640 | \$ (2,023) | -19% | | |
| Dade | SUNILAND | 806535 | 86647463604 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 2,666 | \$ 2,160 | \$ (506) | -19% | | |
| Dade | SUNILAND | 806535 | 86647462501 | 2019 | 2019 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 1,248,240 | \$ 1,188,526 | \$ (59,714) | -5% | | |
| Dade | SUNILAND | 806535 | 86647453307 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 3,999 | \$ 3,240 | \$ (759) | -19% | | |
| Dade | SNAPPER CREEK | 808833 | 86647416916 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 5,331 | \$ 4,320 | \$ (1,011) | -19% | | |
| Dade | SNAPPER CREEK | 808833 | 86647366919 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 10,663 | \$ 8,640 | \$ (2,023) | -19% | | |
| Dade | SNAPPER CREEK | 808833 | 86647366901 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 10,663 | \$ 8,640 | \$ (2,023) | -19% | | |
| Dade | SNAPPER CREEK | 808833 | 86647316911 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 11,996 | \$ 9,720 | \$ (2,276) | -19% | | |
| Dade | SNAPPER CREEK | 808833 | 86647316903 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 22,659 | \$ 18,360 | \$ (4,299) | -19% | | |
| Dade | SNAPPER CREEK | 808833 | 86647276910 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 14,661 | \$ 11,880 | \$ (2,781) | -19% | | |
| Dade | SNAPPER CREEK | 808833 | 86647276901 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 3,999 | \$ 3,240 | \$ (759) | -19% | | |
| Dade | SNAPPER CREEK | 808833 | 86647187003 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 15,994 | \$ 12,960 | \$ (3,034) | -19% | | |
| Dade | SNAPPER CREEK | 808833 | 86647116807 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 10,663 | \$ 8,640 | \$ (2,023) | -19% | | |
| Dade | SNAPPER CREEK | 808833 | 86647006807 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 25,324 | \$ 20,520 | \$ (4,804) | -19% | | |
| Dade | SUNILAND | 806535 | 86646479507 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 115,958 | \$ 93,960 | \$ (21,998) | -19% | | |
| Dade | SUNILAND | 806535 | 86646204800 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 25,324 | \$ 20,520 | \$ (4,804) | -19% | | |
| Dade | SUNILAND | 806535 | 86646144807 | 2019 | 2019 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 1,466,640 | \$ 507,090 | \$ (959,550) | -65% | Project Estimate Change | Scope Change |
| Dade | SUNILAND | 806535 | 86646084804 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 107,961 | \$ 87,480 | \$ (20,481) | -19% | | |
| Dade | SUNILAND | 806535 | 86646004801 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 13,329 | \$ 10,800 | \$ (2,529) | -19% | | |
| Dade | DADE | 805433 | 86558733804 | 2019 | 2019 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 2,000 | \$ 95,120 | \$ 93,120 | 4656% | Project Acceleration | Construction Alignment |
| Dade | DADE | 805433 | 86558655102 | 2019 | 2019 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 836,920 | \$ 117,408 | \$ (719,512) | -86% | Project Estimate Change | Scope Change |
| Dade | DADE | 805433 | 86558654505 | 2019 | 2019 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 2,000 | \$ 108,709 | \$ 106,709 | 5335% | Project Acceleration | Construction Alignment |
| Dade | DADE | 805433 | 86558621704 | 2020 | 2020 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 100,120 | \$ 182,930 | \$ 82,811 | 83% | Project Estimate Change | Detail Engineering Complete |
| Dade | DADE | 805433 | 86558621101 | 2020 | 2020 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 33,373 | \$ 60,977 | \$ 27,604 | 83% | | |
| Dade | SUNILAND | 806533 | 86547873804 | 2019 | 2019 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 1,156,960 | \$ 965,458 | \$ (191,502) | -17% | Project Estimate Change | Scope Change |
| Dade | SUNILAND | 806535 | 86546954525 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 22,659 | \$ 18,360 | \$ (4,299) | -19% | | |
| Dade | CUTLER | 802037 | 86546953502 | 2018 | 2018 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 932,960 | \$ 888,538 | \$ (44,422) | -5% | | |
| Dade | SUNILAND | 806535 | 86546914809 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 25,324 | \$ 20,520 | \$ (4,804) | -19% | | |
| Dade | SUNILAND | 806535 | 86546844932 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 54,647 | \$ 44,280 | \$ (10,367) | -19% | | |
| Dade | SUNILAND | 806535 | 86546774900 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 29,323 | \$ 23,760 | \$ (5,563) | -19% | | |
| Dade | SUNILAND | 806535 | 86546694809 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 29,323 | \$ 23,760 | \$ (5,563) | -19% | | |
| Dade | SUNILAND | 806535 | 86546464803 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 86,636 | \$ 70,200 | \$ (16,436) | -19% | | |
| Dade | SUNILAND | 806535 | 86546354706 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 25,324 | \$ 20,520 | \$ (4,804) | -19% | | |
| Dade | SUNILAND | 806535 | 86546294703 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 133,286 | \$ 108,000 | \$ (25,286) | -19% | | |
| Broward | STONEBRIDGE | 704763 | 86474404706 | 2019 | 2019 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 128,498 | \$ 93,800 | \$ (34,698) | -27% | | |
| Broward | STONEBRIDGE | 704761 | 86473779005 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 43,984 | \$ 26,730 | \$ (17,254) | -39% | | |
| Broward | STONEBRIDGE | 704761 | 86473778009 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 15,994 | \$ 9,720 | \$ (6,274) | -39% | | |
| Broward | STONEBRIDGE ⁽⁵⁾ | 704761 | 86473767414 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 3,999 | \$ 2,430 | \$ (1,569) | -39% | | |
| Broward | STONEBRIDGE | 704761 | 86473766809 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 3,999 | \$ 2,430 | \$ (1,569) | -39% | | |
| Broward | STONEBRIDGE | 704761 | 86473764008 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 3,999 | \$ 2,430 | \$ (1,569) | -39% | | |
| Broward | STONEBRIDGE | 704761 | 86473426803 | 2019 | 2019 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 93,453 | \$ 46,200 | \$ (47,253) | -51% | | |
| Broward | STONEBRIDGE | 704761 | 86473396807 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 6,664 | \$ 4,050 | \$ (2,614) | -39% | | |
| Broward | STONEBRIDGE ⁽⁵⁾ | 704761 | 86473346818 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 6,664 | \$ 4,050 | \$ (2,614) | -39% | | |
| Broward | STONEBRIDGE | 704761 | 86473266806 | 2019 | 2019 | 2021 | 2020 | \$ 151,861 | \$ 10,000 | \$ (141,861) | -93% | Project Acceleration | Program Management |
| Broward | STONEBRIDGE | 704761 | 86473186811 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 5,331 | \$ 3,240 | \$ (2,091) | -39% | | |
| Broward | STONEBRIDGE | 704761 | 86473136805 | | 2020 | 2021 | 2021 | | \$ 73,920 | \$ 73,920 | 100% | Project Acceleration | Program Management |
| Broward | STONEBRIDGE | 704761 | 86473076705 | 2019 | 2019 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 245,314 | \$ 172,760 | \$ (72,554) | -30% | Project Estimate Change | Detail Engineering Complete |
| Broward | STONEBRIDGE | 704761 | 86471818003 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 10,663 | \$ 6,480 | \$ (4,183) | -39% | | |
| Dade | SUNILAND | 806535 | 86446894800 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 98,631 | \$ 79,920 | \$ (18,711) | -19% | | |
| Dade | SUNILAND | 806535 | 86446893803 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 45,317 | \$ 36,720 | \$ (8,597) | -19% | | |
| Dade | SUNILAND | 806534 | 86445103213 | 2018 | 2018 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 942,480 | \$ 909,090 | \$ (33,390) | -4% | | |

| Region | Substation | Feeder | Lateral | Projected Start Year ⁽¹⁾ | Actual/Estimated Start Year ⁽¹⁾ | Projected Completion Year ⁽²⁾ | Actual/Estimated Completion Year ⁽²⁾ | Projected 2021 Costs ⁽³⁾ | Actual/Estimated 2021 Costs ⁽³⁾ | Variance Increase / (Decrease) | Percent Variance | Category ⁽⁴⁾ | Explanation ⁽⁴⁾ |
|---------|----------------------------|--------|-------------|-------------------------------------|--|--|---|-------------------------------------|--|--------------------------------|------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Broward | STONEBRIDGE | 704761 | 86374694706 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 5,331 | \$ 3,240 | \$ (2,091) | -39% | | |
| Broward | STONEBRIDGE | 704761 | 86374624708 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 21,326 | \$ 12,960 | \$ (8,366) | -39% | | |
| Broward | STONEBRIDGE | 704761 | 86374544704 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 6,664 | \$ 4,050 | \$ (2,614) | -39% | | |
| Broward | STONEBRIDGE | 704761 | 86374451901 | 2019 | 2019 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 607,443 | \$ 342,720 | \$ (264,723) | -44% | Project Estimate Change | Detail Engineering Complete |
| Broward | STONEBRIDGE | 704761 | 86374451307 | 2019 | 2019 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 89,880 | \$ 89,880 | \$ - | 0% | | |
| Broward | STONEBRIDGE | 704761 | 86374314709 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 3,999 | \$ 2,430 | \$ (1,569) | -39% | | |
| Broward | STONEBRIDGE | 704761 | 86374264701 | | 2020 | | 2021 | \$ 61,880 | \$ 61,880 | \$ 0 | 100% | Project Acceleration | Program Management |
| Broward | STONEBRIDGE | 704761 | 86374044701 | | 2020 | | 2021 | \$ 61,880 | \$ 61,880 | \$ 0 | 100% | Project Acceleration | Program Management |
| Broward | STONEBRIDGE | 704761 | 86374004700 | | 2020 | | 2021 | \$ 61,880 | \$ 61,880 | \$ 0 | 100% | Project Acceleration | Program Management |
| Broward | STONEBRIDGE | 704761 | 86373996601 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 118,624 | \$ 72,090 | \$ (46,534) | -39% | | |
| Broward | STONEBRIDGE | 704761 | 86373866708 | | 2020 | | 2021 | \$ 71,680 | \$ 71,680 | \$ 0 | 100% | Project Acceleration | Program Management |
| Broward | STONEBRIDGE | 704761 | 86373786704 | 2019 | 2019 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 93,453 | \$ 77,560 | \$ (15,893) | -17% | | |
| Broward | STONEBRIDGE | 704761 | 86373736707 | | 2020 | | 2021 | \$ 71,680 | \$ 71,680 | \$ 0 | 100% | Project Acceleration | Program Management |
| Broward | STONEBRIDGE | 704761 | 86373656703 | | 2020 | | 2021 | \$ 71,680 | \$ 71,680 | \$ 0 | 100% | Project Acceleration | Program Management |
| Broward | STONEBRIDGE | 704761 | 86373586705 | | 2020 | | 2021 | \$ 71,680 | \$ 71,680 | \$ 0 | 100% | Project Acceleration | Program Management |
| Broward | STONEBRIDGE | 704761 | 86373536708 | | 2020 | | 2021 | \$ 71,680 | \$ 71,680 | \$ 0 | 100% | Project Acceleration | Program Management |
| Broward | STONEBRIDGE | 704761 | 86373475211 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 15,994 | \$ 9,720 | \$ (6,274) | -39% | | |
| Broward | STONEBRIDGE | 704761 | 86373475202 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 2,666 | \$ 1,620 | \$ (1,046) | -39% | | |
| Broward | STONEBRIDGE | 704761 | 86373469300 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 274,568 | \$ 166,860 | \$ (107,708) | -39% | Project Estimate Change | Detail Engineering Complete |
| Broward | STONEBRIDGE | 704761 | 86373464600 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 151,945 | \$ 92,340 | \$ (59,605) | -39% | Project Estimate Change | Detail Engineering Complete |
| Broward | STONEBRIDGE | 704761 | 86373459304 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 38,653 | \$ 23,490 | \$ (15,163) | -39% | | |
| Broward | STONEBRIDGE ⁽⁵⁾ | 704761 | 86373406618 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 11,996 | \$ 7,290 | \$ (4,706) | -39% | | |
| Broward | STONEBRIDGE | 704761 | 86373346607 | 2019 | 2019 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 163,542 | \$ 117,320 | \$ (46,222) | -28% | | |
| Broward | STONEBRIDGE | 704761 | 86373276609 | | 2020 | | 2021 | \$ 67,200 | \$ 67,200 | \$ 0 | 100% | Project Acceleration | Program Management |
| Broward | STONEBRIDGE | 704761 | 86373136700 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 19,993 | \$ 12,150 | \$ (7,843) | -39% | | |
| Broward | STONEBRIDGE ⁽⁵⁾ | 704761 | 86373076715 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 5,331 | \$ 3,240 | \$ (2,091) | -39% | | |
| Broward | FLAMINGO | 707263 | 86368258801 | 2019 | 2019 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 152,320 | \$ 152,320 | \$ - | 0% | | |
| Dade | KENDALL | 804332 | 86348880701 | 2019 | 2019 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 2,000 | \$ 25,928 | \$ 23,928 | 1196% | | |
| Dade | KENDALL | 804332 | 86347779119 | 2019 | 2019 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 2,000 | \$ 682,768 | \$ 680,768 | 34038% | Project Acceleration | Construction Alignment |
| Dade | KENDALL | 804332 | 86347627106 | 2019 | 2019 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 1,110,760 | \$ 302,492 | \$ (808,268) | -73% | Project Estimate Change | Scope Change |
| Broward | STONEBRIDGE | 704761 | 86274913400 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 18,660 | \$ 11,340 | \$ (7,320) | -39% | | |
| Broward | STONEBRIDGE | 704761 | 86274912004 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 58,646 | \$ 35,640 | \$ (23,006) | -39% | | |
| Broward | STONEBRIDGE | 704761 | 86274910800 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 3,999 | \$ 2,430 | \$ (1,569) | -39% | | |
| Broward | STONEBRIDGE | 704761 | 86274904401 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 3,999 | \$ 2,430 | \$ (1,569) | -39% | | |
| Broward | STONEBRIDGE | 704761 | 86273927601 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 5,331 | \$ 3,240 | \$ (2,091) | -39% | | |
| Broward | STONEBRIDGE | 704761 | 86273925901 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 6,664 | \$ 4,050 | \$ (2,614) | -39% | | |
| Broward | STONEBRIDGE | 704761 | 86273919803 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 3,999 | \$ 2,430 | \$ (1,569) | -39% | | |
| Broward | STONEBRIDGE | 704761 | 86273919307 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 53,314 | \$ 32,400 | \$ (20,914) | -39% | | |
| West | RATTLESNAKE | 507762 | 77178131107 | 2019 | 2019 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 255,018 | \$ 224,415 | \$ (30,602) | -12% | | |
| West | SOLANA | 503131 | 76585167605 | 2019 | 2019 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 368,738 | \$ 324,311 | \$ (44,427) | -12% | | |
| West | ALLIGATOR | 503562 | 76481993294 | 2019 | 2019 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 499,998 | \$ 439,998 | \$ (60,000) | -12% | Project Estimate Change | Detail Engineering Complete |
| West | SOLANA | 503138 | 76386224304 | 2019 | 2019 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 678,545 | \$ 597,120 | \$ (81,425) | -12% | Project Estimate Change | Detail Engineering Complete |
| West | NAPLES | 501238 | 76383073208 | 2019 | 2019 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 764,503 | \$ 672,980 | \$ (91,523) | -12% | Project Estimate Change | Detail Engineering Complete |
| West | NAPLES | 501238 | 76283733404 | 2019 | 2019 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 904,280 | \$ 795,766 | \$ (108,514) | -12% | Project Estimate Change | Detail Engineering Complete |
| West | NAPLES | 501238 | 76283684403 | 2019 | 2019 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 646,618 | \$ 595,723 | \$ (50,895) | -8% | | |
| West | NAPLES | 501239 | 76280892501 | 2019 | 2019 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 360,395 | \$ 295,623 | \$ (64,772) | -18% | Project Estimate Change | Detail Engineering Complete |
| West | NAPLES | 501239 | 76280838906 | 2019 | 2019 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 339,403 | \$ 302,034 | \$ (37,369) | -11% | | |
| NORTH | FELLSMERE | 411562 | 69200670308 | 2021 | 2021 | 2023 | 2022 | \$ 8,293 | \$ 5,600 | \$ (2,693) | -32% | | |
| East | SKYPASS | 409435 | 68126406904 | 2019 | 2019 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 403,965 | \$ 429,120 | \$ 25,155 | 6% | | |
| East | SKYPASS | 409435 | 68126384200 | 2019 | 2019 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 420,415 | \$ 426,000 | \$ 5,585 | 1% | | |
| East | BELVEDERE | 402536 | 68121833901 | 2019 | 2019 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 455,195 | \$ 421,400 | \$ (33,795) | -7% | | |
| East | BELVEDERE | 402536 | 68121160818 | 2019 | 2019 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 2,000 | \$ 301,629 | \$ 299,629 | 14981% | Project Acceleration | Construction Alignment |
| East | BELVEDERE | 402536 | 68121110802 | 2019 | 2019 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 1,729,208 | \$ 348,033 | \$ (1,381,174) | -80% | Project Estimate Change | Scope Change |

| Region | Substation | Feeder | Lateral | Projected Start Year ⁽¹⁾ | Actual/Estimated Start Year ⁽¹⁾ | Projected Completion Year ⁽²⁾ | Actual/Estimated Completion Year ⁽²⁾ | Projected 2021 Costs ⁽³⁾ | Actual/Estimated 2021 Costs ⁽³⁾ | Variance Increase / (Decrease) | Percent Variance | Category ⁽⁴⁾ | Explanation ⁽⁴⁾ |
|--------|------------|--------|-------------|-------------------------------------|--|--|---|-------------------------------------|--|--------------------------------|------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------------|
| East | BELVEDERE | 402536 | 68121050800 | 2019 | 2019 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 2,000 | \$ 278,427 | \$ 276,427 | 13821% | Project Acceleration | Construction Alignment |
| East | BELVEDERE | 402536 | 68121000802 | 2019 | 2019 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 2,000 | \$ 301,629 | \$ 299,629 | 14981% | Project Acceleration | Construction Alignment |
| East | BELVEDERE | 402534 | 68120856606 | 2019 | 2019 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 352,500 | \$ 365,880 | \$ 13,380 | 4% | | |
| East | BELVEDERE | 402534 | 68120856304 | 2019 | 2019 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 329,235 | \$ 408,960 | \$ 79,725 | 24% | Project Estimate Change | Detail Engineering Complete |
| East | NORTON | 404531 | 68119632902 | 2019 | 2019 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 471,175 | \$ 509,280 | \$ 38,105 | 8% | | |
| East | HILLCREST | 400435 | 68119117102 | 2019 | 2019 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 462,689 | \$ 528,240 | \$ 65,551 | 14% | Project Estimate Change | Detail Engineering Complete |
| East | LANTANA | 402838 | 68111218601 | 2019 | 2019 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 1,134,815 | \$ 1,160,640 | \$ 25,825 | 2% | | |
| East | LANTANA | 402838 | 68111218406 | 2019 | 2019 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 1,019,665 | \$ 1,041,360 | \$ 21,695 | 2% | | |
| East | LINTON | 401932 | 68105470450 | 2018 | 2018 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 721,685 | \$ 737,040 | \$ 15,355 | 2% | | |
| East | LINTON | 401937 | 68105054405 | 2019 | 2019 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 784,266 | \$ 798,720 | \$ 14,455 | 2% | | |
| East | GERMANTOWN | 404839 | 68104420301 | 2019 | 2019 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 905,220 | \$ 912,480 | \$ 7,260 | 1% | | |
| East | JUNO BEACH | 402637 | 68032237401 | 2019 | 2019 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 520,443 | \$ 357,120 | \$ (163,323) | -31% | Project Estimate Change | Detail Engineering Complete |
| East | NORTHWOOD | 400338 | 68025684210 | | 2019 | | 2021 | | \$ 25,000 | \$ 25,000 | 100% | | |
| East | NORTHWOOD | 400338 | 68025684201 | 2019 | 2019 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 599,015 | \$ 630,680 | \$ 31,665 | 5% | | |
| East | BELVEDERE | 402536 | 68021950802 | 2019 | 2019 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 2,000 | \$ 440,842 | \$ 438,842 | 21942% | Project Acceleration | Construction Alignment |
| East | GOLF | 404133 | 68007666701 | 2019 | 2019 | 2021 | 2024 | \$ 499,140 | \$ - | \$ (499,140) | -100% | Project Delayed | Customer Negotiation(s) |
| East | LINTON | 401938 | 68005249607 | 2019 | 2019 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 834,744 | \$ 848,640 | \$ 13,897 | 2% | | |
| East | LINTON | 401934 | 68004912906 | 2019 | 2019 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 457,545 | \$ 609,360 | \$ 151,815 | 33% | Project Estimate Change | Detail Engineering Complete |
| East | GERMANTOWN | 404838 | 68003385601 | 2019 | 2019 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 358,845 | \$ 446,880 | \$ 88,035 | 25% | Project Estimate Change | Detail Engineering Complete |
| East | JUNO BEACH | 402633 | 67932562201 | 2019 | 2019 | 2021 | 2020 | \$ 442,740 | \$ 10,000 | \$ (432,740) | -98% | Project Acceleration | Program Management |
| East | MONET | 403736 | 67931241908 | 2019 | 2019 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 2,000 | \$ 154,280 | \$ 152,280 | 7614% | Project Acceleration | Construction Alignment |
| East | MONET | 403736 | 67931151909 | 2019 | 2019 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 2,000 | \$ 378,687 | \$ 376,687 | 18834% | Project Acceleration | Construction Alignment |
| East | MONET | 403736 | 67931111907 | 2019 | 2019 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 1,783,608 | \$ 238,433 | \$ (1,545,175) | -87% | Project Estimate Change | Scope Change |
| East | MONET | 403736 | 67931051904 | 2019 | 2019 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 2,000 | \$ 112,204 | \$ 110,204 | 5510% | Project Acceleration | Construction Alignment |
| East | WESTWARD | 404038 | 67923531200 | 2019 | 2019 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 382,815 | \$ 385,960 | \$ (3,145) | -4% | | |
| East | WESTWARD | 404038 | 67923352909 | 2019 | 2019 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 487,155 | \$ 425,169 | \$ (61,986) | -13% | Project Estimate Change | Scope Change |
| East | PURDY LANE | 404437 | 67917838200 | 2019 | 2019 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 1,904,339 | \$ 2,266,040 | \$ 361,701 | 19% | Project Estimate Change | Detail Engineering Complete |
| East | HILLS | 407333 | 67841828806 | 2019 | 2019 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 2,000 | \$ 230,628 | \$ 228,628 | 11431% | Project Acceleration | Construction Alignment |
| East | HILLS | 407333 | 67841778809 | 2019 | 2019 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 2,000 | \$ 194,213 | \$ 192,213 | 9611% | Project Acceleration | Construction Alignment |
| East | HILLS | 407333 | 67841678804 | 2019 | 2019 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 2,000 | \$ 242,766 | \$ 240,766 | 12038% | Project Acceleration | Construction Alignment |
| East | HILLS | 407333 | 67841628807 | 2019 | 2019 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 2,000 | \$ 291,319 | \$ 289,319 | 14466% | Project Acceleration | Construction Alignment |
| East | HILLS | 407333 | 67841488801 | 2019 | 2019 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 1,010,500 | \$ 716,160 | \$ (294,340) | -29% | Project Estimate Change | Scope Change |
| East | MONET | 403736 | 67831991909 | 2019 | 2019 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 2,000 | \$ 378,687 | \$ 376,687 | 18834% | Project Acceleration | Construction Alignment |
| East | MONET | 403736 | 67831885009 | 2019 | 2019 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 2,000 | \$ 336,611 | \$ 334,611 | 16731% | Project Acceleration | Construction Alignment |
| East | MONET | 403736 | 67831883804 | 2019 | 2019 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 2,000 | \$ 252,458 | \$ 250,458 | 12523% | Project Acceleration | Construction Alignment |
| East | GREENACRES | 401031 | 67817975403 | 2019 | 2019 | 2021 | 2021 | | \$ 84,389 | \$ 84,389 | 100% | Project Acceleration | Program Management |
| East | GREENACRES | 401031 | 67817775404 | 2020 | 2020 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 2,296,791 | \$ 3,198,856 | \$ 902,065 | 39% | Project Estimate Change | Detail Engineering Complete |
| East | PURDY LANE | 404433 | 67817758411 | | 2019 | | 2021 | | \$ 286,077 | \$ 286,077 | 100% | Project Acceleration | Program Management |
| East | GREENACRES | 401031 | 67817260404 | 2020 | 2020 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 65,356 | \$ 98,453 | \$ 33,097 | 51% | | |
| East | GREENACRES | 401031 | 67817200401 | 2020 | 2020 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 186,731 | \$ 281,295 | \$ 94,564 | 51% | Project Estimate Change | Detail Engineering Complete |
| East | GREENACRES | 401031 | 67816459916 | 2020 | 2020 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 1,633,896 | | \$ (1,633,896) | -100% | Project Delayed | Program Management |
| East | HILLS | 407333 | 67740929741 | 2019 | 2019 | 2021 | 2020 | \$ 329,000 | \$ 10,000 | \$ (319,000) | -97% | Project Acceleration | Program Management |
| East | ROEBUCK | 406337 | 67725554201 | 2020 | 2020 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 226,540 | \$ 244,320 | \$ 17,780 | 8% | | |
| East | WESTWARD | 404035 | 67722476004 | 2019 | 2019 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 1,198,265 | \$ 329,071 | \$ (869,194) | -73% | Project Estimate Change | Scope Change |
| East | WESTWARD | 404035 | 67722475504 | 2019 | 2019 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 2,000 | \$ 329,071 | \$ 327,071 | 16354% | Project Acceleration | Construction Alignment |
| East | WESTWARD | 404035 | 67722474907 | 2019 | 2019 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 2,000 | \$ 307,133 | \$ 305,133 | 15257% | Project Acceleration | Construction Alignment |
| East | WESTWARD | 404035 | 67722474401 | 2019 | 2019 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 2,000 | \$ 296,164 | \$ 294,164 | 14708% | Project Acceleration | Construction Alignment |
| East | PURDY LANE | 404434 | 67718341507 | 2019 | 2019 | 2021 | 2024 | \$ 232,650 | \$ - | \$ (232,650) | -100% | Project Delayed | Customer Negotiation(s) |
| East | PURDY LANE | 404434 | 67718261503 | | 2019 | | 2021 | | \$ 340,978 | \$ 340,978 | 100% | Project Acceleration | Program Management |
| East | PURDY LANE | 404434 | 67718161606 | | 2019 | | 2021 | | \$ 278,982 | \$ 278,982 | 100% | Project Acceleration | Program Management |
| East | PURDY LANE | 404434 | 67718091608 | 2019 | 2019 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 211,500 | \$ 433,972 | \$ 222,472 | 105% | Project Estimate Change | Detail Engineering Complete |
| East | GREENACRES | 401031 | 67716939901 | | 2020 | | 2021 | | \$ 281,295 | \$ 281,295 | 100% | Project Acceleration | Program Management |
| East | GREENACRES | 401031 | 67716939308 | 2020 | 2020 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 205,404 | \$ 309,426 | \$ 104,022 | 51% | Project Estimate Change | Detail Engineering Complete |

| Region | Substation | Feeder | Lateral | Projected Start Year ⁽¹⁾ | Actual/Estimated Start Year ⁽¹⁾ | Projected Completion Year ⁽²⁾ | Actual/Estimated Completion Year ⁽²⁾ | Projected 2021 Costs ⁽³⁾ | Actual/Estimated 2021 Costs ⁽³⁾ | Variance Increase / (Decrease) | Percent Variance | Category ⁽⁴⁾ | Explanation ⁽⁴⁾ |
|--------|-------------|--------|-------------|-------------------------------------|--|--|---|-------------------------------------|--|--------------------------------|------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------------|
| East | GREENACRES | 401031 | 67716938808 | | 2020 | | 2021 | | \$ 309,425 | \$ 309,425 | 100% | Project Acceleration | Program Management |
| East | GREENACRES | 401031 | 67716938204 | 2020 | 2020 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 205,404 | \$ 309,425 | \$ 104,021 | 51% | Project Estimate Change | Detail Engineering Complete |
| North | OLYMPIA | 401762 | 67649324401 | 2019 | 2019 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 485,040 | \$ 511,680 | \$ 26,640 | 5% | | |
| East | ALEXANDER | 408562 | 67139917905 | 2019 | 2019 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 913,210 | \$ 291,450 | \$ (621,760) | -68% | Project Estimate Change | Scope Change |
| East | ALEXANDER | 408562 | 67139787904 | 2019 | 2019 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 2,000 | \$ 291,450 | \$ 289,450 | 14473% | Project Acceleration | Construction Alignment |
| North | RIO | 407033 | 66960606105 | 2019 | 2019 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 326,368 | \$ 251,760 | \$ (74,608) | -23% | Project Estimate Change | Detail Engineering Complete |
| EAST | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66922105609 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 84,118 | \$ 36,920 | \$ (47,198) | -56% | | |
| EAST | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66823482203 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 22,510 | \$ 9,880 | \$ (12,630) | -56% | | |
| EAST | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66822976300 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 8,293 | \$ 3,640 | \$ (4,653) | -56% | | |
| EAST | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66822645907 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 7,109 | \$ 3,120 | \$ (3,989) | -56% | | |
| EAST | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66822479802 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 10,663 | \$ 4,680 | \$ (5,983) | -56% | | |
| EAST | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66822468401 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 20,141 | \$ 8,840 | \$ (11,301) | -56% | | |
| EAST | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66822467707 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 142,171 | \$ 62,400 | \$ (79,771) | -56% | Project Estimate Change | Detail Engineering Complete |
| EAST | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66822467600 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 11,848 | \$ 5,200 | \$ (6,648) | -56% | | |
| EAST | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66822455814 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 2,370 | \$ 1,040 | \$ (1,330) | -56% | | |
| EAST | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66723975406 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 9,478 | \$ 4,160 | \$ (5,318) | -56% | | |
| EAST | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66723969309 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 217,996 | \$ 95,680 | \$ (122,316) | -56% | Project Estimate Change | Detail Engineering Complete |
| EAST | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66723968809 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 33,173 | \$ 14,560 | \$ (18,613) | -56% | | |
| EAST | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66723964706 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 69,901 | \$ 30,680 | \$ (39,221) | -56% | | |
| EAST | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66723964200 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 26,065 | \$ 11,440 | \$ (14,625) | -56% | | |
| EAST | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66723963408 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 18,956 | \$ 8,320 | \$ (10,636) | -56% | | |
| EAST | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66723963106 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 13,032 | \$ 5,720 | \$ (7,312) | -56% | | |
| EAST | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66723961405 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 28,434 | \$ 12,480 | \$ (15,954) | -56% | | |
| EAST | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66723960301 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 5,924 | \$ 2,600 | \$ (3,324) | -56% | | |
| EAST | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66723958005 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 4,739 | \$ 2,080 | \$ (2,659) | -56% | | |
| EAST | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66723956703 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 8,293 | \$ 3,640 | \$ (4,653) | -56% | | |
| EAST | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66723956002 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 9,478 | \$ 4,160 | \$ (5,318) | -56% | | |
| EAST | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66722965610 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 23,695 | \$ 10,400 | \$ (13,295) | -56% | | |
| EAST | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66722965601 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 521,294 | \$ 228,800 | \$ (292,494) | -56% | Project Estimate Change | Detail Engineering Complete |
| EAST | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66722959300 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 60,423 | \$ 26,520 | \$ (33,903) | -56% | | |
| EAST | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66722958702 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 52,129 | \$ 22,880 | \$ (29,249) | -56% | | |
| EAST | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66722958001 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 16,587 | \$ 7,280 | \$ (9,307) | -56% | | |
| EAST | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66722936903 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 88,857 | \$ 39,000 | \$ (49,857) | -56% | | |
| EAST | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66722675905 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 11,848 | \$ 5,200 | \$ (6,648) | -56% | | |
| EAST | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66722635903 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 2,370 | \$ 1,040 | \$ (1,330) | -56% | | |
| EAST | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66722496024 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 2,370 | \$ 1,040 | \$ (1,330) | -56% | | |
| EAST | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66722206018 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 8,293 | \$ 3,640 | \$ (4,653) | -56% | | |
| EAST | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66721332907 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 259,462 | \$ 113,880 | \$ (145,582) | -56% | Project Estimate Change | Detail Engineering Complete |
| EAST | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66721332401 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 71,086 | \$ 31,200 | \$ (39,886) | -56% | | |
| EAST | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66721320721 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 15,402 | \$ 6,760 | \$ (8,642) | -56% | | |
| EAST | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66721320704 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 15,402 | \$ 6,760 | \$ (8,642) | -56% | | |
| EAST | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66721282802 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 4,739 | \$ 2,080 | \$ (2,659) | -56% | | |
| EAST | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66721232805 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 9,478 | \$ 4,160 | \$ (5,318) | -56% | | |
| EAST | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66721092809 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 5,924 | \$ 2,600 | \$ (3,324) | -56% | | |
| EAST | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66721022801 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 10,663 | \$ 4,680 | \$ (5,983) | -56% | | |
| EAST | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66720879302 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 201,409 | \$ 88,400 | \$ (113,009) | -56% | Project Estimate Change | Detail Engineering Complete |
| EAST | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66720498801 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 39,097 | \$ 17,160 | \$ (21,937) | -56% | | |
| EAST | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66720319109 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 3,554 | \$ 1,560 | \$ (1,994) | -56% | | |
| EAST | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66720218701 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 3,554 | \$ 1,560 | \$ (1,994) | -56% | | |
| EAST | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66624975002 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 23,695 | \$ 10,400 | \$ (13,295) | -56% | | |
| EAST | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66624942309 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 8,293 | \$ 3,640 | \$ (4,653) | -56% | | |
| EAST | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66623939703 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 5,924 | \$ 2,600 | \$ (3,324) | -56% | | |
| EAST | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66623938901 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 5,924 | \$ 2,600 | \$ (3,324) | -56% | | |

| Region | Substation | Feeder | Lateral | Projected Start Year ⁽¹⁾ | Actual/Estimated Start Year ⁽¹⁾ | Projected Completion Year ⁽²⁾ | Actual/Estimated Completion Year ⁽²⁾ | Projected 2021 Costs ⁽³⁾ | Actual/Estimated 2021 Costs ⁽³⁾ | Variance Increase / (Decrease) | Percent Variance | Category ⁽⁴⁾ | Explanation ⁽⁴⁾ |
|--------|-------------|--------|-------------|-------------------------------------|--|--|---|-------------------------------------|--|--------------------------------|------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------------|
| EAST | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66522866119 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 107,813 | \$ 47,320 | \$ (60,493) | -56% | Project Estimate Change | Detail Engineering Complete |
| EAST | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66520829593 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 199,040 | \$ 87,360 | \$ (111,680) | -56% | Project Estimate Change | Detail Engineering Complete |
| North | TESORO | 411962 | 66362234508 | 2019 | 2019 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 313,321 | \$ 285,360 | \$ (27,961) | -9% | | |
| North | FT PIERCE | 401531 | 66176248402 | 2018 | 2018 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 565,175 | \$ 575,760 | \$ 10,585 | 2% | | |
| North | FT PIERCE | 401534 | 66078993000 | 2019 | 2019 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 389,865 | \$ 398,160 | \$ 8,295 | 2% | | |
| North | TURNPIKE | 406164 | 66064813802 | 2019 | 2019 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 926,135 | \$ 116,872 | \$ (809,263) | -87% | Project Estimate Change | Scope Change |
| North | TURNPIKE | 406164 | 66064750703 | 2019 | 2019 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 2,000 | \$ 717,928 | \$ 715,928 | 35796% | Project Acceleration | Construction Alignment |
| NORTH | SEBASTIAN | 405765 | 65499031008 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 18,956 | \$ 12,800 | \$ (6,156) | -32% | | |
| NORTH | SEBASTIAN | 405765 | 65498125301 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 11,848 | \$ 8,000 | \$ (3,848) | -32% | | |
| NORTH | SEBASTIAN | 405765 | 65498124703 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 23,695 | \$ 16,000 | \$ (7,695) | -32% | | |
| NORTH | SEBASTIAN | 405765 | 65399951109 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 54,499 | \$ 36,800 | \$ (17,699) | -32% | | |
| NORTH | SEBASTIAN | 405765 | 65399911301 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 82,933 | \$ 56,000 | \$ (26,933) | -32% | | |
| NORTH | SEBASTIAN | 405765 | 65399714000 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 53,314 | \$ 36,000 | \$ (17,314) | -32% | | |
| NORTH | SEBASTIAN | 405765 | 65399574003 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 53,314 | \$ 36,000 | \$ (17,314) | -32% | | |
| NORTH | SEBASTIAN | 405765 | 65399517204 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 133,878 | \$ 90,400 | \$ (43,478) | -32% | | |
| NORTH | SEBASTIAN | 405765 | 65399331101 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 116,106 | \$ 78,400 | \$ (37,706) | -32% | | |
| NORTH | FELLSMERE | 411562 | 65399271001 | 2021 | 2021 | 2023 | 2022 | \$ 79,379 | \$ 53,600 | \$ (25,779) | -32% | | |
| NORTH | FELLSMERE | 411562 | 65399240113 | 2021 | 2021 | 2023 | 2022 | \$ 146,910 | \$ 99,200 | \$ (47,710) | -32% | | |
| NORTH | FELLSMERE | 411562 | 65399240105 | 2021 | 2021 | 2023 | 2022 | \$ 88,857 | \$ 60,000 | \$ (28,857) | -32% | | |
| NORTH | FELLSMERE | 411562 | 65399210800 | 2021 | 2021 | 2023 | 2022 | \$ 24,880 | \$ 16,800 | \$ (8,080) | -32% | | |
| NORTH | FELLSMERE | 411562 | 65399175711 | 2021 | 2021 | 2023 | 2022 | \$ 97,150 | \$ 65,600 | \$ (31,550) | -32% | | |
| NORTH | FELLSMERE | 411562 | 65399175702 | 2021 | 2021 | 2023 | 2022 | \$ 61,608 | \$ 41,600 | \$ (20,008) | -32% | | |
| NORTH | FELLSMERE | 411562 | 65399084910 | 2021 | 2021 | 2023 | 2022 | \$ 11,848 | \$ 8,000 | \$ (3,848) | -32% | | |
| NORTH | FELLSMERE | 411562 | 65399084901 | 2021 | 2021 | 2023 | 2022 | \$ 20,141 | \$ 13,600 | \$ (6,541) | -32% | | |
| NORTH | FELLSMERE | 411562 | 65398079505 | 2021 | 2021 | 2023 | 2022 | \$ 26,065 | \$ 17,600 | \$ (8,465) | -32% | | |
| NORTH | FELLSMERE | 411562 | 65398029303 | 2021 | 2021 | 2023 | 2022 | \$ 49,760 | \$ 33,600 | \$ (16,160) | -32% | | |
| NORTH | FELLSMERE | 411562 | 65299924014 | 2021 | 2021 | 2023 | 2022 | \$ 40,282 | \$ 27,200 | \$ (13,082) | -32% | | |
| NORTH | FELLSMERE | 411562 | 65299924006 | 2021 | 2021 | 2023 | 2022 | \$ 5,924 | \$ 4,000 | \$ (1,924) | -32% | | |
| NORTH | FELLSMERE | 411562 | 65299848113 | 2021 | 2021 | 2023 | 2022 | \$ 116,106 | \$ 78,400 | \$ (37,706) | -32% | | |
| NORTH | FELLSMERE | 411562 | 65299848105 | 2021 | 2021 | 2023 | 2022 | \$ 28,434 | \$ 19,200 | \$ (9,234) | -32% | | |
| NORTH | FELLSMERE | 411562 | 65299788510 | 2021 | 2021 | 2023 | 2022 | \$ 17,771 | \$ 12,000 | \$ (5,771) | -32% | | |
| NORTH | FELLSMERE | 411562 | 65299788501 | 2021 | 2021 | 2023 | 2022 | \$ 28,434 | \$ 19,200 | \$ (9,234) | -32% | | |
| NORTH | FELLSMERE | 411562 | 65299748917 | 2021 | 2021 | 2023 | 2022 | \$ 16,587 | \$ 11,200 | \$ (5,387) | -32% | | |
| NORTH | FELLSMERE | 411562 | 65299748909 | 2021 | 2021 | 2023 | 2022 | \$ 28,434 | \$ 19,200 | \$ (9,234) | -32% | | |
| NORTH | FELLSMERE | 411562 | 65299739713 | 2021 | 2021 | 2023 | 2022 | \$ 31,989 | \$ 21,600 | \$ (10,389) | -32% | | |
| NORTH | FELLSMERE | 411562 | 65299724015 | 2021 | 2021 | 2023 | 2022 | \$ 75,825 | \$ 51,200 | \$ (24,625) | -32% | | |
| NORTH | FELLSMERE | 411562 | 65299724007 | 2021 | 2021 | 2023 | 2022 | \$ 34,358 | \$ 23,200 | \$ (11,158) | -32% | | |
| NORTH | FELLSMERE | 411562 | 65299709911 | 2021 | 2021 | 2023 | 2022 | \$ 30,804 | \$ 20,800 | \$ (10,004) | -32% | | |
| NORTH | FELLSMERE | 411562 | 65299709903 | 2021 | 2021 | 2023 | 2022 | \$ 9,478 | \$ 6,400 | \$ (3,078) | -32% | | |
| NORTH | FELLSMERE | 411562 | 65299554900 | 2021 | 2021 | 2023 | 2022 | \$ 63,977 | \$ 43,200 | \$ (20,777) | -32% | | |
| NORTH | FELLSMERE | 411562 | 65299546508 | 2021 | 2021 | 2023 | 2022 | \$ 215,626 | \$ 145,600 | \$ (70,026) | -32% | Project Estimate Change | Detail Engineering Complete |
| NORTH | FELLSMERE | 411562 | 65299506107 | 2021 | 2021 | 2023 | 2022 | \$ 13,032 | \$ 8,800 | \$ (4,232) | -32% | | |
| NORTH | FELLSMERE | 411562 | 65299446104 | 2021 | 2021 | 2023 | 2022 | \$ 68,716 | \$ 46,400 | \$ (22,316) | -32% | | |
| NORTH | FELLSMERE | 411562 | 65299358400 | 2021 | 2021 | 2023 | 2022 | \$ 22,510 | \$ 15,200 | \$ (7,310) | -32% | | |
| NORTH | FELLSMERE | 411562 | 65299357705 | 2021 | 2021 | 2023 | 2022 | \$ 22,510 | \$ 15,200 | \$ (7,310) | -32% | | |
| NORTH | FELLSMERE | 411562 | 65299356105 | 2021 | 2021 | 2023 | 2022 | \$ 150,465 | \$ 101,600 | \$ (48,865) | -32% | | |
| NORTH | FELLSMERE | 411562 | 65298628501 | 2021 | 2021 | 2023 | 2022 | \$ 24,880 | \$ 16,800 | \$ (8,080) | -32% | | |
| NORTH | FELLSMERE | 411562 | 65298598504 | 2021 | 2021 | 2023 | 2022 | \$ 114,922 | \$ 77,600 | \$ (37,322) | -32% | | |
| NORTH | FELLSMERE | 411562 | 65199496502 | 2021 | 2021 | 2023 | 2023 | \$ 22,510 | \$ 15,200 | \$ (7,310) | -32% | | |
| NORTH | FELLSMERE | 411562 | 65199145602 | 2021 | 2021 | 2023 | 2023 | \$ 7,109 | \$ 4,800 | \$ (2,309) | -32% | | |
| NORTH | FELLSMERE | 411562 | 65199095605 | 2021 | 2021 | 2023 | 2023 | \$ 13,032 | \$ 8,800 | \$ (4,232) | -32% | | |
| NORTH | FELLSMERE | 411562 | 65099885403 | 2021 | 2021 | 2023 | 2023 | \$ 563,946 | \$ 380,800 | \$ (183,146) | -32% | Project Estimate Change | Detail Engineering Complete |
| NORTH | FELLSMERE | 411562 | 65099865402 | 2021 | 2021 | 2023 | 2023 | \$ 59,238 | \$ 40,000 | \$ (19,238) | -32% | | |

| Region | Substation | Feeder | Lateral | Projected Start Year ⁽¹⁾ | Actual/Estimated Start Year ⁽¹⁾ | Projected Completion Year ⁽²⁾ | Actual/Estimated Completion Year ⁽²⁾ | Projected 2021 Costs ⁽³⁾ | Actual/Estimated 2021 Costs ⁽³⁾ | Variance Increase / (Decrease) | Percent Variance | Category ⁽⁴⁾ | Explanation ⁽⁴⁾ |
|--------|-------------|--------|-------------|-------------------------------------|--|--|---|-------------------------------------|--|--------------------------------|------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------------|
| NORTH | FELLSMERE | 411562 | 65099145400 | 2021 | 2021 | 2023 | 2023 | \$ 139,802 | \$ 94,400 | \$ (45,402) | -32% | | |
| NORTH | FELLSMERE | 411562 | 65099095500 | 2021 | 2021 | 2023 | 2023 | \$ 21,326 | \$ 14,400 | \$ (6,926) | -32% | | |
| NORTH | FELLSMERE | 411562 | 65099035400 | 2021 | 2021 | 2023 | 2023 | \$ 34,358 | \$ 23,200 | \$ (11,158) | -32% | | |
| NORTH | FELLSMERE | 411562 | 6499965306 | 2021 | 2021 | 2023 | 2023 | \$ 271,310 | \$ 183,200 | \$ (88,110) | -32% | Project Estimate Change | Detail Engineering Complete |
| NORTH | FELLSMERE | 411562 | 64999805406 | 2021 | 2021 | 2023 | 2023 | \$ 189,562 | \$ 128,000 | \$ (61,562) | -32% | Project Estimate Change | Detail Engineering Complete |
| NORTH | FELLSMERE | 411562 | 64999605806 | 2021 | 2021 | 2023 | 2023 | \$ 97,150 | \$ 65,600 | \$ (31,550) | -32% | | |
| NORTH | FELLSMERE | 411562 | 64999345707 | 2021 | 2021 | 2023 | 2023 | \$ 360,167 | \$ 243,200 | \$ (116,967) | -32% | Project Estimate Change | Detail Engineering Complete |
| NORTH | FELLSMERE | 411562 | 64999055601 | 2021 | 2021 | 2023 | 2023 | \$ 9,478 | \$ 6,400 | \$ (3,078) | -32% | | |
| East | PAHOKEE | 400834 | 64332194601 | | 2019 | | 2021 | | \$ 941,520 | \$ 941,520 | 100% | Project Acceleration | Program Management |
| East | PAHOKEE | 400834 | 64231303301 | 2019 | 2019 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 1,518,805 | \$ 941,520 | \$ (577,285) | -38% | Project Estimate Change | Detail Engineering Complete |
| West | COLONIAL | 502631 | 55715464607 | 2019 | 2019 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 640,830 | \$ 564,150 | \$ (76,680) | -12% | Project Estimate Change | Detail Engineering Complete |
| West | COLONIAL | 502631 | 55715290102 | 2019 | 2019 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 2,012,485 | \$ 1,510,080 | \$ (502,405) | -25% | Project Estimate Change | Detail Engineering Complete |
| West | PUNTA GORDA | 501534 | 54638561506 | 2019 | 2019 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 139,055 | \$ 125,809 | \$ (13,246) | -10% | | |
| WEST | HARBOR | 503766 | 54543495402 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 9,330 | \$ 5,670 | \$ (3,660) | -39% | | |
| WEST | HARBOR | 503766 | 54543484206 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 206,593 | \$ 125,550 | \$ (81,043) | -39% | Project Estimate Change | Detail Engineering Complete |
| WEST | HARBOR | 503766 | 54543431391 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 21,326 | \$ 12,960 | \$ (8,366) | -39% | | |
| WEST | HARBOR | 503766 | 54543390201 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 21,326 | \$ 12,960 | \$ (8,366) | -39% | | |
| WEST | HARBOR | 503766 | 54542409201 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 178,603 | \$ 108,540 | \$ (70,063) | -39% | Project Estimate Change | Detail Engineering Complete |
| WEST | HARBOR | 503766 | 54542357006 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 106,628 | \$ 64,800 | \$ (41,828) | -39% | | |
| WEST | HARBOR | 503766 | 54542345393 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 26,657 | \$ 16,200 | \$ (10,457) | -39% | | |
| WEST | HARBOR | 503766 | 54542254908 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 15,994 | \$ 9,720 | \$ (6,274) | -39% | | |
| WEST | HARBOR | 503766 | 54542244601 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 99,964 | \$ 60,750 | \$ (39,214) | -39% | | |
| WEST | HARBOR | 503766 | 54542242403 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 34,654 | \$ 21,060 | \$ (13,594) | -39% | | |
| WEST | HARBOR | 503766 | 54542241709 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 34,654 | \$ 21,060 | \$ (13,594) | -39% | | |
| WEST | HARBOR | 503766 | 54542241105 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 127,954 | \$ 77,760 | \$ (50,194) | -39% | Project Estimate Change | Detail Engineering Complete |
| WEST | HARBOR | 503766 | 54542240508 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 95,966 | \$ 58,320 | \$ (37,646) | -39% | | |
| WEST | HARBOR | 503766 | 54542239305 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 18,660 | \$ 11,340 | \$ (7,320) | -39% | | |
| WEST | HARBOR | 503766 | 54542189201 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 113,293 | \$ 68,850 | \$ (44,443) | -39% | | |
| WEST | HARBOR | 503766 | 54542139203 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 141,283 | \$ 85,860 | \$ (55,423) | -39% | Project Estimate Change | Detail Engineering Complete |
| WEST | HARBOR | 503766 | 54542069205 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 91,967 | \$ 55,890 | \$ (36,077) | -39% | | |
| WEST | HARBOR | 503766 | 54541248505 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 26,657 | \$ 16,200 | \$ (10,457) | -39% | | |
| WEST | HARBOR | 503766 | 54443735201 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 50,648 | \$ 30,780 | \$ (19,868) | -39% | | |
| WEST | HARBOR | 503766 | 54443734603 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 3,999 | \$ 2,430 | \$ (1,569) | -39% | | |
| WEST | HARBOR | 503766 | 54443733208 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 51,981 | \$ 31,590 | \$ (20,391) | -39% | | |
| WEST | HARBOR | 503766 | 54443541708 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 35,987 | \$ 21,870 | \$ (14,117) | -39% | | |
| WEST | HARBOR | 503766 | 54443432208 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 51,981 | \$ 31,590 | \$ (20,391) | -39% | | |
| WEST | HARBOR | 503766 | 54443430001 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 47,983 | \$ 29,160 | \$ (18,823) | -39% | | |
| WEST | HARBOR | 503766 | 54443392605 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 161,275 | \$ 98,010 | \$ (63,265) | -39% | Project Estimate Change | Detail Engineering Complete |
| WEST | HARBOR | 503766 | 54443353006 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 89,301 | \$ 54,270 | \$ (35,031) | -39% | | |
| WEST | HARBOR | 503766 | 54443332301 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 66,643 | \$ 40,500 | \$ (26,143) | -39% | | |
| WEST | HARBOR | 503766 | 54443283601 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 125,288 | \$ 76,140 | \$ (49,148) | -39% | | |
| WEST | HARBOR | 503766 | 54443253800 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 61,311 | \$ 37,260 | \$ (24,051) | -39% | | |
| WEST | HARBOR | 503766 | 54443204108 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 119,957 | \$ 72,900 | \$ (47,057) | -39% | | |
| WEST | HARBOR | 503766 | 54443184204 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 35,987 | \$ 21,870 | \$ (14,117) | -39% | | |
| WEST | HARBOR | 503766 | 54443124406 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 13,329 | \$ 8,100 | \$ (5,229) | -39% | | |
| WEST | HARBOR | 503766 | 54442738907 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 47,983 | \$ 29,160 | \$ (18,823) | -39% | | |
| WEST | HARBOR | 503766 | 54442738303 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 90,634 | \$ 55,080 | \$ (35,554) | -39% | | |
| WEST | HARBOR | 503766 | 54442039308 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 7,997 | \$ 4,860 | \$ (3,137) | -39% | | |
| WEST | HARBOR | 503766 | 54343904608 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 30,656 | \$ 18,630 | \$ (12,026) | -39% | | |
| WEST | HARBOR | 503766 | 54343894009 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 35,987 | \$ 21,870 | \$ (14,117) | -39% | | |
| WEST | HARBOR | 503766 | 54343893703 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 31,989 | \$ 19,440 | \$ (12,549) | -39% | | |
| WEST | HARBOR | 503766 | 54343893207 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 9,330 | \$ 5,670 | \$ (3,660) | -39% | | |
| WEST | HARBOR | 503766 | 54343892707 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 25,324 | \$ 15,390 | \$ (9,934) | -39% | | |

| Region | Substation | Feeder | Lateral | Projected Start Year ⁽¹⁾ | Actual/Estimated Start Year ⁽¹⁾ | Projected Completion Year ⁽²⁾ | Actual/Estimated Completion Year ⁽²⁾ | Projected 2021 Costs ⁽³⁾ | Actual/Estimated 2021 Costs ⁽³⁾ | Variance Increase / (Decrease) | Percent Variance | Category ⁽⁴⁾ | Explanation ⁽⁴⁾ |
|--------|------------|--------|-------------|-------------------------------------|--|--|---|-------------------------------------|--|--------------------------------|------------------|-------------------------|----------------------------|
| WEST | HARBOR | 503766 | 54343892201 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 31,989 | \$ 19,440 | \$ (12,549) | -39% | | |
| WEST | HARBOR | 503766 | 54343891905 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 19,993 | \$ 12,150 | \$ (7,843) | -39% | | |
| WEST | HARBOR | 503766 | 54343881101 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 86,636 | \$ 52,650 | \$ (33,986) | -39% | | |
| WEST | HARBOR | 503766 | 54342899605 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 6,664 | \$ 4,050 | \$ (2,614) | -39% | | |
| WEST | HARBOR | 503766 | 54342889001 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 38,653 | \$ 23,490 | \$ (15,163) | -39% | | |
| WEST | HARBOR | 503766 | 54342828908 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 35,987 | \$ 21,870 | \$ (14,117) | -39% | | |
| West | FRANKLIN | 506465 | 53846071406 | | 2021 | | 2023 | | \$ 98,010 | \$ 98,010 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Delay to Other Project(s) |
| WEST | COCOPLUM | 503262 | 53846060102 | 2021 | | 2023 | 2024 | \$ 241,247 | \$ - | \$ (241,247) | -100% | Project_Delayed | Delay to Other Project(s) |
| West | FRANKLIN | 506465 | 53845530512 | | 2021 | | 2023 | | \$ 12,150 | \$ 12,150 | 100% | | |
| West | FRANKLIN | 506465 | 53845528313 | | 2021 | | 2023 | | \$ 19,440 | \$ 19,440 | 100% | | |
| West | FRANKLIN | 506465 | 53845527104 | | 2021 | | 2023 | | \$ 55,080 | \$ 55,080 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Delay to Other Project(s) |
| West | FRANKLIN | 506465 | 53845526108 | | 2021 | | 2023 | | \$ 3,240 | \$ 3,240 | 100% | | |
| West | FRANKLIN | 506465 | 53845525900 | | 2021 | | 2023 | | \$ 17,010 | \$ 17,010 | 100% | | |
| West | FRANKLIN | 506465 | 53845524709 | | 2021 | | 2023 | | \$ 38,070 | \$ 38,070 | 100% | | |
| West | FRANKLIN | 506465 | 53845511801 | | 2021 | | 2023 | | \$ 19,440 | \$ 19,440 | 100% | | |
| West | FRANKLIN | 506465 | 53845511691 | | 2021 | | 2023 | | \$ 38,070 | \$ 38,070 | 100% | | |
| WEST | COCOPLUM | 503262 | 53845077907 | 2021 | 2023 | 2022 | 2024 | \$ 63,977 | \$ - | \$ (63,977) | -100% | Project_Delayed | Delay to Other Project(s) |
| WEST | COCOPLUM | 503262 | 53845057906 | 2021 | 2023 | 2022 | 2024 | \$ 7,997 | \$ - | \$ (7,997) | -100% | | |
| West | FRANKLIN | 506465 | 53749261704 | | 2021 | | 2022 | | \$ 17,010 | \$ 17,010 | 100% | | |
| West | FRANKLIN | 506465 | 53749231104 | | 2021 | | 2022 | | \$ 76,140 | \$ 76,140 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Delay to Other Project(s) |
| West | FRANKLIN | 506465 | 53749220803 | | 2021 | | 2022 | | \$ 3,240 | \$ 3,240 | 100% | | |
| West | FRANKLIN | 506465 | 53748994503 | | 2021 | | 2022 | | \$ 199,260 | \$ 199,260 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Delay to Other Project(s) |
| West | FRANKLIN | 506465 | 53748983412 | | 2021 | | 2022 | | \$ 112,590 | \$ 112,590 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Delay to Other Project(s) |
| West | FRANKLIN | 506465 | 53748962709 | | 2021 | | 2022 | | \$ 159,570 | \$ 159,570 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Delay to Other Project(s) |
| West | FRANKLIN | 506465 | 53748961907 | | 2021 | | 2022 | | \$ 425,250 | \$ 425,250 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Delay to Other Project(s) |
| West | FRANKLIN | 506465 | 53748951502 | | 2021 | | 2022 | | \$ 43,740 | \$ 43,740 | 100% | | |
| West | FRANKLIN | 506465 | 53748907805 | | 2021 | | 2022 | | \$ 67,230 | \$ 67,230 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Delay to Other Project(s) |
| West | FRANKLIN | 506465 | 53748577902 | | 2021 | | 2022 | | \$ 81,810 | \$ 81,810 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Delay to Other Project(s) |
| West | FRANKLIN | 506465 | 53748248003 | | 2021 | | 2022 | | \$ 61,560 | \$ 61,560 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Delay to Other Project(s) |
| West | FRANKLIN | 506465 | 53748179605 | | 2021 | | 2022 | | \$ 130,410 | \$ 130,410 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Delay to Other Project(s) |
| West | FRANKLIN | 506465 | 53748158713 | | 2021 | | 2022 | | \$ 19,440 | \$ 19,440 | 100% | | |
| West | FRANKLIN | 506465 | 53748158306 | | 2021 | | 2022 | | \$ 17,820 | \$ 17,820 | 100% | | |
| West | FRANKLIN | 506465 | 53748137309 | | 2021 | | 2022 | | \$ 89,910 | \$ 89,910 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Delay to Other Project(s) |
| West | FRANKLIN | 506465 | 53748128105 | | 2021 | | 2022 | | \$ 124,740 | \$ 124,740 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Delay to Other Project(s) |
| West | FRANKLIN | 506465 | 53748125599 | | 2021 | | 2022 | | \$ 90,720 | \$ 90,720 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Delay to Other Project(s) |
| West | FRANKLIN | 506465 | 53748125505 | | 2021 | | 2022 | | \$ 142,560 | \$ 142,560 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Delay to Other Project(s) |
| West | FRANKLIN | 506465 | 53748124908 | | 2021 | | 2022 | | \$ 67,230 | \$ 67,230 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Delay to Other Project(s) |
| West | FRANKLIN | 506465 | 53748102904 | | 2021 | | 2022 | | \$ 17,010 | \$ 17,010 | 100% | | |
| West | FRANKLIN | 506465 | 53748102599 | | 2021 | | 2022 | | \$ 68,850 | \$ 68,850 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Delay to Other Project(s) |
| West | FRANKLIN | 506465 | 53748102505 | | 2021 | | 2022 | | \$ 30,780 | \$ 30,780 | 100% | | |
| West | FRANKLIN | 506465 | 53748091996 | | 2021 | | 2022 | | \$ 195,210 | \$ 195,210 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Delay to Other Project(s) |
| West | FRANKLIN | 506465 | 53748091902 | | 2021 | | 2022 | | \$ 34,020 | \$ 34,020 | 100% | | |
| West | FRANKLIN | 506465 | 53747889803 | | 2021 | | 2022 | | \$ 12,960 | \$ 12,960 | 100% | | |
| West | FRANKLIN | 506465 | 53747848210 | | 2021 | | 2022 | | \$ 113,400 | \$ 113,400 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Delay to Other Project(s) |
| West | FRANKLIN | 506465 | 53747827603 | | 2021 | | 2022 | | \$ 21,060 | \$ 21,060 | 100% | | |
| West | FRANKLIN | 506465 | 53747807394 | | 2021 | | 2022 | | \$ 41,310 | \$ 41,310 | 100% | | |
| West | FRANKLIN | 506465 | 53747807319 | | 2021 | | 2022 | | \$ 8,910 | \$ 8,910 | 100% | | |
| West | FRANKLIN | 506465 | 53747645106 | | 2021 | | 2022 | | \$ 181,440 | \$ 181,440 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Delay to Other Project(s) |
| West | FRANKLIN | 506465 | 53747604817 | | 2021 | | 2022 | | \$ 9,720 | \$ 9,720 | 100% | | |
| West | FRANKLIN | 506465 | 53747443716 | | 2021 | | 2022 | | \$ 138,510 | \$ 138,510 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Delay to Other Project(s) |
| West | FRANKLIN | 506465 | 53747443708 | | 2021 | | 2022 | | \$ 18,630 | \$ 18,630 | 100% | | |
| West | FRANKLIN | 506465 | 53747302705 | | 2021 | | 2022 | | \$ 29,970 | \$ 29,970 | 100% | | |
| West | FRANKLIN | 506465 | 53747252414 | | 2021 | | 2022 | | \$ 8,910 | \$ 8,910 | 100% | | |

| Region | Substation | Feeder | Lateral | Projected Start Year ⁽¹⁾ | Actual/Estimated Start Year ⁽¹⁾ | Projected Completion Year ⁽²⁾ | Actual/Estimated Completion Year ⁽²⁾ | Projected 2021 Costs ⁽³⁾ | Actual/Estimated 2021 Costs ⁽³⁾ | Variance Increase / (Decrease) | Percent Variance | Category ⁽⁴⁾ | Explanation ⁽⁴⁾ |
|--------|------------|--------|-------------|-------------------------------------|--|--|---|-------------------------------------|--|--------------------------------|------------------|-------------------------|----------------------------|
| West | FRANKLIN | 506465 | 53747231310 | | 2021 | | 2022 | | \$ 86,670 | \$ 86,670 | 100% | Project Acceleration | Delay to Other Project(s) |
| West | FRANKLIN | 506465 | 53747079798 | | 2021 | | 2022 | | \$ 221,940 | \$ 221,940 | 100% | Project Acceleration | Delay to Other Project(s) |
| West | FRANKLIN | 506465 | 53747079704 | | 2021 | | 2022 | | \$ 46,980 | \$ 46,980 | 100% | | |
| West | FRANKLIN | 506465 | 53747068109 | | 2021 | | 2022 | | \$ 29,970 | \$ 29,970 | 100% | | |
| WEST | COCOPLUM | 503262 | 53747067404 | 2021 | 2023 | 2022 | 2024 | \$ 189,265 | \$ - | \$ (189,265) | -100% | Project Delayed | Delay to Other Project(s) |
| WEST | COCOPLUM | 503262 | 53747066611 | 2021 | 2023 | 2022 | 2024 | \$ 30,656 | \$ - | \$ (30,656) | -100% | | |
| WEST | COCOPLUM | 503262 | 53747035715 | 2021 | 2023 | 2022 | 2024 | \$ 134,618 | \$ - | \$ (134,618) | -100% | Project Delayed | Delay to Other Project(s) |
| WEST | COCOPLUM | 503262 | 53747024918 | 2021 | 2023 | 2022 | 2024 | \$ 7,997 | \$ - | \$ (7,997) | -100% | | |
| WEST | COCOPLUM | 503262 | 53747024900 | 2021 | 2023 | 2022 | 2024 | \$ 242,580 | \$ - | \$ (242,580) | -100% | Project Delayed | Delay to Other Project(s) |
| West | FRANKLIN | 506465 | 53746169904 | | 2021 | | 2022 | | \$ 252,720 | \$ 252,720 | 100% | Project Acceleration | Delay to Other Project(s) |
| West | FRANKLIN | 506465 | 53746068202 | | 2021 | | 2022 | | \$ 6,480 | \$ 6,480 | 100% | | |
| West | FRANKLIN | 506465 | 53746058011 | | 2021 | | 2022 | | \$ 114,210 | \$ 114,210 | 100% | Project Acceleration | Delay to Other Project(s) |
| West | FRANKLIN | 506465 | 53746058002 | | 2021 | | 2022 | | \$ 21,870 | \$ 21,870 | 100% | | |
| West | FRANKLIN | 506465 | 53746016911 | | 2021 | | 2022 | | \$ 4,050 | \$ 4,050 | 100% | | |
| WEST | COCOPLUM | 503262 | 53745973815 | 2021 | 2023 | 2022 | 2024 | \$ 74,640 | \$ - | \$ (74,640) | -100% | Project Delayed | Delay to Other Project(s) |
| WEST | COCOPLUM | 503262 | 53745973807 | 2021 | 2023 | 2022 | 2024 | \$ 123,956 | \$ - | \$ (123,956) | -100% | Project Delayed | Delay to Other Project(s) |
| WEST | COCOPLUM | 503262 | 53745841901 | 2021 | 2023 | 2022 | 2024 | \$ 70,641 | \$ - | \$ (70,641) | -100% | Project Delayed | Delay to Other Project(s) |
| WEST | COCOPLUM | 503262 | 53745831701 | 2021 | 2023 | 2022 | 2024 | \$ 201,261 | \$ - | \$ (201,261) | -100% | Project Delayed | Delay to Other Project(s) |
| WEST | COCOPLUM | 503262 | 53745651303 | 2021 | 2023 | 2022 | 2024 | \$ 45,317 | \$ - | \$ (45,317) | -100% | | |
| WEST | COCOPLUM | 503262 | 53745471330 | 2021 | 2023 | 2022 | 2024 | \$ 11,996 | \$ - | \$ (11,996) | -100% | | |
| WEST | COCOPLUM | 503262 | 53745471313 | 2021 | 2023 | 2022 | 2024 | \$ 46,650 | \$ - | \$ (46,650) | -100% | | |
| WEST | COCOPLUM | 503262 | 53745451304 | 2021 | 2023 | 2022 | 2024 | \$ 9,330 | \$ - | \$ (9,330) | -100% | | |
| WEST | COCOPLUM | 503262 | 53745421308 | 2021 | 2023 | 2022 | 2024 | \$ 21,326 | \$ - | \$ (21,326) | -100% | | |
| WEST | COCOPLUM | 503262 | 53745361208 | 2021 | 2023 | 2022 | 2024 | \$ 27,990 | \$ - | \$ (27,990) | -100% | | |
| WEST | COCOPLUM | 503262 | 53745316504 | 2021 | 2023 | 2022 | 2024 | \$ 193,264 | \$ - | \$ (193,264) | -100% | Project Delayed | Delay to Other Project(s) |
| WEST | COCOPLUM | 503262 | 53745301221 | 2021 | 2023 | 2022 | 2024 | \$ 127,954 | \$ - | \$ (127,954) | -100% | Project Delayed | Delay to Other Project(s) |
| WEST | COCOPLUM | 503262 | 53745301213 | 2021 | 2023 | 2022 | 2024 | \$ 41,319 | \$ - | \$ (41,319) | -100% | | |
| WEST | COCOPLUM | 503262 | 53745231312 | 2021 | 2023 | 2022 | 2024 | \$ 6,664 | \$ - | \$ (6,664) | -100% | | |
| WEST | COCOPLUM | 503262 | 53745009008 | 2021 | 2023 | 2022 | 2024 | \$ 1,248,885 | \$ - | \$ (1,248,885) | -100% | Project Delayed | Delay to Other Project(s) |
| West | FRANKLIN | 506465 | 53648878301 | | 2021 | | 2022 | | \$ 5,670 | \$ 5,670 | 100% | | |
| West | FRANKLIN | 506465 | 53648808302 | | 2021 | | 2022 | | \$ 37,260 | \$ 37,260 | 100% | | |
| WEST | COCOPLUM | 503262 | 53647912416 | 2021 | 2023 | 2022 | 2024 | \$ 14,661 | \$ - | \$ (14,661) | -100% | | |
| West | FRANKLIN | 506465 | 53646946015 | | 2021 | | 2022 | | \$ 17,820 | \$ 17,820 | 100% | | |
| West | FRANKLIN | 506465 | 53646946007 | | 2021 | | 2022 | | \$ 810 | \$ 810 | 100% | | |
| West | FRANKLIN | 506465 | 53646915403 | | 2021 | | 2022 | | \$ 10,530 | \$ 10,530 | 100% | | |
| West | FRANKLIN | 506465 | 53646894813 | | 2021 | | 2022 | | \$ 12,150 | \$ 12,150 | 100% | | |
| West | FRANKLIN | 506465 | 53646874111 | | 2021 | | 2022 | | \$ 6,480 | \$ 6,480 | 100% | | |
| West | FRANKLIN | 506465 | 53646863110 | | 2021 | | 2022 | | \$ 810 | \$ 810 | 100% | | |
| West | FRANKLIN | 506465 | 53646863101 | | 2021 | | 2022 | | \$ 150,660 | \$ 150,660 | 100% | Project Acceleration | Delay to Other Project(s) |
| West | FRANKLIN | 506465 | 53646771703 | | 2021 | | 2023 | | \$ 1,620 | \$ 1,620 | 100% | | |
| WEST | COCOPLUM | 503262 | 53646729006 | 2021 | 2023 | 2022 | 2024 | \$ 9,330 | \$ - | \$ (9,330) | -100% | | |
| WEST | COCOPLUM | 503262 | 53646688105 | 2021 | 2023 | 2022 | 2024 | \$ 22,659 | \$ - | \$ (22,659) | -100% | | |
| WEST | COCOPLUM | 503262 | 53646667604 | 2021 | 2023 | 2022 | 2024 | \$ 37,320 | \$ - | \$ (37,320) | -100% | | |
| WEST | COCOPLUM | 503262 | 53646627009 | 2021 | 2023 | 2022 | 2024 | \$ 49,316 | \$ - | \$ (49,316) | -100% | | |
| WEST | COCOPLUM | 503262 | 53646606508 | 2021 | 2023 | 2022 | 2024 | \$ 11,996 | \$ - | \$ (11,996) | -100% | | |
| WEST | COCOPLUM | 503262 | 53646555211 | 2021 | 2023 | 2022 | 2024 | \$ 15,994 | \$ - | \$ (15,994) | -100% | | |
| WEST | COCOPLUM | 503262 | 53646471807 | 2021 | 2023 | 2022 | 2024 | \$ 342,544 | \$ - | \$ (342,544) | -100% | Project Delayed | Delay to Other Project(s) |
| WEST | COCOPLUM | 503262 | 53646171803 | 2021 | 2023 | 2022 | 2024 | \$ 267,904 | \$ - | \$ (267,904) | -100% | Project Delayed | Delay to Other Project(s) |
| WEST | COCOPLUM | 503262 | 53646031807 | 2021 | 2023 | 2022 | 2024 | \$ 17,327 | \$ - | \$ (17,327) | -100% | | |
| WEST | COCOPLUM | 503262 | 53546801809 | 2021 | 2023 | 2022 | 2024 | \$ 54,647 | \$ - | \$ (54,647) | -100% | Project Delayed | Delay to Other Project(s) |
| WEST | COCOPLUM | 503262 | 53546715601 | 2021 | 2023 | 2022 | 2024 | \$ 5,331 | \$ - | \$ (5,331) | -100% | | |
| WEST | COCOPLUM | 503262 | 53447752706 | 2021 | 2023 | 2022 | 2024 | \$ 1,333 | \$ - | \$ (1,333) | -100% | | |
| WEST | COCOPLUM | 503262 | 53447660402 | 2021 | 2023 | 2022 | 2024 | \$ 42,651 | \$ - | \$ (42,651) | -100% | | |

| Region | Substation | Feeder | Lateral | Projected Start Year ⁽¹⁾ | Actual/Estimated Start Year ⁽¹⁾ | Projected Completion Year ⁽²⁾ | Actual/Estimated Completion Year ⁽²⁾ | Projected 2021 Costs ⁽³⁾ | Actual/Estimated 2021 Costs ⁽³⁾ | Variance Increase / (Decrease) | Percent Variance | Category ⁽⁴⁾ | Explanation ⁽⁴⁾ |
|--------------|--------------|--------|-------------|-------------------------------------|--|--|---|-------------------------------------|--|--------------------------------|------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------------|
| NORTH | SEBASTIAN | 405765 | 49302025308 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 126,769 | \$ 85,600 | \$ (41,169) | -32% | | |
| NORTH | SEBASTIAN | 405765 | 49301499101 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 45,021 | \$ 30,400 | \$ (14,621) | -32% | | |
| NORTH | SEBASTIAN | 405765 | 49301256900 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 31,989 | \$ 21,600 | \$ (10,389) | -32% | | |
| NORTH | SEBASTIAN | 405765 | 49301256608 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 31,989 | \$ 21,600 | \$ (10,389) | -32% | | |
| NORTH | SEBASTIAN | 405765 | 49301134405 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 110,183 | \$ 74,400 | \$ (35,783) | -32% | | |
| NORTH | SEBASTIAN | 405765 | 49301100101 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 116,106 | \$ 78,400 | \$ (37,706) | -32% | | |
| NORTH | SEBASTIAN | 405765 | 49300405812 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 30,804 | \$ 20,800 | \$ (10,004) | -32% | | |
| NORTH | SEBASTIAN | 405765 | 49300366396 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 91,227 | \$ 61,600 | \$ (29,627) | -32% | | |
| NORTH | SEBASTIAN | 405765 | 49300346107 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 58,053 | \$ 39,200 | \$ (18,853) | -32% | | |
| NORTH | SEBASTIAN | 405765 | 49300305605 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 56,868 | \$ 38,400 | \$ (18,468) | -32% | | |
| NORTH | SEBASTIAN | 405765 | 49300300409 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 135,063 | \$ 91,200 | \$ (43,863) | -32% | | |
| NORTH | SEBASTIAN | 405765 | 49300255306 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 49,760 | \$ 33,600 | \$ (16,160) | -32% | | |
| NORTH | SEBASTIAN | 405765 | 49300204906 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 31,989 | \$ 21,600 | \$ (10,389) | -32% | | |
| NORTH | SEBASTIAN | 405765 | 49201920704 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 40,282 | \$ 27,200 | \$ (13,082) | -32% | | |
| NORTH | FELLSMERE | 411562 | 49201523004 | 2021 | 2021 | 2023 | 2023 | \$ 104,259 | \$ 70,400 | \$ (33,859) | -32% | | |
| NORTH | FELLSMERE | 411562 | 49201522202 | 2021 | 2021 | 2023 | 2023 | \$ 137,432 | \$ 92,800 | \$ (44,632) | -32% | | |
| NORTH | FELLSMERE | 411562 | 49201520706 | 2021 | 2021 | 2023 | 2023 | \$ 14,217 | \$ 9,600 | \$ (4,617) | -32% | | |
| NORTH | SEBASTIAN | 405765 | 49200955903 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 28,434 | \$ 19,200 | \$ (9,234) | -32% | | |
| NORTH | FELLSMERE | 411562 | 49200953200 | 2021 | 2021 | 2023 | 2022 | \$ 29,619 | \$ 20,000 | \$ (9,619) | -32% | | |
| NORTH | SEBASTIAN | 405765 | 49200737604 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 159,943 | \$ 108,000 | \$ (51,943) | -32% | Project Estimate Change | Detail Engineering Complete |
| NORTH | SEBASTIAN | 405765 | 49200688026 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 58,053 | \$ 39,200 | \$ (18,853) | -32% | | |
| NORTH | FELLSMERE | 411562 | 49200670313 | 2021 | 2021 | 2023 | 2022 | \$ 17,771 | \$ 12,000 | \$ (5,771) | -32% | | |
| NORTH | FELLSMERE | 411562 | 49200541203 | 2021 | 2021 | 2023 | 2022 | \$ 118,476 | \$ 80,000 | \$ (38,476) | -32% | | |
| NORTH | FELLSMERE | 411562 | 49200496101 | 2021 | 2021 | 2023 | 2023 | \$ 50,945 | \$ 34,400 | \$ (16,545) | -32% | | |
| NORTH | FELLSMERE | 411562 | 49200484102 | 2021 | 2021 | 2023 | 2023 | \$ 2,370 | \$ 1,600 | \$ (770) | -32% | | |
| NORTH | FELLSMERE | 411562 | 49200351005 | 2021 | 2021 | 2023 | 2022 | \$ 16,587 | \$ 11,200 | \$ (5,387) | -32% | | |
| NORTH | FELLSMERE | 411562 | 49200301202 | 2021 | 2021 | 2023 | 2022 | \$ 7,109 | \$ 4,800 | \$ (2,309) | -32% | | |
| NORTH | FELLSMERE | 411562 | 49200271206 | 2021 | 2021 | 2023 | 2022 | \$ 58,053 | \$ 39,200 | \$ (18,853) | -32% | | |
| NORTH | FELLSMERE | 411562 | 48900894203 | 2021 | 2021 | 2023 | 2022 | \$ 45,021 | \$ 30,400 | \$ (14,621) | -32% | | |
| NORTH | FELLSMERE | 411562 | 48900886006 | 2021 | 2021 | 2023 | 2023 | \$ 103,074 | \$ 69,600 | \$ (33,474) | -32% | | |
| North | WYOMING | 207362 | 48313575803 | 2019 | 2019 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 1,222,000 | \$ 1,200,719 | \$ (21,281) | -2% | | |
| North | BABCOCK | 204261 | 48313469302 | 2019 | 2019 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 376,000 | \$ 384,480 | \$ 8,480 | 2% | | |
| North | GARVEY | 211063 | 48015594908 | 2019 | 2019 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 109,980 | \$ 175,021 | \$ 65,041 | 59% | Project Estimate Change | Scope Change |
| North | GARVEY | 211063 | 48015395000 | 2019 | 2019 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 118,440 | \$ 188,483 | \$ 70,043 | 59% | Project Estimate Change | Scope Change |
| North | GARVEY | 211063 | 48015334906 | 2019 | 2019 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 118,440 | \$ 188,484 | \$ 70,044 | 59% | Project Estimate Change | Scope Change |
| North | HIELD | 208161 | 47917563305 | | 2019 | | 2021 | | \$ 181,707 | \$ 181,707 | 100% | Project Acceleration | Program Management |
| North | HIELD | 208161 | 47917562708 | 2019 | | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 200,925 | \$ 172,622 | \$ (28,303) | -14% | | |
| North | HIELD | 208167 | 47817933708 | | 2019 | | 2021 | | \$ 311,937 | \$ 311,937 | 100% | Project Acceleration | Program Management |
| North | HIELD | 208167 | 47817923303 | 2019 | 2019 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 274,950 | \$ 255,221 | \$ (19,729) | -7% | | |
| North | HIELD | 208167 | 47817922714 | | 2019 | | 2021 | | \$ 284,674 | \$ 284,674 | 100% | Project Acceleration | Program Management |
| North | HIELD | 208167 | 47817922102 | | 2019 | | 2021 | | \$ 245,768 | \$ 245,768 | 100% | Project Acceleration | Program Management |
| North | COX | 207064 | 47245705006 | 2019 | 2019 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 2,000 | \$ 338,640 | \$ 336,640 | 16832% | Project Acceleration | Construction Alignment |
| North | COX | 207064 | 47245695426 | 2019 | 2019 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 2,000 | \$ 69,720 | \$ 67,720 | 3386% | Project Acceleration | Construction Alignment |
| West | FRANKLIN | 506465 | 38455298389 | | 2021 | | 2023 | | \$ 9,720 | \$ 9,720 | 100% | | |
| North | ORMOND | 101137 | 37612398801 | 2019 | 2019 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 1,592,360 | \$ 1,735,680 | \$ 143,320 | 9% | | |
| North | ST AUGUSTINE | 100235 | 36154012806 | 2019 | 2019 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 503,135 | \$ 512,640 | \$ 9,505 | 2% | | |
| Total | | | | | | | 350 | \$ 212,487,384 | \$ 212,487,384 | \$ 0 | | | |

Notes:

- (1) Start date reflects the projected and revised estimated/actual year when initial project costs will begin to accrue (e.g., preliminary engineering/design, site preparations, or customer outreach, if applicable).
- (2) Completion year reflects the projected and revised estimated/actual date when project will be completed.
- (3) Amounts reflect SPP totals and breakdown between base and clause amounts can be seen in RBD-1 Form 6P.
- (4) Explanations provided for material variances.

| Region | Substation | Feeder | Lateral | Projected Start Year ⁽¹⁾ | Actual/Estimated Start Year ⁽¹⁾ | Projected Completion Year ⁽²⁾ | Actual/Estimated Completion Year ⁽²⁾ | Projected 2021 Costs ⁽³⁾ | Actual/Estimated 2021 Costs ⁽³⁾ | Variance Increase / (Decrease) | Percent Variance | Category ⁽⁴⁾ | Explanation ⁽⁴⁾ |
|--------|------------|--------|---------|-------------------------------------|--|--|---|-------------------------------------|--|--------------------------------|------------------|-------------------------|----------------------------|
|--------|------------|--------|---------|-------------------------------------|--|--|---|-------------------------------------|--|--------------------------------|------------------|-------------------------|----------------------------|

(5) The following lateral identification numbers were corrected:

87180159702 revised to 87180159729; 86473767406 revised to 86473767414; 86473346800 revised to 86473346818; 86373406600 revised to 86373406618; 86373076707 revised to 86373076715; 87364447703 revised to 87364447711; 87358609705 revised to 87358609713; 87265748008 revised to 87265748016

Notes:

- (1) Start date reflects the projected and revised estimated/actual year when initial project costs will begin to accrue (e.g., preliminary engineering/design, site preparations, or customer outreach, if applicable).
- (2) Completion year reflects the projected and revised estimated/actual date when project will be completed.
- (3) Amounts reflect SPP totals and breakdown between base and clause amounts can be seen in RBD-1 Form 6P.
- (4) Explanations provided for material variances.

Exhibit MJ-3 - FPL Actual/Estimated Storm Protection Plan Work to be Performed in 2021
Substation Storm Surge / Flood Mitigation Program

| Region | Substation | Substation Type | Projected Start Year ⁽¹⁾ | Actual/Estimated Start Year ⁽¹⁾ | Projected Completion Year ⁽²⁾ | Actual/Estimated Completion Year ⁽²⁾ | Projected 2021 Costs ⁽³⁾ | Actual/Estimated 2021 Costs ⁽³⁾ | Variance Increase / (Decrease) | Percent Variance | Category ⁽⁴⁾ | Explanation ⁽⁴⁾ |
|--------------|---------------|-----------------|-------------------------------------|--|--|---|-------------------------------------|--|--------------------------------|------------------|-------------------------|----------------------------|
| St. Johns | St. Augustine | Distribution | 2020 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 7,000,000 | \$ 7,438,635 | \$ 438,635 | 6% | | |
| St. Johns | Lewis | Distribution | 2021 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,800,000 | \$ 400,000 | \$ (1,400,000) | -78% | Project_Delayed | Field Conditions |
| Volusia | South Daytona | Distribution | 2021 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,200,000 | \$ 658,500 | \$ (541,500) | -45% | Project_Delayed | Field Conditions |
| Indian River | Chambers | Distribution | | 2020 | | 2022 | \$ - | \$ 33,000 | \$ 33,000 | 100% | | |
| Indian River | Gracewood | Distribution | | 2020 | | 2022 | \$ - | \$ 98,000 | \$ 98,000 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Delay to Other Project(s) |
| Lee | Corkscrew | Distribution | | 2020 | | 2021 | \$ - | \$ 68,800 | \$ 68,800 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Delay to Other Project(s) |
| Collier | Pine Ridge | Distribution | | 2020 | | 2021 | \$ - | \$ 765,090 | \$ 765,090 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Delay to Other Project(s) |
| Dade | Dumfoundling | Distribution | | 2021 | | 2022 | \$ - | \$ 71,000 | \$ 71,000 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Delay to Other Project(s) |
| Dade | Opa Locka | Distribution | | 2020 | | 2021 | \$ - | \$ 180,900 | \$ 180,900 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Delay to Other Project(s) |
| Dade | Aventura | Distribution | | 2020 | | 2021 | \$ - | \$ 286,075 | \$ 286,075 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Delay to Other Project(s) |
| Total | | | | | 4 | | \$ 10,000,000 | \$ 10,000,000 | \$ 0 | | | |

Notes:

- (1) Start date reflects the projected and revised estimated/actual year when initial project costs will begin to accrue (e.g., preliminary engineering/design, site preparations, or customer outreach, if applicable).
- (2) Completion year reflects the projected and revised estimated/actual date when project will be completed.
- (3) Amounts reflect SPP totals and breakdown between base and clause amounts can be seen in RBD-1 Form 6P.
- (4) Explanations provided for material variances.

**Exhibit MJ-3 - FPL Actual/Estimated Storm Protection Plan Work to be Performed in 2021
Category & Explanation**

| Project_Acceleration | Project_Delayed | Project_Estimate_Change |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Delay to Other Project(s) | Delay to Other Project(s) | Detail Engineering Complete |
| Early Execution of Other Project(s) | Early Execution of Other Project(s) | Field Conditions |
| Permit(s) Received | Permit(s) Delayed | Scope Change |
| Available Resource(s) | Resource(s) Delayed | |
| External Impact(s) | External Impact(s) | |
| Engineering Available | Engineering Delayed | |
| Materials Available | Material Delayed | |
| Field Conditions | Field Conditions | |
| Construction Alignment | Construction Alignment | |
| Program Management | Customer Negotiation(s) | |
| Prioritization Change | Program Management | |
| | Prioritization Change | |

Exhibit MJ-4

Exhibit MJ-4

Gulf Actual/Estimated Storm Protection Plan Work to be Performed in 2021

Distribution Feeder Hardening Program:

Feeder Hardening (EWL) - Distribution Program

| Region | Substation | Feeder | Projected Start Year ⁽¹⁾ | Actual/Estimated Start Year ⁽¹⁾ | Projected Completion Year ⁽²⁾ | Actual/Estimated Completion Year ⁽²⁾ | Projected 2021 Costs ⁽³⁾ | Actual/Estimated 2021 Costs ⁽⁴⁾ | Variance Increase / (Decrease) | Percent Variance | Category ⁽⁴⁾ | Explanation ⁽⁴⁾ |
|--------------|-----------------|--------|-------------------------------------|--|--|---|-------------------------------------|--|--------------------------------|------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Gulf Power | Valparaiso | 909242 | | 2019 | | 2021 | | \$ 23,000 | \$ 23,000 | 100% | | |
| Gulf Power | Oakfield | 907922 | 2020 | 2020 | 2020 | 2021 | | \$ 240,000 | \$ 240,000 | 100% | Project_Delayed | Resource(s) Delayed |
| Gulf Power | Brentwood | 906678 | | | | | | | | | | |
| Gulf Power | Avalon | 905792 | 2020 | 2020 | 2020 | 2021 | | \$ 4,000 | \$ 4,000 | 100% | | |
| Gulf Power | Bayou Marcus | 905572 | 2020 | 2020 | 2020 | 2021 | | \$ 14,000 | \$ 14,000 | 100% | | |
| Gulf Power | Hathaway | 908642 | 2020 | 2020 | 2020 | 2021 | | \$ 207,000 | \$ 207,000 | 100% | Project_Delayed | Resource(s) Delayed |
| Gulf Power | Redwood | 908722 | 2020 | 2020 | 2020 | 2021 | | \$ 14,000 | \$ 14,000 | 100% | | |
| Gulf Power | Glendale Road | 907902 | 2021 | 2021 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 1,082,000 | \$ 1,548,000 | \$ 466,000 | 43% | Project_Estimate_Change | Detail Engineering Complete |
| Gulf Power | Glendale Road | 907912 | 2021 | 2021 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 1,082,000 | \$ 1,548,000 | \$ 466,000 | 43% | Project_Estimate_Change | Detail Engineering Complete |
| Gulf Power | South Crestview | 909682 | 2021 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 759,000 | \$ 108,000 | \$ (651,000) | -86% | Project_Delayed | Program Management |
| Gulf Power | South Crestview | 909692 | 2021 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 759,000 | \$ 108,000 | \$ (651,000) | -86% | Project_Delayed | Program Management |
| Gulf Power | Turner | 905662 | 2020 | 2021 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 2,139,000 | \$ 2,312,000 | \$ 173,000 | 8% | | |
| Gulf Power | Valparaiso | 909252 | 2021 | 2021 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 1,074,000 | \$ 1,349,000 | \$ 275,000 | 26% | Project_Estimate_Change | Detail Engineering Complete |
| Gulf Power | Sullivan Street | 909622 | 2021 | 2021 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 1,621,000 | \$ 2,167,000 | \$ 546,000 | 34% | Project_Estimate_Change | Detail Engineering Complete |
| Gulf Power | Bonifay | 909832 | 2021 | 2021 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 2,070,000 | \$ 2,951,000 | \$ 881,000 | 43% | Project_Estimate_Change | Detail Engineering Complete |
| Gulf Power | Chipley | 909222 | 2021 | 2021 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 449,000 | \$ 651,000 | \$ 202,000 | 45% | Project_Estimate_Change | Detail Engineering Complete |
| Gulf Power | Graceville | 909112 | 2021 | 2021 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 435,000 | \$ 636,000 | \$ 201,000 | 46% | Project_Estimate_Change | Detail Engineering Complete |
| Gulf Power | Graceville | 909122 | 2021 | 2021 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 435,000 | \$ 636,000 | \$ 201,000 | 46% | Project_Estimate_Change | Detail Engineering Complete |
| Gulf Power | Vernon | 909522 | 2021 | | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 923,000 | \$ - | \$ (923,000) | -100% | Project_Delayed | Program Management |
| Gulf Power | Bay County | 907992 | | 2021 | | 2021 | | \$ 1,496,000 | \$ 1,496,000 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Program Management |
| Gulf Power | Beach Haven | 906052 | 2021 | 2021 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 750,000 | \$ 1,057,000 | \$ 307,000 | 41% | Project_Estimate_Change | Detail Engineering Complete |
| Gulf Power | Brentwood | 906662 | 2021 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,842,000 | \$ 414,000 | \$ (1,428,000) | -78% | Project_Delayed | Program Management |
| Gulf Power | Crooked Creek | 906212 | 2021 | 2021 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 1,541,000 | \$ 2,101,000 | \$ 560,000 | 36% | Project_Estimate_Change | Detail Engineering Complete |
| Gulf Power | Jay Road | 907272 | 2021 | 2021 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 873,000 | \$ 1,269,000 | \$ 396,000 | 45% | Project_Estimate_Change | Detail Engineering Complete |
| Gulf Power | Jay Road | 907282 | 2021 | 2021 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 960,000 | \$ 1,321,000 | \$ 361,000 | 38% | Project_Estimate_Change | Detail Engineering Complete |
| Gulf Power | Oakfield | 907922 | 2021 | 2021 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 798,000 | \$ 1,204,000 | \$ 406,000 | 51% | Project_Estimate_Change | Scope Change |
| Gulf Power | Long Beach | 908522 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 6,808,000 | \$ 134,000 | \$ (3,786,000) | 56% | Project_Delayed | Program Management |
| Gulf Power | Pace | 907012 | | 2021 | | 2022 | | \$ 193,000 | | | Project_Delayed | Program Management |
| Gulf Power | Valparaiso | 909232 | | 2021 | | 2022 | | \$ 47,000 | | | Project_Delayed | Program Management |
| Gulf Power | Jay Road | 907252 | | 2021 | | 2022 | | \$ 133,000 | | | Project_Delayed | Program Management |
| Gulf Power | Miramar Beach | 908872 | | 2021 | | 2022 | | \$ 111,000 | | | Project_Delayed | Program Management |
| Gulf Power | Northside | 908852 | | 2021 | | 2022 | | \$ 328,000 | | | Project_Delayed | Program Management |
| Gulf Power | Destin | 909132 | | 2021 | | 2022 | | \$ 217,000 | | | Project_Delayed | Program Management |
| Gulf Power | Shipyards | 908932 | | 2021 | | 2022 | | \$ 130,000 | | | Project_Delayed | Program Management |
| Gulf Power | Gulf Breeze | 907462 | | 2021 | | 2022 | | \$ 245,000 | | | Project_Delayed | Program Management |
| Gulf Power | East Bay | 905632 | | 2021 | | 2022 | | \$ 104,000 | | | Project_Delayed | Program Management |
| Gulf Power | Fairfield | 907772 | | 2021 | | 2022 | | \$ 101,000 | | | Project_Delayed | Program Management |
| Gulf Power | Vernon | 909522 | | 2021 | | 2022 | | \$ 164,000 | | | Project_Delayed | Program Management |
| Gulf Power | Eastgate | 907652 | | 2021 | | 2022 | | \$ 150,000 | | | Project_Delayed | Program Management |
| Gulf Power | Redwood | 908732 | | 2021 | | 2022 | | \$ 181,000 | | | Project_Delayed | Program Management |
| Gulf Power | Ocean City | 909052 | | 2021 | | 2022 | | \$ 259,000 | | | Project_Delayed | Program Management |
| Gulf Power | Greenwood | 908482 | | 2021 | | 2022 | | \$ 200,000 | | | Project_Delayed | Program Management |
| Gulf Power | Scenic Hills | 907822 | | 2021 | | 2022 | | \$ 71,000 | | | Project_Delayed | Program Management |
| Gulf Power | Honeysuckle | 907872 | | 2021 | | 2022 | | \$ 195,000 | | | Project_Delayed | Program Management |
| Gulf Power | Turner | 905682 | | 2021 | | 2022 | | \$ 59,000 | | | Project_Delayed | Program Management |
| Total | | | | | | | | 18 | | | 21 | \$ 26,400,000 |

Distribution Automation

| Region | Substation | Number of Sites | Projected Start Year ⁽¹⁾ | Actual/Estimated Start Year ⁽¹⁾ | Projected Completion Year ⁽²⁾ | Actual/Estimated Completion Year ⁽²⁾ | Projected 2021 Costs ⁽³⁾ | Actual/Estimated 2021 Costs ⁽³⁾ | Variance Increase / (Decrease) | Percent Variance | Category ⁽⁴⁾ | Explanation ⁽⁴⁾ |
|--------------|------------------|-----------------|-------------------------------------|--|--|---|-------------------------------------|--|--------------------------------|------------------|-------------------------|----------------------------|
| Gulf Power | Fort Walton | 45 | 2021 | 2021 | 2021 | 2021 | | \$ 2,980,000 | | | | |
| Gulf Power | Panama City | 18 | 2021 | 2021 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 9,500,000 | \$ 1,360,000 | \$ - | 0% | | |
| Gulf Power | Pensacola | 37 | 2021 | 2021 | 2021 | 2021 | | \$ 2,220,000 | | | | |
| Gulf Power | To be Determined | 37 | 2021 | 2021 | 2021 | 2021 | | \$ 2,940,000 | | | | |
| Total | | | | | 4 | | | \$ 9,500,000 | | | \$ 9,500,000 | \$ - |

Notes:

- (1) Start date reflects estimated/actual year when initial project costs will begin to accrue (e.g., preliminary engineering/design, site preparations, or customer outreach, if applicable).
- (2) Completion year reflects the estimated/actual date when project will be completed.
- (3) Amounts reflect SPP totals and breakdown between base and clause amounts can be seen in RBD-1 Appendix III Form 6P.
- (4) Explanations provided for material variances.

Exhibit MJ-4

Gulf Actual/Estimated Storm Protection Plan Work to be Performed in 2021

Distribution Lateral Hardening Program

| Region | Substation | Feeder | Lateral | Projected Start Year ⁽¹⁾ | Actual/Estimated Start Year ⁽¹⁾ | Projected Completion Year ⁽²⁾ | Actual/Estimated Completion Year ⁽²⁾ | Projected 2021 Costs ⁽³⁾ | Actual/Estimated 2021 Costs ⁽³⁾ | Variance Increase / (Decrease) | Percent Variance | Category ⁽⁴⁾ | Explanation ⁽⁴⁾ |
|--------------|------------------|--------------|---------|-------------------------------------|--|--|---|-------------------------------------|--|--------------------------------|------------------|-------------------------|----------------------------|
| Gulf Power | Bayou Marcus | 7722 | | 2021 | 2021 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 750,000 | \$ 750,000 | \$ - | 0% | | |
| Gulf Power | Pace | 7292 | | 2021 | 2021 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 750,000 | \$ 750,000 | \$ - | 0% | | |
| Gulf Power | Jay Road | 7262 | | 2021 | 2021 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 3,500,000 | \$ 3,500,000 | \$ - | 0% | | |
| Gulf Power | Jay Road | 7272 | 2021 | | \$ - | | | | | 0% | | | |
| Gulf Power | Fairfield | 7762 | 2021 | | \$ - | | | | | 0% | | | |
| Gulf Power | Brentwood | 6692 | 2021 | | \$ - | | | | | 0% | | | |
| Gulf Power | TBD Substation 1 | TBD Feeder 1 | 2021 | | \$ - | | | | | 0% | | | |
| Gulf Power | TBD Substation 2 | TBD Feeder 2 | 2021 | | \$ - | | | | | 0% | | | |
| Total | | | | | | | 8 | \$ 5,000,000 | \$ 5,000,000 | \$ - | | | |

Notes:

- (1) Start date reflects estimated/actual year when initial project costs will begin to accrue (e.g., preliminary engineering/design, site preparations, or customer outreach, if applicable).
- (2) Completion year reflects the estimated/actual date when project will be completed.
- (3) Amounts reflect SPP totals and breakdown between base and clause amounts can be seen in RBD-1 Appendix III Form 6P.
- (4) Explanations provided for material variances.

Exhibit MJ-4

Gulf Actual/Estimated Storm Protection Plan Work to be Performed in 2021

Transmission Hardening Program:

Substation Flood Monitoring and Hardening Program

| Transmission Line/Substation Name | Project | Projected Start Year ⁽¹⁾ | Actual/Estimated Start Year ⁽¹⁾ | Projected Completion Year ⁽²⁾ | Actual/Estimated Completion Year ⁽²⁾ | Projected 2021 Costs ⁽³⁾ | Actual/Estimated 2021 Costs ⁽³⁾ | Variance Increase / (Decrease) | Percent Variance | Category ⁽⁴⁾ | Explanation ⁽⁴⁾ |
|-----------------------------------|---|-------------------------------------|--|--|---|-------------------------------------|--|--------------------------------|------------------|-------------------------|----------------------------|
| Phillips Inlet | New Distribution Substation Control House | 2021 | 2021 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 500,000 | \$ 500,000 | \$ - | 0% | | |
| Hathaway | New Distribution Substation Control House | 2021 | 2021 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 500,000 | \$ 500,000 | \$ - | 0% | | |
| Total | | | | | 2 | \$ 1,000,000 | \$ 1,000,000 | \$ - | | | |

Transmission/Substation Resiliency Program

| Transmission Line/Substation Name | Project | Projected Start Year ⁽¹⁾ | Actual/Estimated Start Year ⁽¹⁾ | Projected Completion Year ⁽²⁾ | Actual/Estimated Completion Year ⁽²⁾ | Projected 2021 Costs ⁽³⁾ | Actual/Estimated 2021 Costs ⁽³⁾ | Variance Increase / (Decrease) | Percent Variance | Category ⁽⁴⁾ | Explanation ⁽⁴⁾ |
|-----------------------------------|--|-------------------------------------|--|--|---|-------------------------------------|--|--------------------------------|------------------|-------------------------|----------------------------|
| Valpariso | New Distribution Substation Transformer Bank | 2021 | 2021 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 2,000,000 | \$ 1,900,000 | \$ (100,000) | -5% | | |
| South Crestview | New Distribution Substation Transformer Bank | 2021 | 2021 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 2,000,000 | \$ 1,900,000 | \$ (100,000) | -5% | | |
| Hurlburt | New Distribution Substation Transformer Bank | 2020 | 2020 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 600,000 | \$ 2,400,000 | \$ 1,800,000 | 300% | Project_Delayed | Material Delayed |
| Phillips Inlet | New Distribution Substation Transformer Bank | 2021 | 2021 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 1,345,000 | \$ 1,245,000 | \$ (100,000) | -7% | | |
| Blackwater | New Distribution Substation Transformer Bank | 2020 | 2020 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 900,000 | \$ 1,230,000 | \$ 330,000 | 37% | Project_Delayed | Program Management |
| Powell Lake | New Distribution Substation Transformer Bank | 2021 | 2021 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 900,000 | \$ 900,000 | \$ - | 0% | | |
| Avalon | New Distribution Substation Transformer Bank | 2021 | 2021 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 1,600,000 | \$ 1,450,000 | \$ (150,000) | -9% | | |
| Hathaway | Breakers for New Transmission Line | 2021 | 2021 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 865,000 | \$ 2,215,000 | \$ 1,350,000 | 156% | Project_Estimate_Change | Scope Change |
| Hathaway Tap | New Transmission Line | 2021 | 2021 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 3,000,000 | \$ 2,800,000 | \$ (200,000) | -7% | | |
| Cordova | New Distribution Substation Transformer Bank | 2021 | 2021 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 2,325,000 | \$ - | \$ (2,325,000) | -100% | Project_Delayed | Program Management |
| Innerarity | New Distribution Substation Transformer Bank | 2021 | 2021 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 2,455,000 | \$ 2,355,000 | \$ (100,000) | -4% | | |
| Miramar | New Distribution Substation Transformer Bank | 2021 | 2021 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 2,455,000 | \$ 2,355,000 | \$ (100,000) | -4% | | |
| Honeysuckle | New Distribution Substation Transformer Bank | 2021 | 2021 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 2,440,000 | \$ 2,240,000 | \$ (200,000) | -8% | | |
| Destin & Henderson Park | New Transmission Line | | 2021 | | 2022 | | \$ 374,000 | | | | |
| Chipley | New Transmission Line | | 2021 | | 2022 | | \$ 452,000 | | | | |
| Graceville | New Transmission Line | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 1,615,000 | \$ 296,000 | \$ (1,319,000) | -82% | | |
| Vernon | New Transmission Line | | 2021 | | 2022 | | \$ 211,000 | | | | |
| Milligan | New Transmission Line | | 2021 | | 2022 | | \$ 177,000 | | | | |
| Totals | | | | | 13 | \$ 24,500,000 | \$ 24,500,000 | \$ - | | | |

Transmission Wood Structure Replacement Program

| Transmission Line/Substation Name | Project | Projected Number of Wooden Structures to be Replaced | Actual/Estimated Number of Wooden Structures to be Replaced | Projected Start Year ⁽¹⁾ | Actual/Estimated Start Year ⁽¹⁾ | Projected Completion Year ⁽²⁾ | Actual/Estimated Completion Year ⁽²⁾ | Projected 2021 Costs ⁽³⁾ | Actual/Estimated 2021 Costs ⁽³⁾ | Variance Increase / (Decrease) | Percent Variance | Category ⁽⁴⁾ | Explanation ⁽⁴⁾ |
|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------|--|---|-------------------------------------|--|--|---|-------------------------------------|--|--------------------------------|------------------|-------------------------|----------------------------|
| Bayou Chico - Devillers | Bayou Chico - Devillers | 36 | 36 | 2021 | 2021 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 1,764,000 | \$ 1,749,000 | \$ (15,000) | -1% | | |
| Caryville Tap | Caryville Tap | 40 | 73 | 2021 | 2021 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 2,038,400 | \$ 3,789,000 | \$ 1,750,600 | 86% | Project_Acceleration | Delay to Other Project(s) |
| Crist - Crestview #1 | Crist - Crestview #1 | 90 | 0 | 2021 | | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 4,900,000 | \$ - | \$ (4,900,000) | -100% | Project_Delayed | Program Management |
| Greenwood - Long Beach | Greenwood - Long Beach | 19 | 19 | 2021 | 2021 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 931,000 | \$ 923,000 | \$ (8,000) | -1% | | |
| Holmes Creek - South Crestview | Holmes Creek - South Crestview | 0 | 57 | | | 2021 | 2021 | | \$ 2,769,000 | \$ 2,769,000 | 100% | Project_Acceleration | Program Management |
| Santa Rosa - Miramar #1 | Santa Rosa - Miramar #1 | 30 | 30 | 2021 | 2021 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 1,470,000 | \$ 1,458,000 | \$ (12,000) | -1% | | |
| Smith - Greenwood | Smith - Greenwood | 17 | 17 | 2021 | 2021 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 833,000 | \$ 826,000 | \$ (7,000) | -1% | | |
| Valparaiso - Turner | Valparaiso - Turner | 88 | 88 | 2021 | 2021 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 4,312,000 | \$ 4,760,000 | \$ 448,000 | 10% | Project_Acceleration | Delay to Other Project(s) |
| Wewa Road - Tyndall #1 (Radial) | Wewa Road - Tyndall #1 (Radial) | 52 | 52 | 2021 | 2021 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 2,548,000 | \$ 2,526,000 | \$ (22,000) | -1% | | |
| Gulf Power | Engineering | | | 2021 | 2021 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 803,600 | \$ 800,000 | \$ (3,600) | 0% | | |
| Total | | | 372 | | | | | \$ 19,600,000 | \$ 19,600,000 | \$ - | | | |

Notes:

(1) Start date reflects estimated/actual year when initial project costs will begin to accrue (e.g., preliminary engineering/design, site preparations, or customer outreach, if applicable).

(2) Completion year reflects the estimated/actual date when project will be completed.

(3) Amounts reflect SPP totals and breakdown between base and clause amounts can be seen in RBD-1 Appendix III Form 6P.

(4) Explanations provided for material variances.

Exhibit MJ-4
Gulf Actual/Estimated Storm Protection Plan Work to be Performed in 2021
Category & Explanation

| Project_Acceleration | Project_Delayed | Project_Estimate_Change |
|--|--|------------------------------------|
| Delay to Other Project(s) | Delay to Other Project(s) | Detail Engineering Complete |
| Early Execution of Other Project(s) | Early Execution of Other Project(s) | Field Conditions |
| Permit(s) Received | Permit(s) Delayed | Scope Change |
| Available Resource(s) | Resource(s) Delayed | |
| External Impact(s) | External Impact(s) | |
| Engineering Available | Engineering Delayed | |
| Materials Available | Material Delayed | |
| Field Conditions | Field Conditions | |
| Construction Alignment | Construction Alignment | |
| Program Management | Customer Negotiation(s) | |
| Prioritization Change | Program Management | |
| | Prioritization Change | |

Exhibit MJ-5

**Exhibit MJ-5 – Consolidated FPL Storm Protection Plan Work Projected to be Performed in 2022
Distribution Feeder Hardening Program**

| Region | Substation | Feeder | Projected Start Year ⁽¹⁾ | Projected Completion Year ⁽²⁾ | Projected 2022 Costs ⁽³⁾ |
|---------|--------------|--------|-------------------------------------|--|-------------------------------------|
| Broward | SISTRUNK | 700131 | 2021 | 2024 | \$ 725,750 |
| Broward | SISTRUNK | 700132 | 2019 | 2023 | \$ 3,403,339 |
| Broward | SISTRUNK | 700137 | 2019 | 2023 | \$ 1,585,171 |
| Broward | SISTRUNK | 700141 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,644,843 |
| Broward | SISTRUNK | 700143 | 2021 | 2024 | \$ 600,621 |
| Broward | HOLLYWOOD | 700232 | 2020 | 2021 | \$ 193,187 |
| Broward | HOLLYWOOD | 700233 | 2020 | 2023 | \$ 2,257,414 |
| Broward | HOLLYWOOD | 700235 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 50,722 |
| Broward | PINEHURST | 700331 | 2018 | 2021 | \$ 42,638 |
| Broward | PINEHURST | 700335 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 1,655,686 |
| Broward | OAKLAND PARK | 700434 | 2019 | 2023 | \$ 750,337 |
| Broward | OAKLAND PARK | 700435 | 2021 | 2024 | \$ 450,466 |
| Broward | OAKLAND PARK | 700436 | 2021 | 2024 | \$ 150,155 |
| Broward | OAKLAND PARK | 700441 | 2019 | 2023 | \$ 430,642 |
| Broward | POMPANO | 700533 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 542,493 |
| Broward | POMPANO | 700539 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 1,052,803 |
| Broward | VERENA | 700635 | 2020 | 2023 | \$ 1,128,678 |
| Broward | VERENA | 700636 | 2020 | 2021 | \$ 33,878 |
| Broward | VERENA | 700640 | 2019 | 2021 | \$ 45,516 |
| Broward | VERENA | 700641 | 2019 | 2022 | \$ 1,157,393 |
| Broward | FAIRMONT | 700738 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,031,610 |
| Broward | BEVERLY | 700831 | 2019 | 2023 | \$ 801,040 |
| Broward | BEVERLY | 700832 | 2019 | 2022 | \$ 1,115,335 |
| Broward | BEVERLY | 700833 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 1,451,518 |
| Broward | BEVERLY | 700834 | 2021 | 2024 | \$ 325,336 |
| Broward | BEVERLY | 700839 | 2021 | 2024 | \$ 1,151,190 |
| Broward | BEVERLY | 700842 | 2021 | 2024 | \$ 575,595 |
| Broward | HALLANDALE | 700932 | 2021 | 2024 | \$ 750,776 |
| Broward | SAMPLE ROAD | 701038 | 2020 | 2023 | \$ 888,941 |
| Broward | SAMPLE ROAD | 701040 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 236,763 |
| Broward | SAMPLE ROAD | 701042 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 254,207 |
| Broward | DANIA | 701531 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 698,721 |
| Broward | DANIA | 701535 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 3,130,378 |
| Broward | DANIA | 701537 | 2020 | 2023 | \$ 1,564,869 |
| Broward | PLANTATION | 701634 | 2021 | 2024 | \$ 800,828 |
| Broward | PLANTATION | 701635 | 2020 | 2023 | \$ 1,270,403 |
| Broward | PLANTATION | 701637 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 1,211,621 |
| Broward | PLANTATION | 701639 | 2021 | 2024 | \$ 1,676,733 |

Consolidated FPL Storm Protection Plan Work Projected to be Performed in 2022

| Region | Substation | Feeder | Projected Start Year ⁽¹⁾ | Projected Completion Year ⁽²⁾ | Projected 2022 Costs ⁽³⁾ |
|---------|-----------------|--------|-------------------------------------|--|-------------------------------------|
| Broward | STIRLING | 701734 | 2021 | 2024 | \$ 1,426,475 |
| Broward | STIRLING | 701736 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 1,306,911 |
| Broward | ROCK ISLAND | 701831 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 1,983,945 |
| Broward | ROCK ISLAND | 701832 | 2019 | 2023 | \$ 737,891 |
| Broward | ROCK ISLAND | 701836 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 491,884 |
| Broward | ROCK ISLAND | 701838 | 2020 | 2021 | \$ 251,208 |
| Broward | HOLY CROSS | 701932 | 2020 | 2023 | \$ 365,413 |
| Broward | HOLY CROSS | 701938 | 2020 | 2021 | \$ 178,914 |
| Broward | HOLY CROSS | 701939 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 910,013 |
| Broward | HOLY CROSS | 701940 | 2020 | 2021 | \$ 38,972 |
| Broward | DRIFTWOOD | 702036 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 413,672 |
| Broward | CYPRESS CREEK | 702132 | 2020 | 2023 | \$ 354,196 |
| Broward | CYPRESS CREEK | 702133 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 29,069 |
| Broward | CYPRESS CREEK | 702136 | 2021 | 2024 | \$ 550,569 |
| Broward | CYPRESS CREEK | 702137 | 2020 | 2021 | \$ 37,477 |
| Broward | CYPRESS CREEK | 702139 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 410,501 |
| Broward | MARGATE | 702231 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 1,692,906 |
| Broward | MARGATE | 702232 | 2019 | 2023 | \$ 294,124 |
| Broward | MARGATE | 702240 | 2021 | 2024 | \$ 550,569 |
| Broward | MARGATE | 702261 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 746,426 |
| Broward | PEMBROKE | 702434 | 2020 | 2023 | \$ 2,219,854 |
| Broward | PEMBROKE | 702437 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 1,794,757 |
| Broward | DAVIE | 702531 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 1,283,222 |
| Broward | DAVIE | 702532 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 850,053 |
| Broward | DAVIE | 702533 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 547,772 |
| Broward | DAVIE | 702537 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 274,617 |
| Broward | ELY | 702634 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 727,488 |
| Broward | MCARTHUR | 702731 | 2021 | 2024 | \$ 1,076,113 |
| Broward | MCARTHUR | 702733 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 1,133,009 |
| Broward | MCARTHUR | 702738 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 1,585,661 |
| Broward | MCARTHUR | 702740 | 2020 | 2023 | \$ 455,231 |
| Broward | MCARTHUR | 702741 | 2020 | 2023 | \$ 253,308 |
| Broward | PERRY | 702831 | 2020 | 2023 | \$ 1,281,774 |
| Broward | PERRY | 702834 | 2020 | 2023 | \$ 420,114 |
| Broward | HAWKINS | 702931 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 662,836 |
| Broward | HAWKINS | 702934 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 782,375 |
| Broward | HAWKINS | 702938 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 795,972 |
| Broward | RAVENSWOOD | 703134 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 219,932 |
| Broward | WOODLANDS | 703237 | 2019 | 2022 | \$ 706,462 |
| Broward | RESERVATION | 703435 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 2,813,163 |
| Broward | DEERFIELD BEACH | 703531 | 2018 | 2021 | \$ 33,590 |

Consolidated FPL Storm Protection Plan Work Projected to be Performed in 2022

Exhibit MJ-5 , Page 3 of 47

| Region | Substation | Feeder | Projected Start Year ⁽¹⁾ | Projected Completion Year ⁽²⁾ | Projected 2022 Costs ⁽³⁾ |
|---------|-----------------|--------|-------------------------------------|--|-------------------------------------|
| Broward | DEERFIELD BEACH | 703539 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 336,875 |
| Broward | CRYSTAL | 703734 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,902,599 |
| Broward | CRYSTAL | 703735 | 2020 | 2023 | \$ 425,622 |
| Broward | CRYSTAL | 703739 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 613,680 |
| Broward | HIGHLANDS | 703834 | 2019 | 2022 | \$ 371,108 |
| Broward | WESTINGHOUSE | 703931 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 441,915 |
| Broward | WESTINGHOUSE | 703935 | 2020 | 2023 | \$ 1,170,696 |
| Broward | WESTINGHOUSE | 703937 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,548,479 |
| Broward | MOTOROLA | 704032 | 2019 | 2022 | \$ 1,150,720 |
| Broward | MOTOROLA | 704063 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 539,613 |
| Broward | MOTOROLA | 704067 | 2019 | 2022 | \$ 1,412,468 |
| Broward | MOFFETT | 704132 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 672,924 |
| Broward | MOFFETT | 704133 | 2021 | 2024 | \$ 1,176,216 |
| Broward | MOFFETT | 704134 | 2020 | 2021 | \$ 69,792 |
| Broward | MALLARD | 704565 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 284,758 |
| Broward | MALLARD | 704569 | 2019 | 2022 | \$ 986,811 |
| Broward | MALLARD | 704571 | 2021 | 2024 | \$ 825,854 |
| Broward | SPRINGTREE | 704661 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 778,335 |
| Broward | STONEBRIDGE | 704761 | 2020 | 2023 | \$ 2,228,739 |
| Broward | STONEBRIDGE | 704766 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 2,803,847 |
| Broward | LAKEVIEW | 704934 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 308,270 |
| Broward | JACARANDA | 705163 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,479,402 |
| Broward | TIMBERLAKE | 705234 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 1,800,787 |
| Broward | SOUTHSIDE | 705531 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 974,971 |
| Broward | SOUTHSIDE | 705532 | 2020 | 2023 | \$ 388,374 |
| Broward | SOUTHSIDE | 705538 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 1,683,377 |
| Broward | SOUTHSIDE | 705564 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 1,034,233 |
| Broward | COPANS | 705634 | 2021 | 2024 | \$ 850,880 |
| Broward | COPANS | 705636 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 600,621 |
| Broward | COPANS | 705638 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 396,319 |
| Broward | REMSBURG | 705865 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 559,717 |
| Broward | REMSBURG | 705867 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 649,943 |
| Broward | REMSBURG | 705868 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 969,983 |
| Broward | VALENCIA | 706261 | 2019 | 2023 | \$ 2,887,193 |
| Broward | VALENCIA | 706262 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 1,563,055 |
| Broward | VALENCIA | 706263 | 2020 | 2023 | \$ 31,430 |
| Broward | BASSCREEK | 706364 | 2020 | 2023 | \$ 309,818 |
| Broward | BASSCREEK | 706366 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 2,266,560 |
| Broward | TRAIN | 706531 | 2020 | 2023 | \$ 988,893 |
| Broward | TRAIN | 706532 | 2021 | 2024 | \$ 800,828 |
| Broward | CHAPEL | 706962 | 2020 | 2021 | \$ 58,818 |

Consolidated FPL Storm Protection Plan Work Projected to be Performed in 2022

Exhibit MJ-5 , Page 4 of 47

| Region | Substation | Feeder | Projected Start Year ⁽¹⁾ | Projected Completion Year ⁽²⁾ | Projected 2022 Costs ⁽³⁾ |
|---------|---------------|--------|-------------------------------------|--|-------------------------------------|
| Broward | SHERIDAN | 707033 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 1,671,786 |
| Broward | CULLUM | 707132 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 591,058 |
| Broward | GOOLSBY | 707732 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 594,659 |
| Broward | GOOLSBY | 707736 | 2021 | 2024 | \$ 150,155 |
| Broward | WINDMILL | 708061 | 2021 | 2024 | \$ 1,301,345 |
| Broward | HUNTINGTON | 708161 | 2021 | 2024 | \$ 525,543 |
| Broward | SILVERLAKES | 708561 | 2020 | 2021 | \$ 282,091 |
| Broward | PROGRESSO | 709263 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 328,401 |
| Broward | ORCHID | 709362 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,402,388 |
| Dade | BUENA VISTA | 800333 | 2015 | 2023 | \$ 1,109,678 |
| Dade | COCONUT GROVE | 800448 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 924,248 |
| Dade | RIVERSIDE | 800531 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 253,670 |
| Dade | RIVERSIDE | 800534 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 1,214,228 |
| Dade | RIVERSIDE | 800536 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 659,515 |
| Dade | RIVERSIDE | 800537 | 2020 | 2023 | \$ 375,557 |
| Dade | HIALEAH | 800732 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 533,814 |
| Dade | HIALEAH | 800733 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 482,605 |
| Dade | HIALEAH | 800739 | 2020 | 2023 | \$ 537,451 |
| Dade | FRONTON | 801133 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,929,009 |
| Dade | FRONTON | 801134 | 2020 | 2023 | \$ 2,410,510 |
| Dade | FRONTON | 801136 | 2019 | 2023 | \$ 1,528,317 |
| Dade | FRONTON | 801140 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 3,578,976 |
| Dade | OPA LOCKA | 801234 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,534,926 |
| Dade | OPA LOCKA | 801236 | 2020 | 2021 | \$ 38,217 |
| Dade | FULFORD | 801433 | 2016 | 2021 | \$ 48,575 |
| Dade | FULFORD | 801435 | 2019 | 2022 | \$ 1,214,315 |
| Dade | PRINCETON | 801635 | 2019 | 2022 | \$ 956,194 |
| Dade | 62ND AVE | 801736 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 362,672 |
| Dade | 62ND AVE | 801738 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 999,131 |
| Dade | BISCAYNE | 801833 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 38,674 |
| Dade | BISCAYNE | 801839 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 1,641,939 |
| Dade | DEAUVILLE | 801941 | 2019 | 2023 | \$ 458,391 |
| Dade | CUTLER | 802033 | 2020 | 2023 | \$ 1,579,983 |
| Dade | CUTLER | 802038 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 1,159,672 |
| Dade | MIRAMAR | 802135 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 2,508,196 |
| Dade | GLADEVIEW | 802235 | 2020 | 2023 | \$ 1,405,874 |
| Dade | SOUTH MIAMI | 802437 | 2020 | 2023 | \$ 1,225,217 |
| Dade | AIRPORT | 802636 | 2020 | 2023 | \$ 423,985 |
| Dade | MARION | 802733 | 2020 | 2023 | \$ 349,238 |
| Dade | MARION | 802734 | 2020 | 2021 | \$ 307,762 |
| Dade | MARION | 802739 | 2020 | 2021 | \$ 42,157 |

Consolidated FPL Storm Protection Plan Work Projected to be Performed in 2022

| Region | Substation | Feeder | Projected Start Year ⁽¹⁾ | Projected Completion Year ⁽²⁾ | Projected 2022 Costs ⁽³⁾ |
|--------|---------------|--------|-------------------------------------|--|-------------------------------------|
| Dade | ARCH CREEK | 802833 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 1,941,749 |
| Dade | ARCH CREEK | 802834 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 900,755 |
| Dade | ARCH CREEK | 802836 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 2,606,522 |
| Dade | FLORIDA CITY | 803131 | 2020 | 2023 | \$ 2,340,148 |
| Dade | FLORIDA CITY | 803132 | 2013 | 2021 | \$ 41,275 |
| Dade | FLORIDA CITY | 803133 | 2020 | 2021 | \$ 48,805 |
| Dade | FLORIDA CITY | 803134 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 885,254 |
| Dade | FLORIDA CITY | 803137 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 951,894 |
| Dade | HOMESTEAD | 803234 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 1,593,021 |
| Dade | HOMESTEAD | 803235 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 717,159 |
| Dade | MIAMI SHORES | 803440 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,526,127 |
| Dade | MARKET | 803540 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 206,761 |
| Dade | SEABOARD | 803634 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,778,703 |
| Dade | LE JEUNE | 804036 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 914,510 |
| Dade | GARDEN | 804131 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,703,570 |
| Dade | GARDEN | 804139 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 3,045,355 |
| Dade | PERRINE | 804231 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 925,725 |
| Dade | PERRINE | 804234 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 1,116,546 |
| Dade | PERRINE | 804238 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 1,553,658 |
| Dade | VENETIAN | 804431 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 912,156 |
| Dade | GRATIGNY | 804532 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 744,614 |
| Dade | INDUSTRIAL | 804632 | 2020 | 2023 | \$ 18,824 |
| Dade | INDUSTRIAL | 804634 | 2020 | 2023 | \$ 1,618,301 |
| Dade | INDUSTRIAL | 804636 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 1,307,317 |
| Dade | COUNTY LINE | 804835 | 2019 | 2021 | \$ 36,522 |
| Dade | LAWRENCE | 805134 | 2014 | 2023 | \$ 907,210 |
| Dade | NATOMA | 805233 | 2016 | 2023 | \$ 32,002 |
| Dade | MASTER | 805532 | 2019 | 2021 | \$ 54,127 |
| Dade | MASTER | 805538 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,124,315 |
| Dade | MILLER | 805632 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 985,202 |
| Dade | MILLER | 805636 | 2020 | 2023 | \$ 306,551 |
| Dade | GALLOWAY | 805731 | 2019 | 2022 | \$ 646,725 |
| Dade | CORAL REEF | 805833 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 1,285,026 |
| Dade | CORAL REEF | 805834 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 1,857,858 |
| Dade | COUNTRY CLUB | 805934 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 974,859 |
| Dade | COUNTRY CLUB | 805936 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 487,329 |
| Dade | GOLDEN GLADES | 806039 | 2020 | 2021 | \$ 31,509 |
| Dade | ULETA | 806334 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 2,262,814 |
| Dade | ULETA | 806338 | 2020 | 2021 | \$ 48,891 |
| Dade | HAINLIN | 806431 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,858,335 |
| Dade | HAINLIN | 806433 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 3,012,920 |

Consolidated FPL Storm Protection Plan Work Projected to be Performed in 2022

| Region | Substation | Feeder | Projected Start Year ⁽¹⁾ | Projected Completion Year ⁽²⁾ | Projected 2022 Costs ⁽³⁾ |
|--------|-----------------|--------|-------------------------------------|--|-------------------------------------|
| Dade | SUNILAND | 806531 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 1,705,128 |
| Dade | IVES | 806738 | 2020 | 2021 | \$ 38,551 |
| Dade | RED ROAD | 806831 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,933,583 |
| Dade | RED ROAD | 806841 | 2019 | 2022 | \$ 1,385,658 |
| Dade | BIRD | 806934 | 2019 | 2023 | \$ 886,333 |
| Dade | BIRD | 806936 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 982,482 |
| Dade | ROSELAWN | 807033 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 701,791 |
| Dade | ROSELAWN | 807036 | 2020 | 2021 | \$ 63,751 |
| Dade | PENNSUCO | 807161 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 3,832,062 |
| Dade | PENNSUCO | 807164 | 2020 | 2023 | \$ 2,487,413 |
| Dade | MERCHANDISE | 807232 | 2020 | 2023 | \$ 286,239 |
| Dade | MERCHANDISE | 807234 | 2019 | 2023 | \$ 308,454 |
| Dade | GOULDS | 807331 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 475,129 |
| Dade | GOULDS | 807335 | 2020 | 2023 | \$ 346,702 |
| Dade | VILLAGE GREEN | 807435 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 564,587 |
| Dade | KILLIAN | 807631 | 2019 | 2021 | \$ 27,796 |
| Dade | KILLIAN | 807635 | 2019 | 2021 | \$ 42,198 |
| Dade | WESTON VILLAGE | 807832 | 2020 | 2023 | \$ 1,553,406 |
| Dade | WESTON VILLAGE | 807833 | 2019 | 2022 | \$ 2,602,713 |
| Dade | MIAMI LAKES | 807932 | 2020 | 2021 | \$ 35,816 |
| Dade | MIAMI LAKES | 807935 | 2020 | 2021 | \$ 213,961 |
| Dade | LINDGREN | 808263 | 2020 | 2021 | \$ 39,222 |
| Dade | LINDGREN | 808266 | 2020 | 2021 | \$ 33,122 |
| Dade | SNAKE CREEK | 808432 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 34,649 |
| Dade | SEMINOLA | 808532 | 2018 | 2022 | \$ 1,199,904 |
| Dade | BRANDON | 808631 | 2019 | 2021 | \$ 38,791 |
| Dade | BOULEVARD | 808732 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 529,754 |
| Dade | OLYMPIA HEIGHTS | 808932 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 1,056,947 |
| Dade | OLYMPIA HEIGHTS | 808933 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 1,785,929 |
| Dade | TAMIAMI | 809132 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 447,543 |
| Dade | COURT | 809665 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 771,442 |
| Dade | SWEETWATER | 809763 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,863,308 |
| Dade | SWEETWATER | 809765 | 2018 | 2022 | \$ 1,144,376 |
| Dade | DUMFOUNDLING | 809837 | 2020 | 2023 | \$ 330,201 |
| Dade | INTERNATIONAL | 810264 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 793,743 |
| Dade | JASMINE | 810564 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 902,851 |
| Dade | MONTGOMERY | 810662 | 2020 | 2021 | \$ 47,158 |
| Dade | BELL | 810833 | 2020 | 2021 | \$ 47,569 |
| Dade | SPOONBILL | 811163 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,958,841 |
| Dade | ANHINGA | 811363 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 2,002,092 |
| Dade | ANHINGA | 811364 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,638,101 |

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| Region | Substation | Feeder | Projected Start Year ⁽¹⁾ | Projected Completion Year ⁽²⁾ | Projected 2022 Costs ⁽³⁾ |
|--------|----------------|--------|-------------------------------------|--|-------------------------------------|
| Dade | WATKINS | 811432 | 2019 | 2021 | \$ 46,619 |
| Dade | KOGER | 811561 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 3,001,788 |
| Dade | MEMORIAL | 811832 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,107,259 |
| Dade | WILLIAMS | 812062 | 2020 | 2021 | \$ 47,420 |
| Dade | JACKSON | 813532 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 1,172,971 |
| East | NORTHWOOD | 400331 | 2020 | 2023 | \$ 326,193 |
| East | HILLCREST | 400432 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 2,098,585 |
| East | HILLCREST | 400435 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 582,244 |
| East | HILLCREST | 400436 | 2019 | 2021 | \$ 46,213 |
| East | BOYNTON | 400531 | 2019 | 2023 | \$ 497,416 |
| East | BOYNTON | 400539 | 2020 | 2021 | \$ 296,277 |
| East | WABASSO | 400662 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 2,763,250 |
| East | BOCA RATON | 400735 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 408,796 |
| East | BOCA RATON | 400736 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 932,682 |
| East | PAHOKEE | 400831 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 258,512 |
| East | GREENACRES | 401033 | 2020 | 2023 | \$ 2,458,065 |
| East | STUART | 401132 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 1,528,551 |
| East | FT PIERCE | 401532 | 2019 | 2021 | \$ 59,796 |
| East | OKEECHOBEE | 401631 | 2020 | 2021 | \$ 67,900 |
| East | OKEECHOBEE | 401635 | 2019 | 2023 | \$ 36,328 |
| East | OLYMPIA | 401761 | 2019 | 2023 | \$ 320,148 |
| East | JUPITER | 401833 | 2020 | 2023 | \$ 2,077,469 |
| East | LINTON | 401932 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 312,285 |
| East | TERMINAL | 402133 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,795,112 |
| East | BELVEDERE | 402536 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,366,534 |
| East | BELVEDERE | 402538 | 2020 | 2023 | \$ 1,018,766 |
| East | JUNO BEACH | 402635 | 2015 | 2023 | \$ 823,347 |
| East | JUNO BEACH | 402638 | 2020 | 2023 | \$ 1,307,306 |
| East | LANTANA | 402839 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 1,619,607 |
| East | OSLO | 402935 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 1,073,719 |
| East | OSLO | 402936 | 2020 | 2023 | \$ 1,216,562 |
| East | MILITARY TRAIL | 403031 | 2020 | 2023 | \$ 1,652,470 |
| East | MILITARY TRAIL | 403032 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 1,333,118 |
| East | MILITARY TRAIL | 403035 | 2018 | 2022 | \$ 1,381,208 |
| East | ATLANTIC | 403236 | 2020 | 2021 | \$ 28,077 |
| East | JENSEN | 403432 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 535,412 |
| East | SOUTH BAY | 403634 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 2,503,535 |
| East | MONET | 403735 | 2020 | 2023 | \$ 349,860 |
| East | LAKE PARK | 403935 | 2020 | 2023 | \$ 2,411,426 |
| East | WESTWARD | 404033 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 841,392 |
| East | GOLF | 404131 | 2019 | 2023 | \$ 1,473,917 |

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| Region | Substation | Feeder | Projected Start Year ⁽¹⁾ | Projected Completion Year ⁽²⁾ | Projected 2022 Costs ⁽³⁾ |
|--------|-------------|--------|-------------------------------------|--|-------------------------------------|
| East | GOLF | 404134 | 2019 | 2022 | \$ 925,748 |
| East | GOLF | 404135 | 2020 | 2023 | \$ 2,732,171 |
| East | GOLF | 404139 | 2020 | 2023 | \$ 1,614,342 |
| East | BOCA TEECA | 404236 | 2020 | 2021 | \$ 33,396 |
| East | BOCA TEECA | 404241 | 2019 | 2021 | \$ 58,148 |
| East | IBM | 404338 | 2020 | 2021 | \$ 60,059 |
| East | PURDY LANE | 404432 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 2,321,530 |
| East | PURDY LANE | 404434 | 2019 | 2022 | \$ 596,476 |
| East | PURDY LANE | 404435 | 2020 | 2023 | \$ 1,569,801 |
| East | PLATT | 404631 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 3,676,482 |
| East | HILLSBORO | 404732 | 2018 | 2021 | \$ 47,011 |
| East | HILLSBORO | 404736 | 2020 | 2021 | \$ 339,021 |
| East | GERMANTOWN | 404832 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 2,286,950 |
| East | GERMANTOWN | 404834 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 837,573 |
| East | GERMANTOWN | 404836 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 1,231,464 |
| East | GERMANTOWN | 404838 | 2020 | 2023 | \$ 1,624,484 |
| East | GERMANTOWN | 404840 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 648,274 |
| East | PORT SEWALL | 404933 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,409,361 |
| East | PORT SEWALL | 404934 | 2020 | 2023 | \$ 1,978,464 |
| East | PORT SEWALL | 404936 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 2,149,479 |
| East | PORT SEWALL | 404937 | 2020 | 2023 | \$ 1,502,943 |
| East | SANDALFOOT | 405034 | 2020 | 2023 | \$ 391,359 |
| East | SANDALFOOT | 405035 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 1,534,026 |
| East | SANDALFOOT | 405038 | 2020 | 2021 | \$ 39,769 |
| East | ACME | 405263 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 1,718,770 |
| East | BEELINE | 405333 | 2020 | 2023 | \$ 1,510,770 |
| East | BEELINE | 405340 | 2020 | 2023 | \$ 273,534 |
| East | PRIMAVISTA | 405533 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 844,967 |
| East | PRIMAVISTA | 405535 | 2020 | 2023 | \$ 412,050 |
| East | DELTRAIL | 405865 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 1,254,922 |
| East | BUTTS | 405931 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 262,811 |
| East | BUTTS | 405934 | 2020 | 2021 | \$ 44,092 |
| East | SHERMAN | 406063 | 2016 | 2023 | \$ 868,771 |
| East | TURNPIKE | 406164 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 1,457,605 |
| East | TURNPIKE | 406167 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 777,192 |
| East | OAKES | 406231 | 2019 | 2023 | \$ 717,214 |
| East | OAKES | 406234 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,150,593 |
| East | ROEBUCK | 406337 | 2020 | 2023 | \$ 565,815 |
| East | SAVANNAH | 406435 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 2,442,024 |
| East | OSBORNE | 406533 | 2019 | 2023 | \$ 470,303 |
| East | OSBORNE | 406534 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 508,920 |

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Consolidated FPL Storm Protection Plan Work Projected to be Performed in 2022

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| Region | Substation | Feeder | Projected Start Year ⁽¹⁾ | Projected Completion Year ⁽²⁾ | Projected 2022 Costs ⁽³⁾ |
|--------|-------------|--------|-------------------------------------|--|-------------------------------------|
| East | OSBORNE | 406536 | 2020 | 2023 | \$ 2,279,476 |
| East | ACREAGE | 406763 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 2,129,594 |
| East | ACREAGE | 406764 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 4,862,723 |
| East | ACREAGE | 406765 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,346,343 |
| East | ACREAGE | 406766 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 3,495,971 |
| East | ACREAGE | 406767 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 2,332,372 |
| East | DELMAR | 406936 | 2020 | 2023 | \$ 256,151 |
| East | RIO | 407031 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 1,924,805 |
| East | RIO | 407036 | 2020 | 2021 | \$ 60,215 |
| East | HILLS | 407332 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 3,054,729 |
| East | HILLS | 407334 | 2020 | 2023 | \$ 530,570 |
| East | HILLS | 407335 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,395,366 |
| East | INDRIO | 407463 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 2,363,631 |
| East | GLENDALE | 407561 | 2015 | 2023 | \$ 1,127,169 |
| East | GLENDALE | 407562 | 2020 | 2023 | \$ 2,387,871 |
| East | GLENDALE | 407564 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 2,423,988 |
| East | LOXAHATCHEE | 407662 | 2019 | 2023 | \$ 2,258,513 |
| East | LOXAHATCHEE | 407664 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 764,375 |
| East | SQUARE LAKE | 407734 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 931,518 |
| East | QUANTUM | 407935 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,986,593 |
| East | CALDWELL | 408031 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 539,975 |
| East | CALDWELL | 408034 | 2020 | 2023 | \$ 934,544 |
| East | ROSS | 408165 | 2020 | 2023 | \$ 2,340,618 |
| East | ROSS | 408168 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 1,386,659 |
| East | ROSS | 408169 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 16,097 |
| East | MONTEREY | 408335 | 2020 | 2021 | \$ 43,230 |
| East | ALEXANDER | 408566 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 348,536 |
| East | HOMELAND | 408663 | 2019 | 2023 | \$ 2,546,077 |
| East | SABAL | 408762 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 1,965,512 |
| East | ABERDEEN | 408862 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 1,536,656 |
| East | ABERDEEN | 408865 | 2020 | 2023 | \$ 967,529 |
| East | PLUMOSUS | 408962 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 648,188 |
| East | PLUMOSUS | 408963 | 2019 | 2022 | \$ 1,168,556 |
| East | LAKE IDA | 409533 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 661,248 |
| East | RAINBERRY | 409633 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 514,074 |
| East | CATCHMENT | 409764 | 2019 | 2021 | \$ 43,003 |
| East | HAMLET | 409863 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 169,447 |
| East | PINEWOOD | 409961 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 1,123,019 |
| East | MARYMOUNT | 410031 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 633,779 |
| East | MARLIN | 410361 | 2020 | 2023 | \$ 566,517 |
| East | GATLIN | 410462 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 1,727,598 |

Consolidated FPL Storm Protection Plan Work Projected to be Performed in 2022

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| Region | Substation | Feeder | Projected Start Year ⁽¹⁾ | Projected Completion Year ⁽²⁾ | Projected 2022 Costs ⁽³⁾ |
|--------|---------------|--------|-------------------------------------|--|-------------------------------------|
| East | GATLIN | 410463 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 2,342,761 |
| East | GRAMERCY | 410532 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 692,136 |
| East | RYDER | 410661 | 2020 | 2023 | \$ 21,361 |
| East | EDEN | 411033 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 479,425 |
| East | MORAY | 411234 | 2020 | 2021 | \$ 353,312 |
| East | FELLSMERE | 411562 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 850,987 |
| East | PEACOCK | 411663 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 2,160,755 |
| East | ALLAPATTAH | 412161 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 1,627,785 |
| East | OTTER | 412261 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 2,518,778 |
| East | SPANISH LAKES | 412432 | 2020 | 2023 | \$ 416,967 |
| East | VIOLET | 413534 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 38,714 |
| East | RUNWAY | 413737 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,190,614 |
| East | CHAMBERS | 413832 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 1,733,965 |
| East | CHAMBERS | 413833 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 369,766 |
| East | CHAMBERS | 413835 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 698,891 |
| East | TULIP | 413931 | 2020 | 2021 | \$ 257,457 |
| East | GRACEWOOD | 414031 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 3,264,109 |
| East | GRACEWOOD | 414032 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 168,551 |
| East | GRACEWOOD | 414033 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 623,691 |
| East | GRACEWOOD | 414034 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 195,759 |
| East | CANAL | 414132 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 277,182 |
| East | CANAL | 414133 | 2020 | 2023 | \$ 305,453 |
| East | CANAL | 414134 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 360,502 |
| North | ST AUGUSTINE | 100231 | 2019 | 2021 | \$ 29,606 |
| North | ST AUGUSTINE | 100236 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 1,703,408 |
| North | HASTINGS | 100331 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 964,445 |
| North | HASTINGS | 100332 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 1,173,939 |
| North | HASTINGS | 100333 | 2019 | 2022 | \$ 1,950,969 |
| North | PALATKA | 100431 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 1,041,506 |
| North | PALATKA | 100434 | 2019 | 2022 | \$ 1,522,083 |
| North | MCMEEKIN | 100531 | 2019 | 2023 | \$ 549,179 |
| North | MCMEEKIN | 100532 | 2020 | 2023 | \$ 641,074 |
| North | PORT ORANGE | 100836 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 527,372 |
| North | PORT ORANGE | 100839 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 606,209 |
| North | HOLLY HILL | 101033 | 2020 | 2021 | \$ 351,017 |
| North | ORMOND | 101133 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 964,578 |
| North | ORMOND | 101134 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 1,992,135 |
| North | FLAGLER BEACH | 101464 | 2019 | 2023 | \$ 1,015,570 |
| North | ORANGEDALE | 101863 | 2019 | 2023 | \$ 733,388 |
| North | EDGEWATER | 101938 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 1,209,199 |
| North | ST JOE | 102364 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 2,330,724 |

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| Region | Substation | Feeder | Projected Start Year ⁽¹⁾ | Projected Completion Year ⁽²⁾ | Projected 2022 Costs ⁽³⁾ |
|--------|--------------|--------|-------------------------------------|--|-------------------------------------|
| North | ST JOE | 102367 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 1,105,582 |
| North | FLEMING | 102432 | 2020 | 2023 | \$ 1,675,903 |
| North | FLEMING | 102433 | 2020 | 2021 | \$ 44,689 |
| North | MATANZAS | 102533 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 3,129,028 |
| North | MATANZAS | 102534 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,271,685 |
| North | LEWIS | 102636 | 2019 | 2022 | \$ 1,282,268 |
| North | EAGLE | 102961 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 528,883 |
| North | WILLOW | 103832 | 2020 | 2021 | \$ 42,228 |
| North | WILLOW | 103836 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,028,487 |
| North | TAYLOR | 104832 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 537,573 |
| North | TAYLOR | 104833 | 2020 | 2021 | \$ 27,746 |
| North | TAYLOR | 104836 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 991,308 |
| North | MOULTRIE | 104934 | 2018 | 2021 | \$ 23,186 |
| North | SCOTTSMOOR | 105061 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,833,140 |
| North | ELKTON | 105831 | 2020 | 2023 | \$ 314,532 |
| North | REGIS | 106361 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 1,728,607 |
| North | SPRUCE | 106464 | 2019 | 2021 | \$ 364,430 |
| North | SPRUCE | 106465 | 2019 | 2022 | \$ 1,621,930 |
| North | COQUINA | 106661 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 1,002,268 |
| North | COQUINA | 106662 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 616,460 |
| North | FOREST GROVE | 106863 | 2020 | 2023 | \$ 277,764 |
| North | TOLOMATO | 107632 | 2020 | 2021 | \$ 149,919 |
| North | GATOR | 108363 | 2019 | 2022 | \$ 1,468,805 |
| North | DURBIN | 108962 | 2019 | 2022 | \$ 2,338,277 |
| North | WRIGHT | 109034 | 2020 | 2021 | \$ 50,485 |
| North | PRINGLE | 110363 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 2,098,232 |
| North | SANFORD | 200133 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 719,121 |
| North | TITUSVILLE | 200332 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 745,096 |
| North | TITUSVILLE | 200333 | 2019 | 2022 | \$ 2,573,540 |
| North | MELBOURNE | 200531 | 2019 | 2021 | \$ 268,257 |
| North | MELBOURNE | 200533 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 424,392 |
| North | MELBOURNE | 200536 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 1,844,380 |
| North | COCOA BEACH | 200732 | 2020 | 2021 | \$ 374,562 |
| North | EAU GALLIE | 201032 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 250,240 |
| North | PATRICK | 201134 | 2019 | 2021 | \$ 19,770 |
| North | PATRICK | 201135 | 2020 | 2021 | \$ 27,086 |
| North | PATRICK | 201136 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 318,824 |
| North | GRANDVIEW | 201431 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 3,491,930 |
| North | GRANDVIEW | 201432 | 2020 | 2023 | \$ 1,087,556 |
| North | GRANDVIEW | 201435 | 2020 | 2023 | \$ 2,090,127 |
| North | PALM BAY | 201635 | 2019 | 2021 | \$ 37,308 |

Consolidated FPL Storm Protection Plan Work Projected to be Performed in 2022

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| Region | Substation | Feeder | Projected Start Year ⁽¹⁾ | Projected Completion Year ⁽²⁾ | Projected 2022 Costs ⁽³⁾ |
|--------|--------------|--------|-------------------------------------|--|-------------------------------------|
| North | SYKES CREEK | 201731 | 2018 | 2023 | \$ 53,550 |
| North | SYKES CREEK | 201735 | 2019 | 2023 | \$ 998,160 |
| North | SYKES CREEK | 201736 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 2,545,819 |
| North | COURTENAY | 201934 | 2019 | 2022 | \$ 1,045,753 |
| North | COURTENAY | 201935 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 330,045 |
| North | INDIAN RIVER | 202131 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,808,515 |
| North | MIMS | 202232 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 534,570 |
| North | MIMS | 202233 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 1,636,455 |
| North | MIMS | 202234 | 2019 | 2022 | \$ 1,623,194 |
| North | AURORA | 202533 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 1,216,868 |
| North | AURORA | 202534 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 317,698 |
| North | AURORA | 202537 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 1,271,901 |
| North | FRONTENAC | 203031 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 1,301,624 |
| North | ROCKLEDGE | 203135 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 550,621 |
| North | HIBISCUS | 203533 | 2020 | 2021 | \$ 34,897 |
| North | HARRIS | 203631 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 937,945 |
| North | HARRIS | 203637 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 672,966 |
| North | MCDONNELL | 203931 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 3,437,235 |
| North | MCDONNELL | 203933 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 2,780,119 |
| North | DELTONA | 204064 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,061,986 |
| North | BABCOCK | 204261 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 2,997,290 |
| North | SUNTREE | 204363 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 519,009 |
| North | COLLEGE | 204631 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 367,668 |
| North | GENEVA | 205361 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 3,376,594 |
| North | GENEVA | 205362 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 1,108,183 |
| North | DAIRY | 205531 | 2020 | 2021 | \$ 35,358 |
| North | SARNO | 205632 | 2019 | 2022 | \$ 1,070,554 |
| North | SARNO | 205633 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 1,030,720 |
| North | SYLVAN | 205933 | 2020 | 2021 | \$ 53,623 |
| North | SYLVAN | 205937 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 184,865 |
| North | BARNA | 206932 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,669,380 |
| North | COX | 207064 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 1,972,563 |
| North | CHULUOTA | 207261 | 2020 | 2023 | \$ 1,212,743 |
| North | WYOMING | 207362 | 2019 | 2022 | \$ 3,587,136 |
| North | OSTEEN | 207863 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 510,967 |
| North | RINEHART | 207933 | 2020 | 2021 | \$ 204,721 |
| North | HIELD | 208161 | 2020 | 2021 | \$ 313,729 |
| North | HIELD | 208164 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 1,546,290 |
| North | HIELD | 208167 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 1,265,359 |
| North | GRANT | 208761 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 344,272 |
| North | YORKE | 209861 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 1,477,988 |

Consolidated FPL Storm Protection Plan Work Projected to be Performed in 2022

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| Region | Substation | Feeder | Projected Start Year ⁽¹⁾ | Projected Completion Year ⁽²⁾ | Projected 2022 Costs ⁽³⁾ |
|--------|----------------|--------|-------------------------------------|--|-------------------------------------|
| North | DERBY | 210131 | 2019 | 2022 | \$ 437,828 |
| North | YULEE | 301462 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 2,541,224 |
| North | WIREMILL | 301562 | 2020 | 2023 | \$ 16,968 |
| North | STARKE | 303161 | 2020 | 2021 | \$ 39,368 |
| North | ONEIL | 307761 | 2019 | 2023 | \$ 912,289 |
| North | ONEIL | 307762 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 423,270 |
| North | MILLS | 308063 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 3,825,743 |
| North | MILLS | 308064 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 2,772,135 |
| West | VENICE | 500332 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,624,920 |
| West | VENICE | 500336 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 986,942 |
| West | CLARK | 500531 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 1,157,603 |
| West | CLARK | 500535 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 1,296,319 |
| West | CLARK | 500536 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,386,120 |
| West | CLARK | 500537 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 420,415 |
| West | CORTEZ | 500632 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 409,326 |
| West | ENGLEWOOD | 500761 | 2020 | 2023 | \$ 2,432,981 |
| West | ENGLEWOOD | 500764 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,136,126 |
| West | WHITFIELD | 500835 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 670,862 |
| West | WHITFIELD | 500836 | 2020 | 2023 | \$ 2,842,545 |
| West | FT MYERS | 501131 | 2020 | 2023 | \$ 115,552 |
| West | NAPLES | 501231 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 467,068 |
| West | ARCADIA | 501432 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 3,620,145 |
| West | ARCADIA | 501434 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,367,155 |
| West | PUNTA GORDA | 501531 | 2019 | 2021 | \$ 31,510 |
| West | PUNTA GORDA | 501533 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 2,219,781 |
| West | PUNTA GORDA | 501535 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,884,784 |
| West | PUNTA GORDA | 501536 | 2019 | 2022 | \$ 922,278 |
| West | TICE | 501832 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 1,198,051 |
| West | BONITA SPRINGS | 502162 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 1,555,472 |
| West | BONITA SPRINGS | 502165 | 2019 | 2023 | \$ 870,966 |
| West | PALMA SOLA | 502533 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 1,594,941 |
| West | PALMA SOLA | 502534 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 444,966 |
| West | COLONIAL | 502632 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 1,732,685 |
| West | COLONIAL | 502633 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 626,569 |
| West | COLONIAL | 502634 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 1,552,931 |
| West | COLONIAL | 502638 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 548,002 |
| West | PAYNE | 502832 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,216,404 |
| West | PAYNE | 502833 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 55,630 |
| West | PAYNE | 502837 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 1,247,814 |
| West | ONECO | 502933 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 909,263 |
| West | ONECO | 502936 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,414,756 |

Consolidated FPL Storm Protection Plan Work Projected to be Performed in 2022

| Region | Substation | Feeder | Projected Start Year ⁽¹⁾ | Projected Completion Year ⁽²⁾ | Projected 2022 Costs ⁽³⁾ |
|--------|--------------|--------|-------------------------------------|--|-------------------------------------|
| West | ONECO | 502937 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,137,188 |
| West | PHILLIPPI | 503031 | 2020 | 2023 | \$ 1,288,184 |
| West | PHILLIPPI | 503034 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 622,057 |
| West | PHILLIPPI | 503038 | 2020 | 2021 | \$ 62,746 |
| West | SOLANA | 503135 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 1,438,577 |
| West | SOUTH VENICE | 503433 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 1,145,993 |
| West | SOUTH VENICE | 503434 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 1,129,198 |
| West | ALLIGATOR | 503561 | 2020 | 2023 | \$ 1,291,431 |
| West | ALLIGATOR | 503565 | 2020 | 2023 | \$ 501,339 |
| West | ALLIGATOR | 503567 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 422,941 |
| West | ALLIGATOR | 503568 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 2,187,310 |
| West | EDISON | 503631 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,452,660 |
| West | EDISON | 503634 | 2020 | 2023 | \$ 1,099,431 |
| West | EDISON | 503635 | 2020 | 2023 | \$ 461,273 |
| West | EDISON | 503638 | 2020 | 2021 | \$ 234,648 |
| West | HARBOR | 503763 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 611,856 |
| West | HARBOR | 503764 | 2019 | 2021 | \$ 47,404 |
| West | ORTIZ | 503861 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,299,391 |
| West | ORTIZ | 503863 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 2,115,093 |
| West | ESTERO | 503963 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,925,172 |
| West | BENEVA | 504132 | 2020 | 2021 | \$ 50,666 |
| West | DORR FIELD | 504262 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 1,664,798 |
| West | PINE RIDGE | 504366 | 2020 | 2021 | \$ 316,744 |
| West | CLEVELAND | 504432 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,876,672 |
| West | TUTTLE | 504535 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 1,937,628 |
| West | CASTLE | 504661 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 1,789,002 |
| West | CASTLE | 504663 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 1,418,946 |
| West | ALVA | 504764 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 7,612,754 |
| West | SORRENTO | 504833 | 2020 | 2023 | \$ 37,336 |
| West | SORRENTO | 504834 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 2,560,530 |
| West | GOLDEN GATE | 504961 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 2,342,504 |
| West | GOLDEN GATE | 504962 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 1,710,494 |
| West | GOLDEN GATE | 504963 | 2020 | 2023 | \$ 402,846 |
| West | GOLDEN GATE | 504965 | 2019 | 2022 | \$ 1,967,362 |
| West | GOLDEN GATE | 504966 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 1,564,830 |
| West | PROCTOR | 505162 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 859,835 |
| West | PROCTOR | 505164 | 2020 | 2023 | \$ 496,517 |
| West | PROCTOR | 505166 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 605,283 |
| West | RUBONIA | 505261 | 2020 | 2023 | \$ 1,471,554 |
| West | RUBONIA | 505262 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 873,923 |
| West | RUBONIA | 505263 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 882,360 |

Consolidated FPL Storm Protection Plan Work Projected to be Performed in 2022

| Region | Substation | Feeder | Projected Start Year ⁽¹⁾ | Projected Completion Year ⁽²⁾ | Projected 2022 Costs ⁽³⁾ |
|------------|-----------------|--------|-------------------------------------|--|-------------------------------------|
| West | WINKLER | 505465 | 2019 | 2022 | \$ 1,354,064 |
| West | VAMO | 505562 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,996,297 |
| West | VAMO | 505563 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,734,617 |
| West | ROTONDA | 505663 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 2,800,411 |
| West | AUBURN | 505762 | 2020 | 2023 | \$ 1,781,297 |
| West | AUBURN | 505765 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 475,610 |
| West | AUBURN | 505766 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 805,204 |
| West | WALKER | 506031 | 2019 | 2023 | \$ 38,990 |
| West | WALKER | 506032 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 419,205 |
| West | WALKER | 506034 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 334,157 |
| West | METRO | 506161 | 2020 | 2023 | \$ 434,362 |
| West | SHADE | 506264 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,379,060 |
| West | DEEPCREEK | 506365 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,853,731 |
| West | FRANKLIN | 506463 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 4,227,312 |
| West | FRANKLIN | 506465 | 2020 | 2021 | \$ 62,289 |
| West | LIVINGSTON | 506661 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,005,321 |
| West | LIVINGSTON | 506662 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 2,505,215 |
| West | LIVINGSTON | 506664 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 45,665 |
| West | LIVINGSTON | 506666 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 1,172,718 |
| West | WOODS | 506965 | 2020 | 2021 | \$ 33,133 |
| West | IMPERIAL | 507062 | 2020 | 2023 | \$ 878,144 |
| West | IMPERIAL | 507063 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 3,341,513 |
| West | SAN CARLOS | 507262 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 1,836,930 |
| West | ORANGETREE | 507361 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 2,704,938 |
| West | ORANGETREE | 507365 | 2020 | 2023 | \$ 2,180,691 |
| West | CORKSCREW | 507461 | 2018 | 2023 | \$ 1,348,111 |
| West | PARRISH | 507562 | 2020 | 2023 | \$ 459,173 |
| West | IXORA | 507863 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 1,340,061 |
| West | COOPER | 508062 | 2020 | 2023 | \$ 364,430 |
| West | INTERSTATE | 508163 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 2,216,712 |
| West | RYE | 508263 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 27,961 |
| West | GATEWAY | 508462 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 1,940,084 |
| West | PANACEA | 508861 | 2020 | 2023 | \$ 3,878,873 |
| West | PANACEA | 508864 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 1,134,848 |
| West | SUMMIT | 509062 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 2,538,674 |
| West | SUMMIT | 509063 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 361,699 |
| West | LAURELWOOD | 509961 | 2020 | 2023 | \$ 195,243 |
| West | LAURELWOOD | 509962 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 1,558,682 |
| West | HERCULES | 510161 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 2,352,977 |
| Gulf Power | South Crestview | 909682 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 952,000 |
| Gulf Power | South Crestview | 909692 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 952,000 |

Consolidated FPL Storm Protection Plan Work Projected to be Performed in 2022

| Region | Substation | Feeder | Projected Start Year ⁽¹⁾ | Projected Completion Year ⁽²⁾ | Projected 2022 Costs ⁽³⁾ |
|--------------|-----------------|--------|-------------------------------------|--|-------------------------------------|
| Gulf Power | Brentwood | 906662 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 2,314,000 |
| Gulf Power | Long Beach | 908522 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 542,000 |
| Gulf Power | Pace | 907012 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 779,000 |
| Gulf Power | Valparaiso | 909232 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 192,000 |
| Gulf Power | Jay Road | 907252 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 537,000 |
| Gulf Power | Miramar Beach | 908872 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 447,000 |
| Gulf Power | Northside | 908852 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 1,325,000 |
| Gulf Power | Destin | 909132 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 874,000 |
| Gulf Power | Shipyard | 908932 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 523,000 |
| Gulf Power | Gulf Breeze | 907462 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 988,000 |
| Gulf Power | East Bay | 905632 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 418,000 |
| Gulf Power | Fairfield | 907772 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 409,000 |
| Gulf Power | Vernon | 909522 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 662,000 |
| Gulf Power | Eastgate | 907652 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 605,000 |
| Gulf Power | Redwood | 908732 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 732,000 |
| Gulf Power | Ocean City | 909052 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 1,045,000 |
| Gulf Power | Greenwood | 908482 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 808,000 |
| Gulf Power | Scenic Hills | 907822 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 285,000 |
| Gulf Power | Honeysuckle | 907872 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 789,000 |
| Gulf Power | Turner | 905682 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 238,000 |
| Gulf Power | Design for 2023 | | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 9,984,000 |
| Total | | | 303 | | \$ 691,315,034 |

Distribution Automation

| Region | Area | Number of Sites | Projected Start Year ⁽¹⁾ | Projected Completion Year ⁽²⁾ | Projected 2022 Costs ⁽³⁾ |
|--------------|------------------|-----------------|-------------------------------------|--|-------------------------------------|
| Gulf Power | Fort Walton | 26 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 1,840,000 |
| Gulf Power | Panama City | 18 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 1,360,000 |
| Gulf Power | Pensacola | 38 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 2,280,000 |
| Gulf Power | To be Determined | 29 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 2,120,000 |
| Total | | 111 | | | \$ 7,600,000 |

Notes:

(1) Start date reflects projected year when initial project costs will begin to accrue

(e.g., preliminary engineering/design, site preparations, or customer outreach, if applicable).

(2) Completion year reflects the projected date when project will be completed.

(3) Amounts reflect SPP totals and breakdown between base and clause amounts can be seen in RBD-1 Appendix III Form 6P.

Exhibit MJ-5 – Consolidated FPL Storm Protection Plan Work Projected to be Performed in 2022
Distribution Lateral Hardening Program

| Region | Substation | Feeder | Lateral | Projected Start Year ⁽¹⁾ | Projected Completion Year ⁽²⁾ | Projected 2022 Costs ⁽³⁾ |
|---------|------------|--------|--------------|-------------------------------------|--|-------------------------------------|
| Broward | SISTRUNK | 700134 | 87880082103 | 2019 | 2022 | \$ 370,440 |
| Broward | HOLLYWOOD | 700237 | 87471977010 | 2019 | 2022 | \$ 56,000 |
| Broward | HOLLYWOOD | 700237 | 87471977010E | 2019 | 2022 | \$ 1,920,240 |
| Broward | PINEHURST | 700337 | 87578292304 | 2019 | 2022 | \$ 711,760 |
| Broward | BEVERLY | 700839 | 87171059300 | 2019 | 2022 | \$ 2,192,400 |
| Broward | DANIA | 701534 | 87674509404 | 2019 | 2022 | \$ 476,280 |
| Broward | PLANTATION | 701632 | 86980519715 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,152,480 |
| Broward | PLANTATION | 701632 | 86980559709 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 466,480 |
| Broward | PLANTATION | 701632 | 86980719609 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 713,440 |
| Broward | PLANTATION | 701632 | 86980879304 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 123,480 |
| Broward | PLANTATION | 701632 | 86980887501 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 123,480 |
| Broward | PLANTATION | 701632 | 86980887901 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 137,200 |
| Broward | PLANTATION | 701632 | 86980888702 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 137,200 |
| Broward | PLANTATION | 701632 | 86980959600 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 617,400 |
| Broward | PLANTATION | 701632 | 86981841611 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 109,760 |
| Broward | PLANTATION | 701632 | 86981851004 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 54,880 |
| Broward | PLANTATION | 701632 | 86981870203 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 150,920 |
| Broward | PLANTATION | 701632 | 87080009605 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 178,360 |
| Broward | PLANTATION | 701632 | 87080039504 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 370,440 |
| Broward | PLANTATION | 701632 | 87080099400 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 480,200 |
| Broward | PLANTATION | 701632 | 87080289705 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 164,640 |
| Broward | PLANTATION | 701632 | 87080409701 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 233,240 |
| Broward | PLANTATION | 701632 | 87080536303 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 219,520 |
| Broward | PLANTATION | 701632 | 87080539701 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 192,080 |
| Broward | PLANTATION | 701632 | 87080669702 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 301,840 |
| Broward | PLANTATION | 701632 | 87080739701 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 864,360 |
| Broward | PLANTATION | 701632 | 87080799606 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 672,280 |
| Broward | PLANTATION | 701632 | 87080859609 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 68,600 |
| Broward | PLANTATION | 701632 | 87080929607 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 548,800 |
| Broward | PLANTATION | 701632 | 87080999605 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 205,800 |
| Broward | PLANTATION | 701632 | 87180059601 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 178,360 |
| Broward | PLANTATION | 701632 | 87180159729 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 384,160 |
| Broward | PLANTATION | 701632 | 87180238904 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,097,600 |
| Broward | PLANTATION | 701632 | 87180245706 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 164,640 |
| Broward | PLANTATION | 701632 | 87180246109 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 452,760 |
| Broward | PLANTATION | 701632 | 87180246303 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 192,080 |
| Broward | PLANTATION | 701632 | 87180246320 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 644,840 |
| Broward | PLANTATION | 701632 | 87180251404 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 41,160 |
| Broward | PLANTATION | 701632 | 86980519707S | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,262,240 |
| Broward | PLANTATION | 701632 | 87080169301N | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 356,720 |
| Broward | PLANTATION | 701632 | 87080169301S | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 631,120 |
| Broward | PLANTATION | 701632 | 87080876805E | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 301,840 |

Consolidated FPL Storm Protection Plan Work Projected to be Performed in 2022

| Region | Substation | Feeder | Lateral | Projected Start Year ⁽¹⁾ | Projected Completion Year ⁽²⁾ | Projected 2022 Costs ⁽³⁾ |
|---------|-------------|--------|--------------|-------------------------------------|--|-------------------------------------|
| Broward | RESERVATION | 703434 | 87274026303N | 2019 | 2022 | \$ 207,480 |
| Broward | STONEBRIDGE | 704761 | 86273919307 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 548,800 |
| Broward | STONEBRIDGE | 704761 | 86273919803 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 41,160 |
| Broward | STONEBRIDGE | 704761 | 86273925901 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 68,600 |
| Broward | STONEBRIDGE | 704761 | 86273927601 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 54,880 |
| Broward | STONEBRIDGE | 704761 | 86274904401 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 41,160 |
| Broward | STONEBRIDGE | 704761 | 86274910800 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 41,160 |
| Broward | STONEBRIDGE | 704761 | 86274912004 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 603,680 |
| Broward | STONEBRIDGE | 704761 | 86274913400 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 192,080 |
| Broward | STONEBRIDGE | 704761 | 86373076715 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 54,880 |
| Broward | STONEBRIDGE | 704761 | 86373136700 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 205,800 |
| Broward | STONEBRIDGE | 704761 | 86373406618 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 123,480 |
| Broward | STONEBRIDGE | 704761 | 86373459304 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 397,880 |
| Broward | STONEBRIDGE | 704761 | 86373464600 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,564,080 |
| Broward | STONEBRIDGE | 704761 | 86373469300 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 2,826,320 |
| Broward | STONEBRIDGE | 704761 | 86373475202 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 27,440 |
| Broward | STONEBRIDGE | 704761 | 86373475211 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 164,640 |
| Broward | STONEBRIDGE | 704761 | 86373996601 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,221,080 |
| Broward | STONEBRIDGE | 704761 | 86374314709 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 41,160 |
| Broward | STONEBRIDGE | 704761 | 86374544704 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 68,600 |
| Broward | STONEBRIDGE | 704761 | 86374624708 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 219,520 |
| Broward | STONEBRIDGE | 704761 | 86374694706 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 54,880 |
| Broward | STONEBRIDGE | 704761 | 86471818003 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 109,760 |
| Broward | STONEBRIDGE | 704761 | 86473186811 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 54,880 |
| Broward | STONEBRIDGE | 704761 | 86473346818 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 68,600 |
| Broward | STONEBRIDGE | 704761 | 86473396807 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 68,600 |
| Broward | STONEBRIDGE | 704761 | 86473764008 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 41,160 |
| Broward | STONEBRIDGE | 704761 | 86473766809 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 41,160 |
| Broward | STONEBRIDGE | 704761 | 86473767414 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 41,160 |
| Broward | STONEBRIDGE | 704761 | 86473778009 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 164,640 |
| Broward | STONEBRIDGE | 704761 | 86473779005 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 452,760 |
| Broward | STONEBRIDGE | 704761 | 86373926808N | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 150,920 |
| Broward | STONEBRIDGE | 704761 | 86374374701N | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 27,440 |
| Broward | STONEBRIDGE | 704761 | 86374644709N | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 164,640 |
| Broward | STONEBRIDGE | 704761 | 86374644709S | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 150,920 |
| Broward | STONEBRIDGE | 704761 | 86374864709N | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 452,760 |
| Broward | STONEBRIDGE | 704761 | 86473536803N | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,879,640 |
| Broward | PROGRESSO | 709263 | 87782182506 | 2019 | 2022 | \$ 842,240 |
| Dade | HIALEAH | 800732 | 86658825308 | 2019 | 2022 | \$ 91,260 |
| Dade | HIALEAH | 800732 | 86658904607 | 2019 | 2022 | \$ 270,000 |
| Dade | HIALEAH | 800738 | 86657869301 | 2019 | 2022 | \$ 739,800 |
| Dade | HIALEAH | 800738 | 86658647108 | 2019 | 2022 | \$ 341,010 |
| Dade | HIALEAH | 800738 | 86658647159 | 2019 | 2022 | \$ 270,000 |
| Dade | HIALEAH | 800738 | 86658662620 | 2019 | 2022 | \$ 270,000 |
| Dade | HIALEAH | 800738 | 86658663103 | 2019 | 2022 | \$ 240,840 |

Consolidated FPL Storm Protection Plan Work Projected to be Performed in 2022

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| Region | Substation | Feeder | Lateral | Projected Start Year ⁽¹⁾ | Projected Completion Year ⁽²⁾ | Projected 2022 Costs ⁽³⁾ |
|--------|------------|--------|--------------|-------------------------------------|--|-------------------------------------|
| Dade | HIALEAH | 800738 | 86658671106 | 2019 | 2022 | \$ 27,000 |
| Dade | HIALEAH | 800738 | 86658821639 | 2019 | 2022 | \$ 27,000 |
| Dade | HIALEAH | 800738 | 86658831006 | 2019 | 2022 | \$ 27,000 |
| Dade | HIALEAH | 800738 | 86658832614 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 27,000 |
| Dade | HIALEAH | 800738 | 86658842610 | 2019 | 2022 | \$ 27,000 |
| Dade | HIALEAH | 800738 | 86758011724 | 2019 | 2022 | \$ 27,000 |
| Dade | OPA LOCKA | 801231 | 87063467901 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 297,000 |
| Dade | AIRPORT | 802631 | 86757118606 | 2019 | 2022 | \$ 632,899 |
| Dade | AIRPORT | 802631 | 86757188604 | 2019 | 2022 | \$ 85,817 |
| Dade | AIRPORT | 802631 | 86758431308 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 153,090 |
| Dade | AIRPORT | 802635 | 86757548201 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 270,000 |
| Dade | AIRPORT | 802635 | 86757565700 | 2019 | 2022 | \$ 117,998 |
| Dade | TROPICAL | 803037 | 86353281801 | 2019 | 2022 | \$ 500,850 |
| Dade | TROPICAL | 803037 | 86353534203 | 2019 | 2022 | \$ 270,000 |
| Dade | DADE | 805433 | 86557899903 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 150,179 |
| Dade | DADE | 805433 | 86558722616 | 2019 | 2022 | \$ 101,790 |
| Dade | DADE | 805433 | 86558782503 | 2019 | 2022 | \$ 125,280 |
| Dade | DADE | 805433 | 86558842506 | 2019 | 2022 | \$ 108,000 |
| Dade | DADE | 805433 | 86657445803 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 656,100 |
| Dade | DADE | 805433 | 86657475508 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 225,269 |
| Dade | DADE | 805433 | 86558619009S | 2019 | 2022 | \$ 332,540 |
| Dade | ULETA | 806334 | 87364493501 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 256,500 |
| Dade | ULETA | 806334 | 87364507803 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 121,500 |
| Dade | ULETA | 806334 | 87364519500 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 40,500 |
| Dade | ULETA | 806334 | 87364523906 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 283,500 |
| Dade | ULETA | 806334 | 87364525500 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 486,000 |
| Dade | ULETA | 806334 | 87364526107 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 553,500 |
| Dade | ULETA | 806334 | 87364526506 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 324,000 |
| Dade | ULETA | 806334 | 87364527804 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,458,000 |
| Dade | ULETA | 806334 | 87364533901 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 94,500 |
| Dade | ULETA | 806334 | 87364536501 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 540,000 |
| Dade | ULETA | 806334 | 87364634601 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 108,000 |
| Dade | ULETA | 806334 | 87364804603 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 702,000 |
| Dade | ULETA | 806334 | 87364833603 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 297,000 |
| Dade | ULETA | 806334 | 87364844702 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 229,500 |
| Dade | ULETA | 806334 | 87365492508 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 148,500 |
| Dade | ULETA | 806334 | 87365493806 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 40,500 |
| Dade | ULETA | 806334 | 87365494101 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 121,500 |
| Dade | ULETA | 806334 | 87365510301 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 621,000 |
| Dade | ULETA | 806334 | 87365510808 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 148,500 |
| Dade | ULETA | 806334 | 87365511405 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 148,500 |
| Dade | ULETA | 806334 | 87365511901 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 135,000 |
| Dade | ULETA | 806334 | 87365632504 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 405,000 |
| Dade | ULETA | 806334 | 87365773205 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 135,000 |
| Dade | ULETA | 806334 | 87365773701 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 135,000 |

Consolidated FPL Storm Protection Plan Work Projected to be Performed in 2022

| Region | Substation | Feeder | Lateral | Projected Start Year ⁽¹⁾ | Projected Completion Year ⁽²⁾ | Projected 2022 Costs ⁽³⁾ |
|--------|------------|--------|--------------|-------------------------------------|--|-------------------------------------|
| Dade | ULETA | 806334 | 87365774201 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 108,000 |
| Dade | ULETA | 806334 | 87365804500 | 2019 | 2022 | \$ 3,795,390 |
| Dade | ULETA | 806334 | 87464054203 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 702,000 |
| Dade | ULETA | 806334 | 87464054408 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 135,000 |
| Dade | ULETA | 806334 | 87464254806 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 121,500 |
| Dade | ULETA | 806334 | 87465024316 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 243,000 |
| Dade | ULETA | 806334 | 87465024308E | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 958,500 |
| Dade | ULETA | 806334 | 87465024308S | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 513,000 |
| Dade | SUNILAND | 806535 | 86446893803 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 459,000 |
| Dade | SUNILAND | 806535 | 86446894800 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 999,000 |
| Dade | SUNILAND | 806535 | 86546294703 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,350,000 |
| Dade | SUNILAND | 806535 | 86546354706 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 256,500 |
| Dade | SUNILAND | 806535 | 86546464803 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 877,500 |
| Dade | SUNILAND | 806535 | 86546694809 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 297,000 |
| Dade | SUNILAND | 806535 | 86546774900 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 297,000 |
| Dade | SUNILAND | 806535 | 86546844932 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 553,500 |
| Dade | SUNILAND | 806535 | 86546914809 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 256,500 |
| Dade | SUNILAND | 806535 | 86546954525 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 229,500 |
| Dade | SUNILAND | 806535 | 86646004801 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 135,000 |
| Dade | SUNILAND | 806535 | 86646084804 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,093,500 |
| Dade | SUNILAND | 806535 | 86646204800 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 256,500 |
| Dade | SUNILAND | 806535 | 86646479507 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,174,500 |
| Dade | SUNILAND | 806535 | 86647453307 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 40,500 |
| Dade | SUNILAND | 806535 | 86647463604 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 27,000 |
| Dade | SUNILAND | 806535 | 86647471003 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 108,000 |
| Dade | SUNILAND | 806535 | 86647480304 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 769,500 |
| Dade | SUNILAND | 806535 | 86446893811E | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 378,000 |
| Dade | SUNILAND | 806535 | 86546224705N | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 94,500 |
| Dade | SUNILAND | 806535 | 86546224705S | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,107,000 |
| Dade | SUNILAND | 806535 | 86546624801N | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 999,000 |
| Dade | SUNILAND | 806535 | 86546624801W | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 810,000 |
| Dade | SUNILAND | 806535 | 86646284901N | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 324,000 |
| Dade | LEMON CITY | 807731 | 87360521101 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 94,500 |
| Dade | LEMON CITY | 807731 | 87360813802 | 2018 | 2022 | \$ 540,000 |
| Dade | LEMON CITY | 807731 | 87360823808 | 2018 | 2022 | \$ 163,890 |
| Dade | LEMON CITY | 807731 | 87360916008 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 526,500 |
| Dade | LEMON CITY | 807731 | 87360916407 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 54,000 |
| Dade | LEMON CITY | 807731 | 87360916806 | 2019 | 2022 | \$ 1,431,000 |
| Dade | LEMON CITY | 807731 | 87360916903 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 67,500 |
| Dade | LEMON CITY | 807731 | 87360917101 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 67,500 |
| Dade | LEMON CITY | 807731 | 87360917608 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 67,500 |
| Dade | LEMON CITY | 807731 | 87360918001 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 54,000 |
| Dade | LEMON CITY | 807731 | 87360918507 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 445,500 |
| Dade | LEMON CITY | 807731 | 87360918701 | 2019 | 2022 | \$ 301,050 |
| Dade | LEMON CITY | 807731 | 87360919309 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 297,000 |

Consolidated FPL Storm Protection Plan Work Projected to be Performed in 2022

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| Region | Substation | Feeder | Lateral | Projected Start Year ⁽¹⁾ | Projected Completion Year ⁽²⁾ | Projected 2022 Costs ⁽³⁾ |
|--------|------------|--------|--------------|-------------------------------------|--|-------------------------------------|
| Dade | LEMON CITY | 807731 | 87360919503 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 94,500 |
| Dade | LEMON CITY | 807731 | 87360922709 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 661,500 |
| Dade | LEMON CITY | 807731 | 87360923209 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 121,500 |
| Dade | LEMON CITY | 807731 | 87360923705 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 135,000 |
| Dade | LEMON CITY | 807731 | 87360923900 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 607,500 |
| Dade | LEMON CITY | 807731 | 87360925708 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 472,500 |
| Dade | LEMON CITY | 807731 | 87360952209 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 121,500 |
| Dade | LEMON CITY | 807731 | 87361772000 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 128,725 |
| Dade | LEMON CITY | 807731 | 87361812001 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 117,998 |
| Dade | LEMON CITY | 807731 | 87361900105 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 697,262 |
| Dade | LEMON CITY | 807731 | 87361900202 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 107,271 |
| Dade | LEMON CITY | 807731 | 87361900300 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 310,500 |
| Dade | LEMON CITY | 807731 | 87361901608 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 24,300 |
| Dade | LEMON CITY | 807731 | 87361901802 | 2019 | 2022 | \$ 231,660 |
| Dade | LEMON CITY | 807731 | 87361902507 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 121,500 |
| Dade | LEMON CITY | 807731 | 87361903104 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 445,500 |
| Dade | LEMON CITY | 807731 | 87361903112 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 81,000 |
| Dade | LEMON CITY | 807731 | 87361913801 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 742,500 |
| Dade | LEMON CITY | 807731 | 87461030508 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 182,361 |
| Dade | LEMON CITY | 807731 | 87461102509 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 175,500 |
| Dade | LEMON CITY | 807731 | 87360521208E | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 189,000 |
| Dade | LEMON CITY | 807731 | 87360919309E | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 353,994 |
| Dade | LEMON CITY | 807731 | 87361900709E | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 148,500 |
| Dade | LEMON CITY | 807731 | 87361900709S | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 60,750 |
| Dade | LEMON CITY | 807731 | 87461072502N | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,107,000 |
| Dade | LEMON CITY | 807731 | 87461072502S | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 769,500 |
| Dade | BRANDON | 808632 | 87063502307 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 2,349,000 |
| Dade | BRANDON | 808632 | 87063503311 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 81,000 |
| Dade | BRANDON | 808632 | 87063503516 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 958,500 |
| Dade | BRANDON | 808632 | 87063647704 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 121,500 |
| Dade | BRANDON | 808632 | 87063708801 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 283,500 |
| Dade | BRANDON | 808632 | 87063725900 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 958,500 |
| Dade | BRANDON | 808632 | 87063745501 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 850,500 |
| Dade | BRANDON | 808632 | 87063746109 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 135,000 |
| Dade | BRANDON | 808632 | 87063746800 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 769,500 |
| Dade | BRANDON | 808632 | 87063747504 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 135,000 |
| Dade | BRANDON | 808632 | 87063772509 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 108,000 |
| Dade | BRANDON | 808632 | 87064721312 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 67,500 |
| Dade | BRANDON | 808632 | 87064763007 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 216,000 |
| Dade | BRANDON | 808632 | 87064843001 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 40,500 |
| Dade | BRANDON | 808632 | 87064873015 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 243,000 |
| Dade | BRANDON | 808632 | 87064956603 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,633,500 |
| Dade | BRANDON | 808632 | 87064993011 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,066,500 |
| Dade | BRANDON | 808632 | 87164063003 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 40,500 |
| Dade | BRANDON | 808632 | 87164224503 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 351,000 |

Consolidated FPL Storm Protection Plan Work Projected to be Performed in 2022

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| Region | Substation | Feeder | Lateral | Projected Start Year ⁽¹⁾ | Projected Completion Year ⁽²⁾ | Projected 2022 Costs ⁽³⁾ |
|--------|---------------|--------|--------------|-------------------------------------|--|-------------------------------------|
| Dade | BRANDON | 808632 | 87164224813 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 108,000 |
| Dade | BRANDON | 808632 | 87164268403 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 81,000 |
| Dade | BRANDON | 808632 | 87164318401 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 40,500 |
| Dade | BRANDON | 808632 | 87164358305 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 108,000 |
| Dade | BRANDON | 808632 | 87164428401 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 67,500 |
| Dade | BRANDON | 808632 | 87164453600 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 270,000 |
| Dade | BRANDON | 808632 | 87164454002 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 499,500 |
| Dade | BRANDON | 808632 | 87164455106 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 499,500 |
| Dade | BRANDON | 808632 | 87164464202 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 175,500 |
| Dade | BRANDON | 808632 | 87164682901 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,485,000 |
| Dade | BRANDON | 808632 | 87164685306 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,390,500 |
| Dade | BRANDON | 808632 | 87063503303E | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 553,500 |
| Dade | BRANDON | 808632 | 87063725918S | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 135,000 |
| Dade | BRANDON | 808632 | 87064865802E | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 229,500 |
| Dade | BRANDON | 808632 | 87064913009E | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 67,500 |
| Dade | BRANDON | 808632 | 87064913009S | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 202,500 |
| Dade | BRANDON | 808632 | 87164455505E | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 499,500 |
| Dade | BRANDON | 808632 | 87164455505N | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,161,000 |
| Dade | SNAPPER CREEK | 808833 | 86647006807 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 256,500 |
| Dade | SNAPPER CREEK | 808833 | 86647116807 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 108,000 |
| Dade | SNAPPER CREEK | 808833 | 86647187003 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 162,000 |
| Dade | SNAPPER CREEK | 808833 | 86647276901 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 40,500 |
| Dade | SNAPPER CREEK | 808833 | 86647276910 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 148,500 |
| Dade | SNAPPER CREEK | 808833 | 86647316903 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 229,500 |
| Dade | SNAPPER CREEK | 808833 | 86647316911 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 121,500 |
| Dade | SNAPPER CREEK | 808833 | 86647366901 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 108,000 |
| Dade | SNAPPER CREEK | 808833 | 86647366919 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 108,000 |
| Dade | SNAPPER CREEK | 808833 | 86647416916 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 54,000 |
| Dade | SNAPPER CREEK | 808833 | 86647627003 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 40,500 |
| Dade | SNAPPER CREEK | 808833 | 86647677001 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 54,000 |
| Dade | SNAPPER CREEK | 808833 | 86647718301 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 94,500 |
| Dade | SNAPPER CREEK | 808833 | 86647718718 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 256,500 |
| Dade | SNAPPER CREEK | 808833 | 86647718912 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 864,000 |
| Dade | SNAPPER CREEK | 808833 | 86647718998 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 67,500 |
| Dade | SNAPPER CREEK | 808833 | 86647807001 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 54,000 |
| Dade | SNAPPER CREEK | 808833 | 86647847003 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 270,000 |
| Dade | SNAPPER CREEK | 808833 | 86647867101 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 202,500 |
| Dade | SNAPPER CREEK | 808833 | 86647917109 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 121,500 |
| Dade | SNAPPER CREEK | 808833 | 86648171101 | 2018 | 2022 | \$ 297,000 |
| Dade | SNAPPER CREEK | 808833 | 86648281208 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 553,500 |
| Dade | SNAPPER CREEK | 808833 | 86648281216 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 121,500 |
| Dade | SNAPPER CREEK | 808833 | 86648684302 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 40,500 |
| Dade | SNAPPER CREEK | 808833 | 86648685104 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 40,500 |
| Dade | SNAPPER CREEK | 808833 | 86648692003 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 40,500 |
| Dade | SNAPPER CREEK | 808833 | 86648692909 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 40,500 |

Consolidated FPL Storm Protection Plan Work Projected to be Performed in 2022

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| Region | Substation | Feeder | Lateral | Projected Start Year ⁽¹⁾ | Projected Completion Year ⁽²⁾ | Projected 2022 Costs ⁽³⁾ |
|--------|---------------|--------|--------------|-------------------------------------|--|-------------------------------------|
| Dade | SNAPPER CREEK | 808833 | 86648693107 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 54,000 |
| Dade | SNAPPER CREEK | 808833 | 86648693301 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 54,000 |
| Dade | SNAPPER CREEK | 808833 | 86648700316 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 891,000 |
| Dade | SNAPPER CREEK | 808833 | 86648784404 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 378,000 |
| Dade | SNAPPER CREEK | 808833 | 86648904400 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 121,500 |
| Dade | SNAPPER CREEK | 808833 | 86648914405 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 189,000 |
| Dade | SNAPPER CREEK | 808833 | 86648964500 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 162,000 |
| Dade | SNAPPER CREEK | 808833 | 86648964518 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 175,500 |
| Dade | SNAPPER CREEK | 808833 | 86747108705 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 621,000 |
| Dade | SNAPPER CREEK | 808833 | 86748084516 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 108,000 |
| Dade | SNAPPER CREEK | 808833 | 86748091504 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 148,500 |
| Dade | SNAPPER CREEK | 808833 | 86748092403 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 985,500 |
| Dade | SNAPPER CREEK | 808833 | 86748133606 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 418,500 |
| Dade | SNAPPER CREEK | 808833 | 86647006815N | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 135,000 |
| Dade | SNAPPER CREEK | 808833 | 86647116815N | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 162,000 |
| Dade | SNAPPER CREEK | 808833 | 86647517003N | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 216,000 |
| East | ACREAGE | 406767 | 66529460401N | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 4,956,624 |
| East | ACREAGE | 406767 | 66530470202S | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 2,435,516 |
| East | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66520829593 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,646,400 |
| East | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66522866119 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 891,800 |
| East | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66522868006 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 352,800 |
| East | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66522879008 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 137,200 |
| East | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66522956207 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 39,200 |
| East | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66523863407 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 107,800 |
| East | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66523870403 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 176,400 |
| East | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66523871809 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 127,400 |
| East | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66523884803 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 49,000 |
| East | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66523885109 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 68,600 |
| East | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66523885508 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 156,800 |
| East | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66523887101 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 156,800 |
| East | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66523888701 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 196,000 |
| East | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66523897701 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 58,800 |
| East | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66523899100 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 49,000 |
| East | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66523899304 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 58,800 |
| East | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66523899908 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 58,800 |
| East | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66524891005 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 39,200 |
| East | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66524891706 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 793,800 |
| East | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66620268719 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,911,000 |
| East | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66620859105 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 735,000 |
| East | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66621844101 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 156,800 |
| East | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66621845400 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 78,400 |
| East | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66621856908 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 833,000 |
| East | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66621856924 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 186,200 |
| East | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66621868400 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 597,800 |
| East | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66621869601 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 480,200 |

Consolidated FPL Storm Protection Plan Work Projected to be Performed in 2022

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| Region | Substation | Feeder | Lateral | Projected Start Year ⁽¹⁾ | Projected Completion Year ⁽²⁾ | Projected 2022 Costs ⁽³⁾ |
|--------|-------------|--------|-------------|-------------------------------------|--|-------------------------------------|
| East | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66622116100 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 39,200 |
| East | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66622346105 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 2,371,600 |
| East | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66622536109 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 284,200 |
| East | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66622726200 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 68,600 |
| East | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66622870408 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 205,800 |
| East | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66622871102 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 431,200 |
| East | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66622871501 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 196,000 |
| East | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66622872109 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 431,200 |
| East | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66622883003 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 490,000 |
| East | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66622885103 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 196,000 |
| East | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66622896903 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 49,000 |
| East | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66622897501 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 156,800 |
| East | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66622897705 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 88,200 |
| East | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66622898400 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 637,000 |
| East | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66623900807 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 88,200 |
| East | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66623901404 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 225,400 |
| East | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66623913101 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 166,600 |
| East | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66623913704 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 68,600 |
| East | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66623913801 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 333,200 |
| East | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66623914701 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 156,800 |
| East | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66623926105 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 215,600 |
| East | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66623926601 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 88,200 |
| East | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66623927802 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 333,200 |
| East | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66623927829 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 9,800 |
| East | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66623938901 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 49,000 |
| East | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66623939703 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 49,000 |
| East | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66624942309 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 68,600 |
| East | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66624975002 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 196,000 |
| East | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66720218701 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 29,400 |
| East | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66720319109 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 29,400 |
| East | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66720498801 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 323,400 |
| East | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66720878302 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,666,000 |
| East | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66721022801 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 88,200 |
| East | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66721092809 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 49,000 |
| East | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66721232805 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 78,400 |
| East | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66721282802 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 39,200 |
| East | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66721320704 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 127,400 |
| East | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66721320721 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 127,400 |
| East | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66721332401 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 588,000 |
| East | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66721332907 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 2,146,200 |
| East | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66722206018 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 68,600 |
| East | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66722496024 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 19,600 |
| East | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66722635903 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 19,600 |
| East | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66722675905 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 98,000 |
| East | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66722936903 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 735,000 |

Consolidated FPL Storm Protection Plan Work Projected to be Performed in 2022

| Region | Substation | Feeder | Lateral | Projected Start Year ⁽¹⁾ | Projected Completion Year ⁽²⁾ | Projected 2022 Costs ⁽³⁾ |
|--------|-------------|--------|--------------|-------------------------------------|--|-------------------------------------|
| East | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66722958001 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 137,200 |
| East | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66722958702 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 431,200 |
| East | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66722959300 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 499,800 |
| East | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66722965601 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 4,312,000 |
| East | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66722965610 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 196,000 |
| East | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66723956002 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 78,400 |
| East | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66723956703 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 68,600 |
| East | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66723958005 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 39,200 |
| East | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66723960301 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 49,000 |
| East | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66723961405 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 235,200 |
| East | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66723963106 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 107,800 |
| East | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66723963408 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 156,800 |
| East | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66723964200 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 215,600 |
| East | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66723964706 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 578,200 |
| East | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66723968809 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 274,400 |
| East | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66723969309 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,803,200 |
| East | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66723975406 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 78,400 |
| East | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66822455814 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 19,600 |
| East | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66621752801N | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 245,000 |
| East | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66621752801W | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 646,800 |
| East | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66622346113N | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 3,822,000 |
| East | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66622885103W | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 156,800 |
| East | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66623927209E | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 156,800 |
| East | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66623927209W | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 196,000 |
| East | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66623939509E | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 215,600 |
| East | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66623939509W | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 725,200 |
| East | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66624930203E | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 156,800 |
| East | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66624930203W | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 460,600 |
| East | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66624941604E | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 901,600 |
| East | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66624941604W | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 421,400 |
| East | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66624965708E | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 911,400 |
| East | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66624965708W | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 2,224,600 |
| East | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66624974308E | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 127,400 |
| East | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66624974308W | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 39,200 |
| East | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66722396003N | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 6,164,200 |
| East | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66722396003S | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,646,400 |
| East | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66723960905E | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 68,600 |
| North | GATOR | 108362 | 35155789106 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 1,137,780 |
| North | GATOR | 108362 | 34858422505W | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 1,589,560 |
| North | MILLS | 308063 | 13000911605 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 2,681,412 |
| North | MILLS | 308063 | 13100102802 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 443,269 |
| North | MILLS | 308063 | 13100252707 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 1,017,338 |
| North | MILLS | 308063 | 13100402091N | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 1,137,780 |
| North | SEBASTIAN | 405764 | 49301619905 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 840,105 |
| North | SEBASTIAN | 405764 | 65499113802 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 50,715 |

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| Region | Substation | Feeder | Lateral | Projected Start Year ⁽¹⁾ | Projected Completion Year ⁽²⁾ | Projected 2022 Costs ⁽³⁾ |
|--------|------------|--------|--------------|-------------------------------------|--|-------------------------------------|
| North | SEBASTIAN | 405764 | 65499115716 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 190,733 |
| North | SEBASTIAN | 405764 | 49300453604N | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 132,300 |
| North | SEBASTIAN | 405764 | 49300453604S | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 348,390 |
| North | SEBASTIAN | 405764 | 49300573901N | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,024,223 |
| North | SEBASTIAN | 405765 | 49200688026 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 540,225 |
| North | SEBASTIAN | 405765 | 49200737604 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,488,375 |
| North | SEBASTIAN | 405765 | 49200955903 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 264,600 |
| North | SEBASTIAN | 405765 | 49201920704 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 374,850 |
| North | SEBASTIAN | 405765 | 49300204906 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 297,675 |
| North | SEBASTIAN | 405765 | 49300255306 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 463,050 |
| North | SEBASTIAN | 405765 | 49300300409 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,256,850 |
| North | SEBASTIAN | 405765 | 49300305605 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 529,200 |
| North | SEBASTIAN | 405765 | 49300346107 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 540,225 |
| North | SEBASTIAN | 405765 | 49300366396 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 848,925 |
| North | SEBASTIAN | 405765 | 49300405812 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 286,650 |
| North | SEBASTIAN | 405765 | 49301100101 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,080,450 |
| North | SEBASTIAN | 405765 | 65399331101 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,080,450 |
| North | SEBASTIAN | 405765 | 65399517204 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,245,825 |
| North | SEBASTIAN | 405765 | 65399574003 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 496,125 |
| North | SEBASTIAN | 405765 | 65399714000 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 496,125 |
| North | SEBASTIAN | 405765 | 65399911301 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 771,750 |
| North | SEBASTIAN | 405765 | 65399951109 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 507,150 |
| North | SEBASTIAN | 405765 | 65498124703 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 220,500 |
| North | SEBASTIAN | 405765 | 65498125301 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 110,250 |
| North | SEBASTIAN | 405765 | 65499031008 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 176,400 |
| North | SEBASTIAN | 405765 | 49200688000N | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 187,425 |
| North | SEBASTIAN | 405765 | 49200826909N | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 363,825 |
| North | SEBASTIAN | 405765 | 49200826909S | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 242,550 |
| North | SEBASTIAN | 405765 | 49300174403N | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 396,900 |
| North | SEBASTIAN | 405765 | 49300174403S | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 606,375 |
| North | SEBASTIAN | 405765 | 49300192304S | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 154,350 |
| North | SEBASTIAN | 405765 | 49300192401E | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 231,525 |
| North | SEBASTIAN | 405765 | 49300252005S | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 209,475 |
| North | SEBASTIAN | 405765 | 49300405804E | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 694,575 |
| North | SEBASTIAN | 405765 | 49301000409N | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,036,350 |
| North | SEBASTIAN | 405765 | 49301000417S | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 562,275 |
| North | SEBASTIAN | 405765 | 49301326100E | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 771,750 |
| North | SEBASTIAN | 405765 | 49301326100N | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,058,400 |
| North | SEBASTIAN | 405765 | 65399409002E | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,697,850 |
| North | SEBASTIAN | 405765 | 65399409002W | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,389,150 |
| North | SEBASTIAN | 405765 | 65399497505E | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 77,175 |
| North | SEBASTIAN | 405765 | 65399497505W | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 407,925 |
| North | SEBASTIAN | 405765 | 65399675004E | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,201,725 |
| North | SEBASTIAN | 405765 | 65399675004W | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 606,375 |
| North | SEBASTIAN | 405765 | 65399753706N | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,587,600 |

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| Region | Substation | Feeder | Lateral | Projected Start Year ⁽¹⁾ | Projected Completion Year ⁽²⁾ | Projected 2022 Costs ⁽³⁾ |
|--------|------------|--------|--------------|-------------------------------------|--|-------------------------------------|
| North | SEBASTIAN | 405765 | 65399753706W | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,477,350 |
| North | ROSEDALE | 410762 | 65788457003 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 762,102 |
| North | ROSEDALE | 410762 | 65788527001 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 186,095 |
| North | ROSEDALE | 410762 | 65788597000 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 230,403 |
| North | ROSEDALE | 410762 | 65788727001 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 194,956 |
| North | ROSEDALE | 410762 | 65788757007 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 203,818 |
| North | ROSEDALE | 410762 | 65788797009 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 177,233 |
| North | ROSEDALE | 410762 | 65788857010 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 203,818 |
| North | ROSEDALE | 410762 | 65789222301 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 735,517 |
| North | ROSEDALE | 410762 | 65888454801 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 1,471,034 |
| North | ROSEDALE | 410762 | 65788317007N | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 638,039 |
| North | ROSEDALE | 410762 | 65788317007S | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 203,818 |
| North | ROSEDALE | 410762 | 65788387005N | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 425,359 |
| North | ROSEDALE | 410762 | 65788387005S | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 194,956 |
| North | ROSEDALE | 410762 | 65788667008N | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 194,956 |
| North | ROSEDALE | 410762 | 65788667008S | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 194,956 |
| North | ROSEDALE | 410762 | 65888517209E | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 921,612 |
| North | FELLSMERE | 411562 | 48900894203 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 418,950 |
| North | FELLSMERE | 411562 | 49200271206 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 540,225 |
| North | FELLSMERE | 411562 | 49200301202 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 66,150 |
| North | FELLSMERE | 411562 | 49200351005 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 154,350 |
| North | FELLSMERE | 411562 | 49200541203 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,102,500 |
| North | FELLSMERE | 411562 | 49200670313 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 165,375 |
| North | FELLSMERE | 411562 | 49200953200 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 275,625 |
| North | FELLSMERE | 411562 | 65298598504 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,069,425 |
| North | FELLSMERE | 411562 | 65298628501 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 231,525 |
| North | FELLSMERE | 411562 | 65299356105 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,400,175 |
| North | FELLSMERE | 411562 | 65299357705 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 209,475 |
| North | FELLSMERE | 411562 | 65299358400 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 209,475 |
| North | FELLSMERE | 411562 | 65299446104 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 639,450 |
| North | FELLSMERE | 411562 | 65299506107 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 121,275 |
| North | FELLSMERE | 411562 | 65299546508 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 2,006,550 |
| North | FELLSMERE | 411562 | 65299554900 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 595,350 |
| North | FELLSMERE | 411562 | 65299709903 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 88,200 |
| North | FELLSMERE | 411562 | 65299709911 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 286,650 |
| North | FELLSMERE | 411562 | 65299724007 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 319,725 |
| North | FELLSMERE | 411562 | 65299724015 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 705,600 |
| North | FELLSMERE | 411562 | 65299739713 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 297,675 |
| North | FELLSMERE | 411562 | 65299748909 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 264,600 |
| North | FELLSMERE | 411562 | 65299748917 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 154,350 |
| North | FELLSMERE | 411562 | 65299788501 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 264,600 |
| North | FELLSMERE | 411562 | 65299788510 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 165,375 |
| North | FELLSMERE | 411562 | 65299848105 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 264,600 |
| North | FELLSMERE | 411562 | 65299848113 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,080,450 |
| North | FELLSMERE | 411562 | 65299924006 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 55,125 |

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| Region | Substation | Feeder | Lateral | Projected Start Year ⁽¹⁾ | Projected Completion Year ⁽²⁾ | Projected 2022 Costs ⁽³⁾ |
|--------|------------|--------|--------------|-------------------------------------|--|-------------------------------------|
| North | FELLSMERE | 411562 | 65299924014 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 374,850 |
| North | FELLSMERE | 411562 | 65398029303 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 463,050 |
| North | FELLSMERE | 411562 | 65398079505 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 242,550 |
| North | FELLSMERE | 411562 | 65399084901 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 187,425 |
| North | FELLSMERE | 411562 | 65399084910 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 110,250 |
| North | FELLSMERE | 411562 | 65399175702 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 573,300 |
| North | FELLSMERE | 411562 | 65399175711 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 904,050 |
| North | FELLSMERE | 411562 | 65399210800 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 231,525 |
| North | FELLSMERE | 411562 | 65399240105 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 826,875 |
| North | FELLSMERE | 411562 | 65399240113 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,367,100 |
| North | FELLSMERE | 411562 | 65399271001 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 738,675 |
| North | FELLSMERE | 411562 | 69200670308 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 77,175 |
| North | FELLSMERE | 411562 | 65299356504E | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 551,250 |
| North | FELLSMERE | 411562 | 65299356504W | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,278,900 |
| North | FELLSMERE | 411562 | 65299359007E | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 441,000 |
| North | FELLSMERE | 411562 | 65299359007W | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 176,400 |
| North | FELLSMERE | 411562 | 65299561604E | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 815,850 |
| North | FELLSMERE | 411562 | 65299561604W | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,389,150 |
| North | FELLSMERE | 411562 | 65398139800N | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 198,450 |
| North | FELLSMERE | 411562 | 65398139800S | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 540,225 |
| West | HYDE PARK | 500434 | 51566533007 | 2019 | 2022 | \$ 1,201,950 |
| West | HYDE PARK | 500434 | 51566682002E | 2019 | 2022 | \$ 1,137,600 |
| West | COLONIAL | 502631 | 55715337206 | 2019 | 2022 | \$ 112,500 |
| West | COLONIAL | 502631 | 55715408391 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 112,500 |
| West | COLONIAL | 502631 | 55715517727 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 112,500 |
| West | COLONIAL | 502631 | 55715408294E | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 112,500 |
| West | COLONIAL | 502631 | 55715408294W | 2019 | 2022 | \$ 2,099,700 |
| West | PAYNE | 502835 | 51267620707E | 2018 | 2022 | \$ 256,950 |
| West | HARBOR | 503766 | 54442738303 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 734,400 |
| West | HARBOR | 503766 | 54442738907 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 388,800 |
| West | HARBOR | 503766 | 54443430001 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 388,800 |
| West | HARBOR | 503766 | 54443541708 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 291,600 |
| West | HARBOR | 503766 | 54443733208 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 421,200 |
| West | HARBOR | 503766 | 54443734603 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 32,400 |
| West | HARBOR | 503766 | 54443735201 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 410,400 |
| West | HARBOR | 503766 | 54542069205 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 745,200 |
| West | HARBOR | 503766 | 54542139203 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,144,800 |
| West | HARBOR | 503766 | 54542189201 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 918,000 |
| West | HARBOR | 503766 | 54542239305 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 151,200 |
| West | HARBOR | 503766 | 54442829201N | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 21,600 |
| West | HARBOR | 503766 | 54442829201S | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,058,400 |
| West | BENEVA | 504135 | 51664573204 | 2019 | 2022 | \$ 673,200 |
| West | BENEVA | 504135 | 51664577901W | 2019 | 2022 | \$ 2,152,125 |
| West | WALKER | 506035 | 51179642508 | 2019 | 2022 | \$ 1,115,550 |
| West | FRANKLIN | 506465 | 53646863101 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 2,008,800 |

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| Region | Substation | Feeder | Lateral | Projected Start Year ⁽¹⁾ | Projected Completion Year ⁽²⁾ | Projected 2022 Costs ⁽³⁾ |
|--------|------------|--------|-------------|-------------------------------------|--|-------------------------------------|
| West | FRANKLIN | 506465 | 53646863110 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 10,800 |
| West | FRANKLIN | 506465 | 53646874111 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 86,400 |
| West | FRANKLIN | 506465 | 53646894813 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 162,000 |
| West | FRANKLIN | 506465 | 53646915403 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 140,400 |
| West | FRANKLIN | 506465 | 53646946007 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 10,800 |
| West | FRANKLIN | 506465 | 53646946015 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 237,600 |
| West | FRANKLIN | 506465 | 53648808302 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 496,800 |
| West | FRANKLIN | 506465 | 53648878301 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 75,600 |
| West | FRANKLIN | 506465 | 53746016911 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 54,000 |
| West | FRANKLIN | 506465 | 53746058002 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 291,600 |
| West | FRANKLIN | 506465 | 53746058011 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,522,800 |
| West | FRANKLIN | 506465 | 53746068202 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 86,400 |
| West | FRANKLIN | 506465 | 53746169904 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 3,369,600 |
| West | FRANKLIN | 506465 | 53747068109 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 399,600 |
| West | FRANKLIN | 506465 | 53747079704 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 626,400 |
| West | FRANKLIN | 506465 | 53747079798 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 2,959,200 |
| West | FRANKLIN | 506465 | 53747231310 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,155,600 |
| West | FRANKLIN | 506465 | 53747252414 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 118,800 |
| West | FRANKLIN | 506465 | 53747302705 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 399,600 |
| West | FRANKLIN | 506465 | 53747443708 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 248,400 |
| West | FRANKLIN | 506465 | 53747443716 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,846,800 |
| West | FRANKLIN | 506465 | 53747604817 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 129,600 |
| West | FRANKLIN | 506465 | 53747645106 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 2,419,200 |
| West | FRANKLIN | 506465 | 53747807319 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 118,800 |
| West | FRANKLIN | 506465 | 53747807394 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 550,800 |
| West | FRANKLIN | 506465 | 53747827603 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 280,800 |
| West | FRANKLIN | 506465 | 53747848210 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,512,000 |
| West | FRANKLIN | 506465 | 53747889803 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 172,800 |
| West | FRANKLIN | 506465 | 53748091902 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 453,600 |
| West | FRANKLIN | 506465 | 53748091996 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 2,602,800 |
| West | FRANKLIN | 506465 | 53748102505 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 410,400 |
| West | FRANKLIN | 506465 | 53748102599 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 918,000 |
| West | FRANKLIN | 506465 | 53748102904 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 226,800 |
| West | FRANKLIN | 506465 | 53748124908 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 896,400 |
| West | FRANKLIN | 506465 | 53748125505 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,900,800 |
| West | FRANKLIN | 506465 | 53748125599 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,209,600 |
| West | FRANKLIN | 506465 | 53748128105 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,663,200 |
| West | FRANKLIN | 506465 | 53748137309 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,198,800 |
| West | FRANKLIN | 506465 | 53748158306 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 237,600 |
| West | FRANKLIN | 506465 | 53748158713 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 259,200 |
| West | FRANKLIN | 506465 | 53748179605 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,738,800 |
| West | FRANKLIN | 506465 | 53748248003 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 820,800 |
| West | FRANKLIN | 506465 | 53748577902 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,090,800 |
| West | FRANKLIN | 506465 | 53748907805 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 896,400 |
| West | FRANKLIN | 506465 | 53748951502 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 583,200 |

Consolidated FPL Storm Protection Plan Work Projected to be Performed in 2022

| Region | Substation | Feeder | Lateral | Projected Start Year ⁽¹⁾ | Projected Completion Year ⁽²⁾ | Projected 2022 Costs ⁽³⁾ |
|---------|-------------|--------|--------------|-------------------------------------|--|-------------------------------------|
| West | FRANKLIN | 506465 | 53748961907 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 5,670,000 |
| West | FRANKLIN | 506465 | 53748962709 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 2,127,600 |
| West | FRANKLIN | 506465 | 53748983412 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,501,200 |
| West | FRANKLIN | 506465 | 53748994503 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 2,656,800 |
| West | FRANKLIN | 506465 | 53749220803 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 43,200 |
| West | FRANKLIN | 506465 | 53749231104 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,015,200 |
| West | FRANKLIN | 506465 | 53749261704 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 226,800 |
| West | FRANKLIN | 506465 | 53749272102E | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,047,600 |
| West | FRANKLIN | 506465 | 53749272102W | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 421,200 |
| West | FRANKLIN | 506465 | 53848026700E | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 399,600 |
| West | FRANKLIN | 506465 | 53848026700w | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 658,800 |
| Broward | SISTRUNK | 700139 | 87481822507 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 145,530 |
| Broward | SISTRUNK | 700139 | 87481823406 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 36,652 |
| Broward | SISTRUNK | 700139 | 87481832006 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 17,248 |
| Broward | SISTRUNK | 700139 | 87481832308 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 37,730 |
| Broward | SISTRUNK | 700139 | 87481833801 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 36,652 |
| Broward | SISTRUNK | 700139 | 87481967009 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 90,552 |
| Broward | SISTRUNK | 700139 | 87481997200 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 113,190 |
| Broward | SISTRUNK | 700139 | 87580428901 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 23,716 |
| Broward | SISTRUNK | 700139 | 87580489004 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 23,716 |
| Broward | SISTRUNK | 700139 | 87580549007 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 23,716 |
| Broward | SISTRUNK | 700139 | 87581028604 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 12,936 |
| Broward | SISTRUNK | 700139 | 87581052106 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 29,106 |
| Broward | SISTRUNK | 700139 | 87581301009 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 20,482 |
| Broward | SISTRUNK | 700139 | 87581422604 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 40,964 |
| Broward | SISTRUNK | 700139 | 87581432103 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 10,780 |
| Broward | SISTRUNK | 700139 | 87581730309 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 7,546 |
| Broward | SISTRUNK | 700139 | 87581800404 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 3,234 |
| Broward | SISTRUNK | 700139 | 87581853010 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 52,822 |
| Broward | SISTRUNK | 700139 | 87581853028 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 67,914 |
| Broward | SISTRUNK | 700139 | 87580489004N | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 9,702 |
| Broward | IMAGINATION | 704264 | 85973618617 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 46,354 |
| Broward | IMAGINATION | 704264 | 85974593901 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 146,608 |
| Broward | IMAGINATION | 704264 | 85974603702 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 9,702 |
| Broward | IMAGINATION | 704264 | 86073289200 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 140,140 |
| Broward | IMAGINATION | 704264 | 86073289901 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 64,680 |
| Broward | IMAGINATION | 704264 | 86074278805 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 49,588 |
| Broward | IMAGINATION | 704264 | 86074279607 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 70,070 |
| Broward | IMAGINATION | 704264 | 86074281202 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 50,666 |
| Broward | IMAGINATION | 704264 | 86074283108 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 87,318 |
| Broward | IMAGINATION | 704264 | 86074284406 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 112,112 |
| Broward | IMAGINATION | 704264 | 86074284414 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 2,156 |
| Broward | IMAGINATION | 704264 | 86074284902 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 53,900 |
| Broward | IMAGINATION | 704264 | 86074285402 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 3,234 |
| Broward | IMAGINATION | 704264 | 86074285801 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 54,978 |

Consolidated FPL Storm Protection Plan Work Projected to be Performed in 2022

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| Region | Substation | Feeder | Lateral | Projected Start Year ⁽¹⁾ | Projected Completion Year ⁽²⁾ | Projected 2022 Costs ⁽³⁾ |
|---------|---------------|--------|--------------|-------------------------------------|--|-------------------------------------|
| Broward | IMAGINATION | 704264 | 86074286603 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 14,014 |
| Broward | IMAGINATION | 704264 | 86074287201 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 60,368 |
| Broward | IMAGINATION | 704264 | 86074835101 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 75,460 |
| Broward | IMAGINATION | 704264 | 86074835704 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 21,560 |
| Broward | IMAGINATION | 704264 | 86074839912 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 18,326 |
| Broward | IMAGINATION | 704264 | 86075263305 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 59,290 |
| Broward | IMAGINATION | 704264 | 86075264204 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 4,312 |
| Broward | IMAGINATION | 704264 | 86075271707 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 49,588 |
| Broward | IMAGINATION | 704264 | 86075271715 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 79,772 |
| Broward | IMAGINATION | 704264 | 86075272100 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 15,092 |
| Broward | IMAGINATION | 704264 | 86075272509 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 71,148 |
| Broward | IMAGINATION | 704264 | 86075275702 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 54,978 |
| Broward | IMAGINATION | 704264 | 86075276407 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 2,156 |
| Broward | IMAGINATION | 704264 | 86075280501 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 64,680 |
| Broward | IMAGINATION | 704264 | 86075280609 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 25,872 |
| Broward | IMAGINATION | 704264 | 86075840507 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 6,468 |
| Broward | IMAGINATION | 704264 | 86075867511 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 23,716 |
| Broward | IMAGINATION | 704264 | 86075957510 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 1,078 |
| Broward | IMAGINATION | 704264 | 86175137502 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 112,112 |
| Broward | IMAGINATION | 704264 | 86175337706 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 160,622 |
| Broward | IMAGINATION | 704264 | 86175477800 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 61,446 |
| Broward | IMAGINATION | 704264 | 86175587800 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 7,546 |
| Broward | IMAGINATION | 704264 | 86175837814 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 191,884 |
| Broward | IMAGINATION | 704264 | 86175997501 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 75,460 |
| Broward | IMAGINATION | 704264 | 86274214200 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 7,546 |
| Broward | IMAGINATION | 704264 | 86274224906 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 7,546 |
| Broward | IMAGINATION | 704264 | 86275226813 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 38,808 |
| Broward | IMAGINATION | 704264 | 85974594801N | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 64,680 |
| Broward | IMAGINATION | 704264 | 86075265014W | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 100,254 |
| Dade | COCONUT GROVE | 800442 | 86850408402 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 25,200 |
| Dade | COCONUT GROVE | 800442 | 86850409506 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 105,600 |
| Dade | COCONUT GROVE | 800442 | 86850409701 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 10,800 |
| Dade | COCONUT GROVE | 800442 | 86850414691 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 94,800 |
| Dade | COCONUT GROVE | 800442 | 86850414909 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 62,400 |
| Dade | COCONUT GROVE | 800442 | 86850416103 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 10,800 |
| Dade | COCONUT GROVE | 800442 | 86850416707 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 26,400 |
| Dade | COCONUT GROVE | 800442 | 86850417304 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 26,400 |
| Dade | COCONUT GROVE | 800442 | 86850417801 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 26,400 |
| Dade | COCONUT GROVE | 800442 | 86850421506 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 3,600 |
| Dade | COCONUT GROVE | 800442 | 86850422006 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 8,400 |
| Dade | COCONUT GROVE | 800442 | 86850422600 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 10,800 |
| Dade | COCONUT GROVE | 800442 | 86850424408 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 9,600 |
| Dade | COCONUT GROVE | 800442 | 86850558901 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 26,400 |
| Dade | COCONUT GROVE | 800442 | 86850698800 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 12,000 |
| Dade | COCONUT GROVE | 800442 | 86850708201 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 12,000 |

Consolidated FPL Storm Protection Plan Work Projected to be Performed in 2022

| Region | Substation | Feeder | Lateral | Projected Start Year ⁽¹⁾ | Projected Completion Year ⁽²⁾ | Projected 2022 Costs ⁽³⁾ |
|--------|---------------|--------|--------------|-------------------------------------|--|-------------------------------------|
| Dade | COCONUT GROVE | 800442 | 86850717600 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 48,000 |
| Dade | COCONUT GROVE | 800442 | 86850768701 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 6,000 |
| Dade | COCONUT GROVE | 800442 | 86850908901 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 31,200 |
| Dade | COCONUT GROVE | 800442 | 86851373009 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 4,800 |
| Dade | COCONUT GROVE | 800442 | 86851391503 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 12,000 |
| Dade | COCONUT GROVE | 800442 | 86851392003 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 6,000 |
| Dade | COCONUT GROVE | 800442 | 86851400405 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 10,800 |
| Dade | COCONUT GROVE | 800442 | 86851401002 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 10,800 |
| Dade | COCONUT GROVE | 800442 | 86851433818 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 42,000 |
| Dade | COCONUT GROVE | 800442 | 86851584603 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 34,800 |
| Dade | COCONUT GROVE | 800442 | 86850415506E | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 60,000 |
| Dade | COCONUT GROVE | 800442 | 86850415506W | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 13,200 |
| Dade | COCONUT GROVE | 800442 | 86850423207E | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 67,200 |
| Dade | COCONUT GROVE | 800442 | 86850423207W | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 74,400 |
| Dade | COCONUT GROVE | 800442 | 86850423801E | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 9,600 |
| Dade | COCONUT GROVE | 800442 | 86850423801W | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 7,200 |
| Dade | COCONUT GROVE | 800442 | 86850716808E | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 24,000 |
| Dade | COCONUT GROVE | 800442 | 86850716808S | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 42,000 |
| Dade | BISCAYNE | 801833 | 87164755002 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 19,200 |
| Dade | BISCAYNE | 801833 | 87164766101 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 19,200 |
| Dade | BISCAYNE | 801833 | 87164866106 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 102,000 |
| Dade | BISCAYNE | 801833 | 87164968502 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 156,000 |
| Dade | BISCAYNE | 801833 | 87164977005 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 27,600 |
| Dade | BISCAYNE | 801833 | 87164977706 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 61,200 |
| Dade | BISCAYNE | 801833 | 87164983005 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 112,800 |
| Dade | BISCAYNE | 801833 | 87164983609 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 81,600 |
| Dade | BISCAYNE | 801833 | 87164985008 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 40,800 |
| Dade | BISCAYNE | 801833 | 87164990605 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 134,400 |
| Dade | BISCAYNE | 801833 | 87164991202 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 116,400 |
| Dade | BISCAYNE | 801833 | 87164995704 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 75,600 |
| Dade | BISCAYNE | 801833 | 87263003307 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 22,800 |
| Dade | BISCAYNE | 801833 | 87263007205 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 27,600 |
| Dade | BISCAYNE | 801833 | 87263007906 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 32,400 |
| Dade | BISCAYNE | 801833 | 87263014601 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 40,800 |
| Dade | BISCAYNE | 801833 | 87263015305 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 42,000 |
| Dade | BISCAYNE | 801833 | 87263015909 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 36,000 |
| Dade | BISCAYNE | 801833 | 87263016603 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 48,000 |
| Dade | BISCAYNE | 801833 | 87263033907 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 24,000 |
| Dade | BISCAYNE | 801833 | 87164984303E | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 91,200 |
| Dade | BISCAYNE | 801833 | 87164984303W | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 13,200 |
| Dade | BISCAYNE | 801833 | 87263007205W | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 30,000 |
| Dade | BISCAYNE | 801833 | 87263008503E | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 25,200 |
| Dade | BISCAYNE | 801833 | 87263008503W | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 33,600 |
| Dade | AVOCADO | 810064 | 85137726400 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 50,400 |
| Dade | AVOCADO | 810064 | 85137728305 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 15,600 |

Consolidated FPL Storm Protection Plan Work Projected to be Performed in 2022

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| Region | Substation | Feeder | Lateral | Projected Start Year ⁽¹⁾ | Projected Completion Year ⁽²⁾ | Projected 2022 Costs ⁽³⁾ |
|--------|------------|--------|-------------|-------------------------------------|--|-------------------------------------|
| Dade | AVOCADO | 810064 | 85137743703 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 30,000 |
| Dade | AVOCADO | 810064 | 85137824002 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 8,400 |
| Dade | AVOCADO | 810064 | 85137934002 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 20,400 |
| Dade | AVOCADO | 810064 | 85137954003 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 6,000 |
| Dade | AVOCADO | 810064 | 85138274308 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 13,200 |
| Dade | AVOCADO | 810064 | 85138720103 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 19,200 |
| Dade | AVOCADO | 810064 | 85138733400 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 12,000 |
| Dade | AVOCADO | 810064 | 85138974601 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 49,200 |
| Dade | AVOCADO | 810064 | 85236358600 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 4,800 |
| Dade | AVOCADO | 810064 | 85237074001 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 4,800 |
| Dade | AVOCADO | 810064 | 85237144000 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 13,200 |
| Dade | AVOCADO | 810064 | 85237274001 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 207,600 |
| Dade | AVOCADO | 810064 | 85237344009 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 4,800 |
| Dade | AVOCADO | 810064 | 85237484005 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 24,000 |
| Dade | AVOCADO | 810064 | 85237614006 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 25,200 |
| Dade | AVOCADO | 810064 | 85237644002 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 4,800 |
| Dade | AVOCADO | 810064 | 85237904004 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 14,400 |
| Dade | AVOCADO | 810064 | 85237984008 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 20,400 |
| Dade | AVOCADO | 810064 | 85238114601 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 8,400 |
| Dade | AVOCADO | 810064 | 85238251209 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 13,200 |
| Dade | AVOCADO | 810064 | 85238252108 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 32,400 |
| Dade | AVOCADO | 810064 | 85238252507 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 3,600 |
| Dade | AVOCADO | 810064 | 85238253406 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 18,000 |
| Dade | AVOCADO | 810064 | 85238254704 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 200,400 |
| Dade | AVOCADO | 810064 | 85238444708 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 4,800 |
| Dade | AVOCADO | 810064 | 85238524906 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 18,000 |
| Dade | AVOCADO | 810064 | 85238534707 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 6,000 |
| Dade | AVOCADO | 810064 | 85238794709 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 37,200 |
| Dade | AVOCADO | 810064 | 85238794717 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 27,600 |
| Dade | AVOCADO | 810064 | 85238924807 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 31,200 |
| Dade | AVOCADO | 810064 | 85336298711 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 298,800 |
| Dade | AVOCADO | 810064 | 85336353223 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 1,029,600 |
| Dade | AVOCADO | 810064 | 85336356401 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 16,800 |
| Dade | AVOCADO | 810064 | 85336364705 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 6,000 |
| Dade | AVOCADO | 810064 | 85336366309 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 40,800 |
| Dade | AVOCADO | 810064 | 85336367101 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 4,800 |
| Dade | AVOCADO | 810064 | 85336523102 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 19,200 |
| Dade | AVOCADO | 810064 | 85336563104 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 2,400 |
| Dade | AVOCADO | 810064 | 85336598102 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 3,600 |
| Dade | AVOCADO | 810064 | 85336633102 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 98,400 |
| Dade | AVOCADO | 810064 | 85336683100 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 21,600 |
| Dade | AVOCADO | 810064 | 85336743102 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 2,400 |
| Dade | AVOCADO | 810064 | 85337024100 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 6,000 |
| Dade | AVOCADO | 810064 | 85337204108 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 16,800 |
| Dade | AVOCADO | 810064 | 85337343507 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 6,000 |

Consolidated FPL Storm Protection Plan Work Projected to be Performed in 2022

| Region | Substation | Feeder | Lateral | Projected Start Year ⁽¹⁾ | Projected Completion Year ⁽²⁾ | Projected 2022 Costs ⁽³⁾ |
|--------|------------|--------|--------------|-------------------------------------|--|-------------------------------------|
| Dade | AVOCADO | 810064 | 85337350007 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 13,200 |
| Dade | AVOCADO | 810064 | 85337351101 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 10,800 |
| Dade | AVOCADO | 810064 | 85337352409 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 4,800 |
| Dade | AVOCADO | 810064 | 85337354410 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 290,400 |
| Dade | AVOCADO | 810064 | 85337360606 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 10,800 |
| Dade | AVOCADO | 810064 | 85338004803 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 4,800 |
| Dade | AVOCADO | 810064 | 85338085005 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 27,600 |
| Dade | AVOCADO | 810064 | 85338114803 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 4,800 |
| Dade | AVOCADO | 810064 | 85338184801 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 3,600 |
| Dade | AVOCADO | 810064 | 85338344612 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 151,200 |
| Dade | AVOCADO | 810064 | 85338345007 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 222,000 |
| Dade | AVOCADO | 810064 | 85338574901 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 14,400 |
| Dade | AVOCADO | 810064 | 85338654905 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 16,800 |
| Dade | AVOCADO | 810064 | 85338674906 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 1,200 |
| Dade | AVOCADO | 810064 | 85338784906 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 4,800 |
| Dade | AVOCADO | 810064 | 85338914907 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 3,600 |
| Dade | AVOCADO | 810064 | 85438085101 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 380,400 |
| Dade | AVOCADO | 810064 | 85438185300 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 63,600 |
| Dade | AVOCADO | 810064 | 85236288601N | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 60,000 |
| Dade | AVOCADO | 810064 | 85236288601S | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 111,600 |
| Dade | AVOCADO | 810064 | 85236538608S | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 33,600 |
| Dade | AVOCADO | 810064 | 85237813904N | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 189,600 |
| Dade | AVOCADO | 810064 | 85237813904S | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 3,600 |
| Dade | AVOCADO | 810064 | 85336688705E | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 103,200 |
| Dade | AVOCADO | 810064 | 85337114109N | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 51,600 |
| Dade | AVOCADO | 810064 | 85337114109S | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 67,200 |
| Dade | AVOCADO | 810064 | 85438234904N | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 4,800 |
| Dade | AVOCADO | 810064 | 85438234904S | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 8,400 |
| East | ACREAGE | 406764 | 66225336418 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 232,000 |
| East | ACREAGE | 406764 | 66225647405 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 4,800 |
| East | ACREAGE | 406764 | 66225704701 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 69,600 |
| East | ACREAGE | 406764 | 66328859304 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 16,000 |
| East | ACREAGE | 406764 | 66328869300 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 12,000 |
| East | ACREAGE | 406764 | 66526189901 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 60,000 |
| East | ACREAGE | 406764 | 66526479802 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 104,800 |
| East | ACREAGE | 406764 | 66527476408 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 191,200 |
| East | ACREAGE | 406764 | 66527994409 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 97,600 |
| East | ACREAGE | 406764 | 66528474417 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 240,800 |
| East | ACREAGE | 406764 | 66627006507 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 76,000 |
| East | ACREAGE | 406764 | 66627017509 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 79,200 |
| East | ACREAGE | 406764 | 66727609501 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 532,000 |
| East | ACREAGE | 406764 | 66225692001W | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 90,400 |
| East | ACREAGE | 406764 | 66326268201N | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 336,800 |
| East | ACREAGE | 406764 | 66426419402E | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 32,000 |
| East | ACREAGE | 406764 | 66426419402W | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 44,800 |

Consolidated FPL Storm Protection Plan Work Projected to be Performed in 2022

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| Region | Substation | Feeder | Lateral | Projected Start Year ⁽¹⁾ | Projected Completion Year ⁽²⁾ | Projected 2022 Costs ⁽³⁾ |
|--------|------------|--------|--------------|-------------------------------------|--|-------------------------------------|
| East | ACREAGE | 406764 | 66427397305E | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 32,000 |
| East | ACREAGE | 406764 | 66427397305W | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 36,000 |
| East | ACREAGE | 406764 | 66427398301E | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 32,000 |
| East | ACREAGE | 406764 | 66427398301W | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 36,000 |
| East | ACREAGE | 406764 | 66427401205E | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 32,000 |
| East | ACREAGE | 406764 | 66427401205W | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 36,000 |
| East | ACREAGE | 406764 | 66427402309E | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 34,400 |
| East | ACREAGE | 406764 | 66427402309W | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 36,000 |
| East | ACREAGE | 406764 | 66427403305E | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 32,000 |
| East | ACREAGE | 406764 | 66427403305W | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 36,000 |
| East | ACREAGE | 406764 | 66427404212E | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 38,400 |
| East | ACREAGE | 406764 | 66427405201E | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 36,800 |
| East | ACREAGE | 406764 | 66427405201W | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 36,000 |
| East | ACREAGE | 406764 | 66427406207E | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 32,000 |
| East | ACREAGE | 406764 | 66427406207W | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 36,000 |
| East | ACREAGE | 406764 | 66427410301E | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 32,000 |
| East | ACREAGE | 406764 | 66427410301W | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 36,000 |
| East | ACREAGE | 406764 | 66428390207E | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 35,200 |
| East | ACREAGE | 406764 | 66428390207W | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 36,000 |
| East | ACREAGE | 406764 | 66428391301E | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 32,000 |
| East | ACREAGE | 406764 | 66428391301W | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 39,200 |
| East | ACREAGE | 406764 | 66428392404E | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 32,000 |
| East | ACREAGE | 406764 | 66428392404W | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 36,000 |
| East | ACREAGE | 406764 | 66428393401E | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 32,000 |
| East | ACREAGE | 406764 | 66428393401W | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 39,200 |
| East | ACREAGE | 406764 | 66428394202E | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 37,600 |
| East | ACREAGE | 406764 | 66428394202W | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 36,000 |
| East | ACREAGE | 406764 | 66527469606E | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 36,000 |
| East | ACREAGE | 406764 | 66527469606W | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 37,600 |
| East | ACREAGE | 406764 | 66527476700E | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 32,800 |
| East | ACREAGE | 406764 | 66527476700W | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 37,600 |
| East | ACREAGE | 406764 | 66527477706E | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 33,600 |
| East | ACREAGE | 406764 | 66527477706W | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 38,400 |
| East | ACREAGE | 406764 | 66527980505E | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 147,200 |
| East | ACREAGE | 406764 | 66527981501E | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 76,800 |
| East | ACREAGE | 406764 | 66527981501W | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 114,400 |
| East | ACREAGE | 406764 | 66527982508E | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 76,800 |
| East | ACREAGE | 406764 | 66527982508W | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 38,400 |
| East | ACREAGE | 406764 | 66527983407E | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 76,000 |
| East | ACREAGE | 406764 | 66527983407W | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 29,600 |
| East | ACREAGE | 406764 | 66527995201E | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 76,800 |
| East | ACREAGE | 406764 | 66527995201W | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 5,600 |
| East | ACREAGE | 406764 | 66528470608E | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 36,000 |
| East | ACREAGE | 406764 | 66528470608W | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 37,600 |
| East | ACREAGE | 406764 | 66528471809E | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 36,000 |

Consolidated FPL Storm Protection Plan Work Projected to be Performed in 2022

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| Region | Substation | Feeder | Lateral | Projected Start Year ⁽¹⁾ | Projected Completion Year ⁽²⁾ | Projected 2022 Costs ⁽³⁾ |
|--------|------------|--------|--------------|-------------------------------------|--|-------------------------------------|
| East | ACREAGE | 406764 | 66528471809W | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 36,800 |
| East | ACREAGE | 406764 | 66528472902E | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 37,600 |
| East | ACREAGE | 406764 | 66528472902W | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 37,600 |
| East | ACREAGE | 406764 | 66528473801E | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 36,000 |
| East | ACREAGE | 406764 | 66528473801W | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 40,800 |
| East | ACREAGE | 406764 | 66627549501N | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 110,400 |
| East | ACREAGE | 406764 | 66627549501S | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 78,400 |
| East | ACREAGE | 406764 | 66728591606N | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 111,200 |
| East | ACREAGE | 406764 | 66728591606W | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 16,800 |
| North | BABCOCK | 204264 | 48117489409 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 32,130 |
| North | BABCOCK | 204264 | 48117507709 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 29,295 |
| North | BABCOCK | 204264 | 48117749303 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 29,295 |
| North | BABCOCK | 204264 | 48117928909 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 3,780 |
| North | BABCOCK | 204264 | 48117997803 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 25,515 |
| North | BABCOCK | 204264 | 48118892207 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 16,065 |
| North | BABCOCK | 204264 | 48216670001 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 34,965 |
| North | BABCOCK | 204264 | 48216670809 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 131,355 |
| North | BABCOCK | 204264 | 48216672305 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 15,120 |
| North | BABCOCK | 204264 | 48216672313 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 8,505 |
| North | BABCOCK | 204264 | 48216673603 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 6,615 |
| North | BABCOCK | 204264 | 48216681207 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 13,230 |
| North | BABCOCK | 204264 | 48216766601 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 45,360 |
| North | BABCOCK | 204264 | 48216888405 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 85,050 |
| North | BABCOCK | 204264 | 48216889207 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 13,230 |
| North | BABCOCK | 204264 | 48217367204 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 43,470 |
| North | BABCOCK | 204264 | 48217836506 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 20,790 |
| North | BABCOCK | 204264 | 48217853508 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 122,850 |
| North | BABCOCK | 204264 | 48217862906 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 11,340 |
| North | BABCOCK | 204264 | 48217875901 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 42,525 |
| North | BABCOCK | 204264 | 48218222200 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 15,120 |
| North | BABCOCK | 204264 | 48218222218 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 21,735 |
| North | BABCOCK | 204264 | 48218282211 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 16,065 |
| North | BABCOCK | 204264 | 48218282229 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 20,790 |
| North | BABCOCK | 204264 | 48218342205 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 16,065 |
| North | BABCOCK | 204264 | 48218342213 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 17,955 |
| North | BABCOCK | 204264 | 48218412203 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 22,680 |
| North | BABCOCK | 204264 | 48218412211 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 34,020 |
| North | BABCOCK | 204264 | 48315082201 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 79,380 |
| North | BABCOCK | 204264 | 48315350507 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 56,700 |
| North | BABCOCK | 204264 | 48315420505 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 22,680 |
| North | BABCOCK | 204264 | 48315490601 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 24,570 |
| North | BABCOCK | 204264 | 48315560005 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 43,470 |
| North | BABCOCK | 204264 | 48117508802W | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 26,460 |
| North | BABCOCK | 204264 | 48117508811E | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 28,350 |
| North | BABCOCK | 204264 | 48117676403N | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 149,310 |

Consolidated FPL Storm Protection Plan Work Projected to be Performed in 2022

| Region | Substation | Feeder | Lateral | Projected Start Year ⁽¹⁾ | Projected Completion Year ⁽²⁾ | Projected 2022 Costs ⁽³⁾ |
|--------|------------|--------|--------------|-------------------------------------|--|-------------------------------------|
| North | BABCOCK | 204264 | 48117676403S | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 67,095 |
| North | BABCOCK | 204264 | 48117887706N | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 22,680 |
| North | BABCOCK | 204264 | 48117887706S | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 85,995 |
| North | BABCOCK | 204264 | 48117919501E | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 154,035 |
| North | BABCOCK | 204264 | 48117919501W | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 154,980 |
| North | BABCOCK | 204264 | 48118822209N | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 27,405 |
| North | BABCOCK | 204264 | 48118822209S | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 33,075 |
| North | BABCOCK | 204264 | 48118822209W | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 223,965 |
| North | BABCOCK | 204264 | 48118910108E | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 43,470 |
| North | BABCOCK | 204264 | 48118910108W | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 40,635 |
| North | BABCOCK | 204264 | 48215661903E | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 48,195 |
| North | BABCOCK | 204264 | 48215661946W | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 30,240 |
| North | BABCOCK | 204264 | 48215662403E | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 36,855 |
| North | BABCOCK | 204264 | 48215662403W | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 30,240 |
| North | BABCOCK | 204264 | 48215663302E | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 76,545 |
| North | BABCOCK | 204264 | 48215663302W | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 64,260 |
| North | BABCOCK | 204264 | 48215675408E | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 132,300 |
| North | BABCOCK | 204264 | 48215675408W | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 12,285 |
| North | BABCOCK | 204264 | 48215676404E | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 12,285 |
| North | BABCOCK | 204264 | 48215676404W | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 45,360 |
| North | BABCOCK | 204264 | 48215678008E | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 96,390 |
| North | BABCOCK | 204264 | 48215678008W | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 54,810 |
| North | BABCOCK | 204264 | 48216684109E | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 76,545 |
| North | BABCOCK | 204264 | 48216684109W | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 95,445 |
| North | BABCOCK | 204264 | 48216786807E | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 57,645 |
| North | BABCOCK | 204264 | 48216786807W | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 75,600 |
| North | BABCOCK | 204264 | 48216888707E | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 17,955 |
| North | BABCOCK | 204264 | 48216888707W | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 42,525 |
| North | BABCOCK | 204264 | 48217257204N | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 38,745 |
| North | BABCOCK | 204264 | 48217257204S | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 27,405 |
| North | BABCOCK | 204264 | 48217297206N | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 68,040 |
| North | BABCOCK | 204264 | 48217297206S | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 11,340 |
| North | BABCOCK | 204264 | 48217627206N | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 57,645 |
| North | BABCOCK | 204264 | 48217627214S | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 81,270 |
| North | BABCOCK | 204264 | 48217874301E | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 12,285 |
| North | BABCOCK | 204264 | 48217874301W | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 185,220 |
| North | BABCOCK | 204264 | 48217880505E | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 24,570 |
| North | BABCOCK | 204264 | 48217880505W | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 58,590 |
| North | BABCOCK | 204264 | 48217892406E | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 9,450 |
| North | BABCOCK | 204264 | 48217892406W | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 15,120 |
| North | BABCOCK | 204264 | 48315202206N | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 18,900 |
| North | BABCOCK | 204264 | 48315202206S | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 11,340 |
| North | HIELD | 208165 | 44918447501 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 1,890 |
| North | HIELD | 208165 | 47818992309 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 101,115 |
| North | HIELD | 208165 | 47918052304 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 46,305 |

Consolidated FPL Storm Protection Plan Work Projected to be Performed in 2022

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| Region | Substation | Feeder | Lateral | Projected Start Year ⁽¹⁾ | Projected Completion Year ⁽²⁾ | Projected 2022 Costs ⁽³⁾ |
|--------|------------|--------|--------------|-------------------------------------|--|-------------------------------------|
| North | HIELD | 208165 | 47918077706 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 40,635 |
| North | HIELD | 208165 | 47918522301 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 17,955 |
| North | HIELD | 208165 | 47918616208 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 34,020 |
| North | HIELD | 208165 | 47918625002 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 52,920 |
| North | HIELD | 208165 | 47918627901 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 8,505 |
| North | HIELD | 208165 | 47918628401 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 24,570 |
| North | HIELD | 208165 | 47918722008 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 40,635 |
| North | HIELD | 208165 | 47918877401 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 199,395 |
| North | HIELD | 208165 | 47918878008 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 72,765 |
| North | HIELD | 208165 | 48018477627 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 259,875 |
| North | HIELD | 208165 | 48018557604 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 9,450 |
| North | HIELD | 208165 | 48018607521 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 3,780 |
| North | HIELD | 208165 | 48018677707 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 30,240 |
| North | HIELD | 208165 | 48018727704 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 15,120 |
| North | HIELD | 208165 | 48018954301 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 85,995 |
| North | HIELD | 208165 | 48117152005 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 43,470 |
| North | HIELD | 208165 | 48117282103 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 21,735 |
| North | HIELD | 208165 | 48117342106 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 23,625 |
| North | HIELD | 208165 | 48117402109 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 26,460 |
| North | HIELD | 208165 | 48117462101 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 17,955 |
| North | HIELD | 208165 | 48117592005 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 45,360 |
| North | HIELD | 208165 | 48118017705 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 41,580 |
| North | HIELD | 208165 | 48118077708 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 35,910 |
| North | HIELD | 208165 | 48118160311 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 8,505 |
| North | HIELD | 208165 | 48118197002 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 2,835 |
| North | HIELD | 208165 | 48118247824 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 48,195 |
| North | HIELD | 208165 | 47918162304N | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 48,195 |
| North | HIELD | 208165 | 47918162304S | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 34,965 |
| North | HIELD | 208165 | 47918207707N | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 40,635 |
| North | HIELD | 208165 | 47918207707S | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 194,670 |
| North | HIELD | 208165 | 47918352405N | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 63,315 |
| North | HIELD | 208165 | 47918352405S | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 118,125 |
| North | HIELD | 208165 | 47918477500N | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 38,745 |
| North | HIELD | 208165 | 47918477500S | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 6,615 |
| North | HIELD | 208165 | 47918613004E | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 17,010 |
| North | HIELD | 208165 | 47918613004W | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 17,010 |
| North | HIELD | 208165 | 47918614205E | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 29,295 |
| North | HIELD | 208165 | 47918614205W | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 16,065 |
| North | HIELD | 208165 | 47918614809E | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 30,240 |
| North | HIELD | 208165 | 47918614809W | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 23,625 |
| North | HIELD | 208165 | 47918782001N | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 5,670 |
| North | HIELD | 208165 | 47918782001S | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 13,230 |
| North | HIELD | 208165 | 47918842003N | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 18,900 |
| North | HIELD | 208165 | 47918842003S | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 16,065 |
| North | HIELD | 208165 | 47918878601E | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 16,065 |

Consolidated FPL Storm Protection Plan Work Projected to be Performed in 2022

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| Region | Substation | Feeder | Lateral | Projected Start Year ⁽¹⁾ | Projected Completion Year ⁽²⁾ | Projected 2022 Costs ⁽³⁾ |
|--------|------------|--------|--------------|-------------------------------------|--|-------------------------------------|
| North | HIELD | 208165 | 47918878601W | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 41,580 |
| North | HIELD | 208165 | 47918902006N | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 65,205 |
| North | HIELD | 208165 | 47918902006S | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 61,425 |
| North | HIELD | 208165 | 48018132000N | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 52,920 |
| North | HIELD | 208165 | 48018132000S | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 17,010 |
| North | HIELD | 208165 | 48018167601N | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 86,940 |
| North | HIELD | 208165 | 48018167601S | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 35,910 |
| North | HIELD | 208165 | 48018727704S | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 4,725 |
| North | HIELD | 208165 | 48018857705N | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 62,370 |
| North | HIELD | 208165 | 48018857705S | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 46,305 |
| North | HIELD | 208165 | 48117221902N | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 91,665 |
| North | HIELD | 208165 | 48117221902S | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 27,405 |
| North | HIELD | 208165 | 48117532100N | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 83,160 |
| North | HIELD | 208165 | 48117532100S | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 28,350 |
| North | HIELD | 208165 | 48118157809N | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 139,860 |
| North | HIELD | 208165 | 48118157809S | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 23,625 |
| North | HIELD | 208165 | 48118247808N | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 15,120 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 47814908010 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 19,845 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 47815665102 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 16,065 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 47815751009 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 53,865 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 47815751017 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 17,010 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 47815752102 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 28,350 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 47815752706 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 21,735 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 47815752714 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 26,460 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 47815752901 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 49,140 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 47815753605 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 13,230 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 47815760407 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 29,295 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 47815798005 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 18,900 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 47815830103 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 86,940 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 47816493500 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 65,205 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 47816573406 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 37,800 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 47915010201 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 33,075 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 47915025004 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 15,120 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 47915025705 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 20,790 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 47915080129 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 13,230 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 47915140008 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 17,010 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 47915180000 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 4,725 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 47915205606 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 20,790 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 47915375501 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 15,120 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 47915590208 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 190,890 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 47915620107 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 19,845 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 47915637107 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 54,810 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 47915708209 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 162,540 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 47915720209 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 15,120 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 47915750001 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 25,515 |

Consolidated FPL Storm Protection Plan Work Projected to be Performed in 2022

| Region | Substation | Feeder | Lateral | Projected Start Year ⁽¹⁾ | Projected Completion Year ⁽²⁾ | Projected 2022 Costs ⁽³⁾ |
|--------|------------|--------|--------------|-------------------------------------|--|-------------------------------------|
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 47915810101 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 16,065 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 47915870103 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 45,360 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 47916103505 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 64,260 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 47916183606 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 17,955 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 47916453603 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 182,385 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 47916531108 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 8,505 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 47916532503 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 13,230 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 47916556704 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 24,570 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 47916613601 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 2,835 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 47916653602 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 124,740 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 47916743601 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 26,460 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 47916823605 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 19,845 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 47916853601 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 20,790 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 47916857801 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 11,340 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 47916917804 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 14,175 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 47916923600 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 77,490 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 47916987802 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 12,285 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 47916993608 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 68,040 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 48013809206 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 14,175 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 48014118401 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 4,725 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 48014121909 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 98,280 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 48014123804 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 20,790 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 48014124207 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 26,460 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 48014124509 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 31,185 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 48014125904 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 21,735 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 48014127401 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 35,910 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 48014265404 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 8,505 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 48014299201 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 40,635 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 48014338703 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 34,965 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 48014375501 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 8,505 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 48014378209 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 28,350 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 48014417107 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 63,315 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 48014435903 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 108,675 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 48014830403 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 31,185 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 48015082206 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 4,725 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 48015112008 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 40,635 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 48015120205 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 21,735 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 48015132301 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 158,760 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 48016037808 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 12,285 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 48016197902 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 2,835 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 48016672309 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 5,670 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 48017672302 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 34,965 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 48017702309 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 16,065 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 48017962343 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 81,270 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 47815796908E | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 17,010 |

Consolidated FPL Storm Protection Plan Work Projected to be Performed in 2022

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| Region | Substation | Feeder | Lateral | Projected Start Year ⁽¹⁾ | Projected Completion Year ⁽²⁾ | Projected 2022 Costs ⁽³⁾ |
|--------|------------|--------|--------------|-------------------------------------|--|-------------------------------------|
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 47815796916W | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 194,670 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 47815797505E | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 17,010 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 47815797505W | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 17,010 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 47815798501E | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 43,470 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 47815798501W | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 33,075 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 47815799508E | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 17,010 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 47815799508W | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 42,525 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 47815960201N | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 29,295 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 47815960201S | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 58,590 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 47816800607W | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 17,010 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 47816802006E | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 72,765 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 47816802006W | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 17,010 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 47816802600E | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 41,580 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 47816802600W | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 33,075 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 47816810106E | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 38,745 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 47816810106W | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 17,010 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 47915026205E | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 61,425 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 47915026205W | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 13,230 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 47915125700N | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 16,065 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 47915125700S | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 144,585 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 47915245501N | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 20,790 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 47915260101N | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 96,390 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 47915260101S | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 9,450 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 47915305503N | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 30,240 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 47915305503S | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 57,645 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 47915380106N | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 40,635 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 47915380106S | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 124,740 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 47915435504N | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 15,120 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 47915435504S | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 2,835 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 47915515702E | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 15,120 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 47915515702W | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 61,425 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 47915658902E | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 78,435 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 47915658902W | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 15,120 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 47915718107E | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 23,625 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 47915718107W | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 19,845 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 47915750019N | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 12,285 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 47915960200N | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 9,450 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 47915960218S | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 137,025 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 47916531906E | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 22,680 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 47916531906W | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 36,855 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 47916807804N | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 29,295 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 47916807804S | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 16,065 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 48013879808S | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 44,415 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 48013879808W | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 14,175 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 48014127419W | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 14,175 |

Consolidated FPL Storm Protection Plan Work Projected to be Performed in 2022

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| Region | Substation | Feeder | Lateral | Projected Start Year ⁽¹⁾ | Projected Completion Year ⁽²⁾ | Projected 2022 Costs ⁽³⁾ |
|--------|------------|--------|--------------|-------------------------------------|--|-------------------------------------|
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 48014367908S | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 35,910 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 48014367916N | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 30,240 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 48015080106N | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 4,725 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 48015080106S | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 15,120 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 48015112709E | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 30,240 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 48015112709W | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 33,075 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 48015124006E | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 23,625 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 48015124006W | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 10,395 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 48017962301S | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 2,835 |
| West | MURDOCK | 502062 | 54243167109 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 184,650 |
| West | MURDOCK | 502062 | 54243504806 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 34,442 |
| West | MURDOCK | 502062 | 54243615608 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 70,798 |
| West | MURDOCK | 502062 | 54243712603 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 268,843 |
| West | MURDOCK | 502062 | 54243736405 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 1,913 |
| West | MURDOCK | 502062 | 54243766606 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 30,616 |
| West | MURDOCK | 502062 | 54243786801 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 43,053 |
| West | MURDOCK | 502062 | 54342149318 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 153,078 |
| West | MURDOCK | 502062 | 54343246309 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 32,529 |
| West | MURDOCK | 502062 | 54343246805 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 84,193 |
| West | MURDOCK | 502062 | 54343247305 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 87,063 |
| West | MURDOCK | 502062 | 54343247798 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 76,539 |
| West | MURDOCK | 502062 | 54343597705 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 91,847 |
| West | MURDOCK | 502062 | 54343797704 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 36,356 |
| West | MURDOCK | 502062 | 54343927705 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 54,534 |
| West | MURDOCK | 502062 | 54344245501 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 95,674 |
| West | MURDOCK | 502062 | 54443117906 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 37,313 |
| West | MURDOCK | 502062 | 54443126301 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 50,707 |
| West | MURDOCK | 502062 | 54443129700 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 20,091 |
| West | MURDOCK | 502062 | 54443207603 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 88,020 |
| West | MURDOCK | 502062 | 54443258801 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 36,356 |
| West | MURDOCK | 502062 | 54443259701 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 87,063 |
| West | MURDOCK | 502062 | 54444120307 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 90,890 |
| West | MURDOCK | 502062 | 54444122300 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 108,111 |
| West | MURDOCK | 502062 | 54444145407 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 138,727 |
| West | MURDOCK | 502062 | 54444251100 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 114,808 |
| West | MURDOCK | 502062 | 54243887403N | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 191,347 |
| West | MURDOCK | 502062 | 54243887403S | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 72,712 |
| West | MURDOCK | 502062 | 54344275507N | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 37,313 |
| West | MURDOCK | 502062 | 54344275507S | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 160,732 |
| West | MURDOCK | 502062 | 54344355501N | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 108,111 |
| West | MURDOCK | 502062 | 54344355501S | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 113,852 |
| West | MURDOCK | 502062 | 54344375501S | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 200,915 |
| West | MURDOCK | 502062 | 54344775402N | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 121,505 |
| West | MURDOCK | 502062 | 54344775402S | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 36,356 |
| West | MURDOCK | 502062 | 54344815404N | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 24,875 |

Consolidated FPL Storm Protection Plan Work Projected to be Performed in 2022

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| Region | Substation | Feeder | Lateral | Projected Start Year ⁽¹⁾ | Projected Completion Year ⁽²⁾ | Projected 2022 Costs ⁽³⁾ |
|--------|------------|--------|--------------|-------------------------------------|--|-------------------------------------|
| West | MURDOCK | 502062 | 54344815404S | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 66,972 |
| West | MURDOCK | 502062 | 54344885402N | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 41,140 |
| West | MURDOCK | 502062 | 54344885402S | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 30,616 |
| West | MURDOCK | 502062 | 54444095400N | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 62,188 |
| West | MURDOCK | 502062 | 54444095400S | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 114,808 |
| West | HARBOR | 503765 | 54443657331 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 20,091 |
| West | HARBOR | 503765 | 54443657706 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 199,958 |
| West | HARBOR | 503765 | 54443897600 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 52,620 |
| West | HARBOR | 503765 | 54541524910 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 28,702 |
| West | HARBOR | 503765 | 54541545208 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 8,611 |
| West | HARBOR | 503765 | 54541728612 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 51,664 |
| West | HARBOR | 503765 | 54541769912 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 204,742 |
| West | HARBOR | 503765 | 54542863017 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 88,976 |
| West | HARBOR | 503765 | 54543307908 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 6,697 |
| West | HARBOR | 503765 | 54543308602 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 7,654 |
| West | HARBOR | 503765 | 54543319205 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 8,611 |
| West | HARBOR | 503765 | 54543357701 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 62,188 |
| West | HARBOR | 503765 | 54543447700 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 87,063 |
| West | HARBOR | 503765 | 54543447734 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 44,967 |
| West | HARBOR | 503765 | 54543528106 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 145,424 |
| West | HARBOR | 503765 | 54543547704 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 17,221 |
| West | HARBOR | 503765 | 54543607707 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 15,308 |
| West | HARBOR | 503765 | 54544331501 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 48,794 |
| West | HARBOR | 503765 | 54544342201 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 74,625 |
| West | HARBOR | 503765 | 54544345501 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 175,083 |
| West | HARBOR | 503765 | 54544353911 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 132,030 |
| West | HARBOR | 503765 | 54544365111 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 201,871 |
| West | HARBOR | 503765 | 54544366525 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 17,221 |
| West | HARBOR | 503765 | 54544455501 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 112,895 |
| West | HARBOR | 503765 | 54544585502 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 24,875 |
| West | HARBOR | 503765 | 54544825503 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 8,611 |
| West | HARBOR | 503765 | 54544865505 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 10,524 |
| West | HARBOR | 503765 | 54642069203 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 6,697 |
| West | HARBOR | 503765 | 54642089719 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 248,751 |
| West | HARBOR | 503765 | 54643131603 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 2,870 |
| West | HARBOR | 503765 | 54643227708 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 93,760 |
| West | HARBOR | 503765 | 54644250401 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 8,611 |
| West | HARBOR | 503765 | 54443657315W | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 4,784 |
| West | HARBOR | 503765 | 54443897707N | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 93,760 |
| West | HARBOR | 503765 | 54443967705N | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 120,549 |
| West | HARBOR | 503765 | 54443967705S | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 1,913 |
| West | HARBOR | 503765 | 54542863009W | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 68,885 |
| West | HARBOR | 503765 | 54543417703S | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 110,981 |
| West | HARBOR | 503765 | 54543707701N | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 42,096 |
| West | HARBOR | 503765 | 54543707701S | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 36,356 |

Consolidated FPL Storm Protection Plan Work Projected to be Performed in 2022

Exhibit MJ-5 , Page 44 of 47

| Region | Substation | Feeder | Lateral | Projected Start Year ⁽¹⁾ | Projected Completion Year ⁽²⁾ | Projected 2022 Costs ⁽³⁾ |
|--------|------------|--------|--------------|-------------------------------------|--|-------------------------------------|
| West | HARBOR | 503765 | 54543797701S | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 69,842 |
| West | HARBOR | 503765 | 54543797719N | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 158,818 |
| West | HARBOR | 503765 | 54544655501N | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 18,178 |
| West | HARBOR | 503765 | 54544655501S | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 45,923 |
| West | HARBOR | 503765 | 54544925508N | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 37,313 |
| West | HARBOR | 503765 | 54544925508S | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 109,068 |
| West | HARBOR | 503765 | 54643202608W | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 312,853 |
| West | HARBOR | 503765 | 54644045506N | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 122,462 |
| West | HARBOR | 503765 | 54644045506S | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 267,886 |
| West | SAN CARLOS | 507264 | 56105689001 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 92,803 |
| West | SAN CARLOS | 507264 | 56105696104 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 6,697 |
| West | SAN CARLOS | 507264 | 56105696406 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 262,146 |
| West | SAN CARLOS | 507264 | 56105702104 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 267,886 |
| West | SAN CARLOS | 507264 | 56105738401 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 13,394 |
| West | SAN CARLOS | 507264 | 56105752501 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 21,048 |
| West | SAN CARLOS | 507264 | 56105778402 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 13,394 |
| West | SAN CARLOS | 507264 | 56105848401 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 9,567 |
| West | SAN CARLOS | 507264 | 56105908403 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 13,394 |
| West | SAN CARLOS | 507264 | 56105968406 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 58,361 |
| West | SAN CARLOS | 507264 | 56105984304 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 14,351 |
| West | SAN CARLOS | 507264 | 56106673302 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 7,654 |
| West | SAN CARLOS | 507264 | 56106681402 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 40,183 |
| West | SAN CARLOS | 507264 | 56106683405 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 66,972 |
| West | SAN CARLOS | 507264 | 56106706201 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 5,740 |
| West | SAN CARLOS | 507264 | 56106716303 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 7,654 |
| West | SAN CARLOS | 507264 | 56106812701 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 18,178 |
| West | SAN CARLOS | 507264 | 56106833601 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 22,005 |
| West | SAN CARLOS | 507264 | 56205048402 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 18,178 |
| West | SAN CARLOS | 507264 | 56205088404 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 15,308 |
| West | SAN CARLOS | 507264 | 56205148407 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 18,178 |
| West | SAN CARLOS | 507264 | 56205198404 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 32,529 |
| West | SAN CARLOS | 507264 | 56205268402 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 22,005 |
| West | SAN CARLOS | 507264 | 56205318400 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 18,178 |
| West | SAN CARLOS | 507264 | 56205378402 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 16,265 |
| West | SAN CARLOS | 507264 | 56205448401 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 16,265 |
| West | SAN CARLOS | 507264 | 56205488402 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 15,308 |
| West | SAN CARLOS | 507264 | 56205558401 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 10,524 |
| West | SAN CARLOS | 507264 | 56205588407 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 10,524 |
| West | SAN CARLOS | 507264 | 56205699004 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 119,592 |
| West | SAN CARLOS | 507264 | 56205704113 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 64,101 |
| West | SAN CARLOS | 507264 | 56205704407 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 7,654 |
| West | SAN CARLOS | 507264 | 56205705501 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 12,438 |
| West | SAN CARLOS | 507264 | 56205705713 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 65,058 |
| West | SAN CARLOS | 507264 | 56205707201 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 63,145 |
| West | SAN CARLOS | 507264 | 56205708704 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 80,366 |

Consolidated FPL Storm Protection Plan Work Projected to be Performed in 2022

| Region | Substation | Feeder | Lateral | Projected Start Year ⁽¹⁾ | Projected Completion Year ⁽²⁾ | Projected 2022 Costs ⁽³⁾ |
|--------------|----------------|--------|--------------|-------------------------------------|--|-------------------------------------|
| West | SAN CARLOS | 507264 | 56206682300 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 130,116 |
| West | SAN CARLOS | 507264 | 56206684108 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 40,183 |
| West | SAN CARLOS | 507264 | 56206684400 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 31,572 |
| West | SAN CARLOS | 507264 | 56206685007 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 50,707 |
| West | SAN CARLOS | 507264 | 56206687301 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 88,976 |
| West | SAN CARLOS | 507264 | 56206688804 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 5,740 |
| West | SAN CARLOS | 507264 | 56206690108 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 89,933 |
| West | SAN CARLOS | 507264 | 56206693603 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 234,400 |
| West | SAN CARLOS | 507264 | 56105651801N | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 9,567 |
| West | SAN CARLOS | 507264 | 56105651801S | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 14,351 |
| West | SAN CARLOS | 507264 | 56105792901N | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 6,697 |
| West | SAN CARLOS | 507264 | 56105792901S | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 13,394 |
| West | SAN CARLOS | 507264 | 56105833306N | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 15,308 |
| West | SAN CARLOS | 507264 | 56105833306S | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 15,308 |
| West | SAN CARLOS | 507264 | 56105883605N | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 22,005 |
| West | SAN CARLOS | 507264 | 56105883605S | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 14,351 |
| West | SAN CARLOS | 507264 | 56105933904N | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 9,567 |
| West | SAN CARLOS | 507264 | 56105933904S | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 16,265 |
| West | SAN CARLOS | 507264 | 56205034509E | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 30,616 |
| West | SAN CARLOS | 507264 | 56205034509S | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 13,394 |
| West | SAN CARLOS | 507264 | 56205706302E | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 132,986 |
| West | SAN CARLOS | 507264 | 56205706302W | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 41,140 |
| Gulf Power | Jay Road | 907262 | 1990260861 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 5,000,000 |
| Gulf Power | Fairfield | 907762 | 1285053333 | 2022 | 2022 | |
| Gulf Power | Goulding | 907682 | 1521453739 | 2022 | 2022 | |
| Gulf Power | Jay Road | 907262 | 1994561539 | 2022 | 2022 | |
| Gulf Power | Glendale | 907912 | 4954563152 | 2022 | 2022 | |
| Gulf Power | East Crestview | 909192 | 3634764398 | 2022 | 2022 | |
| Gulf Power | Parker | 908332 | 6591142085 | 2022 | 2022 | |
| Gulf Power | Greenwood | 908202 | 6210043912 | 2022 | 2022 | |
| Total | | | | 601 | | \$ 347,800,045 |

Notes:

(1) Start date reflects the projected year when initial project costs will begin to accrue

(e.g., preliminary engineering/design, site preparations, or customer outreach, if applicable).

(2) Completion year reflects the projected date when project will be completed.

(3) Amounts reflect SPP totals and breakdown between base and clause amounts can be seen in RBD-1 Appendix III Form 6P.

**Exhibit MJ-5 – Consolidated FPL Storm Protection Plan Work Projected to be Performed in 2022
 Transmission Hardening Program**

| Transmission Line Name | Project | Projected Number of Wooden Structures to be Replaced | Projected Start Year ⁽¹⁾ | Projected Completion Year ⁽²⁾ | Projected 2022 Costs ⁽³⁾ |
|--|---|--|-------------------------------------|--|-------------------------------------|
| MARTIN-SOUTH BAY 69kV [702] | MARTIN-SHERMAN INACTIVE (TAP) | 2 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 120,000 |
| LEJEUNE-RIVERSIDE 138kV [0918] | LEJEUNE-RIVERSIDE | 13 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 780,000 |
| DADE-LITTLE RIVER #3 138kV [0075] | HIALEAH-GLADEVIEW 3 TAP: (Phase 2 of 4) | 19 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,140,000 |
| DADE-LITTLE RIVER #3 138kV [0075] | HIALEAH-GLADEVIEW 3 TAP: (Phase 3 of 4) | 19 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,140,000 |
| FLAGAMI-RIVERSIDE #1 138kV [096] | BLUE LAGOON-RIVERSIDE TAP | 19 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,140,000 |
| FLAGAMI-RIVERSIDE #2 138kV [097] | FLAGAMI-RIVERSIDE #2 | 24 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,440,000 |
| FARMLIFE-LUCY (HST) 138kV [0243] | FARMLIFE-LUCY (HST) (Phase 1 of 2) | 15 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 900,000 |
| FARMLIFE-LUCY (HST) 138kV [0243] | FARMLIFE-LUCY (HST) (Phase 2 of 2) | 14 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 840,000 |
| GREYNOLDS-HAULOVER 138kV [122] | GREYNOLDS-SUNNY ISLES | 7 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 420,000 |
| OVERTOWN-RAILWAY #1 138kV [619] | OVERTOWN-16TH STR. TERM. | 8 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 480,000 |
| BRADFORD-DUVAL 230kV [220] | BRADFORD-DUVAL | 10 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 600,000 |
| BUNNELL-PUTNAM 230kV [330] | BUNNELL-PUTNAM | 6 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 360,000 |
| DUVAL-BRANDY BRANCH (JEA) #1 230kV [642] | DUVAL-BRANDY BRANCH TIE 1 | 1 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 60,000 |
| DUVAL-SEMINOLE 230kV [0458] | DUVAL-GREEN COVE SPRINGS (Phase 1 of 6) | 17 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,020,000 |
| DUVAL-SEMINOLE 230kV [0458] | DUVAL-GREEN COVE SPRINGS (Phase 2 of 6) | 17 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,020,000 |
| DUVAL-SEMINOLE 230kV [0458] | DUVAL-GREEN COVE SPRINGS (Phase 3 of 6) | 17 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,020,000 |
| DUVAL-SEMINOLE 230kV [0458] | DUVAL-GREEN COVE SPRINGS (Phase 4 of 6) | 17 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,020,000 |
| DUVAL-SEMINOLE 230kV [0458] | DUVAL-GREEN COVE SPRINGS (Phase 5 of 6) | 17 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,020,000 |
| DUVAL-SEMINOLE 230kV [0458] | DUVAL-GREEN COVE SPRINGS (Phase 6 of 6) | 17 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,020,000 |
| GACO-VOLUSIA #1 230kV [1033] | GACO-VOLUSIA #1 | 7 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 420,000 |
| GACO-VOLUSIA #2 230kV [1034] | GACO-VOLUSIA #2 | 1 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 60,000 |
| PUTNAM-SEMINOLE PLANT (SEC) 230kV [338] | HUDSON-SEMINOLE | 11 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 660,000 |
| DELAND-PUTNAM 115kV [091] | BARBERVILLE TAP-HAMMOND TAP | 16 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 4,000,000 |
| TBD: CARRY OVER COSTS FOR 2021 PROJECTS | | 0 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,220,000 |
| Callaway - Wewa Road #1 | Callaway - Wewa Road #1 | 31 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 1,457,000 |
| Callaway - Wewa Road #2 | Callaway - Wewa Road #2 | 1 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 47,000 |
| Caryville Tap | Caryville Tap | 19 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 893,000 |
| Chipley Tap | Chipley Tap | 11 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 517,000 |
| Eastgate - Cordova | Eastgate - Cordova | 9 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 423,000 |
| Holmes Creek - Defuniak Springs | Holmes Creek - Defuniak Springs | 56 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 2,632,000 |
| Laguna Beach - Millers Ferry | Laguna Beach - Millers Ferry | 131 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 6,157,000 |
| Shalimar Tap | Shalimar Tap | 24 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 1,128,000 |
| Sinai - Gaskin | Sinai - Gaskin | 288 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 13,536,000 |
| Valparaiso - Eglin | Valparaiso - Eglin | 3 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 141,000 |
| Valparaiso - Wright | Valparaiso - Wright | 27 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 1,269,000 |
| Gulf Power | Design for 2023 | | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 1,200,000 |
| Total | | 894 | | | \$ 51,300,000 |

Transmission/Substation Resiliency Program

| Transmission Line/Substation Name | Project | Projected Start Year ⁽¹⁾ | Projected Completion Year ⁽²⁾ | Projected 2022 Costs ⁽³⁾ |
|-----------------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------------------|--|-------------------------------------|
| Destin & Henderson Park | Destin Resiliency | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 5,720,000 |
| Chipley | Chipley Resiliency | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 6,905,000 |
| Graceville | Graceville Resiliency | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 4,520,000 |
| Vernon | Vernon Resiliency | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 3,225,000 |
| Milligan | Milligan Resiliency | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 2,705,000 |
| Design for 2023 | | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 2,425,000 |
| Total | | | 5 | \$ 25,500,000 |

Notes:

- (1) Start date reflects the projected year when initial project costs will begin to accrue (e.g., preliminary engineering/design, site preparations, or customer outreach, if applicable).
- (2) Completion year reflects the projected date when project will be completed.
- (3) Amounts reflect SPP totals and breakdown between base and clause amounts can be seen in RBD-1 Appendix III Form 6P.

**Exhibit MJ-5 – Consolidated FPL Storm Protection Plan Work Projected to be Performed in 2022
 Substation Storm Surge / Flood Mitigation Program**

| County | Substation | Substation Type | Projected Start Year ⁽¹⁾ | Projected Completion Year ⁽²⁾ | Projected 2022 Costs ⁽³⁾ |
|----------------|---------------|-----------------|-------------------------------------|--|-------------------------------------|
| St. Johns | St. Augustine | Distribution | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 2,113,000 |
| St. Johns | Lewis | Distribution | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,450,000 |
| Volusia | South Daytona | Distribution | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 811,000 |
| Indian River | Chambers | Distribution | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 1,701,000 |
| Indian River | Gracewood | Distribution | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 1,075,000 |
| Dade | Dumfoundling | Distribution | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 2,850,000 |
| Total = | | | | 6 | \$ 10,000,000 |

Notes:

- (1) Start date reflects the projected year when initial project costs will begin to accrue (e.g., preliminary engineering/design, site preparations, or customer outreach, if applicable).*
- (2) Completion year reflects the projected date when project will be completed.*
- (3) Amounts reflect SPP totals and breakdown between base and clause amounts can be seen in RBD-1 Appendix III Form 6P.*

Exhibit MJ-6

**Exhibit MJ-6 – Supplemental Standalone FPL Storm Protection Plan Work Projected to be Completed in 2022
Distribution Feeder Hardening Program**

| Region | Substation | Feeder | Projected Start Year ⁽¹⁾ | Projected Completion Year ⁽²⁾ | Projected 2022 Costs ⁽³⁾ |
|---------|--------------|--------|-------------------------------------|--|-------------------------------------|
| Broward | SISTRUNK | 700131 | 2021 | 2024 | \$ 725,750 |
| Broward | SISTRUNK | 700132 | 2019 | 2023 | \$ 3,403,339 |
| Broward | SISTRUNK | 700137 | 2019 | 2023 | \$ 1,585,171 |
| Broward | SISTRUNK | 700141 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,644,843 |
| Broward | SISTRUNK | 700143 | 2021 | 2024 | \$ 600,621 |
| Broward | HOLLYWOOD | 700232 | 2020 | 2021 | \$ 193,187 |
| Broward | HOLLYWOOD | 700233 | 2020 | 2023 | \$ 2,257,414 |
| Broward | HOLLYWOOD | 700235 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 50,722 |
| Broward | PINEHURST | 700331 | 2018 | 2021 | \$ 42,638 |
| Broward | PINEHURST | 700335 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 1,655,686 |
| Broward | OAKLAND PARK | 700434 | 2019 | 2023 | \$ 750,337 |
| Broward | OAKLAND PARK | 700435 | 2021 | 2024 | \$ 450,466 |
| Broward | OAKLAND PARK | 700436 | 2021 | 2024 | \$ 150,155 |
| Broward | OAKLAND PARK | 700441 | 2019 | 2023 | \$ 430,642 |
| Broward | POMPANO | 700533 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 542,493 |
| Broward | POMPANO | 700539 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 1,052,803 |
| Broward | VERENA | 700635 | 2020 | 2023 | \$ 1,128,678 |
| Broward | VERENA | 700636 | 2020 | 2021 | \$ 33,878 |
| Broward | VERENA | 700640 | 2019 | 2021 | \$ 45,516 |
| Broward | VERENA | 700641 | 2019 | 2022 | \$ 1,157,393 |
| Broward | FAIRMONT | 700738 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,031,610 |
| Broward | BEVERLY | 700831 | 2019 | 2023 | \$ 801,040 |
| Broward | BEVERLY | 700832 | 2019 | 2022 | \$ 1,115,335 |
| Broward | BEVERLY | 700833 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 1,451,518 |
| Broward | BEVERLY | 700834 | 2021 | 2024 | \$ 325,336 |
| Broward | BEVERLY | 700839 | 2021 | 2024 | \$ 1,151,190 |
| Broward | BEVERLY | 700842 | 2021 | 2024 | \$ 575,595 |
| Broward | HALLANDALE | 700932 | 2021 | 2024 | \$ 750,776 |
| Broward | SAMPLE ROAD | 701038 | 2020 | 2023 | \$ 888,941 |
| Broward | SAMPLE ROAD | 701040 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 236,763 |
| Broward | SAMPLE ROAD | 701042 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 254,207 |
| Broward | DANIA | 701531 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 698,721 |
| Broward | DANIA | 701535 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 3,130,378 |
| Broward | DANIA | 701537 | 2020 | 2023 | \$ 1,564,869 |
| Broward | PLANTATION | 701634 | 2021 | 2024 | \$ 800,828 |
| Broward | PLANTATION | 701635 | 2020 | 2023 | \$ 1,270,403 |
| Broward | PLANTATION | 701637 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 1,211,621 |
| Broward | PLANTATION | 701639 | 2021 | 2024 | \$ 1,676,733 |
| Broward | STIRLING | 701734 | 2021 | 2024 | \$ 1,426,475 |
| Broward | STIRLING | 701736 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 1,306,911 |
| Broward | ROCK ISLAND | 701831 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 1,983,945 |

Supplemental Standalone FPL Storm Protection Plan Work Projected to be Completed in 2022

Exhibit MJ-6 , Page 2 of 43

| Region | Substation | Feeder | Projected Start Year ⁽¹⁾ | Projected Completion Year ⁽²⁾ | Projected 2022 Costs ⁽³⁾ |
|---------|-----------------|--------|-------------------------------------|--|-------------------------------------|
| Broward | ROCK ISLAND | 701832 | 2019 | 2023 | \$ 737,891 |
| Broward | ROCK ISLAND | 701836 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 491,884 |
| Broward | ROCK ISLAND | 701838 | 2020 | 2021 | \$ 251,208 |
| Broward | HOLY CROSS | 701932 | 2020 | 2023 | \$ 365,413 |
| Broward | HOLY CROSS | 701938 | 2020 | 2021 | \$ 178,914 |
| Broward | HOLY CROSS | 701939 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 910,013 |
| Broward | HOLY CROSS | 701940 | 2020 | 2021 | \$ 38,972 |
| Broward | DRIFTWOOD | 702036 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 413,672 |
| Broward | CYPRESS CREEK | 702132 | 2020 | 2023 | \$ 354,196 |
| Broward | CYPRESS CREEK | 702133 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 29,069 |
| Broward | CYPRESS CREEK | 702136 | 2021 | 2024 | \$ 550,569 |
| Broward | CYPRESS CREEK | 702137 | 2020 | 2021 | \$ 37,477 |
| Broward | CYPRESS CREEK | 702139 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 410,501 |
| Broward | MARGATE | 702231 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 1,692,906 |
| Broward | MARGATE | 702232 | 2019 | 2023 | \$ 294,124 |
| Broward | MARGATE | 702240 | 2021 | 2024 | \$ 550,569 |
| Broward | MARGATE | 702261 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 746,426 |
| Broward | PEMBROKE | 702434 | 2020 | 2023 | \$ 2,219,854 |
| Broward | PEMBROKE | 702437 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 1,794,757 |
| Broward | DAVIE | 702531 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 1,283,222 |
| Broward | DAVIE | 702532 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 850,053 |
| Broward | DAVIE | 702533 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 547,772 |
| Broward | DAVIE | 702537 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 274,617 |
| Broward | ELY | 702634 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 727,488 |
| Broward | MCARTHUR | 702731 | 2021 | 2024 | \$ 1,076,113 |
| Broward | MCARTHUR | 702733 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 1,133,009 |
| Broward | MCARTHUR | 702738 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 1,585,661 |
| Broward | MCARTHUR | 702740 | 2020 | 2023 | \$ 455,231 |
| Broward | MCARTHUR | 702741 | 2020 | 2023 | \$ 253,308 |
| Broward | PERRY | 702831 | 2020 | 2023 | \$ 1,281,774 |
| Broward | PERRY | 702834 | 2020 | 2023 | \$ 420,114 |
| Broward | HAWKINS | 702931 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 662,836 |
| Broward | HAWKINS | 702934 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 782,375 |
| Broward | HAWKINS | 702938 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 795,972 |
| Broward | RAVENSWOOD | 703134 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 219,932 |
| Broward | WOODLANDS | 703237 | 2019 | 2022 | \$ 706,462 |
| Broward | RESERVATION | 703435 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 2,813,163 |
| Broward | DEERFIELD BEACH | 703531 | 2018 | 2021 | \$ 33,590 |
| Broward | DEERFIELD BEACH | 703539 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 336,875 |
| Broward | CRYSTAL | 703734 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,902,599 |
| Broward | CRYSTAL | 703735 | 2020 | 2023 | \$ 425,622 |
| Broward | CRYSTAL | 703739 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 613,680 |
| Broward | HIGHLANDS | 703834 | 2019 | 2022 | \$ 371,108 |

Supplemental Standalone FPL Storm Protection Plan Work Projected to be Completed in 2022

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| Region | Substation | Feeder | Projected Start Year ⁽¹⁾ | Projected Completion Year ⁽²⁾ | Projected 2022 Costs ⁽³⁾ |
|---------|--------------|--------|-------------------------------------|--|-------------------------------------|
| Broward | WESTINGHOUSE | 703931 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 441,915 |
| Broward | WESTINGHOUSE | 703935 | 2020 | 2023 | \$ 1,170,696 |
| Broward | WESTINGHOUSE | 703937 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,548,479 |
| Broward | MOTOROLA | 704032 | 2019 | 2022 | \$ 1,150,720 |
| Broward | MOTOROLA | 704063 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 539,613 |
| Broward | MOTOROLA | 704067 | 2019 | 2022 | \$ 1,412,468 |
| Broward | MOFFETT | 704132 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 672,924 |
| Broward | MOFFETT | 704133 | 2021 | 2024 | \$ 1,176,216 |
| Broward | MOFFETT | 704134 | 2020 | 2021 | \$ 69,792 |
| Broward | MALLARD | 704565 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 284,758 |
| Broward | MALLARD | 704569 | 2019 | 2022 | \$ 986,811 |
| Broward | MALLARD | 704571 | 2021 | 2024 | \$ 825,854 |
| Broward | SPRINGTREE | 704661 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 778,335 |
| Broward | STONEBRIDGE | 704761 | 2020 | 2023 | \$ 2,228,739 |
| Broward | STONEBRIDGE | 704766 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 2,803,847 |
| Broward | LAKEVIEW | 704934 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 308,270 |
| Broward | JACARANDA | 705163 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,479,402 |
| Broward | TIMBERLAKE | 705234 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 1,800,787 |
| Broward | SOUTHSIDE | 705531 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 974,971 |
| Broward | SOUTHSIDE | 705532 | 2020 | 2023 | \$ 388,374 |
| Broward | SOUTHSIDE | 705538 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 1,683,377 |
| Broward | SOUTHSIDE | 705564 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 1,034,233 |
| Broward | COPANS | 705634 | 2021 | 2024 | \$ 850,880 |
| Broward | COPANS | 705636 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 600,621 |
| Broward | COPANS | 705638 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 396,319 |
| Broward | REMSBURG | 705865 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 559,717 |
| Broward | REMSBURG | 705867 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 649,943 |
| Broward | REMSBURG | 705868 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 969,983 |
| Broward | VALENCIA | 706261 | 2019 | 2023 | \$ 2,887,193 |
| Broward | VALENCIA | 706262 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 1,563,055 |
| Broward | VALENCIA | 706263 | 2020 | 2023 | \$ 31,430 |
| Broward | BASSCREEK | 706364 | 2020 | 2023 | \$ 309,818 |
| Broward | BASSCREEK | 706366 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 2,266,560 |
| Broward | TRAIN | 706531 | 2020 | 2023 | \$ 988,893 |
| Broward | TRAIN | 706532 | 2021 | 2024 | \$ 800,828 |
| Broward | CHAPEL | 706962 | 2020 | 2021 | \$ 58,818 |
| Broward | SHERIDAN | 707033 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 1,671,786 |
| Broward | CULLUM | 707132 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 591,058 |
| Broward | GOOLSBY | 707732 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 594,659 |
| Broward | GOOLSBY | 707736 | 2021 | 2024 | \$ 150,155 |
| Broward | WINDMILL | 708061 | 2021 | 2024 | \$ 1,301,345 |
| Broward | HUNTINGTON | 708161 | 2021 | 2024 | \$ 525,543 |
| Broward | SILVERLAKES | 708561 | 2020 | 2021 | \$ 282,091 |

Supplemental Standalone FPL Storm Protection Plan Work Projected to be Completed in 2022

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| Region | Substation | Feeder | Projected Start Year ⁽¹⁾ | Projected Completion Year ⁽²⁾ | Projected 2022 Costs ⁽³⁾ |
|---------|---------------|--------|-------------------------------------|--|-------------------------------------|
| Broward | PROGRESSO | 709263 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 328,401 |
| Broward | ORCHID | 709362 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,402,388 |
| Dade | BUENA VISTA | 800333 | 2015 | 2023 | \$ 1,109,678 |
| Dade | COCONUT GROVE | 800448 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 924,248 |
| Dade | RIVERSIDE | 800531 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 253,670 |
| Dade | RIVERSIDE | 800534 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 1,214,228 |
| Dade | RIVERSIDE | 800536 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 659,515 |
| Dade | RIVERSIDE | 800537 | 2020 | 2023 | \$ 375,557 |
| Dade | HIALEAH | 800732 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 533,814 |
| Dade | HIALEAH | 800733 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 482,605 |
| Dade | HIALEAH | 800739 | 2020 | 2023 | \$ 537,451 |
| Dade | FRONTON | 801133 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,929,009 |
| Dade | FRONTON | 801134 | 2020 | 2023 | \$ 2,410,510 |
| Dade | FRONTON | 801136 | 2019 | 2023 | \$ 1,528,317 |
| Dade | FRONTON | 801140 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 3,578,976 |
| Dade | OPA LOCKA | 801234 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,534,926 |
| Dade | OPA LOCKA | 801236 | 2020 | 2021 | \$ 38,217 |
| Dade | FULFORD | 801433 | 2016 | 2021 | \$ 48,575 |
| Dade | FULFORD | 801435 | 2019 | 2022 | \$ 1,214,315 |
| Dade | PRINCETON | 801635 | 2019 | 2022 | \$ 956,194 |
| Dade | 62ND AVE | 801736 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 362,672 |
| Dade | 62ND AVE | 801738 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 999,131 |
| Dade | BISCAYNE | 801833 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 38,674 |
| Dade | BISCAYNE | 801839 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 1,641,939 |
| Dade | DEAUVILLE | 801941 | 2019 | 2023 | \$ 458,391 |
| Dade | CUTLER | 802033 | 2020 | 2023 | \$ 1,579,983 |
| Dade | CUTLER | 802038 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 1,159,672 |
| Dade | MIRAMAR | 802135 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 2,508,196 |
| Dade | GLADEVIEW | 802235 | 2020 | 2023 | \$ 1,405,874 |
| Dade | SOUTH MIAMI | 802437 | 2020 | 2023 | \$ 1,225,217 |
| Dade | AIRPORT | 802636 | 2020 | 2023 | \$ 423,985 |
| Dade | MARION | 802733 | 2020 | 2023 | \$ 349,238 |
| Dade | MARION | 802734 | 2020 | 2021 | \$ 307,762 |
| Dade | MARION | 802739 | 2020 | 2021 | \$ 42,157 |
| Dade | ARCH CREEK | 802833 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 1,941,749 |
| Dade | ARCH CREEK | 802834 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 900,755 |
| Dade | ARCH CREEK | 802836 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 2,606,522 |
| Dade | FLORIDA CITY | 803131 | 2020 | 2023 | \$ 2,340,148 |
| Dade | FLORIDA CITY | 803132 | 2013 | 2021 | \$ 41,275 |
| Dade | FLORIDA CITY | 803133 | 2020 | 2021 | \$ 48,805 |
| Dade | FLORIDA CITY | 803134 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 885,254 |
| Dade | FLORIDA CITY | 803137 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 951,894 |
| Dade | HOMESTEAD | 803234 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 1,593,021 |

Supplemental Standalone FPL Storm Protection Plan Work Projected to be Completed in 2022

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| Region | Substation | Feeder | Projected Start Year ⁽¹⁾ | Projected Completion Year ⁽²⁾ | Projected 2022 Costs ⁽³⁾ |
|--------|---------------|--------|-------------------------------------|--|-------------------------------------|
| Dade | HOMESTEAD | 803235 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 717,159 |
| Dade | MIAMI SHORES | 803440 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,526,127 |
| Dade | MARKET | 803540 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 206,761 |
| Dade | SEABOARD | 803634 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,778,703 |
| Dade | LE JEUNE | 804036 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 914,510 |
| Dade | GARDEN | 804131 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,703,570 |
| Dade | GARDEN | 804139 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 3,045,355 |
| Dade | PERRINE | 804231 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 925,725 |
| Dade | PERRINE | 804234 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 1,116,546 |
| Dade | PERRINE | 804238 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 1,553,658 |
| Dade | VENETIAN | 804431 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 912,156 |
| Dade | GRATIGNY | 804532 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 744,614 |
| Dade | INDUSTRIAL | 804632 | 2020 | 2023 | \$ 18,824 |
| Dade | INDUSTRIAL | 804634 | 2020 | 2023 | \$ 1,618,301 |
| Dade | INDUSTRIAL | 804636 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 1,307,317 |
| Dade | COUNTY LINE | 804835 | 2019 | 2021 | \$ 36,522 |
| Dade | LAWRENCE | 805134 | 2014 | 2023 | \$ 907,210 |
| Dade | NATOMA | 805233 | 2016 | 2023 | \$ 32,002 |
| Dade | MASTER | 805532 | 2019 | 2021 | \$ 54,127 |
| Dade | MASTER | 805538 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,124,315 |
| Dade | MILLER | 805632 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 985,202 |
| Dade | MILLER | 805636 | 2020 | 2023 | \$ 306,551 |
| Dade | GALLOWAY | 805731 | 2019 | 2022 | \$ 646,725 |
| Dade | CORAL REEF | 805833 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 1,285,026 |
| Dade | CORAL REEF | 805834 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 1,857,858 |
| Dade | COUNTRY CLUB | 805934 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 974,859 |
| Dade | COUNTRY CLUB | 805936 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 487,329 |
| Dade | GOLDEN GLADES | 806039 | 2020 | 2021 | \$ 31,509 |
| Dade | ULETA | 806334 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 2,262,814 |
| Dade | ULETA | 806338 | 2020 | 2021 | \$ 48,891 |
| Dade | HAINLIN | 806431 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,858,335 |
| Dade | HAINLIN | 806433 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 3,012,920 |
| Dade | SUNILAND | 806531 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 1,705,128 |
| Dade | IVES | 806738 | 2020 | 2021 | \$ 38,551 |
| Dade | RED ROAD | 806831 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,933,583 |
| Dade | RED ROAD | 806841 | 2019 | 2022 | \$ 1,385,658 |
| Dade | BIRD | 806934 | 2019 | 2023 | \$ 886,333 |
| Dade | BIRD | 806936 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 982,482 |
| Dade | ROSELAWN | 807033 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 701,791 |
| Dade | ROSELAWN | 807036 | 2020 | 2021 | \$ 63,751 |
| Dade | PENNSUCO | 807161 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 3,832,062 |
| Dade | PENNSUCO | 807164 | 2020 | 2023 | \$ 2,487,413 |
| Dade | MERCHANDISE | 807232 | 2020 | 2023 | \$ 286,239 |

Supplemental Standalone FPL Storm Protection Plan Work Projected to be Completed in 2022

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| Region | Substation | Feeder | Projected Start Year ⁽¹⁾ | Projected Completion Year ⁽²⁾ | Projected 2022 Costs ⁽³⁾ |
|--------|-----------------|--------|-------------------------------------|--|-------------------------------------|
| Dade | MERCHANDISE | 807234 | 2019 | 2023 | \$ 308,454 |
| Dade | GOULDS | 807331 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 475,129 |
| Dade | GOULDS | 807335 | 2020 | 2023 | \$ 346,702 |
| Dade | VILLAGE GREEN | 807435 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 564,587 |
| Dade | KILLIAN | 807631 | 2019 | 2021 | \$ 27,796 |
| Dade | KILLIAN | 807635 | 2019 | 2021 | \$ 42,198 |
| Dade | WESTON VILLAGE | 807832 | 2020 | 2023 | \$ 1,553,406 |
| Dade | WESTON VILLAGE | 807833 | 2019 | 2022 | \$ 2,602,713 |
| Dade | MIAMI LAKES | 807932 | 2020 | 2021 | \$ 35,816 |
| Dade | MIAMI LAKES | 807935 | 2020 | 2021 | \$ 213,961 |
| Dade | LINDGREN | 808263 | 2020 | 2021 | \$ 39,222 |
| Dade | LINDGREN | 808266 | 2020 | 2021 | \$ 33,122 |
| Dade | SNAKE CREEK | 808432 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 34,649 |
| Dade | SEMINOLA | 808532 | 2018 | 2022 | \$ 1,199,904 |
| Dade | BRANDON | 808631 | 2019 | 2021 | \$ 38,791 |
| Dade | BOULEVARD | 808732 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 529,754 |
| Dade | OLYMPIA HEIGHTS | 808932 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 1,056,947 |
| Dade | OLYMPIA HEIGHTS | 808933 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 1,785,929 |
| Dade | TAMIAMI | 809132 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 447,543 |
| Dade | COURT | 809665 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 771,442 |
| Dade | SWEETWATER | 809763 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,863,308 |
| Dade | SWEETWATER | 809765 | 2018 | 2022 | \$ 1,144,376 |
| Dade | DUMFOUNDLING | 809837 | 2020 | 2023 | \$ 330,201 |
| Dade | INTERNATIONAL | 810264 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 793,743 |
| Dade | JASMINE | 810564 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 902,851 |
| Dade | MONTGOMERY | 810662 | 2020 | 2021 | \$ 47,158 |
| Dade | BELL | 810833 | 2020 | 2021 | \$ 47,569 |
| Dade | SPOONBILL | 811163 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,958,841 |
| Dade | ANHINGA | 811363 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 2,002,092 |
| Dade | ANHINGA | 811364 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,638,101 |
| Dade | WATKINS | 811432 | 2019 | 2021 | \$ 46,619 |
| Dade | KOGER | 811561 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 3,001,788 |
| Dade | MEMORIAL | 811832 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,107,259 |
| Dade | WILLIAMS | 812062 | 2020 | 2021 | \$ 47,420 |
| Dade | JACKSON | 813532 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 1,172,971 |
| East | NORTHWOOD | 400331 | 2020 | 2023 | \$ 326,193 |
| East | HILLCREST | 400432 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 2,098,585 |
| East | HILLCREST | 400435 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 582,244 |
| East | HILLCREST | 400436 | 2019 | 2021 | \$ 46,213 |
| East | BOYNTON | 400531 | 2019 | 2023 | \$ 497,416 |
| East | BOYNTON | 400539 | 2020 | 2021 | \$ 296,277 |
| East | WABASSO | 400662 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 2,763,250 |
| East | BOCA RATON | 400735 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 408,796 |

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| Region | Substation | Feeder | Projected Start Year ⁽¹⁾ | Projected Completion Year ⁽²⁾ | Projected 2022 Costs ⁽³⁾ |
|--------|----------------|--------|-------------------------------------|--|-------------------------------------|
| East | BOCA RATON | 400736 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 932,682 |
| East | PAHOKEE | 400831 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 258,512 |
| East | GREENACRES | 401033 | 2020 | 2023 | \$ 2,458,065 |
| East | STUART | 401132 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 1,528,551 |
| East | FT PIERCE | 401532 | 2019 | 2021 | \$ 59,796 |
| East | OKEECHOBEE | 401631 | 2020 | 2021 | \$ 67,900 |
| East | OKEECHOBEE | 401635 | 2019 | 2023 | \$ 36,328 |
| East | OLYMPIA | 401761 | 2019 | 2023 | \$ 320,148 |
| East | JUPITER | 401833 | 2020 | 2023 | \$ 2,077,469 |
| East | LINTON | 401932 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 312,285 |
| East | TERMINAL | 402133 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,795,112 |
| East | BELVEDERE | 402536 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,366,534 |
| East | BELVEDERE | 402538 | 2020 | 2023 | \$ 1,018,766 |
| East | JUNO BEACH | 402635 | 2015 | 2023 | \$ 823,347 |
| East | JUNO BEACH | 402638 | 2020 | 2023 | \$ 1,307,306 |
| East | LANTANA | 402839 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 1,619,607 |
| East | OSLO | 402935 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 1,073,719 |
| East | OSLO | 402936 | 2020 | 2023 | \$ 1,216,562 |
| East | MILITARY TRAIL | 403031 | 2020 | 2023 | \$ 1,652,470 |
| East | MILITARY TRAIL | 403032 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 1,333,118 |
| East | MILITARY TRAIL | 403035 | 2018 | 2022 | \$ 1,381,208 |
| East | ATLANTIC | 403236 | 2020 | 2021 | \$ 28,077 |
| East | JENSEN | 403432 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 535,412 |
| East | SOUTH BAY | 403634 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 2,503,535 |
| East | MONET | 403735 | 2020 | 2023 | \$ 349,860 |
| East | LAKE PARK | 403935 | 2020 | 2023 | \$ 2,411,426 |
| East | WESTWARD | 404033 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 841,392 |
| East | GOLF | 404131 | 2019 | 2023 | \$ 1,473,917 |
| East | GOLF | 404134 | 2019 | 2022 | \$ 925,748 |
| East | GOLF | 404135 | 2020 | 2023 | \$ 2,732,171 |
| East | GOLF | 404139 | 2020 | 2023 | \$ 1,614,342 |
| East | BOCA TEECA | 404236 | 2020 | 2021 | \$ 33,396 |
| East | BOCA TEECA | 404241 | 2019 | 2021 | \$ 58,148 |
| East | IBM | 404338 | 2020 | 2021 | \$ 60,059 |
| East | PURDY LANE | 404432 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 2,321,530 |
| East | PURDY LANE | 404434 | 2019 | 2022 | \$ 596,476 |
| East | PURDY LANE | 404435 | 2020 | 2023 | \$ 1,569,801 |
| East | PLATT | 404631 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 3,676,482 |
| East | HILLSBORO | 404732 | 2018 | 2021 | \$ 47,011 |
| East | HILLSBORO | 404736 | 2020 | 2021 | \$ 339,021 |
| East | GERMANTOWN | 404832 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 2,286,950 |
| East | GERMANTOWN | 404834 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 837,573 |
| East | GERMANTOWN | 404836 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 1,231,464 |

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| Region | Substation | Feeder | Projected Start Year ⁽¹⁾ | Projected Completion Year ⁽²⁾ | Projected 2022 Costs ⁽³⁾ |
|--------|-------------|--------|-------------------------------------|--|-------------------------------------|
| East | GERMANTOWN | 404838 | 2020 | 2023 | \$ 1,624,484 |
| East | GERMANTOWN | 404840 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 648,274 |
| East | PORT SEWALL | 404933 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,409,361 |
| East | PORT SEWALL | 404934 | 2020 | 2023 | \$ 1,978,464 |
| East | PORT SEWALL | 404936 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 2,149,479 |
| East | PORT SEWALL | 404937 | 2020 | 2023 | \$ 1,502,943 |
| East | SANDALFOOT | 405034 | 2020 | 2023 | \$ 391,359 |
| East | SANDALFOOT | 405035 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 1,534,026 |
| East | SANDALFOOT | 405038 | 2020 | 2021 | \$ 39,769 |
| East | ACME | 405263 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 1,718,770 |
| East | BEELINE | 405333 | 2020 | 2023 | \$ 1,510,770 |
| East | BEELINE | 405340 | 2020 | 2023 | \$ 273,534 |
| East | PRIMAVISTA | 405533 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 844,967 |
| East | PRIMAVISTA | 405535 | 2020 | 2023 | \$ 412,050 |
| East | DELTRAIL | 405865 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 1,254,922 |
| East | BUTTS | 405931 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 262,811 |
| East | BUTTS | 405934 | 2020 | 2021 | \$ 44,092 |
| East | SHERMAN | 406063 | 2016 | 2023 | \$ 868,771 |
| East | TURNPIKE | 406164 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 1,457,605 |
| East | TURNPIKE | 406167 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 777,192 |
| East | OAKES | 406231 | 2019 | 2023 | \$ 717,214 |
| East | OAKES | 406234 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,150,593 |
| East | ROEBUCK | 406337 | 2020 | 2023 | \$ 565,815 |
| East | SAVANNAH | 406435 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 2,442,024 |
| East | OSBORNE | 406533 | 2019 | 2023 | \$ 470,303 |
| East | OSBORNE | 406534 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 508,920 |
| East | OSBORNE | 406536 | 2020 | 2023 | \$ 2,279,476 |
| East | ACREAGE | 406763 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 2,129,594 |
| East | ACREAGE | 406764 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 4,862,723 |
| East | ACREAGE | 406765 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,346,343 |
| East | ACREAGE | 406766 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 3,495,971 |
| East | ACREAGE | 406767 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 2,332,372 |
| East | DELMAR | 406936 | 2020 | 2023 | \$ 256,151 |
| East | RIO | 407031 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 1,924,805 |
| East | RIO | 407036 | 2020 | 2021 | \$ 60,215 |
| East | HILLS | 407332 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 3,054,729 |
| East | HILLS | 407334 | 2020 | 2023 | \$ 530,570 |
| East | HILLS | 407335 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,395,366 |
| East | INDRIO | 407463 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 2,363,631 |
| East | GLENDALE | 407561 | 2015 | 2023 | \$ 1,127,169 |
| East | GLENDALE | 407562 | 2020 | 2023 | \$ 2,387,871 |
| East | GLENDALE | 407564 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 2,423,988 |
| East | LOXAHATCHEE | 407662 | 2019 | 2023 | \$ 2,258,513 |

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| Region | Substation | Feeder | Projected Start Year ⁽¹⁾ | Projected Completion Year ⁽²⁾ | Projected 2022 Costs ⁽³⁾ |
|--------|---------------|--------|-------------------------------------|--|-------------------------------------|
| East | LOXAHATCHEE | 407664 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 764,375 |
| East | SQUARE LAKE | 407734 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 931,518 |
| East | QUANTUM | 407935 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,986,593 |
| East | CALDWELL | 408031 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 539,975 |
| East | CALDWELL | 408034 | 2020 | 2023 | \$ 934,544 |
| East | ROSS | 408165 | 2020 | 2023 | \$ 2,340,618 |
| East | ROSS | 408168 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 1,386,659 |
| East | ROSS | 408169 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 16,097 |
| East | MONTEREY | 408335 | 2020 | 2021 | \$ 43,230 |
| East | ALEXANDER | 408566 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 348,536 |
| East | HOMELAND | 408663 | 2019 | 2023 | \$ 2,546,077 |
| East | SABAL | 408762 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 1,965,512 |
| East | ABERDEEN | 408862 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 1,536,656 |
| East | ABERDEEN | 408865 | 2020 | 2023 | \$ 967,529 |
| East | PLUMOSUS | 408962 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 648,188 |
| East | PLUMOSUS | 408963 | 2019 | 2022 | \$ 1,168,556 |
| East | LAKE IDA | 409533 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 661,248 |
| East | RAINBERRY | 409633 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 514,074 |
| East | CATCHMENT | 409764 | 2019 | 2021 | \$ 43,003 |
| East | HAMLET | 409863 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 169,447 |
| East | PINEWOOD | 409961 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 1,123,019 |
| East | MARYMOUNT | 410031 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 633,779 |
| East | MARLIN | 410361 | 2020 | 2023 | \$ 566,517 |
| East | GATLIN | 410462 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 1,727,598 |
| East | GATLIN | 410463 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 2,342,761 |
| East | GRAMERCY | 410532 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 692,136 |
| East | RYDER | 410661 | 2020 | 2023 | \$ 21,361 |
| East | EDEN | 411033 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 479,425 |
| East | MORAY | 411234 | 2020 | 2021 | \$ 353,312 |
| East | FELLSMERE | 411562 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 850,987 |
| East | PEACOCK | 411663 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 2,160,755 |
| East | ALLAPATTAH | 412161 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 1,627,785 |
| East | OTTER | 412261 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 2,518,778 |
| East | SPANISH LAKES | 412432 | 2020 | 2023 | \$ 416,967 |
| East | VIOLET | 413534 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 38,714 |
| East | RUNWAY | 413737 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,190,614 |
| East | CHAMBERS | 413832 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 1,733,965 |
| East | CHAMBERS | 413833 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 369,766 |
| East | CHAMBERS | 413835 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 698,891 |
| East | TULIP | 413931 | 2020 | 2021 | \$ 257,457 |
| East | GRACEWOOD | 414031 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 3,264,109 |
| East | GRACEWOOD | 414032 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 168,551 |
| East | GRACEWOOD | 414033 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 623,691 |

Supplemental Standalone FPL Storm Protection Plan Work Projected to be Completed in 2022

| Region | Substation | Feeder | Projected Start Year ⁽¹⁾ | Projected Completion Year ⁽²⁾ | Projected 2022 Costs ⁽³⁾ |
|--------|---------------|--------|-------------------------------------|--|-------------------------------------|
| East | GRACEWOOD | 414034 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 195,759 |
| East | CANAL | 414132 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 277,182 |
| East | CANAL | 414133 | 2020 | 2023 | \$ 305,453 |
| East | CANAL | 414134 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 360,502 |
| North | ST AUGUSTINE | 100231 | 2019 | 2021 | \$ 29,606 |
| North | ST AUGUSTINE | 100236 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 1,703,408 |
| North | HASTINGS | 100331 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 964,445 |
| North | HASTINGS | 100332 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 1,173,939 |
| North | HASTINGS | 100333 | 2019 | 2022 | \$ 1,950,969 |
| North | PALATKA | 100431 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 1,041,506 |
| North | PALATKA | 100434 | 2019 | 2022 | \$ 1,522,083 |
| North | MCMEEKIN | 100531 | 2019 | 2023 | \$ 549,179 |
| North | MCMEEKIN | 100532 | 2020 | 2023 | \$ 641,074 |
| North | PORT ORANGE | 100836 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 527,372 |
| North | PORT ORANGE | 100839 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 606,209 |
| North | HOLLY HILL | 101033 | 2020 | 2021 | \$ 351,017 |
| North | ORMOND | 101133 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 964,578 |
| North | ORMOND | 101134 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 1,992,135 |
| North | FLAGLER BEACH | 101464 | 2019 | 2023 | \$ 1,015,570 |
| North | ORANGEDALE | 101863 | 2019 | 2023 | \$ 733,388 |
| North | EDGEWATER | 101938 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 1,209,199 |
| North | ST JOE | 102364 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 2,330,724 |
| North | ST JOE | 102367 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 1,105,582 |
| North | FLEMING | 102432 | 2020 | 2023 | \$ 1,675,903 |
| North | FLEMING | 102433 | 2020 | 2021 | \$ 44,689 |
| North | MATANZAS | 102533 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 3,129,028 |
| North | MATANZAS | 102534 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,271,685 |
| North | LEWIS | 102636 | 2019 | 2022 | \$ 1,282,268 |
| North | EAGLE | 102961 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 528,883 |
| North | WILLOW | 103832 | 2020 | 2021 | \$ 42,228 |
| North | WILLOW | 103836 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,028,487 |
| North | TAYLOR | 104832 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 537,573 |
| North | TAYLOR | 104833 | 2020 | 2021 | \$ 27,746 |
| North | TAYLOR | 104836 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 991,308 |
| North | MOULTRIE | 104934 | 2018 | 2021 | \$ 23,186 |
| North | SCOTTSMOOR | 105061 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,833,140 |
| North | ELKTON | 105831 | 2020 | 2023 | \$ 314,532 |
| North | REGIS | 106361 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 1,728,607 |
| North | SPRUCE | 106464 | 2019 | 2021 | \$ 364,430 |
| North | SPRUCE | 106465 | 2019 | 2022 | \$ 1,621,930 |
| North | COQUINA | 106661 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 1,002,268 |
| North | COQUINA | 106662 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 616,460 |
| North | FOREST GROVE | 106863 | 2020 | 2023 | \$ 277,764 |

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| Region | Substation | Feeder | Projected Start Year ⁽¹⁾ | Projected Completion Year ⁽²⁾ | Projected 2022 Costs ⁽³⁾ |
|--------|--------------|--------|-------------------------------------|--|-------------------------------------|
| North | TOLOMATO | 107632 | 2020 | 2021 | \$ 149,919 |
| North | GATOR | 108363 | 2019 | 2022 | \$ 1,468,805 |
| North | DURBIN | 108962 | 2019 | 2022 | \$ 2,338,277 |
| North | WRIGHT | 109034 | 2020 | 2021 | \$ 50,485 |
| North | PRINGLE | 110363 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 2,098,232 |
| North | SANFORD | 200133 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 719,121 |
| North | TITUSVILLE | 200332 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 745,096 |
| North | TITUSVILLE | 200333 | 2019 | 2022 | \$ 2,573,540 |
| North | MELBOURNE | 200531 | 2019 | 2021 | \$ 268,257 |
| North | MELBOURNE | 200533 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 424,392 |
| North | MELBOURNE | 200536 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 1,844,380 |
| North | COCOA BEACH | 200732 | 2020 | 2021 | \$ 374,562 |
| North | EAU GALLIE | 201032 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 250,240 |
| North | PATRICK | 201134 | 2019 | 2021 | \$ 19,770 |
| North | PATRICK | 201135 | 2020 | 2021 | \$ 27,086 |
| North | PATRICK | 201136 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 318,824 |
| North | GRANDVIEW | 201431 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 3,491,930 |
| North | GRANDVIEW | 201432 | 2020 | 2023 | \$ 1,087,556 |
| North | GRANDVIEW | 201435 | 2020 | 2023 | \$ 2,090,127 |
| North | PALM BAY | 201635 | 2019 | 2021 | \$ 37,308 |
| North | SYKES CREEK | 201731 | 2018 | 2023 | \$ 53,550 |
| North | SYKES CREEK | 201735 | 2019 | 2023 | \$ 998,160 |
| North | SYKES CREEK | 201736 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 2,545,819 |
| North | COURTENAY | 201934 | 2019 | 2022 | \$ 1,045,753 |
| North | COURTENAY | 201935 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 330,045 |
| North | INDIAN RIVER | 202131 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,808,515 |
| North | MIMS | 202232 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 534,570 |
| North | MIMS | 202233 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 1,636,455 |
| North | MIMS | 202234 | 2019 | 2022 | \$ 1,623,194 |
| North | AURORA | 202533 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 1,216,868 |
| North | AURORA | 202534 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 317,698 |
| North | AURORA | 202537 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 1,271,901 |
| North | FRONTENAC | 203031 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 1,301,624 |
| North | ROCKLEDGE | 203135 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 550,621 |
| North | HIBISCUS | 203533 | 2020 | 2021 | \$ 34,897 |
| North | HARRIS | 203631 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 937,945 |
| North | HARRIS | 203637 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 672,966 |
| North | MCDONNELL | 203931 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 3,437,235 |
| North | MCDONNELL | 203933 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 2,780,119 |
| North | DELTONA | 204064 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,061,986 |
| North | BABCOCK | 204261 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 2,997,290 |
| North | SUNTREE | 204363 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 519,009 |
| North | COLLEGE | 204631 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 367,668 |

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| Region | Substation | Feeder | Projected Start Year ⁽¹⁾ | Projected Completion Year ⁽²⁾ | Projected 2022 Costs ⁽³⁾ |
|--------|-------------|--------|-------------------------------------|--|-------------------------------------|
| North | GENEVA | 205361 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 3,376,594 |
| North | GENEVA | 205362 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 1,108,183 |
| North | DAIRY | 205531 | 2020 | 2021 | \$ 35,358 |
| North | SARNO | 205632 | 2019 | 2022 | \$ 1,070,554 |
| North | SARNO | 205633 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 1,030,720 |
| North | SYLVAN | 205933 | 2020 | 2021 | \$ 53,623 |
| North | SYLVAN | 205937 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 184,865 |
| North | BARNA | 206932 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,669,380 |
| North | COX | 207064 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 1,972,563 |
| North | CHULUOTA | 207261 | 2020 | 2023 | \$ 1,212,743 |
| North | WYOMING | 207362 | 2019 | 2022 | \$ 3,587,136 |
| North | OSTEEN | 207863 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 510,967 |
| North | RINEHART | 207933 | 2020 | 2021 | \$ 204,721 |
| North | HIELD | 208161 | 2020 | 2021 | \$ 313,729 |
| North | HIELD | 208164 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 1,546,290 |
| North | HIELD | 208167 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 1,265,359 |
| North | GRANT | 208761 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 344,272 |
| North | YORKE | 209861 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 1,477,988 |
| North | DERBY | 210131 | 2019 | 2022 | \$ 437,828 |
| North | YULEE | 301462 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 2,541,224 |
| North | WIREMILL | 301562 | 2020 | 2023 | \$ 16,968 |
| North | STARKE | 303161 | 2020 | 2021 | \$ 39,368 |
| North | ONEIL | 307761 | 2019 | 2023 | \$ 912,289 |
| North | ONEIL | 307762 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 423,270 |
| North | MILLS | 308063 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 3,825,743 |
| North | MILLS | 308064 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 2,772,135 |
| West | VENICE | 500332 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,624,920 |
| West | VENICE | 500336 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 986,942 |
| West | CLARK | 500531 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 1,157,603 |
| West | CLARK | 500535 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 1,296,319 |
| West | CLARK | 500536 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,386,120 |
| West | CLARK | 500537 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 420,415 |
| West | CORTEZ | 500632 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 409,326 |
| West | ENGLEWOOD | 500761 | 2020 | 2023 | \$ 2,432,981 |
| West | ENGLEWOOD | 500764 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,136,126 |
| West | WHITFIELD | 500835 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 670,862 |
| West | WHITFIELD | 500836 | 2020 | 2023 | \$ 2,842,545 |
| West | FT MYERS | 501131 | 2020 | 2023 | \$ 115,552 |
| West | NAPLES | 501231 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 467,068 |
| West | ARCADIA | 501432 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 3,620,145 |
| West | ARCADIA | 501434 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,367,155 |
| West | PUNTA GORDA | 501531 | 2019 | 2021 | \$ 31,510 |
| West | PUNTA GORDA | 501533 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 2,219,781 |

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| Region | Substation | Feeder | Projected Start Year ⁽¹⁾ | Projected Completion Year ⁽²⁾ | Projected 2022 Costs ⁽³⁾ |
|--------|----------------|--------|-------------------------------------|--|-------------------------------------|
| West | PUNTA GORDA | 501535 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,884,784 |
| West | PUNTA GORDA | 501536 | 2019 | 2022 | \$ 922,278 |
| West | TICE | 501832 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 1,198,051 |
| West | BONITA SPRINGS | 502162 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 1,555,472 |
| West | BONITA SPRINGS | 502165 | 2019 | 2023 | \$ 870,966 |
| West | PALMA SOLA | 502533 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 1,594,941 |
| West | PALMA SOLA | 502534 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 444,966 |
| West | COLONIAL | 502632 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 1,732,685 |
| West | COLONIAL | 502633 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 626,569 |
| West | COLONIAL | 502634 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 1,552,931 |
| West | COLONIAL | 502638 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 548,002 |
| West | PAYNE | 502832 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,216,404 |
| West | PAYNE | 502833 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 55,630 |
| West | PAYNE | 502837 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 1,247,814 |
| West | ONECO | 502933 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 909,263 |
| West | ONECO | 502936 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,414,756 |
| West | ONECO | 502937 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,137,188 |
| West | PHILLIPPI | 503031 | 2020 | 2023 | \$ 1,288,184 |
| West | PHILLIPPI | 503034 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 622,057 |
| West | PHILLIPPI | 503038 | 2020 | 2021 | \$ 62,746 |
| West | SOLANA | 503135 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 1,438,577 |
| West | SOUTH VENICE | 503433 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 1,145,993 |
| West | SOUTH VENICE | 503434 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 1,129,198 |
| West | ALLIGATOR | 503561 | 2020 | 2023 | \$ 1,291,431 |
| West | ALLIGATOR | 503565 | 2020 | 2023 | \$ 501,339 |
| West | ALLIGATOR | 503567 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 422,941 |
| West | ALLIGATOR | 503568 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 2,187,310 |
| West | EDISON | 503631 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,452,660 |
| West | EDISON | 503634 | 2020 | 2023 | \$ 1,099,431 |
| West | EDISON | 503635 | 2020 | 2023 | \$ 461,273 |
| West | EDISON | 503638 | 2020 | 2021 | \$ 234,648 |
| West | HARBOR | 503763 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 611,856 |
| West | HARBOR | 503764 | 2019 | 2021 | \$ 47,404 |
| West | ORTIZ | 503861 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,299,391 |
| West | ORTIZ | 503863 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 2,115,093 |
| West | ESTERO | 503963 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,925,172 |
| West | BENEVA | 504132 | 2020 | 2021 | \$ 50,666 |
| West | DORR FIELD | 504262 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 1,664,798 |
| West | PINE RIDGE | 504366 | 2020 | 2021 | \$ 316,744 |
| West | CLEVELAND | 504432 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,876,672 |
| West | TUTTLE | 504535 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 1,937,628 |
| West | CASTLE | 504661 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 1,789,002 |
| West | CASTLE | 504663 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 1,418,946 |

Supplemental Standalone FPL Storm Protection Plan Work Projected to be Completed in 2022

Exhibit MJ-6 , Page 14 of 43

| Region | Substation | Feeder | Projected Start Year ⁽¹⁾ | Projected Completion Year ⁽²⁾ | Projected 2022 Costs ⁽³⁾ |
|--------|-------------|--------|-------------------------------------|--|-------------------------------------|
| West | ALVA | 504764 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 7,612,754 |
| West | SORRENTO | 504833 | 2020 | 2023 | \$ 37,336 |
| West | SORRENTO | 504834 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 2,560,530 |
| West | GOLDEN GATE | 504961 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 2,342,504 |
| West | GOLDEN GATE | 504962 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 1,710,494 |
| West | GOLDEN GATE | 504963 | 2020 | 2023 | \$ 402,846 |
| West | GOLDEN GATE | 504965 | 2019 | 2022 | \$ 1,967,362 |
| West | GOLDEN GATE | 504966 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 1,564,830 |
| West | PROCTOR | 505162 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 859,835 |
| West | PROCTOR | 505164 | 2020 | 2023 | \$ 496,517 |
| West | PROCTOR | 505166 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 605,283 |
| West | RUBONIA | 505261 | 2020 | 2023 | \$ 1,471,554 |
| West | RUBONIA | 505262 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 873,923 |
| West | RUBONIA | 505263 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 882,360 |
| West | WINKLER | 505465 | 2019 | 2022 | \$ 1,354,064 |
| West | VAMO | 505562 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,996,297 |
| West | VAMO | 505563 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,734,617 |
| West | ROTONDA | 505663 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 2,800,411 |
| West | AUBURN | 505762 | 2020 | 2023 | \$ 1,781,297 |
| West | AUBURN | 505765 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 475,610 |
| West | AUBURN | 505766 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 805,204 |
| West | WALKER | 506031 | 2019 | 2023 | \$ 38,990 |
| West | WALKER | 506032 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 419,205 |
| West | WALKER | 506034 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 334,157 |
| West | METRO | 506161 | 2020 | 2023 | \$ 434,362 |
| West | SHADE | 506264 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,379,060 |
| West | DEEPCREEK | 506365 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,853,731 |
| West | FRANKLIN | 506463 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 4,227,312 |
| West | FRANKLIN | 506465 | 2020 | 2021 | \$ 62,289 |
| West | LIVINGSTON | 506661 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,005,321 |
| West | LIVINGSTON | 506662 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 2,505,215 |
| West | LIVINGSTON | 506664 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 45,665 |
| West | LIVINGSTON | 506666 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 1,172,718 |
| West | WOODS | 506965 | 2020 | 2021 | \$ 33,133 |
| West | IMPERIAL | 507062 | 2020 | 2023 | \$ 878,144 |
| West | IMPERIAL | 507063 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 3,341,513 |
| West | SAN CARLOS | 507262 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 1,836,930 |
| West | ORANGETREE | 507361 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 2,704,938 |
| West | ORANGETREE | 507365 | 2020 | 2023 | \$ 2,180,691 |
| West | CORKSCREW | 507461 | 2018 | 2023 | \$ 1,348,111 |
| West | PARRISH | 507562 | 2020 | 2023 | \$ 459,173 |
| West | IXORA | 507863 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 1,340,061 |
| West | COOPER | 508062 | 2020 | 2023 | \$ 364,430 |

Supplemental Standalone FPL Storm Protection Plan Work Projected to be Completed in 2022

| Region | Substation | Feeder | Projected Start Year ⁽¹⁾ | Projected Completion Year ⁽²⁾ | Projected 2022 Costs ⁽³⁾ |
|--------------|------------|--------|-------------------------------------|--|-------------------------------------|
| West | INTERSTATE | 508163 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 2,216,712 |
| West | RYE | 508263 | 2021 | 2021 | \$ 27,961 |
| West | GATEWAY | 508462 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 1,940,084 |
| West | PANACEA | 508861 | 2020 | 2023 | \$ 3,878,873 |
| West | PANACEA | 508864 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 1,134,848 |
| West | SUMMIT | 509062 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 2,538,674 |
| West | SUMMIT | 509063 | 2021 | 2023 | \$ 361,699 |
| West | LAURELWOOD | 509961 | 2020 | 2023 | \$ 195,243 |
| West | LAURELWOOD | 509962 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 1,558,682 |
| West | HERCULES | 510161 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 2,352,977 |
| Total | | | | 281 | \$ 664,915,034 |

Notes:

(1) Start date reflects projected year when initial project costs will begin to accrue

(e.g., preliminary engineering/design, site preparations, or customer outreach, if applicable).

(2) Completion year reflects the projected date when project will be completed.

(3) Amounts reflect SPP totals and breakdown between base and clause amounts can be seen in RBD-1 Form 6P.

**Exhibit MJ-6 – Supplemental Standalone FPL Storm Protection Plan Work Projected to be Completed in 2022
 Distribution Lateral Hardening Program**

| Region | Substation | Feeder | Lateral | Projected Start Year ⁽¹⁾ | Projected Completion Year ⁽²⁾ | Projected 2022 Costs ⁽³⁾ |
|---------|-------------|--------|--------------|-------------------------------------|--|-------------------------------------|
| Broward | SISTRUNK | 700134 | 87880082103 | 2019 | 2022 | \$ 370,440 |
| Broward | HOLLYWOOD | 700237 | 87471977010 | 2019 | 2022 | \$ 56,000 |
| Broward | HOLLYWOOD | 700237 | 87471977010E | 2019 | 2022 | \$ 1,920,240 |
| Broward | PINEHURST | 700337 | 87578292304 | 2019 | 2022 | \$ 711,760 |
| Broward | BEVERLY | 700839 | 87171059300 | 2019 | 2022 | \$ 2,192,400 |
| Broward | DANIA | 701534 | 87674509404 | 2019 | 2022 | \$ 476,280 |
| Broward | PLANTATION | 701632 | 86980519715 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,152,480 |
| Broward | PLANTATION | 701632 | 86980559709 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 466,480 |
| Broward | PLANTATION | 701632 | 86980719609 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 713,440 |
| Broward | PLANTATION | 701632 | 86980879304 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 123,480 |
| Broward | PLANTATION | 701632 | 86980887501 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 123,480 |
| Broward | PLANTATION | 701632 | 86980887901 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 137,200 |
| Broward | PLANTATION | 701632 | 86980888702 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 137,200 |
| Broward | PLANTATION | 701632 | 86980959600 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 617,400 |
| Broward | PLANTATION | 701632 | 86981841611 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 109,760 |
| Broward | PLANTATION | 701632 | 86981851004 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 54,880 |
| Broward | PLANTATION | 701632 | 86981870203 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 150,920 |
| Broward | PLANTATION | 701632 | 87080009605 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 178,360 |
| Broward | PLANTATION | 701632 | 87080039504 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 370,440 |
| Broward | PLANTATION | 701632 | 87080099400 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 480,200 |
| Broward | PLANTATION | 701632 | 87080289705 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 164,640 |
| Broward | PLANTATION | 701632 | 87080409701 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 233,240 |
| Broward | PLANTATION | 701632 | 87080536303 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 219,520 |
| Broward | PLANTATION | 701632 | 87080539701 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 192,080 |
| Broward | PLANTATION | 701632 | 87080669702 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 301,840 |
| Broward | PLANTATION | 701632 | 87080739701 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 864,360 |
| Broward | PLANTATION | 701632 | 87080799606 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 672,280 |
| Broward | PLANTATION | 701632 | 87080859609 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 68,600 |
| Broward | PLANTATION | 701632 | 87080929607 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 548,800 |
| Broward | PLANTATION | 701632 | 87080999605 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 205,800 |
| Broward | PLANTATION | 701632 | 87180059601 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 178,360 |
| Broward | PLANTATION | 701632 | 87180159729 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 384,160 |
| Broward | PLANTATION | 701632 | 87180238904 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,097,600 |
| Broward | PLANTATION | 701632 | 87180245706 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 164,640 |
| Broward | PLANTATION | 701632 | 87180246109 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 452,760 |
| Broward | PLANTATION | 701632 | 87180246303 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 192,080 |
| Broward | PLANTATION | 701632 | 87180246320 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 644,840 |
| Broward | PLANTATION | 701632 | 87180251404 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 41,160 |
| Broward | PLANTATION | 701632 | 86980519707S | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,262,240 |
| Broward | PLANTATION | 701632 | 87080169301N | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 356,720 |
| Broward | PLANTATION | 701632 | 87080169301S | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 631,120 |
| Broward | PLANTATION | 701632 | 87080876805E | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 301,840 |
| Broward | RESERVATION | 703434 | 87274026303N | 2019 | 2022 | \$ 207,480 |
| Broward | STONEBRIDGE | 704761 | 86273919307 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 548,800 |
| Broward | STONEBRIDGE | 704761 | 86273919803 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 41,160 |
| Broward | STONEBRIDGE | 704761 | 86273925901 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 68,600 |
| Broward | STONEBRIDGE | 704761 | 86273927601 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 54,880 |
| Broward | STONEBRIDGE | 704761 | 86274904401 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 41,160 |
| Broward | STONEBRIDGE | 704761 | 86274910800 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 41,160 |
| Broward | STONEBRIDGE | 704761 | 86274912004 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 603,680 |
| Broward | STONEBRIDGE | 704761 | 86274913400 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 192,080 |
| Broward | STONEBRIDGE | 704761 | 86373076715 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 54,880 |
| Broward | STONEBRIDGE | 704761 | 86373136700 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 205,800 |
| Broward | STONEBRIDGE | 704761 | 86373406618 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 123,480 |
| Broward | STONEBRIDGE | 704761 | 86373459304 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 397,880 |
| Broward | STONEBRIDGE | 704761 | 86373464600 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,564,080 |
| Broward | STONEBRIDGE | 704761 | 86373469300 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 2,826,320 |
| Broward | STONEBRIDGE | 704761 | 86373475202 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 27,440 |

| Region | Substation | Feeder | Lateral | Projected Start Year ⁽¹⁾ | Projected Completion Year ⁽²⁾ | Projected 2022 Costs ⁽³⁾ |
|---------|-------------|--------|--------------|-------------------------------------|--|-------------------------------------|
| Broward | STONEBRIDGE | 704761 | 86373475211 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 164,640 |
| Broward | STONEBRIDGE | 704761 | 86373996601 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,221,080 |
| Broward | STONEBRIDGE | 704761 | 86374314709 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 41,160 |
| Broward | STONEBRIDGE | 704761 | 86374544704 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 68,600 |
| Broward | STONEBRIDGE | 704761 | 86374624708 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 219,520 |
| Broward | STONEBRIDGE | 704761 | 86374694706 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 54,880 |
| Broward | STONEBRIDGE | 704761 | 86471818003 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 109,760 |
| Broward | STONEBRIDGE | 704761 | 86473186811 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 54,880 |
| Broward | STONEBRIDGE | 704761 | 86473346818 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 68,600 |
| Broward | STONEBRIDGE | 704761 | 86473396807 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 68,600 |
| Broward | STONEBRIDGE | 704761 | 86473764008 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 41,160 |
| Broward | STONEBRIDGE | 704761 | 86473766809 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 41,160 |
| Broward | STONEBRIDGE | 704761 | 86473767414 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 41,160 |
| Broward | STONEBRIDGE | 704761 | 86473778009 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 164,640 |
| Broward | STONEBRIDGE | 704761 | 86473779005 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 452,760 |
| Broward | STONEBRIDGE | 704761 | 86373926808N | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 150,920 |
| Broward | STONEBRIDGE | 704761 | 86374374701N | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 27,440 |
| Broward | STONEBRIDGE | 704761 | 86374644709N | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 164,640 |
| Broward | STONEBRIDGE | 704761 | 86374644709S | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 150,920 |
| Broward | STONEBRIDGE | 704761 | 86374864709N | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 452,760 |
| Broward | STONEBRIDGE | 704761 | 86473536803N | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,879,640 |
| Broward | PROGRESSO | 709263 | 87782182506 | 2019 | 2022 | \$ 842,240 |
| Dade | HIALEAH | 800732 | 86658825308 | 2019 | 2022 | \$ 91,260 |
| Dade | HIALEAH | 800732 | 86658904607 | 2019 | 2022 | \$ 270,000 |
| Dade | HIALEAH | 800738 | 86657869301 | 2019 | 2022 | \$ 739,800 |
| Dade | HIALEAH | 800738 | 86658647108 | 2019 | 2022 | \$ 341,010 |
| Dade | HIALEAH | 800738 | 86658647159 | 2019 | 2022 | \$ 270,000 |
| Dade | HIALEAH | 800738 | 86658662620 | 2019 | 2022 | \$ 270,000 |
| Dade | HIALEAH | 800738 | 86658663103 | 2019 | 2022 | \$ 240,840 |
| Dade | HIALEAH | 800738 | 86658671106 | 2019 | 2022 | \$ 27,000 |
| Dade | HIALEAH | 800738 | 86658821639 | 2019 | 2022 | \$ 27,000 |
| Dade | HIALEAH | 800738 | 86658831006 | 2019 | 2022 | \$ 27,000 |
| Dade | HIALEAH | 800738 | 86658832614 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 27,000 |
| Dade | HIALEAH | 800738 | 86658842610 | 2019 | 2022 | \$ 27,000 |
| Dade | HIALEAH | 800738 | 86758011724 | 2019 | 2022 | \$ 27,000 |
| Dade | OPA LOCKA | 801231 | 87063467901 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 297,000 |
| Dade | AIRPORT | 802631 | 86757118606 | 2019 | 2022 | \$ 632,899 |
| Dade | AIRPORT | 802631 | 86757188604 | 2019 | 2022 | \$ 85,817 |
| Dade | AIRPORT | 802631 | 86758431308 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 153,090 |
| Dade | AIRPORT | 802635 | 86757548201 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 270,000 |
| Dade | AIRPORT | 802635 | 86757565700 | 2019 | 2022 | \$ 117,998 |
| Dade | TROPICAL | 803037 | 86353281801 | 2019 | 2022 | \$ 500,850 |
| Dade | TROPICAL | 803037 | 86353534203 | 2019 | 2022 | \$ 270,000 |
| Dade | DADE | 805433 | 86557899903 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 150,179 |
| Dade | DADE | 805433 | 86558722616 | 2019 | 2022 | \$ 101,790 |
| Dade | DADE | 805433 | 86558782503 | 2019 | 2022 | \$ 125,280 |
| Dade | DADE | 805433 | 86558842506 | 2019 | 2022 | \$ 108,000 |
| Dade | DADE | 805433 | 86657445803 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 656,100 |
| Dade | DADE | 805433 | 86657475508 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 225,269 |
| Dade | DADE | 805433 | 86558619009S | 2019 | 2022 | \$ 332,540 |
| Dade | ULETA | 806334 | 87364493501 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 256,500 |
| Dade | ULETA | 806334 | 87364507803 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 121,500 |
| Dade | ULETA | 806334 | 87364519500 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 40,500 |
| Dade | ULETA | 806334 | 87364523906 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 283,500 |
| Dade | ULETA | 806334 | 87364525500 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 486,000 |
| Dade | ULETA | 806334 | 87364526107 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 553,500 |
| Dade | ULETA | 806334 | 87364526506 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 324,000 |
| Dade | ULETA | 806334 | 87364527804 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,458,000 |
| Dade | ULETA | 806334 | 87364533901 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 94,500 |
| Dade | ULETA | 806334 | 87364536501 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 540,000 |
| Dade | ULETA | 806334 | 87364634601 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 108,000 |

| Region | Substation | Feeder | Lateral | Projected Start Year ⁽¹⁾ | Projected Completion Year ⁽²⁾ | Projected 2022 Costs ⁽³⁾ |
|--------|------------|--------|--------------|-------------------------------------|--|-------------------------------------|
| Dade | ULETA | 806334 | 87364804603 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 702,000 |
| Dade | ULETA | 806334 | 87364833603 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 297,000 |
| Dade | ULETA | 806334 | 87364844702 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 229,500 |
| Dade | ULETA | 806334 | 87365492508 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 148,500 |
| Dade | ULETA | 806334 | 87365493806 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 40,500 |
| Dade | ULETA | 806334 | 87365494101 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 121,500 |
| Dade | ULETA | 806334 | 87365510301 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 621,000 |
| Dade | ULETA | 806334 | 87365510808 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 148,500 |
| Dade | ULETA | 806334 | 87365511405 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 148,500 |
| Dade | ULETA | 806334 | 87365511901 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 135,000 |
| Dade | ULETA | 806334 | 87365632504 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 405,000 |
| Dade | ULETA | 806334 | 87365773205 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 135,000 |
| Dade | ULETA | 806334 | 87365773701 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 135,000 |
| Dade | ULETA | 806334 | 87365774201 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 108,000 |
| Dade | ULETA | 806334 | 87365804500 | 2019 | 2022 | \$ 3,795,390 |
| Dade | ULETA | 806334 | 87464054203 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 702,000 |
| Dade | ULETA | 806334 | 87464054408 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 135,000 |
| Dade | ULETA | 806334 | 87464254806 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 121,500 |
| Dade | ULETA | 806334 | 87465024316 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 243,000 |
| Dade | ULETA | 806334 | 87465024308E | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 958,500 |
| Dade | ULETA | 806334 | 87465024308S | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 513,000 |
| Dade | SUNILAND | 806535 | 86446893803 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 459,000 |
| Dade | SUNILAND | 806535 | 86446894800 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 999,000 |
| Dade | SUNILAND | 806535 | 86546294703 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,350,000 |
| Dade | SUNILAND | 806535 | 86546354706 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 256,500 |
| Dade | SUNILAND | 806535 | 86546464803 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 877,500 |
| Dade | SUNILAND | 806535 | 86546694809 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 297,000 |
| Dade | SUNILAND | 806535 | 86546774900 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 297,000 |
| Dade | SUNILAND | 806535 | 86546844932 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 553,500 |
| Dade | SUNILAND | 806535 | 86546914809 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 256,500 |
| Dade | SUNILAND | 806535 | 86546954525 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 229,500 |
| Dade | SUNILAND | 806535 | 86646004801 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 135,000 |
| Dade | SUNILAND | 806535 | 86646084804 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,093,500 |
| Dade | SUNILAND | 806535 | 86646204800 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 256,500 |
| Dade | SUNILAND | 806535 | 86646479507 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,174,500 |
| Dade | SUNILAND | 806535 | 86647453307 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 40,500 |
| Dade | SUNILAND | 806535 | 86647463604 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 27,000 |
| Dade | SUNILAND | 806535 | 86647471003 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 108,000 |
| Dade | SUNILAND | 806535 | 86647480304 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 769,500 |
| Dade | SUNILAND | 806535 | 86446893811E | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 378,000 |
| Dade | SUNILAND | 806535 | 86546224705N | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 94,500 |
| Dade | SUNILAND | 806535 | 86546224705S | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,107,000 |
| Dade | SUNILAND | 806535 | 86546624801N | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 999,000 |
| Dade | SUNILAND | 806535 | 86546624801W | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 810,000 |
| Dade | SUNILAND | 806535 | 86646284901N | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 324,000 |
| Dade | LEMON CITY | 807731 | 87360521101 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 94,500 |
| Dade | LEMON CITY | 807731 | 87360813802 | 2018 | 2022 | \$ 540,000 |
| Dade | LEMON CITY | 807731 | 87360823808 | 2018 | 2022 | \$ 163,890 |
| Dade | LEMON CITY | 807731 | 87360916008 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 526,500 |
| Dade | LEMON CITY | 807731 | 87360916407 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 54,000 |
| Dade | LEMON CITY | 807731 | 87360916806 | 2019 | 2022 | \$ 1,431,000 |
| Dade | LEMON CITY | 807731 | 87360916903 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 67,500 |
| Dade | LEMON CITY | 807731 | 87360917101 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 67,500 |
| Dade | LEMON CITY | 807731 | 87360917608 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 67,500 |
| Dade | LEMON CITY | 807731 | 87360918001 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 54,000 |
| Dade | LEMON CITY | 807731 | 87360918507 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 445,500 |
| Dade | LEMON CITY | 807731 | 87360918701 | 2019 | 2022 | \$ 301,050 |
| Dade | LEMON CITY | 807731 | 87360919309 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 297,000 |
| Dade | LEMON CITY | 807731 | 87360919503 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 94,500 |
| Dade | LEMON CITY | 807731 | 87360922709 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 661,500 |
| Dade | LEMON CITY | 807731 | 87360923209 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 121,500 |

| Region | Substation | Feeder | Lateral | Projected Start Year ⁽¹⁾ | Projected Completion Year ⁽²⁾ | Projected 2022 Costs ⁽³⁾ |
|--------|---------------|--------|--------------|-------------------------------------|--|-------------------------------------|
| Dade | LEMON CITY | 807731 | 87360923705 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 135,000 |
| Dade | LEMON CITY | 807731 | 87360923900 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 607,500 |
| Dade | LEMON CITY | 807731 | 87360925708 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 472,500 |
| Dade | LEMON CITY | 807731 | 87360952209 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 121,500 |
| Dade | LEMON CITY | 807731 | 87361772000 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 128,725 |
| Dade | LEMON CITY | 807731 | 87361812001 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 117,998 |
| Dade | LEMON CITY | 807731 | 87361900105 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 697,262 |
| Dade | LEMON CITY | 807731 | 87361900202 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 107,271 |
| Dade | LEMON CITY | 807731 | 87361900300 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 310,500 |
| Dade | LEMON CITY | 807731 | 87361901608 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 24,300 |
| Dade | LEMON CITY | 807731 | 87361901802 | 2019 | 2022 | \$ 231,660 |
| Dade | LEMON CITY | 807731 | 87361902507 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 121,500 |
| Dade | LEMON CITY | 807731 | 87361903104 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 445,500 |
| Dade | LEMON CITY | 807731 | 87361903112 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 81,000 |
| Dade | LEMON CITY | 807731 | 87361913801 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 742,500 |
| Dade | LEMON CITY | 807731 | 87461030508 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 182,361 |
| Dade | LEMON CITY | 807731 | 87461102509 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 175,500 |
| Dade | LEMON CITY | 807731 | 87360521208E | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 189,000 |
| Dade | LEMON CITY | 807731 | 87360919309E | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 353,994 |
| Dade | LEMON CITY | 807731 | 87361900709E | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 148,500 |
| Dade | LEMON CITY | 807731 | 87361900709S | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 60,750 |
| Dade | LEMON CITY | 807731 | 87461072502N | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,107,000 |
| Dade | LEMON CITY | 807731 | 87461072502S | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 769,500 |
| Dade | BRANDON | 808632 | 87063502307 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 2,349,000 |
| Dade | BRANDON | 808632 | 87063503311 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 81,000 |
| Dade | BRANDON | 808632 | 87063503516 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 958,500 |
| Dade | BRANDON | 808632 | 87063647704 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 121,500 |
| Dade | BRANDON | 808632 | 87063708801 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 283,500 |
| Dade | BRANDON | 808632 | 87063725900 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 958,500 |
| Dade | BRANDON | 808632 | 87063745501 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 850,500 |
| Dade | BRANDON | 808632 | 87063746109 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 135,000 |
| Dade | BRANDON | 808632 | 87063746800 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 769,500 |
| Dade | BRANDON | 808632 | 87063747504 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 135,000 |
| Dade | BRANDON | 808632 | 87063772509 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 108,000 |
| Dade | BRANDON | 808632 | 87064721312 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 67,500 |
| Dade | BRANDON | 808632 | 87064763007 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 216,000 |
| Dade | BRANDON | 808632 | 87064843001 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 40,500 |
| Dade | BRANDON | 808632 | 87064873015 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 243,000 |
| Dade | BRANDON | 808632 | 87064956603 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,633,500 |
| Dade | BRANDON | 808632 | 87064993011 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,066,500 |
| Dade | BRANDON | 808632 | 87164063003 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 40,500 |
| Dade | BRANDON | 808632 | 87164224503 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 351,000 |
| Dade | BRANDON | 808632 | 87164224813 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 108,000 |
| Dade | BRANDON | 808632 | 87164268403 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 81,000 |
| Dade | BRANDON | 808632 | 87164318401 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 40,500 |
| Dade | BRANDON | 808632 | 87164358305 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 108,000 |
| Dade | BRANDON | 808632 | 87164428401 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 67,500 |
| Dade | BRANDON | 808632 | 87164453600 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 270,000 |
| Dade | BRANDON | 808632 | 87164454002 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 499,500 |
| Dade | BRANDON | 808632 | 87164455106 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 499,500 |
| Dade | BRANDON | 808632 | 87164464202 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 175,500 |
| Dade | BRANDON | 808632 | 87164682901 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,485,000 |
| Dade | BRANDON | 808632 | 87164685306 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,390,500 |
| Dade | BRANDON | 808632 | 87063503303E | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 553,500 |
| Dade | BRANDON | 808632 | 87063725918S | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 135,000 |
| Dade | BRANDON | 808632 | 87064865802E | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 229,500 |
| Dade | BRANDON | 808632 | 87064913009E | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 67,500 |
| Dade | BRANDON | 808632 | 87064913009S | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 202,500 |
| Dade | BRANDON | 808632 | 87164455505E | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 499,500 |
| Dade | BRANDON | 808632 | 87164455505N | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,161,000 |
| Dade | SNAPPER CREEK | 808833 | 86647006807 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 256,500 |

| Region | Substation | Feeder | Lateral | Projected Start Year ⁽¹⁾ | Projected Completion Year ⁽²⁾ | Projected 2022 Costs ⁽³⁾ |
|--------|---------------|--------|--------------|-------------------------------------|--|-------------------------------------|
| Dade | SNAPPER CREEK | 808833 | 86647116807 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 108,000 |
| Dade | SNAPPER CREEK | 808833 | 86647187003 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 162,000 |
| Dade | SNAPPER CREEK | 808833 | 86647276901 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 40,500 |
| Dade | SNAPPER CREEK | 808833 | 86647276910 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 148,500 |
| Dade | SNAPPER CREEK | 808833 | 86647316903 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 229,500 |
| Dade | SNAPPER CREEK | 808833 | 86647316911 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 121,500 |
| Dade | SNAPPER CREEK | 808833 | 86647366901 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 108,000 |
| Dade | SNAPPER CREEK | 808833 | 86647366919 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 108,000 |
| Dade | SNAPPER CREEK | 808833 | 86647416916 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 54,000 |
| Dade | SNAPPER CREEK | 808833 | 86647627003 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 40,500 |
| Dade | SNAPPER CREEK | 808833 | 86647677001 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 54,000 |
| Dade | SNAPPER CREEK | 808833 | 86647718301 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 94,500 |
| Dade | SNAPPER CREEK | 808833 | 86647718718 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 256,500 |
| Dade | SNAPPER CREEK | 808833 | 86647718912 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 864,000 |
| Dade | SNAPPER CREEK | 808833 | 86647718998 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 67,500 |
| Dade | SNAPPER CREEK | 808833 | 86647807001 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 54,000 |
| Dade | SNAPPER CREEK | 808833 | 86647847003 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 270,000 |
| Dade | SNAPPER CREEK | 808833 | 86647867101 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 202,500 |
| Dade | SNAPPER CREEK | 808833 | 86647917109 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 121,500 |
| Dade | SNAPPER CREEK | 808833 | 86648171101 | 2018 | 2022 | \$ 297,000 |
| Dade | SNAPPER CREEK | 808833 | 86648281208 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 553,500 |
| Dade | SNAPPER CREEK | 808833 | 86648281216 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 121,500 |
| Dade | SNAPPER CREEK | 808833 | 86648684302 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 40,500 |
| Dade | SNAPPER CREEK | 808833 | 86648685104 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 40,500 |
| Dade | SNAPPER CREEK | 808833 | 86648692003 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 40,500 |
| Dade | SNAPPER CREEK | 808833 | 86648692909 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 40,500 |
| Dade | SNAPPER CREEK | 808833 | 86648693107 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 54,000 |
| Dade | SNAPPER CREEK | 808833 | 86648693301 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 54,000 |
| Dade | SNAPPER CREEK | 808833 | 86648700316 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 891,000 |
| Dade | SNAPPER CREEK | 808833 | 86648784404 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 378,000 |
| Dade | SNAPPER CREEK | 808833 | 86648904400 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 121,500 |
| Dade | SNAPPER CREEK | 808833 | 86648914405 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 189,000 |
| Dade | SNAPPER CREEK | 808833 | 86648964500 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 162,000 |
| Dade | SNAPPER CREEK | 808833 | 86648964518 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 175,500 |
| Dade | SNAPPER CREEK | 808833 | 86747108705 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 621,000 |
| Dade | SNAPPER CREEK | 808833 | 86748084516 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 108,000 |
| Dade | SNAPPER CREEK | 808833 | 86748091504 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 148,500 |
| Dade | SNAPPER CREEK | 808833 | 86748092403 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 985,500 |
| Dade | SNAPPER CREEK | 808833 | 86748133606 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 418,500 |
| Dade | SNAPPER CREEK | 808833 | 86647006815N | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 135,000 |
| Dade | SNAPPER CREEK | 808833 | 86647116815N | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 162,000 |
| Dade | SNAPPER CREEK | 808833 | 86647517003N | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 216,000 |
| East | ACREAGE | 406767 | 66529460401N | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 4,956,624 |
| East | ACREAGE | 406767 | 66530470202S | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 2,435,516 |
| East | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66520829593 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,646,400 |
| East | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66522866119 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 891,800 |
| East | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66522868006 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 352,800 |
| East | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66522879008 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 137,200 |
| East | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66522956207 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 39,200 |
| East | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66523863407 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 107,800 |
| East | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66523870403 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 176,400 |
| East | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66523871809 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 127,400 |
| East | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66523884803 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 49,000 |
| East | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66523885109 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 68,600 |
| East | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66523885508 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 156,800 |
| East | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66523887101 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 156,800 |
| East | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66523888701 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 196,000 |
| East | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66523897701 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 58,800 |
| East | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66523899100 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 49,000 |
| East | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66523899304 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 58,800 |
| East | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66523899908 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 58,800 |

| Region | Substation | Feeder | Lateral | Projected Start Year ⁽¹⁾ | Projected Completion Year ⁽²⁾ | Projected 2022 Costs ⁽³⁾ |
|--------|-------------|--------|-------------|-------------------------------------|--|-------------------------------------|
| East | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66524891005 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 39,200 |
| East | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66524891706 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 793,800 |
| East | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66620268719 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,911,000 |
| East | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66620859105 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 735,000 |
| East | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66621844101 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 156,800 |
| East | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66621845400 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 78,400 |
| East | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66621856908 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 833,000 |
| East | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66621856924 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 186,200 |
| East | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66621868400 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 597,800 |
| East | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66621869601 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 480,200 |
| East | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66622116100 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 39,200 |
| East | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66622346105 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 2,371,600 |
| East | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66622536109 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 284,200 |
| East | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66622726200 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 68,600 |
| East | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66622870408 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 205,800 |
| East | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66622871102 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 431,200 |
| East | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66622871501 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 196,000 |
| East | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66622872109 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 431,200 |
| East | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66622883003 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 490,000 |
| East | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66622885103 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 196,000 |
| East | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66622896903 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 49,000 |
| East | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66622897501 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 156,800 |
| East | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66622897705 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 88,200 |
| East | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66622898400 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 637,000 |
| East | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66623900807 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 88,200 |
| East | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66623901404 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 225,400 |
| East | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66623913101 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 166,600 |
| East | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66623913704 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 68,600 |
| East | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66623913801 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 333,200 |
| East | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66623914701 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 156,800 |
| East | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66623926105 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 215,600 |
| East | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66623926601 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 88,200 |
| East | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66623927802 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 333,200 |
| East | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66623927829 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 9,800 |
| East | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66623938901 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 49,000 |
| East | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66623939703 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 49,000 |
| East | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66624942309 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 68,600 |
| East | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66624975002 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 196,000 |
| East | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66720218701 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 29,400 |
| East | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66720319109 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 29,400 |
| East | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66720498801 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 323,400 |
| East | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66720878302 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,666,000 |
| East | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66721022801 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 88,200 |
| East | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66721092809 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 49,000 |
| East | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66721232805 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 78,400 |
| East | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66721282802 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 39,200 |
| East | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66721320704 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 127,400 |
| East | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66721320721 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 127,400 |
| East | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66721332401 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 588,000 |
| East | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66721332907 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 2,146,200 |
| East | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66722206018 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 68,600 |
| East | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66722496024 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 19,600 |
| East | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66722635903 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 19,600 |
| East | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66722675905 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 98,000 |
| East | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66722936903 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 735,000 |
| East | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66722958001 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 137,200 |
| East | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66722958702 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 431,200 |
| East | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66722959300 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 499,800 |
| East | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66722965601 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 4,312,000 |
| East | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66722965610 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 196,000 |
| East | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66723956002 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 78,400 |

| Region | Substation | Feeder | Lateral | Projected Start Year ⁽¹⁾ | Projected Completion Year ⁽²⁾ | Projected 2022 Costs ⁽³⁾ |
|--------|-------------|--------|--------------|-------------------------------------|--|-------------------------------------|
| East | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66723956703 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 68,600 |
| East | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66723958005 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 39,200 |
| East | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66723960301 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 49,000 |
| East | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66723961405 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 235,200 |
| East | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66723963106 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 107,800 |
| East | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66723963408 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 156,800 |
| East | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66723964200 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 215,600 |
| East | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66723964706 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 578,200 |
| East | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66723968809 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 274,400 |
| East | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66723969309 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,803,200 |
| East | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66723975406 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 78,400 |
| East | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66822455814 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 19,600 |
| East | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66621752801N | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 245,000 |
| East | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66621752801W | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 646,800 |
| East | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66622346113N | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 3,822,000 |
| East | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66622885103W | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 156,800 |
| East | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66623927209E | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 156,800 |
| East | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66623927209W | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 196,000 |
| East | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66623939509E | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 215,600 |
| East | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66623939509W | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 725,200 |
| East | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66624930203E | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 156,800 |
| East | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66624930203W | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 460,600 |
| East | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66624941604E | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 901,600 |
| East | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66624941604W | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 421,400 |
| East | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66624965708E | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 911,400 |
| East | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66624965708W | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 2,224,600 |
| East | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66624974308E | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 127,400 |
| East | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66624974308W | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 39,200 |
| East | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66722396003N | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 6,164,200 |
| East | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66722396003S | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,646,400 |
| East | LOXAHATCHEE | 407666 | 66723960905E | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 68,600 |
| North | GATOR | 108362 | 35155789106 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 1,137,780 |
| North | GATOR | 108362 | 34858422505W | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 1,589,560 |
| North | MILLS | 308063 | 13000911605 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 2,681,412 |
| North | MILLS | 308063 | 13100102802 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 443,269 |
| North | MILLS | 308063 | 13100252707 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 1,017,338 |
| North | MILLS | 308063 | 13100402091N | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 1,137,780 |
| North | SEBASTIAN | 405764 | 49301619905 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 840,105 |
| North | SEBASTIAN | 405764 | 65499113802 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 50,715 |
| North | SEBASTIAN | 405764 | 65499115716 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 190,733 |
| North | SEBASTIAN | 405764 | 49300453604N | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 132,300 |
| North | SEBASTIAN | 405764 | 49300453604S | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 348,390 |
| North | SEBASTIAN | 405764 | 49300573901N | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,024,223 |
| North | SEBASTIAN | 405765 | 49200688026 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 540,225 |
| North | SEBASTIAN | 405765 | 49200737604 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,488,375 |
| North | SEBASTIAN | 405765 | 49200955903 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 264,600 |
| North | SEBASTIAN | 405765 | 49201920704 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 374,850 |
| North | SEBASTIAN | 405765 | 49300204906 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 297,675 |
| North | SEBASTIAN | 405765 | 49300255306 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 463,050 |
| North | SEBASTIAN | 405765 | 49300300409 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,256,850 |
| North | SEBASTIAN | 405765 | 49300305605 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 529,200 |
| North | SEBASTIAN | 405765 | 49300346107 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 540,225 |
| North | SEBASTIAN | 405765 | 49300366396 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 848,925 |
| North | SEBASTIAN | 405765 | 49300405812 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 286,650 |
| North | SEBASTIAN | 405765 | 49301100101 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,080,450 |
| North | SEBASTIAN | 405765 | 65399331101 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,080,450 |
| North | SEBASTIAN | 405765 | 65399517204 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,245,825 |
| North | SEBASTIAN | 405765 | 65399574003 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 496,125 |
| North | SEBASTIAN | 405765 | 65399714000 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 496,125 |
| North | SEBASTIAN | 405765 | 65399911301 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 771,750 |
| North | SEBASTIAN | 405765 | 65399951109 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 507,150 |

| Region | Substation | Feeder | Lateral | Projected Start Year ⁽¹⁾ | Projected Completion Year ⁽²⁾ | Projected 2022 Costs ⁽³⁾ |
|--------|------------|--------|--------------|-------------------------------------|--|-------------------------------------|
| North | SEBASTIAN | 405765 | 65498124703 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 220,500 |
| North | SEBASTIAN | 405765 | 65498125301 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 110,250 |
| North | SEBASTIAN | 405765 | 65499031008 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 176,400 |
| North | SEBASTIAN | 405765 | 49200688000N | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 187,425 |
| North | SEBASTIAN | 405765 | 49200826909N | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 363,825 |
| North | SEBASTIAN | 405765 | 49200826909S | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 242,550 |
| North | SEBASTIAN | 405765 | 49300174403N | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 396,900 |
| North | SEBASTIAN | 405765 | 49300174403S | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 606,375 |
| North | SEBASTIAN | 405765 | 49300192304S | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 154,350 |
| North | SEBASTIAN | 405765 | 49300192401E | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 231,525 |
| North | SEBASTIAN | 405765 | 49300252005S | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 209,475 |
| North | SEBASTIAN | 405765 | 49300405804E | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 694,575 |
| North | SEBASTIAN | 405765 | 49301000409N | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,036,350 |
| North | SEBASTIAN | 405765 | 49301000417S | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 562,275 |
| North | SEBASTIAN | 405765 | 49301326100E | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 771,750 |
| North | SEBASTIAN | 405765 | 49301326100N | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,058,400 |
| North | SEBASTIAN | 405765 | 65399409002E | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,697,850 |
| North | SEBASTIAN | 405765 | 65399409002W | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,389,150 |
| North | SEBASTIAN | 405765 | 65399497505E | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 77,175 |
| North | SEBASTIAN | 405765 | 65399497505W | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 407,925 |
| North | SEBASTIAN | 405765 | 65399675004E | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,201,725 |
| North | SEBASTIAN | 405765 | 65399675004W | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 606,375 |
| North | SEBASTIAN | 405765 | 65399753706N | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,587,600 |
| North | SEBASTIAN | 405765 | 65399753706W | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,477,350 |
| North | ROSEDALE | 410762 | 65788457003 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 762,102 |
| North | ROSEDALE | 410762 | 65788527001 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 186,095 |
| North | ROSEDALE | 410762 | 65788597000 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 230,403 |
| North | ROSEDALE | 410762 | 65788727001 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 194,956 |
| North | ROSEDALE | 410762 | 65788757007 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 203,818 |
| North | ROSEDALE | 410762 | 65788797009 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 177,233 |
| North | ROSEDALE | 410762 | 65788857010 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 203,818 |
| North | ROSEDALE | 410762 | 65789222301 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 735,517 |
| North | ROSEDALE | 410762 | 65888454801 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 1,471,034 |
| North | ROSEDALE | 410762 | 65788317007N | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 638,039 |
| North | ROSEDALE | 410762 | 65788317007S | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 203,818 |
| North | ROSEDALE | 410762 | 65788387005N | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 425,359 |
| North | ROSEDALE | 410762 | 65788387005S | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 194,956 |
| North | ROSEDALE | 410762 | 65788667008N | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 194,956 |
| North | ROSEDALE | 410762 | 65788667008S | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 194,956 |
| North | ROSEDALE | 410762 | 65888517209E | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 921,612 |
| North | FELLSMERE | 411562 | 48900894203 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 418,950 |
| North | FELLSMERE | 411562 | 49200271206 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 540,225 |
| North | FELLSMERE | 411562 | 49200301202 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 66,150 |
| North | FELLSMERE | 411562 | 49200351005 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 154,350 |
| North | FELLSMERE | 411562 | 49200541203 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,102,500 |
| North | FELLSMERE | 411562 | 49200670313 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 165,375 |
| North | FELLSMERE | 411562 | 49200953200 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 275,625 |
| North | FELLSMERE | 411562 | 65298598504 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,069,425 |
| North | FELLSMERE | 411562 | 65298628501 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 231,525 |
| North | FELLSMERE | 411562 | 65299356105 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,400,175 |
| North | FELLSMERE | 411562 | 65299357705 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 209,475 |
| North | FELLSMERE | 411562 | 65299358400 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 209,475 |
| North | FELLSMERE | 411562 | 65299446104 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 639,450 |
| North | FELLSMERE | 411562 | 65299506107 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 121,275 |
| North | FELLSMERE | 411562 | 65299546508 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 2,006,550 |
| North | FELLSMERE | 411562 | 65299554900 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 595,350 |
| North | FELLSMERE | 411562 | 65299709903 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 88,200 |
| North | FELLSMERE | 411562 | 65299709911 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 286,650 |
| North | FELLSMERE | 411562 | 65299724007 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 319,725 |
| North | FELLSMERE | 411562 | 65299724015 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 705,600 |
| North | FELLSMERE | 411562 | 65299739713 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 297,675 |

| Region | Substation | Feeder | Lateral | Projected Start Year ⁽¹⁾ | Projected Completion Year ⁽²⁾ | Projected 2022 Costs ⁽³⁾ |
|--------|------------|--------|--------------|-------------------------------------|--|-------------------------------------|
| North | FELLSMERE | 411562 | 65299748909 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 264,600 |
| North | FELLSMERE | 411562 | 65299748917 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 154,350 |
| North | FELLSMERE | 411562 | 65299788501 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 264,600 |
| North | FELLSMERE | 411562 | 65299788510 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 165,375 |
| North | FELLSMERE | 411562 | 65299848105 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 264,600 |
| North | FELLSMERE | 411562 | 65299848113 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,080,450 |
| North | FELLSMERE | 411562 | 65299924006 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 55,125 |
| North | FELLSMERE | 411562 | 65299924014 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 374,850 |
| North | FELLSMERE | 411562 | 65398029303 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 463,050 |
| North | FELLSMERE | 411562 | 65398079505 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 242,550 |
| North | FELLSMERE | 411562 | 65399084901 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 187,425 |
| North | FELLSMERE | 411562 | 65399084910 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 110,250 |
| North | FELLSMERE | 411562 | 65399175702 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 573,300 |
| North | FELLSMERE | 411562 | 65399175711 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 904,050 |
| North | FELLSMERE | 411562 | 65399210800 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 231,525 |
| North | FELLSMERE | 411562 | 65399240105 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 826,875 |
| North | FELLSMERE | 411562 | 65399240113 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,367,100 |
| North | FELLSMERE | 411562 | 65399271001 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 738,675 |
| North | FELLSMERE | 411562 | 69200670308 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 77,175 |
| North | FELLSMERE | 411562 | 65299356504E | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 551,250 |
| North | FELLSMERE | 411562 | 65299356504W | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,278,900 |
| North | FELLSMERE | 411562 | 65299359007E | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 441,000 |
| North | FELLSMERE | 411562 | 65299359007W | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 176,400 |
| North | FELLSMERE | 411562 | 65299561604E | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 815,850 |
| North | FELLSMERE | 411562 | 65299561604W | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,389,150 |
| North | FELLSMERE | 411562 | 65398139800N | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 198,450 |
| North | FELLSMERE | 411562 | 65398139800S | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 540,225 |
| West | HYDE PARK | 500434 | 51566533007 | 2019 | 2022 | \$ 1,201,950 |
| West | HYDE PARK | 500434 | 51566682002E | 2019 | 2022 | \$ 1,137,600 |
| West | COLONIAL | 502631 | 55715337206 | 2019 | 2022 | \$ 112,500 |
| West | COLONIAL | 502631 | 55715408391 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 112,500 |
| West | COLONIAL | 502631 | 55715517727 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 112,500 |
| West | COLONIAL | 502631 | 55715408294E | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 112,500 |
| West | COLONIAL | 502631 | 55715408294W | 2019 | 2022 | \$ 2,099,700 |
| West | PAYNE | 502835 | 51267620707E | 2018 | 2022 | \$ 256,950 |
| West | HARBOR | 503766 | 54442738303 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 734,400 |
| West | HARBOR | 503766 | 54442738907 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 388,800 |
| West | HARBOR | 503766 | 54443430001 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 388,800 |
| West | HARBOR | 503766 | 54443541708 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 291,600 |
| West | HARBOR | 503766 | 54443733208 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 421,200 |
| West | HARBOR | 503766 | 54443734603 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 32,400 |
| West | HARBOR | 503766 | 54443735201 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 410,400 |
| West | HARBOR | 503766 | 54542069205 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 745,200 |
| West | HARBOR | 503766 | 54542139203 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,144,800 |
| West | HARBOR | 503766 | 54542189201 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 918,000 |
| West | HARBOR | 503766 | 54542239305 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 151,200 |
| West | HARBOR | 503766 | 54442829201N | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 21,600 |
| West | HARBOR | 503766 | 54442829201S | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,058,400 |
| West | BENEVA | 504135 | 51664573204 | 2019 | 2022 | \$ 673,200 |
| West | BENEVA | 504135 | 51664577901W | 2019 | 2022 | \$ 2,152,125 |
| West | WALKER | 506035 | 51179642508 | 2019 | 2022 | \$ 1,115,550 |
| West | FRANKLIN | 506465 | 53646863101 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 2,008,800 |
| West | FRANKLIN | 506465 | 53646863110 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 10,800 |
| West | FRANKLIN | 506465 | 53646874111 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 86,400 |
| West | FRANKLIN | 506465 | 53646894813 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 162,000 |
| West | FRANKLIN | 506465 | 53646915403 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 140,400 |
| West | FRANKLIN | 506465 | 53646946007 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 10,800 |
| West | FRANKLIN | 506465 | 53646946015 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 237,600 |
| West | FRANKLIN | 506465 | 53648808302 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 496,800 |
| West | FRANKLIN | 506465 | 53648878301 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 75,600 |
| West | FRANKLIN | 506465 | 53746016911 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 54,000 |

| Region | Substation | Feeder | Lateral | Projected Start Year ⁽¹⁾ | Projected Completion Year ⁽²⁾ | Projected 2022 Costs ⁽³⁾ |
|---------|------------|--------|--------------|-------------------------------------|--|-------------------------------------|
| West | FRANKLIN | 506465 | 53746058002 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 291,600 |
| West | FRANKLIN | 506465 | 53746058011 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,522,800 |
| West | FRANKLIN | 506465 | 53746068202 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 86,400 |
| West | FRANKLIN | 506465 | 53746169904 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 3,369,600 |
| West | FRANKLIN | 506465 | 53747068109 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 399,600 |
| West | FRANKLIN | 506465 | 53747079704 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 626,400 |
| West | FRANKLIN | 506465 | 53747079798 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 2,959,200 |
| West | FRANKLIN | 506465 | 53747231310 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,155,600 |
| West | FRANKLIN | 506465 | 53747252414 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 118,800 |
| West | FRANKLIN | 506465 | 53747302705 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 399,600 |
| West | FRANKLIN | 506465 | 53747443708 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 248,400 |
| West | FRANKLIN | 506465 | 53747443716 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,846,800 |
| West | FRANKLIN | 506465 | 53747604817 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 129,600 |
| West | FRANKLIN | 506465 | 53747645106 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 2,419,200 |
| West | FRANKLIN | 506465 | 53747807319 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 118,800 |
| West | FRANKLIN | 506465 | 53747807394 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 550,800 |
| West | FRANKLIN | 506465 | 53747827603 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 280,800 |
| West | FRANKLIN | 506465 | 53747848210 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,512,000 |
| West | FRANKLIN | 506465 | 53747889803 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 172,800 |
| West | FRANKLIN | 506465 | 53748091902 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 453,600 |
| West | FRANKLIN | 506465 | 53748091996 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 2,602,800 |
| West | FRANKLIN | 506465 | 53748102505 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 410,400 |
| West | FRANKLIN | 506465 | 53748102599 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 918,000 |
| West | FRANKLIN | 506465 | 53748102904 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 226,800 |
| West | FRANKLIN | 506465 | 53748124908 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 896,400 |
| West | FRANKLIN | 506465 | 53748125505 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,900,800 |
| West | FRANKLIN | 506465 | 53748125599 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,209,600 |
| West | FRANKLIN | 506465 | 53748128105 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,663,200 |
| West | FRANKLIN | 506465 | 53748137309 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,198,800 |
| West | FRANKLIN | 506465 | 53748158306 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 237,600 |
| West | FRANKLIN | 506465 | 53748158713 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 259,200 |
| West | FRANKLIN | 506465 | 53748179605 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,738,800 |
| West | FRANKLIN | 506465 | 53748248003 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 820,800 |
| West | FRANKLIN | 506465 | 53748577902 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,090,800 |
| West | FRANKLIN | 506465 | 53748907805 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 896,400 |
| West | FRANKLIN | 506465 | 53748951502 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 583,200 |
| West | FRANKLIN | 506465 | 53748961907 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 5,670,000 |
| West | FRANKLIN | 506465 | 53748962709 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 2,127,600 |
| West | FRANKLIN | 506465 | 53748983412 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,501,200 |
| West | FRANKLIN | 506465 | 53748994503 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 2,656,800 |
| West | FRANKLIN | 506465 | 53749220803 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 43,200 |
| West | FRANKLIN | 506465 | 53749231104 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,015,200 |
| West | FRANKLIN | 506465 | 53749261704 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 226,800 |
| West | FRANKLIN | 506465 | 53749272102E | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,047,600 |
| West | FRANKLIN | 506465 | 53749272102W | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 421,200 |
| West | FRANKLIN | 506465 | 53848026700E | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 399,600 |
| West | FRANKLIN | 506465 | 53848026700w | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 658,800 |
| Broward | SISTRUNK | 700139 | 87481822507 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 145,530 |
| Broward | SISTRUNK | 700139 | 87481823406 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 36,652 |
| Broward | SISTRUNK | 700139 | 87481832006 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 17,248 |
| Broward | SISTRUNK | 700139 | 87481832308 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 37,730 |
| Broward | SISTRUNK | 700139 | 87481833801 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 36,652 |
| Broward | SISTRUNK | 700139 | 87481967009 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 90,552 |
| Broward | SISTRUNK | 700139 | 87481997200 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 113,190 |
| Broward | SISTRUNK | 700139 | 87580428901 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 23,716 |
| Broward | SISTRUNK | 700139 | 87580489004 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 23,716 |
| Broward | SISTRUNK | 700139 | 87580549007 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 23,716 |
| Broward | SISTRUNK | 700139 | 87581028604 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 12,936 |
| Broward | SISTRUNK | 700139 | 87581052106 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 29,106 |
| Broward | SISTRUNK | 700139 | 87581301009 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 20,482 |
| Broward | SISTRUNK | 700139 | 87581422604 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 40,964 |

| Region | Substation | Feeder | Lateral | Projected Start Year ⁽¹⁾ | Projected Completion Year ⁽²⁾ | Projected 2022 Costs ⁽³⁾ |
|---------|---------------|--------|--------------|-------------------------------------|--|-------------------------------------|
| Broward | SISTRUNK | 700139 | 87581432103 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 10,780 |
| Broward | SISTRUNK | 700139 | 87581730309 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 7,546 |
| Broward | SISTRUNK | 700139 | 87581800404 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 3,234 |
| Broward | SISTRUNK | 700139 | 87581853010 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 52,822 |
| Broward | SISTRUNK | 700139 | 87581853028 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 67,914 |
| Broward | SISTRUNK | 700139 | 87580489004N | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 9,702 |
| Broward | IMAGINATION | 704264 | 85973618617 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 46,354 |
| Broward | IMAGINATION | 704264 | 85974593901 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 146,608 |
| Broward | IMAGINATION | 704264 | 85974603702 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 9,702 |
| Broward | IMAGINATION | 704264 | 86073289200 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 140,140 |
| Broward | IMAGINATION | 704264 | 86073289901 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 64,680 |
| Broward | IMAGINATION | 704264 | 86074278805 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 49,588 |
| Broward | IMAGINATION | 704264 | 86074279607 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 70,070 |
| Broward | IMAGINATION | 704264 | 86074281202 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 50,666 |
| Broward | IMAGINATION | 704264 | 86074283108 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 87,318 |
| Broward | IMAGINATION | 704264 | 86074284406 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 112,112 |
| Broward | IMAGINATION | 704264 | 86074284414 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 2,156 |
| Broward | IMAGINATION | 704264 | 86074284902 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 53,900 |
| Broward | IMAGINATION | 704264 | 86074285402 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 3,234 |
| Broward | IMAGINATION | 704264 | 86074285801 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 54,978 |
| Broward | IMAGINATION | 704264 | 86074286603 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 14,014 |
| Broward | IMAGINATION | 704264 | 86074287201 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 60,368 |
| Broward | IMAGINATION | 704264 | 86074835101 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 75,460 |
| Broward | IMAGINATION | 704264 | 86074835704 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 21,560 |
| Broward | IMAGINATION | 704264 | 86074839912 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 18,326 |
| Broward | IMAGINATION | 704264 | 86075263305 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 59,290 |
| Broward | IMAGINATION | 704264 | 86075264204 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 4,312 |
| Broward | IMAGINATION | 704264 | 86075271707 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 49,588 |
| Broward | IMAGINATION | 704264 | 86075271715 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 79,772 |
| Broward | IMAGINATION | 704264 | 86075272100 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 15,092 |
| Broward | IMAGINATION | 704264 | 86075272509 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 71,148 |
| Broward | IMAGINATION | 704264 | 86075275702 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 54,978 |
| Broward | IMAGINATION | 704264 | 86075276407 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 2,156 |
| Broward | IMAGINATION | 704264 | 86075280501 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 64,680 |
| Broward | IMAGINATION | 704264 | 86075280609 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 25,872 |
| Broward | IMAGINATION | 704264 | 86075840507 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 6,468 |
| Broward | IMAGINATION | 704264 | 86075867511 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 23,716 |
| Broward | IMAGINATION | 704264 | 86075957510 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 1,078 |
| Broward | IMAGINATION | 704264 | 86175137502 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 112,112 |
| Broward | IMAGINATION | 704264 | 86175337706 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 160,622 |
| Broward | IMAGINATION | 704264 | 86175477800 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 61,446 |
| Broward | IMAGINATION | 704264 | 86175587800 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 7,546 |
| Broward | IMAGINATION | 704264 | 86175837814 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 191,884 |
| Broward | IMAGINATION | 704264 | 86175997501 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 75,460 |
| Broward | IMAGINATION | 704264 | 86274214200 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 7,546 |
| Broward | IMAGINATION | 704264 | 86274224906 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 7,546 |
| Broward | IMAGINATION | 704264 | 86275226813 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 38,808 |
| Broward | IMAGINATION | 704264 | 85974594801N | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 64,680 |
| Broward | IMAGINATION | 704264 | 86075265014W | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 100,254 |
| Dade | COCONUT GROVE | 800442 | 86850408402 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 25,200 |
| Dade | COCONUT GROVE | 800442 | 86850409506 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 105,600 |
| Dade | COCONUT GROVE | 800442 | 86850409701 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 10,800 |
| Dade | COCONUT GROVE | 800442 | 86850414691 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 94,800 |
| Dade | COCONUT GROVE | 800442 | 86850414909 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 62,400 |
| Dade | COCONUT GROVE | 800442 | 86850416103 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 10,800 |
| Dade | COCONUT GROVE | 800442 | 86850416707 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 26,400 |
| Dade | COCONUT GROVE | 800442 | 86850417304 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 26,400 |
| Dade | COCONUT GROVE | 800442 | 86850417801 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 26,400 |
| Dade | COCONUT GROVE | 800442 | 86850421506 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 3,600 |
| Dade | COCONUT GROVE | 800442 | 86850422006 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 8,400 |
| Dade | COCONUT GROVE | 800442 | 86850422600 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 10,800 |

| Region | Substation | Feeder | Lateral | Projected Start Year ⁽¹⁾ | Projected Completion Year ⁽²⁾ | Projected 2022 Costs ⁽³⁾ |
|--------|---------------|--------|--------------|-------------------------------------|--|-------------------------------------|
| Dade | COCONUT GROVE | 800442 | 86850424408 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 9,600 |
| Dade | COCONUT GROVE | 800442 | 86850558901 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 26,400 |
| Dade | COCONUT GROVE | 800442 | 86850698800 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 12,000 |
| Dade | COCONUT GROVE | 800442 | 86850708201 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 12,000 |
| Dade | COCONUT GROVE | 800442 | 86850717600 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 48,000 |
| Dade | COCONUT GROVE | 800442 | 86850768701 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 6,000 |
| Dade | COCONUT GROVE | 800442 | 86850908901 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 31,200 |
| Dade | COCONUT GROVE | 800442 | 86851373009 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 4,800 |
| Dade | COCONUT GROVE | 800442 | 86851391503 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 12,000 |
| Dade | COCONUT GROVE | 800442 | 86851392003 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 6,000 |
| Dade | COCONUT GROVE | 800442 | 86851400405 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 10,800 |
| Dade | COCONUT GROVE | 800442 | 86851401002 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 10,800 |
| Dade | COCONUT GROVE | 800442 | 86851433818 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 42,000 |
| Dade | COCONUT GROVE | 800442 | 86851584603 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 34,800 |
| Dade | COCONUT GROVE | 800442 | 86850415506E | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 60,000 |
| Dade | COCONUT GROVE | 800442 | 86850415506W | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 13,200 |
| Dade | COCONUT GROVE | 800442 | 86850423207E | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 67,200 |
| Dade | COCONUT GROVE | 800442 | 86850423207W | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 74,400 |
| Dade | COCONUT GROVE | 800442 | 86850423801E | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 9,600 |
| Dade | COCONUT GROVE | 800442 | 86850423801W | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 7,200 |
| Dade | COCONUT GROVE | 800442 | 86850716808E | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 24,000 |
| Dade | COCONUT GROVE | 800442 | 86850716808S | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 42,000 |
| Dade | BISCAYNE | 801833 | 87164755002 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 19,200 |
| Dade | BISCAYNE | 801833 | 87164766101 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 19,200 |
| Dade | BISCAYNE | 801833 | 87164866106 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 102,000 |
| Dade | BISCAYNE | 801833 | 87164968502 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 156,000 |
| Dade | BISCAYNE | 801833 | 87164977005 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 27,600 |
| Dade | BISCAYNE | 801833 | 87164977706 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 61,200 |
| Dade | BISCAYNE | 801833 | 87164983005 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 112,800 |
| Dade | BISCAYNE | 801833 | 87164983609 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 81,600 |
| Dade | BISCAYNE | 801833 | 87164985008 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 40,800 |
| Dade | BISCAYNE | 801833 | 87164990605 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 134,400 |
| Dade | BISCAYNE | 801833 | 87164991202 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 116,400 |
| Dade | BISCAYNE | 801833 | 87164995704 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 75,600 |
| Dade | BISCAYNE | 801833 | 87263003307 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 22,800 |
| Dade | BISCAYNE | 801833 | 87263007205 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 27,600 |
| Dade | BISCAYNE | 801833 | 87263007906 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 32,400 |
| Dade | BISCAYNE | 801833 | 87263014601 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 40,800 |
| Dade | BISCAYNE | 801833 | 87263015305 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 42,000 |
| Dade | BISCAYNE | 801833 | 87263015909 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 36,000 |
| Dade | BISCAYNE | 801833 | 87263016603 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 48,000 |
| Dade | BISCAYNE | 801833 | 87263033907 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 24,000 |
| Dade | BISCAYNE | 801833 | 87164984303E | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 91,200 |
| Dade | BISCAYNE | 801833 | 87164984303W | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 13,200 |
| Dade | BISCAYNE | 801833 | 87263007205W | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 30,000 |
| Dade | BISCAYNE | 801833 | 87263008503E | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 25,200 |
| Dade | BISCAYNE | 801833 | 87263008503W | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 33,600 |
| Dade | AVOCADO | 810064 | 85137726400 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 50,400 |
| Dade | AVOCADO | 810064 | 85137728305 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 15,600 |
| Dade | AVOCADO | 810064 | 85137743703 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 30,000 |
| Dade | AVOCADO | 810064 | 85137824002 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 8,400 |
| Dade | AVOCADO | 810064 | 85137934002 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 20,400 |
| Dade | AVOCADO | 810064 | 85137954003 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 6,000 |
| Dade | AVOCADO | 810064 | 85138274308 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 13,200 |
| Dade | AVOCADO | 810064 | 85138720103 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 19,200 |
| Dade | AVOCADO | 810064 | 85138733400 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 12,000 |
| Dade | AVOCADO | 810064 | 85138974601 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 49,200 |
| Dade | AVOCADO | 810064 | 85236358600 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 4,800 |
| Dade | AVOCADO | 810064 | 85237074001 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 4,800 |
| Dade | AVOCADO | 810064 | 85237144000 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 13,200 |
| Dade | AVOCADO | 810064 | 85237274001 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 207,600 |

| Region | Substation | Feeder | Lateral | Projected Start Year ⁽¹⁾ | Projected Completion Year ⁽²⁾ | Projected 2022 Costs ⁽³⁾ |
|--------|------------|--------|--------------|-------------------------------------|--|-------------------------------------|
| Dade | AVOCADO | 810064 | 85237344009 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 4,800 |
| Dade | AVOCADO | 810064 | 85237484005 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 24,000 |
| Dade | AVOCADO | 810064 | 85237614006 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 25,200 |
| Dade | AVOCADO | 810064 | 85237644002 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 4,800 |
| Dade | AVOCADO | 810064 | 85237904004 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 14,400 |
| Dade | AVOCADO | 810064 | 85237984008 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 20,400 |
| Dade | AVOCADO | 810064 | 85238114601 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 8,400 |
| Dade | AVOCADO | 810064 | 85238251209 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 13,200 |
| Dade | AVOCADO | 810064 | 85238252108 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 32,400 |
| Dade | AVOCADO | 810064 | 85238252507 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 3,600 |
| Dade | AVOCADO | 810064 | 85238253406 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 18,000 |
| Dade | AVOCADO | 810064 | 85238254704 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 200,400 |
| Dade | AVOCADO | 810064 | 85238444708 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 4,800 |
| Dade | AVOCADO | 810064 | 85238524906 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 18,000 |
| Dade | AVOCADO | 810064 | 85238534707 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 6,000 |
| Dade | AVOCADO | 810064 | 85238794709 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 37,200 |
| Dade | AVOCADO | 810064 | 85238794717 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 27,600 |
| Dade | AVOCADO | 810064 | 85238924807 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 31,200 |
| Dade | AVOCADO | 810064 | 85336298711 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 298,800 |
| Dade | AVOCADO | 810064 | 85336353223 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 1,029,600 |
| Dade | AVOCADO | 810064 | 85336356401 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 16,800 |
| Dade | AVOCADO | 810064 | 85336364705 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 6,000 |
| Dade | AVOCADO | 810064 | 85336366309 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 40,800 |
| Dade | AVOCADO | 810064 | 85336367101 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 4,800 |
| Dade | AVOCADO | 810064 | 85336523102 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 19,200 |
| Dade | AVOCADO | 810064 | 85336563104 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 2,400 |
| Dade | AVOCADO | 810064 | 85336598102 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 3,600 |
| Dade | AVOCADO | 810064 | 85336633102 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 98,400 |
| Dade | AVOCADO | 810064 | 85336683100 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 21,600 |
| Dade | AVOCADO | 810064 | 85336743102 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 2,400 |
| Dade | AVOCADO | 810064 | 85337024100 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 6,000 |
| Dade | AVOCADO | 810064 | 85337204108 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 16,800 |
| Dade | AVOCADO | 810064 | 85337343507 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 6,000 |
| Dade | AVOCADO | 810064 | 85337350007 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 13,200 |
| Dade | AVOCADO | 810064 | 85337351101 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 10,800 |
| Dade | AVOCADO | 810064 | 85337352409 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 4,800 |
| Dade | AVOCADO | 810064 | 85337354410 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 290,400 |
| Dade | AVOCADO | 810064 | 85337360606 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 10,800 |
| Dade | AVOCADO | 810064 | 85338004803 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 4,800 |
| Dade | AVOCADO | 810064 | 85338085005 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 27,600 |
| Dade | AVOCADO | 810064 | 85338114803 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 4,800 |
| Dade | AVOCADO | 810064 | 85338184801 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 3,600 |
| Dade | AVOCADO | 810064 | 85338344612 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 151,200 |
| Dade | AVOCADO | 810064 | 85338345007 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 222,000 |
| Dade | AVOCADO | 810064 | 85338574901 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 14,400 |
| Dade | AVOCADO | 810064 | 85338654905 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 16,800 |
| Dade | AVOCADO | 810064 | 85338674906 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 1,200 |
| Dade | AVOCADO | 810064 | 85338784906 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 4,800 |
| Dade | AVOCADO | 810064 | 85338914907 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 3,600 |
| Dade | AVOCADO | 810064 | 85438085101 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 380,400 |
| Dade | AVOCADO | 810064 | 85438185300 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 63,600 |
| Dade | AVOCADO | 810064 | 85236288601N | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 60,000 |
| Dade | AVOCADO | 810064 | 85236288601S | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 111,600 |
| Dade | AVOCADO | 810064 | 85236538608S | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 33,600 |
| Dade | AVOCADO | 810064 | 85237813904N | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 189,600 |
| Dade | AVOCADO | 810064 | 85237813904S | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 3,600 |
| Dade | AVOCADO | 810064 | 85336688705E | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 103,200 |
| Dade | AVOCADO | 810064 | 85337114109N | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 51,600 |
| Dade | AVOCADO | 810064 | 85337114109S | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 67,200 |
| Dade | AVOCADO | 810064 | 85438234904N | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 4,800 |
| Dade | AVOCADO | 810064 | 85438234904S | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 8,400 |

| Region | Substation | Feeder | Lateral | Projected Start Year ⁽¹⁾ | Projected Completion Year ⁽²⁾ | Projected 2022 Costs ⁽³⁾ |
|--------|------------|--------|--------------|-------------------------------------|--|-------------------------------------|
| East | ACREAGE | 406764 | 66225336418 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 232,000 |
| East | ACREAGE | 406764 | 66225647405 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 4,800 |
| East | ACREAGE | 406764 | 66225704701 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 69,600 |
| East | ACREAGE | 406764 | 66328859304 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 16,000 |
| East | ACREAGE | 406764 | 66328869300 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 12,000 |
| East | ACREAGE | 406764 | 66526189901 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 60,000 |
| East | ACREAGE | 406764 | 66526479802 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 104,800 |
| East | ACREAGE | 406764 | 66527476408 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 191,200 |
| East | ACREAGE | 406764 | 66527994409 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 97,600 |
| East | ACREAGE | 406764 | 66528474417 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 240,800 |
| East | ACREAGE | 406764 | 66627006507 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 76,000 |
| East | ACREAGE | 406764 | 66627017509 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 79,200 |
| East | ACREAGE | 406764 | 66727609501 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 532,000 |
| East | ACREAGE | 406764 | 66225692001W | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 90,400 |
| East | ACREAGE | 406764 | 66326268201N | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 336,800 |
| East | ACREAGE | 406764 | 66426419402E | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 32,000 |
| East | ACREAGE | 406764 | 66426419402W | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 44,800 |
| East | ACREAGE | 406764 | 66427397305E | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 32,000 |
| East | ACREAGE | 406764 | 66427397305W | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 36,000 |
| East | ACREAGE | 406764 | 66427398301E | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 32,000 |
| East | ACREAGE | 406764 | 66427398301W | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 36,000 |
| East | ACREAGE | 406764 | 66427401205E | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 32,000 |
| East | ACREAGE | 406764 | 66427401205W | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 36,000 |
| East | ACREAGE | 406764 | 66427402309E | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 34,400 |
| East | ACREAGE | 406764 | 66427402309W | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 36,000 |
| East | ACREAGE | 406764 | 66427403305E | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 32,000 |
| East | ACREAGE | 406764 | 66427403305W | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 36,000 |
| East | ACREAGE | 406764 | 66427404212E | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 38,400 |
| East | ACREAGE | 406764 | 66427405201E | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 36,800 |
| East | ACREAGE | 406764 | 66427405201W | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 36,000 |
| East | ACREAGE | 406764 | 66427406207E | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 32,000 |
| East | ACREAGE | 406764 | 66427406207W | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 36,000 |
| East | ACREAGE | 406764 | 66427410301E | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 32,000 |
| East | ACREAGE | 406764 | 66427410301W | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 36,000 |
| East | ACREAGE | 406764 | 66428390207E | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 35,200 |
| East | ACREAGE | 406764 | 66428390207W | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 36,000 |
| East | ACREAGE | 406764 | 66428391301E | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 32,000 |
| East | ACREAGE | 406764 | 66428391301W | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 39,200 |
| East | ACREAGE | 406764 | 66428392404E | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 32,000 |
| East | ACREAGE | 406764 | 66428392404W | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 36,000 |
| East | ACREAGE | 406764 | 66428393401E | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 32,000 |
| East | ACREAGE | 406764 | 66428393401W | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 39,200 |
| East | ACREAGE | 406764 | 66428394202E | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 37,600 |
| East | ACREAGE | 406764 | 66428394202W | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 36,000 |
| East | ACREAGE | 406764 | 66527469606E | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 36,000 |
| East | ACREAGE | 406764 | 66527469606W | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 37,600 |
| East | ACREAGE | 406764 | 66527476700E | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 32,800 |
| East | ACREAGE | 406764 | 66527476700W | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 37,600 |
| East | ACREAGE | 406764 | 66527477706E | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 33,600 |
| East | ACREAGE | 406764 | 66527477706W | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 38,400 |
| East | ACREAGE | 406764 | 66527980505E | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 147,200 |
| East | ACREAGE | 406764 | 66527981501E | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 76,800 |
| East | ACREAGE | 406764 | 66527981501W | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 114,400 |
| East | ACREAGE | 406764 | 66527982508E | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 76,800 |
| East | ACREAGE | 406764 | 66527982508W | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 38,400 |
| East | ACREAGE | 406764 | 66527983407E | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 76,000 |
| East | ACREAGE | 406764 | 66527983407W | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 29,600 |
| East | ACREAGE | 406764 | 66527995201E | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 76,800 |
| East | ACREAGE | 406764 | 66527995201W | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 5,600 |
| East | ACREAGE | 406764 | 66528470608E | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 36,000 |
| East | ACREAGE | 406764 | 66528470608W | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 37,600 |

| Region | Substation | Feeder | Lateral | Projected Start Year ⁽¹⁾ | Projected Completion Year ⁽²⁾ | Projected 2022 Costs ⁽³⁾ |
|--------|------------|--------|--------------|-------------------------------------|--|-------------------------------------|
| East | ACREAGE | 406764 | 66528471809E | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 36,000 |
| East | ACREAGE | 406764 | 66528471809W | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 36,800 |
| East | ACREAGE | 406764 | 66528472902E | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 37,600 |
| East | ACREAGE | 406764 | 66528472902W | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 37,600 |
| East | ACREAGE | 406764 | 66528473801E | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 36,000 |
| East | ACREAGE | 406764 | 66528473801W | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 40,800 |
| East | ACREAGE | 406764 | 66627549501N | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 110,400 |
| East | ACREAGE | 406764 | 66627549501S | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 78,400 |
| East | ACREAGE | 406764 | 66728591606N | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 111,200 |
| East | ACREAGE | 406764 | 66728591606W | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 16,800 |
| North | BABCOCK | 204264 | 48117489409 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 32,130 |
| North | BABCOCK | 204264 | 48117507709 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 29,295 |
| North | BABCOCK | 204264 | 48117749303 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 29,295 |
| North | BABCOCK | 204264 | 48117928909 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 3,780 |
| North | BABCOCK | 204264 | 48117997803 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 25,515 |
| North | BABCOCK | 204264 | 48118892207 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 16,065 |
| North | BABCOCK | 204264 | 48216670001 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 34,965 |
| North | BABCOCK | 204264 | 48216670809 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 131,355 |
| North | BABCOCK | 204264 | 48216672305 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 15,120 |
| North | BABCOCK | 204264 | 48216672313 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 8,505 |
| North | BABCOCK | 204264 | 48216673603 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 6,615 |
| North | BABCOCK | 204264 | 48216681207 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 13,230 |
| North | BABCOCK | 204264 | 48216766601 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 45,360 |
| North | BABCOCK | 204264 | 48216888405 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 85,050 |
| North | BABCOCK | 204264 | 48216889207 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 13,230 |
| North | BABCOCK | 204264 | 48217367204 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 43,470 |
| North | BABCOCK | 204264 | 48217836506 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 20,790 |
| North | BABCOCK | 204264 | 48217853508 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 122,850 |
| North | BABCOCK | 204264 | 48217862906 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 11,340 |
| North | BABCOCK | 204264 | 48217875901 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 42,525 |
| North | BABCOCK | 204264 | 48218222200 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 15,120 |
| North | BABCOCK | 204264 | 48218222218 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 21,735 |
| North | BABCOCK | 204264 | 48218282211 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 16,065 |
| North | BABCOCK | 204264 | 48218282229 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 20,790 |
| North | BABCOCK | 204264 | 48218342205 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 16,065 |
| North | BABCOCK | 204264 | 48218342213 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 17,955 |
| North | BABCOCK | 204264 | 48218412203 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 22,680 |
| North | BABCOCK | 204264 | 48218412211 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 34,020 |
| North | BABCOCK | 204264 | 48315082201 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 79,380 |
| North | BABCOCK | 204264 | 48315350507 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 56,700 |
| North | BABCOCK | 204264 | 48315420505 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 22,680 |
| North | BABCOCK | 204264 | 48315490601 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 24,570 |
| North | BABCOCK | 204264 | 48315560005 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 43,470 |
| North | BABCOCK | 204264 | 48117508802W | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 26,460 |
| North | BABCOCK | 204264 | 48117508811E | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 28,350 |
| North | BABCOCK | 204264 | 48117676403N | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 149,310 |
| North | BABCOCK | 204264 | 48117676403S | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 67,095 |
| North | BABCOCK | 204264 | 48117887706N | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 22,680 |
| North | BABCOCK | 204264 | 48117887706S | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 85,995 |
| North | BABCOCK | 204264 | 48117919501E | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 154,035 |
| North | BABCOCK | 204264 | 48117919501W | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 154,980 |
| North | BABCOCK | 204264 | 48118822209N | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 27,405 |
| North | BABCOCK | 204264 | 48118822209S | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 33,075 |
| North | BABCOCK | 204264 | 48118822209W | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 223,965 |
| North | BABCOCK | 204264 | 48118910108E | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 43,470 |
| North | BABCOCK | 204264 | 48118910108W | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 40,635 |
| North | BABCOCK | 204264 | 48215661903E | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 48,195 |
| North | BABCOCK | 204264 | 48215661946W | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 30,240 |
| North | BABCOCK | 204264 | 48215662403E | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 36,855 |
| North | BABCOCK | 204264 | 48215662403W | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 30,240 |
| North | BABCOCK | 204264 | 48215663302E | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 76,545 |

| Region | Substation | Feeder | Lateral | Projected Start Year ⁽¹⁾ | Projected Completion Year ⁽²⁾ | Projected 2022 Costs ⁽³⁾ |
|--------|------------|--------|--------------|-------------------------------------|--|-------------------------------------|
| North | BABCOCK | 204264 | 48215663302W | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 64,260 |
| North | BABCOCK | 204264 | 48215675408E | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 132,300 |
| North | BABCOCK | 204264 | 48215675408W | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 12,285 |
| North | BABCOCK | 204264 | 48215676404E | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 12,285 |
| North | BABCOCK | 204264 | 48215676404W | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 45,360 |
| North | BABCOCK | 204264 | 48215678008E | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 96,390 |
| North | BABCOCK | 204264 | 48215678008W | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 54,810 |
| North | BABCOCK | 204264 | 48216684109E | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 76,545 |
| North | BABCOCK | 204264 | 48216684109W | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 95,445 |
| North | BABCOCK | 204264 | 48216786807E | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 57,645 |
| North | BABCOCK | 204264 | 48216786807W | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 75,600 |
| North | BABCOCK | 204264 | 48216888707E | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 17,955 |
| North | BABCOCK | 204264 | 48216888707W | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 42,525 |
| North | BABCOCK | 204264 | 48217257204N | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 38,745 |
| North | BABCOCK | 204264 | 48217257204S | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 27,405 |
| North | BABCOCK | 204264 | 48217297206N | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 68,040 |
| North | BABCOCK | 204264 | 48217297206S | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 11,340 |
| North | BABCOCK | 204264 | 48217627206N | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 57,645 |
| North | BABCOCK | 204264 | 48217627214S | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 81,270 |
| North | BABCOCK | 204264 | 48217874301E | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 12,285 |
| North | BABCOCK | 204264 | 48217874301W | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 185,220 |
| North | BABCOCK | 204264 | 48217880505E | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 24,570 |
| North | BABCOCK | 204264 | 48217880505W | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 58,590 |
| North | BABCOCK | 204264 | 48217892406E | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 9,450 |
| North | BABCOCK | 204264 | 48217892406W | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 15,120 |
| North | BABCOCK | 204264 | 48315202206N | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 18,900 |
| North | BABCOCK | 204264 | 48315202206S | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 11,340 |
| North | HIELD | 208165 | 44918447501 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 1,890 |
| North | HIELD | 208165 | 47818992309 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 101,115 |
| North | HIELD | 208165 | 47918052304 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 46,305 |
| North | HIELD | 208165 | 47918077706 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 40,635 |
| North | HIELD | 208165 | 47918522301 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 17,955 |
| North | HIELD | 208165 | 47918616208 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 34,020 |
| North | HIELD | 208165 | 47918625002 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 52,920 |
| North | HIELD | 208165 | 47918627901 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 8,505 |
| North | HIELD | 208165 | 47918628401 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 24,570 |
| North | HIELD | 208165 | 47918722008 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 40,635 |
| North | HIELD | 208165 | 47918877401 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 199,395 |
| North | HIELD | 208165 | 47918878008 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 72,765 |
| North | HIELD | 208165 | 48018477627 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 259,875 |
| North | HIELD | 208165 | 48018557604 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 9,450 |
| North | HIELD | 208165 | 48018607521 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 3,780 |
| North | HIELD | 208165 | 48018677707 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 30,240 |
| North | HIELD | 208165 | 48018727704 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 15,120 |
| North | HIELD | 208165 | 48018954301 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 85,995 |
| North | HIELD | 208165 | 48117152005 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 43,470 |
| North | HIELD | 208165 | 48117282103 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 21,735 |
| North | HIELD | 208165 | 48117342106 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 23,625 |
| North | HIELD | 208165 | 48117402109 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 26,460 |
| North | HIELD | 208165 | 48117462101 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 17,955 |
| North | HIELD | 208165 | 48117592005 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 45,360 |
| North | HIELD | 208165 | 48118017705 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 41,580 |
| North | HIELD | 208165 | 48118077708 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 35,910 |
| North | HIELD | 208165 | 48118160311 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 8,505 |
| North | HIELD | 208165 | 48118197002 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 2,835 |
| North | HIELD | 208165 | 48118247824 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 48,195 |
| North | HIELD | 208165 | 47918162304N | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 48,195 |
| North | HIELD | 208165 | 47918162304S | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 34,965 |
| North | HIELD | 208165 | 47918207707N | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 40,635 |
| North | HIELD | 208165 | 47918207707S | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 194,670 |
| North | HIELD | 208165 | 47918352405N | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 63,315 |

| Region | Substation | Feeder | Lateral | Projected Start Year ⁽¹⁾ | Projected Completion Year ⁽²⁾ | Projected 2022 Costs ⁽³⁾ |
|--------|------------|--------|--------------|-------------------------------------|--|-------------------------------------|
| North | HIELD | 208165 | 47918352405S | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 118,125 |
| North | HIELD | 208165 | 47918477500N | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 38,745 |
| North | HIELD | 208165 | 47918477500S | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 6,615 |
| North | HIELD | 208165 | 47918613004E | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 17,010 |
| North | HIELD | 208165 | 47918613004W | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 17,010 |
| North | HIELD | 208165 | 47918614205E | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 29,295 |
| North | HIELD | 208165 | 47918614205W | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 16,065 |
| North | HIELD | 208165 | 47918614809E | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 30,240 |
| North | HIELD | 208165 | 47918614809W | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 23,625 |
| North | HIELD | 208165 | 47918782001N | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 5,670 |
| North | HIELD | 208165 | 47918782001S | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 13,230 |
| North | HIELD | 208165 | 47918842003N | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 18,900 |
| North | HIELD | 208165 | 47918842003S | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 16,065 |
| North | HIELD | 208165 | 47918878601E | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 16,065 |
| North | HIELD | 208165 | 47918878601W | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 41,580 |
| North | HIELD | 208165 | 47918902006N | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 65,205 |
| North | HIELD | 208165 | 47918902006S | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 61,425 |
| North | HIELD | 208165 | 48018132000N | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 52,920 |
| North | HIELD | 208165 | 48018132000S | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 17,010 |
| North | HIELD | 208165 | 48018167601N | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 86,940 |
| North | HIELD | 208165 | 48018167601S | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 35,910 |
| North | HIELD | 208165 | 48018727704S | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 4,725 |
| North | HIELD | 208165 | 48018857705N | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 62,370 |
| North | HIELD | 208165 | 48018857705S | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 46,305 |
| North | HIELD | 208165 | 48117221902N | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 91,665 |
| North | HIELD | 208165 | 48117221902S | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 27,405 |
| North | HIELD | 208165 | 48117532100N | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 83,160 |
| North | HIELD | 208165 | 48117532100S | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 28,350 |
| North | HIELD | 208165 | 48118157809N | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 139,860 |
| North | HIELD | 208165 | 48118157809S | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 23,625 |
| North | HIELD | 208165 | 48118247808N | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 15,120 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 47814908010 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 19,845 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 47815665102 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 16,065 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 47815751009 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 53,865 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 47815751017 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 17,010 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 47815752102 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 28,350 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 47815752706 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 21,735 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 47815752714 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 26,460 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 47815752901 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 49,140 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 47815753605 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 13,230 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 47815760407 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 29,295 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 47815798005 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 18,900 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 47815830103 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 86,940 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 47816493500 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 65,205 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 47816573406 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 37,800 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 47915010201 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 33,075 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 47915025004 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 15,120 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 47915025705 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 20,790 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 47915080129 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 13,230 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 47915140008 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 17,010 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 47915180000 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 4,725 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 47915205606 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 20,790 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 47915375501 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 15,120 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 47915590208 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 190,890 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 47915620107 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 19,845 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 47915637107 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 54,810 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 47915708209 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 162,540 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 47915720209 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 15,120 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 47915750001 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 25,515 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 47915810101 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 16,065 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 47915870103 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 45,360 |

| Region | Substation | Feeder | Lateral | Projected Start Year ⁽¹⁾ | Projected Completion Year ⁽²⁾ | Projected 2022 Costs ⁽³⁾ |
|--------|------------|--------|--------------|-------------------------------------|--|-------------------------------------|
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 47916103505 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 64,260 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 47916183606 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 17,955 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 47916453603 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 182,385 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 47916531108 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 8,505 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 47916532503 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 13,230 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 47916556704 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 24,570 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 47916613601 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 2,835 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 47916653602 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 124,740 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 47916743601 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 26,460 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 47916823605 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 19,845 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 47916853601 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 20,790 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 47916857801 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 11,340 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 47916917804 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 14,175 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 47916923600 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 77,490 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 47916987802 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 12,285 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 47916993608 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 68,040 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 48013809206 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 14,175 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 48014118401 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 4,725 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 48014121909 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 98,280 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 48014123804 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 20,790 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 48014124207 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 26,460 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 48014124509 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 31,185 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 48014125904 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 21,735 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 48014127401 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 35,910 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 48014265404 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 8,505 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 48014299201 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 40,635 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 48014338703 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 34,965 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 48014375501 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 8,505 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 48014378209 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 28,350 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 48014417107 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 63,315 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 48014435903 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 108,675 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 48014830403 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 31,185 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 48015082206 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 4,725 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 48015112008 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 40,635 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 48015120205 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 21,735 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 48015132301 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 158,760 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 48016037808 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 12,285 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 48016197902 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 2,835 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 48016672309 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 5,670 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 48017672302 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 34,965 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 48017702309 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 16,065 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 48017962343 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 81,270 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 47815796908E | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 17,010 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 47815796916W | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 194,670 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 47815797505E | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 17,010 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 47815797505W | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 17,010 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 47815798501E | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 43,470 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 47815798501W | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 33,075 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 47815799508E | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 17,010 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 47815799508W | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 42,525 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 47815960201N | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 29,295 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 47815960201S | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 58,590 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 47816800607W | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 17,010 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 47816802006E | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 72,765 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 47816802006W | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 17,010 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 47816802600E | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 41,580 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 47816802600W | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 33,075 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 47816810106E | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 38,745 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 47816810106W | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 17,010 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 47915026205E | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 61,425 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 47915026205W | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 13,230 |

| Region | Substation | Feeder | Lateral | Projected Start Year ⁽¹⁾ | Projected Completion Year ⁽²⁾ | Projected 2022 Costs ⁽³⁾ |
|--------|------------|--------|--------------|-------------------------------------|--|-------------------------------------|
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 47915125700N | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 16,065 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 47915125700S | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 144,585 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 47915245501N | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 20,790 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 47915260101N | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 96,390 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 47915260101S | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 9,450 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 47915305503N | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 30,240 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 47915305503S | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 57,645 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 47915380106N | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 40,635 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 47915380106S | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 124,740 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 47915435504N | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 15,120 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 47915435504S | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 2,835 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 47915515702E | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 15,120 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 47915515702W | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 61,425 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 47915658902E | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 78,435 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 47915658902W | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 15,120 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 47915718107E | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 23,625 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 47915718107W | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 19,845 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 47915750019N | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 12,285 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 47915960200N | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 9,450 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 47915960218S | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 137,025 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 47916531906E | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 22,680 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 47916531906W | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 36,855 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 47916807804N | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 29,295 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 47916807804S | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 16,065 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 48013879808S | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 44,415 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 48013879808W | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 14,175 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 48014127419W | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 14,175 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 48014367908S | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 35,910 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 48014367916N | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 30,240 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 48015080106N | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 4,725 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 48015080106S | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 15,120 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 48015112709E | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 30,240 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 48015112709W | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 33,075 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 48015124006E | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 23,625 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 48015124006W | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 10,395 |
| North | GARVEY | 211061 | 48017962301S | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 2,835 |
| West | MURDOCK | 502062 | 54243167109 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 184,650 |
| West | MURDOCK | 502062 | 54243504806 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 34,442 |
| West | MURDOCK | 502062 | 54243615608 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 70,798 |
| West | MURDOCK | 502062 | 54243712603 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 268,843 |
| West | MURDOCK | 502062 | 54243736405 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 1,913 |
| West | MURDOCK | 502062 | 54243766606 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 30,616 |
| West | MURDOCK | 502062 | 54243786801 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 43,053 |
| West | MURDOCK | 502062 | 54342149318 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 153,078 |
| West | MURDOCK | 502062 | 54343246309 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 32,529 |
| West | MURDOCK | 502062 | 54343246805 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 84,193 |
| West | MURDOCK | 502062 | 54343247305 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 87,063 |
| West | MURDOCK | 502062 | 54343247798 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 76,539 |
| West | MURDOCK | 502062 | 54343597705 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 91,847 |
| West | MURDOCK | 502062 | 54343797704 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 36,356 |
| West | MURDOCK | 502062 | 54343927705 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 54,534 |
| West | MURDOCK | 502062 | 54344245501 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 95,674 |
| West | MURDOCK | 502062 | 54443117906 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 37,313 |
| West | MURDOCK | 502062 | 54443126301 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 50,707 |
| West | MURDOCK | 502062 | 54443129700 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 20,091 |
| West | MURDOCK | 502062 | 54443207603 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 88,020 |
| West | MURDOCK | 502062 | 54443258801 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 36,356 |
| West | MURDOCK | 502062 | 54443259701 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 87,063 |
| West | MURDOCK | 502062 | 54444120307 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 90,890 |
| West | MURDOCK | 502062 | 54444122300 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 108,111 |
| West | MURDOCK | 502062 | 54444145407 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 138,727 |

| Region | Substation | Feeder | Lateral | Projected Start Year ⁽¹⁾ | Projected Completion Year ⁽²⁾ | Projected 2022 Costs ⁽³⁾ |
|--------|------------|--------|--------------|-------------------------------------|--|-------------------------------------|
| West | MURDOCK | 502062 | 54444251100 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 114,808 |
| West | MURDOCK | 502062 | 54243887403N | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 191,347 |
| West | MURDOCK | 502062 | 54243887403S | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 72,712 |
| West | MURDOCK | 502062 | 54344275507N | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 37,313 |
| West | MURDOCK | 502062 | 54344275507S | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 160,732 |
| West | MURDOCK | 502062 | 54344355501N | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 108,111 |
| West | MURDOCK | 502062 | 54344355501S | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 113,852 |
| West | MURDOCK | 502062 | 54344375501S | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 200,915 |
| West | MURDOCK | 502062 | 54344775402N | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 121,505 |
| West | MURDOCK | 502062 | 54344775402S | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 36,356 |
| West | MURDOCK | 502062 | 54344815404N | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 24,875 |
| West | MURDOCK | 502062 | 54344815404S | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 66,972 |
| West | MURDOCK | 502062 | 54344885402N | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 41,140 |
| West | MURDOCK | 502062 | 54344885402S | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 30,616 |
| West | MURDOCK | 502062 | 54444095400N | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 62,188 |
| West | MURDOCK | 502062 | 54444095400S | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 114,808 |
| West | HARBOR | 503765 | 54443657331 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 20,091 |
| West | HARBOR | 503765 | 54443657706 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 199,958 |
| West | HARBOR | 503765 | 54443897600 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 52,620 |
| West | HARBOR | 503765 | 54541524910 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 28,702 |
| West | HARBOR | 503765 | 54541545208 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 8,611 |
| West | HARBOR | 503765 | 54541728612 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 51,664 |
| West | HARBOR | 503765 | 54541769912 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 204,742 |
| West | HARBOR | 503765 | 54542863017 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 88,976 |
| West | HARBOR | 503765 | 54543307908 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 6,697 |
| West | HARBOR | 503765 | 54543308602 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 7,654 |
| West | HARBOR | 503765 | 54543319205 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 8,611 |
| West | HARBOR | 503765 | 54543357701 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 62,188 |
| West | HARBOR | 503765 | 54543447700 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 87,063 |
| West | HARBOR | 503765 | 54543447734 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 44,967 |
| West | HARBOR | 503765 | 54543528106 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 145,424 |
| West | HARBOR | 503765 | 54543547704 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 17,221 |
| West | HARBOR | 503765 | 54543607707 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 15,308 |
| West | HARBOR | 503765 | 54544331501 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 48,794 |
| West | HARBOR | 503765 | 54544342201 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 74,625 |
| West | HARBOR | 503765 | 54544345501 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 175,083 |
| West | HARBOR | 503765 | 54544353911 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 132,030 |
| West | HARBOR | 503765 | 54544365111 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 201,871 |
| West | HARBOR | 503765 | 54544366525 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 17,221 |
| West | HARBOR | 503765 | 54544455501 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 112,895 |
| West | HARBOR | 503765 | 54544585502 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 24,875 |
| West | HARBOR | 503765 | 54544825503 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 8,611 |
| West | HARBOR | 503765 | 54544865505 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 10,524 |
| West | HARBOR | 503765 | 54642069203 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 6,697 |
| West | HARBOR | 503765 | 54642089719 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 248,751 |
| West | HARBOR | 503765 | 54643131603 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 2,870 |
| West | HARBOR | 503765 | 54643227708 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 93,760 |
| West | HARBOR | 503765 | 54644250401 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 8,611 |
| West | HARBOR | 503765 | 54443657315W | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 4,784 |
| West | HARBOR | 503765 | 54443897707N | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 93,760 |
| West | HARBOR | 503765 | 54443967705N | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 120,549 |
| West | HARBOR | 503765 | 54443967705S | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 1,913 |
| West | HARBOR | 503765 | 54542863009W | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 68,885 |
| West | HARBOR | 503765 | 54543417703S | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 110,981 |
| West | HARBOR | 503765 | 54543707701N | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 42,096 |
| West | HARBOR | 503765 | 54543707701S | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 36,356 |
| West | HARBOR | 503765 | 54543797701S | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 69,842 |
| West | HARBOR | 503765 | 54543797719N | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 158,818 |
| West | HARBOR | 503765 | 54544655501N | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 18,178 |
| West | HARBOR | 503765 | 54544655501S | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 45,923 |
| West | HARBOR | 503765 | 54544925508N | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 37,313 |

| Region | Substation | Feeder | Lateral | Projected Start Year ⁽¹⁾ | Projected Completion Year ⁽²⁾ | Projected 2022 Costs ⁽³⁾ |
|--------|------------|--------|--------------|-------------------------------------|--|-------------------------------------|
| West | HARBOR | 503765 | 54544925508S | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 109,068 |
| West | HARBOR | 503765 | 54643202608W | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 312,853 |
| West | HARBOR | 503765 | 54644045506N | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 122,462 |
| West | HARBOR | 503765 | 54644045506S | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 267,886 |
| West | SAN CARLOS | 507264 | 56105689001 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 92,803 |
| West | SAN CARLOS | 507264 | 56105696104 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 6,697 |
| West | SAN CARLOS | 507264 | 56105696406 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 262,146 |
| West | SAN CARLOS | 507264 | 56105702104 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 267,886 |
| West | SAN CARLOS | 507264 | 56105738401 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 13,394 |
| West | SAN CARLOS | 507264 | 56105752501 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 21,048 |
| West | SAN CARLOS | 507264 | 56105778402 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 13,394 |
| West | SAN CARLOS | 507264 | 56105848401 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 9,567 |
| West | SAN CARLOS | 507264 | 56105908403 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 13,394 |
| West | SAN CARLOS | 507264 | 56105968406 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 58,361 |
| West | SAN CARLOS | 507264 | 56105984304 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 14,351 |
| West | SAN CARLOS | 507264 | 56106673302 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 7,654 |
| West | SAN CARLOS | 507264 | 56106681402 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 40,183 |
| West | SAN CARLOS | 507264 | 56106683405 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 66,972 |
| West | SAN CARLOS | 507264 | 56106706201 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 5,740 |
| West | SAN CARLOS | 507264 | 56106716303 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 7,654 |
| West | SAN CARLOS | 507264 | 56106812701 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 18,178 |
| West | SAN CARLOS | 507264 | 56106833601 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 22,005 |
| West | SAN CARLOS | 507264 | 56205048402 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 18,178 |
| West | SAN CARLOS | 507264 | 56205088404 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 15,308 |
| West | SAN CARLOS | 507264 | 56205148407 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 18,178 |
| West | SAN CARLOS | 507264 | 56205198404 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 32,529 |
| West | SAN CARLOS | 507264 | 56205268402 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 22,005 |
| West | SAN CARLOS | 507264 | 56205318400 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 18,178 |
| West | SAN CARLOS | 507264 | 56205378402 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 16,265 |
| West | SAN CARLOS | 507264 | 56205448401 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 16,265 |
| West | SAN CARLOS | 507264 | 56205488402 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 15,308 |
| West | SAN CARLOS | 507264 | 56205558401 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 10,524 |
| West | SAN CARLOS | 507264 | 56205588407 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 10,524 |
| West | SAN CARLOS | 507264 | 56205699004 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 119,592 |
| West | SAN CARLOS | 507264 | 56205704113 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 64,101 |
| West | SAN CARLOS | 507264 | 56205704407 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 7,654 |
| West | SAN CARLOS | 507264 | 56205705501 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 12,438 |
| West | SAN CARLOS | 507264 | 56205705713 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 65,058 |
| West | SAN CARLOS | 507264 | 56205707201 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 63,145 |
| West | SAN CARLOS | 507264 | 56205708704 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 80,366 |
| West | SAN CARLOS | 507264 | 56206682300 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 130,116 |
| West | SAN CARLOS | 507264 | 56206684108 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 40,183 |
| West | SAN CARLOS | 507264 | 56206684400 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 31,572 |
| West | SAN CARLOS | 507264 | 56206685007 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 50,707 |
| West | SAN CARLOS | 507264 | 56206687301 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 88,976 |
| West | SAN CARLOS | 507264 | 56206688804 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 5,740 |
| West | SAN CARLOS | 507264 | 56206690108 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 89,933 |
| West | SAN CARLOS | 507264 | 56206693603 | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 234,400 |
| West | SAN CARLOS | 507264 | 56105651801N | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 9,567 |
| West | SAN CARLOS | 507264 | 56105651801S | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 14,351 |
| West | SAN CARLOS | 507264 | 56105792901N | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 6,697 |
| West | SAN CARLOS | 507264 | 56105792901S | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 13,394 |
| West | SAN CARLOS | 507264 | 56105833306N | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 15,308 |
| West | SAN CARLOS | 507264 | 56105833306S | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 15,308 |
| West | SAN CARLOS | 507264 | 56105883605N | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 22,005 |
| West | SAN CARLOS | 507264 | 56105883605S | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 14,351 |
| West | SAN CARLOS | 507264 | 56105933904N | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 9,567 |
| West | SAN CARLOS | 507264 | 56105933904S | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 16,265 |
| West | SAN CARLOS | 507264 | 56205034509E | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 30,616 |
| West | SAN CARLOS | 507264 | 56205034509S | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 13,394 |
| West | SAN CARLOS | 507264 | 56205706302E | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 132,986 |

| Region | Substation | Feeder | Lateral | Projected Start Year ⁽¹⁾ | Projected Completion Year ⁽²⁾ | Projected 2022 Costs ⁽³⁾ |
|--------------|------------|--------|--------------|-------------------------------------|--|-------------------------------------|
| West | SAN CARLOS | 507264 | 56205706302W | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 41,140 |
| Total | | | | | 593 | \$ 342,800,045 |

Notes:

(1) Start date reflects the projected year when initial project costs will begin to accrue (e.g., preliminary engineering/design, site preparations, or customer outreach, if applicable).

(2) Completion year reflects the projected date when project will be completed.

(3) Amounts reflect SPP totals and breakdown between base and clause amounts can be seen in RBD-1 Form 6P.

**Exhibit MJ-6 – Supplemental Standalone FPL Storm Protection Plan Work Projected to be Completed in 2022
 Transmission Hardening Program**

| Transmission Line Name | Project | Projected Number of Wooden Structures to be Replaced | Projected Start Year ⁽¹⁾ | Projected Completion Year ⁽²⁾ | Projected 2022 Costs ⁽³⁾ |
|--|---|--|-------------------------------------|--|-------------------------------------|
| MARTIN-SOUTH BAY 69kV [702] | MARTIN-SHERMAN INACTIVE (TAP) | 2 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 120,000 |
| LEJEUNE-RIVERSIDE 138kV [0918] | LEJEUNE-RIVERSIDE | 13 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 780,000 |
| DADE-LITTLE RIVER #3 138kV [0075] | HIALEAH-GLADEVIEW 3 TAP: (Phase 2 of 4) | 19 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,140,000 |
| DADE-LITTLE RIVER #3 138kV [0075] | HIALEAH-GLADEVIEW 3 TAP: (Phase 3 of 4) | 19 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,140,000 |
| FLAGAMI-RIVERSIDE #1 138kV [096] | BLUE LAGOON-RIVERSIDE TAP | 19 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,140,000 |
| FLAGAMI-RIVERSIDE #2 138kV [097] | FLAGAMI-RIVERSIDE #2 | 24 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,440,000 |
| FARMLIFE-LUCY (HST) 138kV [0243] | FARMLIFE-LUCY (HST) (Phase 1 of 2) | 15 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 900,000 |
| FARMLIFE-LUCY (HST) 138kV [0243] | FARMLIFE-LUCY (HST) (Phase 2 of 2) | 14 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 840,000 |
| GREYNOLDS-HAULOVER 138kV [122] | GREYNOLDS-SUNNY ISLES | 7 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 420,000 |
| OVERTOWN-RAILWAY #1 138kV [619] | OVERTOWN-16TH STR. TERM. | 8 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 480,000 |
| BRADFORD-DUVAL 230kV [220] | BRADFORD-DUVAL | 10 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 600,000 |
| BUNNELL-PUTNAM 230kV [330] | BUNNELL-PUTNAM | 6 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 360,000 |
| DUVAL-BRANDY BRANCH (JEA) #1 230kV [642] | DUVAL-BRANDY BRANCH TIE 1 | 1 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 60,000 |
| DUVAL-SEMINOLE 230kV [0458] | DUVAL-GREEN COVE SPRINGS (Phase 1 of 6) | 17 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,020,000 |
| DUVAL-SEMINOLE 230kV [0458] | DUVAL-GREEN COVE SPRINGS (Phase 2 of 6) | 17 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,020,000 |
| DUVAL-SEMINOLE 230kV [0458] | DUVAL-GREEN COVE SPRINGS (Phase 3 of 6) | 17 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,020,000 |
| DUVAL-SEMINOLE 230kV [0458] | DUVAL-GREEN COVE SPRINGS (Phase 4 of 6) | 17 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,020,000 |
| DUVAL-SEMINOLE 230kV [0458] | DUVAL-GREEN COVE SPRINGS (Phase 5 of 6) | 17 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,020,000 |
| DUVAL-SEMINOLE 230kV [0458] | DUVAL-GREEN COVE SPRINGS (Phase 6 of 6) | 17 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,020,000 |
| GACO-VOLUSIA #1 230kV [1033] | GACO-VOLUSIA #1 | 7 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 420,000 |
| GACO-VOLUSIA #2 230kV [1034] | GACO-VOLUSIA #2 | 1 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 60,000 |
| PUTNAM-SEMINOLE PLANT (SEC) 230kV [338] | HUDSON-SEMINOLE | 11 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 660,000 |
| DELAND-PUTNAM 115kV [091] | BARBERVILLE TAP-HAMMOND TAP | 16 | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 4,000,000 |
| TBD: CARRY OVER COSTS FOR 2021 PROJECTS | | 0 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,220,000 |
| Total | | 294 | | | \$ 21,900,000 |

Notes:

- (1) Start date reflects the projected year when initial project costs will begin to accrue (e.g., preliminary engineering/design, site preparations, or customer outreach, if applicable).
- (2) Completion year reflects the projected date when project will be completed.
- (3) Amounts reflect SPP totals and breakdown between base and clause amounts can be seen in RBD-1 Form 6P.

**Exhibit MJ-6 – Supplemental Standalone FPL Storm Protection Plan Work Projected to be Completed in 2022
Substation Storm Surge / Flood Mitigation Program**

| County | Substation | Substation Type | Projected Start Year ⁽¹⁾ | Projected Completion Year ⁽²⁾ | Projected 2022 Costs ⁽³⁾ |
|--------------|---------------|-----------------|-------------------------------------|--|-------------------------------------|
| St. Johns | St. Augustine | Distribution | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 2,113,000 |
| St. Johns | Lewis | Distribution | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 1,450,000 |
| Volusia | South Daytona | Distribution | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 811,000 |
| Indian River | Chambers | Distribution | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 1,701,000 |
| Indian River | Gracewood | Distribution | 2020 | 2022 | \$ 1,075,000 |
| Dade | Dumfoundling | Distribution | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 2,850,000 |
| Total | | | | 6 | \$ 10,000,000 |

Notes:

(1) Start date reflects the projected year when initial project costs will begin to accrue

(e.g., preliminary engineering/design, site preparations, or customer outreach, if applicable).

(2) Completion year reflects the projected date when project will be completed.

(3) Amounts reflect SPP totals and breakdown between base and clause amounts can be seen in RBD-1 Form 6P.

**Exhibit MJ-6 – Supplemental Standalone FPL Storm Protection Plan Work Projected to be Completed in 2022
Distribution Inspection Program**

For 2022, FPL projects it will inspect approximately 154,000 distribution poles annually. FPL estimates that it will incur approximately \$57.9 million in 2022 for the Distribution Inspection Program, which includes approximately \$33.6 million in capital expenditures, \$20.5 million in cost of removal, and \$3.8 million in O&M expenses. FPL is seeking to recover \$33.6 million of capital expenditures and \$3.8 million in O&M through the SPPCRC; the 2022 cost of removal for this program will be recovered through base rates.

**Exhibit MJ-6 – Supplemental Standalone FPL Storm Protection Plan Work Projected to be Completed in 2022
Transmission Inspection Program**

For 2022, FPL projects it will inspect approximately 69,000 structures. FPL estimates that it will incur approximately \$28.9 million in 2022 for the Transmission Inspection Program, which includes approximately \$22.9 million in capital expenditures, \$5.0 million in cost of removal, and \$1.0 million in O&M expenses. FPL is seeking to recover \$22.9 million of capital expenditures and \$1.0 million in O&M through the SPPCRC; the 2022 cost of removal for this program will be recovered through base rates.

**Exhibit MJ-6 – Supplemental Standalone FPL Storm Protection Plan Work Projected to be Completed in 2022
Distribution Vegetation Management Program**

For 2022, FPL projects it will inspect and maintain an average of approximately 15,200 miles of distribution feeders and laterals. FPL estimates that it will incur approximately \$60.2 million in 2022 for the Distribution Vegetation Management Program, which includes approximately \$0 million in capital expenditures, \$0 million in cost of removal, and \$60.2 million in O&M expenses. FPL is seeking to recover \$60.2 million of O&M through the 2022 SPPCRC.

**Exhibit MJ-6 – Supplemental Standalone FPL Storm Protection Plan Work Projected to be Completed in 2022
Transmission Vegetation Management Program**

For 2022, FPL projects it will inspect and maintain an average of approximately 7,000 miles of transmission lines. FPL estimates that it will incur approximately \$8.9 million in 2022 for the Transmission Vegetation Management Program, which includes approximately \$0 million in capital expenditures, \$0 million in cost of removal, and \$8.9 million in O&M expenses. FPL is seeking to recover \$8.9 million of O&M through the 2022 SPPCRC.

Exhibit MJ-7

Exhibit MJ-7**Supplemental Standalone Gulf Storm Projection Plan Work Projected to be Performed in 2022****Distribution Feeder Hardening Program:****Feeder Hardening (EWL) - Distribution Program**

| Region | Substation | Feeder | Projected Start Year ⁽¹⁾ | Projected Completion Year ⁽²⁾ | Projected 2022 Costs ⁽³⁾ |
|--------------|-----------------|--------|-------------------------------------|--|-------------------------------------|
| Gulf Power | South Crestview | 909682 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 952,000 |
| Gulf Power | South Crestview | 909692 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 952,000 |
| Gulf Power | Brentwood | 906662 | 2021 | 2022 | \$ 2,314,000 |
| Gulf Power | Long Beach | 908522 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 542,000 |
| Gulf Power | Pace | 907012 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 779,000 |
| Gulf Power | Valparaiso | 909232 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 192,000 |
| Gulf Power | Jay Road | 907252 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 537,000 |
| Gulf Power | Miramar Beach | 908872 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 447,000 |
| Gulf Power | Northside | 908852 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 1,325,000 |
| Gulf Power | Destin | 909132 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 874,000 |
| Gulf Power | Shipyard | 908932 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 523,000 |
| Gulf Power | Gulf Breeze | 907462 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 988,000 |
| Gulf Power | East Bay | 905632 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 418,000 |
| Gulf Power | Fairfield | 907772 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 409,000 |
| Gulf Power | Vernon | 909522 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 662,000 |
| Gulf Power | Eastgate | 907652 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 605,000 |
| Gulf Power | Redwood | 908732 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 732,000 |
| Gulf Power | Ocean City | 909052 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 1,045,000 |
| Gulf Power | Greenwood | 908482 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 808,000 |
| Gulf Power | Scenic Hills | 907822 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 285,000 |
| Gulf Power | Honeysuckle | 907872 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 789,000 |
| Gulf Power | Turner | 905682 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 238,000 |
| Gulf Power | Design for 2023 | | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 9,984,000 |
| Total | | | | 22 | \$ 26,400,000 |

Distribution Automation

| Region | Area | Number of Sites | Projected Start Year ⁽¹⁾ | Projected Completion Year ⁽²⁾ | Projected 2022 Costs ⁽³⁾ |
|------------|------------------|-----------------|-------------------------------------|--|-------------------------------------|
| Gulf Power | Fort Walton | 26 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 1,840,000 |
| Gulf Power | Panama City | 18 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 1,360,000 |
| Gulf Power | Pensacola | 38 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 2,280,000 |
| Gulf Power | To be Determined | 29 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 2,120,000 |

Supplemental Standalone Gulf Storm Protection Plan Work Projected to be Performed in 2022

| Region | Substation | Feeder | Projected Start Year ⁽¹⁾ | Projected Completion Year ⁽²⁾ | Projected 2022 Costs ⁽³⁾ |
|--------|------------|--------|-------------------------------------|--|-------------------------------------|
| Total | | 111 | | | \$ 7,600,000 |

Notes:

- (1) Start date reflects estimated/actual year when initial project costs will begin to accrue (e.g., preliminary engineering/design, site preparations, or customer outreach, if applicable).*
- (2) Completion year reflects the estimated/actual date when project will be completed.*
- (3) Amounts reflect SPP totals and breakdown between base and clause amounts can be seen in RBD-1 Form 6P.*

Exhibit MJ-7

Supplemental Standalone Gulf Storm Projection Plan Work Projected to be Performed in 2022

Distribution Lateral Hardening Program

| Region | Substation | Feeder | Lateral | Projected Start Year ⁽¹⁾ | Projected Completion Year ⁽²⁾ | Projected 2022 Costs ⁽³⁾ |
|--------------|----------------|--------|------------|-------------------------------------|--|-------------------------------------|
| Gulf Power | Jay Road | 907262 | 1990260861 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 5,000,000 |
| Gulf Power | Fairfield | 907762 | 1285053333 | 2022 | 2022 | |
| Gulf Power | Goulding | 907682 | 1521453739 | 2022 | 2022 | |
| Gulf Power | Jay Road | 907262 | 1994561539 | 2022 | 2022 | |
| Gulf Power | Glendale | 907912 | 4954563152 | 2022 | 2022 | |
| Gulf Power | East Crestview | 909192 | 3634764398 | 2022 | 2022 | |
| Gulf Power | Parker | 908332 | 6591142085 | 2022 | 2022 | |
| Gulf Power | Greenwood | 908202 | 6210043912 | 2022 | 2022 | |
| Total | | | | | 8 | \$ 5,000,000 |

Notes:

- (1) Start date reflects the projected year when initial project costs will begin to accrue (e.g., preliminary engineering/design, site preparations, or customer outreach, if applicable).*
- (2) Completion year reflects the projected date when project will be completed.*
- (3) Amounts reflect SPP totals and breakdown between base and clause amounts can be seen in RBD-1 Form 6P.*

Exhibit MJ-7

Supplemental Standalone Gulf Storm Projection Plan Work Projected to be Performed in 2022

Transmission Hardening Program:

Transmission/Substation Resiliency Program

| Transmission Line/Substation Name | Project | Projected Start Year ⁽¹⁾ | Projected Completion Year ⁽²⁾ | Projected 2022 Costs ⁽³⁾ |
|-----------------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------------------|--|-------------------------------------|
| Destin & Henderson Park | Destin Resiliency | 2022 | 2023 | \$ 5,720,000 |
| Chipley | Chipley Resiliency | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 6,905,000 |
| Graceville | Graceville Resiliency | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 4,520,000 |
| Vernon | Vernon Resiliency | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 3,225,000 |
| Milligan | Milligan Resiliency | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 2,705,000 |
| Design for 2023 | | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 2,425,000 |
| Total | | | 5 | \$ 25,500,000 |

Transmission Wood Structure Replacement Program

| Transmission Line/Substation Name | Project | Projected Number of Wooden Structures to be Replaced | Projected Start Year ⁽¹⁾ | Projected Completion Year ⁽²⁾ | Projected 2022 Costs ⁽³⁾ |
|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------|--|-------------------------------------|--|-------------------------------------|
| Callaway - Wewa Road #1 | Callaway - Wewa Road #1 | 31 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 1,457,000 |
| Callaway - Wewa Road #2 | Callaway - Wewa Road #2 | 1 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 47,000 |
| Caryville Tap | Caryville Tap | 19 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 893,000 |
| Chipley Tap | Chipley Tap | 11 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 517,000 |
| Eastgate - Cordova | Eastgate - Cordova | 9 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 423,000 |
| Holmes Creek - Defuniak Springs | Holmes Creek - Defuniak Springs | 56 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 2,632,000 |
| Laguna Beach - Millers Ferry | Laguna Beach - Millers Ferry | 131 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 6,157,000 |
| Shalimar Tap | Shalimar Tap | 24 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 1,128,000 |
| Sinai - Gaskin | Sinai - Gaskin | 288 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 13,536,000 |
| Valparaiso - Eglin | Valparaiso - Eglin | 3 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 141,000 |
| Valparaiso - Wright | Valparaiso - Wright | 27 | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 1,269,000 |
| Gulf Power | Design for 2023 | | 2022 | 2022 | \$ 1,200,000 |
| Total | | 600 | | | \$ 29,400,000 |

Notes:

(1) Start date reflects projected year when initial project costs will begin to accrue (e.g., preliminary engineering/design, site preparations, or customer outreach, if applicable).

(2) Completion year reflects the projected date when project will be completed.

(3) Amounts reflect SPP totals and breakdown between base and clause amounts can be seen in RBD-1 Form 6P.

**Exhibit MJ-7 – Supplemental Standalone Gulf Storm Protection Plan Work Projected to be Performed in 2022
Distribution Inspection Program**

For 2022, Gulf projects it will inspect approximately 26,000 distribution poles annually. Gulf estimates that it will incur approximately \$3.0 million in 2022 for the Distribution Inspection Program, which includes approximately \$1.7 million in capital expenditures, \$1.1 million in cost of removal, and \$0.2 million in O&M expenses. Gulf is seeking to recover \$1.7 million of capital expenditures and \$0.2 million in O&M through the SPPCRC; the 2022 cost of removal for this program will be recovered through base rates.

**Exhibit MJ-7 – Supplemental Standalone Gulf Storm Protection Plan Work Projected to be Performed in 2022
Transmission Inspection Program**

For 2022, Gulf projects it will inspect approximately 12,000 structures. Gulf estimates that it will incur approximately \$3.6 million in 2022 for the Transmission Inspection Program, which includes approximately \$2.6 million in capital expenditures, \$0.6 million in cost of removal, and \$0.4 million in O&M expenses. Gulf is seeking to recover \$2.6 million of capital expenditures and \$0.4 million in O&M through the SPPCRC; the 2022 cost of removal for this program will be recovered through base rates.

**Exhibit MJ-7 – Supplemental Standalone Gulf Storm Protection Plan Work Projected to be Performed in 2022
Distribution Vegetation Management Program**

For 2022, Gulf projects it will inspect and maintain an average of approximately 2,000 miles of distribution feeders and laterals. Gulf estimates that it will incur approximately \$4.7 million in 2022 for the Distribution Vegetation Management Program, which includes approximately \$0 million in capital expenditures, \$0 million in cost of removal, and \$4.7 million in O&M expenses. Gulf is seeking to recover \$4.7 million of O&M through the 2022 SPPCRC.

**Exhibit MJ-7 – Supplemental Standalone Gulf Storm Protection Plan Work Projected to be Performed in 2022
Transmission Vegetation Management Program**

For 2022, Gulf projects it will inspect and maintain an average of approximately 1,675 miles of transmission lines. Gulf estimates that it will incur approximately \$2.9 million in 2022 for the Transmission Vegetation Management Program, which includes approximately \$0 million in capital expenditures, \$0 million in cost of removal, and \$2.9 million in O&M expenses. Gulf is seeking to recover \$2.9 million of O&M through the 2022 SPPCRC.

1 **THE FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION**

2 **FLORIDA POWER & LIGHT COMPANY**

3 **DIRECT TESTIMONY OF RENAE B. DEATON**

4 **DOCKET NO. 20210010-EI**

5 **MAY 3, 2021**

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1 I. INTRODUCTION

2 Q. Please state your name and address.

3 A. My name is Renae B. Deaton. My business address is Florida Power & Light
4 Company, 700 Universe Boulevard, Juno Beach, Florida 33408.

5 Q. By whom are you employed and in what capacity?

6 A. I am employed by Florida Power & Light Company (“FPL” or the “Company”) as
7 Senior Director, Clause Recovery and Wholesale Rates, Regulatory & State
8 Governmental Affairs.

9 Q. Please describe your educational background and professional experience.

10 A. I hold a Bachelor of Science in Business Administration and a Master of Business
11 Administration from Charleston Southern University. I have over 30 years’
12 experience in retail and wholesale regulatory affairs, rate design and cost of service.
13 Since joining FPL in 1998, I have held various positions in the rates and regulatory
14 areas. Prior to my current position, I held the positions of Senior Manager of Cost
15 of Service and Load Research and Senior Manager of Rate Design in the Rates and
16 Tariffs Department. In 2016, I assumed my current position, where my duties
17 include providing direction as to the appropriateness of inclusion of costs through
18 a cost recovery clause, including oversight of the Storm Protection Cost Recovery
19 Clause (“SPPCRC”) for both FPL and Gulf Power Company (“Gulf”), and the
20 overall preparation and filing of all cost recovery clause documents including
21 testimony and discovery. Prior to joining FPL, I was employed at the South
22 Carolina Public Service Authority (d/b/a Santee Cooper) for fourteen years, where
23 I held a variety of positions in the Corporate Forecasting, Rates, and Marketing
24 Department and in generation plant operations. As part of the various roles I have
25 held with FPL, I have testified before this Commission on rate design and cost of

1 service in base rate and clause recovery dockets. I have also testified before the
2 Federal Energy Regulatory Commission supporting rates for wholesale power sales
3 agreements and Open Access Transmission Tariffs.

4 **Q. What is the purpose of your testimony?**

5 A. The purpose of my testimony is to present for Commission review and approval the
6 2021 Actual/Estimated SPPCRC true-up amounts for the period January 1, 2021
7 through December 31, 2021; and the 2022 SPPCRC Factors to be applied to bills
8 issued during the projected period of January 1, 2022 through December 31, 2022.

9 **Q. Have you prepared or caused to be prepared under your direction,
10 supervision, or control an exhibit in this proceeding?**

11 A. Yes, I am sponsoring the following forms:

- 12 • **RBD-1 Appendix I: FPL 2021 Actual/Estimated SPPCRC**
 - 13 - Form 1E - Summary of Current Period Estimated True-Up
 - 14 - Form 2E - Calculation of True-Up Amount
 - 15 - Form 3E - Calculation of Interest Provision for True-Up Amount
 - 16 - Form 4E - Variance Report of Annual O&M Costs by Program
 - 17 - Form 5E - Calculation of Annual Revenue Requirements for O&M
18 Programs
 - 19 - Form 6E - Variance Report of Annual Capital Investment Costs by
20 Program
 - 21 - Form 7E Summary - Calculation of Annual Revenue Requirements
22 for Capital Investment Programs
 - 23 - Form 7E - Capital - Estimated Revenue Requirements by Program
 - 24 - Form 8E – Approved Capital Structure and Cost Rates

25 • **RBD-1 Appendix II: Gulf 2021 Actual/Estimated SPPCRC**

- 1 - Form 1E - Summary of Current Period Estimated True-Up
- 2 - Form 2E - Calculation of True-Up Amount
- 3 - Form 3E - Calculation of Interest Provision for True-Up Amount
- 4 - Form 4E - Variance Report of Annual O&M Costs by Program
- 5 - Form 5E - Calculation of Annual Revenue Requirements for O&M
- 6 Programs
- 7 - Form 6E - Variance Report of Annual Capital Investment Costs by
- 8 Program
- 9 - Form 7E Summary - Calculation of Annual Revenue Requirements
- 10 for Capital Investment Programs
- 11 - Form 7E - Capital - Estimated Revenue Requirements by Program
- 12 - Form 8E – Approved Capital Structure and Cost Rates
- 13 • **RBD-1 Appendix III: Consolidated FPL 2022 Projections**
- 14 - Form 1P - Summary of Projected Period Recovery Amount
- 15 - Form 2P - Calculation of Annual Revenue Requirements for O&M
- 16 Programs
- 17 - Form 2P - Projects - Project Listing by Each O&M Program
- 18 - Form 3P - Calculation of the Total Annual Revenue Requirements
- 19 for Capital Investment Programs
- 20 - Form 3P - Projects - Project Listing by Each Capital Program
- 21 - Form 3P - Capital - Calculation of Annual Revenue Requirements
- 22 for Capital Investment by Program
- 23 - Form 4P - Calculation of the Energy & Demand Allocation % By
- 24 Rate Class
- 25 - Form 5P - Calculation of the Cost Recovery Factors by Rate Class

1 - Form 7P - Approved Capital Structure and Cost Rates

2 • **RBD-1 Appendix IV - Retail Separation Factors**

3 • **RBD-1 Appendix V - Allocation of Implementation Costs Between**
4 **Transmission and Distribution**

5 Also included in Exhibit RBD-1 Appendix III is Form 6P - Program Description
6 and Progress Report, which is sponsored by FPL witness Jarro. These Commission
7 Forms were used to calculate FPL’s proposed SPPCRC factors for the period of
8 January 1, 2022 through December 31, 2022.

9

10 In addition, I am sponsoring the following informational standalone FPL and Gulf
11 schedules and exhibits for the projected 2022 Storm Protection Plan (“SPP”) costs:

12 • **RBD-2 Appendix I: Supplemental Standalone FPL 2022 Projections**

13 - Form 1P - Summary of Projected Period Recovery Amount

14 - Form 2P - Calculation of Annual Revenue Requirements for O&M
15 Programs

16 - Form 2P - Projects - Project Listing by Each O&M Program

17 - Form 3P - Calculation of the Total Annual Revenue Requirements
18 for Capital Investment Programs

19 - Form 3P - Projects - Project Listing by Each Capital Program

20 - Form 3P - Capital - Calculation of Annual Revenue Requirements
21 for Capital Investment by Program

22 - Form 4P - Calculation of the Energy & Demand Allocation % By
23 Rate Class

24 - Form 5P - Calculation of the Cost Recovery Factors by Rate Class

25 - Form 7P - Approved Capital Structure and Cost Rates

1 • **RBD-2 Appendix II: Supplemental Standalone Gulf 2022 Projections**

- 2 - Form 1P - Summary of Projected Period Recovery Amount
- 3 - Form 2P - Calculation of Annual Revenue Requirements for O&M
- 4 Programs
- 5 - Form 2P - Projects - Project Listing by Each O&M Program
- 6 - Form 3P - Calculation of the Total Annual Revenue Requirements
- 7 for Capital Investment Programs
- 8 - Form 3 - Projects - Project Listing by Each Capital Program
- 9 - Form 3P - Capital - Calculation of Annual Revenue Requirements
- 10 for Capital Investment by Program
- 11 - Form 4P - Calculation of the Energy & Demand Allocation % By
- 12 Rate Class
- 13 - Form 5P - Calculation of the Cost Recovery Factors by Rate Class
- 14 - Form 7P - Approved Capital Structure and Cost Rates

15 These supplemental standalone exhibits and schedules are relevant only for

16 purposes of supporting standalone FPL and Gulf 2022 SPPCRC Factors in the event

17 the Commission declines FPL’s request in the 2021 Rate Case pending in Docket

18 No. 20210015 (“2021 Rate Case”) to consolidate and unify the rates and tariffs

19 applicable to all customers in the former FPL and Gulf service areas.

20 **Q. What is the source of the data presented in your testimony and/or exhibits?**

21 A. The data presented in my testimony and supporting schedules is taken from FPL’s

22 and Gulf’s books and records. The books and records are kept in the regular course

23 of the Company’s business in accordance with generally accepted accounting

24 principles and practices, as well as the provisions of the Uniform System of

25 Accounts as prescribed by this Commission. The data for the FPL and Gulf

1 actual/estimated 2021 SPP costs is provided in Exhibits MJ-3 and MJ-4 attached to
2 the testimony of FPL witness Jarro and Form 6P - Program Description and
3 Progress Report provided in Exhibit RBD-1 Appendix III attached to my testimony.
4 The data for the consolidated FPL 2022 SPP costs is provided in Exhibit MJ-5
5 attached to the testimony of FPL witness Jarro and Form 6P - Program Description
6 and Progress Report provided in Exhibit RBD-1 Appendix III attached to my
7 testimony. For purposes of the supplemental standalone FPL and Gulf 2022 SPP
8 costs, this data is provided in Exhibits MJ-6 and MJ-7 attached to the direct
9 testimony of FPL witness Jarro. The actual/estimated 2021 SPP costs and projected
10 2022 SPP costs are consistent with the projections provided in FPL's and Gulf's
11 2020-2029 Storm Protection Plans approved by the Commission in Docket Nos.
12 20200070-EI and 20200071-EI, which are provided in Exhibits MJ-1 and MJ-2
13 attached to the testimony of FPL witness Jarro.

14 **Q. Does this filing include a final true-up of any SPP costs incurred in 2020?**

15 A. No. In the Stipulation and Settlement Agreement approved by Commission Order
16 No. PSC-2020-0293-AS-EI, FPL and Gulf committed they would not seek recovery
17 of the 2020 SPP project costs through the SPPCRC. Therefore, the submission in
18 this proceeding does not address or include any SPP project costs incurred by FPL
19 or Gulf in 2020.

20
21 **II. THE FPL AND GULF MERGER**

22 **Q. How does the merger between FPL and Gulf impact the calculation of the 2021**
23 **Actual/Estimated true-up calculation and Projected 2022 SPP to be recovered**
24 **through the SPPCRC?**

25 A. As explained by FPL witness Jarro, Gulf was legally merged into FPL on January

1 1, 2021. However, FPL and Gulf remained separate ratemaking entities and have
2 continued to implement the programs and projects included in the Commission-
3 approved FPL and Gulf SPPs. Thus, the legal merger of FPL and Gulf has no
4 impact to the calculated revenue requirements for the January 2021 to December
5 2021 Actual/Estimated period. For purposes of the 2021 SPPCRC actual/estimated
6 true-up, FPL and Gulf are providing separate schedules and exhibits in support of
7 the FPL and Gulf actual/estimated 2021 SPP costs because, although legally
8 merged, FPL and Gulf remain separate ratemaking entities through 2021. These
9 are provided in Exhibit RBD-1 Appendices I and II.

10

11 Because FPL and Gulf will be operationally and functionally integrated in 2022
12 and have requested to consolidate and unify the FPL and Gulf base rates effective
13 January 1, 2022, as explained by FPL witness Jarro, FPL and Gulf are providing
14 consolidated schedules in support of the consolidated FPL Projected 2022 SPP
15 revenue requirements, which are provided in Exhibit RBD-1 Appendix III.
16 However, as previously explained, this filing also includes informational 2022
17 standalone FPL and Gulf schedules for the projected 2022 SPP revenue
18 requirements, which are relevant only for purposes of supporting the 2022 SPPCRC
19 Factors in the event the Commission declines or postpones rate unification in the
20 2021 Rate Case. These are provided in Exhibit RBD-2 Appendices I and II,
21 respectively.

22

23 **III. 2021 ACTUAL/ESTIMATED TRUE-UP CALCULATION**

24 **Q. Please explain the calculation of FPL's 2021 Actual/Estimated true-up**
25 **amount.**

1 A. The Actual/Estimated true-up amount for the period January 2021 through
2 December 2021 is an over-recovery, including interest, of \$742,850 (RBD-1
3 Appendix I, Form 1E). The Actual/Estimated true-up amount is calculated on Form
4 2E by comparing actual data for January 2021 and February 2021 and revised
5 estimates for March 2021 through December 2021 to original projections for the
6 same period. The over-recovery of \$736,272 shown on line 5 plus the interest
7 provision of \$6,578 shown on line 6, which is calculated on Form 2E, results in the
8 final over-recovery of \$742,850 shown on line 11.

9 **Q. Please explain the calculation of Gulf's 2021 Actual/Estimated true-up**
10 **amount.**

11 A. The Actual/Estimated true-up amount for the period January 2021 through
12 December 2021 is an over-recovery, including interest, of \$974,333 (RBD-1
13 Appendix II, Form 1E). The Actual/Estimated true-up amount is calculated on
14 Form 2E by comparing actual data for January 2021 and February 2021 and revised
15 estimates for March 2021 through December 2021 to original projections for the
16 same period. The over-recovery of \$973,139 shown on line 5 plus the interest
17 provision of \$1,195 shown on line 6, which is calculated on Form 2E, results in the
18 final over-recovery of \$974,333 shown on line 11.

19 **Q. How do the actual/estimated program costs for January 2021 through**
20 **December 2021 compare with original projections for the same period?**

21 A. Form 6E (RBD-1 Appendix I and II) shows that total capital program revenue
22 requirements for FPL are \$882,176 and for Gulf are \$388,060 lower than projected.
23 Individual project capital costs and variances are explained by FPL witness Jarro
24 and provided in Exhibits MJ-3 and MJ-4 attached to his testimony. No program
25 O&M cost are being recovered in SPPCRC during 2021.

1 **Q. Witness Jarro’s Exhibits MJ-3 and MJ-4 show that the total 2021 spend for**
2 **each of the SPP programs is largely unchanged from the projected amounts.**

3 **What is driving the variance in capital revenue requirements?**

4 A. The variance in program capital revenue requirements is due to changes in the
5 timing of when the costs are incurred for each program and when plant goes in
6 service.

7 **Q. Please explain the variance in O&M and capital revenue requirements for the**
8 **SPPCRC implementation costs for FPL and Gulf.**

9 A. Form 4E - (RBD-1 Appendix I and II) shows that Actual/Estimated 2021 O&M
10 implementation costs for FPL are \$130,620 and for Gulf are \$14,513 lower than
11 projected. Form 6E (RBD-1 Appendix I and II) shows that implementation capital
12 revenue requirements for FPL are \$359,620 and for Gulf are \$56,730 lower than
13 projected. The variance in O&M and capital revenue requirements for the
14 implementation costs is due to less resources being required for filing preparations
15 and the timing of when the implementation costs were incurred.

16

17 **IV. 2022 PROJECTED REVENUE REQUIREMENTS**

18 **Q. Please explain how the costs for the consolidated FPL Projected 2022 SPP**
19 **revenue requirements were determined.**

20 A. As explained by FPL witness Jarro, the consolidated 2022 SPP projects and
21 associated costs are simply the sum of the 2022 SPP projects and costs included in
22 the FPL and Gulf SPPs approved by the Commission. Thus, for purposes of
23 calculating the consolidated 2022 SPP costs, the FPL and Gulf 2022 capital and
24 O&M costs are simply combined to provide the sum total expenditures by SPP
25 program. This data is provided in Form 6P - Program Description and Progress

1 Report attached to my testimony and Exhibit MJ-5 attached to the testimony of FPL
2 witness Jarro.

3 **Q. How does the 2021 Rate Case impact the costs to be recovered through the**
4 **SPPCRC in 2022?**

5 A. As part of FPL's 2021 Rate Case, FPL has proposed to move all O&M associated
6 with the FPL and Gulf SPP programs and projects from base rates to the SPPCRC
7 effective January 1, 2022, in order to align recovery of O&M program costs with
8 their related capital expenditures. In addition, FPL has proposed to move all
9 remaining SPP capital projects, and any related depreciation, not currently
10 recovered through the SPPCRC (*i.e.*, Gulf's Transmission Inspection Program)
11 from base rates to the SPPCRC effective January 1, 2022.

12 **Q. Are these adjustments included in the 2022 SPP revenue requirements?**

13 A. Yes. Each of the company adjustments referenced above are included in the
14 calculation of the 2022 SPP revenue requirements.

15 **Q. Are there other rate case adjustments that may impact amounts recovered**
16 **through the SPPCRC.**

17 A. Yes. There are other adjustments, such as changes in depreciation rates, that will
18 impact the amounts to be recovered through the SPPCRC. These adjustments are
19 not included in the 2022 projections, but they will be reflected in the 2022 final
20 true-up amount to be included in the 2023 SPPCRC factors.

21 **Q. Will any of the 2022 SPP costs included in the 2022 SPPCRC projections be**
22 **recovered through base rates or any other cost recovery mechanism?**

23 A. No.

24 **Q. Did FPL reflect an amount for the cost of removal or retirement of existing**
25 **assets in its request for recovery of 2022 SPPCRC costs in this proceeding?**

1 A. No. Cost of removal and retirements associated with the SPP programs for assets
2 existing prior to 2021 will continue to be recovered through base rates.

3 **Q. Please explain the calculation of the SPPCRC revenue requirements for the**
4 **projected period.**

5 A. Form 2P titled “Calculation of Annual Revenue Requirements for O&M Programs”
6 shows the monthly O&M for the period January 2022 through December 2022.
7 Form 3P titled “Calculation of Annual Revenue Requirements for Capital
8 Investment Programs” shows the calculation of the monthly revenue requirements
9 for the capital expenditures projected to be incurred during the period January 2022
10 through December 2022. The monthly capital revenue requirements include the
11 debt and equity return grossed up for income taxes on the average monthly net
12 investment, including construction work in progress, and depreciation and
13 amortization expense. The identified recoverable costs are then allocated to retail
14 customers using the appropriate separation factors provided in Appendix IV to
15 Exhibit RBD-1.

16 **Q. Have you provided a schedule showing the allocation of costs by retail rate**
17 **class?**

18 A. Yes. Form 4P provides the allocation of costs to the retail rate classes. The
19 allocation to the retail rate classes is consistent with the allocations used in FPL’s
20 cost of service study in the 2016 and 2021 rate cases. Transmission costs are
21 allocated to all rate classes based on the 12 monthly Coincident Peaks (12CP). The
22 distribution costs are allocated only to the distribution-level rate classes based on
23 the Group Non-Coincident Peak (GCP). The transmission level rate classes are not
24 allocated any distribution costs.

25 **Q. Have you provided a schedule showing the calculation of projected SPP costs**

1 **being requested for recovery for the period January 2022 through December**
2 **2022?**

3 A. Yes. Form 1P (page 1) in Exhibit RBD-1 Appendix III provides a summary of
4 projected SPP costs being requested for recovery for the period January 2022
5 through December 2022. Total jurisdictional revenue requirements including true-
6 up amounts and revenue taxes, are \$233,114,170 (page 1, line 5). This amount
7 includes the jurisdictional revenue requirements projected for the January 2022
8 through December 2022 period, which are \$234,663,632 (page 1, line 1e), the
9 actual/estimated true-up over-recovery of \$1,717,183 for the January 2021 through
10 December 2021 period (page 1, line 2). The detailed calculations supporting the
11 2021 actual/estimated true-up were provided in Exhibit RBD-1 Appendix I and II
12 filed in this docket.

13
14 **V. WACC CALCULATION**

15 **Q. Has FPL calculated the Weighted Average Cost of Capital (“WACC”) in**
16 **accordance with FPSC Order No. PSC-2020-0165-PAA-EU (“WACC Order”)**
17 **for the 2021 Actual/Estimated filing?**

18 A. Yes. FPL has calculated the WACC in accordance with the WACC Order. The
19 resulting after-tax WACCs to be applied to the 2021 actual/estimated SPPCRC
20 capital investments for FPL and Gulf are 6.34% and 5.36%, respectively, which are
21 each based on the respective 2021 Forecasted Earnings Surveillance Report and
22 currently approved midpoint return on equity (“ROE”). These rates are also
23 provided on Form 8E, Capital Structure and Cost Rates, in my Exhibit RBD-1
24 Appendix I and II.

25 **Q. Has FPL calculated the WACC in accordance with the WACC Order for the**

1 **2022 Projection filing?**

2 A Yes. The resulting after-tax WACC to be applied to the 2022 projected SPPCRC
3 capital investments is 6.37%, which is based on the 2022 Test Year Rate Case
4 forecast and currently approved midpoint ROE of 10.55%. The WACC is also
5 provided on Form 7P, Capital Structure and Cost Rates, in my Exhibit RBD-1
6 Appendix III.

7 **Q. Does this conclude your testimony?**

8 A. Yes.

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Exhibit RBD-1 Appendix 1

Current Period: January thru December 2021
Summary of Current Period Estimated True-Up
(in Dollars)

| Line | Period Amount |
|---|------------------|
| 1 Over/(Under) Recovery for the Current Period (SPPCRC Form 2E, Line 5) | \$736,272 |
| 2 | |
| 3 Interest Provision (SPPCRC Form 2E, Line 6) | \$6,578 |
| 4 | |
| 5 Sum of Current Period Adjustments (SPPCRC Form 2E, Line 10) | <u>\$0</u> |
| 6 | |
| 7 Actual/Estimated True-Up Amount to be Refunded/(Recovered) | <u>\$742,850</u> |
| 8 in the Projection Period January - December 2021 | |
| 9 (Lines 1 + 2 + 3) | |

FLORIDA POWER & LIGHT CO

Actual/Estimated
Current Period: January thru December 2021
Calculation of True-Up Amount
(in Dollars)

| Line | a-Jan - 2021 | a-Feb - 2021 | Mar - 2021 | Apr - 2021 | May - 2021 | Jun - 2021 | Jul - 2021 | Aug - 2021 | Sep - 2021 | Oct - 2021 | Nov - 2021 | Dec - 2021 | End of Period Total |
|--|--------------|--------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------------|
| 1.Clause Revenues (net of Revenue Taxes) | \$3,118,177 | \$3,077,689 | \$3,031,004 | \$3,259,294 | \$3,528,776 | \$3,927,135 | \$4,226,542 | \$4,345,523 | \$4,227,196 | \$3,828,624 | \$3,403,714 | \$3,161,435 | \$43,135,108 |
| 2.True-Up Provision - Prior Period | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| 3.Clause Revenues Applicable to Period (Lines 1 + 2) | \$3,118,177 | \$3,077,689 | \$3,031,004 | \$3,259,294 | \$3,528,776 | \$3,927,135 | \$4,226,542 | \$4,345,523 | \$4,227,196 | \$3,828,624 | \$3,403,714 | \$3,161,435 | \$43,135,108 |
| 4.Jurisdictional Rev. Req. | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| a.Overhead Hardening | \$150,708 | \$456,394 | \$850,608 | \$1,337,058 | \$1,819,761 | \$2,301,718 | \$2,773,908 | \$3,260,608 | \$3,774,656 | \$4,301,705 | \$4,818,002 | \$5,312,899 | \$31,158,023 |
| b.Undergrounding | \$50,738 | \$153,289 | \$287,382 | \$460,816 | \$644,890 | \$837,442 | \$1,032,073 | \$1,210,992 | \$1,363,092 | \$1,488,133 | \$1,600,774 | \$1,697,779 | \$10,827,402 |
| c.Vegetation Management | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| d. Implementation Costs | \$2,540 | \$5,252 | \$6,910 | \$101,327 | \$36,462 | \$36,696 | \$36,868 | \$37,075 | \$37,245 | \$37,405 | \$37,596 | \$38,035 | \$413,411 |
| e.Total Jurisdictional Revenue Requirements | \$203,986 | \$614,935 | \$1,144,900 | \$1,899,201 | \$2,501,112 | \$3,175,857 | \$3,842,850 | \$4,508,675 | \$5,174,993 | \$5,827,243 | \$6,456,371 | \$7,048,713 | \$42,398,836 |
| 5.Over/(Under) Recovery (Line 3 - Line 4e) | \$2,914,191 | \$2,462,754 | \$1,886,104 | \$1,360,093 | \$1,027,664 | \$751,278 | \$383,692 | (\$163,152) | (\$947,798) | (\$1,998,618) | (\$3,052,658) | (\$3,887,277) | \$736,272 |
| 6.Interest Provision (SPPCRC Form 3E, Line 10) | \$103 | \$294 | \$474 | \$596 | \$685 | \$752 | \$795 | \$803 | \$761 | \$651 | \$462 | \$201 | \$6,578 |
| 7.Beginning Balance True-Up & Interest Provision | \$0 | \$2,914,294 | \$5,377,342 | \$7,263,920 | \$8,624,609 | \$9,652,958 | \$10,404,987 | \$10,789,474 | \$10,627,125 | \$9,680,089 | \$7,682,122 | \$4,629,925 | |
| a. Deferred True-Up (Order No. N/A) | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | |
| 8.True-Up Collected/(Refunded) (see Line 2) | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | |
| 9.End of Period Total True-Up (Lines 5+6+7+8) | \$2,914,294 | \$5,377,342 | \$7,263,920 | \$8,624,609 | \$9,652,958 | \$10,404,987 | \$10,789,474 | \$10,627,125 | \$9,680,089 | \$7,682,122 | \$4,629,925 | \$742,850 | |
| 10.Adjustment to Period True-Up Including Interest | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | |
| 11.End of Period Total True-Up (Lines 9 + 10) | \$2,914,294 | \$5,377,342 | \$7,263,920 | \$8,624,609 | \$9,652,958 | \$10,404,987 | \$10,789,474 | \$10,627,125 | \$9,680,089 | \$7,682,122 | \$4,629,925 | \$742,850 | |

FLORIDA POWER & LIGHT CO

Actual/Estimated
Current Period: January thru December 2021
Calculation of Interest Provision for True-Up Amount (In Dollars)

| Line | a-Jan - 2021 | a-Feb - 2021 | Mar - 2021 | Apr - 2021 | May - 2021 | Jun - 2021 | Jul - 2021 | Aug - 2021 | Sep - 2021 | Oct - 2021 | Nov - 2021 | Dec - 2021 |
|---|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|-------------|
| 1. Beginning True-Up Amount (SPPCRC Form 2E, Line 7+7a+10) | \$0 | \$2,914,294 | \$5,377,342 | \$7,263,920 | \$8,624,609 | \$9,652,958 | \$10,404,987 | \$10,789,474 | \$10,627,125 | \$9,680,089 | \$7,682,122 | \$4,629,925 |
| 2. Ending True-Up Amount Before Interest | \$2,914,191 | \$5,377,048 | \$7,263,446 | \$8,624,013 | \$9,652,272 | \$10,404,235 | \$10,788,679 | \$10,626,322 | \$9,679,327 | \$7,681,471 | \$4,629,464 | \$742,648 |
| 3. Total of Beginning & Ending True-Up (Lines 1 + 2) | \$2,914,191 | \$8,291,342 | \$12,640,788 | \$15,887,933 | \$18,276,881 | \$20,057,193 | \$21,193,667 | \$21,415,796 | \$20,306,452 | \$17,361,559 | \$12,311,585 | \$5,372,574 |
| 4. Average True-Up Amount (Line 3 x 1/2) | \$1,457,095 | \$4,145,671 | \$6,320,394 | \$7,943,966 | \$9,138,441 | \$10,028,597 | \$10,596,833 | \$10,707,898 | \$10,153,226 | \$8,680,780 | \$6,155,793 | \$2,686,287 |
| 5. Interest Rate (First Day of Reporting Business Month) | 0.09% | 0.08% | 0.09% | 0.09% | 0.09% | 0.09% | 0.09% | 0.09% | 0.09% | 0.09% | 0.09% | 0.09% |
| 6. Interest Rate (First Day of Subsequent Business Month) | 0.08% | 0.09% | 0.09% | 0.09% | 0.09% | 0.09% | 0.09% | 0.09% | 0.09% | 0.09% | 0.09% | 0.09% |
| 7. Total of Beginning & Ending Interest Rates (Lines 5 + 6) | 0.17% | 0.17% | 0.18% | 0.18% | 0.18% | 0.18% | 0.18% | 0.18% | 0.18% | 0.18% | 0.18% | 0.18% |
| 8. Average Interest Rate (Line 7 x 1/2) - Annual | 0.085% | 0.085% | 0.090% | 0.090% | 0.090% | 0.090% | 0.090% | 0.090% | 0.090% | 0.090% | 0.090% | 0.090% |
| 9. Monthly Average Interest Rate (Line 8 x 1/12) | 0.007% | 0.007% | 0.008% | 0.008% | 0.008% | 0.008% | 0.008% | 0.008% | 0.008% | 0.008% | 0.008% | 0.008% |
| 10. Interest Provision for the Month (Line 4 x Line 9) | \$103 | \$294 | \$474 | \$596 | \$685 | \$752 | \$795 | \$803 | \$761 | \$651 | \$462 | \$201 |

| | (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) |
|---|------------------|-----------|-----------------|------------------|
| | Estimated Actual | Projected | Variance Amount | Variance Percent |
| 1. Overhead Hardening O&M Programs | | | | |
| 1. Feeder Hardening - Distribution | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | 0% |
| 2. Pole Inspections - Distribution | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | 0% |
| 3. Structures/Other Equipment Inspections Transmission | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | 0% |
| 4. Wood Structures Hardening (Replacing) Transmission | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | 0% |
| 5. Substation Storm Surge/Flood Mitigation | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | 0% |
| 1.a. Subtotal of Overhead Hardening Programs - O&M | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | 0% |
| 2. Vegetation Management O&M Programs | | | | |
| 1. Vegetation Management - Distribution | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | 0% |
| 2. Vegetation Management - Transmission | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | 0% |
| 2.a. Subtotal of Vegetation Management Programs - O&M | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | 0% |
| 3. Underground O&M Programs | | | | |
| 1. Lateral Hardening (Undergrounding) Distribution | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | 0% |
| 3.a Subtotal of Undergrounding Programs - O&M | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | 0% |
| 4. Implementation Costs - G&I | | | | |
| 1. Implementation Costs - Distribution | \$322,274 | \$447,113 | (\$124,838) | (27.92%) |
| 2. Implementation Costs - Transmission | \$14,926 | \$20,707 | (\$5,782) | (27.92%) |
| 4.a Subtotal of Implementation Costs - O&M | \$337,200 | \$467,820 | (\$130,620) | (27.92%) |
| 5. Total O&M Costs | \$337,200 | \$467,820 | (\$130,620) | (27.92%) |
| 6. Allocation of O&M Costs | | | | |
| a. Distribution Allocated to GPC Demand | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | 0% |
| b. Transmission Allocated to 12 CP Demand | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | 0% |
| c. Implementation Costs Allocated to Distribution GPC Demand | \$322,274 | \$447,113 | (\$124,838) | (27.92%) |
| d. Implementation Costs Allocated to Transmission 12 CP Demand | \$14,926 | \$20,707 | (\$5,782) | (27.92%) |
| e. Total of Allocation of O&M Costs | \$337,200 | \$467,820 | (\$130,620) | (27.92%) |
| 7. Retail Jurisdictional Factors | | | | |
| a. Distribution Jurisdictional Factor | 100.0000% | 100.0000% | | |
| b. Transmission Jurisdictional Factor | 90.2300% | 90.2300% | | |
| c. G&I Jurisdictional Factor | 96.9888% | 96.9888% | | |
| 8. Jurisdictional Revenue Requirements | | | | |
| a. Jurisdictional GPC Demand Revenue Requirements - Distribution | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | 0% |
| b. Jurisdictional 12 CP Demand Revenue Requirements - Transmission | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | 0% |
| c. Jurisdictional Implementation Costs Allocated to Distribution GPC Demand | \$312,570 | \$433,649 | (\$121,079) | (27.92%) |
| d. Jurisdictional Implementation Costs Allocated to Transmission 12 CP Demand | \$14,476 | \$20,084 | (\$5,608) | (27.92%) |
| e. Total Jurisdictional Revenue Requirements | \$327,046 | \$453,733 | (\$126,687) | (27.92%) |

Notes:

Column (1) is the End of Period Totals on SPPCRC Form 5E

Column(2)is amount shown on Form 2P End of Period Totals for the 2021 Projections approved by Order No. PSC-2020-0409-AS-EI

Column (3) = Column (1) - Column (2)

Column (4) = Column (3) / Column (2)

Column (3) = Column (1) - Column (2)

Column (4) = Column (3) / Column (2)

Actual/Estimated
Period: January through December 2021
Calculation of Annual Revenue Requirements for O&M Programs (in Dollars)

| O&M Activities | T/D | Actual | | | | | | | | | | | | Estimated | | | | | | | | | | | | End of Period | | Method of Classification | |
|--|-----|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-------------------------|---------------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|--|--|--|--|--|--|---------------|--|--------------------------|--|
| | | Jan | Feb | Mar | Apr | May | Jun | Jul | Aug | Sep | Oct | Nov | Dec | Total | Distribution GCP Demand | Transmission 12 CP Demand | Total | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1 Overhead Hardening O&M Programs | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1. Feeder Hardening - Distribution | D | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2. Pole Inspections - Distribution | D | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | | | | | | | | | | |
| 3. Structures/Other Equipment Inspections Transmission | T | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | | | | | | | | | | |
| 4. Wood Structures Hardening (Replacing) Transmission | T | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | | | | | | | | | | |
| 5. Substation Storm Surge/Flood Mitigation | D | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1.a Subtotal of Overhead Hardening Programs - O&M | | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2 Vegetation Management O&M Programs | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1. Vegetation Management - Distribution | D | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2. Vegetation Management - Transmission | T | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2.a Subtotal of Vegetation Management Programs - O&M | | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | | | | | | | | | | |
| 3 Underground Laterals O&M Programs | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1. Lateral Hardening (Undergrounding) Distribution | D | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | | | | | | | | | | |
| 3.a Subtotal of Underground Laterals Program - O&M | | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | | | | | | | | | | |
| 4 Implementation Costs - A&G | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1. Implementation Costs - Distribution | D | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$92,898 | \$28,672 | \$28,672 | \$28,672 | \$28,672 | \$28,672 | \$28,672 | \$28,672 | \$28,672 | \$28,672 | \$322,274 | \$312,570 | \$0 | \$312,570 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2. Implementation Costs - Transmission | T | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$4,302 | \$1,328 | \$1,328 | \$1,328 | \$1,328 | \$1,328 | \$1,328 | \$1,328 | \$1,328 | \$1,328 | \$14,926 | \$0 | \$14,476 | \$14,476 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 4.a Subtotal of Implementation Costs - O&M | | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$97,200 | \$30,000 | \$30,000 | \$30,000 | \$30,000 | \$30,000 | \$30,000 | \$30,000 | \$30,000 | \$30,000 | \$337,200 | \$312,570 | \$14,476 | \$327,046 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 5 Total O&M Costs | | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$97,200 | \$30,000 | \$30,000 | \$30,000 | \$30,000 | \$30,000 | \$30,000 | \$30,000 | \$30,000 | \$30,000 | \$337,200 | \$312,570 | \$14,476 | \$327,046 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 6 Allocation of O&M Programs | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| a. Distribution O&M Allocated to GCP Demand | | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | | | | | | | | | | |
| b. Transmission O&M Allocated to 12 CP Demand | | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | | | | | | | | | | |
| c. Implementation Costs Allocated to Distribution GCP Demand | | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$92,898 | \$28,672 | \$28,672 | \$28,672 | \$28,672 | \$28,672 | \$28,672 | \$28,672 | \$28,672 | \$28,672 | \$322,274 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| d. Implementation Costs Allocated to Transmission 12 CP Demand | | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$4,302 | \$1,328 | \$1,328 | \$1,328 | \$1,328 | \$1,328 | \$1,328 | \$1,328 | \$1,328 | \$1,328 | \$14,926 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| e. Total Allocation of O&M Programs | | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$97,200 | \$30,000 | \$30,000 | \$30,000 | \$30,000 | \$30,000 | \$30,000 | \$30,000 | \$30,000 | \$30,000 | \$337,200 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 7 Implementation Costs Allocation Factors | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| a. Distribution | | 95.57% | 95.57% | 95.57% | 95.57% | 95.57% | 95.57% | 95.57% | 95.57% | 95.57% | 95.57% | 95.57% | 95.57% | 95.57% | 95.57% | 95.57% | 95.57% | 95.57% | 95.57% | | | | | | | | | | |
| b. Transmission | | 4.43% | 4.43% | 4.43% | 4.43% | 4.43% | 4.43% | 4.43% | 4.43% | 4.43% | 4.43% | 4.43% | 4.43% | 4.43% | 4.43% | 4.43% | 4.43% | 4.43% | 4.43% | | | | | | | | | | |
| 8 Retail Jurisdictional Factors | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| a. Distribution Demand Jurisdictional Factor | | 100.0000% | 100.0000% | 100.0000% | 100.0000% | 100.0000% | 100.0000% | 100.0000% | 100.0000% | 100.0000% | 100.0000% | 100.0000% | 100.0000% | 100.0000% | 100.0000% | 100.0000% | 100.0000% | 100.0000% | 100.0000% | | | | | | | | | | |
| b. Transmission Demand Jurisdictional Factor | | 90.2300% | 90.2300% | 90.2300% | 90.2300% | 90.2300% | 90.2300% | 90.2300% | 90.2300% | 90.2300% | 90.2300% | 90.2300% | 90.2300% | 90.2300% | 90.2300% | 90.2300% | 90.2300% | 90.2300% | 90.2300% | | | | | | | | | | |
| c. General & Intangible Plant Jurisdictional Factor | | 96.9888% | 96.9888% | 96.9888% | 96.9888% | 96.9888% | 96.9888% | 96.9888% | 96.9888% | 96.9888% | 96.9888% | 96.9888% | 96.9888% | 96.9888% | 96.9888% | 96.9888% | 96.9888% | 96.9888% | 96.9888% | | | | | | | | | | |
| 9 Jurisdictional GCP Demand Revenue Requirements - Distribution | | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | | | | | | | | | | |
| 10 Jurisdictional 12 CP Demand Revenue Requirements - Transmission | | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | | | | | | | | | | |
| 11 Jurisdictional Implementation Costs Allocated to Distribution GCP Demand | | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$90,100 | \$27,809 | \$27,809 | \$27,809 | \$27,809 | \$27,809 | \$27,809 | \$27,809 | \$27,809 | \$27,809 | \$27,809 | \$27,809 | \$27,809 | \$27,809 | \$312,570 | | | | | | | | | | |
| 12 Jurisdictional Implementation Costs Allocated to Transmission 12 CP Demand | | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$4,173 | \$1,288 | \$1,288 | \$1,288 | \$1,288 | \$1,288 | \$1,288 | \$1,288 | \$1,288 | \$1,288 | \$1,288 | \$1,288 | \$1,288 | \$1,288 | \$14,476 | | | | | | | | | | |
| 13 Total Jurisdictional O&M Revenue Requirements | | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$94,273 | \$29,097 | \$29,097 | \$29,097 | \$29,097 | \$29,097 | \$29,097 | \$29,097 | \$29,097 | \$29,097 | \$29,097 | \$29,097 | \$29,097 | \$29,097 | \$327,046 | | | | | | | | | | |
| O&M Revenue Requirements by Category of Activity | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Monthly Sums of (Activity Cost x Allocation x Jur. Factor) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 14 Overhead Hardening O&M Programs | | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | | | | | | | | | | |
| a. Allocated to GCP Demand | | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | | | | | | | | | | |
| b. Allocated to 12 CP Demand | | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | | | | | | | | | | |
| 15 Vegetation Management O&M Programs | | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | | | | | | | | | | |
| a. Allocated to GCP Demand | | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | | | | | | | | | | |
| b. Allocated to 12 CP Demand | | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | | | | | | | | | | |
| 16 Underground Laterals O&M Programs | | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | | | | | | | | | | |
| a. Allocated to GCP Demand | | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | | | | | | | | | | |
| b. Allocated to 12 CP Demand | | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | | | | | | | | | | |
| 17 Implementation O&M | | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$94,273 | \$29,097 | \$29,097 | \$29,097 | \$29,097 | \$29,097 | \$29,097 | \$29,097 | \$29,097 | \$29,097 | \$29,097 | \$29,097 | \$29,097 | \$29,097 | \$327,046 | | | | | | | | | | |
| a. Allocated to Distribution | | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$90,100 | \$27,809 | \$27,809 | \$27,809 | \$27,809 | \$27,809 | \$27,809 | \$27,809 | \$27,809 | \$27,809 | \$27,809 | \$27,809 | \$27,809 | \$27,809 | \$312,570 | | | | | | | | | | |
| b. Allocated to Transmission | | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$4,173 | \$1,288 | \$1,288 | \$1,288 | \$1,288 | \$1,288 | \$1,288 | \$1,288 | \$1,288 | \$1,288 | \$1,288 | \$1,288 | \$1,288 | \$1,288 | \$14,476 | | | | | | | | | | |

Actual/Estimated
Current Period: January through December 2021
Project Listing for Each O&M Program

| O&M Activities | T or D |
|----------------|--------|
|----------------|--------|

Refer to Exhibit RBD-1 Appendix II Form 6P

| | (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) |
|---|---------------------|---------------------|----------------------|------------------|
| | Estimated Actual | Projected | Variance Amount | Variance Percent |
| 1. Overhead Hardening Programs | | | | |
| 1. Feeder Hardening - Distribution | \$26,711,556 | \$27,766,754 | (\$1,055,198) | (3.80%) |
| 2. Pole Inspections - Distribution | \$1,402,675 | \$1,637,147 | (\$234,472) | (14.32%) |
| 3. Structures/Other Equipment Inspections Transmission | \$1,208,580 | \$1,160,085 | \$48,495 | 4.18% |
| 4. Wood Structures Hardening (Replacing) Transmission | \$1,814,012 | \$1,747,796 | \$66,216 | 3.79% |
| 5. Substation Storm Surge/Flood Mitigation | \$316,508 | \$500,063 | (\$183,555) | (36.71%) |
| 1.a. Subtotal of Overhead Hardening Capital Investment Programs | \$31,453,331 | \$32,811,845 | (\$1,358,513) | (4.14%) |
| 2. Underground Programs | | | | |
| 1. Lateral Hardening (Undergrounding) Distribution | \$10,827,402 | \$9,991,443 | \$835,958 | 8.37% |
| 2.a Subtotal of Undergrounding Capital Investment Programs | \$10,827,402 | \$9,991,443 | \$835,958 | 8.37% |
| 3. Implementation Costs - G&I | | | | |
| 1. Implementation Costs - Distribution | \$85,105 | \$428,806 | (\$343,701) | (80.15%) |
| 2. Implementation Costs - Transmission | \$3,942 | \$19,861 | (\$15,919) | (80.15%) |
| 3.a Subtotal of Implementation Capital Programs | \$89,047 | \$448,667 | (\$359,620) | (80.15%) |
| 4. Total of Capital Investment Costs | \$42,369,779 | \$43,251,955 | (\$882,176) | (2.04%) |
| 5. Allocation of Capital Investment Costs | | | | |
| a. Distribution Allocated to GPC Demand | \$39,258,141 | \$39,895,407 | (\$637,266) | (1.60%) |
| b. Transmission Allocated to 12 CP Demand | \$3,022,592 | \$2,907,881 | \$114,711 | 3.94% |
| c. Implementation Costs Allocated to Distribution GCP Demand | \$85,105 | \$428,806 | (\$343,701) | (80.15%) |
| d. Implementation Costs Allocated to Transmission 12 CP Demand | \$3,942 | \$19,861 | (\$15,919) | (80.15%) |
| e. Total of Allocation of Capital Investment Costs | \$42,369,779 | \$43,251,955 | (\$882,176) | (2.04%) |
| 7. Retail Jurisdictional Factors | | | | |
| a. Distribution Jurisdictional Factor | 100.0000% | 100.0000% | | |
| b. Transmission Jurisdictional Factor | 90.2300% | 90.2300% | | |
| c. G&I Jurisdictional Factor | 96.9888% | 96.9888% | | |
| 8. Jurisdictional Revenue Requirements | | | | |
| a. Jurisdictional GCP Demand Revenue Requirements - Distribution | \$39,258,141 | \$39,895,407 | (\$637,266) | (1.60%) |
| b. Jurisdictional 12 CP Demand Revenue Requirements - Transmission | \$2,727,284 | \$2,623,781 | \$103,504 | 3.94% |
| c. Jurisdictional Implementation Costs Allocated to Distribution GCP Demand | \$82,542 | \$415,894 | (\$333,351) | (80.15%) |
| d. Jurisdictional Implementation Costs Allocated to Transmission 12 CP Demand | \$3,823 | \$19,263 | (\$15,440) | (80.15%) |
| e. Total Jurisdictional Revenue Requirements | \$42,071,790 | \$42,954,344 | (\$882,554) | (2.05%) |

Notes:

Column (1) is the End of Period Totals on SPPCRC Form 5E

Column(2) is amount shown on Form3P End of Period Totals for the 2021 Projections approved by Order No. PSC-2020-0409-AS-EI

Column (3) = Column (1) - Column (2)

Column (4) = Column (3) / Column (2)

Actual/Estimated
Period: January through December 2021

Calculation of Annual Revenue Requirements for Capital Investment Programs (in Dollars)

| Capital Investment Activities | Actual | | | | | | | | | | | | Estimated | | | | End of Period | Method of Classification | | |
|---|--------|-----------|-----------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|--------------|----------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------|--------------------------|--|--|
| | T/D | Jan | Feb | Mar | Apr | May | Jun | Jul | Aug | Sep | Oct | Nov | Dec | Total | Distribution GCP Demand | Transmission 12 CP Demand | Total | | | |
| 1 Overhead Hardening Capital Investment Programs | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1. Feeder Hardening - Distribution | D | \$112,251 | \$371,437 | \$719,508 | \$1,136,192 | \$1,566,947 | \$1,988,586 | \$2,386,348 | \$2,795,897 | \$3,233,555 | \$3,691,244 | \$4,145,745 | \$4,563,847 | \$26,711,556 | \$26,711,556 | \$0 | \$26,711,556 | | | |
| 2. Pole Inspections - Distribution | D | \$25,745 | \$36,791 | \$38,613 | \$63,331 | \$69,950 | \$87,151 | \$117,603 | \$145,761 | \$170,621 | \$191,764 | \$209,871 | \$245,475 | \$1,402,675 | \$1,402,675 | \$0 | \$1,402,675 | | | |
| 3. Structures/Other Equipment Inspections Transmission | T | \$5,543 | \$19,989 | \$37,290 | \$55,586 | \$74,225 | \$92,953 | \$111,808 | \$129,847 | \$146,726 | \$162,884 | \$178,328 | \$193,401 | \$1,208,580 | \$0 | \$1,090,502 | \$1,090,502 | | | |
| 4. Wood Structures Hardening (Replacing) Transmission | T | \$7,417 | \$30,664 | \$59,940 | \$87,193 | \$114,091 | \$139,031 | \$163,309 | \$189,583 | \$216,988 | \$243,692 | \$269,394 | \$292,710 | \$1,814,012 | \$0 | \$1,636,783 | \$1,636,783 | | | |
| 5. Substation Storm Surge/Flood Mitigation | D | \$1,018 | \$2,461 | \$4,756 | \$8,706 | \$12,947 | \$16,662 | \$21,720 | \$30,728 | \$42,302 | \$51,844 | \$58,405 | \$64,960 | \$316,508 | \$316,508 | \$0 | \$316,508 | | | |
| 1.a Subtotal of Overhead Hardening Capital Investment Programs | | \$151,974 | \$461,342 | \$860,107 | \$1,351,008 | \$1,838,159 | \$2,324,383 | \$2,800,787 | \$3,291,816 | \$3,810,191 | \$4,341,427 | \$4,861,744 | \$5,360,392 | \$31,453,331 | \$28,430,739 | \$2,727,284 | \$31,158,023 | | | |
| 2 Undergrounding Laterals Capital Investment Programs | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2. Lateral Hardening (Undergrounding) Distribution | D | \$50,738 | \$153,289 | \$287,382 | \$460,816 | \$644,890 | \$837,442 | \$1,032,073 | \$1,210,992 | \$1,363,092 | \$1,488,133 | \$1,600,774 | \$1,697,779 | \$10,827,402 | \$10,827,402 | \$0 | \$10,827,402 | | | |
| 2.a Subtotal of Undergrounding Laterals Capital Investment Programs | | \$50,738 | \$153,289 | \$287,382 | \$460,816 | \$644,890 | \$837,442 | \$1,032,073 | \$1,210,992 | \$1,363,092 | \$1,488,133 | \$1,600,774 | \$1,697,779 | \$10,827,402 | \$10,827,402 | \$0 | \$10,827,402 | | | |
| 3 Implementation Costs - G&I | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 3. Implementation Costs - Distribution | D | \$2,503 | \$5,176 | \$6,809 | \$6,951 | \$7,258 | \$7,489 | \$7,658 | \$7,862 | \$8,029 | \$8,187 | \$8,375 | \$8,807 | \$85,105 | \$82,542 | \$0 | \$82,542 | | | |
| 3. Implementation Costs - Transmission | T | \$116 | \$240 | \$315 | \$322 | \$336 | \$347 | \$355 | \$364 | \$372 | \$379 | \$388 | \$408 | \$3,942 | \$0 | \$3,823 | \$3,823 | | | |
| 3.a Subtotal of Implementation Capital Programs | | \$2,619 | \$5,415 | \$7,125 | \$7,273 | \$7,594 | \$7,836 | \$8,013 | \$8,226 | \$8,401 | \$8,566 | \$8,763 | \$9,215 | \$89,047 | \$82,542 | \$0 | \$86,365 | | | |
| 4 Total Capital Investment Costs | | \$205,331 | \$620,047 | \$1,154,613 | \$1,819,097 | \$2,490,643 | \$3,169,661 | \$3,840,873 | \$4,511,034 | \$5,181,685 | \$5,838,127 | \$6,471,281 | \$7,067,387 | \$42,369,779 | \$39,340,683 | \$2,731,107 | \$42,071,790 | | | |
| 5 Allocation of Capital Investment Programs | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| a. Distribution Allocated to GCP Demand | | \$189,752 | \$563,979 | \$1,050,259 | \$1,669,045 | \$2,294,734 | \$2,929,841 | \$3,557,743 | \$4,183,378 | \$4,809,569 | \$5,422,984 | \$6,014,796 | \$6,572,061 | \$39,258,141 | | | | | | |
| b. Transmission Allocated to 12 CP Demand | | \$12,960 | \$50,653 | \$97,230 | \$142,779 | \$188,315 | \$231,984 | \$275,117 | \$319,430 | \$363,714 | \$406,576 | \$447,722 | \$486,111 | \$3,022,592 | | | | | | |
| c. Implementation Costs Allocated to Distribution GCP Demand | | \$2,503 | \$5,176 | \$6,809 | \$6,951 | \$7,258 | \$7,489 | \$7,658 | \$7,862 | \$8,029 | \$8,187 | \$8,375 | \$8,807 | \$85,105 | | | | | | |
| d. Implementation Costs Allocated to Transmission 12 CP Demand | | \$116 | \$240 | \$315 | \$322 | \$336 | \$347 | \$355 | \$364 | \$372 | \$379 | \$388 | \$408 | \$3,942 | | | | | | |
| e. Total Allocation of Capital Investment Programs | | \$205,331 | \$620,047 | \$1,154,613 | \$1,819,097 | \$2,490,643 | \$3,169,661 | \$3,840,873 | \$4,511,034 | \$5,181,685 | \$5,838,127 | \$6,471,281 | \$7,067,387 | \$42,369,779 | | | | | | |
| 6 Implementation Costs Allocation Factors | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| a. Distribution | | 95.57% | 95.57% | 95.57% | 95.57% | 95.57% | 95.57% | 95.57% | 95.57% | 95.57% | 95.57% | 95.57% | 95.57% | 95.57% | | | | | | |
| b. Transmission | | 4.43% | 4.43% | 4.43% | 4.43% | 4.43% | 4.43% | 4.43% | 4.43% | 4.43% | 4.43% | 4.43% | 4.43% | 4.43% | | | | | | |
| 7 Retail Jurisdictional Factors | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| a. Distribution Demand Jurisdictional Factor | | 100.0000% | 100.0000% | 100.0000% | 100.0000% | 100.0000% | 100.0000% | 100.0000% | 100.0000% | 100.0000% | 100.0000% | 100.0000% | 100.0000% | 100.0000% | | | | | | |
| b. Transmission Demand Jurisdictional Factor | | 90.2300% | 90.2300% | 90.2300% | 90.2300% | 90.2300% | 90.2300% | 90.2300% | 90.2300% | 90.2300% | 90.2300% | 90.2300% | 90.2300% | 90.2300% | | | | | | |
| c. General & Intangible Plant Jurisdictional Factor | | 96.9888% | 96.9888% | 96.9888% | 96.9888% | 96.9888% | 96.9888% | 96.9888% | 96.9888% | 96.9888% | 96.9888% | 96.9888% | 96.9888% | 96.9888% | | | | | | |
| 8 Jurisdictional GCP Demand Revenue Requirements - Distribution | | \$189,752 | \$563,979 | \$1,050,259 | \$1,669,045 | \$2,294,734 | \$2,929,841 | \$3,557,743 | \$4,183,378 | \$4,809,569 | \$5,422,984 | \$6,014,796 | \$6,572,061 | \$39,258,141 | | | | | | |
| 9 Jurisdictional 12 CP Demand Revenue Requirements - Transmission | | \$11,694 | \$45,704 | \$87,731 | \$128,829 | \$169,917 | \$209,320 | \$248,238 | \$288,222 | \$328,179 | \$366,853 | \$403,980 | \$438,618 | \$2,727,284 | | | | | | |
| 10 Jurisdictional Implementation Costs Allocated to Distribution GCP Demand | | \$2,427 | \$5,020 | \$6,604 | \$6,742 | \$7,039 | \$7,263 | \$7,428 | \$7,625 | \$7,788 | \$7,941 | \$8,123 | \$8,542 | \$82,542 | | | | | | |
| 11 Jurisdictional Implementation Costs Allocated to Transmission 12 CP Demand | | \$113 | \$233 | \$306 | \$312 | \$326 | \$336 | \$344 | \$353 | \$361 | \$368 | \$376 | \$396 | \$3,823 | | | | | | |
| 12 Total Jurisdictional Capital Investment Revenue Requirements | | \$203,986 | \$614,935 | \$1,144,900 | \$1,804,928 | \$2,472,016 | \$3,146,761 | \$3,813,753 | \$4,479,578 | \$5,145,897 | \$5,798,146 | \$6,427,275 | \$7,019,616 | \$42,071,790 | | | | | | |
| Capital Investment Revenue Requirements by Category of Activity | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Monthly Sums of (Activity Cost x Allocation x Jur. Factor) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 13 Overhead Hardening Capital Investment Programs | | \$150,708 | \$456,394 | \$850,608 | \$1,337,058 | \$1,819,761 | \$2,301,718 | \$2,773,908 | \$3,260,608 | \$3,774,656 | \$4,301,705 | \$4,818,002 | \$5,312,899 | \$31,158,023 | | | | | | |
| a. Allocated to GCP Demand | | \$139,014 | \$410,689 | \$762,877 | \$1,208,229 | \$1,649,844 | \$2,092,399 | \$2,525,670 | \$2,972,386 | \$3,446,477 | \$3,934,851 | \$4,414,022 | \$4,874,281 | \$28,430,739 | | | | | | |
| b. Allocated to 12 CP Demand | | \$11,694 | \$45,704 | \$87,731 | \$128,829 | \$169,917 | \$209,320 | \$248,238 | \$288,222 | \$328,179 | \$366,853 | \$403,980 | \$438,618 | \$2,727,284 | | | | | | |
| 14 Undergrounding Laterals Capital Investment Programs | | \$50,738 | \$153,289 | \$287,382 | \$460,816 | \$644,890 | \$837,442 | \$1,032,073 | \$1,210,992 | \$1,363,092 | \$1,488,133 | \$1,600,774 | \$1,697,779 | \$10,827,402 | | | | | | |
| a. Allocated to GCP Demand | | \$50,738 | \$153,289 | \$287,382 | \$460,816 | \$644,890 | \$837,442 | \$1,032,073 | \$1,210,992 | \$1,363,092 | \$1,488,133 | \$1,600,774 | \$1,697,779 | \$10,827,402 | | | | | | |
| b. Allocated to 12 CP Demand | | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | | | | | | |
| 15 Implementation Capital | | \$2,540 | \$5,252 | \$6,910 | \$7,054 | \$7,365 | \$7,600 | \$7,772 | \$7,978 | \$8,148 | \$8,309 | \$8,499 | \$8,938 | \$86,365 | | | | | | |
| a. Allocated to Distribution | | \$2,427 | \$5,020 | \$6,604 | \$6,742 | \$7,039 | \$7,263 | \$7,428 | \$7,625 | \$7,788 | \$7,941 | \$8,123 | \$8,542 | \$82,542 | | | | | | |
| b. Allocated to Transmission | | \$113 | \$233 | \$306 | \$312 | \$326 | \$336 | \$344 | \$353 | \$361 | \$368 | \$376 | \$396 | \$3,823 | | | | | | |

Actual/Estimated

Current Period: January through December

2021 Project Listing for Each Capital
Program

| | |
|--------------------|--------|
| Capital Activities | T or D |
|--------------------|--------|

Refer to Exhibit MJ-3

FLORIDA POWER & LIGHT CO
601-Pole Inspections - Distribution

Estimated Revenue Requirements for the Period January 2021 through December 2021 (In Dollars)

| Beginning of Period Amount | a-Jan - 2021 | a-Feb - 2021 | Mar - 2021 | Apr - 2021 | May - 2021 | Jun - 2021 | Jul - 2021 | Aug - 2021 | Sep - 2021 | Oct - 2021 | Nov - 2021 | Dec - 2021 | Total | |
|--|--------------|---------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|-------------|
| 601-Pole Inspections - Distribution | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1. Investments | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| a. Expenditures/Additions (a) | \$2,011,051 | (\$481,432) | \$5,282,346 | \$959,528 | \$97,269 | \$4,030,559 | \$3,677,108 | \$3,144,317 | \$2,642,369 | \$2,095,090 | \$1,853,134 | \$6,989,507 | \$32,300,846 | |
| b. Clearings to Plant | \$4,073,965 | (\$2,759,529) | \$1,968,204 | \$1,685,429 | \$1,240,199 | \$2,022,457 | \$2,486,327 | \$2,670,790 | \$2,662,822 | \$2,503,663 | \$2,321,292 | \$3,629,993 | \$24,505,611 | |
| c. Retirements | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | |
| d. Other | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | |
| 2. Plant-In-Service/Depreciation Base | \$0 | \$4,073,965 | \$1,314,436 | \$3,282,640 | \$4,968,068 | \$6,208,268 | \$8,230,725 | \$10,717,052 | \$13,387,841 | \$16,050,664 | \$18,554,326 | \$20,875,618 | \$24,505,611 | |
| 3. Less: Accumulated Depreciation | \$0 | \$5,405 | \$12,382 | \$14,497 | \$20,541 | \$29,729 | \$42,425 | \$59,968 | \$83,055 | \$111,875 | \$146,250 | \$185,811 | \$231,770 | |
| 4. CWIP - Non Interest Bearing | \$0 | \$2,011,051 | \$1,529,618 | \$4,843,760 | \$4,117,859 | \$2,974,929 | \$4,983,031 | \$6,173,812 | \$6,647,339 | \$6,626,887 | \$6,218,314 | \$5,750,157 | \$9,109,671 | |
| 5. Net Investment (Lines 2 - 3 + 4) | \$0 | \$6,079,611 | \$2,831,672 | \$8,111,902 | \$9,065,387 | \$9,153,467 | \$13,171,330 | \$16,830,896 | \$19,952,126 | \$22,565,675 | \$24,626,391 | \$26,439,964 | \$33,383,512 | |
| 6. Average Net Investment | | \$3,039,806 | \$4,455,642 | \$5,471,787 | \$8,588,645 | \$9,109,427 | \$11,162,399 | \$15,001,113 | \$18,391,511 | \$21,258,900 | \$23,596,033 | \$25,533,178 | \$29,911,738 | |
| 7. Return on Average Net Investment | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| a. Equity Component grossed up for taxes (b) | | \$17,198 | \$25,208 | \$31,001 | \$48,660 | \$51,611 | \$63,242 | \$84,991 | \$104,200 | \$120,446 | \$133,687 | \$144,662 | \$169,470 | \$994,375 |
| b. Debt Component (Line 6 x debt rate) (c) | | \$3,143 | \$4,606 | \$5,496 | \$8,627 | \$9,150 | \$11,213 | \$15,069 | \$18,474 | \$21,355 | \$23,702 | \$25,648 | \$30,046 | \$176,530 |
| 8. Investment Expenses | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| a. Depreciation (d) | | \$5,405 | \$6,977 | \$2,116 | \$6,043 | \$9,189 | \$12,696 | \$17,543 | \$23,087 | \$28,820 | \$34,374 | \$39,561 | \$45,959 | \$231,770 |
| b. Amortization | | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | |
| c. Other | | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | |
| 9. Total System Recoverable Expenses (Lines 7 + 8) | | \$25,745 | \$36,791 | \$38,613 | \$63,331 | \$69,950 | \$87,151 | \$117,603 | \$145,761 | \$170,621 | \$191,764 | \$209,871 | \$245,475 | \$1,402,675 |

Notes:

- (a) Excludes Cost of Removal on the retirement of existing plant.
- (b) The Gross-up factor for taxes is 1/.754782, which reflects the Federal Income Tax Rate of 21%. The equity component for the period Jan. - Dec. 2021 is 5.1316% based on FPL's most recent financial forecast.
- (c) The debt component is 1.2054% based on FPL's most recent financial forecast.
- (d) Calculated using the composite depreciation rates for distribution/transmission function as reflected in FPL's 2016 retail base rate settlement agreement (Order No. PSC-16-0560-AS-EI).

FLORIDA POWER & LIGHT CO
602-Structures/Other Equipt Inspect

Estimated Revenue Requirements for the Period January 2021 through December 2021 (In Dollars)

| Beginning of Period Amount | a-Jan - 2021 | a-Feb - 2021 | Mar - 2021 | Apr - 2021 | May - 2021 | Jun - 2021 | Jul - 2021 | Aug - 2021 | Sep - 2021 | Oct - 2021 | Nov - 2021 | Dec - 2021 | Total | |
|--|--------------|--------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|-------------|
| 602-Structures/Other Equipt Inspect | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1. Investments | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| a. Expenditures/Additions (a) | \$1,444,267 | \$2,227,685 | \$2,511,086 | \$2,260,878 | \$2,512,927 | \$2,212,120 | \$2,493,826 | \$1,938,811 | \$2,143,802 | \$1,733,389 | \$1,950,005 | \$1,643,994 | \$25,072,790 | |
| b. Clearings to Plant | \$164,629 | \$333,577 | \$1,299,413 | \$1,501,288 | \$1,713,698 | \$1,818,349 | \$1,960,177 | \$1,955,690 | \$1,995,188 | \$1,940,219 | \$1,942,274 | \$1,879,645 | \$18,504,147 | |
| c. Retirements | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | |
| d. Other | \$0 | \$432 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$432 | |
| 2. Plant-In-Service/Depreciation Base | \$0 | \$164,629 | \$498,206 | \$1,797,619 | \$3,298,908 | \$5,012,605 | \$6,830,955 | \$8,791,131 | \$10,746,822 | \$12,742,010 | \$14,682,228 | \$16,624,502 | \$18,504,147 | |
| 3. Less: Accumulated Depreciation | \$0 | \$161 | \$1,252 | \$2,364 | \$5,872 | \$12,130 | \$21,411 | \$33,924 | \$49,788 | \$69,032 | \$91,643 | \$117,576 | \$146,779 | |
| 4. CWIP - Non Interest Bearing | \$0 | \$1,444,267 | \$3,671,952 | \$4,883,625 | \$5,643,215 | \$6,442,444 | \$6,836,214 | \$7,369,863 | \$7,352,983 | \$7,501,598 | \$7,294,769 | \$7,302,500 | \$7,066,849 | |
| 5. Net Investment (Lines 2 - 3 + 4) | \$0 | \$1,608,735 | \$4,168,906 | \$6,678,880 | \$8,936,251 | \$11,442,919 | \$13,645,758 | \$16,127,070 | \$18,050,017 | \$20,174,576 | \$21,885,354 | \$23,809,426 | \$25,424,217 | |
| 6. Average Net Investment | | \$804,367 | \$2,888,821 | \$5,423,893 | \$7,807,565 | \$10,189,585 | \$12,544,338 | \$14,886,414 | \$17,088,544 | \$19,112,296 | \$21,029,965 | \$22,847,390 | \$24,616,822 | |
| 7. Return on Average Net Investment | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| a. Equity Component grossed up for taxes (b) | | \$4,551 | \$16,343 | \$30,730 | \$44,235 | \$57,731 | \$71,072 | \$84,341 | \$96,818 | \$108,284 | \$119,149 | \$129,445 | \$139,470 | \$902,169 |
| b. Debt Component (Line 6 x debt rate) (c) | | \$832 | \$2,987 | \$5,448 | \$7,843 | \$10,235 | \$12,601 | \$14,953 | \$17,165 | \$19,198 | \$21,125 | \$22,950 | \$24,728 | \$160,065 |
| 8. Investment Expenses | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| a. Depreciation (d) | | \$161 | \$659 | \$1,112 | \$3,508 | \$6,259 | \$9,281 | \$12,513 | \$15,864 | \$19,244 | \$22,611 | \$25,933 | \$29,203 | \$146,346 |
| b. Amortization | | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | |
| c. Other | | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | |
| 9. Total System Recoverable Expenses (Lines 7 + 8) | | \$5,543 | \$19,989 | \$37,290 | \$55,586 | \$74,225 | \$92,953 | \$111,808 | \$129,847 | \$146,726 | \$162,884 | \$178,328 | \$193,401 | \$1,208,580 |

Notes:

- (a) Excludes Cost of Removal on the retirement of existing plant.
- (b) The Gross-up factor for taxes is 1/.754782, which reflects the Federal Income Tax Rate of 21%. The equity component for the period Jan. - Dec. 2021 is 5.1316% based on FPL's most recent financial forecast.
- (c) The debt component is 1.2054% based on FPL's most recent financial forecast.
- (d) Calculated using the composite depreciation rates for distribution/transmission function as reflected in FPL's 2016 retail base rate settlement agreement (Order No. PSC-16-0560-AS-EI).

FLORIDA POWER & LIGHT CO
603-Feeder Hardening - Distribution

Estimated Revenue Requirements for the Period January 2021 through December 2021 (In Dollars)

| Beginning of Period Amount | a-Jan - 2021 | a-Feb - 2021 | Mar - 2021 | Apr - 2021 | May - 2021 | Jun - 2021 | Jul - 2021 | Aug - 2021 | Sep - 2021 | Oct - 2021 | Nov - 2021 | Dec - 2021 | Total |
|--|--------------|--------------|--------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| 603-Feeder Hardening - Distribution | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1. Investments | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| a. Expenditures/Additions (a) | \$28,430,900 | \$27,375,536 | \$51,344,687 | \$52,219,627 | \$52,322,628 | \$47,629,992 | \$44,584,521 | \$50,541,471 | \$51,957,364 | \$55,411,674 | \$50,389,784 | \$45,053,732 | \$557,261,916 |
| b. Clearings to Plant | \$3,860,146 | \$12,528,339 | \$30,422,162 | \$36,532,928 | \$40,959,460 | \$42,829,497 | \$43,321,505 | \$45,345,572 | \$47,199,141 | \$49,501,467 | \$49,750,500 | \$48,433,794 | \$450,684,511 |
| c. Retirements | \$0 | \$15 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$15 |
| d. Other | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| 2. Plant-In-Service/Depreciation Base | \$0 | \$3,860,146 | \$16,388,485 | \$46,810,647 | \$83,343,575 | \$124,303,034 | \$167,132,531 | \$210,454,036 | \$255,799,608 | \$302,998,750 | \$352,500,217 | \$402,250,717 | \$450,684,511 |
| 3. Less: Accumulated Depreciation | \$0 | \$4,230 | \$26,210 | \$93,326 | \$232,419 | \$454,817 | \$767,288 | \$1,172,371 | \$1,672,771 | \$2,272,656 | \$2,976,495 | \$3,787,030 | \$4,703,112 |
| 4. CWIP - Non Interest Bearing | \$0 | \$28,430,900 | \$55,806,436 | \$76,728,962 | \$92,415,661 | \$103,778,829 | \$108,579,325 | \$109,842,341 | \$115,038,240 | \$119,796,462 | \$125,706,669 | \$126,345,952 | \$122,965,889 |
| 5. Net Investment (Lines 2 - 3 + 4) | \$0 | \$32,286,816 | \$72,168,712 | \$123,446,283 | \$175,526,816 | \$227,627,047 | \$274,944,568 | \$319,124,006 | \$369,165,078 | \$420,522,556 | \$475,230,390 | \$524,809,639 | \$568,947,288 |
| 6. Average Net Investment | \$16,143,408 | \$52,227,764 | \$97,807,497 | \$149,486,549 | \$201,576,931 | \$251,285,808 | \$297,034,287 | \$344,144,542 | \$394,843,817 | \$447,876,473 | \$500,020,015 | \$546,878,464 | |
| 7. Return on Average Net Investment | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| a. Equity Component grossed up for taxes (b) | \$91,331 | \$295,478 | \$554,143 | \$846,939 | \$1,142,065 | \$1,423,699 | \$1,682,894 | \$1,949,804 | \$2,237,049 | \$2,537,513 | \$2,832,941 | \$3,098,425 | \$18,692,281 |
| b. Debt Component (Line 6 x debt rate) (c) | \$16,690 | \$53,995 | \$98,248 | \$150,159 | \$202,484 | \$252,417 | \$298,371 | \$345,693 | \$396,621 | \$449,892 | \$502,270 | \$549,339 | \$3,316,178 |
| 8. Investment Expenses | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| a. Depreciation (d) | \$4,230 | \$21,965 | \$67,116 | \$139,093 | \$222,398 | \$312,471 | \$405,083 | \$500,400 | \$599,886 | \$703,839 | \$810,535 | \$916,083 | \$4,703,098 |
| b. Amortization | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| c. Other | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| 9. Total System Recoverable Expenses (Lines 7 + 8) | \$112,251 | \$371,437 | \$719,508 | \$1,136,192 | \$1,566,947 | \$1,988,586 | \$2,386,348 | \$2,795,897 | \$3,233,555 | \$3,691,244 | \$4,145,745 | \$4,563,847 | \$26,711,556 |

Notes:

- (a) Excludes Cost of Removal on the retirement of existing plant.
- (b) The Gross-up factor for taxes is 1/.754782, which reflects the Federal Income Tax Rate of 21%. The equity component for the period Jan. - Dec. 2021 is 5.1316% based on FPL's most recent financial forecast.
- (c) The debt component is 1.2054% based on FPL's most recent financial forecast.
- (d) Calculated using the composite depreciation rates for distribution/transmission function as reflected in FPL's 2016 retail base rate settlement agreement (Order No. PSC-16-0560-AS-EI).

FLORIDA POWER & LIGHT CO
604-Lateral Hardening (Underground)

Estimated Revenue Requirements for the Period January 2021 through December 2021 (In Dollars)

| Beginning of Period Amount | a-Jan - 2021 | a-Feb - 2021 | Mar - 2021 | Apr - 2021 | May - 2021 | Jun - 2021 | Jul - 2021 | Aug - 2021 | Sep - 2021 | Oct - 2021 | Nov - 2021 | Dec - 2021 | Total | |
|--|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|--------------|
| 604-Lateral Hardening (Underground) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1. Investments | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| a. Expenditures/Additions (a) | \$12,976,033 | \$9,790,405 | \$20,844,266 | \$22,255,082 | \$22,567,284 | \$23,643,460 | \$22,402,755 | \$18,827,050 | \$14,978,950 | \$11,810,304 | \$12,307,036 | \$8,213,437 | \$200,616,061 | |
| b. Clearings to Plant | \$1,728,472 | \$4,542,073 | \$12,576,848 | \$15,290,073 | \$17,330,188 | \$19,100,069 | \$20,025,954 | \$19,689,850 | \$18,369,182 | \$16,530,447 | \$15,346,443 | \$13,346,755 | \$173,876,354 | |
| c. Retirements | \$0 | \$1 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$1 | |
| d. Other | \$0 | \$2 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$2 | |
| 2. Plant-In-Service/Depreciation Base | \$0 | \$1,728,472 | \$6,270,545 | \$18,847,393 | \$34,137,466 | \$51,467,654 | \$70,567,723 | \$90,593,677 | \$110,283,527 | \$128,652,709 | \$145,183,156 | \$160,529,599 | \$173,876,354 | |
| 3. Less: Accumulated Depreciation | \$0 | \$1,547 | \$8,529 | \$32,851 | \$87,129 | \$176,474 | \$304,981 | \$475,550 | \$688,812 | \$942,988 | \$1,234,681 | \$1,560,642 | \$1,917,448 | |
| 4. CWIP - Non Interest Bearing | \$0 | \$12,976,033 | \$22,766,438 | \$31,033,856 | \$37,998,865 | \$43,235,961 | \$47,779,351 | \$50,156,152 | \$49,293,352 | \$45,903,120 | \$41,182,977 | \$38,143,570 | \$33,010,252 | |
| 5. Net Investment (Lines 2 - 3 + 4) | \$0 | \$14,702,958 | \$29,028,454 | \$49,848,398 | \$72,049,202 | \$94,527,141 | \$118,042,093 | \$140,274,280 | \$158,888,067 | \$173,612,842 | \$185,131,452 | \$197,112,527 | \$204,969,158 | |
| 6. Average Net Investment | | \$7,351,479 | \$21,865,706 | \$39,438,426 | \$60,948,800 | \$83,288,172 | \$106,284,617 | \$129,158,186 | \$149,581,174 | \$166,250,454 | \$179,372,147 | \$191,121,990 | \$201,040,843 | |
| 7. Return on Average Net Investment | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| a. Equity Component grossed up for taxes (b) | | \$41,591 | \$123,705 | \$223,445 | \$345,315 | \$471,882 | \$602,172 | \$731,766 | \$847,475 | \$941,918 | \$1,016,261 | \$1,082,831 | \$1,139,028 | \$7,567,387 |
| b. Debt Component (Line 6 x debt rate) (c) | | \$7,600 | \$22,605 | \$39,616 | \$61,223 | \$83,663 | \$106,763 | \$129,739 | \$150,254 | \$166,999 | \$180,179 | \$191,982 | \$201,946 | \$1,342,570 |
| 8. Investment Expenses | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| a. Depreciation (d) | | \$1,547 | \$6,979 | \$24,321 | \$54,278 | \$89,345 | \$128,508 | \$170,568 | \$213,263 | \$254,176 | \$291,693 | \$325,961 | \$356,806 | \$1,917,444 |
| b. Amortization | | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| c. Other | | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| 9. Total System Recoverable Expenses (Lines 7 + 8) | | \$50,738 | \$153,289 | \$287,382 | \$460,816 | \$644,890 | \$837,442 | \$1,032,073 | \$1,210,992 | \$1,363,092 | \$1,488,133 | \$1,600,774 | \$1,697,779 | \$10,827,402 |

Notes:

- (a) Excludes Cost of Removal on the retirement of existing plant.
- (b) The Gross-up factor for taxes is 1/.754782, which reflects the Federal Income Tax Rate of 21%. The equity component for the period Jan. - Dec. 2021 is 5.1316% based on FPL's most recent financial forecast.
- (c) The debt component is 1.2054% based on FPL's most recent financial forecast.
- (d) Calculated using the composite depreciation rates for distribution/transmission function as reflected in FPL's 2016 retail base rate settlement agreement (Order No. PSC-16-0560-AS-EI).

FLORIDA POWER & LIGHT CO
605-Wood Structures Hardening (Repl)

Estimated Revenue Requirements for the Period January 2021 through December 2021 (In Dollars)

| Beginning of Period Amount | a-Jan - 2021 | a-Feb - 2021 | Mar - 2021 | Apr - 2021 | May - 2021 | Jun - 2021 | Jul - 2021 | Aug - 2021 | Sep - 2021 | Oct - 2021 | Nov - 2021 | Dec - 2021 | Total |
|---|--------------|--------------|-------------|-------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| 605-Wood Structures Hardening (Repl) | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1. Investments | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| a. Expenditures/Additions (a) | \$779,335 | \$2,496,323 | \$3,747,491 | \$3,613,985 | \$3,440,641 | \$2,909,350 | \$3,165,791 | \$3,422,499 | \$3,425,697 | \$3,166,004 | \$3,108,314 | \$2,476,195 | \$35,751,625 |
| b. Clearings to Plant | \$1,113,315 | \$1,720,955 | \$1,375,645 | \$1,845,620 | \$2,180,520 | \$2,333,550 | \$2,508,292 | \$2,700,245 | \$2,852,565 | \$2,918,376 | \$2,958,257 | \$2,857,040 | \$27,364,380 |
| c. Retirements | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| d. Other | \$0 | \$79 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$79 |
| 2. Plant-In-Service/Depreciation Base | \$0 | \$1,113,315 | \$2,834,270 | \$4,209,914 | \$6,055,534 | \$8,236,055 | \$10,569,605 | \$13,077,897 | \$15,778,141 | \$18,630,706 | \$21,549,083 | \$24,507,339 | \$27,364,380 |
| 3. Less: Accumulated Depreciation | \$0 | \$1,089 | \$5,079 | \$11,823 | \$21,323 | \$34,268 | \$51,075 | \$72,024 | \$97,430 | \$127,587 | \$162,681 | \$202,803 | \$247,901 |
| 4. CWIP - Non Interest Bearing | \$0 | \$779,335 | \$3,275,658 | \$5,647,504 | \$7,415,869 | \$8,675,990 | \$9,251,790 | \$9,909,289 | \$10,631,544 | \$11,204,676 | \$11,452,303 | \$11,602,360 | \$11,221,515 |
| 5. Net Investment (Lines 2 - 3 + 4) | \$0 | \$1,891,561 | \$6,104,848 | \$9,845,595 | \$13,450,080 | \$16,877,777 | \$19,770,320 | \$22,915,162 | \$26,312,255 | \$29,707,795 | \$32,838,705 | \$35,906,896 | \$38,337,994 |
| 6. Average Net Investment | | \$945,781 | \$3,998,205 | \$7,975,222 | \$11,647,838 | \$15,163,929 | \$18,324,049 | \$21,342,741 | \$24,613,708 | \$28,010,025 | \$31,273,250 | \$34,372,800 | \$37,122,445 |
| 7. Return on Average Net Investment | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| a. Equity Component grossed up for taxes (b) | \$5,351 | \$22,620 | \$45,185 | \$65,993 | \$85,914 | \$103,818 | \$120,921 | \$139,453 | \$158,695 | \$177,183 | \$194,744 | \$210,323 | \$1,330,199 |
| b. Debt Component (Line 6 x debt rate) (c) | \$978 | \$4,133 | \$8,011 | \$11,700 | \$15,232 | \$18,407 | \$21,439 | \$24,724 | \$28,136 | \$31,414 | \$34,527 | \$37,289 | \$235,992 |
| 8. Investment Expenses | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| a. Depreciation (d) | \$1,089 | \$3,911 | \$6,744 | \$9,500 | \$12,945 | \$16,807 | \$20,950 | \$25,406 | \$30,157 | \$35,094 | \$40,122 | \$45,098 | \$247,822 |
| b. Amortization | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| c. Other | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| 9. Total System Recoverable Expenses (Lines 7 + 8) | \$7,417 | \$30,664 | \$59,940 | \$87,193 | \$114,091 | \$139,031 | \$163,309 | \$189,583 | \$216,988 | \$243,692 | \$269,394 | \$292,710 | \$1,814,012 |

Notes:

- (a) Excludes Cost of Removal on the retirement of existing plant.
- (b) The Gross-up factor for taxes is 1/.754782, which reflects the Federal Income Tax Rate of 21%. The equity component for the period Jan. - Dec. 2021 is 5.1316% based on FPL's most recent financial forecast.
- (c) The debt component is 1.2054% based on FPL's most recent financial forecast.
- (d) Calculated using the composite depreciation rates for distribution/transmission function as reflected in FPL's 2016 retail base rate settlement agreement (Order No. PSC-16-0560-AS-EI).

FLORIDA POWER & LIGHT CO
608-Substation Storm Surge/Flood Mitigation
Estimated Revenue Requirements for the Period January 2021 through December 2021 (In Dollars)

| Beginning of Period Amount | a-Jan - 2021 | a-Feb - 2021 | Mar - 2021 | Apr - 2021 | May - 2021 | Jun - 2021 | Jul - 2021 | Aug - 2021 | Sep - 2021 | Oct - 2021 | Nov - 2021 | Dec - 2021 | Total |
|--|--------------|--------------|------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| 608-Substation Storm Surge/Flood Mi | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1. Investments | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| a. Expenditures/Additions (a) | \$304,320 | \$126,880 | \$480,570 | \$514,600 | \$527,050 | \$344,450 | \$888,100 | \$1,402,700 | \$1,511,430 | \$751,150 | \$666,490 | \$782,259 | \$8,300,000 |
| b. Clearings to Plant | \$0 | \$0 | \$258,498 | \$332,562 | \$388,778 | \$376,461 | \$523,243 | \$775,276 | \$986,219 | \$919,006 | \$846,769 | \$828,349 | \$6,235,161 |
| c. Retirements | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| d. Other | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| 2. Plant-In-Service/Depreciation Base | \$0 | \$0 | \$258,498 | \$591,060 | \$979,838 | \$1,356,299 | \$1,879,542 | \$2,654,818 | \$3,641,036 | \$4,560,043 | \$5,406,812 | \$6,235,161 | |
| 3. Less: Accumulated Depreciation | \$0 | \$0 | \$278 | \$1,191 | \$2,880 | \$5,391 | \$8,870 | \$13,744 | \$20,512 | \$29,328 | \$40,043 | \$52,558 | |
| 4. CWIP - Non Interest Bearing | \$0 | \$304,320 | \$431,201 | \$653,272 | \$835,311 | \$973,583 | \$941,572 | \$1,306,429 | \$1,933,853 | \$2,459,064 | \$2,291,208 | \$2,110,929 | \$2,064,839 |
| 5. Net Investment (Lines 2 - 3 + 4) | \$0 | \$304,320 | \$431,201 | \$911,493 | \$1,425,180 | \$1,950,541 | \$2,292,480 | \$3,177,101 | \$4,574,927 | \$6,079,589 | \$6,821,922 | \$7,477,698 | \$8,247,442 |
| 6. Average Net Investment | \$152,160 | \$367,761 | \$671,347 | \$1,168,336 | \$1,687,860 | \$2,121,510 | \$2,734,790 | \$3,876,014 | \$5,327,258 | \$6,450,755 | \$7,149,810 | \$7,862,570 | |
| 7. Return on Average Net Investment | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| a. Equity Component grossed up for taxes (b) | \$861 | \$2,081 | \$3,804 | \$6,619 | \$9,563 | \$12,020 | \$15,494 | \$21,960 | \$30,182 | \$36,548 | \$40,508 | \$44,547 | \$224,187 |
| b. Debt Component (Line 6 x debt rate) (c) | \$157 | \$380 | \$674 | \$1,174 | \$1,695 | \$2,131 | \$2,747 | \$3,893 | \$5,351 | \$6,480 | \$7,182 | \$7,898 | \$39,763 |
| 8. Investment Expenses | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| a. Depreciation (d) | \$0 | \$0 | \$278 | \$913 | \$1,689 | \$2,511 | \$3,479 | \$4,874 | \$6,768 | \$8,816 | \$10,714 | \$12,515 | \$52,558 |
| b. Amortization | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| c. Other | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| 9. Total System Recoverable Expenses (Lines 7 + 8) | \$1,018 | \$2,461 | \$4,756 | \$8,706 | \$12,947 | \$16,662 | \$21,720 | \$30,728 | \$42,302 | \$51,844 | \$58,405 | \$64,960 | \$316,508 |

Notes:

- (a) Excludes Cost of Removal on the retirement of existing plant.
- (b) The Gross-up factor for taxes is 1/.754782, which reflects the Federal Income Tax Rate of 21%. The equity component for the period Jan. - Dec. 2021 is 5.1316% based on FPL's most recent financial forecast.
- (c) The debt component is 1.2054% based on FPL's most recent financial forecast.
- (d) Calculated using the composite depreciation rates for distribution/transmission function as reflected in FPL's 2016 retail base rate settlement agreement (Order No. PSC-16-0560-AS-EI).

FLORIDA POWER & LIGHT CO
609-FPL SPP Implementation Cost

Estimated Revenue Requirements for the Period January 2021 through December 2021 (In Dollars)

| Beginning of Period Amount | a-Jan - 2021 | a-Feb - 2021 | Mar - 2021 | Apr - 2021 | May - 2021 | Jun - 2021 | Jul - 2021 | Aug - 2021 | Sep - 2021 | Oct - 2021 | Nov - 2021 | Dec - 2021 | Total |
|--|--------------|--------------|------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| 609-FPL SPP Implementation Cost | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1. Investments | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| a. Expenditures/Additions (a) | \$782,715 | \$53,221 | \$221,128 | \$38,132 | \$48,814 | \$13,601 | \$25,671 | \$25,806 | \$18,721 | \$23,247 | \$25,248 | \$60,223 | \$1,336,525 |
| b. Clearings to Plant | \$0 | \$0 | \$92,432 | \$29,097 | \$16,406 | \$33,711 | \$34,942 | \$26,369 | \$15,012 | \$24,257 | \$29,304 | \$215,596 | \$517,126 |
| c. Retirements | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| d. Other | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| 2. Plant-In-Service/Depreciation Base | \$0 | \$0 | \$92,432 | \$121,529 | \$137,935 | \$171,647 | \$206,589 | \$232,958 | \$247,970 | \$272,226 | \$301,530 | \$517,126 | |
| 3. Less: Accumulated Depreciation | \$0 | \$0 | \$814 | \$915 | \$1,047 | \$1,215 | \$1,429 | \$1,687 | \$1,973 | \$2,287 | \$2,637 | \$3,158 | |
| 4. CWIP - Non Interest Bearing | \$0 | \$782,715 | \$835,936 | \$964,632 | \$973,667 | \$1,006,075 | \$985,965 | \$976,693 | \$976,130 | \$979,838 | \$978,828 | \$974,772 | \$819,400 |
| 5. Net Investment (Lines 2 - 3 + 4) | \$0 | \$782,715 | \$835,936 | \$1,056,250 | \$1,094,282 | \$1,142,963 | \$1,156,397 | \$1,181,852 | \$1,207,400 | \$1,225,835 | \$1,248,768 | \$1,273,665 | \$1,333,367 |
| 6. Average Net Investment | | \$391,358 | \$809,326 | \$946,093 | \$1,075,266 | \$1,118,622 | \$1,149,680 | \$1,169,124 | \$1,194,626 | \$1,216,618 | \$1,237,301 | \$1,261,216 | \$1,303,516 |
| 7. Return on Average Net Investment | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| a. Equity Component grossed up for taxes (b) | \$2,214 | \$4,579 | \$5,360 | \$6,092 | \$6,338 | \$6,514 | \$6,624 | \$6,768 | \$6,893 | \$7,010 | \$7,146 | \$7,385 | \$72,923 |
| b. Debt Component (Line 6 x debt rate) (c) | \$405 | \$837 | \$950 | \$1,080 | \$1,124 | \$1,155 | \$1,174 | \$1,200 | \$1,222 | \$1,243 | \$1,267 | \$1,309 | \$12,966 |
| 8. Investment Expenses | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| a. Depreciation (d) | \$0 | \$0 | \$814 | \$101 | \$132 | \$167 | \$215 | \$257 | \$286 | \$313 | \$351 | \$521 | \$3,158 |
| b. Amortization | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| c. Other | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| 9. Total System Recoverable Expenses (Lines 7 + 8) | \$2,619 | \$5,415 | \$7,125 | \$7,273 | \$7,594 | \$7,836 | \$8,013 | \$8,226 | \$8,401 | \$8,566 | \$8,763 | \$9,215 | \$89,047 |

Notes:

- (a) Excludes Cost of Removal on the retirement of existing plant.
- (b) The Gross-up factor for taxes is 1/.754782, which reflects the Federal Income Tax Rate of 21%. The equity component for the period Jan. – Dec. 2021 is 5.1316% based on FPL's most recent financial forecast.
- (c) The debt component is 1.2054% based on FPL's most recent financial forecast.
- (d) Capital Costs on this schedule include Intangible plant which is amortized over various periods

FLORIDA POWER & LIGHT COMPANY
COST RECOVERY CLAUSES
ACT/EST 2021 WACC @10.55%

CAPITAL STRUCTURE AND COST RATES (a)

| | Adjusted Retail | Ratio | Midpoint Cost Rates | Weighted Cost | Pre-Tax Weighted Cost |
|------------------------------|-------------------------|----------------|---------------------|---------------|-----------------------|
| Long term debt | \$14,562,650,096 | 30.989% | 3.73% | 1.1552% | 1.16% |
| Short term debt | \$614,526,761 | 1.308% | 0.75% | 0.0098% | 0.01% |
| Preferred stock | \$0 | 0.000% | 0.00% | 0.0000% | 0.00% |
| Customer Deposits | \$386,833,886 | 0.823% | 2.04% | 0.0168% | 0.02% |
| Common Equity ^(b) | \$22,399,858,657 | 47.667% | 10.55% | 5.0288% | 6.66% |
| Deferred Income Tax | \$8,273,619,122 | 17.606% | 0.00% | 0.0000% | 0.00% |
| Investment Tax Credits | | | | | |
| Zero cost | \$0 | 0.000% | 0.00% | 0.0000% | 0.00% |
| Weighted cost | \$755,222,884 | 1.607% | 7.86% | 0.1264% | 0.16% |
| TOTAL | \$46,992,711,405 | 100.00% | | 6.34% | 8.00% |

CALCULATION OF THE WEIGHTED COST FOR CONVERTIBLE INVESTMENT TAX CREDITS (C-ITC) ^(c)

| | Adjusted Retail | Ratio | Cost Rate | Weighted Cost | Pre-Tax Cost |
|-----------------|-------------------------|----------------|-----------|---------------|---------------|
| Long term debt | \$14,562,650,096 | 39.40% | 3.728% | 1.469% | 1.469% |
| Preferred Stock | \$0 | 0.00% | 0.000% | 0.000% | 0.000% |
| Common Equity | \$22,399,858,657 | 60.60% | 10.550% | 6.393% | 8.471% |
| TOTAL | \$36,962,508,752 | 100.00% | | 7.862% | 9.939% |

RATIO

DEBT COMPONENTS

| | |
|----------------------|----------------|
| Long term debt | 1.1552% |
| Short term debt | 0.0098% |
| Customer Deposits | 0.0168% |
| Tax credits weighted | 0.0236% |
| TOTAL DEBT | 1.2054% |

EQUITY COMPONENTS:

| | |
|-----------------------|----------------|
| PREFERRED STOCK | 0.0000% |
| COMMON EQUITY | 5.0288% |
| TAX CREDITS -WEIGHTED | 0.1027% |
| TOTAL EQUITY | 5.1316% |
| TOTAL | 6.3370% |
| PRE-TAX EQUITY | 6.7988% |
| PRE-TAX TOTAL | 8.0042% |

Note:

(a) Forecasted capital structure includes a deferred income tax proration adjustment consistent with FPSC Order No. PSC-2020-0165-PAA-EU, Docket No. 20200118-EU.

(b) Cost rate for common equity represents FPL's mid-point return on equity approved by the FPSC in Order No. PSC-16-0560-AS-EI, Docket Nos. 160021-EI, 160061-EI, 160062-EI, and 160088-EI.

(c) This capital structure applies only to Convertible Investment Tax Credit (C-ITC)

Exhibit RBD-1 Appendix II

Gulf Power Company
Current Period: January thru December 2021
Summary of Current Period Estimated True-Up
(in Dollars)

| Line | | Period Amount |
|------|---|---------------|
| 1 | Over/(Under) Recovery for the Current Period (SPPCRC Form 2E, Line 5) | \$973,139 |
| 2 | | |
| 3 | Interest Provision (SPPCRC Form 2E, Line 6) | \$1,195 |
| 4 | | |
| 5 | Sum of Current Period Adjustments (SPPCRC Form 2E, Line 10) | \$0 |
| 6 | | |
| 7 | Actual/Estimated True-Up Amount to be Refunded/(Recovered) | \$974,333 |
| 8 | in the Projection Period January - December 2021 | |
| 9 | (Lines 1 + 2 + 3) | |

Gulf Power Company
Actual/Estimated
Current Period: January thru December 2021
Calculation of True-Up Amount
(in Dollars)

| Line | a-Jan - 2021 | a-Feb - 2021 | Mar - 2021 | Apr - 2021 | May - 2021 | Jun - 2021 | Jul - 2021 | Aug - 2021 | Sep - 2021 | Oct - 2021 | Nov - 2021 | Dec - 2021 | End of Period Total |
|---|--------------|--------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|---------------------|
| 1.Clause Revenues (net of Revenue Taxes) | \$716,007 | \$354,503 | \$242,571 | \$243,503 | \$269,994 | \$336,443 | \$377,387 | \$380,667 | \$356,314 | \$299,998 | \$252,531 | \$259,062 | \$4,088,980 |
| 2.True-Up Provision - Prior Period | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| 3.Clause Revenues Applicable to Period (Lines 1 + 2) | \$716,007 | \$354,503 | \$242,571 | \$243,503 | \$269,994 | \$336,443 | \$377,387 | \$380,667 | \$356,314 | \$299,998 | \$252,531 | \$259,062 | \$4,088,980 |
| 4.Jurisdictional Rev. Req. | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| a.Overhead Hardening | \$8,548 | \$25,380 | \$52,973 | \$95,890 | \$145,641 | \$198,043 | \$251,629 | \$312,746 | \$385,302 | \$452,983 | \$501,787 | \$536,059 | \$2,966,980 |
| b.Undergrounding | \$0 | \$0 | \$33 | \$236 | \$589 | \$1,129 | \$1,859 | \$3,860 | \$7,901 | \$14,175 | \$22,903 | \$32,806 | \$85,492 |
| c.Vegetation Management | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| d. Implementation Costs | \$1,013 | \$1,083 | \$3,027 | \$12,698 | \$5,390 | \$5,485 | \$5,584 | \$5,630 | \$5,734 | \$5,843 | \$5,894 | \$5,990 | \$63,370 |
| e.Total Jurisdictional Revenue Requirements | \$9,561 | \$26,462 | \$56,034 | \$108,824 | \$151,621 | \$204,656 | \$259,072 | \$322,236 | \$398,936 | \$473,001 | \$530,584 | \$574,855 | \$3,115,841 |
| 5.Over/(Under) Recovery (Line 3 - Line 4e) | \$706,446 | \$328,041 | \$186,537 | \$134,680 | \$118,373 | \$131,787 | \$118,315 | \$58,431 | (\$42,622) | (\$173,003) | (\$278,053) | (\$315,793) | \$973,139 |
| 6.Interest Provision (SPPCRC Form 3E, Line 10) | \$25 | \$62 | \$85 | \$97 | \$106 | \$116 | \$125 | \$132 | \$132 | \$124 | \$107 | \$85 | \$1,195 |
| 7.Beginning Balance True-Up & Interest Provision | \$0 | \$706,471 | \$1,034,574 | \$1,221,195 | \$1,355,972 | \$1,474,451 | \$1,606,353 | \$1,724,793 | \$1,783,356 | \$1,740,866 | \$1,567,987 | \$1,290,041 | |
| a. Deferred True-Up from January to December 20xx (Order No. PSC-20xx-xxxx-FOF-EI) | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | |
| 8.True-Up Collected/(Refunded) (see Line 2) | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | |
| 9.End of Period Total True-Up (Lines 5+6+7+7a+8) | \$706,471 | \$1,034,574 | \$1,221,195 | \$1,355,972 | \$1,474,451 | \$1,606,353 | \$1,724,793 | \$1,783,356 | \$1,740,866 | \$1,567,987 | \$1,290,041 | \$974,333 | |
| 10.Adjustment to Period True-Up Including Interest | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | |
| 11.End of Period Total True-Up (Lines 9 + 10) | \$706,471 | \$1,034,574 | \$1,221,195 | \$1,355,972 | \$1,474,451 | \$1,606,353 | \$1,724,793 | \$1,783,356 | \$1,740,866 | \$1,567,987 | \$1,290,041 | \$974,333 | |

Gulf Power Company
Actual/Estimated
Current Period: January thru December 2021
Calculation of Interest Provision for True-Up Amount
(In Dollars)

| Line | a-Jan - 2021 | a-Feb - 2021 | Mar - 2021 | Apr - 2021 | May - 2021 | Jun - 2021 | Jul - 2021 | Aug - 2021 | Sep - 2021 | Oct - 2021 | Nov - 2021 | Dec - 2021 |
|---|--------------|--------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| 1. Beginning True-Up Amount (SPPCRC Form 2E, Line 7+7a+10) | \$0 | \$706,471 | \$1,034,574 | \$1,221,195 | \$1,355,972 | \$1,474,451 | \$1,606,353 | \$1,724,793 | \$1,783,356 | \$1,740,866 | \$1,567,987 | \$1,290,041 |
| 2. Ending True-Up Amount Before Interest | \$706,446 | \$1,034,512 | \$1,221,111 | \$1,355,875 | \$1,474,344 | \$1,606,237 | \$1,724,668 | \$1,783,224 | \$1,740,734 | \$1,567,863 | \$1,289,934 | \$974,248 |
| 3. Total of Beginning & Ending True-Up (Lines 1 + 2) | \$706,446 | \$1,740,983 | \$2,255,685 | \$2,577,070 | \$2,830,316 | \$3,080,688 | \$3,331,021 | \$3,508,017 | \$3,524,089 | \$3,308,728 | \$2,857,921 | \$2,264,289 |
| 4. Average True-Up Amount (Line 3 x 1/2) | \$353,223 | \$870,492 | \$1,127,842 | \$1,288,535 | \$1,415,158 | \$1,540,344 | \$1,665,510 | \$1,754,008 | \$1,762,045 | \$1,654,364 | \$1,428,960 | \$1,132,145 |
| 5. Interest Rate (First Day of Reporting Business Month) | 0.09% | 0.08% | 0.09% | 0.09% | 0.09% | 0.09% | 0.09% | 0.09% | 0.09% | 0.09% | 0.09% | 0.09% |
| 6. Interest Rate (First Day of Subsequent Business Month) | 0.08% | 0.09% | 0.09% | 0.09% | 0.09% | 0.09% | 0.09% | 0.09% | 0.09% | 0.09% | 0.09% | 0.09% |
| 7. Total of Beginning & Ending Interest Rates (Lines 5 + 6) | 0.17% | 0.17% | 0.18% | 0.18% | 0.18% | 0.18% | 0.18% | 0.18% | 0.18% | 0.18% | 0.18% | 0.18% |
| 8. Average Interest Rate (Line 7 x 1/2) - Annual | 0.085% | 0.085% | 0.090% | 0.090% | 0.090% | 0.090% | 0.090% | 0.090% | 0.090% | 0.090% | 0.090% | 0.090% |
| 9. Monthly Average Interest Rate (Line 8 x 1/12) | 0.007% | 0.007% | 0.008% | 0.008% | 0.008% | 0.008% | 0.008% | 0.008% | 0.008% | 0.008% | 0.008% | 0.008% |
| 10. Interest Provision for the Month (Line 4 x Line 9) | \$25 | \$62 | \$85 | \$97 | \$106 | \$116 | \$125 | \$132 | \$132 | \$124 | \$107 | \$85 |

Gulf Power Company
SPPCRC
Actual/Estimated
Period: January through December 2021
Variance Report of Annual O Costs by Program (Jurisdictional)
(In Dollars)

| | (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) |
|---|------------------|-----------------|-------------------|------------------|
| | Estimated Actual | Projected | Variance Amount | Variance Percent |
| 1. Overhead Hardening O&M Programs | | | | |
| 1. Distribution Feeder Hardening | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | 0% |
| 2. Distribution Inspection Program | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | 0% |
| 3. Transmission Inspection Program | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | 0% |
| 4. Transmission Hardening | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | 0% |
| 1.a. Subtotal of Overhead Hardening Programs - O&M | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | 0% |
| 2. Vegetation Management O&M Programs | | | | |
| 1. Vegetation Management - Distribution | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | 0% |
| 2. Vegetation Management - Transmission | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | 0% |
| 2.a. Subtotal of Vegetation Management Programs - O&M | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | 0% |
| 3. Underground O&M Programs | | | | |
| 1. Lateral Hardening (Undergrounding) Distribution | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | 0% |
| 3.a Subtotal of Undergrounding Programs - O&M | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | 0% |
| 4. Implementation Costs - G&I | | | | |
| 1. Implementation Costs - Distribution | \$20,142 | \$27,944 | (\$7,802) | (27.92%) |
| 2. Implementation Costs - Transmission | \$17,325 | \$24,036 | (\$6,711) | (27.92%) |
| 4.a Subtotal of Implementation Costs - O&M | \$37,467 | \$51,980 | (\$14,513) | (27.92%) |
| 5. Total O&M Costs | \$37,467 | \$51,980 | (\$14,513) | (27.92%) |
| 6. Allocation of O&M Costs | | | | |
| a. Distribution O&M Allocated to NCP Demand | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | 0% |
| b. Transmission O&M Allocated to 12 CP Demand | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | 0% |
| c. Implementation Costs Allocated to Distribution NCP Demand | \$20,142 | \$27,944 | (\$7,802) | (27.92%) |
| d. Implementation Costs Allocated to Transmission 12 CP Demand | \$17,325 | \$24,036 | (\$6,711) | (27.92%) |
| e. Total of Allocation of O&M Costs | \$37,467 | \$51,980 | (\$14,513) | (27.92%) |
| 7. Retail Jurisdictional Factors | | | | |
| a. Distribution Jurisdictional Factor | 98.1419% | 98.1419% | | |
| b. Transmission Jurisdictional Factor | 97.2343% | 97.2343% | | |
| c. G&I Jurisdictional Factor | 98.4107% | 98.4107% | | |
| 8. Jurisdictional Revenue Requirements | | | | |
| a. Jurisdictional NCP Demand Revenue Requirements - Distribution | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | 0% |
| b. Jurisdictional 12 CP Demand Revenue Requirements - Transmission | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | 0% |
| c. Jurisdictional Implementation Costs Allocated to Distribution NCP Demand | \$19,822 | \$27,500 | (\$7,678) | (27.92%) |
| d. Jurisdictional Implementation Costs Allocated to Transmission 12 CP Demand | \$17,050 | \$23,654 | (\$6,604) | (27.92%) |
| e. Total Jurisdictional Revenue Requirements | \$36,871 | \$51,154 | (\$14,283) | (27.92%) |

Notes:

- Column (1) is the End of Period Totals on SPPCRC Form 5E
- Column(2)is amount shown on Form 2P End of Period Totals for the 2021 Projections approved by Order No. PSC-2020-0409-AS-EI
- Column (3) = Column (1) - Column (2)
- Column (4) = Column (3) / Column (2)
- Column (3) = Column (1) - Column (2)
- Column (4) = Column (3) / Column (2)

Gulf Power Company
Actual/Estimated
Current Period: January through December 2021
Project Listing for Each O&M Program

| O&M Activities | T or D |
|----------------|--------|
|----------------|--------|

Refer to Exhibit RBD-1 Appendix II Form 6P

Gulf Power Company
SPPCRC
Actual/Estimated
Period: January through December 2021
Calculation of Annual Revenue Requirements for O&M Programs
(in Dollars)

| O&M Activities | T/D | Actual | | | | | | | | | | | | Estimated | | | | End of Period | | | Method of Classification | |
|--|-----|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|-----------|----------------------------|---------------------------------|----------|---------------|----------|--|--------------------------|--|
| | | Jan | Feb | Mar | Apr | May | Jun | Jul | Aug | Sep | Oct | Nov | Dec | Total | Distribution NCP Demand | Transmission 12 CP Demand | Total | | | | | |
| 1 Overhead Hardening O&M Programs | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1. Distribution Feeder Hardening | D | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | | | |
| 2. Distribution Inspection Program | D | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | | | |
| 3. Transmission Inspection Program | T | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | | | |
| 4. Transmission Hardening | T | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | | | |
| 1.a Subtotal of Overhead Hardening Programs - O&M | | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | | | |
| 2 Vegetation Management O&M Programs | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1. Vegetation Management - Distribution | D | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | | | |
| 2. Vegetation Management - Transmission | T | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | | | |
| 2.a Subtotal of Vegetation Management Programs - O&M | | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | | | |
| 3 Undergrounding Laterals O&M Programs | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1. Lateral Hardening (Undergrounding) Distribution | D | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | | | |
| 3.a Subtotal of Underground Laterals Programs - O&M | | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | | | |
| 4 Implementation Costs - A&G | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1. Implementation Costs - Distribution | D | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$5,806 | \$1,792 | \$1,792 | \$1,792 | \$1,792 | \$1,792 | \$1,792 | \$1,792 | \$1,792 | \$1,792 | \$20,142 | \$19,822 | \$0 | \$19,822 | | | | |
| 2. Implementation Costs - Transmission | T | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$4,994 | \$1,541 | \$1,541 | \$1,541 | \$1,541 | \$1,541 | \$1,541 | \$1,541 | \$1,541 | \$1,541 | \$17,325 | \$0 | \$17,050 | \$17,050 | | | | |
| 4.a Subtotal of Implementation Costs - O&M | | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$10,800 | \$3,333 | \$3,333 | \$3,333 | \$3,333 | \$3,333 | \$3,333 | \$3,333 | \$3,333 | \$3,333 | \$37,467 | \$19,822 | \$17,050 | \$36,871 | | | | |
| 5 Total O&M Costs | | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$10,800 | \$3,333 | \$3,333 | \$3,333 | \$3,333 | \$3,333 | \$3,333 | \$3,333 | \$3,333 | \$3,333 | \$37,467 | \$19,822 | \$17,050 | \$36,871 | | | | |
| 6 Allocation of O&M Programs | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| a. Distribution Capital Allocated to NCP Demand | | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | | | |
| b. Transmission Capital Allocated to 12 CP Demand | | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | | | |
| c. Implementation Costs Allocated to Distribution NCP Demand | | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$5,806 | \$1,792 | \$1,792 | \$1,792 | \$1,792 | \$1,792 | \$1,792 | \$1,792 | \$1,792 | \$1,792 | \$20,142 | \$19,822 | \$0 | \$19,822 | | | | |
| d. Implementation Costs Allocated to Transmission 12 CP Demand | | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$4,994 | \$1,541 | \$1,541 | \$1,541 | \$1,541 | \$1,541 | \$1,541 | \$1,541 | \$1,541 | \$1,541 | \$17,325 | \$0 | \$17,325 | \$17,325 | | | | |
| e. Total Allocation of O&M Programs | | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$10,800 | \$3,333 | \$3,333 | \$3,333 | \$3,333 | \$3,333 | \$3,333 | \$3,333 | \$3,333 | \$3,333 | \$37,467 | \$19,822 | \$17,050 | \$36,871 | | | | |
| 7 Implementation Costs Allocation Factors | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| a. Distribution | | 53.76% | 53.76% | 53.76% | 53.76% | 53.76% | 53.76% | 53.76% | 53.76% | 53.76% | 53.76% | 53.76% | 53.76% | 53.76% | 53.76% | 53.76% | 53.76% | 53.76% | 53.76% | | | |
| b. Transmission | | 46.24% | 46.24% | 46.24% | 46.24% | 46.24% | 46.24% | 46.24% | 46.24% | 46.24% | 46.24% | 46.24% | 46.24% | 46.24% | 46.24% | 46.24% | 46.24% | 46.24% | 46.24% | | | |
| 8 Retail Jurisdictional Factors | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| a. Distribution Demand Jurisdictional Factor | | 98.1419% | 98.1419% | 98.1419% | 98.1419% | 98.1419% | 98.1419% | 98.1419% | 98.1419% | 98.1419% | 98.1419% | 98.1419% | 98.1419% | 98.1419% | 98.1419% | 98.1419% | 98.1419% | 98.1419% | 98.1419% | | | |
| b. Transmission Demand Jurisdictional Factor | | 97.2343% | 97.2343% | 97.2343% | 97.2343% | 97.2343% | 97.2343% | 97.2343% | 97.2343% | 97.2343% | 97.2343% | 97.2343% | 97.2343% | 97.2343% | 97.2343% | 97.2343% | 97.2343% | 97.2343% | 97.2343% | | | |
| c. General & Intangible Plant Jurisdictional Factor | | 98.4107% | 98.4107% | 98.4107% | 98.4107% | 98.4107% | 98.4107% | 98.4107% | 98.4107% | 98.4107% | 98.4107% | 98.4107% | 98.4107% | 98.4107% | 98.4107% | 98.4107% | 98.4107% | 98.4107% | 98.4107% | | | |
| 9 Jurisdictional NCP Demand Revenue Requirements - Distribution | | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | | | |
| 10 Jurisdictional 12 CP Demand Revenue Requirements - Transmission | | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | | | |
| 11 Jurisdictional Implementation Costs Allocated to Distribution NCP Demand | | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$5,714 | \$1,763 | \$1,763 | \$1,763 | \$1,763 | \$1,763 | \$1,763 | \$1,763 | \$1,763 | \$1,763 | \$19,822 | \$19,822 | \$0 | \$19,822 | | | | |
| 12 Jurisdictional Implementation Costs Allocated to Transmission 12 CP Demand | | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$4,915 | \$1,517 | \$1,517 | \$1,517 | \$1,517 | \$1,517 | \$1,517 | \$1,517 | \$1,517 | \$1,517 | \$17,050 | \$17,050 | \$0 | \$17,050 | | | | |
| 13 Total Jurisdictional O&M Revenue Requirements | | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$10,628 | \$3,280 | \$3,280 | \$3,280 | \$3,280 | \$3,280 | \$3,280 | \$3,280 | \$3,280 | \$3,280 | \$36,871 | \$19,822 | \$17,050 | \$36,871 | | | | |
| O&M Revenue Requirements by Category of Activity | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Monthly Sums of (Activity Cost x Allocation x Jur. Factor) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 14 Overhead Hardening O&M Programs | | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | | | |
| a. Allocated to NCP Demand | | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | | | |
| b. Allocated to 12 CP Demand | | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | | | |
| 15 Vegetation Management O&M Programs | | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | | | |
| a. Allocated to NCP Demand | | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | | | |
| b. Allocated to 12 CP Demand | | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | | | |
| 16 Undergrounding Laterals O&M Programs | | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | | | |
| a. Allocated to NCP Demand | | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | | | |
| b. Allocated to 12 CP Demand | | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | | | |
| 17 Implementation O&M Costs | | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$10,628 | \$3,280 | \$3,280 | \$3,280 | \$3,280 | \$3,280 | \$3,280 | \$3,280 | \$3,280 | \$3,280 | \$36,871 | \$19,822 | \$17,050 | \$36,871 | | | | |
| a. Allocated to Distribution A&G NCP Demand | | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$5,714 | \$1,763 | \$1,763 | \$1,763 | \$1,763 | \$1,763 | \$1,763 | \$1,763 | \$1,763 | \$1,763 | \$19,822 | \$19,822 | \$0 | \$19,822 | | | | |
| b. Allocated to Transmission 12 CP Demand | | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$4,915 | \$1,517 | \$1,517 | \$1,517 | \$1,517 | \$1,517 | \$1,517 | \$1,517 | \$1,517 | \$1,517 | \$17,050 | \$17,050 | \$0 | \$17,050 | | | | |

Gulf Power Company
Actual/Estimated
Period: January through December 2021
Variance Report of Annual Capital Investment Costs by Program (Jurisdictional Revenue Requirements)
(In Dollars)

| | (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) |
|---|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|------------------|
| | Estimated Actual | Projected | Variance Amount | Variance Percent |
| 1. Overhead Hardening Programs | | | | |
| 1. Distribution Feeder Hardening | \$1,457,336 | \$1,504,210 | (\$46,874) | (3.12%) |
| 2. Distribution Inspection Program | \$135,406 | \$6,354 | \$129,053 | 2,031.18% |
| 3. Transmission Inspection Program | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | 0% |
| 4. Transmission Hardening | \$1,443,763 | \$1,708,068 | (\$264,306) | (15.47%) |
| 1.a. Subtotal of Overhead Hardening Capital Investment Programs | \$3,036,505 | \$3,218,631 | (\$182,127) | (5.66%) |
| 2. Underground Programs | | | | |
| 1. Lateral Hardening (Undergrounding) Distribution | \$87,110 | \$236,314 | (\$149,204) | (63.14%) |
| 2.a Subtotal of Undergrounding Capital Investment Programs | \$87,110 | \$236,314 | (\$149,204) | (63.14%) |
| 3. Implementation Costs - G&I | | | | |
| 1. Implementation Costs - Distribution | \$14,475 | \$44,973 | (\$30,497) | (67.81%) |
| 2. Implementation Costs - Transmission | \$12,451 | \$38,683 | (\$26,232) | (67.81%) |
| 3.a Subtotal of Implementation Capital Programs | \$26,926 | \$83,656 | (\$56,730) | (67.81%) |
| 4. Total Capital Investment Costs | \$3,150,541 | \$3,538,602 | (\$388,060) | (10.97%) |
| 5. Allocation of Capital Investment Costs | | | | |
| a. Distribution Capital Investment Allocated to NCP Demand | \$1,679,852 | \$1,746,877 | (\$67,025) | (3.84%) |
| b. Transmission Capital Investment Allocated to 12 CP Demand | \$1,332,704 | \$1,576,678 | (\$243,974) | (15.47%) |
| c. Transmission Capital Investment Allocated to Energy | \$111,059 | \$131,390 | (\$20,331) | (15.47%) |
| d. Implementation Costs Allocated to Distribution NCP Demand | \$14,475 | \$44,973 | (\$30,497) | (67.81%) |
| e. Implementation Costs Allocated to Transmission 12 CP Demand | \$11,493 | \$35,708 | (\$24,214) | (67.81%) |
| f. Implementation Costs Allocated to Transmission Energy | \$958 | \$2,976 | (\$2,018) | (67.81%) |
| g. Total of Allocation of Capital Investment Costs | \$3,150,541 | \$3,538,602 | (\$388,060) | (10.97%) |
| 7. Retail Jurisdictional Factors | | | | |
| a. Distribution Jurisdictional Factor | 98.1419% | 98.1419% | | |
| b. Transmission Jurisdictional Factor | 97.2343% | 97.2343% | | |
| c. G&I Jurisdictional Factor | 98.4107% | 98.4107% | | |
| 8. Jurisdictional Revenue Requirements | | | | |
| a. Jurisdictional NCP Demand Revenue Requirements - Distribution | \$1,648,639 | \$1,714,419 | (\$65,780) | (3.84%) |
| b. Jurisdictional 12 CP Demand Revenue Requirements - Transmission | \$1,295,845 | \$1,533,072 | (\$237,227) | (15.47%) |
| c. Jurisdictional Energy Revenue Requirements - Transmission | \$107,987 | \$127,756 | (\$19,769) | (15.47%) |
| d. Jurisdictional Implementation Costs Allocated to Distribution NCP Demand | \$14,245 | \$44,258 | (\$30,013) | (67.81%) |
| e. Jurisdictional Implementation Costs Allocated to Transmission 12 CP Demand | \$11,311 | \$35,140 | (\$23,830) | (67.81%) |
| f. Jurisdictional Implementation Costs Allocated to Transmission Energy | \$943 | \$2,928 | (\$1,986) | (67.81%) |
| g. Total Jurisdictional Revenue Requirements | \$3,078,970 | \$3,457,573 | (\$378,603) | (10.95%) |

Notes:

Column (1) is the End of Period Totals on SPPCRC Form 7E Summary

Column(2)is amount shown on Form 3P End of Period Totals for the 2021 Projections approved by Order No. PSC-2020-0409-AS-EI

Column (3) = Column (1) - Column (2)

Column (4) = Column (3) / Column (2)

Gulf Power Company
Actual/Estimated
Current Period: January through December 2021
Project Listing for Each Capital Program

| Capital Activities | T or D |
|--------------------|--------|
|--------------------|--------|

Refer to Exhibit MJ-4

Gulf Power Company
Actual/Estimated
Period: January through December 2021
Calculation of Annual Revenue Requirements for Capital Investment Programs
(in Dollars)

| Capital Investment Activities | T/D | Actual | | | | | | | | | | | | Estimated | | | | | | | | | | | | End of Period | | Method of Classification | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|-----|----------|----------|----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-------------|-------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------|-------------|-------------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|---------------|----------|--------------------------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|-----|--|
| | | Jan | Feb | Mar | Apr | May | Jun | Jul | Aug | Sep | Oct | Nov | Dec | Total | Distribution NCP Demand | Transmission 12 CP Demand | Transmission Energy | Total | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1 Overhead Hardening Capital Investment Programs | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1. Distribution Feeder Hardening | D | \$3,381 | \$11,658 | \$28,665 | \$54,477 | \$81,487 | \$107,960 | \$133,925 | \$159,785 | \$185,414 | \$210,915 | \$231,871 | \$247,796 | \$1,457,336 | \$1,430,257 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$1,430,257 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2. Distribution Inspection Program | D | \$1,679 | \$4,442 | \$7,035 | \$9,744 | \$11,613 | \$12,786 | \$13,655 | \$14,271 | \$14,664 | \$15,017 | \$15,352 | \$15,148 | \$135,406 | \$132,890 | \$0 | \$0 | \$132,890 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 3. Transmission Inspection Program | | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | |
| 4. Transmission Hardening | T | \$3,683 | \$9,851 | \$18,447 | \$33,796 | \$55,815 | \$81,803 | \$109,828 | \$145,960 | \$194,316 | \$237,827 | \$266,529 | \$285,908 | \$1,443,763 | \$0 | \$1,295,845 | \$107,987 | \$1,403,832 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1.a Subtotal of Overhead Hardening Capital Investment Programs | | \$8,744 | \$25,951 | \$54,147 | \$98,018 | \$148,915 | \$202,549 | \$257,408 | \$320,017 | \$394,393 | \$463,759 | \$513,752 | \$548,852 | \$3,036,505 | \$1,563,148 | \$1,295,845 | \$107,987 | \$2,966,980 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2 Undergrounding Laterals Capital Investment Programs | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1. Lateral Hardening (Undergrounding) Distribution | D | \$0 | \$0 | \$34 | \$241 | \$600 | \$1,150 | \$1,894 | \$3,933 | \$8,051 | \$14,443 | \$23,336 | \$33,427 | \$87,110 | \$85,492 | \$0 | \$0 | \$85,492 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2.a Subtotal of Undergrounding Laterals Capital Investment Programs | | \$0 | \$0 | \$34 | \$241 | \$600 | \$1,150 | \$1,894 | \$3,933 | \$8,051 | \$14,443 | \$23,336 | \$33,427 | \$87,110 | \$85,492 | \$0 | \$0 | \$85,492 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 3 Implementation Costs - G&I | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1. Implementation Costs - Distribution | D | \$553 | \$591 | \$1,654 | \$1,130 | \$1,153 | \$1,204 | \$1,258 | \$1,283 | \$1,340 | \$1,400 | \$1,428 | \$1,480 | \$14,475 | \$14,245 | \$0 | \$0 | \$14,245 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2. Implementation Costs - Transmission | T | \$476 | \$509 | \$1,423 | \$972 | \$991 | \$1,036 | \$991 | \$1,036 | \$1,104 | \$1,153 | \$1,204 | \$1,228 | \$12,451 | \$0 | \$11,311 | \$943 | \$12,253 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 3.a Subtotal of Implementation Capital Programs | | \$1,029 | \$1,100 | \$3,076 | \$2,103 | \$2,144 | \$2,240 | \$2,341 | \$2,387 | \$2,493 | \$2,604 | \$2,656 | \$2,754 | \$26,926 | \$14,245 | \$11,311 | \$943 | \$26,498 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 4 Total Capital Investment Costs | | \$9,773 | \$27,051 | \$57,257 | \$100,361 | \$151,659 | \$205,939 | \$261,643 | \$326,337 | \$404,937 | \$480,806 | \$539,744 | \$585,033 | \$3,150,541 | \$1,662,885 | \$1,307,156 | \$108,930 | \$3,078,970 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 5 Allocation of Capital Investment Programs | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| a. Distribution Capital Allocated to NCP Demand | | \$5,061 | \$16,101 | \$35,734 | \$64,462 | \$93,701 | \$121,896 | \$149,475 | \$177,990 | \$208,128 | \$240,375 | \$270,559 | \$296,371 | \$1,679,852 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| b. Transmission Capital Allocated to 12 CP Demand | | \$3,400 | \$9,093 | \$17,028 | \$31,196 | \$51,521 | \$75,510 | \$101,380 | \$134,732 | \$179,368 | \$219,533 | \$246,027 | \$263,915 | \$1,332,704 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| c. Transmission Capital Allocated to Energy | | \$283 | \$758 | \$1,419 | \$2,600 | \$4,293 | \$6,293 | \$8,448 | \$11,228 | \$14,947 | \$18,294 | \$20,502 | \$21,993 | \$111,059 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| d. Implementation Costs Allocated to Distribution NCP Demand | | \$553 | \$591 | \$1,654 | \$1,130 | \$1,153 | \$1,204 | \$1,258 | \$1,283 | \$1,340 | \$1,400 | \$1,428 | \$1,480 | \$14,475 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| e. Implementation Costs Allocated to Transmission 12 CP Demand | | \$439 | \$470 | \$1,313 | \$888 | \$915 | \$956 | \$999 | \$1,019 | \$1,064 | \$1,111 | \$1,134 | \$1,175 | \$11,493 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| f. Implementation Costs Allocated to Transmission Energy | | \$37 | \$39 | \$109 | \$75 | \$76 | \$80 | \$83 | \$85 | \$89 | \$93 | \$94 | \$98 | \$958 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| g. Total Allocation of Capital Investment Programs | | \$9,773 | \$27,051 | \$57,257 | \$100,361 | \$151,659 | \$205,939 | \$261,643 | \$326,337 | \$404,937 | \$480,806 | \$539,744 | \$585,033 | \$3,150,541 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 6 Implementation Costs Allocation Factors | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| a. Distribution | | 53.76% | 53.76% | 53.76% | 53.76% | 53.76% | 53.76% | 53.76% | 53.76% | 53.76% | 53.76% | 53.76% | 53.76% | 53.76% | 53.76% | 53.76% | 53.76% | 53.76% | 53.76% | 53.76% | 53.76% | 53.76% | 53.76% | 53.76% | 53.76% | 53.76% | 53.76% | 53.76% | 53.76% | 53.76% | 53.76% | 53.76% | 53.76% | 53.76% | 53.76% | 53.76% | | |
| b. Transmission | | 46.24% | 46.24% | 46.24% | 46.24% | 46.24% | 46.24% | 46.24% | 46.24% | 46.24% | 46.24% | 46.24% | 46.24% | 46.24% | 46.24% | 46.24% | 46.24% | 46.24% | 46.24% | 46.24% | 46.24% | 46.24% | 46.24% | 46.24% | 46.24% | 46.24% | 46.24% | 46.24% | 46.24% | 46.24% | 46.24% | 46.24% | 46.24% | 46.24% | 46.24% | | | |
| 7 Retail Jurisdictional Factors | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| a. Distribution Demand Jurisdictional Factor | | 98.1419% | 98.1419% | 98.1419% | 98.1419% | 98.1419% | 98.1419% | 98.1419% | 98.1419% | 98.1419% | 98.1419% | 98.1419% | 98.1419% | 98.1419% | 98.1419% | 98.1419% | 98.1419% | 98.1419% | 98.1419% | 98.1419% | 98.1419% | 98.1419% | 98.1419% | 98.1419% | 98.1419% | 98.1419% | 98.1419% | 98.1419% | 98.1419% | 98.1419% | 98.1419% | 98.1419% | 98.1419% | 98.1419% | 98.1419% | 98.1419% | | |
| b. Transmission Demand Jurisdictional Factor | | 97.2343% | 97.2343% | 97.2343% | 97.2343% | 97.2343% | 97.2343% | 97.2343% | 97.2343% | 97.2343% | 97.2343% | 97.2343% | 97.2343% | 97.2343% | 97.2343% | 97.2343% | 97.2343% | 97.2343% | 97.2343% | 97.2343% | 97.2343% | 97.2343% | 97.2343% | 97.2343% | 97.2343% | 97.2343% | 97.2343% | 97.2343% | 97.2343% | 97.2343% | 97.2343% | 97.2343% | 97.2343% | 97.2343% | 97.2343% | 97.2343% | | |
| c. General & Intangible Plant Jurisdictional Factor | | 98.4107% | 98.4107% | 98.4107% | 98.4107% | 98.4107% | 98.4107% | 98.4107% | 98.4107% | 98.4107% | 98.4107% | 98.4107% | 98.4107% | 98.4107% | 98.4107% | 98.4107% | 98.4107% | 98.4107% | 98.4107% | 98.4107% | 98.4107% | 98.4107% | 98.4107% | 98.4107% | 98.4107% | 98.4107% | 98.4107% | 98.4107% | 98.4107% | 98.4107% | 98.4107% | 98.4107% | 98.4107% | 98.4107% | 98.4107% | 98.4107% | | |
| 8 Jurisdictional NCP Demand Revenue Requirements - Distribution | | \$4,967 | \$15,801 | \$35,070 | \$63,264 | \$91,960 | \$119,631 | \$146,697 | \$174,683 | \$204,261 | \$235,909 | \$265,532 | \$290,864 | \$1,648,639 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 9 Jurisdictional 12 CP Demand Revenue Requirements - Transmission | | \$3,306 | \$8,842 | \$16,557 | \$30,334 | \$50,096 | \$73,422 | \$98,576 | \$131,006 | \$174,407 | \$213,461 | \$239,223 | \$256,616 | \$1,295,845 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 10 Jurisdictional Energy Revenue Requirements - Transmission | | \$275 | \$737 | \$1,380 | \$2,528 | \$4,175 | \$6,119 | \$8,215 | \$10,917 | \$14,534 | \$17,788 | \$19,935 | \$21,385 | \$107,987 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 11 Jurisdictional Implementation Costs Allocated to Distribution NCP Demand | | \$545 | \$582 | \$1,628 | \$1,113 | \$1,134 | \$1,185 | \$1,238 | \$1,263 | \$1,319 | \$1,378 | \$1,405 | \$1,457 | \$14,245 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 12 Jurisdictional Implementation Costs Allocated to Transmission 12 CP Demand | | \$432 | \$462 | \$1,292 | \$883 | \$901 | \$941 | \$983 | \$1,003 | \$1,047 | \$1,094 | \$1,115 | \$1,157 | \$11,311 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 13 Jurisdictional Implementation Costs Allocated to Transmission Energy | | \$36 | \$39 | \$108 | \$74 | \$75 | \$78 | \$82 | \$84 | \$87 | \$91 | \$93 | \$96 | \$943 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 14 Total Jurisdictional Capital Investment Revenue Requirements | | \$9,561 | \$26,462 | \$56,034 | \$98,195 | \$148,341 | \$201,376 | \$255,791 | \$318,955 | \$395,656 | \$469,721 | \$527,303 | \$571,575 | \$3,078,970 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

Capital Investment Revenue Requirements by Category of Activity
Monthly Sums of (Activity Cost x Allocation x Jur. Factor)

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---------|----------|----------|----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-------------|
| 15 Overhead Hardening Capital Investment Programs | \$8,548 | \$25,380 | \$52,973 | \$95,890 | \$145,641 | \$198,043 | \$251,629 | \$312,746 | \$385,302 | \$452,983 | \$501,787 | \$536,059 | \$2,966,980 |
| a. Allocated to NCP Demand | \$4,967 | \$15,801 | \$35,037 | \$63,028 | \$91,370 | \$118,502 | \$144,838 | \$170,823 | \$196,360 | \$221,734 | \$242,629 | \$258,058 | \$1,563,148 |
| b. Allocated to 12 CP Demand | \$3,306 | \$8,842 | \$16,557 | \$30,334 | \$50,096 | \$73,422 | \$98,576 | \$131,006 | \$174,407 | \$213,461 | \$239,223 | \$256,616 | \$1,295,845 |
| c. Allocated to Energy | \$275 | \$737 | \$1,380 | \$2,528 | \$4,175 | \$6,119 | \$8,215 | \$10,917 | \$14,534 | \$17,788 | \$19,935 | \$21,385 | \$107,987 |
| 16 Undergrounding Laterals Capital Investment Programs | \$0 | \$0 | \$33 | \$236 | \$589 | \$1,129 | \$1,859 | \$3,860 | \$7,901 | \$14,175 | \$22,903 | \$32,806 | \$85,492 |
| a. Allocated to NCP Demand | \$0 | \$0 | \$33 | \$236 | \$589 | \$1,129 | \$1,859 | \$3,860 | \$7,901 | \$14,175 | \$22,903 | \$32,806 | \$85,492 |
| b. Allocated to 12 CP Demand | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| c. Allocated to Energy | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| 17 Implementation Capital Costs | \$1,013 | \$1,083 | \$3,027 | \$2,069 | \$2,110 | \$2,204 | \$2,303 | \$2,349 | \$2,453 | \$2,563 | \$2,613 | \$2,710 | \$26,498 |
| a. Allocated to Distribution NCP | \$545 | \$582 | \$1,628 | \$1,113 | \$1,134 | \$1,185 | \$1,238 | \$1,263 | \$1,319 | \$1,378 | \$1,405 | \$1,457 | \$14,245 |
| b. Allocated to Transmission 12CP | \$432 | \$462 | \$1,292 | \$883 | \$901 | \$941 | \$983 | \$1,003 | \$1,047 | \$1,094 | \$1,115 | \$1,157 | \$11,311 |
| c. Allocated to Energy | \$36 | \$39 | \$108 | \$74 | \$75 | \$78 | \$82 | \$84 | \$87 | \$91 | \$93 | \$96 | \$943 |
| 18 Total Capital Programs | \$9,561 | \$26,462 | \$56,034 | \$98,195 | \$148,341 | \$201,376 | \$255,791 | \$318,955 | \$395,656 | \$469,721 | \$527,303 | \$571,575 | \$3,078,970 |

Docket No. 20210010-El
Appendix II - Gulf 2021 Actual/Estimated SPPCRC
Exhibit RBD-1, Page 9 of 15

Gulf Power Company
620-Distribution Inspection Program
Estimated Revenue Requirements for the Period January 2021 through December 2021
(In Dollars)

| Beginning of Period Amount | a-Jan - 2021 | a-Feb - 2021 | Mar - 2021 | Apr - 2021 | May - 2021 | Jun - 2021 | Jul - 2021 | Aug - 2021 | Sep - 2021 | Oct - 2021 | Nov - 2021 | Dec - 2021 | Total |
|---|------------------|------------------|------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| 620-Distribution Inspection Program | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1. Investments | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| a. Expenditures/Additions (a) | \$321,889 | \$197,038 | \$315,000 | \$241,170 | \$139,192 | \$91,170 | \$89,006 | \$41,170 | \$41,170 | \$41,170 | \$41,170 | (\$105,049) | \$1,454,095 |
| b. Clearings to Plant | \$167,806 | \$118,251 | \$464,841 | \$340,593 | \$228,716 | \$152,310 | \$117,145 | \$74,941 | \$56,181 | \$47,843 | \$44,136 | (\$38,736) | \$1,774,026 |
| c. Retirements | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| d. Other | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| 2. Plant-In-Service/Depreciation Base | \$0 | \$167,806 | \$286,057 | \$750,898 | \$1,091,491 | \$1,320,206 | \$1,472,516 | \$1,589,661 | \$1,664,602 | \$1,720,783 | \$1,768,626 | \$1,812,762 | \$1,774,026 |
| 3. Less: Accumulated Depreciation | \$0 | \$276 | \$1,010 | \$2,587 | \$5,304 | \$8,829 | \$12,893 | \$17,338 | \$22,056 | \$26,960 | \$32,011 | \$37,192 | \$42,381 |
| 4. CWIP - Non Interest Bearing | \$0 | \$321,889 | \$518,926 | \$369,085 | \$269,662 | \$180,139 | \$118,999 | \$90,860 | \$57,089 | \$42,078 | \$35,405 | \$32,439 | (\$33,874) |
| 5. Net Investment (Lines 2 - 3 + 4) | \$0 | \$489,418 | \$803,973 | \$1,117,396 | \$1,355,849 | \$1,491,516 | \$1,578,622 | \$1,663,183 | \$1,699,635 | \$1,735,901 | \$1,772,020 | \$1,808,009 | \$1,697,770 |
| 6. Average Net Investment | \$244,709 | \$646,696 | \$960,685 | \$1,236,623 | \$1,423,683 | \$1,535,069 | \$1,620,902 | \$1,681,409 | \$1,717,768 | \$1,753,960 | \$1,790,014 | \$1,752,889 | |
| 7. Return on Average Net Investment | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| a. Equity Component grossed up for taxes (b) | \$1,221 | \$3,228 | \$4,756 | \$6,122 | \$7,048 | \$7,600 | \$8,025 | \$8,324 | \$8,504 | \$8,683 | \$8,862 | \$8,678 | \$81,050 |
| b. Debt Component (Line 6 x debt rate) (c) | \$182 | \$481 | \$702 | \$904 | \$1,041 | \$1,122 | \$1,185 | \$1,229 | \$1,256 | \$1,282 | \$1,309 | \$1,282 | \$11,975 |
| 8. Investment Expenses | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| a. Depreciation (d) | \$276 | \$734 | \$1,577 | \$2,718 | \$3,524 | \$4,064 | \$4,446 | \$4,718 | \$4,904 | \$5,051 | \$5,181 | \$5,189 | \$42,381 |
| b. Amortization | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| c. Other | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| 9. Total System Recoverable Expenses (Lines 7 + 8) | \$1,679 | \$4,442 | \$7,035 | \$9,744 | \$11,613 | \$12,786 | \$13,655 | \$14,271 | \$14,664 | \$15,017 | \$15,352 | \$15,148 | \$135,406 |

Notes:

- (a) Excludes Cost of Removal on the retirement of existing plant.
- (b) The Gross-up factor for taxes is 1/.754782, which reflects the Federal Income Tax Rate of 21%. The equity component for the period Jan. – Dec. 2021 is 4.4840% based on Gulf's most recent financial forecast.
- (c) The debt component is 0.8773% based on Gulf's most recent financial forecast.
- (d) Calculated using the composite depreciation rates for distribution/transmission function as reflected in Gulf's 2016 retail base rate settlement agreement (Order No. PSC-17-0178-S-EI).

Gulf Power Company
622-Distribution Feeder Hardening P
Estimated Revenue Requirements for the Period January 2021 through December 2021
(In Dollars)

| Beginning of Period Amount | a-Jan - 2021 | a-Feb - 2021 | Mar - 2021 | Apr - 2021 | May - 2021 | Jun - 2021 | Jul - 2021 | Aug - 2021 | Sep - 2021 | Oct - 2021 | Nov - 2021 | Dec - 2021 | Total | |
|--|--------------|--------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|-------------|
| 622-Distribution Feeder Hardening P | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1. Investments | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| a. Expenditures/Additions (a) | \$1,170,318 | \$1,621,918 | \$2,776,815 | \$3,208,257 | \$3,179,254 | \$3,061,406 | \$3,061,731 | \$3,061,272 | \$3,018,207 | \$3,046,806 | \$1,782,630 | \$1,791,901 | \$30,780,517 | |
| b. Clearings to Plant | \$6,530 | \$56,122 | \$3,096,174 | \$3,158,436 | \$3,170,000 | \$3,109,677 | \$3,083,043 | \$3,070,949 | \$3,041,651 | \$3,044,515 | \$2,343,544 | \$2,037,109 | \$29,217,750 | |
| c. Retirements | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | |
| d. Other | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | |
| 2. Plant-In-Service/Depreciation Base | \$0 | \$6,530 | \$62,651 | \$3,158,826 | \$6,317,262 | \$9,487,262 | \$12,596,939 | \$15,679,982 | \$18,750,931 | \$21,792,583 | \$24,837,097 | \$27,180,641 | \$29,217,750 | |
| 3. Less: Accumulated Depreciation | \$0 | \$7 | \$105 | \$4,675 | \$18,105 | \$40,500 | \$71,792 | \$111,856 | \$160,639 | \$218,081 | \$284,145 | \$357,843 | \$437,746 | |
| 4. CWIP - Non Interest Bearing | \$0 | \$1,170,318 | \$2,792,237 | \$2,472,878 | \$2,522,699 | \$2,531,953 | \$2,483,682 | \$2,462,370 | \$2,429,248 | \$2,431,540 | \$1,870,626 | \$1,625,419 | | |
| 5. Net Investment (Lines 2 - 3 + 4) | \$0 | \$1,176,841 | \$2,854,783 | \$5,627,029 | \$8,821,856 | \$11,978,715 | \$15,008,829 | \$18,030,495 | \$21,042,985 | \$24,003,750 | \$26,984,492 | \$28,693,425 | \$30,405,423 | |
| 6. Average Net Investment | | \$588,421 | \$2,015,812 | \$4,240,906 | \$7,224,443 | \$10,400,285 | \$13,493,772 | \$16,519,662 | \$19,536,740 | \$22,523,367 | \$25,494,121 | \$27,838,958 | \$29,549,424 | |
| 7. Return on Average Net Investment | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| a. Equity Component grossed up for taxes (b) | | \$2,937 | \$10,061 | \$20,995 | \$35,766 | \$51,488 | \$66,803 | \$81,783 | \$96,720 | \$111,506 | \$126,213 | \$137,821 | \$146,289 | \$888,381 |
| b. Debt Component (Line 6 x debt rate) (c) | | \$438 | \$1,499 | \$3,100 | \$5,282 | \$7,603 | \$9,865 | \$12,077 | \$14,283 | \$16,466 | \$18,638 | \$20,353 | \$21,603 | \$131,208 |
| 8. Investment Expenses | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| a. Depreciation (d) | | \$7 | \$98 | \$4,569 | \$13,430 | \$22,395 | \$31,292 | \$40,065 | \$48,783 | \$57,442 | \$66,064 | \$73,697 | \$79,903 | \$437,746 |
| b. Amortization | | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| c. Other | | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| 9. Total System Recoverable Expenses (Lines 7 + 8) | | \$3,381 | \$11,658 | \$28,665 | \$54,477 | \$81,487 | \$107,960 | \$133,925 | \$159,785 | \$185,414 | \$210,915 | \$231,871 | \$247,796 | \$1,457,336 |

Notes:

- (a) Excludes Cost of Removal on the retirement of existing plant.
- (b) The Gross-up factor for taxes is 1/.754782, which reflects the Federal Income Tax Rate of 21%. The equity component for the period Jan. – Dec. 2021 is 4.4840% based on Gulf's most recent financial forecast.
- (c) The debt component is 0.8773% based on Gulf's most recent financial forecast.
- (d) Calculated using the composite depreciation rates for distribution/transmission function as reflected in Gulf's 2016 retail base rate settlement agreement (Order No. PSC-17-0178-S-EI).

Gulf Power Company
623-Distribution Hardening Lateral Undergrounding
Estimated Revenue Requirements for the Period January 2021 through December 2021
(In Dollars)

| Beginning of Period Amount | a-Jan - 2021 | a-Feb - 2021 | Mar - 2021 | Apr - 2021 | May - 2021 | Jun - 2021 | Jul - 2021 | Aug - 2021 | Sep - 2021 | Oct - 2021 | Nov - 2021 | Dec - 2021 | Total |
|---|--------------|--------------|----------------|-----------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|-----------------|
| 623-Distribution Hardening Lateral Undergrounding | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1. Investments | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| a. Expenditures/Additions (a) | \$0 | \$0 | \$9,354 | \$46,770 | \$46,770 | \$93,541 | \$93,541 | \$443,382 | \$630,463 | \$1,004,625 | \$1,238,476 | \$1,243,078 | \$4,850,001 |
| b. Clearings to Plant | \$0 | \$0 | \$5,196 | \$28,290 | \$38,556 | \$69,100 | \$82,676 | \$283,047 | \$476,035 | \$769,664 | \$1,030,087 | \$1,148,403 | \$3,931,055 |
| c. Retirements | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| d. Other | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| 2. Plant-In-Service/Depreciation Base | \$0 | \$0 | \$5,196 | \$33,486 | \$72,042 | \$141,142 | \$223,818 | \$506,865 | \$982,900 | \$1,752,564 | \$2,782,652 | \$3,931,055 | |
| 3. Less: Accumulated Depreciation | \$0 | \$0 | \$7 | \$62 | \$212 | \$514 | \$1,031 | \$2,066 | \$4,176 | \$8,052 | \$14,476 | \$23,988 | |
| 4. CWIP - Non Interest Bearing | \$0 | \$0 | \$4,158 | \$22,638 | \$30,852 | \$55,293 | \$66,157 | \$226,493 | \$380,921 | \$615,881 | \$824,271 | \$918,946 | |
| 5. Net Investment (Lines 2 - 3 + 4) | \$0 | \$0 | \$9,347 | \$56,062 | \$102,683 | \$195,921 | \$288,945 | \$731,292 | \$1,359,644 | \$2,360,394 | \$3,592,446 | \$4,826,013 | |
| 6. Average Net Investment | \$0 | \$0 | \$4,673 | \$32,704 | \$79,373 | \$149,302 | \$242,433 | \$510,118 | \$1,045,468 | \$1,860,019 | \$2,976,420 | \$4,209,230 | |
| 7. Return on Average Net Investment | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| a. Equity Component grossed up for taxes (b) | \$0 | \$0 | \$23 | \$162 | \$393 | \$739 | \$1,200 | \$2,525 | \$5,176 | \$9,208 | \$14,735 | \$20,838 | \$55,001 |
| b. Debt Component (Line 6 x debt rate) (c) | \$0 | \$0 | \$3 | \$24 | \$58 | \$109 | \$177 | \$373 | \$764 | \$1,360 | \$2,176 | \$3,077 | \$8,122 |
| 8. Investment Expenses | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| a. Depreciation (d) | \$0 | \$0 | \$7 | \$55 | \$149 | \$302 | \$517 | \$1,035 | \$2,111 | \$3,875 | \$6,425 | \$9,511 | \$23,988 |
| b. Amortization | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| c. Other | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| 9. Total System Recoverable Expenses (Lines 7 + 8) | \$0 | \$0 | \$34 | \$241 | \$600 | \$1,150 | \$1,894 | \$3,933 | \$8,051 | \$14,443 | \$23,336 | \$33,427 | \$87,110 |

Notes:

- (a) Excludes Cost of Removal on the retirement of existing plant.
- (b) The Gross-up factor for taxes is 1/.754782, which reflects the Federal Income Tax Rate of 21%. The equity component for the period Jan. – Dec. 2021 is 4.4840% based on Gulf's most recent financial forecast.
- (c) The debt component is 0.8773% based on Gulf's most recent financial forecast.
- (d) Calculated using the composite depreciation rates for distribution/transmission function as reflected in Gulf's 2016 retail base rate settlement agreement (Order No. PSC-17-0178-S-EI).

Gulf Power Company
624-Transmission Hardening Program
Estimated Revenue Requirements for the Period January 2021 through December 2021
(In Dollars)

| Beginning of Period Amount | a-Jan - 2021 | a-Feb - 2021 | Mar - 2021 | Apr - 2021 | May - 2021 | Jun - 2021 | Jul - 2021 | Aug - 2021 | Sep - 2021 | Oct - 2021 | Nov - 2021 | Dec - 2021 | Total | |
|--|--------------|--------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|-------------|
| 624-Transmission Hardening Program | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1. Investments | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| a. Expenditures/Additions (a) | \$1,145,411 | \$866,813 | \$1,905,500 | \$2,774,319 | \$3,890,374 | \$3,794,100 | \$4,263,718 | \$6,188,294 | \$7,919,644 | \$4,090,832 | \$2,749,706 | \$1,064,858 | \$40,653,569 | |
| b. Clearings to Plant | \$87,166 | \$0 | \$607,308 | \$937,968 | \$1,388,470 | \$1,755,541 | \$2,138,259 | \$2,756,246 | \$3,544,120 | \$3,627,542 | \$3,493,594 | \$3,122,998 | \$23,459,211 | |
| c. Retirements | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | |
| d. Other | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | |
| 2. Plant-In-Service/Depreciation Base | \$0 | \$87,166 | \$87,166 | \$694,473 | \$1,632,441 | \$3,020,911 | \$4,776,452 | \$6,914,711 | \$9,670,957 | \$13,215,077 | \$16,842,619 | \$20,336,213 | \$23,459,211 | |
| 3. Less: Accumulated Depreciation | \$0 | \$149 | \$448 | \$1,559 | \$4,737 | \$11,026 | \$21,521 | \$37,225 | \$59,475 | \$90,152 | \$130,423 | \$180,218 | \$238,864 | |
| 4. CWIP - Non Interest Bearing | \$0 | \$1,145,411 | \$2,012,224 | \$3,310,417 | \$5,146,767 | \$7,648,671 | \$9,687,230 | \$11,812,689 | \$15,244,737 | \$19,620,261 | \$20,083,552 | \$19,339,664 | \$17,281,524 | |
| 5. Net Investment (Lines 2 - 3 + 4) | \$0 | \$1,232,428 | \$2,098,942 | \$4,003,331 | \$6,774,472 | \$10,658,556 | \$14,442,161 | \$18,690,175 | \$24,856,219 | \$32,745,186 | \$36,795,747 | \$39,495,658 | \$40,501,871 | |
| 6. Average Net Investment | | \$616,214 | \$1,665,685 | \$3,051,137 | \$5,388,902 | \$8,716,514 | \$12,550,358 | \$16,566,168 | \$21,773,197 | \$28,800,703 | \$34,770,467 | \$38,145,703 | \$39,998,765 | |
| 7. Return on Average Net Investment | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| a. Equity Component grossed up for taxes (b) | | \$3,075 | \$8,313 | \$15,105 | \$26,679 | \$43,152 | \$62,133 | \$82,013 | \$107,792 | \$142,582 | \$172,137 | \$188,846 | \$198,020 | \$1,049,848 |
| b. Debt Component (Line 6 x debt rate) (c) | | \$458 | \$1,239 | \$2,231 | \$3,940 | \$6,372 | \$9,175 | \$12,111 | \$15,918 | \$21,056 | \$25,420 | \$27,888 | \$29,242 | \$155,051 |
| 8. Investment Expenses | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| a. Depreciation (d) | | \$149 | \$299 | \$1,111 | \$3,178 | \$6,290 | \$10,495 | \$15,703 | \$22,250 | \$30,678 | \$40,270 | \$49,795 | \$58,646 | \$238,864 |
| b. Amortization | | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | |
| c. Other | | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | |
| 9. Total System Recoverable Expenses (Lines 7 + 8) | | \$3,683 | \$9,851 | \$18,447 | \$33,796 | \$55,815 | \$81,803 | \$109,828 | \$145,960 | \$194,316 | \$237,827 | \$266,529 | \$285,908 | \$1,443,763 |

Notes:

- (a) Excludes Cost of Removal on the retirement of existing plant.
- (b) The Gross-up factor for taxes is 1/.754782, which reflects the Federal Income Tax Rate of 21%. The equity component for the period Jan. – Dec. 2021 is 4.4840% based on Gulf's most recent financial forecast.
- (c) The debt component is 0.8773% based on Gulf's most recent financial forecast.
- (d) Calculated using the composite depreciation rates for distribution/transmission function as reflected in Gulf's 2016 retail base rate settlement agreement (Order No. PSC-17-0178-S-EI).

Gulf Power Company
627-GULF SPP Implementation Cost
Estimated Revenue Requirements for the Period January 2021 through December 2021
(In Dollars)

| Beginning of Period Amount | a-Jan - 2021 | a-Feb - 2021 | Mar - 2021 | Apr - 2021 | May - 2021 | Jun - 2021 | Jul - 2021 | Aug - 2021 | Sep - 2021 | Oct - 2021 | Nov - 2021 | Dec - 2021 | Total |
|---|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|-----------------|
| 627-GULF SPP Implementation Cost | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1. Investments | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| a. Expenditures/Additions (a) | \$358,959 | (\$334,235) | \$334,955 | \$0 | \$0 | \$17,141 | \$0 | \$0 | \$18,697 | \$0 | \$0 | \$15,200 | \$410,717 |
| b. Clearings to Plant | \$0 | \$0 | \$339,301 | \$3,689 | \$3,318 | \$4,706 | \$4,234 | \$3,809 | \$5,304 | \$4,771 | \$4,292 | \$5,387 | \$378,810 |
| c. Retirements | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| d. Other | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| 2. Plant-In-Service/Depreciation Base | \$0 | \$0 | \$339,301 | \$342,990 | \$346,308 | \$351,014 | \$355,248 | \$359,057 | \$364,360 | \$369,131 | \$373,423 | \$378,810 | |
| 3. Less: Accumulated Depreciation | \$0 | \$0 | \$1,990 | \$2,061 | \$2,173 | \$2,333 | \$2,547 | \$2,808 | \$3,124 | \$3,499 | \$3,929 | \$4,416 | |
| 4. CWIP - Non Interest Bearing | \$0 | \$358,959 | \$24,724 | \$20,378 | \$16,690 | \$13,371 | \$25,806 | \$21,573 | \$17,764 | \$31,157 | \$26,386 | \$22,094 | \$31,907 |
| 5. Net Investment (Lines 2 - 3 + 4) | \$0 | \$358,959 | \$24,724 | \$357,690 | \$357,619 | \$374,487 | \$374,274 | \$374,012 | \$392,393 | \$392,018 | \$391,588 | \$406,301 | |
| 6. Average Net Investment | \$179,480 | \$191,842 | \$191,207 | \$357,654 | \$357,563 | \$365,997 | \$374,380 | \$374,143 | \$383,203 | \$392,206 | \$391,803 | \$398,945 | |
| 7. Return on Average Net Investment | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| a. Equity Component grossed up for taxes (b) | \$896 | \$957 | \$947 | \$1,771 | \$1,770 | \$1,812 | \$1,853 | \$1,852 | \$1,897 | \$1,942 | \$1,940 | \$1,975 | \$19,612 |
| b. Debt Component (Line 6 x debt rate) (c) | \$133 | \$143 | \$140 | \$261 | \$261 | \$268 | \$274 | \$274 | \$280 | \$287 | \$286 | \$292 | \$2,899 |
| 8. Investment Expenses | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| a. Depreciation (d) | \$0 | \$0 | \$1,990 | \$71 | \$112 | \$160 | \$213 | \$261 | \$316 | \$376 | \$429 | \$487 | \$4,416 |
| b. Amortization | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| c. Other | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| 9. Total System Recoverable Expenses (Lines 7 + 8) | \$1,029 | \$1,100 | \$3,076 | \$2,103 | \$2,144 | \$2,240 | \$2,341 | \$2,387 | \$2,493 | \$2,604 | \$2,656 | \$2,754 | \$26,926 |

Notes:

- (a) Excludes Cost of Removal on the retirement of existing plant.
- (b) The Gross-up factor for taxes is 1/.754782, which reflects the Federal Income Tax Rate of 21%. The equity component for the period Jan. – Dec. 2021 is 4.4840% based on Gulf's most recent financial forecast.
- (c) The debt component is 0.8773% based on Gulf's most recent financial forecast.
- (d) Capital Costs on this schedule include intangible plant which is amortized over various periods

GULF POWER COMPANY
COST RECOVERY CLAUSES
ACT/EST 2021 GULF WACC @10.25%

CAPITAL STRUCTURE AND COST RATES (a)

| | Adjusted Retail | Ratio | Midpoint Cost Rates | Weighted Cost | Pre-Tax Weighted Cost |
|------------------------------|------------------------|----------------|---------------------|---------------|-----------------------|
| Long term debt | 1,037,073,333 | 30.723% | 2.64% | 0.8101% | 0.81% |
| Short term debt | 238,450,020 | 7.064% | 0.63% | 0.0443% | 0.04% |
| Preferred stock | 0 | 0.000% | 0.00% | 0.0000% | 0.00% |
| Customer Deposits | 22,754,205 | 0.674% | 2.64% | 0.0178% | 0.02% |
| Common Equity ^(b) | 1,467,537,622 | 43.475% | 10.25% | 4.4562% | 5.90% |
| Deferred Income Tax | 594,149,179 | 17.601% | 0.00% | 0.0000% | 0.00% |
| Investment Tax Credits | | | | | |
| Zero cost | 0 | 0.000% | 0.00% | 0.0000% | 0.00% |
| Weighted cost | 15,645,284 | 0.463% | 7.10% | 0.0329% | 0.04% |
| TOTAL | \$3,375,609,644 | 100.00% | | 5.36% | 6.82% |

CALCULATION OF THE WEIGHTED COST FOR INVESTMENT TAX CREDITS

| | Adjusted Retail | Ratio | Cost Rate | Weighted Cost | Pre-Tax Cost |
|-----------------|------------------------|----------------|-----------|---------------|---------------|
| LONG TERM DEBT | \$1,037,073,333 | 41.41% | 2.637% | 1.092% | 1.092% |
| PREFERRED STOCK | 0 | 0.00% | 0.000% | 0.000% | 0.000% |
| COMMON EQUITY | 1,467,537,622 | 58.59% | 10.250% | 6.006% | 7.957% |
| TOTAL | \$2,504,610,955 | 100.00% | | 7.098% | 9.049% |

RATIO

DEBT COMPONENTS:

| | |
|-----------------------|----------------|
| LONG TERM DEBT | 0.8101% |
| SHORT TERM DEBT | 0.0443% |
| CUSTOMER DEPOSITS | 0.0178% |
| TAX CREDITS -WEIGHTED | 0.0051% |
| TOTAL DEBT | 0.8773% |

EQUITY COMPONENTS:

| | |
|-----------------------|----------------|
| PREFERRED STOCK | 0.0000% |
| COMMON EQUITY | 4.4562% |
| TAX CREDITS -WEIGHTED | 0.0278% |
| TOTAL EQUITY | 4.4840% |
| TOTAL | 5.3613% |
| PRE-TAX EQUITY | 5.9408% |
| PRE-TAX TOTAL | 6.8181% |

Note:

- (a) Forecasted capital structure includes a deferred income tax proration adjustment consistent with FPSC Order No. PSC-2020-0165-PAA-EU, Docket No. 20200118-EU.
(b) Cost rate for common equity represents Gulf's mid-point return on equity approved by the FPSC in Order No. PSC-17-0178-S-EI, Docket Nos. 160186-EI and 160170-EI.

Exhibit RBD-1 Appendix III

CONSOLIDATED FLORIDA POWER & LIGHT CO
SPPCRC - Initial Projection
Projected Period: January through December 2022
Summary of Projected Period Recovery Amount
(in Dollars)

| Line | GCP Demand Distribution (\$) | 12 CP Demand Transmission (\$) | Total (\$) |
|---|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------|----------------------|
| 1.Total Jurisdictional Revenue Requirements for the Projected Period | | | |
| a.Overhead Hardening Programs (SPPCRC Form 2P, Line 14 + Form 3P, Line 13) | \$103,979,901 | \$15,367,569 | \$119,347,469 |
| b.Undergrounding Programs (SPPCRC Form 2P, Line 16 + Form 3P, Line 14) | \$38,958,943 | \$0 | \$38,958,943 |
| c.Vegetation Management Programs (SPPCRC Form 2P, Line 15) | \$65,045,022 | \$10,672,428 | \$75,717,450 |
| d.Implementation Costs (SPPCRC Form 2P, Line 17 + Form 3P, Line 15) | <u>\$587,213</u> | <u>\$52,556</u> | <u>\$639,769</u> |
| e. Total Projected Period Rev. Req. | \$208,571,079 | \$26,092,552 | \$234,663,632 |
| 2.Estimated True up of Over/(Under) Recovery for the Current Period (SPPCRC Form 1E, Line 7) | \$1,220,933 | \$496,250 | \$1,717,183 |
| 3.Final True Up of Over/(Under) Recovery for the Prior Period (SPPCRC Form 1A, Line 7) | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| 4.Jurisdictional Amount to Recovered/(Refunded) (Line 1e - Line 2 - Line 3) | \$207,350,146 | \$25,596,303 | \$232,946,449 |
| 5.Jurisdictional Amount to Recovered/(Refunded) Adjusted for Taxes | <u>\$207,499,439</u> | <u>\$25,614,732</u> | <u>\$233,114,170</u> |
| Revenue Tax Multiplier | 1.00072 | | |

CONSOLIDATED FLORIDA POWER & LIGHT CO
SPPCR - Initial Projection
Period: January through December 2022
Calculation of Annual Revenue Requirements for O Programs
(in Dollars)

Table with columns: O&M Activities, T/D, Jan, Feb, Mar, Apr, May, Jun, Jul, Aug, Sep, Oct, Nov, Dec, Total, End of Period, Method of Classification (Distribution GCP Demand, Transmission 12 CP Demand, Total). Rows include: 1 Overhead Hardening O&M Programs, 2 Vegetation Management O&M Programs, 3 Undergrounding Laterals O&M Programs, 4 Implementation Costs - A&G, 5 Total O&M Costs, 6 Allocation of O&M Programs, 7 Implementation Costs Allocation Factors, 8 Retail Jurisdictional Factors, 9 Jurisdictional GCP Demand Revenue Requirements - Distribution, 10 Jurisdictional 12 CP Demand Revenue Requirements - Transmission, 11 Jurisdictional Implementation Costs Allocated to Distribution GCP Demand, 12 Jurisdictional Implementation Costs Allocated to Transmission 12 CP Demand, 13 Total Jurisdictional O&M Revenue Requirements.

O&M Revenue Requirements by Category of Activity
Monthly Sums of (Activity Cost x Allocation x Jur. Factor)

Table with columns: O&M Revenue Requirements by Category of Activity, Monthly Sums of (Activity Cost x Allocation x Jur. Factor), Jan, Feb, Mar, Apr, May, Jun, Jul, Aug, Sep, Oct, Nov, Dec, Total. Rows include: 14 Overhead Hardening O&M Programs, 15 Vegetation Management O&M Programs, 16 Undergrounding Laterals O&M Programs, 17 Implementation O&M.

CONSOLIDATED FLORIDA POWER & LIGHT CO
SPPCRC - Initial Projection
Current Period: January through December 2022
Project Listing for Each O&M Program

| O&M Activities | T or D |
|----------------|--------|
|----------------|--------|

Refer to Form 6P

CONSOLIDATED FLORIDA POWER & LIGHT CO

Initial Projection

Period: January through December 2022

Calculation of Annual Revenue Requirements for Capital Investment Programs
(in Dollars)

| Capital Investment Activities | T/D | Projection | | | | | | | | | | | | End of Period | Method of Classification | | | | | | | | |
|--|-----|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|----------------------|--------------------------|---------------------------|----------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| | | Jan | Feb | Mar | Apr | May | Jun | Jul | Aug | Sep | Oct | Nov | Dec | Total | Distribution GCP Demand | Transmission 12 CP Demand | Total | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Overhead Hardening Capital Investment Programs | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1. Feeder Hardening - Distribution | D | \$5,332,751 | \$5,747,256 | \$6,169,517 | \$6,625,450 | \$7,092,365 | \$7,541,046 | \$7,969,726 | \$8,404,038 | \$8,854,050 | \$9,317,678 | \$9,768,444 | \$10,184,154 | \$93,006,473 | \$93,006,473 | \$0 | \$93,006,473 | | | | | | |
| 2. Pole Inspections - Distribution | D | \$306,529 | \$333,572 | \$360,319 | \$386,822 | \$413,127 | \$439,275 | \$465,295 | \$491,209 | \$517,035 | \$542,785 | \$568,468 | \$594,090 | \$5,418,526 | \$5,418,526 | \$0 | \$5,418,526 | | | | | | |
| 3. Structures/Other Equipment Inspections Transmission | T | \$213,322 | \$229,641 | \$247,980 | \$267,398 | \$287,048 | \$305,768 | \$322,877 | \$339,009 | \$356,169 | \$376,506 | \$396,012 | \$412,639 | \$3,754,369 | \$0 | \$3,388,622 | \$3,388,622 | | | | | | |
| 4. Wood Structures Hardening (Replacing) Transmission | T | \$651,126 | \$696,128 | \$744,027 | \$793,976 | \$843,316 | \$891,895 | \$940,275 | \$990,311 | \$1,042,206 | \$1,092,169 | \$1,140,090 | \$1,188,883 | \$11,014,401 | \$0 | \$9,941,389 | \$9,941,389 | | | | | | |
| 5. Substation Storm Surge/Flood Mitigation | D | \$73,815 | \$85,712 | \$101,415 | \$113,949 | \$122,981 | \$128,275 | \$129,667 | \$130,595 | \$132,972 | \$138,776 | \$146,479 | \$152,592 | \$1,457,228 | \$1,457,228 | \$0 | \$1,457,228 | | | | | | |
| 1.a Subtotal of Overhead Hardening Capital Investment Programs | | \$6,577,543 | \$7,092,308 | \$7,623,258 | \$8,187,595 | \$8,758,837 | \$9,306,259 | \$9,827,839 | \$10,355,162 | \$10,902,431 | \$11,467,914 | \$12,019,492 | \$12,532,358 | \$114,650,997 | \$99,882,228 | \$13,330,011 | \$113,212,238 | | | | | | |
| 2 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Undergrounding Laterals Capital Investment Programs | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1. Lateral Hardening (Undergrounding) Distribution | D | \$1,908,294 | \$2,104,619 | \$2,327,892 | \$2,602,368 | \$2,882,494 | \$3,120,074 | \$3,334,699 | \$3,571,482 | \$3,831,214 | \$4,114,225 | \$4,379,360 | \$4,600,123 | \$38,776,844 | \$38,776,844 | \$0 | \$38,776,844 | | | | | | |
| 2.a Subtotal of Undergrounding Laterals Capital Investment Programs | | \$1,908,294 | \$2,104,619 | \$2,327,892 | \$2,602,368 | \$2,882,494 | \$3,120,074 | \$3,334,699 | \$3,571,482 | \$3,831,214 | \$4,114,225 | \$4,379,360 | \$4,600,123 | \$38,776,844 | \$38,776,844 | \$0 | \$38,776,844 | | | | | | |
| 3 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Implementation Costs - G&I | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1. Implementation Costs - Distribution | D | \$11,971 | \$12,062 | \$12,135 | \$12,193 | \$12,232 | \$12,268 | \$12,305 | \$12,336 | \$12,358 | \$12,378 | \$12,397 | \$12,448 | \$147,084 | \$142,522 | \$0 | \$142,522 | | | | | | |
| 2. Implementation Costs - Transmission | T | \$1,071 | \$1,080 | \$1,086 | \$1,091 | \$1,095 | \$1,098 | \$1,101 | \$1,104 | \$1,106 | \$1,108 | \$1,110 | \$1,114 | \$13,164 | \$0 | \$12,756 | \$12,756 | | | | | | |
| 3.a Subtotal of Implementation Capital Programs | | \$13,043 | \$13,142 | \$13,221 | \$13,284 | \$13,327 | \$13,366 | \$13,406 | \$13,440 | \$13,465 | \$13,485 | \$13,506 | \$13,562 | \$160,248 | \$142,522 | \$12,756 | \$155,277 | | | | | | |
| 4 Total Capital Investment Costs | | \$8,498,879 | \$9,210,069 | \$9,964,371 | \$10,803,247 | \$11,654,659 | \$12,439,700 | \$13,175,944 | \$13,940,084 | \$14,747,110 | \$15,595,625 | \$16,412,359 | \$17,146,044 | \$153,588,089 | \$138,801,594 | \$13,342,766 | \$152,144,360 | | | | | | |
| 5 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Allocation of Capital Investment Programs | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| a. Distribution Allocated to GCP Demand | | \$7,621,389 | \$8,271,159 | \$8,959,143 | \$9,728,589 | \$10,510,967 | \$11,228,670 | \$11,899,386 | \$12,597,324 | \$13,335,270 | \$14,113,464 | \$14,862,750 | \$15,530,959 | \$138,659,072 | \$138,659,072 | \$0 | \$138,659,072 | | | | | | |
| b. Transmission Allocated to 12 CP Demand | | \$864,447 | \$925,769 | \$992,007 | \$1,061,374 | \$1,130,364 | \$1,197,663 | \$1,263,152 | \$1,329,320 | \$1,398,375 | \$1,468,675 | \$1,536,102 | \$1,601,522 | \$14,768,769 | \$0 | \$14,768,769 | \$14,768,769 | | | | | | |
| c. Implementation Costs Allocated to Distribution GCP Demand | | \$11,971 | \$12,062 | \$12,135 | \$12,193 | \$12,232 | \$12,268 | \$12,305 | \$12,336 | \$12,358 | \$12,378 | \$12,397 | \$12,448 | \$147,084 | \$0 | \$142,522 | \$142,522 | | | | | | |
| d. Implementation Costs Allocated to Transmission 12 CP Demand | | \$1,071 | \$1,080 | \$1,086 | \$1,091 | \$1,095 | \$1,098 | \$1,101 | \$1,104 | \$1,106 | \$1,108 | \$1,110 | \$1,114 | \$13,164 | \$0 | \$12,756 | \$12,756 | | | | | | |
| e. Total Allocation of Capital Investment Programs | | \$8,498,879 | \$9,210,069 | \$9,964,371 | \$10,803,247 | \$11,654,659 | \$12,439,700 | \$13,175,944 | \$13,940,084 | \$14,747,110 | \$15,595,625 | \$16,412,359 | \$17,146,044 | \$153,588,089 | \$138,801,594 | \$13,342,766 | \$152,144,360 | | | | | | |
| 6 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Implementation Costs Allocation Factors | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| a. Distribution | | 91.79% | 91.79% | 91.79% | 91.79% | 91.79% | 91.79% | 91.79% | 91.79% | 91.79% | 91.79% | 91.79% | 91.79% | 91.79% | 91.79% | 91.79% | 91.79% | | | | | | |
| b. Transmission | | 8.21% | 8.21% | 8.21% | 8.21% | 8.21% | 8.21% | 8.21% | 8.21% | 8.21% | 8.21% | 8.21% | 8.21% | 8.21% | 8.21% | 8.21% | 8.21% | | | | | | |
| 7 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Retail Jurisdictional Factors | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| a. Distribution Demand Jurisdictional Factor | | 100.0000% | 100.0000% | 100.0000% | 100.0000% | 100.0000% | 100.0000% | 100.0000% | 100.0000% | 100.0000% | 100.0000% | 100.0000% | 100.0000% | 100.0000% | 100.0000% | 100.0000% | 100.0000% | | | | | | |
| b. Transmission Demand Jurisdictional Factor | | 90.2581% | 90.2581% | 90.2581% | 90.2581% | 90.2581% | 90.2581% | 90.2581% | 90.2581% | 90.2581% | 90.2581% | 90.2581% | 90.2581% | 90.2581% | 90.2581% | 90.2581% | 90.2581% | | | | | | |
| c. General & Intangible Plant Jurisdictional Factor | | 96.8984% | 96.8984% | 96.8984% | 96.8984% | 96.8984% | 96.8984% | 96.8984% | 96.8984% | 96.8984% | 96.8984% | 96.8984% | 96.8984% | 96.8984% | 96.8984% | 96.8984% | 96.8984% | | | | | | |
| 8 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Jurisdictional GCP Demand Revenue Requirements - Distribution | | \$7,621,389 | \$8,271,159 | \$8,959,143 | \$9,728,589 | \$10,510,967 | \$11,228,670 | \$11,899,386 | \$12,597,324 | \$13,335,270 | \$14,113,464 | \$14,862,750 | \$15,530,959 | \$138,659,072 | \$138,659,072 | \$0 | \$138,659,072 | | | | | | |
| 9 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Jurisdictional 12 CP Demand Revenue Requirements - Transmission | | \$780,234 | \$835,581 | \$895,366 | \$957,976 | \$1,020,245 | \$1,080,988 | \$1,140,097 | \$1,199,819 | \$1,262,146 | \$1,325,598 | \$1,386,456 | \$1,445,503 | \$13,330,011 | \$13,330,011 | \$0 | \$13,330,011 | | | | | | |
| 10 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Jurisdictional Implementation Costs Allocated to Distribution GCP Demand | | \$11,600 | \$11,688 | \$11,758 | \$11,815 | \$11,853 | \$11,888 | \$11,923 | \$11,953 | \$11,975 | \$11,994 | \$12,012 | \$12,062 | \$142,522 | \$0 | \$142,522 | \$142,522 | | | | | | |
| 11 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Jurisdictional Implementation Costs Allocated to Transmission 12 CP Demand | | \$1,038 | \$1,046 | \$1,052 | \$1,057 | \$1,061 | \$1,064 | \$1,067 | \$1,070 | \$1,072 | \$1,073 | \$1,075 | \$1,080 | \$12,756 | \$0 | \$12,756 | \$12,756 | | | | | | |
| 12 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Total Jurisdictional Capital Investment Revenue Requirements | | \$8,414,261 | \$9,119,474 | \$9,867,320 | \$10,699,437 | \$11,544,126 | \$12,322,610 | \$13,052,473 | \$13,810,166 | \$14,610,464 | \$15,452,129 | \$16,262,294 | \$16,989,604 | \$152,144,360 | \$138,801,594 | \$13,342,766 | \$152,144,360 | | | | | | |
| Capital Investment Revenue Requirements by Category of Activity | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Monthly Sums of (Activity Cost x Allocation x Jur. Factor) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 13 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Overhead Hardening Capital Investment Programs | | \$6,493,329 | \$7,002,121 | \$7,526,618 | \$8,084,197 | \$8,648,718 | \$9,189,584 | \$9,704,784 | \$10,225,661 | \$10,766,203 | \$11,324,837 | \$11,869,847 | \$12,376,340 | \$113,212,238 | \$113,212,238 | \$0 | \$113,212,238 | | | | | | |
| a. Allocated to GCP Demand | | \$5,713,095 | \$6,166,539 | \$6,631,252 | \$7,126,221 | \$7,628,473 | \$8,108,596 | \$8,564,687 | \$9,025,842 | \$9,504,057 | \$9,999,239 | \$10,483,390 | \$10,930,836 | \$99,882,228 | \$99,882,228 | \$0 | \$99,882,228 | | | | | | |
| b. Allocated to 12 CP Demand | | \$780,234 | \$835,581 | \$895,366 | \$957,976 | \$1,020,245 | \$1,080,988 | \$1,140,097 | \$1,199,819 | \$1,262,146 | \$1,325,598 | \$1,386,456 | \$1,445,503 | \$13,330,011 | \$0 | \$13,330,011 | \$13,330,011 | | | | | | |
| 14 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Undergrounding Laterals Capital Investment Programs | | \$1,908,294 | \$2,104,619 | \$2,327,892 | \$2,602,368 | \$2,882,494 | \$3,120,074 | \$3,334,699 | \$3,571,482 | \$3,831,214 | \$4,114,225 | \$4,379,360 | \$4,600,123 | \$38,776,844 | \$38,776,844 | \$0 | \$38,776,844 | | | | | | |
| a. Allocated to GCP Demand | | \$1,908,294 | \$2,104,619 | \$2,327,892 | \$2,602,368 | \$2,882,494 | \$3,120,074 | \$3,334,699 | \$3,571,482 | \$3,831,214 | \$4,114,225 | \$4,379,360 | \$4,600,123 | \$38,776,844 | \$38,776,844 | \$0 | \$38,776,844 | | | | | | |
| b. Allocated to 12 CP Demand | | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | | | | | | |
| 15 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Implementation Capital | | \$12,638 | \$12,734 | \$12,811 | \$12,872 | \$12,914 | \$12,952 | \$12,991 | \$13,023 | \$13,047 | \$13,067 | \$13,088 | \$13,142 | \$155,277 | \$155,277 | \$0 | \$155,277 | | | | | | |
| a. Allocated to Distribution | | \$11,600 | \$11,688 | \$11,758 | \$11,815 | \$11,853 | \$11,888 | \$11,923 | \$11,953 | \$11,975 | \$11,994 | \$12,012 | \$12,062 | \$142,522 | \$142,522 | \$0 | \$142,522 | | | | | | |
| b. Allocated to Transmission | | \$1,038 | \$1,046 | \$1,052 | \$1,057 | \$1,061 | \$1,064 | \$1,067 | \$1,070 | \$1,072 | \$1,073 | \$1,075 | \$1,080 | \$12,756 | \$12,756 | \$0 | \$12,756 | | | | | | |

CONSOLIDATED FLORIDA POWER & LIGHT CO
SPPCRC - Initial Projection
Current Period: January through December 2022
Project Listing for Each Capital Program

| Capital Activities | T or D |
|--------------------|--------|
|--------------------|--------|

Refer to Exhibit MJ-5

CONSOLIDATED FLORIDA POWER & LIGHT CO
601-Pole Inspections - Distribution
Estimated Revenue Requirements for the Period January 2022 through December 2022
(In Dollars)

| | Beginning of Period Amount | Jan - 2022 | Feb - 2022 | Mar - 2022 | Apr - 2022 | May - 2022 | Jun - 2022 | Jul - 2022 | Aug - 2022 | Sep - 2022 | Oct - 2022 | Nov - 2022 | Dec - 2022 | Total |
|---|-------------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|--------------|
| 601-Pole Inspections - Distribution | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1. Investments | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| a. Expenditures/Additions (a) | | \$2,946,329 | \$2,946,164 | \$2,946,164 | \$2,946,164 | \$2,946,164 | \$2,946,164 | \$2,946,164 | \$2,946,164 | \$2,946,164 | \$2,946,164 | \$2,946,164 | \$2,946,164 | \$35,354,130 |
| b. Clearings to Plant | | \$3,461,048 | \$3,339,146 | \$3,238,952 | \$3,161,305 | \$3,102,963 | \$3,059,881 | \$3,028,391 | \$3,005,512 | \$2,988,951 | \$2,976,990 | \$2,968,363 | \$2,962,147 | \$37,293,649 |
| c. Retirements | | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| d. Other | | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| 2. Plant-In-Service/Depreciation Base | \$26,279,637 | \$29,740,684 | \$33,079,830 | \$36,318,782 | \$39,480,087 | \$42,583,050 | \$45,642,932 | \$48,671,322 | \$51,676,835 | \$54,665,786 | \$57,642,776 | \$60,611,139 | \$63,573,286 | |
| 3. Less: Accumulated Depreciation | \$274,151 | \$333,035 | \$399,411 | \$473,033 | \$553,705 | \$641,279 | \$735,641 | \$836,709 | \$944,425 | \$1,058,744 | \$1,179,635 | \$1,307,075 | \$1,441,049 | |
| 4. CWIP - Non Interest Bearing | \$9,075,797 | \$8,561,078 | \$8,168,096 | \$7,875,308 | \$7,660,166 | \$7,503,367 | \$7,389,650 | \$7,307,423 | \$7,248,074 | \$7,205,287 | \$7,174,460 | \$7,152,260 | \$7,136,277 | |
| 5. Net Investment (Lines 2 - 3 + 4) | \$35,081,283 | \$37,968,727 | \$40,848,515 | \$43,721,057 | \$46,586,548 | \$49,445,139 | \$52,296,941 | \$55,142,036 | \$57,980,484 | \$60,812,328 | \$63,637,601 | \$66,456,324 | \$69,268,515 | |
| 6. Average Net Investment | | \$36,525,005 | \$39,408,621 | \$42,284,786 | \$45,153,803 | \$48,015,844 | \$50,871,040 | \$53,719,488 | \$56,561,260 | \$59,396,406 | \$62,224,965 | \$65,046,963 | \$67,862,420 | |
| 7. Return on Average Net Investment | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| a. Equity Component grossed up for taxes (b) | | \$211,552 | \$228,254 | \$244,912 | \$261,530 | \$278,107 | \$294,644 | \$311,142 | \$327,601 | \$344,023 | \$360,406 | \$376,750 | \$393,058 | \$3,631,978 |
| b. Debt Component (Line 6 x debt rate) (c) | | \$36,093 | \$38,942 | \$41,784 | \$44,619 | \$47,448 | \$50,269 | \$53,084 | \$55,892 | \$58,694 | \$61,489 | \$64,277 | \$67,059 | \$619,650 |
| 8. Investment Expenses | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| a. Depreciation (d) | | \$58,885 | \$66,376 | \$73,622 | \$80,672 | \$87,573 | \$94,362 | \$101,069 | \$107,716 | \$114,319 | \$120,891 | \$127,440 | \$133,973 | \$1,166,898 |
| b. Amortization | | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| c. Other | | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| 9. Total System Recoverable Expenses (Lines 7 + 8) | \$306,529 | \$333,572 | \$360,319 | \$386,822 | \$413,127 | \$439,275 | \$465,295 | \$491,209 | \$517,035 | \$542,785 | \$568,468 | \$594,090 | \$5,418,526 | |

Notes:

- (a) Excludes Cost of Removal on the retirement of existing plant.
- (b) The Gross-up factor for taxes is 1/.746550, which reflects the Federal Income Tax Rate of 21%. The equity component for the period Jan. - Dec. 2022 is 5.1888% based on FPL's most recent financial forecast.
- (c) The debt component is 1.1858% based on FPL's most recent financial forecast.
- (d) Calculated using the composite depreciation rates for distribution/transmission function as reflected in FPL's 2016 retail base rate settlement agreement (Order No. PSC-16-0560-AS-EI).

CONSOLIDATED FLORIDA POWER & LIGHT CO
602 Structures/Other Equip Inspect
Estimated Revenue Requirements for the Period January 2022 through December 2022
(In Dollars)

| | Beginning of Period Amount | Jan - 2022 | Feb - 2022 | Mar - 2022 | Apr - 2022 | May - 2022 | Jun - 2022 | Jul - 2022 | Aug - 2022 | Sep - 2022 | Oct - 2022 | Nov - 2022 | Dec - 2022 | Total |
|---|-------------------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|---------------|
| 602 Structures/Other Equip Inspect | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1. Investments | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| a. Expenditures/Additions (a) | | \$1,769,780 | \$2,087,295 | \$2,331,961 | \$2,363,661 | \$2,366,252 | \$2,079,443 | \$1,910,326 | \$1,822,454 | \$2,220,932 | \$2,716,249 | \$1,957,632 | \$1,901,012 | \$25,526,997 |
| b. Clearings to Plant | | \$1,844,037 | \$1,884,490 | \$1,969,460 | \$2,044,615 | \$2,105,691 | \$2,094,712 | \$2,051,363 | \$1,999,370 | \$2,042,561 | \$2,181,198 | \$2,131,877 | \$2,081,391 | \$24,430,766 |
| c. Retirements | | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| d. Other | | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| 2. Plant-In-Service/Depreciation Base | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | \$18,504,147 | \$20,348,184 | \$22,232,674 | \$24,202,134 | \$26,246,749 | \$28,352,440 | \$30,447,152 | \$32,498,515 | \$34,497,886 | \$36,540,447 | \$38,721,645 | \$40,853,521 | \$42,934,912 | \$429,934,912 |
| 3. Less: Accumulated Depreciation | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | \$146,779 | \$181,840 | \$220,394 | \$262,579 | \$308,562 | \$358,487 | \$412,412 | \$470,299 | \$532,070 | \$597,725 | \$667,439 | \$741,300 | \$819,222 | \$819,222 |
| 4. CWIP - Non Interest Bearing | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | \$7,066,849 | \$6,992,592 | \$7,195,397 | \$7,557,899 | \$7,876,945 | \$8,137,506 | \$8,122,237 | \$7,981,200 | \$7,804,283 | \$7,982,653 | \$8,517,704 | \$8,343,460 | \$8,163,081 | \$8,163,081 |
| 5. Net Investment (Lines 2 - 3 + 4) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | \$25,424,217 | \$27,158,936 | \$29,207,677 | \$31,497,454 | \$33,815,131 | \$36,131,459 | \$38,156,977 | \$40,009,416 | \$41,770,099 | \$43,925,375 | \$46,571,911 | \$48,455,681 | \$50,278,771 | \$50,278,771 |
| 6. Average Net Investment | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | \$26,291,576 | \$28,183,307 | \$30,352,566 | \$32,656,292 | \$34,973,295 | \$37,144,218 | \$39,083,197 | \$40,889,757 | \$42,847,737 | \$45,248,643 | \$47,513,796 | \$49,367,226 | \$49,367,226 |
| 7. Return on Average Net Investment | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| a. Equity Component grossed up for taxes (b) | | \$152,280 | \$163,237 | \$175,801 | \$189,144 | \$202,564 | \$215,138 | \$226,369 | \$236,833 | \$248,173 | \$262,079 | \$275,199 | \$285,934 | \$2,632,752 |
| b. Debt Component (Line 6 x debt rate) (c) | | \$25,980 | \$27,850 | \$29,993 | \$32,270 | \$34,559 | \$36,705 | \$38,621 | \$40,406 | \$42,341 | \$44,713 | \$46,952 | \$48,783 | \$449,173 |
| 8. Investment Expenses | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| a. Depreciation (d) | | \$35,061 | \$38,554 | \$42,185 | \$45,984 | \$49,924 | \$53,925 | \$57,887 | \$61,771 | \$65,655 | \$69,714 | \$73,862 | \$77,922 | \$672,444 |
| b. Amortization | | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| c. Other | | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| 9. Total System Recoverable Expenses (Lines 7 + 8) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | \$213,322 | \$229,641 | \$247,980 | \$267,398 | \$287,048 | \$305,768 | \$322,877 | \$339,009 | \$356,169 | \$376,506 | \$396,012 | \$412,639 | \$431,754 | \$3,754,369 |

Notes:

- (a) Excludes Cost of Removal on the retirement of existing plant.
- (b) The Gross-up factor for taxes is 1/746550, which reflects the Federal Income Tax Rate of 21%. The equity component for the period Jan. - Dec. 2022 is 5.1888% based on FPL's most recent financial forecast.
- (c) The debt component is 1.1858% based on FPL's most recent financial forecast.
- (d) Calculated using the composite depreciation rates for distribution/transmission function as reflected in FPL's 2016 retail base rate settlement agreement (Order No. PSC-16-0560-AS-EI).

CONSOLIDATED FLORIDA POWER & LIGHT CO
603-Feeder Hardening - Distribution
Estimated Revenue Requirements for the Period January 2022 through December 2022
(In Dollars)

| | Beginning of Period Amount | Jan - 2022 | Feb - 2022 | Mar - 2022 | Apr - 2022 | May - 2022 | Jun - 2022 | Jul - 2022 | Aug - 2022 | Sep - 2022 | Oct - 2022 | Nov - 2022 | Dec - 2022 | Total |
|---|-------------------------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| 603-Feeder Hardening - Distribution | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1. Investments | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| a. Expenditures/Additions (a) | | \$47,391,380 | \$45,369,682 | \$50,124,940 | \$54,822,067 | \$52,808,622 | \$49,460,318 | \$47,442,271 | \$51,491,891 | \$52,145,322 | \$55,377,732 | \$48,571,563 | \$46,067,549 | \$601,073,338 |
| b. Clearings to Plant | | \$49,590,070 | \$48,400,388 | \$48,880,477 | \$50,545,054 | \$51,272,512 | \$51,185,552 | \$50,322,274 | \$50,733,043 | \$50,787,662 | \$51,827,125 | \$50,805,621 | \$49,342,989 | \$603,692,765 |
| c. Retirements | | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| d. Other | | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| 2. Plant-In-Service/Depreciation Base | | \$479,902,262 | \$529,492,332 | \$577,892,719 | \$626,773,196 | \$677,318,250 | \$728,590,761 | \$779,776,313 | \$830,098,587 | \$880,831,630 | \$931,619,292 | \$983,446,417 | \$1,034,252,038 | \$1,083,595,027 |
| 3. Less: Accumulated Depreciation | | \$5,140,859 | \$6,253,023 | \$7,473,131 | \$8,800,403 | \$10,237,201 | \$11,786,160 | \$13,447,985 | \$15,221,630 | \$17,106,595 | \$19,103,395 | \$21,213,233 | \$23,436,131 | \$25,769,350 |
| 4. CWIP - Non Interest Bearing | | \$124,591,308 | \$122,392,618 | \$119,361,913 | \$120,606,376 | \$124,883,390 | \$126,419,500 | \$124,694,266 | \$121,814,262 | \$122,573,111 | \$123,930,771 | \$127,481,378 | \$125,247,321 | \$121,971,881 |
| 5. Net Investment (Lines 2 - 3 + 4) | | \$599,352,711 | \$645,631,927 | \$689,781,501 | \$738,579,169 | \$791,964,438 | \$843,224,101 | \$891,022,594 | \$936,691,220 | \$986,298,145 | \$1,036,446,668 | \$1,089,714,561 | \$1,136,063,227 | \$1,179,797,557 |
| 6. Average Net Investment | | \$622,492,319 | \$667,706,714 | \$714,180,335 | \$765,271,803 | \$817,594,270 | \$867,123,347 | \$913,856,907 | \$961,494,683 | \$1,011,372,407 | \$1,063,080,615 | \$1,112,888,894 | \$1,157,930,392 | |
| 7. Return on Average Net Investment | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| a. Equity Component grossed up for taxes (b) | | \$3,605,461 | \$3,867,342 | \$4,136,516 | \$4,432,436 | \$4,735,487 | \$5,022,358 | \$5,293,038 | \$5,568,955 | \$5,857,845 | \$6,157,338 | \$6,445,826 | \$6,706,706 | \$61,829,306 |
| b. Debt Component (Line 6 x debt rate) (c) | | \$615,126 | \$659,806 | \$705,729 | \$756,216 | \$807,920 | \$856,863 | \$903,043 | \$950,117 | \$999,405 | \$1,050,501 | \$1,099,720 | \$1,144,229 | \$10,548,675 |
| 8. Investment Expenses | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| a. Depreciation (d) | | \$1,112,164 | \$1,220,109 | \$1,327,272 | \$1,436,798 | \$1,548,959 | \$1,661,825 | \$1,773,645 | \$1,884,966 | \$1,996,800 | \$2,109,839 | \$2,222,897 | \$2,333,220 | \$20,628,492 |
| b. Amortization | | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| c. Other | | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| 9. Total System Recoverable Expenses (Lines 7 + 8) | | \$5,332,751 | \$5,747,256 | \$6,169,517 | \$6,625,450 | \$7,092,365 | \$7,541,046 | \$7,969,726 | \$8,404,038 | \$8,854,050 | \$9,317,678 | \$9,768,444 | \$10,184,154 | \$93,006,473 |

Notes:

- (a) Excludes Cost of Removal on the retirement of existing plant.
- (b) The Gross-up factor for taxes is 1.746550, which reflects the Federal Income Tax Rate of 21%. The equity component for the period Jan. - Dec. 2022 is 5.1888% based on FPL's most recent financial forecast.
- (c) The debt component is 1.1858% based on FPL's most recent financial forecast.
- (d) Calculated using the composite depreciation rates for distribution/transmission function as reflected in FPL's 2016 retail base rate settlement agreement (Order No. PSC-16-0560-AS-EI).

CONSOLIDATED FLORIDA POWER & LIGHT CO
604-Lateral Hardening (Underground)
Estimated Revenue Requirements for the Period January 2022 through December 2022
(In Dollars)

| | Beginning of Period Amount | Jan - 2022 | Feb - 2022 | Mar - 2022 | Apr - 2022 | May - 2022 | Jun - 2022 | Jul - 2022 | Aug - 2022 | Sep - 2022 | Oct - 2022 | Nov - 2022 | Dec - 2022 | Total |
|--|-------------------------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| 604-Lateral Hardening (Underground) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1. Investments | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| a. Expenditures/Additions (a) | | \$23,620,718 | \$23,622,638 | \$30,041,628 | \$36,467,934 | \$30,101,182 | \$23,913,834 | \$23,914,400 | \$30,335,668 | \$30,101,645 | \$36,298,255 | \$24,695,695 | \$24,240,165 | \$337,353,763 |
| b. Clearings to Plant | | \$16,826,829 | \$18,631,470 | \$21,785,466 | \$25,881,764 | \$27,071,818 | \$26,254,695 | \$25,628,744 | \$26,961,717 | \$27,783,211 | \$30,127,856 | \$28,586,291 | \$27,345,109 | \$302,884,971 |
| c. Retirements | | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| d. Other | | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| 2. Plant-In-Service/Depreciation Base | \$177,807,409 | \$194,634,238 | \$213,265,708 | \$235,051,174 | \$260,932,939 | \$288,004,756 | \$314,259,452 | \$339,888,196 | \$366,849,913 | \$394,633,124 | \$424,760,979 | \$453,347,270 | \$480,692,379 | |
| 3. Less: Accumulated Depreciation | \$1,941,435 | \$2,348,592 | \$2,794,809 | \$3,285,549 | \$3,828,799 | \$4,430,381 | \$5,090,707 | \$5,808,187 | \$6,583,600 | \$7,419,319 | \$8,318,833 | \$9,283,025 | \$10,308,830 | |
| 4. CWIP - Non Interest Bearing | \$33,929,198 | \$40,723,087 | \$45,714,255 | \$53,970,417 | \$64,556,586 | \$67,585,951 | \$65,245,089 | \$63,530,745 | \$66,904,696 | \$69,223,130 | \$75,393,530 | \$71,502,934 | \$68,397,990 | |
| 5. Net Investment (Lines 2 - 3 + 4) | \$209,795,171 | \$233,008,733 | \$256,185,154 | \$285,736,042 | \$321,660,726 | \$351,160,326 | \$374,413,834 | \$397,610,754 | \$427,171,009 | \$456,436,934 | \$491,835,677 | \$515,567,180 | \$538,781,539 | |
| 6. Average Net Investment | | \$221,401,952 | \$244,596,943 | \$270,960,598 | \$303,698,384 | \$336,410,526 | \$362,787,080 | \$386,012,294 | \$412,390,881 | \$441,803,972 | \$474,136,305 | \$503,701,428 | \$527,174,360 | |
| 7. Return on Average Net Investment | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| a. Equity Component grossed up for taxes (b) | | \$1,282,355 | \$1,416,700 | \$1,569,397 | \$1,759,014 | \$1,948,482 | \$2,101,254 | \$2,235,774 | \$2,388,558 | \$2,558,918 | \$2,746,186 | \$2,917,427 | \$3,053,381 | \$25,977,447 |
| b. Debt Component (Line 6 x debt rate) (c) | | \$218,782 | \$241,703 | \$267,754 | \$300,105 | \$332,430 | \$358,494 | \$381,445 | \$407,511 | \$436,576 | \$468,526 | \$497,741 | \$520,936 | \$4,432,003 |
| 8. Investment Expenses | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| a. Depreciation (d) | | \$407,157 | \$446,217 | \$490,740 | \$543,249 | \$601,582 | \$660,326 | \$717,480 | \$775,413 | \$835,719 | \$899,513 | \$964,192 | \$1,025,805 | \$8,367,395 |
| b. Amortization | | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| c. Other | | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| 9. Total System Recoverable Expenses (Lines 7 + 8) | | \$1,908,294 | \$2,104,619 | \$2,327,892 | \$2,602,368 | \$2,882,494 | \$3,120,074 | \$3,334,699 | \$3,571,482 | \$3,831,214 | \$4,114,225 | \$4,379,360 | \$4,600,123 | \$38,776,844 |

Notes:

- (a) Excludes Cost of Removal on the retirement of existing plant.
- (b) The Gross-up factor for taxes is 1/.746550, which reflects the Federal Income Tax Rate of 21%. The equity component for the period Jan. - Dec. 2022 is 5.1888% based on FPL's most recent financial forecast.
- (c) The debt component is 1.1858% based on FPL's most recent financial forecast.
- (d) Calculated using the composite depreciation rates for distribution/transmission function as reflected in FPL's 2016 retail base rate settlement agreement (Order No. PSC-16-0560-AS-EI).

CONSOLIDATED FLORIDA POWER & LIGHT CO
605-Wood Structures Hardening (Repl)
Estimated Revenue Requirements for the Period January 2022 through December 2022
(In Dollars)

| | Beginning of Period Amount | Jan - 2022 | Feb - 2022 | Mar - 2022 | Apr - 2022 | May - 2022 | Jun - 2022 | Jul - 2022 | Aug - 2022 | Sep - 2022 | Oct - 2022 | Nov - 2022 | Dec - 2022 | Total |
|--|-------------------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|--------------|
| 605-Wood Structures Hardening (Repl) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1. Investments | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| a. Expenditures/Additions (a) | | \$5,048,300 | \$5,344,345 | \$5,950,002 | \$5,952,314 | \$5,783,485 | \$5,751,622 | \$5,747,648 | \$6,232,944 | \$6,264,135 | \$5,672,742 | \$5,705,346 | \$5,951,477 | \$69,404,359 |
| b. Clearings to Plant | | \$5,726,297 | \$5,596,859 | \$5,629,280 | \$5,661,746 | \$5,657,342 | \$5,651,745 | \$5,650,364 | \$5,754,451 | \$5,846,015 | \$5,796,539 | \$5,766,296 | \$5,795,774 | \$68,532,710 |
| c. Retirements | | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| d. Other | | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| 2. Plant-In-Service/Depreciation Base | \$50,823,590 | \$56,549,888 | \$62,146,747 | \$67,776,027 | \$73,437,773 | \$79,095,115 | \$84,746,860 | \$90,397,224 | \$96,151,675 | \$101,997,690 | \$107,794,230 | \$113,560,526 | \$119,356,300 | |
| 3. Less: Accumulated Depreciation | \$486,765 | \$586,569 | \$696,856 | \$817,536 | \$948,670 | \$1,090,282 | \$1,242,365 | \$1,404,911 | \$1,578,015 | \$1,761,859 | \$1,956,481 | \$2,161,809 | \$2,377,840 | |
| 4. CWIP - Non Interest Bearing | \$28,503,039 | \$27,825,042 | \$27,572,527 | \$27,893,249 | \$28,183,817 | \$28,309,960 | \$28,409,837 | \$28,507,121 | \$28,985,614 | \$29,403,733 | \$29,279,936 | \$29,218,986 | \$29,374,689 | |
| 5. Net Investment (Lines 2 - 3 + 4) | \$78,839,865 | \$83,788,361 | \$89,022,418 | \$94,851,740 | \$100,672,920 | \$106,314,792 | \$111,914,332 | \$117,499,434 | \$123,559,274 | \$129,639,564 | \$135,117,684 | \$140,617,703 | \$146,353,149 | |
| 6. Average Net Investment | | \$81,314,113 | \$86,405,390 | \$91,937,079 | \$97,762,330 | \$103,493,856 | \$109,114,562 | \$114,706,883 | \$120,529,354 | \$126,599,419 | \$132,378,624 | \$137,867,694 | \$143,485,426 | |
| 7. Return on Average Net Investment | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| a. Equity Component grossed up for taxes (b) | | \$470,969 | \$500,458 | \$532,497 | \$566,237 | \$599,434 | \$631,989 | \$664,380 | \$698,103 | \$733,261 | \$766,734 | \$798,526 | \$831,064 | \$7,793,653 |
| b. Debt Component (Line 6 x debt rate) (c) | | \$80,352 | \$85,383 | \$90,849 | \$96,606 | \$102,269 | \$107,823 | \$113,350 | \$119,103 | \$125,101 | \$130,812 | \$136,236 | \$141,788 | \$1,329,672 |
| 8. Investment Expenses | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| a. Depreciation (d) | | \$99,804 | \$110,287 | \$120,680 | \$131,133 | \$141,613 | \$152,082 | \$162,546 | \$173,104 | \$183,844 | \$194,622 | \$205,327 | \$216,031 | \$1,891,075 |
| b. Amortization | | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| c. Other | | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| 9. Total System Recoverable Expenses (Lines 7 + 8) | | \$651,126 | \$696,128 | \$744,027 | \$793,976 | \$843,316 | \$891,895 | \$940,275 | \$990,311 | \$1,042,206 | \$1,092,169 | \$1,140,090 | \$1,188,883 | \$11,014,401 |

Notes:

- (a) Excludes Cost of Removal on the retirement of existing plant.
- (b) The Gross-up factor for taxes is 1/.746550, which reflects the Federal Income Tax Rate of 21%. The equity component for the period Jan. - Dec. 2022 is 5.1888% based on FPL's most recent financial forecast.
- (c) The debt component is 1.1858% based on FPL's most recent financial forecast.
- (d) Calculated using the composite depreciation rates for distribution/transmission function as reflected in FPL's 2016 retail base rate settlement agreement (Order No. PSC-16-0560-AS-EI).

CONSOLIDATED FLORIDA POWER & LIGHT CO
608-Substation Storm Surge / Flood MI
Estimated Revenue Requirements for the Period January 2022 through December 2022
(In Dollars)

| | Beginning of Period Amount | Jan - 2022 | Feb - 2022 | Mar - 2022 | Apr - 2022 | May - 2022 | Jun - 2022 | Jul - 2022 | Aug - 2022 | Sep - 2022 | Oct - 2022 | Nov - 2022 | Dec - 2022 | Total |
|--|-------------------------------|-------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| 608-Substation Storm Surge/Flood MI | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1. Investments | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| a. Expenditures/Additions (a) | | \$960,000 | \$1,920,000 | \$1,920,000 | \$960,000 | \$960,000 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$480,000 | \$960,000 | \$960,000 | \$480,000 | \$9,600,000 |
| b. Clearings to Plant | | \$866,086 | \$1,167,908 | \$1,383,294 | \$1,262,095 | \$1,175,598 | \$838,965 | \$598,727 | \$427,282 | \$442,381 | \$590,606 | \$696,386 | \$634,423 | \$10,083,751 |
| c. Retirements | | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| d. Other | | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| 2. Plant-In-Service/Depreciation Base | \$6,235,161 | \$7,101,246 | \$8,269,154 | \$9,652,448 | \$10,914,543 | \$12,090,141 | \$12,929,106 | \$13,527,834 | \$13,955,116 | \$14,397,496 | \$14,988,102 | \$15,684,488 | \$16,318,912 | |
| 3. Less: Accumulated Depreciation | \$52,558 | \$67,249 | \$84,181 | \$103,923 | \$126,579 | \$151,921 | \$179,482 | \$208,626 | \$238,901 | \$270,134 | \$302,505 | \$336,293 | \$371,548 | |
| 4. CWIP - Non Interest Bearing | \$2,064,839 | \$2,158,754 | \$2,910,846 | \$3,447,552 | \$3,145,457 | \$2,929,859 | \$2,090,894 | \$1,492,166 | \$1,064,884 | \$1,102,504 | \$1,471,898 | \$1,735,512 | \$1,581,088 | |
| 5. Net Investment (Lines 2 - 3 + 4) | \$8,247,442 | \$9,192,751 | \$11,095,819 | \$12,996,077 | \$13,933,421 | \$14,868,079 | \$14,840,518 | \$14,811,374 | \$14,781,099 | \$15,229,866 | \$16,157,495 | \$17,083,707 | \$17,528,452 | |
| 6. Average Net Investment | | \$8,720,097 | \$10,144,285 | \$12,045,948 | \$13,464,749 | \$14,400,750 | \$14,854,299 | \$14,825,946 | \$14,796,236 | \$15,005,482 | \$15,693,680 | \$16,620,601 | \$17,306,079 | |
| 7. Return on Average Net Investment | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| a. Equity Component grossed up for taxes (b) | | \$50,507 | \$58,755 | \$69,770 | \$77,988 | \$83,409 | \$86,036 | \$85,872 | \$85,699 | \$86,911 | \$90,897 | \$96,266 | \$100,236 | \$972,346 |
| b. Debt Component (Line 6 x debt rate) (c) | | \$8,617 | \$10,024 | \$11,903 | \$13,305 | \$14,230 | \$14,679 | \$14,651 | \$14,621 | \$14,828 | \$15,508 | \$16,424 | \$17,101 | \$165,892 |
| 8. Investment Expenses | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| a. Depreciation (d) | | \$14,691 | \$16,932 | \$19,742 | \$22,656 | \$25,342 | \$27,561 | \$29,145 | \$30,275 | \$31,233 | \$32,371 | \$33,788 | \$35,254 | \$318,990 |
| b. Amortization | | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| c. Other | | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| 9. Total System Recoverable Expenses (Lines 7 + 8) | | \$73,815 | \$85,712 | \$101,415 | \$113,949 | \$122,981 | \$128,275 | \$129,667 | \$130,595 | \$132,972 | \$138,776 | \$146,479 | \$152,592 | \$1,457,228 |

Notes:

- (a) Excludes Cost of Removal on the retirement of existing plant.
- (b) The Gross-up factor for taxes is 1/.746550, which reflects the Federal Income Tax Rate of 21%. The equity component for the period Jan. - Dec. 2022 is 5.1888% based on FPL's most recent financial forecast.
- (c) The debt component is 1.1858% based on FPL's most recent financial forecast.
- (d) Calculated using the composite depreciation rates for distribution/transmission function as reflected in FPL's 2016 retail base rate settlement agreement (Order No. PSC-16-0560-AS-EI).

CONSOLIDATED FLORIDA POWER & LIGHT CO
609-FPL SPP Implementation Cost
Estimated Revenue Requirements for the Period January 2022 through December 2022
(In Dollars)

| | Beginning of Period Amount | Jan - 2022 | Feb - 2022 | Mar - 2022 | Apr - 2022 | May - 2022 | Jun - 2022 | Jul - 2022 | Aug - 2022 | Sep - 2022 | Oct - 2022 | Nov - 2022 | Dec - 2022 | Total |
|--|-------------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|------------------|
| 609-FPL SPP Implementation Cost | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1. Investments | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| a. Expenditures/Additions (a) | | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| b. Clearings to Plant | | \$52,676 | \$32,746 | \$32,358 | \$16,755 | \$9,967 | \$16,466 | \$16,002 | \$11,952 | \$7,370 | \$10,044 | \$11,086 | \$63,262 | \$280,683 |
| c. Retirements | | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| d. Other | | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| 2. Plant-In-Service/Depreciation Base | \$895,936 | \$948,612 | \$981,358 | \$1,013,716 | \$1,030,471 | \$1,040,438 | \$1,056,904 | \$1,072,905 | \$1,084,857 | \$1,092,227 | \$1,102,271 | \$1,113,357 | \$1,176,618 | |
| 3. Less: Accumulated Depreciation | \$7,574 | \$8,826 | \$10,185 | \$11,633 | \$13,155 | \$14,730 | \$16,355 | \$18,032 | \$19,753 | \$21,511 | \$23,302 | \$25,126 | \$27,018 | |
| 4. CWIP - Non Interest Bearing | \$851,307 | \$798,630 | \$765,885 | \$733,526 | \$716,771 | \$706,804 | \$690,339 | \$674,337 | \$662,385 | \$655,015 | \$644,971 | \$633,886 | \$570,624 | |
| 5. Net Investment (Lines 2 - 3 + 4) | <u>\$1,739,668</u> | <u>\$1,738,417</u> | <u>\$1,737,057</u> | <u>\$1,735,609</u> | <u>\$1,734,088</u> | <u>\$1,732,513</u> | <u>\$1,730,887</u> | <u>\$1,729,211</u> | <u>\$1,727,489</u> | <u>\$1,725,732</u> | <u>\$1,723,941</u> | <u>\$1,722,117</u> | <u>\$1,720,224</u> | |
| 6. Average Net Investment | | \$1,739,043 | \$1,737,737 | \$1,736,333 | \$1,734,848 | \$1,733,300 | \$1,731,700 | \$1,730,049 | \$1,728,350 | \$1,726,610 | \$1,724,836 | \$1,723,029 | \$1,721,170 | |
| 7. Return on Average Net Investment | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| a. Equity Component grossed up for taxes (b) | | \$10,072 | \$10,065 | \$10,057 | \$10,048 | \$10,039 | \$10,030 | \$10,020 | \$10,011 | \$10,000 | \$9,990 | \$9,980 | \$9,969 | \$120,282 |
| b. Debt Component (Line 6 x debt rate) (c) | | \$1,718 | \$1,717 | \$1,716 | \$1,714 | \$1,713 | \$1,711 | \$1,710 | \$1,708 | \$1,706 | \$1,704 | \$1,703 | \$1,701 | \$20,521 |
| 8. Investment Expenses | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| a. Depreciation (d) | | \$1,252 | \$1,359 | \$1,448 | \$1,521 | \$1,575 | \$1,625 | \$1,676 | \$1,721 | \$1,758 | \$1,791 | \$1,824 | \$1,893 | \$19,444 |
| b. Amortization | | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| c. Other | | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| 9. Total System Recoverable Expenses (Lines 7 + 8) | | <u>\$13,043</u> | <u>\$13,142</u> | <u>\$13,221</u> | <u>\$13,284</u> | <u>\$13,327</u> | <u>\$13,366</u> | <u>\$13,406</u> | <u>\$13,440</u> | <u>\$13,465</u> | <u>\$13,485</u> | <u>\$13,506</u> | <u>\$13,562</u> | <u>\$160,248</u> |

Notes:

- (a) Excludes Cost of Removal on the retirement of existing plant.
- (b) The Gross-up factor for taxes is 1/.746550, which reflects the Federal Income Tax Rate of 21%. The equity component for the period Jan. - Dec. 2022 is 5.1888% based on FPL's most recent financial forecast.
- (c) The debt component is 1.1858% based on FPL's most recent financial forecast.
- (d) Capital Costs on this schedule include intangible plant which is amortized over various periods

CONSOLIDATED FLORIDA POWER & LIGHT CO
 Calculation of the Energy Demand Allocation % By Rate Class
 Projected Period: January through December 2022

| | (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) | (7) | (8) | (9) | (10) |
|-----------------------------|------------------------------------|----------------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------|------------------------------|--|---|--|--|
| RATE CLASS | Avg 12 CP Load Factor at Meter (%) | Avg GCP Load Factor at Meter (%) | Projected Sales at Meter (kwh) | Projected Avg 12 CP at Meter (kW) | Projected GCP at Meter (kW) | Demand Loss Expansion Factor | Projected Avg 12 CP at Generation (kW) | Projected GCP Demand at Generation (kW) | Percentage of 12 CP Demand at Generation (%) | Percentage of GCP Demand at Generation (%) |
| RS1/RTR1 | 62.223% | 48.863% | 65,315,938,669 | 11,982,905 | 15,259,164 | 1.064536 | 12,756,377 | 16,244,112 | 56.89326% | 60.38852% |
| GS1/GST1 | 59.715% | 52.314% | 8,368,517,064 | 1,599,782 | 1,826,099 | 1.064536 | 1,703,045 | 1,943,970 | 7.59555% | 7.22683% |
| GSD1/GSDT1/HLFT1 | 70.616% | 63.653% | 28,295,907,165 | 4,574,215 | 5,074,617 | 1.064436 | 4,869,010 | 5,401,662 | 21.71571% | 20.08102% |
| OS2 | 105.819% | 15.523% | 9,900,936 | 1,068 | 7,281 | 1.035556 | 1,106 | 7,540 | 0.00493% | 0.02803% |
| GSLD1/GSLDT1/CS1/CST1/HLFT2 | 69.943% | 60.547% | 10,335,974,594 | 1,686,956 | 1,948,749 | 1.062841 | 1,792,986 | 2,071,233 | 7.99669% | 7.69994% |
| GSLD2/GSLDT2/CS2/CST2/HLFT3 | 81.332% | 74.919% | 3,825,387,076 | 536,923 | 582,880 | 1.052056 | 564,880 | 613,229 | 2.51936% | 2.27972% |
| GSLD3/GSLDT3/CS3/CST3 | 84.017% | 65.534% | 960,788,986 | 130,544 | 167,361 | 1.020864 | 133,269 | 0 | 0.59438% | 0% |
| SST1T | 62.775% | 16.004% | 65,710,604 | 11,949 | 46,871 | 1.020864 | 12,199 | 0 | 0.05441% | 0% |
| SST1D1/SST1D2/SST1D3 | 148.291% | 0.965% | 1,410,876 | 109 | 16,698 | 1.035556 | 112 | 17,291 | 0.00050% | 0.06428% |
| CILC D/CILC G | 85.413% | 78.950% | 2,647,478,080 | 353,840 | 382,803 | 1.052781 | 372,520 | 403,014 | 1.66143% | 1.49823% |
| CILC T | 92.911% | 79.769% | 1,504,497,392 | 184,851 | 215,303 | 1.020864 | 188,710 | 0 | 0.84164% | 0% |
| MET | 75.081% | 61.420% | 84,974,524 | 12,920 | 15,793 | 1.035556 | 13,379 | 16,355 | 0.05967% | 0.06080% |
| OL1/SL1/SL1M/PL1 | 56,891.773% | 42.339% | 569,918,549 | 114 | 153,664 | 1.064536 | 122 | 163,583 | 0.00054% | 0.60813% |
| SL2/SL2M/GSCU1 | 96.380% | 77.116% | 110,096,899 | 13,040 | 16,298 | 1.064536 | 13,882 | 17,350 | 0.06191% | 0.06450% |
| Total | | | 122,096,501,415 | 21,089,217 | 25,713,581 | | 22,421,597 | 26,899,338 | 100.00000% | 100.00000% |

Notes:

- (1) (2) avg 12 CP and GCP load factor based on projected 2019 load research data
- (3) projected kWh sales for 2022
- (4) (5) avg 12 CP and GCP KW based on projected 2019 load research data
- (6) based on projected 2022 demand losses
- (7) column 4 * column 6
- (8) column 5 * column 6
- (9) column 7 / total of column 7
- (10) column 8 / total of column 8

CONSOLIDATED FLORIDA POWER & LIGHT CO
 SPPCRC Calculation of the Cost Recovery Factors by Rate Class
 Projected Period: January through December 2022

| Rate Class | (1) Percentage of 12 CP Demand at Generation (%) | (2) Percentage of GCP Demand at Generation (%) | (3) 12CP Demand Related Cost (\$) | (4) GCP Demand Related Cost (\$) | (5) Total SPPCRC Costs (\$) | (6) Projected Sales at Meter (kwh) | (7) Billing KW Load Factor (%) | (8) Projected Billed KW at Meter (KW) | (9) SPP Factor (\$/kW) | (10) SPP Factor (\$/kWh) | (11) RDC (\$/KW) | (12) SDD (\$/KW) |
|-----------------------------|---|--|--|--|-----------------------------------|--|---|--|------------------------------|--------------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| RS1/RTR1 | 56.89326% | 60.38852% | \$14,573,056 | \$125,305,834 | \$139,878,890 | 65,315,938,669 | | | | 0.00214 | | |
| GS1/GST1 | 7.59555% | 7.22683% | \$1,945,581 | \$14,995,638 | \$16,941,219 | 8,368,517,064 | | | | 0.00202 | | |
| GSD1/GSDT1/HLFT1 | 21.71571% | 20.08102% | \$5,562,422 | \$41,668,006 | \$47,230,428 | 28,295,907,165 | 52.65023% | 73,620,799 | 0.64 | | | |
| OS2 | 0.00493% | 0.02803% | \$1,264 | \$58,165 | \$59,428 | 9,900,936 | | | | 0.00600 | | |
| GSLD1/GSLDT1/CS1/CST1/HLFT2 | 7.99669% | 7.69994% | \$2,048,331 | \$15,977,334 | \$18,025,666 | 10,335,974,594 | 57.65309% | 24,558,734 | 0.73 | | | |
| GSLD2/GSLDT2/CS2/CST2/HLFT3 | 2.51936% | 2.27972% | \$645,326 | \$4,730,400 | \$5,375,727 | 3,825,387,076 | 66.85721% | 7,837,982 | 0.69 | | | |
| GSLD3/GSLDT3/CS3/CST3 | 0.59438% | 0% | \$152,249 | \$0 | \$152,249 | 960,788,986 | 64.41659% | 2,043,184 | 0.07 | | | |
| SST1T | 0.05441% | 0% | \$13,936 | \$0 | \$13,936 | 65,710,604 | 12.16034% | 740,230 | | | 0.09 | 0.04 |
| SST1D1/SST1D2/SST1D3 | 0.00050% | 0.06428% | \$128 | \$133,385 | \$133,514 | 1,410,876 | 3.54643% | 54,497 | | | 0.09 | 0.04 |
| CILC D/CILC G | 1.66143% | 1.49823% | \$425,572 | \$3,108,816 | \$3,534,387 | 2,647,478,080 | 71.02244% | 5,106,389 | 0.69 | | | |
| CILC T | 0.84164% | 0% | \$215,585 | \$0 | \$215,585 | 1,504,497,392 | 76.59952% | 2,690,559 | 0.08 | | | |
| MET | 0.05967% | 0.06080% | \$15,285 | \$126,162 | \$141,447 | 84,974,524 | 54.25716% | 214,540 | 0.66 | | | |
| OL1/SL1/SL1M/PL1 | 0.00054% | 0.60813% | \$139 | \$1,261,863 | \$1,262,002 | 569,918,549 | | | | 0.00221 | | |
| SL2/SL2M/GSCU1 | 0.06191% | 0.06450% | \$15,859 | \$133,834 | \$149,692 | 110,096,899 | | | | 0.00136 | | |
| Total | | | \$25,614,732 | \$207,499,439 | \$233,114,170 | 122,096,501,415 | | | | | | |

Notes:

- (1) (2) avg 12 CP and GCP load factor based on projected 2019 load research data
- (3) column 2 x total of column 4
- (4) column 3 x total of column 5
- (5) column 4 + column 5
- (6) projected kWh sales for 2022
- (7) Projected kWh sales / 8760 hours / avg customer NCP
- (8) column 7 / (column 8 * 730)
- (9) column 6 / column 9
- (11) column 6 / column 7
- (11) (total of column 6/total of avg 12 CP at generation * 0.10 * rate demand loss expansion factor)/12
- (12) ((total of column 6/total avg 12 CP at generation)/(21 * rate demand loss expansion factor))/12

**CONSOLIDATED FLORIDA POWER & LIGHT COMPANY
2022 PROJECTIONS FORM 6P - PROGRAM DESCRIPTION AND PROGRESS REPORT**

Florida Power & Light Company (“FPL”) and Florida Power & Light Company d/b/a/ Gulf Power Company (“Gulf”) hereby provide this Storm Protection Plan (“SPP”) Description and Progress Report for the 2021 and 2022 SPP programs and projects approved by Commission Order No. PSC-2020-0293-AS-EI issued on August 28, 2020.

On January 1, 2021, Gulf was legally merged with and into FPL, with FPL being the surviving entity. All of Gulf’s existing obligations, rights, privileges, immunities, powers, and purposes continue and, by operation of law, are vested in FPL.¹ Although legally merged, FPL and Gulf are currently separate ratemaking entities and continue to maintain separate books and records. Therefore, the progress report for the 2021 SPP programs and projects is provided separately for FPL and Gulf.

FPL and Gulf will be operationally and functionally integrated in 2022. Consistent with the consolidation of the FPL and Gulf operations, on March 12, 2021, FPL filed a petition for a base rate increase that reflects a consolidated cost of service and provides for unified rates that apply to all customers throughout the former FPL and Gulf service areas.² If approved, Gulf will be fully merged with and into FPL from a state regulatory perspective, and Gulf will cease to exist as a separate operational and ratemaking entity effective January 1, 2022.

Additionally, as part of the consolidated FPL base rate case, FPL has proposed to move all O&M associated with SPP programs and projects from base rates to the Storm Protection Plan Cost Recovery Clause (“SPPCRC”) effective January 1, 2022, in order to align recovery of O&M program costs with their related capital expenditures. In addition, FPL has proposed to move all remaining SPP capital expenditures, and any related depreciation, not currently recovered through the SPPCRC (*i.e.*, Gulf’s Transmission Inspection Program) from base rates to the SPPCRC effective January 1, 2022. Cost of removal and retirements associated with

¹ Pursuant to Section 605.1026(1)(e), F.S., except as otherwise provided by law or the plan of merger, all the rights, privileges, immunities, powers, and purposes of the merging entity vest in the surviving entity.

² FPL’s request for unified rates is currently pending before the Commission in Docket No. 20210015.

**CONSOLIDATED FLORIDA POWER & LIGHT COMPANY
2022 PROJECTIONS FORM 6P - PROGRAM DESCRIPTION AND PROGRESS REPORT**

FPL's SPP programs for assets existing prior to 2021 will continue to be recovered through base rates.

The information provided in this SPP Description and Progress Report includes actual/estimated 2021 and projected 2022 SPP programs and projects based on information that was available as of the end of February 2021. Additionally, because the impacts from storms cannot be reasonably predicted, the actual/estimated 2021 and projected 2022 SPP activities and costs provided herein do not reflect/estimate potential impacts from the 2021/2022 storm seasons. Any variances between 2021 actuals and the 2021 actual/estimated SPP activities and costs provided herein will be addressed in the 2021 final true-up SPPCRC filing to be submitted in 2023.

CONSOLIDATED FLORIDA POWER & LIGHT COMPANY
2022 PROJECTIONS FORM 6P - PROGRAM DESCRIPTION AND PROGRESS REPORT

Program Title: Distribution Inspection Program

Description:

The FPL Pole Inspections – Distribution Program and Gulf Distribution Inspection Program (herein, collectively referred to as “Distribution Inspection Program”) included in the FPL and Gulf SPPs are continuations of the existing Commission-approved distribution pole and system inspection programs.

As approved in its SPP, FPL expects to inspect approximately 154,000 poles annually (spread throughout nine inspection zones), as part of its eight-year cycle inspection program, during the 2020-2029 SPP period. The total estimated costs for the ten-year period of 2020-2029 is \$605 million with an annual average cost of approximately \$61 million, which is consistent with historical costs for the existing distribution pole inspections program. A detailed description of FPL’s Pole Inspections – Distribution Program is provided in Section IV(A) of FPL’s SPP approved in Docket No. 20200071.

As approved in its SPP, Gulf expects to inspect approximately 26,000 wood poles annually during the 2020-2029 SPP period, as part of its eight-year cycle inspection program and annual feeder inspections. The total estimated costs for the ten-year period of 2020-2029 are \$37.5 million with an annual cost of approximately \$3.8 million. A detailed description of Gulf’s Distribution Inspection Program is provided in Section IV(A) of Gulf’s SPP approved in Docket No. 20200070.

Accomplishments:

Fiscal Expenditures (SPP Year 2021):

For 2021, FPL estimated that it will incur approximately \$57.9 million in 2021 for the Pole Inspections – Distribution Program, which includes approximately \$33.6 million in capital expenditures, \$20.5 million in cost of removal, and \$3.8 million in O&M expenses. As of the end of February 2021, the total spend for this program is \$9.9

**CONSOLIDATED FLORIDA POWER & LIGHT COMPANY
2022 PROJECTIONS FORM 6P - PROGRAM DESCRIPTION AND PROGRESS REPORT**

million, which includes \$8.3 million in capital costs and \$1.6 million in O&M expenses. The 2021 O&M expenditures and cost of removal for this program are being recovered through base rates and not through the SPPCRC.

For 2021, Gulf initially estimated that it would incur approximately \$3.8 million in 2021 for the Distribution Inspection Program, which includes approximately \$1.7 million in capital expenditures, \$1.1 million in cost of removal, and \$1.0 million in O&M expenses. Gulf has revised this estimate for 2021 and projects it will incur approximately \$3.0 million in 2021 for the Distribution Inspection Program, which includes approximately \$1.7 million in capital expenditures, \$1.1 million in cost of removal, and \$0.2 million in O&M expenses. As of the end of February 2021, the total spend for this program is \$1.2 million, which includes \$1.0 million in capital costs and \$0.2 million in O&M expenses. The 2021 O&M expenditures and cost of removal for this program are being recovered through base rates and not through the SPPCRC.

Progress Summary (SPP Year 2021):

For 2021, FPL projected it will inspect approximately 150,000 distribution poles spread throughout nine inspection zones. As of the end of February 2021, FPL completed approximately 48,358 pole inspections and currently projects to complete the remainder of the pole inspections by year end 2021.

For 2021, Gulf projected it will inspect approximately 26,000 wood poles, mainline feeders, and associated equipment. As of the end of February, Gulf completed 2,941 pole inspections, finalizing the drone patrol inspections of feeders and equipment, and currently projects to complete the remaining inspections by year end 2021.

Consolidated FPL Projections (SPP Year 2022):

For 2022, consolidated FPL projects it will inspect approximately 180,000 distribution poles annually spread throughout the former FPL and Gulf service areas. FPL estimates that it will incur approximately \$60.9 million in 2022 for the consolidated

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2022 PROJECTIONS FORM 6P - PROGRAM DESCRIPTION AND PROGRESS REPORT**

Distribution Inspection Program, which includes approximately \$35.4 million in capital expenditures, \$21.5 million in cost of removal, and \$4.0 million in O&M expenses. FPL is seeking to recover \$35.4 million of capital expenditures and \$4.0 million in O&M through the SPPCRC; the 2022 cost of removal for this program will be recovered through base rates.

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2022 PROJECTIONS FORM 6P - PROGRAM DESCRIPTION AND PROGRESS REPORT

Program Title: Transmission Inspection Program

Description:

The FPL Structures/Other Equipment Inspections – Transmission Program and the Gulf Transmission Inspection Program (herein, collectively referred to as “Transmission Inspection Program”) included in the FPL and Gulf SPPs are continuations of the existing Commission-approved programs to inspect transmission structures, substations, and other equipment.

As approved in its SPP, FPL expects to inspect approximately 68,000 structures annually during the 2020-2029 SPP period. The total estimated costs for FPL’s Structures/Other Equipment Inspections – Transmission Program for the ten-year period of 2020-2029 is \$500 million, with an annual average cost of approximately \$50 million, which is consistent with historical costs for the existing transmission inspection program. A detailed description of FPL’s Structures/Other Equipment Inspections – Transmission Program is provided in Section IV(B) of FPL’s SPP approved in Docket No. 20200071.

As approved in its SPP, Gulf expects to continue aerial patrols, annual inspection of substations, and inspection of its structures during the 2020-2029 SPP period. The total estimated costs for Gulf’s Transmission Inspection Program for the ten-year period of 2020-2029 is \$35 million with an annual average cost of approximately \$3.5 million, which is consistent with historical costs for the existing Transmission Inspection Program. A detailed description of Gulf’s Transmission Inspection Program is provided in Section IV(B) of Gulf’s SPP approved in Docket No. 20200070.

Accomplishments:

Fiscal Expenditures (SPP Year 2021):

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2022 PROJECTIONS FORM 6P - PROGRAM DESCRIPTION AND PROGRESS REPORT**

For 2021, FPL estimated that it will incur approximately \$32.2 million in 2021 for the Structures/Other Equipment Inspections – Transmission Program, which includes approximately \$25.5 million in capital expenditures, \$5.7 million in cost of removal, and \$1.0 million in O&M expenses. As of the end of February 2021, the total spend for this program is \$5.2 million, which includes \$5.1 million in capital costs and \$0.1 million in O&M expenses. The 2021 O&M expenditures and cost of removal for this program are being recovered through base rates and not through the SPPCRC.

For 2021, Gulf estimated that it will incur approximately \$3.6 million in 2021 for the Transmission Inspection Program, which includes approximately \$2.6 million in capital expenditures, \$0.6 million in cost of removal, and approximately \$0.4 million in O&M expenses. As of the end of February 2021, the total spend for this program is \$0.7 million, which includes \$0.7 million in capital costs and \$0 million in O&M expenses. All 2021 costs associated with Gulf's Transmission Inspection Program are being recovered through base rates and not through the SPPCRC.

Progress Summary (SPP Year 2021):

For 2021, FPL initially estimated it would inspect approximately 68,000 structures. As of the end of February 2021, FPL completed approximately 1,817 structures inspections and currently projects to inspect approximately 69,000 structures.

For 2021, Gulf projected it will continue its aerial patrols, substation inspections, and inspection of its transmission structures based on an alternating 12-year cycle. As of the end of February 2021, Gulf is on track to complete the scheduled inspections by year end 2021.

Consolidated FPL Projections (SPP Year 2022):

For 2022, consolidated FPL projects it will inspect approximately 81,000 structures spread throughout the former FPL and Gulf service areas. FPL estimates that it will incur approximately \$32.5 million in 2022 for the consolidated Transmission

**CONSOLIDATED FLORIDA POWER & LIGHT COMPANY
2022 PROJECTIONS FORM 6P - PROGRAM DESCRIPTION AND PROGRESS REPORT**

Inspection Program, which includes approximately \$25.5 million in capital expenditures, \$5.6 million in cost of removal, and \$1.4 million in O&M expenses.³ FPL is seeking to recover \$25.5 million of capital expenditures and \$1.4 million in O&M through the SPPCRC; the 2022 cost of removal for this program will be recovered through base rates.

³ As part of the consolidated FPL base rate case, FPL has removed all capital expenditures associated with Gulf's Transmission Inspection Program from base rates effective January 1, 2022. Thus, FPL is seeking to recover capital expenditures associated with Gulf's Transmission Inspection Program through the SPPCRC starting in 2022.

CONSOLIDATED FLORIDA POWER & LIGHT COMPANY
2022 PROJECTIONS FORM 6P - PROGRAM DESCRIPTION AND PROGRESS REPORT

Program Title: Distribution Feeder Hardening Program

Description:

The FPL Feeder Hardening (EWL) – Distribution Program and the Gulf Distribution Feeder Hardening Program (herein, collectively referred to as “Distribution Feeder Hardening Program”) included in the FPL and Gulf SPPs are continuations of the existing Commission-approved approach to harden existing feeders and certain critical distribution poles, as well as to design and construct new pole lines and major planned work to meet the National Electrical Safety Code’s (“NESC”) extreme wind loading criteria (“EWL”).

As approved in its SPP, FPL expects to complete approximately 250-350 feeder projects annually, with 100% of FPL’s feeders expected to be hardened or underground by year-end 2024 and with the final costs of the program to be incurred in 2025. The total estimated costs for the FPL Feeder Hardening (EWL) – Distribution Program for the period of 2020-2025 is \$3,206 million with an annual average cost of approximately \$534 million, which is consistent with historical costs for the existing distribution feeder hardening program. A detailed description of the Feeder Hardening (EWL) – Distribution Program is provided in Section IV(C) of FPL’s SPP approved in Docket No. 20200071.

As approved in its SPP, Gulf had approximately 269 feeders remaining to be hardened and expects to complete approximately 12 to 18 feeder hardening projects annually, with approximately 50% of Gulf’s feeders to be hardened or underground by year-end 2029. The total estimated costs for the Gulf Distribution Feeder Hardening Program for the period of 2020-2029 is approximately \$315.3 million with an annual average cost of approximately \$31.5 million. A detailed description of the Distribution Feeder Hardening Program is provided in Section IV(C) of Gulf’s SPP approved in Docket No. 20200070.

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2022 PROJECTIONS FORM 6P - PROGRAM DESCRIPTION AND PROGRESS REPORT

Accomplishments:

Fiscal Expenditures (SPP Year 2021):

For 2021, FPL estimated that it will incur approximately \$664.9 million in 2021 for the Feeder Hardening (EWL) – Distribution Program, which includes approximately \$573.7 million in capital expenditures, \$91.3 million in cost of removal, and \$0 in O&M expenses. As of the end of February 2021, the total spend for this program is \$85.8 million, which includes \$85.5 million in capital costs and \$0.3 in O&M expenses. The 2021 O&M expenditures and cost of removal for this program are being recovered through base rates and not through the SPPCRC.

For 2021, Gulf initially estimated that it will incur approximately \$38.4 million in 2021 for the Distribution Feeder Hardening Program, which includes approximately \$30.8 million in capital expenditures, \$5.1 million in cost of removal, and \$2.5 million in O&M expenses. Gulf has revised this estimate for 2021 and projects to incur approximately \$35.9 million in 2021 for the Distribution Feeder Hardening Program, which includes approximately \$30.8 million in capital expenditures, \$5.0 million in cost of removal, and \$0 million in O&M expenses. As of the end of February 2021, the total spend for this program is \$4.6 million, which includes \$4.5 million in capital costs and \$0.1 in O&M expenses. The 2021 O&M expenditures and cost of removal for this program are being recovered through base rates and not through the SPPCRC.

Progress Summary (SPP Year 2021):

For 2021, FPL projected it will complete approximately 300-350 feeder hardening projects. As of the end of February 2021, FPL completed approximately 15 feeder hardening projects and currently projects to complete the remainder of the feeder hardening projects by year end 2021.

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For 2021, Gulf initially projected it would complete approximately 18 feeder hardening projects. As of the end of February 2021, Gulf currently projects the completion of 21 feeder hardening projects by year end 2021.

Consolidated FPL Projections (SPP Year 2022):

For 2022, consolidated FPL projects it will complete approximately 303 feeder hardening projects spread throughout the former FPL and Gulf service areas. FPL estimates that it will incur approximately \$698.9 million in 2022 for the consolidated Distribution Feeder Hardening Program, which includes approximately \$601.1 million in capital expenditures, \$97.8 million in cost of removal, and \$0 million in O&M expenses. FPL is seeking to recover \$601.1 million of capital expenditures and \$0 million in O&M through the SPPCRC; the 2022 cost of removal for this program will be recovered through base rates.

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2022 PROJECTIONS FORM 6P - PROGRAM DESCRIPTION AND PROGRESS REPORT

Program Title: Distribution Lateral Hardening Program

Description:

The FPL Lateral Hardening (Undergrounding) - Distribution Program and the Gulf Distribution Hardening – Lateral Undergrounding Program (herein, collectively referred to as “Distribution Lateral Hardening Program”) included in the FPL and Gulf SPPs are pilot programs that target certain overhead laterals that were impacted by recent storms and have a history of vegetation-related outages and other reliability issues for conversion from overhead to underground.

As approved in its SPP, FPL estimates that it will complete approximately 300-700 lateral projects annually in 2021-2023 and approximately 800-900 lateral projects annually in 2024-2029. The total estimated costs for the FPL Lateral Hardening (Undergrounding) - Distribution Program for the ten-year period of 2020-2029 is \$5,101 million with an annual average cost of approximately \$510 million. However, in the Stipulation and Settlement Agreement approved by Commission Order No. PSC-2020-0293-AS-EI, FPL agreed to have the FPL Lateral Hardening (Undergrounding) - Distribution Program remain as a pilot through 2022 and to file an update to the Lateral Hardening (Undergrounding) - Distribution Program in 2022 in order to seek recovery of the associated costs in 2023. A detailed description of the FPL Lateral Hardening (Undergrounding) - Distribution Program is provided in Section IV(D) of FPL’s SPP approved in Docket No. 20200071.

The evaluation and engineering of Gulf’s lateral projects began during the fourth quarter of 2020, with construction scheduled to start in 2021. In its SPP, Gulf estimated that it would complete 8 lateral projects in 2021 and the same number of projects in 2022. The total estimated costs for the period of 2020-2029 is approximately \$46.6 million with an annual average cost of approximately \$4.7 million. However, in the Stipulation and Settlement Agreement approved by Commission Order No. PSC-2020-0293-AS-EI, Gulf agreed that the Distribution Hardening – Lateral Undergrounding

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Program shall be a pilot for the years 2020-2022 and to file an update to the 2023 Distribution Hardening – Lateral Undergrounding Program in 2022 in order to seek recovery of the associated costs in 2023. A detailed description of the Gulf Distribution Hardening – Lateral Undergrounding Program is provided in Section IV(D) of Gulf's SPP approved in Docket No. 20200070.

Accomplishments:

Fiscal Expenditures (SPP Year 2021):

For 2021, FPL estimated it will incur approximately \$212.5 million in 2021 for the Lateral Hardening (Undergrounding) - Distribution Program, which includes approximately \$206.9 million in capital expenditures, \$5.6 million in cost of removal, and \$0 in O&M expenses. As of the end of February 2021, the total spend for this program is \$31.4 million, which includes \$31.4 million in capital costs and \$0.0 million in O&M expenses. The 2021 O&M expenditures and cost of removal for this program are being recovered through base rates and not through the SPPCRC.

For 2021, Gulf estimated it will incur approximately \$5.2 million in 2021 for the Distribution Hardening – Lateral Undergrounding Program, which includes approximately \$4.9 million in capital expenditures, \$0.1 million in cost of removal, and \$0.2 million in O&M expenses. As of the end of February 2021, Gulf had not incurred any costs for this program, but Gulf projects it will complete its lateral projects by the end of 2021. The 2021 O&M expenditures and cost of removal for this program are being recovered through base rates and not through the SPPCRC.

Progress Summary (SPP Year 2021):

For 2021, FPL projected it will complete approximately 300-350 lateral projects. As of the end of February 2021, FPL completed approximately 15 lateral projects and currently is on track to complete these underground lateral projects by year end 2021.

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For 2021, Gulf projected it will complete approximately 8 lateral projects. As of the end of February 2021, Gulf is in the initial planning phase of these laterals and currently is on track to complete these underground lateral projects by year end 2021.

Consolidated FPL Projections (SPP Year 2022):

For 2022, consolidated FPL projects it will complete approximately 601 lateral projects spread throughout the former FPL and Gulf service areas. FPL estimates that it will incur approximately \$348.0 million in 2022 for the consolidated Distribution Lateral Hardening Program, which includes approximately \$337.4 million in capital expenditures, \$10.4 million in cost of removal, and \$0.2 million in O&M expenses. FPL is seeking to recover \$337.4 million of capital expenditures and \$0.2 million in O&M through the SPPCRC; the 2022 cost of removal for this program will be recovered through base rates.

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2022 PROJECTIONS FORM 6P - PROGRAM DESCRIPTION AND PROGRESS REPORT

Program Title: Transmission Hardening Program

Description:

The FPL Wood Structures Hardening (Replacing) – Transmission Program and the Gulf Transmission Hardening Program (herein, collectively referred to as “Transmission Hardening Program”) included in the FPL and Gulf SPPs are a continuation of programs to harden transmission structures, substations, and other equipment to ensure a more storm resilient transmission system.

FPL’s Wood Structures Hardening (Replacing) – Transmission Program is a continuation of FPL’s existing transmission hardening program to replace all wood transmission structures with steel or concrete structures. As of year-end 2019, 96% of FPL’s transmission structures, system-wide, were steel or concrete, with less than 2,900 (or 4%) wood structures remaining to be replaced. FPL expects to replace the remaining wood transmission structures on its system by year-end 2022. The total estimated costs for the Wood Structures Hardening (Replacing) – Transmission Program for the period of 2020-2022 is \$118 million with an annual average cost of approximately \$39 million, which is a decrease from the historical costs for the existing transmission hardening program. A detailed description of the Wood Structures Hardening (Replacing) – Transmission Program is provided in Section IV(E) of FPL’s SPP approved in Docket No. 20200071.

Gulf’s Transmission Hardening Program includes substation flood monitoring and hardening, transmission and substation resiliency, and transmission structure replacement. As of year-end 2019, 62% of Gulf’s transmission structures, system-wide, were steel or concrete, with approximately 38% (approximately 4,600) wood structures remaining to be replaced. Gulf expects to replace the approximately 4,600 wood transmission structures remaining on its system by year-end 2029. The total estimated costs for the Transmission Hardening Program for the ten-year period of 2020-2029 are \$488.8 million with an annual average cost of approximately \$48.9

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2022 PROJECTIONS FORM 6P - PROGRAM DESCRIPTION AND PROGRESS REPORT**

million. A detailed description of the Gulf Transmission Hardening Program is provided in Section IV(E) of Gulf's SPP approved in Docket No. 20200070.

Accomplishments:

Fiscal Expenditures (SPP Year 2021):

For 2021, FPL estimated that it will incur approximately \$42.9 million for the Wood Structures Hardening (Replacing) – Transmission Program, which includes approximately \$38.6 million in capital expenditures, \$4.1 million in cost of removal, and \$0.2 million in O&M expenses. As of the end of February 2021, the total spend for this program is \$7.1 million, which includes \$7.1 million in capital costs and \$0 in O&M expenses. The 2021 O&M expenditures and cost of removal for this program are being recovered through base rates and not through the SPPCRC.

For 2021, Gulf estimated that it will incur approximately \$45.5 million for the Transmission Hardening Program, which includes approximately \$40.8 million in capital expenditures, \$4.3 million in cost of removal, and \$0.4 million in O&M expenses. As of the end of February 2021, the total spend for this program is \$2.3 million, which includes \$2.2 million in capital costs and \$0.1 in O&M expenses. The 2021 O&M expenditures and cost of removal for this program are being recovered through base rates and not through the SPPCRC.

Progress Summary (SPP Year 2021):

For 2021, FPL initially projected it would replace 500-700 wood structures. As of the end of February 2021, FPL currently completed the replacement of approximately 124 wood structures and currently projects to complete a total of approximately 822 wood structure replacements by year end 2021.

**CONSOLIDATED FLORIDA POWER & LIGHT COMPANY
2022 PROJECTIONS FORM 6P - PROGRAM DESCRIPTION AND PROGRESS REPORT**

For 2021, Gulf initially projected it would replace approximately 372 structures, harden 2 control houses, and complete 12 transmission resiliency projects. As of the end of February 2021, Gulf has completed the replacement of 12 structures and currently projects to complete a total of approximately 372 structure replacements, and harden 2 control houses in conjunction with the completion of 13 transmission resiliency projects by year end 2021.

Consolidated FPL Projections (SPP Year 2022):

For 2022, consolidated FPL projects it will replace approximately 894 wood structures spread throughout the former FPL and Gulf service areas, and complete 5 transmission/substation resiliency projects. FPL estimates that it will incur approximately \$77.6 million in 2022 for the consolidated Transmission Hardening Program, which includes approximately \$69.3 million in capital expenditures, \$7.5 million in cost of removal, and \$0.8 million in O&M expenses. FPL is seeking to recover \$69.3 million of capital expenditures and \$0.8 million in O&M through the SPPCRC; the 2022 cost of removal for this program will be recovered through base rates.

CONSOLIDATED FLORIDA POWER & LIGHT COMPANY
2022 PROJECTIONS FORM 6P - PROGRAM DESCRIPTION AND PROGRESS REPORT

Program Title: Distribution Vegetation Management Program

Description:

The Vegetation Management – Distribution Programs included in the FPL and Gulf SPPs (herein, collectively referred to as “Distribution Vegetation Management Program”) are continuations of the existing, Commission-approved distribution vegetation management programs comprised of FPL’s and Gulf’s system-wide vegetation management cycle maintenance activities; and continued education of customers through its Right Tree, Right Place initiative.

As approved in its SPP, FPL plans to inspect and maintain, on average, approximately 15,200 miles annually, including approximately 11,400 miles for feeders (cycle and mid-cycle) and 3,800 miles for laterals, which is consistent with the historic miles maintained annually for 2017-2019. The total estimated costs for the FPL Vegetation Management – Distribution Program for the ten-year period of 2020-2029 is \$596 million with an annual average cost of approximately \$60 million, which is consistent with historical costs for the existing distribution vegetation management program. A detailed description of the FPL Vegetation Management – Distribution Program is provided in Section IV(G) of FPL’s SPP approved in Docket No. 20200071.

As approved in its SPP, Gulf plans to inspect and maintain, on average, approximately 2,000 miles annually, including approximately 777 miles for feeders (cycle and mid-cycle) and approximately 1,257 miles for laterals miles. The total estimated costs for the Gulf Vegetation Management – Distribution Program for the ten-year period of 2020-2029 is \$47.4 million with an annual average cost of \$4.7 million, which is consistent with historical costs for the existing Vegetation Management – Distribution Program. A detailed description of the Gulf Vegetation Management – Distribution Program is provided in Section IV(F) of Gulf’s SPP approved in Docket No. 20200070.

Accomplishments:

**CONSOLIDATED FLORIDA POWER & LIGHT COMPANY
2022 PROJECTIONS FORM 6P - PROGRAM DESCRIPTION AND PROGRESS REPORT**

Fiscal Expenditures (SPP Year 2021):

For 2021, FPL estimated that it will incur approximately \$61.3 million in O&M expense and \$0 in capital expenditures for the Vegetation Management – Distribution Program. As of the end of February 2021, the total spend for this program is \$11.1 million, which includes \$0 in capital costs and \$11.1 million in O&M expenses. FPL is not seeking to recover any 2021 costs associated with the Vegetation Management – Distribution Program through the SPPCRC.

For 2021, Gulf estimated that it will incur approximately \$4.7 million O&M expense and \$0 in capital expenditures for the Vegetation Management – Distribution Program. As of the end of February 2021, the total spend for this program is \$0.6 million, which includes \$0 in capital costs and \$0.6 million in O&M expenses. Gulf is not seeking to recover any 2021 costs associated with the Vegetation Management – Distribution Program through the SPPCRC.

Progress Summary (SPP Year 2021):

For 2021, FPL projected it will inspect and maintain an average of approximately 15,200 miles of distribution feeders and laterals. As of the end of February 2021, FPL completed approximately 2,060 miles of distribution vegetation maintenance and currently projects to complete the remainder of the distribution vegetation maintenance by year end 2021.

For 2021, Gulf projected it will inspect and maintain an average of approximately 2,000 miles of distribution feeders and laterals. As of the end of February 2021, Gulf completed approximately 180 miles of distribution vegetation maintenance and currently projects to complete the remainder of the distribution vegetation maintenance by year end 2021.

Consolidated FPL Projections (SPP Year 2022):

**CONSOLIDATED FLORIDA POWER & LIGHT COMPANY
2022 PROJECTIONS FORM 6P - PROGRAM DESCRIPTION AND PROGRESS REPORT**

For 2022, consolidated FPL projects it will inspect and maintain an average of approximately 17,200 miles of distribution feeders and laterals throughout the former FPL and Gulf service areas. FPL estimates that it will incur approximately \$64.9 million in 2022 for the consolidated Distribution Vegetation Management Program, which includes approximately \$0 million in capital expenditures, \$0 million in cost of removal, and \$64.9 million in O&M expenses. FPL is seeking to recover \$64.9 million of O&M through the 2022 SPPCRC.

CONSOLIDATED FLORIDA POWER & LIGHT COMPANY
2022 PROJECTIONS FORM 6P - PROGRAM DESCRIPTION AND PROGRESS REPORT

Program Title: Transmission Vegetation Management Program

Description:

The Vegetation Management – Transmission Programs included in the FPL and Gulf SPPs (herein, collectively referred to as “Transmission Vegetation Management Program”) are continuations of the existing, Commission-approved transmission vegetation management programs that comply with the North American Electric Reliability Corporation’s (“NERC”) vegetation management standards and requirements. These programs include visual and aerial inspections of transmission line corridors, Light Detection and Ranging (“LiDAR”) inspections of NERC transmission line corridors, development and execution of annual work plans to address identified vegetation conditions, and identifying and addressing priority and hazard tree conditions prior to and during storm season.

As approved in its SPP, FPL plans to inspect and maintain, on average, approximately 7,000 miles of transmission lines annually, including approximately 4,300 miles for NERC transmission line corridors and 2,700 miles for non-NERC transmission line corridors. This is comparable to the approximately 7,000 miles inspected and maintained annually, on average for 2017-2019. The total estimated costs for the FPL Vegetation Management – Transmission Program for the ten-year period of 2020-2029 is \$96 million with an annual average cost of approximately \$10 million, which is consistent with historical costs for the existing transmission vegetation management program. A detailed description of the FPL Vegetation Management – Transmission Program is provided in Section IV(H) of FPL’s SPP approved in Docket No. 20200071.

As approved in its SPP, Gulf plans to inspect and maintain, on average, approximately 1,675 miles annually, including approximately 600 miles for NERC transmission line corridors and approximately 1,075 miles for non-NERC transmission line corridors. The total estimated costs for the Gulf Vegetation Management – Transmission Program for the ten-year period of 2020-2029 is \$28.3 million with an annual average cost of

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2022 PROJECTIONS FORM 6P - PROGRAM DESCRIPTION AND PROGRESS REPORT**

approximately \$2.8 million, which is consistent with historical costs for the existing Vegetation Management – Transmission Program. A detailed description of the Gulf Vegetation Management – Transmission Program is provided in Section IV(G) of Gulf’s SPP approved in Docket No. 20200070.

Accomplishments:

Fiscal Expenditures (SPP Year 2021):

For 2021, FPL estimated that it will incur approximately \$8.9 million in O&M expense and \$0 in capital expenditures for the Vegetation Management – Transmission Program. As of the end of February 2021, the total spend for this program is \$1.4 million, which includes \$0 in capital costs and \$1.4 million in O&M expenses. FPL is not seeking to recover any 2021 costs associated with the Vegetation Management – Transmission Program through the SPPCRC.

For 2021, Gulf estimated that it will incur approximately \$2.9 million O&M expense and \$0 in capital expenditures for the Vegetation Management – Transmission Program. As of the end of February 2021, the total spend for this program is \$0.2 million, which includes \$0 in capital costs and \$0.2 million in O&M expenses. Gulf is not seeking to recover any 2021 costs associated with the Vegetation Management – Transmission Program through the SPPCRC.

Progress Summary (SPP Year 2021):

For 2021, FPL projected it will inspect and maintain approximately 7,000 miles of transmission lines. As of the end of February 2021, FPL completed approximately 1,260 miles of transmission vegetation maintenance and currently projects to complete the remainder of the transmission vegetation maintenance by year end 2021.

For 2021, Gulf projected it will inspect and maintain approximately 1,675 miles of transmission lines. As of the end of February 2021, Gulf completed approximately 85

**CONSOLIDATED FLORIDA POWER & LIGHT COMPANY
2022 PROJECTIONS FORM 6P - PROGRAM DESCRIPTION AND PROGRESS REPORT**

miles of transmission vegetation maintenance and currently projects to complete the remainder of the transmission vegetation maintenance by year end 2021.

Consolidated FPL Projections (SPP Year 2022):

For 2022, consolidated FPL projects it will inspect and maintain an average of approximately 8,675 miles of transmission lines throughout the former FPL and Gulf service areas. FPL estimates that it will incur approximately \$11.8 million in 2022 for the consolidated Transmission Vegetation Management Program, which includes approximately \$0 million in capital expenditures, \$0 million in cost of removal, and \$11.8 million in O&M expenses. FPL is seeking to recover \$11.8 million of O&M through the 2022 SPPCRC.

CONSOLIDATED FLORIDA POWER & LIGHT COMPANY
2022 PROJECTIONS FORM 6P - PROGRAM DESCRIPTION AND PROGRESS REPORT

Program Title: Substation Storm Surge/Flood Mitigation Program

Description:

The FPL Substation Storm Surge/Flood Mitigation Program is a new program included in FPL's Commission-approved SPP to mitigate damage at several targeted substations that are susceptible to storm surge and flooding during extreme weather events. FPL has identified between 8-10 substations where it initially plans to implement storm surge/flood mitigation measures over the period 2020-2022. The total estimated cost for the new Substation Storm Surge/Flood Mitigation Program over this three-year period is approximately \$23 million with an annual average cost of approximately \$8 million per year. A detailed description of the Substation Storm Surge/Flood Mitigation Program is provided in Section IV(F) of FPL's SPP approved in Docket No. 20200071.

Accomplishments:

Fiscal Expenditures (SPP Year 2021):

For 2021, FPL estimated that it will incur approximately \$10.0 million for the Substation Storm Surge/Flood Mitigation Program, which includes approximately \$8.3 million in capital expenditures, \$1.7 million in cost of removal, and \$0 in O&M expenses. As of the end of February 2021, the total spend for this program is \$0.4 million. The 2021 O&M expenditures and cost of removal for this program are being recovered through base rates and not through the SPPCRC.

Progress Summary (SPP Year 2021):

For 2021, FPL projected it will initiate flood mitigation construction of 2 substations. As of the end of February 2021, FPL is on track to initiate the flood mitigation construction plan for these 2 substations by year end 2021.

Consolidated FPL Projections (SPP Year 2022):

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2022 PROJECTIONS FORM 6P - PROGRAM DESCRIPTION AND PROGRESS REPORT**

For 2022, consolidated FPL projects it will complete flood mitigation construction at 5 to 7 substations located in the former FPL service area. FPL estimates that it will incur approximately \$10.0 million in 2022 for the Substation Storm Surge/Flood Mitigation Program, which includes approximately \$9.6 million in capital expenditures, \$0.4 million in cost of removal, and \$0 in O&M expenses. FPL is seeking to recover \$9.6 million of capital expenditures and \$0 million in O&M through the SPPCRC; the 2022 cost of removal for this program will be recovered through base rates.

CONSOLIDATED FLORIDA POWER & LIGHT
COST RECOVERY CLAUSES
FORECASTED 2022 CONSOLIDATED @10.55%

CAPITAL STRUCTURE AND COST RATES (a)

| | Adjusted Retail | Ratio | Midpoint Cost Rates | Weighted Cost | Pre-Tax Weighted Cost |
|------------------------------|-------------------------|----------------|---------------------|----------------|-----------------------|
| Long term debt | 17,415,345,338 | 31.374% | 3.61% | 1.1311% | 1.13% |
| Short term debt | 654,983,828 | 1.180% | 0.94% | 0.0111% | 0.01% |
| Preferred stock | 0 | 0.000% | 0.00% | 0.0000% | 0.00% |
| Customer Deposits | 455,338,901 | 0.820% | 2.03% | 0.0167% | 0.02% |
| Common Equity ^(b) | 26,665,503,451 | 48.039% | 10.55% | 5.0681% | 6.79% |
| Deferred Income Tax | 9,267,598,436 | 16.696% | 0.00% | 0.0000% | 0.00% |
| Investment Tax Credits | | | | | |
| Zero cost | 0 | 0.000% | 0.00% | 0.0000% | 0.00% |
| Weighted cost | 1,049,225,596 | 1.890% | 7.81% | 0.1476% | 0.19% |
| TOTAL | \$55,507,995,549 | 100.00% | | 6.3745% | 8.14% |

CALCULATION OF THE WEIGHTED COST FOR CONVERTIBLE INVESTMENT TAX CREDITS (C-ITC)

| | Adjusted Retail | Ratio | Cost Rate | Weighted Cost | Pre-Tax Cost |
|-----------------|-------------------------|----------------|-----------|---------------|---------------|
| Long term debt | \$17,415,345,338 | 39.51% | 3.605% | 1.424% | 1.424% |
| Preferred Stock | 0 | 0.00% | 0.000% | 0.000% | 0.000% |
| Common Equity | 26,665,503,451 | 60.49% | 10.550% | 6.382% | 8.549% |
| TOTAL | \$44,080,848,789 | 100.00% | | 7.806% | 9.973% |

RATIO

DEBT COMPONENTS:

| | |
|-----------------------|----------------|
| LONG TERM DEBT | 1.1311% |
| SHORT TERM DEBT | 0.0111% |
| CUSTOMER DEPOSITS | 0.0167% |
| TAX CREDITS -WEIGHTED | 0.0269% |
| TOTAL DEBT | 1.1858% |

EQUITY COMPONENTS:

| | |
|-----------------------|----------------|
| PREFERRED STOCK | 0.0000% |
| COMMON EQUITY | 5.0681% |
| TAX CREDITS -WEIGHTED | 0.1206% |
| TOTAL EQUITY | 5.1888% |
| TOTAL | 6.3745% |
| PRE-TAX EQUITY | 6.9503% |
| PRE-TAX TOTAL | 8.1361% |

Note:

(a) Forecasted capital structure includes a deferred income tax proration adjustment consistent with FPSC Order No. PSC-2020-0165-PAA-EU, Docket No. 20200118-EU.

(b) Cost rate for common equity represents FPL's mid-point return on equity approved by the FPSC in Order No. PSC-16-0560-AS-EI, Docket Nos. 160021-EI, 160061-EI, 160062-EI, and 160088-EI.

Exhibit RBD-1 Appendix IV

JURISDICTIONAL SEPARATION STUDY AND RETAIL COST OF SERVICE STUDY
E101-TRANSMISSION: 12CP Demand
December 2022 - Test Year

| RATE CLASS | 12 CP - KW | VOLTAGE LEVEL % - DEMAND | | | LOSS EXPANSION FACTORS | | | 12 CP @ GENERATION - KW | | | | % OF TOTAL | |
|---------------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------|---------|--------|------------------------|---------|--------|-------------------------|----------------|-------------------|-------------------|------------------|----------|
| | @ METER | TRANS | PRIMARY | SECOND | TRANS | PRIMARY | SECOND | TRANS | PRIMARY | SECOND | TOTAL | SYSTEM | RETAIL |
| CILC-1D | 338,093 | 0.0000 | 0.4237 | 0.5763 | 1.0209 | 1.0356 | 1.0645 | 0 | 148,340 | 207,424 | 355,764 | 1.4321% | 1.5867% |
| CILC-1G | 15,747 | 0.0000 | 0.0180 | 0.9820 | 1.0209 | 1.0356 | 1.0645 | 0 | 293 | 16,462 | 16,756 | 0.0674% | 0.0747% |
| CILC-1T | 184,851 | 1.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 1.0209 | 1.0356 | 1.0645 | 188,710 | 0 | 0 | 188,710 | 0.7597% | 0.8416% |
| GS(T)-1 | 1,599,782 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 1.0000 | 1.0209 | 1.0356 | 1.0645 | 0 | 0 | 1,703,045 | 1,703,045 | 6.8556% | 7.5956% |
| GSCU-1 | 8,297 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 1.0000 | 1.0209 | 1.0356 | 1.0645 | 0 | 0 | 8,833 | 8,833 | 0.0356% | 0.0394% |
| GSD(T)-1 | 4,574,215 | 0.0000 | 0.0035 | 0.9965 | 1.0209 | 1.0356 | 1.0645 | 0 | 16,473 | 4,852,537 | 4,869,010 | 19.6002% | 21.7157% |
| GSLD(T)-1 | 1,686,956 | 0.0000 | 0.0585 | 0.9415 | 1.0209 | 1.0356 | 1.0645 | 0 | 102,178 | 1,690,808 | 1,792,986 | 7.2177% | 7.9967% |
| GSLD(T)-2 | 536,923 | 0.0000 | 0.4306 | 0.5694 | 1.0209 | 1.0356 | 1.0645 | 0 | 239,448 | 325,432 | 564,880 | 2.2739% | 2.5194% |
| GSLD(T)-3 | 130,544 | 1.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 1.0209 | 1.0356 | 1.0645 | 133,269 | 0 | 0 | 133,269 | 0.5365% | 0.5944% |
| MET | 12,920 | 0.0000 | 1.0000 | 0.0000 | 1.0209 | 1.0356 | 1.0645 | 0 | 13,379 | 0 | 13,379 | 0.0539% | 0.0597% |
| OL-1 | 0 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 1.0000 | 1.0209 | 1.0356 | 1.0645 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0.0000% | 0.0000% |
| OS-2 | 1,068 | 0.0000 | 1.0000 | 0.0000 | 1.0209 | 1.0356 | 1.0645 | 0 | 1,106 | 0 | 1,106 | 0.0045% | 0.0049% |
| RS(T)-1 | 11,982,905 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 1.0000 | 1.0209 | 1.0356 | 1.0645 | 0 | 0 | 12,756,377 | 12,756,377 | 51.3508% | 56.8933% |
| SL-1 | 0 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 1.0000 | 1.0209 | 1.0356 | 1.0645 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0.0000% | 0.0000% |
| SL-1M | 114 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 1.0000 | 1.0209 | 1.0356 | 1.0645 | 0 | 0 | 122 | 122 | 0.0005% | 0.0005% |
| SL-2 | 4,499 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 1.0000 | 1.0209 | 1.0356 | 1.0645 | 0 | 0 | 4,789 | 4,789 | 0.0193% | 0.0214% |
| SL-2M | 244 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 1.0000 | 1.0209 | 1.0356 | 1.0645 | 0 | 0 | 260 | 260 | 0.0010% | 0.0012% |
| SST-DST | 109 | 0.0000 | 1.0000 | 0.0000 | 1.0209 | 1.0356 | 1.0645 | 0 | 112 | 0 | 112 | 0.0005% | 0.0005% |
| SST-TST | 11,949 | 1.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 1.0209 | 1.0356 | 1.0645 | 12,199 | 0 | 0 | 12,199 | 0.0491% | 0.0544% |
| TOTAL RETAIL | 21,089,217 | | | | | | | 334,178 | 521,330 | 21,566,089 | 22,421,597 | 90.2581% | |
| FKEC | 130,149 | 1.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 1.0209 | 1.0356 | 1.0645 | 132,866 | 0 | 0 | 132,866 | 0.5348% | |
| FPUC (INT) | 12,720 | 1.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 1.0209 | 1.0356 | 1.0645 | 12,986 | 0 | 0 | 12,986 | 0.0523% | |
| FPUC (PEAK) | 9,719 | 1.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 1.0209 | 1.0356 | 1.0645 | 9,922 | 0 | 0 | 9,922 | 0.0399% | |
| G - FPU (INT) | 30,366 | 1.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 1.0209 | 1.0356 | 1.0645 | 31,000 | 0 | 0 | 31,000 | 0.1248% | |
| G - FPU (PEAK) | 20,728 | 1.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 1.0209 | 1.0356 | 1.0645 | 21,161 | 0 | 0 | 21,161 | 0.0852% | |
| HOMESTEAD | 4,081 | 1.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 1.0209 | 1.0356 | 1.0645 | 4,167 | 0 | 0 | 4,167 | 0.0168% | |
| HOMESTEAD (INT) | 8,326 | 1.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 1.0209 | 1.0356 | 1.0645 | 8,500 | 0 | 0 | 8,500 | 0.0342% | |
| JEA (INT) | 32,652 | 1.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 1.0209 | 1.0356 | 1.0645 | 33,333 | 0 | 0 | 33,333 | 0.1342% | |
| LCEC | 791,703 | 1.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 1.0209 | 1.0356 | 1.0645 | 808,230 | 0 | 0 | 808,230 | 3.2535% | |
| MOORE HAVEN | 571 | 1.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 1.0209 | 1.0356 | 1.0645 | 583 | 0 | 0 | 583 | 0.0023% | |
| NEW SMYRNA BCH | 0 | 1.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 1.0209 | 1.0356 | 1.0645 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0.0000% | |
| NEW SMYRNA BCH (INT) | 0 | 1.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 1.0209 | 1.0356 | 1.0645 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0.0000% | |
| NEW SMYRNA BCH (PEAK) | 0 | 1.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 1.0209 | 1.0356 | 1.0645 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0.0000% | |
| QUINCY | 3,102 | 1.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 1.0209 | 1.0356 | 1.0645 | 3,167 | 0 | 0 | 3,167 | 0.0127% | |
| WAUCHULA | 1,877 | 1.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 1.0209 | 1.0356 | 1.0645 | 1,917 | 0 | 0 | 1,917 | 0.0077% | |
| TRANS-SERV | 1,324,575 | 1.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 1.0209 | 1.0356 | 1.0645 | 1,352,226 | 0 | 0 | 1,352,226 | 5.4434% | |
| TOTAL WHOLESALE | 2,370,571 | | | | | | | 2,420,056 | 0 | 0 | 2,420,056 | 9.7419% | |
| TOTAL FPL (CONSOLIDATED) | 23,459,788 | | | | | | | 2,754,234 | 521,330 | 21,566,089 | 24,841,653 | 100.0000% | |
| JURIS SEPARATION FACTOR | | | | | | | | | | | | 0.902581 | |

JURISDICTIONAL SEPARATION STUDY AND RETAIL COST OF SERVICE STUDY
E104 - DISTRIBUTION: Group Non-Coincident Peak (GNCP) Demand
December 2022 - Test Year

| RATE CLASS | MAX GNCP | VOLTAGE LEVEL % - DEMAND | | LOSS EXPANSION FACTORS | | MAX GNCP @ GENERATION | | | % OF TOTAL | |
|---------------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------|--------|------------------------|--------|-----------------------|-------------------|-------------------|------------------|------------------|
| | @ METER | PRIMARY | SECOND | PRIMARY | SECOND | PRIMARY | SECOND | TOTAL | SYSTEM | RETAIL |
| CILC-1D | 365,657 | 0.4237 | 0.5763 | 1.0356 | 1.0645 | 160,435 | 224,336 | 384,770 | 1.4304% | 1.4304% |
| CILC-1G | 17,146 | 0.0180 | 0.9820 | 1.0356 | 1.0645 | 319 | 17,924 | 18,243 | 0.0678% | 0.0678% |
| CILC-1T | 215,303 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 1.0356 | 1.0645 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0.0000% | 0.0000% |
| GS(T)-1 | 1,826,099 | 0.0000 | 1.0000 | 1.0356 | 1.0645 | 0 | 1,943,970 | 1,943,970 | 7.2268% | 7.2268% |
| GSCU-1 | 9,315 | 0.0000 | 1.0000 | 1.0356 | 1.0645 | 0 | 9,916 | 9,916 | 0.0369% | 0.0369% |
| GSD(T)-1 | 5,074,617 | 0.0035 | 0.9965 | 1.0356 | 1.0645 | 18,275 | 5,383,387 | 5,401,662 | 20.0810% | 20.0810% |
| GSLD(T)-1 | 1,948,749 | 0.0585 | 0.9415 | 1.0356 | 1.0645 | 118,034 | 1,953,199 | 2,071,233 | 7.6999% | 7.6999% |
| GSLD(T)-2 | 582,880 | 0.4306 | 0.5694 | 1.0356 | 1.0645 | 259,943 | 353,286 | 613,229 | 2.2797% | 2.2797% |
| GSLD(T)-3 | 167,361 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 1.0356 | 1.0645 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0.0000% | 0.0000% |
| MET | 15,793 | 1.0000 | 0.0000 | 1.0356 | 1.0645 | 16,355 | 0 | 16,355 | 0.0608% | 0.0608% |
| OL-1 | 24,408 | 0.0000 | 1.0000 | 1.0356 | 1.0645 | 0 | 25,984 | 25,984 | 0.0966% | 0.0966% |
| OS-2 | 7,281 | 1.0000 | 0.0000 | 1.0356 | 1.0645 | 7,540 | 0 | 7,540 | 0.0280% | 0.0280% |
| RS(T)-1 | 15,259,164 | 0.0000 | 1.0000 | 1.0356 | 1.0645 | 0 | 16,244,112 | 16,244,112 | 60.3885% | 60.3885% |
| SL-1 | 121,913 | 0.0000 | 1.0000 | 1.0356 | 1.0645 | 0 | 129,782 | 129,782 | 0.4825% | 0.4825% |
| SL-1M | 7,342 | 0.0000 | 1.0000 | 1.0356 | 1.0645 | 0 | 7,816 | 7,816 | 0.0291% | 0.0291% |
| SL-2 | 6,497 | 0.0000 | 1.0000 | 1.0356 | 1.0645 | 0 | 6,916 | 6,916 | 0.0257% | 0.0257% |
| SL-2M | 486 | 0.0000 | 1.0000 | 1.0356 | 1.0645 | 0 | 518 | 518 | 0.0019% | 0.0019% |
| SST-DST | 16,698 | 1.0000 | 0.0000 | 1.0356 | 1.0645 | 17,291 | 0 | 17,291 | 0.0643% | 0.0643% |
| SST-TST | 46,871 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 1.0356 | 1.0645 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0.0000% | 0.0000% |
| TOTAL RETAIL | 25,713,581 | | | | | 598,192 | 26,301,146 | 26,899,338 | 100.0000% | 100.0000% |
| FKEC | 162,051 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 1.0356 | 1.0645 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0.0000% | 0.0000% |
| FPUC (INT) | 14,001 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 1.0356 | 1.0645 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0.0000% | 0.0000% |
| FPUC (PEAK) | 31,054 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 1.0356 | 1.0645 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0.0000% | 0.0000% |
| G - FPU (INT) | 31,001 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 1.0356 | 1.0645 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0.0000% | 0.0000% |
| G - FPU (PEAK) | 31,535 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 1.0356 | 1.0645 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0.0000% | 0.0000% |
| HOMESTEAD | 25,001 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 1.0356 | 1.0645 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0.0000% | 0.0000% |
| HOMESTEAD (INT) | 51,001 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 1.0356 | 1.0645 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0.0000% | 0.0000% |
| JEA (INT) | 200,001 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 1.0356 | 1.0645 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0.0000% | 0.0000% |
| LCEC | 1,032,548 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 1.0356 | 1.0645 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0.0000% | 0.0000% |
| MOORE HAVEN | 4,001 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 1.0356 | 1.0645 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0.0000% | 0.0000% |
| NEW SMRYNA BCH | 0 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 1.0356 | 1.0645 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0.0000% | 0.0000% |
| NEW SMRYNA BCH (INT) | 0 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 1.0356 | 1.0645 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0.0000% | 0.0000% |
| NEW SMRYNA BCH (PEAK) | 0 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 1.0356 | 1.0645 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0.0000% | 0.0000% |
| QUINCY | 19,001 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 1.0356 | 1.0645 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0.0000% | 0.0000% |
| WAUCHULA | 14,001 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 1.0356 | 1.0645 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0.0000% | 0.0000% |
| TOTAL WHOLESALE | 1,615,196 | | | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0.0000% | 0.0000% |
| TOTAL FPL (CONSOLIDATED) | 27,328,777 | | | | | 598,192 | 26,301,146 | 26,899,338 | 100.0000% | 100.0000% |
| JURIS SEPARATION FACTOR | | | | | | | | | 1.000000 | |

JURISDICTIONAL SEPARATION STUDY
SEP - Internal Factors Based on External Factors
December 2022 - Test Year

| | ALLOCATOR | COMPANY PER BOOKS | SEPARATION FACTOR | JURISDICTIONAL | INTERNAL SEPARATION FACTOR |
|--|-----------|-------------------|-------------------|----------------|----------------------------|
| 1900-LABOR-EXC-A&G | | | | | |
| L_INC100000 - STEAM O&M PAY - OPERAT SUPERV & ENG | BLENDED | 1,153,822 | 0.958418 | 1,105,843 | |
| L_INC101210 - STEAM O&M PAY - FUEL - NON RECOVERABLE OIL | BLENDED | 164,993 | 0.953607 | 157,339 | |
| L_INC102000 - STEAM O&M PAY - STEAM EXPENSES | BLENDED | 2,376,106 | 0.959293 | 2,279,382 | |
| L_INC105000 - STEAM O&M PAY - ELECTRIC EXPENSES | BLENDED | 1,817,598 | 0.959284 | 1,743,591 | |
| L_INC106000 - STEAM O&M PAY - MISC STEAM POWER EXPENSES | BLENDED | 5,840,834 | 0.957388 | 5,591,944 | |
| L_INC110000 - STEAM O&M PAY - MAINT SUPERV & ENG | BLENDED | 1,035,263 | 0.957988 | 991,770 | |
| L_INC111000 - STEAM O&M PAY - MAINT OF STRUCTURES | BLENDED | 1,588,766 | 0.958673 | 1,523,106 | |
| L_INC112000 - STEAM O&M PAY - MAINT OF BOILER PLANT | BLENDED | 2,625,296 | 0.958057 | 2,515,182 | |
| L_INC113000 - STEAM O&M PAY - MAINT OF ELECTRIC PLANT | BLENDED | 1,275,054 | 0.955331 | 1,218,098 | |
| L_INC114000 - STEAM O&M PAY - MAINT OF MISC STEAM PLT | BLENDED | 575,362 | 0.958846 | 551,684 | |
| L_INC117000 - NUCLEAR O&M PAY - OPER SUPERV & ENG | BLENDED | 44,383,699 | 0.959454 | 42,584,109 | |
| L_INC119000 - NUCLEAR O&M PAY - COOLANTS AND WATER | BLENDED | 3,150,377 | 0.959647 | 3,023,250 | |
| L_INC120000 - NUCLEAR O&M PAY - STEAM EXPENSES | BLENDED | 44,301,329 | 0.959491 | 42,506,743 | |
| L_INC123000 - NUCLEAR O&M PAY - ELECTRIC EXP | BLENDED | 453 | 0.959307 | 434 | |
| L_INC124000 - NUCLEAR O&M PAY - MISC NUCLEAR POWER EXP | BLENDED | 33,952,424 | 0.958782 | 32,552,981 | |
| L_INC128000 - NUCLEAR O&M PAY - MAINT SUPERVISION & ENGINEERING | BLENDED | 197,627,071 | 0.959125 | 189,549,048 | |
| L_INC129000 - NUCLEAR O&M PAY - MAINT OF STRUCTURES | BLENDED | 163,170 | 0.959371 | 156,541 | |
| L_INC130000 - NUCLEAR O&M PAY - MAINT OF REACTOR PLANT | BLENDED | 75,875 | 0.960488 | 72,877 | |
| L_INC131000 - NUCLEAR O&M PAY - MAINT OF ELECTRIC PLANT | BLENDED | 539,172 | 0.959799 | 517,497 | |
| L_INC132000 - NUCLEAR O&M PAY - MAINT OF MISC NUCLEAR PLANT | BLENDED | 1,314 | 0.960592 | 1,263 | |
| L_INC146000 - OTH PWR O&M PAY - OPERAT SUPERV & ENG | BLENDED | 13,594,628 | 0.955052 | 12,983,578 | |
| L_INC147200 - OTH PWR O&M PAY - FUEL N- RECOV EMISSIONS FEE | BLENDED | 3,455,295 | 0.946412 | 3,270,134 | |
| L_INC148000 - OTH PWR O&M PAY- GENERATION EXPENSES | BLENDED | 10,164,639 | 0.954839 | 9,705,590 | |
| L_INC149000 - OTH PWR O&M PAY - MISC OTHER POWER GENERATION EXPENSES | BLENDED | 22,521,800 | 0.955252 | 21,513,987 | |
| L_INC151000 - OTH PWR O&M PAY - MAINT SUPERV & ENG | BLENDED | 8,603,614 | 0.951783 | 8,188,773 | |
| L_INC152000 - OTH PWR O&M PAY - MAINT OF STRUCTURES | BLENDED | 20,897,041 | 0.954161 | 19,939,149 | |
| L_INC153000 - OTH PWR O&M PAY - MAINT GENERATING & ELECTRIC PLANT | BLENDED | 16,551,151 | 0.947941 | 15,689,522 | |
| L_INC154000 - OTH PWR O&M PAY - MAINT MISC OTHER PWR GENERAT | BLENDED | 3,278,434 | 0.948427 | 3,109,357 | |
| L_INC156000 - OTH PWR O&M PAY - SYSTEM CONTROL & LOAD DISPATCH | I340 | 868,289 | 0.955404 | 829,566 | |
| L_INC157000 - OTH PWR O&M PAY - OTHER EXPENSES LOC 955 | I340 | 1,511,611 | 0.955404 | 1,444,198 | |
| L_INC260010 - TRANS O&M PAY - OPERATION SUPERV & ENGINEERING | E101 | 4,959,832 | 0.902581 | 4,476,649 | |
| L_INC261000 - TRANS O&M PAY - LOAD DISPATCHING | E101 | 3,086,033 | 0.902581 | 2,785,394 | |
| L_INC262000 - TRANS O&M PAY - STATION EXPENSES | E101 | 1,241,846 | 0.902581 | 1,120,866 | |
| L_INC263000 - TRANS O&M PAY - OVERHEAD LINE EXPENSES | E101 | 61,150 | 0.902581 | 55,192 | |
| L_INC266000 - TRANS O&M PAY - MISC TRANSMISSION EXPENSES | E101 | 3,961,791 | 0.902581 | 3,575,836 | |
| L_INC268010 - TRANS O&M PAY - MAINT SUPERV & ENG | E101 | 1,964,589 | 0.902581 | 1,773,200 | |
| L_INC269000 - TRANS O&M PAY - MAINT OF STRUCTURES | E101 | 3,239,591 | 0.902581 | 2,923,992 | |
| L_INC270000 - TRANS O&M PAY - MAINT OF STATION EQ | E101 | 1,467,189 | 0.902581 | 1,324,256 | |

JURISDICTIONAL SEPARATION STUDY
SEP - Internal Factors Based on External Factors
December 2022 - Test Year

| | ALLOCATOR | COMPANY PER BOOKS | SEPARATION FACTOR | JURISDICTIONAL | INTERNAL SEPARATION FACTOR |
|---|-----------|--------------------|-------------------|--------------------|----------------------------|
| L_INC271000 - TRANS O&M PAY - MAINT OF OVERHEAD LINES | E101 | 1,366,419 | 0.902581 | 1,233,304 | |
| L_INC272000 - TRANS O&M PAY - MAINT UNDERGROUND LINES | E101 | 16,452 | 0.902581 | 14,850 | |
| L_INC380000 - DIST O&M PAY - OPERATION SUPERVISION AND ENGINEERING | E104 | 25,026,141 | 1.000000 | 25,026,141 | |
| L_INC381000 - DIST O&M PAY - LOAD DISPATCHING | E104 | 4,523,619 | 1.000000 | 4,523,619 | |
| L_INC382000 - DIST O&M PAY - SUBSTATION EXPENSES | E104 | 814,990 | 1.000000 | 814,990 | |
| L_INC383000 - DIST O&M PAY - OVERHEAD LINE EXPENSES | I365T | 4,971,521 | 1.000000 | 4,971,521 | |
| L_INC384000 - DIST O&M PAY - UNDERGROUND LINE EXP | I367T | 1,622,213 | 1.000000 | 1,622,213 | |
| L_INC385000 - DIST O&M PAY - STREET LIGHTING AND SIGNAL SYSTEM EXPENSES | E508 | 1,752,435 | 1.000000 | 1,752,435 | |
| L_INC386000 - DIST O&M PAY - METER EXPENSES | E325 | (947,124) | 0.996349 | (943,666) | |
| L_INC387000 - DIST O&M PAY - CUSTOMER INSTALLATIONS EXP | E309 | 1,116,576 | 1.000000 | 1,116,576 | |
| L_INC388000 - DIST O&M PAY - MISC DISTRIBUTION EXPENSES | E104 | 26,519,128 | 1.000000 | 26,519,128 | |
| L_INC390000 - DIST O&M PAY - MAINT SUPERV & ENG | E104 | 16,712,775 | 1.000000 | 16,712,775 | |
| L_INC391000 - DIST O&M PAY - MAINT OF STRUCTURES | E104 | 1,984 | 1.000000 | 1,984 | |
| L_INC392000 - DIST O&M PAY - MAINT OF STATION EQ | E104 | 3,110,512 | 1.000000 | 3,110,512 | |
| L_INC393000 - DIST O&M PAY - MAINT OF OVERHEAD LINES | I365T | 24,700,469 | 1.000000 | 24,700,469 | |
| L_INC394000 - DIST O&M PAY - MAINT UNDERGROUND LINES | I367T | 10,499,962 | 1.000000 | 10,499,962 | |
| L_INC395000 - DIST O&M PAY - MAINT OF LINE TRANSFORMERS | E104 | 18,268 | 1.000000 | 18,268 | |
| L_INC396000 - DIST O&M PAY - MAINT OF STREET LIGHTING & SIGNAL SYSTEMS | E508 | 4,208,675 | 1.000000 | 4,208,675 | |
| L_INC397000 - DIST O&M PAY - MAINT OF METERS | E325 | 3,605,912 | 0.996349 | 3,592,747 | |
| L_INC398000 - DIST O&M PAY - MAINT OF MISC DISTRI PLT | E104 | 17,274 | 1.000000 | 17,274 | |
| L_INC401000 - CUST ACCT O&M PAY - SUPERVISION | I540 | 5,570,046 | 0.999978 | 5,569,923 | |
| L_INC402000 - CUST ACCT O&M PAY - METER READING EXP | E330 | 14,936,781 | 0.999995 | 14,936,705 | |
| L_INC403000 - CUST ACCT O&M PAY - CUST REC & COLLECT | E356 | 41,341,974 | 1.000000 | 41,341,974 | |
| L_INC407000 - CUST SERV & INFO PAY - SUPERVISION | E356 | 124,688 | 1.000000 | 124,688 | |
| L_INC408000 - CUST SERV & INFO PAY - CUST ASSIST EXP | E356 | 11,093,092 | 1.000000 | 11,093,092 | |
| L_INC409000 - CUST SERV & INFO PAY - INFO & INST ADV - GENERAL | E356 | 2,067 | 1.000000 | 2,067 | |
| L_INC410000 - CUST SERV & INFO PAY - MISC CUST SERV & INF | E356 | 5,226,321 | 1.000000 | 5,226,321 | |
| L_INC510000 - DEMONSTRATING AND SELLING EXPENSES | E356 | 235,560 | 1.000000 | 235,560 | |
| L_INC516000 - MISC AND SELLING EXPENSES | E356 | 578,265 | 1.000000 | 578,265 | |
| Total I900-LABOR-EXC-A&G | | 672,843,496 | | 651,974,298 | 0.968984 |

JURISDICTIONAL SEPARATION STUDY AND RETAIL COST OF SERVICE STUDY
E104 - DISTRIBUTION: Group Non-Coincident Peak (GNCP) Demand
December 2022 - Test Year

| RATE CLASS | MAX GNCP | VOLTAGE LEVEL % - DEMAND | | LOSS EXPANSION FACTORS | | MAX GNCP @ GENERATION | | | % OF TOTAL | |
|--------------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------|--------|------------------------|--------|-----------------------|-------------------|-------------------|------------------|------------------|
| | @ METER | PRIMARY | SECOND | PRIMARY | SECOND | PRIMARY | SECOND | TOTAL | SYSTEM | RETAIL |
| CILC-1D | 368,776 | 0.4203 | 0.5797 | 1.0367 | 1.0638 | 160,696 | 227,406 | 388,102 | 1.5736% | 1.5736% |
| CILC-1G | 16,979 | 0.0194 | 0.9806 | 1.0367 | 1.0638 | 341 | 17,711 | 18,053 | 0.0732% | 0.0732% |
| CILC-1T | 213,040 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 1.0367 | 1.0638 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0.0000% | 0.0000% |
| GS(T)-1 | 1,697,958 | 0.0000 | 1.0000 | 1.0367 | 1.0638 | 0 | 1,806,245 | 1,806,245 | 7.3236% | 7.3236% |
| GSCU-1 | 9,326 | 0.0000 | 1.0000 | 1.0367 | 1.0638 | 0 | 9,921 | 9,921 | 0.0402% | 0.0402% |
| GSD(T)-1 | 4,562,545 | 0.0032 | 0.9968 | 1.0367 | 1.0638 | 15,024 | 4,838,103 | 4,853,127 | 19.6776% | 19.6776% |
| GSLD(T)-1 | 1,839,915 | 0.0355 | 0.9645 | 1.0367 | 1.0638 | 67,756 | 1,887,731 | 1,955,487 | 7.9287% | 7.9287% |
| GSLD(T)-2 | 426,083 | 0.3971 | 0.6029 | 1.0367 | 1.0638 | 175,425 | 273,255 | 448,680 | 1.8192% | 1.8192% |
| GSLD(T)-3 | 38,600 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 1.0367 | 1.0638 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0.0000% | 0.0000% |
| MET | 15,184 | 1.0000 | 0.0000 | 1.0367 | 1.0638 | 15,741 | 0 | 15,741 | 0.0638% | 0.0638% |
| OL-1 | 24,408 | 0.0000 | 1.0000 | 1.0367 | 1.0638 | 0 | 25,965 | 25,965 | 0.1053% | 0.1053% |
| OS-2 | 8,008 | 1.0000 | 0.0000 | 1.0367 | 1.0638 | 8,303 | 0 | 8,303 | 0.0337% | 0.0337% |
| RS(T)-1 | 14,112,240 | 0.0000 | 1.0000 | 1.0367 | 1.0638 | 0 | 15,012,240 | 15,012,240 | 60.8688% | 60.8688% |
| SL-1 | 98,933 | 0.0000 | 1.0000 | 1.0367 | 1.0638 | 0 | 105,242 | 105,242 | 0.4267% | 0.4267% |
| SL-1M | 7,107 | 0.0000 | 1.0000 | 1.0367 | 1.0638 | 0 | 7,560 | 7,560 | 0.0307% | 0.0307% |
| SL-2 | 6,225 | 0.0000 | 1.0000 | 1.0367 | 1.0638 | 0 | 6,621 | 6,621 | 0.0268% | 0.0268% |
| SL-2M | 482 | 0.0000 | 1.0000 | 1.0367 | 1.0638 | 0 | 513 | 513 | 0.0021% | 0.0021% |
| SST-DST | 1,392 | 0.6852 | 0.3148 | 1.0367 | 1.0638 | 989 | 466 | 1,455 | 0.0059% | 0.0059% |
| SST-TST | 41,340 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 1.0367 | 1.0638 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0.0000% | 0.0000% |
| TOTAL RETAIL | 23,488,541 | | | | | 444,276 | 24,218,980 | 24,663,256 | 100.0000% | 100.0000% |
| FKEC | 162,051 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 1.0367 | 1.0638 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0.0000% | |
| FPUC (INT) | 14,001 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 1.0367 | 1.0638 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0.0000% | |
| FPUC (PEAK) | 31,054 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 1.0367 | 1.0638 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0.0000% | |
| HOMESTEAD | 25,001 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 1.0367 | 1.0638 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0.0000% | |
| HOMESTEAD (INT) | 51,001 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 1.0367 | 1.0638 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0.0000% | |
| JEA (INT) | 200,001 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 1.0367 | 1.0638 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0.0000% | |
| LCEC | 1,032,548 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 1.0367 | 1.0638 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0.0000% | |
| MOORE HAVEN | 4,001 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 1.0367 | 1.0638 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0.0000% | |
| NEW SMYRNA BCH | 0 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 1.0367 | 1.0638 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0.0000% | |
| NEW SMYRNA BCH (INT) | 0 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 1.0367 | 1.0638 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0.0000% | |
| NEW SMYRNA BCH (PEAK) | 0 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 1.0367 | 1.0638 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0.0000% | |
| QUINCY | 19,001 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 1.0367 | 1.0638 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0.0000% | |
| WAUCHULA | 14,001 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 1.0367 | 1.0638 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0.0000% | |
| TOTAL WHOLESAL | 1,552,661 | | | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0.0000% | |
| TOTAL FPL | 25,041,202 | | | | | 444,276 | 24,218,980 | 24,663,256 | 100.0000% | |
| JURIS SEPARATION FACTOR | | | | | | | | | 1.00000 | |

JURISDICTIONAL SEPARATION STUDY
SEP - Internal Factors Based on External Factors
December 2022 - Test Year

| | ALLOCATOR | COMPANY PER BOOKS | SEPARATION FACTOR | JURISDICTIONAL | INTERNAL SEPARATION FACTOR |
|--|-----------|-------------------|-------------------|----------------|----------------------------|
| 1900-LABOR-EXC-A&G | | | | | |
| L_INC100000 - STEAM O&M PAY - OPERAT SUPERV & ENG | BLEND | 338,039 | 0.954775 | 322,751 | |
| L_INC101210 - STEAM O&M PAY - FUEL - NON RECOVERABLE OIL | BLEND | 78,690 | 0.944126 | 74,293 | |
| L_INC102000 - STEAM O&M PAY - STEAM EXPENSES | BLEND | 382,273 | 0.955993 | 365,450 | |
| L_INC105000 - STEAM O&M PAY - ELECTRIC EXPENSES | BLEND | 203,187 | 0.955955 | 194,238 | |
| L_INC106000 - STEAM O&M PAY - MISC STEAM POWER EXPENSES | BLEND | 5,648,756 | 0.953901 | 5,388,353 | |
| L_INC110000 - STEAM O&M PAY - MAINT SUPERV & ENG | BLEND | 209,834 | 0.952978 | 199,968 | |
| L_INC111000 - STEAM O&M PAY - MAINT OF STRUCTURES | BLEND | 473,007 | 0.954579 | 451,523 | |
| L_INC112000 - STEAM O&M PAY - MAINT OF BOILER PLANT | BLEND | 1,235,599 | 0.952825 | 1,177,310 | |
| L_INC113000 - STEAM O&M PAY - MAINT OF ELECTRIC PLANT | BLEND | 699,977 | 0.946835 | 662,763 | |
| L_INC114000 - STEAM O&M PAY - MAINT OF MISC STEAM PLT | BLEND | 130,028 | 0.954730 | 124,142 | |
| L_INC117000 - NUCLEAR O&M PAY - OPER SUPERV & ENG | BLEND | 44,383,699 | 0.956092 | 42,434,884 | |
| L_INC119000 - NUCLEAR O&M PAY - COOLANTS AND WATER | BLEND | 3,150,377 | 0.956207 | 3,012,413 | |
| L_INC120000 - NUCLEAR O&M PAY - STEAM EXPENSES | BLEND | 44,301,329 | 0.956114 | 42,357,127 | |
| L_INC123000 - NUCLEAR O&M PAY - ELECTRIC EXP | BLEND | 453 | 0.956004 | 433 | |
| L_INC124000 - NUCLEAR O&M PAY - MISC NUCLEAR POWER EXP | BLEND | 33,952,424 | 0.955690 | 32,447,996 | |
| L_INC128000 - NUCLEAR O&M PAY - MAINT SUPERVISION & ENGINEERING | BLEND | 197,627,071 | 0.955240 | 188,781,360 | |
| L_INC129000 - NUCLEAR O&M PAY - MAINT OF STRUCTURES | BLEND | 163,170 | 0.956042 | 155,998 | |
| L_INC130000 - NUCLEAR O&M PAY - MAINT OF REACTOR PLANT | BLEND | 75,875 | 0.956482 | 72,573 | |
| L_INC131000 - NUCLEAR O&M PAY - MAINT OF ELECTRIC PLANT | BLEND | 539,172 | 0.955855 | 515,370 | |
| L_INC132000 - NUCLEAR O&M PAY - MAINT OF MISC NUCLEAR PLANT | BLEND | 1,314 | 0.956577 | 1,257 | |
| L_INC146000 - OTH PWR O&M PAY - OPERAT SUPERV & ENG | BLEND | 11,651,898 | 0.952874 | 11,102,795 | |
| L_INC147200 - OTH PWR O&M PAY - FUEL N- RECOV EMISSIONS FEE | BLEND | 3,434,834 | 0.943648 | 3,241,274 | |
| L_INC148000 - OTH PWR O&M PAY- GENERATION EXPENSES | BLEND | 9,036,546 | 0.952932 | 8,611,213 | |
| L_INC149000 - OTH PWR O&M PAY - MISC OTHER POWER GENERATION EXPENSES | BLEND | 21,250,745 | 0.953177 | 20,255,715 | |
| L_INC151000 - OTH PWR O&M PAY - MAINT SUPERV & ENG | BLEND | 7,690,371 | 0.947807 | 7,288,985 | |
| L_INC152000 - OTH PWR O&M PAY - MAINT OF STRUCTURES | BLEND | 18,338,874 | 0.952563 | 17,468,927 | |
| L_INC153000 - OTH PWR O&M PAY - MAINT GENERATING & ELECTRIC PLANT | BLEND | 18,723,679 | 0.944376 | 17,682,198 | |
| L_INC154000 - OTH PWR O&M PAY - MAINT MISC OTHER PWR GENERAT | BLEND | 2,785,507 | 0.945590 | 2,633,948 | |
| L_INC156000 - OTH PWR O&M PAY - SYSTEM CONTROL & LOAD DISPATCH | I340 | 855,316 | 0.953440 | 815,493 | |
| L_INC157000 - OTH PWR O&M PAY - OTHER EXPENSES LOC 955 | I340 | 1,476,225 | 0.953440 | 1,407,493 | |
| L_INC260010 - TRANS O&M PAY - OPERATION SUPERV & ENGINEERING | E101 | 6,664,445 | 0.901706 | 6,009,372 | |
| L_INC261000 - TRANS O&M PAY - LOAD DISPATCHING | E101 | 3,056,457 | 0.901706 | 2,756,027 | |
| L_INC262000 - TRANS O&M PAY - STATION EXPENSES | E101 | 309,127 | 0.901706 | 278,742 | |
| L_INC263000 - TRANS O&M PAY - OVERHEAD LINE EXPENSES | E101 | 53,489 | 0.901706 | 48,231 | |
| L_INC266000 - TRANS O&M PAY - MISC TRANSMISSION EXPENSES | E101 | 4,000,408 | 0.901706 | 3,607,193 | |
| L_INC268010 - TRANS O&M PAY - MAINT SUPERV & ENG | E101 | 1,390,790 | 0.901706 | 1,254,085 | |
| L_INC269000 - TRANS O&M PAY - MAINT OF STRUCTURES | E101 | 2,937,595 | 0.901706 | 2,648,848 | |
| L_INC270000 - TRANS O&M PAY - MAINT OF STATION EQ | E101 | 1,167,769 | 0.901706 | 1,052,985 | |

JURISDICTIONAL SEPARATION STUDY
SEP - Internal Factors Based on External Factors
December 2022 - Test Year

| | ALLOCATOR | COMPANY PER BOOKS | SEPARATION FACTOR | JURISDICTIONAL | INTERNAL SEPARATION FACTOR |
|---|-----------|--------------------|-------------------|--------------------|----------------------------|
| L_INC271000 - TRANS O&M PAY - MAINT OF OVERHEAD LINES | E101 | 1,161,291 | 0.901706 | 1,047,143 | |
| L_INC272000 - TRANS O&M PAY - MAINT UNDERGROUND LINES | E101 | 16,452 | 0.901706 | 14,835 | |
| L_INC380000 - DIST O&M PAY - OPERATION SUPERVISION AND ENGINEERING | E104 | 18,136,396 | 1.000000 | 18,136,396 | |
| L_INC382000 - DIST O&M PAY - SUBSTATION EXPENSES | E104 | 492,359 | 1.000000 | 492,359 | |
| L_INC383000 - DIST O&M PAY - OVERHEAD LINE EXPENSES | I365T | 3,028,150 | 1.000000 | 3,028,150 | |
| L_INC384000 - DIST O&M PAY - UNDERGROUND LINE EXP | I367T | 1,197,267 | 1.000000 | 1,197,267 | |
| L_INC385000 - DIST O&M PAY - STREET LIGHTING AND SIGNAL SYSTEM EXPENSES | E508 | 244,327 | 1.000000 | 244,327 | |
| L_INC386000 - DIST O&M PAY - METER EXPENSES | E325 | (9,261,016) | 0.996099 | (9,224,892) | |
| L_INC387000 - DIST O&M PAY - CUSTOMER INSTALLATIONS EXP | E309 | 898,377 | 1.000000 | 898,377 | |
| L_INC388000 - DIST O&M PAY - MISC DISTRIBUTION EXPENSES | E104 | 3,726,824 | 1.000000 | 3,726,824 | |
| L_INC390000 - DIST O&M PAY - MAINT SUPERV & ENG | E104 | 2,868,610 | 1.000000 | 2,868,610 | |
| L_INC392000 - DIST O&M PAY - MAINT OF STATION EQ | E104 | 2,837,257 | 1.000000 | 2,837,257 | |
| L_INC393000 - DIST O&M PAY - MAINT OF OVERHEAD LINES | I365T | 24,743,724 | 1.000000 | 24,743,724 | |
| L_INC394000 - DIST O&M PAY - MAINT UNDERGROUND LINES | I367T | 10,515,148 | 1.000000 | 10,515,148 | |
| L_INC395000 - DIST O&M PAY - MAINT OF LINE TRANSFORMERS | E104 | 4,026 | 1.000000 | 4,026 | |
| L_INC396000 - DIST O&M PAY - MAINT OF STREET LIGHTING & SIGNAL SYSTEMS | E508 | 4,401,985 | 1.000000 | 4,401,985 | |
| L_INC397000 - DIST O&M PAY - MAINT OF METERS | E325 | 3,420,168 | 0.996099 | 3,406,827 | |
| L_INC398000 - DIST O&M PAY - MAINT OF MISC DISTRI PLT | E104 | 17,274 | 1.000000 | 17,274 | |
| L_INC401000 - CUST ACCT O&M PAY - SUPERVISION | I540 | 5,570,838 | 0.999968 | 5,570,663 | |
| L_INC402000 - CUST ACCT O&M PAY - METER READING EXP | E330 | 15,472,095 | 0.999656 | 15,466,776 | |
| L_INC403000 - CUST ACCT O&M PAY - CUST REC & COLLECT | E356 | 33,819,709 | 1.000000 | 33,819,709 | |
| L_INC407000 - CUST SERV & INFO PAY - SUPERVISION | E356 | 361,379 | 1.000000 | 361,379 | |
| L_INC408000 - CUST SERV & INFO PAY - CUST ASSIST EXP | E356 | 1,333,604 | 1.000000 | 1,333,604 | |
| L_INC410000 - CUST SERV & INFO PAY - MISC CUST SERV & INF | E356 | 5,226,321 | 1.000000 | 5,226,321 | |
| L_INC516000 - MISC AND SELLING EXPENSES | E356 | 578,265 | 1.000000 | 578,265 | |
| Total I900-LABOR-EXC-A&G | | 579,229,179 | | 557,616,080 | 0.962686 |

JURISDICTIONAL SEPARATION STUDY AND RETAIL COST OF SERVICE STUDY
E101-TRANSMISSION: 12CPDemand
December 2022 - Test Year

| RATE CLASS | 12 CP - KW | VOLTAGE LEVEL % - DEMAND | | | LOSS EXPANSION FACTORS | | | 12 CP @ GENERATION - KW | | | | % OF TOTAL | |
|--------------------------------|------------------|--------------------------|---------|--------|------------------------|---------|--------|-------------------------|----------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|
| | @ METER | TRANS | PRIMARY | SECOND | TRANS | PRIMARY | SECOND | TRANS | PRIMARY | SECOND | TOTAL | SYSTEM | RETAIL |
| G - GS | 64,908 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 1.0000 | 1.0151 | 1.0253 | 1.0814 | 0 | 0 | 70,190 | 70,190 | 3.4009% | 3.4897% |
| G - GSD/GSDT | 402,324 | 0.0001 | 0.0048 | 0.9951 | 1.0151 | 1.0253 | 1.0814 | 31 | 1,979 | 432,945 | 434,955 | 21.0745% | 21.6252% |
| G - LP/LPT | 105,257 | 0.0000 | 0.3917 | 0.6083 | 1.0151 | 1.0253 | 1.0814 | 0 | 42,270 | 69,241 | 111,511 | 5.4030% | 5.5442% |
| G - Major Accts | 244,759 | 0.5167 | 0.2823 | 0.2010 | 1.0151 | 1.0253 | 1.0814 | 128,377 | 70,836 | 53,209 | 252,422 | 12.2304% | 12.5500% |
| G - OS | 12,760 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 1.0000 | 1.0151 | 1.0253 | 1.0814 | 0 | 0 | 13,798 | 13,798 | 0.6686% | 0.6860% |
| G - Residential | 1,041,666 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 1.0000 | 1.0151 | 1.0253 | 1.0814 | 0 | 0 | 1,126,436 | 1,126,436 | 54.5782% | 56.0046% |
| G - SBS | 1,986 | 0.9954 | 0.0046 | 0.0000 | 1.0151 | 1.0253 | 1.0814 | 2,007 | 9 | 0 | 2,016 | 0.0977% | 0.1002% |
| TOTAL RETAIL | 1,873,661 | | | | | | | 130,415 | 115,095 | 1,765,820 | 2,011,329 | 97.4531% | 100.0000% |
| G - FPU (INT) | 30,539 | 1.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 1.0151 | 1.0253 | 1.0814 | 31,000 | 0 | 0 | 31,000 | 1.5020% | |
| G - FPU (PEAK) | 21,244 | 1.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 1.0151 | 1.0253 | 1.0814 | 21,565 | 0 | 0 | 21,565 | 1.0449% | |
| TOTAL WHOLESAL | 51,783 | | | | | | | 52,565 | 0 | 0 | 52,565 | 2.5469% | |
| TOTAL GULF POWER | 1,925,444 | | | | | | | 182,980 | 115,095 | 1,765,820 | 2,063,895 | 100.0000% | |
| JURIS SEPARATION FACTOR | | | | | | | | | | | | 0.974531 | |

JURISDICTIONAL SEPARATION STUDY AND RETAIL COST OF SERVICE STUDY
E104 - DISTRIBUTION: Group Non-Coincident Peak (GNCP) Demand
December 2022 - Test Year

| RATE CLASS | MAX GNCP | VOLTAGE LEVEL % - DEMAND | | LOSS EXPANSION FACTORS | | MAX GNCP @ GENERATION | | | % OF TOTAL | |
|--------------------------------|------------------|--------------------------|--------|------------------------|--------|-----------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|
| | @ METER | PRIMARY | SECOND | PRIMARY | SECOND | PRIMARY | SECOND | TOTAL | SYSTEM | RETAIL |
| G - GS | 82,365 | 0.0000 | 1.0000 | 1.0253 | 1.0814 | 0 | 89,068 | 89,068 | 3.5995% | 3.5995% |
| G - GSD/GSDT | 511,035 | 0.0048 | 0.9951 | 1.0253 | 1.0814 | 2,514 | 549,930 | 552,444 | 22.3260% | 22.3260% |
| G - LP/LPT | 131,369 | 0.3917 | 0.6083 | 1.0253 | 1.0814 | 52,757 | 86,418 | 139,174 | 5.6245% | 5.6245% |
| G - Major Accts | 316,173 | 0.2823 | 0.2010 | 1.0253 | 1.0814 | 91,504 | 68,734 | 160,238 | 6.4757% | 6.4757% |
| G - OS | 31,000 | 0.0000 | 1.0000 | 1.0253 | 1.0814 | 0 | 33,523 | 33,523 | 1.3548% | 1.3548% |
| G - Residential | 1,386,870 | 0.0000 | 1.0000 | 1.0253 | 1.0814 | 0 | 1,499,733 | 1,499,733 | 60.6090% | 60.6090% |
| G - SBS | 54,737 | 0.0046 | 0.0000 | 1.0253 | 1.0814 | 259 | 0 | 259 | 0.0105% | 0.0105% |
| TOTAL RETAIL | 2,513,549 | | | | | 147,033 | 2,327,405 | 2,474,437 | 100.0000% | 100.0000% |
| G - FPU (INT) | 31,001 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 1.0253 | 1.0814 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0.0000% | |
| G - FPU (PEAK) | 32,278 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 1.0253 | 1.0814 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0.0000% | |
| TOTAL WHOLESALE | 63,279 | | | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0.0000% | |
| TOTAL GULF POWER | 2,576,828 | | | | | 147,033 | 2,327,405 | 2,474,437 | 100.0000% | |
| JURIS SEPARATION FACTOR | | | | | | | | | 1.00000 | |

JURISDICTIONAL SEPARATION STUDY
SEP - Internal Factors Based on External Factors
December 2022 - Test Year

| | ALLOCATOR | COMPANY PER BOOKS | SEPARATION FACTOR | JURISDICTIONAL | INTERNAL SEPARATION FACTOR |
|--|-----------|-------------------|-------------------|----------------|----------------------------|
| 1900-LABOR-EXC-A&G | | | | | |
| L_INC100000 - STEAM O&M PAY - OPERAT SUPERV & ENG | BLENDED | 964,091 | 0.999663 | 963,766 | |
| L_INC102000 - STEAM O&M PAY - STEAM EXPENSES | E102NS | 1,902,372 | 1.000000 | 1,902,372 | |
| L_INC105000 - STEAM O&M PAY - ELECTRIC EXPENSES | E102NS | 1,669,505 | 1.000000 | 1,669,505 | |
| L_INC106000 - STEAM O&M PAY - MISC STEAM POWER EXPENSES | BLENDED | 619,195 | 0.999608 | 618,952 | |
| L_INC110000 - STEAM O&M PAY - MAINT SUPERV & ENG | BLENDED | 950,796 | 1.000000 | 950,796 | |
| L_INC112000 - STEAM O&M PAY - MAINT OF BOILER PLANT | E202NS | 1,453,144 | 1.000000 | 1,453,144 | |
| L_INC113000 - STEAM O&M PAY - MAINT OF ELECTRIC PLANT | E202NS | 660,977 | 1.000000 | 660,977 | |
| L_INC114000 - STEAM O&M PAY - MAINT OF MISC STEAM PLT | E202NS | 36,554 | 1.000000 | 36,554 | |
| L_INC146000 - OTH PWR O&M PAY - OPERAT SUPERV & ENG | BLENDED | 2,464,478 | 0.994022 | 2,449,746 | |
| L_INC148000 - OTH PWR O&M PAY- GENERATION EXPENSES | BLENDED | 1,013,964 | 0.980294 | 993,984 | |
| L_INC149000 - OTH PWR O&M PAY - MISC OTHER POWER GENERATION EXPENSES | BLENDED | 1,078,008 | 0.990738 | 1,068,024 | |
| L_INC151000 - OTH PWR O&M PAY - MAINT SUPERV & ENG | BLENDED | 967,807 | 0.999139 | 966,974 | |
| L_INC152000 - OTH PWR O&M PAY - MAINT OF STRUCTURES | BLENDED | 897,772 | 0.975905 | 876,140 | |
| L_INC153000 - OTH PWR O&M PAY - MAINT GENERATING & ELECTRIC PLANT | BLENDED | 109,152 | 0.983688 | 107,372 | |
| L_INC260010 - TRANS O&M PAY - OPERATION SUPERV & ENGINEERING | E101 | 408,526 | 0.974531 | 398,121 | |
| L_INC261000 - TRANS O&M PAY - LOAD DISPATCHING | E101 | (48,455) | 0.974531 | (47,221) | |
| L_INC262000 - TRANS O&M PAY - STATION EXPENSES | E101 | 583,635 | 0.974531 | 568,771 | |
| L_INC263000 - TRANS O&M PAY - OVERHEAD LINE EXPENSES | E101 | 4,847 | 0.974531 | 4,724 | |
| L_INC266000 - TRANS O&M PAY - MISC TRANSMISSION EXPENSES | E101 | 14,706 | 0.974531 | 14,331 | |
| L_INC268010 - TRANS O&M PAY - MAINT SUPERV & ENG | E101 | 575,983 | 0.974531 | 561,313 | |
| L_INC269000 - TRANS O&M PAY - MAINT OF STRUCTURES | E101 | 224,894 | 0.974531 | 219,166 | |
| L_INC270000 - TRANS O&M PAY - MAINT OF STATION EQ | E101 | 451,242 | 0.974531 | 439,749 | |
| L_INC271000 - TRANS O&M PAY - MAINT OF OVERHEAD LINES | E101 | 185,902 | 0.974531 | 181,167 | |
| L_INC380000 - DIST O&M PAY - OPERATION SUPERVISION AND ENGINEERING | E104 | 6,945,699 | 1.000000 | 6,945,699 | |
| L_INC381000 - DIST O&M PAY - LOAD DISPATCHING | E104 | 544,173 | 1.000000 | 544,173 | |
| L_INC382000 - DIST O&M PAY - SUBSTATION EXPENSES | E104 | 90,510 | 1.000000 | 90,510 | |
| L_INC383000 - DIST O&M PAY - OVERHEAD LINE EXPENSES | I365T | 9,127,535 | 1.000000 | 9,127,535 | |
| L_INC384000 - DIST O&M PAY - UNDERGROUND LINE EXP | I367T | 256,500 | 1.000000 | 256,500 | |
| L_INC386000 - DIST O&M PAY - METER EXPENSES | E325 | 2,707,959 | 0.995969 | 2,697,043 | |
| L_INC387000 - DIST O&M PAY - CUSTOMER INSTALLATIONS EXP | E309 | 176,792 | 1.000000 | 176,792 | |
| L_INC388000 - DIST O&M PAY - MISC DISTRIBUTION EXPENSES | E104 | 1,715,966 | 1.000000 | 1,715,966 | |
| L_INC390000 - DIST O&M PAY - MAINT SUPERV & ENG | E104 | 1,656,868 | 1.000000 | 1,656,868 | |
| L_INC392000 - DIST O&M PAY - MAINT OF STATION EQ | E104 | 308,832 | 1.000000 | 308,832 | |
| L_INC393000 - DIST O&M PAY - MAINT OF OVERHEAD LINES | I365T | 699,969 | 1.000000 | 699,969 | |
| L_INC394000 - DIST O&M PAY - MAINT UNDERGROUND LINES | I367T | 341,457 | 1.000000 | 341,457 | |
| L_INC395000 - DIST O&M PAY - MAINT OF LINE TRANSFORMERS | E104 | 14,178 | 1.000000 | 14,178 | |
| L_INC396000 - DIST O&M PAY - MAINT OF STREET LIGHTING & SIGNAL SYSTEMS | E508 | 42,818 | 1.000000 | 42,818 | |
| L_INC397000 - DIST O&M PAY - MAINT OF METERS | E325 | (13,122) | 0.995969 | (13,069) | |

JURISDICTIONAL SEPARATION STUDY
SEP - Internal Factors Based on External Factors
December 2022 - Test Year

| | ALLOCATOR | COMPANY PER BOOKS | SEPARATION FACTOR | JURISDICTIONAL | INTERNAL SEPARATION FACTOR |
|--|-----------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|----------------------------|
| L_INC402000 - CUST ACCT O&M PAY - METER READING EXP | E330 | 10,597,073 | 0.999978 | 10,596,835 | |
| L_INC403000 - CUST ACCT O&M PAY - CUST REC & COLLECT | E356 | 2,803,806 | 1.000000 | 2,803,806 | |
| L_INC407000 - CUST SERV & INFO PAY - SUPERVISION | E356 | 730 | 1.000000 | 730 | |
| L_INC408000 - CUST SERV & INFO PAY - CUST ASSIST EXP | E356 | 10,255,640 | 1.000000 | 10,255,640 | |
| L_INC409000 - CUST SERV & INFO PAY - INFO & INST ADV - GENERAL | E356 | 2,067 | 1.000000 | 2,067 | |
| L_INC510000 - DEMONSTRATING AND SELLING EXPENSES | E356 | 241,892 | 1.000000 | 241,892 | |
| Total I900-LABOR-EXC-A&G | | 65,706,438 | | 65,564,668 | 0.997842 |

Exhibit RBD-1 Appendix V

Florida Power & Light Company
Combined Storm Protection Plan - Allocation of Implementation Costs 2021 Initial Projection

(in Dollars)

| | Projected January | Projected February | Projected March | Projected April | Projected May | Projected June | Projected July | Projected August | Projected September | Projected October | Projected November | Projected December |
|---|-----------------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|------------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| Distribution Programs Plant In Service | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Feeder Hardening - Distribution | \$13,804,649 | \$36,882,156 | \$67,899,189 | \$105,716,398 | \$147,913,807 | \$192,522,301 | \$238,039,899 | \$285,276,102 | \$333,610,447 | \$383,794,199 | \$433,605,982 | \$482,534,765 |
| Pole Inspections - Distribution | \$785,317 | \$2,135,794 | \$3,892,991 | \$5,942,888 | \$8,203,428 | \$10,615,559 | \$13,136,783 | \$15,736,517 | \$18,392,751 | \$21,089,646 | \$23,815,803 | \$27,529,439 |
| Substation Storm Surge/Flood Mitigation | \$232,685 | \$865,507 | \$1,786,292 | \$2,681,625 | \$3,558,643 | \$4,189,795 | \$4,644,008 | \$4,970,886 | \$5,322,468 | \$5,808,171 | \$6,390,396 | \$6,925,740 |
| Vegetation Management - Distribution | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| Lateral Hardening (Undergrounding) Distribution | \$3,746,643 | \$10,138,508 | \$20,016,172 | \$34,623,625 | \$51,050,684 | \$66,654,879 | \$81,632,624 | \$98,063,362 | \$115,425,204 | \$135,325,291 | \$153,284,197 | \$169,830,149 |
| Total Distribution Programs Plant In Service | \$18,569,294 | \$50,021,965 | \$93,594,644 | \$148,964,536 | \$210,726,561 | \$273,982,534 | \$337,453,314 | \$404,046,867 | \$472,750,871 | \$546,017,307 | \$617,096,377 | \$686,820,093 |
| Distribution Average Plant In Service | <u>\$321,670,364</u> | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Transmission Programs Plant In Service | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Structures/Other Equipment Inspections Transmission | \$307,015 | \$614,031 | \$921,046 | \$1,228,062 | \$1,535,077 | \$1,842,092 | \$2,149,108 | \$2,456,123 | \$2,763,139 | \$3,070,154 | \$3,377,169 | \$3,684,185 |
| Wood Structures Hardening (Replacing) Transmission | \$1,665,320 | \$4,418,379 | \$7,921,234 | \$11,996,668 | \$16,599,186 | \$22,172,254 | \$28,214,931 | \$34,545,938 | \$40,405,019 | \$45,916,306 | \$51,294,777 | \$56,379,189 |
| Vegetation Management - Transmission | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| Total Transmission Programs Plant In Service | \$1,972,335 | \$5,032,410 | \$8,842,280 | \$13,224,729 | \$18,134,263 | \$24,014,346 | \$30,364,039 | \$37,002,061 | \$43,168,157 | \$48,986,460 | \$54,671,946 | \$60,063,374 |
| Transmission Average Plant In Service | <u>\$28,789,700</u> | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Total Average Plant In Service | <u><u>\$350,460,064</u></u> | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Implementation Cost Allocated to Distribution % | 91.79% | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Implementation Cost Allocated to Transmission % | 8.21% | | | | | | | | | | | |

Florida Power & Light Company
Storm Protection Plan - Allocation of Implementation Costs 2021 Initial Projection

(in Dollars)

| | Projected January | Projected February | Projected March | Projected April | Projected May | Projected June | Projected July | Projected August | Projected September | Projected October | Projected November | Projected December |
|---|-----------------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|------------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| Distribution Programs Plant In Service | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Feeder Hardening - Distribution | \$12,607,078 | \$33,952,406 | \$63,000,487 | \$98,742,779 | \$138,648,616 | \$180,179,592 | \$222,272,212 | \$265,928,734 | \$311,301,283 | \$358,971,523 | \$406,467,044 | \$453,338,144 |
| Pole Inspections - Distribution | \$785,317 | \$2,135,794 | \$3,892,991 | \$5,942,888 | \$8,203,428 | \$10,615,559 | \$13,136,783 | \$15,736,517 | \$18,392,751 | \$21,089,646 | \$23,815,803 | \$26,563,018 |
| Substation Storm Surge/Flood Mitigation | \$232,685 | \$865,507 | \$1,786,292 | \$2,681,625 | \$3,558,643 | \$4,189,795 | \$4,644,008 | \$4,970,886 | \$5,322,468 | \$5,808,171 | \$6,390,396 | \$6,925,740 |
| Vegetation Management - Distribution | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| Lateral Hardening (Undergrounding) Distribution | \$3,558,516 | \$9,678,273 | \$19,246,635 | \$33,528,139 | \$49,595,215 | \$64,715,961 | \$79,155,676 | \$95,024,081 | \$111,920,655 | \$131,425,894 | \$149,020,939 | \$165,240,959 |
| Total Distribution Programs Plant In Service | \$17,183,597 | \$46,631,980 | \$87,926,405 | \$140,895,431 | \$200,005,902 | \$259,700,907 | \$319,208,679 | \$381,660,218 | \$446,937,156 | \$517,295,234 | \$585,694,181 | \$652,067,861 |
| Distribution Average Plant In Service | <u>\$304,600,629</u> | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Transmission Programs Plant In Service | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Structures/Other Equipment Inspections Transmission | \$307,015 | \$614,031 | \$921,046 | \$1,228,062 | \$1,535,077 | \$1,842,092 | \$2,149,108 | \$2,456,123 | \$2,763,139 | \$3,070,154 | \$3,377,169 | \$3,684,185 |
| Wood Structures Hardening (Replacing) Transmission | \$467,750 | \$1,488,628 | \$3,022,532 | \$5,023,049 | \$7,333,996 | \$9,829,544 | \$12,447,244 | \$15,198,570 | \$18,095,854 | \$21,093,630 | \$24,155,839 | \$27,182,568 |
| Vegetation Management - Transmission | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| Total Transmission Programs Plant In Service | \$774,765 | \$2,102,659 | \$3,943,578 | \$6,251,111 | \$8,869,073 | \$11,671,636 | \$14,596,352 | \$17,654,693 | \$20,858,993 | \$24,163,784 | \$27,533,008 | \$30,866,753 |
| Transmission Average Plant In Service | <u>\$14,107,200</u> | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Total Average Plant In Service | <u>\$318,707,830</u> | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Implementation Cost Allocated to Distribution % | 95.57% | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Implementation Cost Allocated to Transmission % | 4.43% | | | | | | | | | | | |

Exhibit RBD-2 Appendix I

FLORIDA POWER & LIGHT CO
Initial Projection
Projected Period: January through December 2022
Summary of Projected Period Recovery Amount
(in Dollars)

| Line | GCP Demand Distribution (\$) | 12 CP Demand Transmission (\$) | Total (\$) |
|---|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------|----------------------|
| 1.Total Jurisdictional Revenue Requirements for the Projected Period | | | |
| a.Overhead Hardening Programs (SPPCRC Form 2P, Line 14 + Form 3P, Line 13) | \$99,202,251 | \$8,704,031 | \$107,906,282 |
| b.Undergrounding Programs (SPPCRC Form 2P, Line 16 + Form 3P, Line 14) | \$38,189,954 | \$0 | \$38,189,954 |
| c.Vegetation Management Programs (SPPCRC Form 2P, Line 15) | \$60,337,555 | \$8,074,182 | \$68,411,737 |
| d.mplementation Costs (SPPCRC Form 2P, Line 17 + Form 3P, Line 15) | \$523,482 | \$24,244 | \$547,726 |
| 2.Total Projected Period Rev. Req. | <u>\$198,253,242</u> | <u>\$16,802,458</u> | <u>\$215,055,700</u> |
| 2.Estimated True up of Over/(Under) Recovery for the Current Period (SPPCRC Form 1E, Line 7) | \$694,746 | \$48,104 | \$742,850 |
| 3.Final True Up of Over/(Under) Recovery for the Prior Period (SPPCRC Form 1A, Line 7) | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| 4.Jurisdictional Amount to Recovered/(Refunded) (Line 1e - Line 2 - Line 3) | \$197,558,496 | \$16,754,354 | \$214,312,850 |
| 5.Jurisdictional Amount to Recovered/(Refunded) Adjusted for Taxes | <u>\$197,700,738</u> | <u>\$16,766,417</u> | <u>\$214,467,156</u> |
| Revenue Tax Multiplier | 1.00072 | | |

Notes: (a) FPL does not classify any transmission or distribution costs as energy related

FLORIDA POWER & LIGHT CO
Initial Projection
Period: January through December 2022
Calculation of Annual Revenue Requirements for O Programs (in Dollars)

| O&M Activities | T/D | Projection | | | | | | | | | | | | End of Period | Method of Classification | | | | |
|---|-----|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|---------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------------|-------------|-----|
| | | Jan | Feb | Mar | Apr | May | Jun | Jul | Aug | Sep | Oct | Nov | Dec | | Total | Distribution GCP Demand | Transmission 12 CP Demand | Total | |
| 1 Overhead Hardening O&M Programs | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1. Feeder Hardening - Distribution | | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| 2. Pole Inspections - Distribution | D | \$325,540 | \$320,579 | \$327,157 | \$350,448 | \$324,661 | \$324,201 | \$321,516 | \$327,410 | \$324,523 | \$321,141 | \$320,981 | \$329,516 | \$3,917,673 | \$3,917,673 | \$0 | \$0 | \$3,917,673 | |
| 3. Structures/Other Equipment Inspections Transmission | T | \$80,000 | \$85,000 | \$90,000 | \$85,000 | \$85,000 | \$85,000 | \$85,000 | \$85,000 | \$85,000 | \$85,000 | \$85,000 | \$85,000 | \$1,020,000 | \$0 | \$919,740 | \$919,740 | | |
| 4. Wood Structures Hardening (Replacing) Transmission | T | \$19,260 | \$19,259 | \$19,254 | \$19,254 | \$19,256 | \$19,255 | \$19,255 | \$19,256 | \$19,256 | \$19,255 | \$19,254 | \$20,708 | \$232,521 | \$0 | \$209,666 | \$209,666 | | |
| 5. Substation Storm Surge/Flood Mitigation | | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | |
| 1.a Subtotal of Overhead Hardening Programs - O&M | | \$424,800 | \$424,838 | \$436,412 | \$454,703 | \$428,916 | \$428,456 | \$425,771 | \$431,666 | \$428,779 | \$425,396 | \$425,234 | \$435,224 | \$5,170,194 | \$3,917,673 | \$1,129,406 | \$5,047,079 | | |
| 2 Vegetation Management O&M Programs | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1. Vegetation Management - Distribution | D | \$5,934,998 | \$5,149,113 | \$5,178,703 | \$5,661,770 | \$5,027,695 | \$5,707,061 | \$5,917,383 | \$5,425,453 | \$4,088,800 | \$4,190,375 | \$3,695,402 | \$4,360,803 | \$60,337,555 | \$60,337,555 | \$0 | \$60,337,555 | | |
| 2. Vegetation Management - Transmission | T | \$455,984 | \$1,149,618 | \$957,595 | \$797,082 | \$889,730 | \$400,562 | \$938,299 | \$622,585 | \$773,078 | \$618,762 | \$459,698 | \$891,347 | \$8,954,340 | \$0 | \$8,074,182 | \$8,074,182 | | |
| 2.a Subtotal of Vegetation Management Programs - O&M | | \$6,390,983 | \$6,298,730 | \$6,136,298 | \$6,458,852 | \$5,917,425 | \$6,107,623 | \$6,855,682 | \$6,048,038 | \$4,861,878 | \$4,809,138 | \$4,155,100 | \$5,252,150 | \$69,291,895 | \$60,337,555 | \$8,074,182 | \$68,411,737 | | |
| 3 Undergrounding Laterals O&M Programs | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1. Lateral Hardening (Undergrounding) Distribution | D | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | |
| 3.a Subtotal of Underground Laterals Program - O&M | | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | |
| 4 Implementation Costs - A&G | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1. Implementation Costs - Distribution | D | \$35,840 | \$35,840 | \$35,840 | \$35,840 | \$35,840 | \$35,840 | \$35,840 | \$35,840 | \$35,840 | \$35,840 | \$35,840 | \$35,840 | \$430,081 | \$414,033 | \$0 | \$414,033 | | |
| 2. Implementation Costs - Transmission | T | \$1,660 | \$1,660 | \$1,660 | \$1,660 | \$1,660 | \$1,660 | \$1,660 | \$1,660 | \$1,660 | \$1,660 | \$1,660 | \$1,660 | \$19,919 | \$0 | \$19,175 | \$19,175 | | |
| 4.a Subtotal of Implementation Costs - O&M | | \$37,500 | \$37,500 | \$37,500 | \$37,500 | \$37,500 | \$37,500 | \$37,500 | \$37,500 | \$37,500 | \$37,500 | \$37,500 | \$37,500 | \$450,000 | \$414,033 | \$19,175 | \$433,209 | | |
| 5 Total O&M Costs | | \$6,853,283 | \$6,761,068 | \$6,610,209 | \$6,951,054 | \$6,383,841 | \$6,573,578 | \$7,318,953 | \$6,517,204 | \$5,328,157 | \$5,272,034 | \$4,617,834 | \$5,724,874 | \$74,912,089 | \$64,669,261 | \$9,222,764 | \$73,892,025 | | |
| 6 Allocation of O&M Programs | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| a. Distribution O&M Allocated to GCP Demand | | \$6,260,539 | \$5,469,691 | \$5,505,860 | \$6,012,218 | \$5,352,356 | \$6,031,262 | \$6,238,899 | \$5,752,863 | \$4,413,323 | \$4,511,517 | \$4,016,382 | \$4,690,319 | \$64,255,228 | | | | | |
| b. Transmission O&M Allocated to 12 CP Demand | | \$555,244 | \$1,253,877 | \$1,066,849 | \$901,336 | \$993,986 | \$504,816 | \$1,042,553 | \$726,841 | \$877,334 | \$723,017 | \$563,952 | \$997,056 | \$10,206,861 | | | | | |
| c. Implementation Costs Allocated to Distribution GCP Demand | | \$35,840 | \$35,840 | \$35,840 | \$35,840 | \$35,840 | \$35,840 | \$35,840 | \$35,840 | \$35,840 | \$35,840 | \$35,840 | \$430,081 | | | | | | |
| d. Implementation Costs Allocated to Transmission 12 CP Demand | | \$1,660 | \$1,660 | \$1,660 | \$1,660 | \$1,660 | \$1,660 | \$1,660 | \$1,660 | \$1,660 | \$1,660 | \$1,660 | \$19,919 | | | | | | |
| e. Total Allocation of O&M Programs | | \$6,853,283 | \$6,761,068 | \$6,610,209 | \$6,951,054 | \$6,383,841 | \$6,573,578 | \$7,318,953 | \$6,517,204 | \$5,328,157 | \$5,272,034 | \$4,617,834 | \$5,724,874 | \$74,912,089 | | | | | |
| 7 Implementation Costs Allocation Factors | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| a. Distribution | | 95.57% | 95.57% | 95.57% | 95.57% | 95.57% | 95.57% | 95.57% | 95.57% | 95.57% | 95.57% | 95.57% | 95.57% | 95.57% | | | | | |
| b. Transmission | | 4.43% | 4.43% | 4.43% | 4.43% | 4.43% | 4.43% | 4.43% | 4.43% | 4.43% | 4.43% | 4.43% | 4.43% | 4.43% | | | | | |
| 8 Retail Jurisdictional Factors | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| a. Distribution Demand Jurisdictional Factor | | 100.0000% | 100.0000% | 100.0000% | 100.0000% | 100.0000% | 100.0000% | 100.0000% | 100.0000% | 100.0000% | 100.0000% | 100.0000% | 100.0000% | 100.0000% | | | | | |
| b. Transmission Demand Jurisdictional Factor | | 90.1706% | 90.1706% | 90.1706% | 90.1706% | 90.1706% | 90.1706% | 90.1706% | 90.1706% | 90.1706% | 90.1706% | 90.1706% | 90.1706% | 90.1706% | | | | | |
| c. General & Intangible Plant Jurisdictional Factor | | 96.2686% | 96.2686% | 96.2686% | 96.2686% | 96.2686% | 96.2686% | 96.2686% | 96.2686% | 96.2686% | 96.2686% | 96.2686% | 96.2686% | 96.2686% | | | | | |
| 9 Jurisdictional GCP Demand Revenue Requirements - Distribution | | \$6,260,539 | \$5,469,691 | \$5,505,860 | \$6,012,218 | \$5,352,356 | \$6,031,262 | \$6,238,899 | \$5,752,863 | \$4,413,323 | \$4,511,517 | \$4,016,382 | \$4,690,319 | \$64,255,228 | | | | | |
| 10 Jurisdictional 12 CP Demand Revenue Requirements - Transmission | | \$500,667 | \$1,130,628 | \$961,984 | \$812,740 | \$896,283 | \$455,196 | \$940,077 | \$655,397 | \$791,098 | \$651,949 | \$508,519 | \$899,051 | \$9,203,588 | | | | | |
| 11 Jurisdictional Implementation Costs Allocated to Distribution GCP Demand | | \$34,503 | \$34,503 | \$34,503 | \$34,503 | \$34,503 | \$34,503 | \$34,503 | \$34,503 | \$34,503 | \$34,503 | \$34,503 | \$414,033 | | | | | | |
| 12 Jurisdictional Implementation Costs Allocated to Transmission 12 CP Demand | | \$1,598 | \$1,598 | \$1,598 | \$1,598 | \$1,598 | \$1,598 | \$1,598 | \$1,598 | \$1,598 | \$1,598 | \$1,598 | \$19,175 | | | | | | |
| 13 Total Jurisdictional O&M Revenue Requirements | | \$6,797,306 | \$6,636,420 | \$6,503,945 | \$6,861,059 | \$6,284,739 | \$6,522,559 | \$7,215,077 | \$6,444,360 | \$5,240,521 | \$5,199,566 | \$4,561,002 | \$5,625,470 | \$73,892,025 | | | | | |
| O&M Revenue Requirements by Category of Activity | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Monthly Sums of (Activity Cost x Allocation x Jur. Factor) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 14 Overhead Hardening O&M Programs | | \$415,043 | \$414,590 | \$425,673 | \$444,455 | \$418,669 | \$418,208 | \$415,524 | \$421,418 | \$418,531 | \$415,149 | \$414,987 | \$424,833 | \$5,047,079 | | | | | |
| a. Allocated to GCP Demand | | \$325,540 | \$320,579 | \$327,157 | \$350,448 | \$324,661 | \$324,201 | \$321,516 | \$327,410 | \$324,523 | \$321,141 | \$320,981 | \$329,516 | \$3,917,673 | | | | | |
| b. Allocated to 12 CP Demand | | \$89,503 | \$94,011 | \$98,515 | \$94,007 | \$94,008 | \$94,007 | \$94,007 | \$94,008 | \$94,009 | \$94,007 | \$94,006 | \$95,318 | \$1,129,406 | | | | | |
| 15 Vegetation Management O&M Programs | | \$6,346,162 | \$6,185,730 | \$6,042,172 | \$6,380,503 | \$5,829,970 | \$6,068,250 | \$6,763,453 | \$5,986,842 | \$4,785,889 | \$4,748,317 | \$4,109,914 | \$5,164,536 | \$68,411,737 | | | | | |
| a. Allocated to GCP Demand | | \$5,934,998 | \$5,149,113 | \$5,178,703 | \$5,661,770 | \$5,027,695 | \$5,707,061 | \$5,917,383 | \$5,425,453 | \$4,088,800 | \$4,190,375 | \$3,695,402 | \$4,360,803 | \$60,337,555 | | | | | |
| b. Allocated to 12 CP Demand | | \$411,164 | \$1,036,617 | \$863,469 | \$718,734 | \$802,275 | \$361,189 | \$846,069 | \$561,389 | \$697,089 | \$557,942 | \$414,513 | \$803,733 | \$8,074,182 | | | | | |
| 16 Undergrounding Laterals O&M Programs | | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | | | | | |
| a. Allocated to GCP Demand | | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | | | | | |
| b. Allocated to 12 CP Demand | | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | | | | | |
| 17 Implementation O&M | | \$36,101 | \$36,101 | \$36,101 | \$36,101 | \$36,101 | \$36,101 | \$36,101 | \$36,101 | \$36,101 | \$36,101 | \$36,101 | \$36,101 | \$433,209 | | | | | |
| a. Allocated to Distribution | | \$34,503 | \$34,503 | \$34,503 | \$34,503 | \$34,503 | \$34,503 | \$34,503 | \$34,503 | \$34,503 | \$34,503 | \$34,503 | \$34,503 | \$414,033 | | | | | |
| b. Allocated to Transmission | | \$1,598 | \$1,598 | \$1,598 | \$1,598 | \$1,598 | \$1,598 | \$1,598 | \$1,598 | \$1,598 | \$1,598 | \$1,598 | \$19,175 | | | | | | |

FLORIDA POWER & LIGHT CO
Initial Projection
Current Period: January through December 2022
Project Listing for Each O&M Program

| O&M Activities | T or D |
|----------------|--------|
|----------------|--------|

Refer to exhibit MJ-6

FLORIDA POWER & LIGHT CO
Initial Projection
Period: January through December 2022
Calculation of Annual Revenue Requirements for Capital Investment Programs (in Dollars)

| Capital Investment Activities | T/D | Projection | | | | | | | | | | | | End of Period | Method of Classification | | Total | |
|---|-----|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|---------------|--------------------------|-------------------------|---------------|---------------------------|
| | | Jan | Feb | Mar | Apr | May | Jun | Jul | Aug | Sep | Oct | Nov | Dec | | Total | Distribution GCP Demand | | Transmission 12 CP Demand |
| 1 Overhead Hardening Capital Investment Programs | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1. Feeder Hardening - Distribution | D | \$5,077,281 | \$5,476,200 | \$5,882,967 | \$6,323,634 | \$6,773,995 | \$7,199,038 | \$7,597,966 | \$8,002,027 | \$8,427,187 | \$8,873,262 | \$9,308,398 | \$9,709,912 | \$88,651,867 | \$88,651,867 | \$0 | \$88,651,867 | |
| 2. Pole Inspections - Distribution | D | \$291,888 | \$317,896 | \$343,538 | \$368,905 | \$394,062 | \$419,058 | \$443,924 | \$468,685 | \$493,360 | \$517,960 | \$542,495 | \$566,971 | \$5,168,742 | \$5,168,742 | \$0 | \$5,168,742 | |
| 3. Structures/Other Equipment Inspections Transmission | T | \$213,587 | \$228,363 | \$245,102 | \$262,869 | \$280,818 | \$297,791 | \$313,110 | \$327,418 | \$342,736 | \$361,232 | \$378,875 | \$393,612 | \$3,645,513 | \$0 | \$3,287,181 | \$3,287,181 | |
| 4. Wood Structures Hardening (Replacing) Transmission | T | \$317,730 | \$328,879 | \$342,760 | \$358,558 | \$373,628 | \$387,843 | \$401,790 | \$417,351 | \$434,749 | \$450,181 | \$463,550 | \$477,796 | \$4,754,815 | \$0 | \$4,287,445 | \$4,287,445 | |
| 5. Substation Storm Surge/Flood Mitigation | D | \$74,165 | \$86,119 | \$101,899 | \$114,490 | \$123,559 | \$128,872 | \$130,262 | \$131,190 | \$133,575 | \$139,406 | \$147,146 | \$153,287 | \$1,463,969 | \$1,463,969 | \$0 | \$1,463,969 | |
| 1.a Subtotal of Overhead Hardening Capital Investment Programs | | \$5,974,651 | \$6,437,456 | \$6,916,266 | \$7,428,455 | \$7,946,063 | \$8,432,601 | \$8,887,051 | \$9,346,672 | \$9,831,607 | \$10,342,041 | \$10,840,465 | \$11,301,578 | \$103,684,906 | \$95,284,578 | \$7,574,626 | \$102,859,204 | |
| 2 Undergrounding Laterals Capital Investment Programs | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1. Lateral Hardening (Undergrounding) Distribution | D | \$1,873,772 | \$2,067,582 | \$2,288,794 | \$2,561,616 | \$2,839,922 | \$3,074,262 | \$3,284,505 | \$3,516,947 | \$3,773,370 | \$4,054,429 | \$4,317,841 | \$4,536,913 | \$38,189,954 | \$38,189,954 | \$0 | \$38,189,954 | |
| 2.a Subtotal of Undergrounding Laterals Capital Investment Programs | | \$1,873,772 | \$2,067,582 | \$2,288,794 | \$2,561,616 | \$2,839,922 | \$3,074,262 | \$3,284,505 | \$3,516,947 | \$3,773,370 | \$4,054,429 | \$4,317,841 | \$4,536,913 | \$38,189,954 | \$38,189,954 | \$0 | \$38,189,954 | |
| 3 Implementation Costs - G&I | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1. Implementation Costs - Distribution | D | \$9,362 | \$9,407 | \$9,440 | \$9,463 | \$9,470 | \$9,478 | \$9,491 | \$9,500 | \$9,504 | \$9,507 | \$9,513 | \$9,554 | \$113,691 | \$109,449 | \$0 | \$109,449 | |
| 2. Implementation Costs - Transmission | T | \$434 | \$436 | \$437 | \$438 | \$439 | \$439 | \$440 | \$440 | \$440 | \$440 | \$441 | \$442 | \$5,265 | \$0 | \$5,069 | \$5,069 | |
| 3.a Subtotal of Implementation Capital Programs | | \$9,795 | \$9,843 | \$9,877 | \$9,901 | \$9,909 | \$9,917 | \$9,930 | \$9,940 | \$9,945 | \$9,948 | \$9,954 | \$9,997 | \$118,956 | \$109,449 | \$5,069 | \$114,518 | |
| 4 Total Capital Investment Costs | | \$7,858,218 | \$8,514,881 | \$9,214,938 | \$9,999,972 | \$10,795,893 | \$11,516,780 | \$12,181,487 | \$12,873,559 | \$13,614,922 | \$14,406,418 | \$15,168,260 | \$15,848,487 | \$141,993,816 | \$133,583,980 | \$7,579,695 | \$141,163,675 | |
| 5 Allocation of Capital Investment Programs | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| a. Distribution Allocated to GCP Demand | | \$7,317,106 | \$7,947,796 | \$8,617,198 | \$9,368,644 | \$10,131,538 | \$10,821,229 | \$11,456,657 | \$12,118,850 | \$12,827,493 | \$13,585,057 | \$14,315,881 | \$14,967,083 | \$133,474,532 | | | | |
| b. Transmission Allocated to 12 CP Demand | | \$531,317 | \$557,242 | \$587,862 | \$621,427 | \$654,446 | \$685,634 | \$714,899 | \$744,770 | \$777,485 | \$811,413 | \$842,426 | \$871,408 | \$8,400,328 | | | | |
| c. Implementation Costs Allocated to Distribution GCP Demand | | \$9,362 | \$9,407 | \$9,440 | \$9,463 | \$9,470 | \$9,478 | \$9,491 | \$9,500 | \$9,504 | \$9,507 | \$9,513 | \$9,554 | \$113,691 | | | | |
| d. Implementation Costs Allocated to Transmission 12 CP Demand | | \$434 | \$436 | \$437 | \$438 | \$439 | \$439 | \$440 | \$440 | \$440 | \$440 | \$441 | \$442 | \$5,265 | | | | |
| e. Total Allocation of Capital Investment Programs | | \$7,858,218 | \$8,514,881 | \$9,214,938 | \$9,999,972 | \$10,795,893 | \$11,516,780 | \$12,181,487 | \$12,873,559 | \$13,614,922 | \$14,406,418 | \$15,168,260 | \$15,848,487 | \$141,993,816 | | | | |
| 6 Implementation Costs Allocation Factors | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| a. Distribution | | 95.57% | 95.57% | 95.57% | 95.57% | 95.57% | 95.57% | 95.57% | 95.57% | 95.57% | 95.57% | 95.57% | 95.57% | 95.57% | 95.57% | 95.57% | 95.57% | |
| b. Transmission | | 4.43% | 4.43% | 4.43% | 4.43% | 4.43% | 4.43% | 4.43% | 4.43% | 4.43% | 4.43% | 4.43% | 4.43% | 4.43% | 4.43% | 4.43% | 4.43% | |
| 7 Retail Jurisdictional Factors | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| a. Distribution Demand Jurisdictional Factor | | 100.0000% | 100.0000% | 100.0000% | 100.0000% | 100.0000% | 100.0000% | 100.0000% | 100.0000% | 100.0000% | 100.0000% | 100.0000% | 100.0000% | 100.0000% | 100.0000% | 100.0000% | 100.0000% | |
| b. Transmission Demand Jurisdictional Factor | | 90.1706% | 90.1706% | 90.1706% | 90.1706% | 90.1706% | 90.1706% | 90.1706% | 90.1706% | 90.1706% | 90.1706% | 90.1706% | 90.1706% | 90.1706% | 90.1706% | 90.1706% | 90.1706% | |
| c. General & Intangible Plant Jurisdictional Factor | | 96.2686% | 96.2686% | 96.2686% | 96.2686% | 96.2686% | 96.2686% | 96.2686% | 96.2686% | 96.2686% | 96.2686% | 96.2686% | 96.2686% | 96.2686% | 96.2686% | 96.2686% | 96.2686% | |
| 8 Jurisdictional GCP Demand Revenue Requirements - Distribution | | \$7,317,106 | \$7,947,796 | \$8,617,198 | \$9,368,644 | \$10,131,538 | \$10,821,229 | \$11,456,657 | \$12,118,850 | \$12,827,493 | \$13,585,057 | \$14,315,881 | \$14,967,083 | \$133,474,532 | | | | |
| 9 Jurisdictional 12 CP Demand Revenue Requirements - Transmission | | \$479,092 | \$502,468 | \$530,079 | \$560,344 | \$590,118 | \$618,240 | \$644,629 | \$671,563 | \$701,063 | \$731,656 | \$759,620 | \$785,754 | \$7,574,626 | | | | |
| 10 Jurisdictional Implementation Costs Allocated to Distribution GCP Demand | | \$9,012 | \$9,056 | \$9,088 | \$9,109 | \$9,117 | \$9,125 | \$9,137 | \$9,146 | \$9,150 | \$9,153 | \$9,158 | \$9,198 | \$109,449 | | | | |
| 11 Jurisdictional Implementation Costs Allocated to Transmission 12 CP Demand | | \$417 | \$419 | \$421 | \$422 | \$422 | \$423 | \$423 | \$424 | \$424 | \$424 | \$424 | \$426 | \$5,069 | | | | |
| 12 Total Jurisdictional Capital Investment Revenue Requirements | | \$7,805,628 | \$8,459,740 | \$9,156,786 | \$9,938,520 | \$10,731,195 | \$11,449,017 | \$12,110,846 | \$12,799,982 | \$13,538,129 | \$14,326,290 | \$15,085,083 | \$15,762,460 | \$141,163,675 | | | | |
| Capital Investment Revenue Requirements by Category of Activity | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Monthly Sums of (Activity Cost x Allocation x Jur. Factor) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 13 Overhead Hardening Capital Investment Programs | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| a. Allocated to GCP Demand | | \$5,443,334 | \$5,880,214 | \$6,328,404 | \$6,807,028 | \$7,291,616 | \$7,746,967 | \$8,172,152 | \$8,601,902 | \$9,054,122 | \$9,530,629 | \$9,998,039 | \$10,430,170 | \$95,284,578 | | | | |
| b. Allocated to 12 CP Demand | | \$479,092 | \$502,468 | \$530,079 | \$560,344 | \$590,118 | \$618,240 | \$644,629 | \$671,563 | \$701,063 | \$731,656 | \$759,620 | \$785,754 | \$7,574,626 | | | | |
| 14 Undergrounding Laterals Capital Investment Programs | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| a. Allocated to GCP Demand | | \$1,873,772 | \$2,067,582 | \$2,288,794 | \$2,561,616 | \$2,839,922 | \$3,074,262 | \$3,284,505 | \$3,516,947 | \$3,773,370 | \$4,054,429 | \$4,317,841 | \$4,536,913 | \$38,189,954 | | | | |
| b. Allocated to 12 CP Demand | | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | | | | |
| 15 Implementation Capital | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| a. Allocated to Distribution | | \$9,430 | \$9,476 | \$9,509 | \$9,531 | \$9,539 | \$9,547 | \$9,560 | \$9,569 | \$9,574 | \$9,577 | \$9,582 | \$9,624 | \$114,518 | | | | |
| b. Allocated to Transmission | | \$9,012 | \$9,056 | \$9,088 | \$9,109 | \$9,117 | \$9,125 | \$9,137 | \$9,146 | \$9,150 | \$9,153 | \$9,158 | \$9,198 | \$109,449 | | | | |
| | | \$417 | \$419 | \$421 | \$422 | \$422 | \$423 | \$423 | \$424 | \$424 | \$424 | \$424 | \$426 | \$5,069 | | | | |

FLORIDA POWER & LIGHT CO
Initial Projection
Current Period: January through December 2022
Project Listing for Each Capital Program

| Capital Activities | T or D |
|--------------------|--------|
|--------------------|--------|

Refer to exhibit MJ-6

FLORIDA POWER & LIGHT CO
Distribution: 601-Pole Inspections - Distribution
Estimated Revenue Requirements for the Period January 2022 through December 2022 (In Dollars)

| Beginning of Period Amount | Jan - 2022 | Feb - 2022 | Mar - 2022 | Apr - 2022 | May - 2022 | Jun - 2022 | Jul - 2022 | Aug - 2022 | Sep - 2022 | Oct - 2022 | Nov - 2022 | Dec - 2022 | Total |
|--|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| 601-Pole Inspections - Distribution | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1. Investments | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| a. Expenditures/Additions (a) | \$2,801,199 | \$2,801,199 | \$2,801,199 | \$2,801,199 | \$2,801,199 | \$2,801,199 | \$2,801,199 | \$2,801,199 | \$2,801,199 | \$2,801,199 | \$2,801,199 | \$2,801,199 | \$33,614,384 |
| b. Clearings to Plant | \$3,397,646 | \$3,230,436 | \$3,110,103 | \$3,023,504 | \$2,961,182 | \$2,916,332 | \$2,884,055 | \$2,860,827 | \$2,844,110 | \$2,832,080 | \$2,823,423 | \$2,817,193 | \$35,700,891 |
| c. Retirements | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| d. Other | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| 2. Plant-In-Service/Depreciation Base | \$24,505,611 | \$27,903,257 | \$31,133,694 | \$34,243,796 | \$37,267,300 | \$40,228,482 | \$43,144,814 | \$46,028,869 | \$48,889,695 | \$51,733,806 | \$54,565,886 | \$57,389,309 | \$60,206,502 |
| 3. Less: Accumulated Depreciation | \$231,770 | \$286,606 | \$348,745 | \$417,868 | \$493,747 | \$576,220 | \$665,167 | \$760,503 | \$862,168 | \$970,118 | \$1,084,320 | \$1,204,753 | \$1,331,399 |
| 4. CWIP - Non Interest Bearing | \$9,109,671 | \$8,513,223 | \$8,083,986 | \$7,775,082 | \$7,552,777 | \$7,392,793 | \$7,277,660 | \$7,194,804 | \$7,135,176 | \$7,092,264 | \$7,061,382 | \$7,039,158 | \$7,023,164 |
| 5. Net Investment (Lines 2 - 3 + 4) | \$33,383,512 | \$36,129,874 | \$38,868,934 | \$41,601,010 | \$44,326,329 | \$47,045,055 | \$49,757,307 | \$52,463,169 | \$55,162,703 | \$57,855,952 | \$60,542,948 | \$63,223,715 | \$65,898,267 |
| 6. Average Net Investment | \$34,756,693 | \$37,499,404 | \$40,234,972 | \$42,963,670 | \$45,685,692 | \$48,401,181 | \$51,110,238 | \$53,812,936 | \$56,509,327 | \$59,199,450 | \$61,883,331 | \$64,560,991 | |
| 7. Return on Average Net Investment | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| a. Equity Component grossed up for taxes (b) | \$201,240 | \$217,120 | \$232,959 | \$248,758 | \$264,519 | \$280,241 | \$295,927 | \$311,575 | \$327,187 | \$342,763 | \$358,302 | \$373,806 | \$3,454,398 |
| b. Debt Component (Line 6 x debt rate) (c) | \$35,811 | \$38,637 | \$41,455 | \$44,267 | \$47,071 | \$49,869 | \$52,661 | \$55,445 | \$58,223 | \$60,995 | \$63,760 | \$66,519 | \$614,715 |
| 8. Investment Expenses | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| a. Depreciation (d) | \$54,837 | \$62,138 | \$69,123 | \$75,880 | \$82,472 | \$88,947 | \$95,337 | \$101,665 | \$107,950 | \$114,202 | \$120,432 | \$126,646 | \$1,099,629 |
| b. Amortization | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| c. Other | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| 9. Total System Recoverable Expenses (Lines 7 + 8) | \$291,888 | \$317,896 | \$343,538 | \$368,905 | \$394,062 | \$419,058 | \$443,924 | \$468,685 | \$493,360 | \$517,960 | \$542,495 | \$566,971 | \$5,168,742 |

Notes:

- (a) Excludes Cost of Removal on the retirement of existing plant.
- (b) The Gross-up factor for taxes is 1/.746550, which reflects the Federal Income Tax Rate of 21%. The equity component for the period Jan. - Dec. 2022 is 5.1870% based on FPL's most recent financial forecast.
- (c) The debt component is 1.2364% based on FPL's most recent financial forecast.
- (d) Calculated using the composite depreciation rates for distribution/transmission function as reflected in FPL's 2016 retail base rate settlement agreement (Order No. PSC-16-0560-AS-EI).

FLORIDA POWER & LIGHT CO
602-Structures/Other Equipt Inspect

Estimated Revenue Requirements for the Period January 2022 through December 2022 (In Dollars)

| Beginning of Period Amount | Jan - 2022 | Feb - 2022 | Mar - 2022 | Apr - 2022 | May - 2022 | Jun - 2022 | Jul - 2022 | Aug - 2022 | Sep - 2022 | Oct - 2022 | Nov - 2022 | Dec - 2022 | Total |
|--|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| 602-Structures/Other Equipt Inspect | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1. Investments | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| a. Expenditures/Additions (a) | \$1,551,186 | \$1,868,755 | \$2,113,738 | \$2,145,425 | \$2,147,931 | \$1,861,184 | \$1,692,059 | \$1,604,135 | \$2,002,627 | \$2,498,054 | \$1,739,527 | \$1,682,998 | \$22,907,619 |
| b. Clearings to Plant | \$1,810,680 | \$1,822,874 | \$1,883,945 | \$1,938,847 | \$1,982,747 | \$1,957,223 | \$1,901,548 | \$1,839,101 | \$1,873,436 | \$2,004,585 | \$1,948,932 | \$1,893,095 | \$22,857,012 |
| c. Retirements | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| d. Other | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| 2. Plant-In-Service/Depreciation Base | \$18,504,147 | \$20,314,827 | \$22,137,700 | \$24,021,645 | \$25,960,492 | \$27,943,240 | \$29,900,463 | \$31,802,011 | \$33,641,112 | \$35,514,548 | \$37,519,133 | \$39,468,064 | \$41,361,159 |
| 3. Less: Accumulated Depreciation | \$146,779 | \$181,795 | \$220,174 | \$261,986 | \$307,336 | \$356,318 | \$408,946 | \$465,148 | \$524,812 | \$587,913 | \$654,605 | \$724,956 | \$798,865 |
| 4. CWIP - Non Interest Bearing | \$7,066,849 | \$6,807,355 | \$6,853,236 | \$7,083,029 | \$7,289,607 | \$7,454,790 | \$7,358,750 | \$7,149,262 | \$6,914,296 | \$7,043,487 | \$7,536,957 | \$7,327,552 | \$7,117,456 |
| 5. Net Investment (Lines 2 - 3 + 4) | \$25,424,217 | \$26,940,387 | \$28,770,762 | \$30,842,688 | \$32,942,763 | \$35,041,712 | \$36,850,267 | \$38,486,125 | \$40,030,596 | \$41,970,122 | \$44,401,484 | \$46,070,660 | \$47,679,750 |
| 6. Average Net Investment | \$26,182,302 | \$27,855,575 | \$29,806,725 | \$31,892,726 | \$33,992,237 | \$35,945,990 | \$37,668,196 | \$39,258,360 | \$41,000,359 | \$43,185,803 | \$45,236,072 | \$46,875,205 | |
| 7. Return on Average Net Investment | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| a. Equity Component grossed up for taxes (b) | \$151,595 | \$161,283 | \$172,580 | \$184,658 | \$196,814 | \$208,126 | \$218,098 | \$227,305 | \$237,391 | \$250,044 | \$261,915 | \$271,406 | \$2,541,214 |
| b. Debt Component (Line 6 x debt rate) (c) | \$26,976 | \$28,701 | \$30,711 | \$32,860 | \$35,023 | \$37,036 | \$38,811 | \$40,449 | \$42,244 | \$44,496 | \$46,608 | \$48,297 | \$452,213 |
| 8. Investment Expenses | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| a. Depreciation (d) | \$35,016 | \$38,380 | \$41,811 | \$45,351 | \$48,981 | \$52,629 | \$56,201 | \$59,664 | \$63,101 | \$66,692 | \$70,352 | \$73,909 | \$652,086 |
| b. Amortization | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| c. Other | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| 9. Total System Recoverable Expenses (Lines 7 + 8) | \$213,587 | \$228,363 | \$245,102 | \$262,869 | \$280,818 | \$297,791 | \$313,110 | \$327,418 | \$342,736 | \$361,232 | \$378,875 | \$393,612 | \$3,645,513 |

Notes:

- (a) Excludes Cost of Removal on the retirement of existing plant.
- (b) The Gross-up factor for taxes is 1/.746550, which reflects the Federal Income Tax Rate of 21%. The equity component for the period Jan. – Dec. 2022 is 5.1870% based on FPL's most recent financial forecast.
- (c) The debt component is 1.2364% based on FPL's most recent financial forecast.
- (d) Calculated using the composite depreciation rates for distribution/transmission function as reflected in FPL's 2016 retail base rate settlement agreement (Order No. PSC-16-0560-AS-EI).

FLORIDA POWER & LIGHT CO
603-Feeder Hardening - Distribution

Estimated Revenue Requirements for the Period January 2022 through December 2022 (In Dollars)

| Beginning of Period Amount | Jan - 2022 | Feb - 2022 | Mar - 2022 | Apr - 2022 | May - 2022 | Jun - 2022 | Jul - 2022 | Aug - 2022 | Sep - 2022 | Oct - 2022 | Nov - 2022 | Dec - 2022 | Total |
|--|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| 603-Feeder Hardening - Distribution | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1. Investments | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| a. Expenditures/Additions (a) | \$45,417,911 | \$43,391,644 | \$48,148,631 | \$52,844,324 | \$50,491,523 | \$45,762,933 | \$43,748,686 | \$47,797,791 | \$49,825,521 | \$53,405,448 | \$46,595,246 | \$44,403,681 | \$571,833,338 |
| b. Clearings to Plant | \$47,588,313 | \$46,411,806 | \$46,898,713 | \$48,565,523 | \$49,105,464 | \$48,168,409 | \$46,929,370 | \$47,172,826 | \$47,916,490 | \$49,455,281 | \$48,653,490 | \$47,462,086 | \$574,327,771 |
| c. Retirements | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| d. Other | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| 2. Plant-In-Service/Depreciation Base | \$450,684,511 | \$498,272,824 | \$544,684,630 | \$591,583,343 | \$640,148,866 | \$689,254,330 | \$737,422,738 | \$784,352,108 | \$831,524,934 | \$879,441,425 | \$928,896,706 | \$977,550,196 | \$1,025,012,282 |
| 3. Less: Accumulated Depreciation | \$4,703,112 | \$5,748,686 | \$6,897,808 | \$8,149,720 | \$9,506,794 | \$10,971,461 | \$12,543,284 | \$14,219,865 | \$16,000,107 | \$17,885,099 | \$19,877,354 | \$21,977,684 | \$24,183,894 |
| 4. CWIP - Non Interest Bearing | \$122,965,889 | \$120,795,488 | \$117,775,326 | \$119,025,244 | \$123,304,045 | \$124,690,104 | \$122,284,628 | \$119,103,944 | \$119,728,909 | \$121,637,939 | \$125,588,106 | \$123,529,862 | \$120,471,457 |
| 5. Net Investment (Lines 2 - 3 + 4) | \$568,947,288 | \$613,319,626 | \$655,562,148 | \$702,458,867 | \$753,946,117 | \$802,972,972 | \$847,164,083 | \$889,236,188 | \$935,253,736 | \$983,194,265 | \$1,034,607,458 | \$1,079,102,374 | \$1,121,299,845 |
| 6. Average Net Investment | \$591,133,457 | \$634,440,887 | \$679,010,508 | \$728,202,492 | \$778,459,545 | \$825,068,528 | \$868,200,135 | \$912,244,962 | \$959,224,000 | \$1,008,900,861 | \$1,056,854,916 | \$1,100,201,109 | |
| 7. Return on Average Net Investment | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| a. Equity Component grossed up for taxes (b) | \$3,422,643 | \$3,673,392 | \$3,931,449 | \$4,216,269 | \$4,507,255 | \$4,777,120 | \$5,026,850 | \$5,281,868 | \$5,553,875 | \$5,841,503 | \$6,119,155 | \$6,370,128 | \$58,721,508 |
| b. Debt Component (Line 6 x debt rate) (c) | \$609,064 | \$653,685 | \$699,607 | \$750,291 | \$802,073 | \$850,095 | \$894,535 | \$939,916 | \$988,320 | \$1,039,504 | \$1,088,912 | \$1,133,574 | \$10,449,577 |
| 8. Investment Expenses | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| a. Depreciation (d) | \$1,045,573 | \$1,149,122 | \$1,251,912 | \$1,357,074 | \$1,464,667 | \$1,571,823 | \$1,676,581 | \$1,780,243 | \$1,884,992 | \$1,992,255 | \$2,100,330 | \$2,206,210 | \$19,480,782 |
| b. Amortization | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| c. Other | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| 9. Total System Recoverable Expenses (Lines 7 + 8) | \$5,077,281 | \$5,476,200 | \$5,882,967 | \$6,323,634 | \$6,773,995 | \$7,199,038 | \$7,597,966 | \$8,002,027 | \$8,427,187 | \$8,873,262 | \$9,308,398 | \$9,709,912 | \$88,651,867 |

Notes:

- (a) Excludes Cost of Removal on the retirement of existing plant.
- (b) The Gross-up factor for taxes is 1/.746550, which reflects the Federal Income Tax Rate of 21%. The equity component for the period Jan. - Dec. 2022 is 5.1870% based on FPL's most recent financial forecast.
- (c) The debt component is 1.2364% based on FPL's most recent financial forecast.
- (d) Calculated using the composite depreciation rates for distribution/transmission function as reflected in FPL's 2016 retail base rate settlement agreement (Order No. PSC-16-0560-AS-EI).

FLORIDA POWER & LIGHT CO
604-Lateral Hardening (Underground)

Estimated Revenue Requirements for the Period January 2022 through December 2022 (In Dollars)

| Beginning of Period Amount | Jan - 2022 | Feb - 2022 | Mar - 2022 | Apr - 2022 | May - 2022 | Jun - 2022 | Jul - 2022 | Aug - 2022 | Sep - 2022 | Oct - 2022 | Nov - 2022 | Dec - 2022 | Total |
|--|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| 604-Lateral Hardening (Underground) | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1. Investments | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| a. Expenditures/Additions (a) | \$23,295,914 | \$23,297,053 | \$29,716,338 | \$36,142,397 | \$29,717,557 | \$23,293,941 | \$23,295,160 | \$29,716,338 | \$29,717,557 | \$35,973,655 | \$24,370,406 | \$23,967,447 | \$332,503,763 |
| b. Clearings to Plant | \$16,135,932 | \$18,143,502 | \$21,387,865 | \$25,524,194 | \$26,699,774 | \$25,744,973 | \$25,058,185 | \$26,364,065 | \$27,304,193 | \$29,734,616 | \$28,230,797 | \$27,035,597 | \$297,363,694 |
| c. Retirements | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| d. Other | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| 2. Plant-In-Service/Depreciation Base | \$173,876,354 | \$190,012,285 | \$208,155,787 | \$229,543,652 | \$255,067,847 | \$281,767,621 | \$307,512,594 | \$332,570,779 | \$358,934,844 | \$386,239,038 | \$415,973,654 | \$444,204,451 | \$471,240,048 |
| 3. Less: Accumulated Depreciation | \$1,917,448 | \$2,315,183 | \$2,750,679 | \$3,229,723 | \$3,760,445 | \$4,348,695 | \$4,994,718 | \$5,696,706 | \$6,455,339 | \$7,273,092 | \$8,153,679 | \$9,098,119 | \$10,103,440 |
| 4. CWIP - Non Interest Bearing | \$33,010,252 | \$40,170,234 | \$45,323,785 | \$53,652,258 | \$64,270,460 | \$67,288,243 | \$64,837,211 | \$63,074,186 | \$66,426,459 | \$68,839,823 | \$75,078,862 | \$71,218,470 | \$68,150,320 |
| 5. Net Investment (Lines 2 - 3 + 4) | \$204,969,158 | \$227,867,337 | \$250,728,893 | \$279,966,187 | \$315,577,863 | \$344,707,169 | \$367,355,087 | \$389,948,259 | \$418,905,964 | \$447,805,768 | \$482,898,837 | \$506,324,802 | \$529,286,928 |
| 6. Average Net Investment | \$216,418,247 | \$239,298,115 | \$265,347,540 | \$297,772,025 | \$330,142,516 | \$356,031,128 | \$378,651,673 | \$404,427,112 | \$433,355,866 | \$465,352,303 | \$494,611,819 | \$517,805,865 | |
| 7. Return on Average Net Investment | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| a. Equity Component grossed up for taxes (b) | \$1,253,055 | \$1,385,528 | \$1,536,354 | \$1,724,090 | \$1,911,514 | \$2,061,409 | \$2,192,381 | \$2,341,620 | \$2,509,116 | \$2,694,375 | \$2,863,786 | \$2,998,079 | \$25,471,306 |
| b. Debt Component (Line 6 x debt rate) (c) | \$222,983 | \$246,557 | \$273,396 | \$306,804 | \$340,157 | \$366,831 | \$390,137 | \$416,695 | \$446,501 | \$479,468 | \$509,615 | \$533,512 | \$4,532,656 |
| 8. Investment Expenses | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| a. Depreciation (d) | \$397,735 | \$435,497 | \$479,044 | \$530,721 | \$588,251 | \$646,023 | \$701,987 | \$758,633 | \$817,753 | \$880,587 | \$944,440 | \$1,005,321 | \$8,185,992 |
| b. Amortization | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| c. Other | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| 9. Total System Recoverable Expenses (Lines 7 + 8) | \$1,873,772 | \$2,067,582 | \$2,288,794 | \$2,561,616 | \$2,839,922 | \$3,074,262 | \$3,284,505 | \$3,516,947 | \$3,773,370 | \$4,054,429 | \$4,317,841 | \$4,536,913 | \$38,189,954 |

Notes:

- (a) Excludes Cost of Removal on the retirement of existing plant.
- (b) The Gross-up factor for taxes is 1/.746550, which reflects the Federal Income Tax Rate of 21%. The equity component for the period Jan. - Dec. 2022 is 5.1870% based on FPL's most recent financial forecast.
- (c) The debt component is 1.2364% based on FPL's most recent financial forecast.
- (d) Calculated using the composite depreciation rates for distribution/transmission function as reflected in FPL's 2016 retail base rate settlement agreement (Order No. PSC-16-0560-AS-EI).

FLORIDA POWER & LIGHT CO
605-Wood Structures Hardening (Repl)

Estimated Revenue Requirements for the Period January 2022 through December 2022 (In Dollars)

| Beginning of Period Amount | Jan - 2022 | Feb - 2022 | Mar - 2022 | Apr - 2022 | May - 2022 | Jun - 2022 | Jul - 2022 | Aug - 2022 | Sep - 2022 | Oct - 2022 | Nov - 2022 | Dec - 2022 | Total |
|--|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| 605-Wood Structures Hardening (Repl) | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1. Investments | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| a. Expenditures/Additions (a) | \$912,586 | \$1,208,630 | \$1,814,288 | \$1,816,599 | \$1,647,770 | \$1,615,908 | \$1,611,934 | \$2,097,230 | \$2,128,420 | \$1,537,028 | \$1,569,632 | \$1,815,763 | \$19,775,788 |
| b. Clearings to Plant | \$2,448,771 | \$2,188,384 | \$2,109,836 | \$2,048,266 | \$1,964,176 | \$1,891,051 | \$1,832,446 | \$1,888,042 | \$1,938,513 | \$1,854,215 | \$1,794,462 | \$1,798,935 | \$23,757,097 |
| c. Retirements | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| d. Other | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| 2. Plant-In-Service/Depreciation Base | \$27,364,380 | \$29,813,151 | \$32,001,534 | \$34,111,370 | \$36,159,637 | \$38,123,813 | \$40,014,864 | \$41,847,310 | \$43,735,352 | \$45,673,865 | \$47,528,080 | \$49,322,542 | \$51,121,477 |
| 3. Less: Accumulated Depreciation | \$247,901 | \$301,224 | \$358,841 | \$420,436 | \$485,882 | \$555,042 | \$627,771 | \$703,947 | \$783,567 | \$866,731 | \$953,405 | \$1,043,458 | \$1,136,837 |
| 4. CWIP - Non Interest Bearing | \$11,221,515 | \$9,685,330 | \$8,705,577 | \$8,410,029 | \$8,178,362 | \$7,861,956 | \$7,586,812 | \$7,366,300 | \$7,575,488 | \$7,765,395 | \$7,448,208 | \$7,223,378 | \$7,240,207 |
| 5. Net Investment (Lines 2 - 3 + 4) | \$38,337,994 | \$39,197,257 | \$40,348,271 | \$42,100,963 | \$43,852,117 | \$45,430,727 | \$46,973,906 | \$48,509,664 | \$50,527,272 | \$52,572,530 | \$54,022,883 | \$55,502,463 | \$57,224,846 |
| 6. Average Net Investment | \$38,767,625 | \$39,772,764 | \$41,224,617 | \$42,976,540 | \$44,641,422 | \$46,202,317 | \$47,741,785 | \$49,518,468 | \$51,549,901 | \$53,297,706 | \$54,762,673 | \$56,363,655 | |
| 7. Return on Average Net Investment | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| a. Equity Component grossed up for taxes (b) | \$224,463 | \$230,283 | \$238,689 | \$248,833 | \$258,472 | \$267,510 | \$276,423 | \$286,710 | \$298,472 | \$308,592 | \$317,074 | \$326,344 | \$3,281,866 |
| b. Debt Component (Line 6 x debt rate) (c) | \$39,944 | \$40,979 | \$42,475 | \$44,280 | \$45,996 | \$47,604 | \$49,190 | \$51,021 | \$53,114 | \$54,914 | \$56,424 | \$58,073 | \$584,013 |
| 8. Investment Expenses | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| a. Depreciation (d) | \$53,323 | \$57,616 | \$61,596 | \$65,445 | \$69,160 | \$72,729 | \$76,176 | \$79,621 | \$83,163 | \$86,675 | \$90,052 | \$93,379 | \$888,936 |
| b. Amortization | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| c. Other | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| 9. Total System Recoverable Expenses (Lines 7 + 8) | \$317,730 | \$328,879 | \$342,760 | \$358,558 | \$373,628 | \$387,843 | \$401,790 | \$417,351 | \$434,749 | \$450,181 | \$463,550 | \$477,796 | \$4,754,815 |

Notes:

- (a) Excludes Cost of Removal on the retirement of existing plant.
- (b) The Gross-up factor for taxes is 1/.746550, which reflects the Federal Income Tax Rate of 21%. The equity component for the period Jan. - Dec. 2022 is 5.1870% based on FPL's most recent financial forecast.
- (c) The debt component is 1.2364% based on FPL's most recent financial forecast.
- (d) Calculated using the composite depreciation rates for distribution/transmission function as reflected in FPL's 2016 retail base rate settlement agreement (Order No. PSC-16-0560-AS-EI).

FLORIDA POWER & LIGHT CO
608-Substation Storm Surge/Flood Mi
Estimated Revenue Requirements for the Period January 2022 through December 2022 (In Dollars)

| Beginning of Period Amount | Jan - 2022 | Feb - 2022 | Mar - 2022 | Apr - 2022 | May - 2022 | Jun - 2022 | Jul - 2022 | Aug - 2022 | Sep - 2022 | Oct - 2022 | Nov - 2022 | Dec - 2022 | Total |
|--|-------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| 608-Substation Storm Surge/Flood Mi | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1. Investments | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| a. Expenditures/Additions (a) | \$960,000 | \$1,920,000 | \$1,920,000 | \$960,000 | \$960,000 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$480,000 | \$960,000 | \$960,000 | \$480,000 | \$9,600,000 |
| b. Clearings to Plant | \$866,086 | \$1,167,908 | \$1,383,294 | \$1,262,095 | \$1,175,598 | \$838,965 | \$598,727 | \$427,282 | \$442,381 | \$590,606 | \$696,386 | \$634,423 | \$10,083,751 |
| c. Retirements | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| d. Other | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| 2. Plant-In-Service/Depreciation Base | \$6,235,161 | \$7,101,246 | \$8,269,154 | \$9,652,448 | \$10,914,543 | \$12,090,141 | \$12,929,106 | \$13,527,834 | \$13,955,116 | \$14,397,496 | \$14,988,102 | \$15,684,488 | \$16,318,912 |
| 3. Less: Accumulated Depreciation | \$52,558 | \$67,249 | \$84,181 | \$103,923 | \$126,579 | \$151,921 | \$179,482 | \$208,626 | \$238,901 | \$270,134 | \$302,505 | \$336,293 | \$371,548 |
| 4. CWIP - Non Interest Bearing | \$2,064,839 | \$2,158,754 | \$2,910,846 | \$3,447,552 | \$3,145,457 | \$2,929,859 | \$2,090,894 | \$1,492,166 | \$1,064,884 | \$1,102,504 | \$1,471,898 | \$1,735,512 | \$1,581,088 |
| 5. Net Investment (Lines 2 - 3 + 4) | \$8,247,442 | \$9,192,751 | \$11,095,819 | \$12,996,077 | \$13,933,421 | \$14,868,079 | \$14,840,518 | \$14,811,374 | \$14,781,099 | \$15,229,866 | \$16,157,495 | \$17,083,707 | \$17,528,452 |
| 6. Average Net Investment | \$8,720,097 | \$10,144,285 | \$12,045,948 | \$13,464,749 | \$14,400,750 | \$14,854,299 | \$14,825,946 | \$14,796,236 | \$15,005,482 | \$15,693,680 | \$16,620,601 | \$17,306,079 | |
| 7. Return on Average Net Investment | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| a. Equity Component grossed up for taxes (b) | \$50,489 | \$58,735 | \$69,746 | \$77,960 | \$83,380 | \$86,006 | \$85,842 | \$85,670 | \$86,881 | \$90,866 | \$96,233 | \$100,202 | \$972,009 |
| b. Debt Component (Line 6 x debt rate) (c) | \$8,985 | \$10,452 | \$12,411 | \$13,873 | \$14,838 | \$15,305 | \$15,276 | \$15,245 | \$15,461 | \$16,170 | \$17,125 | \$17,831 | \$172,970 |
| 8. Investment Expenses | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| a. Depreciation (d) | \$14,691 | \$16,932 | \$19,742 | \$22,656 | \$25,342 | \$27,561 | \$29,145 | \$30,275 | \$31,233 | \$32,371 | \$33,788 | \$35,254 | \$318,990 |
| b. Amortization | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| c. Other | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| 9. Total System Recoverable Expenses (Lines 7 + 8) | \$74,165 | \$86,119 | \$101,899 | \$114,490 | \$123,559 | \$128,872 | \$130,262 | \$131,190 | \$133,575 | \$139,406 | \$147,146 | \$153,287 | \$1,463,969 |

Notes:

- (a) Excludes Cost of Removal on the retirement of existing plant.
- (b) The Gross-up factor for taxes is 1/.746550, which reflects the Federal Income Tax Rate of 21%. The equity component for the period Jan. - Dec. 2022 is 5.1870% based on FPL's most recent financial forecast.
- (c) The debt component is 1.2364% based on FPL's most recent financial forecast.
- (d) Calculated using the composite depreciation rates for distribution/transmission function as reflected in FPL's 2016 retail base rate settlement agreement (Order No. PSC-16-0560-AS-EI).

FLORIDA POWER & LIGHT CO
609-FPL SPP Implementation Cost
Estimated Revenue Requirements for the Period January 2022 through December 2022 (In Dollars)

| Beginning of Period Amount | Jan - 2022 | Feb - 2022 | Mar - 2022 | Apr - 2022 | May - 2022 | Jun - 2022 | Jul - 2022 | Aug - 2022 | Sep - 2022 | Oct - 2022 | Nov - 2022 | Dec - 2022 | Total |
|--|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| 609-FPL SPP Implementation Cost | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1. Investments | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| a. Expenditures/Additions (a) | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| b. Clearings to Plant | \$47,830 | \$28,386 | \$28,436 | \$13,227 | \$6,793 | \$13,611 | \$13,433 | \$9,641 | \$5,291 | \$8,174 | \$9,404 | \$61,749 | \$245,975 |
| c. Retirements | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| d. Other | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| 2. Plant-In-Service/Depreciation Base | \$517,126 | \$564,956 | \$593,342 | \$621,778 | \$635,005 | \$641,798 | \$655,409 | \$668,842 | \$678,483 | \$683,775 | \$691,949 | \$701,352 | \$763,101 |
| 3. Less: Accumulated Depreciation | \$3,158 | \$3,862 | \$4,618 | \$5,414 | \$6,239 | \$7,078 | \$7,931 | \$8,803 | \$9,691 | \$10,589 | \$11,497 | \$12,417 | \$13,386 |
| 4. CWIP - Non Interest Bearing | \$819,400 | \$771,570 | \$743,183 | \$714,747 | \$701,520 | \$694,727 | \$681,116 | \$667,683 | \$658,042 | \$652,750 | \$644,576 | \$635,173 | \$573,424 |
| 5. Net Investment (Lines 2 - 3 + 4) | \$1,333,367 | \$1,332,663 | \$1,331,907 | \$1,331,111 | \$1,330,286 | \$1,329,447 | \$1,328,594 | \$1,327,722 | \$1,326,834 | \$1,325,936 | \$1,325,028 | \$1,324,108 | \$1,323,139 |
| 6. Average Net Investment | \$1,333,015 | \$1,332,285 | \$1,331,509 | \$1,330,698 | \$1,329,866 | \$1,329,020 | \$1,328,158 | \$1,327,278 | \$1,326,385 | \$1,325,482 | \$1,324,568 | \$1,323,624 | |
| 7. Return on Average Net Investment | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| a. Equity Component grossed up for taxes (b) | \$7,718 | \$7,714 | \$7,709 | \$7,705 | \$7,700 | \$7,695 | \$7,690 | \$7,685 | \$7,680 | \$7,674 | \$7,669 | \$7,664 | \$92,303 |
| b. Debt Component (Line 6 x debt rate) (c) | \$1,373 | \$1,373 | \$1,372 | \$1,371 | \$1,370 | \$1,369 | \$1,368 | \$1,368 | \$1,367 | \$1,366 | \$1,365 | \$1,364 | \$16,425 |
| 8. Investment Expenses | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| a. Depreciation (d) | \$704 | \$757 | \$796 | \$825 | \$839 | \$853 | \$872 | \$888 | \$898 | \$908 | \$920 | \$969 | \$10,228 |
| b. Amortization | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| c. Other | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| 9. Total System Recoverable Expenses (Lines 7 + 8) | \$9,795 | \$9,843 | \$9,877 | \$9,901 | \$9,909 | \$9,917 | \$9,930 | \$9,940 | \$9,945 | \$9,948 | \$9,954 | \$9,997 | \$118,956 |

Notes:

- (a) Excludes Cost of Removal on the retirement of existing plant.
- (b) The Gross-up factor for taxes is 1/.746550, which reflects the Federal Income Tax Rate of 21%. The equity component for the period Jan. - Dec. 2022 is 5.1870% based on FPL's most recent financial forecast.
- (c) The debt component is 1.2364% based on FPL's most recent financial forecast.
- (d) Capital Costs on this schedule include Intangible plant which is amortized over various periods

FLORIDA POWER & LIGHT CO
 Storm Protection Plan Recovery Clause (SPPCRC)
 Calculation of the Energy Demand Allocation % By Rate Class
 Projected Period: January through December 2022

| | (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) | (7) | (8) | (9) | (10) |
|-----------------------------|------------------------------------|----------------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------|------------------------------|--|---|--|--|
| RATE CLASS | Avg 12 CP Load Factor at Meter (%) | Avg GCP Load Factor at Meter (%) | Projected Sales at Meter (kwh) | Projected Avg 12 CP at Meter (kW) | Projected GCP at Meter (kW) | Demand Loss Expansion Factor | Projected Avg 12 CP at Generation (kW) | Projected Avg GCP Demand at Generation (kW) | Percentage of 12 CP Demand at Generation (%) | Percentage of GCP Demand at Generation (%) |
| RS1/RTR1 | 60.688% | 48.464% | 59,912,950,344 | 11,269,809 | 14,112,240 | 1.063762 | 11,988,535 | 15,012,240 | 58.01338% | 60.86885% |
| GS1/GST1 | 61.443% | 53.807% | 8,003,320,188 | 1,486,943 | 1,697,958 | 1.063762 | 1,581,772 | 1,806,245 | 7.65431% | 7.32363% |
| GSD1/GSDT1/HLFT1 | 71.055% | 64.033% | 25,592,700,378 | 4,111,687 | 4,562,545 | 1.063676 | 4,373,554 | 4,853,127 | 21.16394% | 19.67756% |
| OS2 | 156.474% | 12.720% | 8,923,659 | 651 | 8,008 | 1.036718 | 675 | 8,303 | 0.00327% | 0.03366% |
| GSLD1/GSLDT1/CS1/CST1/HLFT2 | 70.093% | 60.481% | 9,748,118,623 | 1,587,613 | 1,839,915 | 1.062801 | 1,687,337 | 1,955,487 | 8.16514% | 7.92875% |
| GSLD2/GSLDT2/CS2/CST2/HLFT3 | 84.836% | 77.132% | 2,878,926,950 | 387,390 | 426,083 | 1.053022 | 407,935 | 448,680 | 1.97403% | 1.81922% |
| GSLD3/GSLDT3/CS3/CST3 | 84.541% | 63.099% | 213,361,909 | 28,810 | 38,600 | 1.021560 | 29,432 | 0 | 0.14242% | 0% |
| SST1T | 99.078% | 17.962% | 65,045,949 | 7,494 | 41,340 | 1.021560 | 7,656 | 0 | 0.03705% | 0% |
| SST1D1/SST1D2/SST1D3 | 44.920% | 0.504% | 61,426 | 16 | 1,392 | 1.045230 | 16 | 1,455 | 0.00008% | 0.00590% |
| CILC D/CILC G | 85.704% | 78.346% | 2,647,478,080 | 352,638 | 385,754 | 1.052870 | 371,287 | 406,155 | 1.79668% | 1.64680% |
| CILC T | 92.685% | 80.617% | 1,504,497,392 | 185,302 | 213,040 | 1.021560 | 189,299 | 0 | 0.91603% | 0% |
| MET | 76.048% | 63.886% | 84,974,524 | 12,756 | 15,184 | 1.036718 | 13,224 | 15,741 | 0.06399% | 0.06383% |
| OL1/SL1/SL1M/PL1 | 8,309.996% | 42.406% | 484,585,670 | 666 | 130,448 | 1.063762 | 708 | 138,768 | 0.00343% | 0.56265% |
| SL2/SL2M/GSCU1 | 96.253% | 77.266% | 108,519,735 | 12,870 | 16,033 | 1.063762 | 13,691 | 17,055 | 0.06625% | 0.06915% |
| Total | | | 111,253,464,826 | 19,444,645 | 23,488,541 | | 20,665,122 | 24,663,256 | 100.00000% | 100.00000% |

Notes:

- (1) (2) avg 12 CP and GCP load factor based on projected 2019 load research data
- (3) projected kWh sales for 2022
- (4) (5) avg 12 CP and GCP KW based on projected 2019 load research data
- (6) based on projected 2022 demand losses
- (7) column 4 * column 6
- (8) column 5 * column 6
- (9) column 7 / total of column 7
- (10) column 8 / total of column 8

FLORIDA POWER & LIGHT CO
 Storm Protection Plan Recovery Clause (SPPCRC)
 Calculation of the Cost Recovery Factors by Rate Class
 Projected Period: January through December 2022

| | (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) | (7) | (8) | (9) | (10) | (11) | (12) |
|-----------------------------|--|--|-------------------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------|--------------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------------------|--------------------|---------------------|-------------|-------------|
| Rate Class | Percentage of 12 CP Demand at Generation (%) | Percentage of GCP Demand at Generation (%) | 12CP Demand Related Cost (\$) | GCP Demand Related Cost (\$) | Total SPPCRC Costs (\$) | Projected Sales at Meter (kwh) | Billing KW Load Factor (%) | Projected Billed KW at Meter (KW) | SPP Factor (\$/kW) | SPP Factor (\$/kWh) | RDC (\$/KW) | SDD (\$/KW) |
| RS1/RTR1 | 58.01338% | 60.86885% | \$9,726,765 | \$120,338,164 | \$130,064,929 | 59,912,950,344 | | | | 0.00217 | | |
| GS1/GST1 | 7.65431% | 7.32363% | \$1,283,353 | \$14,478,862 | \$15,762,215 | 8,003,320,188 | | | | 0.00197 | | |
| GSD1/GSDT1/HLFT1 | 21.16394% | 19.67756% | \$3,548,435 | \$38,902,681 | \$42,451,116 | 25,592,700,378 | 51.65758% | 67,867,080 | 0.63 | | | |
| OS2 | 0.00327% | 0.03366% | \$548 | \$66,553 | \$67,101 | 8,923,659 | | | | 0.00752 | | |
| GSLD1/GSLDT1/CS1/CST1/HLFT2 | 8.16514% | 7.92875% | \$1,369,002 | \$15,675,191 | \$17,044,193 | 9,748,118,623 | 57.31437% | 23,298,846 | 0.73 | | | |
| GSLD2/GSLDT2/CS2/CST2/HLFT3 | 1.97403% | 1.81922% | \$330,974 | \$3,596,620 | \$3,927,594 | 2,878,926,950 | 66.32223% | 5,946,325 | 0.66 | | | |
| GSLD3/GSLDT3/CS3/CST3 | 0.14242% | 0% | \$23,879 | \$0 | \$23,879 | 213,361,909 | 71.37466% | 409,496 | 0.06 | | | |
| SST1T | 0.03705% | 0% | \$6,212 | \$0 | \$6,212 | 65,045,949 | 14.94991% | 596,017 | | | 0.09 | 0.04 |
| SST1D1/SST1D2/SST1D3 | 0.00008% | 0.00590% | \$13 | \$11,666 | \$11,680 | 61,426 | 1.89723% | 4,435 | | | 0.09 | 0.04 |
| CILC D/CILC G | 1.79668% | 1.64680% | \$301,239 | \$3,255,739 | \$3,556,978 | 2,647,478,080 | 71.04115% | 5,105,044 | 0.70 | | | |
| CILC T | 0.91603% | 0% | \$153,586 | \$0 | \$153,586 | 1,504,497,392 | 76.31398% | 2,700,626 | 0.06 | | | |
| MET | 0.06399% | 0.06383% | \$10,729 | \$126,183 | \$136,912 | 84,974,524 | 54.54804% | 213,396 | 0.64 | | | |
| OL1/SL1/SL1M/PL1 | 0.00343% | 0.56265% | \$575 | \$1,112,362 | \$1,112,936 | 484,585,670 | | | | 0.00230 | | |
| SL2/SL2M/GSCU1 | 0.06625% | 0.06915% | \$11,108 | \$136,717 | \$147,825 | 108,519,735 | | | | 0.00136 | | |
| Total | | | \$16,766,417 | \$197,700,738 | \$214,467,156 | 111,253,464,826 | | | | | | |

Notes:

- (1) (2) avg 12 CP and GCP load factor based on projected 2019 load research data
- (3) column 2 x total of column 4
- (4) column 3 x total of column 5
- (5) column 4 + column 5
- (6) projected kWh sales for 2022
- (7) Projected kWh sales / 8760 hours / avg customer NCP
- (8) column 7 / (column 8 * 730)
- (9) column 6 / column 9
- (11) column 6 / column 7
- (11) (total of column 6/total of avg 12 CP at generation * 0.10 * rate demand loss expansion factor)/12
- (12) ((total of column 6/total avg 12 CP at generation)/(21 * rate demand loss expansion factor))/12

**FLORIDA POWER & LIGHT COMPANY
COST RECOVERY CLAUSES
FORECASTED 2022 FPL STAND ALONE @10.55%**

CAPITAL STRUCTURE AND COST RATES (a)

| | Adjusted Retail | Ratio | Midpoint Cost Rates | Weighted Cost | Pre-Tax Weighted Cost |
|------------------------------|-------------------------|----------------|---------------------|----------------|-----------------------|
| Long term debt | 16,156,859,166 | 31.663% | 3.73% | 1.1812% | 1.18% |
| Short term debt | 436,589,670 | 0.856% | 1.04% | 0.0089% | 0.01% |
| Preferred stock | 0 | 0.000% | 0.00% | 0.0000% | 0.00% |
| Customer Deposits | 421,573,154 | 0.826% | 2.03% | 0.0168% | 0.02% |
| Common Equity ^(b) | 24,477,984,867 | 47.971% | 10.55% | 5.0609% | 6.78% |
| Deferred Income Tax | 8,521,560,571 | 16.700% | 0.00% | 0.0000% | 0.00% |
| Investment Tax Credits | | | | | |
| Zero cost | 0 | 0.000% | 0.00% | 0.0000% | 0.00% |
| Weighted cost | 1,012,580,962 | 1.984% | 7.84% | 0.1555% | 0.20% |
| TOTAL | \$51,027,148,389 | 100.00% | | 6.4234% | 8.18% |

CALCULATION OF THE WEIGHTED COST FOR CONVERTIBLE INVESTMENT TAX CREDITS (C-ITC) ^(c)

| | Adjusted Retail | Ratio | Cost Rate | Weighted Cost | Pre-Tax Cost |
|-----------------|-------------------------|----------------|-----------|---------------|---------------|
| Long term debt | \$16,156,859,166 | 39.76% | 3.731% | 1.483% | 1.483% |
| Preferred Stock | 0 | 0.00% | 0.000% | 0.000% | 0.000% |
| Common Equity | 24,477,984,867 | 60.24% | 10.550% | 6.355% | 8.513% |
| TOTAL | \$40,634,844,033 | 100.00% | | 7.839% | 9.996% |

RATIO

DEBT COMPONENTS:

| | |
|----------------------|----------------|
| Long term debt | 1.1812% |
| Short term debt | 0.0089% |
| Customer Deposits | 0.0168% |
| Tax credits weighted | 0.0294% |
| TOTAL DEBT | 1.2364% |

EQUITY COMPONENTS:

| | |
|-----------------------|----------------|
| PREFERRED STOCK | 0.0000% |
| COMMON EQUITY | 5.0609% |
| TAX CREDITS -WEIGHTED | 0.1261% |
| TOTAL EQUITY | 5.1870% |
| TOTAL | 6.4234% |
| PRE-TAX EQUITY | 6.9480% |
| PRE-TAX TOTAL | 8.1844% |

Note:

- (a) Forecasted capital structure includes a deferred income tax proration adjustment consistent with FPSC Order No. PSC-2020-0165-PAA-EU, Docket No. 20200118-EU.
(b) Cost rate for common equity represents FPL's mid-point return on equity approved by the FPSC in Order No. PSC-16-0560-AS-EI, Docket Nos. 160021-EI, 160061-EI, 160062-EI, and 160088-EI.
(c) This capital structure applies only to Convertible Investment Tax Credit (C-ITC)

Exhibit RBD-2 Appendix II

Gulf Power Company
SPPCRC - Initial Projection
Projected Period: January through December 2022
Summary of Projected Period Recovery Amount
(in Dollars)

| Line | NCP Demand Distribution (\$) | 12 CP Demand Transmission (\$) | Total (\$) |
|---|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------|---------------------|
| 1.Total Jurisdictional Revenue Requirements for the Projected Period | | | |
| a.Overhead Hardening Programs (SPPCRC Form 2P, Line 14 + Form 3P, Line 13) | \$4,657,880 | \$6,458,694 | \$11,116,574 |
| b.Undergrounding Programs (SPPCRC Form 2P, Line 16 + Form 3P, Line 14) | \$860,666 | \$0 | \$860,666 |
| c.Vegetation Management Programs (SPPCRC Form 2P, Line 15) | \$4,707,467 | \$2,796,907 | \$7,504,374 |
| d.Implementation Costs (SPPCRC Form 2P, Line 17 + Form 3P, Line 15) | \$46,753 | \$40,215 | \$86,968 |
| e. Total Projected Period Rev. Req. | <u>\$10,272,766</u> | <u>\$9,295,816</u> | <u>\$19,568,582</u> |
| 2.Estimated True up of Over/(Under) Recovery for the Current Period (SPPCRC Form 1E, Line 7) | \$526,187 | \$448,146 | \$974,333 |
| 3.Final True Up of Over/(Under) Recovery for the Prior Period (SPPCRC Form 1A, Line 7) | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| 4.Jurisdictional Amount to Recovered/(Refunded) (Line 1e - Line 2 - Line 3) | \$9,746,579 | \$8,847,670 | \$18,594,249 |
| 5.Jurisdictional Amount to Recovered/(Refunded) Adjusted for Taxes | <u>\$9,753,596</u> | <u>\$8,854,040</u> | <u>\$18,607,637</u> |
| Revenue Tax Multiplier | 1.00072 | | |

Gulf Power Company
 SPPCRC - Initial Projection
 Period: January through December 2022
 Calculation of Annual Revenue Requirements for O&M Programs
 (in Dollars)

| O&M Activities | T/D | Projection | | | | | | | | | | | | End of Period | Method of Classification | | | |
|--|-----|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|--------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------|-----------|
| | | Jan | Feb | Mar | Apr | May | Jun | Jul | Aug | Sep | Oct | Nov | Dec | | Total | Distribution NCP Demand | Transmission 12 CP Demand | Total |
| 1 Overhead Hardening O&M Programs | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1. Distribution Feeder Hardening | D | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| 2. Distribution Inspection Program | T | \$15,000 | \$15,000 | \$15,000 | \$15,000 | \$15,000 | \$15,000 | \$15,000 | \$15,000 | \$15,000 | \$15,000 | \$15,000 | \$15,000 | \$15,000 | \$15,000 | \$180,000 | \$180,000 | \$0 |
| 3. Transmission Inspection Program | T | \$33,333 | \$33,333 | \$33,333 | \$33,333 | \$33,333 | \$33,333 | \$33,333 | \$33,333 | \$33,333 | \$33,333 | \$33,333 | \$33,333 | \$33,333 | \$33,333 | \$400,000 | \$0 | \$389,812 |
| 4. Transmission Hardening | T | \$49,962 | \$49,944 | \$50,203 | \$50,208 | \$49,974 | \$49,850 | \$50,584 | \$51,093 | \$51,087 | \$50,071 | \$51,009 | \$50,973 | \$604,959 | \$0 | \$589,551 | \$589,551 | |
| 1.a Subtotal of Overhead Hardening Programs - O&M | | \$98,296 | \$98,278 | \$98,537 | \$98,541 | \$98,307 | \$98,184 | \$98,918 | \$99,426 | \$99,421 | \$98,405 | \$99,342 | \$99,306 | \$1,184,959 | \$180,000 | \$979,363 | \$1,159,363 | |
| 2 Vegetation Management O&M Programs | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1. Vegetation Management - Distribution | D | \$392,560 | \$392,490 | \$392,405 | \$391,709 | \$392,663 | \$393,180 | \$393,863 | \$393,859 | \$394,143 | \$392,984 | \$392,299 | \$385,312 | \$4,707,467 | \$4,707,467 | \$0 | \$4,707,467 | |
| 2. Vegetation Management - Transmission | T | \$153,026 | \$219,103 | \$219,579 | \$259,653 | \$150,739 | \$154,842 | \$417,409 | \$417,046 | \$417,170 | \$154,165 | \$154,405 | \$152,866 | \$2,870,003 | \$0 | \$2,796,907 | \$2,796,907 | |
| 2.a Subtotal of Vegetation Management Programs - O&M | | \$545,586 | \$611,593 | \$611,984 | \$651,362 | \$543,402 | \$548,022 | \$811,272 | \$810,905 | \$811,313 | \$547,149 | \$546,704 | \$538,178 | \$7,577,470 | \$4,707,467 | \$2,796,907 | \$7,504,374 | |
| 3 Undergrounding Laterals O&M Programs | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1. Lateral Hardening (Undergrounding) Distribution | D | \$12,841 | \$12,856 | \$12,877 | \$12,868 | \$14,587 | \$21,550 | \$21,522 | \$21,542 | \$14,602 | \$12,841 | \$12,869 | \$11,144 | \$182,099 | \$182,099 | \$0 | \$182,099 | |
| 3.a Subtotal of Underground Laterals Programs - O&M | | \$12,841 | \$12,856 | \$12,877 | \$12,868 | \$14,587 | \$21,550 | \$21,522 | \$21,542 | \$14,602 | \$12,841 | \$12,869 | \$11,144 | \$182,099 | \$182,099 | \$0 | \$182,099 | |
| 4 Implementation Costs - A&G | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1. Implementation Costs - Distribution | D | \$2,240 | \$2,240 | \$2,240 | \$2,240 | \$2,240 | \$2,240 | \$2,240 | \$2,240 | \$2,240 | \$2,240 | \$2,240 | \$2,240 | \$2,240 | \$26,880 | \$26,822 | \$0 | \$26,822 |
| 2. Implementation Costs - Transmission | T | \$1,927 | \$1,927 | \$1,927 | \$1,927 | \$1,927 | \$1,927 | \$1,927 | \$1,927 | \$1,927 | \$1,927 | \$1,927 | \$1,927 | \$1,927 | \$23,120 | \$0 | \$23,071 | |
| 4.a Subtotal of Implementation Costs - O&M | | \$4,167 | \$4,167 | \$4,167 | \$4,167 | \$4,167 | \$4,167 | \$4,167 | \$4,167 | \$4,167 | \$4,167 | \$4,167 | \$4,167 | \$50,000 | \$26,822 | \$23,071 | \$49,892 | |
| 5 Total O&M Costs | | \$660,889 | \$726,893 | \$727,564 | \$766,938 | \$660,463 | \$671,922 | \$935,878 | \$936,040 | \$929,502 | \$662,561 | \$663,082 | \$652,795 | \$8,994,528 | \$5,096,388 | \$3,799,341 | \$8,895,728 | |
| 6 Allocation of O&M Programs | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| a. Distribution Capital Allocated to NCP Demand | | \$420,401 | \$420,346 | \$420,282 | \$419,577 | \$422,250 | \$429,730 | \$430,385 | \$430,401 | \$423,745 | \$420,825 | \$420,168 | \$411,456 | \$5,069,566 | | | | |
| b. Transmission Capital Allocated to 12 CP Demand | | \$236,322 | \$302,381 | \$303,116 | \$343,194 | \$234,046 | \$238,026 | \$501,327 | \$501,472 | \$501,591 | \$237,570 | \$238,747 | \$237,172 | \$3,874,962 | | | | |
| c. Implementation Costs Allocated to Distribution NCP Demand | | \$2,240 | \$2,240 | \$2,240 | \$2,240 | \$2,240 | \$2,240 | \$2,240 | \$2,240 | \$2,240 | \$2,240 | \$2,240 | \$2,240 | \$26,880 | | | | |
| d. Implementation Costs Allocated to Transmission 12 CP Demand | | \$1,927 | \$1,927 | \$1,927 | \$1,927 | \$1,927 | \$1,927 | \$1,927 | \$1,927 | \$1,927 | \$1,927 | \$1,927 | \$1,927 | \$23,120 | | | | |
| e. Total Allocation of O&M Programs | | \$660,889 | \$726,893 | \$727,564 | \$766,938 | \$660,463 | \$671,922 | \$935,878 | \$936,040 | \$929,502 | \$662,561 | \$663,082 | \$652,795 | \$8,994,528 | | | | |
| 7 Implementation Costs Allocation Factors | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| a. Distribution | | 53.76% | 53.76% | 53.76% | 53.76% | 53.76% | 53.76% | 53.76% | 53.76% | 53.76% | 53.76% | 53.76% | 53.76% | 53.76% | 53.76% | 53.76% | | |
| b. Transmission | | 46.24% | 46.24% | 46.24% | 46.24% | 46.24% | 46.24% | 46.24% | 46.24% | 46.24% | 46.24% | 46.24% | 46.24% | 46.24% | 46.24% | 46.24% | | |
| 8 Retail Jurisdictional Factors | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| a. Distribution Demand Jurisdictional Factor | | 100.0000% | 100.0000% | 100.0000% | 100.0000% | 100.0000% | 100.0000% | 100.0000% | 100.0000% | 100.0000% | 100.0000% | 100.0000% | 100.0000% | 100.0000% | 100.0000% | 100.0000% | | |
| b. Transmission Demand Jurisdictional Factor | | 97.4531% | 97.4531% | 97.4531% | 97.4531% | 97.4531% | 97.4531% | 97.4531% | 97.4531% | 97.4531% | 97.4531% | 97.4531% | 97.4531% | 97.4531% | 97.4531% | 97.4531% | | |
| c. A&G Plant Jurisdictional Factor | | 99.7842% | 99.7842% | 99.7842% | 99.7842% | 99.7842% | 99.7842% | 99.7842% | 99.7842% | 99.7842% | 99.7842% | 99.7842% | 99.7842% | 99.7842% | 99.7842% | 99.7842% | | |
| 9 Jurisdictional NCP Demand Revenue Requirements - Distribution | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | \$420,401 | \$420,346 | \$420,282 | \$419,577 | \$422,250 | \$429,730 | \$430,385 | \$430,401 | \$423,745 | \$420,825 | \$420,168 | \$411,456 | \$5,069,566 | | | | |
| 10 Jurisdictional 12 CP Demand Revenue Requirements - Transmission | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | \$230,303 | \$294,679 | \$295,396 | \$334,453 | \$228,085 | \$231,963 | \$488,558 | \$488,700 | \$488,816 | \$231,519 | \$232,666 | \$231,131 | \$3,776,270 | | | | |
| 11 Jurisdictional Implementation Costs Allocated to Distribution NCP Demand | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | \$2,235 | \$2,235 | \$2,235 | \$2,235 | \$2,235 | \$2,235 | \$2,235 | \$2,235 | \$2,235 | \$2,235 | \$2,235 | \$2,235 | \$26,822 | | | | |
| 12 Jurisdictional Implementation Costs Allocated to Transmission 12 CP Demand | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | \$1,923 | \$1,923 | \$1,923 | \$1,923 | \$1,923 | \$1,923 | \$1,923 | \$1,923 | \$1,923 | \$1,923 | \$1,923 | \$1,923 | \$23,071 | | | | |
| 13 Total Jurisdictional O&M Revenue Requirements | | \$654,862 | \$719,183 | \$719,835 | \$758,188 | \$654,493 | \$665,851 | \$923,101 | \$923,259 | \$916,718 | \$656,502 | \$656,992 | \$646,745 | \$8,895,728 | | | | |
| O&M Revenue Requirements by Category of Activity | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Monthly Sums of (Activity Cost x Allocation x Jur. Factor) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 14 Overhead Hardening O&M Programs | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| a. Allocated to NCP Demand | | \$96,174 | \$96,157 | \$96,409 | \$96,413 | \$96,185 | \$96,065 | \$96,780 | \$97,276 | \$97,271 | \$96,280 | \$97,194 | \$97,159 | \$1,159,363 | | | | |
| b. Allocated to 12 CP Demand | | \$15,000 | \$15,000 | \$15,000 | \$15,000 | \$15,000 | \$15,000 | \$15,000 | \$15,000 | \$15,000 | \$15,000 | \$15,000 | \$15,000 | \$180,000 | | | | |
| 15 Vegetation Management O&M Programs | | \$541,689 | \$606,013 | \$606,392 | \$644,749 | \$539,563 | \$544,078 | \$800,641 | \$800,283 | \$800,688 | \$543,223 | \$542,771 | \$534,285 | \$7,504,374 | | | | |
| a. Allocated to NCP Demand | | \$392,560 | \$392,490 | \$392,405 | \$391,709 | \$392,663 | \$393,180 | \$393,863 | \$393,859 | \$394,143 | \$392,984 | \$392,299 | \$385,312 | \$4,707,467 | | | | |
| b. Allocated to 12 CP Demand | | \$149,129 | \$213,523 | \$213,987 | \$253,040 | \$146,900 | \$150,898 | \$406,778 | \$406,424 | \$406,545 | \$150,239 | \$150,472 | \$148,973 | \$2,796,907 | | | | |
| 16 Undergrounding Laterals O&M Programs | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| a. Allocated to NCP Demand | | \$12,841 | \$12,856 | \$12,877 | \$12,868 | \$14,587 | \$21,550 | \$21,522 | \$21,542 | \$14,602 | \$12,841 | \$12,869 | \$11,144 | \$182,099 | | | | |
| b. Allocated to 12 CP Demand | | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | | | | |
| 17 Implementation O&M Costs | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| a. Allocated to Distribution A&G NCP Demand | | \$4,158 | \$4,158 | \$4,158 | \$4,158 | \$4,158 | \$4,158 | \$4,158 | \$4,158 | \$4,158 | \$4,158 | \$4,158 | \$4,158 | \$49,892 | | | | |
| b. Allocated to Transmission 12 CP Demand | | \$2,235 | \$2,235 | \$2,235 | \$2,235 | \$2,235 | \$2,235 | \$2,235 | \$2,235 | \$2,235 | \$2,235 | \$2,235 | \$2,235 | \$26,822 | | | | |
| | | \$1,923 | \$1,923 | \$1,923 | \$1,923 | \$1,923 | \$1,923 | \$1,923 | \$1,923 | \$1,923 | \$1,923 | \$1,923 | \$1,923 | \$23,071 | | | | |

Gulf Power Company
SPPCRC - Initial Projection
Current Period: January through December 2022
Project Listing for Each O&M Program

| O&M Activities | T or D |
|----------------|--------|
|----------------|--------|

See Exhibit MJ-7

Gulf Power Company
SPPCRC - Initial Projection
Period: January through December 2022
Calculation of Annual Revenue Requirements for Capital Investment Programs
(in Dollars)

| Capital Investment Activities | T/D | Projection | | | | | | | | | | | | End of Period Total | Method of Classification | | | |
|--|-----|------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|------------------------|--------------------------|-------------|---------------------------|-------|
| | | Jan | Feb | Mar | Apr | May | Jun | Jul | Aug | Sep | Oct | Nov | Dec | | Distribution Demand | NCP Demand | Transmission 12 CP Demand | Total |
| 1 Overhead Hardening Capital Investment Programs | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1. Distribution Feeder Hardening | D | \$248,170 | \$263,608 | \$279,007 | \$294,369 | \$310,896 | \$333,516 | \$361,434 | \$389,898 | \$413,767 | \$431,305 | \$447,025 | \$461,284 | \$4,234,278 | \$4,234,278 | \$0 | \$4,234,278 | |
| 2. Distribution Inspection Program | D | \$14,287 | \$15,292 | \$16,368 | \$17,474 | \$18,593 | \$19,716 | \$20,841 | \$21,964 | \$23,087 | \$24,208 | \$25,327 | \$26,444 | \$243,602 | \$243,602 | \$0 | \$243,602 | |
| 3. Transmission Inspection Program | T | \$678 | \$2,072 | \$3,534 | \$5,054 | \$6,624 | \$8,235 | \$9,879 | \$11,553 | \$13,250 | \$14,967 | \$16,699 | \$18,443 | \$110,989 | \$0 | \$108,162 | \$108,162 | |
| 4. Transmission Hardening | T | \$292,841 | \$322,691 | \$352,729 | \$382,919 | \$413,230 | \$443,639 | \$474,123 | \$504,664 | \$535,246 | \$565,856 | \$596,484 | \$627,120 | \$5,511,542 | \$0 | \$5,371,169 | \$5,371,169 | |
| 1.a Subtotal of Overhead Hardening Capital Investment Programs | | \$555,976 | \$603,664 | \$651,638 | \$699,817 | \$749,344 | \$805,106 | \$866,277 | \$928,079 | \$985,350 | \$1,036,336 | \$1,085,535 | \$1,133,291 | \$10,100,411 | \$4,477,880 | \$5,479,331 | \$9,957,211 | |
| 2 Undergrounding Laterals Capital Investment Programs | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1. Lateral Hardening (Undergrounding) Distribution | D | \$38,279 | \$41,403 | \$44,198 | \$46,844 | \$49,626 | \$53,422 | \$58,114 | \$62,893 | \$66,884 | \$69,789 | \$72,384 | \$74,731 | \$678,567 | \$678,567 | \$0 | \$678,567 | |
| 2.a Subtotal of Undergrounding Laterals Capital Investment Programs | | \$38,279 | \$41,403 | \$44,198 | \$46,844 | \$49,626 | \$53,422 | \$58,114 | \$62,893 | \$66,884 | \$69,789 | \$72,384 | \$74,731 | \$678,567 | \$678,567 | \$0 | \$678,567 | |
| 3 Implementation Costs - G&I | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1. Implementation Costs - Distribution | D | \$1,559 | \$1,586 | \$1,611 | \$1,632 | \$1,652 | \$1,669 | \$1,684 | \$1,697 | \$1,708 | \$1,718 | \$1,727 | \$1,734 | \$19,975 | \$19,931 | \$0 | \$19,931 | |
| 2. Implementation Costs - Transmission | T | \$1,341 | \$1,364 | \$1,385 | \$1,404 | \$1,421 | \$1,435 | \$1,448 | \$1,459 | \$1,469 | \$1,478 | \$1,485 | \$1,491 | \$17,181 | \$0 | \$17,144 | \$17,144 | |
| 3.a Subtotal of Implementation Capital Programs | | \$2,899 | \$2,951 | \$2,996 | \$3,037 | \$3,072 | \$3,104 | \$3,132 | \$3,156 | \$3,177 | \$3,196 | \$3,212 | \$3,225 | \$37,156 | \$19,931 | \$17,144 | \$37,076 | |
| 4 Total Capital Investment Costs | | \$597,155 | \$648,017 | \$698,832 | \$749,697 | \$802,042 | \$861,632 | \$927,522 | \$994,128 | \$1,055,411 | \$1,109,321 | \$1,161,130 | \$1,211,248 | \$10,816,134 | \$5,176,379 | \$5,496,475 | \$10,672,854 | |
| 5 Allocation of Capital Investment Programs | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| a. Distribution Capital Allocated to NCP Demand | | \$300,737 | \$320,303 | \$339,573 | \$358,687 | \$379,115 | \$406,655 | \$440,388 | \$474,755 | \$503,737 | \$525,302 | \$544,735 | \$562,459 | \$5,156,447 | | | | |
| b. Transmission Capital Allocated to 12 CP Demand | | \$293,519 | \$324,763 | \$356,263 | \$387,973 | \$419,854 | \$451,874 | \$484,002 | \$516,217 | \$548,496 | \$580,823 | \$613,183 | \$645,563 | \$5,622,531 | | | | |
| c. Implementation Costs Allocated to Distribution NCP Demand | | \$1,559 | \$1,586 | \$1,611 | \$1,632 | \$1,652 | \$1,669 | \$1,684 | \$1,697 | \$1,708 | \$1,718 | \$1,727 | \$1,734 | \$19,975 | | | | |
| d. Implementation Costs Allocated to Transmission 12 CP Demand | | \$1,341 | \$1,364 | \$1,385 | \$1,404 | \$1,421 | \$1,435 | \$1,448 | \$1,459 | \$1,469 | \$1,478 | \$1,485 | \$1,491 | \$17,181 | | | | |
| e. Total Allocation of Capital Investment Programs | | \$597,155 | \$648,017 | \$698,832 | \$749,697 | \$802,042 | \$861,632 | \$927,522 | \$994,128 | \$1,055,411 | \$1,109,321 | \$1,161,130 | \$1,211,248 | \$10,816,134 | | | | |
| 6 Implementation Costs Allocation Factors | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| a. Distribution | | 53.76% | 53.76% | 53.76% | 53.76% | 53.76% | 53.76% | 53.76% | 53.76% | 53.76% | 53.76% | 53.76% | 53.76% | 53.76% | | | | |
| b. Transmission | | 46.24% | 46.24% | 46.24% | 46.24% | 46.24% | 46.24% | 46.24% | 46.24% | 46.24% | 46.24% | 46.24% | 46.24% | 46.24% | | | | |
| 7 Retail Jurisdictional Factors | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| a. Distribution Demand Jurisdictional Factor | | 100.0000% | 100.0000% | 100.0000% | 100.0000% | 100.0000% | 100.0000% | 100.0000% | 100.0000% | 100.0000% | 100.0000% | 100.0000% | 100.0000% | 100.0000% | | | | |
| b. Transmission Demand Jurisdictional Factor | | 97.4531% | 97.4531% | 97.4531% | 97.4531% | 97.4531% | 97.4531% | 97.4531% | 97.4531% | 97.4531% | 97.4531% | 97.4531% | 97.4531% | 97.4531% | | | | |
| c. General & Intangible Plant Jurisdictional Factor | | 99.7842% | 99.7842% | 99.7842% | 99.7842% | 99.7842% | 99.7842% | 99.7842% | 99.7842% | 99.7842% | 99.7842% | 99.7842% | 99.7842% | 99.7842% | | | | |
| 8 Jurisdictional NCP Demand Revenue Requirements - Distribution | | \$300,737 | \$320,303 | \$339,573 | \$358,687 | \$379,115 | \$406,655 | \$440,388 | \$474,755 | \$503,737 | \$525,302 | \$544,735 | \$562,459 | \$5,156,447 | | | | |
| 9 Jurisdictional 12 CP Demand Revenue Requirements - Transmission | | \$286,044 | \$316,492 | \$347,189 | \$378,092 | \$409,161 | \$440,365 | \$471,675 | \$503,069 | \$534,527 | \$566,030 | \$597,566 | \$629,122 | \$5,479,331 | | | | |
| 10 Jurisdictional Implementation Costs Allocated to Distribution NCP Demand | | \$1,555 | \$1,583 | \$1,607 | \$1,629 | \$1,648 | \$1,665 | \$1,680 | \$1,693 | \$1,704 | \$1,714 | \$1,723 | \$1,730 | \$19,931 | | | | |
| 11 Jurisdictional Implementation Costs Allocated to Transmission 12 CP Demand | | \$1,338 | \$1,361 | \$1,382 | \$1,401 | \$1,418 | \$1,432 | \$1,445 | \$1,456 | \$1,466 | \$1,474 | \$1,482 | \$1,488 | \$17,144 | | | | |
| 12 Total Jurisdictional Capital Investment Revenue Requirements | | \$589,673 | \$639,739 | \$689,752 | \$739,809 | \$791,342 | \$850,117 | \$915,188 | \$980,973 | \$1,041,434 | \$1,094,521 | \$1,145,506 | \$1,194,799 | \$10,672,854 | | | | |

Capital Investment Revenue Requirements by Category of Activity
Monthly Sums of (Activity Cost x Allocation x Jur. Factor)

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|--|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|--------------|--|--|--|
| 13 Overhead Hardening Capital Investment Programs | | \$548,501 | \$595,392 | \$642,564 | \$689,935 | \$738,651 | \$793,597 | \$853,950 | \$914,931 | \$971,380 | \$1,021,543 | \$1,069,918 | \$1,116,850 | \$9,957,211 | | | |
| a. Allocated to NCP Demand | | \$262,457 | \$278,901 | \$295,375 | \$311,844 | \$329,490 | \$353,232 | \$382,274 | \$411,862 | \$436,854 | \$455,512 | \$472,352 | \$487,728 | \$4,477,880 | | | |
| b. Allocated to 12 CP Demand | | \$286,044 | \$316,492 | \$347,189 | \$378,092 | \$409,161 | \$440,365 | \$471,675 | \$503,069 | \$534,527 | \$566,030 | \$597,566 | \$629,122 | \$5,479,331 | | | |
| 14 Undergrounding Laterals Capital Investment Programs | | \$38,279 | \$41,403 | \$44,198 | \$46,844 | \$49,626 | \$53,422 | \$58,114 | \$62,893 | \$66,884 | \$69,789 | \$72,384 | \$74,731 | \$678,567 | | | |
| a. Allocated to NCP Demand | | \$38,279 | \$41,403 | \$44,198 | \$46,844 | \$49,626 | \$53,422 | \$58,114 | \$62,893 | \$66,884 | \$69,789 | \$72,384 | \$74,731 | \$678,567 | | | |
| b. Allocated to 12 CP Demand | | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | | | |
| 15 Implementation Capital Costs | | \$2,893 | \$2,944 | \$2,990 | \$3,030 | \$3,066 | \$3,097 | \$3,125 | \$3,149 | \$3,170 | \$3,189 | \$3,205 | \$3,218 | \$37,076 | | | |
| a. Allocated to Distribution NCP | | \$1,555 | \$1,583 | \$1,607 | \$1,629 | \$1,648 | \$1,665 | \$1,680 | \$1,693 | \$1,704 | \$1,714 | \$1,723 | \$1,730 | \$19,931 | | | |
| b. Allocated to Transmission 12CP | | \$1,338 | \$1,361 | \$1,382 | \$1,401 | \$1,418 | \$1,432 | \$1,445 | \$1,456 | \$1,466 | \$1,474 | \$1,482 | \$1,488 | \$17,144 | | | |
| 16 Total Capital Programs | | \$589,673 | \$639,739 | \$689,752 | \$739,809 | \$791,342 | \$850,117 | \$915,188 | \$980,973 | \$1,041,434 | \$1,094,521 | \$1,145,506 | \$1,194,799 | \$10,672,854 | | | |

Gulf Power Company
SPPCRC - Initial Projection
Current Period: January through December 2022
Project Listing for Each Capital Program

| Capital Activities | T or D |
|--------------------|--------|
|--------------------|--------|

See Exhibit MJ-7

Gulf Power Company
620-Distribution Inspection Program
Estimated Revenue Requirements for the Period January 2022 through December 2022
(In Dollars)

| Beginning of Period Amount | Jan - 2022 | Feb - 2022 | Mar - 2022 | Apr - 2022 | May - 2022 | Jun - 2022 | Jul - 2022 | Aug - 2022 | Sep - 2022 | Oct - 2022 | Nov - 2022 | Dec - 2022 | Total |
|--|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| 620-Distribution Inspection Program | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1. Investments | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| a. Expenditures/Additions (a) | \$145,131 | \$144,965 | \$144,965 | \$144,965 | \$144,965 | \$144,965 | \$144,965 | \$144,965 | \$144,965 | \$144,965 | \$144,965 | \$144,965 | \$1,739,746 |
| b. Clearings to Plant | \$63,401 | \$108,710 | \$128,849 | \$137,802 | \$141,781 | \$143,550 | \$144,336 | \$144,685 | \$144,841 | \$144,910 | \$144,940 | \$144,954 | \$1,592,758 |
| c. Retirements | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| d. Other | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| 2. Plant-In-Service/Depreciation Base | \$1,774,026 | \$1,837,427 | \$1,946,137 | \$2,074,986 | \$2,212,788 | \$2,354,568 | \$2,498,118 | \$2,642,454 | \$2,787,139 | \$2,931,980 | \$3,076,890 | \$3,221,830 | \$3,366,784 |
| 3. Less: Accumulated Depreciation | \$42,381 | \$46,429 | \$50,666 | \$55,165 | \$59,958 | \$65,059 | \$70,474 | \$76,206 | \$82,257 | \$88,626 | \$95,315 | \$102,323 | \$109,650 |
| 4. CWIP - Non Interest Bearing | (\$33,874) | \$47,855 | \$84,111 | \$100,226 | \$107,390 | \$110,574 | \$111,989 | \$112,619 | \$112,898 | \$113,023 | \$113,078 | \$113,102 | \$113,113 |
| 5. Net Investment (Lines 2 - 3 + 4) | \$1,697,770 | \$1,838,853 | \$1,979,581 | \$2,120,047 | \$2,260,219 | \$2,400,084 | \$2,539,634 | \$2,678,866 | \$2,817,781 | \$2,956,376 | \$3,094,653 | \$3,232,610 | \$3,370,248 |
| 6. Average Net Investment | \$1,768,312 | \$1,909,217 | \$2,049,814 | \$2,190,133 | \$2,330,151 | \$2,469,859 | \$2,609,250 | \$2,748,324 | \$2,887,079 | \$3,025,515 | \$3,163,631 | \$3,301,429 | |
| 7. Return on Average Net Investment | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| a. Equity Component grossed up for taxes (b) | \$8,955 | \$9,668 | \$10,380 | \$11,091 | \$11,800 | \$12,507 | \$13,213 | \$13,917 | \$14,620 | \$15,321 | \$16,021 | \$16,718 | \$154,211 |
| b. Debt Component (Line 6 x debt rate) (c) | \$1,285 | \$1,387 | \$1,489 | \$1,591 | \$1,693 | \$1,794 | \$1,895 | \$1,996 | \$2,097 | \$2,198 | \$2,298 | \$2,398 | \$22,121 |
| 8. Investment Expenses | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| a. Depreciation (d) | \$4,048 | \$4,237 | \$4,499 | \$4,793 | \$5,101 | \$5,415 | \$5,732 | \$6,051 | \$6,370 | \$6,689 | \$7,008 | \$7,327 | \$67,269 |
| b. Amortization | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| c. Other | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| 9. Total System Recoverable Expenses (Lines 7 + 8) | \$14,287 | \$15,292 | \$16,368 | \$17,474 | \$18,593 | \$19,716 | \$20,841 | \$21,964 | \$23,087 | \$24,208 | \$25,327 | \$26,444 | \$243,602 |

Notes:

- (a) Excludes Cost of Removal on the retirement of existing plant.
- (b) The Gross-up factor for taxes is 1/.746550, which reflects the Federal Income Tax Rate of 21%. The equity component for the period Jan. – Dec. 2022 is 4.5366% based on Gulf's most recent financial forecast.
- (c) The debt component is 0.8717% based on Gulf's most recent financial forecast.
- (d) Calculated using the composite depreciation rates for distribution/transmission function as reflected in Gulf's 2016 retail base rate settlement agreement (Order No. PSC-17-0178-S-EI).

Gulf Power Company
621-Transmission Inspection Program
Estimated Revenue Requirements for the Period January 2022 through December 2022
(In Dollars)

| Beginning of Period Amount | Jan - 2022 | Feb - 2022 | Mar - 2022 | Apr - 2022 | May - 2022 | Jun - 2022 | Jul - 2022 | Aug - 2022 | Sep - 2022 | Oct - 2022 | Nov - 2022 | Dec - 2022 | Total |
|--|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| 621-Transmission Inspection Program | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1. Investments | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| a. Expenditures/Additions (a) | \$218,594 | \$218,541 | \$218,224 | \$218,236 | \$218,322 | \$218,260 | \$218,267 | \$218,318 | \$218,305 | \$218,194 | \$218,105 | \$218,014 | \$2,619,379 |
| b. Clearings to Plant | \$33,357 | \$61,616 | \$85,515 | \$105,768 | \$122,944 | \$137,489 | \$149,816 | \$160,269 | \$169,125 | \$176,613 | \$182,945 | \$188,296 | \$1,573,754 |
| c. Retirements | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| d. Other | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| 2. Plant-In-Service/Depreciation Base | \$0 | \$33,357 | \$94,974 | \$180,488 | \$286,256 | \$409,200 | \$546,689 | \$696,505 | \$856,774 | \$1,025,899 | \$1,202,512 | \$1,385,457 | \$1,573,754 |
| 3. Less: Accumulated Depreciation | \$0 | \$45 | \$219 | \$593 | \$1,226 | \$2,169 | \$3,466 | \$5,152 | \$7,258 | \$9,812 | \$12,834 | \$16,344 | \$20,358 |
| 4. CWIP - Non Interest Bearing | \$0 | \$185,237 | \$342,161 | \$474,870 | \$587,338 | \$682,716 | \$763,487 | \$831,938 | \$889,987 | \$939,167 | \$980,748 | \$1,015,908 | \$1,045,625 |
| 5. Net Investment (Lines 2 - 3 + 4) | \$0 | \$218,549 | \$436,915 | \$654,765 | \$872,368 | \$1,089,747 | \$1,306,710 | \$1,523,291 | \$1,739,503 | \$1,955,254 | \$2,170,426 | \$2,385,021 | \$2,599,021 |
| 6. Average Net Investment | \$109,274 | \$327,732 | \$545,840 | \$763,567 | \$981,057 | \$1,198,229 | \$1,415,001 | \$1,631,397 | \$1,847,378 | \$2,062,840 | \$2,277,724 | \$2,492,021 | |
| 7. Return on Average Net Investment | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| a. Equity Component grossed up for taxes (b) | \$553 | \$1,660 | \$2,764 | \$3,867 | \$4,968 | \$6,068 | \$7,166 | \$8,261 | \$9,355 | \$10,446 | \$11,534 | \$12,619 | \$79,261 |
| b. Debt Component (Line 6 x debt rate) (c) | \$79 | \$238 | \$397 | \$555 | \$713 | \$870 | \$1,028 | \$1,185 | \$1,342 | \$1,498 | \$1,655 | \$1,810 | \$11,370 |
| 8. Investment Expenses | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| a. Depreciation (d) | \$45 | \$174 | \$374 | \$633 | \$943 | \$1,296 | \$1,686 | \$2,107 | \$2,553 | \$3,022 | \$3,510 | \$4,013 | \$20,358 |
| b. Amortization | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| c. Other | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| 9. Total System Recoverable Expenses (Lines 7 + 8) | \$678 | \$2,072 | \$3,534 | \$5,054 | \$6,624 | \$8,235 | \$9,879 | \$11,553 | \$13,250 | \$14,967 | \$16,699 | \$18,443 | \$110,989 |

Notes:

- (a) Excludes Cost of Removal on the retirement of existing plant.
- (b) The Gross-up factor for taxes is 1/.746550, which reflects the Federal Income Tax Rate of 21%. The equity component for the period Jan. – Dec. 2022 is 4.5366% based on Gulf's most recent financial forecast.
- (c) The debt component is 0.8717% based on Gulf's most recent financial forecast.
- (d) Calculated using the composite depreciation rates for distribution/transmission function as reflected in Gulf's 2016 retail base rate settlement agreement (Order No. PSC-17-0178-S-EI).

Gulf Power Company
622-Distribution Feeder Hardening P
Estimated Revenue Requirements for the Period January 2022 through December 2022
(In Dollars)

| | Beginning of Period Amount | Jan - 2022 | Feb - 2022 | Mar - 2022 | Apr - 2022 | May - 2022 | Jun - 2022 | Jul - 2022 | Aug - 2022 | Sep - 2022 | Oct - 2022 | Nov - 2022 | Dec - 2022 | Total |
|--|-------------------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| 622-Distribution Feeder Hardening P | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1. Investments | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| a. Expenditures/Additions (a) | | \$1,973,469 | \$1,978,038 | \$1,976,309 | \$1,977,743 | \$2,317,099 | \$3,697,385 | \$3,693,585 | \$3,694,101 | \$2,319,801 | \$1,972,284 | \$1,976,317 | \$1,663,868 | \$29,240,000 |
| b. Clearings to Plant | | \$2,001,757 | \$1,988,581 | \$1,981,764 | \$1,979,531 | \$2,167,048 | \$3,017,143 | \$3,392,903 | \$3,560,217 | \$2,871,172 | \$2,371,844 | \$2,152,131 | \$1,880,903 | \$29,364,995 |
| c. Retirements | | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| d. Other | | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| 2. Plant-In-Service/Depreciation Base | \$29,217,750 | \$31,219,507 | \$33,208,089 | \$35,189,853 | \$37,169,383 | \$39,336,432 | \$42,353,575 | \$45,746,479 | \$49,306,696 | \$52,177,867 | \$54,549,711 | \$56,701,842 | \$58,582,745 | |
| 3. Less: Accumulated Depreciation | \$437,746 | \$504,337 | \$575,323 | \$650,683 | \$730,407 | \$814,699 | \$904,701 | \$1,001,765 | \$1,106,488 | \$1,218,296 | \$1,335,879 | \$1,458,446 | \$1,585,456 | |
| 4. CWIP - Non Interest Bearing | \$1,625,419 | \$1,597,131 | \$1,586,587 | \$1,581,132 | \$1,579,345 | \$1,729,396 | \$2,409,637 | \$2,710,319 | \$2,844,202 | \$2,292,832 | \$1,893,272 | \$1,717,459 | \$1,500,424 | |
| 5. Net Investment (Lines 2 - 3 + 4) | \$30,405,423 | \$32,312,301 | \$34,219,353 | \$36,120,302 | \$38,018,321 | \$40,251,129 | \$43,858,511 | \$47,455,032 | \$51,044,410 | \$53,252,403 | \$55,107,103 | \$56,960,854 | \$58,497,712 | |
| 6. Average Net Investment | | \$31,358,862 | \$33,265,827 | \$35,169,827 | \$37,069,311 | \$39,134,725 | \$42,054,820 | \$45,656,772 | \$49,249,721 | \$52,148,406 | \$54,179,753 | \$56,033,979 | \$57,729,283 | |
| 7. Return on Average Net Investment | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| a. Equity Component grossed up for taxes (b) | | \$158,800 | \$168,457 | \$178,099 | \$187,718 | \$198,177 | \$212,964 | \$231,204 | \$249,399 | \$264,077 | \$274,364 | \$283,754 | \$292,339 | \$2,699,351 |
| b. Debt Component (Line 6 x debt rate) (c) | | \$22,780 | \$24,165 | \$25,548 | \$26,928 | \$28,428 | \$30,549 | \$33,166 | \$35,776 | \$37,881 | \$39,357 | \$40,704 | \$41,936 | \$387,218 |
| 8. Investment Expenses | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| a. Depreciation (d) | | \$66,591 | \$70,986 | \$75,360 | \$79,724 | \$84,292 | \$90,002 | \$97,064 | \$104,723 | \$111,808 | \$117,583 | \$122,567 | \$127,010 | \$1,147,710 |
| b. Amortization | | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| c. Other | | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| 9. Total System Recoverable Expenses (Lines 7 + 8) | | \$248,170 | \$263,608 | \$279,007 | \$294,369 | \$310,896 | \$333,516 | \$361,434 | \$389,898 | \$413,767 | \$431,305 | \$447,025 | \$461,284 | \$4,234,278 |

Notes:

- (a) Excludes Cost of Removal on the retirement of existing plant.
- (b) The Gross-up factor for taxes is 1/.746550, which reflects the Federal Income Tax Rate of 21%. The equity component for the period Jan. – Dec. 2022 is 4.5366% based on Gulf's most recent financial forecast.
- (c) The debt component is 0.8717% based on Gulf's most recent financial forecast.
- (d) Calculated using the composite depreciation rates for distribution/transmission function as reflected in Gulf's 2016 retail base rate settlement agreement (Order No. PSC-17-0178-S-EI).

Gulf Power Company
623-Distribution Hardening Lateral Undergrounding
Estimated Revenue Requirements for the Period January 2022 through December 2022
(In Dollars)

| Beginning of Period Amount | Jan - 2022 | Feb - 2022 | Mar - 2022 | Apr - 2022 | May - 2022 | Jun - 2022 | Jul - 2022 | Aug - 2022 | Sep - 2022 | Oct - 2022 | Nov - 2022 | Dec - 2022 | Total |
|--|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| 623-Distribution Hardening Lateral Undergrounding | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1. Investments | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| a. Expenditures/Additions (a) | \$324,804 | \$325,585 | \$325,290 | \$325,537 | \$383,625 | \$619,893 | \$619,240 | \$619,330 | \$384,087 | \$324,600 | \$325,290 | \$272,717 | \$4,850,000 |
| b. Clearings to Plant | \$690,898 | \$487,968 | \$397,601 | \$357,570 | \$372,043 | \$509,723 | \$570,559 | \$597,651 | \$479,018 | \$393,240 | \$355,494 | \$309,512 | \$5,521,277 |
| c. Retirements | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| d. Other | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| 2. Plant-In-Service/Depreciation Base | \$3,931,055 | \$4,621,952 | \$5,109,921 | \$5,507,522 | \$5,865,092 | \$6,237,135 | \$6,746,858 | \$7,317,417 | \$7,915,068 | \$8,394,086 | \$8,787,326 | \$9,142,819 | \$9,452,331 |
| 3. Less: Accumulated Depreciation | \$23,988 | \$33,409 | \$44,130 | \$55,826 | \$68,354 | \$81,686 | \$95,988 | \$111,481 | \$128,261 | \$146,227 | \$165,154 | \$184,906 | \$205,390 |
| 4. CWIP - Non Interest Bearing | \$918,946 | \$552,853 | \$390,470 | \$318,158 | \$286,126 | \$297,707 | \$407,877 | \$456,559 | \$478,237 | \$383,307 | \$314,668 | \$284,464 | \$247,670 |
| 5. Net Investment (Lines 2 - 3 + 4) | \$4,826,013 | \$5,141,396 | \$5,456,261 | \$5,769,854 | \$6,082,864 | \$6,453,157 | \$7,058,747 | \$7,662,494 | \$8,265,045 | \$8,631,166 | \$8,936,840 | \$9,242,378 | \$9,494,611 |
| 6. Average Net Investment | \$4,983,705 | \$5,298,828 | \$5,613,058 | \$5,926,359 | \$6,268,010 | \$6,755,952 | \$7,360,621 | \$7,963,769 | \$8,448,105 | \$8,784,003 | \$9,089,609 | \$9,368,495 | |
| 7. Return on Average Net Investment | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| a. Equity Component grossed up for taxes (b) | \$25,237 | \$26,833 | \$28,424 | \$30,011 | \$31,741 | \$34,212 | \$37,274 | \$40,328 | \$42,781 | \$44,482 | \$46,029 | \$47,442 | \$434,794 |
| b. Debt Component (Line 6 x debt rate) (c) | \$3,620 | \$3,849 | \$4,077 | \$4,305 | \$4,553 | \$4,908 | \$5,347 | \$5,785 | \$6,137 | \$6,381 | \$6,603 | \$6,805 | \$62,371 |
| 8. Investment Expenses | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| a. Depreciation (d) | \$9,422 | \$10,720 | \$11,696 | \$12,528 | \$13,332 | \$14,303 | \$15,493 | \$16,780 | \$17,966 | \$18,927 | \$19,752 | \$20,484 | \$181,402 |
| b. Amortization | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| c. Other | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| 9. Total System Recoverable Expenses (Lines 7 + 8) | \$38,279 | \$41,403 | \$44,198 | \$46,844 | \$49,626 | \$53,422 | \$58,114 | \$62,893 | \$66,884 | \$69,789 | \$72,384 | \$74,731 | \$678,567 |

Notes:

- (a) Excludes Cost of Removal on the retirement of existing plant.
- (b) The Gross-up factor for taxes is 1/.746550, which reflects the Federal Income Tax Rate of 21%. The equity component for the period Jan. – Dec. 2022 is 4.5366% based on Gulf's most recent financial forecast.
- (c) The debt component is 0.8717% based on Gulf's most recent financial forecast.
- (d) Calculated using the composite depreciation rates for distribution/transmission function as reflected in Gulf's 2016 retail base rate settlement agreement (Order No. PSC-17-0178-S-EI).

Gulf Power Company
624-Transmission Hardening Program
Estimated Revenue Requirements for the Period January 2022 through December 2022
(In Dollars)

| | Beginning of Period Amount | Jan - 2022 | Feb - 2022 | Mar - 2022 | Apr - 2022 | May - 2022 | Jun - 2022 | Jul - 2022 | Aug - 2022 | Sep - 2022 | Oct - 2022 | Nov - 2022 | Dec - 2022 | Total |
|--|-------------------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| 624-Transmission Hardening Program | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1. Investments | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| a. Expenditures/Additions (a) | | \$4,135,714 | \$4,135,714 | \$4,135,714 | \$4,135,714 | \$4,135,714 | \$4,135,714 | \$4,135,714 | \$4,135,714 | \$4,135,714 | \$4,135,714 | \$4,135,714 | \$4,135,714 | \$49,628,571 |
| b. Clearings to Plant | | \$3,277,526 | \$3,408,476 | \$3,519,444 | \$3,613,479 | \$3,693,166 | \$3,760,694 | \$3,817,917 | \$3,866,409 | \$3,907,502 | \$3,942,325 | \$3,971,834 | \$3,996,840 | \$44,775,613 |
| c. Retirements | | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| d. Other | | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| 2. Plant-In-Service/Depreciation Base | \$23,459,211 | \$26,736,737 | \$30,145,213 | \$33,664,657 | \$37,278,136 | \$40,971,302 | \$44,731,996 | \$48,549,913 | \$52,416,323 | \$56,323,825 | \$60,266,150 | \$64,237,983 | \$68,234,823 | |
| 3. Less: Accumulated Depreciation | \$238,864 | \$285,345 | \$338,016 | \$397,100 | \$462,788 | \$535,241 | \$614,594 | \$700,964 | \$794,447 | \$895,128 | \$1,003,076 | \$1,118,351 | \$1,241,003 | |
| 4. CWIP - Non Interest Bearing | \$17,281,524 | \$18,139,712 | \$18,866,950 | \$19,483,221 | \$20,005,456 | \$20,448,004 | \$20,823,024 | \$21,140,821 | \$21,410,126 | \$21,638,338 | \$21,831,727 | \$21,995,608 | \$22,134,482 | |
| 5. Net Investment (Lines 2 - 3 + 4) | \$40,501,871 | \$44,591,104 | \$48,674,148 | \$52,750,777 | \$56,820,803 | \$60,884,065 | \$64,940,426 | \$68,989,771 | \$73,032,001 | \$77,067,035 | \$81,094,801 | \$85,115,240 | \$89,128,303 | |
| 6. Average Net Investment | | \$42,546,488 | \$46,632,626 | \$50,712,462 | \$54,785,790 | \$58,852,434 | \$62,912,245 | \$66,965,098 | \$71,010,886 | \$75,049,518 | \$79,080,918 | \$83,105,021 | \$87,121,771 | |
| 7. Return on Average Net Investment | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| a. Equity Component grossed up for taxes (b) | | \$215,454 | \$236,146 | \$256,806 | \$277,433 | \$298,026 | \$318,585 | \$339,109 | \$359,596 | \$380,048 | \$400,463 | \$420,841 | \$441,181 | \$3,943,687 |
| b. Debt Component (Line 6 x debt rate) (c) | | \$30,906 | \$33,875 | \$36,838 | \$39,797 | \$42,751 | \$45,701 | \$48,645 | \$51,584 | \$54,517 | \$57,446 | \$60,369 | \$63,287 | \$565,716 |
| 8. Investment Expenses | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| a. Depreciation (d) | | \$46,481 | \$52,671 | \$59,085 | \$65,688 | \$72,453 | \$79,353 | \$86,370 | \$93,484 | \$100,681 | \$107,948 | \$115,275 | \$122,652 | \$1,002,139 |
| b. Amortization | | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| c. Other | | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| 9. Total System Recoverable Expenses (Lines 7 + 8) | | \$292,841 | \$322,691 | \$352,729 | \$382,919 | \$413,230 | \$443,639 | \$474,123 | \$504,664 | \$535,246 | \$565,856 | \$596,484 | \$627,120 | \$5,511,542 |

Notes:

- (a) Excludes Cost of Removal on the retirement of existing plant.
- (b) The Gross-up factor for taxes is 1/.746550, which reflects the Federal Income Tax Rate of 21%. The equity component for the period Jan. – Dec. 2022 is 4.5366% based on Gulf's most recent financial forecast.
- (c) The debt component is 0.8717% based on Gulf's most recent financial forecast.
- (d) Calculated using the composite depreciation rates for distribution/transmission function as reflected in Gulf's 2016 retail base rate settlement agreement (Order No. PSC-17-0178-S-EI).

Gulf Power Company
627-GULF SPP Implementation Cost
Estimated Revenue Requirements for the Period January 2022 through December 2022
(In Dollars)

| Beginning of Period Amount | Jan - 2022 | Feb - 2022 | Mar - 2022 | Apr - 2022 | May - 2022 | Jun - 2022 | Jul - 2022 | Aug - 2022 | Sep - 2022 | Oct - 2022 | Nov - 2022 | Dec - 2022 | Total | |
|--|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|-----------|----------|
| 627-GULF SPP Implementation Cost | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1. Investments | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| a. Expenditures/Additions (a) | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | |
| b. Clearings to Plant | \$4,846 | \$4,360 | \$3,922 | \$3,528 | \$3,174 | \$2,855 | \$2,568 | \$2,311 | \$2,079 | \$1,870 | \$1,682 | \$1,513 | \$34,707 | |
| c. Retirements | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | |
| d. Other | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | |
| 2. Plant-In-Service/Depreciation Base | \$378,810 | \$383,656 | \$388,016 | \$391,938 | \$395,466 | \$398,640 | \$401,495 | \$404,063 | \$406,374 | \$408,452 | \$410,322 | \$412,004 | \$413,517 | |
| 3. Less: Accumulated Depreciation | \$4,416 | \$4,964 | \$5,567 | \$6,219 | \$6,915 | \$7,652 | \$8,424 | \$9,228 | \$10,062 | \$10,922 | \$11,805 | \$12,709 | \$13,632 | |
| 4. CWIP - Non Interest Bearing | \$31,907 | \$27,061 | \$22,701 | \$18,779 | \$15,251 | \$12,077 | \$9,222 | \$6,654 | \$4,343 | \$2,265 | \$395 | (\$1,287) | (\$2,800) | |
| 5. Net Investment (Lines 2 - 3 + 4) | \$406,301 | \$405,753 | \$405,150 | \$404,498 | \$403,802 | \$403,066 | \$402,293 | \$401,489 | \$400,655 | \$399,796 | \$398,913 | \$398,008 | \$397,085 | |
| 6. Average Net Investment | | \$406,027 | \$405,452 | \$404,824 | \$404,150 | \$403,434 | \$402,680 | \$401,891 | \$401,072 | \$400,226 | \$399,354 | \$398,460 | \$397,547 | |
| 7. Return on Average Net Investment | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| a. Equity Component grossed up for taxes (b) | | \$2,056 | \$2,053 | \$2,050 | \$2,047 | \$2,043 | \$2,039 | \$2,035 | \$2,031 | \$2,027 | \$2,022 | \$2,018 | \$2,013 | \$24,434 |
| b. Debt Component (Line 6 x debt rate) (c) | | \$295 | \$295 | \$294 | \$294 | \$293 | \$293 | \$292 | \$291 | \$291 | \$290 | \$289 | \$289 | \$3,505 |
| 8. Investment Expenses | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| a. Depreciation (d) | | \$548 | \$603 | \$652 | \$696 | \$736 | \$772 | \$805 | \$834 | \$860 | \$883 | \$904 | \$923 | \$9,216 |
| b. Amortization | | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| c. Other | | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| 9. Total System Recoverable Expenses (Lines 7 + 8) | | \$2,899 | \$2,951 | \$2,996 | \$3,037 | \$3,072 | \$3,104 | \$3,132 | \$3,156 | \$3,177 | \$3,196 | \$3,212 | \$3,225 | \$37,156 |

Notes:

- (a) Excludes Cost of Removal on the retirement of existing plant.
- (b) The Gross-up factor for taxes is 1/.746550, which reflects the Federal Income Tax Rate of 21%. The equity component for the period Jan. – Dec. 2022 is 4.5366% based on Gulf's most recent financial forecast.
- (c) The debt component is 0.8717% based on Gulf's most recent financial forecast.
- (d) Capital Costs on this schedule include Intangible plant which is amortized over various periods

Gulf Power Company
 Storm Protection Plan Recovery Clause (SPPCRC)
 Calculation of the Energy Demand Allocation % By Rate Class
 Projected Period: January through December 2022

| | (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) | (7) | (8) | (9) | (10) | (11) | (12) | (13) |
|-------------------|------------------------------------|----------------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|---|---|--|--|
| RATE CLASS | Avg 12 CP Load Factor at Meter (%) | Avg GCP Load Factor at Meter (%) | Projected Sales at Meter (kwh) | Projected Avg 12 CP at Meter (kW) | Projected GCP Demand at Meter (kW) | Demand Loss Expansion Factor | Energy Loss Expansion Factor | Projected Sales at Generation (kWh) | Projected Avg 12 CP at Generation (kW) | Projected GCP Demand at Generation (kW) | Percentage of kWh Sales at Generation (%) | Percentage of 12 CP Demand at Generation (%) | Percentage of GCP Demand at Generation (%) |
| RS, RSVP, RSTOU | 59.210842% | 44.472757% | 5,402,988,326 | 1,041,666 | 1,386,870 | 1.081379 | 1.060354 | 5,729,081,809 | 1,126,436 | 1,499,733 | 50.16417% | 56.00457% | 60.60904% |
| GS | 55.750162% | 43.934239% | 316,992,881 | 64,908 | 82,365 | 1.081379 | 1.060354 | 336,124,759 | 70,190 | 89,068 | 2.94313% | 3.48975% | 3.59951% |
| GSD, GSDT, GSTOU | 70.695478% | 55.656641% | 2,491,564,197 | 402,324 | 511,035 | 1.081105 | 1.060158 | 2,641,450,745 | 434,955 | 552,444 | 23.12870% | 21.62525% | 22.32603% |
| LP, LPT | 81.551471% | 65.341859% | 751,947,319 | 105,257 | 131,369 | 1.059418 | 1.042555 | 783,946,618 | 111,511 | 139,174 | 6.86428% | 5.54416% | 5.62448% |
| PX, PXT, RTP, SBS | 80.709801% | 53.691538% | 1,744,529,038 | 246,745 | 370,910 | 1.031180 | 1.024286 | 1,786,896,868 | 254,438 | 160,496 | 15.64617% | 12.65025% | 6.48618% |
| OS-I/II | 120.788898% | 49.718282% | 135,014,828 | 12,760 | 31,000 | 1.081379 | 1.060354 | 143,163,551 | 13,798 | 33,523 | 1.25355% | 0.68603% | 1.35476% |
| Total | | | 10,843,036,589 | 1,873,661 | 2,513,549 | | | 11,420,664,350 | 2,011,329 | 2,474,437 | 100.00000% | 100.00000% | 100.00000% |

Notes:

- (1) Average 12 CP load factor based on actual load research data
- (2) Max GNCP load factor based on actual load research data
- (3) Projected kWh sales for the period January 2022 - December 2022
- (4) Calculated: (Col 1) / (8,760 x Col 3), (8,760 hours = the # of hours in 1 year)
- (5) Column 3 x Column 7
- (6) Column 4 x Column 6
- (7) Column 5 x Column 6
- (8) Column 8/ total for Column 8
- (9) Column 9 / total for Column 9
- (10) Column 10 / total for Column 10

Gulf Power Company
Storm Protection Plan Recovery Clause (SPPCRC)
Calculation of the Cost Recovery Factors by Rate Class
Projected Period: January through December 2022

| | (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) | (7) | (8) | (9) | (10) |
|-------------------|---|--|--|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|---------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| RATE CLASS | Percentage of kWh Sales at Generation (%) | Percentage of 12 CP Demand at Generation (%) | Percentage of GCP Demand at Generation (%) | Transmission Demand-Related Costs | Distribution Demand-Related Costs | Total SPP Costs | Projected Sales at Meter (kwh) | Projected Demand at Meter (kW) | SPP Factors (c/kWh) | SPP Factors (\$/kW) |
| RS, RSVP, RSTOU | 50.16417% | 56.00457% | 66.32930% | \$4,958,667 | \$6,469,492 | \$11,428,159 | 5,402,988,326 | | 0.212 | |
| GS | 2.94313% | 3.48975% | 3.61312% | \$308,984 | \$352,409 | \$661,393 | 316,992,881 | | 0.209 | |
| GSD, GSDT, GSTOU | 23.12870% | 21.62525% | 17.43596% | \$1,914,708 | \$1,700,633 | \$3,615,341 | 2,491,564,197 | 7,875,222 | 0.145 | 0.46 |
| LP, LPT | 6.86428% | 5.54416% | 3.26251% | \$490,882 | \$318,212 | \$809,094 | 751,947,319 | 1,545,897 | | 0.52 |
| PX, PXT, RTP, SBS | 15.64617% | 12.65025% | 8.61135% | \$1,120,058 | \$839,916 | \$1,959,974 | 1,744,529,038 | | 0.112 | |
| OS-I/II | 1.25355% | 0.68603% | 0.74776% | \$60,742 | \$72,934 | \$133,675 | 135,014,828 | | 0.099 | |
| Total | 100.00000% | 100.00000% | 100.00000% | \$8,854,040 | \$9,753,596 | \$18,607,637 | 10,843,036,589 | | | |

Notes:

- (1) From Schedule 4P, Col K
- (2) From Schedule 4P, Col 12
- (3) From Schedule 4P, Col 13
- (4) Column 1 x Total Energy \$ from Rev Req – Transmission
- (5) Column 2 x Total Demand \$ from Rev Req – Transmission
- (6) Column 3 x Total Demand \$ from Rev Req - Distribution
- (7) Column 4 + Column 5
- (8) Projected kWh sales for the period January 2022 - December 2022
- (9) Column 7 x 100 / Column 8

**GULF POWER COMPANY
COST RECOVERY CLAUSES
FORECASTED 2022 GULF STAND ALONE @10.25%**

CAPITAL STRUCTURE AND COST RATES (a)

| | Adjusted Retail | Ratio | Midpoint Cost Rates | Weighted Cost | Pre-Tax Weighted Cost |
|------------------------------|------------------------|----------------|---------------------|----------------|-----------------------|
| Long term debt | 1,465,579,123 | 33.237% | 2.42% | 0.8054% | 0.81% |
| Short term debt | 206,294,483 | 4.678% | 0.74% | 0.0346% | 0.03% |
| Preferred stock | 0 | 0.000% | 0.00% | 0.0000% | 0.00% |
| Customer Deposits | 33,332,227 | 0.756% | 2.65% | 0.0200% | 0.02% |
| Common Equity ^(b) | 1,923,553,504 | 43.623% | 10.25% | 4.4714% | 5.99% |
| Deferred Income Tax | 731,283,241 | 16.584% | 0.00% | 0.0000% | 0.00% |
| Investment Tax Credits | | | | | |
| Zero cost | 0 | 0.000% | 0.00% | 0.0000% | 0.00% |
| Weighted cost | 49,436,380 | 1.121% | 6.87% | 0.0770% | 0.10% |
| TOTAL | \$4,409,478,958 | 100.00% | | 5.4083% | 6.95% |

CALCULATION OF THE WEIGHTED COST FOR INVESTMENT TAX CREDITS

| | Adjusted Retail | Ratio | Cost Rate | Weighted Cost | Pre-Tax Cost |
|-----------------|------------------------|----------------|-----------|---------------|---------------|
| Long term debt | \$1,465,579,123 | 43.24% | 2.423% | 1.048% | 1.048% |
| Preferred Stock | 0 | 0.00% | 0.000% | 0.000% | 0.000% |
| Common Equity | 1,923,553,504 | 56.76% | 10.250% | 5.818% | 7.793% |
| TOTAL | \$3,389,132,627 | 100.00% | | 6.865% | 8.840% |

RATIO

DEBT COMPONENTS:

| | |
|-----------------------|----------------|
| LONG TERM DEBT | 0.8054% |
| SHORT TERM DEBT | 0.0346% |
| CUSTOMER DEPOSITS | 0.0200% |
| TAX CREDITS -WEIGHTED | 0.0117% |
| TOTAL DEBT | 0.8717% |

EQUITY COMPONENTS:

| | |
|-----------------------|----------------|
| PREFERRED STOCK | 0.0000% |
| COMMON EQUITY | 4.4714% |
| TAX CREDITS -WEIGHTED | 0.0652% |
| TOTAL EQUITY | 4.5366% |
| TOTAL | 5.4083% |
| PRE-TAX EQUITY | 6.0767% |
| PRE-TAX TOTAL | 6.9485% |

Note:

(a) Forecasted capital structure includes a deferred income tax proration adjustment consistent with FPSC Order No. PSC-2020-0165-PAA-EU, Docket No. 20200118-EU.

(b) Cost rate for common equity represents Gulf's mid-point return on equity approved by the FPSC in Order No. PSC-17-0178-S-EI, Docket Nos. 160186-EI and 160170-EI.